C. G. Pease,

Photographic Head-Rest.

No. 53,038. Patented Mar. 6, 1866.

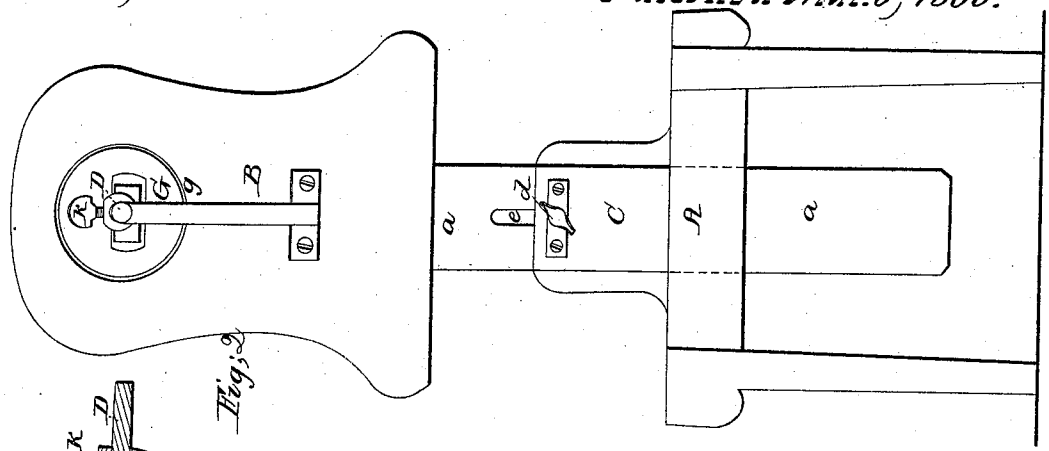


Fig. 2.

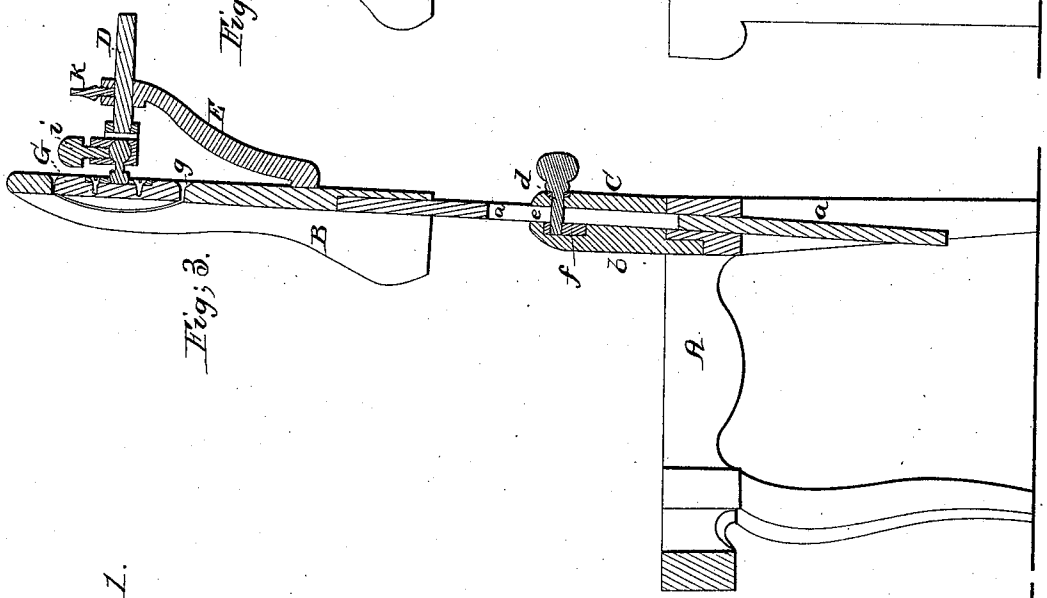


Fig. 3.

