Title: BICYCLIC DIONE COMPOUNDS AS INHIBITORS OF KRAS

Abstract: Disclosed are compounds of Formula (I), methods of using the compounds for inhibiting KRAS activity and pharmaceutical compositions comprising such compounds. The compounds are useful in treating, preventing or ameliorating diseases or disorders associated with KRAS activity such as cancer.
BICYCLIC DIONE COMPOUNDS AS INHIBITORS OF KRAS

RELATED APPLICATIONS
This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 63/086,776 filed October 2, 2020, the entire content of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION
The disclosure provides compounds as well as their compositions and methods of use. The compounds modulate KRAS activity and are useful in the treatment of various diseases including cancer.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION
Ras proteins are part of the family of small GTPases that are activated by growth factors and various extracellular stimuli. The Ras family regulates intracellular signaling pathways responsible for growth, migration, survival and differentiation of cells. Activation of RAS proteins at the cell membrane results in the binding of key effectors and initiation of a cascade of intracellular signaling pathways within the cell, including the RAF and PI3K kinase pathways. Somatic mutations in RAS may result in uncontrolled cell growth and malignant transformation while the activation of RAS proteins is tightly regulated in normal cells (Simanshu, D. et al. Cell 170.1 (2017):17-33).

The Ras family is comprised of three members: KRAS, NRAS and HRAS. RAS mutant cancers account for about 25% of human cancers. KRAS is the most frequently mutated isoform accounting for 85% of all RAS mutations whereas NRAS and HRAS are found mutated in 12% and 3% of all Ras mutant cancers respectively (Simanshu, D. et al. Cell 170.1 (2017):17-33). KRAS mutations are prevalent amongst the top three most deadly cancer types: pancreatic (97%), colorectal (44%), and lung (30%) (Cox, A.D. et al. Nat Rev Drug Discov (2014) 13:828-51). The majority of RAS mutations occur at amino acid residue 12, 13, and 61. The frequency of specific mutations varies between RAS gene isoforms and while G12 and Q61 mutations are predominant in KRAS and NRAS respectively, G12, G13 and Q61 mutations are most frequent in HRAS. Furthermore, the spectrum of mutations in a RAS isoform differs between cancer types. For example, KRAS G12D mutations predominate in pancreatic cancers (51%), followed by colorectal adenocarcinomas (45%) and lung cancers (17%) while KRAS G12 V mutations are associated with pancreatic cancers (30%), followed by colorectal adenocarcinomas (27%) and lung adenocarcinomas (23%) (Cox, A.D. et al. Nat Rev Drug Discov (2014) 13:828-51). In contrast, KRAS G12C mutations predominate in non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) comprising 11-16% of lung

Taken together, these findings suggest that KRAS mutations play a critical role in human cancers; development of inhibitors targeting mutant KRAS may therefore be useful in the clinical treatment of diseases that are characterized by a KRAS mutation.

**SUMMARY**

The present disclosure provides, *inter alia*, a compound of Formula I:

![Chemical structure of Formula I](image)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein constituent variables are defined herein.

The present disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of the disclosure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

The present disclosure further provides methods of inhibiting KRAS activity, which comprises administering to an individual a compound of the disclosure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The present disclosure also provides uses of the compounds described herein in the manufacture of a medicament for use in therapy. The present disclosure also provides the compounds described herein for use in therapy.

The present disclosure further provides methods of treating a disease or disorder in a patient comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the disclosure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

**DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

*Compounds*

In an aspect, provided herein is a compound of Formula I:
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

wherein:

X is N or CR²;

R¹ is selected from H, D, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, CN, OR¹, SR¹, C(O)R², C(O)NR²R³, C(O)OR¹, OC(O)R², OC(O)NR²R³, NR²R³, NR²C(O)R², NR²C(O)OR¹, NR²C(O)NR²R³, NR²S(O)R², NR²S(O)NR²R³, and BR²R³; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R²;

R² is selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₃ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkylene, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR², SR², C(O)R², C(O)NR²R³, C(O)OR², OC(O)R², OC(O)NR²R³, NR²R³, NR²C(O)R², NR²C(O)OR², NR²C(O)NR²R³, C(=NR²)R², C(=NOR²)R², C(=NR²)NR²R², NR²C(=NR²)NR²R², NR²C(=NOR²)NR²R², S(O)R², S(O)₂R², S(O)₃R², S(O)NR²R², S(O)₂NR²R², S(O)₃NR²R², and BR²R²; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₃ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R²;

Cy is selected from C₃₋₁₀ Cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and
wherein the C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰;
when X is N, then

R³ is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₂₋₆ haloalkyl, C₄₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkylnyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³⁰;

when X is CR⁵, then

R³ is selected from C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³⁰;

R⁴ is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₂₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁴⁰;

R⁵ is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₂₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR³⁵, SR³⁵, C(O)R³⁵, C(O)NR³⁵R³⁵, C(O)OR³⁵, OC(O)R³⁵, OC(O)NR³⁵R³⁵, NR³⁵R³⁵, NR³⁵C(O)R³⁵, NR³⁵C(O)OR³⁵, NR³⁵C(O)NR³⁵R³⁵, C(=NR³⁵)R³⁵, C(=NOR³⁵)R³⁵, C(=NR³⁵)NR³⁵R³⁵, NR³⁵C(=NR³⁵)NR³⁵R³⁵, NR³⁵C(=NR³⁵)R³⁵, NR³⁵S(O)R³⁵, NR³⁵S(O)NR³⁵R³⁵, NR³⁵S(O)₂R³⁵, S(O)R³⁵, S(O)NR³⁵R³⁵, S(O)₂R³⁵, S(O)₂NR³⁵R³⁵, and BR³⁵R³⁵, wherein said C₁₋₆ alkylnyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁵⁰;
each R¹⁰ is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₈₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₀₋₃₁ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR¹⁰, SR¹⁰, C(=O)R¹⁰, C(=O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, C(=O)OR¹⁰, OC(O)R¹⁰, OC(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰NR¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(O)R¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, C(=NR¹⁰)R¹⁰, C(=NOR¹⁰)R¹⁰, C(=NR¹⁰)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(=NR¹⁰)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(=NOR¹⁰)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰S(O)R¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰S(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰S(O)₂R¹⁰, NR¹⁰S(O)₂NR¹⁰R¹⁰, S(O)R¹⁰R¹⁰, S(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰R¹⁰, S(O)₂R¹⁰R¹⁰, S(O)₂NR¹⁰R¹⁰R¹⁰, and BR¹⁰R¹⁰;
wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹¹;
each R¹¹ is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₀₋₃₁ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, OR¹¹, SR¹¹, C(=O)R¹¹, C(=O)NR¹¹R¹¹, C(=O)OR¹¹, OC(O)R¹¹, OC(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, NR¹¹C(O)R¹¹, NR¹¹C(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, NR¹¹C(=O)R¹¹, NR¹¹C(=O)NR¹¹R¹¹, NR¹¹S(O)R¹¹R¹¹, NR¹¹S(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, NR¹¹S(O)₂R¹¹, NR¹¹S(O)₂NR¹¹R¹¹, S(O)R¹¹R¹¹, S(O)NR¹¹R¹¹R¹¹, S(O)₂R¹¹R¹¹, S(O)₂NR¹¹R¹¹R¹¹, and BR¹¹R¹¹;
wherein said C₆₋₁₀ aryl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₀₋₃₁ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹²;
each R¹² is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₀ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR¹², SR¹², C(=O)R¹², C(=O)NR¹²R¹², C(=O)OR¹², OC(O)R¹², OC(O)NR¹²R¹², NR¹²C(O)R¹², NR¹²C(O)NR¹²R¹², NR¹²C(=O)R¹², NR¹²C(=O)NR¹²R¹², NR¹²C(=NR¹²)R¹², NR¹²C(=NOR¹²)R¹², NR¹²S(O)R¹²R¹², NR¹²S(O)NR¹²R¹², S(O)R¹²R¹², S(O)NR¹²R¹²R¹², S(O)₂R¹²R¹², S(O)₂NR¹²R¹²R¹², and BR¹²R¹²;
wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃₀ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹³;
each R¹³ is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₀₋₃₁ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR¹⁰, SR¹⁰, C(=O)R¹⁰, C(=O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, C(=O)OR¹⁰, OC(O)R¹⁰, OC(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(O)R¹⁰, and BR¹⁰R¹⁰.
NR^{20}C(O)R^{20}, NR^{20}C(O)OR^{20}, NR^{20}C(O)NR^{20}R^{20}, NR^{20}S(O)R^{20}, NR^{20}S(O)_{2}R^{20},
NR^{20}S(O)R^{20}, NR^{20}S(O)_{2}R^{20}, S(O)R^{20}, S(O)NR^{20}R^{20}, S(O)_{2}R^{20}, S(O)_{2}NR^{20}R^{20},
and BR^{20}R^{20};
wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered
heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents
independently selected from R^{21};
each R^{21} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10}
aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 5-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, halo, D, CN, OR^{21}, SR^{21},
C(O)OR^{21}, C(O)NR^{21}R^{21}, C(O)OR^{21}, OC(O)R^{21}, OC(O)NR^{21}R^{21}, NR^{21}R^{21},
NR^{21}C(O)R^{21}, NR^{21}C(O)OR^{21}, NR^{21}C(O)NR^{21}R^{21}, NR^{21}S(O)R^{21}, NR^{21}S(O)_{2}R^{21},
NR^{21}S(O)NR^{21}R^{21}, S(O)R^{21}, S(O)NR^{21}R^{21}, S(O)_{2}R^{21}, S(O)_{2}NR^{21}R^{21}, and BR^{21}R^{21};
wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered
heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents
independently selected from R^{22};
each R^{22} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl,
halo, D, CN, OR^{22}, SR^{22}, C(O)R^{22}, C(O)NR^{22}R^{22}, C(O)OR^{22}, OC(O)R^{22},
OC(O)NR^{22}R^{22}, NR^{22}R^{22}, NR^{22}C(O)R^{22}, NR^{22}C(O)OR^{22}, NR^{22}C(O)NR^{22}R^{22},
NR^{22}S(O)R^{22}, NR^{22}S(O)_{2}R^{22}, NR^{22}S(O)NR^{22}R^{22}, S(O)R^{22}, S(O)NR^{22}R^{22}, S(O)_{2}R^{22},
S(O)_{2}NR^{22}R^{22}, and BR^{22}R^{22};
wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each
optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{23};
each R^{23} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10}
aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyene, halo, D, CN, NO_{2}, OR^{30}, SR^{30},
C(O)R^{30}, C(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, C(O)OR^{30}, OC(O)R^{30}, OC(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, NR^{30}R^{30},
NR^{30}C(O)R^{30}, NR^{30}C(O)OR^{30}, NR^{30}C(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, NR^{30}S(O)R^{30}, NR^{30}S(O)_{2}R^{30},
NR^{30}S(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, S(O)R^{30}, S(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, S(O)_{2}R^{30}, S(O)_{2}NR^{30}R^{30}, and BR^{30}R^{30};
wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered
heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{31};

  each R\textsuperscript{31} is independently selected from C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR\textsuperscript{31}, SR\textsuperscript{31}, C(O)R\textsuperscript{31}, C(O)NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{31}, OC(O)R\textsuperscript{31}, OC(O)NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, NR\textsuperscript{31}C(O)R\textsuperscript{31}, NR\textsuperscript{31}C(O)OR\textsuperscript{31}, NR\textsuperscript{31}C(O)NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, NR\textsuperscript{31}C(O)NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, NR\textsuperscript{31}C(O)R\textsuperscript{31}, S(O)R\textsuperscript{31}, S(O)NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, S(O)OR\textsuperscript{31}, S(O)NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, S(O)OR\textsuperscript{31}, S(O)NR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31}, and BR\textsuperscript{31}R\textsuperscript{31};

wherein said C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{32};

  each R\textsuperscript{32} is independently selected from C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR\textsuperscript{32}, SR\textsuperscript{32}, C(O)R\textsuperscript{32}, C(O)NR\textsuperscript{32}R\textsuperscript{32}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{32}, OC(O)R\textsuperscript{32}, OC(O)NR\textsuperscript{32}R\textsuperscript{32}, NR\textsuperscript{32}C(O)R\textsuperscript{32}, NR\textsuperscript{32}C(O)OR\textsuperscript{32}, NR\textsuperscript{32}C(O)NR\textsuperscript{32}R\textsuperscript{32}, NR\textsuperscript{32}S(O)R\textsuperscript{32}, NR\textsuperscript{32}S(O)OR\textsuperscript{32}, NR\textsuperscript{32}S(O)NR\textsuperscript{32}R\textsuperscript{32}, S(O)R\textsuperscript{32}, S(O)NR\textsuperscript{32}R\textsuperscript{32}, S(O)OR\textsuperscript{32}, S(O)NR\textsuperscript{32}R\textsuperscript{32}, and BR\textsuperscript{32}R\textsuperscript{32};

wherein said C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{33};

  each R\textsuperscript{33} is independently selected from C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR\textsuperscript{40}, SR\textsuperscript{40}, C(O)R\textsuperscript{40}, C(O)NR\textsuperscript{40}R\textsuperscript{40}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{40}, OC(O)R\textsuperscript{40}, OC(O)NR\textsuperscript{40}R\textsuperscript{40}, NR\textsuperscript{40}C(O)R\textsuperscript{40}, NR\textsuperscript{40}C(O)OR\textsuperscript{40}, NR\textsuperscript{40}C(O)NR\textsuperscript{40}R\textsuperscript{40}, NR\textsuperscript{40}S(O)R\textsuperscript{40}, NR\textsuperscript{40}S(O)OR\textsuperscript{40}, NR\textsuperscript{40}S(O)NR\textsuperscript{40}R\textsuperscript{40}, S(O)R\textsuperscript{40}, S(O)NR\textsuperscript{40}R\textsuperscript{40}, S(O)OR\textsuperscript{40}, S(O)NR\textsuperscript{40}R\textsuperscript{40}, and BR\textsuperscript{40}R\textsuperscript{40};

wherein said C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{34};

  each R\textsuperscript{34} is independently selected from C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-6} cycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR\textsuperscript{41}, SR\textsuperscript{41}, C(O)R\textsuperscript{41}, C(O)NR\textsuperscript{41}R\textsuperscript{41}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{41},
OC(O)R⁴¹, OC(O)NR⁴¹R⁴¹, NR⁴¹R⁴¹, NR⁴¹C(O)R⁴¹, NR⁴¹C(O)OR⁴¹,
NR⁴¹C(O)NR⁴¹R⁴¹, NR⁴¹S(O)R⁴¹, NR⁴¹S(O)₂R⁴¹, NR⁴¹S(O)₃R⁴¹, S(O)R⁴¹,
S(O)NR⁴¹R⁴¹, S(O)₂R⁴¹, S(O)₃NR⁴¹R⁴¹, and BR⁴¹R⁴¹; wherein said C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₂₋₆
alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered
heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently
selected from R⁴²;

each R⁴² is independently selected from C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆
haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl,
halo, D, CN, OR⁴², SR⁴², C(O)R⁴², C(O)NR⁴²R⁴², C(O)OR⁴², OC(O)R⁴²,
OC(O)NR⁴²R⁴², OC(O)OR⁴², NR⁴²C(O)NR⁴²R⁴², NR⁴²C(O)OR⁴², NR⁴²C(O)NR⁴²R⁴²,
NR⁴²S(O)R⁴², NR⁴²S(O)₂R⁴², NR⁴²S(O)₃R⁴², S(O)R⁴², S(O)₂R⁴², S(O)₃R⁴²,
S(O)₃NR⁴²R⁴², and BR⁴²R⁴²; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆
cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each
optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁴³;

each R⁴³ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆
haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, C₆₋₁₀
aryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR⁴⁵, SR⁴⁵,
C(O)R⁴⁵, C(O)NR⁴⁵R⁴⁵, C(O)OR⁴⁵, OC(O)R⁴⁵, OC(O)NR⁴⁵R⁴⁵, NR⁴⁵R⁴⁵,
NR⁴⁵S(O)R⁴⁵, NR⁴⁵C(O)NR⁴⁵R⁴⁵, NR⁴⁵C(O)OR⁴⁵, NR⁴⁵C(O)NR⁴⁵R⁴⁵,
NR⁴⁵S(O)₂R⁴⁵, S(O)R⁴⁵, S(O)₂R⁴⁵, S(O)₃R⁴⁵, S(O)₃NR⁴⁵R⁴⁵, and BR⁴⁵R⁴⁵;

wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered
heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents
independently selected from R⁴⁵;

each R⁴⁵ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆
haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, C₆₋₁₀
aryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR⁴₆, SR⁴₆,
C(O)R⁴₆, C(O)NR⁴₆R⁴₆, C(O)OR⁴₆, OC(O)R⁴₆, OC(O)NR⁴₆R⁴₆, NR⁴₆R⁴₆,
NR⁴₆S(O)R⁴₆, NR⁴₆C(O)NR⁴₆R⁴₆, NR⁴₆C(O)OR⁴₆, NR⁴₆C(O)NR⁴₆R⁴₆,
NR⁴₆S(O)₂R⁴₆, S(O)R⁴₆, S(O)₂R⁴₆, S(O)₃R⁴₆, S(O)₃NR⁴₆R⁴₆, and BR⁴₆R⁴₆;

wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered
heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents
independently selected from R⁴₆;
heteroaryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>52</sup>;

- each R<sup>52</sup> is independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-5</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR<sup>R52</sup>, SR<sup>R52</sup>, C(O)R<sup>R52</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>R52</sup>R<sup>R52</sup>, C(O)OR<sup>R52</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>R52</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>R52</sup>R<sup>R52</sup>, NR<sup>R52</sup>C(O)R<sup>R52</sup>, NR<sup>R52</sup>NR<sup>R52</sup>, NR<sup>R52</sup>C(O)OR<sup>R52</sup>, NR<sup>R52</sup>C(O)NR<sup>R52</sup>R<sup>R52</sup>, NR<sup>R52</sup>S(O)R<sup>R52</sup>, NR<sup>R52</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>R52</sup>, NR<sup>R52</sup>S(O)NR<sup>R52</sup>R<sup>R52</sup>, S(O)R<sup>R52</sup>, S(O)NR<sup>R52</sup>R<sup>R52</sup>, S(O)S(O)R<sup>R52</sup>, and BR<sup>R52</sup>R<sup>R52</sup>; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>52</sup>;

- each R<sup>51</sup>, R<sup>51</sup>, R<sup>51</sup>, and R<sup>51</sup> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-5</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>53</sup>;

- or any R<sup>51</sup> and R<sup>51</sup> attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R<sup>53</sup>;

- each R<sup>51</sup> and R<sup>51</sup> is independently selected from OH, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy;

- or any R<sup>51</sup> and R<sup>51</sup> attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl;

- each R<sup>52</sup>, R<sup>52</sup>, R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>52</sup> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-5</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>50</sup>;

- or any R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>52</sup> attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>50</sup>;

- each R<sup>52</sup> is independently selected from H, CN, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyaminosulfonyl, carbamyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkycarbamyl, d(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl and d(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminosulfonyl;

- each R<sup>53</sup> and R<sup>53</sup> is independently selected from OH, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy; or any R<sup>53</sup> and R<sup>53</sup> attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are
attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

- each R$^{5}$, R$^{5}$, R$^{5}$ and R$^{5}$ is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-10}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{50}$;

- or any R$^{5}$ and R$^{5}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{50}$;

- each R$^{5}$ is independently selected from H, CN, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkylthio, C$_{1-6}$ alkylsulfonfyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkyaminosulfonfyl, carbamyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkylcarbamyl, di(C$_{1-6}$ alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonfyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkyaminosulfonfyl and di(C$_{1-6}$ alkyl)aminosulfonfyl;

- each R$^{5}$ and R$^{5}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy, or any R$^{5}$ and R$^{5}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

- each R$^{10}$, R$^{10}$, R$^{10}$ and R$^{10}$ is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{11}$;

- or any R$^{10}$ and R$^{10}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{11}$;

- each R$^{10}$ is independently selected from H, CN, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkylthio, C$_{1-6}$ alkylsulfonfyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkyaminosulfonfyl, carbamyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkylcarbamyl, di(C$_{1-6}$ alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonfyl, C$_{1-6}$ alkyaminosulfonfyl and di(C$_{1-6}$ alkyl)aminosulfonfyl;

- each R$^{10}$ and R$^{10}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any R$^{10}$ and R$^{10}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

- each R$^{11}$, R$^{11}$, R$^{11}$ and R$^{11}$ is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7
membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C₅₋₆ alkyl C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹²;

or any Rᵩᵪ and Rᵩᵩ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹²;

each Rᵩᵪ and Rᵩᵩ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any Rᵩᵪ and Rᵩᵩ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each Rᵩᵩ, Rᵩᵩ, Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl and C₂₋₆ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³;

each Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each Rᵩᵩ, Rᵩᵩ, Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³;

or any Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³;

each Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each Rᵩᵩ, Rᵩᵩ, Rᵩᵩ and Rᵩᵩ, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R²;
or any $R^{21}$ and $R^{21}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{22}$;

each $R^{21}$ and $R^{21}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{21}$ and $R^{21}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{22}$, $R^{22}$, $R^{22}$ and $R^{22}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl and C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{3}$;

each $R^{22}$ and $R^{22}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{22}$ and $R^{22}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{30}$, $R^{30}$, $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{31}$;

or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{31}$;

each $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{31}$, $R^{31}$, $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{32}$;

or any $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{32}$;
each $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{32}$, $R^{32}$, $R^{32}$, and $R^{32}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkylnyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl and C$_{2-6}$ alkylnyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{3}$; or any $R^{32}$ and $R^{32}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{3}$;

each $R^{32}$ and $R^{32}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{32}$ and $R^{32}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{40}$, $R^{40}$, $R^{40}$, and $R^{40}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkylnyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroary1 and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkylnyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroary1 and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{41}$; or any $R^{40}$ and $R^{40}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R$^{41}$;

each $R^{40}$ and $R^{40}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{40}$ and $R^{40}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{41}$, $R^{41}$, $R^{41}$, and $R^{41}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkylnyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl and C$_{2-6}$ alkylnyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{42}$; or any $R^{41}$ and $R^{41}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{42}$;
each R^{d1} and R^{d1} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{d1} and R^{d1} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alky1 and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{d2}, R^{d2}, R^{d2} and R^{d2}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alky1, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alky1ny and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alky1, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alky1ny are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^0;

or any R^{d2} and R^{d2} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^0;

each R^{d2} and R^{d2} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{d2} and R^{d2} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alky1 and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{d50}, R^{d50}, R^{d50} and R^{d50} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alky1, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alky1ny, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alky1, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alky1ny, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{d51};

or any R^{d50} and R^{d50} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{d51};

each R^{d50} and R^{d50} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{d50} and R^{d50} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alky1 and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{d51}, R^{d51}, R^{d51} and R^{d51}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alky1, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alky1ny, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alky1, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alky1ny, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{d52};

or any R^{d51} and R^{d51} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{d52};
each R<sup>51</sup> and R<sup>51</sup> is independently selected from OH, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy; or any R<sup>51</sup> and R<sup>51</sup> attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl;

each R<sup>52</sup>, R<sup>52</sup>, R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>52</sup>, is independently selected from H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkylnyl and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl and C<sub>2-6</sub> alkylnyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>0</sup>; or any R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>52</sup> attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>0</sup>; each R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>52</sup> is independently selected from OH, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy; or any R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>52</sup> attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl; and

each R<sup>0</sup> is independently selected from D, OH, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, halo, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkylnyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-2</sub> alkyiene, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl, HO-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, HO-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl, cyano-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl, H<sub>2</sub>N-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl, amino, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino, thio, C<sub>1-6</sub> alklythio, C<sub>1-6</sub> alky/sulfinyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alky/sulfonyl, carbamyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbamyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)carbamyl, carboxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alklycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1-6</sub> alklycarbonylamino, C<sub>1-6</sub> alklycarbonyloxyl, aminooxycarbonlyoxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alklyaminocarbonlyoxyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonlyoxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alky/sulfonylamino, aminosulfonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alyaminosulfonylnyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminosulfonylnyl, aminosulfonylnylamino, C<sub>1-6</sub> alklyaminosulfonylamino, di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonylamino, C<sub>1-6</sub> alklyaminocarbonlyoxyl, and di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonlyoxyl.

In an embodiment,

X is N;

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from H, D, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkylnyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3-10</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, CN, OR<sup>41</sup>, SR<sup>41</sup>, C(O)R<sup>41</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>, C(O)OR<sup>41</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>41</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>, NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>, NR<sup>41</sup>C(O)R<sup>41</sup>, NR<sup>41</sup>C(O)OR<sup>41</sup>, NR<sup>41</sup>C(O)NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>, NR<sup>41</sup>S(O)R<sup>41</sup>, NR<sup>41</sup>S(O)NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>, NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>S(O)R<sup>41</sup>, S(O)R<sup>41</sup>, S(O)NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>, S(O)R'<sup>41</sup>, S(O)NR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>, and BR<sup>41</sup>R'<sup>41</sup>; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-10</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>0</sup>;
R is selected from H, C₆H₅ alkyl, C₆H₅ alkenyl, C₆H₅ alkynyl, C₆H₅ haloalkyl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, C₆H₅ aryl-C₆H₅ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₆H₅ alkylene, C₆H₅ halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR°, SR°, C(O)R°, C(O)NR°, C(O)OR°, OC(O)R°, NR°R°, NR°R°, NR°C(O)RR°, NR°C(O)OR°, NR°C(O)NR°R°, NR°C(O)NR°R°, C(=NR°R°)R°, C(=NOR°)R°, C(=NOR°)R°, C(=NOR°)NR°R°, C(=NOR°)NR°R°, NR°C(=NOR°)NR°R°, NR°C(=NOR°)NR°R°, NR°S(O)R°, NR°S(O)R°, NR°S(O)R°, NR°S(O)R°, S(O)R°, S(O)R°, S(O)R°, S(O)R°R°, and BR°R°; wherein said C₆H₅ alkyl, C₆H₅ alkenyl, C₆H₅ alkynyl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, C₆H₅ aryl-C₆H₅ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₆H₅ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R°;  

Cy is selected from C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by o xo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R°;  

R is selected from C₆H₅ alkyl, C₆H₅ alkenyl, C₆H₅ alkynyl, C₆H₅ haloalkyl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, C₆H₅ aryl-C₆H₅ alkylene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₆H₅ alkylene; wherein said C₆H₅ alkyl, C₆H₅ alkenyl, C₆H₅ alkynyl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, C₆H₅ aryl-C₆H₅ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₆H₅ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R°;  

R is selected from C₆H₅ alkyl, C₆H₅ alkenyl, C₆H₅ alkynyl, C₆H₅ haloalkyl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, C₆H₅ aryl-C₆H₅ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₆H₅ alkylene; wherein said C₆H₅ alkyl, C₆H₅ alkenyl, C₆H₅ alkynyl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆H₅ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆H₅ cycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₆H₅ alkylene, C₆H₅ aryl-C₆H₅ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₆H₅ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R°;
each R¹⁰ is independently selected from C₄₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocy cloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkylene, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR²¹⁰, SR²¹⁰, C(O)R¹⁰, C(O)NR¹¹⁰R²¹⁰, C(O)OR²¹⁰, OC(O)R²¹⁰, OC(O)NR¹¹⁰R²¹⁰, NR²¹⁰R¹¹⁰, NR²¹⁰C(O)R¹¹⁰, NR²¹⁰C(O)OR²¹⁰, NR²¹⁰C(O)NR¹¹⁰R²¹⁰, C(=NR²¹⁰)R¹¹⁰, C(=NOR²¹⁰)R¹¹⁰, C(=NR²¹⁰)NR¹¹⁰R²¹⁰, C(=NOR²¹⁰)NR¹¹⁰R²¹⁰, NR²¹⁰S(O)R¹¹⁰, NR²¹⁰S(O)₂R¹¹⁰, NR²¹⁰S(O)₂NR¹¹⁰R²¹⁰, and BR¹¹⁰R¹¹⁰; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹¹¹; each R¹¹ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, OR²¹¹, SR²¹¹, C(O)R²¹¹, C(O)NR¹¹⁰R²¹¹, C(O)OR²¹¹, OC(O)R²¹¹, OC(O)NR¹¹⁰R²¹¹, NR²¹¹R¹¹⁰, NR²¹¹C(O)R¹¹⁰, NR²¹¹C(O)OR²¹¹, NR²¹¹C(O)NR¹¹⁰R²¹¹, NR²¹¹S(O)R¹¹⁰, NR²¹¹S(O)₂R¹¹⁰, NR²¹¹S(O)₂NR¹¹⁰R²¹¹, NR²¹¹C(O)OR²¹¹, NR²¹¹C(O)NR¹¹⁰R²¹¹, NR²¹¹S(O)R¹¹⁰, NR²¹¹S(O)₂R¹¹⁰, NR²¹¹S(O)₂NR¹¹⁰R²¹¹, and BR²¹¹R¹¹¹; each R²⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, OR²³⁰, SR²³⁰, C(O)R²³⁰, C(O)NR¹³⁰R²³⁰, C(O)OR²³⁰, OC(O)R²³⁰, OC(O)NR¹³⁰R²³⁰, NR²³⁰R¹³⁰, NR²³⁰C(O)R¹³⁰, NR²³⁰C(O)OR²³⁰, NR²³⁰C(O)NR¹³⁰R²³⁰, NR²³⁰S(O)R¹³⁰, NR²³⁰S(O)₂R¹³⁰, NR²³⁰S(O)₂NR¹³⁰R²³⁰, NR²³⁰S(O)₂NR¹³⁰R²³⁰, and BR²³⁰R¹³⁰; each R³⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, OR³³⁰, SR³³⁰, C(O)R³³⁰, C(O)NR¹³⁰R³³⁰, C(O)OR³³⁰, OC(O)R³³⁰, OC(O)NR¹³⁰R³³⁰, NR³³⁰R¹³⁰, NR³³⁰C(O)R¹³⁰, NR³³⁰C(O)OR³³⁰, NR³³⁰C(O)NR¹³⁰R³³⁰, NR³³⁰S(O)R¹³⁰, NR³³⁰S(O)₂R¹³⁰, NR³³⁰S(O)₂NR¹³⁰R³³⁰, NR³³⁰S(O)₂NR¹³⁰R³³⁰, and BR³³⁰R¹³⁰; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹¹¹.
heteroaryl-C$_5$-$C_{13}$ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$_{31}$;

  each R$_{31}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkyln, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{8-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, C$_{6-10}$ aryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR$_{31}$, SR$_{31}$, C(O)R$_{31}$, C(O)NR$_{31}$R$_{31}$, C(O)OR$_{31}$, OC(O)R$_{31}$, OC(O)NR$_{31}$R$_{31}$, NR$_{31}$R$_{31}$, NR$_{31}$C(O)R$_{31}$, NR$_{31}$C(O)OR$_{31}$, NR$_{31}$C(O)NR$_{31}$R$_{31}$, NR$_{31}$S(O)R$_{31}$, NR$_{31}$S(O)$_2$R$_{31}$, NR$_{31}$S(O)$_3$R$_{31}$, S(O)R$_{31}$, S(O)NR$_{31}$R$_{31}$, S(O)$_2$R$_{31}$, S(O)$_3$R$_{31}$, and BR$_{31}$R$_{31}$;

  each R$_{40}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkyln, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{8-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, C$_{6-10}$ aryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR$_{40}$, SR$_{40}$, C(O)R$_{40}$, C(O)NR$_{40}$R$_{40}$, C(O)OR$_{40}$, OC(O)R$_{40}$, OC(O)NR$_{40}$R$_{40}$, NR$_{40}$R$_{40}$, NR$_{40}$C(O)R$_{40}$, NR$_{40}$C(O)OR$_{40}$, NR$_{40}$C(O)NR$_{40}$R$_{40}$, NR$_{40}$S(O)R$_{40}$, NR$_{40}$S(O)$_2$R$_{40}$, NR$_{40}$S(O)$_3$R$_{40}$, S(O)R$_{40}$, S(O)NR$_{40}$R$_{40}$, S(O)$_2$R$_{40}$, S(O)$_3$R$_{40}$, and BR$_{40}$R$_{40}$; where in said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkyln, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, C$_{6-10}$ aryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$_{41}$;

