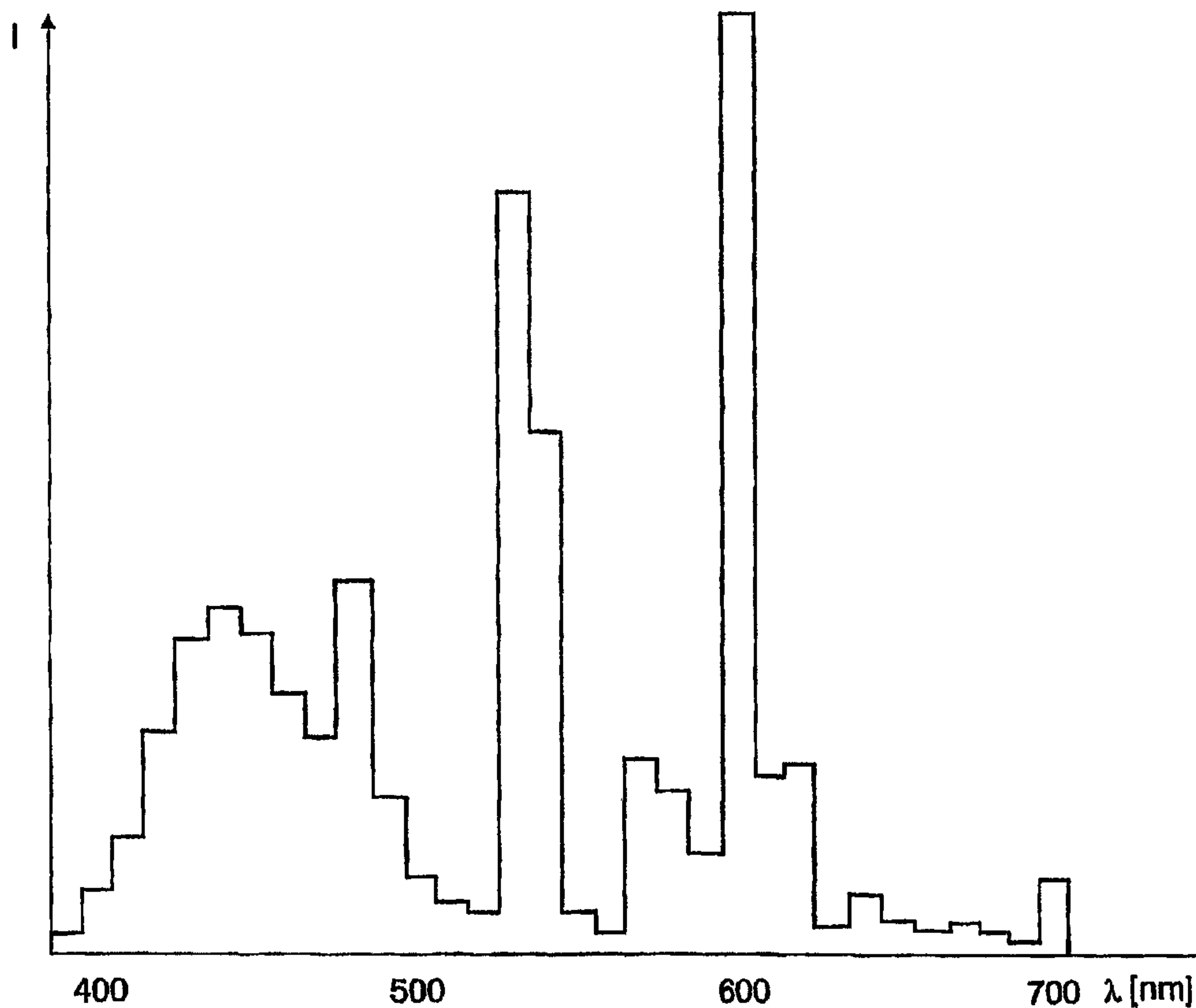




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(54) Titre : COMPOSITION LUMINESCENTE POUR LAMPE A DECHARGE BASSE PRESSION A TEMPERATURE DE COULEUR TRES ELEVEE
 (54) Title: PHOSPHOR COMPOSITION FOR A LOW-PRESSURE DISCHARGE LAMP WITH HIGH COLOR TEMPERATURE



