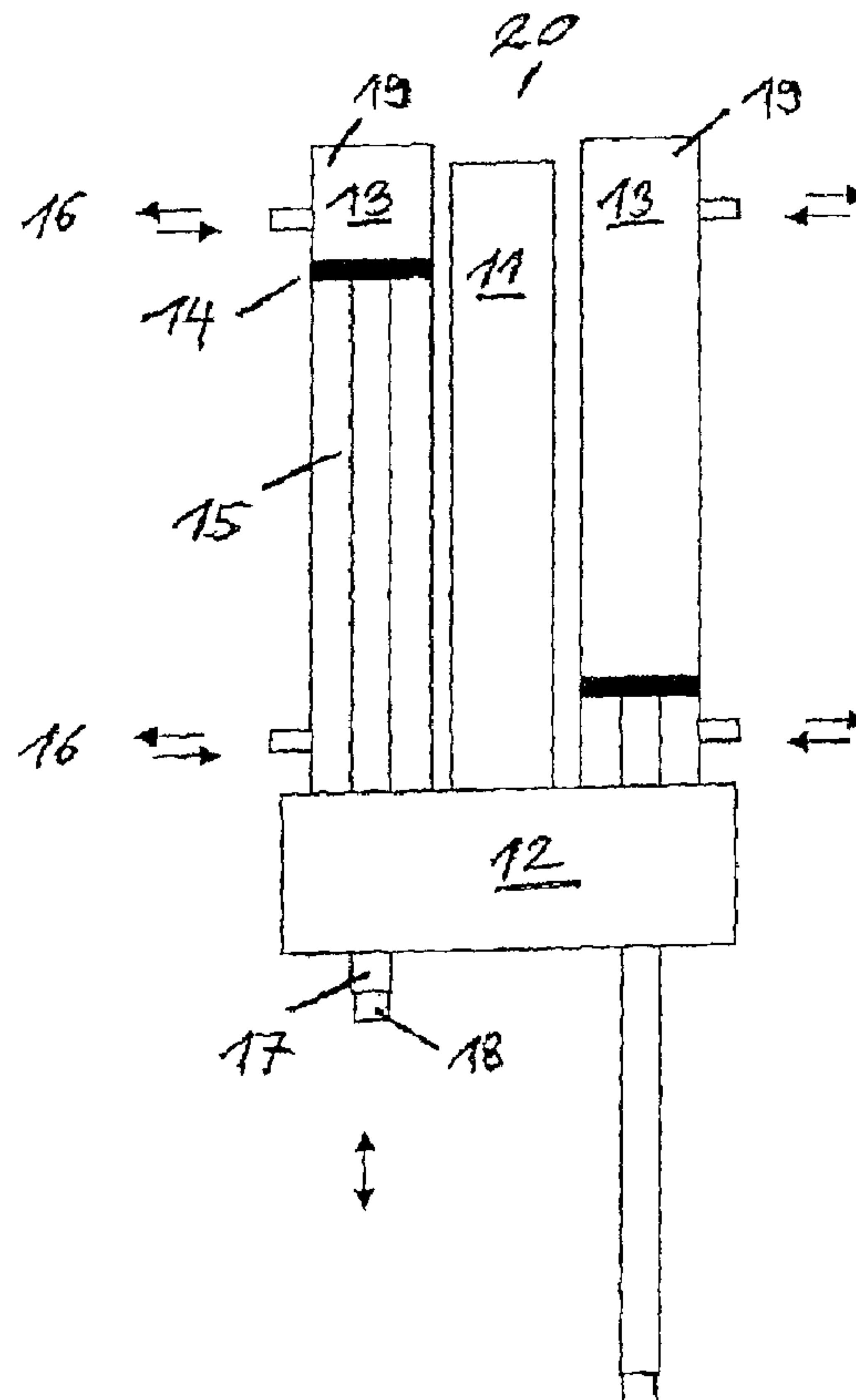




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(54) Titre : SYSTEME DE VISSAGE A BROCHES DE VISSAGE A AVANCE VARIABLE
(54) Title: SCREWDRIVING SYSTEM WITH VARIABLY ADJUSTABLE SCREWDRIVING SPINDLES



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The invention relates to a method for screwing in several fastening means such as screws/nuts, which are disposed especially on a circular path, with the aid of a screwing mechanism (2) comprising feeding outputs (19) that are arranged so as to correspond to

(57) **Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):**

the screws/nut, particularly on a circular path, and are provided with a screwing tool. Said method encompasses the following steps: the outputs are deployed from a neutral position into an operating position; the screwing tools are placed on the screws/nuts; and the screws/nuts are screwed in by means of the outputs.