  each R$_{41}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkyln, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$_{41}$, SR$_{41}$, C(O)R$_{41}$, C(O)NR$_{41}$R$_{41}$, NR$_{41}$C(O)OR$_{41}$, NR$_{41}$C(O)NR$_{41}$R$_{41}$, NR$_{41}$S(O)R$_{41}$, NR$_{41}$S(O)$_2$R$_{41}$, NR$_{41}$S(O)$_3$R$_{41}$, S(O)R$_{41}$, S(O)NR$_{41}$R$_{41}$, S(O)$_2$R$_{41}$, S(O)$_3$R$_{41}$, and BR$_{41}$R$_{41}$; where in said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkyln, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$_{42}$;

  each R$_{42}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkyln, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$_{42}$, SR$_{42}$, C(O)R$_{42}$, C(O)NR$_{42}$R$_{42}$, C(O)OR$_{42}$, OC(O)R$_{42}$, OC(O)NR$_{42}$R$_{42}$, NR$_{42}$C(O)R$_{42}$, NR$_{42}$C(O)OR$_{42}$, NR$_{42}$C(O)NR$_{42}$R$_{42}$, NR$_{42}$S(O)R$_{42}$, NR$_{42}$S(O)$_2$R$_{42}$, NR$_{42}$S(O)$_3$R$_{42}$, S(O)R$_{42}$, S(O)NR$_{42}$R$_{42}$, S(O)$_2$R$_{42}$, S(O)$_3$R$_{42}$, and BR$_{42}$R$_{42}$; where in said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkyln, C$_{3-6}$ 
cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^2;

each R^3, R^4, R^5, and R^6 is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^6;

or any R^x and R^y attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^6;

each R^x and R^y is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^x and R^y attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^2, R^3, R^4 and R^5 is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^6;

or any R^2 and R^3 attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^6;

each R^2 is independently selected from H, CN, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{1-6} alkylthio, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyl, carbamyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbamyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyl and di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminosulfonyl;

each R^2 and R^3 is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^2 and R^3 attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^2, R^3, R^4 and R^5 is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^6;
or any R₄¹₀ and R₅¹₀ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹¹;

each R₄¹₀ is independently selected from H, CN, C₆₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₄ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ alkylthio, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyl, C₁₋₆ alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆ alkylaminosulfonyl, carbamyl, C₁₋₆ alkylcarbamyl, di(C₁₋₆ alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₆ alkylaminosulfonyl and di(C₁₋₆ alkyl)aminosulfonyl;

each R₅¹₀ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any R₄¹₀ and R₅¹₀ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each R⁴¹¹, R⁵¹¹, R⁶¹¹ and R⁷¹¹ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₄ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl;

or any R⁴¹¹ and R⁵¹¹ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R⁴¹¹ and R⁵¹¹ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any R⁴¹¹ and R⁵¹¹ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each R⁶₂₀, R⁷₂₀, R⁸₂₀ and R⁹₂₀ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₄ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R⁶₂₀ and R⁷₂₀ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R⁶₂₀ and R⁷₂₀ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any R⁶₂₀ and R⁷₂₀ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each R⁸₃₀, R⁹₃₀, R¹₀₃₀ and R¹₁₀₃₀ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₄ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³¹;
or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which
they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{31}$;

each $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$
haloalkoxy; or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to
which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$
haloalkyl;

each $R^{31}$, $R^{31}$, $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$
alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7
membered heterocycloalkyl;

or any $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which
they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$
haloalkoxy; or any $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to
which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$
haloalkyl;

each $R^{40}$, $R^{40}$, $R^{40}$ and $R^{40}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$
alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7
membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl,
phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{41}$;

or any $R^{40}$ and $R^{40}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which
they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{41}$;

each $R^{40}$ and $R^{40}$ is independently selected from OH, C$_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and C$_{1-6}$
haloalkoxy; or any $R^{40}$ and $R^{40}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to
which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl and C$_{1-6}$
haloalkyl;

each $R^{41}$, $R^{41}$, $R^{41}$ and $R^{41}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$
alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl and C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl
are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from
$R^{42}$. 
or any R^{41} and R^{41} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42};
each R^{41} and R^{41} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{41} and R^{41} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;
each R^{42}, R^{42}, R^{42} and R^{42}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{3};
or any R^{42} and R^{42} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{3};
each R^{42} and R^{42} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{42} and R^{42} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; and
each R^{9} is independently selected from D, OH, NO_{2}, CN, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl-C_{1-2} alkylene, C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} haloalkoxy, C_{1-3} alkoxy-C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} alkoxy-C_{1-3} haloalkoxy, HO-C_{1-3} alkoxy, HO-C_{1-3} alkyl, cyano-C_{1-3} alkyl, H_{2}N-C_{1-3} alkyl, amino, C_{1-6} alkylamino, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino, thio, C_{1-6} alkylthio, C_{1-6} alkysulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl, carbamyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbamyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)carbamyl, carboxy, C_{1-6} alkylcarboxyl, C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-6} alkylicarbonylaminoo, C_{1-6} alkoxy carbamylaminoo, C_{1-6} alkylicarbonyloxy, aminocarboxyloxy, C_{1-6} alkylaminocarboxyloxy, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminocarboxyloxy, C_{1-6} alkylsulfonylamino, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonylaminoo, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonylamino, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminosulfonylamino, aminocarboxyloxy, C_{1-6} alkoxy carbamylaminoo, and di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminocarboxyloxy.

In another embodiment,
X is N;
R^{1} is selected from H, D, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, halo, CN, OR^{1}, C(O)R^{1}, C(O)NR^{1}R^{1}, C(O)OR^{1}, NR^{1}R^{1}, and S(O)_{2}R^{1};
R^{2} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{2}, C(O)R^{2}, C(O)NR^{2}R^{2}, C(O)OR^{2}, NR^{2}R^{2}, and S(O)_{2}R^{2};
Cy is selected from C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{10};

R^{3} is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyene; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10}

cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{30};

R^{4} is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyene; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10}
cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{10};

each R^{10} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{10}, C(O)R^{10}, C(O)NR^{10}R^{10}, C(O)OR^{10}, OC(O)R^{10}, OC(O)NR^{10}R^{10}, NR^{10}C(O)R^{10}, S(O)R^{10}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{10}R^{10};

each R^{30} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{30}, C(O)R^{30}, C(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, C(O)OR^{30}, OC(O)R^{30}, OC(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, NR^{30}C(O)R^{30}, S(O)R^{30}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{30}R^{30};
each R^{40} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{40}, C(O)R^{40}, C(O)NR^{40}R^{40}, C(O)OR^{40}, NR^{40}C(O)R^{40}, NR^{40}C(O)R^{40}, S(O)R^{40}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{40}R^{40}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

each R^{41} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{44}, SR^{44}, C(O)R^{44}, C(O)NR^{44}R^{44}, C(O)OR^{44}, NR^{44}R^{44}, NR^{44}C(O)R^{44}, S(O)_{2}R^{44}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{44}R^{44}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42};

each R^{42} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{42},
C(O)R^{42}, C(O)NR^{42}R^{42}, C(O)OR^{42}, and NR^{42}R^{42}; each R^{41}, R^{41}, R^{41}, and R^{41} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{42}, R^{42}, R^{42}, and R^{42} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{42} and R^{42} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{410}, R^{410}, R^{410}, and R^{410} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{410} and R^{410} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{430}, R^{430}, R^{430}, and R^{430} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{430} and R^{430} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{440}, R^{440}, R^{440}, and R^{440} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

or any R^{440} and R^{440} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41};
each R\textsuperscript{a1}, R\textsuperscript{b1}, R\textsuperscript{c1} and R\textsuperscript{d1}, is independently selected from H, C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl and C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl and C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{e2};

or any R\textsuperscript{d1} and R\textsuperscript{d1} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{e2}; and each R\textsuperscript{d2}, R\textsuperscript{d2} and R\textsuperscript{d2} is independently selected from H, C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl and C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl.

In an embodiment of Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

X is N;

R\textsuperscript{1} is selected from H, D, C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, halo, CN, OR\textsuperscript{a1}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{b1}, C(O)NR\textsuperscript{c1}R\textsuperscript{d1}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{e1}, NR\textsuperscript{f1}R\textsuperscript{g1}, and S(O)\textsubscript{2}R\textsuperscript{h1};

R\textsuperscript{2} is selected from H, C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{8-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR\textsuperscript{a2}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{b2}, C(O)NR\textsuperscript{c2}R\textsuperscript{d2}, C(O)OR\textsuperscript{e2}, NR\textsuperscript{f2}R\textsuperscript{g2}, and S(O)\textsubscript{2}R\textsuperscript{h2};

Cy is selected from C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{8-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{8-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{10};

R\textsuperscript{3} is selected from C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{8-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene; wherein said C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{8-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\textsuperscript{10};

R\textsuperscript{4} is selected from C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{8-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene; wherein said C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\textsubscript{8-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene, C\textsubscript{6-10} aryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\textsubscript{1-3} alkyiene; wherein said C\textsubscript{1-6} alkyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkenyl, C\textsubscript{2-6} alkynyl, C\textsubscript{1-6} haloalkyl, C\textsubscript{3-10} cycloalkyl,
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10}
cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene
and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4
substituents independently selected from R^10;

each R^{10} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{10}, COO^{10}, C(O)R^{10}, C(O)NR^{10}R^{10}, C(O)OR^{10}, OC(O)R^{10},
OC(O)NR^{10}R^{10}, NR^{10}R^{10}, NR^{10}C(O)R^{10}, S(O)R^{10}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{10}R^{10}; wherein said C_{1-6}
alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl,
and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents
independently selected from R^{11};

each R^{11} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{41},
and NR^{41}R^{41};

each R^{30} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{30}, COO^{30}, C(O)R^{30}, C(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, C(O)OR^{30}, OC(O)R^{30},
OC(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, NR^{30}R^{30}, NR^{30}C(O)R^{30}, S(O)R^{30}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{30}R^{30};
each R^{40} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{40}, COO^{40}, C(O)R^{40}, C(O)NR^{40}R^{40}, C(O)OR^{40}, NR^{40}R^{40},
NR^{40}C(O)R^{40}, S(O)_{2}R^{40}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{40}R^{40}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently
selected from R^{41};

each R^{41} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-6} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered
heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{41}, COO^{41}, C(O)R^{41}, C(O)NR^{41}R^{41}, C(O)OR^{41}, NR^{41}R^{41},
NR^{41}C(O)R^{41}, S(O)_{2}R^{41}, and S(O)_{2}NR^{41}R^{41}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6}
alkynyl, C_{2-6} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered
heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently
selected from R^{42};

each R^{42} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{42},
C(O)R^{42}, C(O)NR^{42}R^{42}, C(O)OR^{42}, and NR^{42}R^{42};
each R^{41}, R^{41}, R^{41}, and R^{41} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl,
C_{2-6} alkynyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;
each R^{30}, R^{32}, R^{32} and R^{32} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{32} and R^{32} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{430}, R^{430}, R^4 and R^{530} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{430} and R^{530} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{431}, R^{531} and R^{631}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{430}, R^{430}, R^4 and R^{530} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{430} and R^{530} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{440}, R^{440}, R^{440} and R^{540}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{43};

or any R^{440} and R^{540} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{43};

each R^{441}, R^{441}, R^{441} and R^{441}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{43};

or any R^{441} and R^{441} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42}; and

each R^{442}, R^{442}, R^{442} and R^{442}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl.

In another embodiment of Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, X is N;

R^{1} is selected from H, D, and C_{1-6} alkyl;
R² is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;
Cy is selected from 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰;
R³ is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R³⁰;
R⁴ is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R⁴⁰;
each R¹⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, phenyl, halo, D, CN, ORᵃ¹⁰, and NRᵃ¹⁰Rᵈ¹⁰; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, and phenyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹¹;
each R¹¹ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, ORᵃ¹¹, and NRᵃ¹¹Rᵈ¹¹;
each R³⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, ORᵃ³⁰, and NRᵃ³⁰Rᵈ³⁰;
each R⁴⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ alkenyl, C₁₋₆ alkylnyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, ORᵃ⁴⁰, C(O)Rᵃ⁴⁰, and NRᵃ⁴⁰Rᵈ⁴⁰; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹¹;
each R¹¹ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, ORᵃ¹¹, C(O)Rᵃ¹¹, and NRᵃ¹¹Rᵈ¹¹; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, and C₂₋₆ alkylnyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R⁴²;
each R¹² is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;
each R⁺¹⁰, R⁻¹⁰ and Rᵈ¹⁰ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;
each R⁺¹¹, R⁻¹¹ and Rᵈ¹¹, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;
each R⁺³⁰, R⁻³⁰ and Rᵈ³⁰ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;
each R^{40}, R^{41}, R^{42}, and R^{43}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl C_{2-6} alkenyl, and C_{2-6} alkynyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41}; and

each R^{41}, R^{42}, R^{43}, and R^{44}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42}.

In yet another embodiment,

X is N;

R^{1} is selected from H, D, and C_{1-3} alkyl;

R^{2} is selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;

Cy is selected from C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{10};

R^{3} is selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl;

wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, phenyl and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{30};

R^{4} is selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{40};

each R^{10} is independently selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{40}, and, NR^{30}R^{410};

each R^{30} is independently selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{30}, and NR^{30}R^{330};

each R^{40} is independently selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{40}, C(O)R^{40}, and NR^{40}R^{440}; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

each R^{41} is independently selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{41}, C(O)R^{41}, and NR^{41}R^{441}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, or 2 substituents independently selected from R^{12};
each R^{12} is independently selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN; each R^{10}, R^{10} and R^{d10} is independently selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, and C_{1-3} haloalkyl; each R^{30}, R^{30} and R^{d30} is independently selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, and C_{1-3} haloalkyl;

5 each R^{40}, R^{40} and R^{d40} is independently selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{2-3} alkenyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{2-3} alkenyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

10 or any R^{40} and R^{d40} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41}; and each R^{41}, R^{41} and R^{d41} is independently selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{2-3} alkenyl, and C_{1-3} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, and C_{2-3} alkenyl are each optionally substituted with 1, or 2 substituents independently selected from R^{42};

The still another embodiment,

X is N;

R^{1} is selected from H or D;

20 R^{2} is selected from H, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, halo, and D; Cy is selected from phenyl, naphthalene, and 6-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 6-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 6-10 membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the phenyl, naphthalene, and 6-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{10};

R^{2} is phenyl or and 5-6 membered heteroaryl; wherein said phenyl and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{30};

30 R^{4} is selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{40}; each R^{10} is independently selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, halo, phenyl, D, CN, OH, and, NH_{2};

35 each R^{d30} is independently C_{1-3} alkyl or C_{1-3} haloalkyl;

each R^{d40} is independently selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, C(O)R^{d40}, OH, and OCH_{3}; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl and 4-6 membered
heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R⁴¹;

each R⁴¹ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, OR⁴¹, and C(O)R⁴¹;

each R⁴² is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, and halo;

each R⁴⁰ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl and C₂₋₃ alkenyl; wherein said
C₁₋₃ alkyl, and C₂₋₃ alkenyl are each optionally substituted with 1, or 2 substituents
independently selected from R⁴¹; and

each R⁴⁴¹ and R⁴⁴¹ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, and C₂₋₃ alkenyl.

In an embodiment, the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula II:

![Chemical Structure](image)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

m is 0, 1, or 2; and

n is 1, 2, or 3.

In an embodiment of Formula II,

X is N;

R² is selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₂₋₃ alkenyl, C₂₋₃ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D,
CN, OR², C(O)R², C(O)NR²R², C(O)OR², NR², and S(O)₂R²;

Cy is selected from C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming
heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally
oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and
wherein the C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently
selected from R¹⁰;

R³ is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl,
4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃
alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{30};

each R^{30} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR, C(O)R, C(O)NR, C(O)OR, C(O)NR, OC(O)R, OC(O)NR, NR, C(O)NR, S(O), and S(O)NR; 

each R^{30} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR, C(O)R, C(O)NR, C(O)OR, C(O)NR, OC(O)R, OC(O)NR, NR, C(O)NR, S(O), and S(O)NR; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

each R^{41} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR, C(O)R, C(O)NR, C(O)OR, C(O)NR, NR, C(O)NR, S(O), and S(O)NR; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42};

each R^{42} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{6-10} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR, C(O)R, C(O)NR, C(O)OR, and NR; and R^{42} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{42} and R^{42} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;
each $R^{a10}$, $R^{b10}$, $R^{c10}$ and $R^{d10}$ is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any $R^{c10}$ and $R^{d10}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each $R^{a30}$, $R^{b30}$, $R^{c30}$ and $R^{d30}$ is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any $R^{c30}$ and $R^{d30}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each $R^{a40}$, $R^{b40}$, $R^{c40}$ and $R^{d40}$ is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{a1}$;

or any $R^{c40}$ and $R^{d40}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{a1}$;

each $R^{a41}$, $R^{b41}$, $R^{c41}$ and $R^{d41}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl and C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{a2}$;

or any $R^{c41}$ and $R^{d41}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{a2}$;

each $R^{a42}$, $R^{b42}$, $R^{c42}$ and $R^{d42}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

m is 0 or 1; and

n is 1, 2, or 3.

In another embodiment of Formula II,

X is N;

$R^2$ is selected from H, C$_{1-3}$ alkyl, C$_{1-3}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;

Cy is selected from C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl
group; and wherein the C₆-10 aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally
substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R⁽¹⁰⁾;
R⁵ is selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl;
wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, phenyl and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted
with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R⁽³⁰⁾;
each R⁽¹⁰⁾ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR⁽³⁰⁾,
and NR⁽³⁰⁾R⁽¹⁰⁾;
each R⁽³⁰⁾ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR⁽³⁰⁾,
and NR⁽³⁰⁾R⁽³⁰⁾;
each R⁽¹⁰⁾ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, 4-6
membered heterocycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR⁽⁴⁰⁾, C(O)R⁽⁴⁰⁾,
and NR⁽⁴⁰⁾R⁽⁴⁰⁾; wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl,
phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3
substituents independently selected from R⁽¹¹⁾;
each R⁽¹¹⁾ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR⁽⁴¹⁾,
C(O)R⁽⁴¹⁾, and NR⁽⁴¹⁾R⁽⁴¹⁾; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, or 2
substituents independently selected from R⁽¹²⁾;
each R⁽¹²⁾ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;
each R⁽³¹⁰⁾, R⁽³¹⁰⁾ and R⁽³¹⁰⁾ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, and C₁₋₃
haloalkyl;
each R⁽³⁰⁾, R⁽³⁰⁾ and R⁽³⁰⁾ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, and C₁₋₃
haloalkyl;
each R⁽⁴⁰⁾, R⁽⁴⁰⁾, R⁽⁴⁰⁾ and R⁽⁴⁰⁾ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₂₋₃
alkenyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered
heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₂₋₃ alkenyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered
heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3
substituents independently selected from R⁽¹¹⁾;
or any R⁽⁴⁰⁾ and R⁽⁴⁰⁾ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which
they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted
with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R⁽¹¹⁾;
each R⁽⁴¹⁾, R⁽⁴¹⁾, R⁽⁴¹⁾ and R⁽⁴¹⁾ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₂₋₃
alkenyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, and C₂₋₃ alkenyl are each optionally
substituted with 1, or 2 substituents independently selected from R⁽⁴²⁾;
m is 0 or 1; and
n is 1, 2, or 3.
In an embodiment, the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula III:
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

Y is selected from CH, CR³₀, and N; and

p is 0, 1, 2, or 3.

In another embodiment, the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula IV:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

p is 0, 1, 2, or 3.

In yet another embodiment, the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula V:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

p is 0, 1, 2, or 3.

In an embodiment of the formulae, X is CR³. In another embodiment of the formulae, X is CH. In yet another embodiment of the formulae, X is N.
In an embodiment of the formulae, R¹ is selected from H, D, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, OR¹, C(O)R¹, C(O)NR¹R¹⁺, C(O)OR¹, and NR¹⁺R¹⁺. In another embodiment, R¹ is selected from H, D, C₁₆ alkyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, halo, and CN. In an embodiment, R¹ is selected from H, D, and C₁₆ alkyl. In yet another embodiment, R¹ is H or D.

In still another embodiment of the formulae, R² is selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₂₆ cycloalkyl, 4-8 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR², C(O)R², C(O)NR²R²⁺, C(O)OR², and NR²⁺R²⁺. In an embodiment, R² is selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN. In an embodiment, R² is selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR², and NR²⁺R²⁺. In another embodiment, R² is selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, halo, and D. In yet another embodiment, R² is halo.

In an embodiment, Cy is selected from 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰.

In an embodiment of the formulae, Cy is selected from phenyl, naphthalene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the phenyl, naphthalene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰.

In another embodiment, Cy is selected from phenyl, naphthalene, pyridine, indazole, benzotriazole, and quinolinone, all of which are optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰.

In an embodiment, R³ is selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰.

In yet another embodiment of the formulae, R³ is selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, phenyl, and 6 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, phenyl, and 6 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰. In still another embodiment, R³ is selected from phenyl,
and 5-6 membered heteroaryl; wherein said phenyl and 5-6 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^30. In an embodiment, R^3 is phenyl or pyridine; wherein said phenyl and pyridine are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^30.

In another embodiment of the formulae, R^4 is selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^40.

In yet another embodiment, R^4 is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^40.

In an embodiment, R^4 is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^40.

In still another embodiment, R^4 is selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^40.

In an embodiment, R^4 is

![Diagram]

wherein

m is 0, 1, or 2; and
n is 1, 2, or 3.
In an embodiment, each $R^{10}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, phenyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{10}$, and NR$^{10}R^{10}$; wherein said $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, and phenyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{11}$.

In another embodiment of the formulae, each $R^{10}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, CN, phenyl, OR$^{10}$, and NR$^{10}R^{10}$. In yet another embodiment, each $R^{10}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, $C_{1-3}$ haloalkyl, halo, phenyl, OR$^{10}$, and NR$^{10}R^{10}$. In still another embodiment, each $R^{10}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, $C_{1-3}$ haloalkyl, halo, phenyl, OH, and NH$_2$.

In an embodiment, each $R^{11}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{11}$, and NR$^{11}R^{11}$. In another embodiment, each $R^{11}$ is independently selected from halo, D, CN, and OR$^{11}$. In yet another embodiment, each $R^{11}$ is OR$^{11}$.

In an embodiment, each $R^{30}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{30}$, and NR$^{30}R^{30}$. In an embodiment of the formulae, each $R^{30}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN. In another embodiment, each $R^{30}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-3}$ alkyl.

In an embodiment, each $R^{40}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{40}$, C(O)R$^{40}$, and NR$^{40}R^{40}$; wherein said $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from halo, D, CN, OR$^{40}$, or C(O)R$^{40}$.

In yet another embodiment of the formulae, each $R^{40}$ is independently selected from 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{40}$, C(O)R$^{40}$, and NR$^{40}R^{40}$; wherein said 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{41}$. In still another embodiment, each $R^{40}$ is independently selected from 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, OH, OCH$_3$, and C(O)C$_{2-3}$ alkenyl; wherein said 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl and C$_{2-3}$ alkenyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{41}$.

In an embodiment, each $R^{41}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{41}$, C(O)R$^{41}$, and NR$^{41}R^{41}$; wherein said $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, and C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{42}$.

In an embodiment of the formulae, each $R^{41}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, C$_{1-3}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OH, OCH$_3$, and C(O)R$^{41}$. In another embodiment, each $R^{41}$ is independently selected from halo, D, CN, OH, OCH$_3$, and C(O)R$^{41}$. In yet another embodiment, each $R^{41}$ is independently selected from F, OH, OCH$_3$, and C(O)R$^{41}$.

In an embodiment, each $R^{42}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN. In another embodiment of the formulae, each $R^{42}$ is independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN.
from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN. In still another embodiment, each R<sup>42</sup> is independently selected from halo, D, and CN. In another embodiment of the formulae, each R<sup>42</sup> is F.

In an embodiment, each R<sup>a10</sup>, R<sup>a10</sup> and R<sup>d10</sup> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl. In yet another embodiment of the formulae, each R<sup>a10</sup>, R<sup>a10</sup> and R<sup>d10</sup> is independently selected from H and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl.

In an embodiment, each R<sup>a11</sup>, R<sup>c11</sup> and R<sup>d11</sup> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl.

In an embodiment, each R<sup>a10</sup>, R<sup>b10</sup>, R<sup>c10</sup> and R<sup>d10</sup> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkylnyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl; wherein said C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl, and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkylnyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R<sup>a1</sup>. In still another embodiment of the formulae, each R<sup>b10</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkenyl.

In an embodiment, each R<sup>a11</sup>, R<sup>b11</sup>, R<sup>d11</sup> and R<sup>d11</sup> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl; wherein said C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkylnyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>42</sup>. In an embodiment of the formulae, each R<sup>a11</sup> and R<sup>b11</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkenyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl.

In another embodiment of the formulae, R<sup>d11</sup> is C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkenyl.

In another embodiment, the compound of Formula I is selected from:

1-(1-acryloylpiperidin-4-y1)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diiethylyphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-(1-acryloylpiperidin-4-y1)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diiethylyphenyl)-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisoproplyphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylyphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisoproplyphenyl)-6-(2,3-difluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisoproplyphenyl)-6-(2,3-difluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisoproplyphenyl)-6-(1-naphthyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxy-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisoproplyphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxy-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisoproplyphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxy-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2,3-difluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoro-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
5
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(1-naphthyl)-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluoroacryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(3-hydroxynaphthalen-1-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
10
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
15
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
20
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
25
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2,3-dihydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(3-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(6-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(1H-indazol-7-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-7-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinolin-8-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyacetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyacetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(5,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyacetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluorocrotyl)acetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(4,5-dimethylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(3-naphthalen-1-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(3-chloro-2-methylpyridin-4-y1)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
6-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl]-1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.  
In yet another embodiment, the compound of Formula I is selected from:  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;  
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroacetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(2-methoxy-6-methylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(5-chlorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-4-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-methyl-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate; and
7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluoroacryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In still another embodiment, the compounds of the formulae disclosed herein are pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of the formulae disclosed herein.

It is further appreciated that certain features of the invention, which are, for clarity, described in the context of separate embodiments, can also be provided in combination in a single embodiment (while the embodiments are intended to be combined as if written in multiply dependent form). Conversely, various features of the invention which are, for brevity, described in the context of a single embodiment, can also be provided separately or in any suitable subcombination. Thus, it is contemplated as features described as embodiments of the compounds of Formula I can be combined in any suitable combination.

At various places in the present specification, certain features of the compounds are disclosed in groups or in ranges. It is specifically intended that such a disclosure include each and every individual subcombination of the members of such groups and ranges. For example, the term “C₄₋₈ alkyl” is specifically intended to individually disclose (without limitation) methyl, ethyl, C₃ alkyl, C₄ alkyl, C₅ alkyl and C₆ alkyl.

The term “n-membered,” where n is an integer, typically describes the number of ring-forming atoms in a moiety where the number of ring-forming atoms is n. For example, piperidinyl is an example of a 6-membered heterocycloalkyl ring, pyrazolyl is an example of a 5-membered heteroaryl ring, pyridyl is an example of a 6-membered heteroaryl ring and 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-naphthalene is an example of a 10-membered cycloalkyl group.
At various places in the present specification, variables defining divalent linking
groups may be described. It is specifically intended that each linking substituent include both
the forward and backward forms of the linking substituent. For example, "-NR(CR'R")-_;
includes both -NR(CR'R")_n- and -(CR'R")_n-NR- and is intended to disclose each of the forms
individually. Where the structure requires a linking group, the Markush variables listed for
that group are understood to be linking groups. For example, if the structure requires a
linking group and the Markush group definition for that variable lists "alkyl" or "aryl" then it is
understood that the "alkyl" or "aryl" represents a linking alkylene group or arylene group,
respectively.

The term "substituted" means that an atom or group of atoms formally replaces
hydrogen as a "substituent" attached to another group. The term "substituted," unless
otherwise indicated, refers to any level of substitution, e.g., mono-, di-, tri-, tetra- or
penta-substitution, where such substitution is permitted. The substituents are independently
selected, and substitution may be at any chemically accessible position. It is to be
understood that substitution at a given atom is limited by valency. It is to be understood that
substitution at a given atom results in a chemically stable molecule. The phrase "optionally
substituted" means unsubstituted or substituted. The term "substituted" means that a
hydrogen atom is removed and replaced by a substituent. A single divalent substituent, e.g.,
oxo, can replace two hydrogen atoms.

The term "C_n-m" indicates a range which includes the endpoints, wherein n and m are
integers and indicate the number of carbons. Examples include C_1-4, C_1-6 and the like.

The term "alkyl" employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a
saturated hydrocarbon group that may be straight-chained or branched. The term "C_n-m
alkyl," refers to an alkyl group having n to m carbon atoms. An alkyl group formally
"C_n-m"
corresponds to an alkane with one C-H bond replaced by the point of attachment of the alkyl
group to the remainder of the compound. In some embodiments, the alkyl group contains
from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, from 1 to 3 carbon atoms, or 1 to 2
carbon atoms. Examples of alkyl moieties include, but are not limited to, chemical groups
such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl; higher
homologs such as 2-methyl-1-butyl, n-pentyl, 3-pentyl, n-hexyl, 1,2,2-trimethylpropyl and the
like.

The term "alkenyl" employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a
straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon group corresponding to an alkyl group having one or
more double carbon-carbon bonds. An alkenyl group formally corresponds to an alkene with
one C-H bond replaced by the point of attachment of the alkenyl group to the remainder of
the compound. The term "C_n-m alkenyl" refers to an alkenyl group having n to m carbons. In
some embodiments, the alkenyl moiety contains 2 to 6, 2 to 4, or 2 to 3 carbon atoms.
Example alkenyl groups include, but are not limited to, ethenyl, n-propenyl, isopropenyl, n-butenyl, sec-butenyl and the like.

The term “alkynyl” employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon group corresponding to an alkyl group having one or more triple carbon-carbon bonds. An alkynyl group formally corresponds to an alkyne with one C-H bond replaced by the point of attachment of the alkynyl group to the remainder of the compound. The term “C_{n-m} alkynyl” refers to an alkynyl group having n to m carbons. Example alkynyl groups include, but are not limited to, ethynyl, propyn-1-yl, propyn-2-yl and the like. In some embodiments, the alkynyl moiety contains 2 to 6, 2 to 4, or 2 to 3 carbon atoms.

The term “alkylene,” employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a divalent alkyl linking group. An alkyne group formally corresponds to an alkane with two C-H bond replaced by points of attachment of the alkyne group to the remainder of the compound. The term “C_{n-m} alkyne” refers to an alkyne group having n to m carbon atoms. Examples of alkyne groups include, but are not limited to, ethan-1,2-diyl, ethan-1,1-diyl, propen-1,3-diyl, propen-1,2-diyl, propen-1,1-diyl, butan-1,4-diyl, butan-1,3-diyl, butan-1,2-diyl, 2-methyl-propan-1,3-diyl and the like.

The term “alkoxy,” employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a group of formula -O-alkyl, wherein the alkyl group is as defined above. The term “C_{n-m} alkoxy” refers to an alkoxy group, the alkyl group of which has n to m carbons. Example alkoxy groups include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy (e.g., n-propoxy and isopropoxy), t-butoxy and the like. In some embodiments, the alkyl group has 1 to 6, 1 to 4, or 1 to 3 carbon atoms. The term “C_{n-m} dialkoxy” refers to a linking group of formula -O-(C_{n-m} alkyl)-O-, the alkyl group of which has n to m carbons. Example dialkoxy groups include –OCH_{2}CH_{2}O- and OCH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}O-. In some embodiments, the two O atoms of a C_{n-m} dialkoxy group may be attached to the same B atom to form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group.

The term "alkylthio," employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a group of formula -S-alkyl, wherein the alkyl group is as defined above.

The term "amino," employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a group of formula –NH_{2}, wherein the hydrogen atoms may be substituted with a substituent described herein. For example, “alkylamino” can refer to –NH(alkyl) and –N(alkyl)_{2}.

The term "carbonyl," employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a -C(=O)- group, which also may be written as C(O).

The term "cyano" or "nitrile" refers to a group of formula –C≡N, which also may be written as –CN.
The term "carbamyl," as used herein, refers to a -NHC(O)O- or -OC(O)NH- group, wherein the carbon atom is doubly bound to one oxygen atom, and singly bound to a nitrogen and second oxygen atom.

