

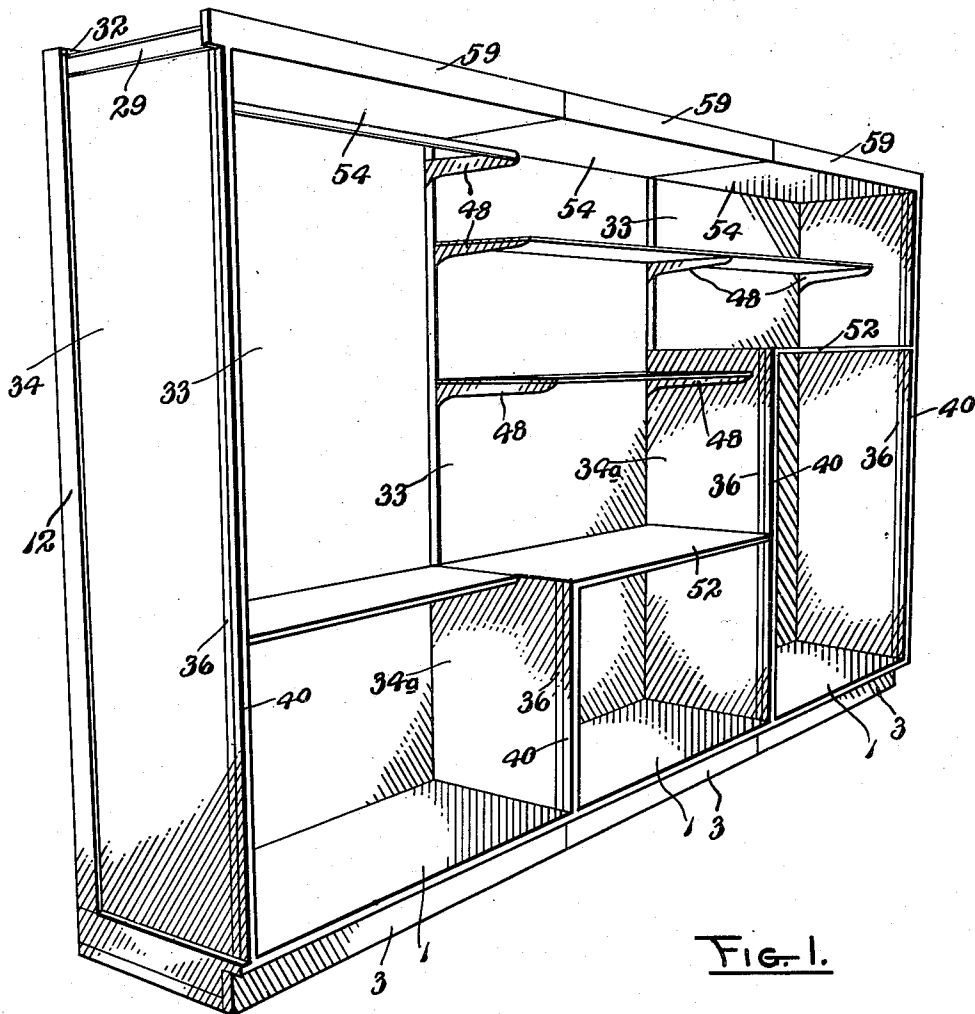
Dec. 25, 1951

A. VANDERVELD
STORE WALL FURNITURE

2,580,334

Filed Oct. 18, 1948

8 Sheets-Sheet 1



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8 Sheets-Sheet 2

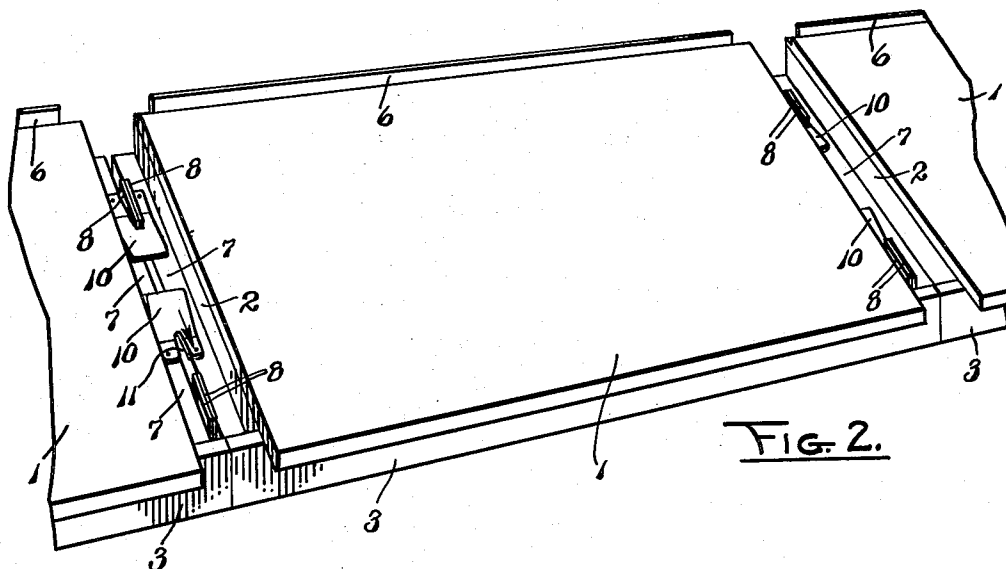


FIG. 2.

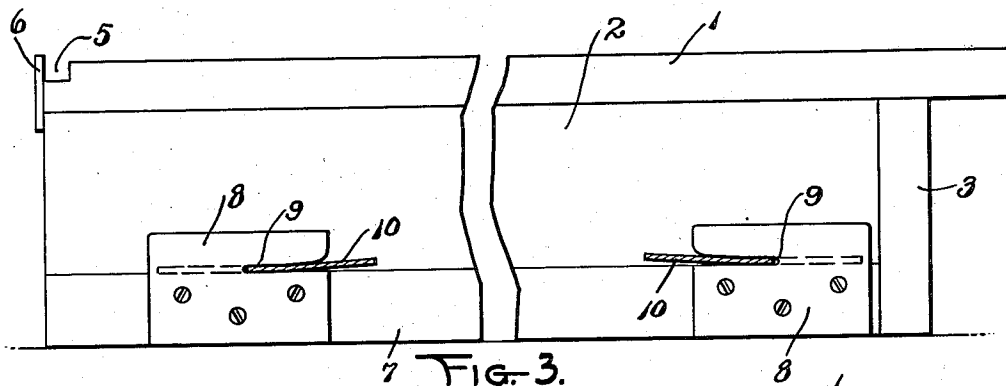


FIG. 3.

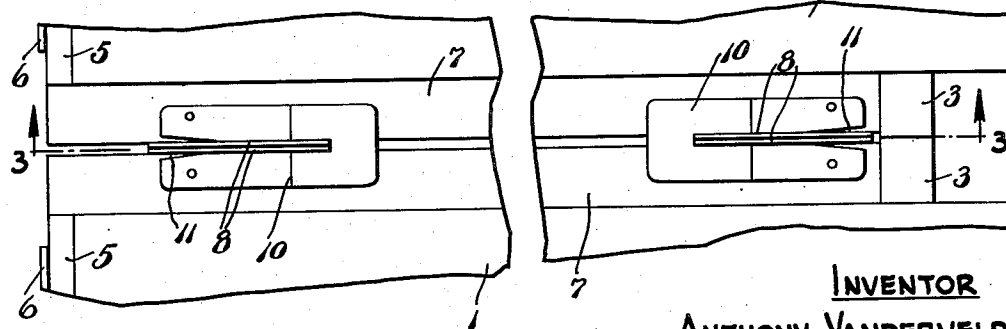


FIG. 4.

