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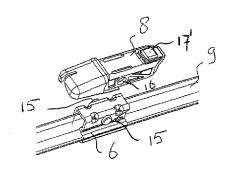
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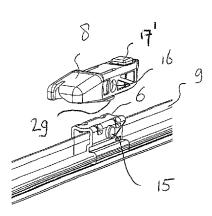
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(54) Title: WINDSCREEN WIPER DEVICE



(57) Abstract: A windscreen wiper device (1) comprising a wiper blade (2) with a spoiler (9) at a side thereof facing away from the windscreen to be wiped, wherein said wiper device (1) further comprises a connecting device (6) having a substantially U-shaped cross-section, wherein legs (10, 19) of said U-shaped cross-section are connected to said wiper blade (2) on opposite sides thereof, wherein a interior space (18) is left open between said connecting device (6) and said wiper blade (2), wherein said space (18) forms a water Channel for transporting rain water there through.

FIG. 2





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WINDSCREEN WIPER DEVICE

The present invention relates to a windscreen wiper device 5 comprising an elastic, elongated carrier element, as well as an elongated wiper blade of a flexible material, which can be placed in abutment with a windscreen to be wiped, which wiper blade includes at least one longitudinal groove, in which groove at least one longitudinal strip of the carrier 10 element is disposed, which windscreen wiper device comprises a connecting device for an oscillating arm, wherein said oscillating arm is pivotally connected to said connecting device about a pivot axis near one end thereof, with the interposition of a joint part, wherein said wiper blade 15 comprises a spoiler at a side thereof facing away from the windscreen to be wiped.

Such a windscreen wiper device is generally known. This

20 prior art windscreen wiper device is designed as a so-called

"flat blade" or "yokeless blade", wherein no use is made of
several yokes pivotally connected to each other, but wherein
the wiper blade is biassed by the carrier element, as a
result of which it exhibits a specific curvature. The

25 spoiler is also called an "air deflector".

The object of the invention is to provide an improved windscreen wiper device.

30 In order to accomplish that objective, a windscreen wiper device of the type referred to in the introduction is characterized according to the invention in that said connecting device has a substantially U-shaped cross-

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section, wherein legs of said U-shaped cross-section are connected to said wiper blade on opposite sides thereof, wherein an interior space is left open between said connecting device and said wiper blade at the location of their interconnection, wherein said space forms a water 5 channel for transporting rain water there through from a first side of said connecting device facing away from said free end of said oscillating arm to a second side of said connecting device facing towards said free end of said oscillating arm, and wherein in use said water channel 10 automatically carries rain water there through from said first side of said connecting device having an over pressure relative to the environment to said second side having an under pressure relative to the environment as a result of an 15 oscillatory movement of said oscillating arm, wherein said legs are movable from an open position, wherein said wiper blade including said longitudinal strip can be placed inside said connecting device at the location of their interconnection, to a closed position, and wherein said legs 20 are clamped around the flexible material of said wiper blade. In use, during each oscillatory movement of said oscillatory arm, rain water will be pressed from said first side where rain water accumulates, through said water channel, to said second side in order to be wiped away as a 25 result of the oscillatory movement of the oscillating arm. Said water channel preferably extends in longitudinal direction of said connecting device. In practice also the air flow due to the wind contributes to the existence of an under pressure at the location of said second side. With the 30 use of a special tool, said legs are particularly pushed against a spring force (as a result of the elasticity of the material from which the connecting device is made) from the closed position into the open position, wherein said legs

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are allowed to automatically spring back from said open position into said closed position. The clamping force can only be given if the legs of the connecting device have a certain height/length, because of the used elasticity of the material. This clamping force will suppress any angular play between the wiper blade and the connecting device and allows to have a fixation there between with no added parts, no added material and no welding or gluing.

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10 It is noted that the present invention is not restricted to the use of only one longitudinal strip forming the elastic carrier element that is particularly located in an central longitudinal groove of the wiper blade. Instead, said carrier element may also comprise two longitudinal strips,

15 wherein said strips are disposed in opposite longitudinal grooves of the wiper blade.

In a preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device in accordance with the invention wherein in said closed position said legs are slightly deforming the flexible material of said wiper blade at the location of the interconnection of said connecting device and said wiper blade.

In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device according to the invention wherein a base of the U-shaped cross-section of said connecting device and said joint part comprise mutually cooperating protrusion/hole means in order to allow that said joint part can only be connected to said oscillating arm in a way that said spoiler is correctly orientated. Hence, in a butterfly arrangement as explained hereunder, it will be impossible to mount the wiper blade in a wrong position on a vehicle, so that the orientation of