The terms "halo" or "halogen," used alone or in combination with other terms, refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo. In some embodiments, "halo" refers to a halogen atom selected from F, Cl, or Br. In some embodiments, halo groups are F.

The term "haloalkyl" as used herein refers to an alkyl group in which one or more of the hydrogen atoms has been replaced by a halogen atom. The term "C_{n-m} haloalkyl" refers to a C_{n-m} alkyl group having n to m carbon atoms and from at least one up to \((2(n to m)+1)\) halogen atoms, which may either be the same or different. In some embodiments, the halogen atoms are fluoro atoms. In some embodiments, the haloalkyl group has 1 to 6 or 1 to 4 carbon atoms. Example haloalkyl groups include CF_3, C_2F_5, CHF_2, CH_2F, CCl_3, CHCl_2, C_2Cl_2 and the like. In some embodiments, the haloalkyl group is a fluoroalkyl group.

The term "haloalkoxy," employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a group of formula -O-haloalkyl, wherein the haloalkyl group is as defined above. The term "C_{n-m} haloalkoxy" refers to a haloalkoxy group, the haloalkyl group of which has n to m carbons. Example haloalkoxy groups include trifluoromethoxy and the like. In some embodiments, the haloalkoxy group has 1 to 6, 1 to 4, or 1 to 3 carbon atoms.

The term "oxo" or "oxy" refers to an oxygen atom as a divalent substituent, forming a carbonyl group when attached to carbon, or attached to a heteroatom forming a sulfide or sulfone group, or an N-oxide group. In some embodiments, heterocyclic groups may be optionally substituted by 1 or 2 oxo (=O) substituents.

The term "sulfido" refers to a sulfur atom as a divalent substituent, forming a thiacarbonyl group (C=S) when attached to carbon.

The term "sulfanyl" refers to a -SO_{2-} group wherein a sulfur atom is doubly bound to two oxygen atoms.

The term "oxidized" in reference to a ring-forming N atom refers to a ring-forming N-oxide.

The term "oxidized" in reference to a ring-forming S atom refers to a ring-forming sulfanyl.

The term "aromatic" refers to a carbocycle or heterocycle having one or more polyunsaturated rings having aromatic character (i.e., having \((4n + 2)\) delocalized \(\pi\) (\(\pi\)) electrons where \(n\) is an integer).

The term "aryl," employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to an aromatic hydrocarbon group, which may be monocyclic or polycyclic (e.g., having 2 fused rings). The term "C_{n-m} aryl" refers to an aryl group having from n to m ring carbon atoms. Aryl groups include, e.g., phenyl, naphthyl, and the like. In some embodiments, aryl groups have
from 6 to about 10 carbon atoms. In some embodiments, aryl groups have 6 carbon atoms. In some embodiments, aryl groups have 10 carbon atoms. In some embodiments, the aryl group is phenyl. In some embodiments, the aryl group is naphthyl. In some embodiments, the aryl group is benzodioxole.

The term "heteroaryl" or "heteroaromatic," employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a monocyclic or polycyclic aromatic heterocycle having at least one heteroatom ring member selected from sulfur, oxygen and nitrogen. In some embodiments, the heteroaryl ring has 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatom ring members independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. In some embodiments, any ring-forming N in a heteroaryl moiety can be an N-oxide. In some embodiments, the heteroaryl has 5-14 ring atoms including carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatom ring members independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. In some embodiments, the heteroaryl has 5-10 ring atoms including carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatom ring members independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. In some embodiments, the heteroaryl has 5-6 ring atoms and 1 or 2 heteroatom ring members independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. In some embodiments, the heteroaryl is a five-membered or six-membered heteroaryl ring. In other embodiments, the heteroaryl is an eight-membered, nine-membered or ten-membered fused bicyclic heteroaryl ring. Example heteroaryl groups include, but are not limited to, pyridinyl (pyridyl), pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, azolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, thiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, naphthridinyl (including 1,2-1,3-,1,4-,1,5-,1,6-,1,7-,1,8-,2,3- and 2,6-naphthyridine), indolyl, isoindolyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzisoxazolyl, imidazo[1,2-b]thiazolyl, purinyl, and the like. In some embodiments, the heteroaryl group is pyridone (e.g., 2-pyridone).

A five-membered heteroaryl ring is a heteroaryl group having five ring atoms wherein one or more (e.g., 1, 2 or 3) ring atoms are independently selected from N, O and S. Exemplary five-membered ring heteroaryls include thiienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazolyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl and 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl.

A six-membered heteroaryl ring is a heteroaryl group having six ring atoms wherein one or more (e.g., 1, 2 or 3) ring atoms are independently selected from N, O and S. Exemplary six-membered ring heteroaryls are pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, triazinyl, isoindolyl, and pyridazinyl.

The term "cycloalkyl," employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a non-aromatic hydrocarbon ring system (monocyclic, bicyclic or polycyclic), including cyclized alkyl and alkenyl groups. The term "Cₙ₋ₘ cycloalkyl" refers to a cycloalkyl that has n to m ring
member carbon atoms. Cycloalkyl groups can include mono- or polycyclic (e.g., having 2, 3 or 4 fused rings) groups and spirocycles. Cycloalkyl groups can have 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 ring-forming carbons (C₃₋₇). In some embodiments, the cycloalkyl group has 3 to 6 ring members, 3 to 5 ring members, or 3 to 4 ring members. In some embodiments, the cycloalkyl group is monocyclic. In some embodiments, the cycloalkyl group is monocyclic or bicyclic. In some embodiments, the cycloalkyl group is a C₃₋₆ monocyclic cycloalkyl group. Ring-forming carbon atoms of a cycloalkyl group can be optionally oxidized to form an oxo or sulfido group. Cycloalkyl groups also include cycloalkylidenes. In some embodiments, cycloalkyl is cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl. Also included in the definition of cycloalkyl are moieties that have one or more aromatic rings fused (i.e., having a bond in common with) to the cycloalkyl ring, e.g., benzo or thiényl derivatives of cyclopentane, cyclohexane and the like. A cycloalkyl group containing a fused aromatic ring can be attached through any ring-forming atom including a ring-forming atom of the fused aromatic ring. Examples of cycloalkyl groups include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, cycloheptatrienyl, norbornyl, norpinyl, norcamyl, bicyclo[1.1.1]pentany, bicyclo[2.1.1]hexany, and the like. In some embodiments, the cycloalkyl group is cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, or cyclohexyl.

The term “heterocycloalkyl,” employed alone or in combination with other terms, refers to a non-aromatic ring or ring system, which may optionally contain one or more alkenylene groups as part of the ring structure, which has at least one heteroatom ring member independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur, oxygen and phosphorus, and which has 4-10 ring members, 4-7 ring members, or 4-6 ring members. Included within the term “heterocycloalkyl” are monocyclic 4-, 5-, 6- and 7-membered heterocycloalkyl groups. Heterocycloalkyl groups can include mono- or bicyclic (e.g., having two fused or bridged rings) or spirocyclic ring systems. In some embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl group is a monocyclic group having 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. Ring-forming carbon atoms and heteroatoms of a heterocycloalkyl group can be optionally oxidized to form an oxo or sulfido group or other oxidized linkage (e.g., C(O), S(O), C(S) or S(O)₂, N-oxide etc.) or a nitrogen atom can be quaternized. The heterocycloalkyl group can be attached through a ring-forming carbon atom or a ring-forming heteroatom. In some embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl group contains 0 to 3 double bonds. In some embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl group contains 0 to 2 double bonds. Also included in the definition of heterocycloalkyl are moieties that have one or more aromatic rings fused (i.e., having a bond in common with) to the heterocycloalkyl ring, e.g., benzo or thiényl derivatives of piperidine, morpholine, azepine, etc. A heterocycloalkyl group containing a fused aromatic ring can be attached through any ring-forming atom including a ring-forming atom of the fused aromatic ring. Examples of heterocycloalkyl groups include
2,5-diazobicyclo[2.2.1]heptanyl; pyrrolidinyl; hexahydropyrrrolo[3,4-b]pyrrol-1(2H)-yl; 1,6-dihydropyridinyl; morpholinyl; azetidinyl; piperazinyl; and 4,7-diazaspiro[2.5]octan-7-yl.

At certain places, the definitions or embodiments refer to specific rings (e.g., an azetidine ring, a pyridine ring, etc.). Unless otherwise indicated, these rings can be attached to any ring member provided that the valency of the atom is not exceeded. For example, an azetidine ring may be attached at any position of the ring, whereas an azetidin-3-yl ring is attached at the 3-position.

The compounds described herein can be asymmetric (e.g., having one or more stereocenters). All stereoisomers, such as enantiomers and diastereomers, are intended unless otherwise indicated. Compounds of the present invention that contain asymmetrically substituted carbon atoms can be isolated in optically active or racemic forms. Methods on how to prepare optically active forms from optically inactive starting materials are known in the art, such as by resolution of racemic mixtures or by stereoselective synthesis. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds and the like can also be present in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. Cis and trans geometric isomers of the compounds of the present invention are described and may be isolated as a mixture of isomers or as separated isomeric forms.

Resolution of racemic mixtures of compounds can be carried out by any of numerous methods known in the art. One method includes fractional recrystallization using a chiral resolving acid which is an optically active, salt-forming organic acid. Suitable resolving agents for fractional recrystallization methods are, e.g., optically active acids, such as the D and L forms of tartaric acid, diacetyltartaric acid, dibenzoyltartaric acid, mandelic acid, malic acid, lactic acid or the various optically active camphorsulfonic acids such as β-camphorsulfonic acid. Other resolving agents suitable for fractional crystallization methods include stereoisomerically pure forms of α-methylbenzylamine (e.g., S and R forms, or diastereomerically pure forms), 2-phenylglycinol, norphedrine, ephedrine, N-methylephedrine, cyclohexylethylamine, 1,2-diaminocyclohexane and the like.

Resolution of racemic mixtures can also be carried out by elution on a column packed with an optically active resolving agent (e.g., dinitrobenzoylphenylglycine). Suitable elution solvent composition can be determined by one skilled in the art.

In some embodiments, the compounds of the invention have the (R)-configuration. In other embodiments, the compounds have the (S)-configuration. In compounds with more than one chiral centers, each of the chiral centers in the compound may be independently (R) or (S), unless otherwise indicated.

Compounds of the invention also include tautomeric forms. Tautomeric forms result from the swapping of a single bond with an adjacent double bond together with the
concomitant migration of a proton. Tautomeric forms include prototropic tautomers which are isomeric protonation states having the same empirical formula and total charge. Example prototropic tautomers include ketone – enol pairs, amide - imidic acid pairs, lactam – lactim pairs, enamine – imine pairs, and annular forms where a proton can occupy two or more positions of a heterocyclic system, e.g., 1H- and 3H-imidazole, 1H-, 2H- and 4H- 1,2,4-triazole, 1H- and 2H- isoindole and 1H- and 2H-pyrazole. Tautomeric forms can be in equilibrium or sterically locked into one form by appropriate substitution.

Compounds of the invention can also include all isotopes of atoms occurring in the intermediates or final compounds. Isotopes include those atoms having the same atomic number but different mass numbers. For example, isotopes of hydrogen include tritium and deuterium. One or more constituent atoms of the compounds of the invention can be replaced or substituted with isotopes of the atoms in natural or non-natural abundance. In some embodiments, the compound includes at least one deuterium atom. For example, one or more hydrogen atoms in a compound of the present disclosure can be replaced or substituted by deuterium. In some embodiments, the compound includes two or more deuterium atoms. In some embodiments, the compound includes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12 deuterium atoms. Synthetic methods for including isotopes into organic compounds are known in the art (Deuterium Labeling in Organic Chemistry by Alan F. Thomas (New York, N.Y., Appleton-Century-Crofts, 1971; The Renaissance of H/D Exchange by Jens Atzrott, Volker Derdau, Thorsten Fey and Jochen Zimmermann, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2007, 7744-7765; The Organic Chemistry of Isotopic Labelling by James R. Hanson, Royal Society of Chemistry, 2011). Isotopically labeled compounds can used in various studies such as NMR spectroscopy, metabolism experiments, and/or assays.

Substitution with heavier isotopes such as deuterium, may afford certain therapeutic advantages resulting from greater metabolic stability, for example, increased in vivo half-life or reduced dosage requirements, and hence may be preferred in some circumstances. (A. Kerekes et.al. J. Med. Chem. 2011, 54, 201-210; R. Xu et.al. J. Label Compd. Radiopharm. 2015, 58, 308-312).

The term “compound” as used herein is meant to include all stereoisomers,
geometric isomers, tautomers and isotopes of the structures depicted. The term is also meant to refer to compounds of the inventions, regardless of how they are prepared, e.g., synthetically, through biological process (e.g., metabolism or enzyme conversion), or a combination thereof.

All compounds, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, can be found together with other substances such as water and solvents (e.g., hydrates and solvates) or can be isolated. When in the solid state, the compounds described herein and salts thereof may occur in various forms and may, e.g., take the form of solvates, including hydrates. The
compounds may be in any solid state form, such as a polymorph or solvate, so unless clearly indicated otherwise, reference in the specification to compounds and salts thereof should be understood as encompassing any solid state form of the compound.

In some embodiments, the compounds of the invention, or salts thereof, are substantially isolated. By "substantially isolated" is meant that the compound is at least partially or substantially separated from the environment in which it was formed or detected. Partial separation can include, e.g., a composition enriched in the compounds of the invention. Substantial separation can include compositions containing at least about 50%, at least about 60%, at least about 70%, at least about 80%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 97%, or at least about 99% by weight of the compounds of the invention, or salt thereof.

The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" is employed herein to refer to those compounds, materials, compositions and/or dosage forms which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in contact with the tissues of human beings and animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, or other problem or complication, commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio.

The expressions "ambient temperature" and "room temperature," as used herein, are understood in the art, and refer generally to a temperature, e.g., a reaction temperature, that is about the temperature of the room in which the reaction is carried out, e.g., a temperature from about 20 °C to about 30 °C.

The present invention also includes pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds described herein. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refers to derivatives of the disclosed compounds wherein the parent compound is modified by converting an existing acid or base moiety to its salt form. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention include the non-toxic salts of the parent compound formed, e.g., from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention can be synthesized from the parent compound which contains a basic or acidic moiety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, such salts can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these compounds with a stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid in water or in an organic solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, non-aqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, alcohols (e.g., methanol, ethanol, iso-propanol or butanol) or acetonitrile (MeCN) are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are found in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 17th Ed., (Mack Publishing Company, Easton, 1985), p. 1418, Berge et al., J. Pharm. Sci., 1977, 66(1), 1-19 and in Stahl et al., Handbook of Pharmaceutical Salts: Properties,
Selection, and Use, (Wiley, 2002). In some embodiments, the compounds described herein include the N-oxide forms.

Synthesis

Compounds of the invention, including salts thereof, can be prepared using known organic synthesis techniques and can be synthesized according to any of numerous possible synthetic routes, such as those in the Schemes below.

The reactions for preparing compounds of the invention can be carried out in suitable solvents which can be readily selected by one of skill in the art of organic synthesis. Suitable solvents can be substantially non-reactive with the starting materials (reactants), the intermediates or products at the temperatures at which the reactions are carried out, e.g., temperatures which can range from the solvent's freezing temperature to the solvent's boiling temperature. A given reaction can be carried out in one solvent or a mixture of more than one solvent. Depending on the particular reaction step, suitable solvents for a particular reaction step can be selected by the skilled artisan.


Reactions can be monitored according to any suitable method known in the art. For example, product formation can be monitored by spectroscopic means, such as nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy (e.g., 1H or 13C), infrared spectroscopy, spectrophotometry (e.g., UV-visible), mass spectrometry or by chromatographic methods such as high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) or thin layer chromatography (TLC).

The Schemes below provide general guidance in connection with preparing the compounds of the invention. One skilled in the art would understand that the preparations shown in the Schemes can be modified or optimized using general knowledge of organic chemistry to prepare various compounds of the invention.
Compound **k** can be prepared starting with substituted 3-nitro-2,6-dichloropyridines.

Compound **a**, can be treated with Amine **b**, followed by reduction with iron to give amino-Compound **d**. Compound **d** can be reacted with oxalyl chloride to build up bicyclicdione Compound **e**. Reaction of Compound **e** with halide Compound **f** yields Compound **g**. Compound **g** can undergo Suzuki coupling with Boronic Acid **h** to generate Compound **i**. De-protection of Compound **i** with 4N HCl, followed by reaction with acoryl chloride gives Compound **k**.
Compound k can be prepared starting with substituted 3-nitro-2,6-dichloropyridines. Compound a, can be treated with Amine b, followed by Suzuki coupling to give nitro-

Compound l. Compound l can be further reduced to amino-Compound m. Compound m can be treated with oxalyl chloride to build up bicycliclione Compound n. Compound n can be treated with halide Compound f to generated Compound i. De-protection of Compound i with 4N HCl, followed by the reaction with acroryl chloride gives Compound k.
Scheme 3

Compound \( t \) can be prepared starting with substituted 3-nitro-2,6-dichloropyridines.

Compound \( a \), can be treated with Amine \( b \), followed by reduction with iron to give amino-

Compound \( d \). Reductive amination of Compound \( d \) with Ketone \( o \) yields Compound \( p \).

Compound \( p \) can be treated with oxalyl chloride to build up bicyclicdione Compound \( q \).

Subsequent Suzuki coupling of Compound \( q \) with boronic acid, Compound \( h \) affords

Compound \( r \). De-protection of Compound \( r \) with 4N HCl, followed by the reaction with acryl chloride gives Compound \( t \).

**KRAS Protein**

The Ras family is comprised of three members: KRAS, NRAS and HRAS. RAS mutant cancers account for about 25% of human cancers. KRAS is the most frequently mutated isofom in human cancers: 85% of all RAS mutations are in KRAS, 12% in NRAS, and 3% in HRAS (Simanshu, D. et al. Cell 170.1 (2017):17-33). KRAS mutations are prevalent amongst the top three most deadly cancer types: pancreatic (97%), colorectal (44%), and lung (30%) (Cox, A.D. et al. Nat Rev Drug Discov (2014) 13:828-51). The majority of RAS mutations occur at amino acid residues/codonts 12, 13, and 61; Codon 12 mutations are most frequent in KRAS. The frequency of specific mutations varied between

RAS genes and G12D mutations are most predominant in KRAS whereas Q61R and G12R mutations are most frequent in NRAS and HRAS. Furthermore, the spectrum of mutations in
a RAS isoform differs between cancer types. For example, KRAS G12D mutations
predominate in pancreatic cancers (51%), followed by colorectal adenocarcinomas (45%)
contrast, KRAS G12C mutations predominate in non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)
comprising 11-16% of lung adenocarcinomas (nearly half of mutant KRAS is G12C), as well
as 2-5% of pancreatic and colorectal adenocarcinomas, respectively (Cox, A.D. et al. Nat.
hundreds of cancer cell lines, genomic studies have demonstrated that cancer cells
exhibiting KRAS mutations are highly dependent on KRAS function for cell growth
(McDonald, R. et al. Cell 170 (2017): 577-592). Taken together, these findings suggested
that KRAS mutations play a critical role in human cancers, therefore development of the
inhibitors targeting mutant KRAS may be useful in the clinical treatment of diseases that
have characterized by a KRAS mutation.

Methods of Use

The cancer types in which KRAS harboring G12C, G12V, and G12D mutations are
implicated include, but are not limited to: carcinomas (e.g., pancreatic, colorectal, lung,
bladder, gastric, esophageal, breast, head and neck, cervical skin, thyroid); hematopoietic
malignancies (e.g., myeloproliferative neoplasms (MPN), myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS),
chronic and juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML and JMML), acute myeloid leukemia
(AML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL) and multiple myeloma (MM)); and other
neoplasms (e.g., glioblastoma and sarcomas). In addition, KRAS mutations were found in
KRAS mutations were found in immunological and inflammatory disorders (Fernandez-
lymphoproliferative disorder (RALD) or juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML) caused
by somatic mutations of KRAS or NRAS.

Compounds of the present disclosure can inhibit the activity of the KRAS protein. For
example, compounds of the present disclosure can be used to inhibit activity of KRAS in a
cell or in an individual or patient in need of inhibition of the enzyme by administering an
inhibiting amount of one or more compounds of the present disclosure to the cell, individual,
or patient.

As KRAS inhibitors, the compounds of the present disclosure are useful in the
treatment of various diseases associated with abnormal expression or activity of KRAS.
Compounds which inhibit KRAS will be useful in providing a means of preventing the growth
or inducing apoptosis in tumors, or by inhibiting angiogenesis. It is therefore anticipated that
compounds of the present disclosure will prove useful in treating or preventing proliferative
disorders such as cancers. In particular, tumors with activating mutants of receptor tyrosine kinases or upregulation of receptor tyrosine kinases may be particularly sensitive to the inhibitors.

In an aspect, provided herein is a method of inhibiting KRAS activity, said method comprising contacting a compound of the instant disclosure with KRAS. In an embodiment, the contacting comprises administering the compound to a patient.

In another aspect, provided herein is a method of treating a disease or disorder associated with inhibition of KRAS interaction, said method comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of any of the formulae disclosed herein, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In an embodiment, the disease or disorder is an immunological or inflammatory disorder.

In another embodiment, the immunological or inflammatory disorder is Ras-associated lymphoproliferative disorder and juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia caused by somatic mutations of KRAS.

In an aspect, provided herein is a method of treating a disease or disorder associated with inhibiting a KRAS protein harboring a G12C mutation, said method comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of any of the formulae disclosed herein, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In another aspect, provided herein is a method of treating cancer in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the compounds disclosed herein wherein the cancer is characterized by an interaction with a KRAS protein harboring a G12C mutation.

In another aspect, provided herein is a method of treating a disease or disorder associated with inhibiting a KRAS protein harboring a G12D mutation, said method comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of any of the formulae disclosed herein, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In yet another aspect, provided herein is also a method of treating cancer in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the compounds disclosed herein wherein the cancer is characterized by an interaction with a KRAS protein harboring a G12D mutation.

In another aspect, provided herein is a method for treating a disease or disorder associated with inhibition of KRAS interaction or a mutant thereof in a patient in need thereof comprising the step of administering to the patient a compound disclosed herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a composition comprising a compound.
disclosed herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in combination with another
therapy or therapeutic agent as described herein.

In yet another aspect, provided herein is a method for treating a cancer in a patient,
said method comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of
any one of the compounds disclosed herein, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In an embodiment, the cancer is selected from carcinomas, hematological cancers,
sarcomas, and glioblastoma.

In another embodiment, the hematological cancer is selected from myeloproliferative
neoplasms, myelodysplastic syndrome, chronic and juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia,
acute myeloid leukemia, acute lymphocytic leukemia, and multiple myeloma.

In yet another embodiment, the carcinoma is selected from pancreatic, colorectal,
lung, bladder, gastric, esophageal, breast, head and neck, cervical, skin, and thyroid.

In an embodiment, the cancer is selected from hematological cancers, sarcomas,
lung cancers, gastrointestinal cancers, genitourinary tract cancers, liver cancers, bone
cancers, nervous system cancers, gynecological cancers, and skin cancers.

In another embodiment, the lung cancer is selected from non-small cell lung cancer
(NSCLC), small cell lung cancer, bronchogenic carcinoma, squamous cell bronchogenic
carcinoma, undifferentiated small cell bronchogenic carcinoma, undifferentiated large cell
bronchogenic carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, bronchogenic carcinoma, alveolar carcinoma,
bronchiolar carcinoma, bronchial adenoma, chondromatous hamartoma, mesothelioma,
pavocellular and non-pavocellular carcinoma, bronchial adenoma, and pleuropulmonary
blastoma.

In yet another embodiment, the lung cancer is non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC).

In still another embodiment, the lung cancer is adenocarcinoma.

In an embodiment, the gastrointestinal cancer is selected from esophagus squamous
cell carcinoma, esophagus adenocarcinoma, esophagus leiomyosarcoma, esophagus
lymphoma, stomach carcinoma, stomach lymphoma, stomach leiomyosarcoma, exocrine
pancreatic carcinoma, pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma, pancreatic insulinoma, pancreatic
glucagonoma, pancreatic gastrinoma, pancreatic carcinoid tumors, pancreatic vipoma, small
bowel adenocarcinoma, small bowel lymphoma, small bowel carcinoid tumors, Kaposi's
sarcoma, small bowel leiomyoma, small bowel hemangioma, small bowel lipoma, small
bowel neurofibroma, small bowel fibroma, large bowel adenocarcinoma, large bowel tubular
adenoma, large bowel villous adenoma, large bowel hamartoma, large bowel leiomyoma,
colorectal cancer, gall bladder cancer, and anal cancer.

In an embodiment, the gastrointestinal cancer is colorectal cancer.

In another embodiment, the cancer is a carcinoma. In yet another embodiment, the
carcinoma is selected from pancreatic carcinoma, colorectal carcinoma, lung carcinoma,
bladder carcinoma, gastric carcinoma, esophageal carcinoma, breast carcinoma, head and neck carcinoma, cervical skin carcinoma, and thyroid carcinoma.

In still another embodiment, the cancer is a hematopoietic malignancy. In an embodiment, the hematopoietic malignancy is selected from multiple myeloma, acute myelogenous leukemia, and myeloproliferative neoplasms.

In another embodiment, the cancer is a neoplasm. In yet another embodiment, the neoplasm is glioblastoma or sarcomas.

In certain embodiments, the disclosure provides a method for treating a KRAS-mediated disorder in a patient in need thereof, comprising the step of administering to said patient a compound according to the invention, or a pharmaceutically acceptable composition thereof.

In some embodiments, diseases and indications that are treatable using the compounds of the present disclosure include, but are not limited to hematological cancers, sarcomas, lung cancers, gastrointestinal cancers, genitourinary tract cancers, liver cancers, bone cancers, nervous system cancers, gynecological cancers, and skin cancers.

Exemplary hematological cancers include lymphomas and leukemias such as acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL), acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL), chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML), diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), mantle cell lymphoma, Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (including relapsed or refractory NHL and recurrent follicular), Hodgkin lymphoma, myeloproliferative diseases (e.g., primary myelofibrosis (PMF), polycythemia vera (PV), essential thrombocytosis (ET), 8p11 myeloproliferative syndrome, myelodysplasia syndrome (MDS), T-cell acute lymphoblastic lymphoma (T-ALL), multiple myeloma, cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, adult T-cell leukemia, Waldenstrom’s Macroglobulinemia, hairy cell lymphoma, marginal zone lymphoma, chronic myelogenic lymphoma and Burkitt’s lymphoma.

Exemplary sarcomas include chondrosarcoma, Ewing’s sarcoma, osteosarcoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, angiosarcoma, fibrosarcoma, liposarcoma, myxoma, rhabdomyoma, rhabdosarcoma, fibroma, lipoma, harmatoma, lymphosarcoma, leiomyosarcoma, and teratoma.

Exemplary lung cancers include non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC), small cell lung cancer, bronchogenic carcinoma (squamous cell, undifferentiated small cell, undifferentiated large cell, adenocarcinoma), alveolar (bronchiolar) carcinoma, bronchial adenoma, chondromatous hamartoma, mesothelioma, pavi cellular and non-pavicular carcinoma, bronchial adenoma and pleuropulmonary blastoma.

Exemplary gastrointestinal cancers include cancers of the esophagus (squamous cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, leiomyosarcoma, lymphoma), stomach (carcinoma, lymphoma, leiomyosarcoma), pancreas (exocrine pancreatic carcinoma, ductal
adenocarcinoma, insulinoma, glucagonoma, gastrinoma, carcinoid tumors, vipoma), small bowel (adenocarcinoma, lymphoma, carcinoid tumors, Kaposi's sarcoma, leiomyoma, hemangioma, lipoma, neurofibroma, fibroma), large bowel (adenocarcinoma, tubular adenoma, villous adenoma, hamartoma, leiomyoma), colorectal cancer, gall bladder cancer and anal cancer.

Exemplary genitourinary tract cancers include cancers of the kidney (adenocarcinoma, Wilm's tumor [nephroblastoma], renal cell carcinoma), bladder and urethra (squamous cell carcinoma, transitional cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma), prostate (adenocarcinoma, sarcoma), testis (seminoma, teratoma, embryonal carcinoma, teratocarcinoma, choriocarcinoma, sarcoma, interstitial cell carcinoma, fibroma, fibroadenoma, adenomatoïd tumors, lipoma) and urothelial carcinoma.

Exemplary liver cancers include hepatoma (hepatocellular carcinoma), cholangiocarcinoma, hepatoblastoma, angiosarcoma, hepatocellular adenoma, and hemangioma.

Exemplary bone cancers include, for example, osteogenic sarcoma (osteosarcoma), fibrosarcoma, malignant fibrous histiocytoma, chondrosarcoma, Ewing's sarcoma, malignant lymphoma (reticulum cell sarcoma), multiple myeloma, malignant giant cell tumor chordoma, osteochonfronia (osteocartilaginous exostoses), benign chondroma, chondroblastoma, chondromyxofibroma, osteoid osteoma, and giant cell tumors.

Exemplary nervous system cancers include cancers of the skull (osteoma, hemangioma, granuloma, xanthoma, osteitis deformans), meninges (meningioma, meningiosarcoma, gliomatosis), brain (astrocytoma, medulloblastoma, glioma, ependymoma, germinoma (pinealoma), glioblastoma, glioblastoma multiform, oligodendroglioma, schwannoma, retinoblastoma, congenital tumors, neuro-ectodermal tumors), and spinal cord (neurofibroma, meningioma, glioma, sarcoma), neuroblastoma, Lhermitte-Duclos disease and pineal tumors.

Exemplary gynecological cancers include cancers of the breast (ductal carcinoma, lobular carcinoma, breast sarcoma, triple-negative breast cancer, HER2-positive breast cancer, inflammatory breast cancer, papillary carcinoma), uterus (endometrial carcinoma), cervix (cervical carcinoma, pre-tumor cervical dysplasia), ovaries (ovarian carcinoma (serous cystadenocarcinoma, mucinous cystadenocarcinoma, unclassified carcinoma), granulosa-thecal cell tumors, Sertoli-Leydig cell tumors, dysgerminoma, malignant teratoma), vulva (squamous cell carcinoma, intraepithelial carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, fibrosarcoma, melanoma), vagina (clear cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, botryoid sarcoma (embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma), and fallopian tubes (carcinoma).
Exemplary skin cancers include melanoma, basal cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, Kaposi’s sarcoma, Merkel cell skin cancer, moles dysplastic nevi, lipoma, angioma, dermatofibroma, and keloids.

Exemplary head and neck cancers include glioblastoma, melanoma, rhabdosarcoma, lymphosarcoma, osteosarcoma, squamous cell carcinomas, adenocarcinomas, oral cancer, laryngeal cancer, nasopharyngeal cancer, nasal and paranasal cancers, thyroid and parathyroid cancers, tumors of the eye, tumors of the lips and mouth and squamous head and neck cancer.

The compounds of the present disclosure can also be useful in the inhibition of tumor metastases.

In addition to oncogenic neoplasms, the compounds of the invention are useful in the treatment of skeletal and chondrocyte disorders including, but not limited to, achondroplasia, hypochondroplasia, dwarfism, thanatophoric dysplasia (TD) (clinical forms TD I and TD II), Apert syndrome, Crouzon syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Beare-Stevenson cutis gyrata syndrome, Pfeiffer syndrome, and craniosynostosis syndromes. In some embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient suffering from a skeletal and chondrocyte disorder.

In some embodiments, compounds described herein can be used to treat Alzheimer’s disease, HIV, or tuberculosis.

As used herein, the term “8p11 myeloproliferative syndrome” is meant to refer to myeloid/lymphoid neoplasms associated with eosinophilia and abnormalities of FGFR1.

As used herein, the term “cell” is meant to refer to a cell that is in vitro, ex vivo or in vivo. In some embodiments, an ex vivo cell can be part of a tissue sample excised from an organism such as a mammal. In some embodiments, an in vitro cell can be a cell in a cell culture. In some embodiments, an in vivo cell is a cell living in an organism such as a mammal.

