



US 20230124815A1

(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
DI FRANCESCO et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2023/0124815 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Apr. 20, 2023**(54) **GLS1 INHIBITORS FOR TREATING DISEASE**(71) Applicant: **Board of Regents, The University of Texas System**, Austin, TX (US)(72) Inventors: **Maria Emilia DI FRANCESCO**, Houston, TX (US); **Philip JONES**, Houston, TX (US); **Timothy HEFFERNAN**, Sugar Land, TX (US); **Matthew M. HAMILTON**, Missouri City, TX (US); **Zhijun KANG**, Richmond, TX (US); **Michael J. SOTH**, Sugar Land, TX (US); **Jason P. BURKE**, Houston, TX (US); **Kang LE**, Sugar Land, TX (US); **Christopher Lawrence CARROLL**, Houston, TX (US); **Wylie S. PALMER**, Houston, TX (US); **Richard LEWIS**, Missouri City, TX (US); **Timothy MCAFOOS**, Pearland, TX (US); **Barbara CZAKO**, Bellaire, TX (US); **Gang LIU**, Sugar Land, TX (US); **Jay THEROFF**, Manvel, TX (US); **Zachary HERRERA**, El Cerrito, CA (US); **Anne YAU**, Houston, TX (US)(21) Appl. No.: **17/660,541**(22) Filed: **Apr. 25, 2022****Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Continuation of application No. 16/925,974, filed on Jul. 10, 2020, now Pat. No. 11,370,786, which is a continuation of application No. 16/412,050, filed on May 14, 2019, now Pat. No. 10,766,892, which is a division of application No. 15/624,168, filed on Jun. 15, 2017, now Pat. No. 10,344,025, which is a continuation of application No. 14/791,186, filed on Jul. 2, 2015, now Pat. No. 9,809,588.

(60) Provisional application No. 62/020,539, filed on Jul. 3, 2014.

Publication Classification(51) **Int. Cl.**

C07D 417/14 (2006.01)
A61K 31/4439 (2006.01)
A61K 45/06 (2006.01)
C07D 417/06 (2006.01)
A61K 31/433 (2006.01)
C07D 403/06 (2006.01)
A61K 31/501 (2006.01)
C07D 401/14 (2006.01)
A61K 31/454 (2006.01)
A61K 31/4192 (2006.01)
C07D 405/14 (2006.01)
C07D 403/14 (2006.01)
A61K 31/444 (2006.01)
C07D 493/08 (2006.01)
A61K 31/497 (2006.01)

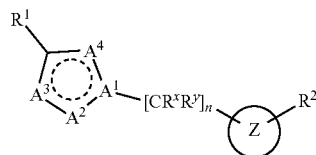
(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **C07D 417/14** (2013.01); **A61K 31/4439** (2013.01); **A61K 45/06** (2013.01); **C07D 417/06** (2013.01); **A61K 31/433** (2013.01); **C07D 403/06** (2013.01); **A61K 31/501** (2013.01); **C07D 401/14** (2013.01); **A61K 31/454** (2013.01); **A61K 31/4192** (2013.01); **C07D 405/14** (2013.01); **C07D 403/14** (2013.01); **A61K 31/444** (2013.01); **C07D 493/08** (2013.01); **A61K 31/497** (2013.01)

(57)

ABSTRACT

Disclosed herein are compounds and compositions useful in the treatment of GLS1 mediated diseases, such as cancer, having the structure of Formula I:



Methods of inhibition GLS1 activity in a human or animal subject are also provided.

GLS1 INHIBITORS FOR TREATING DISEASE

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 16/925,974, filed Jul. 10, 2020, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 16/412,050, filed May 14, 2019, which application issued on Sep. 8, 2020, as U.S. Pat. No. 10,766,892, which is a divisional application of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/624,168, filed Jun. 15, 2017, which application issued on Jul. 9, 2019, as U.S. Pat. No. 10,344,025, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/791,186, filed Jul. 2, 2015, which application issued on Nov. 7, 2017, as U.S. Pat. No. 9,809,588, which claims the benefit of priority of U.S. provisional Application No. 62/020,539, filed Jul. 3, 2014, the disclosures of each are hereby incorporated by reference as if written herein in their entireties.

[0002] The present disclosure relates to new heterocyclic compounds and compositions, and their application as pharmaceuticals for the treatment of disease. Methods of inhibition of GLS1 activity in a human or animal subject are also provided for the treatment of diseases such as cancer.

[0003] Metabolic deregulation is a hallmark of cancer as tumors exhibit an increased demand for nutrients and macromolecules to fuel their rapid proliferation. Glutamine (Gln), the most abundant amino acid in circulation, plays an essential role in providing cancer cells with biosynthetic intermediates required to support proliferation and survival. Specifically, glutaminolysis, or the enzymatic conversion of glutamine to glutamate, provides proliferating cancer cells with a source of nitrogen for amino acid and nucleotide synthesis, and a carbon skeleton to fuel ATP and NADPH synthesis through the TCA cycle. In addition to supporting cell growth, glutamine metabolism plays a critical role in maintaining cellular redox homeostasis as glutamate can be converted into glutathione, the major intracellular antioxidant.

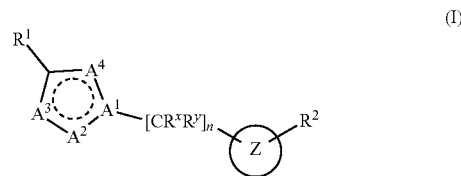
[0004] Glutaminolysis is regulated by mitochondrial glutaminase (GLS), the rate limiting enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of Gln to glutamate and ammonia. Mammalian cells contain 2 genes that encode glutaminase: the kidney-type (GLS1) and liver-type (GLS2) enzymes. Each has been detected in multiple tissue types, with GLS1 being widely distributed throughout the body. GLS1 is a phosphate-activated enzyme that exists in humans as two major splice variants, a long form (referred to as KGA) and a short form (GAC), which differ only in their C-terminal sequences. Both forms of GLS1 are thought to bind to the inner membrane of the mitochondrion in mammalian cells, although at least one report suggests that glutaminase may exist in the intramembrane space, dissociated from the membrane. GLS is frequently overexpressed in human tumors and has been shown to be positively regulated by oncogenes such as Myc. Consistent with the observed dependence of cancer cell lines on glutamine metabolism, pharmacological inhibition of GLS offers the potential to target Gln addicted tumors.

[0005] Thus, there is a need for glutaminase inhibitors that are specific and capable of being formulated for in vivo use.

SUMMARY

[0006] Accordingly, the inventors herein disclose new compositions and methods for inhibiting glutaminase activity.

[0007] Provided is a compound of structural Formula I



or a salt thereof, wherein: n is chosen from 3, 4, and 5; each R^X and R^Y is independently chosen from alkyl, cyano, H, and halo, or two R^X groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form a cycloalkyl ring; A^1 is chosen from C and N; A^2 , A^3 , and A^4 are independently chosen from N, O, S, and CH, wherein at least one of A^1 , A^2 , A^3 , and A^4 is chosen from N, O, and S; R^1 and R^2 are each independently chosen from alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein R^1 and R^2 each may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein R^1 and R^2 together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form a heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; R^3 is chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, hydroxyl, $C(R^4)_2C(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)OR^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4S(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4S(O)_2R^4$, $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4S(O)R^4$, $NR^4S(O)_2R^4$, $C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(O)R^4$, SR^4 , $S(O)R^4$, and $S(O)_2R^4$; wherein each R^3 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^4 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, and hydroxyl, wherein each R^4 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein two R^4 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form a heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^Z group is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylarylalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyarylalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, halo-

heteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $\text{N}(\text{R}^5)_2$, $\text{NR}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $\text{NR}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^5$, $\text{NR}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^5)_2$, $\text{NR}^5\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $\text{NR}^5\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^5)_2$, $\text{S}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^5)_2$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{R}^5)_2$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^5$, SR^5 , $\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, and $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$; each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^x groups; and Z is a monocyclic heteroaryl, which may be optionally substituted.

[0008] Provided is a composition comprising a compound of Formula I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant, or vehicle.

[0009] Provided is a method of inhibiting GLS1 activity in a biological sample comprising contacting the biological sample with a compound of Formula I.

[0010] Provided is a method of treating a GLS1-mediated disorder in a subject in need thereof, comprising the step of administering to the subject a compound of Formula I.

[0011] Provided is a method of treating a GLS1-mediated disorder in a subject in need thereof, comprising the sequential or co-administration of a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and another therapeutic agent.

[0012] Provided is a compound of any of Formula I for use in human therapy.

[0013] Provided is a compound of any of Formula I for use in treating a GLS1-mediated disease.

[0014] Provided is a use of a compound of Formula I for the manufacture of a medicament to treat a GLS1-mediated disease.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Abbreviations and Definitions

[0015] To facilitate understanding of the disclosure, a number of terms and abbreviations as used herein are defined below as follows:

[0016] When introducing elements of the present disclosure or the preferred embodiment(s) thereof, the articles “a”, “an”, “the” and “said” are intended to mean that there are one or more of the elements. The terms “comprising”, “including” and “having” are intended to be inclusive and mean that there may be additional elements other than the listed elements.