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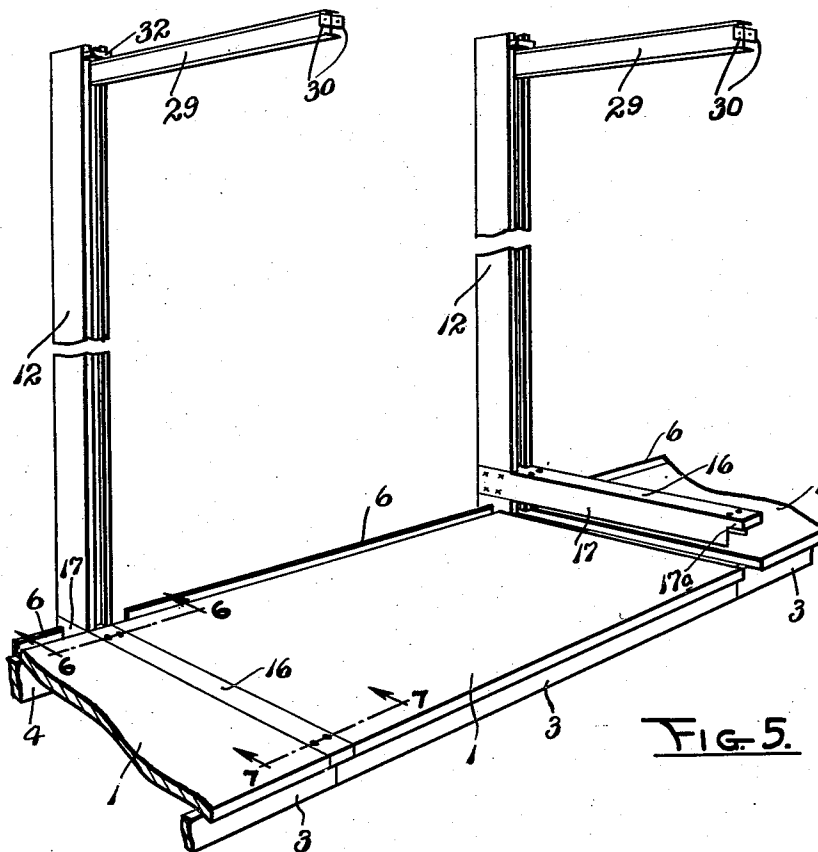


FIG. 5.

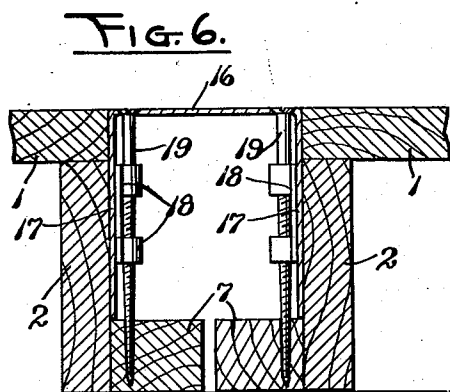


FIG. 6.

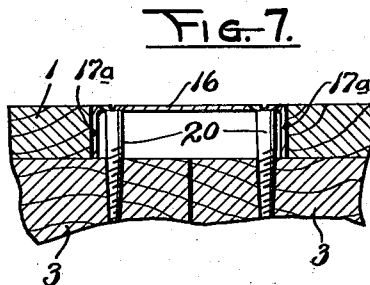


FIG. 7.

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FIG. 8.

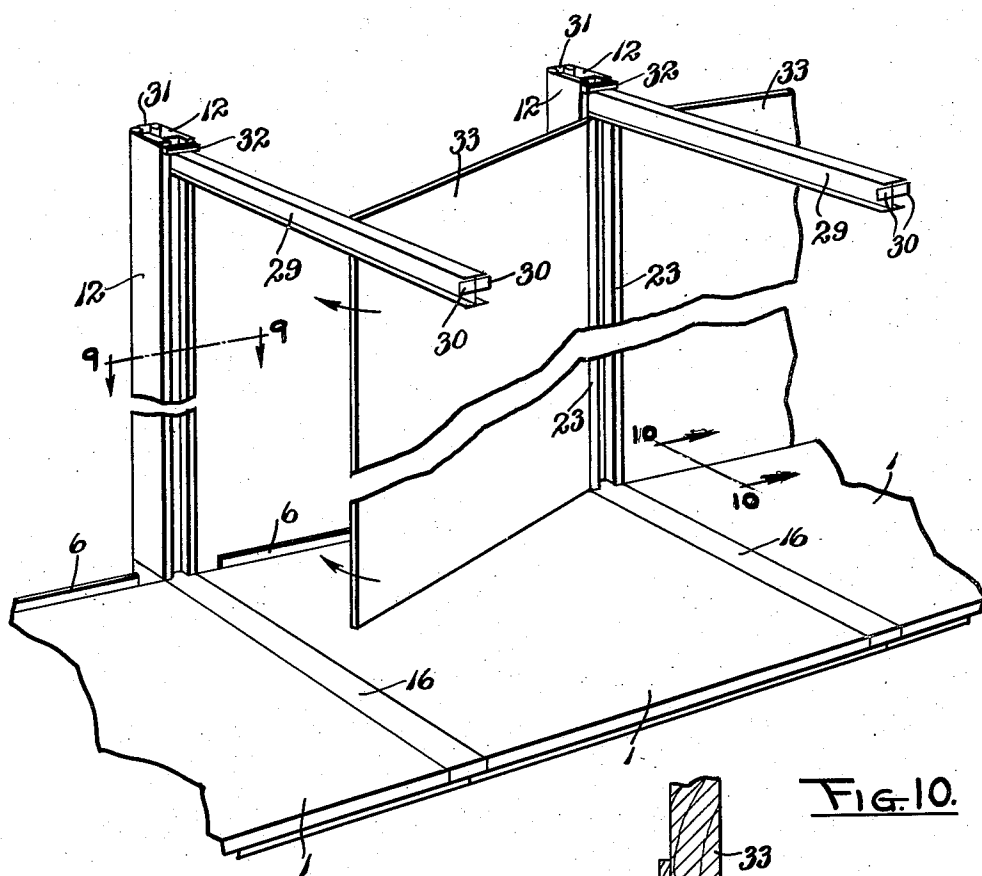


FIG. 10.

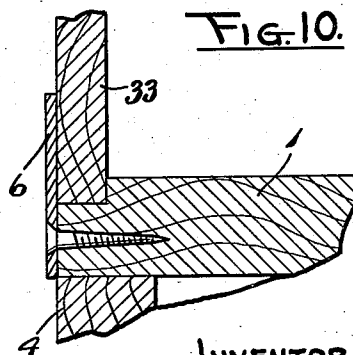
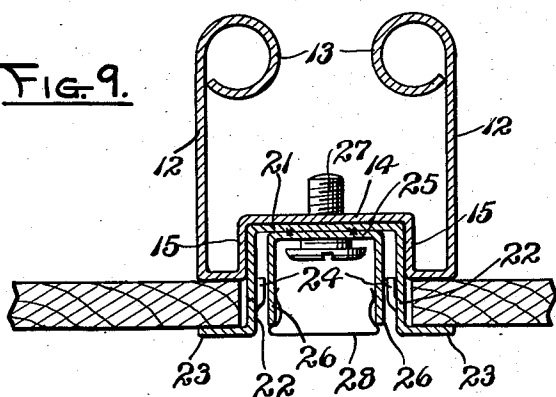


FIG. 9.



