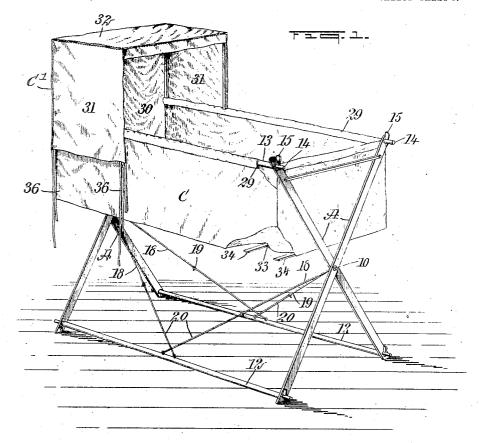
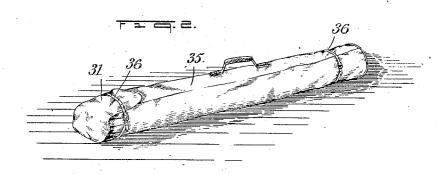
L. DEJONGE, JR. FOLDING CRIB. APPLICATION FILED DEC. 9, 1905.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 1.





WITNESSES:

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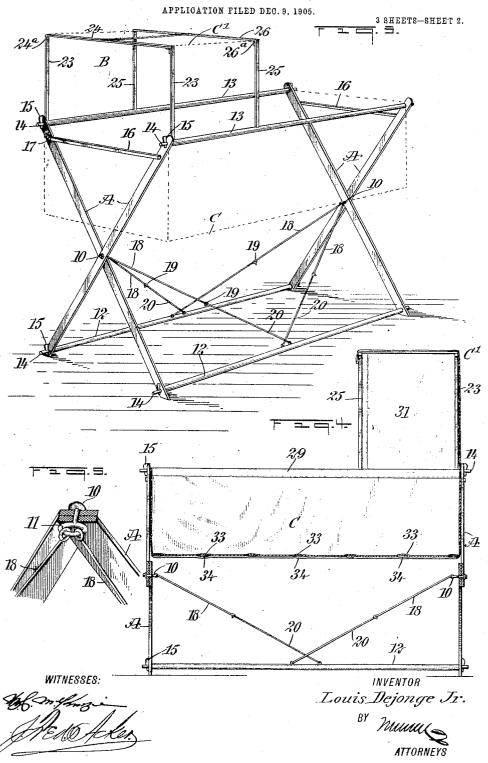
Louis Dejonge Jr

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APPLICATION FILED DEC. 9, 1905. -8 SHEETS—SHEET 3. 36-36 Æ. 14 29 INVENTOR WITNESSES: Louis Dejonge Ir ATTORNEYS

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LOUIS DEJONGE, JR., OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

FOLDING CRIB.

No. 823,321.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented June 12, 1906.

Application filed December 9, 1905. Serial No. 291,098.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Louis Dejonge, Jr., a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, Stapleton, borough 5 of Richmond, in the county of Richmond and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Folding Crib, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of the invention is to provide a 10 simple, durable, and economic construction of a crib whereby the crib may be closed and readily moved from one place to another and whereby all the parts can be quickly and effectually disconnected and folded up, 15 making a compact parcel for transportation and storage.

Another purpose of the invention is to provide a folding knockdown crib the various parts of which can be readily assembled and 20 connected and whereby the body of the crib is made of a flexible material having a solid foundation.

The invention consists in the novel construction and combination of the several 25 parts, as will be hereinafter fully set forth, and pointed out in the claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of refer-30 ence indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the improved crib set up for use, portions being broken away. Fig. 2 is a perspective view 35 of the crib folded for storage or for transportation. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the frame of the crib set up. Fig. 4 is a vertical central section through the complete crib. Fig. 5 is a detail view, partially in perspective. 40 tive and partly in section, illustrating the application of a pivotal eyebolt to the legs of the crib. Fig. 6 is an end view of the head portion of the crib, parts being broken away. Fig. 7 is a detail perspective view of a portion 45 of the head of the crib, the view being drawn upon an enlarged scale. Fig. 8 is an enlarged transverse section through a side rail of the crib. Figs. 9, 10, and 11 are detail perspective views of portions of the frame 50 for the hood of the crib, and Fig. 12 is a detail perspective view of a foot-section of the

In the construction of the frame of the crib four legs A are employed. The legs are

the other pair at the foot of the frame. The legs of a pair are crossed at or about their central portions and are pivotally connected by eyebolts 10, (best shown in Fig. 5,) the eyes 11 of the bolts being at their inner ends. 60 Corresponding legs A are connected at their lower ends by longitudinal bars 12 and at their upper ends by parallel bars 13. The ends 14 of the connecting-bars 12 and 13 are reduced in diameter, as particularly shape. reduced in diameter, as particularly shown 65 in Figs. 7 and 12, so as to form shoulders 14^a, which shoulders abut against the inner faces of the legs when the reduced ends of the bars have been passed through suitable apertures