[0017] The term “and/or” when used in a list of two or more items, means that any one of the listed items can be employed by itself or in combination with any one or more of the listed items. For example, the expression “A and/or B” is intended to mean either or both of A and B, i.e. A alone, B alone or A and B in combination. The expression “A, B and/or C” is intended to mean A alone, B alone, C alone, A and B in combination, A and C in combination, B and C in combination or A, B, and C in combination.

[0018] When ranges of values are disclosed, and the notation “from n_1 . . . to n_2 ” or “between n_1 . . . and n_2 ” is used, where n_1 and n_2 are the numbers, then unless otherwise specified, this notation is intended to include the numbers themselves and the range between them. This range may be integral or continuous between and including the end values. By way of example, the range “from 2 to 6 carbons” is intended to include two, three, four, five, and six carbons, since carbons come in integer units. Compare, by way of example, the range “from 1 to 3 μM (micromolar),” which is intended to include 1 μM , 3 μM , and everything in between to any number of significant figures (e.g., 1.255 μM , 2.1 μM , 2.9999 μM , etc.).

[0019] The term “about,” as used herein, is intended to qualify the numerical values that it modifies, denoting such a value as variable within a margin of error. When no particular margin of error, such as a standard deviation to a mean value given in a chart or table of data, is recited, the term “about” should be understood to mean that range which would encompass the recited value and the range which would be included by rounding up or down to that figure as well, taking into account significant figures.

[0020] The term “acyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a carbonyl attached to an alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, heterocycle, or any other moiety were the atom attached to the carbonyl is carbon. An “acetyl” group refers to a $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{CH}_3$ group. An “alkylcarbonyl” or “alkanoyl” group refers to an alkyl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through a carbonyl group. Examples of such groups include methylcarbonyl and ethylcarbonyl. Examples of acyl groups include formyl, alkanoyl and aroyl.

[0021] The term “alkenyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon radical having one or more double bonds and containing from 2 to 20 carbon atoms. In certain embodiments, the alkenyl will comprise from 2 to 6 carbon atoms. The term “alkenylene” refers to a carbon-carbon double bond system attached at two or more positions such as ethenylene $[(-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-), (-\text{C}::\text{C}-)]$. Examples of suitable alkenyl radicals include ethenyl, propenyl, 2-methylpropenyl, 1,4-butadienyl and the like. Unless otherwise specified, the term “alkenyl” may include “alkenylene” groups.

[0022] The term “alkoxy,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an alkyl ether radical, wherein the term alkyl is as defined below. Examples of suitable alkyl ether radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy, sec-butoxy, tert-butoxy, and the like.

[0023] The term “alkyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a straight-chain or branched-chain alkyl radical containing from 1 to 20 carbon atoms. In certain embodiments, the alkyl will comprise from 1 to 10 carbon atoms. In further embodiments, the alkyl will comprise from 1 to 6 carbon atoms. Alkyl groups may be optionally substituted as defined herein. Examples of alkyl radicals include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, iso-amyl, hexyl, octyl, nonyl and the like. The term “alkylene,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a saturated aliphatic group derived from a straight or branched chain saturated hydrocarbon attached at two or more positions, such as methylene

(—CH₂—). Unless otherwise specified, the term “alkyl” may include “alkylene” groups.

[0024] The term “alkylamino,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an alkyl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an amino group. Suitable alkylamino groups may be mono- or dialkylated, forming groups such as, for example, N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N,N-ethylmethylamino and the like.

[0025] The term “alkylidene,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an alkenyl group in which one carbon atom of the carbon-carbon double bond belongs to the moiety to which the alkenyl group is attached.

[0026] The term “alkylthio,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an alkyl thioether (R—S—) radical wherein the term alkyl is as defined above and wherein the sulfur may be singly or doubly oxidized. Examples of suitable alkyl thioether radicals include methylthio, ethylthio, n-propylthio, isopropylthio, n-butylthio, iso-butylthio, sec-butylthio, tert-butylthio, methanesulfonyl, ethanesulfonyl, and the like.

[0027] The term “alkynyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a straight-chain or branched chain hydrocarbon radical having one or more triple bonds and containing from 2 to 20 carbon atoms. In certain embodiments, the alkynyl comprises from 2 to 6 carbon atoms. In further embodiments, the alkynyl comprises from 2 to 4 carbon atoms. The term “alkynylene” refers to a carbon-carbon triple bond attached at two positions such as ethynylene (—C::C—, —C—C—). Examples of alkynyl radicals include ethynyl, propynyl, hydroxypropynyl, butyn-1-yl, butyn-2-yl, pentyn-1-yl, 3-methylbutyn-1-yl, hexyn-2-yl, and the like. Unless otherwise specified, the term “alkynyl” may include “alkynylene” groups.

[0028] The terms “amido” and “carbamoyl” as used herein, alone or in combination, refer to an amino group as described below attached to the parent molecular moiety through a carbonyl group, or vice versa. The term “C-amido” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a —C(O)N(RR') group with R and R' as defined herein or as defined by the specifically enumerated “R” groups designated. The term “N-amido” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a RC(O)N(R')— group, with R and R' as defined herein or as defined by the specifically enumerated “R” groups designated. The term “acylamino” as used herein, alone or in combination, embraces an acyl group attached to the parent moiety through an amino group. An example of an “acylamino” group is acetylamino (CH₃C(O)NH—).

[0029] The term “amino,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to —NRR', wherein R and R' are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, acyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, and heterocycloalkyl, any of which may themselves be optionally substituted. Additionally, R and R' may combine to form heterocycloalkyl, either of which may be optionally substituted.

[0030] The term “aryl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, means a carbocyclic aromatic system containing one, two or three rings wherein such polycyclic ring systems are fused together. The term “aryl” embraces aromatic groups such as phenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl, and phenanthryl.

[0031] The term “arylalkenyl” or “aralkenyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an aryl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an alkenyl group.

[0032] The term “arylalkoxy” or “aralkoxy,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an aryl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an alkoxy group.

[0033] The term “arylalkyl” or “aralkyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an aryl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an alkyl group.

[0034] The term “arylalkynyl” or “aralkynyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an aryl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an alkynyl group.

[0035] The term “arylalkanoyl” or “aralkanoyl” or “aroyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an acyl radical derived from an aryl-substituted alkanecarboxylic acid such as benzoyl, naphthoyl, phenylacetyl, 3-phenylpropionyl(hydrocinnamoyl), 4-phenylbutyryl, (2-naphthyl)acetyl, 4-chlorohydrocinnamoyl, and the like.

[0036] The term aryloxy as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an aryl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an oxy.

[0037] The terms “benzo” and “benz,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refer to the divalent radical C₆H₄=derived from benzene. Examples include benzothioephene and benzimidazole.

[0038] The term “carbamate,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an ester of carbamic acid (—NHCOO—) which may be attached to the parent molecular moiety from either the nitrogen or acid end, and which may be optionally substituted as defined herein.

[0039] The term “O-carbamyl” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a —OC(O)NRR', group—with R and R' as defined herein.

[0040] The term “N-carbamyl” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a ROC(O)NR'— group, with R and R' as defined herein.

[0041] The term “carbonyl,” as used herein, when alone includes formyl [—C(O)H] and in combination is a —C(O)— group.

[0042] The term “carboxyl” or “carboxy,” as used herein, refers to —C(O)OH or the corresponding “carboxylate” anion, such as is in a carboxylic acid salt. An “O-carboxy” group refers to a RC(O)O— group, where R is as defined herein. A “C-carboxy” group refers to a —C(O)OR groups where R is as defined herein.

[0043] The term “cyano,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to —CN.

[0044] The term “cycloalkyl,” or, alternatively, “carbocycle,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a saturated or partially saturated monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic alkyl group wherein each cyclic moiety contains from 3 to 12 carbon atom ring members and which may optionally be a benzo fused ring system which is optionally substituted as defined herein. In certain embodiments, the cycloalkyl will comprise from 5 to 7 carbon atoms. Examples of such cycloalkyl groups include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indanyl, octahydronaphthyl, 2,3-dihydro-1H-indenyl, adamantyl and the like. “Bicyclic” and “tricyclic” as used herein are intended to include both fused ring systems, such as decahydronaphthalene, octahydronaphthalene as well as the mul-

ticyclic (multicentered) saturated or partially unsaturated type. The latter type of isomer is exemplified in general by, bicyclo[1,1,1]pentane, camphor, adamantane, and bicyclo[3,2,1]octane.

[0045] The term “ester,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a carboxy group bridging two moieties linked at carbon atoms.

[0046] The term “ether,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an oxy group bridging two moieties linked at carbon atoms.

[0047] The term “halo,” or “halogen,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine.

[0048] The term “haloalkoxy,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a haloalkyl group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an oxygen atom.

[0049] The term “haloalkyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an alkyl radical having the meaning as defined above wherein one or more hydrogens are replaced with a halogen. Specifically embraced are mono-haloalkyl, dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A mono-haloalkyl radical, for one example, may have an iodo, bromo, chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and dichloropropyl. “Haloalkylene” refers to a haloalkyl group attached at two or more positions. Examples include fluoromethylene ($-\text{CFH}-$), difluoromethylene ($-\text{CF}_2-$), chloromethylene ($-\text{CHCl}-$) and the like.