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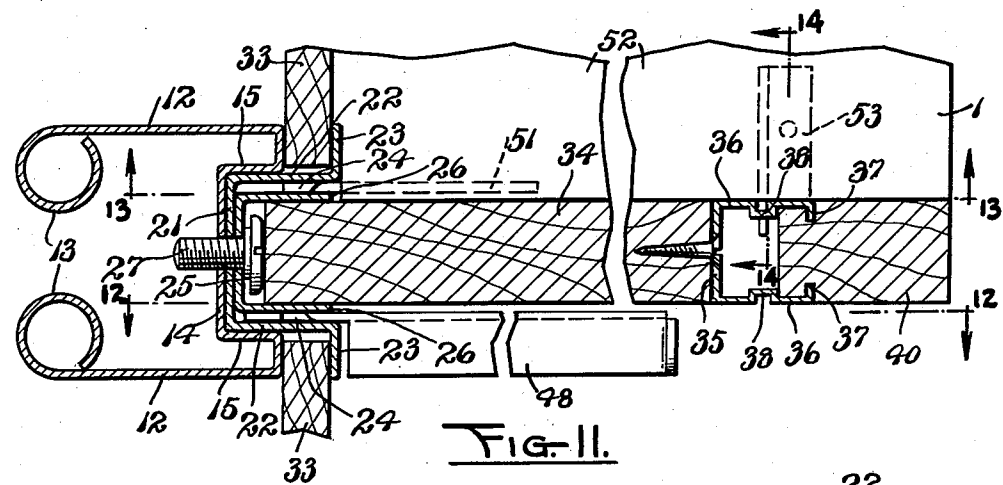


FIG. 11.

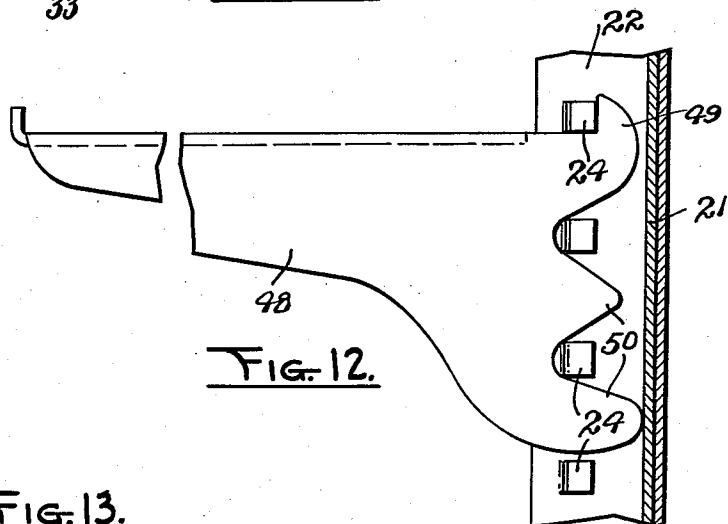


FIG. 12.

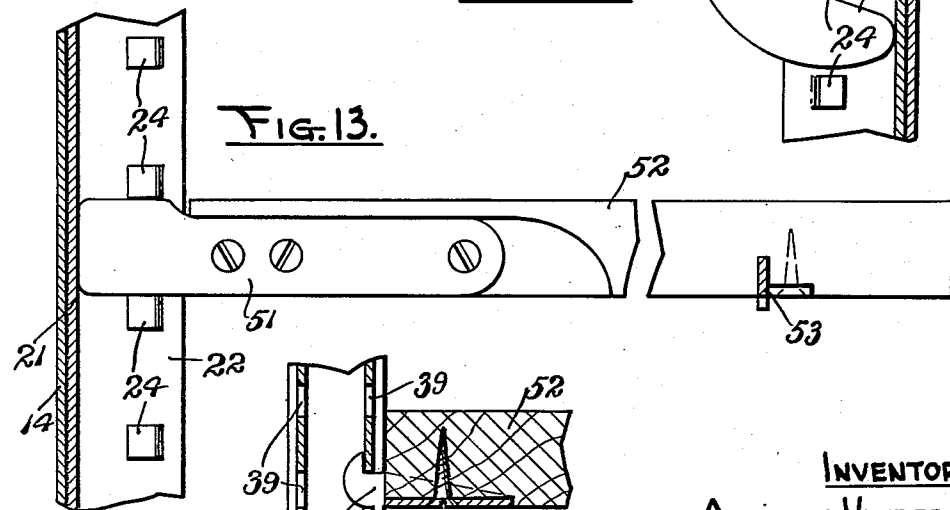


FIG. 13.

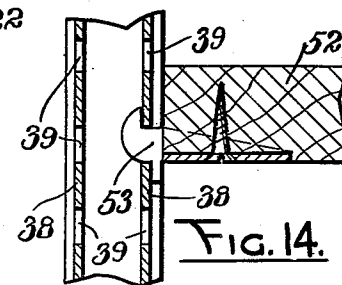


FIG. 14.

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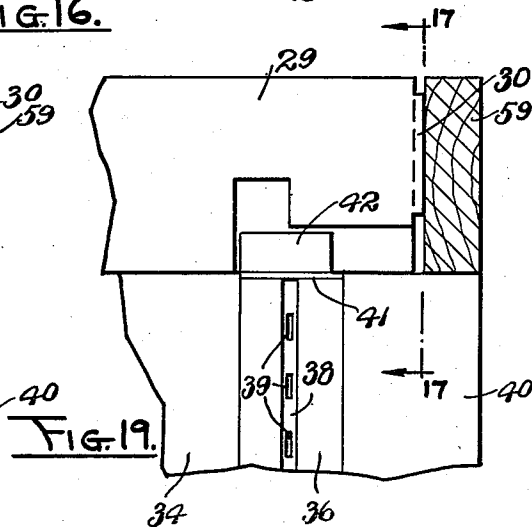
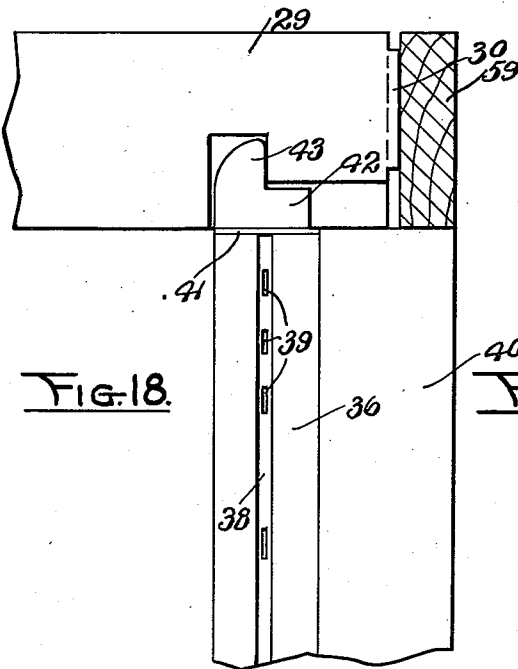
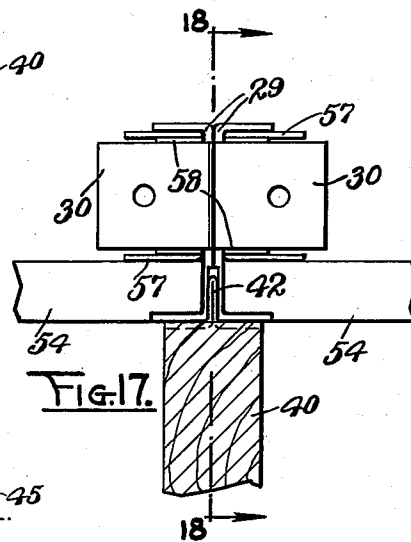
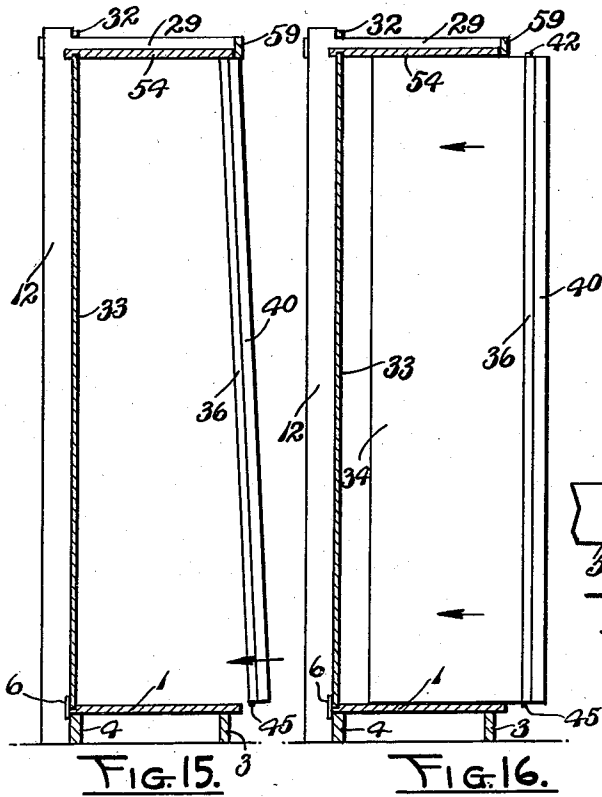
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8 Sheets-Sheet 6



