

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
28 December 2006 (28.12.2006)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2006/138527 A2

(51) International Patent Classification:
C07K 14/285 (2006.01) *C07K 16/12* (2006.01)
C12N 15/31 (2006.01)

(74) Agents: SINTICH, Sharon, M. et al.; MARSHALL, GERSTEIN & BORUN, 233 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 6300, Sears Tower, Chicago, IL 60606-6357 (US).

(21) International Application Number:
PCT/US2006/023428

(81) Designated States (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(22) International Filing Date: 15 June 2006 (15.06.2006)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
60/691,214 16 June 2005 (16.06.2005) US

(84) Designated States (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available*): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

(71) Applicants (*for all designated States except US*): CHIL-DREN'S HOSPITAL, INC. [US/US]; 700 Children's Drive, Columbus, OH 43205 (US). THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA [US/US]; 660 Parrington Oval, Norman, OK 73019 (US).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (*for US only*): BAKALETZ, Lauren, O. [US/US]; 4825 Canterwood Court, Hilliard, OH 43026 (US). MUNSON, Robert, S., Jr. [US/US]; 4825 Canterwood Court, Hilliard, OH 43026 (US). DYER, David, W. [US/US]; 221 Nw 33rd St., Oklahoma City, OK 73118 (US).

Published:

— without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: GENES OF AN OTITIS MEDIA ISOLATE OF NONTYPEABLE *HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE*

(57) Abstract: The invention relates to the polynucleotide sequence of a nontypeable stain of *Haemophilus influenzae* (NTHi) and polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides and uses thereof. The invention also relates to NTHi genes which are upregulated during or in response to NTHi infection of the middle ear and/or the nasopharynx.



WO 2006/138527 A2

**GENES OF AN OTITIS MEDIA ISOLATE OF NONTYPEABLE
*HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE***

This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/691,214, filed June 16, 2005 and U.S. Patent Application No. 10/795,159 filed March 5, 2004, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/453,134 filed March 6, 2003, all of which are incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

Field of Invention

The invention relates to the polynucleotide sequence of a nontypeable strain of *Haemophilus influenzae* (NTHi) genome, NTHi genes contained within the genome and polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides. The invention also relates to uses of these NTHi polynucleotides and NTHi polypeptides including vaccines and methods of treating and preventing NTHi related disorders. The invention also relates to NTHi genes which are upregulated during or in response to NTHi infection of the middle ear or nasopharynx.

Background

Otitis media (OM) is a highly prevalent pediatric disease worldwide and is the primary cause for emergency room visits by children (Infante-Rivand and Fernandez, *Epidemiol. Rev.*, 15: 444-465, 1993). Recent statistics indicate that 24.5 million physician office visits were made for OM in 1990, representing a greater than 200% increase over those reported in the 1980's. While rarely associated with mortality any longer, the morbidity associated with OM is significant. Hearing loss is a common problem associated with this disease, often times affecting a child's behavior, education and development of language skills (Baldwin, *Am. J. Otol.*, 14: 601-604, 1993; Hunter *et al.*, *Ann. Otol. Rhinol. Laryngol. Suppl.*, 163: 59-61, 1994; Teele *et al.*, *J. Infect. Dis.*, 162: 685-694, 1990). The socioeconomic impact of OM is also great, with direct and indirect costs of diagnosing and managing OM exceeding \$5 billion annually in the U.S. alone (Kaplan *et al.*, *Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J.*, 16: S9-11, 1997).

Whereas antibiotic therapy is common and the surgical placement of tympanostomy tubes has been successful in terms of draining effusions, clearing infection and relieving pain associated with the accumulation of fluids in the middle ear, the emergence of multiple antibiotic-resistant bacteria and the invasive nature associated with tube placement, has illuminated the need for more effective and accepted approaches to the management and preferably, the prevention of OM. Surgical management of chronic OM involves the insertion of tympanostomy tubes through the tympanic membrane while a child is under general anesthesia. While this procedure is commonplace (prevalence rates are ~ 13%; Bright *et al.*, *Am. J. Public Health*, 83(7): 1026-8, 1993) and is highly effective in terms of relieving painful symptoms by draining the middle ear of accumulated fluids, it too has met with criticism due to the invasive nature of the procedure and its incumbent risks (Berman *et al.*, *Pediatrics*, 93(3):353-63, 1994; Bright *et al.*, *supra.*; Cimon, *ASM News*, 60: 527-528; Paap, *Ann. Pharmacother.*, 30(11): 1291-7, 1996).

Progress in vaccine development is most advanced for *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, the primary causative agent of acute OM (AOM), as evidenced by the recent approval and release of a seven-valent capsular-conjugate vaccine, PREVNAR[®] (Eskola and Kilpi, *Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J.* 16: S72-78, 2000). While PREVNAR[®] has been highly efficacious for invasive pneumococcal disease, coverage for OM has been disappointing (6-8%) with reports of an increased number of OM cases due to serotypes not included in the vaccine (Black *et al.*, *Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J.*, 19: 187-195; Eskola *et al.*, *Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J.*, 19: S72-78, 2000; Eskola *et al.*, *N. Engl. J. Med.* 344: 403-409, 2001; Snow *et al.*, *Otol. Neurotol.*, 23: 1-2, 2002). Less progress has been made for non-typeable *Haemophilus influenzae* (NTHi), the gram-negative pathogen that predominates in chronic OM with effusion (Klein, *Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J.*, 16: S5-8, 1997; Spinola *et al.*, *J. Infect. Dis.*, 154: 100-109, 1986). Hampering development of effective vaccines against NTHi, is the currently incomplete understanding of the pathogenesis of NTHi-induced middle ear disease. Contributing to this delay is a lack of understanding of the dynamic interplay between microbe-expressed virulence

factors and the host's immune response as the disease progresses from one of host immunological tolerance of a benign nasopharyngeal commensal, to that of an active defensive reaction to an opportunistic invader of the normally sterile middle ear space.

Although strain Rd is the exemplar organism for the current small genome sequencing rationale, and an important model organism for studying *H. influenzae* biology, strain Rd is a poor model for the study of pathogenicity caused by members of the genus *Haemophilus*. Serotype b strains of *H. influenzae* cause invasive diseases, for example meningitis, and nontypeable *H. influenzae* (NTHi) strains principally have a role in localized respiratory disease, particularly in otitis media (OM), acute sinusitis, community acquired pneumonia and have important consequences in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or cystic fibrosis (Kilpi *et al.*, *Pediatr Infect Dis J* 20:654-62, 2001; Murphy, *Curr Opin Infect Dis* 16:129-34, 2003; Roman *et al.*, *J Clin Microbiol* 42:1450-9, 2004; Sethi, *Clin Microbiol Rev* 14:336-63, 2001; St Geme, *Vaccine* 19 Suppl 1:S41-50, 2000). Strain Rd, however, is a derivative of a serotype d strain. Serotype d strains are rarely associated with disease (Daines *et al.*, *J Med Microbiol* 52:277-82, 2003; Heath *et al.*, *Pediatr Infect Dis J* 20:300-5, 2001; Rodriguez *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 71:1635-42, 2003; Skoczynska *et al.*, *J Clin Microbiol* 43:938-41, 2005). Because one of the most useful sets of data in the study of an organism's biology is its genomic sequence, a number of investigations have identified and characterized genes found in *H. influenzae* type b strains, *H. influenzae* Biogroup Aegyptius strains or in nontypeable strains that are not present in strain Rd (Bergman *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 71:1098-108, 2003; Chang *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 68:2630-7, 2000; Erdos *et al.*, *Int J Pediatr Otorhinolaryngol* 67:749-55, 2003; Li *et al.*, *Mol Microbiol* 47:1101-11, 2003; McMichael & Green, *Curr Opin Investig Drugs* 4:953-8, 2003; Pomposiello & Demple, 2001; Smoot *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 70:2694-9, 2002).

Currently there is a poor understanding of how NTHi causes OM in children. The identification of putative virulence factors necessary for induction of OM will contribute significantly to the understanding of the host-pathogen interaction and ultimately, the identification of potential vaccine

candidates and targets of chemotherapy. There is a tremendous need to develop more effective and accepted approaches to the management and preferably, the prevention of otitis media. Vaccine development is a very promising and cost effective method to accomplish this goal (Giebank, *Pediatric Infect. Dis. J.*, 13(11): 1064-8, 1994; Karma *et al.*, *Int. J. Pediatr. Otorhinolaryngol.*, 32(Suppl.): S127-34, 1995).

Summary of Invention

The present invention provides for the identification and characterization of the genomic sequence of NTHi *H. influenzae* strain 86-028NP and the polypeptide sequences encoded thereby. The 3-fold analysis of the NTHi genomic sequence is set out in a series of contig sequences denoted as SEQ ID NO: 1-576, and the subsequent 8-fold analysis of the genomic sequence is set out in a series of 11 contig sequences denoted as SEQ ID NOS: 675-685. These contigs are raw data and one of skill in the art may assemble these contigs by comparing overlapping sequences to construct the complete genome of the NTHi strain 86-028NP using routine methods.

The complete and annotated genome of NTHi strain 86-028NP is set out as SEQ ID NO: 772. The open reading frames are set in Table 6 as SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593. The amino acid sequence of the resulting gene products are set out as SEQ ID NOS: 2594-4414. The genome is approximately 1.91 kb in size, slightly larger than the strain Rd genome. A number of regions of gross genome rearrangement relative to the strain Rd genome have been identified as well as a number of genes unique to strain 86-028NP.

The present invention also provides for antibodies specific for the NTHi polypeptides of the invention. Methods of detecting NTHi bacteria in a human or in sample, such as serum, sputum, ear fluid, blood, urine, lymphatic fluid and cerebrospinal fluid are contemplated. These methods include detecting NTHi polynucleotides with specific polynucleotide probes or detecting NTHi polypeptides with specific antibodies. The invention also

contemplates diagnostic kits which utilize these methods of detecting NTHi bacteria.

The present invention also contemplates methods of eliciting an immune response by administering a NTHi polypeptide of the invention or a NTHi peptide thereof. These methods include administering the NTHi polypeptide or NTHi peptide as a vaccine for treatment and/or prevention of diseases caused by NTHi infection, such as OM. The following NTHi genes are upregulated during or in response to middle ear and/or nasopharynx infections; and the polypeptides encoded by these genes and peptides thereof are contemplated as possible OM vaccine candidates and/or target of chemotherapy: *hisB*, *lppB*, *sapA*, *lola*, *rbsC*, *purE*, *ribB*, *arcB*, *uxuA*, *dsbB*, *ureH*, *licC*, HI1647, *ispZ*, *radC*, *mukF*, *glpR*, *ihfB*, *argR*, *cspD*, HI0094, HI1163, HI1063, HI0665, HI1292, HI1064. NTHi *hisB* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 615 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 616. NTHi *sapA* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 617 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 618. NTHi *rbsC* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 619 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 620. NTHi *purE* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 621 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 622. NTHi *ribB* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 623 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 624. NTHi *arcB* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 625 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 626. NTHi *uxuA* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 627 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 628. NTHi *dsbB* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 629 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 630. NTHi *ureH* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 631 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 632. NTHi *licC* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 633 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 634. NTHi HI1647 gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 635 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 636. NTHi *ispZ* gene is set out

as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 637 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 638. NTHi *radC* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 639 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 640. NTHi *mukF* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 641 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 642. NTHi *glpR* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 643 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 644. NTHi *ihfB* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 645 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 646. NTHi *argR* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 647 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 648. NTHi *cspD* gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 649 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 650. NTHi HI1163 gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 651 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 652. NTHi HI1063 gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 653 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 654. NTHi HI0665 gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 655 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 656. NTHi HI1292 gene is set out as nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 657 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 658.

The novel NTHi genes included in the polynucleotide sequences presented as SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685 and the nucleotide sequences set out in Tables 4 and 4B are also up-regulated during infection of the middle ear and/or the nasopharynx, and therefore are contemplated to encode OM vaccine candidates and/or targets of chemotherapy. In addition, the following NTHi genes are contemplated to be virulence-associated genes and therefore are contemplated to encode possible OM vaccine candidates and/or targets of chemotherapy: HI1386, HI1462, HI1369, *lav*, HI1598. NTHi HI1386 gene sequence is set out as SEQ ID NO: 659 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 660. NTHi HI1462 gene sequence is set out as SEQ ID NO: 661 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 662. NTHi HI1369 gene sequence is set out as SEQ ID NO: 665 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ

ID NO: 666. NTHi *lav* gene sequence is set out as SEQ ID NO: 663 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 664. NTHi HI1598 gene sequence is set out as SEQ ID NO: 669 and SEQ ID NO: 671 and encodes the amino acid sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 670 and SEQ ID NO: 672. Additional NTHi genes associated with virulence include the polynucleotide sequences presented as SEQ ID NO: 667 and SEQ ID NO: 673.

As a method of treating or preventing NTHi infection, the present invention contemplates administering a molecule that inhibits expression or the activity of the NTHi polypeptides, which are upregulated or active during infection. In particular, the invention contemplates methods of treating or preventing NTHi infection comprising modulating NTHi protein expression by administering an antisense oligonucleotide that specifically binds to NTHi genes that are upregulated during NTHi infections, such genes include *hisB*, *lppB*, *sapA*, *lola*, *rbsC*, *purE*, *ribB*, *arcB*, *uxuA*, *dsbB*, *ureH*, *licC*, HI1647, *ispZ*, *radC*, *mukF*, *glpR*, *ihfB*, *argR*, *cspD*, HI0094, HI1163, HI1063, HI0665, HI1292, HI1064. The invention also contemplates methods of treating or preventing NTHi infection comprising administering antibodies or small molecules that modulate the activity of the proteins encoded by these genes. The novel NTHi genes included in the polynucleotide sequences presented as SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685 and the nucleotide sequences set out in Tables 4 and 4B are also up-regulated during infection of the middle ear and/or the nasopharynx and therefore antisense oligonucleotides that specifically bind these polynucleotide sequences are also contemplated.

Polynucleotides and Polypeptides of the Invention

The present invention provides for the sequences of the NTHi strain 86-028NP genome. The 3-fold analysis of the genomic sequence is presented as a series of contig sequences denoted herein as "contigs 1-576". Each contig is assigned a sequence identification number that correlates with its "contig number". Therefore, the contigs of the present invention as set out as SEQ ID NOS: 1-576. These contig polynucleotide sequences may be assembled into the complete genome sequence of the NTHi strain 86-028NP

using routine methods. Upon completion of 8-fold sequence analysis of the NTHi strain 82-028NP genome, the genomic sequence was assembled into 11 contigs which are denoted herein as SEQ ID NOS: 675-685. Finally, the complete genome is presented as one nucleic acid sequence denoted herein as SEQ ID NO: 772.

The present invention provides for the NTHi polynucleotide sequences and open reading frames contained within the contigs of SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5. The present invention also provides for the polypeptide sequences encoded by the NTHi polynucleotides of the present invention such as the amino acid sequences set out in SEQ ID NOS: 2594-4414, Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5. The invention provides for polynucleotides that hybridize under stringent conditions to (a) the complement of the nucleotides sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 1-576; SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593 and the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein (b) a polynucleotide which is an allelic variant of any polynucleotides recited above; (c) a polynucleotide which encodes a species homolog of any of the proteins recited above; or (d) a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide comprising a specific domain or truncation of the NTHi polypeptides of the present invention.

The NTHi polynucleotides of the invention also include nucleotide sequences that are substantially equivalent to the polynucleotides recited above. Polynucleotides according to the invention can have, *e.g.*, at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, 81%, 82%, 83%, 84%, 85%, 86%, 87%, 88%, or 89%, more typically at least 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, or 94% and even more typically at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% sequence identity to the NTHi polynucleotides recited above.

Included within the scope of the nucleic acid sequences of the invention are nucleic acid sequence fragments that hybridize under stringent conditions to the NTHi nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein, or compliments thereof, which

fragment is greater than about 5 nucleotides, preferably 7 nucleotides, more preferably greater than 9 nucleotides and most preferably greater than 17 nucleotides. Fragments of, *e.g.*, 15, 17, or 20 nucleotides or more that are selective for (*i.e.*, specifically hybridize to any one of the polynucleotides of the invention) are contemplated. Probes capable of specifically hybridizing to a polynucleotide can differentiate NTHi polynucleotide sequences of the invention from other polynucleotide sequences in the same family of genes or can differentiate NTHi genes from other bacterial genes, and are preferably based on unique nucleotide sequences.

The term "stringent" is used to refer to conditions that are commonly understood in the art as stringent. Hybridization stringency is principally determined by temperature, ionic strength, and the concentration of denaturing agents such as formamide. Examples of stringent conditions for hybridization and washing are 0.015 M sodium chloride, 0.0015 M sodium citrate at 65-68°C or 0.015 M sodium chloride, 0.0015M sodium citrate, and 50% formamide at 42°C. See Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, (Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. 1989). More stringent conditions (such as higher temperature, lower ionic strength, higher formamide, or other denaturing agent) may also be used, however, the rate of hybridization will be affected. In instances wherein hybridization of deoxyoligonucleotides is concerned, additional exemplary stringent hybridization conditions include washing in 6x SSC 0.05% sodium pyrophosphate at 37°C (for 14-base oligos), 48°C (for 17-base oligos), 55°C (for 20-base oligos), and 60°C (for 23-base oligos).

Other agents may be included in the hybridization and washing buffers for the purpose of reducing non-specific and/or background hybridization. Examples are 0.1% bovine serum albumin, 0.1% polyvinylpyrrolidone, 0.1% sodium pyrophosphate, 0.1% sodium dodecylsulfate, NaDodSO₄, (SDS), ficoll, Denhardt's solution, sonicated salmon sperm DNA (or other non-complementary DNA), and dextran sulfate, although other suitable agents can also be used. The concentration and types of these additives can be changed without substantially affecting the stringency of the hybridization conditions. Hybridization experiments are usually carried out at

pH 6.8-7.4, however, at typical ionic strength conditions, the rate of hybridization is nearly independent of pH. See Anderson *et al.*, *Nucleic Acid Hybridisation: A Practical Approach*, Ch. 4, IRL Press Limited (Oxford, England). Hybridization conditions can be adjusted by one skilled in the art in order to accommodate these variables and allow DNAs of different sequence relatedness to form hybrids.

The sequences falling within the scope of the present invention are not limited to these specific sequences, but also include allelic and species variations thereof. Allelic and species variations can be routinely determined by comparing the sequence provided in SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and nucleotide sequences out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein, preferably the open reading frames therein, a representative fragment thereof, or a nucleotide sequence at least 90% identical, preferably 95% identical, to the open reading frames within SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 with a sequence from another isolate of the same species. Preferred computer program methods to determine identity and similarity between two sequences include, but are not limited to, the GCG program package, including GAP (Devereux *et al.*, *Nucl. Acid. Res.*, 12: 387, 1984; Genetics Computer Group, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI), BLASTP, BLASTN, and FASTA (Altschul *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.*, 215: 403-410, 1990). The BLASTX program is publicly available from the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) and other sources (*BLAST Manual*, Altschul *et al.* NCB/NLM/NIH Bethesda, MD 20894; Altschul *et al.*, *supra*). The well known Smith Waterman algorithm may also be used to determine identity.

Furthermore, to accommodate codon variability, the invention includes nucleic acid molecules coding for the same amino acid sequences as do the specific open reading frames (ORF) disclosed herein. In other words, in the coding region of an ORF, substitution of one codon for another codon that encodes the same amino acid is expressly contemplated.

The isolated polypeptides of the invention include, but are not limited to, a polypeptide comprising: the amino acid sequences encoded by

the nucleotide sequences included within the polynucleotide sequences set out as SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5, or the corresponding full length or mature protein. The polypeptides of the invention include the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 616, SEQ ID NO: 618, SEQ ID NO: 620, SEQ ID NO: 622, SEQ ID NO: 624, SEQ ID NO: 626, SEQ ID NO: 628, SEQ ID NO: 628, SEQ ID NO: 630, SEQ ID NO: 632, SEQ ID NO: 634, SEQ ID NO: 636, SEQ ID NO: 638, SEQ ID NO: 640, SEQ ID NO: 642, SEQ ID NO: 644, SEQ ID NO: 646, SEQ ID NO: 648, SEQ ID NO: 650, SEQ ID NO: 652, SEQ ID NO: 654, SEQ ID NO: 656, SEQ ID NO: 658, SEQ ID NO: 660, SEQ ID NO: 662, SEQ ID NO: 664, SEQ ID NO: 666, SEQ ID NO: 668, SEQ ID NO: 670, SEQ ID NO: 672, SEQ ID NO: 674, SEQ ID NO: 687, SEQ ID NO: 689, SEQ ID NO: 691, SEQ ID NO: 693, SEQ ID NO: 695, SEQ ID NO: 697, SEQ ID NO: 699, SEQ ID NO: 701, SEQ ID NO: 703, SEQ ID NO: 705, SEQ ID NO: 707, SEQ ID NO: 709, SEQ ID NO: 711, SEQ ID NO: 713, SEQ ID NO: 715, SEQ ID NO: 717, SEQ ID NO: 719, SEQ ID NO: 721, SEQ ID NO: 723, SEQ ID NO: 725, SEQ ID NO: 727, SEQ ID NO: 729, SEQ ID NO: 731, SEQ ID NO: 733, SEQ ID NO: 735, SEQ ID NO: 737, SEQ ID NO: 739, SEQ ID NO: 741, SEQ ID NO: 743, SEQ ID NO: 745, SEQ ID NO: 747, SEQ ID NO: 749, SEQ ID NO: 751, SEQ ID NO: 753, SEQ ID NO: 755, SEQ ID NO: 757, SEQ ID NO: 759, SEQ ID NO: 761, 763, SEQ ID NO: 765, SEQ ID NO: 767, SEQ ID NO: 769 or SEQ ID NO: 771, SEQ ID NOS: 2594-4414 which are set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein.

Polypeptides of the invention also include polypeptides preferably with biological or immunogenic activity that are encoded by: (a) an open reading frame contained within the nucleotide sequences set forth as SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5, or (b) polynucleotides that hybridize to the complement of the polynucleotides of (a) under stringent hybridization conditions.

The invention also provides biologically active or immunologically active variants of the amino acid sequences of the present

invention; and "substantial equivalents" thereof (*e.g.*, with at least about 65%, at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, 86%, 87%, 88%, 89%, at least about 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, typically at least about 95%, 96%, 97%, more typically at least about 98%, or most typically at least about 99% amino acid identity) that retain biological and/or immunogenic activity. Polypeptides encoded by allelic variants may have a similar, increased, or decreased activity compared to polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides included within the nucleotide sequences presented in SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and the nucleotide sequences encoding the amino acid sequences set out as SEQ ID NOS: 2594-4414 and in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein, and the polypeptides having an amino acid sequence set out in SEQ ID NOS: 2594-4414, Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein

NTHi peptides refer to fragments of the NTHi polypeptides encoded by the nucleotide sequences presented in SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, or the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein, and the polypeptides having the amino acid sequences set out in SEQ ID NOS: 2594-4414 Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein. The preferred NTHi peptides are biologically and/or immunologically active.

The present invention further provides isolated NTHi polypeptides or NTHi peptides encoded by the NTHi nucleic acid fragments of the present invention or by degenerate variants of the nucleic acid fragments of the present invention. The term "degenerate variant" refers to nucleotide fragments which differ from a nucleic acid fragment of the present invention (*e.g.*, an ORF) by nucleotide sequence but, due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, encode an identical NTHi polypeptide sequence. Preferred nucleic acid fragments of the present invention are the ORFs that encode proteins.

The invention also provides for NTHi polypeptides with one or more conservative amino acid substitutions that do not affect the biological and/or immunogenic activity of the polypeptide. Alternatively, the NTHi polypeptides of the invention are contemplated to have conservative amino

acids substitutions which may or may not alter biological activity. The term “conservative amino acid substitution” refers to a substitution of a native amino acid residue with a nonnative residue, including naturally occurring and nonnaturally occurring amino acids, such that there is little or no effect on the polarity or charge of the amino acid residue at that position. For example, a conservative substitution results from the replacement of a non-polar residue in a polypeptide with any other non-polar residue. Further, any native residue in the polypeptide may also be substituted with alanine, according to the methods of “alanine scanning mutagenesis”. Naturally occurring amino acids are characterized based on their side chains as follows: basic: arginine, lysine, histidine; acidic: glutamic acid, aspartic acid; uncharged polar: glutamine, asparagine, serine, threonine, tyrosine; and non-polar: phenylalanine, tryptophan, cysteine, glycine, alanine, valine, proline, methionine, leucine, norleucine, isoleucine. General rules for amino acid substitutions are set forth in Table 1 below.

Table 1
Amino Acid Substitutions

Original Residues	Exemplary Substitutions	Preferred Substitutions
Ala	Val, Leu, Ile	Val
Arg	Lys, Gln, Asn	Lys
Asn	Gln	Gln
Asp	Glu	Glu
Cys	Ser, Ala	Ser
Gln	Asn	Asn
Glu	Asp	Asn
Gly	Pro, Ala	Ala
His	Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg	Arg
Ile	Leu, Val, Met, Ala, Phe,	Leu
Leu	Norleucine, Ile, Val, Met,	Leu
Lys	Arg, 1,4 Diaminobutyric	Arg
Met	Leu, Phe, Ile	Leu
Phe	Leu, Val, Ile, Ala, Tyr	Arg
Pro	Ala	Gly
Ser	Thr, Ala, Cys	Thr
Thr	Ser	Ser

Trp	Tyr, Phe	Tyr
Tyr	Trp, Phe, Thr, Ser	Phe
Val	Ile, Met, Leu, Phe, Ala,	Leu

Antisense polynucleotides complementary to the polynucleotides encoding the NTHi polypeptides are also provided.

The invention contemplates that polynucleotides of the invention may be inserted in a vector for amplification or expression. For expression, the polynucleotides are operatively linked to appropriate expression control sequence such as a promoter and polyadenylation signal sequences. Further provided are cells comprising polynucleotides of the invention. Exemplary prokaryotic hosts include bacteria such as *E. coli*, *Bacillus*, *Streptomyces*, *Pseudomonas*, *Salmonella* and *Serratia*.

The term "isolated" refers to a substance removed from, and essentially free of, the other components of the environment in which it naturally exists. For example, a polypeptide is separated from other cellular proteins or a DNA is separated from other DNA flanking it in a genome in which it naturally occurs.

Antibodies and Methods for Eliciting an Immune Response

The invention provides antibodies which bind to antigenic epitopes unique to (*i.e.*, are specific for) NTHi polypeptides. Also provided are antibodies which bind to antigenic epitopes common among multiple *H. influenzae* subtypes but unique with respect to any other antigenic epitopes. The antibodies may be polyclonal antibodies, monoclonal antibodies, antibody fragments which retain their ability to bind their unique epitope (*e.g.*, Fv, Fab and F(ab)₂ fragments), single chain antibodies and human or humanized antibodies. Antibodies may be generated by techniques standard in the art.

It is known in the art that antigens that mimic the capsular polysaccharide of *H. influenzae* will generate antibodies that exhibit the ability to kill bacteria in *in vitro* assays. These antibodies are also known to protect against challenge with *H. influenzae* in animal model systems. These studies indicate antibody to the capsular polysaccharides are likely to elicit a protective immune response in humans. The present invention provides for antibodies specific for the NTHi polypeptides of the present invention and

fragments thereof, which exhibit the ability to kill both *H. influenzae* bacteria and to protect humans from NTHi infection. The present invention also provides for antibodies specific for the NTHi polypeptides of the invention which reduce the virulence, inhibit adherence, inhibit cell division, and/or inhibit penetration into the epithelium of *H. influenzae* bacteria or enhance phagocytosis of the *H. influenzae* bacteria.

In vitro complement mediated bactericidal assay systems (Musher *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.* 39: 297-304, 1983; Anderson *et al.*, *J. Clin. Invest.* 51: 31-38, 1972) may be used to measure the bactericidal activity of anti-NTHi antibodies. Further data on the ability of NTHi polypeptides and NTHi peptides to elicit a protective antibody response may be generated by using animal models of infection such as the chinchilla model system described herein.

It is also possible to confer short-term protection to a host by passive immunotherapy via the administration of pre-formed antibody against an epitope of NTHi, such as antibodies against NTHi OMP, LOS or noncapsular proteins. Thus, the contemplated vaccine formulations can be used to produce antibodies for use in passive immunotherapy. Human immunoglobulin is preferred in human medicine because a heterologous immunoglobulin may provoke an immune response to its foreign immunogenic components. Such passive immunization could be used on an emergency basis for immediate protection of unimmunized individuals exposed to special risks. Alternatively, these antibodies can be used in the production of anti-idiotypic antibody, which in turn can be used as an antigen to stimulate an immune response against NTHi epitopes.

The invention contemplates methods of eliciting an immune response to NTHi in an individual. These methods elicit immune responses which include one or more of killing NTHi bacteria, blocking NTHi attachment to cells and/or slowing NTHi replication. An "immunogenic dose" of a composition of the invention is one that generates, after administration, a detectable humoral and/or cellular immune response in comparison to the immune response detectable before administration or in comparison to a standard immune response before administration. The

invention contemplates that the immune response resulting from the methods may be protective and/or therapeutic. In one embodiment, the methods comprise a step of administering an immunogenic dose of a composition comprising a NTHi protein or NTHi peptide of the invention. A NTHi protein or an antigenic peptide thereof may be fused with co-protein which may not by itself produce antibodies, but is capable of stabilizing the first protein and producing a fused protein which will have immunogenic and protective properties. Thus fused recombinant protein, preferably further comprises an antigenic co-protein, such as Glutathione-S-transferase (GST) or beta-galactosidase, relatively large co-proteins which solubilize the protein and facilitate production and purification thereof. Moreover, the co-protein may act as an adjuvant in the sense of providing a generalized stimulation of the immune system. The co-protein may be attached to either the amino or carboxy terminus of the first protein. Provided by this invention are compositions, particularly vaccine compositions, and methods comprising the NTHi polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotide of the invention or antigenic peptides thereof.

The invention also contemplates methods of eliciting an immune response to multiple *H. influenzae* subtypes in an individual. These methods elicit immune responses which include one or more of killing the *H. influenzae* bacteria, blocking *H. influenzae* attachment to cells and/or slowing *H. influenzae* replication. These methods comprise a step of administering an immunogenic dose of a composition comprising a NTHi protein or NTHi peptide of the invention which comprise an antigenic epitope that is common among multiple *H. influenzae* subtypes but unique with respect to any other antigenic epitopes.

In another embodiment, the methods comprise administering an immunogenic dose of a composition comprising a cell expressing a NTHi protein or NTHi peptide of the invention. In yet another embodiment, the methods comprise administering an immunogenic dose of a composition comprising a polynucleotide encoding a NTHi protein or NTHi peptide of the invention. The polynucleotide may be a naked polynucleotide not associated with any other nucleic acid or may be in a vector such as a plasmid or viral

vector (*e.g.*, adeno-associated virus vector or adenovirus vector). The compositions of the invention may comprise one or more NTHi proteins or NTHi peptides alone or in combination with other epitopes that elicit an immune response to NTHi bacteria. The compositions of the invention may also comprise one or more NTHi proteins or peptides in combination with epitopes that elicit an immune response to one or more *H. influenzae* subtypes. Administration of the compositions may be by routes standard in the art, for example, parenteral, intravenous, oral, buccal, nasal, pulmonary, rectal, or vaginal. The methods may be used in combination in a single individual. The methods may be used prior or subsequent to NTHi infection of an individual.

Genes that are up-regulated in NTHi infection of the middle ear and/or the nasopharynx and genes that are associated with NTHi virulence are described herein. The polypeptides and peptides thereof which are encoded by these NTHi genes are contemplated to be useful for eliciting an immune response for treating or preventing disorders associated with NTHi infection, such as OM. Some of the polypeptides encoded by these genes include: histidine biosynthesis protein, lipoprotein B, peptide ABC transporter, periplasmic SapA precursor, outer membrane lipoproteins carrier protein precursor, ribose transport system permease protein, phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase catalytic subunit, PurE, Phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase catalytic subunit, ornithine carbamolytransferase, mannionate dehydratase, disulfide oxidoreductase, urease accessory protein, phosphocholine cytidylyltransferase, putative pyridoxine biosynthesis protein, singlet oxygen resistance protein, intracellular septation protein, DNA repair protein, MukF protein, glycerol-3-phosphate regulon repressor, integration host factor beta subunit, arginine repressor, cold shock like protein, stress response protein, LicA, MukF, RadA and those hypothetical proteins encoded by HI0094, HI1163, HI0665, HI1292, HI1064 HI186, HI0352 genes. NTHi OMPs, LOS and noncapsular proteins are also contemplated to elicit an immune response for prevention and treatment of disorders associated with NTHi infection.

The invention includes methods of blocking binding of NTHi bacteria to host cells in an individual. The methods comprise administering

antibodies or polypeptides of the invention that block binding of NTHi cellular attachment. Alternatively, administration of one or more small molecules that block binding of NTHi cell attachment is contemplated. *In vitro* assays may be used to demonstrate the ability of an antibody, polypeptide or small molecule of the invention to block NTHi cell attachment.

Pharmaceutical compositions comprising antibodies of the invention, polypeptides of the invention and/or small molecules of the invention that block NTHi cellular attachment are provided. The pharmaceutical compositions may consist of one of the foregoing active ingredients alone, may comprise combinations of the foregoing active ingredients or may comprise additional active ingredients used to treat bacterial infections. The pharmaceutical compositions may comprise one or more additional ingredients such as pharmaceutically effective carriers. Dosage and frequency of the administration of the pharmaceutical compositions are determined by standard techniques and depend, for example, on the weight and age of the individual, the route of administration, and the severity of symptoms. Administration of the pharmaceutical compositions may be by routes standard in the art, for example, parenteral, intravenous, oral, buccal, nasal, pulmonary, rectal, or vaginal.

Also provided by the invention are methods for detecting NTHi infection in an individual. In one embodiment, the methods comprise detecting NTHi polynucleotides of the invention in a sample using primers or probes that specifically bind to the polynucleotides. Detection of the polynucleotide may be accomplished by numerous techniques routine in the art involving, for example, hybridization and PCR.

The antibodies of the present invention may also be used to provide reagents for use in diagnostic assays for the detection of NTHi antigens (NTHi polypeptides and peptides thereof) in various body fluids of individuals suspected of *H. influenzae* infection. In another embodiment, the NTHi proteins and peptides of the present invention may be used as antigens in immunoassays for the detection of NTHi in various patient tissues and body fluids including, but not limited to: blood, serum, ear fluid, spinal fluid, sputum, urine, lymphatic fluid and cerebrospinal fluid. The antigens of the

present invention may be used in any immunoassay system known in the art including, but not limited to: radioimmunoassays, ELISA assays, sandwich assays, precipitin reactions, gel diffusion precipitin reactions, immunodiffusion assays, agglutination assays, fluorescent immunoassays, protein A immunoassays and immunoelectrophoresis assays.

Vaccines and Chemotherapeutic Targets

An aspect of the invention relates to a method for inducing an immunological response in an individual, particularly a mammal which comprises inoculating the individual with a NTHi antigen protein or an antigenic peptide thereof.

The present invention also provides for vaccine formulations which comprise an immunogenic recombinant NTHi protein or NTHi peptide of the invention together with a suitable carrier. The NTHi polypeptides and peptides thereof contemplated as vaccine candidates and/or targets of chemotherapy include, but are not limited to, histidine biosynthesis protein, lipoprotein B, peptide ABC transporter, periplasmic SapA precursor, outer membrane lipoproteins carrier protein precursor, ribose transport system permease protein, phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase catalytic subunit, PurE, 3,4-dihydroxy-2-butanone 4-phosphate synthase, ornithine carbamoyltransferase, mannose dehydratase, disulfide oxidoreductase, urease accessory protein, phosphocholine cytidylyltransferase, putative pyridoxine biosynthesis protein, singlet oxygen resistance protein, intracellular septation protein, DNA repair protein, MUKF protein, glycerol-3-phosphate regulon repressor, integration host factor beta subunit, arginine repressor, cold shock like protein, stress response protein, LicA, RadA and those hypothetical proteins encoded by HI0094, HI1163, HI0665, HI1292, HI1064 HI1386, HI0352 genes, NTHi OMPs, NTHi LOS and NTHi noncapsular proteins and polypeptides encoded by the novel NTHi polynucleotide sequences present in the nucleotide sequences set out as SEQ ID NOS: 1-576, SEQ ID NOS: 675-685, SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593, and the nucleotide sequences set out in Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein, and the polypeptides having the amino acid sequences set out in SEQ ID NOS: 2594-4414, Table 3B, Table 4B and Table 5 herein.

Since the protein may be broken down in the stomach, it is preferably administered parenterally, including, for example, administration that is subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous, or intradermal. Formulations suitable for parenteral administration include aqueous and non-aqueous sterile injection solutions which may contain anti-oxidants, buffers, bacteriostats and solutes which render the formulation isotonic with the bodily fluid, preferably the blood, of the individual; and aqueous and non-aqueous sterile suspensions which may include suspending agents or thickening agents. The formulations may be presented in unit-dose or multi-dose containers, for example, sealed ampules and vials and may be stored in a freeze-dried condition requiring only the addition of the sterile liquid carrier immediately prior to use. The vaccine formulation may also include adjuvant systems for enhancing the immunogenicity of the formulation, such as oil-in water systems and other systems known in the art. The dosage will depend on the specific activity of the vaccine and can be readily determined by routine experimentation.

A. Peptide Vaccines

Peptide therapeutic agents, such as peptide vaccines, are well known in the art and are of increasing use in the pharmaceutical arts. Consistent drawbacks to the parenteral administration of such peptide compounds have been the rapidity of breakdown or denaturation. Infusion pumps, as well as wax or oil implants, have been employed for chronic administration of therapeutic agents in an effort to both prolong the presence of peptide-like therapeutic agents and preserve the integrity of such agents. Furthermore, the peptide-like agent should (with particular reference to each epitope of the peptide-like agent) ideally maintain native state configuration for an extended period of time and additionally be presented in a fashion suitable for triggering an immunogenic response in the challenged animal or immunized human.

The NTHi antigenic peptides of the invention can be prepared in a number of conventional ways. The short peptides sequences can be prepared by chemical synthesis using standard means. Particularly convenient are solid phase techniques (see, *e.g.*, Erikson *et al.*, *The Proteins* (1976) v. 2, Academic Press, New York, p. 255). Automated solid phase synthesizers are

commercially available. In addition, modifications in the sequence are easily made by substitution, addition or omission of appropriate residues. For example, a cysteine residue may be added at the carboxy terminus to provide a sulfhydryl group for convenient linkage to a carrier protein, or spacer elements, such as an additional glycine residue, may be incorporated into the sequence between the linking amino acid at the C-terminus and the remainder of the peptide. The short NTHi peptides can also be produced by recombinant techniques. The coding sequence for peptides of this length can easily be synthesized by chemical techniques, *e.g.*, the phosphotriester method described in Matteucci *et al.*, *J Am Chem Soc.*, 103: 3185 (1981).

Some of the NTHi peptide sequences contemplated herein may be considered too small to be immunogenic, they may be linked to carrier substances in order to confer this property upon them. Any method of creating such linkages known in the art may be used. Linkages can be formed with heterobifunctional agents that generate a disulfide link at one functional group end and a peptide link at the other, such as a disulfide amide forming agent, *e.g.*, N-succidimidy1-3-(2-pyridyldithio) proprionate (SPDP) (See, *e.g.*, Jansen *et al.*, *Immun. Rev.* 62:185, 1982) and bifunctional coupling agents that form a thioether rather than a disulfide linkage such as reactive esters of 6-maleimidocaproic acid, 2-bromoacetic acid, 2-iodoacetic acid, 4-(N-maleimido-methyl) cyclohexane-1-carboxylic acid and the like, and coupling agent which activate carboxyl groups by combining them with succinimide or 1-hydroxy-2-nitro-4-sulfonic acid, for sodium salt such as succinimidy1 4-(N-maleimido-methyl) cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (SMCC).

B. Vaccine Compositions and Administration

A priming dose of the immunogen that is followed by one or more booster exposures to the immunogen may be necessary to be an effective vaccine (Kramp *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 25: 771-773, 1979; Davis *et al.*, *Immunology Letters*, 14: 341-8 1986 1987). Examples of proteins or polypeptides that could beneficially enhance the immune response if co-administered include cytokines (*e.g.*, IL-2, IL-12, GM-CSF), cytokine-inducing molecules (*e.g.* Leaf) or costimulatory molecules. Helper (HTL) epitopes could be joined to intracellular targeting signals and expressed

separately from the CTL epitopes. This would allow direction of the HTL epitopes to a cell compartment different than the CTL epitopes. If required, this could facilitate more efficient entry of HTL epitopes into the MHC class II pathway, thereby improving CTL induction. In contrast to CTL induction, specifically decreasing the immune response by co-expression of immunosuppressive molecules (*e.g.* TGF- β) may be beneficial in certain diseases.

Ideally, an immunogen will exhibit two properties; the capacity to stimulate the formation of the corresponding antibodies and the propensity to react specifically with these antibodies. Immunogens bear one or more epitopes which are the smallest part of an immunogen recognizable by the combining site of an antibody. In particular instances, immunogen, fractions of immunogens or conditions under which the immunogen is presented are inadequate to precipitate the desired immunological response resulting in insufficient immunity. This is often the case with peptides or other small molecules used as immunogens. Other substances such as immunomodulators (*e.g.*, cytokines such as the interleukins) may be combined in vaccines as well.

The vaccine art recognizes the use of certain substances called adjuvants to potentate an immune response when used in conjunction with an immunogen. Adjuvants are further used to elicit an immune response that is faster or greater than would be elicited without the use of the adjuvant. In addition, adjuvants may be used to create an immunological response using less immunogen than would be needed without the inclusion of adjuvant, to increase production of certain antibody subclasses that afford immunological protection or to enhance components of the immune response (*e.g.*, humoral, cellular). Known adjuvants include emulsions such as Freund's Adjuvants and other oil emulsions, *Bordetella pertussis*, MF59, purified saponin from *Quillaja saponaria* (QS21), aluminum salts such as hydroxide, phosphate and alum, calcium phosphate, (and other metal salts), gels such as aluminum hydroxide salts, mycobacterial products including muramyl dipeptides, solid materials, particles such as liposomes and virosomes. Examples of natural and bacterial products known to be used as adjuvants include monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL), RC-529 (synthetic MPL-like acylated monosaccharide), OM-

174 which is a lipid A derivative from *E. coli*, holotoxins such as cholera toxin (CT) or one of its derivatives, pertussis toxin (PT) and heat-labile toxin (LT) of *E. coli* or one of its derivatives, and CpG oligonucleotides. Adjuvant activity can be affected by a number of factors, such as carrier effect, depot formation, altered lymphocyte recirculation, stimulation of T-lymphocytes, direct stimulation of B-lymphocytes and stimulation of macrophages.

Vaccines are typically prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified. The active immunogenic ingredient is often mixed with excipients, which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, *e.g.*, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, or adjuvants, which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccine. The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers may include, for example, polyalkylene glycols or triglycerides; such suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient in the range of 0.5% to 10%, preferably 1-2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate and the like. These compositions take the form of solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and contain 10%-95% of active ingredient, preferably 25-70%.

Vaccines may also be administered through transdermal routes utilizing jet injectors, microneedles, electroporation, sonoporation, microencapsulation, polymers or liposomes, transmucosal routes and intranasal routes using nebulizers, aerosols and nasal sprays. Microencapsulation using natural or synthetic polymers such as starch,

alginate and chitosan, D-poly L-lactate (PLA), D-poly DL-lactic-coglycolic microspheres, polycaprolactones, polyorthoesters, polyanhydrides and polyphosphazenes polyphosphatazanes are useful for both transdermal and transmucosal administration. Polymeric complexes comprising synthetic poly-ornithate, poly-lysine and poly-arginine or amphipathic peptides are useful for transdermal delivery systems. In addition, due to their amphipathic nature, liposomes are contemplated for transdermal, transmucosal and intranasal vaccine delivery systems. Common lipids used for vaccine delivery include N-(1,2,3-(dioleoyl-dihydroxypropyl)-N,N,N, - trimethylammonium-methyl sulfate (DOTAP), dioleoyloxy-propyl - trimethylammonium chloride DOTMA, dimystyloxypropyl-3-dimethyl-hydroxyethyl ammonium (DMRIE), dimethyldioctadecyl ammonium bromide (DDAB) and 9N(N',N'-dimethylaminoethane) carbamoyl) cholesterol (DC-Chol). The combination of helper lipids and liposomes will enhance up-take of the liposomes through the skin. These helper lipids include, dioleoyl phosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE), dilauroylphosphatidylethanolamine (DLPE), dimyristoyl phosphatidylethanolamine (DMPE), dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine (DPPE). In addition, triterpenoid glycosides or saponins derived from the Chilean soap tree bark (*Quillaja saponaria*) and chitosan (deacetylated chitan) have been contemplated as useful adjuvants for intranasal and transmucosal vaccine delivery.

The proteins may be formulated into the vaccine as neutral or salt forms. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts, include the acid addition salts (formed with the free amino groups of the peptide) and which are formed with inorganic acids such as, *e.g.*, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, mandelic. Salts formed with the free carboxyl groups may also be derived from inorganic bases such as, *e.g.*, sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, or ferric hydroxides, and such organic bases as isopropylamine, trimethylamine, 2-ethylamino ethanol, histidine, and procaine.

The vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as will be therapeutically effective and immunogenic. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to

be treated, capacity of the subject's immune system to synthesize antibodies, and the degree of protection desired. Precise amounts of active ingredient required to be administered depend on the judgment of the practitioner and are peculiar to each individual. However, suitable dosage ranges are of the order of several hundred micrograms active ingredient per individual. Suitable regimes for initial administration and booster shots are also variable, but are typified by an initial administration followed in one or three month intervals by a subsequent injection or other administration.

Upon immunization with a vaccine composition as described herein, the immune system of the host responds to the vaccine by producing large amounts of CTLs specific for the desired antigen, and the host becomes at least partially immune to later infection, or resistant to developing chronic infection. Vaccine compositions containing the NTHi polypeptide or NTHi peptides of the invention are administered to a patient susceptible to or otherwise at risk of bacterial infection to elicit an immune response against the antigen and thus enhance the patient's own immune response capabilities. In this use, the precise amounts again depend on the patient's state of health and weight, the mode of administration, the nature of the formulation, etc., but generally range from about 1.0 μ g to about 5000 per 70 kilogram patient, more commonly from about 10 to about 500 mg per 70 kg of body weight. For therapeutic or immunization purposes, the NTHi polypeptide or NTHi peptides of the invention can also be expressed by attenuated viral hosts, such as vaccinia or fowlpox. This approach involves the use of vaccinia virus as a vector to express nucleotide sequences that encode the peptides of the invention. Upon introduction into an acutely or chronically infected host or into a noninfected host, the recombinant vaccinia virus expresses the immunogenic peptide, and thereby elicits a host CTL response.

Humoral immune response may be measured by many well known methods, such as Single Radial Immunodiffusion Assay (SRID), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA) and Hemagglutination Inhibition Assay (HAI). In particular, SRID utilizes a layer of a gel, such as agarose, containing the immunogen being tested. A well is cut in the gel and the serum being tested is placed in the well. Diffusion of the antibody out into the gel leads to the

formation of a precipitation ring whose area is proportional to the concentration of the antibody in the serum being tested. EIA, also known as ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immunoassay), is used to determine total antibodies in the sample. The immunogen is adsorbed to the surface of a microtiter plate. The test serum is exposed to the plate followed by an enzyme linked immunoglobulin, such as IgG. The enzyme activity adherent to the plate is quantified by any convenient means such as spectrophotometry and is proportional to the concentration of antibody directed against the immunogen present in the test sample. HAI utilizes the capability of an immunogen such as viral proteins to agglutinate chicken red blood cells (or the like). The assay detects neutralizing antibodies, *i.e.*, those antibodies able to inhibit hemagglutination. Dilution of the test serum are incubated with a standard concentration of immunogen, followed by the addition of the red blood cells. The presence of neutralizing antibodies will inhibit the agglutination of the red blood cells by the immunogen. Tests to measure cellular immune response include determination of delayed-type hypersensitivity or measuring the proliferative response of lymphocytes to target immunogen.

Nontypeable *Haemophilus influenzae* (NTHi)

H. influenzae is a small, nonmotile gram negative bacterium. Unlike other *H. influenzae* strains, the nontypeable *H. influenzae* (NTHi) strains lack a polysaccharide capsule and are sometimes denoted as "nonencapsulated." NTHi strains are genetically distinct from encapsulated strains and are more heterogenous than the type b *H. influenzae* isolates. NTHi presents a complex array of antigens to the human host. Possible antigens that may elicit protection include OMPs, lipopolysaccharides, lipoproteins, adhesion proteins and noncapsular proteins.

Humans are the only host for *H. influenzae*. NTHi strains commonly reside in the upper respiratory tract including the nasopharynx and the posterior oropharynx, the lower respiratory tract and the female genital tract. NTHi causes a broad spectrum of diseases in humans, including but not limited to, otitis media, pneumonia, sinusitis, septicemia, endocarditis, epiglottitis, septic arthritis, meningitis, postpartum and neonatal infections, postpartum and neonatal sepsis, acute and chronic salpingitis, epiglottis,

pericarditis, cellulitis, osteomyelitis, endocarditis, cholecystitis, intraabdominal infections, urinary tract infection, mastoiditis, aortic graft infection, conjunctivitis, Brazilian purpuric fever, occult bacteremia and exacerbation of underlying lung diseases such as chronic bronchitis, bronchiectasis and cystic fibrosis.

Epidemiologic studies of NTHi have indicated that the strains are heterogeneous with respect to outer membrane protein profiles (Barenkamp *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 36: 535-40, 1982), enzyme allotypes (Musser *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 52: 183-191, 1986), and other commonly used epidemiologic tools. There have been several attempts to subtype NTHi, but none of the methodologies have been totally satisfactory. The outer-membrane protein composition of NTHi consists of approximately 20 proteins. All NTHi strains contains two common OMP's with molecular weights of 30,000 and 16,600 daltons. NTHi strains may be subtyped based on two OMP's within the 32,000-42,000 dalton range. The NTHi liposaccharide profile is fundamentally different than the enteric gram negative bacteria and separates into 1-4 distinct bands ranging from less than 20,000 daltons.

A prototype NTHi isolate is the low passage isolate 86-028NP which was recovered from a child with chronic otitis media. This strain has been well characterized *in vitro* (Bakaletz *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 53: 331-5, 1988; Holmes *et al.*, *Microb. Pathog.*, 23: 157-66, 1997) as well as in the chinchilla OM model (described herein) (Bakaletz *et al.*, *Vaccine*, 15: 955-61, 1997; Suzuki *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 62: 1710-8, 1994; DeMaria *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 64: 5187-92, 1996). The 86-028NP strain was used, as described herein, to identify genes that are up-regulated in expression in the chinchilla model of otitis media and genes that are necessary for NTHi survival in the chinchilla middle ear.

DFI Strategy

A differential fluorescence induction (DFI) strategy was used herein to identify NTHi genes induced during OM in a chinchilla animal model. Several methods have been developed to identify bacterial genes that contribute to the virulence of an organism during infection. Such methods

include *in vivo* expression technology (IVET) in which bacterial promoters regulate the expression of gene(s) required for synthesis of essential nutrients required for survival in the host; signature-tagged mutagenesis (STM) enabling tag-specific identification of genes that alter the virulence properties of a microorganism when mutated; DNA microarray technology to globally screen for transcriptionally active genes, and DFI which uses FACS analysis to select for transcriptionally active promoters (Chiang *et al.*, *Annu. Rev. Microbiol.*, 53: 129-154, 1999). DFI is a high-throughput method that allows for the identification of differentially regulated genes regardless of the basal level of expression and does not exclude those that are essential for growth *in vitro*.

DFI has been successfully utilized in many microorganisms. For example, a GFP reporter system and flow cytometry was used to study mycobacterial gene expression upon interaction with macrophages (Dhandayuthapani *et al.*, *Mol. Microbiol.*, 17: 901-912, 1995). A promoter trap system was used to identify genes whose transcription was increased when *Salmonellae* were subjected to environments simulating *in vivo* growth and when internalized by cultured macrophage-like cells (Valdivia and Falkow, *Mol. Microbiol.*, 22: 367-378, 1996; Valdivia and Falkow, *Science*, 277: 2007-2011, 1997; Valdivia and Falkow, *Curr. Opin. Microbiol.*, 1: 359-363, 1998). In addition, DFI has been used to identify promoters expressed in *S. pneumoniae* and *S. aureus* when grown under varied *in vitro* conditions simulating infection (Marra *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 148: 1483-1491, 2002; Schneider *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, 97: 1671-1676, 2000). In addition, DFI has been utilized to study gene regulation in *Bacillus cereus* in response to environmental stimuli (Dunn and Handelsman, *Gene*, 226: 297-305, 1999), in *S. pneumoniae* in response to a competence stimulatory peptide (Bartilson *et al.*, *Mol. Microbiol.*, 39: 126-135, 2001), and upon interaction with and invasion of host cells in *Bartonella henselae* Lee and Falkow, *Infect. Immun.*, 66: 3964-3967, 1998), *Listeria monocytogenes* Wilson *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 69: 5016-5024, 2001), *Brucella abortus* (Eskra *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 69: 7736-7742, 2001), and *Escherichia coli* (Badger *et al.*, *Mol. Microbiol.*, 36: 174-182, 2000).

Whereas DFI has been successfully used to identify promoters active in cell culture models of infection or *in vitro* conditions designed to simulate an *in vivo* environment, few have applied DFI to identify promoters regulated in a specific biological niche within the whole animal. This is likely due to the numerous challenges associated with sorting from an *in vivo* environment. The host inflammatory response, dissemination and/or clearance of bacterial cells from the site of infection, as well as adherence of bacteria to epithelial cells, possibly via biofilm formation, can make bacteria inaccessible for retrieval from the living animal. These factors, among others, contribute to the complexity of the microenvironment and the heterogeneity of gene expression as the bacteria sense and respond to these changes. Recently, DFI has been used to identify promoters expressed in *S. pneumoniae* when the bacteria were screened in a mouse model of respiratory tract infection and a gerbil infection model of OM (Marra *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.* 70: 1422-33, 2002; Marra *et al.*, *Microbiol.*, 148: 1483-91, 2002).

Animal Model

The chinchilla model is a widely accepted experimental model for OM. In particular, a chinchilla model of NTHi-induced OM has been well characterized (Bakaletz *et al.*, *J. Infect. Dis.*, 168: 865-872, 1993; Bakaletz and Holmes, *Clin. Diagn. Lab. Immunol.*, 4: 223-225, 1997; Suzuki and Bakaletz, *Infect. Immun.*, 62: 1710-1718, 1994), and has been used to determine the protective efficacy of several NTHi outer membrane proteins, combinations of outer membrane proteins, chimeric synthetic peptide vaccine components, and adjuvant formulations as vaccinogens against OM (Bakaletz *et al.*, *Vaccine*, 15: 955-961, 1997; Bakaletz *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 67: 2746-2762, 1999; Kennedy *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 68: 2756-2765, 2000).