Abstract

The invention relates to a method for screwing in several fastening means such as screws/nuts, which are disposed especially on a circular path, with the aid of a screwing mechanism (2) comprising feeding outputs (19) that are arranged so as to correspond to the screws/nut, particularly on a circular path, and are provided with a screwing tool. Said method encompasses the following steps: the outputs are deployed from a neutral position into an operating position; the screwing tools are placed on the screws/nuts; and the screws/nuts are screwed in by means of the outputs.

SCREWDRIVING SYSTEM WITH VARIABLELY ADJUSTABLE SCREWDRIVING SPINDLES

The invention relates to a method for screwing in a plurality of fastening means, such as screws and nuts, and to a device for performing the method.

In Published European Patent Application EP 0203 370 A1, a screwdriving device with a motor-driven screwdriver is shown. If many identical fastening means, located in accordance with a fixed geometric shape, such as screws/nuts for securing a wheel rim, are to be screwed in as fast as possible, then using the aforementioned screwdriving device entails relatively major effort, since the screwdriving device has to be manually realigned and positioned for each screw/nut combination.

The object of the invention is to screw a group of a plurality of fastening means into a workpiece simultaneously and with the least possible effort.

The object is attained by means of a method for attaching a plurality of fastening means, in particular located along a circular path, using a screwdriving device having feed drive outputs, corresponding to the fastening means and in particular located on a circular path and including a screwdriving tool bit, wherein the following method steps are included: Extending the drive outputs from a position of repose to a working position; locating the screwdriving tool bit at the fastening means; and screwing the fastening means in by means of the drive outputs.

Depending on the workpiece variant, fastening means in the forms of screws/nuts with an identical or different wrench width or another shape can occur.

This method has the advantage that the screwdriving system can be mounted on a stationary or variable device, and the screwing operation can be performed in automated fashion. Because of the corresponding location of fastening means and screwdriving devices, many geometrically located, identical or different

fastening means, as is usual for instance in fastening wheel rims to motor vehicles, can be screwed into a workpiece simultaneously and thus in a time-saving way. It is also advantageous that different screws or nuts can be screwed in, since the drive outputs can also have different tool bits, such as bits for different wrench widths, or different recess. The number of drives required is reduced; less work space is needed, and there are savings in weight and expense.

Preferably, after the conclusion of the screwdriving operation, the drive outputs return to the position of repose, and as a result the work space can be optimally utilized.

Especially preferably, the screwdriving device includes feed drive outputs, which are located on circular paths of different diameters, and it is always only those drive outputs which are located on the particular circular path which in turn corresponds with a circular path on which the fastening means are located that leave their position of repose, and wherein the number of feed drive outputs corresponds to the number of fastening means.

This accordingly makes the method enormously flexible, because products of the most various dimensions can be handled within one and the same production line, without having to adapt the screwdriving device.

Quite particularly preferably, the fastening means are screw/nut combinations for fastening wheel rims to motor vehicles. These screw/nut combinations are as a rule located inside a pitch circle diameter, so that the rims can be fastened to the motor vehicle without torsion. The method now makes it possible for all the screw/nut combinations to be screwed on simultaneously, with the identical torque. Rims for different vehicle models and engine capacities can be mounted in a time-saving way, without interrupting the work process and without refitting.

The object is also attained by means of a device for attaching fastening means, including a plurality of spindle drives for driving a plurality of feed drive outputs, in particular located on circular paths of different diameters, with tool bits.

The same advantages are attained as already mentioned above. Moreover, a compact, lightweight multiple screwdriving system can be implemented.

Preferably, means are provided that enable the operation of two feed drive outputs by means of a single common spindle drive. The means may be included in a block drive output, which represents the drive output of the entire embodiment by combining all the drive outputs. Then only half the number of spindle drives is needed; for instance, for System 5 perforated rims with 2 pitch diameters, only five spindle drives rather than ten are needed. Also, this system is more compact in structure, compared to a system that likewise uses only five spindles but works with an electromechanical pitch circle diameter adjustment.