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp with a high light yield and a high color temperature, the phosphor composition containing phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region selected from the group consisting of yttrium oxide



(57) **Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):**

doped with europium or gadolinium-zinc-magnesium pentaborate doped with cerium and manganese, phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region selected from the group consisting of lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium and/or cerium-magnesium aluminate doped with terbium and/or cerium-magnesium pentaborate doped with terbium, and optionally a phosphor which emits in the blue wavelength region of the barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium type, is distinguished by the fact that the phosphor composition additionally contains at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region selected from the group consisting of manganese-strontium-barium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and europium or barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium and manganese and strontium aluminate doped with europium and strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite doped with europium and strontium borophosphate doped with europium.

Abstract

Phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp with high color temperature.

The phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp with a high light yield and a high color temperature, the phosphor composition containing

phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region selected from the group consisting of yttrium oxide doped with europium or gadolinium-zinc-magnesium pentaborate doped with cerium and manganese,

phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region selected from the group consisting of lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium and/or cerium-magnesium aluminate doped with terbium and/or cerium-magnesium pentaborate doped with terbium, and

optionally a phosphor which emits in the blue wavelength region of the barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium type,

is distinguished by the fact that

the phosphor composition additionally contains at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region selected from the group consisting of manganese-strontium-barium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and europium or barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium and manganese and strontium aluminate doped with europium and strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite doped with europium and strontium borophosphate doped with europium.

**Patent-Treuhand-Gesellschaft
für elektrische Glühlampen mbH., Munich**

5 Phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp
with high color temperature.

Technical field

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The invention is based on a phosphor composition for a
low-pressure discharge lamp with a high light yield and
a high color temperature. For this purpose, the
phosphor composition includes

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phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region
selected from the group consisting of yttrium oxide
doped with europium or gadolinium-zinc-magnesium
pentaborate doped with cerium and manganese,

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phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region
selected from the group consisting of lanthanum
phosphate doped with cerium and terbium and/or cerium-
magnesium aluminate doped with terbium and/or cerium-
25 magnesium pentaborate doped with terbium, and

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optionally a phosphor which emits in the blue
wavelength region of the barium-magnesium aluminate
doped with europium type.

Prior art

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Users of low-pressure discharge lamps, whether these be
fluorescent lamps or compact fluorescent lamps, have
recently become increasingly interested in obtaining
lamps which when they operate have the effect of
stimulating the human body. Measurements have shown
that the visible part of the electromagnetic spectrum
also has physiological effects on the human body. In

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particular, it has emerged that the human eye contains receptors which are actively linked to the control of the hormone balance of the sleep hormone melatonin. These receptors are sensitive in particular in the blue region, with the maximum sensitivity approximately in the range from 450 - 470 nm.

- 5 Therefore, there has been a search for phosphor compositions which satisfy this requirement. At the same time, however, there should be no significant deterioration in the color rendering index of the fluorescent lamps that have been used hitherto. In addition to the requirement for a good color rendering, the light flux emitted by the lamp should also be as high as possible. The difficulty is that a high light flux and
10 very good color rendering are contradictory demands, since a high light flux requires a maximum light intensity in the green, whereas good color rendering requires a distribution of the light intensity over all wavelengths that is similar to black body radiation, and therefore runs contrary to the first requirement.

Summary of the invention

- 15 The basic concept of some embodiments of the invention consists in providing a low-pressure discharge lamp with an enhanced activating effect on the human body compared to a conventional low-pressure discharge lamp which is comparable in terms of its electrical data. This effect will be achieved by increasing the relevant blue component, which is in this case defined by the so-called circadian factor, which
20 is used as a technical variable. This circadian factor describes the ratio of the activating component, determined by an assumed sensitivity curve, of the radiated power to the total light flux. In this context, the light flux is the radiation power evaluated using the spectral visual sensitivity (with respect to the normal impression of brightness). It is therefore the ratio of two integrals over the radiation power, in
25 one case with the weighting function of the circadian effect on the activating light receptors, and in the other case (in the case of the luminous flux) with the spectral brightness sensitivity of the human eye.