In particular, there is an unique *in vivo* model wherein adenovirus predisposes chinchillas to *H. influenzae*-induced otitis media, which allowed for the establishment of relevant cell, tissue and organ culture systems for the biological assessment of NTHi (Bakaletz *et al.*, *J. Infect. Dis.*, 168: 865-72, 1993; Suzuki *et al.*, *Infect. Immunity* 62: 1710-8, 1994). Adenovirus infection alone has been used to assess for the transudation of induced serum antibodies into the tympanum (Bakaletz *et al.*, *Clin. Diagnostic*

Lab Immunol., 4(2): 223-5, 1997) and has been used as a co-pathogen with NTHi, to determine the protective efficacy of several active and passive immunization regimens targeting various NTHi outer membrane proteins, combinations of OMPs, chimeric synthetic peptide vaccine components, and adjuvant formulations as vaccinogens against otitis media (Bakaletz *et al.*, *Infect Immunity*, 67(6): 2746-62, 1999; Kennedy *et al.*, *Infect Immun.*, 68(5): 2756-65, 2000; Novotny *et al.*, *Infect Immunity* 68(4): 2119-28, 2000; Poolman *et al.*, *Vaccine* 19 (Suppl. 1): S108-15, 2000).

Genes Upregulated *In vivo* in Response to NTHi Infection of the Middle Ear

In order to identify differentially regulated promoters in response to NTHi infection of the middle ear, a promoter trap library was constructed and sorting parameters defined. A portion of the promoter trap library was inoculated directly into the chinchilla middle ear and OM development was monitored by video otoscopy and tympanometry at 24 and 48 hours. In addition, the middle ear fluids were recovered 24 and 48 hours after infection. Two-color FACS analysis was used to isolated bacteria that were expressing GFP from other cells and debris associated with the effusion. Following isolation, DNA sequence of the *Haemophilus* inserts 5' of the *gfpmut3* gene were determined and analyzed. In this manner, we identified genes that are up-regulated as NTHi sense and respond to the environment of the chinchilla middle ear during AOM. The following genes were identified and due to their up-regulation during NTHi infection, they may play a role in NTHi infection and virulence.

As described below in Example 7, following the DFI procedure described above and subsequent FACS analysis of *gfp*-expressing clones, 52 candidate clones containing potential *in vivo*-regulated promoters were isolated. The genes these clones control were categorized based upon general description and function within the cell and include general metabolic processes, environmental informational processing and membrane transport, membrane proteins and hypothetical proteins. Eight of these 52 clones contain sequences that are unique to NTHi strain 86-028NP. Importantly, 3

clones were isolated from independent screens in more than one animal thereby verifying the method of isolation.

In order to independently confirm the FACS data, we determined the relative expression of candidate genes by quantitative RT-PCR. The parent strain 86-028NP, was used for these studies. Thus, wild-type gene expression without the influence of plasmid copy number on gene regulation was analyzed, allowing for the indication of false-positive clone identification by FACS. Of the 44 candidate clones containing sequence similar to that identified in *H. influenzae* strain Rd, quantitative comparison of gene expression *in vitro* and *in vivo* confirmed up-regulated gene expression for twenty-six genes (60%) when NTHi respond to environmental cues present in the chinchilla middle ear. This analysis identified *in vivo*-regulated promoters which drive expression of genes involved in membrane transport, environmental informational processing, cellular metabolism, gene regulation, as well as hypothetical proteins with unknown function. (See Table 4 in Example 6).

Quantitative RT-PCR demonstrated a two-fold increase in *lola* expression, enabling lipoprotein transport from the inner membrane to the outer membrane. Bacteria grow rapidly in the middle ear environment reaching 5.0×10^8 CFU NTHi ml middle ear fluid within 48 hours. The bacteria sense and respond to the environment, acquiring or synthesizing the necessary nutrients for growth and survival. The gene encoding the membrane component in ribose sugar transport, *rbsC* (SEQ ID NO: 619), showed a 5-fold increase in expression *in vivo* compared to cells growing *in vitro*. In addition, many genes involved in metabolic processes show a dramatic increase in gene expression *in vivo* compared to cells growing *in vitro*. These include a riboflavin synthesis gene, *ribB* (SEQ ID NO: 623), a purine nucleotide biosynthetic gene *purE* (SEQ ID NO: 621), ornithine carbamoyltransferase, *arcB* (SEQ ID NO: 625), involved in arginine degradation via the urea cycle and *uxuA* (SEQ ID NO: 627), encoding mannonate hydrolase, required for the uptake of D-glucuronate and transformation into glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate. In addition, but to a lesser degree, genes for histidine biosynthesis (*hisB*; SEQ ID NO: 615), DNA repair

(*radC*; SEQ ID NO: 639) and a putative intracellular septation transmembrane protein (*ispZ*; SEQ ID NO: 637) were up-regulated.

Disulfide bond formation is important for folding and assembly of many secreted proteins in bacteria. In prokaryotes, DsbA and DsbB make up the oxidative pathway responsible for the formation of disulfides. DsbB reoxidizes DsbA, which donates disulfide bonds directly to unfolded polypeptides, and DsbB has been demonstrated to generate disulfides *de novo* from oxidized quinones (Collet and Bardwell, *Mol. Microbiol.*, 44: 1-8, 2002). In *H. influenzae* strain Rd, DsbA is required for competence for transformation (Tomb, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, 89: 10252-10256, 1992). Herein, an approximate 3-fold increase in *dsbB* gene (SEQ ID NO: 629) transcription was demonstrated, illuminating an important role for disulfide interchange for NTHi growing in the middle ear environment.

Bacteria colonization of the middle ear, a normally sterile environment, results in a host inflammatory response and subsequent neutrophil infiltration. Bacteria have evolved numerous strategies to combat this host response. NTHi increase gene expression (4-fold) of *ureH* (SEQ ID NO:631), a homologue of a gene required for expression of active urease in *Helicobacter*, shown to be involved in acid tolerance (Young *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.*, 178: 6487-6495, 1996). Recently, it has been reported that urease activity may play a role in chronic *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae* infection by counteracting the decrease in pH occurring upon infection (Baltes *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 69: 472-478, 2000; Baltes *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 69: 472-478, 2001; Bosse and MacInnes, *Can. J. Vet. Res.*, 64: 145-150). A biotype analysis on NTHi isolates from middle ear effusions demonstrated that 87% are urease positive (DeMaria *et al.*, *J. Clin. Microbiol.*, 20: 1102-1104, 1984). However, the role of urease in NTHi virulence is unknown. Similarly, an increase in expression of a gene whose product demonstrates 88% sequence identity to a pyridoxine biosynthesis protein in *S. pneumoniae* and 60% homology to a putative singlet oxygen resistance protein that may function as an antioxidant. Phosphorylcholine (ChoP) has been implicated in the pathogenesis of NTHi (Weiser *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 65: 943-950, 1997). NTHi modulates ChoP expression by phase variation, decorating the LOS on

the cell surface. ChoP may contribute to NTHi persistence in the respiratory tract via decreased susceptibility to antimicrobial peptides (Lysecko *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 68: 1664-1671, 2000) and alter the sensitivity to serum killing mediated by C-reactive protein (CRP) (Weiser *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.*, 187: 631-640, 1998). The microenvironment of the nasopharynx and middle ear cavity may select for the ChoP⁺ phenotype, as ChoP⁺ strains show greater colonization of the chinchilla nasopharynx (Tong *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 68: 4593-4597, 2000). Expression of the *licC* gene (SEQ ID NO: 633) was also increased. The *licC* gene encodes a phosphorylcholine cytidyltransferase that plays a role in the biosynthesis of phosphorylcholine-derivatized LOS (Rock *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.*, 183: 4927-4931, 2001).

Also included among the *in vivo*-induced genes is a set whose products subsequently regulate gene expression or DNA replication. These genes include transcriptional regulation of glycerol metabolism by the *glp* repressor, *glpR* (SEQ ID NO: 643), the arginine repressor gene, *argR* (SEQ ID NO: 647), and the integration host factor (IHF) beta subunit, *ihfB* (SEQ ID NO: 645). IHF is a histone-like protein that binds DNA at specific sequences, an accessory factor involved in replication, site-specific recombination and transcription, altering the activity of a large number of operons (Goosen and van de Putte, *Mol. Microbiol.* 16: 1-7, 1995). In addition, CspD inhibits DNA replication during stationary phase-induced stress response in *E. coli* (Yamanaka *et al.*, *Mol. Microbiol.*, 39: 1572-1584, 2001) and the *mukF* (SEQ ID NO: 641) gene protein homologue contributes to a remodeling of the nucleoid structure into a more compact form prior to cell segregation (Sawitzke and Austin, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, 62: 1710-1718, 2000). The DFI strategy described herein also identified promoters induced *in vivo* for genes of unknown function. The hypothetical protein, HI0094, demonstrated an 8-fold increase in gene expression during early OM but its role remains unknown. HI1163 (SEQ ID NO: 651) showed 58% amino acid identity with the hypothetical YdiJ proteins, a putative oxidase, of *E. coli*.

A high-density transposon mutagenesis strategy was used to identify *H. influenzae* genes essential for growth on rich medium (Akerley *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, 99: 966-971, 2002). Six genes were

identified in the screen described herein that are included in essential gene set described in Akerley' *et al.*, *supra*. (*hisB*, *lppB*, *lola*, *ispZ*, *mukF* and unknown HI0665). Recently genes of non-typeable *H. influenzae* that are expressed upon interaction with two human respiratory tract-derived epithelial cell lines have been identified. These genes included those involved in metabolic processes, stress responses, gene expression, cell envelope biosynthesis, DNA-related processes, cell division and ORF's encoding proteins of unknown function. (Ulsen *et al.*, *Mol. Microbiol.*, 45: 485-500, 2002). Similarly the stress response gene, *cspD* (SEQ ID NO: 649), genes involved in purine and riboflavin biosynthesis, and a protein of unknown function, *vapA* was identified in the screen described herein. Expression of *vapA* was detected *in vitro*, yet *vapA* gene expression increased two-fold *in vivo*. These unique approaches identified known genes that are upregulated in NTHi-induced OM and therefore are likely to play a role in NTHi infection and virulence; and may be potential candidates for vaccines and antisense therapies and other therapeutic methods of treatment of NTHi related disorders.

The DFI strategy resulted in the identification of promoters induced *in vivo* for genes of unknown function as well. The hypothetical protein, HI0094, demonstrated a 8-fold increase in gene expression during early OM but its role remains unknown. HI1163 (SEQ ID NO: 651) showed 58% amino acid identity with the hypothetical YdiJ proteins, a putative oxidase, of *E. coli*. Therefore, these hypothetical genes are likely to play a role in OM induced by NTHi infection.

Brief Description of Figures

Figure 1 depicts the LKP gene region in a panel of *Haemophilus* isolates. The strain 86-028NP sequence is identical in this region to the sequence in NTHi strain R3001. Both of these NTHi lack the *hif* gene cluster encoding the hemagglutinating pilus.

Figure 2 depicts the *rfaD* region in a panel of *Haemophilus* isolates. The gene arrangement in the *rfaD* region of the strain 86-028NP

genome is similar to that of the strain Rd genome but different than the arrangement of these genes seen in the genome of most NTHi examined.

Figures 3A-3M set out the nucleotide sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 589-614) described in Table 4, which were identified to be upregulated during OM infection (see Example 6). The nucleotides (nt.) which correspond to known genes and those nt. which correspond to the contig sequences set out as SEQ ID NO: 1-576 are also presented.

Detailed Description

The following examples illustrate the invention wherein Example 1 describes the sequence of the NTHi genome, Example 2 describes the identified contigs and initial gene discovery, Example 3 describes construction of the NTHi promoter trap library, Example 4 describes the analyses of 86-028NP derivatives expressing GFP, Example 5 demonstrates direct labelling of bacteria from middle ear fluids, Example 6 describes identification of promoters induced *in vivo* in acute otitis media, Example 7 describes identification of virulence-associated genes, Example 8 describes identification of unique NTHi gene sequences, Example 9 described the analysis of the complete NTHi 86-028NP genome, and Example 10 compares the genomic DNA sequences of NTHi, strain 86-028NP and *H. influenzae* serotype d, strain kw20

Example 1

Sequence of a Non-Typeable *Haemophilus influenzae* Genome

NTHi strain 86-028NP is a minimally passaged clinical isolate obtained from a pediatric patient who underwent tympanostomy and tube insertion for chronic OM at Columbus Children's Hospital. (Bakaletz *et al. Infection and Immunity*, 56(2): 331-335, 1988) The 86-028NP strain was deposited with the American Type Tissue Collection (Manassas, VA 20108 USA) on October 16, 2002 and assigned accession no. PTA-4764.

In an effort to more broadly approach the identification of the virulence determinants in NTHi, the genome of the NTHi 86-028NP strain was sequenced to 3-fold coverage. Chromosomal DNA was prepared from strain 86-028NP using the Puregene protocol and sheared to 2-4 kb in size

with a Hydroshear instrument (Gene Machines). The sheared DNA was ethanol-precipitated, end-repaired using a mixture of Klenow enzyme and T4 DNA polymerase, and size-selected by agarose gel electrophoresis to obtain 2-4 kb fragments as described in Chissoe *et al.* (*Methods: a Companion to Methods of Enzymology* 3: 55-65, 1991) and Sambrook *et al.* (*Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed. Cold Springs Harbor, NY, 1989). These fragments were cloned into vector pUC18 using the *Sma*I restriction site (phosphatase-treated) and transformed into *E. coli* XL-1 Blue, selecting for ampicillin resistance. Colonies that contain inserts were identified by blue/white screening on LB-Amp plates containing X-gal, and transferred into 96-deep well plates containing 1.5 ml of TB-Amp (TB = Terrific Broth) broth. The deep-well plate cultures were grown overnight (18-22 hours) at 37°C. Template preparation, sequencing and contig assembly were performed.

Automated template preparation was performed on the Beckman Biomek 2000 automated robotics workstation as described in Chissoe *et al.*, (*supra.*) Briefly, each 96-deep well plate, containing the clones prepared above, was centrifuged to pellet the cells, the supernatant decanted, and the cells frozen (if necessary) at -20°C. Four 96-deep well blocks were placed on the Biomek table, and the liquid handling robot was used to prepare the template using an automated version of a typical SDS-NaOH lysis protocol as described in Chissoe *et al.*, (*supra.*). The final ethanol-precipitated templates were each dissolved in 50 µl ddH₂O, and used for DNA sequencing.

Sequencing reactions were run by re-arraying the templates (from 96-well plates) into 384-well plates, using the Robbins Hydra 96 robot. Cycle-sequencing reactions were run using PE Big-Dye™ terminators and universal primers (M13 forward and reverse), cleaned up over Sephadex G50 columns, and analyzed on a PE Biosystems 3700 capillary electrophoresis DNA sequencer according to the manufacturer's instructions. Sequencing reads (8219) were assembled into 576 contigs (SEQ ID NOS: 1- 576 herein). The statistics for the 3-fold sequencing are shown in Table 2A. The total unique sequence in assembly 17 is 1.74Mb.

Table 2A

Contig Size	Total Number	Total Length	% of Cumulative
0 – 1 kb	65	55961	3.2%
1 – 2 kb	228	333665	19.2%
2 – 3 kb	101	243059	14.0%
3 – 4 kb	49	172385	9.9%
4 – 5 kb	45	196699	11.3%
5 – 10 kb	74	515152	29.6%
10 – 20 kb	11	144591	8.3%
20 – 30 kb	3	77352	4.4%

Subsequently, 8-fold sequencing analysis of the NTHi genome was carried out. The 8-fold sequencing assembled the NTHi genome into 11 contigs. Contigs 5, 8, 9, 10, 12-18 are denoted as SEQ ID NOS: 675-685 herein. The statistics for the 8-fold sequencing are shown in Table 2B.

TABLE 2B

Contig Size	Total Number	Total Length	% of Cumulative
0 – 1 kb	5	3950	0.2%
1 – 2 kb	3	4316	0.2%
2 – 3 kb	0	0	0.0%
3 – 4 kb	1	3964	0.2%
4 – 5 kb	0	0	0.0%
5 – 10 kb	0	0	0.0%
10 – 20 kb	1	15147	0.8%
20 – 30 kb	2	51888	2.7%
30 - 40 kb	0	0	0.0%
40 - 50 kb	0	0	0.0%
50 - 100 kb	1	85814	4.5%
>100 kb	5	1760339	91.4%

Example 2

Contig Description and Initial Gene Discovery

Seventy-five of the 88 contigs with length ≥ 5000 bp, identified with the 3-fold sequence analysis, show significant similarity via BLASTN to genes in *H. influenzae* strain Rd. To visualize the potential relationship between the gene order in *H. influenzae* strain 86-028NP and *H. influenzae* strain Rd, the 86-028NP three-fold contig set and the Rd gene set were bidirectionally compared using BLASTN. The results were plotted in gene-order verses contig space by sorting the contigs based on gene coordinates of the Rd genes hit, anchoring each contig at the smallest coordinate found as described in Ray *et al.*, (*Bioinformatics* 17: 1105-12, 2001). Compared in this fashion, an incomplete assembly of a genome with identical gene order to a completely known genome would display a monotonically increasing stair-stepped form.

BLASTX was used to identify hits to sequences with homology to genes in the strain Rd genome as well as genes not found in *H. influenzae* strain Rd. Hits to strain Rd sequences were removed from the data set and the other hits summarized in Table 3A. The data are presented as follows: contig # (SEQ ID NO: #), column 1; E score for each hit, column 2; the name of the protein that had homology to a portion of the amino acid translation of the cited contig, column 3; the organism producing the homologue, column 4; and the Genbank protein identifier for each of the proteins cited in column 3, column 5; the corresponding nucleotides within the contig (referenced by SEQ ID NO:). In most instances, several homologues were identified but for clarity, the protein of greatest homology is cited in Table 3A.

The sequences for some of the genes listed in Table 3A were identified within the 8-fold sequencing of the NTHi genome. Table 3B lists the location of these genes within the 11 contigs, the full length open reading frame sequence (identified by SEQ ID NO:), the derived amino acid sequence

encoded by the open reading frame³ and the gene with high homology identified by BLASTX (as listed in Table 3A).

To examine the relative short range gene arrangements in NTHi and the Rd strain, the gene order in two gene clusters that have been well-described were compared. First, the genes present in the hemagglutinating pilus (LKP) gene region were examined. (Mhlanga-Mutangadura *et al.*, *J Bacteriol.* 180(17): 4693-703, 1998). The pilus gene cluster is located between the *purE* and *pepN* genes, only fragments of which are depicted in Figure 1. The serotype b strain, Eagan, contains the *hifABCDE* gene cluster and produces hemagglutinating pili. Strain Rd lacks the *hicAB* genes as well as the *hifABCDE* gene cluster. In general, the nontypeable strains previously examined contained the *hicAB* genes but not the *hif* genes that encode the hemagglutinating pilus. The strain 86-028NP sequence (described herein) is identical in this region to the sequence in NTHi strain R3001 (Figure 1). The *rfaD* gene encodes an enzyme involved in the biosynthesis of endotoxin. In addition, the *rfaD* gene from NTHi strain 2019 has been characterized by Nichols *et al.* (*Infect Immunity* 65(4): 1377-86, 1997). In strain 2019, the *rfaD* gene is immediately upstream of the *rfaF* gene that encodes another enzyme involved in endotoxin biosynthesis. The gene arrangement in strain Rd is different; the *rfaD* and *rfaF* genes are separated by approximately 11 kb of sequence. Most nontypeable strains examined contained the gene arrangement seen in strain 2019. In contrast, strain 86-028NP has a gene arrangement identical to that seen in strain Rd (Figure 2).

A global analysis of the current assembly indicates that the gene content and order are similar to that in strain Rd. A more detailed analysis revealed that there are a substantial number of NTHi genes not previously seen in the *Pasteurellaceae* and some regions where the NTHi gene content and order is different than that seen in strain Rd. Thus, the current data suggest that the strain 86-028NP genome will contain a complex mosaic of Rd and non-Rd like features.

The DFI strategy also identified novel NTHi sequences that had increased gene expression. A list of these novel contig sequences that contain genes or gene fragments that have homology to ORFs in other

organisms (primarily gram-negative bacteria) is set out in Table 3A. For example, the nucleotide sequence of contig 442 (SEQ ID NO: 442), nucleotides 1498-1845 are highly homologous to the sequences encoding amino acids 1-116 of *H. influenzae* strain Rd lipoprotein B (LppB). The gene is positioned between the stationary phase survival gene, *surE*, and a gene encoding a 43 kD antigenic outer membrane lipoprotein that is highly homologous to the recently identified bacterial lipoprotein, LppB/NlpD, which has been associated with virulence (Padmalayam *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 68: 4972-4979, 2000). Recently, Zhang and coworkers demonstrated that *nlpD* and *surE* gene expression was induced during stationary phase of bacterial growth in *Thermotoga maritima* (Zhang *et al.*, *Structure (Camb)*, 9: 1095-1106, 2001). Therefore, under stress-induced conditions in the middle ear, this NTHi lipoprotein may be expressed.

Table 3A

Contig	E score	Hit Identity	Organism	Genbank Protein	SEQ ID NO:
104	4.00E-59	CpdB	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246953.1	nt. 204-659 of SEQ ID NO: 104
106	9.00E-10	hypothetical protein PH0217 -	Pyrococcus horikoshii	G71244	nt. 40-309 of SEQ ID NO: 106
106	1.00E-08	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246871.1	nt. 605-694 of SEQ ID NO: 106
106	2.00E-20	Orf122	Chlorobium tepidum	AAG12204.1	nt. 7-210 of SEQ ID NO: 106
110	3.00E-05	ArdC antirestriction protein	IncW plasmid pSa	AAD52160.1	compliment of nt. 959-1162 of SEQ ID NO: 110
110	1.00E-33	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458676.1	compliment of nt. nt. 181-825 of SEQ ID NO: 110
111	5.00E-12	putative membrane protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458664.1	compliment of nt. 45-287 of SEQ ID NO: 111
111	6.00E-41	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458658.1	compliment of nt. 1091-1480 of SEQ ID NO: 111
114	7.00E-80	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245828.1	compliment of nt. 118-696 of SEQ ID NO: 114
115	2.00E-09	A111R	Paramecium bursaria Chlorella virus 1	NP_048459.1	nt. 555-869 of SEQ ID NO: 115
118	5.00E-45	DNA methylase HsdM, putative	Vibrio cholerae	NP_231404.1	nt. 44-439 of SEQ ID NO: 118
122	2.00E-18	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245314.1	nt. 865-1302 of SEQ ID NO: 122

123	4.00E-99	RNA POLYMERASE SIGMA-32 FACTOR	Proteus mirabilis	P50509	nt. 351-782 of SEQ ID NO: 123
124	9.00E-58	ACETOLACTATE SYNTHASE (ACETOHYDROXY-ACID SYNTHASE) (ALS)	Spirulina platensis	P27868	nt. 603-1025 of SEQ ID NO: 124
130	0	restriction modification system-R protein	Neisseria meningitidis	CAA09003.1	nt. 495-1559 of SEQ ID NO: 130
131	6.00E-91	uronate isomerase (glucuronate isomerase)	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_457532.1	compliment of nt. 661-1380 of SEQ ID NO:131
133	3.00E-30	GyrA	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245778.1	compliment of nt. 1447-1626 of SEQ ID NO: 133
133	1.00E-27	DNA GYRASE SUBUNIT A	Pectobacterium carotovorum	P41513	compliment of nt. 1302-1442 of SEQ ID NO: 133
138	7.00E-06	KicA	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245545.1	compliment of nt. 92-157 of SEQ ID NO: 138
138	1.00E-148	TYPE II RESTRICTION ENZYME HAEII (ENDONUCLEASE HAEII) (R.HAEII)	Haemophilus aegyptius	O30869	compliment of nt. 164-1045 of SEQ ID NO: 138
143	4.00E-06	Gifsy-1 prophage protein	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	NP_461555.1	compliment of nt. 228-632 of SEQ ID NO: 143
143	1.00E-14	hypothetical protein	Bacteriophage VT2-Sa	NP_050531.1	compliment of nt. 778-1248 of SEQ ID NO: 143
143	5.00E-09	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	CAD09979.1	compliment of nt. 715-1026 of SEQ ID NO: 143
143	6.00E-10	hypothetical 14.9kd protein	Escherichia coli	NP_065324.1	nt. 3-173 of SEQ ID NO: 143
147	1.00E-38	GTP-binding elongation factor, may be inner membrane protein	Escherichia coli O157:H7 EDL933	NP_289127.1	compliment of nt. 172-342 of SEQ ID NO: 147
147	2.00E-14	GTP-binding membrane protein (lepA)	Borrelia burgdorferi	NP_212222.1	compliment of nt. 17-181 of SEQ ID NO: 147
148	6.00E-17	galactokinase	Homo sapiens	AAC35849.1	compliment of nt. 746-1246 of SEQ ID NO: 148
148	7.00E-96	GALACTOKINASE (GALACTOSE KINASE)	Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae	P94169	compliment of nt. 232-741 of SEQ ID NO:148
149	1.00E-92	GTP-binding protein TypA/BipA	Buchnera sp. APS	NP_240245.1	compliment of nt. 265-1077 of SEQ ID NO: 149
15	2.00E-21	ORF 1	Escherichia coli	CAA39631.1	nt. 665-850 of SEQ ID NO: 15
150	6.00E-17	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245919.1	nt. 171-665 of SEQ ID NO: 150
153	7.00E-07	outer membrane protein A	Rickettsia conorii	T30852	nt. 51-623 of SEQ ID NO: 153

155	7.00E-40	cytochrome d ubiquinol oxidase, subunit II	Vibrio cholerae	NP_233259.1	nt. 583-1002 of SEQ ID NO: 155
157	7.00E-13	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245490.1	compliment of nt. 1170-1367 of SEQ ID NO: 157
157	2.00E-05	glycosyl transferase	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	AAA68012.1	nt. 85-189 of SEQ ID NO: 157
158	1.00E-152	MltC	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246259.1	compliment of nt. 36-530 of SEQ ID NO: 158
161	3.00E-25	lipoprotein, putative	Vibrio cholerae	NP_230232.1	nt. 870-1439 of SEQ ID NO: 161
163	9.00E-53	chorismate synthase	Caulobacter crescentus	NP_421948.1	nt. 1283-2029 of SEQ ID NO: 163
168	3.00E-13	COPPER-TRANSPORTING ATPASE 1 (COPPER PUMP 1)	Mus musculus	Q64430	nt. 66-995 of SEQ ID NO: 168
168	2.00E-22	Cu transporting ATPase P	Homo sapiens	2001422A	nt. 135-989 of SEQ ID NO: 168
174	8.00E-48	magnesium/cobalt transport protein	Mesorhizobium loti	NP_103977.1	nt. 918-1205 of SEQ ID NO: 174
175	5.00E-26	vacB protein	Buchnera sp. APS	NP_240369.1	compliment of nt. 1-1587 of SEQ ID NO: 175
176	3.00E-21	putative ABC transport system permease protein [	Campylobacter jejuni	NP_282774.1	compliment of nt. 259-1089 of SEQ ID NO: 176
183	5.00E-29	PROBABLE ATP SYNTHASE A CHAIN TRANSMEMBRAN E PROTEIN	Ralstonia solanacearum	NP_521442.1	compliment of nt. 42-677 of SEQ ID NO: 183
185	6.00E-85	putative exported protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458655.1	compliment of nt. 162-1529 of SEQ ID NO: 185
187	2.00E-05	transketolase	Homo sapiens	AAA61222.1	nt. 709-819 of SEQ ID NO: 187
188	1.00E-116	ribonuclease E	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_299884.1	compliment of nt. 280-1704 of SEQ ID NO: 188
192	1.00E-38	ImpA	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245829.1	nt. 35-448 of SEQ ID NO: 192
193	3.00E-08	Orf80	Enterobacteria phage 186	NP_052285.1	nt. 1612-1818 of SEQ ID NO: 193
193	1.00E-06	holin	Haemophilus somnus	AAC45168.1	nt. 370-576 of SEQ ID NO: 193
193	0.007	unknown	Enterobacteria phage 186	NP_052260.1	nt. 1376-1609 of SEQ ID NO: 193
193	2.00E-48	lysozyme	Haemophilus somnus	AAC45169.1	nt. 608-1093 of SEQ ID NO: 193
199	4.00E-21	unknown protein	Escherichia coli O157:H7 EDL933, prophage CP-933V	NP_288675.1	nt. 398-778 of SEQ ID NO: 199
199	2.00E-49	hypothetical protein	Bacteriophage 933W	NP_049495.1	compliment of nt. 1907-2392 of SEQ ID NO: 199
20	1.00E-62	RpL14	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246344.1	compliment of nt. 233-601 of SEQ ID NO: 20

200	2.00E-62	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458658.1	compliment of nt. 431-997 of SEQ ID NO: 200
200	3.00E-16	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458657.1	compliment of nt. 1028-1264 of SEQ ID NO: 200
201	2.00E-26	TsaA	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245732.1	compliment of nt. 1618-1809 of SEQ ID NO: 201
209	6.00E-16	TsaA	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245732.1	compliment of nt. 2-136 of SEQ ID NO: 209
211	2.00E-15	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245535.1	compliment of nt. 23-211 of SEQ ID NO: 211
211	1.00E-70	PUTATIVE ATPASE PROTEIN	Ralstonia solanacearum	NP_520082.1	compliment of nt. 475-915 of SEQ ID NO: 211
212	3.00E-18	hypothetical protein	Escherichia coli O157:H7	NP_309775.1	compliment of nt. 895-1035 of SEQ ID NO: 212
216	1.00E-173	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245069.1	nt. 35-1543 of SEQ ID NO: 216
217	9.00E-18	diacylglycerol kinase	Vibrio cholerae	NP_233101.1	nt. 2083-2208 of SEQ ID NO: 217
221	4.00E-34	Tail-Specific Protease	Chlamydia trachomatis	NP_219953.1	nt. 849-1421 of SEQ ID NO: 221
222	4.00E-23	AGR_C_3689p	Agrobacterium tumefaciens str. C58 (Cereon)	NP_355005.1	compliment of nt. 940-1305 of SEQ ID NO: 222
224	9.00E-19	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245536.1	nt. 15-308 of SEQ ID NO: 224
225	1.00E-89	portal vector -like protein, in phage P2 [Salmonella typhimurium LT2]	Salmonella typhimurium LT2 Fels-2 prophage	NP_461651.1	nt. 31-750 of of SEQ ID NO: 225
229	2.00E-25	anaerobic ribonucleotide reductase	Salmonella typhimurium	CAB62266.1	nt. 1806-2108 of SEQ ID NO: 229
234	3.00E-08	conserved hypothetical protein	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_299850.1	nt. 1680-2048 of SEQ ID NO: 234
234	1.00E-42	Methionine sulfoxide reductase C-terminal domain related protein, YPPQ ortholog	Clostridium acetobutylicum	NP_348177.1	compliment of nt. 415-654 of SEQ ID NO: 234
235	4.00E-16	phage-related tail protein	Wolbachia endosymbiont of Drosophila melanogaster	AAK85310.1	compliment of nt. 931-1929 of SEQ ID NO: 235
235	6.00E-56	similar to orfG protein in phage 186, Salmonella typhimurium LT2	Salmonella typhimurium LT2, Fels-2 prophage	NP_461625.1	compliment of nt. 313-1863 of SEQ ID NO: 235
236	6.00E-20	conserved hypothetical protein	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	NP_252693.1	nt. 1572-1916 of SEQ ID NO: 236
240	5.00E-27	MODIFICATION METHYLASE BEPI	Brevibacterium epidermidis	P10283	compliment of nt. 922-1305 of SEQ ID NO: 240
241	2.00E-15	phage-related protein	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_299573.1	compliment of nt. 865-1305 of SEQ ID NO: 241

241	4.00E-08	hypothetical protein	phage SPP1	T42296	nt. 73-636 of SEQ ID NO: 241
241	4.00E-07	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458686.1	nt. 10-468 of SEQ ID NO: 241
242	2.00E-29	translation elongation factor EF-G	chloroplast - soybean	S35701	compliment of nt. 18-1085 of SEQ ID NO: 242
247	3.00E-23	GTP CYCLOHYDROLA SE I (GTP-CH-I)	Synechococcus sp. PCC 7942	Q54769	compliment of nt. 1009-1257c of SEQ ID NO: 247
248	6.00E-05	phospho-N- acetylmuramoyl- pentapeptide- transferase	Aquifex aeolicus	NP_213025.1	nt. 830-1747 of SEQ ID NO: 248
25	2.00E-86	PROBABLE TRANSPORT TRANSMEMBRAN E PROTEIN	Ralstonia solanacearum	NP_522358.1	compliment of nt. 309-854 of SEQ ID NO: 25
25	7.00E-06	major facilitator family transporter	Caulobacter crescentus	NP_419155.1	compliment of nt. 134-283 of SEQ ID NO: 25
250	1.00E-150	CpdB	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246953.1	compliment of nt. 36-1016 of SEQ ID NO: 250
252	3.00E-57	alanyl-tRNA synthetase	Vibrio cholerae	AAA99922.1	compliment of nt. 1418-1951 of SEQ ID NO: 252
253	1.00E-108	similar to glutathione Reductase	Listeria monocytogenes EGD-e	NP_464432.1	compliment of nt. 411-1358 of of SEQ ID NO: 253
259	3.00E-39	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458654.1	compliment of nt. 342-1037 of SEQ ID NO: 259
259	3.00E-17	possible exported protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458653.1	compliment of nt. 1251-1607 of SEQ ID NO: 259
261	5.00E-74	hypothetical protein 6 - Haemophilus influenzae	Haemophilus influenzae	S27582	compliment of nt. 3-422 of SEQ ID NO: 261
263	1.00E-94	putative transposase	Haemophilus paragallinarum	AAD01406.1	nt. 2142-2672 of SEQ ID NO: 263
264	1.00E-126	unknown	Actinobacillus actinomycetemco mitans	NP_067554.1	nt. 40-714 of SEQ ID NO: 264
264	1.00E-103	unknown	Actinobacillus actinomycetemco mitans	NP_067555.1	nt. 695-1309 of SEQ ID NO: 264
264	2.00E-21	unknown	Actinobacillus actinomycetemco mitans	NP_067556.1	nt. 1302-1448 of SEQ ID NO: 264
265	6.00E-27	Aminopeptidase 2	chloroplast	Q42876	nt. 556-1539 of SEQ ID NO: 265
268	1.00E-116	MutY	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246257.1	nt. 1003-1581 of SEQ ID NO: 268
272	1.00E-07	hypothetical protein	Bacteriophage 933W	NP_049495.1	compliment of nt. 77-232 of SEQ ID NO: 272
274	3.00E-13	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246952.1	compliment of nt. 1658-1975 of SEQ ID NO: 274

275	3.00E-20	CafA	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	AAG24267.1	nt. 1299-1571 of SEQ ID NO: 275
276	1.00E-45	mukE protein	Vibrio cholerae	NP_231351.1	compliment of nt. 650-1390 of SEQ ID NO: 276
276	1.00E-69	KicA	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245545.1	compliment of nt. 647-1321 of SEQ ID NO: 276
278	2.00E-56	3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] synthase III	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_455686.1	nt. 1366-1944 of SEQ ID NO: 278
281	5.00E-56	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246261.1	compliment of nt. 31-678 of SEQ ID NO: 281
282	3.00E-09	orf25; similar to T gene of P2	bacteriophage phi CTX	NP_490625.1	compliment of nt. 511-1032 of SEQ ID NO: 282
282	1.00E-08	orf11; similar to phage P2 gene S-like product, which is involved in tail synthesis,	Haemophilus somnus	AAC45165.1	compliment of nt. 1450-1584 of SEQ ID NO: 282
282	9.00E-27	putative bacteriophage tail protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_457167.1	compliment of nt. 3-509 of SEQ ID NO: 282
286	5.00E-18	plasmid-related protein	Listeria innocua plasmid	NP_471066.1	compliment of nt. 887-1501 of SEQ ID NO: 286
287	8.00E-20	GTP cyclohydrolase II	Escherichia coli O157:H7 EDL933	NP_287920.1	nt. 2-145 of SEQ ID NO: 287
289	1.00E-168	MODIFICATION METHYLASE HAEII	Haemophilus aegyptius	O30868	compliment of nt. 138-1091 of SEQ ID NO: 289
289	5.00E-11	TYPE II RESTRICTION ENZYME HAEII	Haemophilus aegyptius	O30869	compliment of nt. 22-132 of SEQ ID NO: 289
289	6.00E-47	mukF homolog	Haemophilus influenzae biotype aegyptius	AAB70828.1	compliment of nt. 1107-1385 of SEQ ID NO: 289
294	1.00E-171	LICA PROTEIN	Haemophilus influenzae RM7004	P14181	compliment of nt. 677-1564 of SEQ ID NO: 294
297	1.00E-158	DNA methylase HsdM, putative	Vibrio cholerae	NP_231404.1	compliment of nt. 12-1136 of SEQ ID NO: 297
302	0	HEME-BINDING PROTEIN A	Haemophilus influenzae DL42	P33950	nt.3-1316 of SEQ ID NO: 302
304	6.00E-19	hypothetical protein 6	Haemophilus influenzae	S27582	nt. 121-267 of SEQ ID NO: 304
305	6.00E-40	putative recombinase - phage associated	Streptococcus pyogenes M1 GAS	NP_269557.1	nt. 65-805 of SEQ ID NO: 305
305	7.00E-22	single stranded DNA-binding protein	Shewanella sp. F1A	AAB57886.1	nt. 1607-2014 of SEQ ID NO: 305
305	1.00E-43	phage-related protein	Bacillus halodurans	NP_244410.1	nt. 92-751 of SEQ ID NO: 305
312	1.00E-28	PUTATIVE BACTERIOPHAGE-RELATED TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN	Ralstonia solanacearum	NP_518994.1	nt. 1819-2673 of SEQ ID NO: 312

312	9.00E-25	similar to BASEMENT MEMBRANE-SPECIFIC HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (HSPG)	Homo sapiens	XP_068727.1	nt. 27-1001 of SEQ ID NO: 312
315	2.00E-45	uracil permease	Deinococcus radiodurans	NP_296001.1	compliment of nt. 525-1592 of SEQ ID NO: 315
318	7.00E-15	CzcD	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246276.1	compliment of nt. 3-227 of SEQ ID NO: 318
320	2.00E-60	orf3; similar to endonuclease subunit of the phage P2 terminase (gene M)	Haemophilus somnus	AAC45159.1	compliment of nt. 606-1241 of SEQ ID NO: 320
320	2.00E-09	orf4; similar to head completion/stabilization protein (gene L) of phage P2	Haemophilus somnus	AAC45160.1	compliment of nt. 52-285 of SEQ ID NO: 320
320	3.00E-35	orf2; similar to major capsid protein precursor of phage P2 (gene N)	Haemophilus somnus	AAC45158.1	compliment of nt. 1271-1624 of SEQ ID NO: 320
323	4.00E-37	dedC protein	Escherichia coli	AAA23966.1	compliment of nt. 74-463 of SEQ ID NO: 323
324	1.00E-153	conserved hypothetical protein	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_274972.1	compliment of nt. 930-1943 of SEQ ID NO: 324
326	5.00E-52	selenophosphate synthetase	Eubacterium acidaminophilum	CAB53511.1	compliment of nt. 1186-2292 of SEQ ID NO: 326
328	1.00E-129	secretion protein SecD	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	NP_252510.1	compliment of nt. 8-625 of SEQ ID NO: 328
333	3.00E-08	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245489.1	compliment of nt. 5-418 of SEQ ID NO: 333
336	6.00E-38	probable methyl transferase	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	NP_253353.1	compliment of nt. 2547-2819 of SEQ ID NO: 336
338	2.00E-98	Pmi	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245766.1	nt. 144-842 of SEQ ID NO: 338
339	2.00E-07	tRNA nucleotidyltransferase	Escherichia coli	QPECPE	nt. 2331-2540 of SEQ ID NO: 339
340	0	DNA gyrase, subunit A, type II topoisomerase	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	NP_461214.1	compliment of nt. 93-1799 of SEQ ID NO: 340
342	4.00E-12	tolA protein	Haemophilus influenzae	JC5212	nt. 980-1318 of SEQ ID NO: 342
344	1.00E-07	MODIFICATION METHYLASE HPHIA	Haemophilus parahaemolyticus	P50192	compliment of nt. 849-1034 of SEQ ID NO: 344
344	8.00E-05	ABC transporter protein 1	Leishmania major	AAF31030.1	compliment of nt. 17-205 of SEQ ID NO: 344

349	3.00E-44	conserved hypothetical protein	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_273467.1	compliment of nt. 1397-1903 of SEQ ID NO: 349
349	8.00E-09	hypothetical protein	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	NP_252667.1	compliment of nt. 795-1121 of SEQ ID NO: 349
349	9.00E-10	conserved hypothetical secreted protein	Helicobacter pylori 26695	NP_207009.1	compliment of nt. 1319-1816 of SEQ ID NO: 349
349	2.00E-06	putative TPR repeat protein	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	NP_463149.1	compliment of nt. 2244-2558 of SEQ ID NO: 349
35	1.00E-23	type I restriction-modification system specificity determinant	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_300003.1	compliment of nt. 29-388 of SEQ ID NO: 35
352	1.00E-116	putative peptidase	Escherichia coli K12	NP_416827.1	compliment of nt. 951-1640 of SEQ ID NO: 352
352	0	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245275.1	compliment of nt. 86-946 of SEQ ID NO: 352
354	5.00E-86	putative uronate isomerase	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	NP_462052.1	compliment of nt. 168-914 of SEQ ID NO: 354
356	1.00E-07	isomerase-like protein (DsbD) -	Escherichia coli	S57220	nt. 5-73 of SEQ ID NO: 356
358	1.00E-07	USG protein	Pediococcus pentosaceus	CAC16793.1	nt.534-1307 of SEQ ID NO: 358
358	0.005	HsdS protein	Escherichia coli	CAA10700.1	nt. 26-205 of SEQ ID NO: 358
361	1.00E-152	maltodextrin phosphorylase	Escherichia coli O157:H7 EDL933	NP_289957.1	compliment of nt. 77-922 of SEQ ID NO: 361
363	6.00E-06	BH2505~unknown conserved protein	Bacillus halodurans	NP_243371.1	nt. 554-844 of SEQ ID NO: 363
368	1.00E-12	H02F09.3.p	Caenorhabditis elegans	NP_508295.1	compliment of nt. 1069-1977 of SEQ ID NO: 368
368	6.00E-27	hypothetical glycine-rich protein	Mesorhizobium loti	NP_102360.1	compliment of nt. 1201-1986 of SEQ ID NO: 368
37	6.00E-09	putative ATP-binding component of a transport system	Escherichia coli K12	NP_415469.1	compliment of nt. 455-691 of SEQ ID NO: 37
372	7.00E-18	conserved hypothetical protein	Clostridium perfringens	BAB80319.1	compliment of nt. 1763-1924 of SEQ ID NO: 372
376	7.00E-24	putative bacteriophage protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_456379.1	compliment of nt. 158-808 of SEQ ID NO: 376
376	8.00E-10	hypothetical protein	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_298882.1	compliment of nt. 1129-1671 of SEQ ID NO: 376
376	9.00E-06	lin1713	Listeria innocua	NP_471049.1	compliment of nt. 913-1557 of SEQ ID NO: 376
377	6.00E-05	Vng1732c	Halobacterium sp. NRC-1	NP_280487.1	nt. 2378-2587 of SEQ ID NO: 377

377	1.00E-11	INVASIN PRECURSOR (OUTER MEMBRANE ADHESIN)	Yersinia enterocolitica	P31489	compliment of nt. 127-345 of SEQ ID NO: 377
382	4.00E-16	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246871.1	compliment of nt. 967-1068 of SEQ ID NO: 382
383	4.00E-36	putative transposase	Streptomyces avermitilis	BAB69302.1	nt. 488-1162 of SEQ ID NO:383
383	3.00E-58	recombinase	IncN plasmid R46	NP_511241.1	compliment of nt. 1-393 of SEQ ID NO: 383
383	4.00E-24	transposase	Escherichia coli	I69674	nt. 1294-1740 of SEQ ID NO: 383
383	0	tnpA	Yersinia enterocolitica	CAA73750.1	nt. 1782-2834 of SEQ ID NO: 383
385	2.00E-31	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246065.1	nt. 1515-1772 of SEQ ID NO: 385
386	5.00E-65	cydC [	Escherichia coli	AAA66172.1	compliment of nt. 3438-4115 of SEQ ID NO: 386
386	4.00E-33	ABC transporter, ATP-binding protein	Mesorhizobium loti	NP_105463.1	compliment of nt. 2569-3390 of SEQ ID NO: 386
388	3.00E-45	60 KDA INNER- MEMBRANE PROTEIN HOMOLOG	Coxiella burnetii	P45650	compliment of nt. 3211-3759 of SEQ ID NO: 388
390	4.00E-25	putative DNA- binding protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458175.1	nt. 1051-1416 of SEQ ID NO: 390
390	3.00E-13	transcriptional regulator	Bacillus halodurans	NP_241773.1	compliment of nt. 84-578 of SEQ ID NO: 390
390	3.00E-06	DNA translocase stage III sporulation prot homolog	Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus Mu50	NP_372265.1	compliment of nt. 620-871 of SEQ ID NO: 390
395	7.00E-31	ATPase, Cu++ transporting, beta polypeptide	Homo sapiens	NP_000044.1	compliment of nt. 615-1406 of SEQ ID NO: 395
397	3.00E-23	terminase large subunit	Bacteriophage HK620	NP_112076.1	compliment of nt. 2363-2725 of SEQ ID NO: 397
397	3.00E-16	hypothetical protein	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_297824.1	compliment of nt. 1517-1744 of SEQ ID NO: 397
398	4.00E-67	orf32	Haemophilus phage HP2	NP_536839.1	compliment of nt. 1288-1866 of SEQ ID NO: 398
398	8.00E-24	putative cytoplasmic protein	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	NP_463063.1	compliment of nt. 798-1220 of SEQ ID NO: 398
398	2.00E-83	orf31	Haemophilus phage HP1	NP_043502.1	compliment of nt. 1881-2510 of SEQ ID NO: 398
399	1.00E-94	HEME/HEMOPEXI N-BINDING PROTEIN	Haemophilus influenzae N182	P45355	nt. 88-774 of SEQ ID NO: 399
401	3.00E-63	Sty SBLI	Salmonella enterica	CAA68058.1	nt. 1690-2742 of SEQ ID NO: 401
401	3.00E-06	RESTRICTION- MODIFICATION ENZYME SUBUNIT M3	Mycoplasma pulmonis	NP_325912.1	nt. 79-489 of SEQ ID NO: 401

402	2.00E-13	OPACITY PROTEIN OPA66 PRECURSOR	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Q05033	compliment of nt. 2634-2915 of SEQ ID NO: 402
406	8.00E-13	type I restriction enzyme EcoR124II R	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_273876.1	nt. 281-520 of SEQ ID NO: 406
407	6.00E-65	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246237.1	nt. 938-2450 of SEQ ID NO: 407
407	5.00E-99	PepE	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245391.1	nt. 1216-1917 of SEQ ID NO: 407
407	1.00E-16	Hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein A	Haemophilus influenzae Tn106	Q48153	nt. 1-141 of SEQ ID NO: 407
409	1.00E-106	hypothetical protein 1	Haemophilus influenzae	S27577	compliment of nt. 2524-3159 of SEQ ID NO: 409
411	4.00E-29	heme-repressible hemoglobin-binding protein	Haemophilus influenzae, type b, strain HI689	AAB46794.1	nt. 391-615 of SEQ ID NO: 411
411	0	Hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein A	Haemophilus influenzae Tn106	Q48153	nt. 651-3263 of SEQ ID NO: 411
412	2.00E-07	REGULATORY PROTEIN CRO (ANTIREPRESSO R)	bacteriophage 434	P03036	compliment of nt. 59-259 of SEQ ID NO: 412
412	4.00E-06	hypothetical protein	Bacteriophage P27	CAC83535.1	nt. 1436-1654 of SEQ ID NO: 412
413	8.00E-07	hypothetical protein	Deinococcus radiodurans	NP_294301.1	compliment of nt. 791-1012 of SEQ ID NO: 413
414	9.00E-65	conserved hypothetical protein	Vibrio cholerae	NP_230092.1	nt. 1696-2103 of SEQ ID NO: 414
414	3.00E-93	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246834.1	nt. 1777-2109 of SEQ ID NO: 414
416	2.00E-17	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246629.1	compliment of nt. 2565-2831 of SEQ ID NO: 416
416	4.00E-26	hypothetical protein o154	Escherichia coli	S30728	compliment of nt. 1928-2254 of SEQ ID NO: 416
416	3.00E-37	transport protein TatC	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	NP_253757.1	compliment of nt. 1494-2018 of of SEQ ID NO: 416
417	1.00E-66	weakly similar to methyltransferases	Listeria innocua	NP_471073.1	compliment of nt. 999-1928 of SEQ ID NO: 417
417	5.00E-05	DNA-BINDING PROTEIN RDGA	Pectobacterium carotovorum	Q47587	compliment of nt. 3526-4212 of SEQ ID NO: 417
417	2.00E-29	putative phage-related protein	Yersinia pestis	NP_407132.1	compliment of nt. 2546-2938 of SEQ ID NO: 417
417	3.00E-06	Adenine-specific DNA methylase	Thermoplasma acidophilum	NP_393798.1	compliment of nt. 826-1020 of SEQ ID NO: 417
43	9.00E-16	PcnB	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245801.1	nt. 511-870 of SEQ ID NO: 43
434	2.00E-97	beta' subunit of RNA polymerase	Nephroselmis olivacea	NP_050840.1	compliment of nt. 32-1534 of SEQ ID NO: 434
435	4.00E-52	MODIFICATION METHYLASE BEPI	Brevibacterium epidermidis	P10283	compliment of nt. 11-565 of SEQ ID NO: 435

435	4.00E-57	pentafunctional arom polypeptide (contains: 3-dehydroquinase synthase, 3-dehydroquinase dehydratase (3-dehydroquinase), shikimate 5-dehydrogenase, shikimate kinase, and epsp synthase)	Saccharomyces cerevisiae	NP_010412.1	compliment of nt. 757-2064 of SEQ ID NO: 435
437	5.00E-70	dihydrofolate reductase	Haemophilus influenzae (clinical isolate R1042)	S52336	nt. 2393-2767 of SEQ ID NO: 437
438	1.00E-106	polyA polymerase	Vibrio cholerae	NP_230244.1	nt. 3-1124 of SEQ ID NO: 438
439	6.00E-60	Porphyrin biosynthetic protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_457816.1	nt. 2343-2783 of SEQ ID NO: 439
441	5.00E-73	RimM	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246234.1	compliment of nt. 151-441 of SEQ ID NO: 441
442	9.00E-31	LIPOPROTEIN NLPD	Salmonella typhimurium	P40827	compliment of nt. 3362-3520 of SEQ ID NO: 442
444	6.00E-24	glycine betaine transporter	Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus Mu50	NP_371872.1	compliment of nt. 2242-2514 of SEQ ID NO: 444
452	6.00E-28	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245616.1	compliment of nt. 533-883 of SEQ ID NO: 452
452	0	Type I restriction enzyme EcoPrrI M protein	Escherichia coli	Q47163	nt. 3291-4154 of SEQ ID NO: 452
452	2.00E-75	type I restriction enzyme M protein	Ureaplasma urealyticum	NP_077929.1	nt. 4156-4662 of SEQ ID NO: 452
455	9.00E-56	PROBABLE BACTERIOPHAGE PROTEIN	Ralstonia solanacearum	NP_520059.1	nt. 2028-2774 of SEQ ID NO: 455
455	2.00E-55	orf2; similar to major capsid protein precursor of phage P2 (gene N), gpP	Haemophilus somnus	AAC45158.1	nt. 2864-3490 of SEQ ID NO: 455
455	1.00E-175	gpP	Enterobacteria phage P2	NP_046758.1	compliment of nt. 127-1812 of SEQ ID NO: 455
456	1.00E-38	hypothetical protein	Pseudomonas putida	NP_542872.1	compliment of nt. 1010-1282 of SEQ ID NO: 456
456	1.00E-172	hypothetical protein	Pseudomonas putida	NP_542873.1	compliment of nt. 1443-2006 of SEQ ID NO: 456
457	1.00E-116	hypothetical protein (galE 5' region) - Haemophilus influenzae	Haemophilus influenzae	S15287	compliment of nt. 62-961 of SEQ ID NO: 457
457	1.00E-134	dTDPglucose 4,6-dehydratase	Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans	T00102	nt. 2637-3656 of SEQ ID NO: 457
459	2.00E-10	RNA polymerase gamma-subunit	Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	NP_441586.1	nt. 25-117 of SEQ ID NO: 459

461	9.00E-51	conserved hypothetical protein	Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus Mu50	NP_370593.1	nt. 4124-4624 of SEQ ID NO: 461
462	9.00E-06	NADH dehydrogenase	Burkholderia pseudomallei	AAG01016.1	nt. 703-828 of SEQ ID NO: 462
465	3.00E-41	GTP-binding protein Era	Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	NP_441951.1	compliment of nt. 2470-2787 of SEQ ID NO: 465
466	1.00E-15	putative bacteriophage protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_455548.1	nt. 837-1478 of SEQ ID NO: 466
466	1.00E-90	orf31	Haemophilus phage HP1	NP_043502.1	nt. 2396-3199 of SEQ ID NO: 466
469	0	Hemoglobin and hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein C precursor	Haemophilus influenzae HI689	Q9X442	compliment of nt. 427-3459 of SEQ ID NO: 469
471	8.00E-05	transposase, putative	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_274608.1	nt. 2957-3217 of SEQ ID NO: 471
472	6.00E-08	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458660.1	compliment of nt. 2881-3270 of SEQ ID NO: 472
472	5.00E-23	antirestriction protein	Mesorhizobium loti	NP_106707.1	nt. 4908-5324 of SEQ ID NO: 472
472	1.00E-75	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458661.1	compliment of nt. 1931-2776 of SEQ ID NO: 472
472	9.00E-72	hypothetical protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458662.1	compliment of nt. 544-1689 of SEQ ID NO: 472
475	3.00E-25	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_244952.1	nt. 3207-3626 of SEQ ID NO: 475
476	8.00E-73	putative DNA-binding protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458175.1	compliment of nt. 3339-4310 of SEQ ID NO: 476
476	6.00E-47	anticodon nuclease	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_273873.1	compliment of nt. 4397-4885 of SEQ ID NO: 476
478	3.00E-06	methionin synthase-like enzyme	Arabidopsis thaliana	CAB38313.1	compliment of nt. 3554-3679 of SEQ ID NO: 478
478	3.00E-05	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245444.1	compliment of nt. 164-250 of SEQ ID NO: 478
479	1.00E-18	conserved hypothetical protein	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_298841.1	nt. 2302-2658 of SEQ ID NO: 479
48	3.00E-19	Dca	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	AAF12796.1	compliment of nt. 225-746 of SEQ ID NO: 48
482	1.00E-06	hypothetical protein	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_275122.1	nt. 2055-2189 of SEQ ID NO: 482
482	9.00E-28	conserved hypothetical protein	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_274383.1	nt. 1689-1898 of SEQ ID NO: 482
487	5.00E-75	conserved hypothetical protein	Neisseria meningitidis Z2491	NP_284304.1	nt. 2541-2978 of SEQ ID NO: 487
488	2.00E-64	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246617.1	nt. 2983-3540 of SEQ ID NO: 488