[0050] The term “heteroalkyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a stable straight or branched chain, or cyclic hydrocarbon radical, or combinations thereof, fully saturated or containing from 1 to 3 degrees of unsaturation, consisting of the stated number of carbon atoms and from one to three heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of O, N, and S, and wherein the nitrogen and sulfur atoms may optionally be oxidized and the nitrogen heteroatom may optionally be quaternized. The heteroatom(s) O, N and S may be placed at any interior position of the heteroalkyl group. Up to two heteroatoms may be consecutive, such as, for example, $-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{OCH}_3$.

[0051] The term “heteroaryl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a 3 to 15 membered unsaturated heteromonocyclic ring, or a fused monocyclic, bicyclic, or tricyclic ring system in which at least one of the fused rings is aromatic, which contains at least one atom selected from the group consisting of O, S, and N. In certain embodiments, the heteroaryl will comprise from 5 to 7 carbon atoms. The term also embraces fused polycyclic groups wherein heterocyclic rings are fused with aryl rings, wherein heteroaryl rings are fused with other heteroaryl rings, wherein heteroaryl rings are fused with heterocycloalkyl rings, or wherein heteroaryl rings are fused with cycloalkyl rings. Examples of heteroaryl groups include pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl, pyranyl, furyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, isothiazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolizyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, quinoxalyl, quinoxalinyl, indazolyl, benzotri-

azolyl, benzodioxolyl, benzopyranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, benzofuryl, benzothienyl, chromonyl, coumarinyl, benzopyranyl, tetrahydroquinolyl, tetrazolopyridazinyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl, thienopyridinyl, furopyridinyl, pyrrolopyridinyl and the like. Exemplary tricyclic heterocyclic groups include carbazolyl, benzindolyl, phenanthrolinyl, dibenzofuranyl, acridinyl, phenanthridinyl, xanthenyl and the like.

[0052] The terms “heterocycloalkyl” and, interchangeably, “heterocycle,” as used herein, alone or in combination, each refer to a saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic, bicyclic, or tricyclic heterocyclic group containing at least one heteroatom as a ring member, wherein each the heteroatom may be independently selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur. In certain embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl will comprise from 1 to 4 heteroatoms as ring members. In further embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl will comprise from 1 to 2 heteroatoms as ring members. In certain embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl will comprise from 3 to 8 ring members in each ring. In further embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl will comprise from 3 to 7 ring members in each ring. In yet further embodiments, the heterocycloalkyl will comprise from 5 to 6 ring members in each ring. “Heterocycloalkyl” and “heterocycle” are intended to include sulfones, sulfoxides, N-oxides of tertiary nitrogen ring members, and carbocyclic fused and benzo fused ring systems; additionally, both terms also include systems where a heterocycle ring is fused to an aryl group, as defined herein, or an additional heterocycle group. Examples of heterocycle groups include aziridinyl, azetidyl, 1,3-benzodioxolyl, dihydroisoindolyl, dihydroisoquinolyl, dihydrocinnolyl, dihydrobenzodioxinyl, dihydro[1,3]oxazolo[4,5-b]pyridinyl, benzothiazolyl, dihydroindolyl, dihydropyridinyl, 1,3-dioxanyl, 1,4-dioxanyl, 1,3-dioxolanyl, isoindolyl, morpholinyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydropyridinyl, piperidinyl, thiomorpholinyl, and the like. The heterocycle groups may be optionally substituted unless specifically prohibited.

[0053] The term “hydrazinyl” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to two amino groups joined by a single bond, i.e., $-\text{N}-\text{N}-$.

[0054] The term “hydroxy,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $-\text{OH}$.

[0055] The term “hydroxyalkyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a hydroxy group attached to the parent molecular moiety through an alkyl group.

[0056] The term “imino,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $=\text{N}-$.

[0057] The term “iminohydroxy,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $=\text{N}(\text{OH})$ and $=\text{N}-\text{O}-$.

[0058] The phrase “in the main chain” refers to the longest contiguous or adjacent chain of carbon atoms starting at the point of attachment of a group to the compounds of any one of the formulas disclosed herein.

[0059] The term “isocyanato” refers to a $-\text{NCO}$ group.

[0060] The term “isothiocyanato” refers to a $-\text{NCS}$ group.

[0061] The phrase “linear chain of atoms” refers to the longest straight chain of atoms independently selected from carbon, nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur.

[0062] The term “lower,” as used herein, alone or in a combination, where not otherwise specifically defined, means containing from 1 to and including 6 carbon atoms.

[0063] The term “lower aryl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, means phenyl or naphthyl, either of which may be optionally substituted as provided.

[0064] The term “lower heteroaryl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, means either 1) monocyclic heteroaryl comprising five or six ring members, of which between one and four the members may be heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of O, S, and N, or 2) bicyclic heteroaryl, wherein each of the fused rings comprises five or six ring members, comprising between them one to four heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of O, S, and N.

[0065] The term “lower cycloalkyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, means a monocyclic cycloalkyl having between three and six ring members. Lower cycloalkyls may be unsaturated. Examples of lower cycloalkyl include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl.

[0066] The term “lower heterocycloalkyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, means a monocyclic heterocycloalkyl having between three and six ring members, of which between one and four may be heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of O, S, and N. Examples of lower heterocycloalkyls include pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, pyrazolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, and morpholinyl. Lower heterocycloalkyls may be unsaturated.

[0067] The term “lower amino,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to NRR' , wherein R and R' are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, and lower heteroalkyl, any of which may be optionally substituted. Additionally, the R and R' of a lower amino group may combine to form a five- or six-membered heterocycloalkyl, either of which may be optionally substituted.

[0068] The term “mercaptyl” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an $\text{RS}-$ group, where R is as defined herein.

[0069] The term “nitro,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $-\text{NO}_2$.

[0070] The terms “oxy” or “oxa,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refer to $-\text{O}-$.

[0071] The term “oxo,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $=\text{O}$.

[0072] The term “perhaloalkoxy” refers to an alkoxy group where all of the hydrogen atoms are replaced by halogen atoms.

[0073] The term “perhaloalkyl” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an alkyl group where all of the hydrogen atoms are replaced by halogen atoms.

[0074] The terms “sulfonate,” “sulfonic acid,” and “sulfonic,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refer the $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ group and its anion as the sulfonic acid is used in salt formation.

[0075] The term “sulfanyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $-\text{S}-$.

[0076] The term “sulfinyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $-\text{S}(\text{O})-$.

[0077] The term “sulfonyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$.

[0078] The term “N-sulfonamido” refers to a $\text{RS}(\text{=O})_2\text{NR}'-$ group with R and R' as defined herein.

[0079] The term “S-sulfonamido” refers to a $-\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{NRR}'$, group, with R and R' as defined herein.

[0080] The terms “thia” and “thio,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refer to a $-\text{S}-$ group or an ether wherein the oxygen is replaced with sulfur. The oxidized

derivatives of the thio group, namely sulfinyl and sulfonyl, are included in the definition of thia and thio.

[0081] The term “thiol,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to an $-\text{SH}$ group.

[0082] The term “thiocarbonyl,” as used herein, when alone includes thioformyl $-\text{C}(\text{S})\text{H}$ and in combination is a $-\text{C}(\text{S})-$ group.

[0083] The term “N-thiocarbamyl” refers to an $\text{ROC}(\text{S})\text{NR}'-$ group, with R and R' as defined herein.

[0084] The term “O-thiocarbamyl” refers to a $-\text{OC}(\text{S})\text{NRR}'$, group with R and R' as defined herein.

[0085] The term “thiocyanato” refers to a $-\text{CNS}$ group.

[0086] The term “trihalomethanesulfonamido” refers to a $\text{X}_3\text{CS}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}-$ group with X is a halogen and R as defined herein.

[0087] The term “trihalomethanesulfonyl” refers to a $\text{X}_3\text{CS}(\text{O})_2-$ group where X is a halogen.

[0088] The term “trihalomethoxy” refers to a $\text{X}_3\text{CO}-$ group where X is a halogen.

[0089] The term “trisubstituted silyl,” as used herein, alone or in combination, refers to a silicone group substituted at its three free valences with groups as listed herein under the definition of substituted amino. Examples include trimethylsilyl, tert-butyldimethylsilyl, triphenylsilyl and the like.

[0090] Any definition herein may be used in combination with any other definition to describe a composite structural group. By convention, the trailing element of any such definition is that which attaches to the parent moiety. For example, the composite group alkylamido would represent an alkyl group attached to the parent molecule through an amido group, and the term alkoxyalkyl would represent an alkoxy group attached to the parent molecule through an alkyl group.

[0091] When a group is defined to be “null,” what is meant is that the group is absent.

[0092] The term “optionally substituted” means the antecedent group may be substituted or unsubstituted. When substituted, the substituents of an “optionally substituted” group may include, without limitation, one or more substituents independently selected from the following groups or a particular designated set of groups, alone or in combination: lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkanoyl, lower heteroalkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkenyl, lower haloalkynyl, lower perhaloalkyl, lower perhaloalkoxy, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, aryl, aryloxy, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, oxo, lower acyloxy, carbonyl, carboxyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower carboxyester, lower carboxamido, cyano, hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, lower alkylamino, arylamino, amido, nitro, thiol, lower alkylthio, lower haloalkylthio, lower perhaloalkylthio, arylthio, sulfonate, sulfonic acid, trisubstituted silyl, N_3 , SH , SCH_3 , $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{CH}_3$, CO_2CH_3 , CO_2H , pyridinyl, thiophene, furanyl, lower carbamate, and lower urea. Two substituents may be joined together to form a fused five-, six-, or seven-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring consisting of zero to three heteroatoms, for example forming methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy. An optionally substituted group may be unsubstituted (e.g., $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$), fully substituted (e.g., $-\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_3$), monosubstituted (e.g., $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$) or substituted at a level anywhere in-between fully substituted and monosubstituted (e.g., $-\text{CH}_2\text{CF}_3$). Where substituents are recited without qualification as to substitution, both substituted and unsub-

stituted forms are encompassed. Where a substituent is qualified as “substituted,” the substituted form is specifically intended. Additionally, different sets of optional substituents to a particular moiety may be defined as needed; in these cases, the optional substitution will be as defined, often immediately following the phrase, “optionally substituted with.”