Preferably, the device includes a first group of a plurality of feed drive outputs, in particular five, of feed drive outputs and a second group of a plurality of feed drive outputs, in particular five, each located on a different circular path; the radii of the circular paths differ, and one spindle drive is provided for driving two feed drive outputs each over different circular paths. This saves both expense and space, since drive outputs directly adjacent each other use the same spindle drive.

Especially preferably, the device includes a feed drive output, which is implemented by means of a pneumatically, hydraulically or electrically operated actuator in the form of a cylinder, whose piston rod is embodied as a shaft with a tool bit receptacle. This makes it possible to implement a position of repose and a work position for implementing a robot-guided screwdriving operation, for instance.

Alternatively, it is also possible, by means of a nut supported in friction-locking fashion, with a ball roll or threaded spindle driven by a screwdriving spindle, to achieve a motion between a state of repose and a work position. Because of the supported nut that is fixed only by friction- locking, further rotation for fastening the fastening means can be achieved. The position of repose is reached by reversing the direction of rotation. The rotation of the screwdriving spindle is prevented by

fastening it to a linear guide.

Both methods contribute to enabling optimal utilization of the work space.

Different screw assemblies, such as screw/nut combinations, that are located on circles of different radii can be screwed in by means of one and the same screwdriving device, because the drive outputs required for a particular screw assembly are moved from the position of repose to the work position, and the drive outputs no longer needed are moved from the work position to the position of repose.

Quite particularly preferably, the spindle drives have an electric motor, and the motor drives the shaft of the feed drive output by means of a gear, such as a planetary gear. Thus torques and speed changes can be implemented as needed.

Preferably, the gear comprises a plurality of gear wheels; a first gear wheel is located on the spindle of the spindle drive and transmits the spindle rotation to a second gear wheel, and this second gear wheel transmits the rotation to a third gear wheel, which is located on the shaft. As a result, the desired direction of rotation can be configured as needed. It is also possible to use more than three gear wheels for further configurations, and transmission by means of a chain drive or toothed belt drive is equally conceivable.

Preferably, the motions of the shaft and/or the torque is detected by means of a measured value transducer. With a suitable controller, the course of screwing in can be made exact and user-friendly. It is equally possible for the quality of the screwdriving operation and the work sequences, for instance, to be documented.

If the screwdriving system is used for installing wheel rims or other vehicle components of the same or different dimensions, then with the same screwdriving system, wheel rims of different pitch circle diameters and with different tool bits or tool bit shapes can be screwed on. This saves both production costs and material costs, especially if the device of the invention is used for equipping motor vehicles

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with wheel rims, and the device is in particular included in a motor vehicle production line

In accordance with an aspect of the invention, there is provided a method for attaching a plurality of fastening means, comprising the following steps:

- 5 positioning said plurality of fastening means along a first circular path; providing a screwdriving device having feed drive outputs, wherein said feed drive outputs are position to correspond to the fastening means and are located on a second circular path corresponding to said first circular path, wherein each of said feed drive outputs includes a screwdriving tool bit, wherein at least two of said
- 10 screwdriving tool bits differ from one another in form and structure and are adapted to screw in different types of fastening means; extending the drive outputs from a position of repose to a working position and locating the screwdriving tool bit at the fastening means; and simultaneously screwing the plurality of fastening means in using the drive outputs.

- 15 In accordance with another aspect of the invention, there is provided a device for attaching fastening means, comprising: a device for attaching fastening means, including a plurality of spindle drives for simultaneously driving a plurality of feed drive outputs located on circular paths of different diameters, wherein the feed drive outputs include screwdriving tool bits, and wherein at least
- 20 two of said screwdriving tool bits differ from one another in form and structure and are adapted to screw in different types of fastening means.

- In accordance with another aspect of the invention, there is provided a device for fastening objects such as wheel rims, gear wheels, ring gears, flywheels, brake disks, and wheel sets for motor vehicles or motor vehicle
- 25 components, including a screwdriving device as defined herein, wherein the device is included in a motor vehicle production line.

