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(54) **Title:** LAUNDRY APPLIANCE WITH USER-FRIENDLY DRAWER

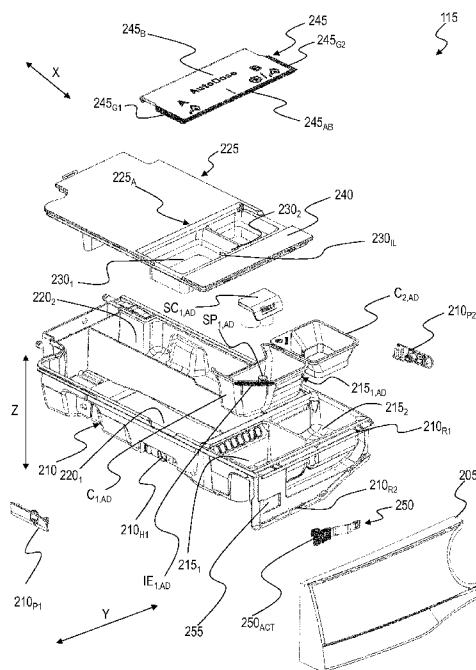


Figure 2B

(57) Abstract: A laundry treatment appliance (100) is proposed. The laundry treatment appliance comprises a drawer (115) for containing at least one laundry treatment agent, and at least two components (210_{P1}, 210_{P2}; 210_E; 215_{I,AD}; 245; 250) associated with said drawer (115) and that can be manually actuated by a user while interacting with the drawer (115). Said at least two components (210_{P1}, 210_{P2}; 210_E; 215_{I,AD}; 245; 250) comprise, at least on respective portions (210_{P1}, 210_{P2}; 210_{E,ACT}; 215_{I,AD}; 245_{G1}, 245_{G2}, 245_{AB}; 250_{ACT}) thereof, respective markers with at least one common appearance feature for allowing the user to visually identify said at least two components (210_{P1}, 210_{P2}; 210_E; 215_{I,AD}; 245; 250) in the drawer (115).

LAUNDRY APPLIANCE WITH USER-FRIENDLY DRAWER

DESCRIPTION**Field of the invention**

The present invention generally relates to the field of laundry treatment appliances (hereinafter, concisely, “laundry appliances”), and particularly to laundry appliances for treating, *e.g.* washing, items (such as linen, clothes, garments, shoes, and the like), such as laundry washing appliances and laundry washing appliances also implementing laundry drying functions (also referred to as washers/dryers). More particularly, the present invention relates to a laundry appliance with an improved and user-friendly drawer.

Background of the invention

A laundry appliance typically comprises a drawer having drawer compartments for containing one or more treatment agents (such as liquid and powder treatment agents), and a drawer seat for slidably housing the drawer within it.

A typical drawer comprises one or more components that can be actuated by the user (hereinafter, actuatable components). Examples of actuatable components of the drawer are a detach component for allowing a drawer handle to be detached from a drawer body, one or more adapter components each one configured to be reversibly inserted into a respective drawer compartment for adapting it to liquid or powder treatment agents, an extraction component for reversibly extracting the drawer from the drawer seat, one or more access components (*e.g.*, doors) for selectively accessing respective drawer compartment(s), and one or more plug components for selectively plugging or unplugging emptying holes of respective drawer compartments.

The drawers of currently marketed laundry appliances, especially of high quality laundry appliances, comprise each one a relatively high number of actuatable components (for example, all or almost all of the above mentioned actuatable components).

These actuatable components, together with the remaining parts of the drawer, typically define as a whole a generally uniform and substantially impersonal appearance of the drawer.

5 **Summary of invention**

The Applicant has realized that a uniform and impersonal appearance of the drawer, besides being not very gratifying for the user in terms of aesthetics, may also negatively affect user experience when the user interacts with it.

10 Indeed, the Applicant has ascertained that a drawer having a uniform appearance and comprising a relatively high number of actuatable components may be disclouraging for the user, in that the actuatable components are not easily recognizable and/or actuatable by the user without resorting to the instruction manual of the laundry appliance or other forms of help or assistance.

15 As a result of this, many of the functionalities of the laundry appliance associated with the actuatable components are not exploited or fully exploited by the user, whereby user perception of the laundry appliance (and hence customer loyalty towards the laundry appliance manufacturer) may be negatively affected.

20 In view of the above, it is an object of the present invention to provide a laundry appliance able to overcome these, as well as other, drawbacks, and particularly it is an object of the present invention to provide a laundry appliance having a drawer with easily recognizable, easy to use and cheap actuatable components.

One or more aspects of the present invention are set out in the independent claims, with advantageous features of the same invention that are indicated in the dependent claims.

25 An aspect of the present invention relates to a laundry treatment appliance comprising a drawer for containing at least one laundry treatment agent, and at least two components associated with said drawer and that can be manually actuated by a user while interacting with the drawer. Said at least two components preferably comprise, at least on respective portions thereof, respective markers with at least one

common appearance feature for allowing the user to visually identify said at least two components in the drawer.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said at least one common appearance feature comprises a common color of said respective portions of said at least two components.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said markers comprise, for at least one of said at least two components, a function indicator allowing the user to recognize a function of the respective component.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, the function indicators of said at least two components comprise at least one among textual and/or sign indicators.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, the laundry treatment appliance further comprises a user interface having at least one control element for allowing the user to control at least one operating parameter of a laundry treatment cycle. Preferably, the user interface also comprises at least one status indicator for indicating to the user a status of the laundry treatment appliance and/or a status of a laundry treatment cycle. Advantageously, one or more of said at least one operating parameter and said at least one status indicator is associated each one with a respective one of said markers.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said at least two components comprise at least two among:

- a detach component for allowing a drawer handle to be detached from a drawer body;
- at least one adapter component configured to be reversibly inserted into at least one drawer compartment for adapting the at least one drawer compartment to different types of laundry treatment agents;
- an extraction component for reversibly extracting the drawer from a drawer seat of the laundry treatment appliance;
- at least one access component for selectively accessing the at least one drawer

compartment;

- at least one plug component adapted to selectively plug or unplug a respective emptying hole associated with the at least one drawer compartment.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, at least one first drawer
5 compartment of said at least one drawer compartment is adapted to contain a single dose of said at least one laundry treatment agent, and/or at least one second drawer compartment of said at least one drawer compartment is adapted to contain multiple doses of said at least one laundry treatment agent.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said drawer body is
10 connectable with said drawer handle in a releasable way through a coupling arrangement. Said coupling arrangement preferably comprises:

- drawer sliding means arranged on the drawer body along a coupling direction orthogonal to a sliding direction of the drawer into its respective drawer seat,

- handle sliding means arranged on the drawer handle along said coupling
15 direction, said drawer sliding means being adapted to slidably engage with said handle sliding means for allowing said drawer handle to move with respect to said drawer body along said coupling direction. Said detach component advantageously comprises a detach actuator provided in said drawer body and/or in said drawer handle, actuatable for switching the detach component between locked and unlocked configurations
20 preventing and allowing, respectively, the movement of the drawer handle with respect to the drawer body.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said at least one adapter component comprises a container adapted to be reversibly housed into said at least one drawer compartment. The container preferably comprises a grip portion for allowing
25 insertion and removal of the at least one adapter component into and from, respectively, said at least one drawer compartment. The marker of the at least one adapter component is advantageously provided on said grip portion.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said grip portion comprises an inclined edge that identifies a gap between the container and the at least

one drawer compartment when the container is housed in the least one drawer compartment.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, the at least one access component comprises a door that can be actuated between open and closed conditions
5 for respectively allowing and preventing access to the at least one drawer compartment. The door preferably comprises a grip portion for actuating the door. The marker of the at least one access component is advantageously provided on said grip portion.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, when the door is in the
10 closed condition, the grip portion is spaced apart from the least one drawer compartment thereby allowing the user to grasp the grip portion.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, the door comprises an abutment portion that, when the door is in the closed position, preferably abuts on a portion of a rim region of the at least one drawer compartment. The marker of the at
15 least one access component is advantageously provided further on said abutment portion.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said at least one first drawer compartment comprises at least two first drawer compartments. Each one of said at least two first drawer compartments comprises, at least on respective portions
20 thereof, respective further markers with at least one further common appearance feature different from the common appearance feature and, preferably, from said generally uniform appearance of the drawer. In this way, the user is allowed to visually identify said at least two first drawer compartments.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, said extraction
25 component is associated with drawer seat and preferably comprises:

- a catch portion adapted to engage a blocking portion of the drawer body, and
- an extraction actuator mechanically coupled to said catch portion for operating the extraction component between a first condition in which the catch portion engages said blocking portion thereby preventing extraction of the drawer from

the drawer seat and a second condition in which the catch portion disengages said blocking portion thereby allowing extraction of the drawer from the drawer seat. The marker of the extraction component is advantageously provided on said extraction actuator.

5

Brief description of the annexed drawings

These and other features and advantages of the present invention will be made apparent by the following description of some exemplary and non-limitative embodiments thereof; for its better intelligibility, the following description should be read making reference to the attached drawings, wherein:

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Figures 1A and **1B** show perspective views of a laundry appliance according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2A shows perspective views of a drawer of the laundry appliance according to an embodiment of the present invention;

15

Figure 2B shows a perspective exploded view of the drawer of **Figure 2A** according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2C shows a perspective exploded view of a drawer cover and of a door associated therewith according to an embodiment of the present invention, and

Figure 2D shows a perspective and partially exploded view from behind of the drawer of **Figure 2A** according to an embodiment of the present invention.