[0093] The term R or the term R', appearing by itself and without a number designation, unless otherwise defined, refers to a moiety selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocycloalkyl, any of which may be optionally substituted. Such R and R' groups should be understood to be optionally substituted as defined herein. Whether an R group has a number designation or not, every R group, including R, R' and R_n where n=(1, 2, 3, . . . n), every substituent, and every term should be understood to be independent of every other in terms of selection from a group. Should any variable, substituent, or term (e.g. aryl, heterocycle, R, etc.) occur more than one time in a formula or generic structure, its definition at each occurrence is independent of the definition at every other occurrence. Those of skill in the art will further recognize that certain groups may be attached to a parent molecule or may occupy a position in a chain of elements from either end as written. Thus, by way of example only, an unsymmetrical group such as —C(O)N(R)— may be attached to the parent moiety at either the carbon or the nitrogen.

[0094] Asymmetric centers exist in the compounds disclosed herein. These centers are designated by the symbols “R” or “S,” depending on the configuration of substituents around the chiral carbon atom. It should be understood that the disclosure encompasses all stereochemical isomeric forms, including diastereomeric, enantiomeric, and epimeric forms, as well as d-isomers and l-isomers, and mixtures thereof. Individual stereoisomers of compounds can be prepared synthetically from commercially available starting materials which contain chiral centers or by preparation of mixtures of enantiomeric products followed by separation such as conversion to a mixture of diastereomers followed by separation or recrystallization, chromatographic techniques, direct separation of enantiomers on chiral chromatographic columns, or any other appropriate method known in the art. Starting compounds of particular stereochemistry are either commercially available or can be made and resolved by techniques known in the art. Additionally, the compounds disclosed herein may exist as geometric isomers. The present disclosure includes all cis, trans, syn, anti, entgegen (E), and zusammen (Z) isomers as well as the appropriate mixtures thereof. Additionally, compounds may exist as tautomers; all tautomeric isomers are provided by this disclosure. Additionally, the compounds disclosed herein can exist in unsolvated as well as solvated forms with pharmaceutically acceptable solvents such as water, ethanol, and the like. In general, the solvated forms are considered equivalent to the unsolvated forms.

[0095] The term “bond” refers to a covalent linkage between two atoms, or two moieties when the atoms joined by the bond are considered part of larger substructure. A bond may be single, double, or triple unless otherwise specified. A dashed line between two atoms in a drawing of a molecule indicates that an additional bond may be present or absent at that position.

[0096] The term “disease” as used herein is intended to be generally synonymous, and is used interchangeably with, the terms “disorder,” “syndrome,” and “condition” (as in medical condition), in that all reflect an abnormal condition of the human or animal body or of one of its parts that impairs normal functioning, is typically manifested by distinguishing signs and symptoms, and causes the human or animal to have a reduced duration or quality of life.

[0097] The term “combination therapy” means the administration of two or more therapeutic agents to treat a therapeutic condition or disorder described in the present disclosure. Such administration encompasses co-administration of these therapeutic agents in a substantially simultaneous manner, such as in a single capsule having a fixed ratio of active ingredients or in multiple, separate capsules for each active ingredient. In addition, such administration also encompasses use of each type of therapeutic agent in a sequential manner. In either case, the treatment regimen will provide beneficial effects of the drug combination in treating the conditions or disorders described herein.

[0098] GLS1 inhibitor is used herein to refer to a compound that exhibits an IC₅₀ with respect to GLS1 activity of no more than about 100 μM and more typically not more than about 50 μM, as measured in the GLS1 enzyme assay described generally herein below. IC₅₀ is that concentration of inhibitor that reduces the activity of an enzyme (e.g., GLS1) to half-maximal level. Certain compounds disclosed herein have been discovered to exhibit inhibition against GLS1. In certain embodiments, compounds will exhibit an IC₅₀ with respect to GLS1 of no more than about 10 μM; in further embodiments, compounds will exhibit an IC₅₀ with respect to GLS1 of no more than about 5 μM; in yet further embodiments, compounds will exhibit an IC₅₀ with respect to GLS1 of not more than about 1 μM; in yet further embodiments, compounds will exhibit an IC₅₀ with respect to GLS1 of not more than about 200 nM, as measured in the GLS1 binding assay described herein.

[0099] The phrase “therapeutically effective” is intended to qualify the amount of active ingredients used in the treatment of a disease or disorder or on the effecting of a clinical endpoint.

[0100] The term “therapeutically acceptable” refers to those compounds (or salts, prodrugs, tautomers, zwitterionic forms, etc.) which are suitable for use in contact with the tissues of patients without undue toxicity, irritation, and allergic response, are commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio, and are effective for their intended use.

[0101] As used herein, reference to “treatment” of a patient is intended to include prophylaxis. Treatment may also be preemptive in nature, i.e., it may include prevention of disease. Prevention of a disease may involve complete protection from disease, for example as in the case of prevention of infection with a pathogen, or may involve prevention of disease progression. For example, prevention of a disease may not mean complete foreclosure of any effect related to the diseases at any level, but instead may mean prevention of the symptoms of a disease to a clinically significant or detectable level. Prevention of diseases may also mean prevention of progression of a disease to a later stage of the disease.

[0102] The term “patient” is generally synonymous with the term “subject” and includes all mammals including humans. Examples of patients include humans, livestock (farm animals) such as cows, goats, sheep, pigs, and rabbits,

and companion animals such as dogs, cats, rabbits, and horses. Preferably, the patient is a human.

[0103] The term “prodrug” refers to a compound that is made more active in vivo. Certain compounds disclosed herein may also exist as prodrugs, as described in *Hydrolysis in Drug and Prodrug Metabolism: Chemistry, Biochemistry, and Enzymology* (Testa, Bernard and Mayer, Joachim M. Wiley-VHCA, Zurich, Switzerland 2003). Prodrugs of the compounds described herein are structurally modified forms of the compound that readily undergo chemical changes under physiological conditions to provide the compound. Additionally, prodrugs can be converted to the compound by chemical or biochemical methods in an ex vivo environment. For example, prodrugs can be slowly converted to a compound when placed in a transdermal patch reservoir with a suitable enzyme or chemical reagent. Prodrugs are often useful because, in some situations, they may be easier to administer than the compound, or parent drug. They may, for instance, be bioavailable by oral administration whereas the parent drug is not. The prodrug may also have improved solubility in pharmaceutical compositions over the parent drug. A wide variety of prodrug derivatives are known in the art, such as those that rely on hydrolytic cleavage or oxidative activation of the prodrug. An example, without limitation, of a prodrug would be a compound which is administered as an ester (the “prodrug”), but then is metabolically hydrolyzed to the carboxylic acid, the active entity. Additional examples include peptidyl derivatives of a compound.

[0104] The compounds disclosed herein can exist as therapeutically acceptable salts. The present disclosure includes compounds listed above in the form of salts, including acid addition salts. Suitable salts include those formed with both organic and inorganic acids. Such acid addition salts will normally be pharmaceutically acceptable. However, salts of non-pharmaceutically acceptable salts may be of utility in the preparation and purification of the compound in question. Basic addition salts may also be formed and be pharmaceutically acceptable. For a more complete discussion of the preparation and selection of salts, refer to *Pharmaceutical Salts: Properties, Selection, and Use* (Stahl, P. Heinrich. Wiley-VCHA, Zurich, Switzerland, 2002).

[0105] The term “therapeutically acceptable salt,” as used herein, represents salts or zwitterionic forms of the compounds disclosed herein which are water or oil-soluble or dispersible and therapeutically acceptable as defined herein. The salts can be prepared during the final isolation and purification of the compounds or separately by reacting the appropriate compound in the form of the free base with a suitable acid. Representative acid addition salts include acetate, adipate, alginate, L-ascorbate, aspartate, benzoate, benzenesulfonate (besylate), bisulfate, butyrate, camphorate, camphorsulfonate, citrate, digluconate, formate, fumarate, gentisate, glutarate, glycerophosphate, glycolate, hemisulfate, heptanoate, hexanoate, hippurate, hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonate (isethionate), lactate, maleate, malonate, DL-mandelate, mesitylenesulfonate, methanesulfonate, naphthalenesulfonate, nicotinate, 2-naphthalenesulfonate, oxalate, pamoate, pectinate, persulfate, 3-phenylpropionate, phosphonate, picrate, pivalate, propionate, pyroglutamate, succinate, sulfonate, tartrate, L-tartrate, trichloroacetate, trifluoroacetate, phosphate, glutamate, bicarbonate, paratoluenesulfonate (p-tosylate), and undecanoate. Also, basic groups in the compounds disclosed herein can be quater-

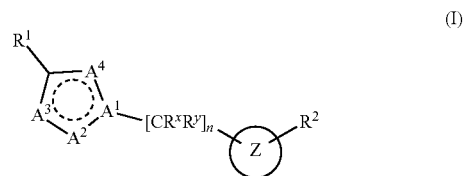
nized with methyl, ethyl, propyl, and butyl chlorides, bromides, and iodides; dimethyl, diethyl, dibutyl, and diamyl sulfates; decyl, lauryl, myristyl, and stearyl chlorides, bromides, and iodides; and benzyl and phenethyl bromides. Examples of acids which can be employed to form therapeutically acceptable addition salts include inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, and phosphoric, and organic acids such as oxalic, maleic, succinic, and citric. Salts can also be formed by coordination of the compounds with an alkali metal or alkaline earth ion. Hence, the present disclosure contemplates sodium, potassium, magnesium, and calcium salts of the compounds disclosed herein, and the like.