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List of Reference Numerals:

- 11 Spindle drive
- 12 Gear
- 13 Cylinder
- 14 Piston
- 15 spline shaft
- 16 compressed-air connection
- 17 drive output
- 18 tool bit receptacle
- 19 feed drive output
- 20 Double feed drive output
- 21 screwdriving tool bit
- 22 Block drive output with gears

Fig. 1 shows a double feed drive output 20, which represents a part of the screwdriving device according to the invention of the method of the invention.

Fig. 2 shows a device according to the invention in perspective on the tool bit end.

The double feed drive output 20 shown in Fig. 1 includes a spindle drive 11, a gear 12, and two feed drive outputs 19, each with one cylinder 13, one piston 14, one spline shaft 15, two compressed-air connections 16, and one drive output 17 with a tool bit receptacle 18.

By means of the gear 12, a spindle drive 11 drives the spline shafts 15 of each of the two feed drive outputs 19, which are additionally axially displaceable by means of the piston 14 inside the cylinder 13 in the direction of the axis of rotation of a spline shaft 15. The feed is implemented by means of compressed air, because the emergence of the spline shaft 15 from the cylinder is implemented by

means of a first compressed-air connection 16 (Fig. 1, top), and the retraction of the spline shaft into the cylinder is implemented by means of a second compressed-air connection 16 (Fig. 1, bottom). A hydraulically or electrically operated cylinder (for instance with a revolving ball spindle) would also be conceivable.

It is clearly visible from Fig. 1 that one of the drive outputs 19 is extended into a work position (on the right in the drawing), and a further drive output is located in the position of repose (on the left in the drawing). If a plurality of these double feed drive outputs, for instance five of them (each comprising two feed drive outputs 19 and one spindle drive 11), are arranged circularly, then the screwdriving device of the invention is obtained; thus 2x5 feed drive outputs 19 are located circularly, and because of the spacing of the feed drive outputs 19, the two circles have different radii. It is thus possible to implement a screwdriving device which is suitable for installing wheel rims of different pitch circle diameters.

From Fig. 2, it can be seen that the device according to the invention includes five drive outputs 17, each with one screwdriving tool bit (nut 21), which are located on an outer circular circumference, as well as five drive outputs 17 each with a screwdriving tool bit (nut 21) which are located on an inner circular circumference; the radius of the inner circle is slightly smaller than that of the outer circle. The drive outputs 17 located on the outer circle are in their work position (extended spline shaft 17, while the drive outputs located on the inner circle are in their position of repose (retracted spline shaft 17). In their position of repose as well, the spline shafts 15 of the feed drive outputs protrude from the gearbox (the spindle drives and feed drive outputs are not shown). The block drive 22 includes the gear for triggering the spline shafts 17.

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CLAIMS:

1. A device for attaching fastening means, comprising:

a device for attaching fastening means, including a plurality of spindle drives for simultaneously driving a plurality of feed drive outputs located on circular paths of different diameters, wherein the feed drive outputs include screwdriving tool bits, and wherein at least two of said screwdriving tool bits differ from one another in form and structure and are adapted to screw in different types of fastening means.

2. The device as defined by claim 1, wherein means are provided, which enable the operation of two feed drive outputs by means of one common spindle drive.

3. The device as defined by claim 2, wherein a first group of a plurality of feed drive outputs is located on a first circular path, and a second group of a plurality of feed drive outputs is located on a second circular path; wherein the radii of the circular paths differ; and wherein one spindle drive is provided for driving two feed drive outputs each over different circular paths.

4. The device as defined by any one of claims 1 through 3, wherein a feed drive output is implemented by means of a pneumatically, hydraulically or electrically operated actuator in the form of a cylinder, whose piston rod is embodied as a shaft with a tool bit receptacle.

5. The device as defined by claim 4, wherein the spindle drive includes an electric motor; and wherein the motor drives the shaft of the feed drive output by means of a gear.

6. The device as defined by claim 5, wherein the gear comprises a plurality of gear wheels; a first gear wheel is located on the spindle of the spindle drive and transmits the spindle rotation to a second gear wheel, and this second gear wheel transmits the rotation to a third gear wheel, which is located on the shaft.

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7. The device as defined by claim 5, wherein the gear is embodied by means of chains or toothed belts, in order to transmit a torque.

8. The device as defined by any one of claims 4 through 7, wherein each spindle of a spindle drive is brought into engagement by means of an electrical or
5 pneumatic clutch.