said spoiler is always good. Known vehicles are often equipped with a so-called "butterfly" wiper arrangement on the front side thereof. In such arrangement two oscillating arms are each pivotally connected to a mounting head fixed 5 for rotation to a shaft driven by a small motor, wherein in use the one shaft rotates alternately in a counterclockwise and in a clockwise sense (this shaft corresponds to the oscillating arm at the drivers side of the vehicle), whereas the other shaft simultaneously rotates alternately in a clockwise and in a counterclockwise sense (this shaft 10 corresponds to the oscillating arm at the passengers side of the vehicle). In use both shafts carry the mounting heads into rotation also, which in turn draw the oscillating arms into rotation and by means of the connecting devices move 15 the wiper blades accordingly. In practice it has become apparent that, during replacement of windscreen wiper devices known from the above international patent publication no. WO 00/73113 (Robert Bosch GmbH) and used in a vehicle with the above-described "butterfly" wiper 20 arrangement, one must carefully look which windscreen wiper device is meant to be mounted on the oscillating arm at the drivers side of the vehicle and which windscreen wiper device is meant to be mounted on the oscillating arm at the passenger side of the vehicle. This is now obviated by the 25 present invention.

In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device in accordance with the invention said spoiler continuously extends along the length of said wiper blade, wherein said space is defined between said connecting device and said spoiler. In other words, said spoiler is not made of two sub-spoilers mounted on opposite sides of the connecting device and extending from the connecting device to a

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respective connecting piece of the windscreen wiper device. On the contrary, said spoiler extends in its entirety from one connecting piece, through the connecting device (that is between the legs of the U-shaped cross-section thereof), to the other connecting device. Consequently, the wiping properties of the present wiper blade are improved, also because rain water is efficiently guided along the entire spoiler and through the closed space having no blockages at all in order to be wept away by the oscillatory movement of said oscillating arm. Said spoiler is preferably made in one piece with said wiper blade.

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In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device in accordance with the invention in said closed position said wiper blade and said longitudinal strip mutually 15 fixated by said legs at the location of the interconnection of said connecting device and said wiper blade, wherein in said closed position said wiper blade is allowed to move in longitudinal direction relative to said longitudinal strip 20 outside the location of the interconnection of said connecting device and said wiper blade. In other words, the wiper blade and the longitudinal strip are not allowed to mutually move under the connecting device, but in all other areas along the wiper blade a slight movement thereof is 25 made possible in order to allow said wiper blade to follow any curvature of the windscreen to be wiped. In said closed position said legs are particularly slightly deforming (the rubber of) said wiper blade at the location of the interconnection of said connecting device and said wiper 30 blade.

It is noted that the interconnection of the connecting device and the wiper blade through a clamping operation is

efficiently dealt with in case said connecting device is made of metal.

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In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device in accordance with the invention said joint part is detachably connected to said connecting device by engaging protrusions of said connecting device, at the location of said pivot axis, in recesses provided in said joint part. This is preferably realized through a snapping or clipping operation.

In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device according to the invention said joint part has an at least substantially U-shaped cross-section at the location of its connection to said connecting device, and wherein said joint part is provided with a recess provided coaxially with said pivot axis. In particular, the protrusions extend outwards on either side of said connecting device and are preferably cylindrical in shape. In the alternative, said protrusions are spherical or frusto-conical in shape. Said protrusions that function as bearing surfaces are thus paced far apart, so that forces exerted thereon will be relatively low. In yet another preferred variant said joint part is provided with co-axial through holes in legs of said U-shaped cross-section thereof, wherein a pivot pin is inserted in said through holes.

In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device in accordance with the invention said protrusions are provided with co-axial through holes. Accordingly, the wiper blade may then be connected to the oscillating arm on the basis of a so-called "sidelock system". The oscillating arm is provided with a joint pin or a pivot pin to be inserted

in said co-axial through holes. Said pivot pin protrudes in a direction towards the wiper blade and has a pivot axis extending in a direction of the oscillating movement of the oscillating arm.

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In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device according to the invention said joint part comprises at least one resilient tongue engaging in a correspondingly shaped hole provided in a base of a U-shaped cross-section of said oscillating arm, and wherein said resilient tongue is rotatable along a hinge axis between an outward position retaining said wiper blade onto said oscillating arm and an inward position releasing said wiper blade from said oscillating arm. Accordingly, the wiper blade may then be connected to the oscillating arm on the basis of a so-called "toplock system" on the basis of a bayonet connection. In order to connect the wiper blade onto the oscillating arm, the resilient tongue is initially pushed in against a spring force - as if it were a push button - and then allowed to spring back into the hole provided in the oscillating arm, thus snapping, that is clipping the resilient tongue into the hole. By subsequently pushing in again the resilient tongue against the spring force, the wiper blade may be released from the oscillating arm.

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In another preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device in accordance with the invention said longitudinal strip is provided along its interior and/or exterior edge with at least one recess cooperating with a corresponding protrusion on the connecting device. Instead of or in addition thereto the longitudinal strip is provided with at least one upwardly extending protrusion cooperating with a corresponding recess on the connecting device.

