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(54) CONNECTING ELEMENT FOR CONNECTING A CONDUIT SYSTEM TO **COOLING AGGREGATES IN AIRCRAFT CABINS**

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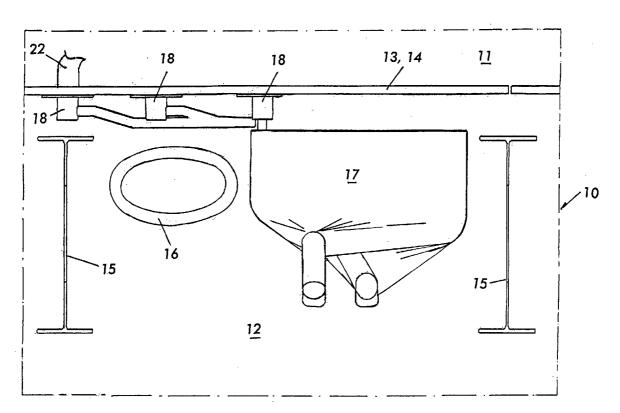
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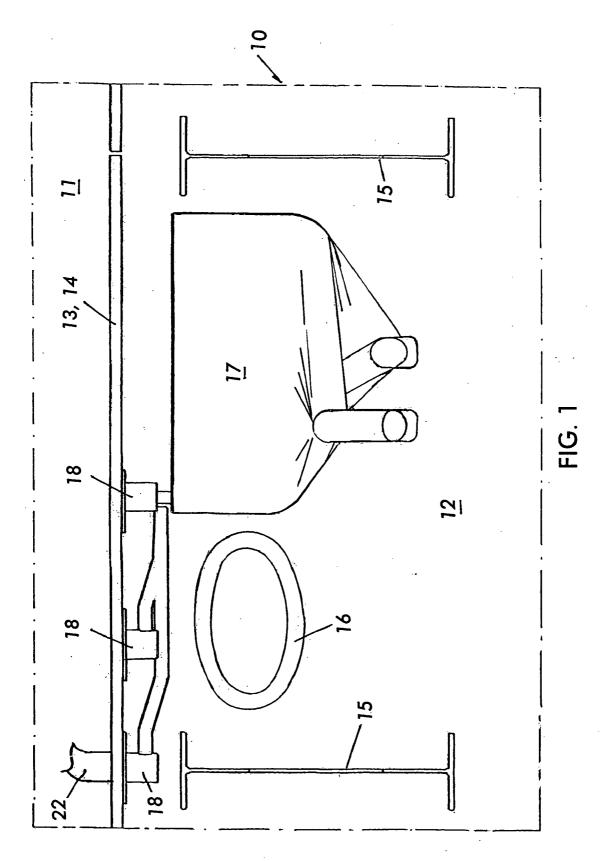
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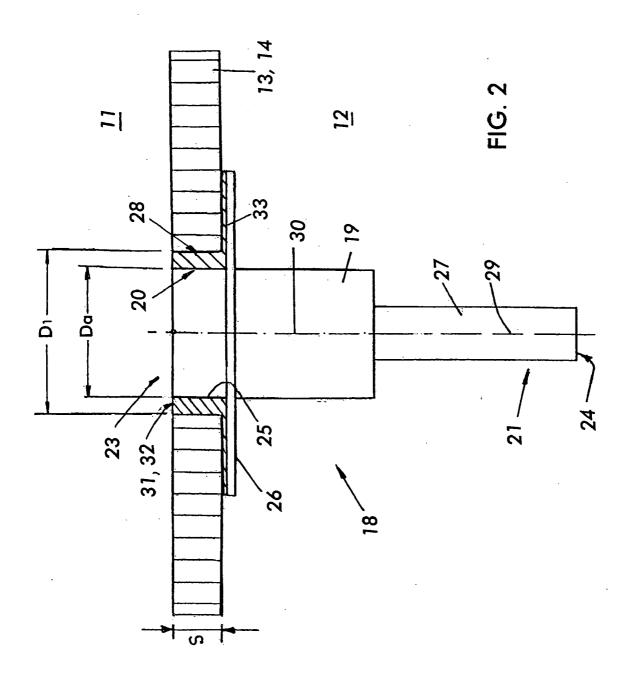
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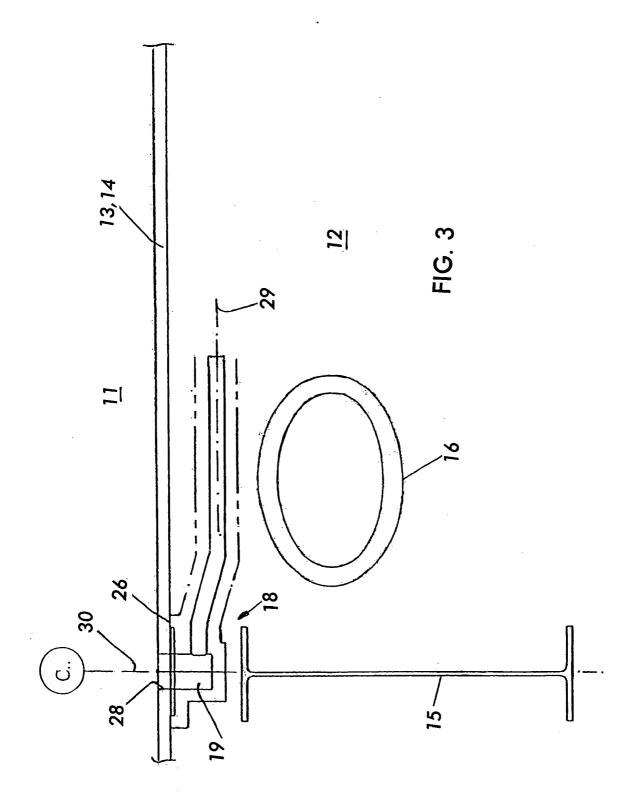
ABSTRACT (57)