As used herein, the term “contacting” refers to the bringing together of indicated moieties in an in vitro system or an in vivo system. For example, “contacting” KRAS with a compound described herein includes the administration of a compound described herein to an individual or patient, such as a human, having KRAS, as well as, for example, introducing a compound described herein into a sample containing a cellular or purified preparation containing KRAS.

As used herein, the term “individual,” “subject,” or “patient,” used interchangeably, refers to any animal, including mammals, preferably mice, rats, other rodents, rabbits, dogs, cats, swine, cattle, sheep, horses, or primates, and most preferably humans.

As used herein, the phrase “therapeutically effective amount” refers to the amount of active compound or pharmaceutical agent such as an amount of any of the solid forms or
salts thereof as disclosed herein that elicits the biological or medicinal response in a tissue,

system, animal, individual or human that is being sought by a researcher, veterinarian,

medical doctor or other clinician. An appropriate "effective" amount in any individual case

may be determined using techniques known to a person skilled in the art.

The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" is used herein to refer to those

compounds, materials, compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the scope of

sound medical judgment, suitable for use in contact with the tissues of human beings and

animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, immunogenicity or other

problem or complication, commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio.

As used herein, the phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient" refers to a pharmaceutically-acceptable material, composition, or vehicle, such as a liquid or solid

filler, diluent, solvent, or encapsulating material. Excipients or carriers are generally safe,

non-toxic and neither biologically nor otherwise undesirable and include excipients or

carriers that are acceptable for veterinary use as well as human pharmaceutical use. In one

embodiment, each component is "pharmaceutically acceptable" as defined herein. See, e.g.,

Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 21st ed.; Lippincott Williams & Wilkins:


Pharmaceutical Preformulation and Formulation, 2nd ed.; Gibson Ed.; CRC Press LLC:

Boca Raton, Fla., 2009.

As used herein, the term "treating" or "treatment" refers to inhibiting a disease; for

eexample, inhibiting a disease, condition, or disorder in an individual who is experiencing or
displaying the pathology or symptomology of the disease, condition, or disorder (i.e.,
arresting further development of the pathology and/or symptomology) or ameliorating the
disease; for example, ameliorating a disease, condition, or disorder in an individual who is
experiencing or displaying the pathology or symptomology of the disease, condition, or
disorder (i.e., reversing the pathology and/or symptomology) such as decreasing the
severity of the disease.

The term "prevent," "preventing," or "prevention" as used herein, comprises the

prevention of at least one symptom associated with or caused by the state, disease or

disorder being prevented.

It is appreciated that certain features of the invention, which are, for clarity, described

in the context of separate embodiments, can also be provided in combination in a single

embodiment (while the embodiments are intended to be combined as if written in multiply

dependent form). Conversely, various features of the invention which are, for brevity,
described in the context of a single embodiment, can also be provided separately or in any suitable subcombination.

Combination Therapies

1. Cancer therapies

Cancer cell growth and survival can be impacted by dysfunction in multiple signaling pathways. Thus, it is useful to combine different enzyme/protein/receptor inhibitors, exhibiting different preferences in the targets which they modulate the activities of, to treat such conditions. Targeting more than one signaling pathway (or more than one biological molecule involved in a given signaling pathway) may reduce the likelihood of drug-resistance arising in a cell population, and/or reduce the toxicity of treatment.

One or more additional pharmaceutical agents such as, for example, chemotherapeutics, anti-inflammatory agents, steroids, immunosuppressants, immune-oncology agents, metabolic enzyme inhibitors, chemokine receptor inhibitors, and phosphatase inhibitors, as well as targeted therapies such as Bcr-Abl, Fit-3, EGFR, HER2, JAK, c-MET, VEGFR, PDGFR, c-Kit, IGF-1R, RAF, FAK, and CDK4/6 kinase inhibitors such as, for example, those described in WO 2006/056399 can be used in combination with the compounds of the present disclosure for treatment of CDK2-associated diseases, disorders or conditions. Other agents such as therapeutic antibodies can be used in combination with the compounds of the present disclosure for treatment of CDK2-associated diseases, disorders or conditions. The one or more additional pharmaceutical agents can be administered to a patient simultaneously or sequentially.

In some embodiments, the CDK2 inhibitor is administered or used in combination with a BCL2 inhibitor or a CDK4/6 inhibitor.

The compounds as disclosed herein can be used in combination with one or more other enzyme/protein/receptor inhibitors therapies for the treatment of diseases, such as cancer and other diseases or disorders described herein. Examples of diseases and indications treatable with combination therapies include those as described herein.

Examples of cancers include solid tumors and non-solid tumors, such as liquid tumors, blood cancers. Examples of infections include viral infections, bacterial infections, fungus infections or parasite infections. For example, the compounds of the present disclosure can be combined with one or more inhibitors of the following kinases for the treatment of cancer: Akt1, Akt2, Akt3, BCL2, CDK4/6, TGF-βR, PKA, PKG, PKC, CaM-kinase, phosphorylase kinase, MEKK, ERK, MAPK, mTOR, EGFR, HER2, HER3, HER4, INS-R, IDH2, IGF-1R, IRR, PDGFαR, PDGFβR, PI3K (alpha, beta, gamma, delta, and multiple or selective), CSF1R, KIT, FLK-II, KDR/FLK-1, FLK-4, fit-1, FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3, FGFR4, c-Met, PARP, Ron,
Sea, TRKA, TRKB, TRKC, TAM kinases (Axl, Mer, Tyro3), FLT3, VEGFR/Flt2, Flt4, EphA1, EphA2, EphA3, EphB2, EphB4, Tie2, Src, Fyn, Lck, Fgr, Btk, Fak, SYK, FRK, JAK, ABL, ALK and B-Raf. In some embodiments, the compounds of the present disclosure can be combined with one or more of the following inhibitors for the treatment of cancer or infections. Non-limiting examples of inhibitors that can be combined with the compounds of the present disclosure for treatment of cancer and infections include an FGFR inhibitor (FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 or FGFR4, e.g., pemigatinib (INCB54828), INCB62079), an EGFR inhibitor (also known as ErB-1 or HER-1; e.g., erlotinib, gefitinib, vandetanib, osimertinib, cetuximab, necitumumab, or panitumumab), a VEGFR inhibitor or pathway blocker (e.g., bevacizumab, pazopanib, sunitinib, sorafenib, axitinib, regorafenib, ponatinib, cabozantinib, vandetanib, ramucirumab, lenvatinib, ziv-aflibercept), a PARP inhibitor (e.g., olaparib, rucaparib, veliparib or niraparib), a JAK inhibitor (JAK1 and/or JAK2; e.g., ruxolitinib or baricitinib; or JAK1; e.g., itacitinib (INCB39110), INCB052793, or INCB054707), an IDO inhibitor (e.g., epacadostat, NLG919, or BMS-986205, MK7162), an LSD1 inhibitor (e.g., GSK2979552, INCB59872 and INCB60003), a TDO inhibitor, a PI3K-delta inhibitor (e.g., pamsaclib (INCB50465) or INCB50797), a PI3K-gamma inhibitor such as PI3K-selective inhibitor, a Pim inhibitor (e.g., INCB53914), a CSF1R inhibitor, a TAM receptor tyrosine kinases (Tyro-3, Axl, and Mer; e.g., INCB081776), an adenosine receptor antagonist (e.g., A2a/A2b receptor antagonist), an HPK1 inhibitor, a chemokine receptor inhibitor (e.g., CCR2 or CCR5 inhibitor), a SHP1/2 phosphatase inhibitor, a histone deacetylase inhibitor (HDAC) such as an HDAC8 inhibitor, an angiogenesis inhibitor, an interleukin receptor inhibitor, bromo and extra terminal family members inhibitors (for example, bromodomain inhibitors or BET inhibitors such as INCB54329 and INCB57643), c-MET inhibitors (e.g., capmatinib), an anti-CD19 antibody (e.g., tafasitamab), an ALK2 inhibitor (e.g., INCB00928); or combinations thereof.

In some embodiments, the compound or salt described herein is administered with a PI3Kδ inhibitor. In some embodiments, the compound or salt described herein is administered with a JAK inhibitor. In some embodiments, the compound or salt described herein is administered with a JAK1 or JAK2 inhibitor (e.g., baricitinib or ruxolitinib). In some embodiments, the compound or salt described herein is administered with a JAK1 inhibitor. In some embodiments, the compound or salt described herein is administered with a JAK1 inhibitor, which is selective over JAK2.

In addition, for treating cancer and other proliferative diseases, compounds described herein can be used in combination with targeted therapies such as, e.g., c-MET inhibitors (e.g., capmatinib), an anti-CD19 antibody (e.g., tafasitamab), an ALK2 inhibitor (e.g., INCB00928); or combinations thereof.
Example antibodies for use in combination therapy include, but are not limited to, trastuzumab (e.g., anti-HER2), ranibizumab (e.g., anti-VEGF-A), bevacizumab (AVASTIN™, e.g., anti-VEGF), panitumumab (e.g., anti-EGFR), cetuximab (e.g., anti-EGFR), rituxan (e.g., anti-CD20), and antibodies directed to c-MET.

One or more of the following agents may be used in combination with the compounds of the present disclosure and are presented as a non-limiting list: a cytostatic agent, cisplatin, doxorubicin, taxotere, taxol, etoposide, irinotecan, camptosar, topotecan, paclitaxel, docetaxel, epothilones, tamoxifen, 5-fluorouracil, methotrexate, temozolomide, cyclophosphamide, SCH 66336, R115777, L778,123, BMS 214662, IRESSA™ (gefitinib), TARCEVA™ (erlotinib), antibodies to EGFR, intron, ara-C, adriamycin, cytoxan, gemcitabine, uracil mustard, chloromethine, ifosfamide, melphalan, chlorambucil, pipobroman, triethylenemelamine, triethylenethiophosphoramine, busulfan, carmustine, lomustine, streptozocin, dacarbazine, florouridine, cytarabine, 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, fludarabine phosphate, oxaliplatin, leucovirin, ELOXATIN™ (oxaliplatin), pentostatine, vinblastine, vincristine, vindesine, bleomycin, dactinomycin, daunorubicin, doxorubicin, epirubicin, idarubicin, mitramycin, deoxycoformycin, mitomycin-C, L-asparaginase, teniposeide 17.alpha.-ethinylestradiol, diethylstilbestrol, testosterone, Prednisone, Fluoxymesterone, Dromostanolone propionate, testolactone, megestrolacetate, methylprednisolone, methyltestosterone, prednisolone, triamcinolone, chlorotrianisene, hydroxyprogesterone, aminoglutethimide, estramustine, medroxyprogesteroneacetate, leuprolide, flutamide, toremifene, goserelin, carboplatin, hydroxyurea, amsacrine, procarbazine, mitotane, mitoxantrone, levamisole, navelbene, anastrozole, letrozole, capetabine, reloxafine, droloxafine, hexamethylmelamine, avastin, HERCEPTIN™ (trastuzumab), BEXXAR™ (tositumomab), VELCADE™ (bortezomib), ZEVALIN™ (ibritumomab tiuxetan), TRISENOX™ (arsenic trioxide), XELODA™ (capecitabine), vinorelbine, porfimer, ERBITUX™ (cetuximab), thiopeta, altretamine, melphalan, trastuzumab, lerozole, fulvestrant, exemestane, ifosfamide, rituximab, C225 (cetuximab), Campath (alemizumab), clofarabine, cladribine, aphidicolin, rituxan, sunitinib, dasatinib, tezacitabine, Smi1, fludarabine, pentostatin, triapine, didox, trimidox, amidox, 3-AP, and MDL-101,731.

The compounds of the present disclosure can further be used in combination with other methods of treating cancers, for example by chemotherapy, irradiation therapy, tumor-targeted therapy, adjuvant therapy, immunotherapy or surgery. Examples of immunotherapy include cytokine treatment (e.g., interferons, GM-CSF, G-CSF, IL-2), CRS-207 immunotherapy, cancer vaccine, monoclonal antibody, bispecific or multi-specific antibody, antibody drug conjugate, adoptive T cell transfer, Toll receptor agonists, RIG-I agonists, oncolytic virotherapy and immunomodulating small molecules, including thalidomide or
JAK1/2 inhibitor, PI3Kδ inhibitor and the like. The compounds can be administered in combination with one or more anti-cancer drugs, such as a chemotherapeutic agent. Examples of chemotherapeutics include any of: abarelax, aldesleukin, alemtuzumab, altretinoïn, allopurinol, altretamine, anastrozole, arsenic trioxide, asparaginase, azacitidine, bevacizumab, bexarotene, baricitinib, bleomycin, bortezomib, busulfan intravenous, busulfan oral, calusterone, capecitabine, carboplatin, carmustine, cetuximab, chlorambucil, cisplatin, cladribine, clofarabine, cyclophosphamide, cytarabine, dacarbazine, dactinomycin, dalteparin sodium, dasatinib, daunorubicin, decitabine, denileukin, denileukin diftitox, dexrazoxane, docetaxel, doxorubicin, dromostanolone propionate, eculizumab, eribulin, erlotinib, estramustine, etoposide phosphate, etoposide, exemestane, fentanyl citrate, filgrastim, flouxuridine, fludarabine, fluorouracil, fulvestrant, gefitinib, gemcitabine, gemtuzumab ozogamicin, goserelin acetate, histrelin acetate, ibritumomab tiuxetan, idarubicin, ifosfamide, imatinib mesylate, interferon alfa 2a, irinotecan, lapatinib ditosylate, lenalidomide, letrozole, leucovorin, leuprolide acetate, levamisole, lomustine, mecloretamine, megestrol acetate, melphalan, mercaptopurine, methotrexate, methoxsalen, mitomycin C, mitotane, mitoxantrone, nandrolone phenpropionate, nelarabine, nofetumomab, oxaliplatin, paclitaxel, pamidronate, panitumumab, pegasparagase, pegfilgrastim, pemetrexed disodium, pentostatin, pipobroman, plicamycin, procarbazine, quinacrine, rasburicase, rituximab, ruxolitinib, sorafenib, streptozocin, sunitinib, sunitinib maleate, tamoxifen, temozolomide, teniposide, testolactone, thalidomide, thioguanine, thiotapec, topotecan, toremifene, tositumomab, trastuzumab, tretinoin, uracil mustard, valrubicin, vinblastine, vincristine, etoposide, carmustine, and the like.

Additional examples of chemotherapeutics include proteasome inhibitors (e.g., bortezomib), thalidomide, revlimid, and DNA-damaging agents such as melphalan, doxorubicin, cyclophosphamide, vincristine, etoposide, carmustine, and the like.

Example steroids include corticosteroids such as dexamethasone or prednisone.

Example Bcr-Abl inhibitors include imatinib mesylate (GLEEVAC™), nilotinib, dasatinib, bosutinib, and ponatinib, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Other example suitable Bcr-Abl inhibitors include the compounds, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, of the genera and species disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,521,184, WO 04/005281, and U.S. Ser. No. 60/578,491.

Example suitable Flt-3 inhibitors include midostaurin, lestaurtinib, linifanib, sunitinib, sunitinib maleate, sorafenib, quizartinib, crenolanib, pacritinib, tandutinib, PLX3397 and ASP2215, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Other example suitable Flt-3 inhibitors include compounds, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, as disclosed in WO 03/037347, WO 03/099771, and WO 04/046120.
Example suitable RAF inhibitors include dabrafenib, sorafenib, and vemurafenib, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Other example suitable RAF inhibitors include compounds, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, as disclosed in WO 00/09495 and WO 05/028444.

Example suitable FAK inhibitors include VS-4718, VS-5095, VS-6062, VS-6063, B1853520, and GSK2256098, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Other example suitable FAK inhibitors include compounds, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, as disclosed in WO 04/080980, WO 04/056786, WO 03/024967, WO 01/064655, WO 00/053595, and WO 01/014402.

Example suitable CDK4/6 inhibitors include palbociclib, ribociclib, trilaciclib, lero cilib, and abemaciclib, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Other example suitable CDK4/6 inhibitors include compounds, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, as disclosed in WO 09/085185, WO 12/129344, WO 11/101409, WO 03/062236, WO 10/075074, and WO 12/081156.

In some embodiments, the compounds of the disclosure can be used in combination with one or more other kinase inhibitors including imatinib, particularly for treating patients resistant to imatinib or other kinase inhibitors.

In some embodiments, the compounds of the disclosure can be used in combination with a chemotherapeutic in the treatment of cancer, and may improve the treatment response as compared to the response to the chemotherapeutic agent alone, without exacerbation of its toxic effects. In some embodiments, the compounds of the disclosure can be used in combination with a chemotherapeutic provided herein. For example, additional pharmacological agents used in the treatment of multiple myeloma, can include, without limitation, melphalan, melphalan plus prednisone (MP), doxorubicin, dexamethasone, and Velcade (bortezomib). Further additional agents used in the treatment of multiple myeloma include Bcr-Abl, Flt-3, RAF and FAK kinase inhibitors. In some embodiments, the agent is an alkylating agent, a proteasome inhibitor, a corticosteroid, or an immunomodulatory agent. Examples of an alkylating agent include cyclophosphamide (CY), melphalan (MEL), and bendamustine. In some embodiments, the proteasome inhibitor is carfilzomib. In some embodiments, the corticosteroid is dexamethasone (DEX). In some embodiments, the immunomodulatory agent is lenalidomide (LEN) or pomalidomide (POM). Additive or synergistic effects are desirable outcomes of combining a CDK2 inhibitor of the present disclosure with an additional agent.

The agents can be combined with the present compound in a single or continuous dosage form, or the agents can be administered simultaneously or sequentially as separate dosage forms.
The compounds of the present disclosure can be used in combination with one or more other inhibitors or one or more therapies for the treatment of infections. Examples of infections include viral infections, bacterial infections, fungus infections or parasite infections.

In some embodiments, a corticosteroid such as dexamethasone is administered to a patient in combination with the compounds of the disclosure where the dexamethasone is administered intermittently as opposed to continuously.

The compounds of Formula (I) or any of the formulas as described herein, a compound as recited in any of the claims and described herein, or salts thereof can be combined with another immunogenic agent, such as cancerous cells, purified tumor antigens (including recombinant proteins, peptides, and carbohydrate molecules), cells, and cells transfected with genes encoding immune stimulating cytokines. Non-limiting examples of tumor vaccines that can be used include peptides of melanoma antigens, such as peptides of gp100, MAGE antigens, Trp-2, MARTI and/or tyrosinase, or tumor cells transfected to express the cytokine GM-CSF.

The compounds of Formula (I) or any of the formulas as described herein, a compound as recited in any of the claims and described herein, or salts thereof can be used in combination with a vaccination protocol for the treatment of cancer. In some embodiments, the tumor cells are transduced to express GM-CSF. In some embodiments, tumor vaccines include the proteins from viruses implicated in human cancers such as Human Papilloma Viruses (HPV), Hepatitis Viruses (HBV and HCV) and Kaposi's Herpes Sarcoma Virus (KHSV). In some embodiments, the compounds of the present disclosure can be used in combination with tumor specific antigen such as heat shock proteins isolated from tumor tissue itself. In some embodiments, the compounds of Formula (I) or any of the formulas as described herein, a compound as recited in any of the claims and described herein, or salts thereof can be combined with dendritic cells immunization to activate potent anti-tumor responses.

The compounds of the present disclosure can be used in combination with bispecific macrocyclic peptides that target Fe alpha or Fe gamma receptor-expressing effectors cells to tumor cells. The compounds of the present disclosure can also be combined with macrocyclic peptides that activate host immune responsiveness.

In some further embodiments, combinations of the compounds of the disclosure with other therapeutic agents can be administered to a patient prior to, during, and/or after a bone marrow transplant or stem cell transplant. The compounds of the present disclosure can be used in combination with bone marrow transplant for the treatment of a variety of tumors of hematopoietic origin.

The compounds of Formula (I) or any of the formulas as described herein, a compound as recited in any of the claims and described herein, or salts thereof can be used
in combination with vaccines, to stimulate the immune response to pathogens, toxins, and self-antigens. Examples of pathogens for which this therapeutic approach may be particularly useful, include pathogens for which there is currently no effective vaccine, or pathogens for which conventional vaccines are less than completely effective. These include, but are not limited to, HIV, Hepatitis (A, B, & C), Influenza, Herpes, Giardia, Malaria, Leishmania, Staphylococcus aureus, Pseudomonas Aeruginosa.

Viruses causing infections treatable by methods of the present disclosure include, but are not limited to human papillomavirus, influenza, hepatitis A, B, C or D viruses, adenovirus, poxvirus, herpes simplex viruses, human cytomegalovirus, severe acute respiratory syndrome virus, Ebola virus, measles virus, herpes virus (e.g., VZV, HSV-1, HAV-6, HSV-II, and CMV, Epstein Barr virus), flaviviruses, echovirus, rhinovirus, coxsackie virus, coronovirus, respiratory syncytial virus, mumps virus, rotavirus, measles virus, rubella virus, parvovirus, vaccinia virus, HTLV virus, dengue virus, papillomavirus, molluscum virus, poliovirus, rabies virus, JC virus and arboviral encephalitis virus.

Pathogenic bacteria causing infections treatable by methods of the disclosure include, but are not limited to, chlamydia, rickettsial bacteria, mycobacteria, staphylococci, streptococci, pneumococci, meningococci and cononocci, klebsiella, proteus, serratia, pseudomonas, legionella, diphtheria, salmonella, bacilli, cholera, tetanus, botulism, anthrax, plague, leptospirosis, and Lyme's disease bacteria.

Pathogenic fungi causing infections treatable by methods of the disclosure include, but are not limited to, Candida (albicans, krusei, glabrata, tropicalis, etc.), Cryptococcus neoformans, Aspergillus (fumigatus, niger, etc.), Genus Mucorales (mucor, absidia, rhizophus), Sporothrix schenckii, Blastomyces dermatitidis, Paracoccidioides brasiliensis, Coccidioides immitis and Histoplasma capsulatum.

Pathogenic parasites causing infections treatable by methods of the disclosure include, but are not limited to, Entamoeba histolytica, Balantidium coli, Naegleriafowleri, Acanthamoeba sp., Giardia lambia, Cryptosporidium sp., Pneumocystis carinii, Plasmodium vivax, Babesia microti, Trypanosoma brucei, Trypanosoma cruzi, Leishmania donovani, Toxoplasma gondii, and Nippostrongylus brasiliensis.

When more than one pharmaceutical agent is administered to a patient, they can be administered simultaneously, separately, sequentially, or in combination (e.g., for more than two agents).

Methods for the safe and effective administration of most of these chemotherapeutic agents are known to those skilled in the art. In addition, their administration is described in the standard literature. For example, the administration of many of the chemotherapeutic agents is described in the "Physicians' Desk Reference" (PDR, e.g., 1996 edition, Medical
Economics Company, Montvale, NJ), the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference as if set forth in its entirety.

II. Immune-checkpoint therapies

Compounds of the present disclosure can be used in combination with one or more immune checkpoint inhibitors for the treatment of diseases, such as cancer or infections. Exemplary immune checkpoint inhibitors include inhibitors against immune checkpoint molecules such as CBL-B, CD20, CD28, CD40, CD70, CD122, CD96, CD73, CD47, CDK2, GITR, CSF1R, JAK, PI3K delta, PI3K gamma, TAM, arginase, HPK1, CD137 (also known as 4-1BB), ICOS, A2AR, B7-H3, B7-H4, BTLA, CTLA-4, LAG3, TIM3, TLR (TLR7/8), TIGIT, CD112R, VISTA, PD-1, PD-L1 and PD-L2. In some embodiments, the immune checkpoint molecule is a stimulatory checkpoint molecule selected from CD27, CD28, CD40, ICOS, OX40, GITR and CD137. In some embodiments, the immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitory checkpoint molecule selected from A2AR, B7-H3, B7-H4, BTLA, CTLA-4, IDO, KIR, LAG3, PD-1, TIM3, TIGIT, and VISTA. In some embodiments, the compounds provided herein can be used in combination with one or more agents selected from KIR inhibitors, TIGIT inhibitors, LAIR1 inhibitors, CD160 inhibitors, 2B4 inhibitors and TGFR beta inhibitors.

In some embodiments, the compounds provided herein can be used in combination with one or more agonists of immune checkpoint molecules, e.g., OX40, CD27, GITR, and CD137 (also known as 4-1BB).

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is anti-PD1 antibody, anti-PD-L1 antibody, or anti-CTLA-4 antibody.

In some embodiments, the antibody is an anti-PD-1 antibody, e.g., an anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is nivolumab, pembrolizumab, cemiplimab, spartalizumab, camrelizumab, cetrelimab, toripalimab, sintilimab, AB122, AMP-224, JTX-4014, BGB-108, BCD-100, BAT1306, LZM009, AK105, HLX10, or TSR-042. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is nivolumab, pembrolizumab, cemiplimab, spartalizumab, camrelizumab, cetrelimab, toripalimab, or sintilimab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is cemiplimab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is spartalizumab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is camrelizumab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is cetrelimab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is toripalimab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is sintilimab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is AB122. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is AMP-224. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is JTX-4014. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is BGB-108. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is BCD-100. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is BAT1306. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is LZM009. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is AK105. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is HLX10. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 antibody is TSR-042. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody is nivolumab or pembrolizumab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody is MGA012 (INCMGA0012; retifanlimab). In some embodiments, the anti-PD1 antibody is SHR-1210. Other anti-cancer agent(s) include antibody therapeutics such as 4-1BB (e.g., urelumab, utomilumab). In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of PD-L1, e.g., an anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody is atezolizumab, avelumab, durvalumab, tislelizumab, BMS-935559, MEDI4736, atezolizumab (MPDL3280A; also known as RG7446), avelumab (MSB0010718C), FAZ053, KN035, CS1001, SHR-1316, CBT-502, A167, STI-A101, CK-301, BGB-A333, MSB-2311, HLX20, or LY3330054. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is atezolizumab, avelumab, durvalumab, or tislelizumab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is atezolizumab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is durvalumab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is tislelizumab. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is BMS-935559. In some embodiments, the
anti-PD-L1 antibody is MEDI4736. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is FAZ053. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is KN035. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is CS1001. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is SHR-1316. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is CBT-502. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is A167. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is STI-A101. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is CK-301. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is BGB-A333. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is MSB-2311. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is HLX20. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is LY3300054.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is a small molecule that binds to PD-L1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is a small molecule that binds to and internalizes PD-L1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is a compound selected from those in US 2018/0179201, US 2018/0179197, US 2018/0179179, US 2018/0179202, US 2018/0177784, US 2018/0177870, US Ser. No. 16/369,654 (filed Mar. 29, 2019), and US Ser. No. 62/688,164, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of KIR, TIGIT, LAIR1, CD160, 2B4 and TGFR beta.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor is MCLA-145.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of CTLA-4, e.g., an anti-CTLA-4 antibody. In some embodiments, the anti-CTLA-4 antibody is ipilimumab, tremelimumab, AGEN1884, or CP-675,206.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of LAG3, e.g., an anti-LAG3 antibody. In some embodiments, the anti-LAG3 antibody is BMS-986016, LAG525, INCAGN2385, or eftilagimod alpha (IMP321).

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of CD73. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of CD73 is oceclumab.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of TIGIT. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of TIGIT is OMP-31M32.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of VISTA. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of VISTA is JNJ-61610588 or CA-170.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of B7-H3. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of B7-H3 is enoblituzumab, MGD009, or 8H9.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of KIR. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of KIR is lirilumab or IPH4102.
In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of A2aR. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of A2aR is CPI-444.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of TGF-beta. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of TGF-beta is trabedersen, galusertib, or M7824.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of PI3K-gamma. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of PI3K-gamma is IPI-549.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of CD47. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of CD47 is Hu5F9-G4 or TTI-621.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of CD73. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of CD73 is MEDI9447.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of CD70. In some embodiments, the inhibitor of CD70 is cusanatumab or BMS-936561.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of TIM3, e.g., an anti-TIM3 antibody. In some embodiments, the anti-TIM3 antibody is INCAGN2390, MBG453, or TSR-022.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of an immune checkpoint molecule is an inhibitor of CD20, e.g., an anti-CD20 antibody. In some embodiments, the anti-CD20 antibody is obinutuzumab or rituximab.

In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of OX40, CD27, CD28, GITR, ICOS, CD40, TLR7/8, and CD137 (also known as 4-1BB).

In some embodiments, the agonist of CD137 is urelumab. In some embodiments, the agonist of CD137 is utomilumab.

In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of GITR. In some embodiments, the agonist of GITR is TRX518, MK-4166, INCAGN1876, MK-1248, AMG228, BMS-986156, GW18323, MEDI1873, or MEDI6469. In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of OX40, e.g., OX40 agonist antibody or OX40L fusion protein. In some embodiments, the anti-OX40 antibody is INCAGN01949, MEDI0562 (tavolimab), MOXR-0916, PF-04518600, GSK3174998, BMS-986178, or 9B12. In some embodiments, the OX40L fusion protein is MEDI6383.

In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of CD40. In some embodiments, the agonist of CD40 is CP-870893, ADC-1013, CDX-1140, SEA-CD40, RO7009789, JNJ-64457107, APX-005M, or Chi Lob 7/4.

In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of ICOS. In some embodiments, the agonist of ICOS is GSK-3359609, JTX-2011, or MEDI-570.
In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of CD28. In some embodiments, the agonist of CD28 is turalizumab.

In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of CD27. In some embodiments, the agonist of CD27 is varilumab.

In some embodiments, the agonist of an immune checkpoint molecule is an agonist of TLR7/8. In some embodiments, the agonist of TLR7/8 is MEDI9197.

The compounds of the present disclosure can be used in combination with bispecific antibodies. In some embodiments, one of the domains of the bispecific antibody targets PD-1, PD-L1, CTLA-4, GITR, OX40, TIM3, LAG3, CD137, ICOS, CD3 or TGFβ receptor. In some embodiments, the bispecific antibody binds to PD-1 and PD-L1. In some embodiments, the bispecific antibody that binds to PD-1 and PD-L1 is MCLA-136. In some embodiments, the bispecific antibody binds to PD-L1 and CTLA-4. In some embodiments, the bispecific antibody that binds to PD-L1 and CTLA-4 is AK104.

In some embodiments, the compounds of the disclosure can be used in combination with one or more metabolic enzyme inhibitors. In some embodiments, the metabolic enzyme inhibitor is an inhibitor of IDO1, TDO, or arginase. Examples of IDO1 inhibitors include epacadostat, NLG919, BMS-986205, PF-06840003, IOM2983, RG-70099 and LY338196. Inhibitors of arginase inhibitors include INCB1158.

As provided throughout, the additional compounds, inhibitors, agents, etc. can be combined with the present compound in a single or continuous dosage form, or they can be administered simultaneously or sequentially as separate dosage forms.

Formulation, Dosage Forms and Administration

When employed as pharmaceuticals, the compounds of the present disclosure can be administered in the form of pharmaceutical compositions. Thus, the present disclosure provides a composition comprising a compound of Formula I, II, or any of the formulas as described herein, a compound as recited in any of the claims and described herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or any of the embodiments thereof, and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. These compositions can be prepared in a manner well known in the pharmaceutical art, and can be administered by a variety of routes, depending upon whether local or systemic treatment is indicated and upon the area to be treated. Administration may be topical (including transdermal, epidermal, ophthalmic and to mucous membranes including intranasal, vaginal and rectal delivery), pulmonary (e.g., by inhalation or insufflation of powders or aerosols, including by nebulizer; intratracheal or intranasal), oral or parenteral. Parenteral administration includes intravenous, intraarterial, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal intramuscular or injection or infusion; or intracranial, e.g., intrathecal or intraventricular, administration. Parenteral
administration can be in the form of a single bolus dose, or may be, e.g., by a continuous perfusion pump. Pharmaceutical compositions and formulations for topical administration may include transdermal patches, ointments, lotions, creams, gels, drops, suppositories, sprays, liquids and powders. Conventional pharmaceutical carriers, aqueous, powder or oily bases, thickeners and the like may be necessary or desirable.