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The term circadian factor and also the term light flux are technical variables used per se. Reference is made to the definition in the publication by Prof. Dr. Dietrich Gall in the journal "LICHT", edition 7-8, 2002. Nevertheless, it should be pointed out that the underlying physiological mechanisms depend on various parameters, i.e., for
5 example, the dark-adapted eye reacts differently from the light-adapted eye. There are also different scientific viewpoints regarding details on the correct circadian efficiency distribution in the blue spectrum, in particular depending on the light/dark adaptation, but these will not be explained in more detail here.

In an aspect, the invention has the additional advantage that the lamp not only has a
10 refreshing effect and enhances physical and spiritual well-being, but also is regarded subjectively by the user as being fresher. This is on account of the light being whiter because of the enhanced blue component. This allows the user to see and in particular read in greater contrast and with less fatigue and also enables fresher and
15 more natural color rendering to be achieved. Therefore, in the invention the original functions of the low-pressure discharge lamp are not just maintained but even improved given a suitable design. In particular color

temperatures of 8000 K and color rendering indexes R_a of greater than 80 are preferred. Color temperatures of up to 20 000 K are even conceivable by the addition of corresponding blue phosphors. The color rendering index
5 is likewise a variable which is in use and denotes the degree to which the surface color corresponds to its appearance and the illumination by the corresponding lamp. In this respect, color shifts for eight test colors standardized in the German industrial standard
10 DIN 6169 are determined and a corresponding index value is calculated. A theoretical optimum lamp achieves a value of $R_a = 100$.

Measurements have now shown that the addition of the
15 manganese- and europium-doped manganese-strontium-barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor which emits in the blue wavelength region makes it possible to achieve a circadian factor of between 0.8 and 1.2.

20 To achieve a particularly high circadian factor combined, at the same time, with a color rendering index R_a of greater than 80, the europium-doped yttrium oxide phosphor advantageously forms between 30 and 50% by weight, more preferably between 35 and 41% by
25 weight.

If cerium- and manganese-doped gadolinium-zinc-magnesium pentaborate phosphor is added as red phosphor in addition to the europium-doped yttrium oxide
30 phosphor, it is advantageous for the cerium- and manganese-doped gadolinium-zinc-magnesium pentaborate phosphor to form between 5 and 30% by weight.

The green phosphor component used is advantageously a
35 phosphor or a combination of phosphors selected from the group consisting of lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium and/or cerium-magnesium aluminate doped with terbium and/or cerium-magnesium pentaborate doped with terbium. The cerium- and terbium-doped

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lanthanum phosphate phosphor should in this case form between 22 and 40% by weight, preferably between 30 and 34% by weight.

As blue phosphor component, it is optionally possible to use a europium-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor, in which case the europium-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor advantageously forms between 10 and 20% by weight, preferably between 13 and 17% by weight, of the overall phosphor composition.

As an additional blue or blue-green phosphor component, the phosphor composition additionally contains at least one phosphor selected from the group consisting of barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and europium, barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium and manganese, strontium aluminate doped with europium, strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite doped with europium, and strontium borophosphate doped with europium.

The manganese- and europium-doped barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate phosphor in this case forms between 10 and 20% by weight, preferably between 13 and 17% by weight.

The europium- and manganese-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor advantageously forms between 7 and 35% by weight, preferably between 10 and 30% by weight.

In the case of the europium-doped strontium aluminate phosphor, the europium-doped strontium aluminate phosphor should advantageously form between 3 and 15% by weight, preferably between 4 and 10% by weight.

In the case of the europium-doped strontium borophosphate phosphor, the europium-doped strontium borophosphate phosphor should preferably form between 3 and 15% by weight, more preferably between 4 and 10% by weight, of the phosphor composition.

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It is also possible for a europium- and manganese-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor in an amount of between 3 and 20% by weight, preferably between 5 and 15% by weight, of the phosphor composition and a europium-doped strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite phosphor forming between 20 and 35% by weight, preferably between 25 and 32% by weight, of the phosphor composition to be used as an additional blue-green component.

The phosphor composition is preferably applied in the form of a single phosphor mixture to the inner side of the discharge vessel and in this case comprises a single layer. However, it may also be advantageous for the phosphor coating to be applied in the form of a plurality of layers.