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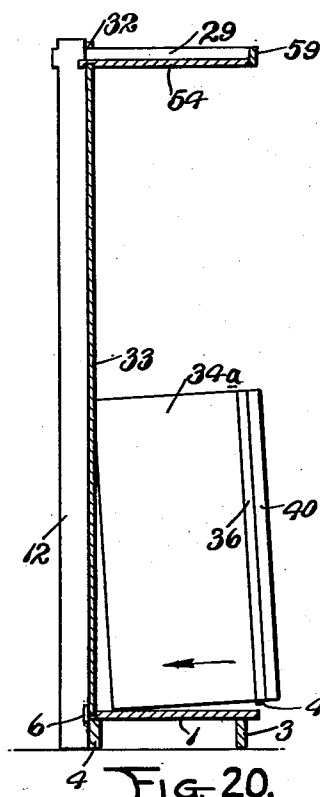


FIG. 20.

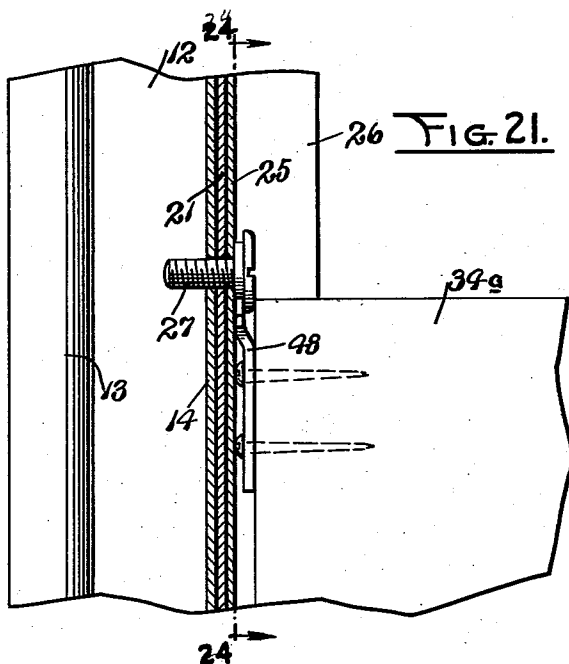


FIG. 21.

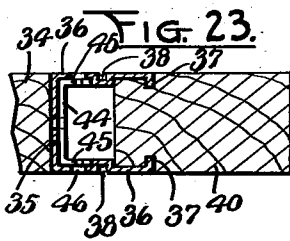
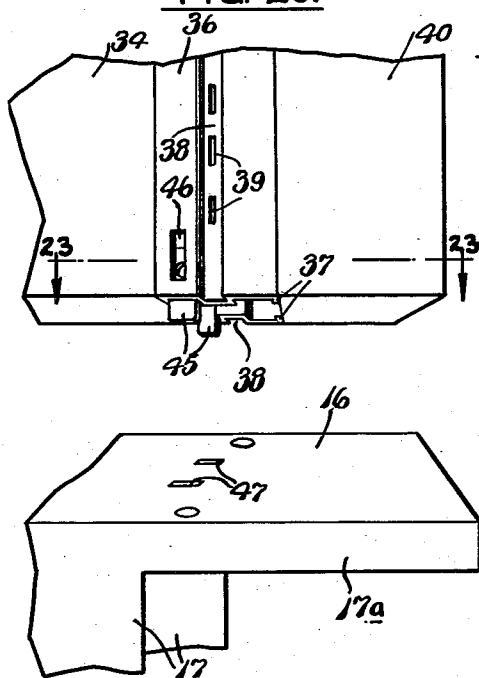


FIG. 22.

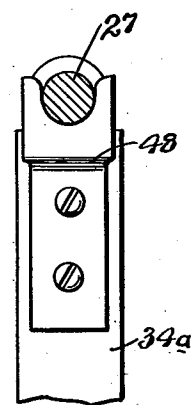


FIG. 24.