This invention also includes pharmaceutical compositions which contain, as the active ingredient, the compound of the present disclosure or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or excipients. In some embodiments, the composition is suitable for topical administration. In making the compositions of the invention, the active ingredient is typically mixed with an excipient, dilute by an excipient or enclosed within such a carrier in the form of, e.g., a capsule, sachet, paper, or other container. When the excipient serves as a diluent, it can be a solid, semi-solid, or liquid material, which acts as a vehicle, carrier or medium for the active ingredient. Thus, the compositions can be in the form of tablets, pills, powders, lozenges, sachets, cachets, elixirs, suspensions, emulsions, solutions, syrups, aerosols (as a solid or in a liquid medium), ointments containing, e.g., up to 10% by weight of the active compound, soft and hard gelatin capsules, suppositories, sterile injectable solutions and sterile packaged powders.

In preparing a formulation, the active compound can be milled to provide the appropriate particle size prior to combining with the other ingredients. If the active compound is substantially insoluble, it can be milled to a particle size of less than 200 mesh. If the active compound is substantially water soluble, the particle size can be adjusted by milling to provide a substantially uniform distribution in the formulation, e.g., about 40 mesh.

The compounds of the invention may be milled using known milling procedures such as wet milling to obtain a particle size appropriate for tablet formation and for other formulation types. Finely divided (nanoparticulate) preparations of the compounds of the invention can be prepared by processes known in the art see, e.g., WO 2002/000196.

Some examples of suitable excipients include lactose, dextrose, sucrose, sorbitol, mannitol, starches, gum acacia, calcium phosphate, alginates, tragacanth, gelatin, calcium silicate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, cellulose, water, syrup and methyl cellulose. The formulations can additionally include: lubricating agents such as talc, magnesium stearate and mineral oil; wetting agents; emulsifying and suspending agents; preserving agents such as methyl- and propylhydroxy-benzoates; sweetening agents; and flavoring agents. The compositions of the invention can be formulated so as to provide quick, sustained or delayed release of the active ingredient after administration to the patient by employing procedures known in the art.
In some embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises silicified microcrystalline cellulose (SMCC) and at least one compound described herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. In some embodiments, the silicified microcrystalline cellulose comprises about 98% microcrystalline cellulose and about 2% silicon dioxide w/w.

In some embodiments, the composition is a sustained release composition comprising at least one compound described herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. In some embodiments, the composition comprises at least one pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and at least one component selected from microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose and polyethylene oxide. In some embodiments, the composition comprises at least one compound described herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate and hydroxypropyl methylcellulose. In some embodiments, the composition comprises at least one compound described herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate and polyethylene oxide. In some embodiments, the composition further comprises magnesium stearate or silicon dioxide. In some embodiments, the microcrystalline cellulose is Avicel PH102™. In some embodiments, the lactose monohydrate is Fast-flo 316™. In some embodiments, the hydroxypropyl methylcellulose is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 2208 K4M (e.g., Methocel K4 M Premier™) and/or hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 2208 K100LV (e.g., Methocel K00LV™). In some embodiments, the polyethylene oxide is polyethylene oxide WSR 1105 (e.g., Polyox WSR 1105™).

In some embodiments, a wet granulation process is used to produce the composition. In some embodiments, a dry granulation process is used to produce the composition.

The compositions can be formulated in a unit dosage form, each dosage containing from about 5 to about 1,000 mg (1 g), more usually about 100 mg to about 500 mg, of the active ingredient. In some embodiments, each dosage contains about 10 mg of the active ingredient. In some embodiments, each dosage contains about 50 mg of the active ingredient. In some embodiments, each dosage contains about 25 mg of the active ingredient. The term "unit dosage forms" refers to physically discrete units suitable as unitary dosages for human subjects and other mammals, each unit containing a predetermined quantity of active material calculated to produce the desired therapeutic effect, in association with a suitable pharmaceutical excipient.
The components used to formulate the pharmaceutical compositions are of high purity and are substantially free of potentially harmful contaminants (e.g., at least National Food grade, generally at least analytical grade, and more typically at least pharmaceutical grade). Particularly for human consumption, the composition is preferably manufactured or formulated under Good Manufacturing Practice standards as defined in the applicable regulations of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. For example, suitable formulations may be sterile and/or substantially isotonic and/or in full compliance with all Good Manufacturing Practice regulations of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

The active compound may be effective over a wide dosage range and is generally administered in a therapeutically effective amount. It will be understood, however, that the amount of the compound actually administered will usually be determined by a physician, according to the relevant circumstances, including the condition to be treated, the chosen route of administration, the actual compound administered, the age, weight, and response of the individual patient, the severity of the patient's symptoms and the like.

The therapeutic dosage of a compound of the present invention can vary according to, e.g., the particular use for which the treatment is made, the manner of administration of the compound, the health and condition of the patient, and the judgment of the prescribing physician. The proportion or concentration of a compound of the invention in a pharmaceutical composition can vary depending upon a number of factors including dosage, chemical characteristics (e.g., hydrophobicity), and the route of administration. For example, the compounds of the invention can be provided in an aqueous physiological buffer solution containing about 0.1 to about 10% w/v of the compound for parenteral administration. Some typical dose ranges are from about 1 μg/kg to about 1 g/kg of body weight per day. In some embodiments, the dose range is from about 0.01 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg of body weight per day. The dosage is likely to depend on such variables as the type and extent of progression of the disease or disorder, the overall health status of the particular patient, the relative biological efficacy of the compound selected, formulation of the excipient, and its route of administration. Effective doses can be extrapolated from dose-response curves derived from in vitro or animal model test systems.

For preparing solid compositions such as tablets, the principal active ingredient is mixed with a pharmaceutical excipient to form a solid preformulation composition containing a homogeneous mixture of a compound of the present invention. When referring to these preformulation compositions as homogeneous, the active ingredient is typically dispersed evenly throughout the composition so that the composition can be readily subdivided into equally effective unit dosage forms such as tablets, pills and capsules. This solid preformulation is then subdivided into unit dosage forms of the type described above.
containing from, e.g., about 0.1 to about 1000 mg of the active ingredient of the present invention.

The tablets or pills of the present invention can be coated or otherwise compounded to provide a dosage form affording the advantage of prolonged action. For example, the tablet or pill can comprise an inner dosage and an outer dosage component, the latter being in the form of an envelope over the former. The two components can be separated by an enteric layer which serves to resist disintegration in the stomach and permit the inner component to pass intact into the duodenum or to be delayed in release. A variety of materials can be used for such enteric layers or coatings, such materials including a number of polymeric acids and mixtures of polymeric acids with such materials as shellac, cetyl alcohol and cellulose acetate.

The liquid forms in which the compounds and compositions of the present invention can be incorporated for administration orally or by injection include aqueous solutions, suitably flavored syrups, aqueous or oil suspensions, and flavored emulsions with edible oils such as cottonseed oil, sesame oil, coconut oil, or peanut oil, as well as elixirs and similar pharmaceutical vehicles.

Compositions for inhalation or insufflation include solutions and suspensions in pharmaceutically acceptable, aqueous or organic solvents, or mixtures thereof, and powders. The liquid or solid compositions may contain suitable pharmaceutically acceptable excipients as described supra. In some embodiments, the compositions are administered by the oral or nasal respiratory route for local or systemic effect. Compositions can be nebulized by use of inert gases. Nebulized solutions may be breathed directly from the nebulizing device or the nebulizing device can be attached to a face mask, tent, or intermittent positive pressure breathing machine. Solution, suspension, or powder compositions can be administered orally or nasally from devices which deliver the formulation in an appropriate manner.

Topical formulations can contain one or more conventional carriers. In some embodiments, ointments can contain water and one or more hydrophobic carriers selected from, e.g., liquid paraffin, polyoxyethylene alkyl ether, propylene glycol, white Vaseline, and the like. Carrier compositions of creams can be based on water in combination with glycerol and one or more other components, e.g., glyceryl monostearate, PEG-glycerinmonostearate and cetylstearyl alcohol. Gels can be formulated using isopropyl alcohol and water, suitably in combination with other components such as, e.g., glycerol, hydroxyethyl cellulose, and the like. In some embodiments, topical formulations contain at least about 0.1, at least about 0.25, at least about 0.5, at least about 1, at least about 2 or at least about 5 wt % of the compound of the invention. The topical formulations can be
suitably packaged in tubes of, e.g., 100 g which are optionally associated with instructions for the treatment of the select indication, e.g., psoriasis or other skin condition.

The amount of compound or composition administered to a patient will vary depending upon what is being administered, the purpose of the administration, such as prophylaxis or therapy, the state of the patient, the manner of administration and the like. In therapeutic applications, compositions can be administered to a patient already suffering from a disease in an amount sufficient to cure or at least partially arrest the symptoms of the disease and its complications. Effective doses will depend on the disease condition being treated as well as by the judgment of the attending clinician depending upon factors such as the severity of the disease, the age, weight and general condition of the patient and the like.

The compositions administered to a patient can be in the form of pharmaceutical compositions described above. These compositions can be sterilized by conventional sterilization techniques, or may be sterile filtered. Aqueous solutions can be packaged for use as is, or lyophilized, the lyophilized preparation being combined with a sterile aqueous carrier prior to administration. The pH of the compound preparations typically will be between 3 and 11, more preferably from 5 to 9 and most preferably from 7 to 8. It will be understood that use of certain of the foregoing excipients, carriers or stabilizers will result in the formation of pharmaceutical salts.

The therapeutic dosage of a compound of the present invention can vary according to, e.g., the particular use for which the treatment is made, the manner of administration of the compound, the health and condition of the patient, and the judgment of the prescribing physician. The proportion or concentration of a compound of the invention in a pharmaceutical composition can vary depending upon a number of factors including dosage, chemical characteristics (e.g., hydrophobicity), and the route of administration. For example, the compounds of the invention can be provided in an aqueous physiological buffer solution containing about 0.1 to about 10% w/v of the compound for parenteral administration. Some typical dose ranges are from about 1 µg/kg to about 1 g/kg of body weight per day. In some embodiments, the dose range is from about 0.01 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg of body weight per day. The dosage is likely to depend on such variables as the type and extent of progression of the disease or disorder, the overall health status of the particular patient, the relative biological efficacy of the compound selected, formulation of the excipient, and its route of administration. Effective doses can be extrapolated from dose-response curves derived from in vitro or animal model test systems.

Labeled Compounds and Assay Methods

Another aspect of the present invention relates to labeled compounds of the disclosure (radio-labeled, fluorescent-labeled, etc.) that would be useful not only in imaging
techniques but also in assays, both in vitro and in vivo, for localizing and quantitating KRAS protein in tissue samples, including human, and for identifying KRAS ligands by inhibition binding of a labeled compound. Substitution of one or more of the atoms of the compounds of the present disclosure can also be useful in generating differentiated ADME (Adsorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion). Accordingly, the present invention includes KRAS binding assays that contain such labeled or substituted compounds.

The present disclosure further includes isotopically-labeled compounds of the disclosure. An "isotopically" or "radio-labeled" compound is a compound of the disclosure where one or more atoms are replaced or substituted by an atom having an atomic mass or mass number different from the atomic mass or mass number typically found in nature (i.e., naturally occurring). Suitable radionuclides that may be incorporated in compounds of the present disclosure include but are not limited to $^2$H (also written as D for deuterium), $^3$H (also written as T for tritium), $^{11}$C, $^{13}$C, $^{14}$C, $^{15}$N, $^{16}$O, $^{17}$O, $^{18}$F, $^{35}$S, $^{36}$Cl, $^{82}$Br, $^{78}$Br, $^{77}$Br, $^{75}$Br, $^{129}$I, $^{127}$I, $^{126}$I, and $^{131}$I. For example, one or more hydrogen atoms in a compound of the present disclosure can be replaced by deuterium atoms (e.g., one or more hydrogen atoms of a C$_{1-6}$ alkyl group of Formula I, II, or any formulae provided herein can be optionally substituted with deuterium atoms, such as –CD$_3$ being substituted for –CH$_3$). In some embodiments, alkyl groups in Formula I, II, or any formulae provided herein can be perdeuterated.

One or more constituent atoms of the compounds presented herein can be replaced or substituted with isotopes of the atoms in natural or non-natural abundance. In some embodiments, the compound includes at least one deuterium atom. In some embodiments, the compound includes two or more deuterium atoms. In some embodiments, the compound includes 1-2, 1-3, 1-4, 1-5, or 1-6 deuterium atoms. In some embodiments, all of the hydrogen atoms in a compound can be replaced or substituted by deuterium atoms.

Synthetic methods for including isotopes into organic compounds are known in the art (Deuterium Labeling in Organic Chemistry by Alan F. Thomas (New York, N.Y., Appleton-Century-Crofts, 1971; The Renaissance of H/D Exchange by Jens Atzrodt, Volker Derdau, Thorsten Fey and Jochen Zimmermann, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2007, 7744-7765; The Organic Chemistry of Isotopic Labelling by James R. Hanson, Royal Society of Chemistry, 2011). Isotopically labeled compounds can be used in various studies such as NMR spectroscopy, metabolism experiments, and/or assays.

Substitution with heavier isotopes, such as deuterium, may afford certain therapeutic advantages resulting from greater metabolic stability, for example, increased in vivo half-life or reduced dosage requirements, and hence may be preferred in some circumstances. (see e.g., A. Kerekes et. al. J. Med. Chem. 2011, 54, 201-210; R. Xu et. al. J. Label Compd.)
Radiopharm. 2015, 58, 308-312). In particular, substitution at one or more metabolism sites may afford one or more of the therapeutic advantages.

The radionuclide that is incorporated in the instant radio-labeled compounds will depend on the specific application of that radio-labeled compound. For example, for in vitro adenosine receptor labeling and competition assays, compounds that incorporate H, C, Br, I or S can be useful. For radio-imaging applications C, F, I, I, I, Br, Br or Br can be useful.

It is understood that a "radio-labeled" or "labeled compound" is a compound that has incorporated at least one radionuclide. In some embodiments, the radionuclide is selected from H, C, I, S and Br.

The present disclosure can further include synthetic methods for incorporating radio-isotopes into compounds of the disclosure. Synthetic methods for incorporating radio-isotopes into organic compounds are well known in the art, and an ordinary skill in the art will readily recognize the methods applicable for the compounds of disclosure.

A labeled compound of the invention can be used in a screening assay to identify and/or evaluate compounds. For example, a newly synthesized or identified compound (i.e., test compound) which is labeled can be evaluated for its ability to bind a KRAS protein by monitoring its concentration variation when contacting with the KRAS, through tracking of the labeling. For example, a test compound (labeled) can be evaluated for its ability to reduce binding of another compound which is known to bind to a KRAS protein (i.e., standard compound). Accordingly, the ability of a test compound to compete with the standard compound for binding to the KRAS protein directly correlates to its binding affinity. Conversely, in some other screening assays, the standard compound is labeled and test compounds are unlabeled. Accordingly, the concentration of the labeled standard compound is monitored in order to evaluate the competition between the standard compound and the test compound, and the relative binding affinity of the test compound is thus ascertained.

Kits

The present disclosure also includes pharmaceutical kits useful, e.g., in the treatment or prevention of diseases or disorders associated with the activity of KRAS, such as cancer or infections, which include one or more containers containing a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I, II, or any of the embodiments thereof. Such kits can further include one or more of various conventional pharmaceutical kit components, such as, e.g., containers with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, additional containers, etc., as will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art. Instructions, either as inserts or as labels, indicating quantities of
the components to be administered, guidelines for administration, and/or guidelines for mixing the components, can also be included in the kit.

The invention will be described in greater detail by way of specific examples. The following examples are offered for illustrative purposes, and are not intended to limit the invention in any manner. Those of skill in the art will readily recognize a variety of non-critical parameters which can be changed or modified to yield essentially the same results. The compounds of the Examples have been found to inhibit the activity of KRAS according to at least one assay described herein.

EXAMPLES

Experimental procedures for compounds of the invention are provided below. Preparatory LC-MS purifications of some of the compounds prepared were performed on Waters mass directed fractionation systems. The basic equipment setup, protocols, and control software for the operation of these systems have been described in detail in the literature. See e.g. “Two-Pump At Column Dilution Configuration for Preparative LC-MS”, K. Blom, J. Combi. Chem., 4, 295 (2002); “Optimizing Preparative LC-MS Configurations and Methods for Parallel Synthesis Purification”, K. Blom, R. Sparks, J. Doughty, G. Everlof, T. Haque, A. Combs, J. Combi. Chem., 5, 670 (2003); and “Preparative LC-MS Purification: Improved Compound Specific Method Optimization”, K. Blom, B. Glass, R. Sparks, A. Combs, J. Combi. Chem., 6, 874-883 (2004). The compounds separated were typically subjected to analytical liquid chromatography mass spectrometry (LCMS) for purity check.

The compounds separated were typically subjected to analytical liquid chromatography mass spectrometry (LCMS) for purity check under the following conditions: Instrument; Agilent 1100 series, LC/MSD, Column: Waters Sunfire™ C18 5 μm particle size, 2.1 x 5.0 mm, Buffers: mobile phase A: 0.025% TFA in water and mobile phase B: acetonitrile; gradient 2% to 80% of B in 3 minutes with flow rate 2.0 mL/minute.

Some of the compounds prepared were also separated on a preparative scale by reverse-phase high performance liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) with MS detector or flash chromatography (silica gel) as indicated in the Examples. Typical preparative reverse-phase high performance liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) column conditions are as follows:

pH = 2 purifications: Waters Sunfire™ C18 5 μm particle size, 19 x 100 mm column, eluting with mobile phase A: 0.1% TFA (trifluoroacetic acid) in water and mobile phase B: acetonitrile; the flow rate was 30 mL/minute, the separating gradient was optimized for each compound using the Compound Specific Method Optimization protocol as described in the literature [see “Preparative LCMS Purification: Improved Compound Specific Method
Optimization**, K. Blom, B. Glass, R. Sparks, A. Combs, *J. Comb. Chem.*, **6**, 874-883 (2004)]. Typically, the flow rate used with the 30 x 100 mm column was 60 mL/minute.

pH = 10 purifications: Waters XBridge C18 5 µm particle size, 19 x 100 mm column, eluting with mobile phase A: 0.15% NH4OH in water and mobile phase B: acetonitrile; the flow rate was 30 mL/minute, the separating gradient was optimized for each compound using the Compound Specific Method Optimization protocol as described in the literature [See "Preparative LCMS Purification: Improved Compound Specific Method Optimization", K. Blom, B. Glass, R. Sparks, A. Combs, *J. Comb. Chem.*, **6**, 874-883 (2004)]. Typically, the flow rate used with 30 x 100 mm column was 60 mL/minute.

The following abbreviations may be used herein: AcOH (acetic acid); Ac2O (acetic anhydride); aq. (aqueous); atm. (atmosphere(s)); Boc (t-butoxycarbonyl); BOP ((benzotriazol-1-yl)tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate); br (broad); Cbz (carboxybenzyl); calc. (calculated); d (doublet); dd (doublet of doublets); DBU (1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene); DCM (dichloromethane); DIAD (N, N'-diisopropyl azodicarboxylate); DlEA (N,N-diisopropylethylamine); DIPEA (N, N-diisopropylethylamine); DIBAL (diisobutylaluminium hydride); DMF (N, N-dimethylformamide); Et (ethyl); EtOAc (ethyl acetate); FCC (flash column chromatography); g (gram(s)); h (hour(s)); HATU (N, N', N'-tetramethyl-O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)uronium hexafluorophosphate); HCl (hydrochloric acid); HPLC (high performance liquid chromatography); Hz (hertz); J (coupling constant); LCMS (liquid chromatography – mass spectrometry); LDA (lithium diisopropylamide); m (multiplet); M (molar); mCPBA (3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid); MS (Mass spectrometry); Me (methyl); MeCN (acetonitrile); MeOH (methanol); mg (milligram(s)); min (minutes(s)); mL (millilitre(s)); mmol (millimole(s)); N (normal); NCS (N-chlorosuccinimide); NEt3 (triethylamine); mM (mMolar); NMP (N-methylpyrrolidinone); NMR (nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy); OTf (trifluoromethanesulfonate); Ph (phenyl); pm (picomolar); PPT(precipitate); RP-HPLC (reverse phase high performance liquid chromatography); r.t. (room temperature); s (singlet); t (triplet or tertiary); TBS (tert-butyldimethylsilyl); tert (tertiary); tt (triplet of triplets); TFA (trifluoroacetic acid); THF (tetrahydrofuran); µg (microgram(s)); µL (microlitre(s)); µM (micromolar); wt % (weight percent). Brine is saturated aqueous sodium chloride. In vacuo is under vacuum.

**Example 1:** 1-(1-acryloypiperidin-4-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
Step A: 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine

A mixture of 2,3,6-trichloro-5-nitropyridine (1.0 g, 4.40 mmol), 2,6-diethylaniline (0.724 ml, 4.40 mmol) and N-ethyl-N-isopropylpropan-2-amine (0.568 g, 4.40 mmol) in dioxane (10 ml) was stirred at 110 °C overnight. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (0.87 g, 2.56 mmol, 58.2 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{15}H_{13}C_{6}N_{2}O_{2}: 340.05 (M+H)^+; found: 340.1 (M+H)^+.

Step B: 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,6-diethylphenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine

A mixture of 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (776 mg, 2.281 mmol), Iron (637 mg, 11.40 mmol), and Ammonium chloride (80 μl, 2.281 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) and water (5.00 ml) was stirred at 80 °C for 1h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a cake of celite and the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of water. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with water and brine, then dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. Direct purification on silica gel (40 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,6-diethylphenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.59 g, 1.902 mmol, 83 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{19}H_{17}Cl_{2}N_{3}: 310.08 (M+H)^+; found: 310.2 (M+H)^+. 
Step C: tert-butyl 4-((5,6-dichloro-2-((2,6-diethylphenyl)amino)pyridin-3-yl)amino)piperidine-1-carboxylate

The reaction mixture of 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,6-diethylphenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (500 mg, 1.612 mmol), tert-butyl 4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate (321 mg, 1.612 mmol), acetic acid (111 μL, 1.934 mmol) and Sodium triacetoxyborohydride (683 mg, 3.22 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (40 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 4-((5,6-dichloro-2-((2,6-diethylphenyl)amino)pyridin-3-yl)amino)-piperidine-1-carboxylate (0.33 g, 0.669 mmol, 41.5 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₉H₂₆C₂N₄O₂: 493.21 (M+H)⁺; found: 493.3 (M+H)⁺.

Step D: tert-butyl 4-((6,7-dichloro-4-((2,6-diethylphenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

To the solution of oxalyl dichloride (159 μL, 2.026 mmol) in CICH₂CH₂Cl (10 mL) was added the solution of tert-butyl 4-((5,6-dichloro-2-((2,6-diethylphenyl)amino)pyridin-3-yl)amino)piperidine-1-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.203 mmol) in CICH₂CH₂Cl (10 mL) via syringe dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure.
mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of sat. aqueous NaHCO₃ solution were added. The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with EtOAc. The combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel column (12 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to give the desired product, tert-butyl 4-(6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (0.068 g, 0.124 mmol, 61.3 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₂H₂₀Cl₂N₂O₄: 547.18 (M+H)⁺; found: 547.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step E: tert-butyl 4-(7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

![Chemical Structure Image]

To the mixture of tert-butyl 4-(6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (50 mg, 0.091 mmol) and (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid (25.6 mg, 0.183 mmol) in dioxane (5 ml) and water (1.00 ml) was added cesium carbonate (59.5 mg, 0.183 mmol). The resulting mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and then tetrais(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (10.55 mg, 9.13 μmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (12 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 4-(7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (23 mg, 0.038 mmol, 41.5 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₃₅H₂₈ClF₂N₄O₄: 607.24 (M+H)⁺; found: 607.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step F: 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-(piperidin-4-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The solution of tert-butyl 4-(7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (23 mg, 0.038 mmol) in 2 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane and MeOH (2.0 ml). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then evaporated to driness under reduced pressure to give the crude powder. 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-(piperidin-4-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (17 mg, 0.034 mmol, 89 % yield), which was used directly for the next reaction. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{38}H_{38}ClF_{3}N_{3}O_{2}: 507.19 (M+H)⁺; found: 507.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step G: 1-(1-acryloylpiperidin-4-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The reaction mixture 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-(piperidin-4-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (17 mg, 0.034 mmol), acrylic acid (4.83 mg, 0.067 mmol), triethylamine (9.32 µl, 0.067 mmol) and HATU (15.30 mg, 0.040 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Direct purification on HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-(1-acryloylpiperidin-4-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (10mg, 0.018 mmol, 53.2 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{39}H_{39}ClF_{3}N_{3}O_{2}: 561.20 (M+H)⁺; found: 561.2 (M+H)⁺.

Example 2: 1-(1-acryloylpiperidin-4-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 1, except by using (2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of using (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid in Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C$_{31}$H$_{20}$ClF$_2$N$_4$O$_5$: 577.19 (M+H)$^+$; found: 577.3 (M+H)$^+$.

Example 3: 1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

Step A: 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine

The mixture of 2,3,6-trichloro-5-nitropyridine (1000mg, 4.40 mmol), 2,6-diisopropylaniline (922 µl, 4.84 mmol) and N-ethyl-N-isopropylpropan-2-amine (1532 µl, 8.79 mmol) in dioxane (10 ml) was stirred at 110 °C overnight. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (0.87 g, 2.362 mmol, 53.7 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C$_{17}$H$_{19}$C$_2$N$_3$O$_2$: 368.09 (M+H)$^+$; found: 368.3 (M+H)$^+$.

Step B: 5-chloro-N-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine
To the solution of 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (1000 mg, 2.72 mmol) in dioxane (10 ml) and water (1.00 ml) was added (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid (570 mg, 4.07 mmol) and cesium carbonate (1770 mg, 5.43 mmol). The resulting reaction mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (157 mg, 0.136 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (40 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) to provide the desired product, 5-chloro-N-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (623 mg, 1.456 mmol, 53.6 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₃H₂₀ClF₃N₂O₂: 428.15 (M+H)⁺; found: 428.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step C: 5-chloro-N2-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine

The mixture of 5-chloro-N-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (500 mg, 1.168 mmol), iron (326 mg, 5.84 mmol) and ammonium chloride (204 μl, 5.84 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) and water (5.00 ml) was stirred at 80 °C for 1h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a cake of celite and the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of water. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with water and brine, then dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-70% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5-chloro-N2-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.35 g, 0.880 mmol, 75 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₃H₂₅ClF₃N₃: 398.17 (M+H)⁺; found: 398.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step D: 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
To the solution of oxalyl dichloride (957 mg, 7.54 mmol) in CH₂CH₂Cl (10 ml) was added the solution of 5-chloro-N₂-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (300 mg, 0.754 mmol) in CH₂CH₂Cl (10.00 ml) via syringe dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of sat. aqueous NaHCO₃ solution were added. The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with EtOAc. The combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel column (40 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to give the desired product, 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (211 mg, 0.467 mmol, 61.9 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₃H₂₀ClF₆N₂O₂: 452.15 (M+H)⁺; found: 452.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step E: tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate

The mixture of 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (100 mg, 0.221 mmol), tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate (111 mg, 0.443 mmol) and cesium carbonate (144 mg, 0.443 mmol) in DMF (5 ml) was stirred at 90 °C overnight. The mixture was resolved in 20 mL of EtOAc and then washed with water three times. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel column (12 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-
(y)methyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate (0.078 g, 0.126 mmol, 56.9 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{34}H_{38}ClFN_{4}O_{5}: 621.26 (M+H)^{+}; found: 621.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Step F: 1-(azetidin-3-ylmethyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The solution of tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate (78 mg, 0.126 mmol) in TFA (5.0 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the desired product, 1-(azetidin-3-ylmethyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (64 mg, 0.123 mmol, 98 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{35}H_{38}ClFN_{4}O_{2}: 521.20 (M+H)^{+}; found: 521.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Step G: 1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The mixture of 1-(azetidin-3-ylmethyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (64 mg, 0.123 mmol), acryloyl chloride (22.23 mg, 0.246 mmol) and triethylamine (24.86 mg, 0.246 mmol) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. Direct purification on prep. HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (51 mg, 0.089 mmol, 72.2 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{39}ClFN_{4}O_{3}: 575.21 (M+H)^{+}; found: 575.2 (M+H).
Example 4: 1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 3, except by using 2,6-diethylaniline instead of using 2,6-diisopropylaniline in Step A. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{38}H_{28}ClF_N_3: 547.18 (M+H)^+; found: 547.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 5: 1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2,3-difluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 3, except by using (2,3-difluoro-phenyl)boronic acid instead of using (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid in Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{31}ClF_2N_3O_3: 593.21 (M+H)^+; found: 593.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 6: 1-((1-acryloylazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(1-naphthyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 3, except by using (1-naphthyl)boronic acid instead of using (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid in Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{38}H_{35}ClN_{3}O_{5}: 607.24 (M+H)^+; found: 607.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 7: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxy-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 3, except by using tert-butyl 3-(1-bromomethyl)-3-hydroxy-azetidine-1-carboxylate instead of using tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{32}ClF_{6}N_{4}O_{4}: 591.21 (M+H)^+; found: 591.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 8: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxy-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 3, except by using tert-butyl 3-(1-bromomethyl)-3-methoxy-azetidine-1-carboxylate instead of using tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C₃₅H₃₄ClFN₄O₆: 605.23 (M+H)^+; found: 605.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 9: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxy-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2,3-difluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 8, except by using 2,3-difluorophenylboronic acid instead of using 2-fluorophenylboronic acid. LC/MS m/z calculated for C₃₅H₃₅ClF₂N₄O₆: 623.22 (M+H)^+; found: 623.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 10: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoro-azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

Step A: 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine
The mixture of 2,3,6-trichloro-5-nitropyridine (1000 mg, 4.40 mmol), 2,6-diisopropylaniline (922 µl, 4.84 mmol) and N-ethyl-N-isopropylpropan-2-amine (1532 µl, 8.79 mmol) in dioxane (10 ml) was stirred at 110 °C overnight. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (0.87 g, 2.362 mmol, 53.7 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{17}H_{19}Cl_{2}N_{3}O_{2}: 368.09 (M+H)^+; found: 368.3 (M+H)^+.

**Step B: 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine**

![Structure of 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine](image)

The mixture of 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (1.5 g, 4.07 mmol), iron (0.145 ml, 20.37 mmol) and ammonium chloride (0.712 ml, 20.37 mmol) in ethanol (20 ml) and water (10.00 ml) was stirred at 80 °C for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a cake of celite and the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of water. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with water and brine, then dried over Na_{2}SO_{4}, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. Direct purification on silica gel column afforded (40 g, 0-80% EtOAc in hexane) the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (1.27 g, 3.75 mmol, 92 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{17}H_{21}C_{2}N_{3}: 338.11 (M+H)^+; found: 338.2 (M+H)^+.

**Step C: 6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione**

![Structure of 6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione](image)

To the solution of oxalyl dichloride (1.162 ml, 14.78 mmol) in CICH₂CH₂Cl (10 ml) was added the solution of 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,6-diisopropophenyl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (1.0 g, 2.96 mmol) in CICH₂CH₂Cl (10 ml) via syringe dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of sat. aqueous NaHCO₃ solution were added. The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with EtOAc. The combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and
evaporated in vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel column (40 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to give the desired product, 6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (681 mg, 1.736 mmol, 58.7% yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{19}H_{19}C_{2}N_{3}O_{2}: 392.09 (M+H)^+; found: 392.2 (M+H)^+.

5 Step D: tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

The mixture of 6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (681 mg, 1.736 mmol), tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (931 mg, 3.47 mmol) and cesium carbonate (1131 mg, 3.47 mmol) in DMF (10 ml) was stirred at 110 °C overnight. The mixture was resolved in 20 mL of EtOA and then washed with water three times. The organic phase was dried over Na_{2}SO_{4}, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel column (40 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) to afford the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (0.55 g, 0.949 mmol, 54.7% yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{33}Cl_{2}F_{2}N_{3}O_{6}: 579.19 (M+H)^+; found: 579.2 (M+H)^+.

10 Step E: tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

To the mixture of tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.173
mmol) and (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid (48.3 mg, 0.345 mmol) in dioxane (5 ml) and water (1 ml) was added cesium carbonate (112 mg, 0.345 mmol). The resulting mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and then tetrais(trimethylphosphine)palladium(0) (19.94 mg, 0.017 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (12 g, 0-50% EtOAc in Hexane) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 3-(((7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (67 mg, 0.105 mmol, 60.7 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₃₅H₃₇ClF₂N₄O₅: 639.25 (M+H)⁺; found: 639.3 (M+H)⁺.