In addition, a protective layer of Al_2O_3 , Y_2O_3 or a rare earth oxide may be applied between the inner side of the discharge vessel and the phosphor layer or layers.

In one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp with a color rendering index Ra, greater than 80 and a high color temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K, the phosphor composition comprising: phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium, phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region, wherein said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition, said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region comprises barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition; or barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium and manganese forming between 7% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition; or strontium aluminate doped with europium forming between 3% and 15% by weight of the phosphor composition; or strontium borophosphate doped with europium forming between 3% and 15% by

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weight of the phosphor composition; and wherein the phosphor composition further comprises barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition as an additional phosphor emitting in the blue wavelength region.

- 5 In another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp with a color rendering index Ra, greater than 80 and a high color temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K, the phosphor composition comprising: phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium, phosphors which emit in the green wavelength
10 region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region, wherein said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition, said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and
15 said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region comprises europium- and manganese-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor forming between 7% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition, and wherein said phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region further comprises europium-doped strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite forming between
20 20% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition.

In another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a low pressure discharge lamp comprising a discharge vessel having an inner surface wherein at least one layer of phosphor composition is arranged on said inner surface, said phosphor composition having a color rendering index Ra greater than 80 and a high color
25 temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K and said phosphor composition comprising: phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium, phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and at least

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one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region, wherein said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition, said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and
5 said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region comprises barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition; or barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium and manganese forming between 7% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition; or strontium aluminate doped
10 with europium forming between 3% and 15% by weight of the phosphor composition; or strontium borophosphate doped with europium forming between 3% and 15% by weight of the phosphor composition; and wherein the phosphor composition further comprises barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition as an additional phosphor emitting in
15 the blue wavelength region.

In another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a low pressure discharge lamp comprising a discharge vessel having an inner surface wherein at least one layer of phosphor composition is arranged on said inner surface, said phosphor composition have a color rendering index Ra, greater than 80 and a high color
20 temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K and said phosphor composition comprising: phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium, phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region, wherein said
25 europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition, said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region

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comprises europium- and manganese-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor forming between 7 and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition, and wherein said phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region further comprises europium-doped strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite forming between 5 20% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition.

Brief description of the drawing

Fig. 1 shows the spectrum of a phosphor composition consisting of 38% by weight of europium-doped yttrium oxide phosphor, 32% by weight of cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor, 15% by weight of europium-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor and 15% by weight of manganese- and europium-doped barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate phosphor, with the relative intensity plotted against the wavelength in nm.

Detailed description

In the text which follows, the invention is to be explained in more detail on the basis of exemplary embodiments.

Therefore, a phosphor composition according to the invention is considered in more detail for a T8 fluorescent lamp with a tube diameter of 26 mm and a power consumption of 58 W.

The phosphor layer on the inner wall of the tubular discharge vessel consists of 38% by weight of europium-doped yttrium oxide phosphor, 32% by weight of cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor, 15% by weight of europium-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor and 15% by weight of manganese- and europium-doped barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate phosphor.

The fluorescent lamp has a color temperature of 8000 K and a color rendering index of greater than 80. This coating produces a circadian factor of 1.0.

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The spectrum of the phosphor composition of this lamp is plotted in the figure, which shows the relative intensity with respect to the wavelength in nm.

A phosphor composition which contains a manganese- and europium-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor as blue-green phosphor preferably comprises the
5 following proportions by weight:

37% by weight of yttrium oxide: Eu

30% by weight of lanthanum phosphate: Ce, Tb

16% by weight of barium-magnesium aluminate: Eu

16% by weight of barium-magnesium aluminate: Mn, Eu

10 The following percentages by weight result for a phosphor composition according to the invention with europium-doped strontium aluminate as green-blue phosphor component:

37% by weight of yttrium oxide: Eu

30% by weight of lanthanum phosphate: Ce, Tb

15 26% by weight of barium-magnesium aluminate: Eu

7% by weight of strontium aluminate: Eu

The following weight composition results in the case of strontium borophosphate doped with europium as blue-green fourth phosphor component:

39% by weight of yttrium oxide: Eu

20 28% by weight of lanthanum phosphate: Ce, Tb

26% by weight of barium-magnesium aluminate: Eu

7% by weight of strontium borophosphate: Eu

The following composition has proven optimum when using
5 barium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and
europium and strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite
doped with Eu as blue-green components and omitting
barium-magnesium aluminate doped with Eu as blue
component:

10

37% by weight of yttrium oxide: Eu

28% by weight of lanthanum phosphate: Ce, Tb

7% by weight of barium-magnesium aluminate: Mn, Eu

28% by weight of strontium-barium-calcium
15 chloroapatite: Eu

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CLAIMS:

1. A phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp with a color rendering index Ra, greater than 80 and a high color temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K, the phosphor composition comprising:
 - 5 - phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium,
 - phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and
 - at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green
 - 10 wavelength region, wherein
 - said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition,
 - said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and
 - 15 - said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region comprises
 - barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition; or
 - barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium and manganese
 - 20 forming between 7% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition; or
 - strontium aluminate doped with europium forming between 3% and 15% by weight of the phosphor composition; or

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- strontium borophosphate doped with europium forming between 3% and 15% by weight of the phosphor composition; and wherein

the phosphor composition further comprises barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition as an additional phosphor emitting in the blue wavelength region.

2. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 35% and 41% by weight of the phosphor composition.

3. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said phosphors which emit in the red wave-length region further comprise cerium- and manganese-doped gadolinium-zinc-magnesium pentaborate forming between 5 and 30% by weight of the phosphor composition.

4. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate forms between 30% and 34% by weight of the phosphor composition.

5. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said manganese- and europium-doped barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate forms between 13% and 17% by weight of the phosphor composition.

6. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said europium- and manganese-doped barium-magnesium aluminate forms between 10% and 30% by weight of the phosphor composition.

7. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said europium-doped strontium aluminate forms between 4% and 10% by weight of the phosphor composition.

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8. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said europium-doped strontium borophosphate forms between 4% and 10% by weight of the phosphor composition.

9. A phosphor composition for a low-pressure discharge lamp with a color rendering index Ra, greater than 80 and a high color temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K, the phosphor composition comprising:

- phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium,

10 - phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and

- at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region, wherein

- said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition,

15 - said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and

20 - said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region comprises europium- and manganese-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor forming between 7% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition,

and wherein said phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region further comprises europium-doped strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite forming between 20% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition.

10. The phosphor composition of claim 1, wherein said phosphors which
25 emit in the green wavelength region further comprise cerium-magnesium aluminate

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doped with terbium and/or comprise cerium-magnesium pentaborate doped with terbium.

11. A low pressure discharge lamp comprising a discharge vessel having an inner surface wherein at least one layer of phosphor composition is arranged on said inner surface, said phosphor composition having a color rendering index Ra greater than 80 and a high color temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K and said phosphor composition comprising:
- phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium,
 - 10 - phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and
 - at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region, wherein
 - said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition,
 - 15 - said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and
 - said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region comprises
 - 20 - barium-strontium-magnesium aluminate doped with manganese and europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition; or
 - barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium and manganese forming between 7% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition; or
 - 25 - strontium aluminate doped with europium forming between 3% and 15% by weight of the phosphor composition; or

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- strontium borophosphate doped with europium forming between 3% and 15% by weight of the phosphor composition; and wherein

the phosphor composition further comprises barium-magnesium aluminate doped with europium forming between 10% and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition as an additional phosphor emitting in the blue wavelength region.

12. A low pressure discharge lamp comprising a discharge vessel having an inner surface wherein at least one layer of phosphor composition is arranged on said inner surface, said phosphor composition have a color rendering index Ra, greater than 80 and a high color temperature of 8000 K to 20000 K and said phosphor composition comprising:

- phosphors which emit in the red wavelength region and which comprise yttrium oxide doped with europium,

- phosphors which emit in the green wavelength region and which comprise lanthanum phosphate doped with cerium and terbium, and

- at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region, wherein

- said europium-doped yttrium oxide forms between 30% and 50% by weight of the phosphor composition,

- said cerium- and terbium-doped lanthanum phosphate phosphor forms between 22% and 40% by weight of the phosphor composition, and

- said at least one phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region comprises europium- and manganese-doped barium-magnesium aluminate phosphor forming between 7 and 20% by weight of the phosphor composition, and

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- wherein said phosphor which emits in the blue or blue-green wavelength region further comprises europium-doped strontium-barium-calcium chloroapatite forming between 20% and 35% by weight of the phosphor composition.

