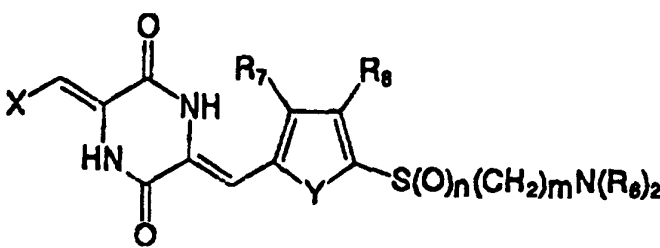
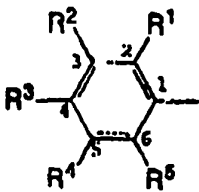




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(54) Title: PHARMACEUTICAL DIKETOPIPERAZINE COMPOUNDS   (a)  (b)		
(57) Abstract A diketopiperazine of formula (I), wherein each of R₇ and R₈ which may be the same or different, is hydrogen or a nitro group; Y is (a), -O- or -S-, wherein each of R₉ and R₁₀, which may be the same or different, is hydrogen or a nitro group; n is 0, 1 or 2; m is an integer of 1 to 6; each R₆, which may be the same or different, is a C₁-C₆ alkyl group; and X is selected from (i) a phenyl group of formula (b); (ii) a heterocyclic ring selected from furan, thiophene, pyridine, quinoline and indole; (iii) a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a 2,3-methylenedioxyphenyl group or a 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl group; and (iv) a group -(CH₂)_p-Z, wherein p is 0 or an integer of 1 to 4 and Z is a cyclohexyl group substituted by one or more C₁-C₆ alkyl and the salts and esters thereof; have activity as inhibitors of plasminogen activator inhibitor.		

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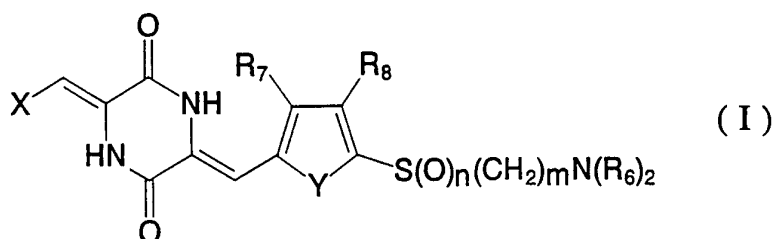
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PHARMACEUTICAL DIKETOPIPERAZINE COMPOUNDS

The present invention relates to compounds useful as inhibitors of plasminogen activator inhibitor (PAI), to their preparation and to pharmaceutical and veterinary compositions containing them.

Plasminogen activators (PAs) are serine proteases which control the activation of the zymogen, plasminogen, to the active enzyme plasmin. Plasmin is important in a number of physiological and pathological processes including fibrinolysis, tissue remodelling, tumour growth and metastasis. The glycoprotein plasminogen activator inhibitor (PAI) is an endogenous fast-acting inhibitor of PA activity. PAI is a member of the serpin family and is synthesised by a variety of cells including endothelial cells. An imbalance between PAs and PAI contributes to a number of pathological conditions including haemostasis, inflammation, tumour growth and metastasis.

The present invention provides a diketopiperazine of formula (I):



wherein each of R_7 and R_8 which may be the same or different, is hydrogen or a nitro group;

Y is $\begin{array}{c} R_9 \\ | \\ -C = \end{array} \begin{array}{c} R_{10} \\ | \\ C- \end{array}$, -O- or -S-, wherein each of R_9 and R_{10} , which may

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be the same or different, is hydrogen or a nitro group;

n is 0, 1 or 2;

m is an integer of 1 to 6;

each R_6 , which may be the same or different, is a C_1 - C_6 alkyl

5 group; and

X is selected from

(i) a phenyl group of the following formula



wherein each of R_1 to R_5 , which may be the same or different,

is independently selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl

unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen atoms, C_1 -

15 C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkythio, halogen, hydroxy, nitro, optionally

substituted phenyl, nitrobenzyloxy, benzyloxy, cyano, $-CH_2OH$,

$-CH_2COOH$, $-CO_2R^{11}$, $-NHCOR^{14}$, $-NHCO_2R^{13}$, $-SO_2R^{13}$, $-CON(R^{11}R^{12})$,

$-(CH_2)_xN(R^{11}R^{12})$, $-SOR^{13}$, $-SO_2N(R^{11}R^{12})$, $-N(R^{11}R^{12})$,

$-O(CH_2)_xN(R^{11}R^{12})$, $-O(CH_2)_xCO_2R^{11}$, $-OCOR^{11}$, $-CH_2OCOR^{11}$, $-CH_2NHCOR^{11}$,

20 $-CH_2NHCOOR^{13}$, $-CH_2SR^{11}$, $-CH_2SCOR^{11}$, $-CH_2S(O)_YR^{13}$,

$-CH_2NHCO(CH_2)_xCO_2R^{11}$, $-N(R^{11})COR^{12}$, $-NHCOCF_3$, $-NHCO(CH_2)_xCO_2R^{11}$,

$-NHCO(CH_2)_xOCOR^{11}$ and $-NHCO(CH_2)_xOR^{11}$ wherein x is 0 or is an

integer of from 1 to 6, Y is 1 or 2, each of R^{11} and R^{12} is,

independently, H or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, R^{13} is C_1 - C_6 alkyl and R^{14} is

25 H, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or a thiophene group; and/or any of R_1 and R_2 , R_2

and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 or R_4 and R_5 form, together with the carbon

atoms to which they are attached, a furan group, a benzene

ring which is optionally substituted or the cyclopentyl moiety

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of the group



(ii) a heterocyclic ring selected from furan, thiophene, pyridine, quinoline and indole, the last of which is

5 optionally N-substituted by C_1-C_6 alkyl;

(iii) a C_1-C_6 alkyl group, a 2,3-methylenedioxyphenyl group or a 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl group; and

(iv) a group $-(CH_2)_p-Z$ wherein p is 0 or an integer of 1 to 4 and Z is a cyclohexyl group which optionally includes an
10 unsaturated bond and/or a one or two carbon atom bridge, and is optionally substituted by one or more C_1-C_6 alkyl groups; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

The numerals 1 to 6 denote ring positions on the phenyl group defined under (i) above.

15 A C_1-C_6 alkyl group is typically a C_1-C_4 alkyl group, for example a methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl or tert-butyl group. A halogen is, for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. A C_1-C_6 alkyl group substituted by halogen may be substituted by 1, 2 or 3 halogen atoms. It
20 may be a perhaloalkyl group, for example trifluoromethyl.

A C_1-C_6 alkoxy group is typically a C_1-C_4 alkoxy group, for example a methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, i-propoxy, n-butoxy, sec-butoxy or tert-butoxy group. A C_1-C_6 alkylthio group is typically a C_1-C_4 alkylthio group, for example methylthio,
25 ethylthio, propylthio, i-propylthio, n-butylthio, sec-butylthio or tert-butylthio.

When the phenyl ring defined above under (i) is

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unsubstituted, each of R_1 to R_5 is hydrogen. When the ring is mono-substituted, di-substituted or tri-substituted then any one, two or three of the groups R_1 to R_5 is other than hydrogen. When the phenyl ring is mono-substituted, one of R_1 to R_5 is other than hydrogen, preferably R_2 or R_3 , especially R_3 . When the ring is mono-substituted one of R_1 to R_5 is preferably selected from a halogen, for instance fluorine; an alkoxy group, for instance OMe; and an acetamido group -NHAc in which Ac denotes acetyl.

The phenyl ring may also be 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4- or 3,5- disubstituted or 2,3,4-, 2,3,5-, 2,3,6- or 3,4,5- trisubstituted. For example, three of R_1 to R_5 are hydrogen and two are other than hydrogen. For example R_1 and R_2 , or R_1 and R_3 , or R_1 and R_4 , or R_1 and R_5 , or R_2 and R_3 , or R_2 and R_4 are other than hydrogen whilst, in each case, the other three of R_1 to R_5 are hydrogen.

Typically one of R_7 and R_8 , and one of R_9 and R_{10} , is hydrogen or a nitro group.

When any two adjacent groups of R_1 to R_5 form, together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, a benzene ring, that ring is either unsubstituted or substituted by any of the options specified above for R_1 to R_5 . The resulting fused ring structure may be, for instance, a naphthalene or anthracene group. When any two adjacent groups of R_1 to R_5 form, together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, a furan group, the resulting fused ring structure is a benzofuran group.

When X is as defined under (iv) above, p is typically 0

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or 1 and Z is a cyclohexyl group. When the moiety Z includes a one or two carbon atom bridge it forms a bicycloheptyl or bicylooctyl ring, for example a bicyclo[3.1.1]heptyl or bicyclo[2.2.2]octyl ring. Z may also include at least one
5 double bond and may be, for instance, a cyclohexenyl, bicyclo[3.1.1]heptenyl or bicyclo[2.2.2]octenyl group. When Z is substituted by one or more C₁-C₆ alkyl groups it may be mono- or di-substituted at any of positions 2 to 6 of the cyclohexyl ring or in the bridge or at the bridgehead.

10 In a preferred series of compounds of formula (I) in which X is a phenyl group, each of R₁ to R₅ is hydrogen.

In another preferred series of compounds, one of R₁ to R₅ is selected from alkoxy, NHCOR¹¹ and halogen and the other four of R₁ to R₅ are H. Alkoxy may be, for instance, OMe or OBuⁿ.
15 NHCOR¹¹ is typically -NHAc. Halogen is typically F or Cl. Preferably R₃ is alkoxy, especially OMe or OBuⁿ; NHCOR¹¹, especially -NHAc; or halogen, especially F or Cl; and each of R₁, R₂, R₄ and R₅ is H.

In another series of preferred compounds in which X is a
20 phenyl group, one or two of R₁ to R₅ are other than hydrogen whilst the others are hydrogen. For instance one of R₁, R₂ and R₃ is other than hydrogen. Alternatively R₁ and R₃, or R₂ and R₃, are other than hydrogen. Preferred values for the one or two of R₁ to R₅ which is or are other than hydrogen include
25 alkoxy such as OMe or OBuⁿ, halogen such as Cl or F, hydroxy, -N(R¹¹R¹²), -CO₂R¹¹, -CH₂SCOR¹³, -CH₂SR¹¹, -NHCOR¹¹, -O(CH₂)_nN(R¹¹R¹²), -O(CH₂)_nCO₂R¹¹, -CH₂NHCO(CH₂)_nCO₂R¹¹, -NHCOCH₂OR¹¹, -NHCO(CH₂)_nOCOR¹¹,

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$-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCOOR}^{13}$ and CF_3 .

Particularly preferred compounds are those wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_4 and R_5 are each H and R_3 is selected from H, OMe and -NHAc. Alternatively each of R_1 to R_5 is independently selected from H, halogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, nitro, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SR}^{11}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{OCOR}^{13}$, CF_3 , $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{OR}^{11}$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{OCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$ and $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCO}_2\text{R}^{13}$. Still more preferably, R_1 and R_2 are independently H, nitro or halogen, R_3 is H, hydroxy, $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, $-\text{OCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{OR}^{11}$, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{OCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCO}_2\text{R}^{13}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SR}^{11}$ or $-\text{NHCOR}^{11}$; R_4 is H, halogen, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SR}^{11}$ or $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$; and R_5 is H, nitro or halogen.

In one embodiment R_3 is NHAc, each of R_1 , R_2 , R_4 and R_5 is H. In a second embodiment R_1 is H or halogen such as Cl or F; R_2 is H, R_3 is halogen such as F or Cl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy such as OMe, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$ such as NMe_2 or $-\text{NHCOOR}^{13}$ such as $-\text{NHCOOBu}^t$; R_4 is H and R_5 is halogen such as F, Cl, Br, or is CF_3 .

In a third embodiment R^1 is H, nitro or halogen such as Cl; R^2 is H; R_3 is H, hydroxy, $-\text{OCOR}^{11}$ such as OAc, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{OCOR}^{11}$ such as $-\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{OAc}$ or $-\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{OR}^{11}$ such as $-\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{OH}$; R_4 is H and R_5 is H or halogen such as F or Cl; or R_2 and R_3 form a benzene ring together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached.

In a fourth embodiment R_1 is H; R_2 is H and R_3 is $-\text{CH}_2\text{SR}^{11}$ such as $-\text{CH}_2\text{SMe}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SCOR}^{11}$ such as $-\text{CH}_2\text{SAC}$,

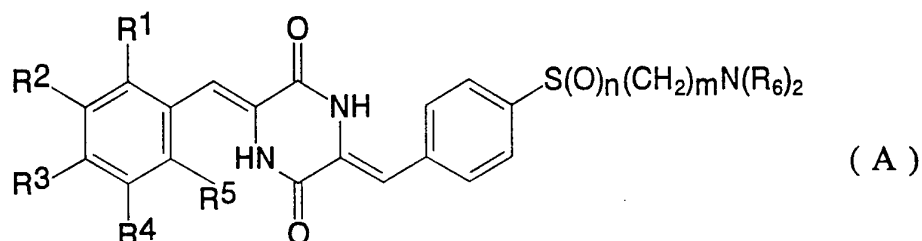
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-NHCO(CH₂)_nCO₂R¹¹ such as -NHCO(CH₂)₃CO₂Me, -O(CH₂)_nCO₂R¹¹ such as -O(CH₂)₄CO₂H, -O(CH₂)N(R¹¹R¹²) such as -O(CH₂)₃-NMe₂, or -N(R¹¹R¹²) such as -NMe₂ or R₂ is -CH₂SCOR¹³ such as -CH₂Sac or -CH₂SR¹¹ such as -CH₂SH and R₃ is H; and R₄ and R₅ are both H.