[0106] Basic addition salts can be prepared during the final isolation and purification of the compounds by reacting a carboxy group with a suitable base such as the hydroxide, carbonate, or bicarbonate of a metal cation or with ammonia or an organic primary, secondary, or tertiary amine. The cations of therapeutically acceptable salts include lithium, sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, and aluminum, as well as nontoxic quaternary amine cations such as ammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetraethylammonium, methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, triethylamine, diethylamine, ethylamine, tributylamine, pyridine, N,N-dimethylaniline, N-methylpiperidine, N-methylmorpholine, dicyclohexylamine, procaine, dibenzylamine, N,N-dibenzylphenethylamine, 1-phenamine, and N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine. Other representative organic amines useful for the formation of base addition salts include ethylenediamine, ethanolamine, diethanolamine, piperidine, and piperazine.

[0107] A salt of a compound can be made by reacting the appropriate compound in the form of the free base with the appropriate acid.

Compounds

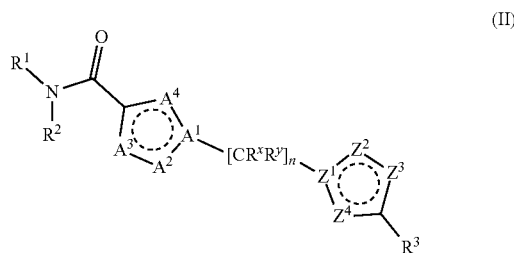
[0108] The present disclosure provides a compound of structural Formula I



or a salt thereof, wherein: n is chosen from 3, 4, and 5; each R^X and R^Y is independently chosen from alkyl, cyano, H, and halo, or two R^X groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form a cycloalkyl ring; A^1 is chosen from C and N; A^2 , A^3 , and A^4 are independently chosen from N, O, S, and CH, wherein at least one of A^1 , A^2 , A^3 , and A^4 is chosen from N, O, and S; R^1 and R^2 are each independently chosen from alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein R^1 and R^2 each may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein R^1 and R^2 together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form a heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; R^3 is chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl,

cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, hydroxyl, $C(R^4)_2C(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)OR^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4S(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4S(O)_2R^4$, $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4S(O)R^4$, $NR^4S(O)_2R^4$, $C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(O)R^4$, SR^4 , $S(O)R^4$, and $S(O)_2R^4$; wherein each R^3 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^4 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, and hydroxyl, wherein each R^4 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein two R^4 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^Z group is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylarylalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyarylalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, halo-heteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5C(O)R^5$, $NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $NR^5C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5S(O)R^5$, $NR^5S(O)_2R^5$, $C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^5)_2$, $C(O)R^5$, $C(O)OR^5$, SR^5 , $S(O)R^5$, and $S(O)_2R^5$; each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^X groups; and Z is a monocyclic heteroaryl, which may be optionally substituted.

[0109] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, has Formula II



or a salt thereof, wherein: n is chosen from 3, 4, and 5; each R^X and R^Y is independently chosen from alkyl, cyano, H, and halo, or two R^X groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form a cycloalkyl ring; A^1 and Z^1 are independently chosen from C and N; A^2 , A^3 , A^4 , Z^2 , Z^3 , and Z^4 are independently chosen from N, O, S, and CH, wherein at least one of A^1 , A^2 , A^3 , and A^4 and at least one of Z^1 , Z^2 , Z^3 , and Z^4 is chosen from N, O, and S; R^1 and R^2 are each independently chosen from alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein R^1 and R^2 each may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein R^1 and R^2 together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; R^3 is chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, hydroxyl, $C(R^4)_2C(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)OR^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4S(O)R^4$, $C(R^4)_2NR^4S(O)_2R^4$, $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4S(O)R^4$, $NR^4S(O)_2R^4$, $C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(O)R^4$, SR^4 , $S(O)R^4$, and $S(O)_2R^4$; wherein each R^3 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^4 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, and hydroxyl, wherein each R^4 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein two R^4 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^Z group is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylarylalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyarylalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, halo-heteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5C(O)R^5$, $NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $NR^5C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5S(O)R^5$, $NR^5S(O)_2R^5$, $C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^5)_2$, $C(O)R^5$, $C(O)OR^5$, SR^5 , $S(O)R^5$, and $S(O)_2R^5$; each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^X groups; and Z is a monocyclic heteroaryl, which may be optionally substituted.

haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, halo-heteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5C(O)R^5$, $NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $NR^5C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5S(O)R^5$, $NR^5S(O)_2R^5$, $C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^5)_2$, $C(O)R^5$, $C(O)OR^5$, SR^5 , $S(O)R^5$, and $S(O)_2R^5$; each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^X groups.

[1110] In certain embodiments A^1 , A^2 , and A^3 are N; and A^4 is CH.

[1111] In certain embodiments A^1 is C; A^2 and A^3 are N; and A^4 is S.

[1112] In certain embodiments Z^1 , Z^2 , and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is CH; and R^3 is chosen from $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, and $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$.

[1113] In certain embodiments Z^1 , Z^2 , and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is CH; and R^3 is chosen from $C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(O)R^4$, $C(O)OR^4$.

[1114] In certain embodiments Z^1 is C; Z^2 and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is S; and R^3 is chosen from $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, and $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$.

[1115] In certain embodiments n is 4.

[1116] In certain embodiments each R^X and R^Y is independently chosen from H and fluoro.

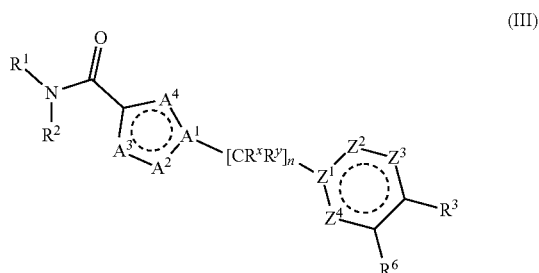
[1117] In certain embodiments one of R^X is independently fluoro.

[1118] In certain embodiments A^1 , A^2 , and A^3 are N; A^4 is CH; n is 4; Z^1 is C; Z^2 and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is S; and R^3 is chosen from $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, and $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$.

[1119] In certain embodiments A^1 is C; A^2 and A^3 are N; A^4 is S; n is 4; Z^1 , Z^2 , and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is CH; and R^3 is chosen from $C(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)N(R^4)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^4)_2$, $C(O)R^4$, $C(O)OR^4$.

[1120] In certain embodiments A^1 , A^2 , and A^3 are N; A^4 is CH; n is 4; Z^1 , Z^2 , and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is CH; and R^3 is chosen from $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, and $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$.

[1121] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, has structural Formula III:



or a salt thereof, wherein: n is chosen from 3, 4, and 5; each R^X and R^Y is independently chosen from alkyl, cyano, H, and halo, or two R^X groups together with the atoms to which they

are attached optionally form a cycloalkyl ring; A^1 is chosen from C and N; A^2 , A^3 , and A^4 , are independently chosen from N, O, S, and CH, wherein at least one of A^1 , A^2 , A^3 , and A^4 is chosen from N, O, and S; Z^1 is C; Z^2 , Z^3 and Z^4 are independently chosen from N and CH, wherein at least one of Z^1 , Z^2 , Z^3 , and Z^4 is N; R^1 and R^2 are each independently chosen from alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein R^1 and R^2 each may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein R^1 and R^2 together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; R^3 is chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein each R^3 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^4 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, and hydroxyl, wherein each R^4 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups, wherein two R^4 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^Z group is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl, alkoxyalkyloxy, alkoxyalkylalkyl, alkoxyhaloalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylarylalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyarylalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, halo-heteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5C(O)R^5$, $NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $NR^5C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5S(O)R^5$, $NR^5S(O)_2R^5$, $C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^5)_2$, $C(O)R^5$, $C(O)OR^5$, SR^5 , $S(O)R^5$, and $S(O)_2R^5$; each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H,

haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^X groups; and R^6 is chosen from, alkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyl, wherein R^3 and R^6 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups.

[0122] The In certain embodiments A^1 is C; A^2 and A^3 are N; and A^4 is S.

[0123] In certain embodiments A^1 , A^2 , and A^3 are N; and A^4 is CH.

[0124] In certain embodiments n is 4.

[0125] In certain embodiments each R^X and R^Y is independently chosen from H and fluoro.

[0126] In certain embodiments one of R^X is independently fluoro.