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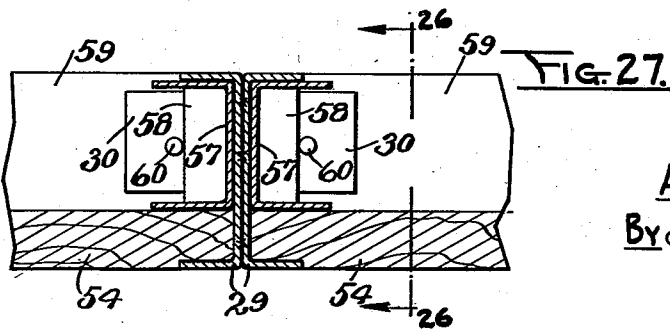
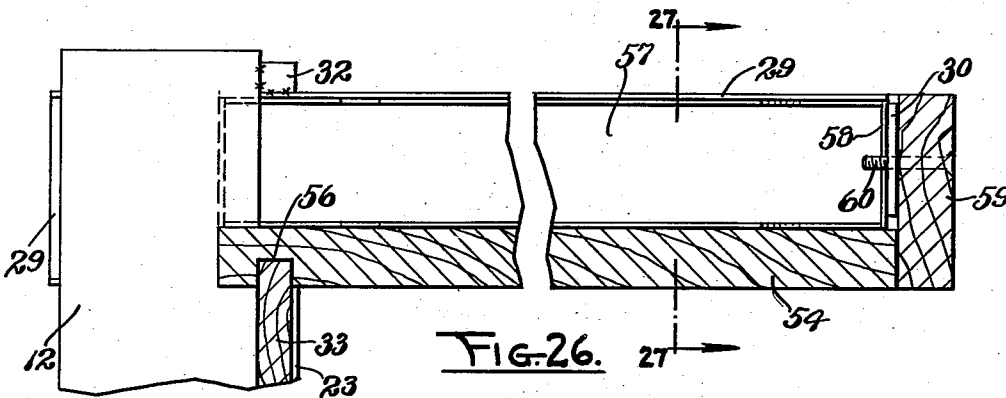
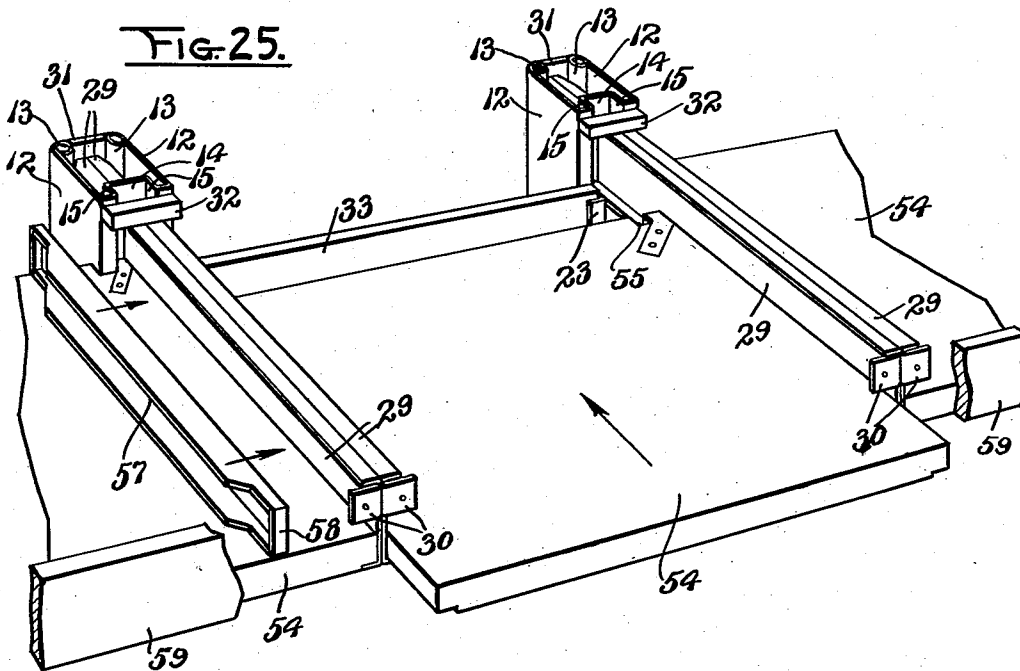
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8 Sheets-Sheet 8



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,580,334

STORE WALL FURNITURE

Anthony Vanderveld, Grand Rapids, Mich., assignor to Grand Rapids Store Equipment Company, Grand Rapids, Mich., a corporation of Michigan

Application October 18, 1948, Serial No. 55,138

12 Claims. (Cl. 312-257)

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This invention relates to a novel, economically constructed and, in general, universally adaptable wall store furniture structure, by means of which a plurality of successive store furniture units may be assembled in longitudinal alignment, each of which may be adapted selectively to become shelving units, display units, units receiving drawer assemblies, receiving means for supporting hanger rods upon which garments may be suspended, and many other different adaptations for the effective carrying and display of articles of merchandise, particularly in the dry goods and clothing departments of stores, the furniture of my invention being primarily adapted for use against the walls of the stores.

One primary object of the present invention is to provide a standard chassis structure which is common to substantially all of the aligned connected store fixture units, which may be assembled in greater or less number, as many as may be desired along the wall of a store, and in many cases underneath a balcony.

A further object of the invention is to provide store furniture of the character indicated in which the chassis structure is economically produced, having unit bases, spaced vertical frames secured at meeting ends of bases, top structure, backs and other parts of the structure, all largely duplicated with a resultant decrease in cost of manufacture. With such structure several units, located end to end, may be open from one end of the assembled structure to the other, if desired, or may have separating partitions between different units or may be provided with vertical pilasters at the adjacent unit ends and at the front of the wall structure, with novel means for a detachable connection of bracket arms for supporting shelving, and of other detachable connections for a variety of attachments of various generally well-known used accessories for the carrying, in a readily accessible position, the merchandise which the structure handles.

The structure is one which is fabricated at the manufacturing plant and is shipped in disassembled form but is very readily and easily assembled at a destination where it is to be used. Such store structure is readily taken down for removal from one part of a store to another, or for removal to a different store, such furniture being a salable asset because of the ease with which it is disassembled and moved and reassembled whenever wanted without damage. An understanding of the invention may be had from the following description, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, in which,

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Fig. 1 is a diagrammatic perspective view, showing an assembly of a plurality of the store furniture units of my invention in longitudinal alignment and with various fixtures therewithin.

Fig. 2 is a fragmentary perspective view showing a plurality of bases of successive units, as they are initially assembled in the first step of erecting the store furniture in a store.

Fig. 3 is a vertical section from front to rear, substantially on the plane of line 3-3 of Fig. 4.

Fig. 4 is a somewhat enlarged fragmentary plan view of the adjacent ends of two bases connected together.

Fig. 5 is a fragmentary perspective view showing assembled bases and frames used between the adjacent ends of successive bases, one secured in place and the other as it is being located in position to be secured.

Figs. 6 and 7 are fragmentary enlarged longitudinal sections, substantially on the planes of lines 6-6 and 7-7, respectively, of Fig. 5.

Fig. 8 is a perspective view, similar to Fig. 5, showing the assembly of vertical back panels with and between rear posts of the vertical frames secured at adjacent ends of successively aligned bases.

Fig. 9 is a fragmentary, enlarged transverse section on the plane of line 9-9 of Fig. 8.

Fig. 10 is a fragmentary enlarged vertical section substantially on the plane of line 10-10 of Fig. 8.

Fig. 11 is a fragmentary, horizontal section and plan through the wall store furniture at the end of a base showing the vertical partition which may be used between adjacent bases.

Fig. 12 is a vertical section substantially on the plane of line 12-12 of Fig. 11.

Fig. 13 is a vertical section substantially on the plane of line 13-13 of Fig. 11.

Fig. 14 is a fragmentary longitudinal vertical section substantially on the plane of line 14-14 of Fig. 11.

Fig. 15 is a vertical section through the wall furniture from front to rear, illustrating the attachment of a front pilaster which may be located between the adjacent ends of bases.

Fig. 16 is a similar vertical section showing the application of a vertical dividing partition and attached pilaster at the same location.

Fig. 17 is a fragmentary, vertical section on the plane of line 17-17 of Fig. 19.

Figs. 18 and 19 are fragmentary transverse vertical sections on the plane of line 18-18 of Fig. 17, Fig. 18 showing a pilaster and Fig. 19 a connected partition and pilaster.

Fig. 20 is a section similar to Fig. 18 wherein a vertical partition with attached front pilaster is shown being applied, the vertical height thereof being less than the height of the store furniture.

Fig. 21 is a fragmentary enlarged vertical section through a rear post, illustrating the connection of a short vertical partition to the post.

Fig. 22 is a fragmentary perspective view showing the releasable locking means for connecting the lower end of the pilaster to the bottom horizontal member of a vertical frame located at and between the ends of two successive bases.

Fig. 23 is a fragmentary horizontal section substantially on the plane of line 23—23 of Fig. 22.

Fig. 24 is a fragmentary rear elevation of the upper rear corner of a short vertical dividing partition.

Fig. 25 is a perspective view of the top structure used with the wall furniture.

Fig. 26 is a fragmentary enlarged transverse vertical section substantially on the plane of line 26—26 of Fig. 27, and

Fig. 27 is a fragmentary enlarged longitudinal vertical section substantially on the plane of line 27—27 of Fig. 26.

Like reference characters refer to like parts in the different figures of the drawings, and the sectional views are taken looking in the directions indicated by the arrows associated with the section lines.