5 When X is a heterocyclic ring it is preferably a 2-indole, 3-indole, 2-furan, 3-furan, 2-thiophene, 3-thiophene, 2-pyridine, 3-pyridine, 4-pyridine, 2-quinoline, 4-quinoline, 2-indole or 4-indole group. When the indole group is N-substituted by C₁-C₆ alkyl, it is preferably N-methyl substituted.

Preferred values for m are 2 and 3. At least one R₆ group is typically methyl. Preferably both groups R₆ are methyl.

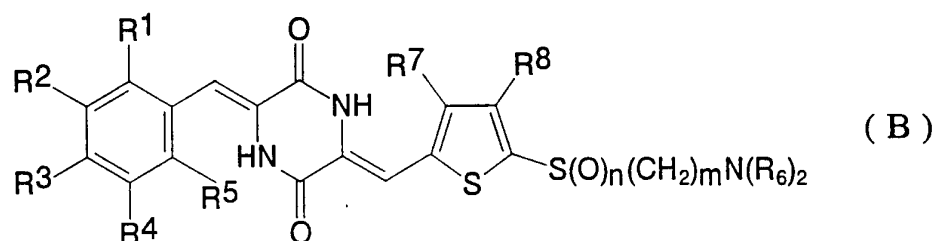
One group of compounds of formula (I) have the following structure (A):



20

wherein R₁ to R₆ are as defined above, n is 0, 1 or 2 and m is 2 or 3. Typically each of R₁ to R₅ is hydrogen.

Another group of compounds of formula (I) have the following structure (B):

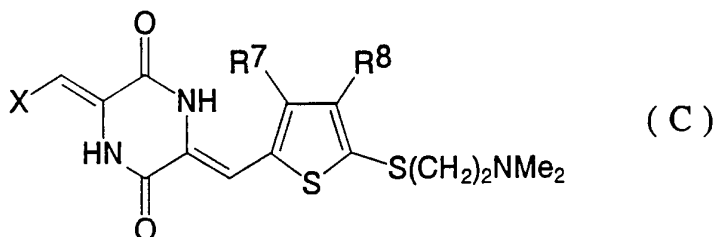


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wherein R_1 to R_8 are as defined above, n is 0, 1 or 2 and m is 2 or 3. Typically each of R_1 to R_5 is hydrogen.

A third group of compounds of formula (I) have the following structure (C):



10

wherein X , R_7 and R_8 are as defined above for formula (I).

Examples of specific compounds of formula (I) are as follows. The compound numbering given in brackets is adhered to in the rest of the specification. Unless specifically allocated a separate number, the hydrochloride salts of compounds of formula (I) are referred to herein using the

15

(3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Chlorobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5292)

20

(3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Dimethylaminobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5424)

(3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Bromobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5425)

25

(3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Chlorobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5437)

(3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Cyanobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5462)

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- (3Z,6Z) -3- (3,4-Dichlorobenzylidene) -6- (4- (2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5465)
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (3-Cyanobenzylidene) -6- (4- (2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5476)
- 5 (3Z,6Z) -3- (4-Bromobenzylidene) -6- (4- (2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5480)
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (4-Benzoyloxybenzylidene) -6- (4- (2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5481)
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (3-Benzoyloxybenzylidene) -6- (4- (2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5486)
- 10 (3Z,6Z) -3- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -6- (4-trifluoromethylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5294)
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -6- (4-nitrobenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5461)
- 15 (3Z,6Z) -3- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -6- (4-methylthiobenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5426)
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -6- (4-tert-butylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5440)
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -6- (4-methylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5463)
- 20 (3Z,6Z) -3- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -6- (4-methoxycarbonylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5478)
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -6- (4-methoxybenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5479)
- 25 (3Z,6Z) -6- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -3- (3-furylmethylene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5129)
- (3Z,6Z) -6- (4- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene) -3- (3-thienylmethylene) -2,5-piperazinedione (5133)

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- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(2-naphthylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5284)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-nitrobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5422)
- 5 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-trifluoromethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5423)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5438)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-methylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5439)
- 10 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-methoxy-4-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5490)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5491)
- 15 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(1-methyl-3-indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5497)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5128)
- 20 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylsulphanyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5141)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-3-nitrobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5400)
- 25 (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5257)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5279)

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- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(2-naphthyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5286)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-trifluoromethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5293)
- 5 (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(2-fluorenylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5301)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(4-quinolylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5307)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-
- 10 (2-quinolylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5308)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5314)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3-trifluoromethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5315)
- 15 (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3-nitrobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5316)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-nitrobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5428)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-
- 20 (4-methylthiobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5429)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-tert-butylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5430)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(2-methylpropylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5448)
- 25 (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(2-(3,3-dimethylcyclohexyl)ethylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5455)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-

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- (4-methylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5460)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5464)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-methoxycarbonylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5477)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3-methoxy-4-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5488)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(2-methoxy-1-naphthyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5499)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3,3-dimethyl-1-butylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5502)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-(2-thiophenecarboxamido)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5507)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(3-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5470)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(2-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5471)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(4-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (5472)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(1-methyl-3-indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5473)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-diisopropylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5399)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-4-nitro-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5403)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,3-dihydro-5-benzofuranyl)methylene-6-(5-(2-

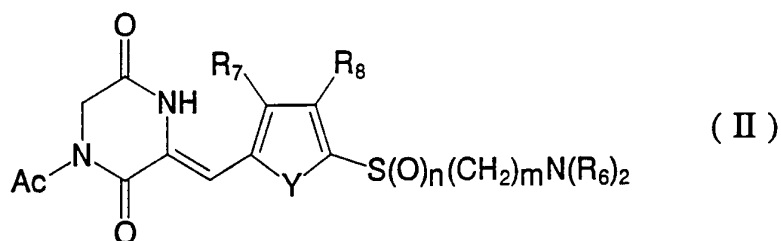
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- dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5311)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5131)
- 5 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Dimethylaminobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5280)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Acetamidobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5300)
- 10 (3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Chlorobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5291)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(2-Bromobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5313)
- 15 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Chlorobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5427)
- 20 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Cyanobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5431)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(3,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5432)
- 25 (3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Bromobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5433)

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- (3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Cyanobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5434)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Cyclohexylmethylene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5454)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Benzyloxybenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5482)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Benzyloxybenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5487)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Bromobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5489)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(9-Anthrylmethylene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5498)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(6-dimethylaminohexylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5442)
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-furyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5253)
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(6,6-dimethyl-bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-enyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione (5508)
- Compounds of formula (I) may be prepared by a process which comprises either (i) condensing a compound of formula (II)

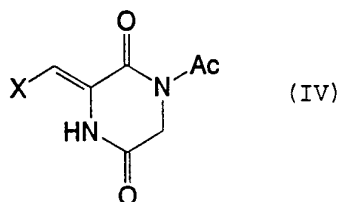
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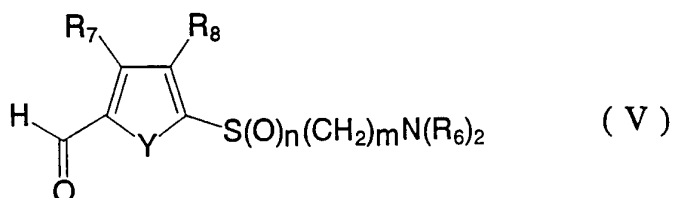
wherein Y, R₆, R₇, R₈, n and m are as defined above, with a compound of formula (III):



wherein X is as defined above and wherein any of the substituents on X is optionally protected, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; or (ii) condensing a compound of formula (IV):



20 wherein X is as defined above and wherein any of the substituents on X is optionally protected, with a compound of formula (V):



wherein Y, R₆, R₇, R₈, n and m are as defined above, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; and, in either case

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(i) or (ii), if required, removing optionally present protecting groups and/or, if desired, converting one compound of formula (I) into another compound of formula (I), and/or, if desired, converting a compound of formula (I) into a
5 pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, and/or, if desired, converting a salt or ester into a free compound, and/or, if desired, separating a mixture of isomers of compounds of formula (I) into the single isomers.

A compound of formula (I) produced directly by the
10 condensation reaction between (II) and (III) or (IV) and (V) may be modified, if desired, by converting one or more of the substituent groups on X into different substituent groups. These optional conversions may be carried out by methods known in themselves. For example, a compound of formula (III) or
15 (IV) in which X bears one or more substituents which is an ester group may be converted to a compound of formula (I) wherein the corresponding substituent is a free -COOH group, by acid or alkaline hydrolysis at a suitable temperature, for example from ambient temperature to 100°C.

20 A compound of formula (I) in which one or more of the substituent groups on X is a -CO₂H group may be converted into a compound of formula (I) wherein the corresponding substituent is esterified by esterification, for example by treating the carboxylic acid with a suitable C₁-C₆ alkyl
25 alcohol in the presence of 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide in an inert solvent.

A compound of formula (I) in which one or more of the substituent groups on X is a free -CO₂H group may be converted

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into a compound of formula (I) in which the corresponding substituent is a group $-\text{CON}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, wherein R^{11} and R^{12} are as defined above, for example by treatment with ammonia or an amine in the presence of 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide in an inert solvent.

A compound of formula (I) in which one or more of the substituent groups on X is a free $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ group may be converted into a compound of formula (I) wherein the corresponding substituent is a $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ group by reduction, for example using borane in a suitable solvent such as tetrahydrofuran.

Protecting groups for any of the substituents on group X in compounds of formulae (III) or (IV) are optionally introduced prior to step (i) or step (ii) when any of groups R_1 to R_5 are groups which are sensitive to the condensation reaction conditions or incompatible with the condensation reaction, for example a $-\text{COOH}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ or amino group. The protecting groups are then removed at the end of the process. Any conventional protecting group suitable for the group in question may be employed, and may be introduced and subsequently removed by well-known standard methods.

The condensation reaction between compounds (II) and (III) or (IV) and (V) is suitably performed in the presence of a base which is potassium t-butoxide, sodium hydride, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, caesium carbonate, sodium acetate, potassium fluoride on alumina, or triethylamine in a solvent such as dimethylformamide, or in the presence of potassium t-butoxide in t-butanol or a mixture of t-butanol and dimethylformamide. The reaction is typically

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performed at a temperature between 0°C and the reflux temperature of the solvent. Typically the base is caesium carbonate, the solvent is dimethylformamide and the temperature is about 90°C.

5 The compounds of formula (II) may be prepared by a process comprising reacting 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione with a compound of formula (V) as defined above, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent. Similarly, the compounds of formula (IV) may be prepared by a process which
10 comprises reacting 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione with a compound of formula (III) as defined above, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent. Typically the base is potassium t-butoxide/butanol, the solvent is THF and the reaction temperature is from 0°C to room temperature.

15 If necessary, the resulting compound of formula (II) or (IV) can be separated from other reaction products by chromatography.

 The reaction of 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione with the compound of formula (V) or (III) is suitably performed
20 under the same conditions as described above for the condensation between compounds (II) and (III), or (IV) and (V).

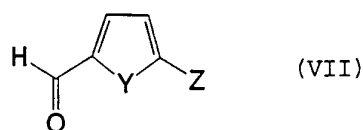
 The substituted benzaldehydes of formulae (III) and (V) are known compounds, or can be prepared from readily
25 available starting materials by conventional methods, for example by analogy with the methods described in Reference Examples 2, 3 and 6 to 10 which follow. For instance, a compound of formula (V) may be prepared by treating a compound

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of formula (VI):



wherein n is 0 and m and R₆ are as defined above, or an acid
5 addition salt thereof, with a compound of formula (VII):



10 wherein Y is as defined above and Z is a leaving group, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent. Z is, for example, a halogen such as bromine or a nitro group. The base may be, for instance, sodium hydride and the organic solvent may be dimethyl sulphoxide (DMSO).

15 Compounds of formula (I), (II) or (V) wherein n is 1 or 2 may be prepared from the corresponding compound of formula (I), (II) or (V) wherein n is 0 by oxidation. Any conventional oxidation conditions may be employed. A suitable oxidising agent is, for example, sodium periodate. Reference
20 Example 5 illustrates such a process.

The 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione used as a starting material in the preparation of compounds of formulae (II) and (IV) may be prepared by treating 2,5-piperazinedione (glycine anhydride) with an acetylating agent. The acetylation may be
25 performed using any conventional acetylating agent, for example acetic anhydride under reflux or, alternatively, acetic anhydride at a temperature below reflux in the presence of 4-dimethylaminopyridine.

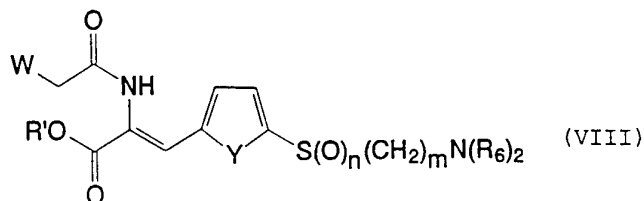
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Compounds of formula (I) may also be prepared by a process comprising the microwave irradiation of (i) a mixture comprising a compound of formula (II) as defined above, a compound of formula (III) and potassium fluoride on alumina, or (ii) a mixture comprising a compound of formula (IV) a compound of formula (V) and potassium fluoride on alumina, or (iii) a mixture comprising 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, a compound of formula (III), a compound of formula (V) and potassium fluoride on alumina. The irradiation is performed in the absence of a solvent.

Compounds of formula (I) may also be obtained directly by a process which comprises condensing together 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, a compound of formula (III) and a compound of formula (V) in the presence of a base in an organic solvent. Suitable bases, solvents and reaction conditions are as described above for the condensation reaction between, for example, compounds (II) and (III).

An alternative direct process for the preparation of compounds of formula (I) comprises condensing together 2,5-piperazinedione, a compound of formula (III) and a compound of formula (V) in the presence of sodium acetate and acetic anhydride at elevated temperature, for example under reflux.