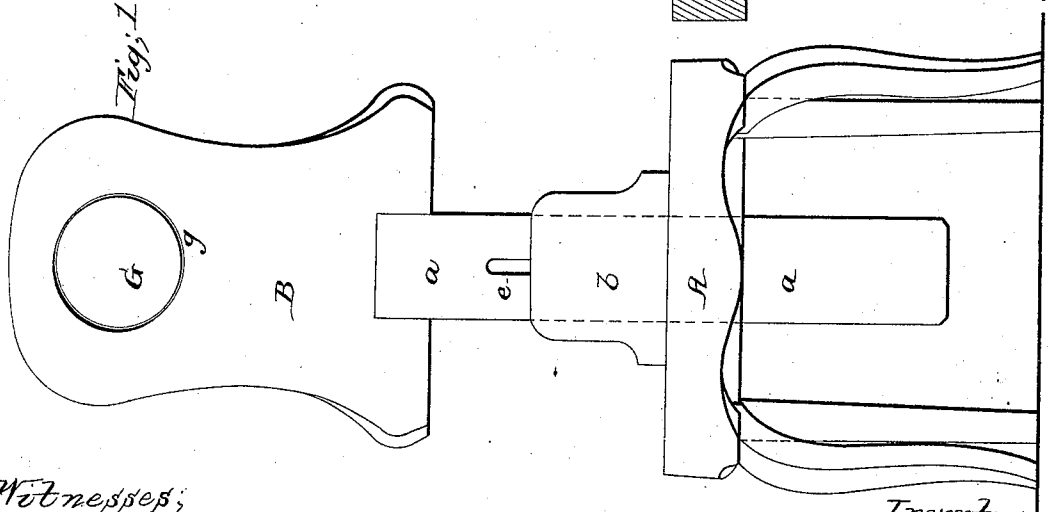


Fig. 1.

Witnesses;
Samuel N. Piper.
G. H. Washburn

Inventor;
Charles G. Pease.
by his attorney.
R. Reddy

AM. PHOTO-LITHO. CO. N.Y. (OSBORNE'S PROCESS)

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES G. PEASE, OF CHARLESTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS.

CHAIR FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC PURPOSES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. **53,038**, dated March 6, 1866.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES G. PEASE, of Charlestown, in the county of Middlesex and State of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Chairs for Photographic or other Purposes; and I do hereby declare the same to be fully described in the following specification and represented in the accompanying drawings, of which—

Figure 1 is a front elevation, Fig. 2 a rear view, and Fig. 3 a vertical section, of a chair provided with my invention.

In these drawings, A denotes the seat-frame of the chair. B is the back thereof, the latter having a slide-bar, *a*, projecting down from it and through a standard, *b*, erected on the seat-frame.

The bar *a*, placed in a recess of the standard, goes between the said standard and a jaw, *c*, erected on the seat-frame. A clamp-screw, *d*, passes through the jaw and a long slot, *e*, formed vertically in the slider *a*, and screws into the standard or a piece of metal, *f*, fastened thereto. By means of the jaw and the clamp-screw the slide *a* may be clamped in position when the back is at any desirable altitude relatively to the seat. The said back, near its upper part, has a circular aperture, *g*, made through it to receive a head-rest, G, connected to one extremity of a rod, D, by means of a ball-and-socket joint provided with a clamp-screw, *i*. This rod D is supported by and so as to be capable of being slid transversely on a standard, E, projecting from the back, and provided with a clamp-screw, *k*, for fixing the slide-rod in position.

The above chair is specially designed for supporting an infant or small child while he or she may be having a photographic or daguerreotypic likeness taken. While the back may be adjusted so as to afford a good support for the child at the shoulders and back thereof, the head-rest and the back of the chair, or the head-rest alone, may be employed to excellent advantage in sustaining the head of the child. While the edges of the aperture *g* will afford more or less lateral support to the head, the rest G may be adjusted and employed so as to give the rearward support to it.

By means of the movable jaw applied to the standard, and by having the clamp-screw go through the jaw and a slot in the back-slide and screw into the standard, I am not only enabled to prevent the clamp-screw from doing injury to the slide, which it would be likely to were it to screw into the standard and directly against the slide, but I am able to very firmly clamp the slide to the standard. By adjusting the head-rest so as to be flush with the back it will have the appearance of being a part of such back, which, in fact, it may be supposed to be.

The chair made as hereinbefore described may sometimes be used to advantage by a dentist in the practice of his profession with respect to a small child.

I do not claim the combination of a head-rest with the back of a chair, as such is well known and in common use; but

I claim—

The arrangement of the adjustable head-rest so as to work through the chair-back, and the construction of such back with an opening, *g*, to receive the said rest, as specified.

C. G. PEASE.

Witnesses:

R. H. EDDY,

F. P. HALE, Jr.