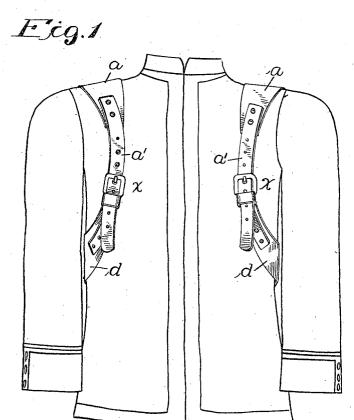
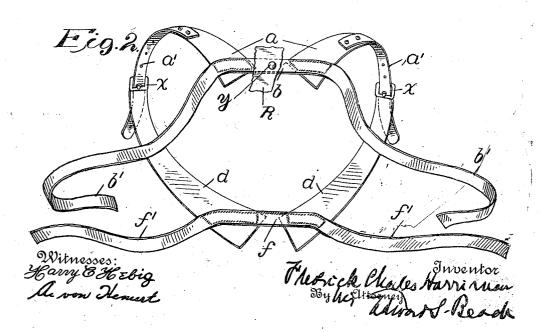
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Patented June 20, 1911.

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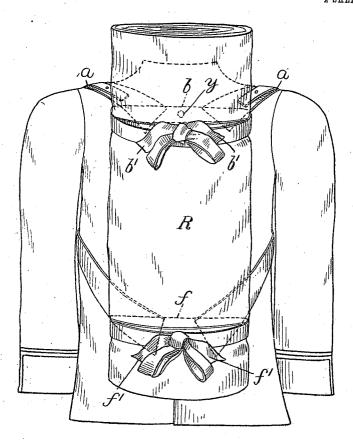




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Eig. 3.

Witnesses: Harry & HEbig M. von Hewest Messich Charles Horninus.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

BEST REPORT OF THE PREDERICK CHARLES HARRIMAN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

-ACK-SLING.

995,963.

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Specification of Letters Patent. Patented June 20, 1911.

Application filed August 3, 1908. Serial No. 446,793.

อไสโลกัสสาร หรือเกิโ To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FREDERICK CHARLES HARRIMAN, citizen of the United States, residing at 107 West Forty-third street, New 5 York city, in the county of New York and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Pack-Slings, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the ac-10 companying drawings.

This invention is a pack sling adapted for use of soldiers, guides, prospectors,

hunters, etc.

The object of the invention is to produce 15 a sling for carrying a military or like roll vertically of and in line with the spine of the wearer, so that the load is brought directly against the middle vertical line of the back with the load distributed very 20 evenly over the shoulders and back, leaving the arms free of movement and the chest unconstricted and unweighted.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a front view of the pack sling in place; 25 Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the pack sling detached; and Fig. 3 is a rear view of the pack sling in place and tied to a military

In the drawings, a are a pair of shoulder straps, the back ends of which are connected by a voke piece b provided with end extensions b, to be secured around the upper portion of the military roll R or other load. The shoulder straps are each ³⁵ provided preferably with a perforated, downwardly extending front strap a^1 for adjustable connection with the buckle x; at the lower end of each are a pair of side pieces d which pass well below the arm pits 40 of the wearer across his sides and rearward to a point of union near the middle of his back. The lower back ends of the side pieces d are conveniently united by the tied piece f, which is provided with extensions for the military roll R or other load about. opposite the small of the back. By this construction and arrangement of parts, my new back support is readily adjustable at the buckles w to fit men of varied lengths. of body, and the weight of the military roll or other load is evenly distributed over the shoulders, back of the neck and back, leaving both arms entirely free for all move-55 ments and the chest unconstricted and unweighted, as is not the case with military

rolls as now worn, horse-shoe shape, over one shoulder with one leg of the roll down the back and the other across the chest.

The military roll as now worn, often 60 interferes with the free movement of the arms, interferes with breathing, interferes with the manual of arms and becomes readily displaced when the wearer is pushing through brush or in a stooping position. 65
My new pack sling is particularly adapted for military use for reasons just indi-

cated. Another advantage of my new sling when used for supporting military rolls, is that the sling may be readily put on and 70 taken off without unbuckling and while the roll is embraced by the extensions b^1 , b^1 , and f^i , f^i ; the roll laid on the ground, the said extensions untied and the roll unrolled.

Of course extensions b^1 , b^1 and f^1 , f^1 may 75 be made strap and bucklewise if desired, but I prefer to use these extensions as simple ties. The roll or load may be attached permanently to the sling as by the rivet y, if

Now it will be observed, in connection with the present invention, that my roll need not be permanently secured to the harness. On the contrary, if the rivet y is omitted, the roll is detachably secured to the harness 85 by the transverse back straps b' and f', and consequently the roll may be quickly detached from the harness while the latter is on the soldier's back, so that the harness can be stripped to what is known as fighting form. 90 In the present invention, not only is the roll detachable from the harness, but the construction of the harness is such that when a folded and rolled blanket is located in it, the transverse straps are operable to com- 95 press the roll from the rear portion of the roll, about the sides and front thereof, (in other words, circumferentially,) and so hold it in rolled form for wear in long suspen-sion down the back. It will be observed 100 that in the preferred form of my invention illustrated, the upper and lower roll-engaging straps spring or extend away from the rearward middle portion of the harness as a whole, so that the sides of the roll are well 105 between the shoulders and sides of the wearer (see Fig. 3).