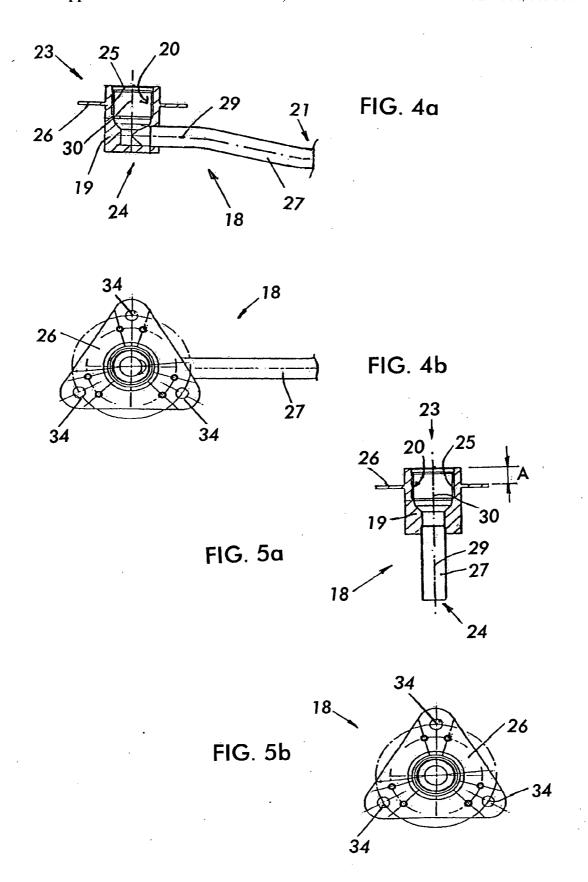
The invention relates to a connection element for connecting at least one first conduit element or the like positioned in a supply chamber of an aircraft with at least one second conduit element positioned in a cabin chamber of an aircraft, wherein supply chamber and cabin chamber are separated from each other by means of a separation element, substantially comprising a connection part comprising fastening elements for fastening the first and second conduit element. Known connection elements have the disadvantage that there occur sealing problems due to the fastening of the fastening element at the outside of the connection part at the end facing the cabin chamber. A further disadvantage is that the connection elements protrude into the cabin chamber and form stumble edges there. In that at least the fastening element for the fastening the conduit element of the cabin chamber is provided within the connection part, there may be realised a compact structural shape which does not protrude from the separating element into the cabin chamber, and which may in addition be reliably sealed.