[0127] In certain embodiments R^1 is methyl; and R^2 is H.

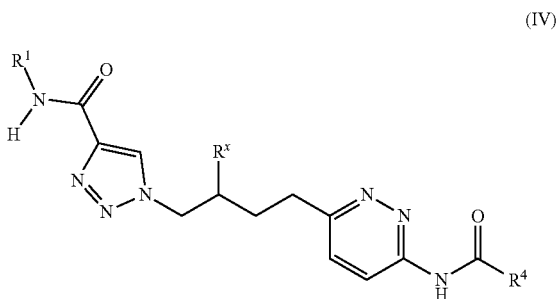
[0128] In certain embodiments R^1 is methyl; R^2 is H; and one of R^X is independently fluoro.

[0129] In certain embodiments; Z^2 and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is CH; R^3 is chosen from $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, and $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$; and R^6 is H.

[0130] In certain embodiments A^1 is C; A^2 and A^3 are N; A^4 is S; n is 4; Z^2 and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is CH; R^3 is chosen from $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, and $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$; and R^6 is H.

[0131] In certain embodiments A^1 , A^2 , and A^3 are N; A^4 is CH; n is 4; Z^2 and Z^3 are N; Z^4 is CH; R^3 is chosen from $N(R^4)_2$, $NR^4C(O)R^4$, $NR^4C(O)OR^4$, and $NR^4C(O)N(R^4)_2$; and R^6 is H.

[0132] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, has structural Formula IV:

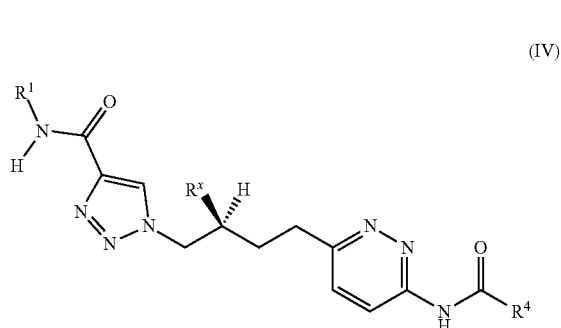


or a salt thereof, wherein: R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; R^1 is chosen from alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein R^1 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^4 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, and hydroxyl, wherein R^4 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^Z group is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl, alkoxyarylcycloalkyl, alkoxyarylcycloalkylalkyl, alkoxyhaloalkyl,

alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylarylalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyarylalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, halo-heteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5C(O)R^5$, $NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $NR^5C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5S(O)R^5$, $NR^5S(O)_2R^5$, $C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^5)_2$, $C(O)R^5$, $C(O)OR^5$, SR^5 , $S(O)R^5$, and $S(O)_2R^5$; and each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^X groups.

[0133] In particular embodiments, R^1 is methyl.

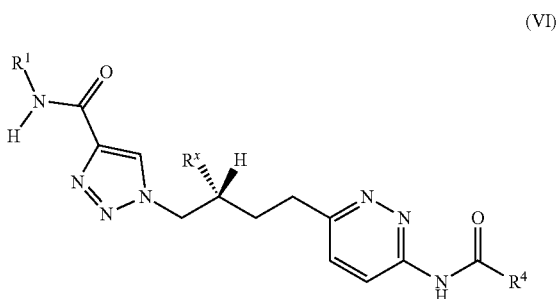
[0134] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, has structural Formula V:



or a salt thereof, wherein: R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; R^1 is chosen from alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein R^1 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^4 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, and hydroxyl, wherein R^4 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^Z group is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl,

alkoxycycloalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylaryllalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyaryllalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylaryllalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, haloheteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5C(O)R^5$, $NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $NR^5C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5S(O)R^5$, $NR^5S(O)_2R^5$, $C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^5)_2$, $C(O)R^5$, $C(O)OR^5$, SR^5 , $S(O)R^5$, and $S(O)_2R^5$; and each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^X groups.

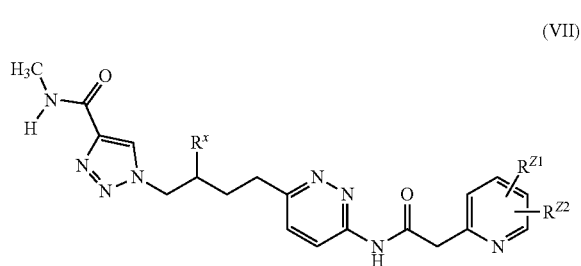
[0135] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, has structural Formula VI:



or a salt thereof, wherein: R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; R^1 is chosen from alkenyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein R^1 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^4 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, halo, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, and hydroxyl, wherein R^4 may be optionally substituted with one to three R^Z groups; each R^Z group is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyaryllalkyl,

alkoxycycloalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylaryllalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyaryllalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylaryllalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, haloheteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, oxo, $N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5C(O)R^5$, $NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $NR^5C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $NR^5S(O)R^5$, $NR^5S(O)_2R^5$, $C(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)N(R^5)_2$, $S(O)_2N(R^5)_2$, $C(O)R^5$, $C(O)OR^5$, SR^5 , $S(O)R^5$, and $S(O)_2R^5$; and each R^5 is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, H, haloalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkylalkyl, wherein two R^5 groups together with the atoms to which they are attached optionally form an aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl ring, which may be optionally substituted with one to three R^X groups.

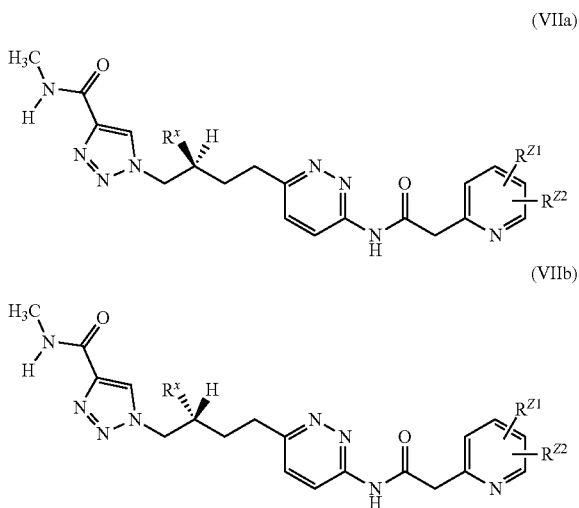
[0136] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, has structural Formula VII:



or a salt thereof, wherein: R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; each of R^{Z1} and R^{Z2} is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyaryllalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylaryllalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkyloxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyloxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyaryllalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl,

kyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkoxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkoxy, halocycloalkyloxy, haloheteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkoxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkoxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkoxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, and oxo.

[0137] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, is chosen from structural Formula VIIa or VIIb:

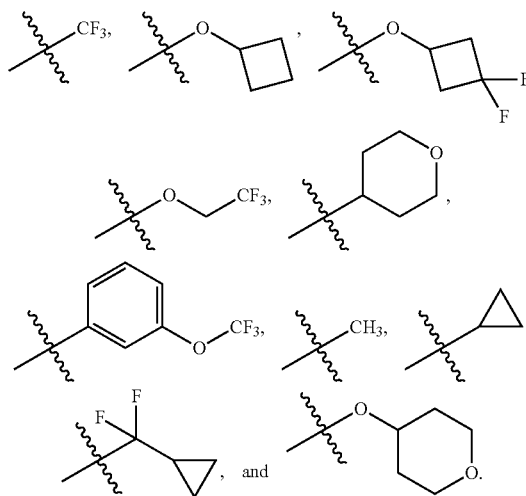


or a salt thereof, wherein: R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; each of R^{Z1} and R^{Z2} is independently chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylarylalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkoxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkoxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyarylalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl, haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkoxy, haloalkylheterocycloalkyloxy, haloheteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkoxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkoxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, het-

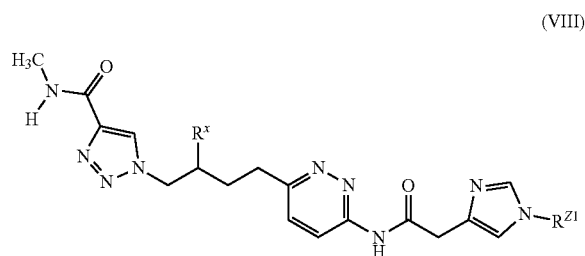
eroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkoxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, and oxo.

[0138] In certain embodiments R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; and each of R^{Z1} and R^{Z2} is independently chosen from alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkyl, halocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyloxy.

[0139] In certain embodiments R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; each of R^{Z1} and R^{Z2} is independently chosen from H,



[0140] In some embodiments, the compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, has structural Formula VIII:



or a salt thereof, wherein: R^X is chosen from fluoro and H; R^{Z1} is chosen from alkenyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, alkoxyarylalkyl, alkoxyheteroaryl, alkoxyheteroarylalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkyl, alkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, alkyl, alkylaryl, alkylarylalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, alkylheteroaryl, alkylheteroarylalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkyl, alkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, arylalkoxy, arylhaloalkyl, aryloxy, cyano, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkoxy, cycloalkylhaloalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, H, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyaryl, haloalkoxyarylalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkyl, haloalkoxycycloalkylalkyl, haloalkoxyheteroaryl, haloalkoxyheteroarylalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkyl, haloalkoxyheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkylaryl,

haloalkylarylalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkyl, haloalkylcycloalkylalkyl, haloalkylheteroaryl, haloalkylheteroarylalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkyl, haloalkylheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloaryl, haloarylalkyl, haloarylalkyloxy, haloaryloxy, halocycloalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyl, halocycloalkylalkyloxy, halocycloalkyloxy, haloheteroaryl, haloheteroarylalkyl, haloheteroarylalkyloxy, haloheteroaryloxy, haloheterocycloalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyl, haloheterocycloalkylalkyloxy, haloheterocycloalkyloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkyloxy, heteroarylhaloalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyloxy, heterocycloalkylhaloalkyl, heterocycloalkyloxy, hydroxyl, and oxo.