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Detailed description of preferred embodiments of the invention

With reference to the drawings, **Figures 1A** and **1B** show perspective views of a laundry appliance **100** according to an embodiment of the present invention. According to the exemplary, not limiting, embodiment herein considered, the laundry appliance **100** is a washing machine. In any case, although in the following description explicit reference will be made to a washing machine, this should not be construed as a limitation; indeed, the present invention applies to other types of laundry

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appliances (for example combined washers/dryers, *i.e.* washing machines also having laundry drying functions).

The laundry appliance **100** comprises a (*e.g.*, parallelepiped-shaped) cabinet **105**, which preferably accommodates a treatment chamber (*i.e.*, a laundry washing chamber
5 in the example herein considered of a washing machine) for performing a laundry treatment cycle on items housed therein (*i.e.*, a washing cycle on a laundry load in the example herein considered of a washing machine).

The laundry washing chamber comprises a washing tub (not shown) and, within it, a (*e.g.*, rotatable) washing basket or drum (not shown) adapted to contain the
10 laundry load to be washed. A cabinet front has a loading opening providing an access to the drum for loading/unloading the laundry load, a door **110** (shown in a closed position in **Figures 1A** and **1B**) being provided for sealably closing the loading opening during the operation of the laundry appliance **100**.

Although not shown, the laundry appliance **100** also comprises, enclosed in the
15 cabinet **105**, electrical/electronic/mechanical/hydraulic components for the operation of the laundry appliance **100** (such as for example motor, electromechanical valves, pumps and impellers of the hydraulic apparatus, one or more heating elements for heating water/treatment agents/air).

The laundry appliance **100** further comprises a drawer **115** for containing one
20 or more laundry treatment agents (or, concisely, treatment agents), such as liquid and powder treatment agents including, but not limited to, washing detergents, rinsing detergents, bleaches and softeners. The laundry appliance **100** also comprises a drawer seat **120** for housing the drawer **115**, the drawer being advantageously configured to slide into the drawer seat **120**, along a longitudinal or sliding direction **X**, between an
25 extracted position (shown in **Figure 1A**) and a retracted position (shown in **Figure 1B**). The drawer seat **120** is preferably provided on a top part of a cabinet front.

Preferably, the laundry appliance **100** further comprises a user interface **125**, the user interface **125** being preferably provided on the top part of the cabinet front,

more preferably next to the drawer seat **120** along a transversal direction **Y** orthogonal to the longitudinal direction **X**.

Preferably, although not necessarily, the user interface **125** comprises a display unit, not shown, for visually displaying one or more pieces of information; the display
5 unit may for example be a light emitting polymer display (LPD), a liquid crystal display, a thin film transistor-liquid crystal display, or an organic light-emitting diode display.

The user interface **125** preferably comprises one or more control elements (*e.g.*, selection buttons and/or knobs) for allowing the user to select a washing cycle and to
10 control one or more operating parameters of the selected washing cycle (including, but not limited to, temperature, laundry load dirt level, spin speed, start time delay, drawer compartment selection, treatment agent selection). Additionally, as herein exemplary assumed, or alternatively, the user interface **125** preferably comprises one or more status indicators for indicating to the user a status of the laundry appliance **100**; for the
15 purposes of the present disclosure, the status indicators are configured to indicate the status of one or more components of the laundry appliances **100** (for example, or one or more drawer components that can be actuated by the user, as better discussed in the following) and/or a status of the washing cycle (including, but not limited to, information about a residual time to the end of the ongoing washing cycle, and/or
20 information about a current phase of the ongoing washing cycle, and/or selected parameters for the ongoing washing cycle, and/or selected drawer compartment, and/or selected treatment agent).

With reference now to **Figure 2A**, it shows perspective views of the drawer **115** according to an embodiment of the present invention. For ease of description,
25 **Figure 2A** will be discussed jointly with **Figure 2B**, which shows a perspective exploded view of the drawer **115**, with **Figure 2C**, which shows a perspective exploded view of a drawer cover and of a door associated therewith, and with **Figure 2D**, which shows a perspective and partially exploded view from behind of the drawer **115**.

Preferably, the drawer **115** is generally made of a single plastic material, exception made for some parts thereof which advantageously comprise materials conveniently different from the plastic material of most of the drawer **115** (as detailed below while discussing embodiments of the present invention).

5 As visible in **Figure 2B**, the drawer **115** preferably comprises a drawer handle **205** allowing the user to slidably move the drawer **115** between the extracted position and the retracted position when it is fitted into the drawer seat **120**, and a drawer body **210** to which the drawer handle **205** is adapted to be mounted (advantageously, in a removable or reversible way, as better discussed in the following).

10 The drawer body **210** preferably comprises one or more (two, in the example at issue) drawer compartments **215₁, 215₂** each one adapted to contain a single dose of a respective treatment agent for performing a single washing cycle, hereinafter referred to as mono-dose compartments **215₁, 215₂**; just as an example, the mono-dose compartment **215₁** may be arranged to contain a single dose of a powder or liquid
15 washing detergent, whereas the mono-dose compartment **215₂** may be arranged to contain a single dose of a powder or liquid or pearl softener. Additionally, as herein exemplary assumed, or alternatively, the drawer **115** preferably comprises one or more (two, in the example at issue) drawer compartments **220₁, 220₂** each one adapted to contain multiple doses of a respective treatment agent for performing multiple washing
20 cycles, hereinafter referred to as multi-dose compartments: therefore, the exemplary considered laundry appliance **100** is configured to implement an auto-dosing functionality in which, at each washing cycle (and when the auto-dosing functionality is enabled), a predetermined amount of treatment agent is automatically taken (*e.g.*, by means of a pump, preferably a peristaltic pump, not shown) from one or both of the
25 multi-dose compartments **220₁, 220₂**. Just as an example, the multi-dose compartment **220₁** may be arranged to contain multiple doses of a liquid washing detergent, whereas the multi-dose compartment **220₂** may be arranged to contain a multiple doses of a liquid softener.

Preferably, although not necessarily, the mono-dose compartments **215₁, 215₂**

are formed side by side along the transversal direction **Y**; more preferably, the mono-dose compartments **215₁**, **215₂** are formed in an area of the drawer body **210** that, when the drawer handle **205** is mounted on the drawer body **210**, is proximal to the drawer handle **205** (hereinafter referred to as front area of the drawer body **210**). Preferably, herein assumed, each mono-dose compartment **215₁**, **215₂** extends in depth (*i.e.*, along a vertical direction **Z** orthogonal to the longitudinal **X** and transversal **Y** directions) from a top of the drawer body **210** that identifies a respective access mouth for allowing treatment agent loading from above.

Preferably, as visible in **Figure 2B**, the drawer **115** also comprises one or more adapter components each one configured to be inserted into or removed from a respective mono-dose compartment **215₁**, **215₂** for adapting it to, respectively, liquid or powder treatment agents. In the example at issue, a single adapter component is provided, namely an adapter component (globally denoted by the number reference **215_{1,AD}**) configured to be reversibly housed into the mono-dose compartment **215₁**

In the exemplary illustrated embodiment, the adapter component **215_{1,AD}** comprises a container (for example, a cup-shaped container) **C_{1,AD}** adapted to be reversibly housed into the mono-dose compartment **215₁** when a liquid treatment agent is intended to be loaded. The adapter component **215_{1,AD}** advantageously comprises a siphon pipe **SP_{1,AD}** (preferably, formed in a single piece with the container **C_{1,AD}**) to induce a siphon phenomenon, and a siphon cap **SC_{1,AD}** coupled (or adapted to be coupled) to the siphon pipe **SP_{1,AD}**: when the liquid washing detergent in the container **C_{1,AD}** exceeds a limit level, a siphon phenomenon occurs, whereby the liquid washing agent to be supplied during the washing cycle is previously discharged through the siphon pipe **SP_{1,AD}**.

Preferably, as visible in **Figure 2B**, the container **C_{1,AD}** fits the access mouth of the mono-dose compartment **215₁**, exception made for an inclined edge **IE_{1,AD}** of the container **C_{1,AD}**. When the container **C_{1,AD}** is housed in the mono-dose compartment **215₁**, a gap is defined between the mono-dose compartment **215₁** (*e.g.*, a corner of the substantially square-like shape of its access mouth) and the inclined edge

IE_{1,AD} of the container **C_{1,AD}**, whereby the inclined edge **IE_{1,AD}** of the container **C_{1,AD}** defines a grip portion adapted to be grasped for easily actuating (*e.g.*, inserting and removed into and from the mono-dose compartment **215₁**) the container **C_{1,AD}** (or, more generally, the adapter component **215_{1,AD}**). According to a preferred embodiment
5 of the present invention, at least part of the inclined edge **IE_{1,AD}** (*e.g.*, the top edge part that, when the drawer **115** is fitted into the drawer seat **120**, is visible by as user looking at the drawer **115**) is made of a material different from the plastic material of most of the drawer **115**. The material of the inclined edge **IE_{1,AD}** (or of part thereof) may for example comprise a synthetic rubber or a thermoplastic material, *e.g.* formed by
10 overmolding or co-molding techniques.

In the example illustrated embodiment, a container (for example, a cup-shaped container) **C_{2,AD}** having a siphon pipe (not visible, and preferably formed in a single piece with the container **C_{2,AD}**) to induce a siphon phenomenon is associated with the mono-dose compartment **215₂**. Although not shown, the container **C_{2,AD}** may also
15 comprise a grip portion (*e.g.*, similar to the grip portion of the container **C_{1,AD}**) to allow insertion and removal thereof into and from, respectively, the mono-dose compartment **215₂**.