In the structure of the wall store furniture which I have built embodying my invention, a plurality of bases of rectangular form, as many as may be needed for an installation of the furniture for a wall length, are provided, which bases are duplicates of each other and which are located in alinement. Each base has an upper rectangular horizontal top 1, to which, at each end, a rail 2 is secured having outer sides flush with the ends of the top and extending from the rear edge toward but terminating a short distance back of its front edge. A front rail 3 is located underneath the overhanging front portion of the top and against the front ends of the end rails 2, and is permanently secured in place. The front rail 3 at each end extends a short distance beyond the end rails 2, and the adjacent ends of the top. A back rail 4 is attached at the underside of the top between the rear ends of the end rails 2. The top 1 at its rear upper corner is rabbeted to provide a rectangular groove 5 which is completed at its rear side by a vertical sheet metal plate 6, secured to the rear edge of the top as shown in Fig. 3.

To each end-rail, at the outer side thereof, a bar 7 is connected which extends from the back end of each rail 2, to the front rail 3. The bars 7 are disposed below the upper sides of the rails 2 to which they are attached, and the outer sides of the bars are located inwardly a short distance from the ends of the front rails 3, so that when two of the bases are placed end to end in alinement, with adjacent ends of the front rails 3 of said bases contacting each other (Fig. 4), a narrow space is left between the adjacent outer sides of bars 7 as shown in Fig. 4. This permits the attachment of vertical plates 8 at the outer sides of each of the bars 7, the thickness of two plates 8 being equal to the width of the space between adjacent bars 7. Said plates extend above the upper sides of the bars 7 to which attached, and each plate is slotted from one end toward but short of the other with a slot 9, the lower side of each slot 9 being substantially flush with the upper side of the bar 7 to which attached. The

plates 8 on two successive bases lie against each other with their slots 9 in conjunction. Locking plates 10 of flat metal are provided, each longitudinally slotted between side edges from one end toward the other end as at 11. Such plates 10 are connected with the plates 8, the slots 11 receiving the plates 8 between them and the slots 9 in the plates 8 receiving the plates 10 beyond the slots 11 thereof. This firmly but releasably locks and connects the aligned bases at their adjacent ends in a firm connection, with a space between adjacent ends of the tops 1 of successive bases equal to the combined thicknesses of the bars 7 and plates 8; and with adjacent ends of the front rails 3 contacting each other. The plates 10 may be sprung or bent away from a horizontal plane to be more readily struck and driven over the vertical plates 8.

A frame, known as a C-frame in practice, is secured at and between the adjacent ends of the horizontally aligned bases. Each frame includes a back post of channel form of metal, having spaced rearwardly extending flanges 12, each of which terminates in a generally cylindrical roll 13 for strength and reinforcement. The web of the vertical channel post at the front thereof is pressed rearwardly into a channel form having a back 14 and forwardly extending short sides 15 which connect with the flanges 12 of the main channel through the remaining portions of the front web of the main channel, one at each side of each side 15 of the smaller channel longitudinally in the web thereof.

A metal lower horizontal bar, of inverted channel form, has an upper web 16, and downwardly extending flanges 17. The upper web or side 16 is cut away at the rear so that the flanges 17 at their back ends embrace the rear post, one against each on side 12 thereof, and are spot welded or otherwise permanently connected thereto. The flanges 17 at their front ends are partially cut away, leaving short narrow flanges 17a (Fig. 5). The flanges 17 (Fig. 6) enter the space between adjacent ends of the tops 1, and between the adjacent end bars 2, reaching at their lower edges to the bars 7. At the rear portion of said horizontal channel member, a plate 18 with vertical guide rolls thereon for long screws 19, is spot welded at the inner sides of the flanges 17, and the screws 19 pass through the top or web 16 and said guides and are driven into the bars 7.

At the front of each of the lower horizontal channel bars, other shorter screws 20 are similarly connected with the front rails 3 (Fig. 7). The recesses provided by cutting away the front ends of the flanges 17 permit the lower bar of each C-frame to reach to the front edges of the tops 1, and in practice, said front ends are closed by turning down a short section at the end of the top web 16. The upper side of a web 16 is in the same horizontal plane with the upper sides of the two base tops 1 between which located.

At the front side of each of the back posts a special channel structure is located and detachably secured. Such channel structure includes an outer channel having a back web 21 and forwardly extending side flanges 22, each of which, at its front edge portion, is turned outwardly to provide terminal flanges 23 parallel to and spaced from the front web of the main channel posts (Figs. 9 and 11). Each of the side flanges 22 has a plurality of spaced tongues 24, lengthwise thereof, struck inwardly (Figs. 12 and 13). Within this outer channel a second channel is provided, having a back web 25 located against and spot welded

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to the back web 21 of the first channel. From the web 25 side flanges 26 extend in a forward direction, paralleling and spaced from the side flanges 22 of the outer channel within which the second channel is located. This channel structure, consisting of the connected outer and inner channels is detachably secured to back 14 of the rearwardly pressed or formed longitudinal channel recess of the main post by shouldered screws 27, the heads of which at their rear sides are spaced short distances from the back web 25. The inner channel at its front open side, for sake of appearance when not otherwise closed, may be covered by a thin metal facing 28 having yielding or spring sides which are inserted between the side flanges 26 as shown in Fig. 9.

Each C-frame is completed by an upper horizontal member spaced from and paralleling the lower previously described horizontal member. The upper member is comprised of two channels placed with their webs back to back and spot welded or otherwise permanently secured together, with their flanges extending in opposite directions. Each of the webs of the two channel members which make up the I-beam thus provided, at its front end has a tongue 30, the two tongues extending in opposite directions. The web 14, at the upper end of the main post, has an opening through which the I-beam structure passes and it also passes through an opening on a vertical plate 31 which is welded to the rolls 13 at the rear side of each post and at the upper end portion thereof. The I-beam structure is secured to said web 14 and plate 31 where it passes through them by welding thereto, and for greater strength and reinforcement a bar 32 is welded to the top side of the I-beam and brought against the back post with which it is associated and welded to the post. This provides a strong and rigid frame of ample strength to withstand any service to which it is subjected.

A back for the structure is provided in a panel 33, one for each unit of the structure. The panel 33 is of rectangular form, and at its lower edge is received in the groove 5 in the base top 1 (Fig. 10), being retained by the plate 6. In the assembly (Fig. 8) a special channel structure is secured in place at the front of one of the posts, for example, the one at the right in Fig. 8, and a vertical edge of the back panel 33 inserted back of a flange 23. The back panel is then swung so that its other vertical edge portion comes against the other post and its lower edge over the groove 5 and after being thus located, the other special channel structure is secured to the other post by means of the screws 27. It will be noted (Figs. 8 and 25) that the special channel structures extend at their upper ends only to the lower side of the upper horizontal I-beam structure of their associate C-frames, and that the upper edge of the back panel 33 extends a short distance thereabove.

With the furniture structure thus far assembled and before the top is put in place, various vertical partitions which serve as ends of and separations between the successive units of the wall furniture, each having a front pilaster at its front edge, may be assembled in place. The partitions, when used may extend the full distance between the upper and lower horizontal members of a C-frame with which associated, or only from the lower horizontal member part way toward the upper member of the frame. In some cases only the pilaster may be attached in place at the front of and between the adjacent ends of two units. In use for

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hanging dresses or other garments, no partition will be used between the units.