488	8.00E-93	1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate reductoisomerase	Zymomonas mobilis	AAD29659.1	nt. 1344-1880 of SEQ ID NO: 488
491	5.00E-51	rubredoxin oxidoreductase homolog	Clostridium acetobutylicum	AAB50346.1	compliment of nt. 1690-2439 of SEQ ID NO: 491
492	1.00E-27	phosphotransferase system enzyme IIA-like protein	Staphylococcus aureus	AAK83253.1	compliment of nt. 755-970 of SEQ ID NO: 492
493	2.00E-84	unknown	Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans	AAC70895.1	nt. 3333-3935 of SEQ ID NO: 493
493	4.00E-49	unknown	Helicobacter pylori J99	NP_223898.1	nt. 3345-4010 of SEQ ID NO: 493
493	9.00E-31	transcriptional factor MdcH	Acinetobacter calcoaceticus	AAF20290.1	nt. 1885-2793 of SEQ ID NO: 493
493	6.00E-30	HimA	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245565.1	nt. 1129-1260 of SEQ ID NO: 493
494	4.00E-85	putative prophage integrase	Yersinia pestis	NP_404712.1	nt. 900-2099 of SEQ ID NO: 494
494	4.00E-63	DNA methyltransferase	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_299063.1	compliment of nt. 5544-6170 of SEQ ID NO: 494
494	6.00E-19	MODIFICATION METHYLASE SCRFIA	Lactococcus lactis subsp. cremoris	P34877	compliment of nt. 5019-6113 of SEQ ID NO: 494
497	0	transferrin-binding protein 1	Haemophilus influenzae (strain PAK 12085)	S70906	nt. 3251-4999 of SEQ ID NO: 497
50	5.00E-07	AcpP	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246856.1	nt. 2-136 of SEQ ID NO: 50
501	7.00E-50	conserved hypothetical protein	Vibrio cholerae	NP_231403.1	compliment of nt. 3649-4872 of SEQ ID NO: 501
501	0	type I restriction enzyme HsdR, putative	Vibrio cholerae	NP_231400.1	compliment of nt. 1551-3440 of SEQ ID NO: 501
501	4.00E-13	ATP-dependent DNA helicase RecG-related protein	Deinococcus radiodurans	NP_295921.1	compliment of nt. 5317-5844 of SEQ ID NO: 501
501	5.00E-11	conserved hypothetical	Ureaplasma urealyticum	NP_077868.1	compliment of nt. 5098-5769 of SEQ ID NO: 501
504	2.00E-44	OUTER MEMBRANE PROTEIN P2 PRECURSOR (OMP P2)	Haemophilus influenzae AG30010	Q48218	compliment of nt. 4681-5019 of SEQ ID NO: 504
507	0	SpoT	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245857.1	compliment of nt. 3685-5316 of SEQ ID NO: 507
51	6.00E-87	glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase (isomerizing)	Vibrio cholerae	NP_230141.1	nt. 30-470 of SEQ ID NO: 51
512	2.00E-28	dipeptide transport system permease protein	Yersinia pestis	NP_407439.1	compliment of nt. 1095-1580 of SEQ ID NO: 512
512	3.00E-82	SapC	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245850.1	compliment of nt. 730-1095 of SEQ ID NO: 512
514	9.00E-06	putative integral membrane protein	Campylobacter jejuni	NP_281236.1	compliment of nt. 577-684 of SEQ ID NO: 514

514	3.00E-11	orf, hypothetical protein	Escherichia coli O157:H7 EDL933	NP_286004.1	compliment of nt. 449-568 of SEQ ID NO: 514
518	0	putative inner membrane trans-acylase protein	Neisseria meningitidis Z2491	NP_284893.1	nt. 92-1927 of SEQ ID NO: 518
519	4.00E-30	hypothetical protein	Mesorhizobium loti	NP_108196.1	compliment of nt. 2221-3159 of SEQ ID NO: 519
519	2.00E-12	conserved hypothetical protein	Listeria innocua	NP_471067.1	compliment of nt. 3994-5241 of SEQ ID NO: 519
519	6.00E-20	hypothetical protein	Mesorhizobium loti	NP_108198.1	compliment of nt. 707-1552 of SEQ ID NO: 519
519	4.00E-26	putative bacteriophage protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_455526.1	compliment of nt. 3982-5163 of SEQ ID NO: 519
52	3.00E-94	OUTER MEMBRANE PROTEIN P2 PRECURSOR (OMP P2)	Haemophilus influenzae	Q48218	nt. 45-788 of SEQ ID NO: 52
520	0	excision nuclease subunit A	Escherichia coli K12	NP_418482.1	compliment of nt. 6309-7745 of SEQ ID NO: 520
521	5.00E-08	zinc/manganese ABC transporter substrate binding protein	Rickettsia conorii	NP_359651.1	nt. 2236-2652 of SEQ ID NO: 521
521	1.00E-140	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245865.1	nt. 338-1390 of SEQ ID NO: 521
521	1.00E-86	ORF_f432	Escherichia coli	AAB40463.1	nt. 203-1390 of SEQ ID NO: 521
522	3.00E-22	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246093.1	nt. 670-885 of SEQ ID NO: 522
526	5.00E-33	exodeoxyribonuclease V alpha chain	Yersinia pestis	NP_404635.1	nt. 5582-6202 of SEQ ID NO: 526
526	1.00E-62	exodeoxyribonuclease V, 67 kDa subunit	Vibrio cholerae	NP_231950.1	nt. 5675-6193 of SEQ ID NO: 526
527	1.00E-147	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245980.1	nt. 4283-5203 of SEQ ID NO: 527
527	0	Mfd	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245978.1	nt. 7545-8759 of SEQ ID NO: 527
527	0	transcription-repair coupling factor (TrcF)	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_455708.1	nt. 7611-8762 of SEQ ID NO: 527
527	0	PROBABLE TRANSCRIPTION-REPAIR COUPLING FACTOR PROTEIN	Ralstonia solanacearum	NP_519763.1	nt. 7611-8870 of SEQ ID NO: 527
528	1.00E-48	undecaprenyl pyrophosphate synthetase	Chlamydia muridarum	NP_297109.1	nt. 2918-3712 of SEQ ID NO: 528
528	0	leucyl-tRNA synthetase	Vibrio cholerae	NP_230603.1	compliment of nt. 180-2822 of SEQ ID NO: 528
529	1.00E-104	DNA PRIMASE	Legionella pneumophila	P71481	compliment of nt. 3316-3960 of SEQ ID NO: 529

534	9.00E-29	putative integrase	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	NP_461690.1	nt. 4668-5009 of SEQ ID NO: 534
534	6.00E-18	hypothetical protein NMA0153	Neisseria meningitidis Z2491	NP_283002.1	compliment of nt. 5933-6337 of SEQ ID NO: 534
534	2.00E-23	hypothetical protein	Deinococcus radiodurans	NP_294868.1	nt. 6908-7654 of SEQ ID NO: 534
534	1.00E-88	prophage CP4-57 integrase	Escherichia coli K12	NP_417111.1	nt. 5057-5875 of SEQ ID NO: 534
535	1.00E-115	phosphate acetyltransferase	Buchnera sp. APS	NP_240007.1	nt. 3385-4596 of SEQ ID NO: 535
536	3.00E-35	cobalt membrane transport protein CbiQ	Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae	AAD49727.1	compliment of nt. 3531-4136 of SEQ ID NO: 536
536	6.00E-37	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245305.1	compliment of nt. 6478-6921 of SEQ ID NO: 536
539	2.00E-26	Orf122	Chlorobium tepidum	AAG12204.1	compliment of nt. 1778-2008 of SEQ ID NO: 539
540	1.00E-77	heat shock protein HtpX	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	NP_273864.1	compliment of nt. 2567-3481 of SEQ ID NO: 540
541	0	IleS	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246601.1	nt. 3167-4549 of SEQ ID NO: 541
545	2.00E-09	DNA-BINDING PROTEIN RDGB	Pectobacterium carotovorum	Q47588	nt. 3816-3977 of SEQ ID NO: 545
545	2.00E-11	putative transposase	Sinorhizobium meliloti	NP_437741.1	compliment of nt. 2786-3019 of SEQ ID NO: 544
545	2.00E-07	Hypothetical 42.5 kd protein in thrW-argF intergenic region	Escherichia coli	BAA77933.1	compliment of nt. 2614-2811 of SEQ ID NO: 545
545	4.00E-18	putative IS element transposase	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_454711.1	nt. 1955-2230 of SEQ ID NO: 545
546	0	HEME/HEMOPEXIN-BINDING PROTEIN	Haemophilus influenzae	P45354	nt. 5551-7809 of SEQ ID NO: 546
546	0	HEME/HEMOPEXIN UTILIZATION PROTEIN B	Haemophilus influenzae	P45356	nt. 3842-5536 of SEQ ID NO: 546
546	0	HEME/HEMOPEXIN UTILIZATION PROTEIN C	Haemophilus influenzae	P45357	nt. 1638-3176 of SEQ ID NO: 546
546	2.00E-12	HasR	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246561.1	nt. 3149-3763 of SEQ ID NO: 546
549	0	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246821.1	nt. 2526-3512 of SEQ ID NO: 549
549	1.00E-121	putative membrane protein	Yersinia pestis	NP_404859.1	nt. 605-1108 of SEQ ID NO: 549
549	0	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246822.1	nt. 1122-1664 of SEQ ID NO: 549
551	1.00E-157	type I restriction-modification system endonuclease	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_300016.1	compliment of nt. 7396-8322 of SEQ ID NO: 551
552	1.00E-100	valyl-tRNA synthetase	Deinococcus radiodurans	NP_293872.1	compliment of nt. 6691-8688 of SEQ ID NO: 552
552	0	VALYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE	Haemophilus parainfluenzae	P36432	compliment of nt. 5850-6647 of SEQ ID NO: 552

553	0	DNA-directed RNA polymerase, beta subunit	Vibrio cholerae	NP_229982.1	nt. 2668-6699 of SEQ ID NO: 553
554	0	iron utilization protein B	Haemophilus influenzae	T10887	nt. 991-2508 of SEQ ID NO: 554
559	1.00E-100	PREPROTEIN TRANSLOCASE SECA SUBUNIT	Bacillus firmus	P96313	nt. 3420-4472 of SEQ ID NO: 559
56	2.00E-23	RpL30	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246336.1	compliment of nt. 656-832 of SEQ ID NO: 56
56	9.00E-13	RpS5	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246337.1	compliment of nt. 843-1064 of SEQ ID NO: 56
560	1.00E-157	Na ⁺ /H ⁺ antiporter	Vibrio cholerae	NP_231535.1	2 compliment of nt. 279-2989 of SEQ ID NO: 560
562	1.00E-72	putative biotin sulfoxide reductase 2	Yersinia pestis	NP_404419.1	nt. 7862-8878 of SEQ ID NO: 562
562	1.00E-125	restriction modification system-R protein	Neisseria meningitidis	CAA09003.1	nt. 2-985 of SEQ ID NO: 562
563	0	IMMUNOGLOBULIN A1 PROTEASE	Haemophilus influenzae HK715	P45384	compliment of nt. 4127-9508 of SEQ ID NO: 563
563	0	3-ISOPROPYLMALATE DEHYDRATASE (IPMI)	Schizosaccharomyces pombe	O14289	nt. 1980-3983 of SEQ ID NO: 563
564	2.00E-79	orf32	Haemophilus phage HP2	NP_536839.1	nt. 6241-6831 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	7.00E-33	probable variable tail fibre protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_457882.1	nt. 3707-4177 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	2.00E-14	M protein	Enterobacteria phage 186	NP_052264.1	nt. 1905-2213 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	4.00E-44	similar to tail fiber protein (gpH) in phage P2	Salmonella typhimurium LT2, Fels-2 prophage	NP_461635.1	nt. 3171-3692 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	2.00E-85	gpJ	Enterobacteria phage P2	NP_046773.1	nt. 2267-3166 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	1.00E-24	hypothetical protein	Neisseria meningitidis Z2491	NP_284534.1	nt. 6852-7334 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	4.00E-26	gpV	Enterobacteria phage P2	NP_046771.1	nt. 1337-1912 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	2.00E-47	similar to [SwissProt P44255]	Escherichia coli	BAA16182.1	nt. 11383-11961 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	2.00E-51	hypothetical protein NMA1315	Neisseria meningitidis Z2491	NP_284066.1	nt. 10452-11180 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	0	orf31	Haemophilus phage HP1	NP_043502.1	nt. 4160-6226 of SEQ ID NO: 564
564	2.00E-09	rep	Haemophilus phage HP2	NP_536816.1	compliment of nt. 9986-10234 of SEQ ID NO: 564
565	2.00E-57	resolvase/integrase-like protein	Haemophilus influenzae biotype aegyptius	AAL47097.1	nt. 11885-12445 of SEQ ID NO: 565

565	1.00E-93	integrase	Actinobacillus actinomycetemco mitans	AAC70901.1	compliment of nt. 4118-4900 of SEQ ID NO: 565
565	6.00E-35	probable phage integrase	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458745.1	compliment of nt. 4148-4990 of SEQ ID NO: 565
565	1.00E-107	hypothetical protein	Xylella fastidiosa 9a5c	NP_299042.1	compliment of nt. 5066-6817 of SEQ ID NO: 565
566	1.00E-126	hypothetical protein (galE 5' region) -	Haemophilus influenzae	S15287	compliment of nt. 10726-11607 of SEQ ID NO: 566
567	0	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246387.1	nt.5343-7688 of SEQ ID NO: 567
568	1.00E-151	multidrug resistance membrane translocase	Escherichia coli O157:H7	NP_311575.1	nt. 6-1403 of SEQ ID NO: 568
568	1.00E-141	YhbX/YhjW/YijP/Yj dB family protein	Neisseria meningitidis MC58	JNP_275002.1	compliment of nt. 11213-12634 of SEQ ID NO: 568
570	1.00E-180	hypothetical protein 3 (ksgA-lic2B intergenic region)	Haemophilus influenzae (strain RM7004)	S71024	compliment of nt. 12845-13720 of SEQ ID NO: 570
571	0	glycerophosphodie ster phosphodiesterase	Haemophilus influenzae (isolate 772)	A43576	nt. 1656-2693 of SEQ ID NO: 571
571	1.00E-137	outer membrane protein P4 precursor - Haemophilus influenzae	Haemophilus influenzae	A43604	nt. 6145-6909 of SEQ ID NO: 571
571	2.00E-72	CG8298 gene product [alt 1]	Drosophila melanogaster	AAF58597.1	nt. 3813-5339 of SEQ ID NO: 571
572	1.00E-40	hypothetical protein TC0130	Chlamydia muridarum (strain Nigg)	G81737	nt. 3734-4099 of SEQ ID NO: 572
572	5.00E-10	hypothetical protein	Pyrococcus horikoshii	NP_142215.1	nt. 4472-4888 of SEQ ID NO: 572
572	3.00E-11	109aa long hypothetical protein	Sulfolobus tokodaii	NP_377117.1	nt. 7303-7470 of SEQ ID NO: 572
572	8.00E-43	hypothetical protein	Chlamydophila pneumoniae AR39	NP_445524.1	nt. 4289-4618 of SEQ ID NO: 572
572	9.00E-08	CDH1-D	Gallus gallus	AAL31950.1	nt. 7183-7521 of SEQ ID NO: 572
575	1.00E-173	topoisomerase B	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458624.1	nt. 18980-20923 of SEQ ID NO: 575
575	1.00E-100	DNA helicase	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458617.1	nt. 10399-11706 of SEQ ID NO: 575
65	2.00E-53	SufI	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245041.1	nt. 3-821 of SEQ ID NO: 65
67	4.00E-39	putative MFS family tranport protein (1st mdule)	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	NP_462786.1	compliment of nt. 125-1033 of SEQ ID NO: 67

7	4.00E-29	putative membrane protein	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi	NP_458664.1	compliment of nt. 2-559 of SEQ ID NO: 7
72	2.00E-51	serine transporter	Vibrio cholerae	NP_230946.1	nt. 18-803 of SEQ ID NO: 72
74	3.00E-90	hypothetical 21.8K protein (in locus involved in transformation) -	Haemophilus influenzae	JH0436	compliment of nt. 248-766 of SEQ ID NO: 74
77	2.00E-18	RecX protein	Legionella pneumophila	CAC33485.1	nt. 480-920 of SEQ ID NO: 77
82	4.00E-95	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246414.1	nt. 128-955 of SEQ ID NO: 82
83	2.00E-66	unknown	Pasteurella multocida	NP_246777.1	nt. 5-556 of SEQ ID NO: 83
83	6.00E-33	CTP SYNTHASE	Helicobacter pylori J99	NP_223042.1	compliment of nt. 1027-1338 of SEQ ID NO: 83.
83	4.00E-34	CTP synthase	Campylobacter jejuni	NP_281249.1	compliment of nt. 1024-1275 of SEQ ID NO: 83
84	1.00E-16	REPRESSOR PROTEIN CI	Bacteriophage phi-80	P14819	nt. 823-1233 of SEQ ID NO: 84
84	2.00E-05	orf, hypothetical protein	Escherichia coli K12	NP_415875.1	compliment of nt. 533-700 of SEQ ID NO: 84
84	4.00E-11	orf33	bacteriophage phi CTX	NP_490633.1	compliment of nt. 32-466 of SEQ ID NO: 84
85	3.00E-42	SpoT	Pasteurella multocida	NP_245857.1	nt. 899-1261 of SEQ ID NO: 85
90	1.00E-103	putative methylase	Bacteriophage Tuc2009	NP_108695.1	compliment of nt. 478-1206 of SEQ ID NO: 90
90	4.00E-11	probable adenine specific DNA methyltransferase	Thermoplasma acidophilum	NP_394624.1	compliment of nt. 397-1140 of SEQ ID NO: 90

TABLE 3B

Hit Identity	Full Length Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	Location in Contig	Homology to Genbank Protein
CpdB	SEQ ID NO: 686	SEQ ID NO: 687	nt. 38041-36068 of SEQ ID NO: 681 (contig 14)	NP_246953.1
putative membrane protein	SEQ ID NO: 688	SEQ ID NO: 689	nt. 906601-908094 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_458664.1
GTP-binding protein TypA/BipA	SEQ ID NO: 690	SEQ ID NO: 691	nt. 42557-40995 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	NP_240245.1
outer membrane protein A	SEQ ID NO: 692	SEQ ID NO: 693	nt. 7000420-704187 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	T30852
vacB protein	SEQ ID NO: 694	SEQ ID NO: 695	nt. 39184-36836 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	NP_240369.1
putative ABC transport system permease protein [	SEQ ID NO: 696	SEQ ID NO: 697	nt. 59155-58370 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_282774.1

putative exported protein	SEQ ID NO: 698	SEQ ID NO: 699	nt. 901142-902542 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_458655.1
ImpA	SEQ ID NO: 700	SEQ ID NO: 701	nt. 348187-347747 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_245829.1
TsaA	SEQ ID NO: 702	SEQ ID NO: 703	nt. 74941-75548 of SEQ ID NO: 684 (contig 17)	NP_245732.1
PROBABLE TRANSPORT TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN	SEQ ID NO: 704 SEQ ID NO: 706	SEQ ID NO: 705 SEQ ID NO: 707	nt. 74436-75176 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18) nt. 75160-75660 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_522358.1
possible exported protein	SEQ ID NO: 708	SEQ ID NO: 709	nt. 899618-900262 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_458653.1
LICA PROTEIN	SEQ ID NO: 710	SEQ ID NO: 711	nt. 356917-355958 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	P14181
HEME-BINDING PROTEIN A	SEQ ID NO: 712	SEQ ID NO: 713	NT. 26114-27739 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	P33950
similar to BASEMENT MEMBRANE-SPECIFIC HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (HSPG)	SEQ ID NO: 714	SEQ ID NO: 715	nt. 311610-312683 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	XP_068727.1
CzcD	SEQ ID NO: 716	SEQ ID NO: 717	nt. 34865-35542 of SEQ ID NO: 681 (contig 14)	NP_246276.1
conserved hypothetical protein	SEQ ID NO: 718	SEQ ID NO: 719	nt. 194993-193977 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_274972.1
secretion protein SecD	SEQ ID NO: 720	SEQ ID NO: 721	nt. 203707-201857 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 17)	NP_252510.1
ABC transporter protein 1	SEQ ID NO: 722	SEQ ID NO: 723	nt. 3943-5859 of SEQ ID NO: 681 (contig 14)	AAF31030.1
conserved hypothetical protein	SEQ ID NO: 724 SEQ ID NO: 726 SEQ ID NO: 728	SEQ ID NO: 725 SEQ ID NO: 727 SEQ ID NO: 729	nt. 331090-331749 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18) nt. 331938-332492 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18) nt. 332681-33232 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_273467.1
INVASIN PRECURSOR (OUTER MEMBRANE ADHESIN)	SEQ ID NO: 730	SEQ ID NO: 731	nt. 416757-417020 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	P31489
HEME/HEMOPEXIN-BINDING PROTEIN	SEQ ID NO: 732	SEQ ID NO: 733	nt. 229430-232195 of SEQ ID NO: 384 (contig 17)	P45355
OPACITY PROTEIN OPA66 PRECURSOR	SEQ ID NO: 734	SEQ ID NO: 735	nt. 375592-375879 of SEQ ID NO: 384 (contig 17)	Q05033

Hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein A	SEQ ID NO: 736	SEQ ID NO: 737	nt. 45709-42566 of SEQ ID NO: 681 (contig 14)	Q48153
transport protein TatC	SEQ ID NO: 738	SEQ ID NO: 739	nt. 134452-135222 of SEQ ID NO: 384 (contig 17)	NP_253757.1
LIPOPROTEIN NLPD	SEQ ID NO: 740	SEQ ID NO: 741	nt. 18895-20112 of SEQ ID NO: 682 (contig 15)	P40827
Hemoglobin and hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein C precursor	SEQ ID NO: 742	SEQ ID NO: 743	nt. 34181-31041 of SEQ ID NO: 682 (contig 15)	Q9X442
HimA	SEQ ID NO: 744	SEQ ID NO: 745	nt. 382795-383085 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_245565.1
transferrin-binding protein 1	SEQ ID NO: 746	SEQ ID NO: 747	nt. 178537-175799 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	S70906
SapC	SEQ ID NO: 748	SEQ ID NO: 749	nt. 197754-196867 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_245850.1
heat shock protein HtpX	SEQ ID NO: 750	SEQ ID NO: 751	nt. 40414-41265 of SEQ ID NO: 682 (contig 15)	NP_273864.1
HEME/HEMOPEXIN-BINDING PROTEIN	SEQ ID NO: 752	SEQ ID NO: 753	nt. 229430-232195 of SEQ ID NO: 684 (contig 17)	P45354
HEME/HEMOPEXIN UTILIZATION PROTEIN B	SEQ ID NO: 754	SEQ ID NO: 755	nt. 227721-229418 of SEQ ID NO: 684 (contig 17)	P45356
HEME/HEMOPEXIN UTILIZATION PROTEIN C	SEQ ID NO: 756	SEQ ID NO: 757	nt. 225516-227645 of SEQ ID NO: 684 (contig 17)	P45357 NP_246561.1
iron utilization protein B	SEQ ID NO: 758	SEQ ID NO: 759	nt. 32076-33611 of SEQ ID NO: 684 (contig 17)	T10887
PREPROTEIN TRANSLOCASE SECA SUBUNIT	SEQ ID NO: 760	SEQ ID NO: 761	nt. 82314-84785 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	P96313
IMMUNOGLOBULIN A1 PROTEASE	SEQ ID NO: 762	SEQ ID NO: 763	nt. 171647-166263 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	P45384
multidrug resistance membrane translocase	SEQ ID NO: 764	SEQ ID NO: 765	nt. 74524-72992 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	NP_311575.1
YhbX/YhjW/YijP/YjdB family protein	SEQ ID NO: 766	SEQ ID NO: 767	nt. 61734-63200 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	NP_275002.1
putative membrane protein	SEQ ID NO: 768	SEQ ID NO: 769	nt. 906601-908094 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	NP_458664.1
putative membrane protein	SEQ ID NO: 770	SEQ ID NO: 771	nt. 16185-17942 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig)	NP_404859.1

Example 3

Construction of the NTHi Promoter Trap Library

To identify potential virulence determinants of NTHi, bacterial gene expression was monitored by differential fluorescence induction (DFI)

during early disease progression in one specific anatomical niche of a chinchilla model of NTHi-induced otitis media (OM). Genomic DNA fragments from NTHi strain 86-028NP were cloned upstream of the promoterless *gfpmut3* gene using a promoter trap library. Plasmid pGZRS39A, a derivative of pGZRS-1 isolated from *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, is an *A. pleuropneumoniae*-*Escherichia coli* shuttle vector. This plasmid contains the origin of replication from *A. pleuropneumoniae*, the *lacZa* gene from pUC19 and the kanamycin resistance gene from Tn903. (West *et al.*, *Genes*, 160: 81-86, 1995).

The promoter trap vector was constructed by cloning the GTP mutant *gfpmut3* gene, as a *Bam*HI to *Eco*RI fragment into pGZRS-39A to form pRSM2167. This mutant GTP gene contains two amino acid changes, S65G and S72A, that enhance fluorescence emission when excited at 488 nm. This mutant also has high solubility and fast kinetics of chromophore formation (Cormack *et al.*, *Gene*, 173: 33-38, 1996). This plasmid was transformed by electroporation into NTHi strain 86-028NP, generating the parent-plasmid strain 86-028NP/pRSM2169.

Random genomic DNA fragments (described in Example 1) were prepared for ligation into the promoter probe vector. Genomic DNA was isolated from strain 86-028NP using the Puregene DNA isolation kit (Gentra Systems, Minneapolis, MN) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Due to restriction barriers, it was necessary to isolate the plasmid DNA and use this for the library generation. The isolated DNA was partially digested with *Sau*3AI (NEB, Beverly, MA; 0.25 units/ μ g DNA) for 1 hour at 37°C, separated by gel electrophoresis and DNA fragments 0.5-1.5 kb in size were recovered using the Qiagen gel extraction kit. For vector preparation, pRSM2167 was isolated from an overnight culture using the Wizard Plus Maxiprep DNA purification system (Promega, Madison WI) according to the manufacturer's protocol.

Plasmid DNA was linearized by *Bam*HI digestion and 5' phosphate groups removed by treatment with calf intestinal alkaline phosphatase (CIAP; GibcoBRL Life Technologies). Genomic DNA fragments were ligated with the linearized, phosphatase-treated vector and

electroporated into competent NTHi strain 86-028NP prepared for electroporation according to a modified protocol (Mitchell *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 19: 3625-3628, 1991). When plasmid DNA was electroporated back into NTHi strain 86-028NP, transformation efficiency was improved by one-thousand fold. Briefly, cells were grown to an OD₆₀₀=0.3 in sBHI (brain heart infusion) broth at 37°C, 220 rpm. Cells were chilled on ice for 30 minutes and subsequently washed with an equal volume of 0.5xSG (1xSG: 15% glycerol, 272 mM sucrose) at 4°C. Washes were repeated a total of three times. Subsequently, the cells were diluted in 1xSG to a 100x concentrated volume. The cells were electroporated using the BioRad Gene Pulser II set at 200 ohms, 2.5 kV and 25 µF and then diluted in 1 ml prewarmed sBHI, incubated for 2 hours at 37°C, 5% CO₂ and plated on chocolate agar for overnight growth of transformants.

Transformants were selected and frozen in pools of 1000 clones in skim milk containing 20% glycerol (vol/vol). A 68,000 member *gfp* promoter probe library was generated. Using the probability calculation of Clarke and Carbon (*Cell*, 9: 91-99, 1976), to achieve a 99% probability of having a given DNA sequence represented in a library of 300 bp fragments of strain 86-028NP DNA (1.8×10^6 bp/genome), a library of 27,629 clones was needed. Therefore the present library represents 2.5 fold coverage of the 86-028NP genome.

In order to assess the quality of the library, fifty clones were selected at random, grown overnight on chocolate agar and the plasmids were isolated and insert DNA sequenced. A majority (64%) of the selected clones had insert sizes ranging between 200 and 500 bp while 32% exceeded 500 bp. The majority of inserts showed homology to unique *H. influenzae* strain Rd open reading frames (ORFs), and 15 clones had sequence unique to strain 86-028NP DNA. Of those clones with homology to strain Rd, 60% were in the correct orientation, 36% of which contained sequence upstream an ORF. Although a majority of clones had an insert size less than 500 bp, no correlation was found between small insert size and increased GFP expression. In fact four clones exhibited slight to moderate fluorescence *in*

vitro, 3 of which had insert sizes between 200-500 base pairs and one had an insert that was greater than 700 base pairs.

A fraction of the library (approximately 1000 clones) was grown on chocolate agar, harvested in PBS and analyzed by flow cytometry for GFP fluorescence. Compared to strain 86-028NP/pRSM2169 that contains the promoter trap vector without insert DNA, the pool of library clones displays an increased fluorescence intensity. Thus, the library contains clones with promoters at varying levels of activity.

Example 4

Analysis of 86-028NP Derivatives Expressing GFP

In order to establish the FACS parameters necessary to identify and sort *gfp*-expressing bacteria, a panel of isolates demonstrating varying levels of *gfp* expression was utilized. Background fluorescence was assessed using strain 86-028NP/pRSM2169 (negative control), therefore any observed fluorescence would be due to the *lacZ* promoter driving *gfp* expression. However, this strain does not produce detectable levels of GFP and in fact, does not demonstrate increased fluorescence when compared to the parent strain 86-028NP. A high-level *gfp*-expressing isolate was generated by cloning a 500 bp fragment containing the strong promoter for outer membrane protein P2 expression into *SalI*-*Bam*HI digested pRSM2167. This plasmid was transformed into 86-028NP by electroporation, generating the high-level *gfp* expressing strain 86-028NP/pRSM2211 (highly fluorescent control). This strain demonstrated an approximate 100 fold increase in GFP fluorescence compared to strain 86-028NP/pRSM2169. An intermediate fluorescent derivative clone, 86-028NP/pKMM4B5 (intermediate fluorescent control), was isolated by FACS analysis and used both in preliminary experiments and as a control for cell sorting. The DNA fragment containing a promoter driving *gfp* expression *in vitro* is unique to strain 86-028NP, having no known homology to DNA of other organisms. This clone exhibits an approximate 10 fold increase in fluorescence compared to strain 86-028NP/pRSM2169.

The control strains were resuspended from growth on chocolate agar and labeled with cross-reactive Phycoprobe R-PE anti-human IgG (H+L) antibody (10 µg/ml in 100 µl PBS; Biomeda Corp) for 30 minutes at 4° C.

Following three successive washes to remove unbound antibody, bacteria were resuspended in 300 μ l DPBS for FACS analysis. These control preparations were used to set the appropriate size and fluorescence gates using a Coulter Epics Elite flow cytometer (Coulter Corp.) equipped with an argon laser emitting at 488 nm. Bacteria were gated for size based on log forward angle and side scatter detection and for sorting by FITC/PE labeling of bacteria. Sorted cells were collected into cold sBHI and plated on chocolate agar. After overnight growth, cells were collected for a secondary round of infection or were individually selected and grown overnight, screened by individual clone for fluorescence when grown *in vitro*, and frozen in skim milk containing 20% (vol/vol) glycerol prior to plasmid isolation and sequencing of insert DNA. Sorting efficiency of control strains was confirmed using a Coulter EPICS flow cytometer (Coulter Corp.).

Many plasmids were segregated rapidly *in vitro* in the absence of antibiotic selection. Thus, in order to assess whether the promoter trap vector used here was prone to this event, a single colony of strain 86-028NP/pRSM2211 (highly fluorescent control) was isolated on chocolate agar and passaged 20 times in the absence of antibiotic selection. No significant decrease in fluorescence intensity was observed when compared to bacteria grown in the presence of antibiotic. In addition, the plasmid is maintained in the absence of antibiotic selection *in vivo*. Similar bacterial counts were observed when bacteria-containing middle ear fluids collected from a chinchilla were plated on chocolate agar with or without kanamycin. These data demonstrate that the promoter trap vector was stably maintained in the absence of antibiotic selection.

In addition to problems with plasmid stability, early studies on the use of GFP as a reporter to study host-pathogen interactions demonstrated that GFP could be continuously synthesized as a cytoplasmic protein with low toxicity, having minimal effects on the bacterial cell-surface dynamics (Chalfie *et al.*, *Science*, 263: 802-805, 1994). The construction of a high level *gfp*-expressing derivative allowed the assessment of the GFP toxicity on NTHi. Growth curves of both the wild-type strain (86-028NP) and the high GFP producing strain 86-028NP/pRSM2211 were compared when grown

under similar conditions. The growth rates were similar, indicating that GFP expression was not toxic to the cells.

The 86-028NP *gfp*-expressing derivatives were used to define the parameters for efficient cell sorting. Strain 86-028NP/pRSM2169 was mixed with the intermediate *gfp*-expressing derivative, strain 86-028NP/pKMM4B5, at a 100:1 ratio, simulating the *in vivo* environment that is expected to contain a small percentage of *gfp*-expressing clones relative to the total bacterial population. This mixture was subjected to FACS analysis, collecting the 1.8% most fluorescent population and the 52% least fluorescent population. Flow cytometric analysis of the sorted populations revealed an enrichment of strain 86-028NP/pKMM4B5 to 65% of the bacterial population, a phenomenon that was not observed when sorting on the negative population. Subsequent rounds of sorting would be expected to further enrich for this intermediate fluorescent population. The inability to decrease the amount of fluorescent bacteria in the negative sort was attributed to the size of the gate set for negative sorting. GFP-negative cells were enriched by gating on the 10% least fluorescent population.

Example 5

Direct Labeling of Bacteria from Middle Ear Fluids

A similar strategy (as described in Example 5) was applied to sort fluorescent clones from effusions obtained from the chinchilla middle ear during AOM. Our ability to use differential fluorescence induction (DFI) *in vivo* was dependent upon our ability to sort *gfp*-expressing bacteria from non-fluorescent bacteria, fluorescent and non-fluorescent cellular debris, and eukaryotic cells.

Healthy adult chinchillas (*Chinchilla lanigera*) with no evidence of middle ear infection by either otoscopy or tympanometry were used to screen the library for promoter activity *in vivo*. Two pools of the NTHi/pRSM2169 library (1000 clones each) were grown overnight on chocolate agar containing kanamycin. The library was combined and diluted in cold 10 mM sterile PBS to 3.3×10^6 CFU/ml and 300 μ l (1.0×10^6 CFU; 500 CFU/clone) was used to inoculate the left and the right chinchilla transbullar cavity (2000 clones/ear). OM development was monitored by

video otoscopy and tympanometry at 24 and 48 hours. The bacteria multiplied in the middle ear cavity, reaching a concentration 500 times the inoculum dose by 48 hours as expected (Bakaletz *et al.*, *Infect. Immunity* 67: 2746-62, 1999). This bacterial adaptation to the host environment results in an inflammatory response, indicated by erythema, vessel dilation and bulging of the tympanic membrane, infiltration of polymorphonuclear cells (PMN's), and accumulation of fluid in the middle ear cavity as observed by otoscopy and microscopic examination of recovered effusions. Twenty-four and 48 hours later, middle ear fluids were retrieved by epitympanic tap, and prepared for FACS.

It is important to note that this analysis was limited to those bacteria recoverable in the middle ear fluid. In some cases it was necessary to lavage the middle ear cavity to collect the bacteria for FACS analysis. Thus, this analysis includes genes up-regulated when NTHi are loosely adherent to mucosae. NTHi has been observed to form a biofilm in the middle ear cavity in a chinchilla model of OM (Erlich *et al.*, *JAMA*, 287: 1710-5, 2002). Since the protocols described herein select for clones recovered from the planktonic population, it is not expected to recover those clones in which genes are up-regulated when the bacteria are associated with mucosal biofilms. Homogenization of middle ear mucosae and subsequent bacterial cell isolation however, would enable us to recover these clones. It is also possible that some GFP-expressing clones were recovered in the effusion, yet were adherent to eukaryotic cells present in the effusion as exfoliated cells, or in aggregates. These bacteria are difficult to recover from the effusion without compromising the sorting efficiency. Therefore the middle ear fluids were treated with a mucolytic agent, then centrifuged to remove large aggregates and eukaryotic cells and prior to labeling.

Chinchilla middle ear fluids were diluted, if necessary, to 250 μ l with sterile saline. An equal volume of N-acetyl-L-cysteine (0.5%; w/v) in DPBS (pH 7.4) was added for 5 minutes at room temperature as a mucolytic agent (Miyamoto and Bakaletz, *Microb. Pathog.*, 21: 343-356 1996). Fluids were centrifuged (300 x g, 5 min) to remove cellular debris, red blood cells and inflammatory cells, and supernatants containing bacteria were transferred

to a fresh tube. Bacteria were incubated with chinchilla antiserum (1:50 dilution) directed against a whole OMP preparation, derived from NTHi strain 86-028NP, for 45 minutes at 4°C, pelleted by centrifugation (2000 x g, 5 min) and washed twice with cold DPBS containing 0.05% bovine serum albumin. Bacteria were subsequently labeled with cross-reactive phycoprobe R-PE anti-human IgG (H+L) antibody (10 µg/ml in 100 µl PBS; Biomedica Corp) for 30 minutes at 4°C. Following three successive washes to remove unbound antibody, cells were resuspended in 300 µl DPBS for FACS analysis.

Example 6

Identification of Promoters Induced *In Vivo* in Acute Otitis Media

H. influenzae 86-028NP transformed with the promoter trap library was grown overnight on chocolate agar. To select against those clones containing promoters that expressed *gfp in vitro*, the library was subjected to one round of FACS analysis (as described in Example 6), collecting only those clones expressing low-level amounts of GFP. These clones were pooled and used to inoculate the chinchilla middle ear transbullarily. Following 24 and 48 hours of infection, bacteria-containing effusions were removed by epitympanic tap. Bacteria were indirectly labeled with R-PE-labeled antibody and subjected to FACS analysis by gating on fluorescently tagged bacteria but sorting for those that were also expressing. These clones were used to reinfect animals for further enrichment. Following the final round of sorting, single colony isolates were screened *in vitro* for lack of fluorescence.

Those clones isolated by FACS analysis (positive for GFP fluorescence *in vivo*), which did not emit fluorescence *in vitro* were prepared for plasmid isolation and identification of insert DNA sequence. These clones were grown overnight on chocolate agar plates containing kanamycin and prepared for plasmid isolation using the Qiaprep Miniprep Kit (Qiagen) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Plasmid insert DNA was sequenced using the primer 5'-TGCCCATTAACATCACCATCTA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 588) that is complementary to the *gfpmut3* gene and downstream of the insert DNA. Sequencing reactions were performed using the ABI prism BigDye® terminator cycle sequencing ready reaction kit (Applied Biosystems) according to manufacturer's protocol using a GeneAmp PCR System 9700

(Applied Biosystems). The sequences were then purified by passage through sephadex G-50 in a 96-well multiscreen HV plate (Millipore) and subsequently analyzed on an ABI Prism 3100 DNA analyzer (Applied Biosystems).

Insert sequences were compared to the complete annotated sequence of *H. influenzae* strain Rd. Those inserts with no nucleotide homology to strain Rd were subsequently analyzed using the BLASTN and BLASTX algorithms. Further sequence analysis was performed with DNASTAR (Madison, Wisc). Inserts in the correct orientation and containing sequence 5' to a predicted ORF contained a putative promoter that was preferentially active when the NTHi bacteria were in the chinchilla middle ear.

Fifty-two clones with putative promoters that were regulated *in vivo* were isolated. Of the 44 candidate clones containing sequence similar to that identified in *H. influenzae* strain Rd, quantitative comparison of gene expression *in vitro* and *in vivo* confirmed up-regulated gene expression for twenty-six genes (60%) when NTHi respond to environmental cues present in the chinchilla middle ear and these genes are summarized in Table 4A below. The *in vivo*-regulated promoters driving expression of genes are predicted to be involved in membrane transport, environmental informational processing, cellular metabolism, gene regulation, as well as hypothetical proteins with unknown function.

In order to confirm the induction of putative promoter candidates *in vivo*, the relative amount of messenger RNA expression was compared when NTHi strain 86-028NP was grown *in vitro* to mid-log phase or *in vivo* for 48 hours. The RNA was isolated using TRIzol LS reagent (Gibco Life Technologies) according to the manufacturer's protocol. DNA was removed from the RNA preparation using DNA-free kit (Ambion) according to the manufacturer's protocol. DNase I treated RNA samples were purified by passage through a Qiagen RNeasy column. RNA purity and integrity was assessed by 260/280 nm spectrophotometer readings and on the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer (Agilent Technologies), respectively.

In order to independently confirm the FACS data, we determined the relative expression of candidate genes by quantitative RT-PCR. The parent strain 86-028NP, was used for these studies. Real-time quantitative RT-PCR using the one-step QuantiTect SYBR Green RT-PCR kit (Qiagen) assessed transcription levels according to the manufacture's instructions. Briefly, using primers generated to an open reading frame downstream of the putative *in vivo*-induced promoters identified by FACS analysis, gene-specific mRNA was reverse transcribed and amplified by RT-PCR on the ABI Prism 7700 sequence detection system (Applied Biosystems). The amount of product was calculated using a standard curve generated to known amounts of bacterial genomic DNA (10^2 - 10^7 genomic copies DNA) by amplifying a fragment of the gyrase (*gyr*) gene. Controls were analyzed in parallel to verify the absence of DNA in the RNA preparation (-RT control) as well as the absence of primer dimers in control samples lacking template RNA. In addition, RT-PCR products were analyzed by gel electrophoresis and, in all cases, a single product was observed at the appropriate base pair size. Amounts of bacterial RNA between samples were normalized relative to *gyr* expression, shown to be constitutively expressed under various growth conditions that we tested *in vitro*. Known amounts of bacterial genomic DNA (10^2 - 10^7 genomic copies DNA) were used to generate a standard curve for RT-PCR quantitation by amplifying a fragment of the gyrase (*gyr*) gene. Gyrase is constitutively expressed *in vitro* under various growth conditions and was therefore used to normalize total bacterial RNA levels between samples. Relative gene expression *in vivo* was compared to that of gene expression *in vitro* and data expressed as fold-increase are summarized in Table 4A.

The 8-fold sequencing of the NTHi genome identified the full length open reading frames for the majority of genes listed in Table 4A. Table 4B provides the full length nucleotide sequence within the NTHi genome and the corresponding amino acid sequence. The fold induction of the gene due to environmental cues present in the chinichilla middle ear and the product or function of the gene are repeated in Table 4B for convenience.

Table 4A

Category	Gene or ORF	SEQ ID NO:	GenBank Protein ID	Fold Induction	Product or Function
Amino acid metabolism	<i>hisB</i>	589	NP_438632	2.9	Histidine biosynthesis bifunctional protein
Lipoprotein	<i>lppB</i>	590	NP_438862.1	2.6	Lipoprotein B homologue
Membrane transport	<i>sapA</i>	591	NP_439780.1	2.8	Peptide ABC transporter; periplasmic SapA precursor
	<i>lolA</i>	592	NP_439736.1	2.4	Outer membrane lipoproteins carrier protein precursor
	<i>rbsC</i>	593	NP_438661.1	5.1	Ribose transport system permease protein
Purine synthesis	<i>purE</i>	594	NP_439757.1	51.7	Phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase catalytic subunit; PurE
Biosynthetic and metabolic functions	<i>ribB</i>	595	NP_438923.1	8.3	3,4-dihydroxy-2-butanone 4-phosphate synthase; riboflavin biosynthesis
	<i>arcB</i>	596	NP_438753.1	10	Ornithine carbamoyltransferase; arginine degradation
	<i>uxuA</i>	597	NP_438228.1	3.1	Mannosate dehydratase; production of glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate
	<i>dsbB</i>	598	NP_438589.1	2.6	Disulfide oxidoreductase; disulfide bond formation protein B
	<i>ureH</i>	599	NP_438693.1	3.9	Urease accessory protein
	<i>licC</i>	600	NP_439688.1	2.3	Phosphocholine (ChoP) cytidyltransferase
	HI1647	601	NP_439789.1	2.0	Putative pyridoxin biosynthesis protein; singlet oxygen resistance protein
DNA replication, repair	<i>ispZ</i>	602	P43810	2.5	Probable intracellular septation protein
	<i>radC</i>	603	NP_439113.1	2.1	DNA repair protein
	<i>mukF</i>	604	P45185	2.0	MukF protein homologue; remodeling of nucleoid structure
Gene regulation	<i>glpR</i>	605	NP_438777.1, NP_439170.1	2.8	Glycerol-3-phosphate regulon repressor
	<i>ihfB</i>	606	P43724	2.5	Integration host factor beta subunit
	<i>argR</i>	607	NP_439365.1	2.7	Arginine repressor
	<i>cspD</i>	608	NP_439584.1	2.1	Cold shock like protein; stress response protein
Hypothetical or unknown proteins	HI0094	609	NP_438267.1	8.3	Hypothetical protein
	HI1163	610	NP_439321.1	2.3	Conserved hypothetical protein; putative oxidase
	HI1063	611	NP_439221.1	2.7	Hypothetical protein
	HI0665	612	NP_438824.1	2.8	Hypothetical protein
	HI1292	613	NP_439444.1	2.6	Hypothetical protein
	HI1064	614	NP_439222.1	2.6	Hypothetical protein

Table 4B

Category	Gene or ORF	Full Length Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	Location in Contig	Fold Induction	Product or Function
Amino acid metabolism	<i>hisB</i>	SEQ ID NO: 615	SEQ ID NO: 616	nt. 68378-67290 of SEQ ID NO: 680 (contig 13)	2.9	Histidine biosynthesis bifunctional protein
Membrane transport	<i>sapA</i>	SEQ ID NO: 617	SEQ ID NO: 618	nt. 200403-198709 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.8	Peptide ABC transporter; periplasmic SapA precursor
	<i>rbsC</i>	SEQ ID NO: 619	SEQ ID NO: 620	nt. 42773-41802 of SEQ ID NO: 680 (contig 13)	5.1	Ribose transport system permease protein
Purine synthesis	<i>purE</i>	SEQ ID NO: 621	SEQ ID NO: 622	nt. 219625-219131 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	51.7	Phosphoribosylamin oimidazole carboxylase catalytic subunit; PurE
Biosynthetic and metabolic functions	<i>ribB</i>	SEQ ID NO: 623	SEQ ID NO: 624	nt. 131537-132184 of SEQ ID NO: 682 (contig 15)	8.3	3,4-dihydroxy-2-butanone 4-phosphate synthase; riboflavin biosynthesis
	<i>arcB</i>	SEQ ID NO: 625	SEQ ID NO: 626	nt. 49710-48706 of SEQ ID NO: 681 (contig 14)	10	Ornithine carbamoyltransferase; arginine degradation
	<i>uxuA</i>	SEQ ID NO: 627	SEQ ID NO: 628	nt. 840671-841855 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	3.1	Mannonate dehydratase; production of glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate
	<i>dsbB</i>	SEQ ID NO: 629	SEQ ID NO: 630	nt. 388050-388583 of SEQ ID NO: 384 (contig 17)	2.6	Disulfide oxidoreductase; disulfide bond formation protein B
	<i>ureH</i>	SEQ ID NO: 631	SEQ ID NO: 632	nt. 4452-5267 of SEQ ID NO: 680 (contig 13)	3.9	Urease accessory protein
	<i>licC</i>	SEQ ID NO: 633	SEQ ID NO: 634	nt. 355083-354382 of SEQ ID NO: 385 (contig 18)	2.3	Phosphocholine (ChoP) cytidyltransferase
	HI1647	SEQ ID NO: 635	SEQ ID NO: 636	nt. 664017-664892 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.0	Putative pyridoxin biosynthesis protein; singlet oxygen resistance protein
DNA replication, repair	<i>ispZ</i>	SEQ ID NO: 637	SEQ ID NO: 638	nt. 4512-5069 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	2.5	Probable intracellular septation protein
	<i>radC</i>	SEQ ID NO: 639	SEQ ID NO: 640	nt. 132695-132030 of SEQ ID NO: 683 (contig 16)	2.1	DNA repair protein

	<i>mukF</i>	SEQ ID NO: 641	SEQ ID NO: 642	nt. 504549- 503215 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.0	MukF protein homologue; remodeling of nucleoid structure
Gene regulation	<i>glpR</i>	SEQ ID NO: 643	SEQ ID NO: 644	nt. 72716-73483 of SEQ ID NO: 682 (contig 15)	2.8	Glycerol-3- phosphate regulon repressor
	<i>ihfB</i>	SEQ ID NO: 645	SEQ ID NO: 646	nt. 661004- 660720 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.5	Integration host factor beta subunit
	<i>argR</i>	SEQ ID NO: 647	SEQ ID NO: 648	nt. 178540- 178085 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.7	Arginine repressor
	<i>cspD</i>	SEQ ID NO: 649	SEQ ID NO: 650	nt. 435310- 435528 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.1	Cold shock like protein; stress response protein
Hypotheti- cal or unknown proteins	HI1163	SEQ ID NO: 651	SEQ ID NO: 652	nt. 137202- 134119 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.3	Conserved hypothetical protein; putative oxidase
	HI1063	SEQ ID NO: 653	SEQ ID NO: 654	nt. 35158-34937 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.7	Hypothetical protein
	HI0665	SEQ ID NO: 655	SEQ ID NO: 656	nt. 17949-18980 of SEQ ID NO: 679 (contig 12)	2.8	Hypothetical protein
	HI1292	SEQ ID NO: 657	SEQ ID NO: 658	nt. 555002- 555799 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	2.6	Hypothetical protein

Example 7

Identification of Virulence-Associated Genes

In many bacterial species, a subset of virulence-associated genes is regulated by errors in replication of short repeats. These repeats may be 5' to a gene or in the coding sequence, and their presence is an indication of controlled expression of the gene, which indicates association with virulence. Addition or deletion of a repeat results in the expression or of lack of expression of the particular virulence determinant.

The NTHi *H. influenzae* strain 86-028NP contig set was queried for short oligonucleotide repeats. The region surrounding the repeats was analyzed to identify the gene(s) associated with the repeat. Table 5 lists the identified repeats and the ORF (identified by BLAST) associated with each repeat.

Further sequence analysis has identified the full length nucleotide sequence of the virulence-associated genes and the corresponding amino acid sequences encoded by the ORF. The derived amino acid sequences are highly homologous to the listed Genbank sequence.

Table 5

Repeat	Location in 3-fold Contigs	Location in 8-fold Contigs	Full Length Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	Genebank Accession No.
SEQ ID NO: 581	115 nt. 473-540 of SEQ ID NO: 115	nt. 484533-483643 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	SEQ ID NO: 659	SEQ ID NO: 660	NP_439538.1
SEQ ID NO: 582	377 nt. 546-597 of SEQ ID NO: 337	nt. 416274-414910 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	SEQ ID NO: 661	SEQ ID NO: 662	P45217
SEQ ID NO: 583	505 nt. 310-393 of SEQ ID NO: 505	nt. 414500-416614 of SEQ ID NO: 684 (contig 17)	SEQ ID NO: 663	SEQ ID NO: 664	AAK76425
SEQ ID NO: 584	508 nt. 2079-2120 of SEQ ID NO: 508	nt. 506516-507913 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	SEQ ID NO: 665	SEQ ID NO: 666	NP_439520
SEQ ID NO: 585	518 nt. 758-789 of SEQ ID NO: 518	nt. 354274-352406 of SEQ ID NO: 684 (contig 17)	SEQ ID NO: 667	SEQ ID NO: 668	NP_284893
SEQ ID NO: 586	543 nt. 1814-196 of SEQ ID NO: 543	nt. 347864-243236 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	SEQ ID NO: 669	SEQ ID NO: 670	AAA20524

Repeat	Location in 3-fold Contigs	Location in 8-fold Contigs	Full Length Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	Genebank Accession No.
SEQ ID NO: 586	543 nt. 1814-196 of SEQ ID NO: 543	nt. 699709-704187 of SEQ ID NO: 685 (contig 18)	SEQ ID NO: 671	SEQ ID NO: 672	AAD56660
SEQ ID NO: 587	567 nt. 13309-13320 of SEQ ID NO: 567	nt. 85546-84689 of SEQ ID NO: 681 (contig 14)	SEQ ID NO: 673	SEQ ID NO: 674	ZP_00053190

Example 8

Identification of Unique NTHi Gene Sequences

Genes associated with NTHi virulence were also identified by comparing the level of expression of the gene when the NTHi bacterium was infecting a tissue verses the level of expression of the same gene when the NTHi was grown on artificial laboratory media. These novel genes were identified using the promoter trap techniques described above in Examples 4-6, and subsequently comparisons with the known Rd genome demonstrated these genes are unique to NTHi strain 86-028NP.

The DNA sequence identified using this screening procedure are set forth as SEQ ID NOS: 577-580. These sequences did not contain genes or gene fragments that have homologues in the *H. influenzae* Rd genome sequence. Even though these are completely novel sequences, due to their expression level during NTHi infection in the chinchilla middle ear, it is likely that expression of these genes are involved in NTHi virulence.

Example 9

Complete Sequence Analysis of NTHi Strain 86-028NP

Library construction: Chromosomal DNA was prepared from strain 86-028NP using Puregene reagents (Gentra Systems, Minneapolis, MN). For the initial shotgun sequencing of the genome, 1 to 2 kb and 2 to 4 kb libraries of genomic DNA were constructed in pUC18 as previously

described (Munson *et al.*, Infect Immun 72:3002-10, 2004). For the scaffolding library, genomic DNA was manually sheared into a mean fragment size of 40 kb using a Hamilton syringe. After end repair, fragments were fractionated using a 0.7% low melting temperature agarose gel. Fragments larger than 30 kb were excised and an in-gel ligation to pEpiFOS-5 was performed. The ligation mixture recovered from the gel was packaged into Lambda phage, *in vitro*, and used to transfect EPI100 cells (Epicentre, Madison, WI).

Sequencing: For the shotgun portion of the sequencing, cycle-sequencing reactions were run using PE Big-Dye™ terminators and universal primers (M13 forward and reverse) as previously described (Munson *et al.*, Infect Immun 72:3002-10, 2004). To end-sequence the scaffolding library, plasmid was first purified using a R.E.A.L. Prep 96 Plasmid Kit (QIAGEN Inc., Valencia, CA), then amplified using a TempliPhi™ DNA Amplification Kit (Amersham Biosciences Corp., Piscataway, NJ) before running reactions using PE Big-Dye™ terminators and pEpiFOS-5 forward and reverse sequencing primers (Epicentre, Madison, WI). The reactions for the clean-up portions of the project were run using PE Big-Dye™ terminators and custom primers (Integrated DNA Technologies, Coralville, IA). Excess dye terminators were removed with Sephadex G50 columns in 96-well format and sequence determined on either an ABI 3700 or an ABI 3100 capillary electrophoresis DNA sequencer (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA).

Genome closure: Paired end-sequences from the scaffolding library and PCR were used to order the contigs and to add sequence in areas of low sequence coverage. Paired custom primers (Integrated DNA Technologies, Coralville, IA) were designed to bind at the ends of each contig as well as regions flanking areas of low sequence coverage. The intervening regions were amplified with a standard PCR protocol as described in Sambrook *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (Third Edition). Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press., 2001 using Taq polymerase (Roche Diagnostics, Indianapolis, IN) and sequenced on both strands. Ribosomal RNA operons and the HMW gene clusters were completely sequenced using clones from the scaffolding library as templates.

Assembly: Phred/Phrap was used for data assembly, employing the default assembly parameters (Ewing *et al.*, *Genome Res* 8:186-94, 1998; Ewing *et al.*, *Genome Res* 8:175-85, 1988; Gordon *et al.*, *Genome Res* 8:195-202, 1998) as described in Munson *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 72:3002-10, 2004. Assemblies were checked using the paired-end sequence data from 507 clones using the Seqman II program from the DNASTAR suite.