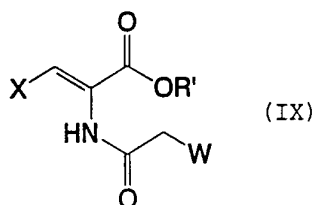
An alternative process for the preparation of compounds of formula (II) comprises treating a compound of formula (VIII):



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wherein n, m and R₆ are as defined above, W is a halogen and R' is a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, with ammonia followed by acetic anhydride.

Compounds of formula (IV) may be prepared by an analogous process which comprises treating a compound of formula (IX):



wherein X, W and R' are as defined above, with ammonia followed by acetic anhydride.

W in formula (VIII) or (IX) is typically iodine. R' is, for example, a C₁-C₄ alkyl group such as a methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, butyl, sec-butyl or tert-butyl group.

A review of synthetic approaches to unsaturated 3-monosubstituted and 3,6-disubstituted-2,5-piperazinediones is provided in Heterocycles, 1983, 20, 1407 (C.Shin).

Compounds of formula (I) may be optionally washed after any of the above preparative procedures with one or more of the following: water, ethanol, ethyl acetate and diethyl ether.

Where appropriate compounds of formula (I) may be optionally recrystallised from a suitable solvent such as methanol.

Compounds of formula (I) may be converted into pharmaceutically acceptable salts, and salts may be converted into the free compound, by conventional methods. Suitable

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salts include salts with pharmaceutically acceptable, inorganic or organic acids.

Examples of inorganic acids include hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid and orthophosphoric acid. Examples of organic acids include p-toluenesulphonic acid, methanesulphonic acid, mucic acid and succinic acid.

Hydrochloride salts, for example, may be prepared by bubbling gaseous HCl through a solution of the compound in dry THF or DMF.

The diketopiperazines of formula (I) and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters (referred to hereinafter as the "present compounds") have utility as inhibitors of PAI. Elevated levels of PAI-1, by reducing the net endogenous fibrinolytic capacity, can contribute to the pathogenesis of various thrombotic disorders including myocardial infarction, deep vein thrombosis and disseminated intravascular coagulation. The present compounds therefore can act as inhibitors of the tPA/PAI-1 interaction. The present compounds can be used in the treatment of haemostatic disorders. A human or animal, e.g. a mammal, can therefore be treated by a method comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a diketopiperazine of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically or veterinarily acceptable salt thereof.

Tissue plasminogen activator (tPA) is used as a fibrinolytic agent in the treatment of thrombotic disorders. The efficacy of the tPA in this role may be enhanced if it is administered together with a PAI inhibitor. A human or

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animal, e.g. a mammal, can therefore be treated by a method comprising the combined administration of a therapeutically effective amount of tPA and a therapeutically effective amount of any one of the present compounds. The present invention
5 also provides products containing a diketopiperazine of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof and tPA as a combined preparation for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of thrombotic disorders, for example where there is inappropriate PAI
10 activity. In such products the present compound is formulated for oral or parenteral (intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous) administration and the tPA is formulated for intravenous administration.

As one example, during acute myocardial infarction (MI)
15 one of the present compounds may be administered to a patient together with tPA to enhance the efficacy of the tPA treatment. As a further example, early re-occlusion following treatment of a patient with tPA may be prevented by the post-MI administration of one of the present compounds.

20 The present compounds have been tested in a PAI functional assay. In this assay, a compound is incubated with PAI-1 prior to addition to the tPA assay system. Inhibition of PAI-1 results in the production of plasmin from plasminogen. In turn, plasmin cleaves the chromogenic
25 substrate S2251 (Kabi Vitrum) producing pNA (p-nitroaniline) which is detected spectrophotometrically at 405 nm (K.Nilsson et al, Fibrinolysis (1987) 1, 163-168). The results of the assay are reported below.

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The present compounds can be administered in a variety of dosage forms, for example orally such as in the form of tablets, capsules, sugar- or film-coated tablets, liquid solutions or suspensions or parenterally, for example
5 intramuscularly, intravenously or subcutaneously. The present compounds may therefore be given by injection or infusion.

The dosage depends on a variety of factors including the age, weight and condition of the patient and the route of administration. Typically, however, the dosage adopted for
10 each route of administration when a compound of the invention is administered alone to adult humans is 0.001 to 10 mg/kg, most commonly in the range of 0.01 to 5 mg/kg, body weight. Such a dosage may be given, for example, from 1 to 5 times daily by bolus infusion, infusion over several hours and/or
15 repeated administration.

When one of the present compounds is administered in combination with tPA to adult humans, the dosage adopted for each route of administration is typically from 0.001 to 10 mg, more typically 0.01 to 5 mg per kg body weight for a compound
20 of the invention and from 5 to 500mg administered intravenously for the tPA. A suitable dosage regimen for the tPA is 100 mg given intravenously over 3 hours as follows: 10% of the total dose as an i.v. bolus over 1-2 minutes, 50% of the total dose as an infusion over 1 hour, 40% of the total
25 dose as an infusion over the subsequent 2 hours.

A diketopiperazine of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof is formulated for use as a pharmaceutical or veterinary composition also comprising a

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pharmaceutically or veterinarily acceptable carrier or diluent. The compositions are typically prepared following conventional methods and are administered in a pharmaceutically or veterinarily suitable form. An agent for
5 use as an inhibitor of PAI comprising any one of the present compounds is therefore provided.

For example, the solid oral forms may contain, together with the active compound, diluents such as lactose, dextrose, saccharose, cellulose, corn starch or potato starch;
10 lubricants such as silica, talc, stearic acid, magnesium or calcium stearate and/or polyethylene glycols; binding agents such as starches, arabic gums, gelatin, methylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose, or polyvinyl pyrrolidone; disintegrating agents such as starch, alginic acid, alginates
15 or sodium starch glycolate; effervescing mixtures; dyestuffs, sweeteners; wetting agents such as lecithin, polysorbates, lauryl sulphates. Such preparations may be manufactured in known manners, for example by means of mixing, granulating, tableting, sugar coating, or film-coating processes.

20 Liquid dispersions for oral administration may be syrups, emulsions and suspensions. The syrups may contain as carrier, for example, saccharose or saccharose with glycerol and/or mannitol and/or sorbitol. In particular, a syrup for diabetic patients can contain as carriers only products, for
25 example sorbitol, which do not metabolise to glucose or which only metabolise a very small amount to glucose. The suspensions and the emulsions may contain as carrier, for example, a natural gum, agar, sodium alginate, pectin,

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methylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose or polyvinyl alcohol.

Suspensions or solutions for intramuscular injections may contain, together with the active compound, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier such as sterile water, olive oil, ethyl oleate, glycols such as propylene glycol, and, if desired, a suitable amount of lidocaine hydrochloride. Some of the present compounds are insoluble in water. Such compounds may be encapsulated within liposomes.

The following Examples illustrate the invention:

Reference Example 1: Preparation of 1-acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione

1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione (25.0g, 126 mmol) was heated at 120-130°C in DMF (200 ml) with triethylamine (17.6 ml, 126 mmol) and benzaldehyde (13.0 ml, 126 mmol). After 4 h the mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured into EtOAc (1000 ml), and washed three times with brine. Any solid formed at this stage was filtered off. The filtrate was dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent removed in vacuo. The residue was recrystallised from EtOAc:Hexane to give 11.78 g (38%) of the title compound as a yellow solid.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ=2.69 (3H, s) 4.54 (2H, s) 7.20 (1H, s) 7.40 (3H, m), 7.48 (2H, m), 7.93 (1H, br.s)

MS(DCI, NH₃): 262 (MNH₄⁺, 20%), 245 (MH⁺, 53%), 220 (52%), 204 (100%), 203 (100%)

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Microanalysis	C	H	N
Calc	63.93	4.95	11.47
Found	64.11	5.02	11.41
	64.05	4.90	11.44

Reference Example 2: Preparation of 4-(2-

Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzaldehyde (5127)

10 2-dimethylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride (1.00g,
7.06mmol) was suspended in dry DMSO (20ml) and sodium hydride
(60% in mineral oil, 593mg, 2.1 equivs) was added. The
reaction mixture was left stirring for 40 mins to form
Me₂NCH₂CH₂SNa, before 4-bromobenzaldehyde (1.193g, 1 eq) was
15 added, and the reaction mixture was then warmed to 90°C under
nitrogen. After 1 hour at 90-100°C analysis by thin layer
chromatography (tlc) indicated almost complete disappearance
of the starting material. The reaction mixture was therefore
cooled, ethyl acetate was added and the mixture washed with
20 sodium carbonate solution and brine. The mixture was then
extracted with HCl (2N), basified and re-extracted with
dichloromethane, dried over magnesium sulphate and the solvent
was removed in vacuo to give the title compound as a yellow
oil (73%).

25

Reference Example 3: Preparation of 5-(2-

Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-
thiophenecarboxaldehyde

2-dimethylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride (1.85g, 13.09

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mmol) was suspended in dry DMSO and sodium hydride (60% dispersed in mineral oil, 1.10g, 2.1 equivs) was added carefully. The reaction mixture was left stirring for 1 hour before 5-bromo-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde (2.5g, 1.56ml, 13.09mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was then heated to 90°C under nitrogen.

After 3 hours the reaction mixture was cooled, diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with sodium carbonate (sat. soln, (3x)) before extracting with HCl (2N), basifying with sodium carbonate and reextracting with dichloromethane. The organic fraction was dried over magnesium sulphate and the solvent removed in vacuo to give the product as a brown oil (63% yield).

Reference Example 4: Preparation of 1-acetyl-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione)

A solution of 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione (2.27g, 11.48 mmol) and 4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio) benzaldehyde (4.01g), prepared as in Reference Example 2, in dry THF (70ml) was cooled to 0°C. Potassium t-butoxide in t-butanol (25ml) was added dropwise over a period of 15 mins. When the addition was complete the mixture was warmed to room temperature slowly and then stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. Tlc (EtOAc:hexane, 1:1) showed that no starting material remained. The mixture was therefore diluted with ethyl acetate (150ml) and washed with sodium carbonate. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulphate and the

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solvent removed under vacuum. The resultant solid was then recrystallised from ethyl acetate and hexane and the resulting crystals filtered and dried.

5 Reference Example 5: Preparation of 4-(2-
 Dimethylaminoethylsulphonyl)
 benzaldehyde

Sodium periodate (512 mg, 2.39 mmol) was dissolved in water (10 ml) and cooled to 0°C. 4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzaldehyde (0.5g, 2.39 mmol), prepared as described in Reference Example 2, was then added in methanol (2 ml) and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature and then later warmed to 35°C. After 7 hours the reaction mixture was basified using sodium carbonate and exhaustively extracted with dichloromethane, dried over magnesium sulphate and the solvent removed in vacuo to yield the title compound as an oil in a yield of 53%.

Reference Example 6:

Preparation of 5-(6-
Dimethylaminohexylthio)-2-
thiophenecarboxaldehyde

6-dimethylaminohexanol was suspended in CH_2Cl_2 and treated with p-toluenesulphonic anhydride in the presence of triethylamine for 1 hour at 0°C . The reaction mixture was then treated with potassium thioacetate in DMF at 50°C for a further hour. The resulting compound, $\text{AcS}(\text{CH}_2)_6\text{NMe}_2$, was treated with sodium carbonate in methanol at room temperature for 20 hours to give 6-(dimethylamino)hexanethiol. This was

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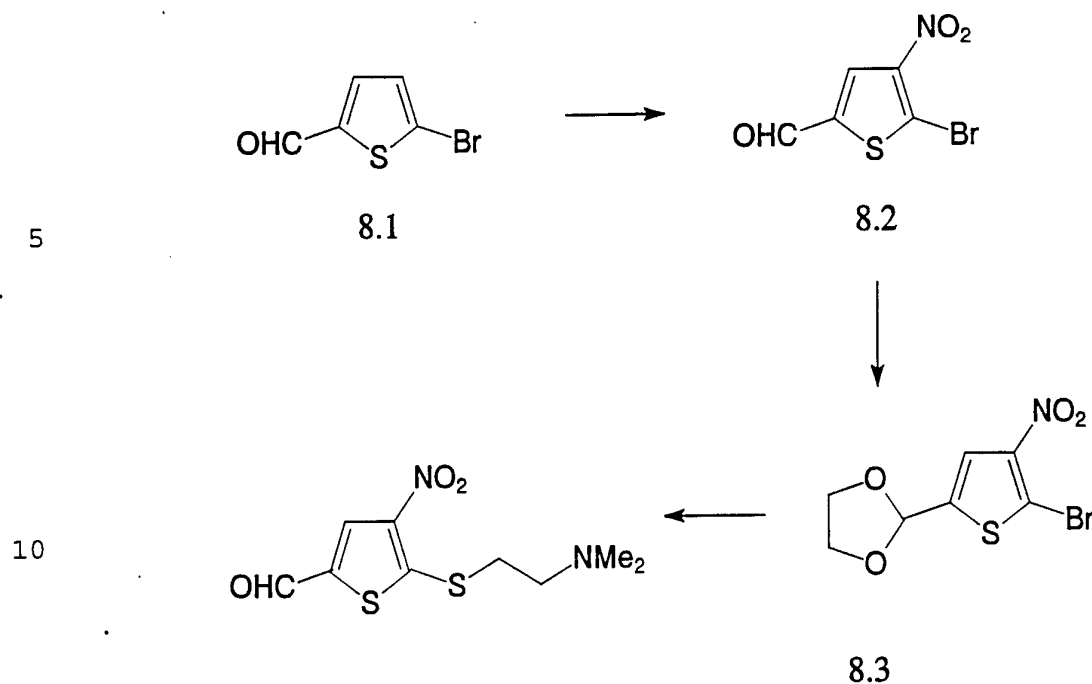
suspended in dry DMSO at room temperature and sodium hydride was added. The reaction mixture was left stirring for 30 mixtures. 5-bromo-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde in DMSO was then added and the reaction mixture was warmed to 80°C for 30
5 minutes to give the title compound. This is the starting aldehyde used in the preparation of compound 5442.