Preferably, although not necessarily, the multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂** are formed side by side along the transversal direction **Y**. More preferably, the multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂** are formed in an area of the drawer body **210**
20 (hereinafter referred to as rear area of the drawer body **210**) that, along the sliding direction **X**, is rearward with respect to the front area of the drawer body **210** (*i.e.*, the area of the drawer body **210** where the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** are provided). Even more preferably, as visible in the figures, the front and rear areas of
25 the drawer body **210** are properly different in size, and particularly the rear area of the drawer body **210** is larger than the front area of the drawer body **210** (*e.g.*, the rear area of the drawer body **210** being for example from 2 to 4 times larger than the front area of the drawer body **210**); when, as herein exemplary considered, same extensions in depth of the mono-dose **215₁,215₂** and multi-dose **220₁,220₂** compartments are

assumed, having the rear area of the drawer body **210** larger than the front area of the drawer body **210** translates into correspondingly different capacities of the mono-dose **215₁,215₂** and multi-dose **220₁,220₂** compartments (with the multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂** that are sized to store larger amounts of treatment agent as compared to the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂**).

Forming the multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂** behind the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** is advantageous in that a low or relatively low extraction of the drawer **115** is required for allowing the user to load the treatment agents in the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** (on the contrary, forming the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** behind the multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂** would dramatically impair the mechanical stability of the drawer **115**, for example when extracting the drawer **115** to load the treatment agent in the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** and a certain amount of treatment agent is still stored in one or more of the multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂**).

As visible in **Figure 2B**, one or more emptying holes each one associated with a respective multi-dose compartment **220₁,220₂** are provided in the drawer body **210** for emptying the respective multi-dose compartment **220₁,220₂**, *i.e.* for discharging it from the treatment agent contained therein (*e.g.* for maintenance or cleaning of the drawer **115**). In the example at issue, two emptying holes **210_{H1},210_{H2}** are provided in the drawer body **210**, the emptying hole **210_{H1}** being associated with the multi-dose compartment **220₁** and the emptying hole **210_{H2}** being associated with the multi-dose compartment **220₂** – however, in further embodiments of the present invention (not shown), emptying holes associated with the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** may be provided additionally or alternatively to the emptying holes **210_{H1},210_{H2}**.

In the exemplary considered embodiment, each emptying hole **210_{H1},210_{H2}** comprises a circular opening located on a respective side of the drawer body **210** (preferably, a bottom part thereof), *i.e.* the side of the drawer body **210** that delimits the respective multi-dose compartment **220₁,220₂** along the transversal direction **Y**. Each emptying hole **210_{H1},210_{H2}** is advantageously closable or pluggable by means of

a selectively removable plug component (or, concisely, plug) **210_{P1}**, **210_{P2}** (the plugs **210_{P1}**, **210_{P2}** being both visible in **Figure 2B** detached or removed from the respective emptying holes **210_{H1}**, **210_{H2}**, whereas a plug covering the respective emptying hole, such as the plug **210_{P1}** covering the emptying hole **210_{H1}**, is visible in **Figure 2A**).

5 Advantageously, each emptying hole **210_{H1}**, **210_{H2}** is located, along the sliding direction **X**, in an advanced position of the drawer body **210** (*i.e.*, towards the drawer handle **205**); therefore, when the drawer **115** is sufficiently extracted or pulled out, the plugs **210_{P1}**, **210_{P2}** become accessible and can be removed to free the emptying holes **210_{H1}**, **210_{H2}**. Therefore, upon sufficient extraction or pulling out of the drawer **115**
10 and removal of the plug(s) **210_{P1}**, **210_{P2}**, the treatment agent(s) in the multi-dose compartment(s) **220₁**, **220₂** is caused to flow outside through the respective emptying hole(s) **210_{H1}**, **210_{H2}**, *e.g.* for being collected in a proper gathering container placed under the drawer **115** (the flowing of the treatment agent outside the multi-dose compartments **220₁**, **220₂** through the emptying holes **210_{H1}**, **210_{H2}** being for example
15 promoted by a proper slanting or other draining shape of a bottom wall of the drawer body **210**).

By extraction or pulling out of the drawer **115** it is herein intended the actuation along the sliding direction **X** of the drawer **115** within the drawer seat **120** (*i.e.*, with the drawer **115** that is attached to or connected to or coupled to or fitted into the drawer
20 seat **120**); attachment or connection or coupling or fitting of the drawer **115** is preferably releasable (so as to detach or disconnect or decouple or unfit the drawer **115** from the drawer seat **120**) by means of an extraction component (only a part thereof being visible in **Figure 2D** and globally denoted by the number reference **210_E**).

For the purposes of the present disclosure, the extraction component **210_E** is
25 preferably coupled or coupleable to the drawer seat **120** (advantageously, on a front part thereof that, in use, faces the drawer handle **205**). More preferably, the extraction component **210_E** comprises a releasable locking element **210_{E,LOC}** for locking the extraction component **210_E** in a slot **120_s** of the drawer seat **120** (thus firmly securing the extraction component **210_E** to the drawer seat **120** during actuation of the extraction

component **210E**).

Preferably, the extraction component **210E** further comprises an extraction actuator **210E,ACT** (visible in **Figure 2D**) actuatable by the user in order to decouple the drawer **115** from the drawer seat **120**. Preferably, the extraction component **210E** comprises a catch portion **210E,CAT** adapted to engage a blocking portion (not shown) of the drawer body **210**; more preferably, the extraction actuator **210E,ACT** is mechanically coupled to the catch portion **210E,CAT** for operating the extraction component **210E** between a first condition in which the catch portion **210E,CAT** engages the blocking portion thereby preventing extraction of the drawer **115** from the drawer seat **120** and a second condition in which the catch portion **210E,CAT** disengages the blocking portion thereby allowing extraction of the drawer **115** from the drawer seat **120** (with the extraction component **210E** that, when the drawer **115** is extracted from the drawer seat **120**, is firmly coupled to the drawer seat **120** by means of the locking element **210E,LOC** being fitted in the slot **120s**). A more detailed description of the extraction component **210E** (and of embodiments thereof) can be found in EP2876197, which is herein incorporated by reference.

Preferably, the drawer **115** also comprises a drawer cover **225** for covering the drawer body **210**. More preferably, the drawer cover **225** is configured to cover the rear area of the drawer body **210**, thus leaving uncovered the front area of the drawer body **210**, and hence the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂**; the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** can therefore be directly accessed from above (*i.e.*, through the respective access mouths) for loading the treatment agents therein. Even more preferably, the drawer cover **225** comprises one or more access openings each one for accessing a respective multi-dose compartment **220₁,220₂** for loading the treatment agent; in the example at issue in which the drawer body **210** comprises two multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂**, two access openings **230₁,230₂** are provided in the drawer cover **225**.

One or more of the access openings **230₁,230₂** (preferably, each one of the access openings **230₁,230₂**) comprises, at an inner part thereof, a level indicator for

indicating a level of treatment agent that is recommended to be loaded in the respective multi-dose compartment **220₁,220₂**. In the considered embodiment, only one level indicator is assumed, for example the level indicator associated with the access opening **230₁** (visible in **Figures 2B** and **2C** and denoted by the number reference **230_{1L}**). Each level indicator, such as the level indicator **230_{1L}**, may for example be in the form of a horizontally projecting fin preferably formed at a proper inner wall of the respective access opening (*e.g.*, in a single piece with it), more preferably at a corner of the substantially square-like shape of the respective access opening.

Preferably, although not necessarily, the access openings **230₁,230₂** are formed in the drawer cover **225** side by side along the transversal direction **Y**.

The access openings **230₁,230₂** are advantageously formed in an area **225_A** of the drawer cover **225** that, when the drawer cover **225** is mounted on the drawer body **210**, is proximal to the front area of the drawer body **210** (*i.e.*, the area of the drawer body **210** where the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** are provided), or substantially proximal thereto (as detailed here below): therefore, a low or relatively low extraction of the drawer **115** is required for allowing the user to load the treatment agents in the multi-dose-compartments **220₁,220₂** (an excessive extraction of the drawer **115** would instead impair the mechanical stability of the drawer **115**, essentially due to its elongated shape and/or to its relatively heavy weight, especially when treatment agents are contained therein).

Advantageously, the area **225_A** of the drawer cover **225**, and hence the access openings **230₁,230₂**, are formed at such a distance (along the longitudinal direction **X**) from the access mouths of the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂** that a free area **240** is defined in the drawer cover **225** adapted to contain one or more pieces of information for the user. Exemplary pieces of information that may be contained in the free area **240** are information about correct dosages of the treatment agents according to treatments agents and/or water chemical parameters, and/or general indications or instructions about a correct operation or setting of the auto-dosing functionality.

According to the exemplary, not limiting, embodiment of the present invention,

the area **225_A** of the drawer cover **225** in which the access openings **230₁,230₂** are formed is a recessed area **225_A**, the recessed area **225_A** being recessed (along the vertical direction **Z**) with respect to a top profile of the drawer cover **225**.