The connecting-bars 12 and 13 are held in position relative to the legs A by cotter-pins 15 or their equivalents, passed through the reduced ends of the bars adjacent to the ourside of the legs. The pairs of legs are spaced 75 apart by latch-bars 16, pivoted to one leg of a pair at its upper end portion, the opposite ends of the latch-bars being provided with hook-heads adapted to receiv keepers secured to the other legs of the pairs. The 80 frame of the crib is braced by links 18, pivotally connected with the eyebolts 10, which links have eyes 19 formed at their lower ends, and hooks 20 are pivoted to the lower connecting-bars 12, adapted to enter 85 the eyes of the said links 18, as is shown in Figs. 3 and 4. Each leg A is preferably provided with a socket 21, attached to its lower end by bolts 21^a, which sockets are adapted to receive the shanks of casters 22, as is 90 illustrated in Fig. 12. The main frame of the crib is provided with a hood or canopy frame B at its head portion, and the said canopy-frame consists of a series of members detachably connected one with the other 95 and likewise with the main frame.

In the detail construction of the canopyframe B two uprights 23 are removably secured to the upper longitudinal bars 13 of the main frame at its head portion, and a cross- 100 bar 24 is connected with the upper ends of the uprights 23 by means of hinges 24a. Between the centers of the longitudinal bars 13 and their head ends two other uprights 25 are removably attached, and a cross-bar 26 has 105 a hinged connection 26° with the uprights 25, as is illustrated in Fig. 3. After the two sets of uprights 23 and 25 have been placed in position on the main frame of the crib a brace-55 in two pairs, one pair being at the head and | bar 27, which is pivoted on the cross-bar 24, 110

(see Fig. 10,) is carried longitudinally of the main frame to the cross-bar 26, which latter bar 26 is fitted in a recess 28, made in the under face of the brace-bar 27, as is illustrated

5 in Fig. 9.

The body C of the crib is made of canvas, a fabric, or other suitable material and is rectangular in general contour, having end sections, side sections, and a bottom section.

The side sections of the body C are each provided with a hem 29, (see Fig. 8,) and the upper longitudinal bars 13 are passed through the said hems, as is shown in Fig. 1, whereby the body C is supported from the main frame.

15 A canopy or hood C' is preferably made integral with the head end of the body C, and said canopy is provided with a vertical rear panel 30, side panels 31, and a top panel 32, and after the canopy-frame has been erected on the main frame, as is shown in Fig. 3, the canopy C' is drawn over said canopy-frame,

as is illustrated in Fig. 1.

In order that the bottom of the body C may have stability, and yet in order that said body when removed from the frame can be folded up, the bottom of the body C is provided with series of transverse hems 33, and in each of said hems a slat 34, rigid material, is removably placed, as is shown best in

When the crib is to be packed for storage or for transportation, the links and hooks 18 and 20 are disconnected, the longitudinal bars 12 and 13 are removed from connection 35 with the legs A, the slats 34 are removed from the bottom portion of the body, and the canopy-frame is taken down and is folded up, and all of the various parts are then brought as near as possible in parallelism and are wrapped up in the said body, and after the parts have been assembled and tied, as specified, they can be placed in a suitable cover 35, as shown in Fig. 2. Strings 36 are provided

for securing the flaps 31 of the canopy when the crib is set up.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. A folding crib, comprising a frame composed of pairs of crossed legs, the members of 50 the pairs being pivotally connected by eyebolts, removable upper and lower longitudinal bars connecting the corresponding ends of the legs, hooks connected to the lower bars, rods engaging the eyebolts and having eyes for engaging the hooks whereby to brace the frame, and a body of yielding material removably supported by the frame.

2. A folding crib, comprising a frame composed of pairs of crossed legs, the members of 60 the pairs being pivotally connected by eyebolts, removable upper and lower longitudinal bars connecting the corresponding ends of the legs, hooks connected to the lower bars, rods engaging the eyebolts and having 65 eyes for engaging the hooks whereby to brace the frame, a body of yielding material removably supported by the frame, and slats removably placed in the bottom portion of the body.

3. A folding crib comprising a frame composed of pairs of crossed legs pivotally connected at their point of intersection, removable upper and lower longitudinal bars connecting the corresponding ends of the legs, 75 braces connecting the intersection of the legs with the respective lower longitudinal bars, and a body of yielding material removably supported by the frame.

In testimony whereof I have signed my 80 name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

LOUIS DEJONGE, JR.

Witnesses:

JNO. M. RITTER, J. FRED. ACKER.