Reference Example 7: Preparation of 5-(2-
 dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-
 furancarboxaldehyde

2-Dimethylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride was suspended in dry DMSO and sodium hydride was added. The reaction mixture was left stirring for 40 minutes before 5-nitro-2-furancarboxaldehyde was added. The reaction mixture was
15 allowed to stir for 30 minutes at room temperature, to give the title compound. This is the starting aldehyde used in the synthesis of compound 5253.

Reference Example 8: Preparation of 5-(2-dimethylamino
ethylothio)-4-nitro-2-
thiophenecarboxaldehyde

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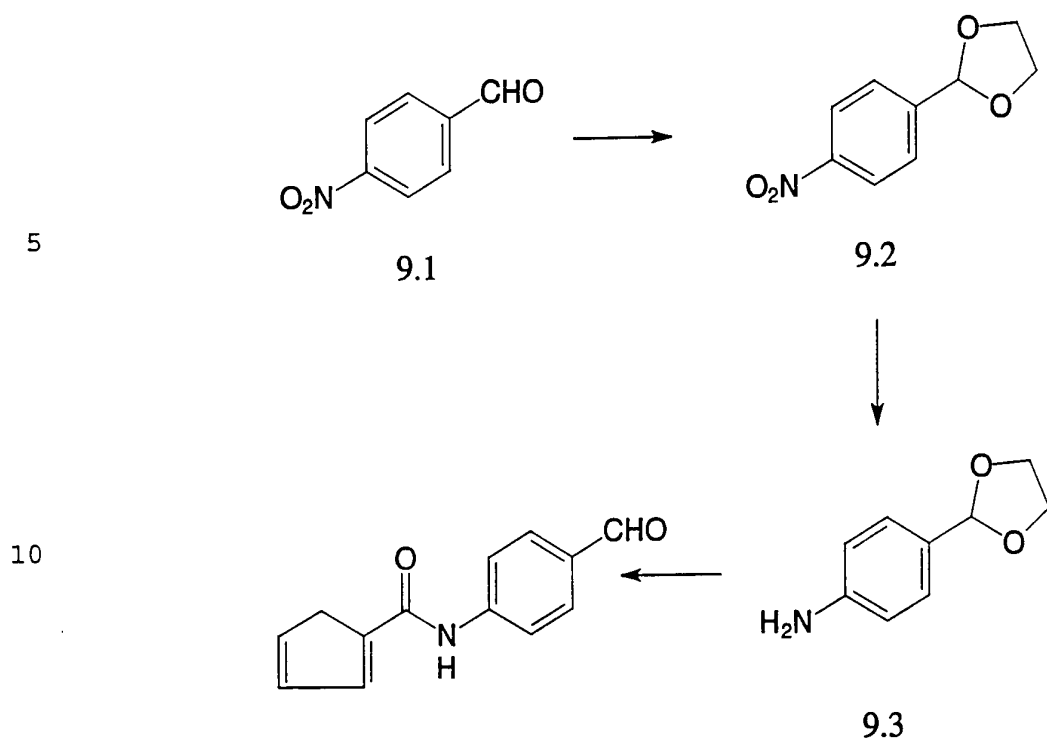


15 5-Bromo-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde (8.1) was treated with HNO_3 and H_2SO_4 at -5°C for 90 minutes to give compound 8.2 in 58% yield. Compound 8.2 was then treated with ethylene glycol, p-toluenesulphonic acid and toluene at reflux for 2 hours. Column chromatography of the reaction mixture gave compound 8.3 in 51% yield. This was then treated with $\text{Me}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SNa}$, prepared as described in Reference Example 2, followed by HCl (2M) to give the title compound in 74% yield. This is the starting aldehyde used in the preparation of compound 5403.

20

25 Reference Example 9: Preparation of 4-(2-(2-thiophenecarboxamido)benzaldehyde

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4-Nitrobenzaldehyde, compound 9.1, was treated with ethylene glycol and p-toluenesulphonic acid in toluene under reflux in a Dean and Stark apparatus. Compound 9.2 was obtained in 70% yield. The product was reduced by catalytic hydrogenation over a PtO_2 catalyst in ethanol to give compound 9.3, which was then treated with 2-thiophenecarbonyl chloride in CH_2Cl_2 in the presence of triethylamine at 0°C , with warming to room temperature. The product was recrystallised from EtOAc/hexane and then treated with HCl (1M) and THF to give the title compound in 60% yield. This is the starting aldehyde used in the preparation of compound 5507.

25

Reference Example 10: Preparation of 5-(2-(diisopropylamino)ethyl)-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde

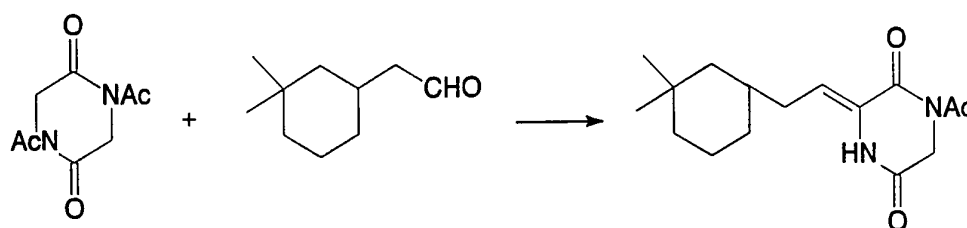
2-(Diisopropylamino)ethanethiol hydrochloride was treated with

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sodium hydride in DMSO at room temperature for 1 hour. 5-Bromo-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde in DMSO was then added and the reaction mixture was maintained at room temperature for 3 hours. The title compound was obtained in 36% yield. This is the starting aldehyde used in the preparation of compound 5399.

Reference Example 11: Preparation of compounds of formula (IV)

10



15

11.1

11.2

11.3

1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, compound 11.1, was treated with the aldehyde 11.2 in THF in the presence of potassium t-butoxide/t-butanol at 0°C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature over 16 hours to give compound 11.3, which is used in the preparation of compound 5455.

By replacing 11.2 with the appropriately substituted aldehyde, compounds of formula (IV) as defined earlier can be prepared in which X is a cyclohexyl or isopropyl group. These are starting compounds in the preparation of, respectively, compounds 5454 and 5448.

25

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Example 1: Preparation of 5128

1-acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione (1.141g, 4.68 mmol), prepared as described in Reference Example 1, and caesium carbonate (1.523g, 1 eq) were suspended in dry dimethylformamide (DMF). 4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-benzaldehyde (1.125g, 1.1 eq), prepared as described in Reference Example 2, was then added. The reaction mixture was heated to 90°C. After 1 hour water was added and the mixture was stirred overnight. The mixture was then filtered and the solid collected and recrystallised from methanol/dichloromethane to yield the product as a pale yellow solid (62%).

Example 2: Preparation of 5129

1-acetyl-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione (1.0g, 4.27mmol) was dissolved in dry DMF (10ml) and caesium carbonate (1.39g, 1 eq) and 5127 (893 mg, 1 eq), prepared as described in Reference Example 2, were added. The reaction mixture was then heated to 90°C with stirring. After 2 hours the reaction mixture was cooled, water added and the resulting solid collected by filtration and recrystallised from methanol/dichloromethane. The product was obtained as a yellow solid (17%).

Example 3: Preparation of 5131

1-acetyl-3-benzylidene 2,5-piperazinedione (500mg, 2.05 mmol), prepared as described in Reference Example 1, was dissolved in dry DMF (4ml) and 5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-

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thiophenecarboxaldehyde (485 mg, 1.1 eq), prepared as described in Reference Example 3, was added together with caesium carbonate (668mg, 1 eq). The reaction mixture was heated to 90°C. After 1 hour, analysis by tlc showed there was no starting material present. The reaction mixture was therefore cooled, water was added and the precipitate collected by filtration. This was then recrystallised from methanol/dichloromethane to yield the title compound as a yellow solid (53%).

10

Example 4: Preparation of 5133

The product of Reference Example 4 (1g, 3.1 mmol) was heated to 90°C with caesium carbonate (1.01g, 1 eq) and thiophene-3-carboxaldehyde (0.35g, 1 eq). After 3 hours the mixture was cooled to room temperature and water was added. The solid which formed was filtered and washed with water, methanol and diethylether. The solid was recrystallised from methanol/dichloromethane and the resulting crystals filtered and dried to give 0.458g of the title compound (37.09% yield).

15
20**Example 5: Preparation of 5141**

1-acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione (260 mg, 1.07 mmol) was dissolved in dry DMF (2 ml) and caesium carbonate (34.8 mg, 1 eq) together with 4-(2-dimethylaminoethylsulphinyl)benzaldehyde (240 mg, 1 eq), prepared as in Reference Example 5, were added. The reaction mixture was heated at 80°C for 2 hours and the reaction mixture was then cooled and water added. The precipitate

25

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produced was collected by filtration and recrystallised from methanol/dichloromethane. The title compound was obtained in 30% yield.

5 **Example 6: Preparation of salts**

5128.HCl, the salt with hydrochloric acid of 5128, was prepared as follows. 5128 (300mg, 0.76 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF(200ml) and anhydrous hydrogen chloride gas was bubbled through the solution. The solvent was removed in vacuo and
10 the resulting solid recrystallised from methanol. The salt was obtained in 78% yield.

By the same procedure 5129.HCl was obtained from 5129 in 73% yield, 5131.HCl was obtained from 5131 in 76% yield, 5133.HCl was obtained from 5133 in 62% yield, and 5141.HCl was
15 obtained from 5141.

Example 7: Testing of the present compounds as PAI inhibitors

The present compounds were tested in a PAI chromogenic substrate assay. In the assay (K.Nilsson, Fibrinolysis (1987)
20 1, 163-168) each compound was incubated with PAI-1 prior to addition to the tPA assay system. Inhibition of PAI-1 by the compounds of formula (I) resulted in the production of plasmin from plasminogen. In turn, the plasmin cleaved the chromogenic substrate S2251 (Kabi-Vitrum) producing pNA (p-
25 nitroaniline) which was detected spectrophotometrically at 405 nm.

The degrees of inhibition observed in the chromogenic substrate assay at various concentrations, or the IC₅₀ values, for each compound are presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Compound	% Inhibition			IC ₅₀ μm
	100μm	20μm	5μm	
5128.HCl	69	71	5	10.0
5129.HCl	50	68	51	4.5
5141.HCl	34	6	0	
5133.HCl	24	66		3.0
5284				3.0
5284.HCl				3.0
5292				3.0
5294				2.5
5292.HCl				2.0
5294.HCl				10.0
5131.HCl	56	65		5.0
5257	41	77		7.0
5279	68	64		20.0
5280	99	82		20.0
5286	98	87		8.0
5300.HCl	26	41	10	
5286.HCl	98	77		14.0
5291				20.0
5293				20.0
5291.HCl				20.0
5293.HCl				20.0
5300	70	64		25.0
5301	107	65		20.0
5307	88	83		8.5
5308	80	81		4.7
5307.HCl				18.0
5308.HCl	93	93		4.5
5311				15.0

5279.HCl				13.0
5313		10		
5314				3.50
5315				20.0
5316		10		
5313.HCl				20.0
5314.HCl				9.5
5315.HCl		10		
5316.HCl		10		
5280.HCl		20		
5311.HCl				20.0
5399		43	23	
5399.HCl		31	18	
5400		60	61	4.50
5422		21	3	
5422.HCl		28	5	
5423		11	2	
5423.HCl		35	2	20.0
5424		23	6	13.70
5424.HCl		45	8	15.70
5425		57	37	3.70
5425.HCl		47	56	2.20
5426		52	25	5.70
5426.HCl		55	35	5.40
5437		41	8	20.00
5437.HCl		44	18	16.50
5438		18	3	
5438.HCl		20	3	
5439		46	5	15.0
5439.HCl		35	6	17.0
5440		30	11	
5440.HCl		36	20	
5461		44	1	

5461.HCl		56	10	
5462		43	41	
5462.HCl		41	45	
5463		78	76	4.0
5463.HCl		80	78	3.10
5465		73	32	3.60
5465.HCl		76	42	2.60
5403		52	26	20.0
5403.HCl		60	12	
5448		0	0	
5454		75	47	5.5
5454.HCl		69	25	5.3
5455		59	30	6.5
5460		83	34	12.2
5460.HCl		78	31	12.6
5464		58	19	10.5
5464.HCl		61	17	11.2
5470		0	1	
5470.HCl		1	1	
5471		1	0	
5471.HCl		2	1	
5472		22	0	
5473		61	25	13.8
5473.HCl		54	10	20.0
5477		59	10	20
5477.HCl		69	19	15.4
5482		50	12	20
5482.HCl		59	13	20
5487		60	15	8.6
5487.HCl		54	7	7.2
5488		64	14	8.2
5488.HCl		60	15	7.6
5489		56	6	13.6

5489.HCl		55	9	12.6
5497		72	17	11.0
5497.HCl		59	12	11.5
5498		52	15	20
5498.HCl		71	19	11.5
5476		38	21	
5476.HCl		34	11	
5478.HCl		60	3	16.9
5479		70	66	4.3
5479.HCl		75	62	4.8
5480		74	53	5.2
5480.HCl		76	52	5.2
5481		56	9	20
5481.HCl		55	10	20
5486		55	13	20
5486.HCl		49	4	20
5490		48	6	20
5490.HCl		66	12	10.8
5491		65	0	14.2
5491.HCl		47	0	20
5499		61	2	11.8
5499.HCl		54	0	18.4
5502		12	0	>20
5502.HCl		32	0	>20

Example 8: Pharmaceutical Composition

Tablets, each weighing 0.15 g and containing 25 mg of a compound of the invention can be manufactured as follows:

Composition for 10,000 tablets

compound of the invention (250 g)

lactose (800 g)

corn starch (415 g)

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talc powder (30 g)

magnesium stearate (5 g)

The compound of the invention, lactose and half of the corn starch are mixed. The mixture is then forced through a sieve 0.5 mm mesh size. Corn starch (10 g) is suspended in warm water (90 ml). The resulting paste is used to granulate the powder. The granulate is dried and broken up into small fragments on a sieve of 1.4 mm mesh size. The remaining quantity of starch, talc and magnesium stearate is added, carefully mixed and processed into tablets.

