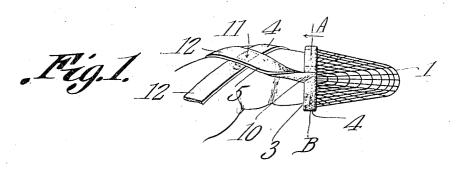
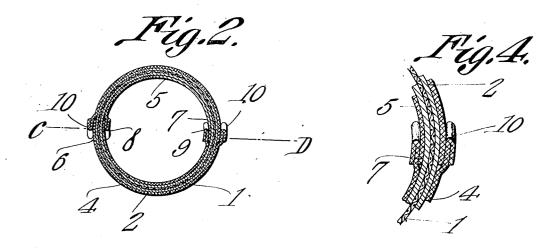
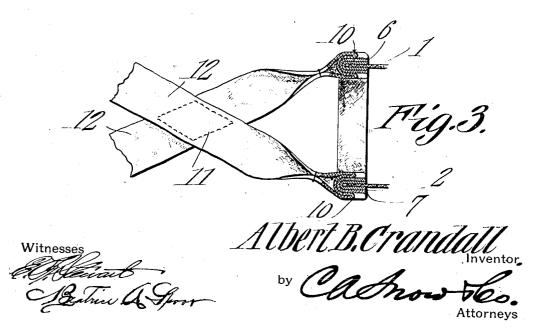
## A. B. CRANDALL. THUMB SUCKING PREVENTER, APPLICATION FILED APR. 6, 1910.

969,942.

Patented Sept. 13, 1910.







## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALBERT B. CRANDALL, OF RED WING, MINNESOTA.

## THUMB-SUCKING PREVENTER.

969,942.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Sept. 13, 1910. Application filed April 6, 1910. Serial No. 553,791.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ALBERT B. CRANDALL, a citizen of the United States, residing at Red Wing, in the county of Goodhue and 5 State of Minnesota, have invented a new and useful Thumb-Sucking Preventer, of

which the following is a specification. It is the object of this invention to pro-

It is the object of this invention to provide a cap of novel and improved form 10 adapted to be mounted upon the thumbs of infants to prevent them from sucking their

thumbs. One object of the invention is to provide

a cap of novel and improved form adapted 15 to the end above mentioned; to provide an absorbent band adapted to surround the open end of the cap; and so to construct this absorbent band that it may constitute a means for securing the cap in place.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective showing the device in position; Fig. 2 is a transverse section on the line A—B of Fig. 1; Fig. 3 is a transverse section on the line C—D of Fig. 2; and Fig. 4 is a sectional de-25 tail enlarged from Fig. 2.

The device includes, as a primary and fundamental element, a cap 1. This cap 1 is closed at one end and open at the other, so as to cover entirely the end of the thumb.

This cap 1 may be fashioned from a variety of materials, and I wish to limit myself to no specific structural material. Hard rubber, sheet metal or leather may be employed. Preferably however, the cap 1
is fashioned from metallic wire netting

of small mesh. The particular advantage incident to the use of wire netting in fashioning the cap 1 is that the cap may thus be roughened to some degree, so as to prove uppleasant to the touch, when placed

40 prove unpleasant to the touch, when placed in the mouth; without being sufficiently abrasive to injure the lips or the tongue. The periphery of the cap 1, at its open end, is surrounded by a reinforcing band 2, pref-

45 erably of metal, and U-shaped in transverse section. This reinforcing band 2 is inclosed by another outer band 3, fashioned from absorbent material of some sort, such as cloth. By thus surrounding the open end of the

50 cap 1, both upon the outside and inside of the cap with an absorbent band, any saliva which may accumulate upon the end of the thumb, will be retained in place within the cap 1, the saliva thus being prevented from trickling down upon the wrist. Owing to

the fact that the cap 1 is fashioned from net-

ting, any saliva which may accumulate in the cap 1, above the absorbent band 3, may be readily wiped away without removing the cap from the thumb. This absorbent 60 band 3 may be fashioned in any desired manner; and the means whereby the cap is retained upon the thumb, may likewise be varied. In the drawings I have shown a novel means whereby the absorbent band 65 and means for retaining the device upon the thumb, may be combined in a single structure; although it is to be understood that the showing in this regard may be departed from in particular instances without im- 70 pairing the utility of the invention.

Sometimes, in fashioning the absorbent band and the securing means, a strip 4 of cloth is folded over the lower edge of the band 2 and extended half way around the 75 cap 1. Another similar strip 5 is folded over the lower edge of the band 2 and extended the rest of the way around the cap 1. the end 6 of the strip 4 being located diametrically opposite to the end 7 of the 80 strip 5. The free end of the strip 5 is made to inclose the end 6 of the strip 4, as shown at 8 and the free end of the strip 5 as shown at 9. The free ends of the strip 5 as shown at 9. The free ends of the two strips are 85 then folded upon themselves, as shown at 10, the strips being stitched, or otherwise secured to the cap 1 and to the reinforcing band 2. After having been folded upon themselves, as shown at 10, the strips are 90 crossed upon each other as at 11 and there secured together, at some distance from the open end of the cap 1, the free extremities 12 constituting tying ends which may be united about the wrist of the wearer to hold 95 the device in place.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed is:-

1. A device of the class described comprising a one-piece cap arranged to cover a 100 thumb end; and an absorbent band inclosing the entire periphery of the cap at its open end and extended upon the inner and outer surfaces of the cap.

2. A device of the class described comprising a cap arranged to cover a thumb end; and absorbent strips folded over the edge of the cap at its open end, each strip being carried around the cap to inclose the end of the other strip; the free ends of the 110 strips being crossed upon each other and secured together at their point of crossing, their extremities being left free to constitute tying ends.

3. A device of the class described comprising a cap fashioned from metallic net-5 ting of small mesh, and arranged to cover a thumb end; a reinforcing band inclosing the edge of the cap at its open end; absorbent strips folded over the lower edge of the band, each strip being carried around 10 the cap to inclose the end of the other strip;

their free extremities constituting tying ends.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own, I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

ALBERT B. CRANDALL.

Witnesses:

ARTHUR I. HEMLEM, W. H. PUTNAM.