As better visible in **Figure 2C**, the recessed area **225_A** preferably comprises a rim region **225_{AR}** that substantially surrounds the access openings **230₁,230₂**. The rim region **225_{AR}** preferably comprises a front portion **225_{AR,F}** that, in use, is proximal to the free region **240**, and side portions **225_{AR,S1},225_{AR,S2}**. More preferably, each side portion **225_{AR,S1},225_{AR,S2}** of the rim region **225_{AR}**, or at least a relevant part thereof, opens to a respective side edge portion **225_{S1},225_{S2}** of the drawer cover **225** (in order to house a respective grip portion, as discussed below); in other words, the top profile of the drawer cover **225**, and particularly the side edge portion thereof, stops in correspondence of each side portion **225_{AR,S1},225_{AR,S2}** of the rim region **225_{AR}**.

As visible in **Figures 2A, 2B** and **2C**, the laundry appliance **100** preferably comprises one or more access components associated with the drawer **115** for selectively covering and uncovering the access openings **230₁,230₂** for respectively preventing and allowing access to the respective multi-dose compartments **220₁,220₂** (in the exemplary considered embodiment, no access components are provided for selectively covering and uncovering the access mouths of the mono-dose compartments **215₁,215₂**, however this should not be construed as a limitation).

The access component may for example be a door **245** coupled or coupleable to the drawer cover **225** at the respective access opening **230₁,230₂**. According to the advantageous embodiment herein considered and illustrated, the door **245** is a flap door pivotally coupled to the drawer cover **225** so as to be actuatable by the user between an open position (shown in the bottom drawing of **Figure 2A**) and a closed position (shown in the top drawing of **Figure 2A**) for jointly uncovering and covering, respectively, both the access openings **230₁,230₂**. In other words, a single door **245** associated with both access openings **230₁,230₂** is assumed in the exemplary considered embodiment – in any case, in alternative embodiments of the present invention, not shown, two doors may be provided, each door being associated with a

respective access opening **230₁**, **230₂**.

Preferably, as illustrated, the door **245** fits the recessed area **225_A** of the drawer cover **225** and is flush with the top profile of the drawer cover **225** when the door **245** is in the closed position.

5 The door **245** preferably comprises an abutment portion **245_{AB}** that, when the door **245** is in the closed position, abuts on the front portion **225_{AR,F}** of the rim region **225_{AR}**. The abutment portion **245_{AB}** is preferably part of a sealing member of the door **245**, the sealing member being for example made of synthetic rubber or thermoplastic materials, or other materials having sufficiently resilient properties to ensure good
10 adherence when coming in contact with the front portion **225_{AR,F}** of the rim region **225_{AR}** (*i.e.*, door **245** in the closed position). The sealing member is advantageously overmolded to a body **245_B** of the door **245**, the body **245_B** of the door **245** being for example made of same or similar plastic material of most of the drawer **115** (for example, a plastic rigid material).

15 According to an embodiment of the present invention, the door **245** further comprises one or more grip portions for actuating the door **245**. Preferably, as illustrated, the door **245** comprises two grip portions **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}**, each one facing a respective side portion **245_{AR,S1}**, **245_{AR,S2}** of the rim region **245_{AR}** when the door **245** is in the closed position.

20 The grip portions **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** are preferably formed in a single piece with the abutment portion **245_{AB}**, the grip portions **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** being therefore part of the sealing member. More preferably, the grip portions **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** are designed such that, when the door **245** is in the closed position, each grip portion **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** is flush (along the vertical direction **Z**) with the respective side edge portion **225_{S1}**, **225_{S2}** of the
25 drawer cover **225**. Even more preferably, the grip portions **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** are designed such that, when the door **245** is in the closed position, each grip portion **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** is spaced apart from the multi-dose compartment **220₁**, **220₂** along the vertical direction **Z**. Still more preferably, each grip portion **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** has a thickness lower than the thickness of the abutment portion **245_{AB}**, such that, when the door **245** is in the closed

position and the abutment portion **245_{AB}** abuts the front portion **245_{AR,F}** of the rim region **245_{AR}**, each grip portion **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** and the respective faced side portion **225_{AR,S1}**, **225_{AR,S2}** of the rim region **245_{AR}** are spaced apart from each other (along the vertical direction **Z**) by a gap (visible in the top drawing of **Figure 2A**) that allows the user to grasp the grip portion **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}**. Having a single door **245** for jointly covering and uncovering both the access openings **230₁**, **230₂**, and having two grip portions **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}** for actuating the door **245** makes user experience extremely simple; in fact, in doing so, no association between doors, access openings and grip portions have to be remembered by the user, thus avoiding risks of confusion that could be frustrating for the user.

As mentioned above, the drawer **115** can be moved between the extracted and retracted positions by acting on the drawer handle **205**.

According to an exemplary, not limiting embodiment of the present invention, the drawer handle **205** may be reversibly coupled or connected to the drawer body **210**, for example by means of a coupling arrangement associated with the drawer **115**. Preferably, although not necessarily, the coupling arrangement comprises sliding means (such as the rail elements **210_{R1}**, **210_{R2}** visible in **Figure 2B**) arranged on the drawer body **210** along the transversal direction **Y** (which identifies a coupling direction between the drawer handle **205** and the drawer body **210**) and sliding means (such as rail elements **205_{R1}**, **205_{R2}** visible in **Figure 2D**) arranged on the drawer handle **225** along the transversal direction **Y**. The rail elements **210_{R1}**, **210_{R2}** of the drawer body **210** are adapted to slidably engage with the rail elements **205_{R1}**, **205_{R2}** of the drawer handle **205** for allowing the drawer handle **205** to move with respect to the drawer body **210** along the transversal direction **Y**. Preferably, in order to provide the reversible coupling of the drawer handle **205** to the drawer body **210** (e.g., for easily carrying out cleaning or maintenance operations on the drawer **115**), the coupling arrangement also comprises a detach component **250** configured to selectively prevent or allow the movement of the drawer handle **205** with respect to the drawer body **210** along the transversal direction **Y** (whereby when such a movement is allowed,

detachment or decoupling between the drawer handle **205** and the drawer body **210** can be obtained).

According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the detach component **250** is a detent element located on an inner face of the drawer handle **205** and configured to be switched between a locked configuration, in which the detent element **250** engages a corresponding detent region **255** (*e.g.* a window, preferably a rectangular window) in a front wall of the drawer body **210**, and an unlocked configuration, in which the detent element **250** is disengaged from the detent region **255** thereby allowing the movement of the drawer handle **205** with respect to the drawer body **210** along the transversal direction **Y**. Preferably, as visible in **Figures 2B** and **2D**, the detach component **250** comprises a detach actuator **250_{ACT}** actuatable for switching the detach component **250** between the locked and unlocked configurations. According to an alternative embodiments of the present invention, the detach actuator **250_{ACT}** may be provided in the drawer body **210** instead of in the drawer handle **205**, or the detach actuator **250_{ACT}** may be “distributed” between the drawer body **210** and the drawer handle **205**.

According to the principles of the present invention, two or more among the components associated with the drawer **115** that can be manually actuated by the user while interacting with the drawer **115** comprise, at least on respective portions thereof, respective markers – hereinafter, for the sake of conciseness, these actuatable components will be referred to as marked components. Advantageously, the markers provided on the marked components comprise one or more common appearance features for allowing the user to visually identify the actuatable components in the drawer **115**.

According to an embodiment of the present invention, the marked components comprise two or more, preferably all, among the detach component **250**, the adapter component **215_{I,AD}**, the extraction component **210_E**, the access component **245** and the plug components **210_{P1}**, **210_{P2}**. For ease of representation, in **Figures 2A-2D** the markers are generally represented as a uniform grey color of the portions of the

actuatable components to which the markers are preferably (although not exclusively) applied.

The detach component **250** is preferably marked; the marker is preferably (but not exclusively) provided on the detach actuator **250_{ACT}** (so that the user can quickly identify the portion of the detach component **250** onto which push action has to be exerted for detaching the drawer handle **205** from the drawer body **210**).

The adapter component **215_{I,AD}** is preferably marked; the marker is preferably (but not exclusively) provided on the inclined edge **IE_{I,AD}** (so that the user can quickly identify the portion of the adapter component **215_{I,AD}** to be grasped for insertion and removal thereof into and from the mono-dose compartment **215_I**).

The extraction component **210_E** is preferably marked; the marker is preferably (but not exclusively) provided on the extraction actuator **210_{E,ACT}** (so that the user can quickly identify the portion of the extraction component **210_E** onto which push action has to be exerted for extracting the drawer **115** from the drawer seat **120**).

The access component **245** is preferably marked; the marker is preferably (but not exclusively) provided on one or more of (preferably both) the grip portions **245_{G1}, 245_{G2}** (so that the user can quickly identify the portion(s) of the access component **245** to be grasped for its opening). Additionally or alternatively, the marker is preferably provided on the abutment portion **245_{AB}** (so that the user can quickly identify the access component **245**, and, in the example at issue, quickly understand that a single door is provided for jointly covering two distinct multi-dose compartments **220₁, 220₂**).

One or more of the plug components **210_{P1}, 210_{P2}** are preferably marked, the markers are preferably provided on exposed surfaces of the plug components **210_{P1}, 210_{P2}** that, when the plug components **210_{P1}, 210_{P2}** plug the respective emptying holes **210_{H1}, 210_{H2}**, are visible by the user (so that the user can quickly identify the plug components **210_{P1}, 210_{P2}**).