Example 9: Characterisation of the present compounds

The compounds and salts prepared in the preceding Examples were characterised by mass spectroscopic, microanalytical and proton NMR techniques. The results are set out in Table 2:

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5129	C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ S	384(20), 311(100)	ESI	CDCl ₃ /400MHz	2.32 (6H,s), 2.55 (2H,t), 3.10 (2H,t), 6.60 (1H,s), 6.83 (1H,s), 6.97 (1H,s), 7.32 (2H,d), 7.38 (2H,d), 7.56 (1H,s), 7.70 (1H,s), 7.82 (1H,brs), 8.06 (1H,brs)
5131	C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	400(100), 219(10) 234(10)	ESI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.17 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.01 (2H,t), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 7.19 (1H,d), 7.31-7.55 (6H,m), 10.2 (2H,br)
5133	C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	400(100)	ESI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.20 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.11 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.41 (1H,m), 7.50 (2H,d), 7.61 (1H,m), 7.95 (1H,m), 10.15 (2H,br)
5141	C ₂₂ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S	410(100)	ESI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.18 (6H,s), 2.30-2.40 (1H,m), 2.65- 2.75 (1H,m), 2.77-2.87 (1H,m), 3.02- 3.12 (1H,m), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.82 (1H,s), 7.30-7.37 (1H,m), 7.40-7.47 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.65-7.75 (4H,m), 10.30 (2H,brs)
5284	C ₂₆ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S			CDCl ₃ /400MHz	2.30 (6H,s), 2.62 (2H,t), 3.10 (2H,t), 7.00 (1H,s), 7.17 (1H,s), 7.33 (2H,d), 7.40 (2H,d), 7.45-7.48 (1H,m), 7.54- 7.57 (2H,m), 7.85-7.95 (4H,m), 8.12 (1H,brs), 8.30 (1H,brs)
5284.HCl	C ₂₆ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	444(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.82 (6H,s), 3.30 (2H,t), 3.39 (2H,t), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.95 (1H,s), 7.44 (2H,d), 7.52-7.65 (5H,m), 7.88-7.95 (3H,m), 8.10 (1H,s), 10.25 (2H,brs), 10.45 (1H,brs)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5128.HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	394(45), 321(100)	ESI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.78 (6H, s), 3.22 (2H, m), 3.48 (2H, m), 6.77 (1H, s), 6.80 (1H, s), 7.30-7.55 (9H, m), 10.26 (1H, s), 10.28 (1H, s), 10.55 (1H, brs)
5129.HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl	384(100)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.78 (6H, s), 3.25 (2H, m), 3.40 (2H, m), 6.70 (1H, s), 6.76 (1H, s), 6.95 (1H, s), 7.45 (2H, d), 7.55 (2H, d), 7.76 (1H, s), 8.23 (1H, s), 9.86 (1H, s), 10.18 (1H, s), 10.28 (1H, brs)
5141.HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl	410(100)	DCI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.78 (6H, s), 3.18 (1H, m), 3.30 (1H, m), 3.45 (1H, m), 3.56 (1H, m), 6.80 (1H, s), 6.84 (1H, s), 7.34 (1H, m), 7.47 (2H, m), 7.55 (2H, d), 7.78 (2H, d), 10.30 (1H, br), 10.35 (1H, s), 10.45 (1H, s)
5133.HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl			d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.80 (6H, s), 3.25 (2H, m), 3.41 (2H, m), 6.78 (1H, s), 6.85 (1H, s), 7.40 (1H, m), 7.45 (2H, d), 7.55 (2H, d), 7.62 (1H, m), 7.99 (1H, m), 10.03 (1H, s), 10.22 (1H, s), 10.50 (1H, br)
5131.HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	400(100)	ESI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.78 (6H, s), 3.25 (4H, s), 6.70 (1H, s), 6.89 (1H, s), 7.32-7.55 (7H, m), 9.90 (1H, s), 10.13 (1H, brs), 10.32 (1H, s)
5286.HCl	C ₂₄ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	450(10)	DCI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.73 (6H, s), 3.20-3.30 (4H, m), 6.90 (1H, s), 6.95 (1H, s), 7.32 (1H, d), 7.47-7.55 (3H, m), 7.62 (1H, d), 7.88-7.98 (3H, m), 8.12 (1H, s), 10.00 (1H, brs), 10.50 (1H, brs)
5291	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O ₂ S ₂	434(35)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.15 (6H, s), 2.50 (2H, t), 3.01 (2H, t), 6.71 (1H, s), 6.85 (1H, s), 7.15 (1H, d), 7.35-7.47 (4H, m), 7.57 (1H, s)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5292	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O ₂ S	428(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.15 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 6.70 (1H,s), 6.73 (1H,s), 7.30-7.50 (7H,m), 7.60 (1H,s), 10.30 (1H,brs)
5293	C ₂₁ H ₂₀ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	468(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.15 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.01 (2H,t), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.15 (1H,d), 7.40 (1H,d), 7.70-7.75 (4H,m), 10.35 (1H,brs)
5294	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S	462(10)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.18 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.10 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 7.32 (2H,d), 7.50 (2H,d), 7.70-7.72 (4H,m), 10.37 (2H,brs)
5291.HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	434(15)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.75 (6H,s), 3.20-3.31 (4H,m), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.90 (1H,s), 7.35-7.50 (5H,m), 7.60 (1H,s), 9.95 (1H,brs), 10.55 (1H,brs), 10.80 (1H,brs)
5292.HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	428(20)	DCI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.80 (6H,s), 3.22 (2H,t), 3.42 (2H,t), 6.72 (1H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 7.35-7.58 (8H,m), 10.35 (1H,brs), 10.50 (1H,brs), 10.70 (1H,brs)
5293.HCl	C ₂₁ H ₂₀ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	468(25)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.75 (6H,s), 3.22-3.30 (4H,m), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.90 (1H,s), 7.35 (1H,d), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.68-7.45 (4H,m), 10.00 (1H,brs), 10.55 (1H,brs), 10.75 (1H,brs)
5294.HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	462(10)	DCI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.75 (6H,s), 3.20 (2H,t), 3.45 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 7.45 (2H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.70-7.75 (4H,m), 10.35 (1H,brs), 10.50 (1H,brs)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5307	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂			d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.17 (6H,s), 2.54 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.15 (1H,s), 7.20 (1H,d), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.55 (1H,d), 7.62-7.80 (2H,m), 7.95 (1H,d), 8.05 (1H,d), 8.88 (1H,d)
5308	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂			d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.18 (6H,s), 2.55 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 6.85 (1H,s), 6.95 (1H,s), 7.18 (1H,d), 7.50 (1H,d), 7.50-7.55 (1H,m), 7.65 (1H,d), 7.82-7.86 (1H,m), 8.00 (2H,d), 8.45 (1H,d), 13.15 (1H,brs)
5307.HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	451(20)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.75 (6H,s), 3.25 (4H,m), 6.92 (1H,s), 7.20 (1H,s), 7.35 (1H,d), 7.50 (1H,d), 7.79-7.90 (2H,m), 8.00-8.05 (1H,m), 8.15 (1H,d), 8.38 (1H,d), 9.10 (1H,d), 10.15 (1H,brs), 10.54 (1H,brs), 10.60 (1H,brs)
5308.HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	451(5)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.54 (6H,s), 3.00 (2H,t), 3.19 (2H,t), 6.85 (1H,s), 6.98 (1H,s), 7.30 (1H,d), 7.54 (1H,d), 7.62-7.66 (1H,m), 7.78 (1H,d), 7.83-7.87 (1H,m), 7.98-8.02 (2H,m), 8.45 (1H,d), 13.18 (1H,brs)
5311	C ₂₂ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂			d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.15 (6H,s), 2.48 (2H,t), 3.00 (2H,t), 3.20 (2H,t), 4.55 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,d), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.15 (1H,d), 7.30 (1H,d), 7.40 (1H,d), 7.48 (1H,s), 10.10 (1H,brs)
5337	C ₂₂ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂ .HCl	442(100)	ESI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.75 (6H,s), 3.20 (2H,t), 3.25-3.30 (4H,m), 4.55 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,d), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.25-7.30 (2H,m), 7.43-7.47 (2H,m), 9.75 (1H,brs), 10.15 (1H,brs), 10.50 (1H,brs)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5399	C ₂₄ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	456(100), 128(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	0.96 (12H,d), 2.69 (2H,t), 2.90-3.00 (4H,m), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.18 (1H,d), 7.30-7.35 (1H,m), 7.39-7.44 (3H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 10.10 (1H,brs)
5400	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ S	439(100)	ESI	CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ D/400 MHz	3.07 (6H,s), 3.42-3.49 (2H,m), 3.59-3.53 (2H,m), 7.20 (1H,s), 7.35 (1H,s), 7.45-7.55 (6H,m), 7.66-7.70 (1H,m), 8.25 (1H,brs)
5400.HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ S.HCl	439(100)	ESI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.85 (6H,s), 3.30-3.37 (2H,m), 3.50-3.57 (2H,m), 6.82 (1H,s), 6.83 (1H,s), 7.32-7.37 (1H,m), 7.44 (2H,t), 7.53 (2H,d), 7.79-7.89 (2H,m), 8.34 (1H,s), 10.30 (1H,brs), 10.55 (1H,brs), 10.69 (1H,brs)
5403.HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂ .HCl	445(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.82 (6H,s), 3.45 (2H,t), 3.58 (2H,t), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.82 (1H,s), 7.35 (1H,m), 7.42 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 8.06 (1H,s), 10.33 (1H,brs), 10.65 (2H,br)
5422	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ S	439(80)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.29 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.23 (2H,t), 6.86 (1H,s), 6.92 (1H,s), 7.44 (2H,d), 7.61 (2H,d), 7.77 (1H,t), 8.03 (1H,d), 8.23 (1H,d), 8.48 (1H,s), 10.50-11.00 (2H,br)
5423	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S	462(90), 389(50)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/300MH	2.20 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.14 (2H,t), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 7.34 (2H,d), 7.52 (2H,d), 7.66 (2H,m), 7.78-7.87 (2H,m), 10.40-10.70 (2H,br)
5425	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ BrN ₃ O ₂ S	474(50), 472(50), 439(10), 401(10), 399(10), 286(50), 132(100)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.71 (1H,s), 6.74 (1H,s), 7.32-7.40 (3H,m), 7.50-7.54 (4H,m), 7.79 (1H,s), 10.40-10.60 (2H,br)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5425.HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ BrN ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	474(90), 472(85), 391(40), 149(50)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.79 (6H,s), 3.21-3.30 (2H,m), 3.37- 3.45 (2H,m), 6.72 (1H,s), 6.77 (1H,s), 7.36 (1H,t), 7.43-7.56 (6H,m), 7.72 (1H,s), 10.39 (1H,s), 10.51 (1H,br), 10.62 (1H,s)
5428	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	445(100), 286(65) 372(15)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.18 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 6.83 (1H,s), 6.91 (1H,s), 7.20 (1H,d), 7.44 (1H,d), 7.80 (2H,d), 8.24 (2H,d)
5429	C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₃	446(100), 286(15), 373(10), 149(30), 132(30)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.17 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.04 (2H,t), 6.76 (1H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.19 (1H,d), 7.30 (2H,d), 7.43 (1H,d), 7.51 (2H,d), 10.1-10.6 (2H,br)
5431	C ₂₁ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂	425(100), 286(20) 307(10)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.18 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 6.79 (1H,s), 6.90 (1H,s), 7.20 (1H,d), 7.44 (1H,d), 7.71 (2H,d), 7.87 (2H,d)
5433.HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ BrN ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	480(50), 478(40), 96(100)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.85 (6H,s), 3.36 (4H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 7.01 (1H,s), 7.46 (2H,m), 7.60 (3H,m), 7.82 (1H,s), 10.19 (1H,s), 10.67 (1H,s), 10.78 (1H,s)
5434.HCl	C ₂₁ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	425(60), 106(30), 72(100)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.86 (6H,s), 3.36 (4H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.02 (1H,s), 7.44 (1H,d), 7.60 (1H,d), 7.69 (1H,m), 7.89 (2H,m), 8.10 (1H,s), 10.19 (1H,s), 10.50 (1H,s), 10.88 (1H,s)
5437	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ C1N ₃ O ₂ S	428(100), 355(10)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.20 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.76 (2H,s), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.46-7.60 (6H,m), 10.28-10.53 (2H,br)
5438	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ S	424(100), 351(20)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.20 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 3.81 (3H,s), 6.76 (1H,s), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.92 (1H,m), 7.13 (2H,m), 7.31-7.39 (3H,m), 7.52 (2H,d), 10.34 (2H,br)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5439	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S	408(100), 286(75) 335(85)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.19 (6H,s), 2.35 (3H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.12 (2H,t), 6.70 (1H,s), 6.71 (1H,s), 7.14 (1H,m), 7.31-7.41 (5H,m), 7.56 (2H,d), 10.10-10.40 (2H,br)