Data analyses: Coding regions were identified using Glimmer2 (v2.13) trained on the set of 1178 longest ORFs identified by the Glimmer2 long-orfs program (Delcher *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res* 27:4636-41, 1999). Automated annotation by similarity was done by searching the Glimmer ORF set against the strain Rd proteome, the SwissProt database, the NCBI COGs database, and the KEGG database. The strain Rd database was compared bi-directionally with the strain 86-028NP ORF set using tricross to determine high-confidence regions of similarity and to produce the dotplot comparison of genome organization Ray *et al.*, *Bioinformatics* 17:1105-12, 2001).

The automatically predicted annotation information was further manually curated using Artemis (Rodriguez *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 71:1635-42, 2003) for visualization and demarcation of genomic regions of interest, and a custom FileMaker Pro database was generated which was then used to apply manual revisions and archive data related to the functional assignment. FASTA analyses were used for the primary automated comparisons. The strong synteny between the strain 80-028NP and strain Rd genomes allowed assignment of a function to the majority of the genes automatically, with similarity held to 90% or better at the amino acid level for matching. The near one-to-one mapping from the strain 86-028NP genome to the strain Rd genome was confirmed by assembly of the strain Rd ORFs onto the strain 86-028NP genome sequence, and the reverse assembly of the strain 86-028NP ORFs onto the Rd genome, using the SeqMan program with the assembly criteria of 80% identity at the nucleotide level.

Manual BLAST analyses were used to explore the potential function of ORFs that did not show strong similarity to known genes. Manual curation of the automatic assignments was carried out to conform annotations

to the current literature and repair the few places where the automated algorithm was easily led astray (notably the HMW gene clusters, the hemoglobin-binding proteins and the *hsd* gene clusters, whose high family similarity confounds automated assignment).

The tRNA genes were identified by tRNAscan-SE v1.11 (Lowe *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res* 25:955-64, 1997). The rRNA operons were identified based on 16S, 23S and 5S rRNA similarity with strain Rd, and the CLUSTALW alignment of the neighborhoods containing these genes to determine the boundaries of the semi-conserved regions.

The complete genomic DNA sequence of the *H. influenzae*, strain 86-028NP, is set out as SEQ ID NO: 772. The open reading frames within the genomic DNA are set out as SEQ ID NOS: 773-2593 and are described in Table 6. The resulting gene products are set out as SEQ ID NOS: 2581-4414 and are described in Table 7. The "c" preceding the nucleotides of the open reading frames indicates the open reading frame is complementary to the 5' to 3' sequence set out as SEQ ID NO: 722. The unique NTHi genes are marked in Table 6. The genome sequence will be available from GenBank as Accession number CP000057, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

The following open reading frames are defined as pseudogenes in Table 6 because these nucleotide sequences contain a frameshift or a stop codon within the sequence: SEQ ID NO: 822 (*kdgK*), SEQ ID NO: 928, SEQ ID NO: 994 (*bolA*), SEQ ID NO: 276 (*adhC*) SEQ ID NO: 1102 (*dusC*), SEQ ID NO: 1121 (*merP*), SEQ ID NO: 1135, SEQ ID NO: 1236, SEQ ID NO: 1254, SEQ ID NO: 1376 (*lic2C*), SEQ ID NO: 1431 (*hgpD*), SEQ ID NO: 1502, SEQ ID NO: 1505 (*ppx*), SEQ ID NO: 1523 (*hgpC*), SEQ ID NO: 1585 (*lex2A*), SEQ ID NO: 1637, SEQ ID NO: 1713, SEQ ID NO: 1856 (*mod*), SEQ ID NO: 1899, SEQ ID NO: 2006, SEQ ID NO: 2080, SEQ ID NO: 2155, SEQ ID NO: 2202, SEQ ID NO: 2257, SEQ ID NO: 2331, SEQ ID NO: 2345, SEQ ID NO: 2365, SEQ ID NO: 2555 (*metE*) and SEQ ID NO: 2563 (*pmi*). The *hgpD*, *hgpC*, *lex2A* and NTH1769 genes contain contingency repeats that cause the sequence to shift in and out of the reading frame and the resulting amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 3242, 3332 and 4142) are partial

translation. These contingency repeats regulate gene expression in the *H. influenzae* and therefore the genes encoding these proteins will be correctly translated after insertion or deletion of 1 or more repeats

Table 6
NTHi Open Reading Frames and Gene Products

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
2-1021	gapA		glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase	773
1191-3014	-		putative long-chain-fatty-acid--CoA ligase	774
C 3051-3839	-		conserved hypothetical protein	775
C 3855-4319	-		conserved hypothetical protein	776
C 4581-5393	fdhD		FdhD protein homolog	777
5664-8750	fdxG		formate dehydrogenase major subunit	778
8752-9690	fdxH		formate dehydrogenase, iron-sulfur subunit	779
9683-10399	fdxI		formate dehydrogenase, cytochrome B556 subunit	780
10469..11377	fdhE		FdhE homolog	781
C 11421..11861	rimI		ribosomal-protein-alanine acetyltransferase	782
C 11864..12268	holD		DNA polymerase III, psi subunit	783
12374..13366	rsmC		ribosomal RNA small subunit methyltransferase C	784
C 13434..14342	era		GTP-binding protein era homolog	785
C 14339..15022	rnc		ribonuclease III	786
C 15024..16073	lepB		Signal peptidase I	787
C 16082..17878	lepA		GTP-binding protein LepA	788
C 18047..18430	-		conserved hypothetical acid-induced glycyl radical enzyme	789
18688..19347	ung		uracil-DNA glycosylase	790
C 19417..20841	-		conserved hypothetical protein	791
C 21224..22663	-		conserved hypothetical protein	792
C 22665..24062	citG		CitXG	793
C 24243..25745	citF		citrate lyase alpha chain	794
C 25760..26635	citE		citrate lyase beta chain	795
C 26632..26919	citD		citrate lyase acyl carrier protein	796
C 26957..27964	citC		[citrate [pro-3S]-lyase] ligase	797
C 28215..29177	lipA		Lipoic acid synthetase	798
C 29231..29869	lipB		lipoate-protein ligase B	799
C 29871..30149	-		conserved hypothetical protein	800
C 30205..31386	dacA		penicillin-binding protein 5 precursor	801
C 31402..32265	rlpA		RlpA-like protein	802
C 32318..33433	mrdB		Rod shape-determining protein RodA	803
C 33423..35378	mrDA		penicillin-binding protein 2	804
C 35400..35867	-		conserved hypothetical protein	805
C 35921..36229	-		conserved hypothetical protein	806
C 36354..38009	-		conserved hypothetical membrane protein	807
38215..39993	-		conserved hypothetical ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	808
40042..41178	mreB		rod shape-determining protein MreB	809
41258..42313	mreC		rod shape-determining protein MreC	810
42313..42801	mreD		rod shape-determining protein MreD	811
C 42852..43628	-		conserved hypothetical protein	812
C 43638..44441	xthA		exodeoxyribonuclease III	813
C 44489..45163	rluA2		conserved hypothetical pseudouridine synthase	814

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 45163..46227	-		conserved hypothetical membrane protein	815
C 46287..46949	-		conserved hypothetical FtsH-interacting integral membrane protein	816
C 47276..47830	-		conserved hypothetical protein	817
47897..48259	phnA		PhnA homolog	818
C 48312..48950	eda		KHG/KDPG aldolase	819
C 48959..50362	uxuC	√	uronate isomerase	820
C 50372..51229	-		putative oxidoreductase	821
C 51229..52172	kdgK		pseudogene for 2-dehydro-3-deoxygluconokinase	822
C 52192..53463	-		putative TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, large permease component	823
C 53473..53970	-		putative TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, small permease component	824
C 54009..54995	-		putative TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, periplasmic component	825
C 55022..56050	-		conserved hypothetical zinc-type alcohol dehydrogenase-like protein	826
56160..56960	uxuR		Uxu operon regulator	827
56988..58172	uxuA		mannonate dehydratase	828
C 58225..58938	-		putative membrane protein TerC	829
C 59036..60865	uvrC		UvrABC system protein C	830
C 60867..61631	kdsB		3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid cytidyltransferase	831
C 61702..62700	lpxK		tetraacyldisaccharide 4'-kinase	832
C 62773..64536	msbA		lipid A export ATP-binding protein MsbA	833
C 64577..66943	rec2		recombination protein 2	834
67202..67639	dksA		DnaK suppressor protein	835
67887..69245	pcnB		probable poly polymerase	836
69254..69736	folK		2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-hydroxymethyl-dihydropteridine pyrophosphokinase	837
69812..70288	-		conserved hypothetical protein	838
70296..71594	amiB		probable N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanine amidase AmiB precursor	839
71595..73484	mutL		DNA mismatch repair protein MutL	840
73492..74427	miaA		tRNA delta-isopentenylpyrophosphate transferase	841
74433..77378	glnE		glutamate-ammonia-ligase adenyltransferase	842
C 77463..79139	recN		DNA repair protein RecN	843
C 79251..80069	ppnK		probable inorganic polyphosphate/ATP-NAD kinase	844
80133..80837	grpE		grpE	845
C 80850..81194	-		conserved hypothetical protein	846
C 81187..81627	-		conserved hypothetical protein	847
81908..84031	nrdD		anaerobic ribonucleoside-triphosphate reductase	848
84150..85010	tesB		Acyl-CoA thioesterase II	849
C 85171..86550	cysS		cysteinyl-tRNA synthetase	850
86653..87162	ppiB		peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase B	851
87166..87597	-		conserved hypothetical protein	852
87739..88527	-		putative deoxyribonuclease	853
88589..88846	-	√	hypothetical protein	854
88857..89132	-	√	hypothetical protein	855
C 89182..89505	trxA		thioredoxin	856

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 89625..90620	ddh		2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase homolog	857
C 90633..91778	metB		cystathionine gamma-synthase	858
92334..93170	-	√	predicted ATPase involved in chromosome partitioning	859
93172..94527	dnaB2	√	replicative DNA helicase	860
94520..96220	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	861
96220..96771	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	862
96921..98144	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	863
98441..99196	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	864
99196..99684	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	865
99930..100352	ssb2	√	Single-strand binding protein	866
100379..100897	-	√	conserved putative lipoprotein	867
C 101113..101670	-	√	1conserved hypothetical protein	868
101746..103806	topB2	√	DNA topoisomerase III	869
104691..105119	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	870
105131..105223	-		hypothetical protein	871
105234..105875	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	872
105910..106317	-	√	hypothetical protein	873
106418..106888	radC2	√	putative DNA repair radC-like protein	874
106981..107577	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	875
107635..108399	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	876
108498..109127	pilL	√	conserved putative lipoprotein	877
109131..109871	-	√	conserved putative exported protein	878
109850..110608	-	√	conserved putative exported protein	879
110624..111130	-	√	conserved putative exported protein	880
111127..113376	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	881
113695..114381	-	√	conserved putative membrane protein	882
114512..114862	-	√	conserved putative membrane protein	883
115131..115532	-	√	conserved putative membrane protein	884
115552..115923	-	√	conserved putative membrane protein	885
115935..116579	-	√	conserved putative exported protein	886
116579..117448	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	887
117459..118859	-	√	conserved putative exported protein	888
118869..119276	-	√	conserved putative lipoprotein	889
119292..122162	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	890
122170..122577	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	891
122587..122910	-	√	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	892
122919..124412	-	√	conserved putative membrane protein	893
C 124468..124797	-	√	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	894
C 124955..127960	tnpA	√	transposon Tn3 transposase	895
126925..127041	-	√	hypothetical protein	896
128088..128726	tnpR	√	transposon Tn3 resolvase	897
128751..128930	-	√	hypothetical protein	898
C 128975..129382	-	√	hypothetical exported protein	899
C 129398..131398	-	√	conserved putative exported protein	900
C 131413..132354	-	√	conserved putative exported protein	901
C 132351..132794	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	902
133106..133525	-	√	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	903
133610..133843	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	904
133846..134094	-	√	hypothetical protein	905
134098..134256	-	√	hypothetical protein	906
134387..135340	traC	√	conserved putative antirestriction protein	907
135444..136205	-	√	possible type I restriction enzyme M subunit	908
136431..136997	-	√	hypothetical protein	909
137037..137411	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	910

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
137401..138078	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	911
138056..138673	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	912
C 138937..139536	-	√	resolvase/integrase-like protein	913
C 139551..139742	-	√	hypothetical protein	914
C 140211..140465	-	√	hypothetical protein	915
141656..142369	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	916
143089..144342	-	√	hypothetical protein	917
144485..146401	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	918
146462..147304	-	√	putative site-specific recombinase	919
C 147954..149231	thrC		threonine synthase	920
C 149274..150218	thrB		homoserine kinase	921
C 150231..152678	thrA		aspartokinase/homoserine dehydrogenase	922
153002..153715	-		conserved hypothetical protein	923
153755..154891	grk		glycerate kinase	924
C 154900..156159	-		conserved hypothetical protein	925
C 156281..157387	-		conserved hypothetical protein	926
C 157589..157909	-		conserved hypothetical protein	927
157962..158171	-		pseudogene for glycerol-3-phosphate regulon repressor	928
C 158260..159015	-		conserved hypothetical protein	929
159216..159497	-		conserved hypothetical protein	930
159649..160647	hitA		iron-utilization periplasmic protein hFbpA	931
160765..162285	hitB		iron(III)-transport system permease protein hFbpB	932
162287..163342	hitC		iron-utilization ATP-binding protein hFbpC	933
C 163377..164057	-		putative D-alanyl-D-alanine carboxypeptidase	934
C 164059..165192	dapE		succinyl-diaminopimelate desuccinylase	935
C 165220..165564	-		conserved hypothetical protein	936
C 165643..167538	-		chaperone protein HtpG	937
167750..168589	-		conserved hypothetical NIF3-like protein	938
168763..171135	hsdM1	√	putative type I restriction-modification system, methyltransferase subunit	939
171318..172727	-	√	predicted transcriptional regulator containing an HTH domain	940
172899..174149	hsdS1	√	putative type I site-specific restriction-modification system, S subunit	941
174249..177275	hsdR1	√	putative type I site-specific restriction-modification system, R subunit	942
C 177500..178879	ffh		Signal recognition particle protein	943
179130..180422	corB		putative Mg ²⁺ and Co ²⁺ transporter	944
180443..181321	-		conserved hypothetical protein	945
181323..181802	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	946
181892..182233	-		conserved hypothetical protein	947
182400..183689	serS		Seryl-tRNA synthetase	948
184024..184653	gst		glutathione S-transferase	949
C 184665..184961	-		conserved hypothetical protein	950
185014..187251	hemR		hemin receptor	951
C 194299..196434	-		possible SAM-dependent methyltransferase	952
196827..197936	mltA		membrane-bound lytic murein transglycosylase A precursor	953
197936..198706	-		conserved hypothetical protein	954
198884..199885	znuA		high-affinity zinc uptake system protein ZnuA	955
199935..200441	-		conserved hypothetical protein	956

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 200554..201912	mpl		UDP-N-acetylmuramate:L-alanyl-gamma-D-glutamyl-meso-diaminopimelate ligase	957
C 202297..203484	metC		cystathionine beta-lyase	958
203615..204223	tsaA	√	probable peroxiredoxin	959
204324..204881	pgsA		CDP-diacylglycerol--glycerol-3-phosphate 3-phosphatidyltransferase	960
C 205445..205975	ppa		inorganic pyrophosphatase	961
206209..207525	-		conserved hypothetical protein	962
207748..208389	udk		uridine kinase	963
208398..208985	dcd		deoxycytidine triphosphate deaminase	964
208989..210164	-		conserved hypothetical protein	965
210164..211372	-		probable sugar efflux transporter	966
C 211433..212947	engA		GTP-binding protein EngA	967
C 213629..214396	dnaQ		DNA polymerase III, epsilon chain	968
214457..214921	rnhA		ribonuclease HI	969
215187..216284	ompP2		Outer membrane protein P2 precursor	970
C 216481..217626	nagA		N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate deacetylase	971
C 217763..218575	nagB		glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase	972
C 218911..219792	nanA		N-acetylneuraminate lyase	973
C 219803..220669	-		putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	974
C 220662..221564	nanK		putative N-acetylmannosamine kinase	975
C 221609..222295	nanE		putative N-acetylmannosamine-6-phosphate 2-epimerase	976
222645..223634	-		putative sialic acid transporter, TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, periplasmic component	977
223699..225549	siaT		putative sialic acid transporter, TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, large permease component	978
225713..226852	-		conserved hypothetical protein	979
227014..227448	-		putative protein-S-isoprenylcysteine methyltransferase	980
C 227490..228377	hflC		HflC	981
C 228377..229609	hflK		HhflK	982
C 229719..230426	-		putative 4'-phosphopantetheinyl transferase	983
C 230486..231817	dcuB2		anaerobic C4-dicarboxylate transporter DcuB	984
C 232021..232251	acpP		acyl carrier protein	985
C 232511..233239	fabG		3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier protein] reductase	986
C 233256..234194	fabD		malonyl CoA-acyl carrier protein transacylase	987
C 234694..235644	fabH		3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] synthase III	988
C 235830..236000	rpmF		50S ribosomal protein L32	989
C 236023..236547	-		conserved hypothetical protein	990
236704..237576	psd		phosphatidylserine decarboxylase proenzyme	991
C 237685..239055	gor		glutathione reductase	992
C 239271..239870	-		conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	993
239964..240275	bolA		Pseudogene for BolA homolog	994
240566..241909	nqrA		Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit A	995
241912..243147	nqrB		Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit B	996
243140..243874	nqrC		Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit C	997
243874..244500	nqrD		Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit D	998

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
244504..245100	nqrE		Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit E	999
245113..246348	nqrF		Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit F	1000
246492..247532	apbE		thiamine biosynthesis lipoprotein ApbE	1001
247535..247795	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1002
247870..249063	trmU		probable tRNA (5-methylaminomethyl-2-thiouridylate)-methyltransferase	1003
C 249107..249841	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1004
C 249843..250817	rluD		ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase D	1005
250925..251713	-		conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	1006
C 251792..252274	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1007
C 252306..253046	pflA		pyruvate formate-lyase 1 activating enzyme	1008
253171..255489	pflB		formate acetyltransferase	1009
C 255521..256375	focA		probable formate transporter	1010
256880..257794	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1011
257973..259418	-		putative Na ⁺ /alanine symporter	1012
C 259603..260430	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1013
C 260439..261575	adhC		pseudogene for putative alcohol dehydrogenase class III	1014
261698..262105	-		putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	1015
262263..262550	tatA		Sec-independent protein translocase protein TatA/E	1016
262554..263114	tatB		Sec-independent protein translocase protein TatB	1017
263124..263894	tatC		Sec-independent protein translocase protein TatC	1018
264255..265604	gdhA		NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase	1019
C 265712..266152	fur		Ferric uptake regulation protein	1020
C 266181..266705	fldA		flavodoxin	1021
C 267655..268260	seqA		seqA	1022
266802..267665	-		putative esterase/lipase	1023
268263..269621	menE		O-succinylbenzoate--CoA ligase	1024
269649..272987	-		putative small-conductance mechanosensitive channel	1025
272997..274070	aroC		chorismate synthase	1026
274243..275103	mepA		penicillin-insensitive murein endopeptidase	1027
275121..275888	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1028
275935..276891	msbB		lipid A biosynthesis (KDO)2-(lauroyl)-lipid IVA acyltransferase	1029
277018..277989	selD		selenide, water dikinase	1030
C 278098..278448	rplS		50S ribosomal protein L19	1031
C 278485..279225	trmD		tRNA (guanine-N(1)-)-methyltransferase	1032
C 279263..279790	rimM		16S rRNA processing protein RimM	1033
C 279835..280083	rspP		30S ribosomal protein S16	1034
280363..281148	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1035
281171..282982	nadN		NAD nucleotidase	1036
283267..283809	aroK		shikimate kinase	1037
283829..284917	aroB		3-dehydroquinate synthase	1038
284919..285779	dam		DNA adenine methylase	1039
286744..286851	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1040
C 286870..287595	pgpB		phosphatidylglycerophosphatase B	1041
287641..288315	ribA		GTP cyclohydrolase II	1042

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 288631..290175	-		putative ABC-type oligopeptide transport system, periplasmic component	1043
C 290168..290530	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1044
290649..292694	prlc		oligopeptidase A	1045
292926..294470	Hsdm2		putative type I restriction-modification system methyltransferase subunit	1046
294555..295727	Hsds2		putative type I restriction-modification system specificity protein	1047
295729..296883	prcC	√	putative anticodon nuclease	1048
296886..297884	-	√	conserved hypothetical DNA binding protein	1049
297895..300978	Hsdr2		putative type I restriction-modification system	1050
C 301125..301754	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1051
C 301968..303809	arcB		aerobic respiration control sensor protein ArcB	1052
C 303878..304522	-		predicted uracil-DNA glycosylase	1053
C 310574..311482	bira		BirA bifunctional protein	1054
311609..313075	guab		inosine-5'-monophosphate dehydrogenase	1055
313185..314756	guaa		glutamine-hydrolyzing GMP synthase	1056
C 314818..315720	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1057
315783..316289	-		putative transcriptional regulator	1058
316328..317530	nhaa		Na(+)/H(+) antiporter 1	1059
317718..319028	brnq		branched-chain amino acid transport system carrier protein	1060
C 319136..319603	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1061
C 319630..320076	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1062
320349..322478	pnp		polyribonucleotide nucleotidyltransferase	1063
322560..323504	nlpL		lipoprotein NlpI	1064
323624..325465	deaD		Cold-shock DEAD-box protein A homolog	1065
325643..327031	-		predicted soluble lytic transglycosylase fused to an ABC-type amino acid-binding protein	1066
327036..327188	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1067
C 327322..327618	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1068
C 327675..327884	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1069
C 327952..328302	arsC		putative arsenate reductase	1070
328381..329430	perM		putative permease PerM homolog	1071
C 329544..330521	secF		protein-export membrane protein SecF	1072
C 330529..332379	secD		protein-export membrane protein SecD	1073
C 332449..332742	-		conserved hypothetical preprotein translocase subunit YajC	1074
C 332850..333071	-		predicted redox protein, regulator of disulfide bond formation	1075
C 333068..333586	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1076
C 333651..334799	tgt		queuine tRNA-ribosyltransferase	1077
C 335144..336235	quea		S-adenosylmethionine:tRNA ribosyltransferase-isomerase	1078
C 336359..336805	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1079
C 336948..341126	hap	√	adhesion and penetration protein Hap	1080
C 341444..344275	uvra		UvrABC system protein A	1081
344428..344934	ssb		Single-strand binding protein	1082
C 345112..345906	tonB		TonB	1083
345916..346359	exbD		transport protein ExbD	1084
346363..346815	exbB		transport protein ExbB	1085
346984..347451	bcp		bacterioferritin comigratory protein	1086
347552..348448	dapA		dihydrodipicolinate synthase	1087
348559..349188	-		conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	1088

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
349378..349701	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1089
C 350415..351353	lgtC		UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	1090
C 351421..352008	orfM		predicted xanthosine triphosphate pyrophosphatase	1091
C 352020..352745	kdkA		3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid kinase	1092
352822..353865	opsX		ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase I	1093
354187..356316	hxuC		heme/hemopexin-binding protein C	1094
356392..358089	hxuB		heme/hemopexin-binding protein B	1095
358101..360866	hxuA		heme/hemopexin-binding protein A	1096
C 360962..361318	folB		dihydroneopterin aldolase	1097
361401..362000	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1098
362042..363745	narQ		sensor protein NarQ	1099
363755..364780	murB		UDP-N-acetylenolpyruvoylglucosamine reductase	1100
364906..365751	rpoH		RNA polymerase sigma-32 factor	1101
C 365791..366218	dusC	√	pseudogene for tRNA-dihydrouridine synthase C -	1102
C 366218..367084	djlA		DnaJ-like protein DjlA	1103
C 367163..367804	pyrE		orotate phosphoribosyltransferase	1104
C 367828..368544	rph		ribonuclease PH	1105
C 368845..370287	gltX		glutamyl-tRNA synthetase	1106
371037..372692	Lpt6		PE-tn-6--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase	1107
C 372710..373519	rbn		tRNA processing ribonuclease BN	1108
C 373516..374001	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1109
C 374004..374666	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1110
374881..375660	udp		uridine phosphorylase	1111
C 375886..377202	-		conserved hypothetical metabolite transport protein	1112
C 377258..378001	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1113
C 378062..379768	mend		menaquinone biosynthesis protein MenD	1114
C 379784..381055	menf		menaquinone-specific isochorismate synthase	1115
381212..382426	Aspc3		probable aspartate aminotransferase	1116
382543..383799	mtr		tryptophan-specific transport protein	1117
383908..385275	sdaa		L-serine dehydratase	1118
C 385310..386548	sdac		Serine transporter	1119
C 386771..388939	-		probable cation-transporting ATPase	1120
C 388914..389702	merP		pseudogene for probable inorganic ion transport protein	1121
389779..390165	-	√	probable heavy metal dependent transcriptional regulator	1122
C 390179..390496	metJ		Met repressor	1123
390740..392002	rho		transcription termination factor rho	1124
C 392056..392748	pilD		putative type 4 prepilin-like protein specific leader peptidase	1125
C 392745..393965	pilC		putative type IV pilin secretion protein	1126
C 393962..395356	pilB		putative type IV pilin secretion protein	1127
C 395353..395802	pilA		Type IV pilin subunit protein	1128
395917..396477	ampD		ampD	1129
397099..397998	corC		magnesium and cobalt efflux protein CorC	1130
397982..399550	cutE		apolipoprotein N-acyltransferase	1131
399600..400337	-		conserved hypothetical RNA methyltransferase	1132
400334..400894	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1133

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
400894..401313	ruvX		putative holliday junction resolvase	1134
C 401363..402288	-		pseudogene for recombination associated protein RdgC,	1135
402483..403694	-	√	prophage CP4-57-like integrase	1136
403731..404165	-	√	hypothetical protein	1137
404278..404700	-	√	hypothetical protein	1138
404709..405482	-	√	hypothetical protein	1139
406017..406208	-	√	hypothetical protein	1140
406257..406409	-	√	hypothetical protein	1141
C 406576..407466	-	√	hypothetical protein	1142
408127..408942	proC		pyrroline-5-carboxylate reductase	1143
408942..410108	hcaT		probable 3-phenylpropionic acid transporter	1144
410139..411032	xerD		Site-specific recombinase XerD	1145
411205..411492	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1146
C 411544..412551	ruvB		holliday junction DNA helicase RuvB	1147
C 412559-413173	ruvA		holliday junction DNA helicase RuvA	1148
C 413236-413808	ruvC		holliday junction DNA helicase RuvC	1149
C 413885-414595	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1150
C 414607-415080	ntpA		dATP pyrophosphohydrolase	1151
C 415102-416868	aspS		Aspartyl-tRNA synthetase	1152
417087-417605	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1153
417658-418383	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1154
418476-418712	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1155
418709-419113	-		Predicted nucleic acid-binding domain, containsPIN domain	1156
419180-419587	gloA		Lactoylglutathione lyase	1157
419661-420350	Rnt		Ribonuclease T	1158
420664-422016	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1159
422049-422636	-		Predicted primosomal replication protein N	1160
C 422987-423553	Efp		Elongation factor P	1161
423591-424607	-		Predicted lysine 2,3-aminomutase	1162
424706-426001	oapA		Opacity associated protein OapA	1163
426060-426464	oapB		Opacity associated protein OapB	1164
426467-427177	recO		DNA repair protein RecO	1165
427177-428493	rumA		23S rRNA (uracil-5--)-methyltransferase RumA	1166
428571-430802	relA		GTP pyrophosphokinase	1167
430817-431173	dgkA		Diacylglycerol kinase	1168
431256-431849	Mog		Molybdopterin biosynthesis mog protein	1169
431851-432189	glnB		Nitrogen regulatory protein P-II	1170
432189-433235	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1171
C 433277-435469	priA		Primosomal protein N	1172
435554-436294	trmB		tRNA (guanine-N(7)-)-methyltransferase	1173
436379-436723	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1174
436929-437459	napF		Ferredoxin-type protein NapF	1175
437452-437733	napD		NapD	1176
437755-440253	napA		Periplasmic nitrate reductase	1177
440307-441146	napG		Ferredoxin-type protein NapG	1178
441146-442009	napH		Ferredoxin-type protein NapH	1179
442006-442458	napB		Diheme cytochrome C NapB	1180
442473-443075	napC		Cytochrome C-type protein NapC	1181
C 443235-443879	Adk		Adenylate kinase	1182
C 443964-445241	Lic3c		Putative integral membrane signal transducer protein	1183
C 445383-446399	galE		UDP-glucose 4-epimerase	1184

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 446572-447534	Lic3A		CMP-Neu5Ac--lipooligosaccharide alpha 2-3 sialyltransferase	1185
447933-448655	-		Putative ABC-type nitrate/sulfonate/bicarbonate transport system, ATPase component	1186
448652-449389	-		Putative ABC-type nitrate/sulfonate/bicarbonate transport system, permease component	1187
449411-450355	-		Putative ABC-type nitrate/sulfonate/bicarbonate transport system, periplasmic component	1188
450365-451012	-		Putative transcription activator	1189
C 451107-451922	hfeD		Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, permease component	1190
C 451915-452763	hfeC		Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, permease component	1191
C 452767-453687	hfeB		Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, ATPase component	1192
C 453687-454568	hfeA		Putative periplasmic chelated iron binding protein	1193
454874-455338	-	√	Hypothetical protein	1194
C 455430-456308	pbpG		Penicillin-binding protein 7 homolog precursors	1195
456533-457705	-		Predicted Fe-S-cluster redox enzyme	1196
457805-458344	-		Conserved hypothetical protein	1197
458416-459327	-		Conserved hypothetical transcriptional regulator with an N-terminal xre-type HTH domain	1198
459336-460442	gcpE		4-hydroxy-2-methyl-2-(E)-butenyl 4-diphosphate synthase	1199
460452-461723	hisS		Histidyl-tRNA synthetase	1200
461741-462355	-		Conserved hypothetical protein	1201
C 462406-462600	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1202
C 462600-462941	Fdx		Feerodoxin, 2Fe-S	1203
C 462981-464840	hscA		Chaperone protein HscA	1204
C 464859-465545	-		Conserved hypothetical protein	1205
C 465596-466120	hscB		Co-chaperone protein HscB	1206
C 466133-466456	-		Conserved hypothetical protein	1207
C 466514-466894	nifU		NifU-like protein	1208
C 466954-468174	nifS2		Cysteine desulfurase	1209
C 468235-468687	-		Predicted transcriptional regulator	1210
C 468740-469465	-		Hypothetical tRNA/rRNA methyltransferase	1211
C 469905-470366	Pal		Outer membrane protein P6 precursor	1212
C 470390-471673	tolB		TolB	1213
C 471715-472941	tolA		TolA	1214
C 472957-473376	tolR		TolR	1215
C 473447-474133	tolQ		TolQ	1216
C 474150-474560	-		Predicted thioesterase	1217
474885-476807	dinG		Probable ATP-dependent helicase	1218
476820-477530	-		Possible inactive homolog of metal-dependent proteases, putative molecular chaperone	1219
477555-478106	-		possible starvation-inducible outer membrane lipoprotein	1220
478148-479836	lcfA		Long chain fatty acid CoA ligase	1221
479892-481034	rnD		Ribonuclease D	1222
C 481077-482945	-	√	Conserved hypothetical acyltransferase	1223

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 483019-484110	-		Predicted GTPase, probable translation factor	1224
C 484158-484742	Pth		Peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase	1225
484925-485233	-		Conserved hypothetical protein	1226
485236-486450	-		Conserved hypothetical cupin superfamily metalloenzyme	1227
486452-487771	xseA		Exodeoxyribonuclease VII large subunit	1228
487948-488601	adpP		ADP-ribose pyrophosphatase	1229
488611-489435	Icc		Predicted phosphohydrolase	1230
C 489533-489820	-		Conserved hypothetical protein	1231
490017-491393	ompP1		Outer membrane protein P1 precursor	1232
491439-492008	Ogt		Methylated-DNA-protein-cysteine	1233
492005-492676	mutH		DNA mismatch repair protein MutH	1234
C 492684-493976	mesJ		Putative cell cycle protein MesJ	1235
C 493976-494080	-		Pseudogene for pyridoxamine kinase	1236
C 494153-495100	accA		Acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase carboxyl transferase subunit alpha	1237
C 495189-495974	znuB		High affinity zinc uptake system membrane protein ZnuB	1238
C 495974-496780	znuC		High-affinity zinc uptake system ATP binding protein AnuC	1239
495652-498379	-		Conserved hypothetical metalloprotease	1240
498494-499450	tyrR		Transcriptional regulatory protein TyrR	1241
C 499546-499821	hfq		host factor-I protein Hfq	1242
C 499912-500907	rluC		ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase C	1243
501253-504108	rne		ribonuclease E	1244
504340-504552	-		Conserved hypothetical protein	1245
504876-505673	thiM		hydroxyethylthiazole kinase	1246
505666-506475	thiD		phosphomethylpyrimidine kinase	1247
506486-507166	thiE		thiamine-phosphate pyrophosphorylase	1248
507150-508454	-		Conserved hypothetical metabolite transport	1249
C 508466-508567	-		hypothetical protein	1250
508623-510002	-		putative protease	1251
C 510036-511355	srmB		ATP-dependent RNA helicase SrmB	1252
511401-512123	-		predicted O-methyltransferase	1253
C 512154-512759	-		pseudogene for conserved hypothetical tRNA/rRNA methyltransferase	1254
512906-514273	pssA		CDP-diacylglycerol -- serine O-phosphatidyltransferase	1255
C 514319-515044	fadR		fatty acid metabolism regulator protein	1256
515145-516713	nhaB		Na(+)/H(+) antiporter 2	1257
516723-517256	dsbB		disulfide bond formation protein B	1258
C 517311-519143	glmS		glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase	1259
C 519256-519666	hupA		DNA-binding protein HU	1260
C 519668-520258	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1261
C 520294-521088	nudC		NADH pyrophosphatase	1262
C 521155-521751	orfG		conserved hypothetical 21.9 KD protein in locus involved in transformation	1263
C 521827-522513	comF		competence protein F	1264
C 522526-523863	comE		competence protein E	1265
C 523873-524283	comD		competence protein D	1266
C 524283-524804	comC		competence protein C	1267
C 524801-525307	comB		competence protein B	1268
C 525308-526105	comA		competence protein A	1269

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
526204-528798	mrcA		penicillin-binding protein 1A	1270
528871-529716	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1271
529849-530214	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1272
530345-530947	recR		recombination protein RecR	1273
530963-532918	topB		DNA topoisomerase III	1274
533027-533368	secG		protein-export membrane protein SecG	1275
C 533913-535583	fruA		PTS system, fructose-specific IIBC component	1276
C 535585-536526	fruK		1-phosphofructokinase	1277
C 536528-538027	fruB		PTS system, fructose-specific IIA/FPF component	1278
C 538099-538635	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1279
C 538722-539000	vapD		virulence-associated protein D	1280
C 539009-539200	vapX		VapX	1281
C 539272-540570	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1282
C 540621-541145	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1283
C 541172-541954	-		putative deoxyribonuclease	1284
C 542009-542992	holB		DNA polymerase III, delta subunit	1285
C 542989-543117	-	√	hypothetical protein	1286
543192-545315	lav	√	autotransported protein Lav	1287
C 546221-546880	tmk		thymidylate kinase	1288
C 546870-547913	-		predicted periplasmic solute-binding protein	1289
C 547983-548924	surA		survival protein SurA homolog	1290
C 548994-549533	pyrR		PyrR bifunctional protein	1291
549665-550456	mazG		predicted pyrophosphatase MazG	1292
C 550506-551381	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1293
551574-553985	lon		ATP-dependent protease La	1294
554102-555253	-		predicted Fe-S oxidoreductase	1295
555387-556046	rpiA		ribose 5-phosphate isomerase A	1296
556076-557308	serA		D-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase	1297
C 557351-558193	-		predicted aminomethyltransferase related to GcvT	1298
C 558203-559066	-		conserved hypothetical stress-induced protein	1299
559515-560426	hisG		ATP phosphoribosyltransferase	1300
560519-561802	hisD		histidinol dehydrogenase	1301
561871-562974	hisC		histidinol-phosphate aminotransferase 1	1302
563086-564174	hisB		histidine biosynthesis bifunctional protein HisB	1303
564240-564839	hisH		imidazole glycerol phosphate synthase subunit HisH	1304
564875-565624	hisA		1-5-[methylideneamino] imidazole-4-carboxamine isomerase	1305
565606-566382	hisF		imidazole glycerol phosphate synthase subunit HisF	1306
566382-567047	hisI		histidine biosynthesis bifunctional protein hisIE	1307
567129-567281	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1308
567311-568513	tyrP		tyrosine-specific transportprotein 1	1309
C 568699-569127	atpC		ATP synthase epsilon chain	1310
C 569157-570530	atpD		ATP synthase beta chain	1311
C 570547-571416	atpG		ATP synthase gamma chain	1312
C 571432-572973	atpA		ATP synthase alpha chain	1313
C 572986-573519	atpH		ATP synthase delta chain	1314
C 573532-574002	atpF		ATP synthase B chain	1315
C 574052-574306	atpE		ATP synthase C chain	1316
C 574362-575150	atpB		ATP synthase A chain	1317
C 575187-575561	-		predicted F0F1-type ATP synthase subunit I	1318
C 575687-576298	gidB		methyltransferase GidB	1319

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 576438-576815	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1320
576931-577533	-		predicted phosphatase/phosphohexomutase	1321
577533-578006	-		predicted membrane protein	1322
578191-578694	luxS		S-ribosylhomocysteinase	1323
C 579638-580345	aphA		Class B acid phosphatase	1324
580565-581092	hslV		ATP-dependent protease HslV	1325
581103-582437	hslU		HslU, ATP-dependent chaperone of the HslUV protease	1326
C 582507-583559	ptoD2		spermidine/putrescine-binding periplasmic protein 2 precursor	1327
583699-584664	ordL		probable oxidoreductase OrdL	1328
585158-586600	rmuC		DNA recombination protein RmuC	1329
586764-587183	rbsD		ribose transport permease protein	1330
587197-588678	rbsA		ribose transport ATP-binding protein	1331
588691-589662	rbsC		ribose transport permease protein	1332
589682-590560	rbsB		ribose-binding periplasmic protein	1333
590658-591578	rbsK		ribokinase	1334
591606-592604	rbsR		ribose operon repressor	1335
592710-893261	-		predicted membrane protein	1336
C 593401-593889	menG		S-adenosylmethionine:2-demethylmenaquinone methyltransferase	1337
C 593491-594873	menA		1,4-dihydroxy-2-naphthoate octaprenyltransferase	1338
594920-595639	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1339
C 595692-596678	tehA		tellurite resistance protein	1340
C 596830-601080	rpoC		DNA-directed RNA polymerase beta' chain	1341
C 601287-605318	rpoB		DNA-directed RNA polymerase beta chain	1342
C 605702-606391	rplA		50S ribosomal protein L1	1343
C 606396-606824	rplK		50S ribosomal protein L11	1344
C 606997-607713	deoD		purine nucleoside phosphorylase	1345
C 607797-609050	-		predicted nucleoside permease	1346
C 609149-609937	-		predicted pyruvate-formate lyase-activating enzyme	1347
C 609946-611490	-		conserved hypothetical glycyl radical protein	1348
611703-612359	-		predicted membrane protein	1349
C 612315-613385	waaQ		ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase III	1350
C 613423-614502	fba		fructose-biphosphate aldolase	1351
C 614613-615773	pgk		phosphoglycerate kinase	1352
C 615869-616663	-		probable rubonuclease I	1353
616741-617001	-		putative ferredoxin-like protein	1354
C 617135-618355	tyrQ		tyrosine-specific transport protein 2	1355
C 618392-618973	tdk		thymidine kinase	1356
C 618982-620010	gcp		probable O-sialoglycoprotein endopeptidase	1357
620242-620457	rpsU		30S ribosomal protein S21	1358
620591-622372	-		DNA primase	1359
622443-624314	rpoD		DNA polymerase sigma factor RpoD	1360
C 624624-626051	aspA		aspartate ammonia-lyase	1361
C 626198-627013	ureH		urease accessory protein UreH	1362
C 627088-627765	ureG		urease accessory protein UreG	1363
C 627868-628575	ureF		urease accessory protein UreF	1364
C 628560-629117	ureE		urease accessory protein UreE	1365
C 629245-630963	ureC		urease alpha subunit	1366
C 630975-631280	ureB		urease beta subunit	1367
C 631357-631659	ureA		urease gamma subunit	1368

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
631822-632112	groES		10 kDa chaperonin	1369
632135-633772	groEL		60 kDa chaperonin	1370
C 633946-634395	rplI		50S ribosomal protein L9	1371
C 634412-634639	rpsR		30S ribosomal protein S18	1372
C 634652-634798	priB		primosomal replication protein N	1373
C 634965-635342	rpsF		30S ribosomal protein S6	1374
C 635534-635788	infA		translation initiation factor IF-1	1375
635963-637037	lic2C	√	pseudogene for UDP-glucose--lipoligosaccharide glucosyltransferase	1376
637121-637987	ksgA		dimethyladenosine transferase	1377
C 638024-638962	lic2A		UDP-Gal--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	1378
639015-639842	apaH		bis-tetraphosphatase, symmetrical	1379
639852-640475	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1380
C 640601-642055	gnd		6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase decarboxylating	1381
C 642171-642713	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1382
C 642796-642984	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1383
C 643054-643791	devB		6-phosphogluconolactonase	1384
C 643895-645379	zwf		glucose-6-phosphate 1-dehydrogenase	1385
C 645455-646264	cysQ		cysQ	1386
C 646269-646685	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1387
C 646742-648724	-		predicted membrane protein	1388
648953-649348	hslR		heat shock protein 15 homolog	1389
C 649374-649826	asnC		regulatory protein AsnC	1390
649980-650972	asnA		aspartate --ammonia ligase	1391
651035-651388	-	√	conserved hypothetical transposase-like protein	1392
652001-652858	-	√	hypothetical protein	1393
C 653015-653131	-	√	hypothetical protein	1394
653423-653563	-	√	hypothetical protein	1395
C 653743-654417	gph		phosphoglycolate phosphatase	1396
C 654463-655167	rpe		ribulose-phosphate 3-epimerase	1397
C 655289-657709	gyrB		DNA gyrase subunit B	1398
C 657835-660147	-		predicted transcriptional accessory protein	1399
660243-660719	greB		transcription elongation factor GreB	1400
C 660789-661406	-		conserved hypothetical transcriptional regulator	1401
C 661406-662311	oxyR		hydrogen peroxide-inducible genes activator	1402
662434-663159	pdgC		peroxiredoxin, glutaredoxin	1403
C 663251-663472	slyX		slyX	1404
663570-664295	fkby		probably FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase	1405
664385-665050	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1406
665050-665430	-		uncharacterized conserved protein involved in intracellular sulfur reduction	1407
665427-665786	-		uncharacterized conserved protein involved in oxidation of intracellular sulfur	1408
665795-666082	-		uncharacterized conserved protein involved in oxidation of intracellular sulfur	1409
C 666213-667397	tufB		elongation factor Tu	1410
668103-669026	coaA		pantothenate kinase	1411
C 669117-670064	rseB		sigma-E factor regulatory protein RseB	1412
C 670144-670719	rseA		sigma-E factor negative regulator protein homolog	1413
C 670744-671313	rpoE		RNA polymerase sigma-E factor	1414
C 671422-671679	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1415

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 671769-672155	mscL		large-conductance mechanosensitive channel	1416
C 672228-673604	trkA		Trk system potassium uptake protein TrkA	1417
C 673617-674969	sun		SUN protein	1418
C 674969-675925	fnt		methionyl-tRNA formyltransferase	1419
C 676026-676535	def		peptide deformylase	1420
676725-677162	-	√	hypothetical protein	1421
677140..677325	-	√	hypothetical protein	1422
C 683606-684259	sxy		DNA transformation protein TfoX	1423
684631-685695	recA		RecA	1424
685774-686232	recX		regulatory protein RecX	1425
C 686229-686615	crcB		CrcB	1426
C 686615-687433	-		predicted hydrolase of the HAD superfamily	1427
687836-688840	argF		ornithine carbamoyltransferase, catabolic	1428
688850-689782	arcC		carbamate kinase	1429
689887-691416	-		predicted membrane protein	1430
C 691826-694980	hgpD	√	pseudogene for hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein D	1431
696052-696756	pepE		peptidase E	1432
696774-698069	-		predicted C4-dicarboxylate transporter	1433
698141-699412	abgA		aminobenzoyl-glutamate utilization protein A	1434
699505-701478	cpdB		2',3'-cyclic-nucleotide 2'-phosphodiesterase	1435
C 701587-701994	-	√	HTH-type transcriptional regulator	1436
C 702004-702681	-	√	zinc transported ZitB	1437
703189-705078	gidA		glucose inhibited division protein A	1438
705260-705634	rpsL		30S ribosomal protein S12	1439
705791-706261	rpsG		30S ribosomal protein S7	1440
706345-708447	fusA		elongation factor G	1441
708512-709696	tufB2		elongation factor Tu	1442
710156-710500	-	√	predicted chloride channel protein	1443
710491-710673	-		predicted chloride channel protein	1444
710676-711659	dusA		tRNA-dihydrouridine synthase A	1445
C 711707-711997	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1446
C 712020-713030	trpS		tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase	1447
713153-713770	-		predicted protein involved in purine metabolism	1448
713793-715163	purB		adenylosuccinate lyase	1449
715435-715926	rplJ		50S ribosomal protein L10	1450
715981-716532	rplL		50S ribosomal protein L7/L12	1451
716511-717881	glmU		bifunctional GlmU protein	1452
C 717916-718227	-		hypothetical protein	1453
C 718766-719701	pldB		probable lysophospholipase L2	1454
C 719755-720820	asd		aspartate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	1455
C 721036-721752	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1456
721944-722600	-	√	predicted 2-methylthioadenine synthetase	1457
C 722664-723242	mdaB		putative NADPH-quinone reductase, modulator of drug activity B	1458
723521-725533	rep		ATP-dependent DNA helicase rep	1459
C 725539-725751	-		predicted periplasmic lipoprotein	1460
C 725748-726218	kdtB		phosphopantetheine adenylyltransferase	1461
C 726215-727498	kdtA		3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid transferase	1462
727561-728325	lgtF		UDP-glucose--lipooligosaccharide glucosyltransferase	1463
C 728322-728885	tag		DNA-3-methyladenine glycolase	1464
C 729000-729752	--	√	hypothetical protein	1465
C 729764-730570	aroE		shikimate 5-dehydrogenase	1466
C 730574-731125			predicted translation factor SUA5	1467

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 731141-731677	-		Zn-finger domain associated with topoisomerase typr I	1468
C 731687-733603	-		probable ABC transporter, ATP binding protein	1469
C 733788-734084	-		putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	1470
C 734077-734259	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	1471
C 734529-737507	hgpB	√	hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein B	1472
738238-739983	-		hypothetical ABC transporter, ATP-binding protein	1473
739976-741634	-		probable ABC transporter, ATP binding protein	1474
C 741718-742749	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1475
C 742746-743066	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1476
C 743054-743362	-		putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	1477
C 743567-744568	glpX		fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase class II GlpX	1478
744730-744948	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1479
745047-745487	mioC		MioC	1480
745484-745918	dtd		D-tyrosyl-tRNA (Tyr) deacylase	1481
C 746225-746701	ispF		3-C-methyl-D-erythritol 2,4-cyclodiphosphate synthase	1482
C 746698-747375	ispD		2-C-methyl-D-erythritol 4-phosphate cytidyltransferase	1483
C 747375-747653	ftsB		cell division protein FtsB	1484
C 747776-748243	gpt		xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase	1485
748354-749808	pepD		aminoacyl-histidine dipeptidase	1486
C 749861-750748	xerC		site-specific recombinase XerC	1487
C 750742-751182	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1488
751348-752138	tpiA		triosephosphate isomerase	1489
C 752221-752538	glpE		thiosulfate sulfurtransferase GlpE	1490
C 752539-753417	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1491
C 753449-754327	ilvY		HTH-type transcriptional activator IlvY	1492
755011-756489	ilvC		ketol-acid reductoisomerase	1493
C 756600-757880	glpC		anaerobic glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase subunit C	1494
C 757891-759189	glpB		anaerobic glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase subunit B	1495
C 759179-760870	glpA		anaerobic glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase subunit A	1496
761163-762605	glpT		glycerol-3-phosphate transporter	1497
762709-763803	glpQ		glycerophosphoryl diester phosphodiesterase precursor	1498
764033-764827	glpF		glycerol uptake facilitator protein	1499
764848-766359	glpK		glycerol kinase	1500
C 766443-766910	gpt2		xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase	1501
766932-767069	-		pseudogene for glycerophosphoryl diester phosphodiesterase precursor	1502
767195-768019	hel		outer membrane protein P4, NADP phosphatase	1503
768186-768869	rluE		ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase E	1504
C 768998-770002	ppx		pseudogene for putative exopolyphosphatase	1505
C 769974-773858	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1506
C 773868-775604	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1507
C 775755-776327	slyD		FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase SlyD	1508
C 776405-776827	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1509
776936-777955	truD		tRNA pseudouridine synthase D	1510
777965-778714	surE		acid phosphatase surE	1511

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
778723-779301	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1512
779310-779495	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1513
779530-780747	lppB		outer membrane antigenic lipoprotein B	1514
781115-782533	tnaA	√	tryptophanase	1515
782617-783849	tnaB	√	tryptophan-specific transport protein	1516
783990-786575	mutS		DNA mismatch repair protein MutS	1517
786781-788166	selA		L-seryl-tRNA selenium transferase	1518
788163-790022	selB		selenocysteine-specific elongation factor	1519
790041-790895	-	√	hypothetical protein	1520
791015-791311	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1521
791311..791619	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1522
C 791676-794868	hgpC	√	pseudogene for hemoglobin-haptoglobin utilization protein C	1523
795165-796463	tig		trigger factor	1524
796586-797167	clpP		ATP-dependent clp protease proteolytic subunit	1525
797177-798412	clpX		ATP-dependent Clp protease ATP-binding subunit ClpX	1526
798557-798973	secE		preprotein translocase SecE	1527
798975-799532	nusG		transcription antitermination protein NusG	1528
799683-800435	vacJ		VacJ lipoprotein	1529
800489-800881	-		putative translation initiation inhibitor YjgF family	1530
801049-801900	htpX		probable protease HtpX	1531
C 801942-802223	sirA		SirA	1532
802297-802917	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1533
802290-804383	trkH		Trk system potassium uptake protein TrkH	1534
810818-811237	psiE		PsiE	1535
C 811301-812587	hemY		HemY	1536
C 812598-813809	hemX		putative uroporphyrin-III C-methyltransferase	1537
814115-816646	cya		adenylate cyclase	1538
816720-717727	gpsA		glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase	1539
817744-818547	cysE		serine acetyltransferase	1540
818557-819372	-		conserved hypothetical shikimate 5-dehydrogenase-like protein	1541
819510-820895	-		possible di- and tricarboxylate transporter	1542
C 821033-821881	folD		FolD bifunctional protein	1543
C 822409-823695	fucP		L-fucose permease	1544
C 823734-824384	fucA		L-fuculose phosphate aldolase	1545
C 824404-824838	fucU		fucose operon protein FucU	1546
C 824852-826264	fucK		L-fuculokinase	1547
C 826337-828151	fucI		L-fucose isomerase	1548
C 828336-829085	fucR		L-fucose operon activator	1549
829284-832055	hepA		RNA polymerase associated protein homolog	1550
832058-832717	rluA		ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase A	1551
832744-833322	glpG		GlpG	1552
833352-834119	glpR		glycerol-3-phosphate regulon repressor	1553
C 834421-835242	metQ		probable D-methionine-binding lipoprotein MetQ	1554
C 835281-835970	metI		probable D-methionine transport system permease protein	1555
C 835960-836997	metN		probable D-methionine transport ATP-binding protein	1556
837173-837727	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1557
843979-844539	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1558

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
844543-844983	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1559
C 845045-845671	narP		nitrate/nitrite response regulator protein	1560
C 845877-847124	lysA		diaminopimelate decarboxylase	1561
C 847172-847303	-		hypothetical protein	1562
847386-847691	cyaY		CyaY	1563
847693-849552	recQ		ATP-dependent DNA helicase RecQ	1564
849637-851355	proS		prolyl-tRNA synthetase	1565
C 851443-853791	ostA		organic solvent tolerance protein	1566
C 853914-855323	sufI		SufI	1567
C 855325-856047	plsC		1-acyl-sn-glycerol-3-phosphate acyltransferase	1568
856133-856846	lpxH		UDP-2,3-diacylglucosamine hydrolase	1569
C 857076-858602	-		conserved hypothetical sodium dependent transporter	1570
858849-859475	ilvG		acetolactate synthase isozyme II large subunit	1571
859517-861355	ilvD		dihydroxy-acid dehydratase	1572
861435-862976	thdI		threonine dehydratase biosynthetic	1573
863014-866493	dnaE		DNA polymerase III alpha subunit	1574
866732-868375	pgmB		phosphoglucomutase	1575
C 868542-869051	secB		protein-export protein SecB	1576
C 869065-869511	-		predicted rhodanese-related sulfurtransferase	1577
869759-871081	dcuB		anaerobic C4-dicarboxylate transporter DcuB	1578
871285-872619	ndhA		NADH dehydrogenase	1579
C 872699-875131	plsB		glycerol-3-phosphate acyltransferase	1580
875380-876006	lexA		LexA repressor	1581
876152-876976	dapF		diaminopimelate epimerase	1582
877196-877693	tpx		probable thiol peroxidase	1583
878256-882218	purL		phosphoribosylformylglycinamide synthase	1584
882414-882652	lex2A	√	pseudogene for Lex2A homolog	1585
882724-883467	lex2B	√	UDP-glucose--lipooligosaccharide glucosyltransferase	1586
C 883528-884370	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1587
C 884370-885602	-		predicted membrane-bound metalloproteinase	1588
885778-886461	gpmA		2,3-bisphosphoglycerate-dependent phosphoglycerate mutase	1589
C 886539-886751	rpL31		50S ribosomal protein L31	1590
886928-888064	mutY		A/G-specific adenine glycosylase	1591
888042-888314	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1592
888329-889402	mltC		membrane-bound lytic murein transglycosylase C precursor	1593
C 890013-890693	-		predicted diadenosine tetraphosphatase and related serine/threonine protein phosphatase	1594
C 890690-891955	nadR		bifunctional protein NadR	1595
892174-892821	ribB		3,4-dihydroxy-2-butanone 4-phosphate synthase	1596
892836-892684	lpsA		lipooligosaccharide glycosyl transferase	1597
C 893733-894215	-		conserved hypothetical tRNA/rRNA methyltransferase	1598
C 894225-894806	-		predicted N6-adenine-specific methylase	1599
894861-896105	FtsY		cell division protein FtsY	1600
896124-896780	ftsE		cell division ATP-binding protein EtsE	1601
896790-897722	ftsX		cell division protein ftsX	1602
C 897817-898998	atoB		acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase	1603
C 899013-900356	atoE		short chain fatty acids transporter	1604
C 900359-901024	atoA		acetate CoA-transferase beta subunit	1605
C 901035-901688	atoD		acetate CoA-transferase alpha subunit	1606