The invention will now be explained more in detail with reference to figures illustrated in a drawing, wherein

- 5 figure 1 is a perspective, schematic view of a preferred embodiment of a windscreen wiper device according to the invention, with and without (a part of) an oscillating arm, respectively;
- figure 2 is an exploded view of a part of the windscreen wiper device of figure 1, showing a 10 connecting device according to a first preferred embodiment, as well as a joint art;
- figure 3 shows in detail the connecting device according to the first preferred embodiment of figure 15 2;
 - figures 4 and 5 show in perspective and in crosssection the working principle of the connecting device according to the first preferred embodiment, as well as the way a wiper blade is connected thereto;
- 20 figures 6 and 7 correspond to figures 4 and 5, but now relating to the connecting device according to a second preferred embodiment;
- figures 8 and 9 are perspective views of two embodiments of a longitudinal strip cooperating with a 25 connecting device, as used in a windscreen wiper device of figure 1;
 - figure 10 corresponds to figures 4 and 5, but now relating to a third embodiment.
- Figure 1 shows a preferred variant of a windscreen wiper 30 device 1 according to the invention. Said windscreen wiper device is built up of an elastomeric wiper blade 2 comprising a central longitudinal groove 3, wherein a

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longitudinal strip 4 made of spring band steel is fitted in said longitudinal groove 3 (see figures 5, 6 and 7). Said strip 4 forms a flexible carrier element for the rubber wiper blade 2, as it were, which is thus biassed in a curved position (the curvature in operative position being that of 5 a windscreen to be wiped). An end of said strip 4 and/or an end of said wiper blade 2 is connected on either side of the windscreen wiper device 1 to respective connecting pieces or "end caps" 5. In this embodiment, the connecting pieces 5 are separate constructional elements, which may be form-10 locked as well as force-locked to both ends of said strip 4 and/or ends of said wiper blade 2. In another preferred variant, said connecting pieces 5 are in one piece with the strip 4 made of spring band steel. The windscreen wiper 15 device 1 is furthermore built up of a connecting device 6 of metal for connecting an oscillating wiper arm 7 thereto, with the interposition of a joint part 8. The oscillating wiper arm 7 is pivotally connected to the connecting device 6 about a pivot axis near one end. The preferred embodiment 20 of figure 1 according to the invention comprises a spoiler or "air deflector" 9 which is made in one piece with the rubber wiper blade 2 and which extends along the entire length thereof. This will be explained more in detail below.

Although not shown in figure 1, but fully understood by a skilled person, said oscillating arm 7 is connected to a mounting head fixed for rotation to a shaft driven by a small motor. In use, the shaft rotates alternately in a clockwise and in a counter-clockwise sense carrying the mounting head into rotation also, which in turn draws said oscillating arm 7 into rotation and by means of said connecting device 6 moves said wiper blade 2.

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In figure 2 an exploded view is given of a part of the windscreen wiper device 1 of figure 1, showing the connecting device 6 according to a first preferred embodiment, as well as the joint part 8 of figure 1. Figure 5 3a shows in detail the connecting device 6 according to the first preferred embodiment of figure 2, while in figure 3b the connecting device 6 according to a second preferred embodiment is shown. In both embodiments said connecting devices 6 have a U-shaped cross-section, wherein legs 10,19 of said U-shaped cross-section are connected to the rubber 10 of said wiper blade 2 on opposite sides thereof. In both embodiments the spoiler 9 extends in its entirety from one connecting piece 5 on one end of the windscreen wiper device 1, through the connecting device 6, i.e. between the legs 15 10,19 of the U-shaped cross-section thereof, to the other connecting device 5 on the other end of the windscreen wiper device 1.

Figures 4 and 5 show in perspective and in cross-section the 20 working principle of the connecting device 6 according to the first preferred embodiment, as shown in figure 3a. As mentioned earlier, this connecting device 6 has a U-shaped cross-section with said legs 10 and a base 11. With the help of a special tool 12 said legs 10 are moved from a non-25 operative position, as shown in figure 4a, into an open position, as shown in figure 4b. In fact, said tool 12 pushes in the direction of arrows 13 said legs 10 outwardly against a spring force of the metal from which the connecting device 6 is manufactured. This is possible as a 30 result of the elastical properties of the metal. In said open position (figure 4b) said wiper blade 2 is mounted inside said connecting device 6 at the location of their interconnection in the direction of arrow 14, to an

intermediate position, as shown in figure 4c. In the latter position the longitudinal strip 4 of the carrier element is slided into the central longitudinal groove 3 of the wiper blade 2, as shown in figure 5a. If considered expedient, a lubricant is used to facilitate insertion of the longitudinal strip 4 inside said longitudinal groove 3. Finally, when the wiper blade 2 and the longitudinal strip 4 are in the right position, the special tool 12 is removed. Consequently, said legs 10 of said connecting device 6 are allowed to spring back into a closed position (figure 5b), wherein said legs 10 are clamped around said wiper blade 2, while slightly deforming the rubber of said wiper blade 2 at the location where the legs 10 engage the rubber. In said closed position said wiper blade 2 and said longitudinal strip 4 are mutually fixated by said legs 10 at the location of the interconnection of said connecting device 6 and said wiper blade 2, whereas in said closed position said wiper blade 2 is allowed to move in longitudinal direction relative to said longitudinal strip 4 outside the location of the interconnection of said connecting device 6 and said wiper blade 2.