The partition consists of a rectangular panel 34 having a thickness such that it is snugly received between the sides 26 of the last described channel of the special channel structure secured at the front of each post (Fig. 11). The pilaster includes an elongated, vertical sheet metal form having a web 35 adapted to be secured at the front edge of a partition 34 by means of screws, with sides 36 paralleling each other which, at their outer sides, are flush with the outer sides of the partition 34, extending outwardly therefrom and terminating in inwardly turned short flanges 37. Between the front and rear edges of the sides 36, vertical grooves 38 are rolled or otherwise formed inwardly extending toward each other, in the bottoms of each of which a plurality of spaced vertical slots 39 are cut (Figs. 14 and 18). The pilaster is completed by a vertical front member 40 of wood, grooved at opposite sides near its inner edge so as to have a longitudinal slidable connection with the sides 36 of the metal channel and held between the terminal flanges 37 and inwardly pressed grooves or ribs 38. The front edge of the front pilaster post 40 is flush with the front edges of the lower web 16 and with the base tops 1.

Each pilaster when it is attached to a vertical dividing partition, or an end 34 of the furniture, at its upper end is equipped with a sheet metal tongue formed from a plate of sheet metal with oppositely extending horizontal flanges 41, and an inverted U-shaped rib 42 extending upwardly therefrom, the legs of which are in close contact with each other. This member is welded to and closes the upper end of the sheet metal channel at the rear side of the pilaster. When the pilaster is used alone and not connected to a partition 34 (Fig. 18), it is formed with a similar member made of sheet metal with opposite flanges 41 and a vertically extending U-form 42 which, at its rear portion, is extended vertically into a finger 43. The webs of the two channels 29, which provide the upper I-Beam of each C-frame, are machined at their adjacent sides and at their lower portions (Figs. 18 and 19) to cut away sufficient metal that the rib 42 may be moved rearwardly slidably in the space left, as in Fig. 16. When a pilaster is used alone, the upwardly projecting finger 43 may be first inserted in the recess to receive it and the pilaster then swung at its lower end to the rear to connect with the lower horizontal member of its associated C-frame.

The rear metal member of the pilaster in all cases is provided at its lower end with a releasable latch to connect it with the upper side 16 of the lower horizontal C-frame member. The latch comprises a sheet metal member of channel form, having a web 44 and spaced flanges 45 located back of the ribs forming the grooves 38, said side flanges 45 at their lower ends extending below the back web 44. This provides a movable latch which may be lifted by engaging therewith through a slot 46 in a side 36 of the rear pilaster member to lift the latch to permit the pilaster to be swung to position in Fig. 15 at its lower end, or the attached pilaster and partition 34 moved slidably to the rear. When the pilaster has reached its rearmost position at its lower end, the projecting lower ends of the sides 45 of the latch come to and enter slots 47 (Fig. 22) made in the web 16 of the lower horizontal C-frame member.

If a partition of less vertical height or, for

example, one-half or one-third of the vertical height of a full partition is used, as shown at 34a in Figs. 20 and 21, the same lock is used at the lower end of the short pilaster, connected therewith, and the rear vertical edge portion of the partition 34a is entered between the sides 26 of the special channel structure. At the upper end of rear edge of the short partition 34a, a short metal bar 48 is permanently secured, offset rearwardly at its upper end and notched to embrace the shouldered portion of a screw 27 back of the head of the screw, the short partition and pilaster being thus detachably secured in place.

As shown in Figs. 11 and 12, bracket arms 48 equipped at their rear ends, each with a hook 49, and spaced rearwardly extending projections 50 (Fig. 12) are adapted to be detachably connected with the pressed-out tongues or lugs 24 on the channel sides 22. The spaces between adjacent flanges or sides 22 and 26 of the channels are but slightly greater than the thickness of the metal of the arms 48. Horizontal shelves may be supported between the brackets 48 at each end of any unit or units of the structure, or garment hanger rods extended between said brackets. The brackets are held firmly in any position in which adjustably located, and may be adjusted to any of a large number of vertical positions. They are readily secured in place alongside a vertical dividing panel partition 34.

Similarly, flat bars 51 (Fig. 13) having a width vertically equal to the distance between two successive tongues 24, and connected one to each end of the horizontal shelf 52, may have their rear end portions, which extend back of the rear edge of the shelf, inserted between any two adjacent tongues, the shelves extending forwardly and, at their under sides, being equipped with metal lugs having hooks 53 adapted to be detachably inserted through selected openings 39 in the bottoms of grooves 38. Such connection of intervening shelves between vertical dividing partition panels, holds the partitions against spreading at their front portions irrespective of whether the partitions are of full or only partial height. Thus the interior of the spacing between the two end panels of the structure, as shown in Fig. 1, and above the bases and in front of the backs of the successive units of the furniture structure may be equipped with shelves, or have compartments into which drawer sections are insertable; or connected with the metallic rear channel portions of the pilasters at the front. A sliding door carrying frame may be connected by using the openings at 39 in accordance with the previous practices of mounting such door carrying frames. Such merchandise receiving space may be divided and arranged as wanted and also may be rearranged whenever desired. A front pilaster may extend between the front ends of the upper and lower horizontal members of each of the C-frames, either with or without connection to a vertical dividing partition back of it.

The top of an assembled structure includes for each unit, a top board or panel 54 of rectangular form (Fig. 25) to be located directly over each of the unit bases. It is assembled by sliding it to the rear over the lower flanges of the upper horizontal members of two successive C-frames. Each of said top panels at its rear edge and near each corner is notched or recessed at 55, leaving a lug at each rear corner, which may be metal reinforced as shown in Fig. 25,

to enter the rearwardly pressed channel front web of the main post of said C-frames. By this means the C-frames are held from spreading at the top which might let the top fall or the panel back 33 get out of place. Each of the top panels 54 at its underside and near its rear edge is rabbeted to produce an under groove 56 (Fig. 26), into which the upper edge portion of the associated back panel 33 is received.

The thickness of each panel 54 is less than the vertical distance between the flanges of the channel members 29, and less than the distance between the lower edges of the laterally bent tongues 30 and the lower flanges of the channels. After the top panel 54 has been moved to the rear and connected with a back 33, a holding bar 57 is located over each end of the panel between its upper side and the upper flange of the associated channel 29. As shown in Fig. 25, the holding bar is of metal, having upper and lower spaced flanges and a vertical back, the flanges at both ends being reduced in thickness and each end of the channel form thus made, closed by an end 58. Of course, a bar of wood of the same form, except that it is solid may be used as an equivalent. The rear, thinner end of the bar 57 comes against the bottom web 14 of the channel pressed in the face of the main post, and the front end lies back of a tongue 30. Each of the tongues 30 has a screw threaded opening through it.

The last thing done in assembling the furniture is to secure an upper front rail 59, which is of a height so that its upper edge is substantially flush with the upper flanges of channels 29, and its lower edge flush with the under side of the top panel 54. Screws 60 pass through the end portions of the top front rails 59 and thread through the tongues 30, passing closely adjacent to the edge of the closed end 58 of the top holding bar, thereby locking and securing the bar against removal until the screws 60 have been withdrawn. The top panels are held and secured against movement.

The novel structure described, in an assembly of a plurality of said units in longitudinal alinement, contains duplicate bases, duplicate C-frames, duplicate special channel structures to be secured at the front sides of the back posts of the frames, and duplicate top panels and means for releasably securing them in place, so that in manufacturing the parts of the structure used may be produced in large quantities; all duplicate parts being of the same dimensions and interchangeable. The partitions and pilasters, whether the pilasters are connected to the partition or separate therefrom, are likewise duplicated in making, and interchangeable in use. The short length vertical dividing partitions and their associated pilasters preferably are of standard vertical dimensions, while the horizontal shelves detachably connecting therewith and to the rear, special panel structure secured to the back posts, are of standard dimensions and are manufactured in duplicate in large quantities. The wall store furniture of my invention is readily assembled and disassembled, the parts fitting together, there being required in the assembly, the use of only a screw driver to turn and tighten the screws used. The assembled structure is strong and is rigid against change of position of the parts with respect to each other. The pilasters at the front when used, either alone or connected to the vertical dividing panels, have their front edges flush with the front edges of

the base tops 1, and the front sides of the upper rails 59 (Figs. 18 and 19). There is economy of manufacture and the interior space of any number of the units which make up an assembly of such units may be arranged in accordance with the wishes and desires of the store owner for the most effective carrying and display of merchandise.