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
901894-902841	-		putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	1607
903078-903389	rpsJ		30S ribosomal protein S10	1608
903406-904032	rplC		50S ribosomal protein L3	1609
904048-904650	rplD		50S ribosomal protein L4	1610
904647-904946	rplW		50S ribosomal protein L23	1611
904964-905785	rplB		50 S ribosomal protein L2	1612
905811-906086	rpsS		30S ribosomal protein S19	1613
906098-906430	rplV		50S ribosomal protein L22	1614
906448-907155	rpsC		30S ribosomal protein S3	1615
607169-907579	rplP		50S ribosomal protein L16	1616
907579-907770	rpmC		50S ribosomal protein L29	1617
907770-908027	rpsQ		30S ribosomal protein S17	1618
908417-909040	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1619
909321-909692	rplN		50S ribosomal protein L14	1620
909703-910014	rplX		50S ribosomal protein L24	1621
910032-910571	rplE		50S ribosomal protein L5	1622
910583-910888	rpsN		30S ribosomal protein S14	1623
910925-911317	rpsH		30S ribosomal protein S8	1624
911333-911866	rplF		50S ribosomal protein L6	1625
911880-912233	rplR		50S ribosomal protein L18	1626
912248-912748	rpsE		30S ribosomal protein S5	1627
912755-912934	rpmD		50S ribosomal protein L30	1628
912938-913372	rplO		50S ribosomal protein L15	1629
913380-914705	secY		preprotein translocase SecY subunit	1630
914987-915343	rpsM		30S ribosomal protein S13	1631
915359-915748	rpsK		30S ribosomal protein S11	1632
915776-916396	rpsD		30S ribosomal protein S4	1633
916428-917414	rpoA		DNA-directed RNA polymerase alpha chain	1634
917455-917841	rplQ		50S ribosomal protein L17	1635
C 917968-918564	-		predicted cAMP-binding protein - catabolite gene activator and regulatory subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase	1636
C 918683-919383	-		pseudogene for conserved hypothetical protein, predicted arylsulfatase regulator , Fe-S oxidoreductase	1637
919587-920326	-		predicted permease	1638
C 920358-921551	dxr		1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5'phosphate reductoisomerase	1639
C 921661-922218	fir		ribosome recycling factor	1640
C 922370-923986	pckA		phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase	1641
C 924159-925040	hslO		33 kDa chaperonin	1642
C 925185-926558	argH		argininosuccinate lyase	1643
C 926693-927580	galU		UTP-glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase	1644
C 927602-927793	csrA		carbon storage regulator homolog	1645
C 927871-930495	alaS		alanyl-tRNA synthetase	1646
C 930682-931107	uspA		universal stress protein A	1647
C 931209-932501	pepP		Xaa-Pro aminopeptidase	1648
C 932513-933061	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1649
C 933232-934257	galM		aldose 1-epimerase	1650
C 934264-935460	galK		galactokinase	1651
C 935495-936544	galT		galactose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase	1652
936752-937750	galR		HTH-type transcriptional regulator GalR	1653
937841-938890	mglB		D-galactose-binding periplasmic protein precursors	1654

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
938956-940476	mglA		galactoside transport ATP-binding protein MglA	1655
940493-941503	mglC		galactoside transport system permease protein MglC	1656
941649-942383	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1657
942389-942946	ispZ		probable intracellular septation protein A	1658
942946-943410	-		putative acyl-CoA thioester hydrolase	1659
943427-943723	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1660
943739-945520	slt		putative soluble lytic murein transglycosylase	1661
945558-945863	trpR		Trp operon repressor	1662
946006-946590	mtgA		monofunctional biosynthetic peptidoglycan transglycolase	1663
C 946696-947040	frdD		fumarate reductase subunit D	1664
C 947053-947463	frdC		fumarate reductase subunit C	1665
C 947474-948244	frdB		fumarate reductase iron-sulfur protein	1666
C 948327-950036	frdA		fumarate reductase flavoprotein subunit	1667
950217-951218	genX		putative lysyl-tRNA synthetase	1668
C 951484-952167	cpxR		transcriptional regulatory protein CpxR	1669
C 952221-952634	smpA		small protein A	1670
C 952700-953725	ndpA		nucleosid-associated protein NdpA	1671
953842-954060	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1672
954062-955819	-		predicted hydrolase of alkaline phosphatase superfamily	1673
956017-957009	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1674
C 957148-957726	mobA		probable molybdopterin-guanine dinucleotide biosyntheses protein A	1675
957791-958057	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1676
958068-958685	dsbA		thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA	1677
958747-959085	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1678
959226-960317	trmA		tRNA (Uracil-5)-methyltransferase	1679
960506-961072	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1680
961066-961500	-		predicted positive regulator of Sigma E	1681
961901-962437	mobB		molybdopterin-guanine dinucleotide biosynthesis protein B	1682
962434-963825	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1683
963966-965615	hbpA		heme-binding protein A	1684
965791-966552	-		putative heme iron utilization protein	1685
C 966689-967036	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1686
C 967051-969843	polA		DNA polymerase I	1687
969992-970294	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1688
970617-971180	-		predicted 5-formyltetrahydrofolate cyclo-ligase	1689
971308-973878	clpB		ClpB	1690
C 973916-974656	-		probable tRNA/rRNA methyltransferase	1691
C 974712-977060	vacB		ribonuclease R	1692
C 977252-977959	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1693
978095-978784	pdxH		pyridoxamine 5'-phosphate oxidase	1694
C 978871-980721	typA		GTP-binding protein TypA/BipA	1695
C 980848-981828	lic3A2		CMP-neu5Ac--lipooligosaccharide alpha 2-3 sialyltransferase	1696
981985-983397	glnA		glutamine synthetase	1697
983484-984527	rmlB	√	dTDP-glucose 4,6-dehydratase	1698
984604-985908	pepB		peptidase B	1699
985915-986340	ndk		nucleoside diphosphate kinase	1700
C 986410-987582	-		conserved hypothetical GTP-binding protein	1701
C 987610-988530	-		conserved hypothetical transport protein	1702

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 988610-988867	rpmA		50S ribosomal protein L27	1703
C 988888-989199	rplU		50S ribosomal protein L21	1704
989412-990401	ispB		octaprenyl-diphosphate synthase	1705
990452-991189	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1706
C 991249-992619	-		predicted Na ⁺ /alanine symporter	1707
C 993019-993729	arcA		aerobic respiration control protein ArcA	1708
993921-995660	dsbD		thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbD	1709
995777-996181	-		predicted membrane protein	1710
996370-997968	purH		bifunctional purine biosynthesis protein PurH	1711
998064-999353	purD		phosphoribosylamine--glycine ligase	1712
999509-1001076	-	√	pseudogene for predicted membrane-associated, metal-dependent hydrolase	1713
1001199-1002464	glyA		serine hydroxymethyltransferase	1714
1002523-1003155	coaE		dephospho-CoA kinase	1715
1003148-1003354	-		conserved hypothetical zinc-binding protein	1716
1003463-1004719	rh1B		ATP-dependent RNA helicase Rh1B	1717
1004961-1005524	-		hypothetical transcriptional regulator	1718
1005556-1006752	-		predicted membrane-fusion protein	1719
1006752-1009850	-		predicted cation/multidrug efflux pump	1720
1010385-1010855	-		predicted cell division protein	1721
C 1010868-1012400	emrB		multidrug resistance protein	1722
C 1012410-1013582	emrA		multidrug resistance protein A	1723
C 1013755-1014237	folA		dihydrofolate reductase	1724
1014339-1015445	proB		glutamate 5-kinase	1725
1015526-1016116	nudH		probable nucleoside polyphosphate hydrolase	1726
1016116-1016910	-		predicted permease	1727
1016919-1017725	lgt		prolipoprotein diacylglycerol transferase	1728
1017735-1018586	thyA		thymidylate synthase	1729
1018586-1019107	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1730
C 1019135-1019449	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1731
1019520-1019831	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1732
1019956-1022661	secA		preprotein translocase SecA subunit	1733
1022726-1023136	mutT		mutator protein MutT	1734
1023245-1025101	kefB		glutathione-regulated potassium-efflux system protein	1735
1025202-1025966	-		conserved hypothetical SAM-dependent methyltransferase	1736
1026111-1026866	rpsB		30S ribosomal protein S2	1737
1027000-1027851	tsf		elongation factor Ts	1738
C 1028031-1029056	lpxD		UDP-3-O-[3-hydroxymyristoyl] glucosamine N-acyltransferase	1739
C 1029069-1029662	omp26		outer membrane protein 26	1740
C 1029770-1032172	-		protective surface antigen D15	1741
C 1032192-1033523	-		predicted membrane bound zinc metalloprotease with PDZ domain	1742
C 1033533-1034399	cdsA		phosphatidate cytidyltransferase	1743
C 1034417-1035136	uppS		undecaprenyl pyrophosphate synthetase	1744

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1035385-1037970	leuS		leucyl-tRNA synthetase	1745
1038020-1038568	-		conserved predicted lipoprotein	1746
1038568-1039602	hoIA		DNA polymerase III, delta subunit	1747
C 1039836-1042004	glyS		glycyl-tRNA synthetase beta chain	1748
C 1042050-1042466	-	√	hypothetical protein	1749
C 1042606-1042971	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1750
C 1043001-1043261	-		glutaredoxin-related protein	1751
C 1043320-1044228	glyQ		glycyl-tRNA synthetase alpha chain	1752
1044491-1046017	hktE		catalase	1753
C 1046249-1047430	-		predicted glutathionylspermidine synthase	1754
C 1047431-1048012	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1755
C 1048025-1048477	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1756
C 1048528-1049838	eno		enolase	1757
C 1049959-1051164	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1758
C 1051161-1052303	nrfF		formate-dependent nitrite reductase complex nrfFG subunit	1759
C 1052300-1052830	dsbE2		probable thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbE	1760
C 1052830-1054737	nrfE		cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein NrfE	1761
C 1054846-1055658	suhB		inositol-1-monophosphatase	1762
1055858-1056370	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1763
1056370-1057089	-		predicted Type II secretory pathway, PulJ-like protein	1764
1057086-1057769	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1765
1057774-1058049	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1766
1058095-1061460	-		exodeoxyribonuclease V gamma chain	1767
1061515-1061964	-		predicted transcriptional regulator	1768
1061967-1063085	ribD		riboflavin biosynthesis protein RibD	1769
11063086-1064108	degS		protease DegS	1770
C 1064182-1064997	mutM		formamidopyrimidine-DNA glycosylase	1771
C 1065229-1066764	ddc		L-2,4-diaminobutyrate decarboxylase	1772
C 1066784-1067182	-		predicted nucleic acid-binding protein, contains PIN domain	1773
C 1067182-1067415	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1774
C 1067562-1068926	dat		diaminobutyrate--2-oxoglutarate aminotransferase	1775
C 1069273-1069443	rpmG		50S ribosomal protein L33	1776
C 1069455-1069691	rpmB		50S ribosomal protein L28	1777

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1069905-1070609	radC		DNA repair protein Radc homolog	1778
1070733-1071935	dfp		phosphopantothenoylcysteine synthetase/decarboxylase	1779
1071983-1072438	dut		deoxyuridine 5'triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase	1780
1072442-1073098	ttk		ttk	1781
1073120-1073371	-		hypothetical protein	1782
1073356-1074030	crp		catabolite gene activator	1783
C 1074395-1075573	-		hypothetical RNA methyltransferase	1784
C 1075566-1076621	nagZ		beta-hexosaminidase	1785
C 1076625-1076975	-		predicted periplasmic lipoprotein	1786
C 1076975-1077367	-		HIT-like protein	1787
C 1077442-1080267	ileS		isoleucyl-tRNA synthetase	1788
C 1080296-1081234	ribF		riboflavin biosynthesis protein RibF	1789
C 1081269-1082801	mviN		putative virulence factor MviN	1790
1083104-1083373	rpsT		30S ribosomal protein S20	1791
C 1083445-1084011	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1792
1084157-1085014	menB		naphthoate synthase	1793
1085184-1086173	menC		O-succinylbenzoate synthase	1794
1086230-1086679	aroQ		3-dehydroquinate dehydratase	1795
1086833-1087300	accB		biotin carboxyl carrier protein of acetyl-CoA carboxylase	1796
1087477-1088823	accC		biotin carboxylase	1797
1089028-1089285	-		conserved hypothetical membrane protein	1798
1089282-1090736	panF		sodium/pantothenase symporter	1799
1090857-1091729	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1800
1091764-1092651	prmA		ribosomal protein L11 methyltransferase	1801
1092798-1093778	dusB		tRNA-dihydrouridine synthase B	1802
1093772-1094071	fis		DNA-binding protein fis	1803
C 1094172-1094657	smf		SsrA-binding protein	1804
C 1094896-1095861	pfkA		6-phosphofructokinase	1805
C 1095957-1096538	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1806
C 1096531-1097382	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1807
C 1097360-1098481	smf		smf	1808
1099025-1100572	leuA		2-isopropylmalate synthase	1809
1100735-1101811	leuB		3-isopropylmalate dehydrogenase	1810
1101988-1103397	leuC		3-isopropylmalate dehydratase large subunit	1811
1103422-1104024	leuD		3-isopropylmalate dehydratase small subunit	1812
C 1104138-1109522	Iga1	√	IgA-specific serine endopeptidase	1813

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1109749-1110828	recF		DNA replication and repair protein RecF	1814
C 1110830-1111930	dnaN		DNA polymerase III, beta chain	1815
C 1112123-1113487	dnaA		chromosomal replication initiator protein DnaA	1816
C 1113674-1116412	tbp1		transferrin-binding protein 1	1817
C 1116457-1118349	tbp2		transferrin-binding protein 2	1818
1118446-1119906	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1819
1120082-1120216	rpmH		50S ribosomal protein L34	1820
1120229-1120588	rnpA		ribonuclease P protein component	1821
1120552-1120812	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1822
1120812-1122437	yidC		proprotein translocase subunit YidC	1823
1123308-1124666	trmE		probable tRNA modification GTPase TrmE	1824
1124855-1126723	ppiD		peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase D	1825
1126811-1128370	-		predicted PR--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase	1826
1128440-1128955	lspA		lipoprotein signal peptidase	1827
1128952-1129896	ispH		4-hydroxy-3-methylbut-2-enyl diphosphate reductase	1828
1130065-1130412	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1829
1130659-1131657	tbpA		thiamine-binding periplasmic protein	1830
1131662-1133278	thiP		thiamine transport system permease protein	1831
1133256-1133909	thiQ		thiamine transport ATP-binding protein	1832
1134022-1135023	bioB		biotin synthase	1833
C 1135148-1137145	tktA		transketolase	1834
1137526-1138470	serB		phosphoserine phosphatase	1835
1138488-1138979	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1836
1139275-1140222	corA		magnesium and cobalt transport protein CorA	1837
1140213-1140767	-		predicted integral membrane protein	1838
C 1140947-1141831	-		predicted glutamine amidotransferase	1839
C 1141988-1142515	-	√	hypothetical protein	1840
1142645-1143847	-		predicted ATPase	1841
C 1144037-1145386	-	√	hypothetical protein	1842
C 1145854-1146354	-		predicted ferredoxin	1843
C 1146354-1146964	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1844
C 1147077-1147916	dmsC		anaerobic dimethyl sulfoxide reductase chain C	1845
C 1147918-1148535	dmsB		anaerobic dimethyl sulfoxide reductase chain B	1846
C 1148546-1150966	dmsA		anaerobic dimethyl sulfoxide reductase chain A	1847
1151219-1152328	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1848
1152372-1152665	-		putative mercuric transport MerT homolog	1849
1152674-1152952	-		predicted copper chaperone MerP homolog	1850
C 1153077-1154921	-		conserved hypothetical ABC transporter	1851

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1155000-1155896	-		conserved hypothetical transcriptional regulator	1852
1156008-1156349	-		conserved putative gamma-carboxymuconolactone decarboxylase subunit	1853
C 1156460-1157056	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1854
C 1157062-1159227	res		putative type III restriction-modification system HindVIP enzyme res	1855
C 1159217-1161318	mod	√	pseudogene for putative type III restriction-modification system HibdVIP enzyme mod	1856
C 1161534-1162127	rnhB		ribonuclease HII	1857
C 1162120-1163292	lpxB		lipid-A-disaccharide synthase	1858
C 1163359-1164147	lpxA		acyl[acyl-carrier-protein]--UDP-N-acetylglucosamine O-Acyltransferase	1859
C 1164161-1164607	fabZ		(3R)-hydroxymyristoyl-[acyl carrier protein] dehydratase	1860
C 1164683-1166290	-		predicted PR--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase	1861
1166383-1167096	pyrH		uridylate kinase	1862
C 1167335-1168300	nrfD		NrfD, formate-dependent nitrite reductase, membrane component	1863
C 1168297-1168974	nrfC		NrfC, Fe-S-cluster-containing hydrogenase component 1	1864
1168971-1169654	nrfB		NrfB, cytochrome C-type protein	1865
C 1169698-1171314	nrfA		cytochrome c552	1866
C 1171476-1175384	hrpA		ATP-dependent helicase HrpA homolog	1867
C 1175381-1175755	-		conserved putative small membrane protein	1868
C 1175756-1176208	-		conserved putative membrane protein	1869
C 1176474-1177610	cyoB		probable cytochrome oxidase subunit II	1870
C 1177625-1179190	cyoA		probable cytochrome oxidase subunit I	1871
1179843-1181480	pyrG		CTP synthase	1872
C 1181625-1182305	pnuC		nictinamide riboside transporter	1873
C 1182487-1183260	-		probable amino-acid ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	1874
C 1183264-1183941	-		probable amino-acid ABC transporter permease protein	1875
C 1183964-1184737	-		probable amino-acid ABC transporter binding protein	1876
C 1185038-1186312	murA		UDP-N-acetylglucosamine 6-carboxyvinyltransferase	1877
C 1186323-1186580	-		predicted transcriptional regulator, BolA superfamily	1878
C 1186601-1186918	-		predicted NTP binding protein, contains STAS domain	1879
C 1186929-1187573	-		conserved ABC-type transport system protein	1880

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1187606-1188106	-		conserved ABC-type transport system protein, periplasmic component	1881
C 1188116-1188901	-		conserved ABC-type transport system protein, permease component	1882
C 1188898-1189692	-		conserved ABC-type transport system protein, ATPase component	1883
C 1190098-1190745	sodA		superoxide dismutase [Mn]	1884
1190994-1191632	ccmA		heme exporter protein A	1885
1191637-1192302	ccmB		heme exporter protein B	1886
1192363-1193103	ccmC		heme exporter protein C	1887
1193146-1193349	ccmD		heme exporter protein D	1888
1193346-1193867	ccmE		cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein CcmE	1889
1193864-1195813	ccmF		cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein CcmF	1890
1195953-1196498	dsbE		thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbE	1891
1196498-1197877	ccmH		pseudogene for cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein CcmH precursor	1892
1197998-1198489	-		hypothetical protein	1893
1198491-1198799	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1894
C 1198804-1200843	ligN		DNA ligase	1895
C 1200928-1201914	zipA		cell division protein ZipA	1896
1202067-1202885	cysZ		CysZ	1897
1202894-1203934	cysK		cysteine synthase	1898
1204182-1205406	-		pseudogene for conserved hypothetical metabolite transport protein	1899
C 1205515-1206555	rfaF		ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase II	1900
C 1206631-1207794	xylR		xylose operon refulatory protein	1901
C 1207906-1209312	-		conserved hypothetical Na(+)/H(+) antiporter	1902
C 1209314-1210486	aspC2		putative aspartate aminotransferase	1903
1210699-1212018	xylA		xylose isomerase	1904
1212021-1213556	xylB		xylulose kinase	1905
C 1213607-1214533	rfaD		ADP-L-glycero-D-manno-heptose-6-epimerase	1906
C 1214586-1215089	-		thioredoxin-like protein	1907
1215200-1215871	deoC		deoxyribose-phosphate aldolase	1908
C 1215905-1217434	comM		competence protein ComM	1909
C 1217549-1218166	engB		Probable GTP-binding protein EngB	1910
1218259-1219137	-		D-xylose transport permease protein	1911
C 1219177-1220175	oppF		oligopeptide transport ATP-binding protein	1912
C 1220172-1221143	oppD		oligopeptide transport ATP-binding protein	1913
C 1221153-1222088	oppC		oligopeptide transport system permease protein	1914
C 1222098-1223018	oppB		oligopeptide transport system permease protein	1915

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1223099-1224724	oppA		periplasmic oligopeptide-binding protein	1916
1225019-1225972	talB		Transaldolase	1917
1227033-1228634	-		carbon starvation protein, predicted membrane protein	1918
1228836-1229291	mraZ		MraZ	1919
1229322-1230287	mraW		predicted S-adenosylmethionine-dependent methyltransferase involved in cell envelope biogenesis	1920
1230290-1230613	ftsL		cell division protein FtsL	1921
1230626-1232458	ftsI		peptidoglycan synthetase FtsI	1922
1232468-1233934	murE		UDP-N-acetylmuramoylalanine-D-glutamate--2,6-diaminopimelate ligase	1923
1233948-1235321	murF		UDP-N-acetylmuramoyl-tripeptide--D-alanyl-D-alanine ligase	1924
1235315-1236397	mraY		phospho-N-acetylmuramoyl-pentapeptide-transferase	1925
1236509-1237822	murD		UDP-N-acetylmuramoylalanine--D-glutamate ligase	1926
1237845-1239029	ftsW		cell division protein FtsW	1927
1239041-1240096	murG		UDP-N-acetylglucosamine--N-acetylmuramylpyrophosphoryl-undecaprenol N-acetylglucosamine transferase	1928
1240234-1241661	murC		UDP-N-acetylmuramate--L-alanine ligase	1929
1241730-1242650	ddlB		D-alanine--D-alanine ligase	1930
1242650-1243414	ftsQ		cell division protein FtsQ	1931
1243433-1244710	ftsA		cell division protein FtsA	1932
1244794-1246059	ftsZ		cell division protein FtsZ	1933
1246098-1247015	lpxC		UDP-3-O-[3-hydroxymyristoyl] N-acetylglucosamine deacetylase	1934
1247142-1248299	pheA		P-protein	1935
C 1248344-1249201	-		predicted P-loop-containing kinase	1936
C 1249219-1249713	ptsN		nitrogen regulatory IIA protein	1937
C 1249716-1250441	-		probable ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	1938
C 1250445-1250963	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1939
C 1250944-1251552	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1940
C 1251602-1252138	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1941
1252227-1253582	pmbA		pmbA	1942
1253957-1254496	hpt		hypoxanthine phosphoribosyltransferase	1943
1254802-1256124	-		predicted Na ⁺ /dicarboxylate symporter	1944
C 1256224-1256691	nrdG		anaerobic ribonucleoside-triphosphate reductase activating protein	1945
C 1256939-1258669	cydC		transport ATP-binding protein CydC	1946
C 1258669-1260429	cydD		transport ATP binding protein CydD	1947
C 1260501-1261457	trxB		thioredoxin reductase	1948
C 1261531-1262388	-		thioredoxin domain-containing protein	1949

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1262467-1263438	hemH		ferrochelatase	1950
C 1263435-1263851	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1951
C 1263865-1266948	-		conserved FAD/FMN-containing dehydrogenase	1952
1267323-1268402	ompP5		outer membrane protein P5	1953
1268514-1268876	-		conserved glutaredoxin-related protein	1954
C 1268953-1270053	-		histidinol-phosphate aminotransferase 2	1955
C 1270141-1271229	serC		phosphoserine aminotransferase	1956
1271420-1271764	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1957
C 1271804-1272370	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1958
C 1272370-1273356	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1959
1273398-1273979	trpG2		putative anthranilate synthase component II	1960
1274064-1275218	metK		S-adenosylmethionine synthetase	1961
1275513-1276028	sprT		SprT	1962
1276079-1276591	opa		opacity protein	1963
C 1276627-1276932	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1964
C 1277139-1277822	artM		arginine transport system permease protein	1965
C 1277822-1278487	artQ		arginine transport system permease protein	1966
C 1278491-1279210	artI		arginine-binding periplasmic protein	1967
C 1279228-1279959	artP		arginine transport ATP-binding protein	1968
C 1280085-1280069	gmhA		phosphoheptose isomerase	1969
1280769-1281683	ligA		DNA ligase	1970
C 1281712-1282695	dppF		dipeptide transport ATP binding protein	1971
C 1282698-1283690	dppD		dipeptide transport ATP binding protein	1972
C 1283700-1284587	dppC		dipeptide transport system permease protein	1973
C 1284602-1285603	dppB		dipeptide transport system permease protein	1974
C 1285693-1287876	uvrD		DNA helicase II	1975
C 1288483-1289118	-		predicted organic radical activating enzyme	1976
C 1289119-1289544	-		predicted 6-pyruval-tetrahydropterin synthase	1977
C 1289537-1290220	-		predicted PP-loop superfamily ATPase	1978
1290376-1290519	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1979
C 1290570-1291601	ilvE		branched chain amino acid amino transferase	1980
1292076-1292969	gcvA		glycine cleavage system transcriptional activator	1981
1292962-1294053	-		predicted SAM-dependent methyltransferase	1982

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1294089-1295258	sucC		succinyl-CoA synthetase beta chain	1983
1295258-1296139	sucD		succinyl-CoA synthetase alpha chain	1984
1296260-1296883	-		putative translation factor, Sua5	1985
1296931-1289004	rluB		ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase B	1986
1298015-1298986	cysB		HTH-type transcriptional regulator CysB	1987
C 1299045-1299989	-		conserved hypothetical adenine-specific methylase	1988
1300120-1300623	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1989
C 1300701-1302836	pta		phosphate acetyltransferase	1990
C 1302904-1304109	ackA		acetate kinase	1991
1304326-1304769	-		conserved hypothetical protein	1992
1304856-1305347	cvpA		colicin C production protein	1993
1305358-1306875	-		amidophosphoribosyltransferase	1994
C 1306940-1307830	sulA		cell division inhibitor Sula	1995
C 1307830-1308285	argR		arginine repressor	1996
1308492-1309427	mdh		malate dehydrogenase	1997
C 1309514-1311022	lysS		lysyl-tRNA synthetase	1998
C 1311134-1311985	prfB		peptide chain release factor 2	1999
1312365-1313054	dsbC		thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbC	2000
1313342-1315069	recJ		single stranded DNA specific exonuclease RecJ	2001
1315062-1315769	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2002
1315766-1316458	mtnA		MTA/SAH nucleosidase	2003
C 1316532-1319279	hup		heme utilization protein	2004
C 1319579-1321177	-		putative L-Lactate permease	2005
1321367-1321546	-		pseudogene for ctidylate kinase	2006
C 1321581-1322585	fbp		fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase	2007
1322820-1323629	truA		tRNA pseudouridine synthase A	2008
C 1323722-1324738	sapZ		Predicted membrane protein	2009
C 1324750-1325559	sapF		ABC-type transport system, ATPase component involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	2010
C 1325559-1326608	sapD		ABC-type transport system, ATP binding component, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	2011
C 1326612-1327499	sapC		ABC-type transport system, permease protein, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	2012
C 1327489-1328454	sapB		ABC-type transport system, permease protein, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	2013
C 1328454-1330148	sapA		ABC-type transport system, periplasmic component, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	2014
1330218-1331630	-		Predicted ATPase	2015
C 1331667-1334306	Ppc		Phosphoenolpyruvate carboxylase	2016
C 1334489-1335499	purR		HTH-type transcriptional repressor PurR	2017

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1335796-1336689	dapD		2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridine-2,6-dicarboxylate N-succinyltransferase	2018
C 1336746-1338044	PurA		adenylosuccinate synthetase	2019
C 1338173-1338538	-		predicted aspartokinase	2020
C 1339386-1339673	rplY		50S ribosomal protein L25	2021
1339841-1340497	-		uncharacterized membrane-associate protein	2022
C 1340544-1340960	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2023
C 1340991-1341341	-		putative translation initiation inhibitor, YjgF family	2024
1341453-1342169	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2025
1342170-1342712	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2026
C 1342727-1343185	-		HTH-type transcriptional regulator	2027
1343224-1343907	-		putative ABC-type Co ²⁺ transport system, periplasmic component	2028
1343920-1344408	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2029
1344408-1345028	cbiM		predicted ABC-type cobalt transport system, permease component	2030
1345028-1345660	-		predicted cobalt transport protein	2031
1345662-1346288	cbiO		predicted ABC-type cobalt transport system, ATPase component	2032
C 1346395-1347585	aspC		aspartate aminotransferase	2033
1347725-1348813	purK		phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase ATPase subunit	2034
C 1348883-1349377	purE		phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase catalytic subunit	2035
1349548-1349796	hicA	√	HicA	2036
1349793-1350137	hicB	√	HicB	2037
1350181-1352790	pepN		aminopeptidase N	2038
C 1352862-1353476	ribE		riboflavin synthase alpha chain	2039
1353520-1354914	norM		probable multidrug resistance protein NorM	2040
1354923-1355639	sfsA		sugar fermentation stimulation protein	2041
1355839-1357026	tyrS		tyrosyl-tRNA synthase	2042
C 1357090-1358037	prsA		ribose phosphate pyrophosphokinase	2043
C 1358039-1358992	ispE		4-diphosphocytidyl-2-C-methyl-D-erythritol kinase	2044
C 1358992-1359621	lolB		outer-membrane lipoprotein LolB	2045
C 1359684-1360934	cca		tRNA nucleotidyltransferase	2046
C 1360941-1361552	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2047
C 1361618-1362880	-		putative phosphate permease	2048
C 1362905-1363585	-		conserved hypothetical phosphate transport regulator	2049
1363793-1364248	-		predicted membrane protein	2050
1364287-1364574	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2051
1364604-1365557	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2052

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1365547-1366263	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2053
1367371-1367538	-	√	hypothetical protein	2054
1367936-1368052	-	√	hypothetical protein	2055
1368502..1368666	-	√	hypothetical protein	2056
C 1368856-1370808	hmw2C	√	HMW2C, putative glycosyltransferase involved in glycosylation of HMW1A and HMW2A	2057
C 1371200-1372837	hmw2B	√	HMW2B, OMP-85-like protein required for HMW1A and HMW2A secretion	2058
C 1372988-1377616	- hmw2A	√	HMW2A, high molecular weight adhesin 2	2059
1378041-1379087	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2060
1379320-1380696	radA		DNA repair protein RadA homolog	2061
1380755-1381255	lrp		leucine-responsive regulatory protein	2062
1381257-1384013	ftsK		DNA translocase FtsK	2063
1384031-1384648	lolA		outer-membrane lipoproteins carrier protein precursor	2064
1384709-1386049	-		predicted ATPase related to the helicase subunit of the holliday junction resolvase	2065
C 1386137..1387279	-	√	hypothetical protein	2066
C 1387289-1388512	-	√	modification methylase BepI-like	2067
C 1388767-1390065	aroA		3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxyvinyltransferase	2068
C 1390065-1390901	purU		formyltetrahydrofolate deformylase	2069
C 1390971-1391375	hns		DNA-binding protein H-NS homolog	2070
1391779-1393338	-		predicted Na ⁺ /H ⁺ antiporter	2071
1393406-1393555	-		hypothetical protein	2072
1393605-1395326	ilvI		acetolactate synthase large subunit	2073
1395326-1395817	ilvH		acetolactate synthase small subunit	2074
C 1396111-1397844	argS		arginyl-tRNA synthetase	2075
1397924-1398493	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2076
1398572-1398793	-		hypothetical lipoprotein	2077
1399816-1399280	pcp		outer-membrane lipoprotein PCP precursor	2078
C 1399464-1400435	lgtD		UDP-GlcNAc—lipooligosaccharide N-acetylglucosamine glycosyltransferase	2079
1400502..1400999	-		pseudogene for IS1016-V6 protein homolog, degenerate	2080
C 1401073-1402764	pgi		glucose-6-phosphate isomerase	2081
C 1402819-1403901	alr		alanine racemase	2082
C 1403911-1405425	dnaB		replicative DNA helicase	2083
C 1405459-1406895	pykA		pyruvate kinase	2084
1407432-1408691	-	√	prophage CP4-57-like integrase	2085
C 1409305-1409574	-	√	hypothetical protein	2086
C 1409679-1409849	-	√	hypothetical protein	2087
C 1409839-1410372	-	√	hypothetical protein	2088

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1410444-1410860	-	√	hypothetical protein	2089
C 1410864-1411541	-	√	hypothetical protein	2090
C 1411560-1412723	-	√	modification methylase Bsp6I-like	2091
C 1413329-1414225	rdgC	√	recombination associated protein	2092
C 1414350-1415696	-	√	hypothetical protein	2093
C 1415758-1416192	ssb3	√	single strand binding protein	2094
C 1416192-1416836	-	√	hypothetical protein	2095
C 1416817-1417737	-	√	predicted recombinational DNA repair protein, RecE pathway	2096
C 1417750-1418043	-	√	hypothetical protein	2097
C 1418040-1418384	-	√	hypothetical protein	2098
C 1418398-1419135	-	√	modification methylase DpnIIB-like	2099
C 1419226-1420257	-	√	hypothetical protein	2100
C 1420247-1420498	-	√	hypothetical protein	2101
C 1420617-1420928	-	√	hypothetical protein	2102
C 1421314-1421499	-	√	hypothetical protein	2103
C 1421660-1422808	-	√	hypothetical protein	2104
C 1422819-1423679	-	√	hypothetical protein	2105
C 1423742-1424107	-	√	hypothetical protein	2106
C 1424109-1424696	-	√	hypothetical protein	2107
1424852-1425037	-	√	hypothetical protein	2108
1425068-1425496	-	√	hypothetical protein	2109
C 1425497-1426006	-	√	hypothetical protein	2110
C 1426011-1426601	-	√	hypothetical protein	2111
C 1426598-1427233	-	√	hypothetical protein	2112
C 1427218-1428000	-	√	hypothetical protein	2113
C 1428002-1428235	-	√	hypothetical protein	2114
C 1428281-1428733	-	√	hypothetical protein	2115
C 1428777-1428983	-	√	hypothetical protein	2116
1429117-1430085	-	√	hypothetical protein	2117
1430279-1430605	-	√	hypothetical protein	2118

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1430592-1430996	-	√	hypothetical protein	2119
1430993-1431382	-	√	hypothetical protein	2120
1431357-1431587	-	√	hypothetical protein	2121
1431596-1432555	-	√	hypothetical protein	2122
1432534-1432953	-	√	predicted DNA modification methylase	2123
C 1432950-1433171	-	√	hypothetical protein	2124
1433229-1433597	-	√	hypothetical protein	2125
1433611-1434927	-	√	predicted phage terminase large subunit	2126
1434929-1436245	-	√	hypothetical protein	2127
1436175-1436987	-		uncharacterized protein, homolog of phage Mu protein gp30	2128
1436993-1438066	-	√	hypothetical protein	2129
1438080-1438499	-	√	hypothetical protein	2130
1438507-1439508	-	√	hypothetical protein	2131
1439511-1439699	-	√	hypothetical protein	2132
1439703-1440053	-	√	hypothetical protein	2133
1440046-1440504	-	√	hypothetical protein	2134
1440504-1440863	-	√	hypothetical protein	2135
1440865-1441374	-	√	hypothetical protein	2136
1441361-1442434	-	√	hypothetical protein	2137
1442480-1442905	-	√	hypothetical protein	2138
1442905-1443387	-	√	hypothetical protein	2139
1443423-1443575	-	√	hypothetical protein	2140
1443572-1445989	-	√	predicted phage-related minor tail protein	2141
C 1446064-1446636	-	√	hypothetical protein	2142
1446944-1447525	-	√	hypothetical protein	2143
1447522-1447836	-	√	hypothetical protein	2144
1447833-1448789	-	√	hypothetical protein	2145
1448792-1449463	-	√	hypothetical protein	2146
1449460-1449825	-	√	hypothetical protein	2147
1449818-1451254	-	√	hypothetical protein	2148
1451263-1451877	-	√	hypothetical protein	2149
1451887-1454235	-	√	probable tail fiber protein	2150
1454247-1454849	-	√	hypothetical protein	2151
1454846-1455346	-	√	hypothetical protein	2152
1455412-1455861	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	2153
C 1455900-1456163	-	√	hypothetical protein	2154
1456754-1457884	-		pseudogene for putative integrase/recombinase, degenerate	2155
C 1457947-1458228	-		hypothetical protein	2156
1458276-1458461	-		mu-like prophage protein gp29	2157
1458521-1459189	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2158
1459291-1459437	-		hypothetical protein	2159
1459470-1460006	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2160
1460207-1460653	-	√	hypothetical protein	2161
1460653-1460829	-	√	hypothetical protein	2162
1430841-1461500	-	√	hypothetical protein	2163
1461500-1461676	-	√	hypothetical protein	2164
1461689-1462246	-	√	hypothetical protein	2165
1462243-1462419	-	√	hypothetical protein	2166
1462432-1462983	-	√	hypothetical protein	2167

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1463259-1464344	prfA		peptide chain release factor 1	2168
1464367-1464837	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2169
1464837-1465715	hemK		HemK	2170
1465715-1466518	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2171
1466533-1467387	kdsA		2-dehydro-3-deoxyphosphooctonate aldolase	2172
1467447-1468394	-		putative 2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase	2173
1468394-1469575	lolC		lipoprotein releasing system transmembrane protein	2174
1469587-1470879	bioA		adenosylmethionine-8-amino-7-oxononanoate aminotransferase	2175
1470888-1472027	bioF		8-amino-7-oxononanoate synthase	2176
1472037-1472684	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2177
1472672-1473454	bioC		putative biotin synthesis protein BioC	2178
1473464-1474105	bioD-B		probable dethiobiotin synthetase 2	2179
1474187-1474870	lolD		lipoprotein releasing system ATP-binding protein LolD	2180
1474870-1476120	lolE		ABC-type transport system, involved in lipoprotein release, permease component	2181
1476339-1477427	aroG		phospho-2-dehydro-3-deoxyheptonate aldolase	2182
C 1477497-1477937	impA		impA	2183
1478222-1479466	-		predicted Na ⁺ /serine symporter	2184
1479588-1480196	-		putative NAD(P)H oxidoreductase	2185
1480196-1480750	-		predicted component of anaerobic dehydrogenases	2186
C 1480797-1481351	-		predicted nitroreductase	2187
1481449-1483296	sppA		protease IV	2188
C 1483334-1484131	licD		phosphorylcholine transferase	2189
C 1484131-1484832	licC		LicC	2190
C 1484829-1485707	licB		LicB	2191
C 1485707-1486666	licA		LicA	2192
C 1486754-1488766	-		predicted glycine/D-amino acid oxidases, deaminating	2193
1488913-1490133	fabB		3-oxacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] synthase I	2194
C 1490196-1490459	rrxA		glutaredoxin	2195
1490576-1491484	rimK		probable ribosomal protein S6 modification protein	2196
C 1495122-1492736	gltS		sodium/glutamate symport carrier protein	2197
C 1492778-1495021	parC		topoisomerase IV subunit A	2198
C 1495088-1496986	parE		topoisomerase IV subunit B	2199
C 1497060-1497995	htrB		lipid A biosynthesis lauroyl acyltransferase	2200
1498092-1499522	rfaE		ADP-heptose synthase	2201
C 1499886-1499981	-		pseudogene for Type I restriction enzyme R protein	2202
C 1500193-1500549	-	√	hypothetical protein	2203

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1500660-1501064	uupA2		ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	2204
1501061-1501621	uupB		ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	2205
C 1501649-1502338	-		putative carbonic anhydrase	2206
C 1502414-1503922	asnS		asparaginyl-tRNA synthetase	2207
1504044-1504517	ribH		6,7-dimethyl-8-ribityllumazine synthase	2208
1504521-1504955	nusB		N utilization substance protein B	2209
1505022-1506008	thiL		thiamine-monophosphate kinase	2210
1506005-1506496	pgpA		phosphatidylglycerophosphatase A	2211
1506496-1507125	-		predicted threonine efflux protein	2212
1507142-1507954	dapB		dihydrodipicolinate reductase	2213
C 1507949-1508197	-		conserved hypothetical ferredoxin-like protein	2214
1508243-1508983	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2215
1509132-1510121	pheS		phenylalanyl-tRNA synthetase alpha chain	2216
1510155-1512542	pheT		phenylalanyl-tRNA synthetase beta chain	2217
1512544-1512834	himA		integration host factor alpha-subunit	2218
1512887-1513372	-		conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	2219
1513381-1514391	-	√	hypothetical protein	2220
1514450-1514905	-	√	putative 5'(3')-deoxyribonucleotidase	2221
1514889-1515599	-	√	NAD-dependent deacetylase	2222
C 1515648-1516670	-	√	hypothetical protein	2223
1516865-1517065	ftsK2	√	DNA translocase ftsK	2224
1517062-1517907	-	√	NAD-dependent deacetylase sirtuin 5	2225
1517907-1518668	-	√	hypothetical protein	2226
1518746-1519720	-	√	hypothetical protein	2227
1519797-1519964	-	√	hypothetical protein	2228
1520134-1521849	-	√	predicted serine/threonine protein phosphatase family protein	2229
1521869-1522306	-		predicted arylsulfatase A-like enzyme	2230
1522388-1523200	-		predicted enzyme related to aldose 1-epimerase	2231
1523468-1523875	infC		translation initiation factor IF-3	2232
1524014-1524283	rpmI		50S ribosomal protein L35	2233
1524349-1524702	rplT		50S ribosomal protein L20	2234
1524815-1528450	recB		exodeoxyribonuclease V beta chain	2235
1528450-1530372	recD		exodeoxyribonuclease V alpha chain	2236
C 1530441-1530887	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2237
1530984-1532789	lonB		putative protease Lahomolog, predicted ATP-dependent protease	2238
1532958-1533491	fabA		3-hydroxydecanoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] dehydratase	2239
1533727-1534455	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2240
1534452-1534589	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2241
1534725-1534994	rpsO		30S ribosomal protein S15	2242
C 1535066-1535437	-		conserved hypothetical transposase-like protein	2243
C 1535434-1535550	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2244
C 1535766-1537205	dacB		penicillin-binding protein 4 precursor	2245
1537369-1537845	greA		transcription elongation factor GreA	2246

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1537884-1538183	-		predicted RNA-binding protein containing KH domain, possible ribosomal protein	2247
1538310-1538939	ftsJ		ribosomal RNA large subunit methyltransferase J	2248
1539030-1540937	FTSh		cell division protein FtsH homolog 1	2249
1541049-1541879	folP		dihydropteroate synthase	2250
1541912-1543249	mrsA		predicted phosphomannomutase	2251
1543308-1543802	sixA		phosphohistidine phosphatase SixA homolog	2252
1544004-1544579	-	√	conserved hypothetical protein	2253
C 1544657-1546021	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2254
1546248-1546388	-		hypothetical protein	2255
1546382-1546534	-		hypothetical protein	2256
1546609-1546767	-		pseudogene for surface protein autotransporter domain	2257
1546843-1547439	-		possible RNA polymerase sigma factor 24	2258
1547449-1547622	-		hypothetical protein	2259
C 1547717-1548619	-	√	hypothetical protein	2260
1548755-1549816	msaB		peptide methionine sulfoxide reductase MsrA/MsrB	2261
1549828-1550469	-		conserved hypothetical cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein	2262
1550514-1550984	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2263
C 1551166-1551489	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2264
C 1551556-1552287	moeB		molybdopterin biosynthesis protein MoeB	2265
C 1552291-1553505	moeA		molybdopterin biosynthesis protein MoeA	2266
1553643-1554299	folE		GTP cyclohydrolase I	2267
1554303-1554626	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2268
1554729-1555457	bioD-A		probable dethiobiotin synthetase 1	2269
C 1555546-1556424	metF		5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase	2270
1556887-1557315	rplM		50S ribosomal protein L13	2271
1557332-1557724	rpsI		30S ribosomal protein S9	2272
1557905-1558543	sspA		stringent starvation protein A	2273
1558543-1558995	sspB		stringent starvation protein B	2274
C 1559031-1560908	dxs		1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase	2275
C 1560950-1561840	ispA		geranyltranstransferase	2276
C 1561840-1562094	xseB		exodeoxyribonuclease VII small subunit	2277
1562253-1563710	thiI		predicted thiamine biosynthesis ATP pyrophosphatase	2278
1563725-1564045	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2279
1564039-1564758	truC		tRNA pseudouridine synthase C	2280
1564751-1564909	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2281
1565058-1565276	cspD		cold shock-like protein CspD	2282
C 1565415-1565891	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2283
1565950-1566903	usg		predicted aspartate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	2284

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1567047-1567853	trpA		tryptophan synthase alpha chain	2285
C 1567853-1569046	trpB		tryptophan synthase beta chain	2286
C 1569063-1569821	-		conserved hypothetical oxidoreductase	2287
1570001-1571035	purM		phosphoribosylformylglycinamide cyclo-ligase	2288
1571090-1571728	purN		phosphoribosylglycinamide formyltransferase	2289
C 1571812-1572648	-		predicted ABC-type transport system protein, periplasmic component	2290
C 1572846-1573868	uspE		universal stress protein E	2291
C 1573897..1574670	fmr		fumarate and nitrate reduction regulatory protein	2292
1575288-1575644	-		putative integrase/recombinase	2293
C 1575529-1575918	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2294
C 1576223-1576474	-		predicted phage anti-repressor protein	2295
C 1576812-1578083	-	√	hypothetical protein	2296
1578684-1578887	-	√	hypothetical protein	2297
C 1578865-1579023	-	√	hypothetical protein	2298
C 1579351-1579572	-	√	hypothetical protein	2299
C 1580499-1580834	-	√	hypothetical protein	2300
C 1580837-1581916	-	√	hypothetical protein	2301
C 1581968-1582666	-	√	predicted transcriptional regulator	2302
1582777-1582965	-	√	hypothetical protein	2303
1583014-1583454	-	√	hypothetical protein	2304
1583503-1584177	-	√	hypothetical protein	2305
1584174-1584932	-	√	hypothetical protein	2306
1584917-1585558	-	√	hypothetical protein	2307
1585555-1585779	-	√	hypothetical protein	2308
1585816-1586232	ninB	√	putative recombination protein NinB	2309
1586500-1586889	ninG		putative recombination protein NinG homolog	2310
1586909-1587538	-	√	hypothetical protein	2311
1587662-1587940	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2312
C 1587990-1588967	-	√	hypothetical protein	2313
1589196-1589981	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2314
1590012-1590194	-		hypothetical protein	2315
1590318-1590674	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2316
1590754-1591245	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2317
1591238-1591561	-		hypothetical protein	2318
1591473-1591754	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2319
C 1591756-1592034	-	√	hypothetical protein	2320
1592079-1592591	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2321
1592578-1593921	-		predicted phage terminase large subunit	2322

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1593923-1595257	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2323
1595286-1596467	-	√	uncharacterized protein, homolog of phage Mu protein gp30	2324
1596613-1596789	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2325
1596953-1597972	pyrD		dihydrodrotate dehydrogenase	2326
1597972-1598796	trpH		TrpH	2327
C 1598895-1599503	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2328
C 1599631-1601025	fumC		fumarate hydratase class II	2329
C 1601175-1602113	-	√	putative glycosyl transferase, glycosyl transferase family 8 protein	2330
1602322-1602666	-		pseudogene for usg protein homolog	2331
1602769-1603203	hoIC		DNA polymerase III, chi subunit	2332
1603288-1603458	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2333
1603471-1603845	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2334
1603873-1604040	-		hypothetical protein	2335
1604067-1604381	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2336
1604425-1604826	-	√	hypothetical protein	2337
1604878-1607742	valS		valyl-tRNA synthetase	2338
C 1607777-1607884	-		hypothetical protein	2339
C 1608172-1609605	trpC		tryptophan biosynthesis protein trpCF	2340
C 1609643-1610644	trpD		anthranilate phosphoribosyltransferase	2341
C 1610697-1611083	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2342
C 1611132-1611719	trpG		anthranilate synthase component II	2343
C 1611732-1613288	trpE		anthranilate synthase component I	2344
C 1613390-1614300	-	√	pseudogene for conserved hypothetical glycosyltransferase	2345
C 1614423-1614920	ftnB		ferritin-like protein 2	2346
C 1614936-1615484	ftnA		ferritin-like protein 1	2347
1615927-1616946	pstS		phosphate-binding periplasmic protein precursor PstS	2348
1617038-1617985	pstC		phosphate transport system permease protein PstC	2349
1617987-1618835	pstA		phosphate transport system permease protein PstA	2350
1618845-1619612	pstB		phosphate import ATP-binding protein PstB	2351
1619709-1620404	phoB		phosphate regulon transcriptional regulatory protein PhoB	2352
1620401-1621678	phoR		phosphate regulon sensor protein PhoR	2353
C 1622370-1623791	sbcB		exodeoxyribonuclease I	2354
C 1623804-1624679	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2355
C 1624683-1625591	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2356
C 1625661-1630193	-		cell division protein MukB	2357

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1630193-1630927	-		cell division protein MukE	2358
C 1630931-1631989	haeIIR	√	type II restriction exzyme HaeII	2359
C 1631992-1632948	haeIIM	√	modification methylase HaeII	2360
C 1632961-1634388	mukF		MukF homolog	2361
1634445-1635377	-		predicted ATPase of the PP-loop superfamily implicated in cell cycle control	2362
1635379-1635708	-		predicted dissimilatory sulfite reductase, desulfoviridin, gamma subunit	2363
1635816-1636025	mop		probable molybdenum-pterin binding protein	2364
1636209-1638621	-		pseudogene for conserved hypothetical protein, denegate	2365
1638725-1641505	pqqL		probable zinc protease	2366
C 1641628-1643559	thrS		threonyl-tRNA synthetase	2367
1643843-1644427	acpD		probable acyl carrier protein phosphodiesterase	2368
C 1644504-1647110	topA		DNA topoisomerase I	2369
1647206-1648123	-		putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	2370
C 1648187-1649611	pntB		NAD(P) transhydrogenase subunit beta	2371
C 1649622..1651160	pntA		NAD(P) transhydrogenase subunit alpha	2372
C 1651421-1653886	glgP		glycogen phosphorylase	2373
C 1654133-1655563	glgA		glycogen synthase	2374
C 1655671-1657005	glgC		glucose-1-phosphate adenylyltransferase	2375
C 1656955-1658971	glgX		glycogen operon protein GlgX	2376
C 1659070-1661262	glgB		1,4-alpha-glucan branching enzyme	2377
C 1661272-1663371	malQ		4-alpha-glucanotransferase	2378
C 1663433-1663897	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2379
C 1663963-1665636	glnS		glutaminyt-tRNA synthetase	2380
C 1666056-1667531	cafA		ribonuclease G	2381
1667647-1669161	putP		sodium/proline symporter	2382
1669158-1670123	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2383
C 1670166-1671044	cdd		cytidine deaminase	2384
1671318-1671800	-		conserved hypothetical DNA-binding ferritin-like protein	2385
C 1672372-1673610	pepT		peptidase T	2386
1673880-1675025	potA		spermidine/putrescine transport ATP-binding protein	2387
1675009-1675869	potB		spermidine/putrescine transport permease protein	2388

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1675869-1676639	potC		spermidine/putrescine transport system permease protein	2389
1676686-1677852	potD1		spermidine/putrescine-binding periplasmic protein 1 precursor	2390
C 1677933-1679876	uupA		ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	2391
C 1679970-1681355	-		deoxyguanosinetriphosphate triphosphohydrolase-like protein	2392
C 1681448-1682143	-		putative effector of murein hydrolase	2393
C 1682162-1682584	-		putative effector of murein hydrolase	2394
1682699-1683181	-		predicted micrococcal nuclease-like protein	2395
1683183-1684382	nifS		predicted selenocysteine lyase	2396
1684379-1684759	-		predicted SufE protein probably involved in Fe-S center assembly	2397
1684750-1685547	-		Zn-ribbon-containing, possible nucleic-acid binding protein	2398
1685591-1686430	-		predicted enzyme related to GTP cyclohydrolase I	2399
C 1686463-1687587	tyrA		T-protein	2400
C 1687677-1688597	truB		tRNA pseudouridine synthase B	2401
C 1688597-1688983	rbfA		ribosome-binding factor A	2402
1689148-1690818	hsdM3		putative type I restriction enzyme HindVIIP M protein	2403
1690811-1692076	hsdS3	√	putative type I restriction enzyme HindVIIP specificity protein	2404
1692069-1693115	-	√	hypothetical protein	2405
1693117-1696284	hsdR3		putative type I restriction enzyme HindVIIP R protein	2406
C 1696363-1698897	infB		translation initiation factor IF-2	2407
C 1698909-1700396	musA		transcriptional elongation protein NusA	2408
C 1700413-1700868	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2409
C 1702529-1703293	-	√	hypothetical protein	2410
C 1703297-1703824	-	√	hypothetical protein	2411
C 1703834-1704973	-	√	hypothetical protein	2412
C 1704990-1705358	-	√	hypothetical protein	2413
C 1705372-1706193	-	√	hypothetical protein	2414
C 1706250-1706753	-	√	hypothetical protein	2415
C 1706750-1707352	-	√	hypothetical protein	2416
C 1707364-1709886	-	√	probable tail fiber protein	2417

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1709895-1710431	-	√	predicted bacteriophage P2-related tail formation protein gpI	2418
C 1710421-1711335	-	√	predicted phage-related baseplate assembly protein	2419
C 1711332-1711670	-	√	predicted baseplate assembly protein W	2420
C 1711672-1712271	-	√	predicted phage P2-like baseplate assembly protein	2421
C 1712375-1712803	-	√	hypothetical protein	2422
C 1712812-1713369	-	√	hypothetical protein	2423
C 1713467-1713919	-	√	hypothetical protein	2424
C 1713897-1714097	-	√	hypothetical protein	2425
C 1714141-1716105	-	√	predicted phage-related tail protein	2426
C 1716148-1716915	-	√	hypothetical protein	2427
1716960-1717298	-	√	hypothetical protein	2428
C 1717309-1717491	-	√	hypothetical protein	2429
1717595-1717942	-	√	hypothetical protein	2430
C 1717943-1718404	-	√	probable bacteriophage tail completion protein gpS homolog	2431
C 1718404-1718790	-	√	probable bacteriophage tail completion protein gpR homolog	2432
C 1718840-1718947	-	√	hypothetical protein	2433
C 1718980-1719102	-	√	hypothetical protein	2434
C 1719099-1719314	-	√	DnaK suppressor protein, bacteriophage PSP3 gp34 homolog	2435
C 1719489-1719839	-	√	hypothetical protein	2436
C 1719824-1720342	-	√	predicted phage-related lysozyme	2437
1720335..1720556	-	√	hypothetical protein	2438
C 1720558-1720767	-	√	hypothetical protein	2439
C 1720767-1721273	-	√	hypothetical protein	2440
C 1721567-1722217	-	√	predicted terminase, endonuclease subunit	2441
C 1722229-1723278	-	√	predicted major capsid protein	2442
C 1723299-1724114	-	√	predicted capsid scaffolding protein	2443
1724279-1726060	-	√	terminase, ATPase subunit	2444
1726070-1727080	-	√	predicted portal vertex protein	2445
C 1727788-1728462	siaB		acylneuraminate cytidylyltransferase	2446
1728576-1729238	-		putative NAD(P)H nitroreductase	2447
C 1729285-1730445	mrp		Mrp	2448