Preferably, the common appearance feature stands out from a generally uniform appearance of the drawer **115**. For example, the common appearance feature

may comprise a common color, more preferably a common color that stands out from a generally uniform color of the drawer **115**; just as an example, in case that the drawer **115** has a generally uniform (*e.g.*, white) color (as in most of currently marketed laundry appliances), the common color may be a color different from the generally uniform color of the drawer **115**, the common color being for example sufficiently different from the generally uniform color of the drawer **115** to allow the user to visually detecting the marked components at a first glance; just as an example, the common color may be red, blue, green, black, yellow, or pink (or even a combination thereof and/or of other known colors). Even more preferably, the common color may be selected, among the group of any known colors, as a color that, even from daily experience of other aspects of the human life, is already a signifier in itself and therefore that any user is induced to associate with a condition requiring and attracting his/her attention; examples of these colors are red, which is commonly used to indicate dangers or prohibitions (*e.g.*, in road signs), and/or blue (which, for example, in road signs indicate obligation).

Additionally or alternatively to the common color, the common appearance feature may comprise one or more graphical effects able to attract the attention of the user due to their aesthetical appeal and/or to their unaccustomed use in the laundry appliance field. Examples of these graphical effects comprise color shades or tones (for example, in case of a drawer having a generally uniform color, the graphical effect may comprise a warmer tone of the same color), mirror effects, chromed effects, satin finishes, and the like.

Additionally or alternatively to the common color and/or to the graphical effect(s), the common appearance feature may comprises one or more tactile effects. Examples of these tactile effects comprise rough or knurled surfaces, *e.g.* as opposed to a generally uniform smooth surface of the drawer **115**.

Alternatively or, as herein assumed, additionally to the common appearance features of the markers, each marker preferably comprises a function indicator allowing the user to recognize a function of the respective marked component (or of a

drawer part associated therewith). Each function indicator may for example be a textual indicator and/or sign indicator.

Just as an example, the textual indicator may comprise a term indicating the function of the respective component (for example, “plug”), or an abbreviation thereof.

5 Additionally or alternatively, the textual indicator may comprise a term indicating the action to be taken by the user for actuating the respective component (for example, “push” associated with the detach actuator **250_{ACT}**, “pull” associated with the plug components **210_{P1}**, **210_{P2}**, “lift” associated with the access component **245** and particularly to the grip portions **245_{G1}**, **245_{G2}**). Additionally or alternatively, the textual

10 indicator may comprise a letter (for example, as illustrated in **Figures 2A-2C**, the letters “A” and “B” provided on the access component **245** and respectively associated with the multi-dose compartments **220₁** and **220₂** covered or uncovered by the access component **245**).

Just as an example, the sign indicator may comprise a symbol, preferably in a

15 self-explanatory form, such as the common symbols of washing detergent and softener respectively associated with the multi-dose compartments **220₁** and **220₂** (as visible in **Figures 2A-2C**), or symbols explaining or suggesting the action to be taken by the user for actuating the respective component (for example, an upwards circular arrow for suggesting the user the lifting movement necessary to actuate the access component

20 **245**).

The function indicators may be formed at any convenient part of the actuatable component, or even in a proximity of it (for example, in case of function indicators including relatively detailed instructions); just as an example, as visible in **Figures 2A-2C**, the functional indicators associated with the multi-dose-compartments

25 **220₁**, **220₂** are provided on a surface of the access component **245** opposite to an inner surface of the access component **245** that, when the access component **245** is in the closed condition, faces the multi-dose compartments **220₁**, **220₂** (alternatively, the functional indicators may be provided on the inner surface or on both inner and outer surfaces thereof).

As discussed above, in the example at issue the user interface **125** comprises one or more control elements for allowing the user to select a washing cycle and to control one or more operating parameters of the selected washing cycle, and one or more status indicators for indicating to the user a status of the laundry appliance **100**.

5 According to an embodiment of the present invention, one or more of the operating parameter(s) and the status indicator(s) is associated each one with a respective one of said markers. In particular, when the marker comprises the function indicator (*e.g.*, in the form of textual indicator and/or sign indicator) allowing the user to recognize a function of the respective marked component, the same function indicator may be
10 provided on the user interface **125** and associated with one or more of the operating parameters or of the status indicators. Just as an example, the textual indicator comprising the letters “A” and “B” provided on the access component **245** and respectively associated with the multi-dose compartments **220₁** and **220₂** may also be provided on the user interface **125** (and particularly on the control elements, such as
15 the selection buttons for allowing the user to select the desired multi-dose compartment). Just as another example, when the marker comprises a sign indicator in the form of a symbol, the same symbol of the component or of the function (*e.g.*, washing detergent and softener) is also provided on the user interface **125** (and, particularly, on the control elements (*e.g.*, selection buttons) for selecting the desired
20 function or on the status indicator for allowing to check the status of the respective component).

As should be readily understood, further components (or groups of further components) of the drawer **115** may be marked in order to improve their identifiability. The further components (or groups of further components) do not necessarily need to
25 be actuatable components. Moreover, each one of these further components (or groups of further components) may have a respective further marker, different from the marker associated with the actuatable components discussed above. According to an embodiment of the present invention, not shown, the further markers may be provided on portions of the mono-dose compartments **215₁**, **215₂** in order to better identify them

and, for example, distinguish them from the multi-dose compartments **220₁, 220₂**. The further markers may for example have a one or more further common appearance features different from the common appearance feature discussed above and, preferably, from the generally uniform appearance of most of the drawer **115**. Just as
5 an example the mono-dose compartments **215₁, 215₂**, and particularly the access mouths thereof, may have a color different from the color associated with the markers and from the color of most of the drawer **115**.

Naturally, in order to satisfy local and specific requirements, a person skilled in the art may apply to the invention described above many logical and/or physical
10 modifications and alterations. More specifically, although the invention has been described with a certain degree of particularity with reference to preferred embodiments thereof, it should be understood that various omissions, substitutions and changes in the form and details as well as other embodiments are possible. In particular, different embodiments of the invention may even be practiced without the
15 specific details (such as the numeric examples) set forth in the preceding description for providing a more thorough understanding thereof; on the contrary, well known features may have been omitted or simplified in order not to obscure the description with unnecessary particulars.

CLAIMS

1. A laundry treatment appliance (100) comprising a drawer (115) for containing at least one laundry treatment agent, and at least two components (210P1,210P2; 210E; 215L,AD; 245; 250) associated with said drawer (115) and that can
5 be manually actuated by a user while interacting with the drawer (115),

characterized in that

said at least two components (210P1,210P2; 210E; 215L,AD; 245; 250) comprise, at least on respective portions (210P1,210P2; 210E,ACT; 215L,AD; 245G1,245G2,245AB; 250ACT) thereof, respective markers with at least one common appearance feature for
10 allowing the user to visually identify said at least two components (210P1,210P2; 210E; 215L,AD; 245; 250) in the drawer (115).

2. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to claim 1, wherein said at least one common appearance feature comprises a common color of said respective
15 portions (210P1,210P2; 210E,ACT; 215L,AD; 245G1,245G2,245AB; 250ACT) of said at least two components (210P1,210P2; 210E; 215L,AD; 245; 250).

3. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein said markers comprise, for at least one of said at least two components
20 (210P1,210P2; 210E; 215L,AD; 245; 250), a function indicator allowing the user to recognize a function of the respective component (210P1,210P2; 210E; 215L,AD; 245; 250).

4. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to claim 3, wherein the
25 function indicators of said at least two components (210P1,210P2; 210E; 215L,AD; 245; 250) comprise at least one among textual and/or sign indicators.

5. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to any of the preceding claims, further comprising a user interface (125) having at least one control element

for allowing the user to control at least one operating parameter of a laundry treatment cycle, and at least one status indicator for indicating to the user a status of the laundry treatment appliance (100) and/or a status of a laundry treatment cycle, wherein one or more of said at least one operating parameter and said at least one status indicator is associated each one with a respective one of said markers.

6. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein said at least two components (210P1,210P2; 210E; 2151,AD; 245; 250) comprise at least two among:

- a detach component (250) for allowing a drawer handle (205) to be detached from a drawer body (210);
- at least one adapter component (2151,AD) configured to be reversibly inserted into at least one drawer compartment (2151,2152,2201,2202) for adapting the at least one drawer compartment (2151,2152,2201,2202) to different types of laundry treatment agents;
- an extraction component (210E) for reversibly extracting the drawer (115) from a drawer seat (120) of the laundry treatment appliance (120);
- at least one access component (245) for selectively accessing the at least one drawer compartment (2151,2152,2201,2202);
- at least one plug component (210P1,210P2) adapted to selectively plug or unplug a respective emptying hole (210H1,210H2) associated with the at least one drawer compartment (2151,2152,2201,2202).

7. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to claim 6, wherein at least one first drawer compartment (2151,2152) of said at least one drawer compartment (2151,2152,2201,2202) is adapted to contain a single dose of said at least one laundry treatment agent, and/or at least one second drawer compartment (2201,2202) of said at least one drawer compartment (2151,2152,2201,2202) is adapted to contain multiple doses of said at least one laundry treatment agent.

8. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to claim 6 or 7, wherein said drawer body (210) is connectable with said drawer handle (205) in a releasable way through a coupling arrangement, wherein said coupling arrangement comprising:

5 - drawer sliding means (210_{R1}, 210_{R2}) arranged on the drawer body (210) along a coupling direction (Y) orthogonal to a sliding direction (X) of the drawer (115) into its respective drawer seat (120),

10 - handle sliding means (205_{R1}, 205_{R2}) arranged on the drawer handle (205) along said coupling direction (Y), said drawer sliding means (210_{R1}, 210_{R2}) being adapted to slidably engage with said handle sliding means (205_{R1}, 205_{R2}) for allowing said drawer handle (205) to move with respect to said drawer body (210) along said coupling direction (Y),

15 wherein said detach component (250) comprises a detach actuator (250_{ACT}) provided in said drawer body (210) and/or in said drawer handle (205), actuatable for switching the detach component between locked and unlocked configurations preventing and allowing, respectively, the movement of the drawer handle (205) with respect to the drawer body (210).