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As shown in figures 3, 4 and 5, the connecting device 6 according to the first embodiment comprises two cylindrical protrusions 15 extending outwards on either side of said connecting device 6. These protrusions 15 pivotally engage in identically shaped cylindrical recesses 16 of the plastic joint part 8. Said protrusions 15 act as bearing surfaces at the location of the pivot axis in order to pivot the joint part 8 (and the oscillating arm 7 attached thereto) about the pivot axis near one end of the oscillating arm 7. The protrusions 15 are preferably in one piece with said connecting device 6. In the alternative, said protrusions 15

are part of a single pivot pin perpendicular to the connecting device 6. As can be seen in figures 1 and 2, the joint part 8 comprises a resilient tongue 16 extending outwardly, while the oscillating arm 7 has an U-shaped cross-section at the location of its connection to said joint part 8, so that the tongue 17' engages in an identically shaped hole 17'' provided in a base of said U-shaped cross-section. The connecting device 6 with the wiper blade 2 is mounted onto the oscillating arm 7 as follows.

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The joint part 8 being already clipped onto the connecting device 6 is pivoted relative to the connecting device 6, so that said joint part 8 can be easily slided on a free end of the oscillating arm 7. During this sliding movement the resilient tongue 17' is initially pushed in against a spring force and then allowed to spring back into said hole 17'',

force and then allowed to spring back into said hole 17'', thus snapping, that is clipping the resilient tongue 16 into the hole 17. This is a so-called bayonet-connection. The oscillating arm 7 together with the joint part 8 may then be pivoted back in a position parallel to the wiper blade 2 in order to be ready for use. By subsequently pushing in again said resilient tongue 17' against the spring force (as if it

were a push button), the connecting device 6 and the joint

part 8 together with the wiper blade 2 may be released from the oscillating arm 7. Dismounting the connecting device 6 with the wiper blade 2 from the oscillating arm 7 is thus realized by sliding the connecting device 6 and the joint part 8 together with the wiper blade 2 in a direction away from the oscillating arm 7.

As can be seen from figures 4 and 5, an interior space 18 is left open between said connecting device 6 and said wiper blade 2/spoiler 9 at the location of their interconnection.

In other words, said space 18 is defined by said spoiler 9

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of the wiper blade 2, as well as the legs 10 and the base 11 of the connecting device 6. Said interior space 18 functions as a water channel extending in longitudinal direction of said connecting device 6. During use said water channel transports rain water there through. In other words, in use 5 rain water is carried away from a first side of said connecting device 6 facing away from said free end of said oscillating 7 arm to a second side of said connecting device 6 facing towards said free end of said oscillating arm 7. As a result of the oscillatory movement of said oscillating arm 10 7, in practice an over pressure relative to the environment exists at the location of said first side of said connecting device 6, while an under pressure relative to the environment is present at the location of said second side 15 of said connecting device 6. Due to said over pressure and said under pressure rain water is "automatically" pressed through said water channel.

Figures 6 and 7 show in perspective and in cross-section the 20 working principle of the connecting device 6 according to the second preferred embodiment. Like the connecting device 6 of the first embodiment, also this connecting device 6 has a U-shaped cross-section with legs 19 and a base 20. Said legs 19 are moved from a non-operative position being 25 similar to an open position into a closed position. First, the longitudinal strip 4 of the carrier element is slided into the central longitudinal groove 3 of the wiper blade 2. Then, in said open position, said wiper blade 2 with the longitudinal strip 4 is mounted inside said connecting 30 device 6 at the location of their interconnection. Further, when the wiper blade 2 together with the longitudinal strip 4 is in the right position, the legs 19 are moved inwardly into a closed position, as shown at the bottom of figure 6.

The above is identical to the situation as shown in figures 4 and 5. However, as shown in figures 6 and 7, the connecting device 6 according to the second embodiment comprises two cylindrical protrusions 21,22 extending outwards on either side of said connecting device 6. These 5 protrusions 21,22 pivotally engage in identically shaped cylindrical recesses 16 of the plastic joint part 8. Said protrusions 21,22 act as bearing surfaces at the location of the pivot axis in order to pivot the joint part 8 (and the oscillating arm 7 attached thereto) about the pivot axis 10 near one end of the oscillating arm 7. The protrusions 21,22 are preferably in one piece with said connecting device 6. In the alternative, said protrusions 21,22 are part of a single pivot pin perpendicular to the connecting device 6. 15 These protrusions 21,22 may also be provided with co-axial through holes 23,24 as shown, for receiving a transverse pivot pin provided on said oscillating arm 7 for pivotally connecting said connecting device 6 to said oscillating arm 7 near its free end about a pivot axis of said transverse 20 pin. As can be seen from figure 7, the base 20 of the Ushaped cross-section of the connecting device 6 comprises a hole or recess 25 for receiving a downwardly extending finger or protrusion 26 on the joint part 8. The hole 25 and the protrusion 26 thus cooperate in order to allow that said 25 joint part 8 can only be connected to said oscillating arm 7 in a way that said spoiler 9 is always correctly orientated. Said pivot axis is designated with 27 in figure 6.