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1730548-1732596	metG		methionyl-tRNA synthetase	2449
1732707-1733567	tehB		tellurite resistance protein	2450
C 1733611-1734312	gloB		probable hydroxyacylglutathione hydrolase	2451
C 1734364-1735170	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2452
1735406-1735882	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2453
1736019-1737782	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2454
1738382-1741024	gyrA		DNA gyrase subunit A	2455
C 1741079-1742155	metX		homoserine O-acetyltransferase	2456
1742259-1742993	sanA		SanA	2457
C 1743281-1744594	folC		folypolyglutamate synthase	2458
C 1744587-1745477	accD		acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase carboxyl transferase subunit beta	2459
1745671-1747062	htoA		probable periplasmic serine protease do/HhoA-like precursor	2460
C 1747115-1750555	mfd		transcription-repair coupling factor	2461
C 1750657-1750830	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2462
C 1750827-1752797	-		predicted P-loop ATPase fused to an acetyltransferase	2463
C 1752802-1753143	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2464
C 1753205-1754875	-		ABC transported ATP-binding protein	2465
C 1755038-1755361	-		predicted plasmid maintenance system antidote protein	2466
C 1755372-1755677	-		predicted plasmid maintenance system killer protein	2467
1756002-1756622	-		predicted ABC-type transport system, periplasmic component	2468
1756625-1757593	-		predicted ABC-type transport system, permease component	2469
C 1758207-1760246	uvrB		UvrABC system protein B	2470
C 1760276-1762201	-		predicted phosphoglycerol transferase-like protein	2471
C 1762442-1764712	mao2		NADP-dependent malic enzyme	2472
1764910-1765530	-		possible polysaccharide biosynthesis protein	2473
1765621-1766319	rsuA		ribosomal small subunit pseudouridine synthase A	2474
1766321-1767517	bcr		bicyclomycin resistance protein	2475
C 1767549-1768349	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2476
1768447-1769109	-		predicted membrane protein	2477
1769130-1770383	proA		gamma-glutamyl phosphate reductase	2478
C 1770462-1771607	dnaJ		chaperone protein DnaJ	2479
C 1771694-1773601	dnaK		chaperone protein DnaK	2480
1773868-1775310	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2481

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1775467-1775925	mgsA		methylglyoxal synthase	2482
1776225-1778885	aceE		pyruvate dehydrogenase E1 component	2483
1778948-1780645	aceF		dihydrolipoamide acetyltransferase component of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex	2484
1780759-1782183	lpdA		dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase	2485
C 1782230-1782337	-		hypothetical protein	2486
1782343-1782885	apt		adenine phosphoribosyltransferase	2487
1782897-1784963	dnzX		DNA polymerase III subunit gamma/tau	2488
1785103-1785729	upp		uracil phosphoribosyltransferase	2489
1785833-1787077	uraA		probable uracil permease	2490
1787143-1787838	-		predicted ATPase involved in DNA replication initiation	2491
C 1787905-1788186	-		predicted translation initiation factor 1-like protein	2492
C 1788193-1788885	pyrF		orotidine 5'-phosphate decarboxylase	2493
C 1788909-1790099	-		predicted N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase	2494
C 1790099-1790392	-		predicted membrane protein	2495
C 1790467-1790751	ihfB		integration host factor beta subunit	2496
C 1790874-1792523	rpsA		30S ribosomal protein S1	2497
C 1792626-1793420	cmk		ctidylate kinase	2498
1793766-1794641	-		conserved hypothetical pyridoxine biosynthesis enzyme	2499
1794642-1795220	-		predicted glutamine amidotransferase involved in pyridoxine biosynthesis	2500
C 1795769-1797463	dld		D-lactate dehydrogenase	2501
1797723-1797833	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2502
C 1798368-1798919	nlpC		probable lipoprotein NlpC	2503
C 1799032-1800480	tldD		TldD	2504
C 1800582-1801433	-		predicted methyltransferase	2505
1801505-1803232	-		putative lipoprotein	2506
1803232-1803591	-		predicted endonuclease distantly related to archaeal holliday junction resolvase	2507
1803604-1804188	-		predicted phosphoheptose isomerase	2508
1804245-1804826	-		predicted periplasmic or secreted lipoprotein	2509
1805081-1807351	nrdA		ribonucleoside-diphosphate reductase alpha chain	2510
1807493-1808623	nrdB		ribonucleoside-diphosphate reductase beta chain	2511
C 1808739-1809968	sucB		dihydrolipoamide succinyltransferase component of 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex	2512
C 1810071-1812923	sucA		2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase E1 component	2513

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1813081-1813719	-		predicted Zn-dependent hydrolase-like protein, including glyoxylases	2514
C 1813729-1814484	-		conserved putative deoxyribonuclease	2515
C 1814536-1815096	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2516
C 1815112-1816581	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2517
C 1816655-1818742	prc		tail-specific protease precursor	2518
C 1818764-1819402	proQ		predicted activator of osmoprotectant transporter PropP	2519
1819587-1820837	-		paraquat-inducible protein A-like protein	2520
1820821-1823466	-		paraquat-inducible protein B-like protein	2521
C 1823521-1823973	moaE		molybdopterin converting factor subunit 2	2522
C 1823974-1824219	moaD		molybdopterin converting factor subunit 1	2523
C 1824221-1824703	moaC		molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein C	2524
C 1824795-1825808	moaA		molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein A	2525
1826253-1826726	-		predicted regulator of cell morphogenesis and NO signaling	2526
1826726-1826923			predicted regulator of cell morphogenesis and NO signaling	2527
1827460-1728473	-		probable phosphosugar isomerase Hi1678	2528
1828483-1829025	yrbI		3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonate 8-phosphate phosphatase	2529
1829456-1833934	hmw1A	√	HMW1A, high molecular weight adhesin 1	2530
1834085-1835722	hmw1B	√	HMW1B, OMP-85-like protein required for secretion of HMW1A and HMW2A	2531
1835916-1837868	hmw1C	√	HMW1C, putative glycosyltransferase involved in glycosylation of HMW1A and HWM2A	2532
C 1837945-1840101	-		predicted membrane protein	2533
C 1840169-1840834	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2534
1841032-1842093	sohB		possible protease SohB	2535
1842377-1842955	rnfA		predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfA	2536
1843043-1843624	rnfB		predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfB	2537
1843625-1845622	rnfC		predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfC	2538
1845752-1846828	rnfD		predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfD	2539
1846828-1847451	rnfG		predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfG	2540
1847453-1848160	-		predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfE	2541
1848282-1848917	nth		endonuclease III	2542
1848976-1850349	-		predicted Na ⁺ -dependent transporters of the SNF family	2543
C 1850373-1851428	modC		molybdenum import ATP-binding protein	2544

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
C 1851415-1852104	modB		molybdenum transport system permease protein	2545
C 1852278-1853042	modA		molybdate-binding periplasmic protein	2546
1853180-1853947	modE		Transcriptional regulator ModE	2547
1854057-1854860	lsgF		Putative UDP-galactose—lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	2548
C 1854862-1855746	lsgE		Putative UDP-galactose—lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	2549
C 1855758-1856531	lsgD		Putative UDP-glcNAc—lipooligosaccharide N-acetylglucosaminyl glycosyltransferase	2550
C 1856543-1857604	lsgC		Putative UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	2551
C 1857606-1858520	lsgB		CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-galactosamide-alpha-2,3-sialyltransferase	2552
C 1858517-1859722	lsgA		putative lipooligosaccharide flippase	2553
1859857-1860600	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2554
C 1860823-1863092	metE		pseudogene for 5-nethyltetrahydropteroylrigultamate – homocysteine methyltransferase	2555
C 1863286-1864362	-		predicted permease	2556
C 1864359-1865462	-		predicted permease	2557
1865570-1867045	pepA		cytosol aminopeptidase	2558
C 1867081-1869090	-		predicted choline-glycine betaine transporter	2559
C 1869385-1870740	qseC		sensor protein QseC	2560
C 1870737-1871402	qseB		transcriptional regulatory protein QseB	2561
C 1871466-1871831	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2562
C 1871946-1872966	pmi	√	pseudogene for mannose-6-phosphate isomerase	2563
C 1873336-1873836	crr		PTS system, glucose-specific IIA component	2564
C 1873896-1875623	ptsI		Phosphoenolpyruvate-protein phosphotransferase	2565
C 1875703-1875960	ptsH		Phosphocarrier protein HPr	2566
C 1876119-1877159	-		probable GTPase	2567
1877230-1877778	orn		oligoribonuclease	2568
C 1878178-1879245	wecA		undecaprenyl phosphate	2569
C 1879320-1881911	glnD		[protein-P _{II}] uridylyltransferase	2570
C 1882005-1882811	map		methionine aminopeptidase	2571
1882947-1883291	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2572
1883293-1883646	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2573
1883653-1885998	mrcB		penicillin-binding protein 1B	2574
1886123-1887043	purC		phosphoribosylaminoimidazole-succinocarboxamine synthase	2575

CDS	Gene Name	Unique to NTHi 86-0268	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
1887199-1888533	argG		argininosuccinate synthase	2576
C 1888604-1889797	-		Mn ²⁺ and Fe ²⁺ transporter of the NRAMP family	2577
C 1889841-1890578	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2578
C 1890565-1891494	-		predicted allophanate hydrolase subunit 2	2579
C 1891491-1892132	-		predicted allophanate hydrolase subunit 1	2580
C 1892394-1894373	rnb		exoribonuclease II	2581
C 1894471-1895358	fabI		enoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase [NADH]	2582
1895438-1897021	prfC		peptide chain release factor 3	2583
C 1897097-1897330	-		conserved hypothetical protein	2584
C 1897433-1897762	-		predicted branched chain amino acid permease	2585
C 1897759-1898493	-		predicted branched chain amino acid permease	2586
C 1898503-1899432	metR		HTH-type transcriptional regulator MetR	2587
C 1905763-1906908	lldD		L-lactate dehydrogenase	2588
C 1907120-1907929	murI		glutamate racemase	2589
C 1907959-1910040	recG		ATP-dependent DNA helicase	2590
C 1910037-1912151	spoT		guanosine-3',5'-bis 3'pyrophosphohydrolase	2591
C 1912224-1912490	rpoZ		DNA directed RNA polymerase omega chain	2592
C 1912553-1913179	gmk		guanylate kinase	2593

Table 7
Gene Products of the NTHi Genome

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
gapA	glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase	2594
-	putative long-chain-fatty-acid--CoA ligase	2595
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2596
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2597
fdhD	FdhD protein homolog	2598
fdxG	formate dehydrogenase major subunit	2599
fdxH	formate dehydrogenase, iron-sulfur subunit	2600
fdxI	formate dehydrogenase, cytochrome B556 subunit	2601
fdhE	FdhE homolog	2602
rimI	ribosomal-protein-alanine acetyltransferase	2603
holD	DNA polymerase III, psi subunit	2604
rsmC	ribosomal RNA small subunit methyltransferase C	2605
era	GTP-binding protein era homolog	2606
rnc	ribonuclease III	2607

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
lepB	Signal peptidase I	2608
lepA	GTP-binding protein LepA	2609
-	conserved hypothetical acid-induced glycyl radical enzyme	2610
ung	uracil-DNA glycosylase	2611
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2612
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2613
citG	CitXG	2614
citF	citrate lyase alpha chain	2615
citE	citrate lyase beta chain	2616
citD	citrate lyase acyl carrier protein	2617
citC	[citrate [pro-3S]-lyase] ligase	2618
lipA	Lipoic acid synthetase	2619
lipB	lipoate-protein ligase B	2620
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2621
dacA	penicillin-binding protein 5 precursor	2622
rlpA	RlpA-like protein	2623
mrdB	Rod shape-determining protein RodA	2624
mrdA	penicillin-binding protein 2	2625
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2626
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2627
-	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	2628
-	conserved hypothetical ABC transporter ATP- binding protein	2629
mreB	rod shape-determining protein MreB	2630
mreC	rod shape-determining protein MreC	2631
mreD	rod shape-determining protein MreD	2632
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2633
xthA	exodeoxyribonuclease III	2634
rluA2	conserved hypothetical pseudouridine synthase	2635
-	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	2636
-	conserved hypothetical FtsH-interacting integral membrane protein	2637
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2638
phnA	PhnA homolog	2639
eda	KHG/KDPG aldolase	2640
uxuC	uronate isomerase	2641
-	putative oxidoreductase	2642
-	putative TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, large permease component	2643
-	putative TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, small permease component	2644
-	putative TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, periplasmic component	2645
-	conserved hypothetical zinc-type alcohol dehydrogenase-like protein	2646
uxuR	Uxu operon regulator	2647
uxuA	mannonate dehydratase	2648
-	putative membrane protein TerC	2649
uvrC	UvrABC system protein C	2650
kdsB	3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid cytidyltransferase	2651
lpxK	tetraacyldisaccharide 4'-kinase	2652
msbA	lipid A export ATP-binding protein MsbA	2653
rec2	recombination protein 2	2654
dksA	DnaK suppressor protein	2655

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
pcnB	probable poly polymerase	2656
folK	2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-hydroxymethyl-dihydropteridine pyrophosphokinase	2657
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2658
amiB	probable N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanine amidase AmiB precursor	2659
mutL	DNA mismatch repair protein MutL	2660
miaA	tRNA delta-isopentenylpyrophosphate transferase	2661
glnE	glutamate-ammonia-ligase adenyltransferase	2662
recN	DNA repair protein RecN	2663
ppnK	probable inorganic polyphosphate/ATP-NAD kinase	2664
grpE	grpE	2665
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2666
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2667
nrdD	anaerobic ribonucleoside-triphosphate reductase	2668
tesB	Acyl-CoA thioesterase II	2669
cysS	cysteinyl-tRNA synthetase	2670
ppiB	peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase B	2671
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2672
-	putative deoxyribonuclease	2673
-	hypothetical protein	2674
-	hypothetical protein	2675
trxA	thioredoxin	2676
ddh	2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase homolog	2677
metB	cystathionine gamma-synthase	2678
-	predicted ATPase involved in chromosome partitioning	2679
dnaB2	replicative DNA helicase	2680
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2681
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2682
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2683
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2684
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2685
ssb2	Single-strand binding protein	2686
-	conserved putative lipoprotein	2687
-	1 conserved hypothetical protein	2688
topB2	DNA topoisomerase III	2689
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2690
-	hypothetical protein	2691
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2692
-	hypothetical protein	2693
radC2	putative DNA repair radC-like protein	2694
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2695
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2696
pilL	conserved putative lipoprotein	2697
-	conserved putative exported protein	2698
-	conserved putative exported protein	2699
-	conserved putative exported protein	2700
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2701
-	conserved putative membrane protein	2702
-	conserved putative membrane protein	2703
-	conserved putative membrane protein	2704
-	conserved putative membrane protein	2705
-	conserved putative exported protein	2706
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2707
-	conserved putative exported protein	2708

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	conserved putative lipoprotein	2709
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2710
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2711
-	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	2712
-	conserved putative membrane protein	2713
-	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	2714
tnpA	transposon Tn3 transposase	2715
-	hypothetical protein	2716
tnpR	transposon Tn3 resolvase	2717
-	hypothetical protein	2718
-	hypothetical exported protein	2719
-	conserved putative exported protein	2720
-	conserved putative exported protein	2721
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2722
-	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	2723
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2724
-	hypothetical protein	2725
-	hypothetical protein	2726
traC	conserved putative antirestriction protein	2727
-	possible type I restriction enzyme M subunit	2728
-	hypothetical protein	2729
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2730
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2731
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2732
-	resolvase/integrase-like protein	2733
-	hypothetical protein	2734
-	hypothetical protein	2735
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2736
-	hypothetical protein	2737
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2738
-	putative site-specific recombinase	2739
thrC	threonine synthase	2740
thrB	homoserine kinase	2741
thrA	aspartokinase/homoserine dehydrogenase	2742
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2743
grk	glycerate kinase	2744
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2745
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2746
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2747
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2748
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2749
hitA	iron-utilization periplasmic protein hFbpA	2750
hitB	iron(III)-transport system permease protein hFbpB	2751
hitC	iron-utilization ATP-binding protein hFbpC	2752
-	putative D-alanyl-D-alanine carboxypeptidase	2753
dapE	succinyl-diaminopimelate desuccinylase	2754
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2755
-	chaperone protein HtpG	2756
-	conserved hypothetical NIF3-like protein	2757
hsdM1	putative type I restriction-modification system, methyltransferase subunit	2758
-	predicted transcriptional regulator containing an HTH domain	2759
hsdS1	putative type I site-specific restriction-modification system, S subunit	2760

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
hsdR1	putative type I site-specific restriction-modification system, R subunit	2761
ffh	Signal recognition particle protein	2762
corB	putative Mg ²⁺ and Co ²⁺ transporter	2763
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2764
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2765
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2766
serS	Seryl-tRNA synthetase	2767
gst	glutathione S-transferase	2768
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2769
hemR	hemin receptor	2770
-	possible SAM-dependent methyltransferase	2771
mltA	membrane-bound lytic murein transglycosylase A precursor	2772
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2773
znuA	high-affinity zinc uptake system protein ZnuA	2774
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2775
mpl	UDP-N-acetylmuramate:L-alanyl-gamma-D-glutamyl-meso-diaminopimelate ligase	2776
metC	cystathionine beta-lyase	2777
tsaA	probable peroxiredoxin	2778
pgsA	CDP-diacylglycerol--glycerol-3-phosphate 3-phosphatidyltransferase	2779
ppa	inorganic pyrophosphatase	2780
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2781
udk	uridine kinase	2782
dcd	deoxycytidine triphosphate deaminase	2783
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2784
-	probable sugar efflux transporter	2785
engA	GTP-binding protein EngA	2786
dnaQ	DNA polymerase III, epsilon chain	2787
rnhA	ribonuclease HI	2788
ompP2	Outer membrane protein P2 precursor	2789
nagA	N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate deacetylase	2790
nagB	glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase	2791
nanA	N-acetylneuraminate lyase	2792
-	putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	2793
nanK	putative N-acetylmannosamine kinase	2794
nanE	putative N-acetylmannosamine-6-phosphate 2-epimerase	2795
-	putative sialic acid transporter, TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, periplasmic component	2796
siaT	putative sialic acid transporter, TRAP-type C4-dicarboxylate transport system, large permease component	2797
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2798
-	putative protein-S-isoprenylcysteine methyltransferase	2799
hflC	HflC	2800
hflK	HhflK	2801
-	putative 4'-phosphopantetheinyl transferase	2802
dcuB2	anaerobic C4-dicarboxylate transporter DcuB	2803
acpP	acyl carrier protein	2804
fabG	3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier protein] reductase	2805
fabD	malonyl CoA-acyl carrier protein transacylase	2806

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
fabH	3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] synthase III	2807
rpmF	50S ribosomal protein L32	2808
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2809
psd	phosphatidylserine decarboxylase proenzyme	2810
gor	glutathione reductase	2811
-	conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	2812
nqrA	Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit A	2813
nqrB	Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit B	2814
nqrC	Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit C	2815
nqrD	Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit D	2816
nqrE	Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit E	2817
nqrF	Na(+)-translocating NADH-quinone reductase subunit F	2818
apbE	thiamine biosynthesis lipoprotein ApbE	2819
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2820
trmU	probable tRNA (5-methylaminomethyl-2-thiouridylate)-methyltransferase	2821
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2822
rldD	ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase D	2823
-	conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	2824
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2825
pflA	pyruvate formate-lyase 1 activating enzyme	2826
pflB	formate acetyltransferase	2827
focA	probable formate transporter	2828
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2829
-	putative Na ⁺ /alanine symporter	2830
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2831
-	putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	2832
tatA	Sec-independent protein translocase protein TatA/E	2833
tatB	Sec-independent protein translocase protein TatB	2834
tatC	Sec-independent protein translocase protein TatC	2835
gdhA	NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase	2836
fur	Ferric uptake regulation protein	2837
fldA	flavodoxin	2838
seqA	seqA	2839
-	putative esterase/lipase	2840
menE	O-succinylbenzoate--CoA ligase	2841
-	putative small-conductance mechanosensitive channel	2842
aroC	chorismate synthase	2843
mepA	penicillin-insensitive murein endopeptidase	2844
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2845
msbB	lipid A biosynthesis (KDO)2-(lauroyl)-lipid IVA acyltransferase	2846
selD	selenide, water dikinase	2847
rplS	50S ribosomal protein L19	2848
trmD	tRNA (guanine-N(1))-methyltransferase	2849

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
rimM	16S rRNA processing protein RimM	2850
rspP	30S ribosomal protein S16	2851
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2852
nadN	NAD nucleotidase	2853
aroK	shikimate kinase	2854
aroB	3-dehydroquinate synthase	2855
dam	DNA adenine methylase	2856
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2857
pgpB	phosphatidylglycerophosphatase B	2858
ribA	GTP cyclohydrolase II	2859
-	putative ABC-type oligopeptide transport system, periplasmic component	2860
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2861
prlc	oligopeptidase A	2862
Hsdm2	putative type I restriction-modification system methyltransferase subunit	2863
Hsds2	putative type I restriction-modification system specificity protein	2864
prcC	putative anticodon nuclease	2865
-	conserved hypothetical DNA binding protein	2866
Hsdr2	putative type I restriction-modification system	2867
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2868
arcB	aerobic respiration control sensor protein ArcB	2869
-	predicted uracil-DNA glycosylase	2870
bira	BirA bifunctional protein	2871
guab	inosine-5'-monophosphate dehydrogenase	2872
guaa	glutamine-hydrolyzing GMP synthase	2873
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2874
-	putative transcriptional regulator	2875
nhaa	Na(+)/H(+) antiporter 1	2876
brnq	branched-chain amino acid transport system carrier protein	2877
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2878
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2879
pnp	polyribonucleotide nucleotidyltransferase	2880
nlpL	lipoprotein NlpI	2881
dead	Cold-shock DEAD-box protein A homolog	2882
-	predicted soluble lytic transglycosylase fused to an ABC-type amino acid-binding protein	2883
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2884
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2885
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2886
arsc	putative arsenate reductase	2887
perm	putative permease PerM homolog	2888
secf	protein-export membrane protein SecF	2889
secD	protein-export membrane protein SecD	2890
-	conserved hypothetical preprotein translocase subunit YajC	2891
-	predicted redox protein, regulator of disulfide bond formation	2892
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2893
tgt	queuine tRNA-ribosyltransferase	2894
quea	S-adenosylmethionine:tRNA ribosyltransferase-isomerase	2895
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2896
hap	adhesion and penetration protein Hap	2897

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
uvra	UvrABC system protein A	2898
ssb	Single-strand binding protein	2899
tonb	TonB	2900
exbd	transport protein ExbD	2901
exbb	transport protein ExbB	2902
bcp	bacterioferritin comigratory protein	2903
dapa	dihydrodipicolinate synthase	2904
-	conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	2905
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2906
lgtC	UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	2907
orfM	predicted xanthosine triphosphate pyrophosphatase	2908
kdkA	3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid kinase	2909
opsX	ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase I	2910
hxuC	heme/hemopexin-binding protein C	2911
hxuB	heme/hemopexin-binding protein B	2912
hxuA	heme/hemopexin-binding protein A	2913
folB	dihydroneopterin aldolase	2914
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2915
narQ	sensor protein NarQ	2916
murB	UDP-N-acetylenolpyruvoylglucosamine reductase	2917
rpoH	RNA polymerase sigma-32 factor	2918
djlA	DnaJ-like protein DjlA	2919
pyrE	orotate phosphoribosyltransferase	2920
rph	ribonuclease PH	2921
gltX	glutamyl-tRNA synthetase	2922
Lpt6	PE-tn-6--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase	2923
rbn	tRNA processing ribonuclease BN	2924
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2925
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2926
udp	uridine phosphorylase	2927
-	conserved hypothetical metabolite transport protein	2928
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2929
mend	menaquinone biosynthesis protein MenD	2930
menf	menaquinone-specific isochorismate synthase	2931
Aspc3	probable aspartate aminotransferase	2932
mtr	tryptophan-specific transport protein	2933
sdaa	L-serine dehydratase	2934
sdac	Serine transporter	2935
-	probable cation-transporting ATPase	2936
-	probable heavy metal dependent transcriptional regulator	2937
metJ	Met repressor	2938
rho	transcription termination factor rho	2939
pilD	putative type 4 prepilin-like protein specific leader peptidase	2940
pilC	putative type IV pilin secretion protein	2941
pilB	putative type IV pilin secretion protein	2942
pilA	Type IV pilin subunit protein	2943
ampD	ampD	2944
corC	magnesium and cobalt efflux protein CorC	2945
cutE	apolipoprotein N-acyltransferase	2946
-	conserved hypothetical RNA methyltransferase	2947

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2948
ruvX	putative holliday junction resolvase	2949
-	prophage CP4-57-like integrase	2950
-	hypothetical protein	2951
-	hypothetical protein	2952
-	hypothetical protein	2953
-	hypothetical protein	2954
-	hypothetical protein	2955
-	hypothetical protein	2956
proC	pyrroline-5-carboxylate reductase	2957
hcaT	probable 3-phenylpropionic acid transporter	2958
xerD	Site-specific recombinase XerD	2959
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2960
ruvB	holliday junction DNA helicase RuvB	2961
ruvA	holliday junction DNA helicase RuvA	2962
ruvC	holliday junction DNA helicase RuvC	2963
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2964
ntpA	dATP pyrophosphohydrolase	2965
aspS	Aspartyl-tRNA synthetase	2966
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2967
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2968
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2969
-	Predicted nucleic acid-binding domain, contains PIN domain	2970
gloA	Lactoylglutathione lyase	2971
Rnt	Ribonuclease T	2972
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2973
-	Predicted primosomal replication protein N	2974
Efp	Elongation factor P	2975
-	Predicted lysine 2,3-aminomutase	2976
oapA	Opacity associated protein OapA	2977
oapB	Opacity associated protein OapB	2978
recO	DNA repair protein RecO	2979
rumA	23S rRNA (uracil-5--)-methyltransferase RumA	2980
relA	GTP pyrophosphokinase	2981
dgkA	Diacylglycerol kinase	2982
Mog	Molybdopterin biosynthesis mog protein	2983
glnB	Nitrogen regulatory protein P-II	2984
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2985
priA	Primosomal protein N	2986
trmB	tRNA (guanine-N(7)-)-methyltransferase	2987
-	conserved hypothetical protein	2988
napF	Ferredoxin-type protein NapF	2989
napD	NapD	2990
napA	Periplasmic nitrate reductase	2991
napG	Ferredoxin-type protein NapG	2992
napH	Ferredoxin-type protein NapH	2993
napB	Diheme cytochrome C NapB	2994
napC	Cytochrome C-type protein NapC	2995
Adk	Adenylate kinase	2996
Lic3c	Putative integral membrane signal transducer protein	2997
galE	UDP-glucose 4-epimerase	2998
Lic3A	CMP-Neu5Ac--lipooligosaccharide alpha 2-3 sialyltransferase	2999
-	Putative ABC-type nitrate/sulfonate/bicarbonate transport system, ATPase component	3000

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	Putative ABC-type nitrate/sulfonate/bicarbonate transport system, permease component	3001
-	Putative ABC-type nitrate/sulfonate/bicarbonate transport system, periplasmic component	3002
-	Putative transcription activator	3003
hfeD	Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, permease component	3004
hfeC	Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, permease component	3005
hfeB	Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, ATPase component	3006
hfeA	Putative periplasmic chelated iron binding protein	3007
-	Hypothetical protein	3008
pbpG	Penicillin-binding protein 7 homolog precursors	3009
-	Predicted Fe-S-cluster redox enzyme	3010
-	Conserved hypothetical protein	3011
-	Conserved hypothetical transcriptional regulator with an N-terminal xre-type HTH domain	3012
gcpE	4-hydroxy-2-methyl-2-(E)-butenyl 4-diphosphate synthase	3013
hisS	Histidyl-tRNA synthetase	3014
-	Conserved hypothetical protein	3015
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3016
Fdx	Feerdoxin, 2Fe-S	3017
hscA	Chaperone protein HscA	3018
-	Conserved hypothetical protein	3019
hscB	Co-chaperone protein HscB	3020
-	Conserved hypothetical protein	3021
nifU	NifU-like protein	3022
nifS2	Cysteine sedulferase	3023
-	Predicted transcriptional regulator	3024
-	Hypothetical tRNA/tRNA methyltransferase	3025
Pal	Outer membrane protein P6 precursor	3026
tolB	TolB	3027
tolA	TolA	3028
tolR	TolR	3029
tolQ	TolQ	3030
-	Predicted thioesterase	3031
dinG	Probable ATP-dependent helicase	3032
-	Possible inactive homolog of metal-dependent proteases, putative molecular chaperone	3033
-	possible starvation-inducible outer membrane lipoprotein	3034
lcfA	Long chain fatty acid CoA ligase	3035
rnD	Ribonuclease D	3036
-	Conserved hypothetical acyltransferase	3037
-	Predicted GTPase, probable translation factor	3038
Pth	Peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase	3039
-	Conserved hypothetical protein	3040
-	Conserved hypothetical cupin superfamily metalloenzyme	3041
xseA	Exodeoxyribonuclease VII large subunit	3042
adpP	ADP-ribose pyrophosphatase	3043
Icc	Predicted phosphohydrolase	3044
-	Conserved hypothetical protein	3045
ompP1	Outer membrane protein P1 precursor	3046

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
Ogt	Methylated-DNA-protein-cysteine	3047
mutH	DNA mismatch repair protein MuthH	3048
mesJ	Putative cell cycle protein MesJ	3049
accA	Acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase carboxyl transferase subunit alpha	3050
znuB	High affinity zinc uptake system membrane protein ZnuB	3051
znuC	High-affinity zinc uptake system ATP binding protein AnuC	3052
-	Conserved hypothetical metalloprotease	3053
tyrR	Transcriptional regulatory protein TyrR	3054
hfq	host factor-I protein Hfq	3055
rluC	ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase C	3056
rne	ribonuclease E	3057
-	Conserved hypothetical protein	3058
thiM	hydroxyethylthiazole kinase	3059
thiD	phosphomethylpyrimidine kinase	3060
thiE	thiamine-phosphate pyrophosphorylase	3061
-	Conserved hypothetical metabolite transport	3062
-	hypothetical protein	3063
-	putative protease	3064
srnB	ATP-dependent RNA helicase SrmB	3065
-	predicted O-methyltransferase	3066
pssA	CDP-diacylglycerol -- serine O-phosphatidyltransferase	3067
fadR	fatty acid metabolism regulator protein	3068
nhaB	Na(+)/H(+) antiporter 2	3069
dsbB	disulfide bond formation protein B	3070
glmS	glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase	3071
hupA	DNA-binding protein HU	3072
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3073
nudC	NADH pyrophosphatase	3074
orfG	conserved hypothetical 21.9 KD protein in locus involved in transformation	3075
comF	competence protein F	3076
comE	competence protein E	3077
comD	competence protein D	3078
comC	competence protein C	3079
comB	competence protein B	3080
comA	competence protein A	3081
mrcA	penicillin-binding protein 1A	3082
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3083
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3084
recR	recombination protein RecR	3085
topB	DNA topoisomerase III	3086
secG	protein-export membrane protein SecG	3087
fruA	PTS system, fructose-specific IIBC component	3088
fruK	1-phosphofructokinase	3089
fruB	PTS system, fructose-specific IIA/FPr component	3090
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3091
vapD	virulence-associated protein D	3092
vapX	VapX	3093
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3094
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3095
-	putative deoxyribonuclease	3096
holB	DNA polymerase III, delta subunit	3097

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	hypothetical protein	3098
lav	autotransported protein Lav	3099
tmk	thymidylate kinase	3100
-	predicted periplasmic solute-binding protein	3101
surA	survival protein SurA homolog	3102
pyrR	PyrR bifunctional protein	3103
mazG	predicted pyrophosphatase MazG	3104
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3105
lon	ATP-dependent protease La	3106
-	predicted Fe-S oxidoreductase	3107
rpiA	ribose 5-phosphate isomerase A	3108
serA	D-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase	3109
-	predicted aminomethyltransferase related to GcvT	3110
-	conserved hypothetical stress-induced protein	3111
hisG	ATP phosphoribosyltransferase	3112
hisD	histidinol dehydrogenase	3113
hisC	histidinol-phosphate aminotransferase 1	3114
hisB	histidine biosynthesis bifunctional protein HisB	3115
hisH	imidazole glycerol phosphate synthase subunit HisH	3116
hisA	1-5-[methylideneamino] imidazole-4-carboxamine isomerase	3117
hisF	imidazole glycerol phosphate synthase subunit HisF	3118
hisI	histidine biosynthesis bifunctional protein hisIE	3119
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3120
tyrP	tyrosine-specific transport protein 1	3121
atpC	ATP synthase epsilon chain	3122
atpD	ATP synthase beta chain	3123
atpG	ATP synthase gamma chain	3124
atpA	ATP synthase alpha chain	3125
atpH	ATP synthase delta chain	3126
atpF	ATP synthase B chain	3127
atpE	ATP synthase C chain	3128
atpB	ATP synthase A chain	3129
-	predicted F ₀ F ₁ -type ATP synthase subunit I	3130
gidB	methyltransferase GidB	3131
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3132
-	predicted phosphatase/phosphohexomutase	3133
-	predicted membrane protein	3134
luxS	S-ribosylhomocysteinase	3135
aphA	Class B acid phosphatase	3136
hslV	ATP-dependent protease HslV	3137
hslU	HslU, ATP-dependent chaperone of the HslUV protease	3138
ptoD2	spermidine/putrescine-binding periplasmic protein 2 precursor	3139
ordL	probable oxidoreductase OrdL	3140
rmuC	DNA recombination protein RmuC	3141
rbsD	ribose transport permease protein	3142
rbsA	ribose transport ATP-binding protein	3143
rbsC	ribose transport permease protein	3144
rbsB	ribose-binding periplasmic protein	3145
rbsK	ribokinase	3146
rbsR	ribose operon repressor	3147
-	predicted membrane protein	3148
menG	S-adenosylmethionine:2-demethylmenaquinone methyltransferase	3149

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
menA	1,4-dihydroxy-2-naphthoate octaprenyltransferase	3150
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3151
tehA	tellurite resistance protein	3152
rpoC	DNA-directed RNA polymerase beta' chain	3153
rpoB	DNA-directed RNA polymerase beta chain	3154
rplA	50S ribosomal protein L1	3155
rplK	50S ribosomal protein L11	3156
deoD	purine nucleoside phosphorylase	3157
-	predicted nucleoside permease	3158
-	predicted pyruvate-formate lyase-activating enzyme	3159
-	conserved hypothetical glycyl radical protein	3160
-	predicted membrane protein	3161
waaQ	ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase III	3162
fba	fructose-biphosphate aldolase	3163
pgk	phosphoglycerate kinase	3164
-	probable rubonuclease I	3165
-	putative ferredoxin-like protein	3166
tyrQ	tyrosine-specific transport protein 2	3167
tdk	thymidine kinase	3168
gcp	probable O-sialoglycoprotein endopeptidase	3169
rpsU	30S ribosomal protein S21	3170
-	DNA primase	3171
rpoD	DNA polymerase sigma factor RpoD	3172
aspA	aspartate ammonia-lyase	3173
ureH	urease accessory protein UreH	3174
ureG	urease accessory protein UreG	3175
ureF	urease accessory protein UreF	3176
ureE	urease accessory protein UreE	3177
ureC	urease alpha subunit	3178
ureB	urease beta subunit	3179
ureA	urease gamma subunit	3180
groES	10 kDa chaperonin	3181
groEL	60 kDa chaperonin	3182
rplI	50S ribosomal protein L9	3183
rpsR	30S ribosomal protein S18	3184
priB	primosomal replication protein N	3185
rpsF	30S ribosomal protein S6	3186
infA	translation initiation factor IF-1	3187
ksgA	dimethyladenosine transferase	3188
lic2A	UDP-Gal--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	3189
apaH	bis-tetraphosphatase, symmetrical	3190
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3191
gnd	6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase decarboxylating	3192
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3193
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3194
devB	6-phosphogluconolactonase	3195
zwf	glucose-6-phosphate 1-dehydrogenase	3196
cysQ	cysQ	3197
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3198
-	predicted membrane protein	3199
hslR	heat shock protein 15 homolog	3200
asnC	regulatory protein AsnC	3201
asnA	aspartate --ammonia ligase	3202
-	conserved hypothetical transposase-like protein	3203
-	hypothetical protein	3204

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	hypothetical protein	3205
-	hypothetical protein	3206
gph	phosphoglycolate phosphatase	3207
rpe	ribulose-phosphate 3-epimerase	3208
gyrB	DNA gyrase subunit B	3209
-	predicted transcriptional accessory protein	3210
greB	transcription elongation factor GreB	3211
-	conserved hypothetical transcriptional regulator	3212
oxyR	hydrogen peroxide-inducible genes activator	3213
pdgC	peroxiredoxin, glutaredoxin	3214
slyX	slyX	3215
fkby	probably FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase	3216
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3217
-	uncharacterized conserved protein involved in intracellular sulfur reduction	3218
-	uncharacterized conserved protein involved in oxidation of intracellular sulfur	3219
-	uncharacterized conserved protein involved in oxidation of intracellular sulfur	3220
tufB	elongation factor Tu	3221
coaA	pantothenate kinase	3222
rseB	sigma-E factor regulatory protein RseB	3223
rseA	sigma-E factor negative regulator protein homolog	3224
rpoE	RNA polymerase sigma-E factor	3225
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3226
mscL	large-conductance mechanosensitive channel	3227
trkA	Trk system potassium uptake protein TrkA	3228
sun	SUN protein	3229
fnt	methionyl-tRNA formyltransferase	3230
def	peptide deformylase	3231
-	hypothetical protein	3232
-	hypothetical protein	3233
sxy	DNA transformation protein TfoX	3234
recA	RecA	3235
recX	regulatory protein RecX	3236
crcB	CrcB	3237
-	predicted hydrolase of the HAD superfamily	3238
argF	ornithine carbamoyltransferase, catabolic	3239
arcC	carbamate kinase	3240
-	predicted membrane protein	3241
hgpD	pseudogene for hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein D	3242
pepE	peptidase E	3243
-	predicted C4-dicarboxylate transporter	3244
abgA	aminobenzoyl-glutamate utilization protein A	3245
cpdB	2',3'-cyclic-nucleotide 2'-phosphodiesterase	3246
-	HTH-type transcriptional regulator	3247
-	zinc transported ZitB	3248
gidA	glucose inhibited division protein A	3249
rpsL	30S ribosomal protein S12	3250
rpsG	30S ribosomal protein S7	3251
fusA	elongation factor G	3252
tufB2	elongation factor Tu	3253
-	predicted chloride channel protein	3254
-	predicted chloride channel protein	3255

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ-ID NO:
dusA	tRNA-dihydrouridine synthase A	3256
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3257
trpS	tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase	3258
-	predicted protein involved in purine metabolism	3259
purB	adenylosuccinate lyase	3260
rplJ	50S ribosomal protein L10	3261
rplL	50S ribosomal protein L7/L12	3262
glmU	bifunctional GlmU protein	3263
-	hypothetical protein	3264
pldB	probable lysophospholipase L2	3265
asd	aspartate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	3266
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3267
-	predicted 2-methylthioadenine synthetase	3268
mdaB	putative NADPH-quinone reductase, modulator of drug activity B	3269
rep	ATP-dependent DNA helicase rep	3270
-	predicted periplasmic lipoprotein	3271
kdtB	phosphopantetheine adenylyltransferase	3272
kdtA	3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid transferase	3273
lgtF	UDP-glucose--lipooligosaccharide glucosyltransferase	3274
tag	DNA-3-methyladenine glycolase	3275
--	hypothetical protein	3276
aroE	shikimate 5-dehydrogenase	3277
	predicted translation factor SUA5	3278
-	Zn-finger domain associated with topoisomerase typr I	3279
-	probable ABC transporter, ATP binding protein	3280
-	putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	3281
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3282
hgpB	hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein B	3283
-	hypothetical ABC transporter, ATP-binding protein	3284
-	probable ABC transporter, ATP binding protein	3285
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3286
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3287
-	putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	3288
glpX	fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase class II GlpX	3289
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3290
mioC	MioC	3291
dtd	D-tyrosyl-tRNA (Tyr) deacylase	3292
ispF	3-C-methyl-D-erythritol 2,4-cyclodiphosphate synthase	3293
ispD	2-C-methyl-D-erythritol 4-phosphate cytidyltransferase	3294
ftsB	cell division protein FtsB	3295
gpt	xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase	3296
pepD	aminoacyl-histidine dipeptidase	3297
xerC	site-specific recombinase XerC	3298
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3299
tpiA	triosephosphate isomerase	3300
glpE	thiosulfate sulfurtransferase GlpE	3301
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3302
ilvY	HTH-type transcriptional activator IlvY	3303
ilvC	ketol-acid reductoisomerase	3304
glpC	anaerobic glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase subunit C	3305
glpB	anaerobic glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase subunit B	3306

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
glpA	anaerobic glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase subunit A	3307
glpT	glycerol-3-phosphate transporter	3308
glpQ	glycerophosphoryl diester phosphodiesterase precursor	3309
glpF	glycerol uptake facilitator protein	3310
glpK	glycerol kinase	3311
gpt2	xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase	3312
hel	outer membrane protein P4, NADP phosphatase	3313
rluE	ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase E	3314
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3315
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3316
slyD	FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase SlyD	3317
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3318
truD	tRNA pseudouridine synthase D	3319
surE	acid phosphatase surE	3320
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3321
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3322
lppB	outer membrane antigenic lipoprotein B	3323
tnaA	tryptophanase	3324
tnaB	tryptophan-specific transport protein	3325
mutS	DNA mismatch repair protein MutS	3326
selA	L-seryl-tRNA selenium transferase	3327
selB	selenocysteine-specific elongation factor	3328
-	hypothetical protein	3329
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3330
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3331
hgpC	pseudogene for hemoglobin-haptoglobin utilization protein C	3332
tig	trigger factor	3333
clpP	ATP-dependent clp protease proteolytic subunit	3334
clpX	ATP-dependent Clp protease ATP-binding subunit ClpX	3335
secE	preprotein translocase SecE	3336
nusG	transcription antitermination protein NusG	3337
vacJ	VacJ lipoprotein	3338
-	putative translation initiation inhibitor YjgF family	3339
htpX	probable protease HtpX	3340
sirA	SirA	3341
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3342
trkH	Trk system potassium uptake protein TrkH	3343
psiE	PsiE	3344
hemY	HemY	3345
hemX	putative uroporphyrin-III C-methyltransferase	3346
cya	adenylate cyclase	3347
gpsA	glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase	3348
cysE	serine acetyltransferase	3349
-	conserved hypothetical shikimate 5-dehydrogenase-like protein	3350
-	possible di- and tricarboxylate transporter	3351
fold	Fold bifunctional protein	3352
fucP	L-fucose permease	3353
fucA	L-fucose phosphate aldolase	3354
fucU	fucose operon protein FucU	3355
fucK	L-fuculokinase	3356
fucI	L-fucose isomerase	3357
fucR	L-fucose operon activator	3358

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
hepA	RNA polymerase associated protein homolog	3359
rluA	ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase A	3360
glpG	GlpG	3361
glpR	glycerol-3-phosphate regulon repressor	3362
metQ	probable D-methionine-binding lipoprotein MetQ	3363
metI	probable D-methionine transport system permease protein	3364
metN	probable D-methionine transport ATP-binding protein	3365
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3366
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3367
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3368
narP	nitrate/nitrite response regulator protein	3369
lysA	diaminopimelate decarboxylase	3370
-	hypothetical protein	3371
cyaY	CyaY	3372
recQ	ATP-dependent DNA helicase RecQ	3373
proS	prolyl-tRNA synthetase	3374
ostA	organic solvent tolerance protein	3375
sufI	SufI	3376
plsC	1-acyl-sn-glycerol-3-phosphate acyltransferase	3377
lpxH	UDP-2,3-diacylglucosamine hydrolase	3378
-	conserved hypothetical sodium dependent transporter	3379
ilvG	acetolactate synthase isozyme II large subunit	3380
ilvD	dihydroxy-acid dehydratase	3381
thdI	threonine dehydratase biosynthetic	3382
dnaE	DNA polymerase III alpha subunit	3383
pgmB	phosphoglucomutase	3384
secB	protein-export protein SecB	3385
-	predicted rhodanese-related sulfurtransferase	3386
dcuB	anaerobic C4-dicarboxylate transporter DcuB	3387
ndhA	NADH dehydrogenase	3388
plsB	glycerol-3-phosphate acyltransferase	3389
lexA	LexA repressor	3390
dapF	diaminopimelate epimerase	3391
tpx	probable thiol peroxidase	3392
purL	phosphoribosylformylglycinamide synthase	3393
lex2B	UDP-glucose--lipooligosaccharide glucosyltransferase	3394
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3395
-	predicted membrane-bound metalloproteinase	3396
gpmA	2,3-bisphosphoglycerate-dependent phosphoglycerate mutase	3397
rpL31	50S ribosomal protein L31	3398
mutY	A/G-specific adenine glycosylase	3399
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3400
mltC	membrane-bound lytic murein transglycosylase C precursor	3401
-	predicted diadenosine tetraphosphatase and related serine/threonine protein phosphatase	3402
nadR	bifunctional protein NadR	3403
ribB	3,4-dihydroxy-2-butanone 4-phosphate synthase	3404
lpsA	lipooligosaccharide glycosyl transferase	3405
-	conserved hypothetical tRNA/rRNA methyltransferase	3406
-	predicted N6-adenine-specific methylase	3407
FtsY	cell division protein FtsY	3408
ftsE	cell division ATP-binding protein FtsE	3409
ftsX	cell division protein ftsX	3410

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
atoB	acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase	3411
atoE	short chain fatty acids transporter	3412
atoA	acetate CoA-transferase beta subunit	3413
atoD	acetate CoA-transferase alpha subunit	3414
-	putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	3415
rpsJ	30S ribosomal protein S10	3416
rplC	50S ribosomal protein L3	3417
rplD	50S ribosomal protein L4	3418
rplW	50S ribosomal protein L23	3419
rplB	50 S ribosomal protein L2	3420
rpsS	30S ribosomal protein S19	3421
rplV	50S ribosomal protein L22	3422
rpsC	30S ribosomal protein S3	3423
rplP	50S ribosomal protein L16	3424
rpmC	50S ribosomal protein L29	3425
rpsQ	30S ribosomal protein S17	3426
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3427
rplN	50S ribosomal protein L14	3428
rplX	50S ribosomal protein L24	3429
rplE	50S ribosomal protein L5	3430
rpsN	30S ribosomal protein S14	3431
rpsH	30S ribosomal protein S8	3432
rplF	50S ribosomal protein L6	3433
rplR	50S ribosomal protein L18	3434
rpsE	30S ribosomal protein S5	3435
rpmD	50S ribosomal protein L30	3436
rplO	50S ribosomal protein L15	3437
secY	preprotein translocase SecY subunit	3438
rpsM	30S ribosomal protein S13	3439
rpsK	30S ribosomal protein S11	3440
rpsD	30S ribosomal protein S4	3441
rpoA	DNA-directed RNA polymerase alpha chain	3442
rplQ	50S ribosomal protein L17	3443
-	predicted cAMP-binding protein - catabolite gene activator and regulatory subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase	3444
-	predicted permease	3445
dxr	1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5'phosphate reductoisomerase	3446
frr	ribosome recycling factor	3447
pckA	phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase	3448
hslO	33 kDa chaperonin	3449
argH	argininosuccinate lyase	3450
galU	UTP-glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase	3451
csrA	carbon storage regulator homolog	3452
alaS	alanyl-tRNA synthetase	3453
uspA	universal stress protein A	3454
pepP	Xaa-Pro aminopeptidase	3455
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3456
galM	aldose 1-epimerase	3457
galK	galactokinase	3458
galT	galactose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase	3459
galR	HTH-type transcriptional regulator GalR	3460
mgIB	D-galactose-binding periplasmic protein precursors	3461
mgIA	galactoside transport ATP-binding protein MglA	3462
mgIC	galactoside transport system permease protein MglC	3463
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3464

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
ispZ	probable intracellular septation protein A	3465
-	putative acyl-CoA thioester hydrolase	3466
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3467
slt	putative soluble lytic murein transglycosylase	3468
trpR	Trp operon repressor	3469
mtgA	monofunctional biosynthetic peptidoglycan transglycolase	3470
frdD	fumarate reductase subunit D	3471
frdC	fumarate reductase subunit C	3472
frdB	fumarate reductase iron-sulfur protein	3473
frdA	fumarate reductase flavoprotein subunit	3474
genX	putative lysyl-tRNA synthetase	3475
cpxR	transcriptional regulatory protein CpxR	3476
smpA	small protein A	3477
ndpA	nucleosid-associated protein NdpA	3478
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3479
-	predicted hydrolase of alkaline phosphatase superfamily	3480
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3481
mobA	probable molybdopterin-guanine dinucleotide biosyntheses protein A	3482
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3483
dsbA	thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA	3484
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3485
trmA	tRNA (Uracil-5)-methyltransferase	3486
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3487
-	predicted positive regulator of Sigma E	3488
mobB	molybdopterin-guanine dinucleotide biosynthesis protein B	3489
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3490
hbpA	heme-binding protein A	3491
-	putative heme iron utilization protein	3492
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3493
polA	DNA polymerase I	3494
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3495
-	predicted 5-formyltetrahydrofolate cyclo-ligase	3496
clpB	ClpB	3497
-	probable tRNA/rRNA methyltransferase	3498
vacB	ribonuclease R	3499
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3500
pdxH	pyridoxamine 5'-phosphate oxidase	3501
typA	GTP-binding protein TypA/BipA	3502
lic3A2	CMP-neu5Ac--lipooligosaccharide alpha 2-3 sialyltransferase	3503
glnA	glutamine synthetase	3504
rmlB	dTDP-glucose 4,6-dehydratase	3505
pepB	peptidase B	3506
ndk	nucleoside diphosphate kinase	3507
-	conserved hypothetical GTP-binding protein	3508
-	conserved hypothetical transport protein	3509
rpmA	50S ribosomal protein L27	3510
rplU	50S ribosomal protein L21	3511
ispB	octaprenyl-diphosphate synthase	3512
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3513
-	predicted Na ⁺ /alanine symporter	3514
arcA	aerobic respiration control protein ArcA	3515

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
dsbD	thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbD	3516
-	predicted membrane protein	3517
purH	bifunctional purine biosynthesis protein PurH	3518
purD	phosphoribosylamine--glycine ligase	3519
glyA	serine hydroxymethyltransferase	3520
coaE	dephospho-CoA kinase	3521
-	conserved hypothetical zinc-binding protein	3522
rh1B	ATP-dependent RNA helicase Rh1B	3523
-	hypothetical transcriptional regulator	3524
-	predicted membrane-fusion protein	3525
-	predicted cation/multidrug efflux pump	3526
-	predicted cell division protein	3527
emrB	multidrug resistance protein	3528
emrA	multidrug resistance protein A	3529
folA	dihydrofolate reductase	3530
proB	glutamate 5-kinase	3531
nudH	probable nucleoside polyphosphate hydrolase	3532
-	predicted permease	3533
lgt	prolipoprotein diacylglycerol transferase	3534
thyA	thymidylate synthase	3535
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3536
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3537
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3538
secA	preprotein translocase SecA subunit	3539
mutT	mutator protein MutT	3540
kefB	glutathione-regulated potassium-efflux system protein	3541
-	conserved hypothetical SAM-dependent methtransferase	3542
rpsB	30S ribosomal protein S2	3543
tsf	elongation factor Ts	3544
lpxD	UDP-3-O-[3-hydroxymyristoyl] glucosamine N-acyltransferase	3545
omp26	outer membrane protein 26	3546
-	protective surface antigen D15	3547
-	predicted membrane bound zinc metalloprotease with PDZ domain	3548
cdsA	phosphatidate cytidyltransferase	3549
uppS	undecaprenyl pyrophosphate synthetase	3550
leuS	leucyl-tRNA synthetase	3551
-	conserved predicted lipoprotein	3552
holA	DNA polymerase III, delta subunit	3553
glyS	glycyl-tRNA synthetase beta chain	3554
-	hypothetical protein	3555
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3556
-	glutaredoxin-related protein	3557
glyQ	glycyl-tRNA synthetase alpha chain	3558
hktE	catalase	3559
-	predicted glutathionylspermidine synthase	3560
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3561
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3562
eno	enolase	3563
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3564
nrff	formate-dependent nitrite reductase complex nrffG subunit	3565
dsbE2	probable thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbE	3566
nrfE	cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein NrfE	3567

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
suhB	inositol-1-monophosphatase	3568
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3569
-	predicted Type II secretory pathway, PulJ-like protein	3570
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3571
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3572
-	exodeoxyribonuclease V gamma chain	3573
-	predicted transcriptional regulator	3574
ribD	riboflavin biosynthesis protein RibD	3575
degS	protease DegS	3576
mutM	formamidopyrimidine-DNA glycosylase	3577
ddc	L-2,4-diaminobutyrate decarboxylase	3578
-	predicted nucleic acid-binding protein, contains PIN domain	3579
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3580
dat	diaminobutyrate--2-oxoglutarate aminotransferase	3581
rpmG	50S ribosomal protein L33	3582
rpmB	50S ribosomal protein L28	3583
radC	DNA repair protein Radc homolog	3584
dfp	phosphopantothienoylcysteine synthetase/decarboxylase	3585
dut	deoxyuridine 5'triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase	3586
ttk	ttk	3587
-	hypothetical protein	3588
crp	catabolite gene activator	3589
-	hypothetical RNA methyltransferase	3590
nagZ	beta-hexosaminidase	3591
-	predicted periplasmic lipoprotein	3592
-	HIT-like protein	3593
ileS	isoleucyl-tRNA synthetase	3594
ribF	riboflavin biosynthesis protein RibF	3595
mviN	putative virulence factor MviN	3596
rpsT	30S ribosomal protein S20	3597
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3598
menB	naphthoate synthase	3599
menC	O-succinylbenzoate synthase	3600
aroQ	3-dehydroquinate dehydratase	3601
accB	biotin carboxyl carrier protein of acetyl-CoA carboxylase	3602
accC	biotin carboxylase	3603
-	conserved hypothetical membrane protein	3604
panF	sodium/pantothenase symporter	3605
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3606
prmA	ribosomal protein L11 methyltransferase	3607
dusB	tRNA-dihydrouridine synthase B	3608
fis	DNA-binding protein fis	3609
smpB	SsrA-binding protein	3610
pfkA	6-phosphofructokinase	3611
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3612
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3613
smf	smf	3614
leuA	2-isopropylmalate synthase	3615
leuB	3-isopropylmalate dehydrogenase	3616
leuC	3-isopropylmalate dehydratase large subunit	3617
leuD	3-isopropylmalate dehydratase small subunit	3618
igaI	IgA-specific serine endopeptidase	3619
recF	DNA replication and repair protein RecF	3620

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
dnaN	DNA polymerase III, beta chain	3621
dnaA	chromosomal replication initiator protein DnaA	3622
tbp1	transferrin-binding protein 1	3623
tbp2	transferrin-binding protein 2	3624
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3625
rpmH	50S ribosomal protein L34	3626
rnpA	ribonuclease P protein component	3627
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3628
yidC	proprotein translocase subunit YidC	3629
trmE	probable tRNA modification GTPase TrmE	3630
ppiD	peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase D	3631
-	predicted PR--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase	3632
lspA	lipoprotein signal peptidase	3633
ispH	4-hydroxy-3-methylbut-2-enyl diphosphate reductase	3634
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3635
tbpA	thiamine-binding periplasmic protein	3636
thiP	thiamine transport system permease protein	3637
thiQ	thiamine transport ATP-binding protein	3638
bioB	biotin synthase	3639
tktA	transketolase	3640
serB	phosphoserine phosphatase	3641
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3642
corA	magnesium and cobalt transport protein CorA	3643
-	predicted integral membrane protein	3644
-	predicted glutamine amidotransferase	3645
-	hypothetical protein	3646
-	predicted ATPase	3647
-	hypothetical protein	3648
-	predicted ferredoxin	3649
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3650
dmsC	anaerobic dimethyl sulfoxide reductase chain C	3651
dmsB	anaerobic dimethyl sulfoxide reductase chain B	3652
dmsA	anaerobic dimethyl sulfoxide reductase chain A	3653
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3654
-	putative mercuric transport MerT homolog	3655
-	predicted copper chaperone MerP homolog	3656
-	conserved hypothetical ABC transporter	3657
-	conserved hypothetical transcriptional regulator	3658
-	conserved putative gamma-carboxymuconolactone decarboxylase subunit	3659
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3660
res	putative type III restriction-modification system HindVIP enzyme res	3661
rnhB	ribonuclease HII	3662
lpxB	lipid-A-disaccharide synthase	3663
lpxA	acyl[acyl-carrier-protein]--UDP-N-acetylglucosamine O-Acyltransferase	3664
fabZ	(3R)-hydroxymyristoyl-[acyl carrier protein] dehydratase	3665
-	predicted PR--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase	3666
pyrH	uridylate kinase	3667
nrfD	NrfD, formate-dependent nitrite reductase, membrane component	3668