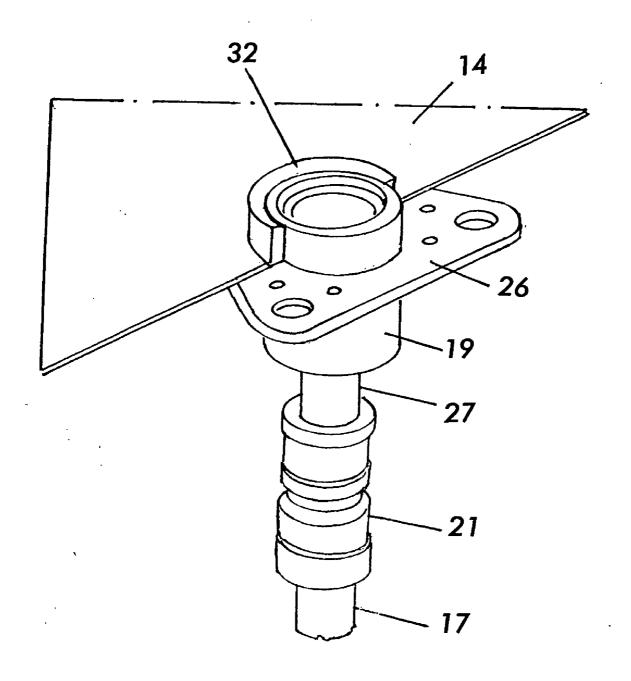
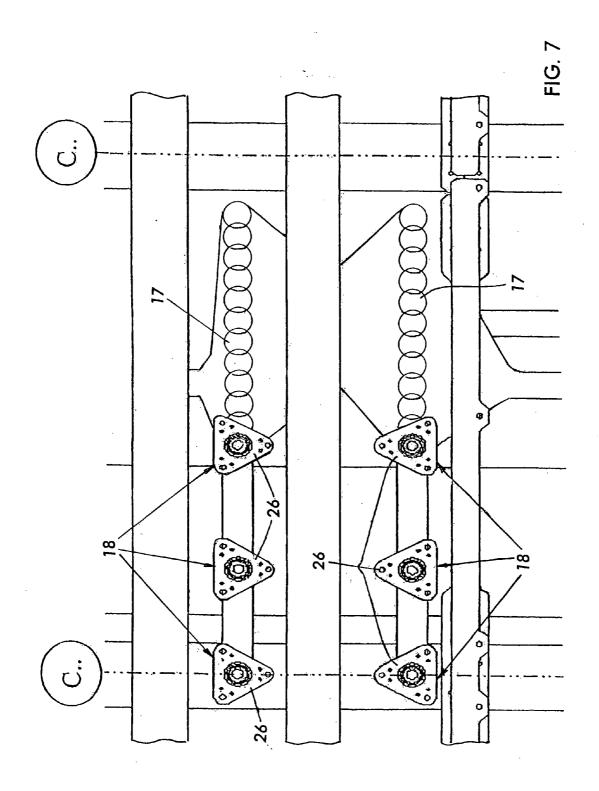
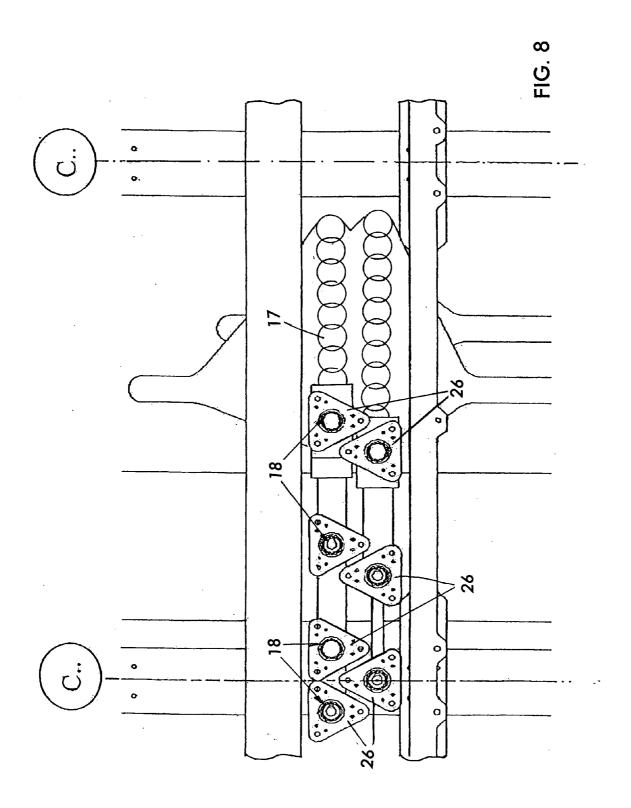


FIG. 6





CONNECTING ELEMENT FOR CONNECTING A CONDUIT SYSTEM TO COOLING AGGREGATES IN AIRCRAFT CABINS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The invention relates to a connection element for connecting a first conduit element or the like positioned in a supply chamber of an aircraft with at least one second conduit element positioned in a cabin chamber of the aircraft, wherein supply chamber and cabin chamber are separated from each other by means of a separation part, substantially comprising a connection part comprising fastening element for fastening the first and second conduit elements.

TECHNOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

[0002] Connection elements of this kind are especially employed in aircraft construction. Aircraft usually have a cabin chamber in which at regular intervals so called center regions are provided. In these center regions there are provided kitchens, among others with separate cooling aggregates. In order to be flexible with respect to the position of the individual aggregates within the center region for creating so called flex-zones, there are usually provided several connections at which the or each aggregate may be adapted. For supplying the aggregates with the necessary supply lines or offtake lines for the cooling medium or the like which are commonly situated below the bottom plate of the cabin in so called supply chambers, connection elements are necessary which secure the bottom feed-through, namely the connection between a conduit element in the supply chamber to a conduit element in the cabin chamber. As conduit elements, there are understood all tube elements. hose elements, tube-hose elements or connection elements of other kinds. Besides the conduits for supply and leadingout of, for example, cooling element in the cabin region, below the bottom plate in the supply chamber there are also further conduit elements, for example the main conduit for the air conditioner, as well as cross beams and other mem-

[0003] The known connection elements have a tubular connection part which at least partly extends into the cabin chamber through the separation element. At the section of the connection part extending into the cabin chamber, at the outer side thereof is disposed a connection element corresponding to respective fastening element at the conduit element. Usually, the connection part is provided with an outer thread onto which the conduit element of the cabin chamber is screwed.

[0004] On the one hand, this has the disadvantage that a big structural shape is necessary, namely particularly a big installation height. Thereby, an installation above cross beams or main conduits for the air conditioner in the supply chamber is not possible. On the other hand, due to the excess length with respect to the bottom plate, the connection elements form an abutting edge, which presents a stumbling danger in the cabin chamber and complicates the mounting of a kitchen as well as the change of position of individual aggregates. Moreover, the known connection elements have a sealing difficulty. By means of the outer thread of the connection element, a sealing with respect to humidity is not secured between the cabin chamber and the supply chamber

(upper deck or lower deck). A further disadvantage is that the known connection elements require a very big insection in the bottom plate, which makes necessary a strengthening of the surrounding bottom plate.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] There may be a need to provide a compact connection element.

[0006] According to an exemplary embodiment of the invention, a connection element of the above mentioned kind may be provided in that at least one fastening element for the fastening of the conduit element of the cabin chamber may be provided within the connection part. Thereby, on the one hand, may be effected that the connection part ends up with the separation part in a maximally flush manner. In other words, the connection element does not protrude from the separation element, so that a plane surface without stumble edges or the like may be ensured. Moreover, for example for pressure test purposes, the connection element may be provided with blind plug(s), that also do not protrude from the separation element into the cabin chamber. On the other hand, the connection elements according to an exemplary embodiment of the invention, due to their construction, may be sufficiently compact that only a small installation height may be necessary which may also allow for an installation above cross beams, air conditioner conduits or other construction elements within the supply chamber and below the separation element. Further, the exemplary embodiment of the invention may allow for a simple and reliable sealing between the upper deck and the lower deck.

[0007] According to an exemplary embodiment of the invention, a compact connection element may be provided which may allow for a secure and reliable feed-through of conduit elements via a separation element, and at the same time may be handled in an easy and comfortable manner.

[0008] For example, the connection part may have an inner thread at the side facing the cabin chamber. Thereby, a particularly tight, flexible and easily manageable fastening of the conduit element of the cabin chamber may be possible. Due to the only small opening in the bottom plate, a strengthening of the bottom plate may be omitted.

[0009] In an exemplary embodiment of the invention, a flange element may be assigned to the connection part, wherein the flange element may be disposed with respect to the free end facing the cabin chamber in a standing-back manner. Thereby, on the one hand, a simple and fast mounting may be ensured. On the other hand, by means of the flange element, an optimal sealing possibility for sealing with respect to humidity may be created between the upper deck and the lower deck.

[0010] For example, there may be a tube part assigned to the connection part at the side opposite to the free end, wherein the tube part may be fixedly connected to the connection element, and may be selectively provided straight or bent. This may also allow for the installation between the separation element on the one hand, and cross beams, conduits or other members within the supply chamber on the other hand, so that the flex-zones of the center regions may be provided in any zones within the cabin chamber, which element may be provided also above cross beams, traverse conduits or the like.