Step F: 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1-(((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The solution of tert-butyl tert-butyl 3-(((7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (67 mg, 0.105 mmol) in 2 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane and MeOH (2.0 ml). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then evaporated to driness under reduced pressure to give the crude powder, 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1-(((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (55 mg, 0.102 mmol, 97 % yield), which was used directly for the next reaction. LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₉H₂₇ClF₂N₆O₂: 539.19 (M+H)⁺; found: 539.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step G: 1-(((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The reaction mixture of 7-chloro-4-((2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1-((3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (50 mg, 0.093 mmol), acrylic acid (13.37 mg, 0.186 mmol), triethylamine (18.77 mg, 0.186 mmol) and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphat (70.5 mg, 0.186 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Direct purification on HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-((2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (31 mg, 0.052 mmol, 56.3 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{31}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{3}: 593.21 (M+H)^+; found: 593.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 11: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(1-naphthyl)-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 10, except by using 1-naphthylboronic acid instead of using 2-fluorophenylboronic acid in Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{34}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{3}: 625.23 (M+H)^+; found: 625.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 12: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluorazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 10, except by using 2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-boronic acid instead of using 2-fluorophenylboronic acid in Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{21}ClF_{3}N_{4}O_{4}: 609.20 (M+H)^+; found: 609.3 (M+H)^+.

**Example 13:** 7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluoroacryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 10, except by using 2-fluoroacrylic acid instead of using acrylic acid. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{20}ClF_{3}N_{4}O_{4}: 627.19 (M+H)^+; found: 627.3 (M+H)^+.

**Example 14:** 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(3-hydroxynaphthalen-1-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 10, except by using 1-3-hydroxy-naphthylboronic acid instead of using 2-fluorophenylboronic acid in Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{37}ClF_{10}N_{8}O_{6}: 641.23 (M+H) *. found: 641.3 (M+H) *.

**Example 15:** 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 10, except by using 2-amino-6-fluorophenylboronic acid instead of using 2-fluorophenylboronic acid in Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{32}ClF_{2}N_{6}O_{3}: 608.22 (M+H) *. found: 608.3 (M+H) *.

**Example 16:** 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 10, except by using 2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid instead of using 2-fluoroophenylboronic acid in Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{29}ClF_3N_4O_5: 627.19 (M+H) \(^*\); found: 627.3 (M+H) \(^*\).

Example 17: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

Step A: 5,6-dichloro-N-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine

The mixture of 2,3,6-trichloro-5-nitropyridine (3.0 g, 13.19 mmol), 2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-amine (2.1 g, 13.85 mmol) and N-ethyl-N-isopropylpropan-2-amine (3.4 ml, 19.79 mmol) in dioxane (20 ml) was stirred at 110 °C overnight. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-75% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (2.7 g, 7.91 mmol, 60.0 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{22}Cl_2N_6O_2: 341.05 (M+H) \(^*\); found: 341.3 (M+H) \(^*\).

Step B: 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)pyridine-2,3-diamine.

The mixture of 5,6-dichloro-N-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (2.5 g, 7.33 mmol), iron (2.05 mg, 36.6 mmol) and ammonium chloride (1.96 g, 36.6 mmol) in ethanol (20.0 mL) and water (10 mL) was stirred at 80 °C for 1 h. The reaction
mixture was filtered through a cake of celite and the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of water. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with water and brine, then dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N₂-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (1.5 g, 4.82 mmol, 65.8% yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₁₃H₁₂Cl₂N₄: 311.08 (M+H)⁺; found: 311.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step C: 6,7-dichloro-4-[(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

To the solution of oxalyl dichloride (884 μl, 11.25 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 ml) was added the solution of 5,6-dichloro-N₂-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (350 mg, 1.125 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5.00 ml) via syringe dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of sat. aqueous NaHCO₃ solution were added. The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with EtOAc. The combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel column (40 g, 0-10% Methanol in EtOAc) to give the desired product, 6,7-dichloro-4-[(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (0.31 g, 0.849 mmol, 75 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₁₀H₁₂Cl₂N₂O₂: 365.05 (M+H)⁺; found: 365.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step D: tert-butyl 3-[(6,7-dichloro-4-[(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl]-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate
The mixture of 6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (160 mg, 0.438 mmol), tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (235 mg, 0.876 mmol) and cesium carbonate (214 mg, 0.657 mmol) in DMF (5 ml) was stirred at 90 °C overnight. The mixture was resolved in 20 mL of EtOA and then washed with water three times. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel column (40 g, 0-90% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (191 mg, 0.346 mmol, 79 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{28}ClFN_{5}O_{5}: 552.15 (M+H)⁺; found: 552.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step E: tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

![Chemical Structure Image]

To the mixture of tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (100mg, 0.181 mmol) and (2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid (56.4 mg, 0.362 mmol) in dioxane (2 ml) and water (0.40 ml) was added cesium carbonate (118 mg, 0.362 mmol). The resulting mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and then tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (41.8 mg, 0.036 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (12 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (69.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 60.8 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{31}H_{32}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{5}: 628.21 (M+H)⁺; found: 628.2 (M+H)⁺.
Step F: 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The solution of tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (70 mg, 0.111 mmol) in 2 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane and MeOH (2.0 mL). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure to give the crude powder, 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione, which was used directly for the next reaction. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{28}H_{24}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{3}: 528.15 (M+H)^{+}; found: 528.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Step G: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The reaction mixture of 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (55 mg, 0.104 mmol), acrylic acid (15.01 mg, 0.208 mmol), triethylamine (21.08 mg, 0.208 mmol) and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N′-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (47.5 mg, 0.125 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Direct purification on HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (37.8 mg, 0.065 mmol, 6.20E+04 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{29}H_{26}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{4}: 582.16 (M+H)^{+}; found: 582.2 (M+H)^{+}.
Example 18: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 2-fluorophenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{26}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{3}: 566.17 (M+H)^+; found: 566.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 19: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (0.038 g, 0.065 mmol, 62.3 % yield)

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 2-fluoro-6-aminophenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{27}ClF_{3}N_{6}O_{3}: 581.18 (M+H)^+; found: 581.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 20: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 2-fluoro-4-methyl-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{26}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{4}: 596.18 (M+H)^+; found: 596.2 (M+H)^+.

**Example 21:** 1-[(1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl]-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 2-fluoro-5-methyl-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{26}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{4}: 596.18 (M+H)^+; found: 596.2 (M+H)^+.

**Example 22:** 1-[(1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl]-7-chloro-6-(3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{25}H_{25}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{4}: 600.15 (M+H)^+; found: 600.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 23: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 5,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{25}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{4}: 600.15 (M+H)^+; found: 600.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 24: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3-chloro-6-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 3-chloro-6-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{25}H_{25}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{4}: 616.13 (M+H)^+; found: 616.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 25: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-hydroxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 2-hydroxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)phenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{26}ClF_{4}N_{5}O_{4}: 632.16 (M+H)^+; found: 632.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 26: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2,3-dihydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 2,3-dihydroxy-6-fluorophenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{26}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{6}: 598.16 (M+H)^{+}; found: 598.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 27: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(3-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (3-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{31}H_{29}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{3}: 602.20 (M+H)^{+}; found: 602.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 28: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(6-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (6-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{35}H_{39}ClF_{2}N_{6}O_{4}: 602.20 (M+H)^+; found: 602.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 29: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(1H-indazol-7-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (1H-indazol-7-yl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{37}ClF_{2}N_{6}O_{4}: 588.18 (M+H)^+; found: 588.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 30: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-7-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-7-yl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{26}ClFN_{3}O_{5}: 589.18 (M+H)^+; found: 589.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 31: 1-[(1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl]-6-(2-aminopyridin-3-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-aminopyridin-3-yl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{27}ClFN_{3}O_{3}: 564.18 (M+H)^+; found: 564.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 32: 1-[(1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl]-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinolin-8-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinolin-8-yl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{30}ClFN_{3}O_{4}: 615.18 (M+H)^+; found: 615.2 (M+H)^+. 
Example 33: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{28}ClF_{2}N_{6}O_{3}: 580.18 (M+H)\(^+\); found: 580.2 (M+H)\(^+\).

Example 34: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{28}ClF_{2}N_{6}O_{3}: 580.18 (M+H)\(^+\); found: 580.2 (M+H)\(^+\).

Example 35: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17 except by using (2,3-dichlorophenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{25}Cl_{6}FN_{5}O_{3}: 616.10 (M+H)^{+}; found: 616.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 36: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-chlorophenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{26}Cl_{6}FN_{5}O_{3}: 582.14 (M+H)^{+}; found: 582.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 37: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C30H26ClF4N5O3: 616.17 (M+H)⁺; found: 616.2 (M+H)⁺.

Example 38: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

Step A: tert-butyl 3-(6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-methoxyazetidine-1-carboxylate

The mixture of 6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (200.0 mg, 0.548 mmol), tert-butyl 3-(chloromethyl)-3-methoxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (258 mg, 1.095 mmol) and cesium carbonate (357 mg, 1.095 mmol) in DMF (5 ml) was stirred at 90 °C overnight. The mixture was resolved in 20
mL of EtOA and then washed with water three times. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel column (20 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-methoxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (211 mg, 0.374 mmol, 68.3 % yield).

LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₉H₂₉Cl₂N₂O₅: 564.17 (M+H)⁺; found: 564.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step B: tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-methoxyazetidine-1-carboxylate

To the mixture of tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-methoxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.177 mmol) and (2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid (55.2 mg, 0.354 mmol) in dioxane (5 ml) and water (1.00 ml) was added cesium carbonate (115 mg, 0.354 mmol). The resulting mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and then tetrais(triphenylphosphine)-palladium(0) (20.47 mg, 0.018 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (12 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-methoxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (55 mg, 0.086 mmol, 48.5 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₉H₂₅ClF₃N₂O₅: 640.23 (M+H)⁺; found: 640.3 (M+H)⁺.

Step C: 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1-(3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The solution of tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-methoxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (55 mg, 0.086 mmol, 48.5 % yield) in 2 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane and MeOH (2.0 ml). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure to give the crude powder, 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione, which was used directly for the next reaction. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{27}H_{27}ClFNO_{5}: 540.17 (M+H)⁺; found: 540.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step D: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The mixture of 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (20 mg, 0.037 mmol), acrylcoric acid (5.34 mg, 0.074 mmol), triethylamine (7.50 mg, 0.074 mmol) and O-(7-azabenzostriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (28.2 mg, 0.074 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Direct purification on prep. HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (8.1 mg, 0.014 mmol, 36.8 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{29}ClFNO_{6}: 594.18 (M+H)⁺; found: 594.2 (M+H)⁺.
Example 39: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-
hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-
2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in
Example 38, except by using (2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-
6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{28}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{6}: 612.17
(M+H)^+; found: 612.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 40: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-
7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-
dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in
Example 38, except by using (2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-
hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{30}ClF_{2}N_{6}O_{4}: 593.20 (M+H)
^+; found: 593.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 41: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-
4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

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The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 38, except by using (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C\textsubscript{36}H\textsubscript{25}ClF\textsubscript{3}N\textsubscript{5}O\textsubscript{4}: 578.19 (M+H)\textsuperscript{+}; found: 578.2 (M+H)\textsuperscript{+}.

Example 42: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

Step A: tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-hydroxyazetidine-1-carboxylate

The mixture of 6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (300 mg, 0.821 mmol), tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)-3-hydroxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (437 mg, 1.643 mmol) and cesium carbonate (535 mg, 1.643 mmol) in DMF (5 ml) was stirred at 90 °C overnight. The mixture was resolved in 20 mL of
EtoA and then washed with water three times. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel column (40 g, 0-100% EtoAc in Hexane) to afford the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-hydroxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (312 mg, 0.567 mmol, 69.0 % yield).

LC/MS m/z calculated for C₃₅H₂₉Cl₂N₅O₅: 550.15 (M+H)⁺; found: 550.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step B: tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-hydroxyazetidine-1-carboxylate

To the mixture of tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-hydroxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (100mg, 0.182 mmol) and (2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid (56.7 mg, 0.363 mmol) in dioxane (3 ml) and water (0.50 ml) was added cesium carbonate (118 mg, 0.363 mmol).

The resulting mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and then tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)-palladium(0) (20.99 mg, 0.018 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtoAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtoAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (12 g, 0-10% Methanol in EtoAc) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-hydroxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (45 mg, 0.072 mmol, 39.6 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₃₉H₃₅ClF₃N₅O₆: 626.21 (M+H)⁺; found: 626.3 (M+H)⁺.

Step C: 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-((3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The solution of tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl))-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-hydroxyazetidine-1-carboxylate (45 mg, 0.072 mmol, 39.6 % yield) in 2 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane and MeOH (2.0 ml). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure to give the crude powder, 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-(((3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione, which was used directly for the next reaction. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{28}H_{56}ClF_{2}N_{4}O_{5}: 526.16 (M+H) \textsuperscript{+}; found: 526.2 (M+H) \textsuperscript{+}.

Step D: 1-(((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl))-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The mixture of 7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-(((3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (20 mg, 0.038 mmol), acryllic acid (8.22 mg, 0.114 mmol), triethylamine (11.54 mg, 0.114 mmol) and O-(7-azabenzo triazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (28.9 mg, 0.076 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Direct purification on prep. HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-(((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl))-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (6.6 mg, 0.011 mmol, 29.9 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{28}H_{27}ClF_{2}N_{4}O_{5}: 580.17 (M+H) \textsuperscript{+}; found: 580.1 (M+H) \textsuperscript{+}.

Example 43: 1-(((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl))-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 42, except by using (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{39}ClF_{5}N_{8}O_{4}: 564.17 (M+H)^{+}; found: 564.1 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 44: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 42, except by using (3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{36}ClF_{4}N_{6}O_{5}: 598.16 (M+H)^{+}; found: 598.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 45: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(5,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 42, except by using (5,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{29}H_{36}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{5}: 598.16 (M+H)^+; found: 598.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 46: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 42, except by using (2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step B. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{38}ClF_{2}N_{5}O_{5}: 594.18 (M+H)^+; found: 594.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 47: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
Step A: tert-butyl 3-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethyl-d2)azetidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred mixture of sodium tetrahydroborate-d4 (2.119 g, 50.6 mmol) was added 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-3-carboxylic acid (3.7 g, 16.88 mmol), and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C. Diiodine (4.28 g, 16.88 mmol) in THF (10.00 ml) was added dropwise over 15 minutes and the reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 10 minutes, then heated under reflux for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, diluted with 80 mL MeOH and stirred until all effervescence ceased. After the evaporation of the solvent, 25 mL of 20% (w/w) KOH aqueous solution was added to the residue and the mixture was stirred for 4.5 hours. The mixture was extracted with DCM (3 × 100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4. After filtration, the solvent was evaporated to give the desired product, tert-butyl 3-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethyl-d2)azetidine-1-carboxylate (2.5 g, 12.06 mmol, 71.5 % yield), which was used for the next step without further purification.

Step B: tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl-d2)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

Tert-Butyl 3-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethyl-d2)azetidine-1-carboxylate (1.0 g, 4.83 mmol) and perbromomethane (1.600 g, 4.83 mmol) were dissolved in DCM (20 ml) and cooled to 0 °C under argon. Triphenylphosphane (1.266 g, 4.83 mmol) was added in portions. The reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred for a further 20 minutes under argon. The CH2Cl2 was removed in vacuo and Et2O (100 mL) was added to the mixture. The crude
product was filtered through celite to remove some of the by-product Ph₃PO. The filtrate was
then concentrated to a viscous liquid and hexane (100 mL) was added. The mixture was
filtered once more through celite to remove most of the by-product Ph₃PO. The filtrate was
concentrated to obtain a viscous yellow oil, tert-butyl 3-((bromomethyl)-d2)-3-fluoroazetidine-
1-carboxylate, which was used directly for the next reaction.

**Step C:** tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-d2)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

![Chemical Structure](image)

The mixture of 6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-
dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (300 mg, 0.821 mmol), tert-butyl 3-((bromomethyl)-d2)-
3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (444 mg, 1.643 mmol) and cesium carbonate (535 mg, 1.643
mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was stirred at 90 °C overnight. The mixture was resolved in 20 mL of
EtOA and then washed with water three times. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄,
filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel
column (40 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to afford the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-
1(2H)-yl)methyl)-d2)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (311 mg, 0.561 mmol, 68.3 % yield).
LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₇H₂₅D₂Cl₂FN₂O₄: 554.16 (M+H)⁺; found: 554.2 (M+H)⁺.

**Step D:** tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-
methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-d2)-3-
fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

![Chemical Structure](image)
To the mixture of tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl-d2)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.180 mmol) and (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid (61.3 mg, 0.361 mmol) in dioxane (5 ml) and water (1.0 ml)) was added cesium carbonate (118 mg, 0.361 mmol). The resulting mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and then tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (20.84 mg, 0.018 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (10 g, 0-10% Methanol in EtOAc) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-1-(3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl-d2)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (57 mg, 0.088 mmol, 49.1 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₂H₂₃D₂ClF₂N₅O₅: 644.23 (M+H)⁺; found: 644.3 (M+H)⁺.

Step E: 7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-1-(3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The solution of tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl-d2)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (57 mg, 0.088 mmol, 49.1 % yield) in 2 ml of 4 N HCl in dioxane and MeOH (2.0 ml). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure to give the crude powder, 7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-1-(3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione, which was used directly for the next reaction. LC/MS m/z calculated for C₂₇H₂₇D₂ClF₂N₇O₇: 544.18 (M+H)⁺; found: 544.2 (M+H)⁺.
Step F: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The mixture of 7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-1-((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (20 mg, 0.037 mmol), acryllic acid (7.95 mg, 0.110 mmol), triethylamine (11.16 mg, 0.110 mmol) and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (28.0 mg, 0.074 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Direct purification on prep. HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (5.7 mg, 9.53 μmol, 25.9 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{28}D_2ClF_2N_2O_4: 598.19 (M+H)^+; found: 598.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 48: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using (2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)boronic acid instead of (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid in Step D. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{28}D_2ClF_2N_2O_4: 598.19 (M+H)^+; found: 598.2 (M+H)^+.
Example 49: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using (2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid in Step D. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{24}D_2Cl_2F_2N_6O_4: 600.15 (M+H)^+; found: 600.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 50: 7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluoroacryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using 2-fluoroacrylic acid instead of acrylic acid. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{28}H_{22}D_2Cl_2F_2N_6O_4: 618.14 (M+H)^+; found: 618.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 51: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using (2,3-dichlorophenyl)boronic acid instead of (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid in Step D. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{29}H_{23}D_{3}Cl_{5}FN_{8}O_{3}: 618.11 (M+H)⁺; found: 618.2 (M+H)⁺.

Example 52: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(4,5-dimethylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using (4,5-dimethylpyridin-3-yl)boronic acid instead of (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid in Step D. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{26}D_{2}ClFN_{8}O_{3}: 579.22 (M+H)⁺; found: 579.3 (M+H)⁺.

Example 53: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(naphthalen-1-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using naphthalen-1-ylboronic acid instead of (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid in Step D. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{33}H_{27}D_2ClFNO_5: 600.21 (M+H)^+; found: 600.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 54: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(3-chloro-2-methylpyridin-4-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using (3-chloro-2-methylpyridin-4-yl)boronic acid instead of (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid in Step D. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{29}H_{28}D_2ClFNO_3: 599.16 (M+H)^+; found: 599.3 (M+H)^+.

Example 55: 6-([(1,1'-biphenyl)-2-yl)-1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 47, except by using [1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yloboric acid instead of (6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)boronic acid in Step D. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{26}H_{25}D_2ClF_2N_6O_3: 626.22 (M+H)^{+}; found: 626.3 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 56: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{28}H_{26}C_6F_2N_6O_4: 598.13 (M+H)^{+}; found: 598.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 57: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using 2-chloro-6-methoxyphenylboronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{36}H_{36}Cl_{2}FN_{8}O_{4}: 612.15 (M+H)^+; found: 612.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 58: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(2-methoxy-6-methylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-methoxy-6-methylphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{32}H_{35}Cl_{2}FN_{6}O_{4}: 592.20 (M+H)^+; found: 592.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 59: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (2-chloro-6-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{26}Cl_{2}F_{3}N_{5}O_{4}:

\[ 612.15 \text{ (M+H)}^+; \text{found: 612.2 (M+H)}^+ \].

Example 60: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(5-chlorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-4-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 17, except by using (5-chlorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-4-yl)boronic acid instead of 2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{30}H_{26}Cl_{2}F_{3}N_{5}O_{5}:

\[ 625.13 \text{ (M+H)}^+; \text{found: 625.2 (M+H)}^+ \].

Example 61: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
Step A: 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine

The mixture of 2,3,6-trichloro-5-nitropyridine (3.0 g, 13.19 mmol), 2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-amine (2.47 g, 13.85 mmol) and N-ethyl-N-isopropylpropan-2-amine (3.45 mL, 19.79 mmol) in dioxane (20 mL) was stirred at 110 °C overnight. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-75% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (2.92 g, 7.91 mmol, 60.0% yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{14}H_{14}Cl_{2}N_{2}O_{2}: 369.05 (M+H)^{+}; found: 369.3 (M+H)^{+}.

Step B: 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)pyridine-2,3-diamine.

The mixture of 5,6-dichloro-N-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-3-nitropyridin-2-amine (2.5 g, 6.77 mmol), iron (2.269 g, 40.6 mmol) and ammonium chloride (2.173 g, 40.6 mmol) in ethanol (20 mL) and water (10.00 mL) was stirred at 80 °C for 1h. The reaction mixture was filtered through a cake of celite and the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of water. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with water and brine, then dried over Na_{2}SO_{4}, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. Direct purification on silica gel column (40 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (1.493 g, 4.40 mmol, 65% yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{16}H_{20}Cl_{2}N_{4}: 339.08 (M+H)^{+}; found: 339.2 (M+H)^{+}.
Step C: 6,7-dichloro-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

To the solution of oxalyl dichloride (885 µl, 10.32 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 ml) was added the solution of 5,6-dichloro-N2-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)pyridine-2,3-diamine (350 mg, 1.032 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (500 ml) via syringe dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. 20 mL of EtOAc and 20 mL of sat. aqueous NaHCO₃ solution were added. The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with EtOAc. The combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel column (40 g, 0-10% Methanol in EtOAc) to give the desired product, 6,7-dichloro-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (0.142 g, 0.361 mmol, 35 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C₁₉H₁₈Cl₂N₂O₂: 393.08 (M+H)⁺; found: 393.2 (M+H)⁺.

Step D: tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

The mixture of 6,7-dichloro-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (160 mg, 0.407 mmol), tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (218 mg, 0.814 mmol) and cesium carbonate (199 mg, 0.610 mmol) in DMF (10 ml) was stirred at 90 °C overnight. The mixture was resolved in 20 mL of EtOAc and then washed with water three times. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel column (40 g, 0-90% EtOAc in Hexane) afforded the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-
fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (0.177 g, 0.305 mmol, 75 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{29}H_{32}Cl_{2}F_{2}N_{5}O_{5}: 580.18 (M+H)^{+}; found: 580.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Step E: tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate

To the mixture of tert-butyl 3-((6,7-dichloro-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (50 mg, 0.086 mmol) and (2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid (29.7 mg, 0.172 mmol) in dioxane (2 mL) and water (0.200 mL) was added cesium carbonate (56.1 mg, 0.172 mmol). The resulting mixture was bubbled with N₂ for 2 min and then tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (9.95 mg, 8.61 μmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C under microwave irradiation for 40 min. The reaction was treated with 20 mL of water and 20 mL of EtOAc. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtoAc twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude oil, which was purified on silica gel column (12 g, 0-100% EtOAc in Hexane) to provide the desired product, tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate (0.032 g, 0.047 mmol, 55 % yield)). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{33}H_{38}Cl_{2}F_{2}N_{5}O_{5}: 672.21 (M+H)^{+}; found: 672.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Step F: 7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

HN
O
N
Cl
Cl

HN
O
N
Cl
Cl
The solution of tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidine-1-carboxylate in 2 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane and MeOH (2.0 ml). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then evaporated to driness under reduced pressure to give the crude powder, 7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (100 % yield), which was used directly for the next reaction. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{28}H_{30}Cl_{2}FN_{2}O_{5}: 572.15 (M+H)^+; found: 572.2 (M+H)^+.

Step G: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione

The reaction mixture of 7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (20 mg, 0.035 mmol), acryllic acid (2.52 mg, 0.035 mmol), triethylamine (3.54 mg, 0.035 mmol) and O-(7-azabenztiazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N''-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (13.28 mg, 0.035 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Direct purification on HPLC afforded the desired product, 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione (0.022 g, 0.035 mmol, 100 % yield). LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{35}H_{32}Cl_{2}FN_{2}O_{5}: 626.17 (M+H)^+; found: 626.2 (M+H)^+.

Example 62: 1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 61, except by using (2-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{38}H_{35}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{4}: 640.18 (M+H)^{+}; found: 640.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 63: tert-butyl 3-((7-chloro-6-(2-methyl-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidin-1-carboxylate

The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 61, except by using (2-methyl-6-methoxyphenyl)boronic acid instead of 2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenylboronic acid Step E. LC/MS m/z calculated for C_{35}H_{35}ClF_{3}N_{5}O_{4}: 620.24 (M+H)^{+}; found: 620.2 (M+H)^{+}.

Example 64: 7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluorooacyloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione
The above title compound was synthesized according to the procedures described in Example 61, except by using 2-fluoroacrylic acid instead of acrylic acid Step G. LC/MS m/z calculated for C$_{31}$H$_{29}$Cl$_2$F$_2$N$_3$O$_4$: 644.16 (M+H)$^+$; found: 644.2 (M+H)$^+$.  

Example A. GDP-GTP exchange assay.

The inhibitor potency of the exemplified compounds was determined in a fluorescence based guanine nucleotide exchange assay, which measures the exchange of bodipy-GDP (fluorescently labeled GDP) for GppNHp (Non-hydrolyzable GTP analog) to generate the active state of KRAS in the presence of SOS1 (guanine nucleotide exchange factor). Inhibitors were serially diluted in DMSO and a volume of 0.1 µL was transferred to the wells of a black low volume 384-well plate. 5 µL/well volume of bodipy-loaded KRAS G12C diluted to 5 nM in assay buffer (25 mM Hepes pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl$_2$ and 0.01% Brij-35) was added to the plate and pre-incubated with inhibitor for 2 hours at ambient temperature. Appropriate controls (enzyme with no inhibitor or with a G12C inhibitor (AMG-510)) were included on the plate. The exchange was initiated by the addition of a 5 µL/well volume containing 1 mM GppNHp and 300 nM SOS1 in assay buffer. The 10 µL/well reaction concentration of the bodipy-loaded KRAS G12C, GppNHp, and SOS1 were 5-25 nM, 500 µM, and 150 nM, respectively. The reaction plates were incubated at ambient temperature for 2 hours, a time estimated for complete GDP-GTP exchange in the absence of inhibitor. For the KRAS G12D and G12V mutants, similar guanine nucleotide exchange assays were used with 2.5 nM as final concentration for the bodipy loaded KRAS proteins and with 4 hours and 3 hours incubation after adding GppNHp-SOS1 mixture for G12D and G12V, respectively. A cyclic peptide described to selectively bind G12D mutant (Sakamoto et al., BBRC 484.3 (2017), 605-611) or internal compounds with confirmed binding were used as positive controls in the assay plates. Fluorescence intensities were measured on a PheraStar plate reader instrument (BMG Labtech) with excitation at 485 nm and emission at 520 nm.

Either GraphPad prism or XLfit was used to analyze the data. The IC$_{50}$ values were derived by fitting the data to a four parameter logistic equation producing a sigmoidal dose-
response curve with a variable Hill coefficient. Prism equation: Y = Bottom + (Top-Bottom)/(1+10^((LogIC_{50} - X) \times Hill slope)); XLfit equation: Y = (A+((B-A)/(1+((X/C)^D)))) where X is the logarithm of inhibitor concentration and Y is the response.

The KRAS_G12C exchange assay IC_{50} data and KRAS_G12C pERK assay IC_{50} data are provided in Table 1 below. The symbol “+” indicates IC_{50} ≤ 100 nM, “+++” indicates IC_{50} > 100 nM but ≤ 1 μM; and “++++” indicates IC_{50} is >1 μM but ≤ 5 μM, “+++++” indicates IC_{50} is >5 μM but ≤ 10 μM. “NA” indicates IC_{50} not available.

Table 1

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### Example B: Luminescent Viability Assay

MIA PaCa-2 (KRAS G12C; ATCC® CRL-1420), A427 (KRAS G12D; ATCC® HTB53) and NCI-H838 (KRAS WT; ATCC® CRL-5844) cells are cultured in RPMI 1640 media supplemented with 10% FBS (Gibco/Life Technologies). The cells are seeded (5x10^5 cells/well/in 50 uL) into black, clear bottomed 96-well Greiner tissue culture plates and cultured overnight at 37 °C, 5% CO_2. After overnight culture, 50 uL per well of serially diluted test compounds (2x final concentration) are added to the plates and incubated for 3 days. At the end of the assay, 100uL/well of CellTiter-Glo reagent (Promega) is added. Luminescence is read after 15 minutes with a TopCount (PerkinElmer). IC_{50} determination is performed by fitting the curve of percent inhibition versus the log of the inhibitor concentration using the GraphPad Prism 7 software.
Example C: Cellular pERK HTRF Assay

MIA PaCa-2 (KRAS G12C; ATCC® CRL-1420), A427 (KRAS G12D; ATCC® HTB53), HPAF-II (KRAS G12D; ATCC® CRL-1997) and NCI-H838 (KRAS WT; ATCC® CRL-5844) cells are purchased from ATCC and maintained in RPMI 1640 media supplemented with 10% FBS (Gibco/Life Technologies). The cells are plated at 5000 cells per well (8 uL) into Greiner 384-well low volume, flat-bottom, tissue culture treated white plates and incubated overnight at 37°C, 5% CO₂. The next morning, test compound stock solutions are diluted in media at 3x the final concentration, and 4 uL are added to the cells. The plate is mixed by gentle rotation for 30 seconds (250rpm) at room temperature. The cells are incubated with the KRAS G12C and G12D compounds for 4 hours or 2 hours respectively at 37 °C, 5% CO₂.

4 uL of 4x lysis buffer with blocking reagent (1:25) (Cisbio) are added to each well and plates are rotated gently (300 rpm) for 30 minutes at room temperature. 4 uL per well of Cisbio anti Phospho-ERK 1/2 d2 is mixed with anti Phospho-ERK 1/2 Cryptate (1:1) are added to each well, mixed by rotation and incubated overnight in the dark at room temperature. Plates are read on the Pherastar plate reader at 665 nm and 620 nm wavelengths. IC₅₀ determination is performed by fitting the curve of inhibitor percent inhibition versus the log of the inhibitor concentration using the GraphPad Prism 7 software.

Example D: Whole Blood pERK1/2 HTRF Assay

MIA PaCa-2 cells (KRAS G12C; ATCC® CRL-1420) and HPAF-II (KRAS G12D; ATCC® CRL-1997) are maintained in RPMI 1640 with 10% FBS (Gibco/Life Technologies). The cells are seeded into 96 well tissue culture plates (Corning #3596) at 25000 cells per well in 100 uL media and cultured for 2 days at 37 °C, 5% CO₂ so that they are approximately 80% confluent at the start of the assay. Whole Blood are added to the 1uL dots of compounds (prepared in DMSO) in 96 well plates and mixed gently by pipetting up and down so that the concentration of the compound in blood is 1x of desired concentration. The media is aspirated from the cells and 50 uL per well of whole blood with G12C or G12D compound is added and incubated for 4 or 2 hours respectively at 37 °C, 5% CO₂. After dumping the blood, the plates are gently washed twice by adding PBS to the side of the wells and dumping the PBS from the plate onto a paper towel, tapping the plate to drain well. 50uL/well of 1x lysis buffer #1 (Cisbio) with blocking reagent (1:25) (Cisbio) is then added and incubated at room temperature for 30 minutes with shaking (250 rpm). Following lysis, 16 uL of lysate is transferred into 384-well Greiner small volume white plate using an Assist Plus (Integra Biosciences, NH). 4uL of 1:1 mixture of anti Phospho-ERK 1/2 d2 and anti Phospho-ERK 1/2 Cryptate (Cisbio) is added to the wells using the Assist Plus and incubated at room temperature overnight in the dark. Plates are read on the Pherastar plate reader at 665 nm
and 620 nm wavelengths. IC$_{50}$ determination is performed by fitting the curve of inhibitor percent inhibition versus the log of the inhibitor concentration using the GraphPad Prism 7 software.