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
nrfC	NrfC, Fe-S-cluster-containing hydrogenase component 1	3669
nrfB	NrfB, cytochrome C-type protein	3670
nrfA	cytochrome c552	3671
hrpA	ATP-dependent helicase HrpA homolog	3672
-	conserved putative small membrane protein	3673
-	conserved putative membrane protein	3674
cyoB	probable cytochrome oxidase subunit II	3675
cyoA	probable cytochrome oxidase subunit I	3676
pyrG	CTP synthase	3677
pnuC	nucleoside riboside transporter	3678
-	probable amino-acid ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	3679
-	probable amino-acid ABC transporter permease protein	3680
-	probable amino-acid ABC transporter binding protein	3681
murA	UDP-N-acetylglucosamine 6-carboxyvinyltransferase	3682
-	predicted transcriptional regulator, BolA superfamily	3683
-	predicted NTP binding protein, contains STAS domain	3684
-	conserved ABC-type transport system protein	3685
-	conserved ABC-type transport system protein, periplasmic component	3686
-	conserved ABC-type transport system protein, permease component	3687
-	conserved ABC-type transport system protein, ATPase component	3688
sodA	superoxide dismutase [Mn]	3689
ccmA	heme exporter protein A	3690
ccmB	heme exporter protein B	3691
ccmC	heme exporter protein C	3692
ccmD	heme exporter protein D	3693
ccmE	cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein CcmE	3694
ccmF	cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein CcmF	3695
dsbE	thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbE	3696
-	hypothetical protein	3697
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3698
ligN	DNA ligase	3699
zipA	cell division protein ZipA	3700
cysZ	CysZ	3701
cysK	cysteine synthase	3702
rfaF	ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase II	3703
xylR	xylose operon regulatory protein	3704
-	conserved hypothetical Na(+)/H(+) antiporter	3705
aspC2	putative aspartate aminotransferase	3706
xylA	xylose isomerase	3707
xylB	xylulose kinase	3708
rfaD	ADP-L-glycero-D-manno-heptose-6-epimerase	3709
-	thioredoxin-like protein	3710
deoC	deoxyribose-phosphate aldolase	3711
comM	competence protein ComM	3712
engB	Probable GTP-binding protein EngB	3713
-	D-xylose transport permease protein	3714
oppF	oligopeptide transport ATP-binding protein	3715
oppD	oligopeptide transport ATP-binding protein	3716
oppC	oligopeptide transport system permease protein	3717

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
oppB	oligopeptide transport system permease protein	3718
oppA	periplasmic oligopeptide-binding protein	3719
talB	Transaldolase	3720
-	carbon starvation protein, predicted membrane protein	3721
mraZ	MraZ	3722
mraW	predicted S-adenosylmethionine-dependent methyltransferase involved in cell envelope biogenesis	3723
ftsL	cell division protein FtsL	3724
ftsI	peptidoglycan synthetase FtsI	3725
murE	UDP-N-acetylmuramoylalanyl-D-glutamate--2,6-diaminopimelate ligase	3726
murF	UDP-N-acetylmuramoyl-tripeptide--D-alanyl-D-alanine ligase	3727
mraY	phospho-N-acetylmuramoyl-pentapeptide-transferase	3728
murD	UDP-N-acetylmuramoylaalanine--D-glutamate ligase	3729
ftsW	cell division protein FtsW	3730
murG	UDP-N-acetylglucosamine--N-acetylmuramylpyrophosphoryl-undecaprenol N-acetylglucosamine transferase	3731
murC	UDP-N-acetylmuramate--L-alanine ligase	3732
ddlB	D-alanine--D-alanine ligase	3733
ftsQ	cell division protein FtsQ	3734
ftsA	cell division protein FtsA	3735
ftsZ	cell division protein FtsZ	3736
lpxC	UDP-3-O-[3-hydroxymyristoyl] N-acetylglucosamine deacetylase	3737
pheA	P-protein	3738
-	predicted P-loop-containing kinase	3739
ptsN	nitrogen regulatory IIA protein	3740
-	probable ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	3741
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3742
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3743
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3744
pmbA	pmbA	3745
hpt	hypoxanthine phosphoribosyltransferase	3746
-	predicted Na ⁺ /dicarboxylate symporter	3747
nrdG	anaerobic ribonucleoside-triphosphate reductase activating protein	3748
cydC	transport ATP-binding protein CydC	3749
cydD	transport ATP binding protein CydD	3750
trxB	thioredoxin reductase	3751
-	thioredoxin domain-containing protein	3752
hemH	ferrochelatase	3753
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3754
-	conserved FAD/FMN-containing dehydrogenase	3755
ompP5	outer membrane protein P5	3756
-	conserved glutaredoxin-related protein	3757
-	histidinol-phosphate aminotransferase 2	3758
serC	phosphoserine aminotransferase	3759
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3760
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3761
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3762
trpG2	putative anthranilate synthase component II	3763
metK	S-adenosylmethionine synthetase	3764
sprT	SprT	3765
opa	opacity protein	3766

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3767
artM	arginine transport system permease protein	3768
artQ	arginine transport system permease protein	3769
artI	arginine-binding periplasmic protein	3770
artP	arginine transport ATP-binding protein	3771
gmhA	phosphoheptose isomerase	3772
ligA	DNA ligase	3773
dppF	dipeptide transport ATP binding protein	3774
dppD	dipeptide transport ATP binding protein	3775
dppC	dipeptide transport system permease protein	3776
dppB	dipeptide transport system permease protein	3777
uvrD	DNA helicase II	3778
-	predicted organic radical activating enzyme	3779
-	predicted 6-pyruval-tetrahydropterin synthase	3780
-	predicted PP-loop superfamily ATPase	3781
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3782
ilvE	branched chain amino acid amino transferase	3783
gcvA	glycine cleavage system transcriptional activator	3784
-	predicted SAM-dependent methyltransferase	3785
sucC	succinyl-CoA synthetase beta chain	3786
sucD	succinyl-CoA synthetase alpha chain	3787
-	putative translation factor, Sua5	3788
rluB	ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase B	3789
cysB	HTH-type transcriptional regulator CysB	3790
-	conserved hypothetical adenine-specific methylase	3791
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3792
pta	phosphate acetyltransferase	3793
ackA	acetate kinase	3794
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3795
cvpA	colicin C production protein	3796
-	amidophosphoribosyltransferase	3797
sulA	cell division inhibitor Sula	3798
argR	arginine repressor	3799
mdh	malate dehydrogenase	3800
lysS	lysyl-tRNA synthetase	3801
prfB	peptide chain release factor 2	3802
dsbC	thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbC	3803
recJ	single stranded DNA specific exonuclease RecJ	3804
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3805
mtnA	MTA/SAH nucleosidase	3806
hup	heme utilization protein	3807
-	putative L-Lactate permease	3808
fbp	fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase	3809
truA	tRNA pseudouridine synthase A	3810
sapZ	Predicted membrane protein	3811
sapF	ABC-type transport system, ATPase component involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	3812
sapD	ABC-type transport system, ATP binding component, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	3813
sapC	ABC-type transport system, permease protein, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	3814
sapB	ABC-type transport system, permease protein, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	3815
sapA	ABC-type transport system, periplasmic component, involved in antimicrobial peptide resistance	3816
-	Predicted ATPase	3817

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
Ppc	Phosphoenolpyruvate carboxylase	3818
purR	HTH-type transcriptional repressor PurR	3819
dapD	2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridine-2,6-dicarboxylate N-succinyltransferase	3820
PurA	adenylosuccinate synthetase	3821
-	predicted aspartokinase	3822
rplY	50S ribosomal protein L25	3823
-	uncharacterized membrane-associate protein	3824
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3825
-	putative translation initiation inhibitor, YjgF family	3826
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3827
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3828
-	HTH-type transcriptional regulator	3829
-	putative ABC-type Co ²⁺ transport system, periplasmic component	3830
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3831
cbiM	predicted ABC-type cobalt transport system, permease component	3832
-	predicted cobalt transport protein	3833
cbiO	predicted ABC-type cobalt transport system, ATPase component	3834
aspC	aspartate aminotransferase	3835
purK	phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase ATPase subunit	3836
purE	phosphoribosylaminoimidazole carboxylase catalytic subunit	3837
hicA	HicA	3838
hicB	HicB	3839
pepN	aminopeptidase N	3840
ribE	riboflavin synthase alpha chain	3841
norM	probable multidrug resistance protein NorM	3842
sfsA	sugar fermentation stimulation protein	3843
tyrS	tyrosyl-tRNA synthase	3844
prsA	ribose phosphate pyrophosphokinase	3845
ispE	4-diphosphocytidyl-2-C-methyl-D-erythritol kinase	3846
lolB	outer-membrane lipoprotein LolB	3847
cca	tRNA nucleotidyltransferase	3848
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3849
-	putative phosphate permease	3850
-	conserved hypothetical phosphate transport regulator	3851
-	predicted membrane protein	3852
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3853
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3854
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3855
-	hypothetical protein	3856
-	hypothetical protein	3857
-	hypothetical protein	3858
hmw2C	HMW2C, putative glycosyltransferase involved in glycosylation of HMW1A and HMW2A	3859
hmw2B	HMW2B, OMP-85-like protein required for HMW1A and HMW2A secretion	3860
-hmw2A	HMW2A, high molecular weight adhesin 2	3861
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3862
radA	DNA repair protein RadA homolog	3863
lrp	leucine-responsive regulatory protein	3864
ftsK	DNA translocase FtsK	3865

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
lolA	outer-membrane lipoproteins carrier protein precursor	3866
-	predicted ATPase related to the helicase subunit of the holliday junction resolvase	3867
-	hypothetical protein	3868
-	modification methylase BepI-like	3869
aroA	3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxyvinyltransferase	3870
purU	formyltetrahydrofolate deformylase	3871
hns	DNA-binding protein H-NS homolog	3872
-	predicted Na ⁺ /H ⁺ antiporter	3873
-	hypothetical protein	3874
ilvI	acetolactate synthase large subunit	3875
ilvH	acetolactate synthase small subunit	3876
argS	arginyl-tRNA synthetase	3877
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3878
-	hypothetical lipoprotein	3879
pcp	outer-membrane lipoprotein PCP precursor	3880
lgtD	UDP-0glcNAc—lipooligosaccharide N-acetylglucosamine glycosyltransferase	3881
pgi	glucose-6-phosphate isomerase	3882
alr	alanine racemase	3883
dnaB	replicative DNA helicase	3884
pykA	pyruvate kinase	3885
-	prophage CP4-57-like integrase	3886
-	hypothetical protein	3887
-	hypothetical protein	3888
-	hypothetical protein	3889
-	hypothetical protein	3890
-	hypothetical protein	3891
-	modification methylase Bsp6I-like	3892
rdgC	recombination associated protein	3893
-	hypothetical protein	3894
ssb3	single strand binding protein	3895
-	hypothetical protein	3896
-	predicted recombinational DNA repair protein, RecE pathway	3897
-	hypothetical protein	3898
-	hypothetical protein	3899
-	modification methylase DpnIIB-like	3900
-	hypothetical protein	3901
-	hypothetical protein	3902
-	hypothetical protein	3903
-	hypothetical protein	3904
-	hypothetical protein	3905
-	hypothetical protein	3906
-	hypothetical protein	3907
-	hypothetical protein	3908
-	hypothetical protein	3909
-	hypothetical protein	3910
-	hypothetical protein	3911
-	hypothetical protein	3912
-	hypothetical protein	3913
-	hypothetical protein	3914
-	hypothetical protein	3915
-	hypothetical protein	3916
-	hypothetical protein	3917
-	hypothetical protein	3918

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	hypothetical protein	3919
-	hypothetical protein	3920
-	hypothetical protein	3921
-	hypothetical protein	3922
-	hypothetical protein	3923
-	predicted DNA modification methylase	3924
-	hypothetical protein	3925
-	hypothetical protein	3926
-	predicted phage terminase large subunit	3927
-	hypothetical protein	3928
-	uncharacterized protein, homolog of phage Mu protein gp30	3929
-	hypothetical protein	3930
-	hypothetical protein	3931
-	hypothetical protein	3932
-	hypothetical protein	3933
-	hypothetical protein	3934
-	hypothetical protein	3935
-	hypothetical protein	3936
-	hypothetical protein	3937
-	hypothetical protein	3938
-	hypothetical protein	3939
-	hypothetical protein	3940
-	hypothetical protein	3941
-	predicted phage-related minor tail protein	3942
-	hypothetical protein	3943
-	hypothetical protein	3944
-	hypothetical protein	3945
-	hypothetical protein	3946
-	hypothetical protein	3947
-	hypothetical protein	3948
-	hypothetical protein	3949
-	hypothetical protein	3950
-	probable tail fiber protein	3951
-	hypothetical protein	3952
-	hypothetical protein	3953
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3954
-	hypothetical protein	3955
-	hypothetical protein	3956
-	mu-like prophage protein gp29	3957
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3958
-	hypothetical protein	3959
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3960
-	hypothetical protein	3961
-	hypothetical protein	3962
-	hypothetical protein	3963
-	hypothetical protein	3964
-	hypothetical protein	3965
-	hypothetical protein	3966
-	hypothetical protein	3967
prfA	peptide chain release factor 1	3968
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3969
hemK	HemK	3970
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3971
kdsA	2-dehydro-3-deoxyphosphooctonate aldolase	3972
-	putative 2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase	3973

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
lolC	lipoprotein releasing system transmembrane protein	3974
bioA	adenosylmethionine-8-amino-7-oxononanoate aminotransferase	3975
bioF	8-amino-7-oxononanoate synthase	3976
-	conserved hypothetical protein	3977
bioC	putative biotin synthesis protein BioC	3978
bioD-B	probable dethiobiotin synthetase 2	3979
lolD	lipoprotein releasing system ATP-binding protein LolD	3980
lolE	ABC-type transport system, involved in lipoprotein release, permease component	3981
aroG	phospho-2-dehydro-3-deoxyheptonate aldolase	3982
impA	impA	3983
-	predicted Na ⁺ /serine symporter	3984
-	putative NAD(P)H oxidoreductase	3985
-	predicted component of anaerobic dehydrogenases	3986
-	predicted nitroreductase	3987
sppA	protease IV	3988
licD	phosphorylcholine transferase	3989
licC	LicC	3990
licB	LicB	3991
licA	LicA	3992
-	predicted glycine/D-amino acid oxidases, deaminating	3993
fabB	3-oxacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] synthase I	3994
rrxA	glutaredoxin	3995
rimK	probable ribosomal protein S6 modification protein	3996
gltS	sodium/glutamate symport carrier protein	3997
parC	topoisomerase IV subunit A	3998
parE	topoisomerase IV subunit B	3999
htrB	lipid A biosynthesis lauroyl acyltransferase	4000
rfaE	ADP-heptose synthase	4001
-	hypothetical protein	4002
uupA2	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	4003
uupB	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	4004
-	putative carbonic anhydrase	4005
asnS	asparaginyl-tRNA synthetase	4006
ribH	6,7-dimethyl-8-ribityllumazine synthase	4007
nusB	N utilization substance protein B	4008
thiL	thiamine-monophosphate kinase	4009
pgpA	phosphatidylglycerophosphatase A	4010
-	predicted threonine efflux protein	4011
dapB	dihydrodipicolinate reductase	4012
-	conserved hypothetical ferredoxin-like protein	4013
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4014
pheS	phenylalanyl-tRNA synthetase alpha chain	4015
pheT	phenylalanyl-tRNA synthetase beta chain	4016
himA	integration host factor alpha-subunit	4017
-	conserved hypothetical lipoprotein	4018
-	hypothetical protein	4019
-	putative 5'(3')-deoxyribonucleotidase	4020
-	NAD-dependent deacetylase	4021
-	hypothetical protein	4022
ftsK2	DNA translocase ftsK	4023
-	NAD-dependent deacetylase sirtuin 5	4024
-	hypothetical protein	4025

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	hypothetical protein	4026
-	hypothetical protein	4027
-	predicted serine/threonine protein phosphatase family protein	4028
-	predicted arylsulfatase A-like enzyme	4029
-	predicted enzyme related to aldose 1-epimerase	4030
infC	translation initiation factor IF-3	4031
rpmI	50S ribosomal protein L35	4032
rplT	50S ribosomal protein L20	4033
recB	exodeoxyribonuclease V beta chain	4034
recD	exodeoxyribonuclease V alpha chain	4035
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4036
lonB	putative protease Lahomolog, predicted ATP-dependent protease	4037
fabA	3-hydroxydecanoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] dehydratase	4038
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4039
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4040
rpsO	30S ribosomal protein S15	4041
-	conserved hypothetical transposase-like protein	4042
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4043
dacB	penicillin-binding protein 4 precursor	4044
greA	transcription elongation factor GreA	4045
-	predicted RNA-binding protein containing KH domain, possible ribosomal protein	4046
ftsJ	ribosomal RNA large subunit methyltransferase J	4047
FTSh	cell division protein FtsH homolog 1	4048
folP	dihydropteroate synthase	4049
mrsA	predicted phosphomannomutase	4050
sixA	phosphohistidine phosphatase SixA homolog	4051
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4052
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4053
-	hypothetical protein	4054
-	hypothetical protein	4055
-	possible RNA polymerase sigma factor 24	4056
-	hypothetical protein	4057
-	hypothetical protein	4058
msaB	peptide methionine sulfoxide reductase MsrA/MsrB	4059
-	conserved hypothetical cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein	4060
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4061
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4062
moeB	molybdopterin biosynthesis protein MoeB	4063
moeA	molybdopterin biosynthesis protein MoeA	4064
folE	GTP cyclohydrolase I	4065
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4066
bioD-A	probable dethiobiotin synthetase 1	4067
metF	5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase	4068
rplM	50S ribosomal protein L13	4069
rpsI	30S ribosomal protein S9	4070
sspA	stringent starvation protein A	4071
sspB	stringent starvation protein B	4072
dxs	1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase	4073
ispA	geranyltranstransferase	4074
xseB	exodeoxyribonuclease VII small subunit	4075
thiI	predicted thiamine biosynthesis ATP pyrophosphatase	4076
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4077

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
truC	tRNA pseudouridine synthase C	4078
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4079
cspD	cold shock-like protein CspD	4080
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4081
usg	predicted aspartate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	4082
trpA	tryptophan synthase alpha chain	4083
trpB	tryptophan synthase beta chain	4084
-	conserved hypothetical oxidoreductase	4085
purM	phosphoribosylformylglycinamide cyclo-ligase	4086
purN	phosphoribosylglycinamide formyltransferase	4087
-	predicted ABC-type transport system protein, periplasmic component	4088
uspE	universal stress protein E	4089
fnr	fumarate and nitrate reduction regulatory protein	4090
-	putative integrase/recombinase	4091
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4092
-	predicted phage anti-repressor protein	4093
-	hypothetical protein	4094
-	hypothetical protein	4095
-	hypothetical protein	4096
-	hypothetical protein	4097
-	hypothetical protein	4098
-	hypothetical protein	4099
-	predicted transcriptional regulator	4100
-	hypothetical protein	4101
-	hypothetical protein	4102
-	hypothetical protein	4103
-	hypothetical protein	4104
-	hypothetical protein	4105
-	hypothetical protein	4106
ninB	putative recombination protein NinB	4107
ninG	putative recombination protein NinG homolog	4108
-	hypothetical protein	4109
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4110
-	hypothetical protein	4111
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4112
-	hypothetical protein	4113
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4114
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4115
-	hypothetical protein	4116
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4117
-	hypothetical protein	4118
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4119
-	predicted phage terminase large subunit	4120
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4121
-	uncharacterized protein, homolog of phage Mu protein gp30	4122
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4123
pyrD	dihydroorotate dehydrogenase	4124
trpH	TrpH	4125
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4126
fumC	fumarate hydratase class II	4127
-	putative glycosyl transferase, glycosyl transferase family 8 protein	4128
holC	DNA polymerase III, chi subunit	4129
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4130

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4131
-	hypothetical protein	4132
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4133
-	hypothetical protein	4134
valS	valyl-tRNA synthetase	4135
-	hypothetical protein	4136
trpC	tryptophan biosynthesis protein trpCF	4137
trpD	anthranilate phosphoribosyltransferase	4138
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4139
trpG	anthranilate synthase component II	4140
trpE	anthranilate synthase component I	4141
-	pseudogene for conserved hypothetical glycosyltransferase	4142
ftnB	ferritin-like protein 2	4143
ftnA	ferritin-like protein 1	4144
pstS	phosphate-binding periplasmic protein precursor PstS	4145
pstC	phosphate transport system permease protein PstC	4146
pstA	phosphate transport system permease protein PstA	4147
pstB	phosphate import ATP-binding protein PstB	4148
phoB	phosphate regulon transcriptional regulatory protein PhoB	4149
phoR	phosphate regulon sensor protein PhoR	4150
sbcB	exodeoxyribonuclease I	4151
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4152
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4153
-	cell division protein MukB	4154
-	cell division protein MukE	4155
haeIIR	type II restriction enzyme HaeII	4156
haeIIM	modification methylase HaeII	4157
mukF	MukF homolog	4158
-	predicted ATPase of the PP-loop superfamily implicated in cell cycle control	4159
-	predicted dissimilatory sulfite reductase, desulfoviridin, gamma subunit	4160
mop	probable molybdenum-pterin binding protein	4161
pqqL	probable zinc protease	4162
thrS	threonyl-tRNA synthetase	4163
acpD	probable acyl carrier protein phosphodiesterase	4164
topA	DNA topoisomerase I	4165
-	putative HTH-type transcriptional regulator	4166
pntB	NAD(P) transhydrogenase subunit beta	4167
pntA	NAD(P) transhydrogenase subunit alpha	4168
glgP	glycogen phosphorylase	4169
glgA	glycogen synthase	4170
glgC	glucose-1-phosphate adenylyltransferase	4171
glgX	glycogen operon protein GlgX	4172
glgB	1,4-alpha-glucan branching enzyme	4173
malQ	4-alpha-glucanotransferase	4174
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4175
glnS	glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase	4176
cafA	ribonuclease G	4177
putP	sodium/proline symporter	4178
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4179
cdd	cytidine deaminase	4180
-	conserved hypothetical DNA-binding ferritin-like protein	4181

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
pepT	peptidase T	4182
potA	spermidine/putrescine transport ATP-binding protein	4183
potB	spermidine/putrescine transport permease protein	4184
potC	spermidine/putrescine transport system permease protein	4185
potD1	spermidine/putrescine-binding periplasmic protein 1 precursor	4186
uupA	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	4187
-	deoxyguanosinetriphosphate triphosphohydrolase-like protein	4188
-	putative effector of murein hydrolase	4189
-	putative effector of murein hydrolase	4190
-	predicted micrococcal nuclease-like protein	4191
nifS	predicted selenocysteine lyase	4192
-	predicted SufE protein probably involved in Fe-S center assembly	4193
-	Zn-ribbon-containing, possible nucleic-acid binding protein	4194
-	predicted enzyme related to GTP cyclohydrolase I	4195
tyrA	T-protein	4196
truB	tRNA pseudouridine synthase B	4197
rbfA	ribosome-binding factor A	4198
hsdM3	putative type I restriction enzyme HindVIIP M protein	4199
hsdS3	putative type I restriction enzyme HindVIIP specificity protein	4200
-	hypothetical protein	4201
hsdR3	putative type I restriction enzyme HindVIIP R protein	4202
infB	translation initiation factor IF-2	4203
nusA	transcriptional elongation protein NusA	4204
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4205
-	hypothetical protein	4206
-	hypothetical protein	4207
-	hypothetical protein	4208
-	hypothetical protein	4209
-	hypothetical protein	4210
-	hypothetical protein	4211
-	hypothetical protein	4212
-	probable tail fiber protein	4213
-	predicted bacteriophage P2-related tail formation protein gpI	4214
-	predicted phage-related baseplate assembly protein	4215
-	predicted baseplate assembly protein W	4216
-	predicted phage P2-like baseplate assembly protein	4217
-	hypothetical protein	4218
-	hypothetical protein	4219
-	hypothetical protein	4220
-	hypothetical protein	4221
-	predicted phage-related tail protein	4222
-	hypothetical protein	4223
-	hypothetical protein	4224
-	hypothetical protein	4225
-	hypothetical protein	4226
-	probable bacteriophage tail completion protein gpS homolog	4227
-	probable bacteriophage tail completion protein gpR homolog	4228

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	hypothetical protein	4229
-	hypothetical protein	4230
-	DnaK suppressor protein, bacteriophage PSP3 gp34 homolog	4231
-	hypothetical protein	4232
-	predicted phage-related lysozyme	4233
-	hypothetical protein	4234
-	hypothetical protein	4235
-	hypothetical protein	4236
-	predicted terminase, endonuclease subunit	4237
-	predicted major capsid protein	4238
-	predicted capsid scaffolding protein	4239
-	terminase, ATPase subunit	4240
-	predicted portal vertex protein	4241
siaB	acylneuraminate cytidyltransferase	4242
-	putative NAD(P)H nitroreductase	4243
mrp	Mrp	4244
metG	methionyl-tRNA synthetase	4245
tehB	tellurite resistance protein	4246
gloB	probable hydroxyacylglutathione hydrolase	4247
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4248
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4249
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4250
gyrA	DNA gyrase subunit A	4251
metX	homoserine O-acetyltransferase	4252
sanA	SanA	4253
folC	folypolyglutamate synthase	4254
accD	acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase carboxyl transferase subunit beta	4255
htoA	probable periplasmic serine protease do/HhoA-like precursor	4256
mfd	transcription-repair coupling factor	4257
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4258
-	predicted P-loop ATPase fused to an acetyltransferase	4259
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4260
-	ABC transported ATP-binding protein	4261
-	predicted plasmid maintenance system antidote protein	4262
-	predicted plasmid maintenance system killer protein	4263
-	predicted ABC-type transport system, periplasmic component	4264
-	predicted ABC-type transport system, permease component	4265
uvrB	UvrABC system protein B	4266
-	predicted phosphoglycerol transferase-like protein	4267
mao2	NADP-dependent malic enzyme	4268
-	possible polysaccharide biosynthesis protein	4269
rsuA	ribosomal small subunit pseudouridine synthase A	4270
bcr	bicyclomycin resistance protein	4271
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4272
-	predicted membrane protein	4273
proA	gamma-glutamyl phosphate reductase	4274
dnaJ	chaperone protein DnaJ	4275
dnaK	chaperone protein DnaK	4276
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4277
mgsA	methylglyoxal synthase	4278
aceE	pyruvate dehydrogenase E1 component	4279

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
aceF	dihydrolipoamide acetyltransferase component of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex	4280
lpdA	dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase	4281
-	hypothetical protein	4282
apt	adenine phosphoribosyltransferase	4283
dnzX	DNA polymerase III subunit gamma/tau	4284
upp	uracil phosphoribosyltransferase	4285
uraA	probable uracil permease	4286
-	predicted ATPase involved in DNA replication initiation	4287
-	predicted translation initiation factor 1-like protein	4288
pyrF	orotidine 5'-phosphate decarboxylase	4289
-	predicted N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase	4290
-	predicted membrane protein	4291
ihfB	integration host factor beta subunit	4292
rpsA	30S ribosomal protein S1	4293
cmk	ctidylate kinase	4294
-	conserved hypothetical pyridoxine biosynthesis enzyme	4295
-	predicted glutamine amidotransferase involved in pyridoxine biosynthesis	4296
dld	D-lactate dehydrogenase	4297
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4298
nlpC	probable lipoprotein NlpC	4299
tldD	TldD	4300
-	predicted methyltransferase	4301
-	putative lipoprotein	4302
-	predicted endonuclease distantly related to archaeal holliday junction resolvase	4303
-	predicted phosphoheptose isomerase	4304
-	predicted periplasmic or secreted lipoprotein	4305
nrdA	ribonucleoside-diphosphate reductase alpha chain	4306
nrdB	ribonucleoside-diphosphate reductase beta chain	4307
sucB	dihydrolipoamide succinyltransferase component of 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex	4308
sucA	2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase E1 component	4309
-	predicted Zn-dependent hydrolase-like protein, including glyoxylases	4310
-	conserved putative deoxyribonuclease	4311
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4312
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4313
prc	tail-specific protease precursor	4314
proQ	predicted activator of osmoprotectant transporter PropP	4315
-	paraquat-inducible protein A-like protein	4316
-	paraquat-inducible protein B-like protein	4317
moaE	molybdopterin converting factor subunit 2	4318
moaD	molybdopterin converting factor subunit 1	4319
moaC	molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein C	4320
moaA	molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein A	4321
-	predicted regulator of cell morphogenesis and NO signaling	4322
	predicted regulator of cell morphogenesis and NO signaling	4323
-	probable phosphosugar isomerase Hi1678	4324

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
yrbI	3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonate 8-phosphate phosphatase	4325
hmw1A	HMW1A, high molecular weight adhesin 1	4326
hmw1B	HMW1B, OMP-85-like protein required for secretion of HMW1A and HMW2A	4327
hmw1C	HMW1C, putative glycosyltransferase involved in glycosylation of HMW1A and HMW2A	4328
-	predicted membrane protein	4329
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4330
sohB	possible protease SohB	4331
rnfA	predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfA	4332
rnfB	predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfB	4333
rnfC	predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfC	4334
rnfD	predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfD	4335
rnfG	predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfG	4336
-	predicted NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, subunit RnfE	4337
nth	endonuclease III	4338
-	predicted Na ⁺ -dependent transporters of the SNF family	4339
modC	molybdenum import ATP-binding protein	4340
modB	molybdenum transport system permease protein	4341
modA	molybdate-binding periplasmic protein	4342
modE	Transcriptional regulator ModE	4343
lsgF	Putative UDP-galactose—lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	4344
lsgE	Putative UDP-galactose—lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	4345
lsgD	Putative UDP-glcNAc—lipooligosaccharide N-acetylglucosaminyl glycosyltransferase	4346
lsgC	Putative UDP-galactose—lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	4347
lsgB	CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-galactosamide-alpha-2,3-sialyltransferase	4348
lsgA	putative lipooligosaccharide flippase	4349
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4350
-	predicted permease	4351
-	predicted permease	4352
pepA	cytosol aminopeptidase	4353
-	predicted choline-glycine betaine transporter	4354
qseC	sensor protein QseC	4355
qseB	transcriptional regulatory protein QseB	4356
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4357
crp	PTS system, glucose-specific IIA component	4358
ptsI	Phosphoenolpyruvate-protein phosphotransferase	4359
ptsH	Phosphocarrier protein HPr	4360
-	probable GTPase	4361
orn	oligoribonuclease	4362
wecA	undecaprenyl phosphate	4363
glnD	[protein-PII] uridylyltransferase	4364
map	methionine aminopeptidase	4365

Gene Name	Product Name	SEQ ID NO:
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4366
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4367
mrcB	penicillin-binding protein 1B	4368
purC	phosphoribosylaminoimidazole-succinocarboxamine synthase	4369
argG	argininosuccinate synthase	4370
-	Mn ²⁺ and Fe ²⁺ transporter of the NRAMP family	4371
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4372
-	predicted allophanate hydrolase subunit 2	4373
-	predicted allophanate hydrolase subunit 1	4374
rnb	exoribonuclease II	4375
fabI	enoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase [NADH]	4376
prfC	peptide chain release factor 3	4377
-	conserved hypothetical protein	4378
-	predicted branched chain amino acid permease	4379
-	predicted branched chain amino acid permease	4380
metR	HTH-type transcriptional regulator MetR	4381
lldD	L-lactate dehydrogenase	4382
murI	glutamate racemase	4383
recG	ATP-dependent DNA helicase	4384
spoT	guanosine-3',5'-bis 3'pyrophosphohydrolase	4385
rpoZ	DNA directed RNA polymerase omega chain	4386
gmk	guanylate kinase	4387

Example 10

Comparison of the Genomes of NTHi, strain 86-028NP and *H. influenzae*, strain RD

The genomic sequence of strain 86-028NP contains 1,913,428 bp. This is approximately 4 percent larger than the strain Rd genome (1,830,137 bp) (Fleischmann *et al.*, *Science* 269:496-512, 1995). There are also a larger number of genes in strain 86-028NP: 1942 compared to 1743 in strain Rd. The gene complement was compared to that of strain Rd using the Seqman program in the DNASTAR suite. With 80% identity at the nucleotide level as a cutoff value, 285 ORFs were identified in the 86-028NP genome that were absent from the strain Rd genome and 167 ORFs were identified in the strain Rd genome that are absent from the strain 86-028NP genome.

Strain 86-028NP, like strain Rd, has six ribosomal operons. Using tRNAscan-SE v1.11, 58 tRNA genes were identified in the strain 86-028NP genome, representing the 20 common amino acids. The tRNA-Glu, tRNA-Ala and tRNA-Ile genes were located in spacer regions between the 16S and 23S ribosomal RNA genes. A tRNA gene containing the UCA anticodon was also identified. This anticodon corresponds to an opal stop

codon and is typically associated with an opal-suppressing tRNA that incorporates selenocysteine. The tRNA is adjacent to two genes encoding *selB* (NTHI0836), a Sec tRNA specific elongation factor, and *selA* (NTHI0835), the enzyme that converts serine to dehydroalanine preparatory to forming selenocysteine by incorporation of selenium (Forchhammer *et al.*, *Nature* 342:453-6, 1989) The *selD* gene (NTHI0297), encoding selenophosphate synthetase was also identified. The importance of this selenocysteine system is evidenced by the coding sequence for the alpha subunit of formate dehydrogenase (NTHI0007) containing an inframe TGA stop codon that is presumably read as a selenocysteine codon. The inframe TGA stop codon was previously noted in the current annotation of the strain Rd formate dehydrogenase gene (GenPept Accession P46448).

A gross comparison between the genomes involving analysis of the gene order of strain 86-028NP and that of strain Rd reveals a single major rearrangement in the form of a large inversion. This 471kb inversion represents almost 25% of the strain 86-028NP genome and is bounded by NTHI1391, and NTHI1394 (homologues of HI1218 and HI1645 respectively) and by NTHI1949 and NTHI1950 (homologues of HI1219 and HI1647 respectively). HI1219 and HI1646 are partially duplicated genes in strain Rd annotated as *cmkA* and *cmkB* (cytidylate kinases). One *cmk* gene (NTHI1949) is present in strain 86-028NP with a small *cmk*-like fragment between NTHI1391 and NTHI1394. Several clones from the scaffolding library overlap each end of the inversion in the 86-028NP genome validating our assembly. Within this large inversion are several insertions, the largest of which are approximately 13 kb, 27 kb and 51 kb in size. These regions contain predominantly hypothetical and conserved hypothetical genes as well as a number of homologues of phage genes. For example, the 27 kb insertion contains remnants of HP1- and HP2-like phage genes. The largest insert is bounded by homologues of integrase genes. In strain Rd, a mu-like phage is localized to this region (Morgan *et al.*, *J Mol Biol* 317:337-59, 2002) This phage is not present in the strain 86-028NP genome. Also within the large inverted region is a 21 kb inversion that restores synteny with the Rd genome.

In addition to the large inversion, strain 86-028NP has other regions of divergence from co-linearity with the strain Rd genome. These include 9 regions greater than 5 kb, which contain sequences with no apparent homology to DNA that is present in strain Rd. Two of these regions contain the HMW adhesins that are discussed below. Hypothetical genes predominate in six of the unique regions. The ninth region is approximately 56 kb in size. It lies between NTHI0100 and NTHI0165. BLASTn analysis indicated that genes in this region, designated ICEHin86-028NP, have high homology to genes in the *H. influenzae* type b plasmid, ICEHin1056 (Mohd-Zain *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 186:8114-22, 2004). ICEHin1056 is a member of an extended family of genomic islands that are defined by a series of common core genes (Mohd-Zain *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 186:8114-22, 2004). ICEHin86-028NP possesses homologues of 45 ICEHin1056 ORFs. These include ORFs near the 5' end of ICEHin86-028NP, including the defined core genes, that primarily encode proteins with putative roles in plasmid replication and conjugation and ORFs near the 3' end that primarily encode conserved hypothetical proteins with motifs that suggest that they may be either membrane associated or exported. Notably, ICEHin86-028NP lacks the genes encoding proteins involved in tetracycline, chloramphenicol and β -lactam resistance found in ICEHin1056. Scattered within ICEHin86-028NP are a transposase, resolvases, and a putative integrase regulator suggesting that ICEHin86-028NP is a composite element derived from several mobile genetic elements.

ICEHin1506 has a sequence designated as an attP site 5' the first gene. In strain 86-028NP, a perfect copy of this attP site is present 5' to NTHI0101 and a copy of this attP site, with a single nucleotide change, is present 3' of NTHI0164. The attP sites are implicated in the incorporation of mobile genetic elements into bacterial chromosomes to form genomic islands, possibly suggesting a mechanism by which this large section of genetic material became integrated into the strain 86-028NP genome (Dimopoulou *et al.*, *Antimicrob Agents Chemother* 46:1602-3, 2002). ICEHin86-028NP has a G+C content of 39%, lower than any of the other related genomic islands and close to strain 86-028NP's overall genome G+C content of 38%. This implies

a long-term genomic association for this element. The presence of this element with its complement of genes homologous to those in ICE Hin 1506 (Dimopoulou *et al.*, *Antimicrob Agents Chemother* 46:1602-3, 2002) which are thought to encode membrane-associated and secreted proteins may have important implications for the virulence of strain 86-028NP.

Several members of the *Pasteurellaceae* including *Haemophilus ducreyi*, *Pasteurella multocida* and *Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans* produce well characterized protein toxins. In contrast, *H. influenzae* does not appear to produce protein toxins and genes encoding putative protein toxins were not identified in the strain 86-028NP genome. In *H. influenzae*, the genes encoding glycosyltransferases responsible for endotoxin biosynthesis and genes encoding proteins that give the bacteria enhanced “fitness” during the process of infection have generally been considered virulence determinants. These genes include those that encode adhesins, the heme and haemoglobin binding proteins as well as the genes that encode proteins that protect against oxidative stress.

Contingency Genes

H. influenzae has a limited number of two-component regulatory systems and other global regulators. Moxon and co-workers have argued that loci termed “simple contingency loci” provide an alternative mechanism for regulating gene expression, thus increasing the fitness of an organism by contributing to that organism’s ability to rapidly respond to changing environmental conditions. These loci contain short tandem sequence repeats either within, or 5’ to, a coding region. During DNA replication, addition or loss of a repeat within a reading frame results in an alteration in the reading frame. When localized 5’ to a coding region, addition or loss of a repeat results in a change in promoter activity (Bayliss *et al.*, *Clin Invest* 107:657-62, 2001). Loci containing simple sequence repeats have been studied extensively in *H. influenzae*, for example (Hood *et al.*, *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 93:11121-5, 1996). Several of the loci described in the following sections as phase variable contain simple sequence repeats.

Adhesins

Strain 86-028NP possesses a number of genes which encode products that primarily function in adherence to host cells (Table 8). One of these, the outer membrane protein P5, has previously been identified and its function carefully dissected (Jiang *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 67:187-92, 1999; Kennedy *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 68:2756-65, 2000; Novotny *et al.*, *J Immunol* 171:1978-83, 2003; Novotny *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 68:2119-28, 2000; Novotny *et al.*, *Vaccine* 20:3590-7, 2002; Sirakova *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 62:2002-20, 1994). Strain 86-028NP possesses a gene cluster containing four genes that are homologues of pilABCD from strain Rd, *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae* and *P. multocida* (Bakaletz *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 73:1635-4, 2005; Doughty *et al.*, *Vet Microbiol* 72:79-90, 2000; Ruffolo *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 65:339-43, 1997; Stevenson *et al.*, *Vet Microbiol* 92:121-34, 2003). These genes together with the comE gene and genes yet to be identified encode a type IV pilus that has a role in adherence of strain 86-028NP to nasopharyngeal tissues (Kennedy *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.*, 68: 2756-2765, 2000).

Strain 86-028NP possesses two high molecular weight (HMW) adhesin gene clusters that are absent in strain Rd. The high molecular weight adhesins were first characterized in NTHi, strain 12, which has two HMW gene clusters, each encoding three proteins (HMWA, HMWB and HMWC). HMWA is the structural component of the adhesin, HMWB has a role in trans-membrane translocation, while HMWC is required for glycosylation of HMWA (Barenkamp *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 60:1302-13, 1992; Barenkamp *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 62:3320-8; 1994; Grass *et al.*, *Mol Microbiol* 48:737-51, 2003; St Geme *et al.*, *Mol Microbiol* 27:617-30, 1998). Similarly, strain 86-028NP's two HMW gene clusters contain homologues of the hmwA, B and C genes in the same gene context as in strain 12 (Buscher *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 186:4209-17, 2004). The HMW1A and HMW2A proteins from strain 86-028NP are 72% identical, with the major area of divergence, including a 41 amino acid insertion in HMW2A, toward the C-termini. The paired HMWB and HMWC proteins from strain 86-028NP are 99% identical, respectively. The sequence ATCTTTC is repeated 17 times upstream of hmw1A and 23 times upstream of hmw2A. In strain 12, 16 repeats of this

sequence are found 5' of each hmw gene cluster (Barenkamp *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 60:1302-13, 1992).

Hap is an autotransported protein with a domain homologous to the catalytic domain of IgA1 proteases. The NTHI0354 gene encodes a protein with 83% identity to Hap from the NTHi strain N187 (St Geme *et al.*, *Mol Microbiol* 14:217-3, 1994). Strain 86-028NP, along with other NTHi strains that possess HMW1 and HMW2, lacks the gene encoding Hia, another *Haemophilus* adhesin (Barenkamp *et al.*, *Mol Microbiol* 19:1215-23, 1996). Strain 86-028NP also lacks the hif gene cluster, encoding the hemagglutinating pilus as we previously reported (Munson *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 72:3002-10, 2004).

Table 8
NTHi genes that encode proteins that
primarily function in adherence to host cells

NTHI#	HI#	Gene name	SEQ ID NO:	Function	Contingency Repeats
354		<i>hap</i>	1080	Adhesion and penetration protein Hap	
406	296	<i>pilD</i>	1125	Putative type 4 prepilin-like protein specific leader peptidase (EC 3.4.23.43)	
407	297	<i>pilC</i>	1126	Putative type IV pilin secretion protein	
408	298	<i>pilB</i>	1127	Putative type IV pilin secretion protein	
409	299	<i>pilA</i>	1128	Type IV pilin subunit protein	
1332	1164	<i>ompP5</i>	1953	Outer membrane protein P5 (OMP P5-homologous adhesin)	
1448		<i>hmw2C</i>	2057	HMW2C, putative glycosyltransferase involved in glycosylation of HMW1A and HMW2A	
1449		<i>hmw2B</i>	2058	HMW2B, OMP-85-like protein required for HMW1A and HMW2A secretion	
1450		<i>hmw2A</i>	2059	HMW2A, high molecular weight adhesin 2	ATCTTC repeated 23 times, 5' of gene
1983		<i>hmw1A</i>	2530	HMW1A, high molecular weight adhesin 1	ATCTTC repeated 17 times, 5' of gene
1984		<i>hmw1B</i>	2531	HMW1B, OMP-85-like protein required for secretion of HMW1A and HMW2A	
1985		<i>Hmw1C</i>	2532	HMW1C, putative glycosyltransferase involved in glycosylation of HMW1A and HMW1B	

In Tables 8, 9 and 10, the "NTHI number" refers to the locus tag number within the NTHi, strain 86-028NP genome as indicated at the Microbial-Pathogenesis *H. influenzae* 86028 NP web site and in Genbank Accession No. CP000057. The HI number" refers to the corresponding locus tag number in the TIGR (The Institute for genomic research

Lipooligosaccharide Synthesis [see [page 13 of original application]

The structure, biosynthesis and role in virulence of *H. influenzae* lipooligosaccharide (LOS) has been studied extensively. Table 9 contains a list of genes involved in lipooligosaccharide biosynthesis. Strain 86-028NP has the full complement of genes required to synthesize the heptose-Kdo-Lipid A portion of LOS. The lgtF and lpsA genes encode glycosyltransferases that add glucose, and glucose or galactose, to heptose residues 1 and 3, respectively. Both of these genes are present in the strain 86-028NP genome, therefore it is likely that carbohydrate chains can be extended from the heptose 1 and heptose 3 residues of the strain 86-028NP LOS (Hood *et al.*, *Microbiology* 150:2089-97, 2004). In the serotype b strain RM153, the lic2C gene encodes a glucosyltransferase that adds glucose to heptose 2 (Hood *et al.*, *Microbiology* 150:2089-97, 2004). In the strain 86-028NP genome, this gene contains a frame shift. The phase variable lic2A and licA genes, encoding a galactosyltransferase and choline kinase, respectively, are present in the strain 86-028NP genome (High *et al.*, *Mol Microbiol* 9:1275-82, 1993; Hood *et al.*, *Glycobiology* 11:957-67, 2001; Weiser *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 65:943-50, 1997). The lex2B gene which encodes a glucosyltransferase in the serotype b strain DL42, as well as a number of other serotypeable strains, is present in the strain 86-028NP genome (Griffin *et al.*, *Microbiology* 149:3165-75, 2003; Jarosik *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 62:4861-7, 1994). Five-prime to the lex2B gene in strain DL42 is the short phase variable lex2A gene. In strain 86-028NP, this gene is out-of-frame compared to the DL42 sequence (Genbank Accession U05670), due to the loss of one tetranucleotide repeat and a 5 bp deletion. Recently, Hood and co-workers described a locus in strain Rd, designated hmg, that contains HI0866 through HI0874 (Hood *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 186:7429-39, 2004). With the exception of a homologue of rmlB, these genes are absent from the strain 86-028NP genome. This includes the siaA gene which encodes a sialyltransferase recently shown to be important in biofilm formation in NTHi strain 2019 (Greiner *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 72:4249-60, 2004; Jones *et al.*, *J Biol Chem*

277:14598-611, 2002). Two copies of a homologue of the *lic3A* gene, encoding an alternative sialyltransferase, were identified in the strain 86-028NP genome (Hood *et al.*, *Mol Microbiol* 39:341-50, 2001; Jones *et al.*, *J Biol Chem* 277:14598-611, 2002), as well as a copy of the *lsgB* gene that encodes another sialyltransferase Jones *et al.*, *J Biol Chem* 277:14598-611, 2002).

Table 9
NTHi genes involved in lipooligosaccharide biosynthesis

NTHI#	HI#	Gene name	SEQ ID NO:	Function	Contingency Repeats
68	58	<i>kdsB</i>	831	3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid cytidyltransferase	
69	59	<i>lpxK</i>	832	Tetraacyldisaccharide 4'-kinase	
72	60	<i>msbA</i>	833	Lipid A export ATP-binding protein msbA	
296	199	<i>msbB</i>	1029	Lipid A biosynthesis (KDO)2-(lauroyl)-lipid IVA acyltransferase	
365	258	<i>lgtC</i>	1090	UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	GACA repeated 10 times, in frame
366	260	<i>orfM</i>	1091	Xanthosine triphosphate pyrophosphatase	
367	260.1	<i>kdKA</i>	1092	3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid kinase	
368	261	<i>opsX</i>	1093	ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase I	
383	275	<i>lpt6</i>	1107	PE-tn-6--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase	
471	351	<i>galE</i>	1184	UDP-glucose 4-epimerase	
472	352	<i>lic3A</i>	1185	CMP-neu5Ac--lipooligosaccharide alpha 2-3 sialyltransferase	CAAT repeated 18 times, in frame AGCA repeated 8 times, in frame
512	391			Predicted acyltransferase	
649	523	<i>waaQ</i>	1350	ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase III	
677	550	<i>lic2A</i>	1378	UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	
772	652	<i>kdtA</i>	1462	3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid transferase	
773	653	<i>lgtF</i>	1463	UDP-glucose--lipooligosaccharide glucosyltransferase	CAAT repeated 14 times, in frame
892	735	<i>lpxH</i>	1569	UDP-2,3-diacylglycosamine hydrolase	

899	740	<i>pgmB</i>	1575	phosphoglucomutase
913		<i>lex2B</i>	1586	UDP-glucose--lipooligosaccharide glucosyltransferase
926	765	<i>lpsA</i>	1597	lipooligosaccharide glucosyltransferase
976	812	<i>galU</i>	1644	UTP--glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase
1034		<i>lic3A2</i>	1696	CMP-neu5Ac--lipooligosaccharide alpha 2-3 sialyltransferase
1037	873	<i>rmIB</i>	1698	dTDP-glucose 4,6-dehydratase
1082	915	<i>lpxC</i>	1739	UDP-3-O-[3-hydroxymyristoyl] glucosamine N-acyltransferase
1180	1005			Predicted PE--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase
1220	1060	<i>lpxB</i>	1858	Lipid-A-disaccharide synthase
1222	1061	<i>lpxA</i>	1859	Acyl-[acyl-carrier-protein]--UDP-N- acetylglucosamine O-acyltransferase
1224	1064			Predicted PE--lipooligosaccharide phosphorylethanolamine transferase
1272	1105	<i>rfaF</i>	1900	ADP-heptose--lipooligosaccharide heptosyltransferase II
1278	1114	<i>rfaD</i>	1906	ADP-L-glycero-D-manno-heptose-6- epimerase
1312	1144	<i>gmbA</i>	1934	UDP-3-O-[3-hydroxymyristoyl] N- acetylglucosamine deacetylase
1350	1181	<i>gmhA</i>	1969	Phosphoheptose isomerase
1474	1578	<i>lgtD</i>	2079	Putative UDP-glcNAc--lipooligosaccharide N- Acetylglucosamine glucosyltransferase
1576	1557	<i>kdsA</i>	2172	Phospho-2-dehydro-3-deoxyoctonate aldolase and 3-deoxy-D-manno-octulosonic acid 8-phosphate synthetase
1594	1540	<i>licD</i>	2189	Phosphorylcholine transferase
1595	1539	<i>licC</i>	2190	Protein licC, CTP--phosphocholine cytidylyltransferase
1596	1538	<i>licB</i>	2191	Protein licB, putative choline uptake protein

CAAT repeated 18
times, in frame

1597	1537	<i>licA</i>	2192	Protein licA, choline kinase	CAAT repeated 15 times, in frame
1606	1527	<i>htrB</i>	2200	Lipid A biosynthesis lauroyl acyltransferase	
1607	1526	<i>rfaE</i>	2201	ADP-heptose synthase	
1664	1337	<i>mrsA</i>	2251	Predicted phosphomannomutase	
1750				Putative glycosyltransferase, glycosyl transferase family 8 protein	GACA repeated 14 times, in frame CCAA repeated 17 times, out of frame
1769				Putative glycosyltransferase	
1891	1279	<i>siaB</i>	2433	CMP-neu5Ac synthetase	
1921	1244			Possible polysaccharide biosynthesis protein	
2002	1695	<i>lsgF</i>	2548	Putative UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	
2003	1696	<i>lsgE</i>	2549	Putative UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	
2004	1697	<i>lsgD</i>	2550	Putative UDP-glcNAc--lipooligosaccharide N-Acetylglucosaminyl glycosyltransferase	
2005	1698	<i>lsgC</i>	2551	Putative UDP-galactose--lipooligosaccharide galactosyltransferase	
2006	1699	<i>lsgB</i>	2552	CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-galactosamide-alpha-2,3-sialyltransferase	
2007	1700	<i>lsgA</i>	2553	Putative lipooligosaccharide flippase	
2025	1716	<i>wecA</i>	2569	Undecaprenyl-phosphate alpha-N-acetylglucosaminyl 1-phosphate transferase	

Iron Acquisition

H. influenzae strains have an absolute requirement for either heme or iron, together with protophorphyrin IX (PPIX), the immediate precursor of heme (Evans *et al.*, *J Med Microbiol* 7:359-65, 1974; White *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 85:842-50, 1963). Table 10 contains a list of genes involved in iron acquisition. Three haemoglobin and haemoglobin-haptoglobin binding proteins HgpA, HgpB and HgpC, were identified in *H. influenzae* type b, strain HI689 (Jin *et al.*, *Microbiology* 145 (Pt 4):905-14, 1999; Morton *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 67:2729-39, 1999; Ren *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 66:4733-41, 1998). In strain HI689, these genes have CCAA tetranucleotide repeats and are known to be regulated by slip-strand mispairing. Two of these genes are present in strain 86-028NP. They both contain CCAA repeats; the hgpB gene is in-frame while the hgpC gene is out-of-frame. The derived amino acid sequence of a third gene that contains CCAA repeats is 45% identical to hgpA. We have designated this gene hgpD. This gene is out-of-frame. Homologues of the *hxuABC* genes of *H. influenzae* type b that encode heme and heme-hemopexin complexes (Cope *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 69:2353-63, 2001; Cope *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 66:4511-6, 1998; Cope *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 177:2644-53, 1995) as well as a homologue of the *hemR* receptor were identified. Strain 86-028NP also has the gene encoding the heme-binding lipoprotein HbpA (Heath *et al.*, *Pediatr Infect Dis J* 20:300-5, 2001). Downstream of *hbpA* is NTHI1022, a hypothetical gene whose product is a member of COG0748, a cluster that includes putative heme utilization proteins. A homologue of the *hup* gene, recently identified in *H. influenzae* type b, that encodes a general heme utilization protein, was also identified (Morton *et al.*, *Microbiology* 150:3923-33, 2004).

In addition to the heme transport systems, iron transport systems were also identified. The *hitABC* genes encode the FbpABC proteins respectively, members of a highly specific ferric iron ABC transport system that was elegantly characterized by complementing a siderophore-deficient *E. coli* strain with the *hitABC* genes cloned from an *H. influenzae* type b strain (Anderson *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 186:6220-9, 2004). Transferrin-binding proteins 1 and 2 encoded by *tbpAB* (Gray-Owen *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 63:1201-10, 1995; Gray-Owen *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 63:3809-15, 1995) as well as genes designated *hfeABCD* that are homologues of an ABC transport system involved in iron uptake, originally characterized in *Yersinia pestis* (Bearden *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 180:1135-47, 1998) were identified. This latter gene cluster is also present

in strain Rd. NTHI2035 encodes a putative homologue of the NRAMP family of Mn^{2+} and Fe^{2+} transporters (Richer *et al.*, *J Mol Evol* 57:363-7, 2003).

As noted above, *H. influenzae* can use iron, together with PPIX, as a source of heme for growth *in vitro*. The *hemH* gene encoding ferrochelatase, which catalyzes the incorporation of iron into PPIX (Schlor *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 68:3007-9, 2000), was identified. The gene encoding the global regulator, *Fur*, was also identified (Andrews *et al.*, *FEMS Microbiol Rev* 27:215-37, 2003; Smoot *et al.*, *J Med Microbiol* 48:629-3, 1999)..