[0011] Further exemplary features and embodiments result from the dependent claims and the description. Exemplary embodiments are further explained with reference to the accompanying drawing.

[0012] In the drawing:

[0013] FIG. 1 is a schematic representation of a portion of an aircraft body having a cabin chamber and a supply chamber,

[0014] FIG. 2 is a schematic representation of a connection element having a straight tube portion,

[0015] FIG. 3 is a schematic representation of a connection element having an angled tube portion,

[0016] FIG. 4a is a partially sectional side view of a connection element having an angled tube portion,

[0017] FIG. 4b is a plan view of the connection element according to FIG. 4a,

[0018] FIG. 5a is a partially sectional side view of a connection element having a straight tube portion,

[0019] FIG. 5b is a plan view of the connection element according to figure 5a,

[0020] FIG. 6 is a perspective view of a connection element with parts of a bottom plate,

[0021] FIG. 7 is a plan view of several adjacently disposed connection elements in a built-in state, and

[0022] FIG. 8 is a plan view of several connection elements disposed in a built-in state in a nested manner with respect to each other.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENT

[0023] The connection elements shown in the figures serve as bottom feed-through connecting two conduit elements like, for example, tube elements, hose elements or socket elements with each other via a bottom plate.

[0024] In FIG. 1, a section of a body 10 of an aircraft is schematically shown. Within the body 10, at least one cabin chamber 11 as well as at least one supply chamber 12 are provided. The cabin chamber 11 is separated or disjoined, respectively, from the supply chamber 12 by means of a separation element 13 which is provided as a bottom plate 14. Within the supply chamber 12, there are disposed different components, like, for example, crossbeams 15, traverse conduits 16 for supply of the air conditioner, as well as further conduit elements 17 serving, for example, for supplying cooling aggregates in the cabin chamber. For feeding through at least one conduit element 17 through the bottom plate 14, there is provided at least one connection element 18.

[0025] FIG. 2 illustrates a first embodiment of the connection element 18. The connection element 18 comprises substantially a connection part 19 having fastening elements 20,21 for the conduit element 17 of the supply chamber 12 as well as for a conduit element 22 of the cabin chamber 11. The connection part 19 is provided in a cylindrical shape and a tube-like form. Other shapes, particularly also weight reducing ones, which may be obtained, for example by outer material decrease, are also possible. A free end 23 of the

connection part 19 faces the cabin chamber 11, and serves for fastening the conduit element 22 of the cabin chamber 11. Opposite to the free end 23, the end 24 of the connection part 19, or, respectively, of a tube part 27 being disposed therein (for example in a bore), faces the supply chamber 12 and serves for fastening the conduit element 17. In the region of the free end 23, the connection part 19 has, at the inner side thereof, the fastening element 20. In the shown embodiment, the connection part 19 is provided with an inner thread 25 (see for example FIGS. 4a and 5a). Alternatively, the fastening element 20 may, for example, be designed as bayonet coupling, snap fit or plug-type lock or the like, wherein all connection elements are disposed inside. The fastening element 21 at the free end 24 of the tube part 27 which is, for example by soldering or welding, fixedly fastened to the connection part 19 may be provided as thread connection, crimp connection, solder connection or welding connection or as another common sealing element and/or fastening element.

[0026] Further, the connection part 19 corresponds to a flange element 26. The preferably triangularly provided flange element 26 is fixedly fastened to the connection part 19. The position of the flange element 26 is variable.

[0027] Preferably, the flange element 26 is provided revolving about the connection part 19 and is disposed at a distance A to the free end 23. The distance A corresponds to approximately the thickness S of the bottom plate 14. Preferably, the distance A is slightly smaller than the strength S of the bottom plate 14.

[0028] The bottom plate 14 has at least one opening 28 for receiving the connection part 19. The opening 28 has a diameter D_1 which corresponds to at least the outer diameter D_a of the connection part 19 at the free end 23. Preferably, the diameter D_1 is slightly larger than the outer diameter D_a . However, the diameter D_1 is selected in such a way that the flange element 26 at least partly covers the opening 28. For being fastened at the bottom plate 14, the flange element 26 has several, preferably three, bores 34. Alternatively, there may also be provided rivetted-on nuts or similar elements.