I am aware of Carr's United States Patent No. 510,239 of December 5, 1893, and disclaim all that is shown therein. The Carr 170 structure is more to carry a rectangular pack, and not a roll. Each strap t forms

one shoulder strap and one side strap, the latter portion coming edgewise against the wearer's side; but what is more important is that each strap is so positioned that its 5 upper rear portion slants away from the spine and does not converge at or near the spine, while the lower rear portion of each strap converges away from the spine to the outer lower corners of the rectangular load. 10 Each strap where confined to the upper tie r comes about opposite the shoulder blades, while the lower ends of each strap where confined to the outer corner portions of the rectangular load come about opposite the 15 wearer's hips.

I am also aware of the Short Patent, No. 34,272 of January 28, 1862, where the oldfashioned rectangular knapsack is secured to a sling. The strap α passes around the 20 back of the wearer's neck opposite the collar; the lower ends of the straps are attached near the lower corners of the knapsack; and there is no convergence whatever of shoulder straps at or near the wearer's spine, or 25 of side straps at or near the wearer's spine. No one prior to my invention has devised a sling of any kind, so far as I am advised, for holding a military or other roll vertically of and opposite the spine of the wearer.

As above indicated, the principle of this invention is the suspension of the pack in long form, roll-wise, down the middle of the back, in which position it is easily and conveniently borne with advantages not here-35 tofore obtained from any known mode or means of equipment. By my invention, the bottom end of the roll comes opposite the buttocks, and, resting in part thereon, relieves the loins and kidneys of the strain in-40 cident to use of the horse-shoe-shaped roll worn over one shoulder and across the back and breast. It is a well established military fact that soldiers have frequently thrown away packs or blankets of the latter type because of the great strain brought upon their loins and kidneys in wearing such packs, and the general inconvenience thereof. The older rectangular knapsacks were generally carried in such wise, as stated in the 50 Short Patent No. 33,726, that "the whole weight of it is brought directly upon the shoulders and across the back of the neck." The Carr patent construction involves support of the knapsack by the shoulders and 55 head. The Short Patent No. 34,272 shows a construction by which the blanket is carried

What I claim is:-1. An accourrement comprising transverse

on top of a rectangular knapsack the lower

inner corner of which comes against the

upper part of the loins.

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back straps, shoulder and side straps connected at their front end portions and rearwardly connected, near the rearward middle portion of the sling, the transverse back 65 straps being freely bendable therefrom; and an elongated roll compressively and circumferentially engaged by said freely bendable transverse straps, the free ends of the transverse straps being coupled to exert circum- 70 ferential compression on the roll.

2. A pack sling for carrying a military or like roll vertically of and opposite the wearer's spine, said sling comprising a pair of shoulder straps and a pair of side straps, 75 the rear ends of all of which straps converge toward the spinal line of the sling, the rear ends of the shoulder straps extending downwardly, and the rear ends of the side straps extending upwardly; and upper and lower 80 transverse roll-holding straps connected with the rear middle portions of the sling and operable to be bent outwardly from the spinal line of the sling to encircle a vertical roll and hold it in place in rolled form verti- 85 cally of and opposite the wearer's spine, and means for connecting the front portions of the shoulder and side straps.

3. A harness or sling for circumferentially and compressively engaging and sup- 90 porting a military or other roll in long suspension down the wearer's back opposite his spine, comprising a pair of shoulder straps which converge at the rear portion of the harness; a pair of side straps which con- 95 verge at the rear portion of the harness, the front ends of the shoulder and side straps being connectible; and a pair of transverse, rearward straps, one above the other; the upper one being in connection with the rear- 100 ward upper portion of the harness, and the lower one being in connection with the rearward lower portion of the harness, and both being extendible in roll-engaging form from the rearward, vertically middle portion of 105 the harness.

4. A pack sling for carrying a military or other roll in long suspension down the back, with the vertical axis thereof opposite the wearer's spine, comprising rearwardly con- 110 verging shoulder and side straps provided with upper and lower roll-engaging crossstraps forming a part of the harness and free to be bent outwardly from the vertical middle portion thereof. 115

In testimony whereof I have affixed my signature in presence of two witnesses.

FREDERICK CHARLES HARRIMAN.

Witnesses: EDWARD S. BEACH, ANNA VON HEMERT.