Table 10
NTHi Genes Involved in Iron Acquisition

NTHI#	HI#	Gene name	SEQ ID NO:	Function	Contingency Repeats
177	97	<i>hitA</i>	931	hFbpA, Iron-utilization periplasmic protein	
179	98	<i>hitB</i>	932	hFbpB, Iron(III)-transport system permease protein	
180	99	<i>hitC</i>	933	hFbpC, Iron-utilization ATP-binding protein	
202	113	<i>hemR</i>	951	Hemin receptor	
284	190	<i>fur</i>	1020	Ferric uptake regulation protein	
369	262	<i>hxuC</i>	1094	Heme/hemopexin-binding protein C (Heme:hemopexin utilization protein C)	
370	263	<i>hxuB</i>	1095	Heme/hemopexin-binding protein B (Heme:hemopexin utilization protein B)	
371	264	<i>hxuA</i>	1096	Heme/hemopexin-binding protein A (Heme:hemopexin utilization protein A)	
477	359	<i>hfeD</i>	1090	Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, permease component	
478	360	<i>hfeC</i>	1191	Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, permease component	
479	361	<i>hfeB</i>	1192	Putative ABC-type chelated iron transport system, ATPase component	
481	362	<i>hfeA</i>	1193	Putative periplasmic chelated iron binding protein	
736		<i>hgpD</i>	1431	Hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein D (Hemoglobin-haptoglobin utilization protein D)	CCAA repeated 17 times, out of frame
782	661	<i>hgpB</i>	1472	Hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein B (Hemoglobin-haptoglobin utilization protein B)	CCAA repeated 12 times, in frame
840	712	<i>hgpC</i>	1523	Hemoglobin-haptoglobin binding protein C (Hemoglobin-haptoglobin utilization protein C)	CCAA repeated 20 times, out of frame

1021	853	<i>hbpA</i>	1684	Heme-binding protein A (Hemin-binding lipoprotein)
1168	994	<i>tbp1</i>	1817	Transferrin-binding protein 1
1169	995	<i>tbp2</i>	1818	Transferrin-binding protein 2
1329	1160	<i>hemH</i>	1950	Ferrochelatase
1390	1217	<i>hup</i>	2004	Heme utilization protein
2035	1728		2577	Mn2+ and Fe2+ transporter of the NRAMP family

Oxidative Stress

Although necessary for growth, the active acquisition of iron can have deleterious effects on bacterial cells. Through the Fenton reaction, iron can react with hydrogen peroxide and generate highly reactive hydroxyl radicals. These products have profound effects, including lipid peroxidation and damage to both iron-containing enzymes and DNA (Imlay, *Annu Rev Microbiol* 57:395-418, 2003). The best-known defense system against hydroxyl radicals consists of superoxide dismutase A and B which convert highly reactive superoxide to hydrogen peroxide, which is then converted, by catalase, into water and oxygen (Dempsey, *Annu Rev Genet* 25:315-37, 1991). Strains 86-028NP and Rd contain the *sodA* gene (NTHI1251), but lack the *sodB* gene. Both strains also possess a catalase gene *hktE* (NTHI1099) (Bishai *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 176:2914-21, 1994), the *oxyR* gene (NTHI0704) encoding a primary regulator of genes involved in protection against oxidative stress (Maciver & Hansen, *Infect Immun* 64:4618-29, 1996; Pomposiello *et al.*, *Trends Biotechnol* 19:109-14, 2001) and the gene encoding a chimeric peroxidase termed Prx/Grx that has a glutathione-dependent role in protection against small alkyl hydroperoxides (Pauwels *et al.*, *J Biol Chem* 278:16658-66, 2003; Vergauwen *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 185:5555-62, 2003; Vergauwen *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 185:1572-81, 2003). We previously identified NTHI0212, a gene encoding a homologue of the *P. multocida* peroxiredoxin, *TsaA* that is absent in strain Rd (Munson *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 72:3002-10, 2004). Strain 86-028NP, however, lacks *AhpF*, a dedicated alkyl hydroperoxide reductase known to be involved in the reduction of *TsaA* in *Salmonella* (Poole *et al.*, *Biochemistry* 39:6602-15, 2000). Further protection against oxidative stress may be afforded by the ferritin-like proteins encoded by the *ftnA* and *ftnB* (NTHI1773 and NTHI1772, respectively) genes. Over-expression of these proteins were shown to protect an iron overloaded *E.coli* *fur* mutant against oxidative damage Touati *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 177:2305-14, 1995). A conserved hypothetical gene, NTHI1817, encodes a protein with homology to a DNA-binding ferritin-like protein. This is a member of the Dps family of non-specific DNA binding proteins, which in *S. enterica* have roles in protection against oxidative stress, both in the presence of iron and during phagocytosis, and are important for virulence in a murine model of *Salmonella* infection (Halsey *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 72:1155-8, 2004). In *E.coli*, Dps was shown to preferentially bind iron that had been oxidized by hydrogen peroxide, thus having an

important role in abrogating the production of hydroxyl radicals generated via the Fenton reaction (Zhao *et al.*, *J Biol Chem* 277:27689-96, 2002).

Secretion

In addition to the Sec system, strain 86-028NP has genes that encode the TatA, B and C proteins, cytoplasmic membrane-associated proteins that are involved in a Sec-independent transport of proteins with twin arginines in their signal peptides (NTHI0279, NTHI0280 and NTHI0282) (Bolhuis *et al.*, *J Biol Chem* 276:20213-9, 2001; Yen *et al.*, *Arch Microbiol* 177:441-50, 2002). As previously reported, strain 86-028NP possesses NTHI0585, the gene encoding the autotransported protein Lav (Munson *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 72:3002-10, 2004). This protein is absent in strain Rd, present in *Neisseria* and appears, within *Haemophilus*, to be restricted to pathogenic strains (Davis *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 183:4626-35, 2001). Strain 86-028NP also has the gene encoding an IgA protease (NTHI1164) (Poulsen *et al.* *J Bacteriol* 174:2913-21, 1992), and as noted above, the gene encoding the Hap adhesin. Both are proteins of the autotransporter class. As described above, the HMW adhesins are members of the two-partner secretion pathway group of proteins.

Outer Membrane Proteins

A number of outer membrane protein (OMP) encoding genes have been identified by homology to those in other *Haemophilus* isolates. These include the major OMPs that were all originally identified in *H. influenzae* type b; the surface expressed P1 (NTHI0522), the porin P2 (NTHI0225), the phosphomonoesterase and heme transporter P4 (NTHI0816), the adhesin P5 (NTHI1332) and the lipoprotein P6 (NTHI0501). Strain 86-028NP also shares a number of minor OMPs with other *Haemophilus* strains. These include D15 and the transferrin binding proteins from *H. influenzae* type b, as well as a homologue of OMP26, which was identified in NTHi strain 289 (Munson *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 56:2235-42, 1988; Munson *et al.*, *Infect Immun* 49:544-9, 1985; Munson *et al.*, *J Clin Invest* 72:677-84, 1983; Reidl *et al.*, *J Exp Med* 183:621-9, 1999; Reilly *et al.*, *J Bacteriol* 181:6797-805, 1999; Reilly *et al.*, *FEBS Lett* 494:19-23, 2001). All have subsequently been characterized in NTHi strains and analyzed as potential vaccine candidates (Poolman *et al.*, *Vaccine* 19 Suppl 1:S108-15, 2000; Murphy *et al.*, *Curr Opin Infect Dis* 16:129-34, 2003; McMichael *et al.*, *Curr Opin Investig Drugs* 4:953-8, 2003; Cripps *et al.*, *Immunol Cell Biol* 81:46-51, 2003; Bakaletz *et al.*, *Ann Otol Rhinol Laryngol Suppl* 188:82-94, 2002).

Restriction Enzymes Systems:

Strain 86-028NP lacks the HindII and HindIII type II restriction systems (Fleischmann *et al.*, *Science* 269:496-512. 80, 1995; Nwankwo *et al.*, *Gene* 150:75-80. 104, 1994, Smith, & Marley. *Methods Enzymol* 65:104-8, 1980). In contrast, genes encoding the HaeII system that was originally identified in *H. aegyptius* (Slatko *et al.*, *Gene* 74:45-50, 1988) are present in the strain 86-028NP genome but absent in strain Rd. Both strain 86-028NP and strain Rd have Hsd type I restriction systems encoding a methyltransferase (HsdM), a sequence recognition protein (HsdS) and a restriction enzyme (HsdR) (Roberts *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res* 31:1805-12, 2003). These genes are adjacent in the strain Rd genome (HI1285-HI1287). The 86-028NP genome contains 3 *hsd*-like loci that each contain 4 genes. One *hsd* system is encoded by NTHI1838-NTHI1843. In this gene cluster, NTHI1841 encodes a hypothetical protein. A second *hsd*-like locus is encoded by NTHI0314-NTHI0318. In this gene cluster, NTHI0316 encodes a putative anticodon nuclease. This *hsd*-like system may be similar to the *prf* system in *E. coli* (Tyndall *et al.*, *J Mol Biol* 237:266-74, 1994). A third *hsd*-locus is encoded by NTHI0188-NTHI0193. In this gene cluster, NTHI0190 encodes a predicted transcriptional regulator with a helix-turn-helix domain.

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS:577 to 579, SEQ ID NOS: 589 to 614, SEQ ID NOS: 675 to 685, SEQ ID NO: 615, SEQ ID NO: 617, SEQ ID NO: 619, SEQ ID NO: 621, SEQ ID NO: 623, SEQ ID NO: 625, SEQ ID NO: 627, SEQ ID NO: 629, SEQ ID NO: 631, SEQ ID NO: 633, SEQ ID NO: 635, SEQ ID NO: 637, SEQ ID NO: 639, SEQ ID NO: 641, SEQ ID NO: 643, SEQ ID NO: 645, SEQ ID NO: 647, SEQ ID NO: 649, SEQ ID NO: 651, SEQ ID NO: 653, SEQ ID NO: 655, SEQ ID NO: 657, SEQ ID NO: 659, SEQ ID NO: 661, SEQ ID NO: 663, SEQ ID NO: 665, SEQ ID NO: 667, SEQ ID NO: 669, 671, SEQ ID NO: 673, SEQ ID NO: 686, SEQ ID NO: 688, SEQ ID NO: 692, SEQ ID NO: 694, SEQ ID NO: 696, SEQ ID NO: 698, SEQ ID NO: 700, SEQ ID NO: 702, SEQ ID NO: 704, SEQ ID NO: 706, SEQ ID NO: 708, SEQ ID NO: 710, SEQ ID NO: 712, SEQ ID NO: 714, SEQ ID NO: 716, SEQ ID NO: 718, SEQ ID NO: 720, SEQ ID NO: 722, SEQ ID NO: 724, SEQ ID NO:726, SEQ ID NO: 728, SEQ ID NO: 730, SEQ ID NO: 732, SEQ ID NO: 734, SEQ ID NO: 736, SEQ ID NO: 738, SEQ ID NO: 740, SEQ ID NO: 742, SEQ ID NO: 744, SEQ ID NO: 746, SEQ ID NO: 748, SEQ ID NO: 750, SEQ ID NO: 752, SEQ ID NO: 754, SEQ ID NO: 756, SEQ ID NO:758, SEQ ID NO:760, SEQ ID NO: 762, SEQ ID NO: 764, SEQ ID NO: 766, SEQ ID NO:768 SEQ ID NO: 770 or SEQ ID NOS: 773 to 2593.

2. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleotide sequence set of claim 1 or a fragment thereof.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 616, SEQ ID NO: 618, SEQ ID NO: 620, SEQ ID NO: 622, SEQ ID NO: 624, SEQ ID NO: 626, SEQ ID NO: 628, SEQ ID NO: 628, SEQ ID NO: 630, SEQ ID NO: 632, SEQ ID NO: 634, SEQ ID NO: 636, SEQ ID NO: 638, SEQ ID NO: 640, SEQ ID NO: 642, SEQ ID NO: 644, SEQ ID NO: 646, SEQ ID NO: 648, SEQ ID NO: 650, SEQ ID NO: 652, SEQ ID NO: 654, SEQ ID NO: 656, SEQ ID NO: 658, SEQ ID NO: 660, SEQ ID NO: 662, SEQ ID NO: 664, SEQ ID NO: 666, SEQ ID NO: 668, SEQ ID NO: 670, SEQ ID NO: 672, SEQ ID NO: 674, SEQ ID NO: 687, SEQ ID NO: 689, SEQ ID NO: 691, SEQ ID NO: 693, SEQ ID NO: 695, SEQ ID NO: 697, SEQ ID NO: 699, SEQ ID NO: 701, SEQ ID NO: 703, SEQ

ID NO: 705, SEQ ID NO: 707, SEQ ID NO: 709, SEQ ID NO: 711, SEQ ID NO: 713, SEQ ID NO: 715, SEQ ID NO: 717, SEQ ID NO: 719, SEQ ID NO: 721, SEQ ID NO: 723, SEQ ID NO: 725, SEQ ID NO: 727, SEQ ID NO: 729, SEQ ID NO: 731, SEQ ID NO: 733, SEQ ID NO: 735, SEQ ID NO: 737, SEQ ID NO: 739, SEQ ID NO: 741, SEQ ID NO: 743, SEQ ID NO: 745, SEQ ID NO: 747, SEQ ID NO: 749, SEQ ID NO: 751, SEQ ID NO: 753, SEQ ID NO: 755, SEQ ID NO: 757, SEQ ID NO: 759, SEQ ID NO: 761, 763, SEQ ID NO: 765, SEQ ID NO: 767, SEQ ID NO: 769, SEQ ID NO: 771 or SEQ ID NOS: 2581 to 4414.

4. A composition comprising a polypeptide of claim 2 or 3 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
5. An antibody that specifically binds to a polypeptide of claim 2 or 3 or fragment thereof.
6. A composition comprising an antibody of claim 5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
7. A method for detecting NTHi bacteria in a biological sample comprising
 - (a) contacting a polynucleotide of claim 1 or a fragment thereof with a biological sample, and
 - (b) detecting hybridization of the polynucleotide within the sample.
8. A method for detecting NTHi bacteria in a biological sample comprising:
 - (a) contacting an antibody of claim 5 with a biological sample, and
 - (b) detecting binding of the antibody within the sample.
9. The method of claim 7 or 8 wherein the biological sample is selected from the group consisting of serum, sputum, ear fluid, blood, urine, lymphatic fluid, and cerebrospinal fluid.
10. A method for eliciting an immune response to NTHi bacteria comprising administering an immunogenically effective dose of a polypeptide of claim 2 or 3 or a fragment thereof to a patient at risk of NTHi bacterial infection.

11. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide of claim 2 or 3 or a fragment thereof and a pharmaceutically suitable carrier.
12. The method of claim 10 wherein the immune response includes one or more of killing NTHi bacteria, slowing replication of NTHi bacteria or blocking binding of NTHi bacteria.
13. The method of claim 10 wherein the NTHi infection is in the middle ear.
14. A method of treating or preventing NTHi bacterial infection comprising administering a molecule that inhibits expression or activity of a polypeptide of claim 2 or 3 to a patient in need.
15. The method of claim 14 wherein the NTHi polypeptide comprises the is encoded by an NTHi gene selected from the group consisting of *hisB*, *lppB*, *sapA*, *rbsC*, *pure*, *rib*, *arcB*, *uxuA*, *licC*, *ispZ*, *mukF*, *glpR*, *ihfB*, *cspD*, *lav*, HI1647, HI0094, HI1163, HI0665, HI1292, HI1064, HI1386, HI1462, HI1369, and HI1598.
16. The method of claim 14 wherein the NTHi polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 616, SEQ ID NO: 618, SEQ ID NO: 620, SEQ ID NO: 622, SEQ ID NO: 624, SEQ ID NO: 626, SEQ ID NO: 628, SEQ ID NO: 634, SEQ ID NO: 638, SEQ ID NO: 642, SEQ ID NO: 644, SEQ ID NO: 646, SEQ ID NO: 650, SEQ ID NO: 652, SEQ ID NO: 656, SEQ ID NO: 658, SEQ ID NO: 660, SEQ ID NO: 662, SEQ ID NO: 664, SEQ ID NO: 666, SEQ ID NO: 668, SEQ ID NO: 670, SEQ ID NO: 672 and SEQ ID NO: 674.
17. The method of claim 14 wherein the molecule administered to the patient in need is an antisense oligonucleotide.
18. The method of claim 14 wherein the molecule administered to the patient in need is an antibody.
19. The method of claim 14 wherein the molecule administered to the patient in need is a small molecule.

20. The method of claims 14 wherein the NTHi infection is in the middle ear.

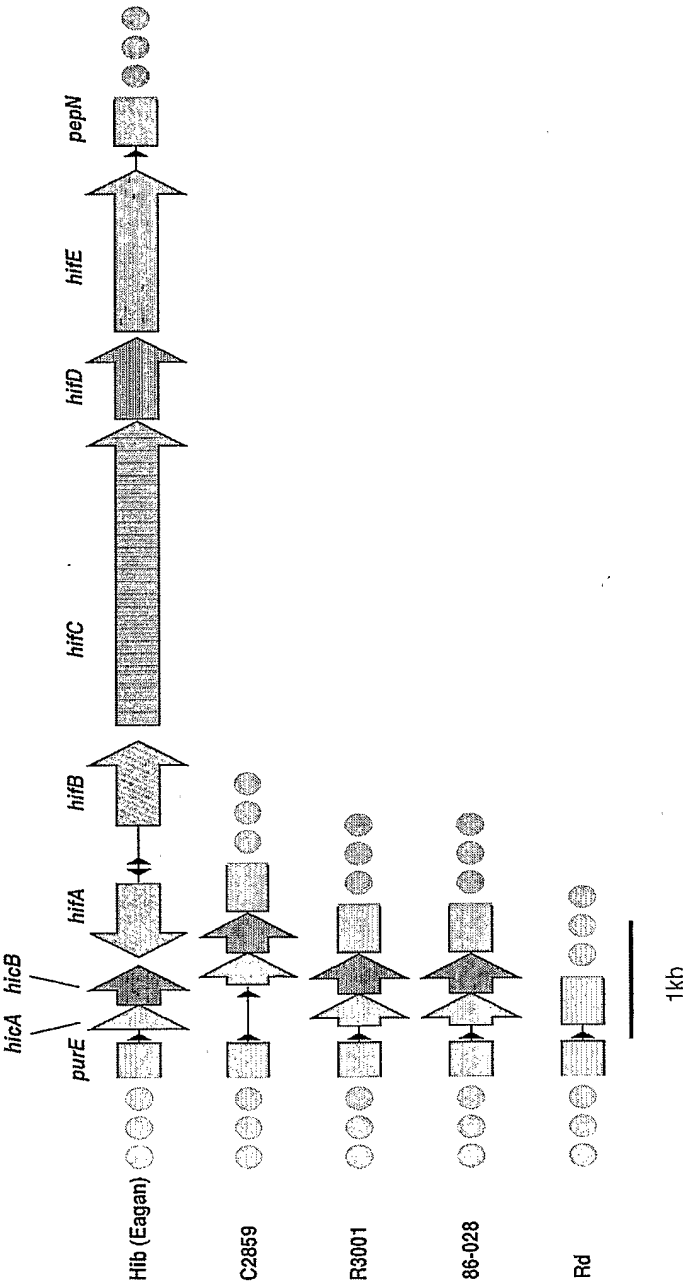
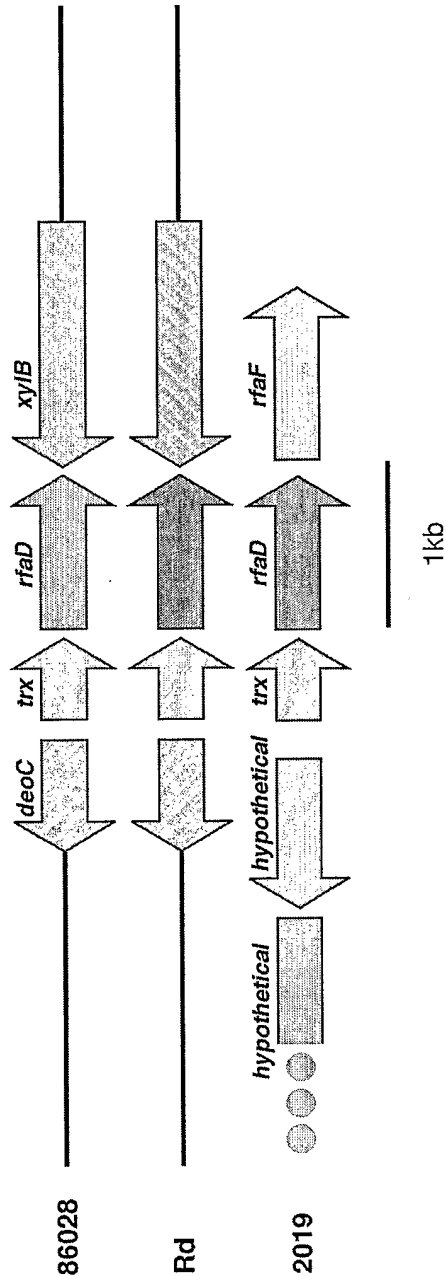


Figure 1

Figure 2



3/15

Figure 3A

SEQ ID NO: 589

TTNAACAAGANATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCA
TATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCAAGCAACTTAATTTTTGGT
TTGCGACATAGACAATTTTCTTCGGGCTTATGCGGGCAAATGAGTACTTCA
TCAAAGGTAATGCCCTGAGATTCAAATAATGCCATCATTACATTGTGGGG
CTTATCAAAATTTGTTTGGGAAAAGCATCCGTACCAAGCCCATCTTGATT
AGAAACTATCACAAAACGGTATTTTCGCTTTTCAGTCTGAGGAGTGCGGGAA
TCACTTTTCGGTTCTAATTTTAGTTTCTCTAAACTGTCAATTTGGAAATCAGT
TTTTGGTTCATCAATTAATGTGCCGTCTCGGTTCGATAAAAAGAGTAGGTTG
CATATTTTCTCCGTGTATGTTATATGAATGGTATGAGGTTTATCATTGCT
TTATACAAACAGTATAAACTAAATAATCTCGAATCGCTCTGTGACTTAA
ATAGGAGGTGGTTCATTTTACCTCCTTAATTGCTTCAACAACCTTCTCACA
CTCATTCTTGTTCACAGTAATGCGAATACAATTTTGT

Nt 80-410 of SEQ ID NO: 589 corresponds to complement of nt 1-331 of the *hisB* gene.

Nt 80-600 of SEQ ID NO: 589 corresponds to nt 4655-5175 of the contig 532 (SEQ ID NO: 532).

SEQ ID NO: 590

TAACAAGAAGTTGGGACAAAGNCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCA
TATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCAGCATCACATCGGGCGGAA
TAGGAAAAAATATCGCCTCGATAAACTTACAAAAGAGAGCCAAAAAAC
AGCAAAACGATGTTTTGACCATTCCATCGTTTTATCGTACATCGTGCCGAA
AATTTTCATATTTTCTCTATTTGGTAAATTCCTGCTCTAACCAATTTTGCA
AAGAAAGCAATGAATGATATGCGGTAAGATCCTCTAGAGTCGACCTGCAG
GCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTG
TTATCCGCTCACAAATCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTA
AAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGC
TCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGA
ATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTTCGTATTGGGCGCCAGATACC
GGCCTCCATCGGAGAACTGTCCGAGGTTATGTTGACCTGCAGGG

Nt 78-210 of SEQ ID NO: 590 corresponds to complement of nt 1-133 of the *lppB* gene.

Nt 78-285 of SEQ ID NO: 590 corresponds to complement of nt 1423-1630c of the contig 442 (SEQ ID NO: 442).

4/15

Figure 3B

SEQ ID NO: 591

NACAGATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATGTA
TATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCCACAATAATATGTTCTATCTTGGCTT
CTTTTTTCCAATAGTTTTTCGTTACGCACTAAGCGAACATATTGGTTATATA
CATAATCTTTTACTTGATAAGGCCCTGTGCCTACTGGGTGGGTATCTAATT
GAGCAAGGTTGTCATCTGCGCTTAATTGATAGGCATATTCTTGTGAAAAA
ATAATGGCATACTGGCTGGCAAGATGCGACAAAATGGAGGAATCTGGTGC
AAATAATTCAATTTTTTACTTGATAAGGCGAAAGTGCGGTCACAGATTTGAT
TTTTTCGTTAAGTTTAATGCTATCAAAATAAGGAAAACGCACTTTTCTTGC
TTGTTTCGTGAAACACTCTATATTGTGGATTACTATAGGNAACCATNCGCCT
CTGCTAAGGTTGGTAAATAAGTATTATGCCCTAATACACGATTAATCGAA
AATACTTCNGTNTTCAGNGNTAAAAACACCNTGNNGGGGNAANNCNANG
GGGTTTGGGGGAAATTTTACCCCCGGGACGTAAATTNAATAAA

Nt 74-514 of SEQ ID NO: 591 corresponds to compliment of nt 369-811 of the *sapA* gene.

Nt 74-514 of SEQ ID NO: 591 corresponds to nt 3458-3897 of the contig 512 (SEQ ID NO: 512).

SEQ ID NO: 592

TTAACAAGNAATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCAT
ATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCGTAGAACCATAAGGTTTTAC
CATCAGAAATAATCTGGGTTTCTTGAGGGGTTTTAGTCTCCATACGGAATA
AATTTGGGCGTTTAATTTGAAGTTTGCCACTTCCTTGTTGAACATTTTTTCC
ACTTCCAGAAAGTCACTGTTTGCACAAATTCTGCACTTAATACATCGACTTT
AGCTAAACGCATTTGTAATTCATTGCCGCATCAGCCAATGCCAAATTACT
CAAACCAAGTAAGGTAAGTGCGGCAAATTTTAAGGTTGTTTTTTTCATTTT
ACTTTCCTTTTAAATTAGTATTCTGGACGATGCGATAAAATTTACAGCTTA
CCATTTTGCATTGGGCTGACAATCCCTTGCTCTTCCATTTGATCCTCTAGAG
TCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCT
GTGTGAAATTGNTATCCGNTCACAATTCCCACAACATACGAGCCNGAAGC
ATAAAGTGTAAGCCTGGGGGGNCTNATGAGGGAGCTA

Nt 78-345 of SEQ ID NO: 592 corresponds to the compliment of nt 11-278 of the *lolA* gene.

Nt 78-454 of SEQ ID NO: 592 corresponds to compliment of nt 1039-1415 of the contig 360 (SEQ ID NO: 360).

5/15

Figure 3C

SEQ ID NO: 593

TTAACAGAATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATAT
GTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCTATACCTGCAATTAAAATAACG
AAAGTCATACCCACTGCAATAATCGCATTAAACCGAAGTTTGGCGTAAAAT
ATTCAAAATATTATCTACGCTAAAAAAATCAGGATTAATCATTGATACAA
TCGCGATAAGAATAATCAACGCAATAAAAGAACGCTGTTCAATCAAAAAT
CTTCCTATTTGAAAATTAGATGTTTCATTTTTCATCATACTTACCTACTCTT
ATTTACCAATAGCTGCTGCTAATAATTTTCTTGAGTTGCGTCTTTGCGAG
AAAATTCTGCACTAATTTTACCTTCACGCATTACCAACACTCTATCGCTCA
TACCAAGCACTTCTGGCATATCAGATGAGATCCTCTAGAGTCGACCTGCA
GGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATT
GNTATCCGNTCACAATTNCACACAACATACGAGCCNGNAGCATAAAGGG
GAANNCCGGGGGGGCCTAANGGGGNGCTACNNNATTNATNGGGTG

Nt 77-290 of SEQ ID NO: 593 corresponds to complement of nt 1-214 of the *rbsC* gene.

Nt 77-438 of SEQ ID NO: 593 corresponds to complement of nt 1813-2174 of the contig 445 (SEQ ID NO: 445).

SEQ ID NO: 594

AAGTACTCTGTNTNTCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCGGGATTATCAAGC
ACATTACTCGTTTGGCTTTCACGGAAAGATTGCAAGCGTGAAAGCAACTT
CTGCATCCCAACTTGCTAGAATTTGTGCGGCTAACAATCCAGCATTTGCCG
CACCCGCAGGGCCAATAGCCAATGTTCCGACTGGGATTCCTTTTGGCATT
GCACAATTGAATAAAGGCTATCTACGCCACTTAACATAGAAGCTTTTACTG
GCACACCCAGCACAGGCACAAGGGTTTTGGCTGCGATCATGCCGGGTAAA
TGTGCCGCACCGCCAGCCCCAGCAATAATTACTTTATAGCCATTTTTTGT
GCATTTTCAGCAAATTCAAAAAGTTTATCAGGCGTACGATGAGCAGAGAC
GATTTCCACATGATAAGGTACTTTTAATTCATCTAAAATCTGAGTTGCCTC
TTGCATGGTAGCCCAATCGCTTTTGAACCCATCACACAGCAATTTGTGC
AGTTTTTGACATGCTATTTTCTCAATTTTCTAATTAAAAAGGTGGCGTAGA
ATAGCATAGATTACATATATTGAGCAAACGTTTGCTATNTAT

Nt 105-519 of SEQ ID NO: 594 corresponds to complement of nt 1-415 of the *purE* gene.

Nt 34-281 of SEQ ID NO: 594 corresponds to complement of nt 286-40 of the contig 536 (SEQ ID NO: 536).

6/15

Figure 3D

SEQ ID NO: 595

TTATGNGACCNTGGGACAAGTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTANTCATA
TGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCTTCATCATCTAAACTAATAC
GCCAGTTCCATGTTTGAAAGCATTAAATTGCATTAAGTACGCGTTCTTCAGC
GGTGTGCGCAATGGAGATAAAATTGACTGATTCATAGTAATTTCTAATT
TGAGATTTCAATTAAATACCAGAATCAGGGCTGAGAAATGCAAATAAAAT
GAACGATTTGGAACCCAACTCGTTTTATTCTCTTTCATCCAGACTTTACT
GTCGGCTTTGGAATTTACCAAATCTGCTGACTTTAAAAGTGAAAATCAG
GACAATTTTCGCAGGAAAAATTTGCCAAAAATTGACCGCACTTTTAAACGC
TCGTGGGCTTTACCACCGGTAGGGAATTTACCCCTGCCCTGAGAATGCGA
GCTAAGTATAACGCAAAATACCTAGGCACTAAATCAGAACGTGAAAAATA
TTTTCATTTAGCCTACAATAAACACACTCAATTCTTACGCTATCAAGAGCA
GATTATGTCAAAAACAAAAGAGAAAAAAGTCGGTGTCAATTTTCG

Nt 78-189 of SEQ ID NO: 595 corresponds to compliment of nt 1-112 of the *ribB* gene.

Nt 237-565 of SEQ ID NO: 595 corresponds to compliment of nt 2216-2544 of the contig 290 (SEQ ID NO: 290).

SEQ ID NO: 596

TNACAGNAATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATAT
GTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCTAAGAGATATTTAATTTACGT
TCTGTGTGATGAACAAGACTAAGTAAATGTCTATTTTTTCATATTGAAAGCC
ATAATAATCTCCTTGTGTTTTGACTATACATTGGGGAATAAACATACATCA
TTCGAGATACTGCTTGTTGTTTCGAACAGTTGCATTATAAGAGAGGTAAAAT
GAAATTTGTTGTCGTTTTTCAACTGGTAATGCCAGTATGTAGAATTTTATT
GCGAGATTTTTAGTATTATTAGAATTTAATAAAAATAATCTAACTCTTTAT
TGTTATTTGTTTGATTCTAATAGTAGATGAATTTAAACGAAAATATGTTT
TAGTTTATTTTTGATGAAGAGGAATGNGTCTATCTATNCTTAATAAAAGNG
CGGNTATTTTTATTGNAGNTTTTAATATATTGATCCTNTAGAGAGCGACCC
NCACGCNTGCGCNCTTGGGGCGANCATGGGGCATATAGTTGTTCCCTGTG
NNAANGTGTTATCCGTTACANTTCCCCACAAAANACGAN

Nt 77-155 of SEQ ID NO: 596 corresponds to compliment of nt 1-79 of the *arcB* gene.

Nt 77-494 of SEQ ID NO: 596 corresponds to compliment of nt 772-1189 of contig 461 (SEQ ID NO: 461).

7/15

Figure 3E

SEQ ID NO: 597

AACAGNATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATGT
ATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCAGTACGAGTCCAGTCTAAAACAG
GCATAAAATTGTAACAAAACAGTGTCAATTCCGCATTGAGCAAGCATTGCG
AGAGAGTTTGTGTTATAGTTATTAATCCATTTTTGATAATTTCCAGTACTGA
GTTTTAATCTCTTCATGAACCTGGTACACTTTCCACTACTGACCAGCTTAAA
CCAGCATTCTCTATTTTCAGTTTTGTCAGTTTTTTAATTTCTTCGATACTCCAC
ACTTCACCGTTAGGAATATGGTGAAGTGCAGTGACTATAACCAGTTGCGCC
TGCTTGACGAATATCAGATAAAGAAACAGGATCCTCTANAGTCGACCTGC
AGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGNTTCCTGTGNGAAA
CTGGTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACCNAACATACGAGCCNGAAGNCATAAAG
NGNTAANCCNTGGGGNGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGNGT
TGGGCTTACTGCCCCGTTTTTCAGNNGGGAAACCTGGCGCGCCAGCT

Nt 83-388 of SEQ ID NO: 597 corresponds to complement of nt 34-335 of the *uxuA* gene.

Nt 156-388 of SEQ ID NO: 597 corresponds to complement of nt 779-1008 of the contig 5 (SEQ ID NO: 5).

SEQ ID NO: 598

TNACAAGNAATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATA
TGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCAACCTCGTAACTTAGCAAAAT
CAGTTACCGTTGAATAAAGTGCGGTTGATTTTAATGTAATAAAAAAACG
GTGAAATTTACCGTATTTTTTTAGTTAAATAATCTTCTTTGTTTCCGTGTT
TTAATCACTTGTGCGATTAACAATAATGTGAGAATAACCACATATAGTGA
AAAAATAACCACTAGCCATTGCACCATCGTTAAACCAAATAATGACCATT
GGCTTTCATTACAAGAGCCAGTTGGGTTAAATATAAATGGAAACCATTGA
TGAAATGGTAAAGTCTCGGGAAAATTTGGAATAAACTCACATTGTTTCCA
AGGAGCTGGATTCATTTGCAAATCAAGATGACGAAATGAAATCAATAAGC
CCTTAATACTGCTGAATAAACCTAAAGCCAAGGCGATTAATCGAAGTATG
AAAGCAAGAGGTTGAAGTAATGCAATAATGCCCGCTACAAATAAGCCAAT
CATTGCTAAACGTTTCATAAACACAGAGCACACAAGGTTGTAAGCCC

Nt 176-600 of SEQ ID NO: 598 corresponds to complement of nt 108-532 of the *dsbB* gene.

Nt 78-600 of SEQ ID 598 corresponds to nt 819-1341 of the contig 560 (SEQ ID NO: 560).

8/15

Figure 3F

SEQ ID NO: 599

NACAAGATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATGT
ATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCGCCCGCCAGCACCCAGGGGAGG
AGGACATCTGCATCGCATTCAAGCCATTGCGCCACGCATCATCGTAACTTG
GCAACGTTATCACTTTAAACGGTGGCGTCGCAAAGTATTCAGCAAGCTGG
GTTTTACCGCTGGAGGAAAGTTTGGTGGAAGGGATAATTTGCTGTTTCAT
AGATTTTGTAGGGGCTAATTACATTAGCCCCGATATTTACCAATAATTGG
GCAAATGTAATTTGCCCTACGATTAACGAACCAAAGATGCAGGTTCTTC
CACATTCTTCAACAACGCATATTTTTCGATCCTCTAGAGTCGACCTGCAGG
CATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGT
TATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTA
AGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTC
ACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATT

Nt 75-252 of SEQ ID NO: 599 corresponds to complement of nt 1-178 of the *ureH* gene.

Nt 75-385 of SEQ ID NO: 599 corresponds to nt 825-1135 of the contig 258 (SEQ ID NO: 258).

SEQ ID NO: 600

TANACAAGNAATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCAT
ATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCCAATCTCAATACGTATTACT
TGCCCATTAATTTAAATCGGTAGCCATTCATTGTGCGTTTTAGAACGG
ATAACCGTGAAATATTTGCTGTGTGATGGTTTCGTTAGAAAAATATTACGA
TTAAGCACTACATCCGCATCAATAACATAACAATCACTAAAGAAGTCTTG
TGCCAGAGAAAAGGAATAAATGCTGTTATATTCGCGATATTTTTCGTTGTA
AATCAAGGTGCAGTCATATTTTTTCTTTAGATACTCGAATTGTTTCGTGTAA
ATACCCTGTAACAATGACAATATTGTCGATATTTGCTTGACGTAGAAAAGT
GAGTGTCCGTTCTAAGTTAGGTGTGCCGTGAATATCTAACAATGATTTATG
TGTGCTTTGTGTGATGTCTTTAAACGACCGGCTTANTCNTGCAGCTAAAA
TAATCGCATTCAATTTTGTTCCTTTGNAAAAAGTGTACCGATCCTCTA
GAGTCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGN

Nt 82-482 of SEQ ID NO: 600 corresponds to complement of nt 40-440 of the *licC* gene.

Corresponding sequence not in contig set.

9/15

Figure 3G

SEQ ID NO: 601

TNACAAGANTTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATAT
GTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCGCTCATTTCGAGAGACACCTCCA
ACAGCACGAATATCTGCAGGAATTCGTTCCAAAGCCATCACTGCAGCTGC
ACCAGCAGCTTCTGCAATGCGAGCTTGTTTCAGGGTTTTGAACATCCATGAT
AACACCACCTTTGAGCATCTGTGCTAAGTTTTTATTTAGTTCATAACGATT
TTCAGCCATTTCTTTGTCCTCATTATTTGGTTATTTGTATTGATAGCTACGT
TTTTTATTGTAATGTAGAAAAGTCTTTAGAACAAGTTTGAAAAAATGCGTA
TATATTAAGAGGCATAATGTCTAGTGTGCTTAATTTTCAGTTTTTTGTATAA
ACGAAGTGTAGAACGTCAGAAGGATTGTCCAATTAATAATAGAAAAAAG
AGCTACTTTAGCTGAAAGAATTTTCGTCCTTAAGTGCCACAATAGTTATTAA
AAAAACCTTGAAATGTTTTTAAAAACCTTTTTCTATGTGGTTAGATTTTCT
GAAATTTAAGAAAAAGCTTGAAAGGGAGTTTACGCTTTCC

Nt 75-263 of SEQ ID NO: 601 corresponds to complement of nt 1-189 of the HI1647 gene.

Nt 75-600 of SEQ ID NO: 601 corresponds to complement of nt 1035-1560 of the contig 471 (SEQ ID NO: 471).

SEQ ID NO: 602

TTNACAAGGAATCGGGACAACCTAGCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTA
CATATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCTGCAAAATTGTTGCAAC
CACTAATACGATGGCTGCTTCACGTACACCACCGAGTTTGTAAGTGATAA
AAAATAAAATTAAAGGGATAAAGTCAAGGAGTTGTTTCATATTGATTAAT
CCTTCATAAATAAGCTGTAGAAACGATAAGTCACTACTAGCATGAAAATA
TTAAGTAATGCGGTGAAAATGCCTATTACCATATCAAATATAGCATTATTG
GAAAATGCGCTTAATTGAAAATAAGAATTGGCACGAGAAAATAAACCA
GTAGGGTGTAATAAACAATACGCCTTTTCGAGTATTTCTCGCATCCAAA
TTTTTCGGATAGTTTGCGAAAGTGCCTCTTGAGTAGAAAGATAATGTACTA
CCGTAAATTTTAAACGGACAAAGAACCACGCAACAAGCATCGCGAT
AAGTGACATAATAGAGGGCGATTTTTTTGTGAGTAATGCANCAAAGGCTT
CACCAAGNACCAGTAACATTGGTGCAACCATTAATAGATCCTCTTAG

Nt 81-191 of SEQ ID NO: 602 corresponds to complement of nt 1-111 of the *ispZ* gene.

Nt 81-593 of SEQ ID NO: 602 corresponds to complement of nt 850-1361 of the contig 418 (SEQ ID NO: 418).

10/15

Figure 3H

SEQ ID NO: 603

NACAAGANTTGGGACAACTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATG
TATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCCTTGAAACATCACCTCAGATTTA
ATCAATCTGTGGATTCTATCCAAGAAAAGTACCACGAAATTTTCTCTTTCC
TCATTACCTATAATGGTTTGAAAATAGAGTTTAGCTATTGATGGCTCAGTA
AATTCCTGTGCACCTTGGTAAAAGGGCTTTTCTTCCATCACTTTAGTTAAA
ATAACCTGTGCCTGTTCTAAAATAGCTTGTGTTGCTCGTTTAATTTAAAC
ATTCGATATTCCTTCTAAAATAGGGAATATCGCCCATAAGGGATATATCCC
CTATGGGTAAGGTGCGAAAAGAATGCTTATCGCACATTAAAGTTAATGTT
ATTAATCAGAAGTTTTTAAACTGTCGATAATCTGTTTAATTTTGTGCTGCAA
ATTCTAAATCGTGCTCAGATTCATCATCTATACAATATTCCAAATAATTAC
TCATATCAGCAATTAGTGCTTCTTTTGTGGCGAAGGTTGGAACATAATTG
ATCCTCTAGAGTCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTA

Nt 65-525 of SEQ ID NO: 603 corresponds to compliment of nt 18-477 of the *radC* gene.

Nt 76-564 of SEQ ID NO: 603 corresponds to compliment of nt 23606-23869 of the contig 575 (SEQ ID NO: 576)

SEQ ID NO:604

TTAACAAGNAATTGGGACAACTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCAT
ATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCGGCTTCTAACATTTTCGCCGT
CTAAACGTTTCGTTGTTATAAATTGCAATCGCCAGCAGGAAAACCAAGCGT
TCGGTAGGTAAATTCAAAGAAAACCTCGCGATCTTTTGCCCAAGAGACGAG
TTCAGGAATAGTTTGGGATGTTTCAATCATTGAATTGCAAAGCGTTAAAAT
TGAACAAAAAATTGGAAAGATTATACAGGATTTTTTGCGGATCCTCTAGA
GTCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCC
TGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAA
GCATAAAGTGTAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTA
ATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAG
CTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGC GTATTGG
GCGCCAGATACCGGNCTCCATNGGANAAACNGTCCCAGGGTNTNT

Nt 79-296 of SEQ ID NO: 604 corresponds to compliment of nt 30-247 of the *mukF* gene.

Nt 79-296 of SEQ ID NO: 604 corresponds to compliment of nt 4026-4243 of the contig 508 (SEQ ID NO: 508).

11/15

Figure 3I

SEQ ID NO: 605

TAACAGNATTGGGACAACTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATG
TATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCCACGTAATCAGAATTTTCTGCAG
AAGATGGCGATGCCGCACCACCGTGATGGCGGCGAATTAAATCTAACTCC
GCCAAAATATTCAAATCACGACGAATCGTTTGAGGGCTAACATCTAAGGC
AGCAACCAATTCTTCCGTGCTTAAATAGCCAGATTGTTCCACCAGTTTAAT
AATTTTTTTGATGGCGTAACGATTGTTTCATAGCGAATCCTTTATCCAAATT
AAACGGACTTACTCTAGCGAATTTTTGCGCAATTTGCTATCAATAAATCCC
CAAATCAAGCCGACAATCAAGCCTGAAATATGTGCAGCATTTCCCATTTT
AACACCAAATAAGGGGCTAATAAAACCTAATGCGATCCTCTAGAGTCGAC
CTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTG
AAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAA
AGTGNAAGCCTGGGGNGCCTAAGGGTGAGCTAACTCACATTATT

Nt 76-283 of SEQ ID NO: 605 corresponds to complement of nt 1-208 of the *glpR* gene.

Corresponding sequence not in contig set.

SEQ ID NO:606

TAACAAGAATTGGGACAACTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATAT
GTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCACCATTTTCAAGAGATTGAGAA
ATAAACTCTAAAATATCTTTTACCATATTTTCAATTTCTTTTGCAGATAAA
GTTGGCTGTTTTGCTGACAATTTTTCCATAAGTTCTGACTTAGTCATCCTCT
ATACTTCCTTAATATTATTTAAATTAAGATCCTCTAGAGTCGACCTGCAGG
CATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGT
TATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTA
AGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTC
ACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCTGCGCAGCTGCATTAATGAAT
CGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCATATTGGGCGCCAGATACCGG
CCTCCATCGGAGAACTGTCCGAGGTTATGTTGACCTGCAGGGGGGGGGG
GGCCCCCTGAGGTCTGCCTCGNGAAGAAGGGGTTGCTGACTC

Nt 77-200 of SEQ ID NO: 606 corresponds to complement of nt 1-124 of the *ihfB* gene.

Nt 77-236 of SEQ ID NO: 606 corresponds to complement of nt 1455-1614 of the contig 408 (SEQ ID NO: 408).

12/15

Figure 3J

SEQ ID NO: 607

NACAGNNTTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATGT
ATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCAACATCTAAGACAAGATTTTTTAA
TGGACTACTGGTATTGGGAACACTTAATTCATTTGGTAAGCAATAGACCAT
TTCCATTTTTGTATTACGAGTGCGAACCGCACCAAATTTGCTGAGCATTCT
CGATATTTTTGATTGATTAATACCAGTAAAGCCTTGTTTTTTTAAGGCATC
GACAATTTTCATTTTGAGAACCAAAGCGTTCTTGATTGAGTAATTCTTTAAA
AGCACGAGTTAAATTGTCAGTCATCTTTATTTTTTAATAGTCAAAATTTGC
ATAAGAATTGCATAAAAATTNNNCTTTCATCAACTGGAATATGGNTTNGN
ACCNNGGGGAAGAAATTTTTTTNNNNAAAATNGGAACNAGATCCNTTNA
GNCAACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTNGGCGNAATCANGGCATAGCTGNTTCC
TGGGNAAATTGNTATCCGTTANAATCCCNACATNCNANCCGNAGCAT
AAGNGAAAGCCTGGGGGCNTANGANGNGGCTACCCCATNATT

Nt 75-330 of SEQ ID NO: 607 corresponds to complement of nt 1-256 of the *argR* gene.

Corresponding sequence not found in contig set.

SEQ ID NO: 608

TTTAACAAGGAATCCGGGCACAACCTACCAGTGAAAAGTTCTCTCTCCTTTA
CTCATATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCCTTTATCGCTGTGGA
GAACTTCAAATTGTACTTTTTGACCTGCTTTTAATGAACGATAGCCGTCCA
TTTCAATCACTGAATAATGTGCAAAAATATCGGCATCTACACCTTCTGCGG
AAATGAAACCAAATCCTTTTGCATTATTGAACCATTTTACAATACCAATTT
CCATAAAAGACCTCTCTAGGCTTAGCCTATTAACAATAAATCAACAAG
ACTCTCGCCTTATCACCTACTAATTAGGTCCGTTATGTTTAAATATTTTGAA
CGGTTATGCAACGAGCAATATTCAAAAATGATAAGTAGATCCTCTAGAGT
CGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTNCCT
GNGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAG
CATAAAGTGNTAAGCNTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGNNCTAACTNACATAAA
TTGAGTTANGCTCACTGCNCCGTTTTCCAGNNGGNGANACCNG

Nt 84-259 of SEQ ID NO: 608 corresponds to complement of nt 1-176 of the *ihfB* gene.

Corresponding sequence not found in contig set.

13/15

Figure 3K

SEQ ID NO: 609

TAACAGCATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATG
TATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCTATTACAGAACCATCATTTCCCC
AAATCAAGAATAGCTTTGATGAAAATAAGTAAAATCGGTAAGACAATAG
GAATACTCACGACATAGCCCGTAATGGCTAATGCCCATTCCTTCTTTTCT
TACCTAGAAATTTGATAAAACTGAACGCCATTTTTTCAGCAACTGGGCAG
ATTGAAGTTTCACCATGTAAAGGTTCTCGAATAATGCTACTTACAAAGGA
AGAAGTCGCTTTATTTGGTTTTCTGGACGGATACAAATTGTGAGCAGGCG
AACACAGAGACCATCAACAAAACCTTTTCTTGTATAGTCATTAATAAGTA
ATTCATCTCATTGCTTTTTGTGCACCATAAGTCGATTGTGGCGTTACAGCAG
TAGAATCCTGAATAATTTCTGGTAAATCACCACCAAATACAGCAAGTGAA
CTAGAAAAAATAAAACGAATTTTAGTATCAGATTCATCAAAATATGAGAA
AGTGGCGACATTCCATATTTGTCCACTAACAAATTTTGATCCTCTA

Nt 93-413 of SEQ ID NO: 609 corresponds to complement of nt 1-321 of the HI0094 gene.

Nt 76-595 of SEQ ID NO: 609 corresponds to nt 1467-1985 of the contig 379 (SEQ ID NO: 379).

SEQ ID NO: 610

TTNNACAAGNAATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCA
TATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCATCAAGATAATCAAGTACA
TATTGTTCAATTTGAGGAATGCGATTTAGACTTGGCAACATAGTATTTAAC
TCATTTAAAGGTAAAAATGGCAGGTTATTGATAATATCTTAAGGCGTTAAT
GATGTCGAATTAGATTTTGAGCATTTTTAAGGAGTGTTTTATGGAGTAAAT
GAGTCAAGAAAAGTGTGTTGTTGGATGAAAAATAAACNAAAAATTCAAA
AGAATTTGATCCTCTAGAGTCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAAT
CATGGTCATAGCTGNTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGNTATCCGCTCACAATTCAC
ACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATG
AGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGNNGCGCTCNCTNNCCCCCTTNCNCA
GGGGAAAACCCTGNCGCNCCAGCTGCNTTTAATGAATCNGCCCNCGCG
GGGAGGGGCGNGNTTGCGTNTTGGGCGCCANANCCCGNCTCCATCG

Nt 80-143 of SEQ ID NO: 610 corresponds to complement of nt 1-64 of the HI1163 gene.

Nt 80-316 of SEQ ID NO: 610 corresponds to complement of nt 117-353 of the contig 513 (SEQ ID NO: 513).

14/15

Figure 3L

SEQ ID NO: 611

NACAAGNAATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATAT
GTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCGTCATCTTTACGATATTTTTCAT
CAATTCGTTTTTTGCAATCCAAAGTCATTTTTATCCGATTCGTTAGAAAATA
AATCTTCTGTTTGCGTTAATTGAGGATTTTGAATTCCTATCCAATTTGCAAT
CCCTTCTAAGAAATTTAAACCTGATTTAAACACCTTATATTCTTTGCGTTCC
ATATCATCTGATGAAATTTTGAATAGCGGAATATTATGGTGCTCTCGGCTG
AAACAGTTTTTGATTGAACAAAAGTATATTGTTTTTTTCATCTTGTTGGTGG
CACAAACCGTGATCCTCTAGAGTCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGCGCT
AATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTC
CACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTA
ATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCCGNTTCCA
GTCGGGAAANCCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCG

Nt 76-260 of SEQ ID NO: 611 corresponds to complement of nt 1-185 of the gene
HI1063.

Nt 76-374 of SEQ ID NO: 611 corresponds to nt 229-527 of the contig 48 (SEQ ID
NO: 48).

SEQ ID NO: 612

ATTNNACAAGNAATTGGGCACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACT
CATATGTATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCATCTTTGATAATAAGCT
GTAATTTTGGTTGAAAACCTGAAATGCTCATCCCTTGCTGTTTTTGGGGTT
TCACTGTAATAAATTCTTGCGGAGAAAAGGGCAATTCAGGATTAAAATGT
TTATTGCCTGTAAGATAGTGTAACCTTTTGTGCTGTAACCAGAATGAACT
TCATTTTTTTTCAATGGCTTTAATAAAAATACGACAAAAATTCATTGTTTTTC
TTCCTGAATTTGCACTGCGCCTAACATATTTTCCCCGTTATTAAGTAAAAA
GCGAAACATATCGCTTTCATCAATTCGTTGATGAAGTGCATATTTGTGTTT
TAGCCAGCCTTCTGGGACGAGGGATGCAAAATAAGGGAATAAGGTGTNA
GAATGAAAAGGACTTTGCTCAATAGGAAAGCTGAGAGAGAGCGGTATTCC
TTGATAATCGGGATTGTAAGCAAAATGAAAACCTCGATGATCCTCTAGAG
TCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGCGGTAATCATGGTCATAGC

Nt 84-298 of SEQ ID NO: 612 corresponds to complement of nt 1-215 of the HI0665
gene.

Nt 82-549 of SEQ ID NO: 612 corresponds to complement of nt 4726-5193 of the
contig 557 (SEQ ID NO: 557).

15/15

Figure 3M

SEQ ID NO: 613

NACAGNATTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATGT
ATATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCACTGCATTGAGTAAACGACTTTGT
GATTCAATATTATTTTCGAGTGCAGTCAGGCGAAAATAGGTTTCGATTAAA
TACATAAATTTTTTAATTGCTGTCTGATTTGGTTTAAGCCGTTTAAACGCAT
TTCACCTAAACGTTGTGAAATGCCGAGTTCGCTAAAAAAGGCAATAATAT
CAAATGTATTCAATTCATCCGCTGTTTTGCCATTGATTTGATTGAATAAAA
TCCAAAGCAAGCCATTCATAATTCTGGCTTCGCTAAATCCGCTGAATTGAA
AAGTGCGGTCATGTTTAGGCATAATTTGAAACCACATTTGTGCTTCGCAGC
CAGNNAATAGGTTGCATTTGAGCGAGTTCATTATCGCTTGGGCGAGGNA
ANNTTTTGNCTNCNCNGGAAAAATCAGGNNATNGCGATCCTTTAGAGTCG
ACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCNGTAATCATGGNCATAGCTGNTTCCTG
GGGGAAATNGTTNTCCGNTNCAATCCCCACAACATACGAGC

Nt 75-158 of SEQ ID NO: 613 corresponds to compliment of nt 1-84 of the HI1292 gene.

Nt 142-455 of SEQ ID NO: 613 corresponds to nt 12-324 of the contig 313 (SEQ ID NO: 313).

SEQ ID NO: 614

CAAGACTTGGGACAACCTCCAGTGAAAAGTTCTTCTCCTTTACTCATATGTA
TATCTCCTTCTTAAATCTAGAGGATCTACAGTTGGTTCTGTAAACATCCCA
GAACCGATTAAAATAAAATAACCCGCGAATGCGGCACAAATCACCGCAA
AAAGTGCGGGCAAAATTTGGCTTGTTTTTTTCGTGTTTCATCATTGTCTTCCC
TGAAAAGAAAATATCGCTATTATCCACCTTTCCTCAGAAATTTCCATATTT
AACTTCTTCACTCTTGAGCGGTTATTTTATAGAATAAGCCAATTTTTTTAA
GCCAGAAGGAAAAACAATGAGCCAACCAATTTATAAACGTATTTTATTG
AAATTAAGCGGTGAAGCATTACAAGGAGAAGATGGTCTTGGTATCGATCC
TCTAGAGTCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGC
TGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAG
CCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTC
ACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTCCAGTCGGGAAA

Nt 83-265 of SEQ ID NO: 614 corresponds to compliment of nt 1-181 of the HI1064 gene.

Nt 74-406 of SEQ ID NO: 614 corresponds to nt 440-772 of the contig 178 (SEQ ID NO: 178).
