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ORNAMENTAL DEVICE OR POMPON.
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Fig. 1. Fig. 2.

Fig. 3. Fig. 4.

Fig. 5. Fig. 6.

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ORNAMENTAL DEVICE OR POMPON.

1,395,033.


To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THOMAS A. BOWERS, a citizen of the United States, and resident of Boston, county of Suffolk, State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in Ornamental Devices or Pompoms, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawing, is a specification, like characters on the drawing representing like parts.

This invention relates to improvements in ornamental devices, such as pompoms, tufts, or tassels, and the object thereof is to provide an ornamental device of this character in which the fibers or strands will be firmly fixed in place so that the strands of fiber lying in the central portion of the ornament cannot be detached.

A further object of the invention is to provide a device of this character which can be rapidly constructed at a minimum cost of labor.

A further object of the invention is to provide a novel form of binder which will more effectively grip upon the strands of fiber of which the device is composed.

A further object of the invention is to provide a novel form of ornament or pompon in which the same number of fibers may be caused to present a larger area of ornamental surface than in devices heretofore produced.

Other objects and features of the invention will more fully appear from the following description and the accompanying drawings and will be more particularly pointed out in the annexed claims.

I am aware that heretofore pompoms and other devices comprising a bundle of fibers bound in the middle have been produced. In such cases, however, the binder has merely been wrapped around the bundles of fiber and the strands of fiber at the center of the bundle are not held with sufficient force to prevent them from becoming loosened and from being pulled out.

The present invention consists in the production of a pompon or other ornamental device comprising a series of parallel strands of fibrous material which are compressed at a point intermediate of their ends with sufficient force to deform the strands and which are bound together so as to cause interengagement of the material of adjacent strands. Preferably the ornamental devices are composed of a fibrous material, such as silk, having a gummy constituent, which will exude from the body of the fibers, when subjected to a heavy pressure, and will act as an adhesive to join or cement adjacent fibers together. Thus a bundle is produced in which the fibers are all firmly anchored within the binder. The bundle of this character is illustrated in Fig. 1 which comprises a series of parallel strands.
of fibrous material bound by a metallic binder 1 to form a sheaf comprising reversely arranged conical end portions 2, 3, the binder being pressed upon the bundle with sufficient force to deform the individual fibers as illustrated in Fig. 10. When the bundle has been formed as illustrated in Fig. 1 the fibers of the cone 2 may be opened out to produce a substantially hemispherical ornament such as is illustrated in Fig. 3, the fibers of the cone 3 being bent upwardly into a substantially flat plane.

The ornament may be secured to any suitable base, such as the toe portion of a shoe, by stapes 4, or other fastener, embracing the portion of the strands of the lower section 3 of the bundle, or the ornament may be secured in place by a fastener driven through the central portion of the bundle.

The binder preferably is of non-circular form and desirably presents a substantially flat fiber-engaging surface which will grasp the fibers more firmly than would a flat or convex surface.

Several preferred forms of binders are illustrated herein. In Fig. 6 a binder 5 in the form of a rectangle having overlapping ends and provided with a corrugated or ribbed inner face 6 is illustrated.

A non-circular binder is preferable as the binder is prevented from rotation upon the bundle even though the size of the bundle should shrink by age.

A further feature of my invention consists in producing a novel form of pom-pon or other ornamental device which presents a base portion of larger diameter than the opened up section of the bundle, and a further object of the invention resides in the production of a novel pom-pon presenting a greater curved area than has hitherto been produced from the same amount of material. These features of the invention are illustrated in Figs. 2, 4 and 5. Fig. 2 illustrates a bundle of strands of fibrous material having a preferably metal binder 12 compressed about it at a distance from the middle of the bundle so that the sections of the strands forming the upper cone 13 are considerably shorter than the sections of the strands comprising the lower portions 14 of the bundle. The device may be opened out, as illustrated in Fig. 4, by spreading the ends of the strands 13 forming the upper end of the bundle into a substantially hemispherical form and bending the strands forming the lower section 14 of the same into a substantially horizontal plane. Under such condition the ends of the strands of the longer section 14 project a distance beyond the hemispherical contour of the opened out ends of the section 13, thereby presenting the effect of a flange or border surrounding the hemispherical portion.

By binding the bundle at a predetermined distance from the center a massive pom-pon may be produced, particularly if gummy fibers, such as silk, are employed, or if non-resinous fibers are so treated so as to take a permanent set when bent. A device of this character is illustrated in Fig. 5 in which the fibers or strands 14 of the longer end are of such length that when bent upwardly their extremities will form a continuation of the convex surface produced by the extremities of the opened up shorter end.

In the production of a pom-pon of this character the bundle is placed upon a revolving needle which causes the fibers to stand out radially from the binder. A cup or ring is then forced over the device bending the lower portion 14 into the form illustrated in Fig. 5. While thus retained by the ring the pom-pon is dipped into hot water, or other suitable liquid, which will cause the fibers to have a permanent set. It may then be secured to the device that it is to ornament in any usual manner.

It will be understood that the embodiment of the invention disclosed herein is of an illustrative character and not restrictive and that various modifications in construction and arrangement of parts may be made within the meaning and scope of the following claims.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is:

1. An ornamental device of the class described comprising a bundle of parallel silk strands secured together intermediate of their ends by a metallic binder compressed thereupon with sufficient force to cause the gummy constituent of the silk fibers to exude, thereby causing said strands to adhere to one another.

2. An ornamental device of the class described comprising a bundle of strands of fiber of substantially equal length having even ends secured together by a binder located closer to one end of the bundle than to the other, the position of said binder being such that when the longer ends are bent around said binder the extremities of said fiber ends will lie substantially within an extension of the curved sector produced by the opening up of the free ends of the fibers forming the shorter portion of the bundle.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my name to this specification.

THOMAS A. BOWERS.