9. The device as defined by any one of claims 1 through 8, wherein by means of a measured value transducer, the motions of the shaft and/or the torque are detectable.

10. The device as defined by any one of claims 1 through 9, wherein it is
10 used for assembling motor vehicle components.

11. A device for fastening objects such as wheel rims, gear wheels, ring gears, flywheels, brake disks, and wheel sets for motor vehicles or motor vehicle components, including a screwdriving device as defined by any one of claims 1 through 10, wherein the device is included in a motor vehicle production line.

15 12. The device as defined by claim 3, wherein the first group of a plurality and a second group of a plurality each comprise five drive outputs.

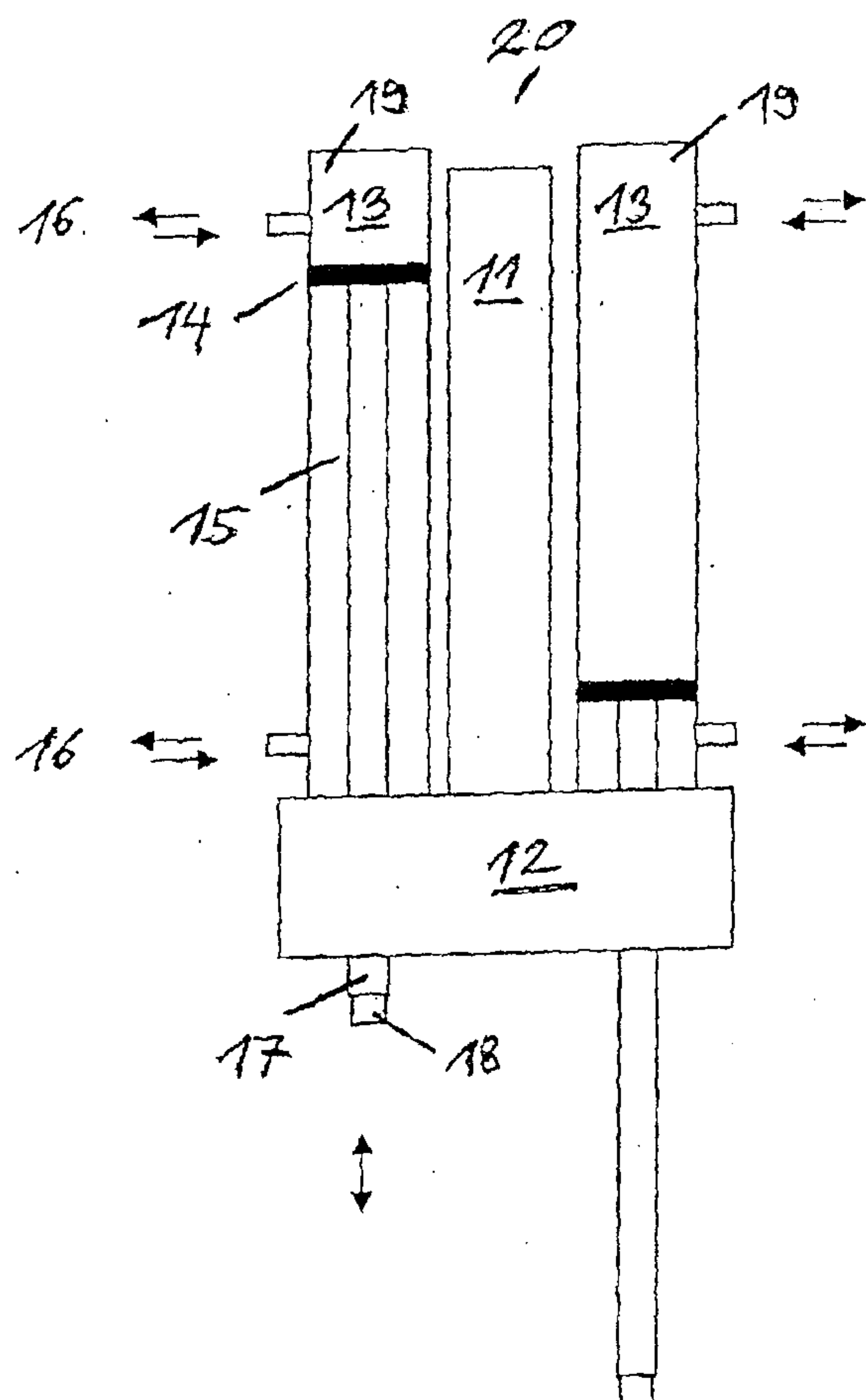


Fig. 1

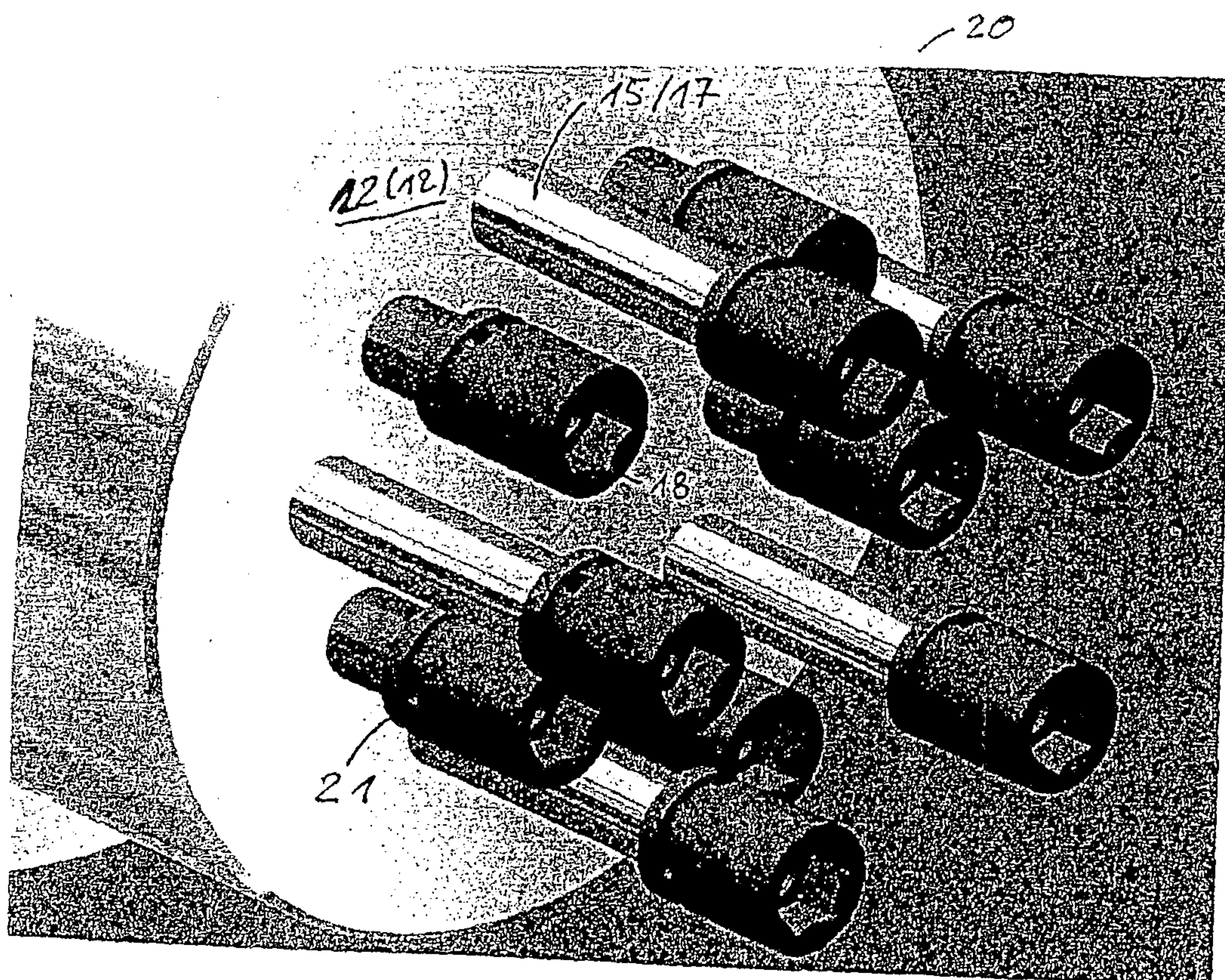


Fig. 2