It is noted that the connecting device 6 according to the
first and the second embodiments are particularly provided
with a outwardly extending protrusion 28 cooperating with a
correspondingly shaped stop surface 29 (figure 2) on the
joint part 8. In other words, in case the primary retaining

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means in the form of the resilient tongue 17' on the joint part 8 and the hole 17'' on the oscillating arm 7 would disfunction, for any reason, then secondary retaining means in the form of said protrusion 28 on the connecting device 6 and said stop surface 29 on the joint part 8 are provided for retaining said wiper blade 2 onto said oscillating arm 7. Said protrusions 28 and said stop surface 29 thus block any longitudinal movement of said wiper blade 2 relative to said oscillating arm 7.

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In figure 8 several views are given on the longitudinal strip 4, wherein a recess 30 is cut on an interior longitudinal side 31 and/or an exterior longitudinal side 32 thereof. These recesses 30 cooperate with corresponding protrusions 33 on the legs 10,19 of the connecting device 6 15 in order to enhance the retention of the wiper blade 2. Of course, it is also possible (instead of said recesses/protrusions or in addition thereto) that one or two recess(es) 34 in said leg(s) 10,19 cooperate(s) with one or 20 two upwardly extending protrusions 35 on the longitudinal strip 4. This is shown in figure 9. The retention of the wiper blade 2 may also be (whether or not the only) result of friction between legs 10, 19 or the connecting device 6 and the rubber of the wiper blade 2.

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Figure 10 corresponds to figures 4 and 5, but now relating to a third embodiment, wherein corresponding parts have been designated with the same reference numerals, and wherein figures 10a through 10e chronologically show stepwise the mounting of a wiper blade 2 onto a connecting device 6 having a U-shaped cross-section with a base 11 and legs 10. In the non-operative position of figure 10a the legs 10 are already in an open position to allow mounting of the wiper

blade 2 between said legs 10, that is within the U-shaped cross-section, while leaving a space 18 open between a spoiler 9 of the wiper blade 2, the legs 10 and the base 11 of the connecting device 6 (figure 10b). Again, said space 18 functions as a water channel as previously described 5 regarding the first and second embodiments shown in figures 4 and 5, as well as figures 6 and 7, respectively. In the mounted position of the wiper blade 2 in figure 10b the legs 10 of the U-shaped cross-section are crimped or crushed in the direction of arrows of figures 10c and 10d. As a result 10 of a permanent deformation of said legs 10, said legs 10 are forced to stay in the position of figure 10e, despite of any spring back phenomenon regarding said legs 10 when the crimping or crushing force is released (figure 10e). Instead 15 of or in addition to said deformation, also a cover (not shown) provided on said U-shaped cross-section can be used to force said legs 10 to stay in the position of figure 10e.

The invention is not restricted to the variants shown in the drawing, but it also extends to other preferred embodiments that fall within the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. A windscreen wiper device (1) comprising an elastic, elongated carrier element, as well as an elongated wiper blade (2) of a flexible material, which can be 5 placed in abutment with a windscreen to be wiped, which wiper blade (2) includes at least one longitudinal groove (3), in which groove (3) at least one longitudinal strip (4) of the carrier element is disposed, which windscreen wiper device (1) comprises a 10 connecting device (6) for an oscillating arm (7), wherein said oscillating arm (7) is pivotally connected to said connecting device (6) about a pivot axis near one end thereof, with the interposition of a joint part (8), wherein said wiper blade (2) comprises a spoiler 15 (9) at a side thereof facing away from the windscreen to be wiped, characterized in, that said connecting device (6) has a substantially U-shaped cross-section, wherein legs(10,19) of said U-shaped cross-section are 20 connected to the flexible material of said wiper blade (2) on opposite sides thereof, wherein a interior space (18) is left open between said connecting device (6) and said wiper blade (2) at the location of their interconnection, wherein said space (18) forms a water 25 channel for transporting rain water there through from a first side of said connecting device (6) facing away from said free end of said oscillating arm (7) to a second side of said connecting device (6) facing towards said free end of said oscillating arm (7), and 30 wherein in use said water channel automatically carries rain water there through from said first side of said connecting device (6) having an over pressure relative to the environment to said second side having an under

pressure relative to the environment as a result of an oscillatory movement of said oscillating arm (7), wherein said legs (10,19) are movable from an open position, wherein said wiper blade (2) including said longitudinal strip (4) can be placed inside said connecting device (6) at the location of their interconnection, to a closed position, and wherein said legs (10,19) are clamped around the flexible material of said wiper blade (2).