20 9. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to claim 6, 7 or 8, wherein said at least one adapter component (215_{1,AD}) comprises a container (C_{1,AD}) adapted to be reversibly housed into said at least one drawer compartment (215₁, 215₂, 220₁, 220₂), and wherein the container (C_{1,AD}) comprises a grip portion (IE_{1,AD}) for allowing insertion and removal of the at least one adapter component (215_{1,AD}) into and from, respectively, said at least one drawer compartment (215₁, 215₂, 220₁, 220₂), the marker
25 of the at least one adapter component (215_{1,AD}) being provided on said grip portion (IE_{1,AD}).

10. The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to claim 9, wherein said grip portion (IE_{1,AD}) comprises an inclined edge that identifies a gap between the

container ($C_{1,AD}$) and the at least one drawer compartment ($215_1, 215_2, 220_1, 220_2$) when the container ($C_{1,AD}$) is housed in the least one drawer compartment ($215_1, 215_2, 220_1, 220_2$).

5 11. The laundry treatment appliance (**100**) according to any claim from 6 to 10, wherein the at least one access component (**245**) comprises a door (**245**) that can be actuated between open and closed conditions for respectively allowing and preventing access to the at least one drawer compartment ($215_1, 215_2, 220_1, 220_2$), and wherein the door (**245**) comprises a grip portion ($245_{G1}, 245_{G2}$) for actuating the door (**245**), the
10 marker of the at least one access component (**245**) being provided on said grip portion ($245_{G1}, 245_{G2}$).

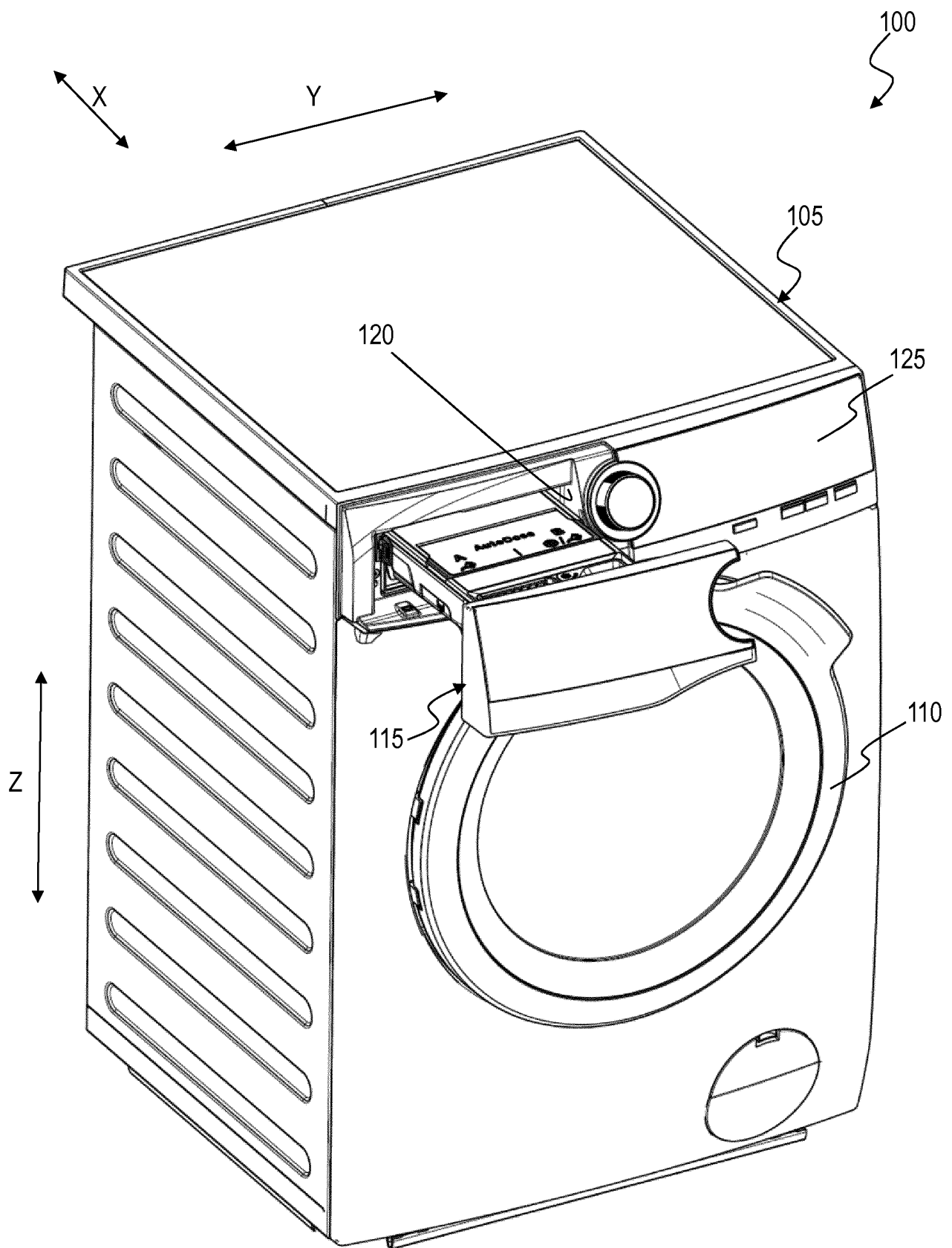
 12. The laundry treatment appliance (**100**) according to claim 11, wherein, when the door (**245**) is in the closed condition, the grip portion ($245_{G1}, 245_{G2}$) is spaced
15 apart from the least one drawer compartment ($215_1, 215_2, 220_1, 220_2$) thereby allowing the user to grasp the grip portion ($245_{G1}, 245_{G2}$).

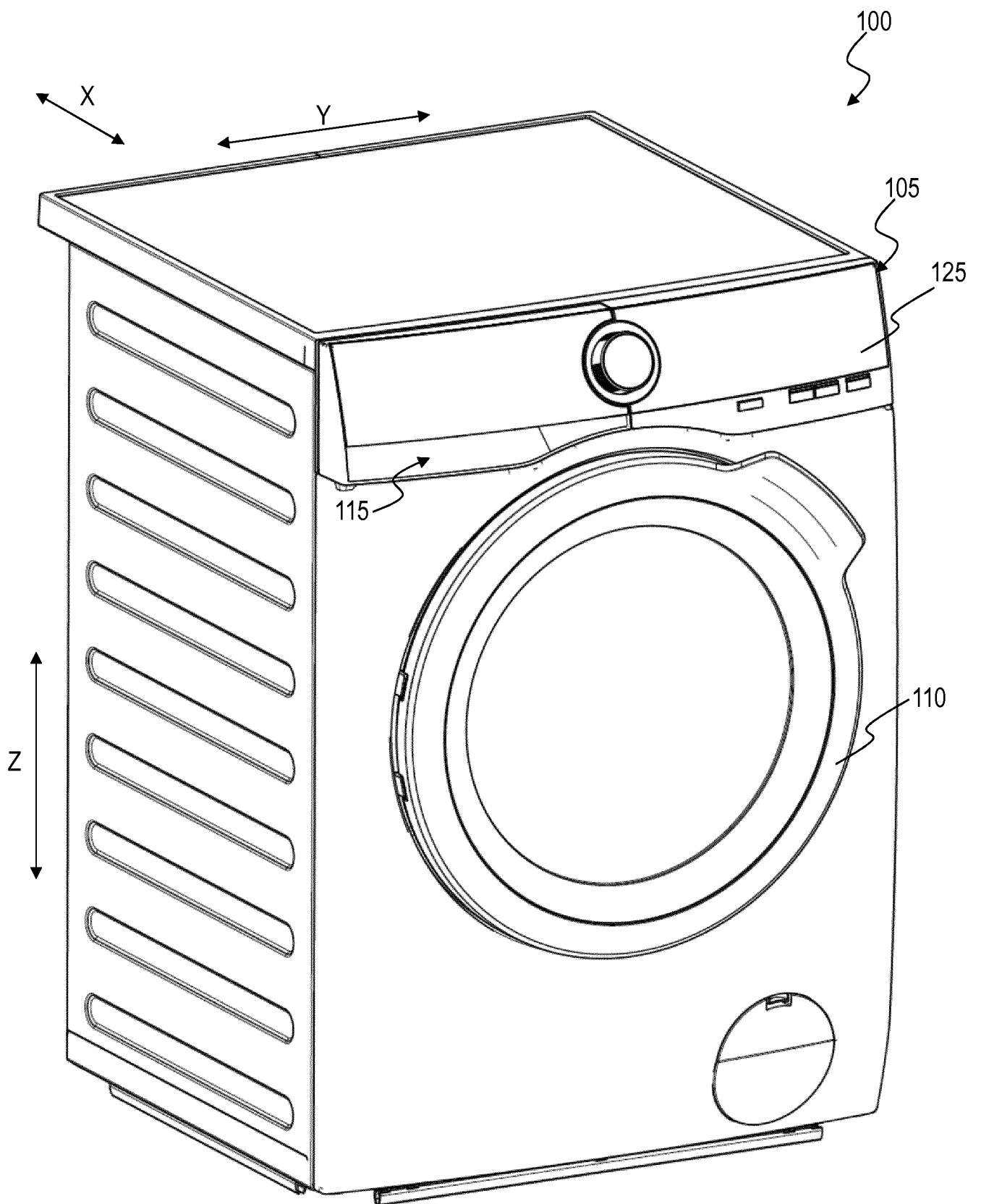
 13. The laundry treatment appliance (**100**) according to claim 11 or 12, wherein the door (**245**) comprises an abutment portion (245_{AB}) that, when the door (**245**) is in
20 the closed position, abuts on a portion ($225_{AR,F}$) of a rim region (225_{AR}) of the at least one drawer compartment ($215_1, 215_2, 220_1, 220_2$), the marker of the at least one access component (**245**) being provided further on said abutment portion (245_{AB}).