5439.HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	408(100), 72(50)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.89 (6H,s), 3.31-3.27 (2H,m), 3.52- 3.58 (2H,m), 6.85 (1H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 7.26 (1H,d), 7.41-7.43 (2H,m), 7.49 (1H,s), 7.56 (2H,d), 7.65 (2H,d), 10.42 (1H,s), 10.46 (1H,s), 10.89 (1H,brs)
5442.HCl	C ₂₄ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	456(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO	1.31 (2H,m), 1.42 (2H,m), 1.62 (4H,m), 2.72 (6H,s), 2.95 (2H,t), 2.98 (2H,t), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.89 (1H,s), 7.19 (1H,d), 7.34 (1H,m), 7.42 (3H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 10.00 (2H,br), 10.25 (1H,brs)
5448	C ₁₇ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	366(20)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	0.99 (6H,d), 2.15 (2H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 2.95 (1H,m), 3.00 (2H,t), 5.73 (1H,d), 6.81 (1H,s), 7.16 (1H,d), 7.37 (1H,d), 10.30 (1H,brs)
5454	C ₂₀ H ₂₇ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	406(5)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	1.05-1.25 (3H,m), 1.25-1.39 (2H,m), 1.55-1.70 (5H,m), 2.15 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 2.60-2.75 (1H,m), 3.00 (2H,t), 5.71 (1H,d), 6.82 (1H,s), 7.16 (1H,d), 7.35 (1H,d), 10.35 (1H,brs)
5455	C ₂₃ H ₃₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	448(25)	DCI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	0.73-1.70 (15H,m including 0.85, 2x3H,s), 2.14 (2H,m), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.00 (2H,t), 5.90 (1H,t), 6.81 (1H,s), 71.7 (1H,d), 7.36 (1H,d), 10.27 (1H,s)
5461	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ S	439(100), 286(20), 366(20), 132(30)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.23 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.15 (2H,t), 6.79 (1H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 7.36 (2H,d), 7.53 (2H,d), 7.81 (2H,d), 8.25 (2H,d)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5461.HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ S.HCl	439(10), 58(100)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.78 (6H,s), 3.19-3.27 (2H,m), 3.38-3.45 (2H,m), 6.79 (1H,s), 6.83 (1H,s), 7.44 (2H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.78 (2H,d), 8.23 (2H,d), 10.40-10.55 (2H,br), 10.70-10.80 (1H,br)
5462	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S	419(100), 346(20)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.20 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.14 (2H,t), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 7.36 (2H,d), 7.51 (2H,d), 7.72 (2H,d), 7.87 (2H,d), 10.40-10.60 (2H,br)
5463	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S	408(100), 335(30)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.20 (6H,s), 2.35 (3H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.76 (1H,s), 7.25 (2H,d), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.45-7.54 (4H,m), 10.15-10.35 (2H,br)
5464.HCl	C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂ .HCl	430(100), 72(100)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.75 (6H,s), 3.26 (4H,s), 3.79 (3H,s), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 6.98 (2H,d), 7.34 (1H,d), 7.48 (1H,d), 7.53 (2H,d), 9.85-9.95 (1H,br), 10.31 (1H,s), 10.50-10.65 (1H,br)
5465	C ₂₂ H ₂₁ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₂ S	464(80), 462(100), 391(30)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.20 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.72 (1H,s), 6.77 (1H,s), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.49-7.53 (3H,m), 7.66 (1H,d), 7.81 (1H,d), 10.40-10.70 (2H,br)
5470	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ N ₄ S ₂ O ₂	401(8)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.15 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.00 (2H,t), 6.74 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.15 (1H,d), 7.37-7.40 (2H,m), 7.90-7.95 (1H,m), 8.46-8.48 (1H,m), 8.67-8.68 (1H,m)
5471	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ N ₄ S ₂ O ₂	401(4)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.15 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.30 (2H,t), 6.72 (1H,s), 6.91 (1H,s), 7.16 (1H,d), 7.35-7.39 (1H,m), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.65 (1H,d), 7.90 (1H,t), 8.70 (1H,d), 12.5 (1H,brs)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5471.HCl	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ N ₄ S ₂ O ₂ .HCl			d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.74 (6H,s), 3.20-3.33 (4H,m), 6.74 (1H,s), 6.93 (1H,s), 7.29-7.38 (2H,m), 7.51 (1H,d), 7.67 (1H,d), 7.90 (1H,t), 8.72 (1H,d), 10.10 (1H,brs), 10.60 (1H,brs), 12.40 (1H,s)
5472	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ N ₄ S ₂ O ₂	401(37)	CI	CDCl ₃ /400MHz	2.29 (6H,s), 2.58 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 6.92 (1H,s), 7.06 (1H,s), 7.12-7.15 (2H,m), 7.25-7.30 (2H,m), 8.03-8.18 (1H,brs), 8.68-8.74 (2H,d)
5473	C ₂₃ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂	453(27)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.17 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 30.2 (2H,t), 3.86 (3H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.08 (1H,s), 7.15-7.18 (2H,m), 7.25 (1H,t), 7.43 (1H,d), 7.53 (1H,d), 7.72 (1H,d), 8.14 (1H,s), 9.70 (1H,brs)
5473.HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl			d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.50 (2H,m), 2.76 (6H,s), 3.25 (2H,m), 3.87 (3H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.12 (1H,s), 7.17 (1H,t), 7.27 (1H,t), 7.33 (1H,d), 7.48 (1H,d), 7.54 (1H,d), 7.71 (1H,d), 8.12 (1H,s), 9.62 (1H,brs), 9.77 (1H,brs), 9.98 (1H,brs)
5476	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S	419(30), 286(40), 149 (20)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.76 (1H,s), 7.34 (2H,d), 7.52 (2H,d), 7.62 (1H,d), 7.77-7.86 (2H,m), 8.07 (1H,s), 10.30-10.75 (2H,br)
5476.HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S.HCl	419(100), 72(90)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.79 (6H,s), 3.21-3.47 (2H,m), 3.41-3.46 (2H,m), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 7.45 (2H,d), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.60 (1H,d), 7.75-7.81 (2H,m), 8.00 (1H,s), 10.44 (1H,s), 10.67-10.72 (2H,br)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5477		458(100), 385(20)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.18 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.06 (2H,t), 3.89 (3H,s), 6.82 (1H,s), 6.91 (1H,s), 7.20 (1H,d), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.69 (2H,d), 7.98 (2H,d)
5479	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ S	424(100), 351(55)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 3.81 (3H,s), 6.73 (1H,s), 6.76 (1H,s), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.34 (2H,d), 7.52 (4H,m), 10.25 (2H,brs)
5481	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₃ S	500(32), 72(100)	CI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.20 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,m), 3.15 (2H,m), 5.18 (2H,s), 6.73 (1H,s), 6.76 (1H,s), 7.08 (2H,d), 7.44 (1H,m), 10.25 (2H,brs)
5482		506(22), 286(30), 267(47), 213(45), 72(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.17 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 5.18 (2H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 7.08 (2H,d), 7.19 (1H,d), 7.46 (8H,m), 10.23 (2H,brs)
5486	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₃ S	500(61), 72(100)	CI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 5.17 (2H,s), 6.75 (2H,s), 6.96-7.54 (13H,m), 10.34 (2H,brs)
5488	C ₂₈ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₆ S ₂	581(90), 508(5), 446(10), 242(100)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 3.87 (3H,s), 5.34 (2H,s), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.05-7.22 (4H,m), 7.44 (1H,d), 7.74 (2H,d), 8.29 (2H,d), 10.25-10.40 (2H,br)
5488.HCl	C ₂₈ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₆ S ₂	581(29), 446(18), 244(53), 106(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.83 (6H,s), 3.34 (4H,brs), 3.95 (3H,s), 5.42 (2H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 6.98 (1H,s), 7.15 (1H,d), 7.22 (1H,m), 7.29 (1H,s), 7.43 (1H,d), 7.58 (1H,d), 7.82 (2H,d), 8.38 (2H,d), 10.06 (1H,s), 10.50 (1H,s), 10.67 (1H,s)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5489	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ BrN ₃ O ₂ S ₂	480(100), 407(20), 478(90), 286(10), 405(15), 138(30)	FAB(+)	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.27 (6H,s), 2.55-2.70 (2H,m), 3.04- 3.11 (2H,m), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.90 (1H,s), 7.22 (1H,d), 7.45-7.52 (3H,m), 7.62 (2H,d)
5489.HCl		480(100), 106(65), 478(92), 58(51) 72(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz	2.80 (6H,s), 3.02 (4H,m), 6.84 (1H,s), 7.00 (1H,s), 7.42 (1H,d), 7.59 (3H,m), 7.70 (2H,d), 10.50 (3H,br)
5490	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₆ S	575(1), 440(3), 288(2), 122(30), 72(100)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 3.87 (3H,s), 5.34 (2H,s), 6.74 (1H,s), 6.76 (1H,s), 7.05-7.10 (3H,m), 7.34 (2H,d), 7.50 (2H,d), 7.74 (2H,d), 8.29 (2H,d), 10.20-10.35 (2H,br)
5491	C ₂₃ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₄ S			d ₆ -DMSO	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.08 (2H,s), 6.73 (2H,s), 6.98 (1H,d), 7.06 (1H,dd), 7.17 (1H,d), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.51 (2H,d), 10.28 (2H,brs)
5497	C ₂₅ H ₂₆ N ₄ O ₂ S	447(7)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.46 (6H,s), 3.17-3.27 (4H,m), 3.85 (3H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 7.06 (1H,s), 7.18 (1H,t), 7.27 (1H,t), 7.38 (2H,d), 7.48 (3H,m), 7.69 (1H,d), 8.13 (1H,s), 9.67 (1H,brs), 10.00 (1H,brs)
5497.HCl				d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.76 (6H,s), 3.17-3.26 (2H,m), 3.35- 3.42 (2H,m), 3.83 (3H,s), 6.74 (1H,s), 7.07 (1H,s), 7.16 (1H,t), 7.26 (1H,t), 7.43 (2H,d), 7.45 (3H,m), 7.71 (1H,d), 8.13 (1H,s), 9.68 (1H,brs), 10.01 (1H,brs), 10.59 (1H,brs)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5498	C ₂₈ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	500(100)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.17 (6H, s), 2.52 (2H, t), 3.05 (2H, t), 6.83 (1H, s), 7.20 (1H, d), 7.44 (1H, d), 7.46 (1H, s), 7.51-7.56 (4H, m), 7.96-8.02 (2H, m), 8.10-8.16 (2H, m), 8.63 (1H, s), 9.33 (1H, brs)
5498.HCl				d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.50 (2H, t), 2.79 (6H, s), 3.25 (2H, t), 6.85 (1H, s), 7.35 (1H, d), 7.48 (1H, s), 7.50-7.56 (5H, m), 7.95-8.00 (2H, m), 8.12-8.17 (2H, m), 8.63 (1H, s), 9.92 (1H, brs), 10.18 (1H, brs)
5499	C ₂₅ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂	480(100)	DCI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.16 (6H, s), 2.49 (2H, t), 3.04 (2H, t), 3.95 (3H, s), 6.38 (1H, s), 7.06 (1H, s), 7.17 (1H, d), 7.33-7.40 (2H, m), 7.45-7.52 (2H, m), 7.71 (1H, d), 7.87 (1H, d), 7.96 (1H, d), 9.55 (1H, brs)
5499.HCl				d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	2.50 (2H, t), 2.77 (6H, s), 3.30 (2H, t), 3.95 (3H, s), 6.88 (1H, s), 7.07 (1H, s), 7.35 (1H, d), 7.40 (1H, t), 7.47-7.55 (3H, m), 7.73 (1H, d), 7.92 (1H, d), 8.01 (1H, d), 9.67 (1H, brs), 9.85 (1H, brs), 10.34 (1H, brs)
5502	C ₁₉ H ₂₇ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	394(63)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	0.92 (9H, s), 2.15 (6H, s), 2.22 (2H, d), 2.48 (2H, t), 3.01 (2H, t), 5.95 (1H, t), 6.80 (1H, s), 7.15 (1H, d), 7.37 (1H, d), 10.29 (1H, brs)
5502.01	C ₁₉ H ₂₇ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl			d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz	0.92 (9H, s), 2.22 (2H, d), 2.74 (6H, s), 3.22-3.29 (4H, m), 5.97 (1H, t), 6.84 (1H, s), 7.32 (1H, d), 7.44 (1H, d), 9.59 (1H, brs), 10.36 (1H, brs), 10.68 (1H, brs)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	
		Mass (intensity)	mode	solvent/field	δ
5507	C ₂₅ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₃ S ₃	525(10)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO	2.15 (6H,s), 2.48 (2H,t), 3.00 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.15 (1H,d), 7.20-7.25 (1H,m), 7.40 (1H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.78 (2H,d), 7.85 (1H,d), 8.02-8.05 (1H,m), 10.20 (1H,brs), 10.30 (1H,brs)
5527	C ₁₂ H ₉ NO ₂ S	232(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	CDCl ₃	7.15-7.19 (1H,m), 7.60-7.68 (2H,m), 7.80 (2H,d), 7.82 (1H,s), 7.90 (2H,d), 10.00 (1H,s)
5528	C ₁₈ H ₁₅ N ₃ O ₄ S	370(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	d ₆ -DMSO	2.50 (3H,s), 4.35 (2H,s) 6.95 (1H,s), 7.20-7.25 (1H,m), 7.60 (2H,d), 7.80 (2H,d), 7.85 (1H,d), 8.05 (1H,d), 10.28 (1H,brs), 10.30 (1H,brs)
5508	C ₂₃ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	444(29)	CI	d ₆ -DMSO/400MHZ	0.84 (3H,s), 1.23 (3H,s+1H,m), 2.09 (1H,brs), 2.15 (6H,s) 2.28-2.34 (2H,m), 2.37-2.46 (2H,m), 3.01 (2H,t), 3.18-3.40 (2H,m), 6.00 (1H,br), 6.10 (1H,s), 6.82 (1H,s), 7.15 (1H,d), 7.39 (1H,d), 9.75 (1H,brs)