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- 2. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to claim 1, wherein in said closed position said legs (10,19) are slightly deforming the flexible material of said wiper blade (2) at the location of the interconnection of said connecting device (6) and said wiper blade (2).
- 3. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to claim 1 or 2, wherein a base (11,20) of the U-shaped cross-section of said connecting device (6) and said joint part (8) comprise mutually cooperating protrusion/hole means in order to allow that said joint part (8) can only be connected to said oscillating arm (7) in a way that said spoiler (9) is correctly orientated.
- 25 4. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to claim 1,2 or 3, wherein said water channel extends in longitudinal direction of said connecting device (6).
- 5. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to any of the preceding claims 1 through 4, wherein said spoiler (9) continuously extends along the length of said wiper blade (2), and wherein said space (18) is defined

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between said connecting device (6) and said spoiler (9).

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- 6. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to any of the preceding claims 1 through 5, wherein said spoiler (9) is made in one piece with said wiper blade (2).
- 7. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to claim any of the preceding claims 1 through 6, wherein said legs (10,19) can be pushed against a spring force from the closed position into the open position, and wherein said legs (10,19) can be allowed to spring back from said open position into said closed position.
- 15 8. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to any of the preceding claims 1 through 7, wherein in said closed position said wiper blade (2) and said longitudinal strip (4) are mutually fixated by said legs (10,19) at the location of the interconnection of said connecting device (6) and said wiper blade (2), and wherein in said closed position said wiper blade (2) is allowed to move in longitudinal direction relative to said longitudinal strip (4) outside the location of the interconnection of said connecting device (6) and said wiper blade (2).
 - 9. A windscreen wiper device (1) according to any of the preceding claims 1 through 8, wherein said connecting device (6) is made of metal.
 - 10 A windscreen wiper device according to any of the preceding claims 1 through 9, wherein said joint part (8) is detachably connected to said connecting device

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(6) by engaging protrusions (15,27) of said connecting device (6), at the location of said pivot axis, in recesses (16) provided in said joint part (8).

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- 5 11 A windscreen wiper device (1) according to claim 10, wherein said joint part (8) has an at least substantially U-shaped cross-section at the location of its connection to said connecting device (6), and wherein said joint part (8) is provided with a recess (16) provided coaxially with said pivot axis.
 - A windscreen wiper device (1) according to claim 10 or 11, wherein the protrusions (15,27) extend outwards on either side of said connecting device (6).

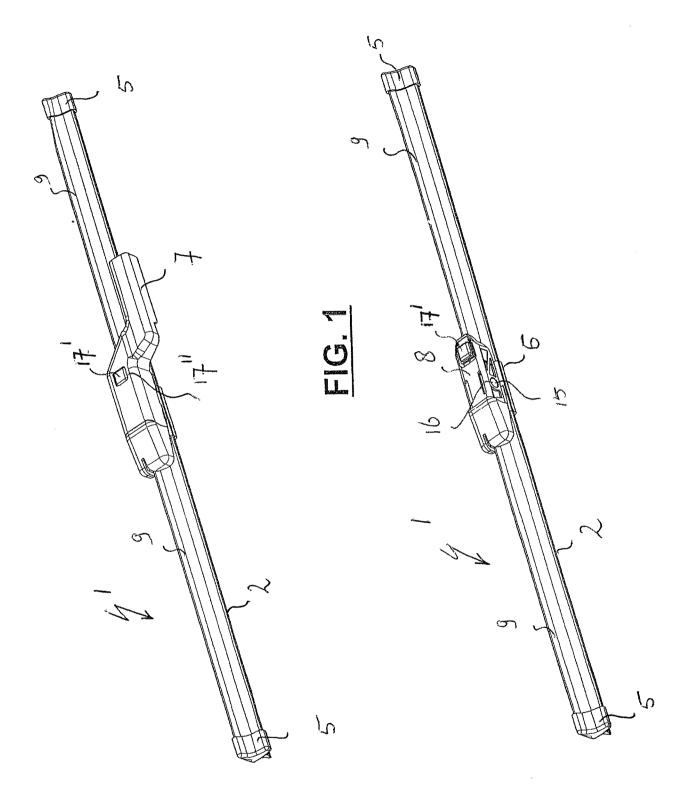
A windscreen wiper device (1) according to 10, 11 or 12, wherein said protrusions (15,27) are provided with co-axial through holes.

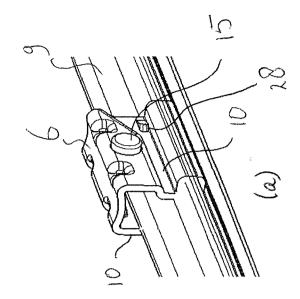
A windscreen wiper device (1) according to 10, 11 or 12, wherein said joint part (8) comprises at least one resilient tongue 17' engaging in a correspondingly shaped hole (17'') provided in a base of a U-shaped cross-section of said oscillating arm (7), and wherein said resilient tongue (7') is rotatable along a hinge axis between an outward position retaining said wiper blade (2) onto said oscillating arm (7) and an inward position releasing said wiper blade (2) from said oscillating arm (7).