[0141] In particular embodiments the compound is chosen from Examples 1-609 and Prophetic Examples 1-2 as disclosed herein.

[0142] Also provided are embodiments wherein any of embodiment above in paragraphs [0006] and [0106]-[0138] above may be combined with any one or more of these embodiments, provided the combination is not mutually exclusive.

Pharmaceutical Compositions

[0143] While it may be possible for the compounds of the subject disclosure to be administered as the raw chemical, it is also possible to present them as a pharmaceutical formulation. Accordingly, provided herein are pharmaceutical formulations which comprise one or more of certain compounds disclosed herein, or one or more pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, prodrugs, amides, or solvates thereof, together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers thereof and optionally one or more other therapeutic ingredients. The carrier(s) must be “acceptable” in the sense of being compatible with the other ingredients of the formulation and not deleterious to the recipient thereof. Proper formulation is dependent upon the route of administration chosen. Any of the well-known techniques, carriers, and excipients may be used as suitable and as understood in the art; e.g., in Remington’s Pharmaceutical Sciences. The pharmaceutical compositions disclosed herein may be manufactured in any manner known in the art, e.g., by means of conventional mixing, dissolving, granulating, dragee-making, levigating, emulsifying, encapsulating, entrapping or compression processes.

[0144] The formulations include those suitable for oral, parenteral (including subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular, intravenous, intraarticular, and intramedullary), intraperitoneal, transmucosal, transdermal, rectal and topical (including dermal, buccal, sublingual and intraocular) administration although the most suitable route may depend upon for example the condition and disorder of the recipient. The formulations may conveniently be presented in unit dosage form and may be prepared by any of the methods well known in the art of pharmacy. Typically, these methods include the step of bringing into association a compound of the subject disclosure or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, amide, prodrug or solvate thereof (“active ingredient”) with the carrier which constitutes one or more accessory ingredients. In general, the formulations are prepared by uniformly and intimately bringing into association the active

ingredient with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both and then, if necessary, shaping the product into the desired formulation.

[0145] Compounds described herein can be administered as follows:

Oral Administration

[0146] The compounds of the present invention may be administered orally, including swallowing, so the compound enters the gastrointestinal tract, or is absorbed into the blood stream directly from the mouth, including sublingual or buccal administration.

[0147] Suitable compositions for oral administration include solid formulations such as tablets, pills, cachets, lozenges and hard or soft capsules, which can contain liquids, gels, powders, or granules.

[0148] In a tablet or capsule dosage form the amount of drug present may be from about 0.05% to about 95% by weight, more typically from about 2% to about 50% by weight of the dosage form.

[0149] In addition, tablets or capsules may contain a disintegrant, comprising from about 0.5% to about 35% by weight, more typically from about 2% to about 25% of the dosage form. Examples of disintegrants include methyl cellulose, sodium or calcium carboxymethyl cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, polyvinylpyrrolidone, hydroxypropyl cellulose, starch and the like.

[0150] Suitable binders, for use in a tablet, include gelatin, polyethylene glycol, sugars, gums, starch, hydroxypropyl cellulose and the like. Suitable diluents, for use in a tablet, include mannitol, xylitol, lactose, dextrose, sucrose, sorbitol and starch.

[0151] Suitable surface active agents and glidants, for use in a tablet or capsule, may be present in amounts from about 0.1% to about 3% by weight, and include polysorbate 80, sodium dodecyl sulfate, talc and silicon dioxide.

[0152] Suitable lubricants, for use in a tablet or capsule, may be present in amounts from about 0.1% to about 5% by weight, and include calcium, zinc or magnesium stearate, sodium stearyl fumarate and the like.

[0153] Tablets may be made by compression or molding, optionally with one or more accessory ingredients. Compressed tablets may be prepared by compressing in a suitable machine the active ingredient in a free-flowing form such as a powder or granules, optionally mixed with binders, inert diluents, or lubricating, surface active or dispersing agents. Molded tablets may be made by molding in a suitable machine a mixture of the powdered compound moistened with a liquid diluent. Dyes or pigments may be added to tablets for identification or to characterize different combinations of active compound doses.

[0154] Liquid formulations can include emulsions, solutions, syrups, elixirs and suspensions, which can be used in soft or hard capsules. Such formulations may include a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, for example, water, ethanol, polyethylene glycol, cellulose, or an oil. The formulation may also include one or more emulsifying agents and/or suspending agents.

[0155] Compositions for oral administration may be formulated as immediate or modified release, including delayed or sustained release, optionally with enteric coating.

[0156] In another embodiment, a pharmaceutical composition comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a

compound of Formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Parenteral Administration

[0157] Compounds of the present invention may be administered directly into the blood stream, muscle, or internal organs by injection, e.g., by bolus injection or continuous infusion. Suitable means for parenteral administration include intravenous, intra-muscular, subcutaneous intraarterial, intraperitoneal, intrathecal, intracranial, and the like. Suitable devices for parenteral administration include injectors (including needle and needle-free injectors) and infusion methods. The formulations may be presented in unit-dose or multi-dose containers, for example sealed ampoules and vials.

[0158] Most parenteral formulations are aqueous solutions containing excipients, including salts, buffering, suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents, antioxidants, bacteriostats, preservatives, and solutes which render the formulation isotonic with the blood of the intended recipient, and carbohydrates.

[0159] Parenteral formulations may also be prepared in a dehydrated form (e.g., by lyophilization) or as sterile non-aqueous solutions. These formulations can be used with a suitable vehicle, such as sterile water. Solubility-enhancing agents may also be used in preparation of parenteral solutions.

[0160] Compositions for parenteral administration may be formulated as immediate or modified release, including delayed or sustained release. Compounds may also be formulated as depot preparations. Such long acting formulations may be administered by implantation (for example subcutaneously or intramuscularly) or by intramuscular injection. Thus, for example, the compounds may be formulated with suitable polymeric or hydrophobic materials (for example as an emulsion in an acceptable oil) or ion exchange resins, or as sparingly soluble derivatives, for example, as a sparingly soluble salt.

Topical Administration

[0161] Compounds of the present invention may be administered topically (for example to the skin, mucous membranes, ear, nose, or eye) or transdermally. Formulations for topical administration can include, but are not limited to, lotions, solutions, creams, gels, hydrogels, ointments, foams, implants, patches and the like. Carriers that are pharmaceutically acceptable for topical administration formulations can include water, alcohol, mineral oil, glycerin, polyethylene glycol and the like. Topical administration can also be performed by, for example, electroporation, iontophoresis, phonophoresis and the like.

[0162] Typically, the active ingredient for topical administration may comprise from 0.001% to 10% w/w (by weight) of the formulation. In certain embodiments, the active ingredient may comprise as much as 10% w/w; less than 5% w/w; from 2% w/w to 5% w/w; or from 0.1% to 1% w/w of the formulation.

[0163] Compositions for topical administration may be formulated as immediate or modified release, including delayed or sustained release.

Rectal, Buccal, and Sublingual Administration

[0164] Suppositories for rectal administration of the compounds of the present invention can be prepared by mixing the active agent with a suitable non-irritating excipient such as cocoa butter, synthetic mono-, di-, or triglycerides, fatty acids, or polyethylene glycols which are solid at ordinary temperatures but liquid at the rectal temperature, and which will therefore melt in the rectum and release the drug.

[0165] For buccal or sublingual administration, the compositions may take the form of tablets, lozenges, pastilles, or gels formulated in conventional manner. Such compositions may comprise the active ingredient in a flavored basis such as sucrose and acacia or tragacanth.

Administration by Inhalation

[0166] For administration by inhalation, compounds may be conveniently delivered from an insufflator, nebulizer pressurized packs or other convenient means of delivering an aerosol spray or powder. Pressurized packs may comprise a suitable propellant such as dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethane, carbon dioxide or other suitable gas. In the case of a pressurized aerosol, the dosage unit may be determined by providing a valve to deliver a metered amount. Alternatively, for administration by inhalation or insufflation, the compounds according to the disclosure may take the form of a dry powder composition, for example a powder mix of the compound and a suitable powder base such as lactose or starch. The powder composition may be presented in unit dosage form, in for example, capsules, cartridges, gelatin or blister packs from which the powder may be administered with the aid of an inhalator or insufflator.