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		H nmr data		Microanalysis			
		mass (intensity)	mode	δ (solvent/field)		Calc	Found		
5128	$C_{22}H_{23}N_3O_2S$	393(5), 322(10), 149(30), 117(40)	EI	2.18 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.11 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.78 (1H,s), 7.32-7.56 (9H,m), 10.23 (2H,brs). (d_6 -DMSO/400MHz)	C H N	67.15 5.89 10.68	67.13 5.84 10.64	67.20 5.86 10.66	
5253	$C_{20}H_{21}N_3O_3S \cdot HCl$	384(40)	DCI(NH ₃)	2.80 (6H,s), 3.29 (2H,t), 3.33 (2H,t), 6.64(1H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 6.91 (1H,d), 6.96 (1H,d), 7.35 (1H,m), 7.43 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 9.58 (1H,brs), 10.22 (1H,br), 10.28 (1H,brs). (d_6 -DMSO/400MHz)	C H N	57.21 5.28 10.01	57.10 5.25 9.86	57.12 5.26 9.85	
5286	$C_{24}H_{23}N_3O_2S_2$	450(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	2.15 (6H,s), 2.49 (2H,t), 3.02 (2H,t), 6.87 (1H,s), 6.94 (1H,s), 7.18 (1H,d), 7.43 (1H,d), 7.50-7.55 (2H,m), 7.63 (1H,d), 7.87-7.95 (3H,m), 8.10 (1H,s). (d_6 -DMSO/400MHz)	C H N	64.12 5.16 9.35	63.95 5.03 9.18	64.21 5.06 9.20	
5422	$C_{22}H_{22}N_4O_4S \cdot HCl$	439(50), 72(100)	DCI(NH ₃)	2.90 (6H,s), 3.34-3.37 (2H,m), 3.45- 3.55 (2H,m), 6.90 (1H,s), 6.96 (1H,s), 7.56 (2H,d), 7.66 (2H,d), 7.79 (1H,t), 8.02 (1H,d), 8.26 (1H,d), 8.44 (1H,s), 10.50-10.60 (2H,br), 10.92 (1H,brs). (d_6 -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	55.6 4.9 11.8	55.4 5.1 11.45		
5423	$C_{23}H_{22}F_3N_3O_2S \cdot HCl$	462(100), 72(95)	CI	2.89 (6H,s), 3.32-3.37 (2H,m), 3.53- 3.59 (2H,m), 6.88 (1H,s), 6.93 (1H,s), 7.56 (2H,d), 7.65 (2H,d), 7.74-7.76 (2H,m), 7.91 (1H,d), 7.96 (1H,s), 10.53 (1H,brs), 10.83 (1H,brs), 10.85-11.00 (1H,br). (d_6 -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	55.5 4.7 8.4	55.1 4.8 8.4		

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data		Microanalysis		
		mass (intensity)	mode	δ (solvent/field)		Calc	Found	
5424	C ₂₄ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₂ S	437(100), 364(30), 159(25)	FAB(+)	2.19 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 2.98 (6H,s), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.70-6.78 (4H,m), 7.34 (2H,d), 7.44-7.53 (4H,m), 10.07 (1H,s), 10.14 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz)	C H N	66.0 6.5 12.8	65.8 6.5 12.5	
5424. HCl	C ₂₄ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₂ S.HCl	437(100), 72(90)	CI	2.89 (6H,s), 3.07 (6H,s), 3.31-3.37 (2H,m), 3.51-3.56 (2H,m), 6.82-6.87 (4H,m), 7.54-7.56 (4H,m), 7.64 (2H,d), 10.19 (1H,s), 10.25 (1H,s), 10.70-10.85 (1H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	60.9 6.2 11.8	60.9 6.4 12.0	
5426	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	440(100), 367(30)	FAB (+)	2.28 (6H,s), 2.50 (3H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.22 (2H,t), 6.84 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.40 (2H,d), 7.44 (2H,d), 7.60 (2H,d), 7.61 (2H,d), 10.41 (2H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	62.80 5.70 9.60	63.00 5.55 9.30	
5426. HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	440(20), 72(100)	CI	2.50 (3H,s), 2.86 (6H,s), 3.30 (2H,m), 3.50 (2H,m), 6.84 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.39 (2H,d), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.60 (2H,d), 7.64 (2H,d), 10.42 (1H,s), 10.45 (1H,s), 10.58 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	58.0 5.5 8.8	58.2 5.7 8.7	
5427	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O ₂ S ₂	434(100), 436(35), 361(20)	FAB(+)	2.17 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.05 (2H,t), 6.76 (1H,s), 6.89 (1H,s), 7.19 (1H,d), 7.43-7.60 (5H,m), 10.20-10.60 (2H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz)	C H N	55.35 4.6 9.7	55.4 4.5 9.4	

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data		Microanalysis		
		mass (intensity)	mode	δ (solvent/field)		Calc	Found	
5427. HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	436(30), 434(80), 72(100)	CI	2.84 (6H,s), 3.35 (4H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 7.01 (1H,s), 7.44 (1H,d), 7.56-7.68 (5H,m), 10.0-10.4 (2H,br), 10.63 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	51.1 4.50 8.9	51.1 4.5 8.6	51.0 4.6 8.6
5428. HCl	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂ .HCl	445(100), 72(90)	CI	2.86 (6H,s), 3.37 (4H,s), 6.96 (1H,s), 7.04 (1H,s), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.62 (1H,d), 7.89 (2H,d), 8.34 (2H,d), 10.10-10.35 (1H,br), 10.35-10.80 (1H,br), 10.91 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	49.9 4.4 11.65	50.0 4.5 11.8	
5429. HCl	C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₃ .HCl	446(30), 106(40), 96(30), 72(100)	CI	2.83 (6H,s), 3.34 (4H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 6.99 (1H,s), 7.39 (2H,d), 7.43 (1H,d), 7.59 (3H,m), 10.10 (1H,s), 10.50 (2H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	52.3 5.0 8.7	52.4 5.05 8.6	
5430	C ₂₄ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	456(100), 383(20)	FAB(+)	1.40 (9H,s), 2.26 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.13 (2H,t), 6.87 (1H,s), 6.97 (1H,s), 7.28 (1H,d), 7.50-7.61 (5H,m), 10.10-10.70 (1H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	63.3 6.4 9.2	63.1 6.2 9.0	
5430. HCl	C ₂₄ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	456(5), 106(60), 72(100)	CI	1.40 (9H,s), 2.80 (6H,s), 3.32 (4H,m), 6.87 (1H,s), 6.99 (1H,s), 7.42 (1H,d), 7.57 (5H,m), 10.15 (2H,s), 10.42 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	58.6 6.1 8.5	58.3 6.3 8.5	

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data δ (solvent/field)	Microanalysis		
		mass (intensity)	mode		Calc	Found	
5431. HCl	C ₂₁ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	425(50), 72(100)	CI	2.84 (6H,s), 3.37 (4H,s), 6.91 (1H,s), 7.03 (1H,s), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.61 (1H,d), 7.81 (2H,d), 7.97 (2H,d), 10.15-10.50 (1H,br), 10.50-11.00 (2H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	54.7 4.6 12.15	54.6 4.7 12.3
5432	C ₂₀ H ₁₉ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	470(75), 468(100), 397(10), 395(20), 286(10)	FAB(+)	2.27 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.14 (2H,t), 6.83 (1H,s), 6.99 (1H,s), 7.29 (1H,d), 7.53 (1H,d), 7.58 (1H,m), 7.75 (1H,d), 7.89 (1H,d). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	51.3 4.1 9.0	51.3 4.15 9.1
5432. HCl	C ₂₀ H ₁₉ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	470(40), 468(45), 106(45), 72(100)	CI	2.86 (6H,s), 3.36 (4H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 7.01 (1H,s), 7.44 (1H,d), 7.58 (2H,m), 7.76 (1H,d), 7.89 (1H,d), 10.18 (1H,s), 10.35 (1H,s), 10.84 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	47.6 4.0 8.3	47.7 4.0 8.35
5433	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ BrN ₃ O ₂ S ₂	480(100), 478(95), 407(20), 405(15)	FAB(+)	2.27 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.14 (2H,t), 6.84 (1H,s), 6.99 (1H,s), 7.29 (1H,d), 7.46 (1H,m), 7.53 (1H,d), 7.60-7.62 (2H,m), 7.84 (1H,s), 10.2-11.2 (1H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	50.2 4.2 8.8	50.4 4.0 8.5
5434	C ₂₁ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂	425(100), 352(20)	FAB(+)	2.27 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.14 (2H,t), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.00 (1H,s), 7.29 (1H,d), 7.54 (1H,d), 7.69 (1H,t), 7.85-7.92 (2H,m), 8.11 (1H,s), 10.2-11.2 (1H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	59.4 4.75 13.2	59.4 4.65 13.3

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data δ (solvent/field)	Microanalysis		
		mass (intensity)	mode		Calc	Found	
5437. HCl		428(20), 72(100)	CI	2.89 (6H,s), 3.32-3.35 (2H,m), 3.44-3.53 (2H,m), 6.86 (1H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 7.53-7.59 (4H,m), 7.63-7.68 (4H,m), 10.35-10.52 (2H,br), 10.58 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	56.9 5.0 9.05	56.8 5.0 9.2
5438. HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl	424(60), 96(50), 72(100)	CI	2.77 (6H,s), 3.19-3.24 (2H,m), 3.39-3.44 (2H,m), 3.79 (3H,s), 6.76 (2H,s), 6.91 (1H,dd), 7.09 (2H,m), 7.33 (1H,t), 7.43 (2H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 10.32 (1H,s), 10.34 (1H,s), 10.50-10.65 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	60.1 5.7 9.1	60.4 6.0 9.1
5440	C ₂₈ H ₃₁ N ₃ O ₂ S	450(100), 377(40)	FAB(+)	1.41 (9H,s), 2.29 (6H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.22 (2H,t), 6.83 (1H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 7.44 (2H,d), 7.52-7.60 (6H,m), 10.36 (2H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	69.5 6.95 9.35	69.5 7.05 9.15
5440. HCl	C ₂₈ H ₃₁ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	450(20), 106(25), 72(100)	CI	1.40 (9H,s), 2.84 (6H,s), 3.28 (2H,m), 3.51 (2H,m), 6.85 (1H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 7.59 (8H,m), 10.34 (1H,s), 10.42 (1H,s), 10.80 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	64.25 6.6 8.6	64.4 7.0 8.8
5460	C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	414(100), 341(25)	FAB(+)	2.18 (6H,s), 2.35 (3H,s), 2.50 (2H,t), 3.04 (2H,t), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.89 (1H,s), 7.20 (1H,d), 7.25 (2H,d), 7.43-7.50 (3H,m), 10.10-10.40 (2H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz)	C H N	61.0 5.6 10.2	61.2 5.5 9.9

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data	Microanalysis			
		mass (intensity)	mode			Calc	Found	
5460. HCl	C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ .HCl	414(100), 72(20)	CI	2.44 (3H,s), 2.85 (6H,s), 3.36 (4H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.00 (1H,s), 7.34 (2H,d), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.55-7.60 (3H,m), 9.95-10.15 (1H,br), 10.43 (1H,s), 10.60-10.80 (1H,br). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	56.1 5.4 9.3	56.4 5.1 9.1	
5462. HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S.HCl	419(100), 72(50)	CI	2.79 (6H,s), 3.21-3.26 (2H,m), 3.39-3.44 (2H,m), 6.78 (2H,s), 7.44 (2H,d), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.86 (2H,d), 7.70 (2H,d), 10.46-10.55 (2H,brs), 10.66 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	60.7 5.1 12.3	60.7 5.1 12.1	
5463. HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	408(5), 72(100)	CI	2.33 (3H,s), 2.76 (6H,s), 3.18-3.23 (2H,m), 3.39-3.44 (2H,m), 6.75 (2H,s), 7.23 (2H,d), 7.42-7.47 (4H,m), 7.53 (2H,d), 10.24 (1H,s), 10.31 (1H,s), 10.55-10.70 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	62.2 5.9 9.5	62.35 6.0 9.35	
5465. HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₁ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	464(50), 462(60), 72(100)	CI	2.78 (6H,s), 3.19-3.29 (2H,m), 3.38-3.44 (2H,m), 6.72 (1H,s), 6.77 (1H,s), 7.43-7.55 (5H,m), 7.65 (1H,d), 7.78 (1H,d), 10.41 (2H,brs), 10.68 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	53.0 4.4 8.4	52.6 4.6 8.45	
5470. HCl	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ N ₄ S ₂ O ₂ .HCl			2.45 (6H,s), 2.75 (2H,m), 3.24 (2H,m), 6.79 (1H,s), 6.91 (1H,s), 7.32 (1H,d), 7.50 (1H,d), 7.80 (1H,t), 8.33 (1H,d), 8.65 (1H,d), 8.87 (1H,s), 10.12 (1H,brs), 10.54 (1H,brs), 10.88 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz)				