[0029] The tube part 27 protruding into the supply chamber 12 may be provided or shaped, respectively, in different forms, and be disposed at different positions at the connection part 19. Especially in the FIGS. 2 and 5a, 5b, a straight provision and arrangement of the tube part 27 is shown. Therein, the tube part 27 is shaped cylindrically. The middle axis 29 of the tube part 27 proceeds parallel to the middle axis 30 of the connection part 19 or is congruent therewith, respectively. This especially simple construction shape is advantageous, if there are no disturbing components disposed in the supply chamber 12 in the region of the opening 28. In case that in the supply chamber 12 in the region of the opening 28, there are disposed components, like for example crossbeams 15 or the traverse conduit 16 (as shown in FIG. 3), to the one hand, the tube part 27 is provided in bent form. To the other hand, the tube part 27 is further disposed at an angle with respect to the connection part 19, so that the middle axes 29, 30 proceed at an angle with respect to one another.

[0030] In the mounted state of the connection element 18, that is to say when the connection element 18, for example by means of screws, is connected to the bottom plate 14 in a detachable manner, between the connection part 19 and the

bottom plate 14, due to the diameter difference D_1 - D_a , there is formed an interspace 31 or also a hole-shaped split which is filled with a fill material 32. The fill material 32 may also have a sealing effect or sealing features, respectively.

[0031] Between the flange element 26 and the bottom plate 14, there is sandwiched a seal element 33 which especially ensures the humidity sealing between upper deck and lower deck. As sealing materials, there may be used all commercially available as well as special sealing manners.

[0032] Several ones of the of connection elements 18 may be disposed side by side at the bottom plate 14 (see for example FIG. 7), for example for realising a supply line and an offtake line to the central region C. In an especially space-saving variant, the triangular flange elements 26 are disposed nested to each other (see for example FIG. 8), so that several bottom feed-throughs may be provided in smallest space. For avoiding mixing-ups or interchanges, for example in connection with the supply line or offtake line, the fastening element 21 of adjacently disposed connection parts 19 may be provided with different embodiments. One possibility is, for example, the provision of a left-handed threading for the connection part 19 of the supply line and a right-handed thread for the connection part 19 of the offtake line. It is also possible to use differing kinds of threads or coloured labelling.

[0033] The connection part 19 may of course be adapted for feed-through of conduit-elements or other separation elements like side walls or the like.

[0034] It should be noted that the term "comprising" does not exclude other elements or steps and the "a" or "an" does not exclude a plurality. Also elements described in association with different embodiments may be combined.

[0035] It should also be noted that reference signs shall not be construed as limiting the scope of the claims.

1. Connection element for connecting at least one first conduit element positioned in a supply chamber of an aircraft to at least one second conduit element positioned in a cabin chamber of the aircraft, wherein the supply chamber and the cabin chamber are separated from each other by means of a separation element, wherein the connection element comprises

a connection part which comprises a fastening element for fastening the first and second conduit element,

- wherein at least the fastening element is adapted for fastening the at least one second conduit element of the cabin chamber within the connection part.
- 2. Connection element according to claim 1, wherein the separation element is a bottom plate having at least one opening for the connection element.
- 3. Connection element according to claim 1, wherein the connection part is cylindrical or tubular.
- 4. Connection element according to claim 1, wherein the connection part has an inner thread.
- 5. Connection element according to claim 1, wherein the fastening element is a plug-type lock and/or a snap lock.
- 6. Connection element according to claim 2, wherein the outer diameter of the connection part in the region of the free end is slightly smaller than the diameter of the opening in the bottom plate.
- 7. Connection element according to claim 6, wherein, between the connection part and the bottom plate, particularly in the interspace formed by the difference between the diameters, there is disposed a fill material.
- 8. Connection element according to claim 1, wherein a flange element is assigned to the connection part, wherein, with respect to the free end facing the cabin chamber, the flange element is disposed in a relocated manner.
- 9. Connection element according to claim 8, wherein the flange element is triangularly shaped, wherein a seal element is disposed between the flange element and the bottom plate.
- 10. Connection element according to claim 8, wherein the flange element is connected to the bottom plate in a detachable manner, particularly by means of a plurality of screws.
- 11. Connection element according to claim 1, wherein at the side facing the free end, there is assigned a tube part to the connection part, wherein the tube part is fixedly connected to the connection part.
- 12. Connection element according to claim 11, wherein the fastening element for the conduit element in the supply chamber is disposed at the tube part.
- 13. Connection element according to claim 11, wherein the tube part is selectively provided straight or bend.
- 14. Connection element according to claim 11, wherein the middle axis of the tube part selectively extends parallel to or at an angle to the middle axis of the connection part.

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