 14. The laundry treatment appliance (**100**) according to any claim from 7 to 13,
25 wherein said at least one first drawer compartment ($215_1, 215_2$) comprises at least two first drawer compartments ($215_1, 215_2$), each one of said at least two first drawer compartments ($215_1, 215_2$) comprising, at least on respective portions thereof, respective further markers with at least one further common appearance feature different from the common appearance feature and from said generally uniform

appearance of the drawer (115), whereby the user is allowed to visually identify said at least two first drawer compartments (215₁,215₂).

- 15 The laundry treatment appliance (100) according to any claim from 6 to 14,
5 wherein said extraction component (210_E) is associated with drawer seat (120) and comprises:
- a catch portion (210_{E,CAT}) adapted to engage a blocking portion of the drawer body (210), and
 - an extraction actuator (210_{E,ACT}) mechanically coupled to said catch portion
- 10 (210_{E,CAT}) for operating the extraction component (210_E) between a first condition in which the catch portion (210_{E,CAT}) engages said blocking portion thereby preventing extraction of the drawer (115) from the drawer seat (120) and a second condition in which the catch portion (210_{E,CAT}) disengages said blocking portion thereby allowing extraction of the drawer (115) from the drawer seat (120), the marker of the extraction
- 15 component (210_E) being provided on said extraction actuator (210_{E,ACT}).

Figure 1A

Figure 1B

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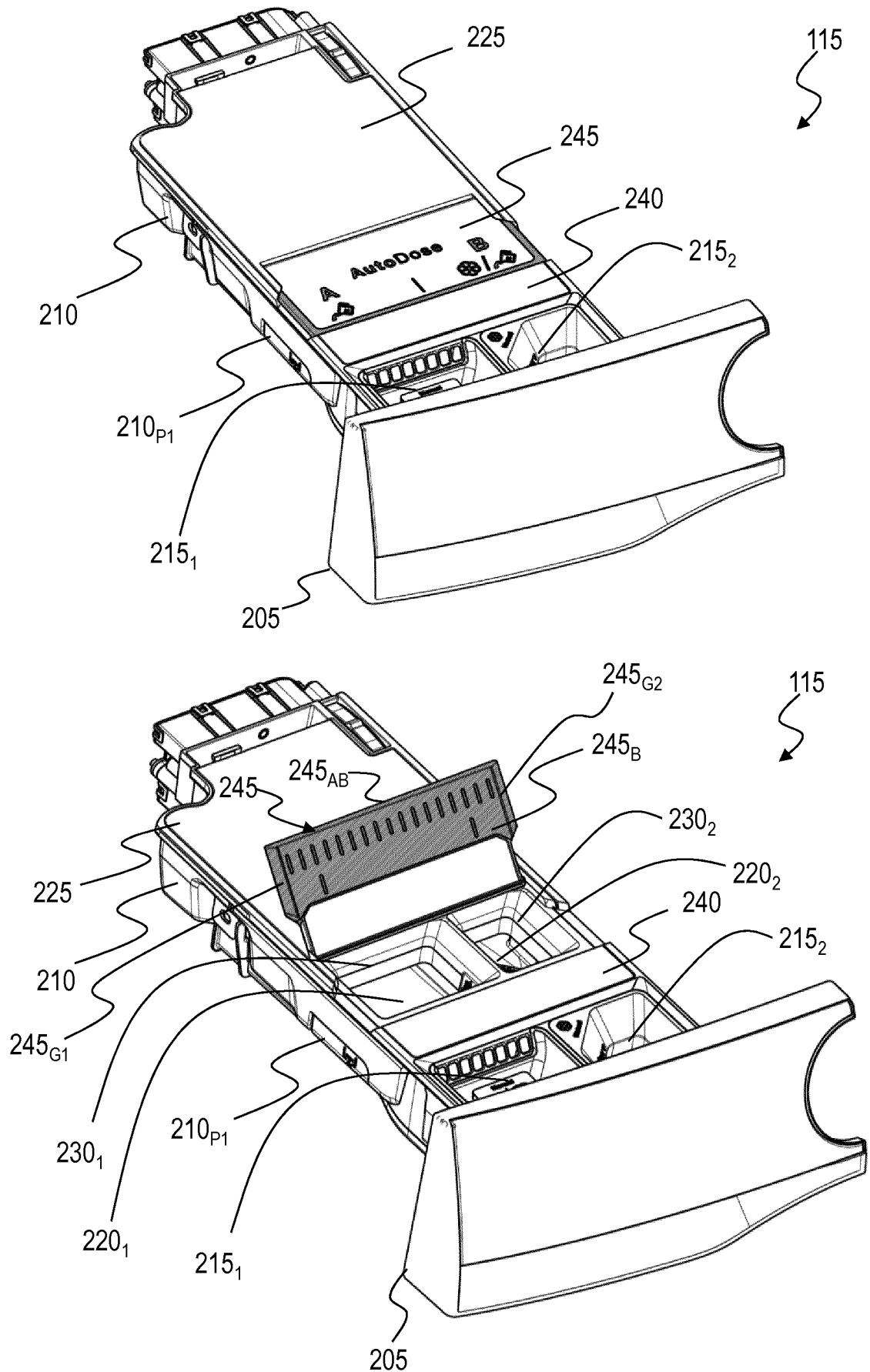


Figure 2A

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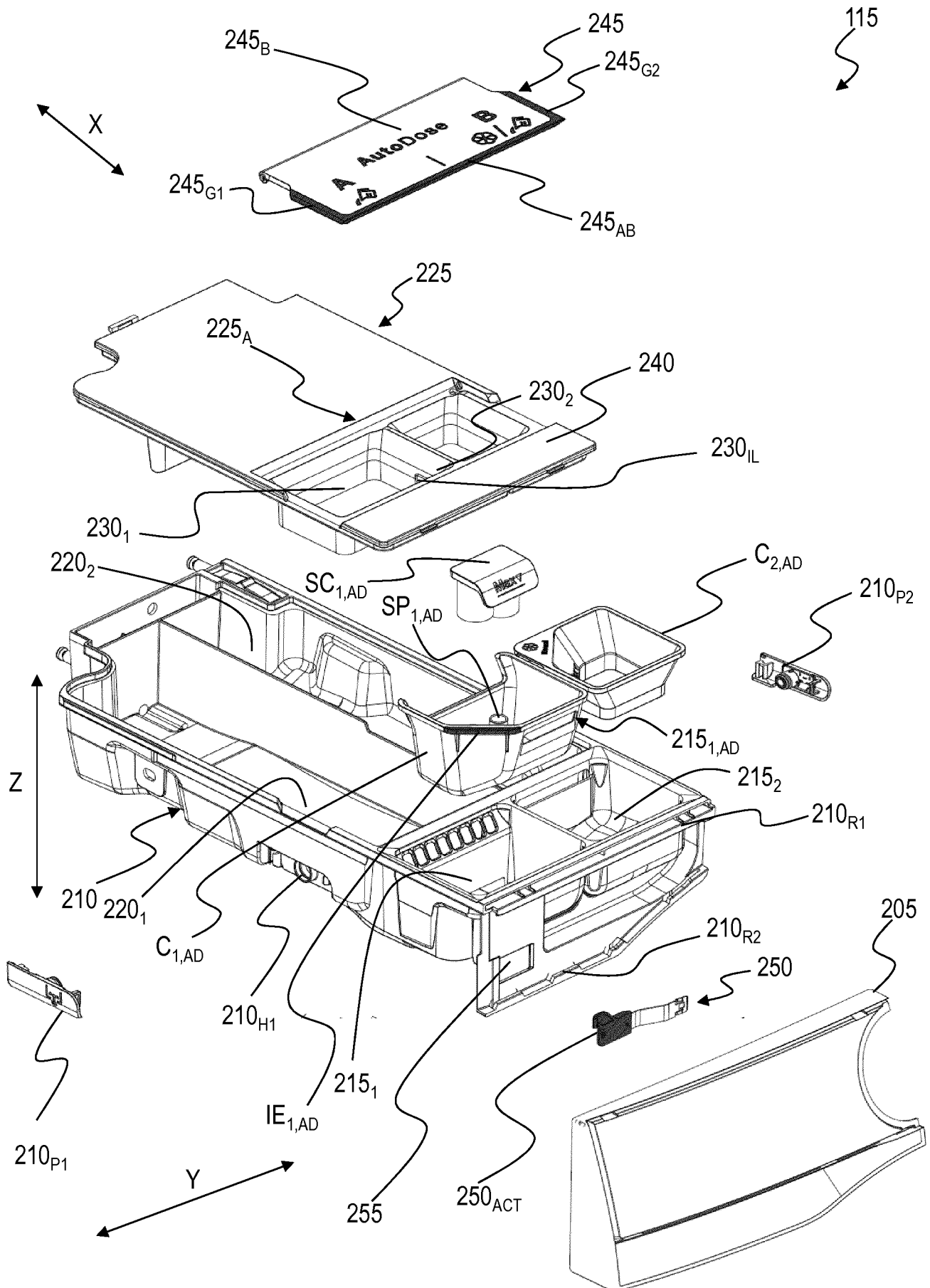