The invention is defined in the appended claims, and is to be considered comprehensive of all forms of structure coming within their scope.

I claim:

1. In a store furniture, a plurality of bases located end to end in longitudinal alinement, said bases having tops of rectangular form with adjacent ends thereof spaced from each other and having front rails having adjacent ends in abutting engagement; a horizontal bar located in each of the spaces between adjacent ends of tops of said bases, a vertical back post secured at the rear end of each bar; said post in its front face having a vertical channel groove, a channel member having forwardly extending spaced side flanges located in said groove, a second channel member located within the first channel member permanently secured thereto having forwardly extending side flanges parallel to the side flanges of the first channel member, said side flanges of one of said channel members having tongues thereon, vertically spaced and located in the spaces between the flanges of said first and second mentioned channel members, and means for detachably connecting said secured together channel members to the front side of their associated posts.

2. A structure as defined in claim 1, said forwardly extending side flanges of the first channel member at the forward portions thereof terminating in laterally extending flanges which parallel the front face of the post to which secured and are spaced therefrom.

3. In store furniture, a plurality of bases, each having a rectangular top and front rails underneath the top, said front rails being secured underneath the top, and said front rails at each end extending beyond the adjacent ends of associated tops, and said bases being located in longitudinal alinement with the ends of successive front rails in abutting engagement, integral C-frames each comprising a lower horizontal bar, a vertical back post and an upper horizontal bar, said horizontal bars extending forwardly from adjacent the upper and lower ends of said post, located at the adjacent ends of successive bases, the lower horizontal bars of said frames being located between adjacent end edges of the base tops, means for securing the lower horizontal bars to their associated bases, means at the vertical edges of the posts and at the rear edge of the top of each base for receiving the vertical edge portions and the lower edge portions of vertical back panels adapted to extend between successive posts, a vertical pilaster extending between the upper and lower horizontal bars, and cooperating means adjacent the forward ends of said upper and lower horizontal bars of each C-frame for detachably connecting a pilaster at its upper and lower ends to said lower and upper horizontal bars of each C-frame.

4. A structure as defined in claim 3, the vertical post of each C-frame having a vertical channel groove in the front face thereof extending between said upper and lower horizontal bars, a channel member in said groove and connected

with the post, open at its forward side and having forwardly extending side flanges, a partition inserted at its rear edge in said channel member and extending forward therefrom and means for connecting a pilaster to the partition at its front vertical edge.

5. A structure as defined in claim 4, said pilaster comprising a metal channel having a back web and forwardly extending sides, each side having an inwardly pressed vertical groove therein and each groove therein having a plurality of spaced vertical slots cut from the bottom thereof through to the inner side of each side of the channel member, an outer finishing member lengthwise of said channel, and means for interlocking said outer member at its rear portion between the sides of said metal channel, said outer member extending forwardly therefrom.

6. In store furniture, a base having a horizontal rectangular top, an integral C-frame located and secured at each end of the base, said frame comprising a lower horizontal bar, vertical back post and an upper horizontal bar, said horizontal bars extending forward from and rigidly connected to the vertical posts adjacent their lower and upper ends respectively, means for holding a vertical back panel at its vertical edges by posts at the ends of the base top with the panel extending therebetween, means on the top of said base for receiving and holding the lower edge portion of said back panel, means on the upper horizontal bars of said frames for slidably receiving a top located over and above the base, a top located therein, an upper front rail extending between the front ends of said upper horizontal bars of the C-frames, means for detachably connecting said front rail to said upper horizontal bars, vertical pilasters one extending between each C-frame at the forward end of said upper and lower horizontal bars, and means for releasably connecting said pilasters at their lower ends with the lower horizontal bars of the C-frames, said pilasters at their upper ends and said top being held from outward movement by said front rail.

7. In wall store furniture, a base, a vertical back post extending upwardly at each end of the base and at its rear, said post in the front side thereof having an elongated vertically positioned channel recess, a channel structure including an outer vertical channel member having a back web and forwardly extending side flanges, and an inner vertical channel member having a back web forwardly extending side flanges located within the first channel member, with the webs in contact engagement and the side flanges paralleling each other and spaced short distances apart, means permanently connecting the webs of said channel members, the flanges of one of said channel members having a plurality of spaced horizontally located tongues integrally connected therewith extending into the spaces between the flanges of the two channel members, and means for securing said channel structure to the front side of the post with which associated, seated in the longitudinal channel recess thereof.

8. A structure as defined in claim 7, each of the flanges of the first outer channel member at the forward edge portions thereof having lips extending opposite each other from the forward portions of said side flanges, paralleling and spaced from the front side of the back post with which associated.

9. In a structure as defined in claim 7, a lower horizontal bar permanently secured to each of

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said back posts adjacent their lower ends lying alongside the adjacent ends of the base, means releasably securing said bars to said base at its ends, an upper horizontal bar permanently secured to each back post and extending therefrom over the lower horizontal bar, a vertical panel having its rear edge portion received between the side flanges of the second and inner vertical channel member, a vertical pilaster secured to and extending lengthwise at the front edge of each panel, means for releasably securing said pilaster at its lower end to the lower horizontal bar over which it is located, and means for releasably connecting the upper end of said pilaster to the upper horizontal bar with which it is associated.

10. In store furniture, a rectangular horizontal base, a vertical back post at each end and at the rear of the base, means for securing the back posts to said base, a horizontal upper bar permanently secured to each back post near the upper end thereof extending therefrom in a forward direction, said horizontal bar having a horizontal channel at its inner side, a top member slidably received in said channels and extending between the channels and resting on the lower flanges thereof, a front rail extending between the front ends of said horizontal bars closing the front ends of the channels therein and means for detachably securing said front rail to said horizontal bars whereby said top member is retained in place.

11. A structure as defined in claim 10, and filler bars one between each end of said top between the upper side thereof and the upper flanges of said channels of the upper horizontal bars located in the channels and holding said top against said lower flanges, said means for attaching the front rail comprising, a screw passing through the front rail adjacent each end thereof rearwardly, and a laterally extending tongue at the front end of each upper horizontal bar extending across the channel therein, said screws threading through said tongues and at their inner ends projecting inside the front ends of the filler bars.

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12. In wall furniture, a plurality of detachably connected aligned horizontal rectangular bases, C-frames each including a rear back post and upper and lower spaced horizontal bars extending forwardly from the posts secured to said bases at the ends thereof and located between the adjacent ends of successive bases, back panels each connected with and extending in front of successive back posts, a channel structure secured at the front side of each back post including two vertical nested channel members permanently secured together with their flanges spaced short distances from and paralleling each other, said flanges extending in a forward direction from associated back posts, means on the flanges of one of said channel members located in adjustably supporting horizontal members to be connected therewith and extending forward therefrom, horizontal tops carried by and between successive upper bars of said C-frames, front rails extending between the front ends of successive upper horizontal bars of the C-frames, and means for securing said front rails in place outwardly of said tops to hold them against said movement relative to the C-frames upon which carried.

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