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data δ (solvent/field)	Microanalysis		
		mass (intensity)	mode		Calc	Found	
5477. HCl		458(100), 385(18), 199(20)	FAB(+)	2.86 (6H,s), 3.37 (4H,s), 3.98 (3H,s), 6.93 (1H,s), 7.03 (1H,s), 7.45 (1H,d), 7.61 (1H,d), 7.78 (2H,d), 8.07 (2H,d), 10.20 (1H,brs), 10.62 (1H,brs), 10.74 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	53.49 4.90 8.51	53.80 5.09 8.88
5478		452(100), 379(28)	FAB(+)	2.89 (6H,s), 3.34 (2H,m), 3.54 (2H,m), 3.98 (3H,s), 6.89 (1H,s), 6.91 (1H,s), 7.56 (2H,d), 7.66 (2H,d), 7.78 (2H,d), 8.07 (2H,d), 10.56 (1H,s), 10.69 (1H,s), 10.78 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	59.07 5.16 8.61	59.09 5.44 8.45
5479. HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl	424(100), 351(31)	FAB(+)	2.90 (6H,s), 3.32 (2H,m), 3.53 (2H,m), 3.90 (3H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 7.10 (2H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.64 (4H,m), 10.36 (1H,s), 10.38 (1H,s), 10.66 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	60.06 5.70 9.13	60.37 5.95 9.23
5480 HCl	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ BrN ₃ O ₂ S.HCl	476(25), 474(25), 199(100)	FAB(+)	2.89 (6H,s), 3.32 (2H,m), 3.53 (2H,m), 6.83 (1H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 7.63 (8H,m), 10.49 (1H,s), 10.58 (1H,s), 10.69 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/200MHz)	C H N	51.93 4.56 8.26	51.82 4.82 8.47
5481. HCl	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl	500(100), 194(54)	FAB(+)	2.89 (6H,s), 3.22 (2H,m), 3.54 (2H,m), 5.27 (2H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.18 (2H,d), 7.54 (1H,m), 10.37 (2H,s), 10.86 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	64.97 5.64 7.83	64.99 5.45 7.61

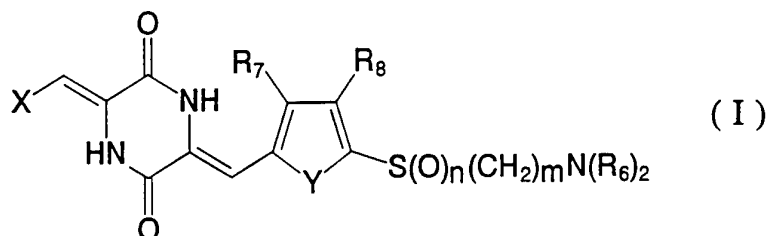
No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data δ (solvent/field)	Microanalysis			
		mass (intensity)	mode			Calc	Found	
5482. HCl		506(100)	FAB(+)	2.86 (6H,s), 3.37 (4H,s), 5.27 (2H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 6.99 (1H,s), 7.18 (2H,d), 7.54 (9H,m), 10.01 (1H,brs), 10.44 (1H,brs), 10.77 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	59.82 5.21 7.75	59.89 4.99 7.63	
5486. HCl	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl	500(100), 427(20), 154(75), 136(74)	FAB(+)	2.90 (6H,s), 3.35 (2H,m), 3.55 (2H,m), 5.27 (2H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 7.10 (1H,dd), 7.23 (1H,d), 7.42 (1H,s), 7.51 (8H,m), 7.65 (2H,d), 10.46 (1H,s), 10.47 (1H,s), 10.86 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	64.97 5.64 7.83	64.90 5.61 7.85	
5487		506(100), 433(14)	FAB(+)	2.86 (6H,s), 3.37 (4H,s), 5.26 (2H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 7.01 (1H,s), 7.10 (1H,dd), 7.23 (1H,d), 7.31 (1H,s), 7.51 (8H,m), 10.11 (1H,brs), 10.53 (1H,brs), 10.60 (1H,brs). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	59.82 5.21 7.75	59.83 5.21 7.64	
5491. HCl	C ₂₃ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₄ .HCl	438(100), 365(28)	FAB(+)	2.90 (6H,s), 3.32 (2H,m), 3.50 (2H,m), 6.18 (2H,s), 6.83 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.08 (1H,d), 7.17 (1H,d), 7.27 (1H,s), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.65 (2H,d), 10.39 (1H,brs), 10.41 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	58.28 5.10 8.87	58.27 5.25 8.65	

No.	Mol. Formula	Mass spec data		¹ H nmr data		Microanalysis		
		mass (intensity)	mode	δ (solvent/field)		Calc	Found	
5494. HCl	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₆ .HCl	576(100)	FAB(+)	2.89 (6H,s), 3.34 (2H,m), 3.53 (2H,m), 3.95 (3H,s), 5.42 (2H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.19 (2H,m), 7.29 (1H,s), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.64 (2H,d), 7.82 (2H,d), 8.38 (2H,d), 10.40 (1H,s), 10.44 (1H,s), 10.74 (1H,s). (d ₆ -DMSO/300MHz)	C H N	58.96 5.11 9.17	58.58 5.09 9.11	

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CLAIMS

1. A diketopiperazine of formula (I):



10 wherein each of R_7 and R_8 which may be the same or different, is hydrogen or a nitro group;

15 Y is $\begin{array}{c} R_9 \\ | \\ -C = \\ | \\ R_{10} \end{array}$, -O- or -S-, wherein each of R_9 and R_{10} , which may be the same or different, is hydrogen or a nitro group;

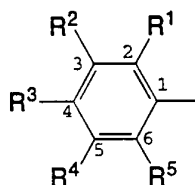
n is 0, 1 or 2;

m is an integer of 1 to 6;

20 each R_6 , which may be the same or different, is a C_1 - C_6 alkyl group; and

X is selected from

(i) a phenyl group of the following formula



wherein each of R_1 to R_5 , which may be the same or different, is independently selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen atoms, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkythio, halogen, hydroxy, nitro, optionally

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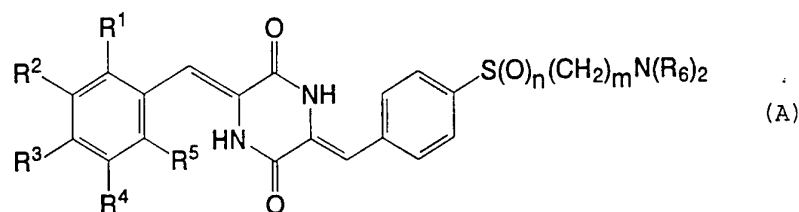
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substituted phenyl, nitrobenzyl, benzyloxy, cyano, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$,
 $-\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{NHCOR}^{14}$, $-\text{NH}\text{SO}_2\text{R}^{13}$, $-\text{SO}_2\text{R}^{13}$, $-\text{CON}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$,
 $-(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, $-\text{SOR}^{13}$, $-\text{SO}_2\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$, $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{N}(\text{R}^{11}\text{R}^{12})$,
 $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{OCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCOOR}^{13}$,
5 $-\text{CH}_2\text{SR}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SCOR}^{11}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{O})_Y\text{R}^{13}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{11})\text{COR}^{12}$,
 $-\text{NHCOCF}_3$, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{11}$, $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{OCOR}^{11}$ and $-\text{NHCO}(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{OR}^{11}$
wherein x is 0 or is an integer of from 1 to 6, Y is 1 or 2,
each of R^{11} and R^{12} , is independently, H or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, R^{13} is
 $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl and R^{14} is H, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl or a thiophene group;
10 and/or any of R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 or R_4 and R_5 form
together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached a
furan group, a benzene ring which is optionally substituted or
the cyclopentyl moiety of the group  ;
(ii) a heterocyclic ring selected from furan, thiophene,
15 pyridine, quinoline and indole, the last of which is optionally
N-substituted by $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl;
(iii) a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl group, a 2,3-methylenedioxyphenyl group or
a 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl group; and
(iv) a group $-(\text{CH}_2)_p\text{-Z}$ wherein p is 0 or an integer of 1 to 4
20 and Z is a cyclohexyl group which optionally includes an
unsaturated bond and/or a one or two carbon atom bridge, and is
optionally substituted by one or more $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl groups;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

2. A compound according to claim 1 wherein X is a
25 heterocyclic ring selected from 2-indole, 3-indole, 2-furan, 3-
furan, 2-thiophene, 2-pyridine, 3-pyridine, 4-pyridine, 3-
thiophene, 2-quinoline, 4-quinoline, 2-indole and 4-indole.

3. A compound according to claim 1 wherein the
diketopiperazine has the following formula (A):

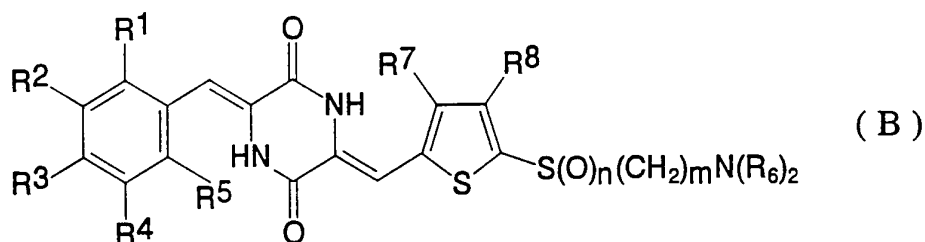
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wherein R_1 to R_6 are as defined in claim 1, n is 0, 1 or 2 and m is 2 or 3.

4. A compound according to claim 1 wherein the
10 diketopiperazine has the following formula (B)

15



wherein R_1 to R_8 are as defined in claim 1, n is 0, 1 or 2 and m is 2 or 3.

5. A compound selected from:

- 20 (3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Chlorobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Dimethylaminobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
 (3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Bromobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
 25 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Chlorobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Cyanobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione

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- (3Z,6Z)-3-(3,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Cyanobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- 5 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Bromobenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Benzyloxybenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Benzyloxybenzylidene)-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- 10 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-6-(4-trifluoromethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-6-(4-nitrobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- 15 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-6-(4-methylthiobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-6-(4-tert-butylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-6-(4-methylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- 20 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-6-(4-methoxycarbonylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- 25 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(2-

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- naphthylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-nitrobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-trifluoromethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
5 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-methylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
10 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3-methoxy-4-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-3-(1-methyl-3-indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
15 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylsulphanyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
20 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-3-nitrobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
25 (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(2-naphthyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-trifluoromethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione

- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(2-fluorenylmethylene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -6- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-3-
(4-quinolylmethylene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- 5 (3Z,6Z) -6- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-3-
(2-quinolylmethylene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(3-methoxybenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
10 (3-trifluoromethylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(3-nitrobenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(4-nitrobenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- 15 (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(4-methylthiobenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(4-tert-butylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
20 (2-methylpropylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(2- (3,3-dimethylcyclohexyl) ethylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(4-methylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- 25 (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(4-methoxybenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-
(4-methoxycarbonylbenzylidene) -2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z) -3- (5- (2-Dimethylaminoethylthio) -2-thienyl)methylene-6-

- (3-methoxy-4-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(2-methoxy-1-naphthyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-
5 (3,3-dimethyl-1-butyldiene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(4-(2-thiophenecarboxamido)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(3-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione
10 (3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(2-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-(4-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-3-
15 (1-methyl-3-indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-diisopropylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-4-nitro-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
20 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,3-dihydro-5-benzofuranyl)methylene-6-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Acetamidobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-
25 dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Chlorobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
(3Z,6Z)-6-(2-Bromobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione

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- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Chlorobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Cyanobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- 5 (3Z,6Z)-6-(3,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Bromobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Cyanobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- 10 (3Z,6Z)-6-Cyclohexylmethylene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Benzylloxybenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- 15 (3Z,6Z)-6-(3-Benzylloxybenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Bromobenzylidene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-(9-Anthrylmethylene)-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- 20 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(6-dimethylaminohexylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-furyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione
- 25 (3Z,6Z)-3-(5-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthio)-2-thienyl)methylene-6-(6,6-dimethyl-bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-enyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione

6. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent and, as an

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active principal, a compound as defined in any one of claims 1 to 5.

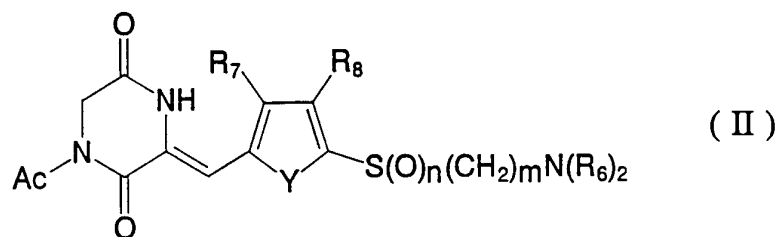
7. A compound as defined in any one of claims 1 to 6 for use in a method of treatment of the human or animal body by therapy.

8. A compound as claimed in claim 7 for use as an inhibitor of plasminogen activator inhibitor.

9. Use of a compound as defined in any one of claims 1 to 5 in the manufacture of a medicament for use as an inhibitor of plasminogen activator inhibitor.

10. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I), as defined in claim 1, the process comprising either (i) condensing a compound of formula (II)

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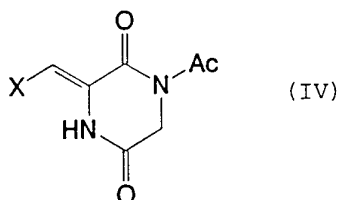
wherein Y, R₆, R₇, R₈, n and m are as defined above, with a compound of formula (III):

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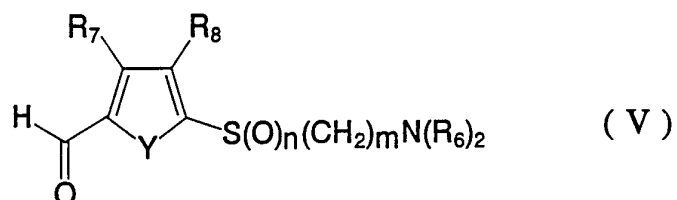
wherein X is as defined above and wherein any of the

25 substituents on X is optionally protected, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; or (ii) condensing a compound of formula (IV):



wherein X is as defined above and wherein any of the substituents on X is optionally protected, with a compound of formula (V):

5



wherein Y, R₆, R₇, R₈, n and m are as defined above, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; and, in either case (i) or (ii), if required, removing optionally present protecting groups and/or, if desired, converting one compound of formula (I) into another compound of formula (I), and/or, if desired, converting a compound of formula (I) into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, and/or, if desired, converting a salt or ester into a free compound, and/or, if desired, separating a mixture of isomers of compounds of formula (I) into the single isomers.

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