Figure 2B

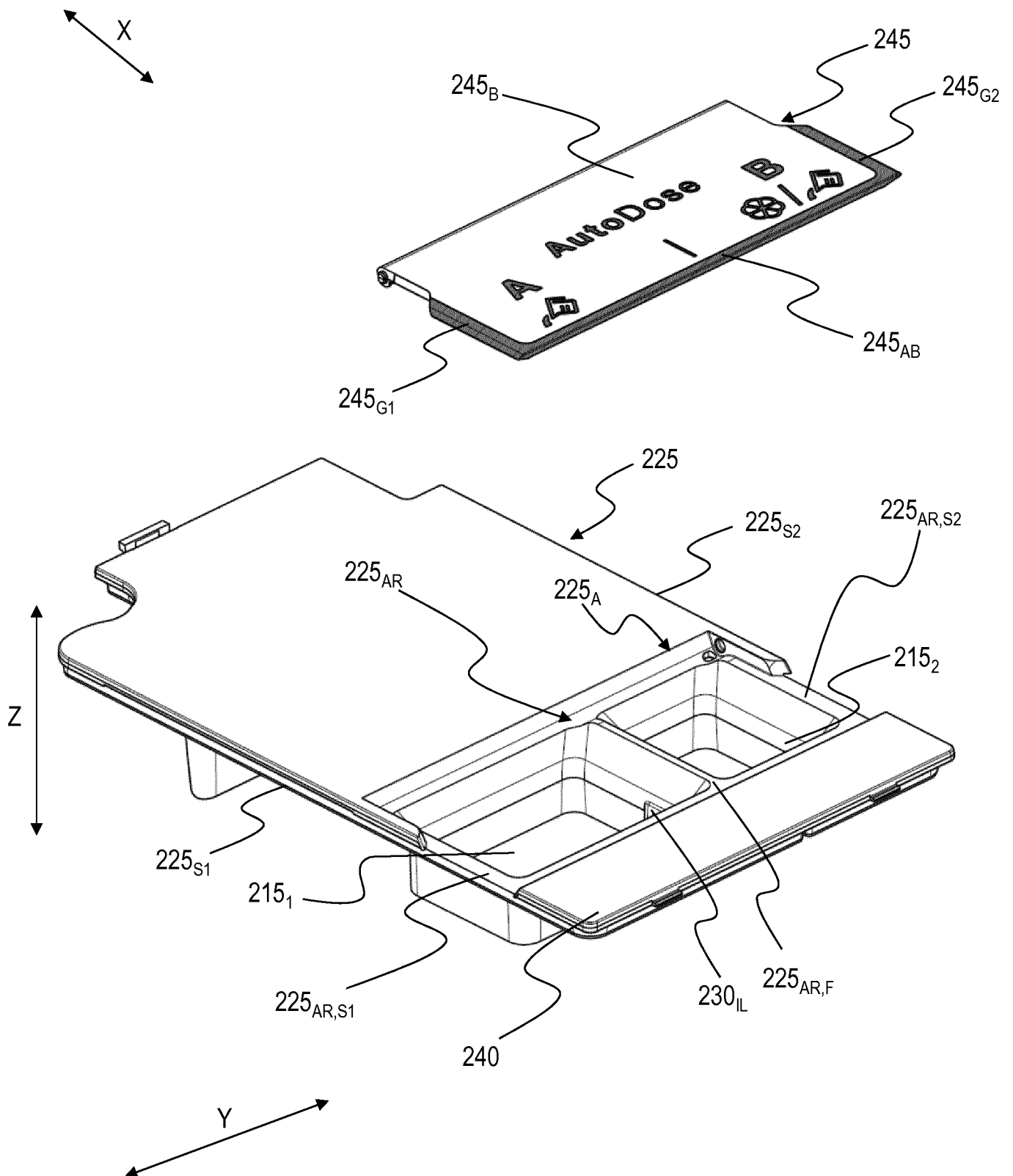


Figure 2C

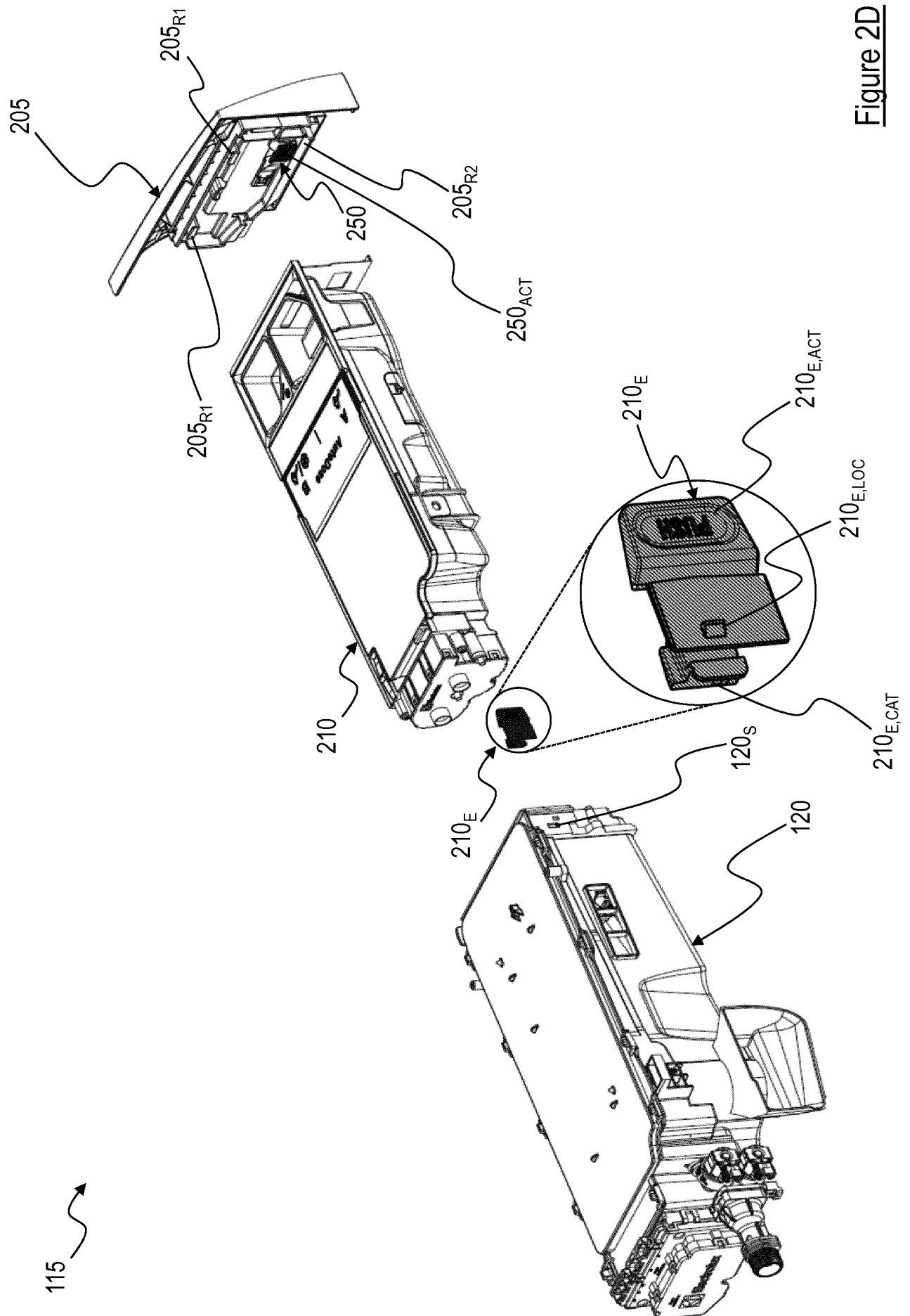


Figure 2D

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/EP2019/072625

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
INV. D06F39/02
ADD.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
D06F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 2011/128745 A2 (ANTONIOMERLONI S P A IN A S [IT]; CUCCO ROSSANO [IT]; ALUNNO ROBERTINO) 20 October 2011 (2011-10-20)	1
A	pages 3-4; figure 3	2-15
X	CN 207 498 664 U (WUXI LITTLE SWAN CO LTD) 15 June 2018 (2018-06-15)	1
A	figure 5	2-15
X	EP 2 000 577 A1 (ELECTROLUX HOME PROD CORP [BE]) 10 December 2008 (2008-12-10)	1
A	paragraphs [0015] - [0023]	2-15
A	CN 106 884 282 A (QINGDAO HAIER WASHING MACH CO) 23 June 2017 (2017-06-23)	1-15
	the whole document	
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

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"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

9 October 2019

Date of mailing of the international search report

17/10/2019

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/EP2019/072625

C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP 2 876 198 A1 (ELECTROLUX APPLIANCES AB [SE]) 27 May 2015 (2015-05-27) figure 1A -----	1-15

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

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CN 207498664 U	15-06-2018	NONE	
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EP 2000577 A1	10-12-2008	NONE	
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CN 106884282 A	23-06-2017	NONE	
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EP 2876198 A1	27-05-2015	NONE	
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