The G12C_WB_pERK assay IC$_{50}$ data are provided in Table 2 below. The symbol “†” indicates IC$_{50}$ ≤ 100 nM, “‡” indicates IC$_{50}$ > 100 nM but ≤ 1 μM; and “+++” indicates IC$_{50}$ is >1 μM but ≤ 5 μM. “++++” indicates IC$_{50}$ is >5 μM but ≤ 10 μM. "NA" indicates IC$_{50}$ not available.

Table 2.

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<td>63</td>
<td>†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
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</table>

Example E: Ras Activation Elisa

The 96-Well Ras Activation ELISA Kit (Cell Biolabs Inc; #STA441) uses the Raf1 RBD (Rho binding domain) bound to a 96-well plate to selectively pull down the active form of Ras from cell lysates. The captured GTP-Ras is then detected by a pan-Ras antibody and HRP-conjugated secondary antibody.

MIA PaCa-2 cells (KRAS G12C; ATCC® CRL-1420) and HPAF-II (KRAS G12D; ATCC® CRL-1997) are maintained in RPMI 1640 with 10% FBS (Gibco/Life Technologies). The cells are seeded into 96 well tissue culture plates (Corning #3596) at 25000 cells per well in 100 uL media and cultured for 2 days at 37 °C, 5% CO$_2$ so that they are approximately 80% confluent at the start of the assay. The cells are treated with compounds for either 2 hours or overnight at 37 °C, 5% CO$_2$. At the time of harvesting, the cells are washed with PBS, drained well and then lysed with 50 ul of the 1x Lysis buffer (provided by the kit) plus added Halt Protease and Phosphatase inhibitors (1:100) for 1 hour on ice. The Raf-1 RBD is diluted 1:500 in Assay Diluent (provided in kit) and 100 μL of the diluted Raf-1 RBD is added to each well of the Raf-1 RBD Capture Plate. The plate is covered with a plate sealing film and incubated at room temperature for 1 hour on an orbital shaker. The plate is washed 3 times with 250 μL 1X Wash Buffer per well with thorough aspiration between each wash. 50 μL of Ras lysate sample (10-100 μg) is added per well in duplicate. A “no cell lysate” control is added in a couple of wells for background
determination. 50 µL of Assay Diluent is added to all wells immediately to each well and the plate is incubated at room temperature for 1 hour on an orbital shaker. The plate is washed 5 times with 250 µL 1X Wash Buffer per well with thorough aspiration between each wash. 100 µL of the diluted Anti-pan-Ras Antibody is added to each well and the plate is incubated at room temperature for 1 hour on an orbital shaker. The plate is washed 5 times as previously. 100 µL of the diluted Secondary Antibody, HRP Conjugate is added to each well and the plate is incubated at room temperature for 1 hour on an orbital shaker. The plate is washed 5 times as previously and drained well. 100 µL of Chemiluminescent Reagent (provided in the kit) is added to each well, including the blank wells. The plate is incubated at room temperature for 5 minutes on an orbital shaker before the luminescence of each microwell is read on a plate luminometer. The % inhibition is calculated relative to the DMSO control wells after a background level of the "no lysate control" is subtracted from all the values. IC$_{50}$ determination is performed by fitting the curve of inhibitor percent inhibition versus the log of the inhibitor concentration using the GraphPad Prism 7 software.

Example F: Inhibition of RAS-RAF and PI3K-AKT Pathways

The cellular potency of compounds was determined by measuring phosphorylation of KRAS downstream effectors extracellular-signal-regulated kinase (ERK), ribosomal S6 kinase (RSK), AKT (also known as protein kinase B, PKB) and downstream substrate S6 ribosomal protein.

To measure phosphorylated extracellular-signal-regulated kinase (ERK), ribosomal S6 kinase (RSK), AKT and S6 ribosomal protein, cells (details regarding the cell lines and types of data produced are further detailed in Table 3 were seeded overnight in Corning 96-well tissue culture treated plates in RPMI medium with 10% FBS at 4x10$^4$ cells/well. The following day, cells were incubated in the presence or absence of a concentration range of test compounds for 4 hours at 37°C, 5% CO$_2$. Cells were washed with PBS and lysed with 1x lysis buffer (Cisbio) with protease and phosphatase inhibitors. 10 µg of total protein lysates was subjected to SDS-PAGE and immunoblot analysis using following antibodies: phospho-ERK1/2-Thr202/Tyr204 (#9101L), total-ERK1/2 (#9102L), phosphor-AKT-Ser473 (#4060L), phospho-p90RSK-Ser380 (#11989S) and phospho-S6 ribosomal protein-Ser235/Ser236 (#2211S) are from Cell Signaling Technologies (Danvers, MA).

| Table 3 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cell Line | Histology | KRAS alteration | Readout |
| H358 | Lung | G12C | pERK, pAKT |
| MIA PaCa-2 | Pancreas | G12C | pERK, pAKT |
| HPAF II | Pancreas | G12D | pERK, pAKT |
| SU.86.86 | Pancreas | G12D | pERK, pAKT |
Example G: In vivo efficacy studies

Mia-Paca-2 human pancreatic cancer cells are obtained from the American Type Culture Collection and maintained in RPMI media supplemented with 10% FBS. For efficacy studies experiments, $5 \times 10^6$ Mia-Paca-2 cells are inoculated subcutaneously into the right hind flank of 6- to 8-week-old BALB/c nude mice (Charles River Laboratories, Wilmington, MA, USA). When tumor volumes are approximately 150–250 mm$^3$, mice were randomized by tumor volume and compounds are orally administered. Tumor volume is calculated using the formula $(L \times W^2)/2$, where $L$ and $W$ refer to the length and width dimensions, respectively. Tumor growth inhibition is calculated using the formula $(1 - (V_T/V_C)) \times 100$, where $V_T$ is the tumor volume of the treatment group on the last day of treatment, and $V_C$ is the tumor volume of the control group on the last day of treatment. Two-way analysis of variance with Dunnett’s multiple comparisons test is used to determine statistical differences between treatment groups (GraphPad Prism). Mice are housed at 10–12 animals per cage, and are provided enrichment and exposed to 12-hour light/dark cycles. Mice whose tumor volumes exceeded limits (10% of body weight) are humanely euthanized by CO$_2$ inhalation. Animals are maintained in a barrier facility fully accredited by the Association for Assessment and Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care, International. All of the procedures are conducted in accordance with the US Public Service Policy on Human Care and Use of Laboratory Animals and with Incyte Animal Care and Use Committee Guidelines.

Various modifications of the invention, in addition to those described herein, will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description. Such modifications are also intended to fall within the scope of the appended claims. Each reference, including without limitation all patent, patent applications, and publications, cited in the present application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.
What is claimed is:

**CLAIMS**

1. A compound having Formula I:

   ![Chemical Structure Image](image)

   or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

   wherein:

   X is N or CR²;

   R¹ is selected from H, D, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, CN, OR³₁, SR³₁, C(O)R³₁, C(O)NR³₁R³₁, C(O)OR³₁, OC(O)R³₁, OC(O)NR³₁R³₁, NR³₁R³₁, NR³₁C(O)R³₁, NR³₁C(O)OR³₁, NR³₁C(O)NR³₁R³₁, NR³₁S(O)R³₁, NR³₁S(O)₂R³₁, NR³₁S(O)₂NR³₁R³₁, and BR³¹R³¹; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁶;

   R² is selected from H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₆ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR³₂, SR³₂, C(O)R³₂, C(O)NR³₂R³₂, C(O)OR³₂, OC(O)R³₂, OC(O)NR³₂R³₂, NR³₂R³₂, NR³₂C(O)R³₂, NR³₂C(O)OR³₂, NR³₂C(O)NR³₂R³₂, C(=NOR³₂)R³₂, C(=NR³₂)R³₂, C(=NR³₂)NR³₂R³₂, NR³₂C(=NR³₂)NR³₂R³₂, NR³₂C(=NR³₂)NR³₂R³₂, NR³₂S(O)R³₂, NR³₂S(O)₂R³₂, NR³₂S(O)₂NR³₂R³₂, S(O)R³₂, S(O)SR³₂, S(O)NR³₂R³₂, S(O)₂R³₂, S(O)₂SR³₂, and BR³¹R³¹; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₋₃ alkyne, C₆₋₁₆ aryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁶;

   Cy is selected from C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl...
heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{10};

when X is N, then

R^3 is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{30};

when X is CR^5, then

R^3 is selected from C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{30};

R^4 is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{30};

R^5 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO_2, OR^{d5}, SR^{d5}, C(O)R^{d5}, C(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, C(O)OR^{d5}, OC(O)R^{d5}, OC(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(O)R^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(O)OR^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, C(=NR^{d5})R^{d5}, C(=NO_{R^{d5}})R^{d5}, C(=NR^{d5})NR^{d5}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(=NR^{d5})R^{d5}, NR^{d5}S(O)R^{d5}, NR^{d5}S(O)_{2}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}S(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, S(O)R^{d5}, S(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, S(O)_{2}R^{d5}, S(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, and BR^{d5}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO_2, OR^{d5}, SR^{d5}, C(O)R^{d5}, C(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, C(O)OR^{d5}, OC(O)R^{d5}, OC(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(O)R^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(O)OR^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, C(=NR^{d5})R^{d5}, C(=NO_{R^{d5}})R^{d5}, C(=NR^{d5})NR^{d5}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}C(=NR^{d5})R^{d5}, NR^{d5}S(O)R^{d5}, NR^{d5}S(O)_{2}R^{d5}, NR^{d5}S(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, S(O)R^{d5}, S(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, S(O)_{2}R^{d5}, S(O)NR^{d5}R^{d5}, and BR^{d5};
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10}
cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{50};

each R^{10} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkyln, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, halo, D, CN, NO_{2}, OR^{310}, SR^{310}, C(O)OR^{310}, C(O)NR^{310}R^{310}, OC(O)R^{310}, OC(O)NR^{310}R^{310}, NR^{310}R^{310},
NR^{310}C(O)OR^{310}, NR^{310}C(O)NR^{310}R^{310}, C(=NR^{310})R^{310}, C(=NOR^{310})R^{310},
C(=NR^{310})NR^{310}R^{310}, NR^{310}C(=NR^{310})R^{310}, NR^{310}S(O)R^{310}, NR^{310}S(O)_{2}R^{310}, NR^{310}S(O)NR^{310}R^{310}, and BR^{310}R^{310};

wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkyln, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{11};

each R^{11} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkyln, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR^{311}, SR^{311},
C(O)OR^{311}, C(O)NR^{311}R^{311}, C(O)OR^{311}, OC(O)R^{311}, OC(O)NR^{311}R^{311}, NR^{311}R^{311}, NR^{311}C(O)R^{311},
NR^{311}C(O)OR^{311}, NR^{311}C(O)NR^{311}R^{311}, NR^{311}S(O)R^{311}, NR^{311}S(O)_{2}R^{311}, NR^{311}S(O)NR^{311}R^{311},
S(O)OR^{311}, S(O)NR^{311}R^{311}, S(O)_{2}NR^{311}R^{311}, and BR^{311}R^{311};

wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkyln, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{12};

each R^{12} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkyln, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{2-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, 147
halo, D, CN, OR^{312}, SR^{312}, C(O)OR^{312}, C(O)NR^{312}R^{312}, C(O)OR^{312}, OC(O)R^{312},
OC(O)NR^{312}R^{312}, NR^{312}R^{312}, NR^{312}C(O)R^{312}, NR^{312}C(O)OR^{312}, NR^{312}C(O)NR^{312}R^{312},
NR^{312}S(O)R^{312}, NR^{312}S(O)NR^{312}R^{312}, S(O)OR^{312}, S(O)NR^{312}R^{312}, S(O)_{2}NR^{312}R^{312}, and BR^{312}R^{312};

wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkyln, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{1};
each R²⁰ is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆ₐ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, C₆ₐ aryl-C₁₃ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkylene, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR²⁰, SR²⁰, C(O)R²⁰, C(O)NR²⁰R²⁰, C(O)OR²⁰, OC(O)R²⁰, OC(O)NR²⁰R²⁰, NR²⁰C(O)R²⁰, NR²⁰C(O)OR²⁰, NR²⁰C(O)NR²⁰R²⁰, NR²⁰S(O)R²⁰, NR²⁰S(O)₂R²⁰, NR²⁰S(O)₂NR²⁰R²⁰, S(O)R²⁰, S(O)NR²⁰R²⁰, S(O)₂R²⁰, S(O)₂NR²⁰R²⁰, and BR²⁰R²⁰; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆ₐ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, C₆ₐ aryl-C₁₃ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R²¹; each R²¹ is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆ₐ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, C₆ₐ aryl-C₁₃ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR²¹, SR²¹, C(O)R²¹, C(O)NR²¹R²¹, C(O)OR²¹, OC(O)R²¹, OC(O)NR²¹R²¹, NR²¹R²¹, NR²¹C(O)R²¹, NR²¹C(O)OR²¹, NR²¹C(O)NR²¹R²¹, NR²¹S(O)R²¹, NR²¹S(O)₂R²¹, NR²¹S(O)₂NR²¹R²¹, S(O)R²¹, S(O)NR²¹R²¹, S(O)₂R²¹, S(O)₂NR²¹R²¹, and BR²¹R²¹; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆ₐ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, C₆ₐ aryl-C₁₃ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R²²; each R²² is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR²², SR²², C(O)R²², C(O)NR²²R²², C(O)OR²², OC(O)R²², OC(O)NR²²R²², NR²²C(O)R²², NR²²C(O)OR²², NR²²C(O)NR²²R²², NR²²S(O)R²², NR²²S(O)₂R²², NR²²S(O)₂NR²²R²², S(O)R²², S(O)NR²²R²², S(O)₂R²², S(O)₂NR²²R²², S(O)₃NR²²R²², and BR²²R²²; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹; each R³⁰ is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆ₐ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃ₐ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkylene, C₆ₐ aryl-C₁₃ alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkylene, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR³⁰, SR³⁰, C(O)R³⁰, C(O)NR³⁰R³⁰, C(O)OR³⁰, OC(O)R³⁰, OC(O)NR³⁰R³⁰, NR³⁰R³⁰, NR³⁰
NR\(^{30}\)C(OR\(^{30}\), NR\(^{30}\)C(OR\(^{30}\), NR\(^{30}\)C(OR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\), NR\(^{30}\)S(OR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\), NR\(^{30}\)S(OR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\), S(OR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\), S(OR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\), S(OR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\), NR\(^{30}\)S(OR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\), and BR\(^{30}\)R\(^{30}\); wherein said C\(_6\) alkyl, C\(_6\) alkenyl, C\(_6\) alkynyl, C\(_6\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_6\) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\(_3\) cycloalkyl-C\(_3\) alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\(_3\) alkylene, C\(_6\) aryl-C\(_1\) alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\(_1\) alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\(^{31}\); each R\(^{31}\) is independently selected from C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, 5-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR\(^{31}\), SR\(^{31}\), C(OR\(^{31}\), C(O)NR\(^{31}\)R\(^{31}\), C(O)OR\(^{31}\), OC(O)R\(^{31}\), OC(O)NR\(^{31}\)R\(^{31}\), NR\(^{31}\)C(O)R\(^{31}\), NR\(^{31}\)C(OR\(^{31}\), NR\(^{31}\)C(O)OR\(^{31}\), NR\(^{31}\)S(OR\(^{31}\)R\(^{31}\), NR\(^{31}\)S(OR\(^{31}\)R\(^{31}\), NR\(^{31}\)S(OR\(^{31}\)R\(^{31}\), NR\(^{31}\)S(OR\(^{31}\)R\(^{31}\), and BR\(^{31}\)R\(^{31}\); wherein said C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\(^{32}\); each R\(^{32}\) is independently selected from C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-6}\) cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR\(^{32}\), SR\(^{32}\), C(OR\(^{32}\), C(O)NR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), C(O)OR\(^{32}\), C(O)NR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), C(O)OR\(^{32}\), OC(O)R\(^{32}\), OC(O)NR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)C(O)R\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)C(OR\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)C(O)OR\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)C(O)NR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)S(OR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)S(OR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)S(OR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), NR\(^{32}\)S(OR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\), and BR\(^{32}\)R\(^{32}\); wherein said C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{3-6}\) cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\(^{33}\); each R\(^{33}\) is independently selected from C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR\(^{40}\), SR\(^{40}\), C(O)R\(^{40}\), C(O)NR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\), C(O)OR\(^{40}\), OC(O)R\(^{40}\), OC(O)NR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)C(O)R\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)C(OR\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)C(O)OR\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)C(O)NR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)S(OR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)S(OR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)S(OR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\), NR\(^{40}\)S(OR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\), and BR\(^{40}\)R\(^{40}\); wherein said C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C\(_{1-3}\) alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\(^{41}\);
heteroaryl-C_{1,3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{51};

each R^{41} is independently selected from C_{1,6} alkyl, C_{2,6} alkenyl, C_{2,6} alkynyl, C_{1,6} haloalkyl, C_{3,6} cycloalkyl, C_{6,10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{41}, SR^{41}, C(O)R^{41}, C(O)NR^{41}R^{401}, C(O)OR^{41}, OR^{41}, OC(O)R^{41}, OC(O)NR^{41}R^{401}, NR^{41}C(O)R^{401}, NR^{41}C(O)OR^{41},
NR^{41}C(O)NR^{41}R^{401}, NR^{41}S(O)R^{41}, NR^{41}S(O)_{2}R^{41}, NR^{41}S(O)NR^{41}R^{401}, S(O)NR^{41}R^{401}, S(O)_{2}NR^{41}R^{401}, and BR^{41}R^{41}; wherein said C_{1,6} alkyl, C_{2,6} alkenyl, C_{2,6} alkynyl, C_{3,6} cycloalkyl, C_{6,10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42};

each R^{42} is independently selected from C_{1,6} alkyl, C_{2,6} alkenyl, C_{2,6} alkynyl, C_{1,6} haloalkyl, C_{3,6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{42}, SR^{42}, C(O)R^{42}, C(O)NR^{42}R^{402}, C(O)OR^{42}, OC(O)R^{42}, OR^{42}, OC(O)NR^{42}R^{402}, NR^{42}C(O)OR^{42}, NR^{42}C(O)NR^{42}R^{402}, NR^{42}S(O)R^{42}, NR^{42}S(O)_{2}R^{42}, NR^{42}S(O)NR^{42}R^{402}, S(O)R^{42}, S(O)NR^{42}R^{402}, S(O)_{2}R^{42}, BR^{42}R^{42}; wherein said C_{1,6} alkyl, C_{2,6} alkenyl, C_{2,6} alkynyl, C_{3,6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{43};

each R^{43} is independently selected from C_{1,6} alkyl, C_{2,6} alkenyl, C_{2,6} alkynyl, C_{1,6} haloalkyl, C_{3,10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6,10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3,10} cycloalkyl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, C_{6,10} aryl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, halo, D, CN, NO_{2}, OR^{450}, SR^{450}, C(O)R^{450}, C(O)NR^{50}R^{500}, C(O)OR^{50}, OC(O)R^{50}, OC(O)NR^{50}R^{500}, NR^{50}R^{500}, NR^{50}C(O)R^{50}, NR^{50}C(O)OR^{50}, NR^{50}C(O)NR^{50}R^{500}, NR^{50}S(O)R^{50}, NR^{50}S(O)_{2}R^{50}, NR^{50}S(O)NR^{50}R^{500}, S(O)R^{50}, S(O)NR^{50}R^{500}, S(O)_{2}R^{50}, S(O)NR^{50}R^{500}, and BR^{50}R^{50}; wherein said C_{1,6} alkyl, C_{2,6} alkenyl, C_{2,6} alkynyl, C_{3,10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6,10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3,10} cycloalkyl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, C_{6,10} aryl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1,3} alkyiene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{51};

each R^{51} is independently selected from C_{1,6} alkyl, C_{2,6} alkenyl, C_{2,6} alkynyl, C_{1,6} haloalkyl, C_{3,10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6,10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3,10} cycloalkyl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, C_{6,10} aryl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1,3} alkyiene, halo, D, CN, OR^{51}, SR^{51}, C(O)R^{51}, C(O)NR^{51}R^{510}, C(O)OR^{51}, OC(O)R^{51}, OC(O)NR^{51}R^{510}, NR^{51}R^{51}, NR^{51}C(O)R^{510}, NR^{51}C(O)OR^{51}, NR^{51}C(O)NR^{51}R^{510}, NR^{51}S(O)R^{510}, NR^{51}S(O)_{2}R^{510},
NR^{55}S(O)_{2}NR^{51}R^{55}, S(O)NR^{55}R^{55}, S(O)NR^{51}R^{55}, S(O)_{2}NR^{51}R^{55}, S(O)_{3}NR^{51}R^{55}, and BR^{51}R^{55};

wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{52};

each R^{52} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{52}, SR^{52}, C(O)R^{52}, C(O)NR^{52}R^{52}, C(O)OR^{52}, OC(O)R^{52},
OC(O)NR^{52}R^{52}, NR^{52}R^{52}, NR^{52}C(O)R^{52}, NR^{52}C(O)OR^{52}, NR^{52}C(O)NR^{52}R^{52},
NR^{52}S(O)R^{52}, NR^{52}S(O)_{2}R^{52}, NR^{52}S(O)_{3}NR^{52}R^{52}, S(O)R^{52}, S(O)NR^{52}R^{52}, S(O)_{2}R^{52},
S(O)_{3}R^{52}, and BR^{52}R^{52};

wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{5};

each R^{51}, R^{51}, R^{51}, and R^{51} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{5};

or any R^{51} and R^{51} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{5};

each R^{51} and R^{51} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{51} and R^{51} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{52}, R^{52}, R^{52} and R^{52} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{5};

or any R^{52} and R^{52} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{5};

each R^{51} is independently selected from H, CN, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{1-6} alkythio, C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyle.
carbamyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbamyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyl and di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminosulfonyl;

each R^{12} and R^{32} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{12} and R^{32} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{55}, R^{56}, R^{57} and R^{58} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{50};

or any R^{55} and R^{56} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{50};

each R^{55} is independently selected from H, CN, C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{1-6} alkythio, C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-6} alkyaminosulfonyl, carbamyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbamyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyl and di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminosulfonyl;

each R^{55} and R^{56} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{55} and R^{56} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{510}, R^{510}, R^{610} and R^{610} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{11};

or any R^{510} and R^{610} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{11};

each R^{610} is independently selected from H, CN, C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{1-6} alkythio, C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyl, carbamyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbamyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminosulfonyl and di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminosulfonyl;

each R^{610} and R^{610} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{610} and R^{610} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;
each Rᵣ¹₁, Rᵣ²₁₁, Rᵣ³₁₁ and Rᵣ⁴₁₁, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from Rᵣ¹₂;
or any Rᵣ¹₁ and Rᵣ²₁₁ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from Rᵣ¹₂;
each Rᵣ¹₁₁ and Rᵣ¹₁ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any Rᵣ¹₁ and Rᵣ¹₁ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;
each Rᵣ¹₂, Rᵣ²₁₂, Rᵣ³₁₂ and Rᵣ⁴₁₂, is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl and C₂₋₆ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from Rᵣ³;
each Rᵣ¹₁² and Rᵣ¹₁₂ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any Rᵣ¹₁² and Rᵣ¹₁₂ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;
each Rᵣ²₁₀, Rᵣ³₁₀, Rᵣ⁴₁₀ and Rᵣ⁵₁₀ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from Rᵣ²₁;
or any Rᵣ²₁₀ and Rᵣ³₁₀ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from Rᵣ²₁;
each Rᵣ²₁₀ and Rᵣ²₁₀ is independently selected from OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and C₁₋₆ haloalkoxy; or any Rᵣ²₁₀ and Rᵣ²₁₀ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl.
each R^{21}, R^{22}, R^{21}, and R^{22}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{22};

or any R^{21} and R^{21} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{22};

each R^{21} and R^{21} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{21} and R^{21} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{22}, R^{22}, R^{22}, and R^{22}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkylnyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{6};

each R^{22} and R^{22} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{22} and R^{22} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{30}, R^{30}, R^{30} and R^{30} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{31};

or any R^{30} and R^{30} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{31};

each R^{30} and R^{30} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{30} and R^{30} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{31}, R^{31}, R^{31} and R^{31}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl,
phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{32};

or any R^{31} and R^{31} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{32};

each R^{31} and R^{31} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{31} and R^{31} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alky and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R_{32}, R_{32}, R_{32} and R_{32}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{31};

or any R_{32} and R_{32} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{31};

each R_{32} and R_{32} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R_{32} and R_{32} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alky and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R_{40}, R_{40}, R_{40} and R_{40}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

or any R_{40} and R_{40} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

each R_{40} and R_{40} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R_{40} and R_{40} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alky and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R_{41}, R_{41}, R_{41} and R_{41}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl
are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from
R^{52};

or any R^{441} and R^{441} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which
they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42};

each R^{441} and R^{441} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6}
haloalkoxy; or any R^{441} and R^{441} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to
which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6}
haloalkyl;

each R^{442}, R^{442}, R^{442} and R^{442}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6}
alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkylnyl
are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{3};

or any R^{442} and R^{442} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which
they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{3};

each R^{442} and R^{442} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6}
haloalkoxy; or any R^{442} and R^{442} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to
which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6}
haloalkyl;

each R^{450}, R^{450}, R^{450} and R^{450}; is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6}
alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{8-10}
aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-10}
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{8-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are
each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{51};

or any R^{450} and R^{450} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which
they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{51};

each R^{450} and R^{450} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6}
haloalkoxy; or any R^{450} and R^{450} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to
which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally
substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6}
haloalkyl;

each R^{451}, R^{451}, R^{451} and R^{451}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6}
alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7
membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl,
phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R°;

or any R° attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R°;

each R° attached to the same O atom, together with the O atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

or any R° attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

or any R° attached to the same C atom, together with the C atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

or any R° attached to the same C₂₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl and C₂₋₆ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R°;

or any R° attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R°;

or any R° attached to the same O atom, together with the O atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; and

or any R° attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

or any R° attached to the same O atom, together with the O atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

or any R° attached to the same C atom, together with the C atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; and

or any R° attached to the same C₂₋₆ alkyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl and C₂₋₆ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R°.

2. The compound of claim 1, wherein

X is N;

R¹ is selected from H, D, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, CN,
OR<sup>31</sup>, SR<sup>31</sup>, C(O)R<sup>31</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, C(O)OR<sup>31</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>31</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, NR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>,
NR<sup>31</sup>C(O)R<sup>31</sup>, NR<sup>31</sup>C(O)OR<sup>31</sup>, NR<sup>31</sup>C(O)NR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, NR<sup>31</sup>S(O)R<sup>31</sup>, NR<sup>31</sup>S(O)\(\text{O=C}(\text{O})R<sup>31</sup>
NR<sup>31</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, S(O)R<sup>31</sup>, S(O)NR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>31</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, and BR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-10</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>5-10</sub> aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R<sup>31</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub>
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-3</sub>
alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>32</sup>, SR<sup>32</sup>, C(O)R<sup>32</sup>,
C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, C(O)OR<sup>32</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>32</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)OR<sup>32</sup>,
NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>32</sup>, C(=NOR<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>32</sup>, C(=N=NOR<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(=N=NOR<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>32</sup>,
NR<sup>2</sup>C(=N=NR<sup>32</sup>)R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>32</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>32</sup>S(O)R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>32</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>32</sup>, NR<sup>32</sup>S(O)NR<sup>32</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, S(O)R<sup>32</sup>, S(O)NR<sup>32</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>32</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>32</sup>R<sup>32</sup>, and BR<sup>31</sup>R<sup>31</sup>; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne
and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4
substituents independently selected from R<sup>31</sup>;