A windscreen wiper device (1) according to any of the preceding claims 1 through 14, wherein said longitudinal strip (4) is provided along its interior

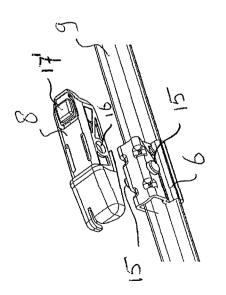
and/or exterior edge (31,32) with at least one recess (30) cooperating with a corresponding protrusion (33) on the connecting device (6).

5 16 A windscreen wiper device (1) according to any of the preceding claims 1 through 15, wherein said longitudinal strip (4) is provided with at least one upwardly extending protrusion (35) cooperating with a corresponding recess (34) on the connecting device (6).

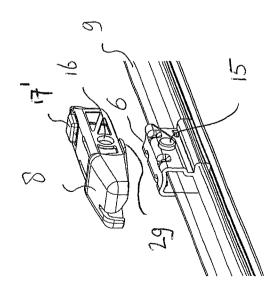


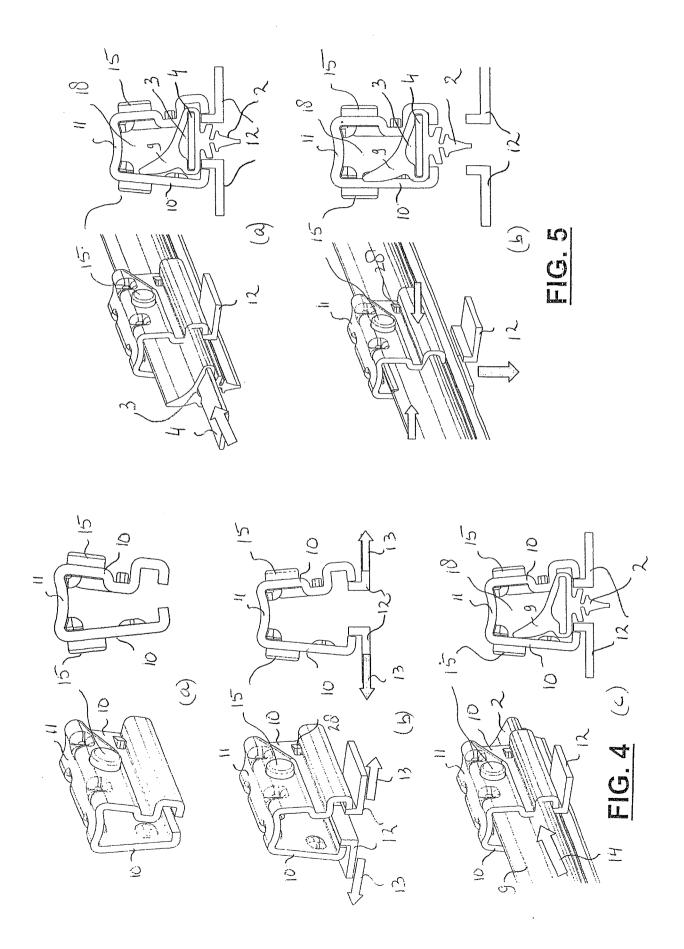


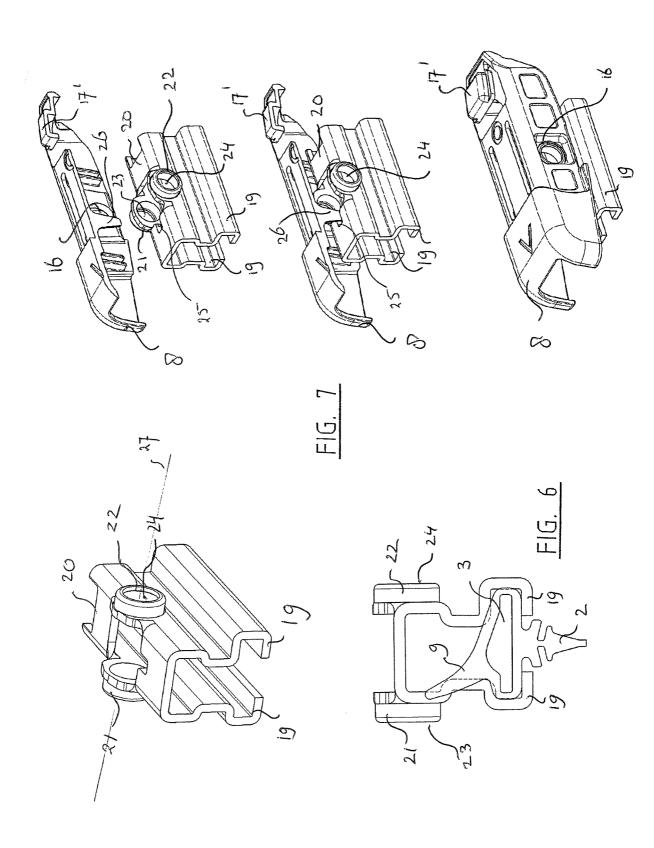
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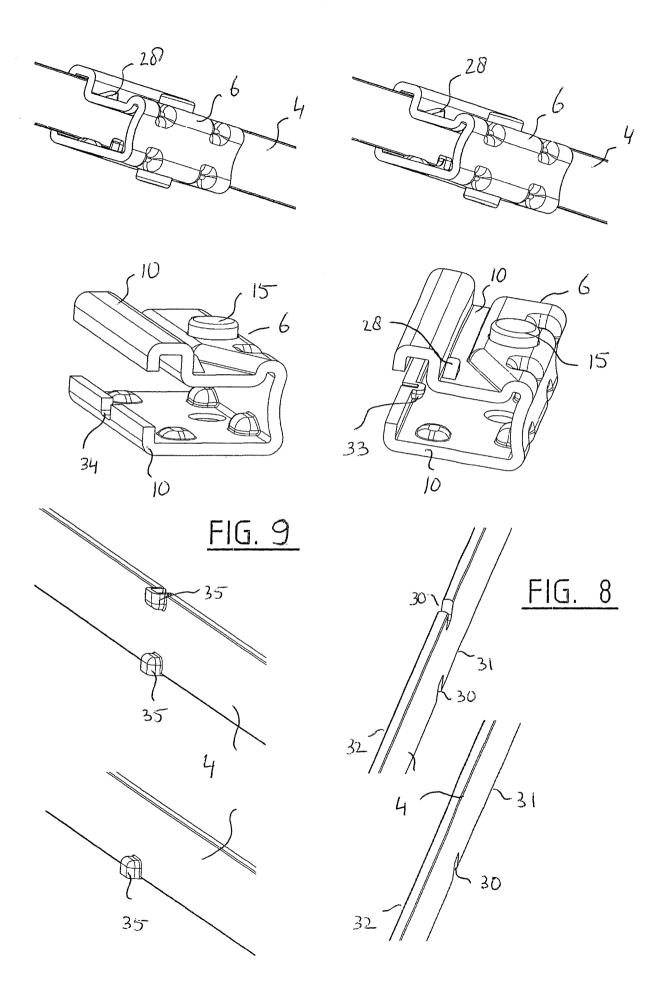


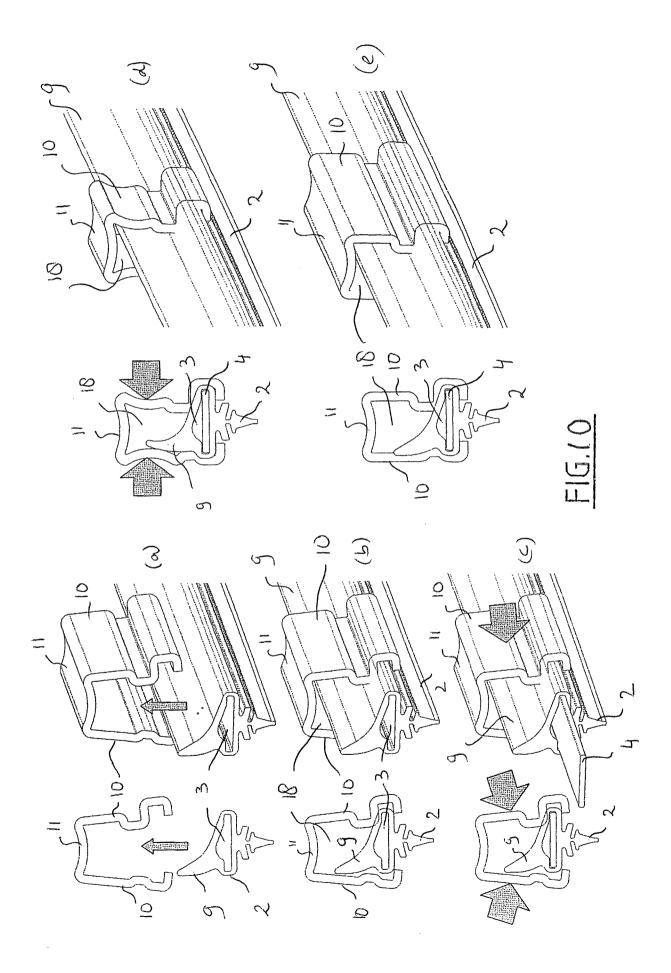












INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No

PCT/EP2010/054399 A: CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER INV. B60S1/38 ADD. According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) **B60S** Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. EP 1 876 073 A1 (FEDERAL MOGUL SA [BE]) 1 - 169 January 2008 (2008-01-09) paragraph [0018] - paragraph [0026]; figures Υ DE 100 33 779 A1 (VALEO AUTO ELECTRIC GMBH 1-6.9[DE]) 2 May 2002 (2002-05-02) paragraph [0030] - paragraph [0041]; figures Υ US 2007/113366 A1 (WALWORTH VAN T [US] ET 7.8 AL) 24 May 2007 (2007-05-24) paragraph [0078] - paragraph [0105]; figures X See patent family annex. Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 14 June 2010 21/06/2010 Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040,

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