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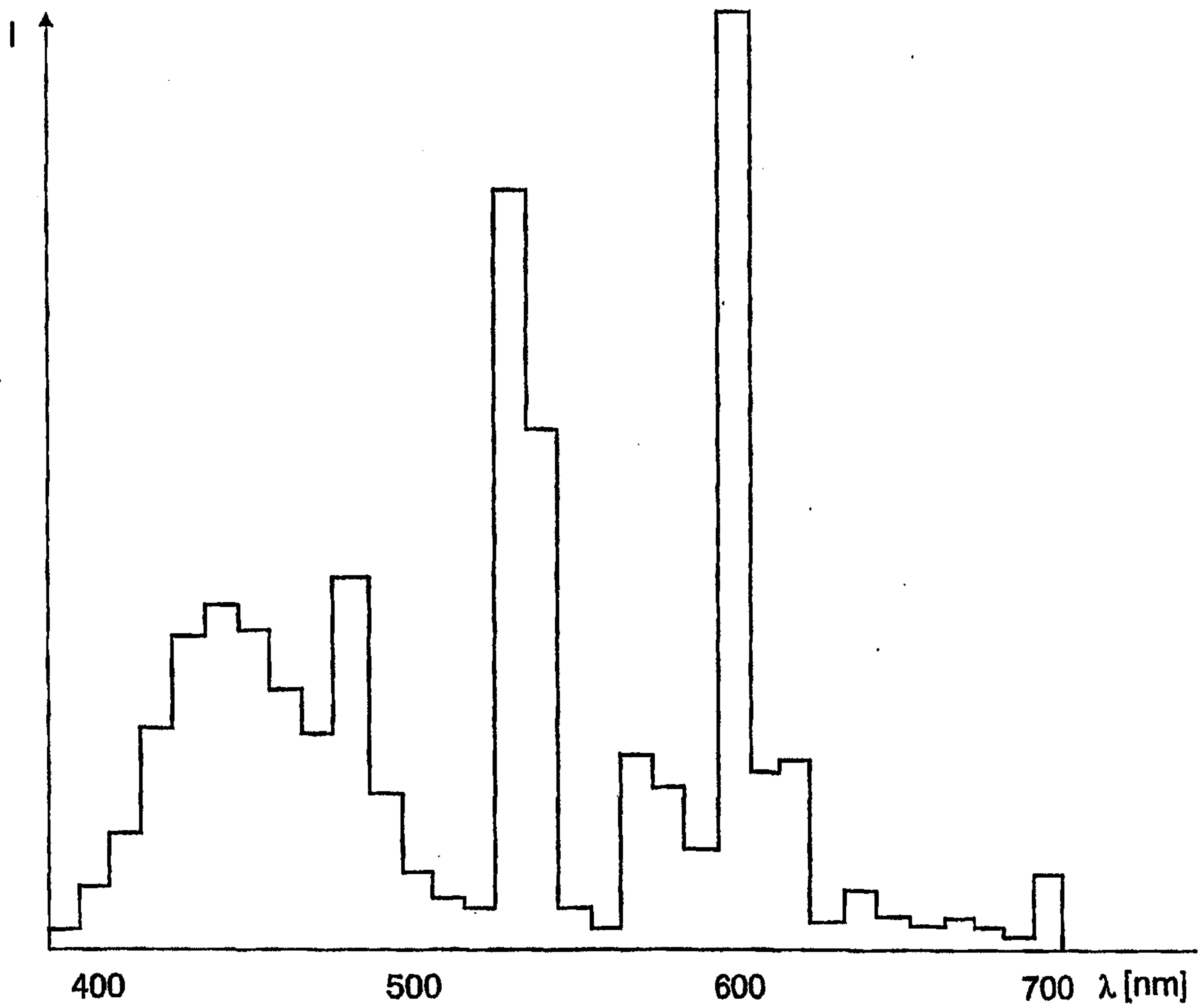


FIG. 1