Cy is selected from C<sub>3-10</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl and 5-10
membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming
heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally
oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by o xo to form a carbonyl group; and
wherein the C<sub>3-10</sub> cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl and 5-10
membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently
selected from R<sup>31</sup>;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub>
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, and 5-10
membered heteroaryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne; wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne
and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4
substituents independently selected from R<sup>31</sup>;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C<sub>3-10</sub>
cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne
and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4
substituents independently selected from R<sup>31</sup>.
alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₃₋₅ alkyne, 6-10 aryl-C₃₋₅ alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰; each R¹⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₆₋₁₀ haloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR¹⁰, SR¹⁰, C(O)R¹⁰, C(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, C(O)OR¹⁰, OC(O)R¹⁰, OC(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰R¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(O)R¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(O)OR¹⁰, NR¹⁰C(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, C(=NR¹⁰)R¹⁰, C(=NR¹⁰)R¹⁰, C(=NR¹⁰)C(=NR¹⁰)R¹⁰, C(=NR¹⁰)C(=NR¹⁰)R¹⁰, NR¹⁰S(O)R¹⁰, NR¹⁰S(O)OR¹⁰, NR¹⁰S(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, S(O)NR¹⁰R¹⁰, S(O)OR¹⁰, S(O)OR¹⁰, S(O)OR¹⁰, and BR¹⁰R¹⁰, wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹¹; each R¹¹ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₆₋₁₀ haloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, halo, D, CN, OR¹¹, SR¹¹, C(O)R¹¹, C(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, C(O)OR¹¹, OC(O)R¹¹, OC(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, NR¹¹R¹¹, NR¹¹C(O)R¹¹, NR¹¹C(O)OR¹¹, NR¹¹C(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, C(=NR¹¹)R¹¹, C(=NR¹¹)R¹¹, C(=NR¹¹)C(=NR¹¹)R¹¹, C(=NR¹¹)C(=NR¹¹)R¹¹, NR¹¹S(O)R¹¹, NR¹¹S(O)OR¹¹, NR¹¹S(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, S(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, S(O)OR¹¹, S(O)OR¹¹, S(O)OR¹¹, S(O)OR¹¹, and BR¹¹R¹¹; each R¹² is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₆₋₁₀ haloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR¹², SR¹², C(O)R¹², C(O)NR¹²R¹², C(O)OR¹², OC(O)R¹², OC(O)NR¹²R¹², NR¹²R¹², NR¹²C(O)R¹², NR¹²C(O)OR¹², NR¹²C(O)NR¹²R¹², C(=NR¹²)R¹², C(=NR¹²)R¹², C(=NR¹²)C(=NR¹²)R¹², C(=NR¹²)C(=NR¹²)R¹², NR¹²S(O)R¹², NR¹²S(O)OR¹², NR¹²S(O)NR¹²R¹², S(O)NR¹²R¹², S(O)OR¹², S(O)OR¹², S(O)OR¹², S(O)OR¹², and BR¹²R¹²; each R¹³ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₆₋₁₀ haloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₆₋₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₅₋₁₅ alkyne, halo, D, CN, NO₂, OR¹³, SR¹³, C(O)R¹³, C(O)NR¹³R¹³, C(O)OR¹³, OC(O)R¹³, OC(O)NR¹³R¹³, NR¹³R¹³, NR¹³C(O)R¹³, NR¹³C(O)OR¹³, NR¹³C(O)NR¹³R¹³, C(=NR¹³)R¹³, C(=NR¹³)R¹³, C(=NR¹³)C(=NR¹³)R¹³, C(=NR¹³)C(=NR¹³)R¹³, NR¹³S(O)R¹³, NR¹³S(O)OR¹³, NR¹³S(O)NR¹³R¹³, S(O)NR¹³R¹³, S(O)OR¹³, S(O)OR¹³, S(O)OR¹³, S(O)OR¹³, and BR¹³R¹³;
C(O)R^{30}, C(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, C(O)OR^{30}, OC(O)R^{30}, OC(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, NR^{30}R^{30},
NR^{30}C(O)R^{30}, NR^{30}C(O)OR^{30}, NR^{30}C(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, NR^{30}S(O)R^{30}, NR^{30}S(O)_{2}R^{30},
NR^{30}S(O)_{2}NR^{30}R^{30}, S(O)R^{30}, S(O)NR^{30}R^{30}, S(O)_{2}R^{30}, S(O)_{2}NR^{30}R^{30}, and BR^{30}R^{30};
wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered
heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents
independently selected from R^{31};
each R^{31} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10}
aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR^{31}, SR^{31},
C(O)R^{31}, C(O)NR^{31}R^{31}, C(O)OR^{31}, OC(O)R^{31}, OC(O)NR^{31}R^{31}, NR^{31}R^{31},
NR^{31}C(O)R^{31}, NR^{31}C(O)OR^{31}, NR^{31}C(O)NR^{31}R^{31}, NR^{31}S(O)R^{31}, NR^{31}S(O)_{2}R^{31},
NR^{31}S(O)_{2}NR^{31}R^{31}, S(O)R^{31}, S(O)NR^{31}R^{31}, S(O)_{2}R^{31}, S(O)_{2}NR^{31}R^{31}, and BR^{31}R^{31};
each R^{32} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered
heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10}
aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene, halo, D, CN, OR^{40}, SR^{40},
C(O)R^{40}, C(O)NR^{40}R^{40}, C(O)OR^{40}, OC(O)R^{40}, OC(O)NR^{40}R^{40}, NR^{40}R^{40},
NR^{40}C(O)R^{40}, NR^{40}C(O)OR^{40}, NR^{40}C(O)NR^{40}R^{40}, NR^{40}S(O)R^{40}, NR^{40}S(O)_{2}R^{40},
NR^{40}S(O)_{2}NR^{40}R^{40}, S(O)R^{40}, S(O)NR^{40}R^{40}, S(O)_{2}R^{40}, S(O)_{2}NR^{40}R^{40}, and BR^{40}R^{40};
wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered
heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, 4-10
membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkylene, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkylene and 5-10 membered
heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents
independently selected from R^{41};
each R^{41} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6}
haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered
heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{41}, SR^{41}, C(O)R^{41}, C(O)NR^{41}R^{41}, C(O)OR^{41},
OC(O)R^{41}, OC(O)NR^{41}R^{41}, NR^{41}R^{41}, NR^{41}C(O)R^{41}, NR^{41}C(O)OR^{41},
NR^{41}C(O)NR^{41}R^{41}, NR^{41}S(O)R^{41}, NR^{41}S(O)_{2}R^{41}, NR^{41}S(O)_{2}NR^{41}R^{41}, S(O)R^{41},
S(O)NR^{41}R^{41}, S(O)_{2}R^{41}, S(O)_{2}NR^{41}R^{41}, and BR^{41}R^{41}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6}
alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered
heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently
selected from R^{42};
each R^i is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{312}, SR^{312}, C(O)R^{312}, C(O)NR^{312}R^{612}, C(O)OR^{312}, OC(O)R^{312}, OC(O)NR^{312}R^{612}, OC(O)OR^{312}, OC(O)NR^{312}R^{612}, NR^{312}C(O)R^{312}, NR^{312}C(O)OR^{312}, NR^{312}C(O)NR^{312}R^{612}, NR^{312}S(O)R^{312}, NR^{312}S(O)OR^{312}, NR^{312}S(O)NR^{312}R^{612}, S(O)R^{312}, S(O)OR^{312}, S(O)NR^{312}R^{612}, S(O)S(O)R^{312}, S(O)S(O)OR^{312}, and BR^{312}R^{612}; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^i;

each R^{31}, R^{31}, and R^{31} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^i;

or any R^{31} and R^{31} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^i;

each R^{31} and R^{31} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{31} and R^{31} attached to the same B atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

each R^{312}, R^{312}, R^{312} and R^{312} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{312};

or any R^{312} and R^{312} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{312};

each R^{312} is independently selected from H, CN, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkylnyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{1-6} alklythio, C_{1-6} alkysulfonyl, C_{1-6} alklycarbonyl, C_{1-6} alkyaminosulfonyl, carbamyl, C_{1-6} alklycarbamyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-6} alklyaminosulfonyl and di(C_{1-6} alkyl)aminosulfonyl;

each R^{312} and R^{312} is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^{312} and R^{312} attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;
each R^a10, R^a10, R^c10 and R^d10 is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^11; 

or any R^c10 and R^d10 attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^11; 

each R^b10 is independently selected from H, CN, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{1-6} alklythio, C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl, C_{1-6} alklycarbonyl, C_{1-6} alklyaminosulfonyl, carbamyl, C_{1-6} alkylicbamyl, di(C_{1-6} alkly) carbamyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-6} alklyaminosulfonyl and di(C_{1-6} alkly)aminosulfonyl; 

each R^e10 and R^f10 is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^e10 and R^f10 attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; 

each R^g11, R^h11, R^i11 and R^d11, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; 

or any R^c11 and R^d11 attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group; 

each R^h11 and R^i11 is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^h11 and R^i11 attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; 

each R^a20, R^b20, R^c20 and R^d20 is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; 

or any R^c20 and R^d20 attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group; 

each R^b20 and R^d20 is independently selected from OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} haloalkoxy; or any R^b20 and R^d20 attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;
each $R^{30}$, $R^{30}$, $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ is independently selected from $H$, $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, $C_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, $C_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein said $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, $C_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, $C_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{31}$;

or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{31}$;

each $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ is independently selected from OH, $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and $C_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{31}$, $R^{31}$, $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$, is independently selected from $H$, $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl;

or any $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ is independently selected from OH, $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and $C_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{31}$ and $R^{31}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

each $R^{30}$, $R^{30}$, $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ is independently selected from $H$, $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said $C_{1-6}$ alkyl $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{31}$;

or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{31}$;

each $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ is independently selected from OH, $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy, and $C_{1-6}$ haloalkoxy; or any $R^{30}$ and $R^{30}$ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;
each R³⁴¹, R³⁴¹, R³⁴¹ and R³⁴¹, is independently selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl and C₁₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl and C₂₆ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁶²;

or any R³⁴¹ and R³⁴¹ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁶²;

each R³⁴¹ and R³⁴¹ is independently selected from OH, C₁₆ alkoxy, and C₁₆ haloalkoxy; or any R³⁴¹ and R³⁴¹ attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl and C₁₆ haloalkyl;

each R³⁴², R³⁴², R³⁴² and R³⁴², is independently selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl and C₁₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl and C₂₆ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁶;

or any R³⁴² and R³⁴² attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁶;

each R³⁴² and R³⁴² is independently selected from OH, C₁₆ alkoxy, and C₁₆ haloalkoxy; or any R³⁴² and R³⁴² attached to the same B atom, together with the B atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl and C₁₆ haloalkyl; and

each R⁶ is independently selected from D, OH, NO₂, CN, halo, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₆ cycloalkyl, C₃₆ cycloalkyl-C₂ alkylene, C₁₆ alkoxy, C₁₆ haloalkoxy, C₁₃ alkoxy-C₂₆ alkyl, C₁₆ alkoxy-C₂₆ alkyl, HO-C₂₆ alkoxy, HO-C₂₆ alkyl, cyano-C₂₆ alkyl, H₂N-C₂₆ alkyl, amino, C₁₆ alkylamino, di(C₁₆ alkyl)amino, thio, C₁₆ alkylthio, C₁₆ alkylsulfonyl, C₁₆ alkylsulfonyl, carbamyl, C₁₆ alkylcarbamyl, di(C₁₆ alkyl)carbamyl, carboxy, C₁₆ alkylcarboxy, C₁₆ alkoxycarbonyl, C₁₆ alkylcarbonylaminocarbonyle, C₁₆ alkoxycarbonylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonyloxy, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkoxyaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkoxyaminocarbonyloxy, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonyloxy, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonyloxy, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonyloxy, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox, C₁₆ alkylaminocarbonylox.

3. The compound of claim 1 or 2, wherein

X is N;
R¹ is selected from H, D, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, OR¹, C(O)R⁰¹, C(O)NR²¹R³¹, C(O)OR⁰¹, NR²¹R³¹, and S(O)₂R⁰¹;

R² is selected from H, C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR², C(O)R², C(O)NR²R³, C(O)OR², NR²R³, and S(O)₂R²;

Cy is selected from C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹;

R³ is selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, C₆₁₀ aryl-C₁₃ alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkyne; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, C₆₁₀ aryl-C₁₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³;

R⁴ is selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, C₆₁₀ aryl-C₁₃ alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkyne; wherein said C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁₃ alkyne, C₆₁₀ aryl-C₁₃ alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₃ alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³;

each R¹ is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl; halo, D, CN, OR¹₀, C(O)R¹₀, C(O)NR²¹R³¹, C(O)OR¹₀, OC(O)R¹₀, OC(O)NR²¹R³¹, NR²¹R³¹, NR²¹C(O)R¹₀, S(O)₂R¹₀, and S(O)₂NR²¹R³¹;

each R² is independently selected from C₁₆ alkyl, C₂₆ alkenyl, C₂₆ alkynyl, C₁₆ haloalkyl, C₃₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl;
heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR\(^\text{R}^{30}\), C(O)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), C(O)NR\(^\text{R}^{30}\)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), C(O)OR\(^\text{R}^{30}\), OC(O)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), NC(O)NR\(^\text{R}^{30}\)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), NR\(^\text{R}^{30}\)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), NR\(^\text{R}^{30}\)C(O)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), S(O)\(_2\)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), and S(O)\(_2\)NR\(^\text{R}^{30}\)R\(^\text{R}^{30}\);

each R\(^\text{R}^{41}\) is independently selected from C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{1-10}\) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR\(^\text{R}^{40}\), C(O)R\(^\text{R}^{40}\), C(O)NR\(^\text{R}^{40}\)R\(^\text{R}^{40}\), C(O)OR\(^\text{R}^{40}\), NR\(^\text{R}^{40}\)R\(^\text{R}^{40}\), NR\(^\text{R}^{40}\)C(O)R\(^\text{R}^{40}\), S(O)\(_2\)R\(^\text{R}^{40}\), and S(O)\(_2\)NR\(^\text{R}^{40}\)R\(^\text{R}^{40}\); wherein said C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\(^\text{R}^{41}\);

each R\(^\text{R}^{41}\) is independently selected from C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-6}\) cycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR\(^\text{R}^{41}\), SR\(^\text{R}^{41}\), C(O)R\(^\text{R}^{41}\), C(O)NR\(^\text{R}^{41}\)R\(^\text{R}^{41}\), C(O)OR\(^\text{R}^{41}\), NR\(^\text{R}^{41}\)R\(^\text{R}^{41}\), NR\(^\text{R}^{41}\)C(O)R\(^\text{R}^{41}\), S(O)\(_2\)R\(^\text{R}^{41}\), and S(O)\(_2\)NR\(^\text{R}^{41}\)R\(^\text{R}^{41}\); wherein said C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{3-6}\) cycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R\(^\text{R}^{42}\);

each R\(^\text{R}^{42}\) is independently selected from C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR\(^\text{R}^{42}\), C(O)R\(^\text{R}^{42}\), C(O)NR\(^\text{R}^{42}\)R\(^\text{R}^{42}\), C(O)OR\(^\text{R}^{42}\), and NR\(^\text{R}^{42}\)R\(^\text{R}^{42}\);

each R\(^\text{R}^{41}\), R\(^\text{R}^{42}\), R\(^\text{R}^{3}\), and R\(^\text{R}^{1}\) is independently selected from H, C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, and C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl;

each R\(^\text{R}^{3}\), R\(^\text{R}^{2}\) and R\(^\text{R}^{2}\) is independently selected from H, C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R\(^\text{R}^{3}\) and R\(^\text{R}^{2}\) attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R\(^\text{R}^{10}\), R\(^\text{R}^{10}\), R\(^\text{R}^{10}\) and R\(^\text{R}^{10}\) is independently selected from H, C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R\(^\text{R}^{10}\) and R\(^\text{R}^{10}\) attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), R\(^\text{R}^{30}\), R\(^\text{R}^{30}\) and R\(^\text{R}^{30}\) is independently selected from H, C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-10}\) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R\(^\text{R}^{30}\) and R\(^\text{R}^{30}\) attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R\(^\text{R}^{40}\), R\(^\text{R}^{40}\), R\(^\text{R}^{40}\) and R\(^\text{R}^{40}\) is independently selected from H, C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkenyl, C\(_{2-6}\) alkynyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, C\(_{3-6}\) cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7
membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{2-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

or any R^{40} and R^{50} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41};

each R^{41}, R^{44}, R^{47} and R^{431} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42};

or any R^{41} and R^{44} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42}; and
each R^{462}, R^{464}, R^{462} and R^{465}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl.

4. The compound of any one of claims 1-3, wherein

X is N;

R^{1} is selected from H, D, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, halo, CN, OR^{31}, C(O)R^{31}, C(O)NR^{31}R^{31}, C(O)OR^{31}, NR^{31}R^{31}, and S(O)_{2}R^{31};

R^{2} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR^{26}, C(O)R^{26}, C(O)NR^{26}R^{26}, C(O)OR^{26}, NR^{26}R^{26}, and S(O)_{2}R^{26};

Cy is selected from C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{10};

R^{3} is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl,
cycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, C$_{6-10}$ aryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{30}$;

R$^4$ is selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, C$_{6-10}$ aryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene, C$_{6-10}$ aryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C$_{1-3}$ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{10}$;

each R$^{10}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{40}$, C(O)R$^{40}$, C(O)NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, C(O)OR$^{40}$, OC(O)R$^{410}$, OC(O)NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, NR$^{41}$C(O)R$^{410}$, S(O)$_{2}$R$^{410}$, and S(O)$_{3}$NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{11}$;

each R$^{11}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{41}$, and NR$^{41}$R$^{411}$;

each R$^{30}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{40}$, C(O)R$^{40}$, C(O)NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, C(O)OR$^{40}$, OC(O)R$^{410}$, OC(O)NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, NR$^{41}$C(O)R$^{410}$, S(O)$_{2}$R$^{410}$, and S(O)$_{3}$NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$;

each R$^{40}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{40}$, C(O)R$^{40}$, C(O)NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, C(O)OR$^{40}$, NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$, NR$^{40}$C(O)R$^{410}$, S(O)$_{2}$R$^{410}$, and S(O)$_{3}$NR$^{40}$R$^{410}$; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R$^{41}$;

each R$^{41}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{41}$, SR$^{41}$, C(O)R$^{41}$, C(O)NR$^{41}$R$^{411}$, C(O)OR$^{41}$, NR$^{41}$R$^{411}$, NR$^{41}$C(O)R$^{411}$, S(O)$_{2}$R$^{411}$, and S(O)$_{3}$NR$^{41}$R$^{411}$; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, C$_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl.
heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from \( R^{42} \);

- each \( R^{42} \) is independently selected from \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR\(^{42} \), C(O)R\(^{42} \), C(O)NR\(^{42} \)R\(^{42} \), C(O)OR\(^{42} \), and NR\(^{42} \)R\(^{42} \);
- each \( R^{41} \), \( R^{51} \), \( R^{51} \), and \( R^{d1} \) is independently selected from H, \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl, and \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl;

- each \( R^{42} \), \( R^{52} \), \( R^{52} \) and \( R^{d2} \) is independently selected from H, \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl, \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl, \( C_{3-10} \) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, \( C_{6-10} \) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

- or any \( R^{d2} \) and \( R^{d2} \) attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

- each \( R^{d10} \), \( R^{d10} \), \( R^{d10} \) and \( R^{d10} \) is independently selected from H, \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl, \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl, \( C_{3-10} \) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, \( C_{6-10} \) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

- or any \( R^{d10} \) and \( R^{d10} \) attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

- each \( R^{d11} \), \( R^{d11} \) and \( R^{d11} \), is independently selected from H, \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, and \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl;

- each \( R^{d30} \), \( R^{d30} \), \( R^{d30} \) and \( R^{d30} \) is independently selected from H, \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl, \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl, \( C_{3-10} \) cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, \( C_{6-10} \) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

- or any \( R^{d30} \) and \( R^{d30} \) attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

- each \( R^{d40} \), \( R^{d40} \), \( R^{d40} \) and \( R^{d40} \) is independently selected from H, \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl, \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl, \( C_{2-6} \) cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from \( R^{d1} \);

- or any \( R^{d40} \) and \( R^{d40} \) attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from \( R^{d1} \);

- each \( R^{d41} \), \( R^{d41} \), \( R^{d41} \) and \( R^{d41} \) is independently selected from H, \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl and \( C_{1-6} \) haloalkyl; wherein said \( C_{1-6} \) alkyl, \( C_{2-6} \) alkenyl and \( C_{2-6} \) alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from \( R^{d2} \).
or any $R^{341}$ and $R^{341}$ attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from $R^{242}$; and

each $R^{442}$, $R^{442}$, $R^{442}$ and $R^{442}$, is independently selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl and C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl.

5. The compound of any one of claims 1-3, wherein

X is N;

$R^1$ is selected from H, D, and C$_{1-6}$ alkyl;

$R^2$ is selected from H, C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;

Cy is selected from 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C$_{6-10}$ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{10}$;

$R^3$ is selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{30}$;

$R^4$ is selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{40}$;

each $R^{10}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, phenyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{310}$, and NR$^{310}$R$^{310}$; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, and phenyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{11}$;

each $R^{11}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{311}$, and NR$^{311}$R$^{311}$;

each $R^{30}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{330}$, and NR$^{330}$R$^{330}$;

each $R^{40}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl,C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{440}$, C(O)R$^{440}$, and NR$^{440}$R$^{440}$; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from $R^{11}$;

each $R^{11}$ is independently selected from C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkynyl,C$_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR$^{441}$, C(O)R$^{441}$, and NR$^{441}$R$^{441}$; wherein said C$_{1-6}$ alkyl, C$_{2-6}$ alkenyl,
and C₈₋₆ alkynyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R'⁴₂;

each R'⁴₂ is independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;

each R'⁴₁₀, R'⁴₁₀ and R'⁴₁₀ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each R'⁴₁₁, R'⁴₁₁ and R'⁴₁₁ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each R'⁴₃₀, R'⁴₃₀ and R'⁴₃₀ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl;

each R'⁴₄₀, R'⁴₄₀, R'⁴₄₀ and R'⁴₄₀ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl C₂₋₆ alkenyl, and C₂₋₆ alkynyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R'⁴₁;

and each R'⁴₄₁, R'⁴₄₁, R'⁴₄₁ and R'⁴₄₁ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl and C₁₋₆ haloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl and C₂₋₆ alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R'⁴₂.

6. The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula II:

![Formula II](image)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

m is 0, 1, or 2; and

n is 1, 2, or 3.

7. The compound of claim 6, wherein

X is N;

R² is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR₉², C(O)R₉², C(O)NR₉²R₉², C(O)OR₉², NR₉²R₉², and S(O)₉²R₉²;
Cy is selected from C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, 3, or 4 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein the N and S are optionally oxidized; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰;

R³ is selected from C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₁-₆ haloalkyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁-₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁-₃ alkylene, C₆-₁₀ aryl-C₁-₃ alkylene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁-₃ alkylene; wherein said C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl-C₁-₃ alkylene, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C₁-₃ alkylene, C₆-₁₀ aryl-C₁-₃ alkylene and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C₁-₃ alkylene are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R³⁰;

each R¹⁰ is independently selected from C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₁-₆ haloalkyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR²¹⁰, C(O)R²¹⁰, C(O)NR²¹⁰R²¹⁰, C(O)OR²¹⁰, OC(O)R²¹⁰, OC(O)NR²¹⁰R²¹⁰, NR²¹⁰R²¹⁰, NR²¹⁰C(O)R²¹⁰, S(O)₂R²¹⁰, and S(O)₂NR²¹⁰R²¹⁰;

each R³⁰ is independently selected from C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₁-₆ haloalkyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR³⁰⁰, C(O)R³⁰⁰, C(O)NR³⁰⁰R³⁰⁰, C(O)OR³⁰⁰, OC(O)R³⁰⁰, OC(O)NR³⁰⁰R³⁰⁰, NR³⁰⁰C(O)R³⁰⁰, NR³⁰⁰S(O)₂R³⁰⁰, and S(O)₂NR³⁰⁰R³⁰⁰;

each R⁴¹ is independently selected from C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₁-₆ haloalkyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR⁴¹, C(O)R⁴¹, C(O)NR⁴¹R⁴¹, C(O)OR⁴¹, NR⁴¹R⁴¹, NR⁴¹C(O)R⁴¹, S(O)₂R⁴¹, and S(O)₂NR⁴¹R⁴¹; wherein said C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁴¹;

each R⁴² is independently selected from C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₁-₆ haloalkyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR⁴², C(O)R⁴², C(O)NR⁴²R⁴², C(O)OR⁴², NR⁴²R⁴², NR⁴²C(O)R⁴², S(O)₂R⁴², and S(O)₂NR⁴²R⁴²; wherein said C₁-₆ alkyl, C₂-₆ alkenyl, C₂-₆ alkylnyl, C₃-₁₀ cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C₆-₁₀ aryl, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from R⁴².
heterocycloalkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{42};

each R^{42} is independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR^{42}, C(O)R^{42}, C(O)NR^{42}R^{42}, C(O)OR^{42}, and NR^{42}R^{42};

each R^{42}, R^{42}, R^{42} and R^{42} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{42} and R^{42} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{410}, R^{410}, R^{410} and R^{410} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{410} and R^{410} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{430}, R^{430}, R^{430} and R^{430} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl;

or any R^{430} and R^{430} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group;

each R^{440}, R^{440}, R^{440} and R^{440} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{441};

or any R^{440} and R^{440} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{441};

each R^{441}, R^{441}, R^{441} and R^{441} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{442};

or any R^{441} and R^{441} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^{442};

each R^{442}, R^{442}, R^{442} and R^{442} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

m is 0 or 1; and
n is 1, 2, or 3.

8. The compound of claim 6 or 7, wherein
   X is N;
   R² is selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;
   C₅ is selected from C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 5-10
   membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-
   forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming
   carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl
   group; and wherein the C₆₋₁₀ aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally
   substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R¹⁰;
   R³ is selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl;
   wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, phenyl and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted
   with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R³⁰;
   each R¹⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR¹⁰,
   and, NR¹⁰R¹⁰¹⁰;
   each R³⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR³⁰,
   and NR³⁰R³⁰³⁰;
   each R⁴⁰ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, C₂₋₆ cycloalkyl, 4-6
   membered heterocycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl, halo, D, CN, OR⁴⁰,
   C(O)R⁴⁰, and NR⁴⁰R⁴⁰⁴⁰; wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₂₋₆ cycloalkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl,
   phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl, are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3
   substituents independently selected from R¹¹;
   each R¹¹ is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR¹¹,
   C(O)R¹¹, and NR¹¹R¹¹¹¹; wherein said C₁₋₆ alkyl, are each optionally substituted with 1, or 2
   substituents independently selected from R¹²;
   each R¹² is independently selected from C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN;
   each R¹⁰, R¹¹⁰ and R¹¹⁰ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, and C₁₋₃
   haloalkyl;
   each R³⁰, R³⁰ and R³⁰ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, and C₁₋₃
   haloalkyl;
   each R⁴⁰, R⁴⁰ and R⁴⁰ is independently selected from H, C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₂₋₃
   alkenyl, C₁₋₃ haloalkyl, C₂₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl and 4-7 membered
   heterocycloalkyl; wherein said C₁₋₃ alkyl, C₂₋₃ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ cycloalkyl, phenyl, 5-6 membered
   heteroaryl and 4-7 membered heterocycloalkyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3
   substituents independently selected from R¹¹;
or any R^{340} and R^{340} attached to the same N atom, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 4-, 5-, or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from R^{41};
each R^{41}, R^{41}, R^{41}, and R^{41}, is independently selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{2-3} alkenyl, and C_{1-3} haloalkyl; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, and C_{2-3} alkenyl are each optionally substituted with 1, or 2 substituents independently selected from R^{42};
m is 0 or 1; and
n is 1, 2, or 3.

9. The compound of any one of claims 1-5, wherein the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula III:

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cy} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text{R}^2 \\
\text{X}
\end{array} \\
\text{Y} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^4 \\
\text{(R^{30})}_p
\end{array}
\end{array}
\]

(III)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;
wherein
Y is selected from CH, CR^{30}, and N; and
p is 0, 1, 2, or 3.

10. The compound of any one of claims 1-5 and 9, wherein the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula IV:

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cy} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text{R}^2 \\
\text{X}
\end{array} \\
\text{Y} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^4 \\
\text{(R^{30})}_p
\end{array}
\end{array}
\]

(IV)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;
wherein
p is 0, 1, 2, or 3.
11. The compound of any one of claims 1-6, wherein the compound of Formula I is a compound of Formula V:

![Chemical Structure]

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

p is 0, 1, 2, or 3.

12. The compound of any one of claims 1-3, wherein \( R^1 \) is selected from H, D, C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, halo, and CN.

13. The compound of any one of claims 1-3, wherein \( R^1 \) is H or D.

14. The compound of any one of claims 1-4 and 9-13, wherein \( R^2 \) is selected from H, C\(_{1-3}\) haloalkyl, halo, and D.

15. The compound of any one of claims 1-14, wherein \( R^2 \) is halo.

16. The compound of any one of claims 1-4 and 9-15, Cy is selected from 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10 membered heteroaryl and 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C\(_{6-10}\) aryl and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R\(^{10}\).

17. The compound of any one of claims 1-4 and 9-16, Cy is selected from phenyl, naphthalene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl; wherein the 5-10 membered heteroaryl each has at least one ring-forming carbon atom and 1, 2, or 3 ring-forming heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S; wherein a ring-forming carbon atom of 5-10
membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted by oxo to form a carbonyl group; and wherein the phenyl, naphthalene, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^10.

18. The compound of any one of claims 1-4 and 9-17, wherein R^3 is selected from phenyl, and 5-6 membered heteroaryl; wherein said phenyl and 5-6 membered heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^30.

19. The compound of any one of claims 1-4 and 9-18, wherein R^3 is phenyl or pyridine; wherein said phenyl and pyridine are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R^30.

20. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-19, wherein R^4 is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne, and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, 4-10 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne, C_{6-10} aryl-C_{1-3} alkyne and 5-10 membered heteroaryl-C_{1-3} alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^40.

21. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-20, wherein R^4 is selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne; wherein said C_{1-3} alkyl, 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, and 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl-C_{1-3} alkyne are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from R^40.

22. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-20, wherein R^4 is

![Chemical Structure](image)

wherein

- m is 0, 1, or 2; and
- n is 1, 2, or 3.
23. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-22, wherein each \( R^{10} \) is independently selected from C\(_{1-8}\) alkyl, C\(_{1-8}\) haloalkyl, halo, CN, phenyl, OR\(^{310}\), and NR\(^{310}R^{d10}\).

24. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-23, wherein each \( R^{10} \) is independently selected from C\(_{1-3}\) alkyl, C\(_{1-3}\) haloalkyl, halo, phenyl, OH, and, NH\(_2\).

25. The compound of any one of claims 1-6 and 9-22, wherein each \( R^{11} \) is independently selected from halo, D, CN, and OR\(^{311}\).

26. The compound of any one of claims 1-25, wherein each \( R^{30} \) is independently selected from C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl, halo, D, and CN.

27. The compound of any one of claims 1-26, wherein each \( R^{30} \) is independently selected from C\(_{1-3}\) alkyl.

28. The compound any one of claims 1-3 and 9-27, wherein each \( R^{60} \) is independently selected from 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, CN, OR\(^{60}\), C(O)R\(^{60}\), and NR\(^{60}R^{660}\); wherein said 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl is optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R\(^{61}\).

29. The compound any one of claims 1-3 and 9-28, wherein each \( R^{60} \) is independently selected from 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl, halo, D, OH, OCH\(_3\), and C(O)C\(_{2-3}\) alkenyl; wherein said 4-6 membered heterocycloalkyl and C\(_{2-3}\) alkenyl are each optionally substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from R\(^{61}\).

30. The compound any one of claims 1-3 and 9-29, wherein each \( R^{61} \) is independently selected from C\(_{1-3}\) haloalkyl, halo, D, OH, OCH\(_3\), and C(O)R\(^{641}\).

31. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-30, wherein each \( R^{62} \) is independently selected from halo, D, and CN.

32. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-31, wherein each \( R^{a10}, R^{d10} \) and \( R^{d10} \) is independently selected from H and C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl.

33. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-32, wherein each \( R^{a11}, R^{c11} \) and \( R^{d11} \), is independently selected from H, C\(_{1-6}\) alkyl, and C\(_{1-6}\) haloalkyl.
34. The compound of any one of claims 1-3 and 9-33, wherein each R_{30} is selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, and C_{2-3} alkenyl.

35. The compound of any one of claims 1-34, wherein each R_{31} and R_{31} is selected from H, C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{2-3} alkenyl, and C_{1-3} haloalkyl.

36. The compound of any one of claims 1-35, wherein R_{31} is C_{2-3} alkenyl.

37. The compound of any one of claims 1-36, wherein the compound of Formula I is selected from the group consisting of:

1-((1-acryloyl)piperidin-4-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)piperidin-4-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,4-di-
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-6-(3-hydroxynaphthalen-1-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3-chloro-6-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-hydroxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2,3-dihydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(3-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(6-methyl-1H-indazol-7-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(1H-indazol-7-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-7-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-aminoypyridin-3-yl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinolin-8-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-amino-6-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-methoxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(3,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(5,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-hydroxyazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(6-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluorocroanoyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(4,5-dimethylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-(naphthalen-1-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-6-(3-chloro-2-methylpyridin-4-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione; and

6-((1,1'-biphenyl)-2-yl)-1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl-d2)-7-chloro-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

38. The compound of any one of claims 1-36, wherein the compound of Formula I is selected from the group consisting of:

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-methylphenyl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;

1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(5-chlorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-4-yl)-4-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrirdo[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
1-((1-acryloyl-3-fluoroazetidin-3-yl)methyl)-7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
tert-butyl 3-(((7-chloro-6-(2-methyl-6-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl))-2,3-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-1(2H)-yl)methyl)-3-fluoroazetidin-1-carboxylate;
and
7-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(2,4-diisopropylpyridin-3-yl)-1-((3-fluoro-1-(2-fluoroacryloyl)azetidin-3-yl)methyl)-1,4-dihydropyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3-dione;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

39. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of any one of claims 1-38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

40. Use of a compound of any one of claims 1-38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or the composition of claim 39 in a method of inhibiting KRAS activity, said method comprising contacting said compound or composition with KRAS.

41. The use of claim 40, wherein the contacting comprises administering the compound to a patient.

42. Use of a compound of any one of claims 1-38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or the composition of claim 39 for the treatment of a disease or disorder associated with inhibition of KRAS interaction.

43. The use of claim 42, wherein the disease or disorder is an immunological or inflammatory disorder.

44. The use of claim 43, wherein the immunological or inflammatory disorder is Ras-associated lymphoproliferative disorder and juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia caused by somatic mutations of KRAS.

45. Use of a compound of any one of claims 1-38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or the composition of claim 39 for the treatment of a cancer in a patient.
46. The use of claim 45, wherein the cancer is selected from carcinomas, hematological cancers, sarcomas, and glioblastoma.

47. The use of claim 46, wherein the hematological cancer is selected from myeloproliferative neoplasms, myelodysplastic syndrome, chronic and juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia, acute myeloid leukemia, acute lymphocytic leukemia, and multiple myeloma.

48. The use of claim 46, wherein the carcinoma is selected from pancreatic, colorectal, lung, bladder, gastric, esophageal, breast, head and neck, cervical, skin, and thyroid.

49. Use of a compound of any one of claims 1-38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or the composition of claim 39 for the treatment of a disease or disorder associated with inhibiting a KRAS protein harboring a G12D mutation.
INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
INV. A61P29/00 A61P35/00 A61P37/00 C07D471/04 A61K31/4985

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
A61P C07D A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)
EPO—Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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<th>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</th>
<th>Relevant to claim No.</th>
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<td>A</td>
<td>WO 2017/058805 A1 (ARAXES PHARMA LLC [US]) 6 April 2017 (2017-04-06) page 1, line 3 – page 3, line 2 page 37; table 1; compounds 3, 4 claims 1, 46, 49</td>
<td>1-49</td>
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Date of the actual completion of the international search: 10 December 2021

Date of mailing of the international search report: 22/12/2021

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Sarkinos, Georgios

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