[0167] Other carrier materials and modes of administration known in the pharmaceutical art may also be used. Pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may be prepared by any of the well-known techniques of pharmacy, such as effective formulation and administration procedures. Preferred unit dosage formulations are those containing an effective dose, as herein recited, or an appropriate fraction thereof, of the active ingredient. The precise amount of compound administered to a patient will be the responsibility of the attendant physician. The specific dose level for any particular patient will depend upon a variety of factors including the activity of the specific compound employed, the age, body weight, general health, sex, diets, time of administration, route of administration, rate of excretion, drug combination, the precise disorder being treated, and the severity of the indication or condition being treated. In addition, the route of administration may vary depending on the condition and its severity. The above considerations concerning effective formulations and administration procedures are well known in the art and are described in standard textbooks. Formulation of drugs is discussed in, for example, Hoover, John E., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, Pa., 1975; Liberman, et al., Eds., Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Marcel Dekker, New York, N.Y., 1980; and Kibbe, et al., Eds., Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients (3rd Ed.), American Pharmaceutical Association, Washington, 1999.

Methods of Treatment

[0168] The present disclosure provides compounds and pharmaceutical compositions that inhibit glutaminase activ-

ity, particularly GLS1 activity and are thus useful in the treatment or prevention of disorders associated with GLS1. Compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of the present disclosure selectively modulate GLS1 and are thus useful in the treatment or prevention of a range of disorders associated with GLS1 and include, but are not limited to, cancer, immunological or neurological diseases associated with GLS1.

Neurological Disorders

[0169] In some embodiments, the compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of the present disclosure may be useful in the treatment or prevention of neurological diseases.

[0170] The most common neurotransmitter is glutamate, derived from the enzymatic conversion of glutamine via glutaminase. High levels of glutamate have been shown to be neurotoxic. Following traumatic insult to neuronal cells, there occurs a rise in neurotransmitter release, particularly glutamate. Accordingly, inhibition of glutaminase has been hypothesized as a means of treatment following an ischemic insult, such as stroke.

[0171] Huntington's disease is a progressive, fatal neurological condition. In genetic mouse models of Huntington's disease, it was observed that the early manifestation of the disease correlated with dysregulated glutamate release (Raymond et al., *Neuroscience*, 2011). In HIV-associated dementia, HIV infected macrophages exhibit upregulated glutaminase activity and increased glutamate release, leading to neuronal damage (Huang et al., *J. Neurosci.*, 2011). Similarly, in another neurological disease, the activated microglia in Rett Syndrome release glutamate causing neuronal damage. The release of excess glutamate has been associated with the up-regulation of glutaminase (Maezawa et al., *J. Neurosci.*, 2010). In mice bred to have reduced glutaminase levels, sensitivity to psychotic-stimulating drugs, such as amphetamines, was dramatically reduced, thus suggesting that glutaminase inhibition may be beneficial in the treatment of schizophrenia (Gaisler-Salomon et al., *Neuropsychopharmacology*, 2009). Bipolar disorder is a devastating illness that is marked by recurrent episodes of mania and depression. This disease is treated with mood stabilizers such as lithium and valproate; however, chronic use of these drugs appear to increase the abundance of glutamate receptors (Nanavati et al., *J. Neurochem.*, 2011), which may lead to a decrease in the drug's effectiveness over time. Thus, an alternative treatment may be to reduce the amount of glutamate by inhibiting glutaminase. This may or may not be in conjunction with the mood stabilizers. Memantine, a partial antagonist of N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor (NMDAR), is an approved therapeutic in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease. Currently, research is being conducted looking at memantine as a means of treating vascular dementia and Parkinson's disease (Oliverares et al., *Curr. Alzheimer Res.*, 2011). Since memantine has been shown to partially block the NMDA glutamate receptor also, it is not unreasonable to speculate that decreasing glutamate levels by inhibiting glutaminase could also treat Alzheimer's disease, vascular dementia and Parkinson's disease. Alzheimer's disease, bipolar disorder, HIV-associated dementia, Huntington's disease, ischemic insult, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, stroke, traumatic insult and vascular dementia are but a few of the neurological diseases that have been correlated to increased levels of glutamate. Thus, inhibiting glutaminase

with a compound described herein can reduce or prevent neurological diseases. Therefore, in certain embodiments, the compounds may be used for the treatment or prevention of neurological diseases.

Immunological Disorders

[0172] In some embodiments, the compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of the present disclosure may be useful in the treatment or prevention of immunological diseases.

[0173] Activation of T lymphocytes induces cell growth, proliferation, and cytokine production, thereby placing energetic and biosynthetic demands on the cell. Glutamine serves as an amine group donor for nucleotide synthesis, and glutamate, the first component in glutamine metabolism, plays a direct role in amino acid and glutathione synthesis, as well as being able to enter the Krebs cycle for energy production (Carr et al., *J. Immunol.*, 2010). Mitogen-induced T cell proliferation and cytokine production require high levels of glutamine metabolism, thus inhibiting glutaminase may serve as a means of immune modulation. In multiple sclerosis, an inflammatory autoimmune disease, the activated microglia exhibit up-regulated glutaminase and release increased levels of extracellular glutamate. Glutamine levels are lowered by sepsis, injury, burns, surgery and endurance exercise (Calder et al., *Amino Acids*, 1999). These situations put the individual at risk of immunosuppression. In fact, in general, glutaminase gene expression and enzyme activity are both increased during T cell activity. Patients given glutamine following bone marrow transplantation resulted in a lower level of infection and reduced graft v. host disease (Crowther, *Proc. Nutr. Soc.*, 2009). T cell proliferation and activation is involved in many immunological diseases, such as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, sepsis, psoriasis, arthritis (including rheumatoid arthritis), multiple sclerosis, graft v. host disease, infections, lupus and diabetes. In an embodiment of the invention, the compounds described herein can be used to treat or prevent immunological diseases.

Cancer

[0174] In some embodiments, the compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of the present disclosure may be useful in the treatment or prevention of cancer.

[0175] In addition to serving as the basic building blocks of protein synthesis, amino acids have been shown to contribute to many processes critical for growing and dividing cells, and this is particularly true for cancer cells. Nearly all definitions of cancer include reference to dysregulated proliferation. Numerous studies on glutamine metabolism in cancer indicate that many tumors are avid glutamine consumers (Souba, *Ann. Surg.*, 1993; Collins et al., *J. Cell. Physiol.*, 1998; Medina, *J. Nutr.*, 2001; Shanware et al., *J. Mol. Med.*, 2011). An embodiment of the invention is the use of the compounds described herein for the treatment of cancer.

[0176] In some embodiments, the compounds of the present disclosure may be used to prevent or treat cancer, wherein the cancer is one or a variant of Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL), Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML), Adrenocortical Carcinoma, AIDS-Related Cancers (Kaposi Sarcoma and Lymphoma), Anal Cancer, Appendix Cancer, Atypical Teratoid/Rhabdoid Tumor, Basal Cell Carcinoma,

Bile Duct Cancer (including Extrahepatic), Bladder Cancer, Bone Cancer (including Osteosarcoma and Malignant Fibrous Histiocytoma), Brain Tumor (such as Astrocytomas, Brain and Spinal Cord Tumors, Brain Stem Glioma, Central Nervous System Atypical Teratoid/Rhabdoid Tumor, Central Nervous System Embryonal Tumors, Craniopharyngioma, Ependymblastoma, Ependymoma, Medulloblastoma, Medulloepithelioma, Pineal Parenchymal Tumors of Intermediate Differentiation, Supratentorial Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumors and Pineoblastoma), Breast Cancer, Bronchial Tumors, Burkitt Lymphoma, Basal Cell Carcinoma, Bile Duct Cancer (including Extrahepatic), Bladder Cancer, Bone Cancer (including Osteosarcoma and Malignant Fibrous Histiocytoma), Carcinoid Tumor, Carcinoma of Unknown Primary, Central Nervous System (such as Atypical Teratoid/Rhabdoid Tumor, Embryonal Tumors and Lymphoma), Cervical Cancer, Childhood Cancers, Chordoma, Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL), Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia (CML), Chronic Myeloproliferative Disorders, Colon Cancer, Colorectal Cancer, Craniopharyngioma, Cutaneous T-Cell Lymphoma (Mycosis Fungoides and Sézary Syndrome), Duct, Bile (Extrahepatic), Ductal Carcinoma In Situ (DCIS), Embryonal Tumors (Central Nervous System), Endometrial Cancer, Ependymblastoma, Ependymoma, Esophageal Cancer, Esthesioneuroblastoma, Ewing Sarcoma Family of Tumors, Extracranial Germ Cell Tumor, Extragonadal Germ Cell Tumor, Extrahepatic Bile Duct Cancer, Eye Cancer (like Intraocular Melanoma, Retinoblastoma), Fibrous Histiocytoma of Bone (including Malignant and Osteosarcoma) Gallbladder Cancer, Gastric (Stomach) Cancer, Gastrointestinal Carcinoid Tumor, Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumors (GIST), Germ Cell Tumor (Extracranial, Extragonadal, Ovarian), Gestational Trophoblastic Tumor, Glioma, Hairy Cell Leukemia, Head and Neck Cancer, Heart Cancer, Hepatocellular (Liver) Cancer, Histiocytosis, Langerhans Cell, Hodgkin Lymphoma, Hypopharyngeal Cancer, Intraocular Melanoma, Islet Cell Tumors (Endocrine, Pancreas), Kaposi Sarcoma, Kidney (including Renal Cell), Langerhans Cell Histiocytosis, Laryngeal Cancer, Leukemia (including Acute Lymphoblastic (ALL), Acute Myeloid (AML), Chronic Lymphocytic (CLL), Chronic Myelogenous (CML), Hairy Cell), Lip and Oral Cavity Cancer, Liver Cancer (Primary), Lobular Carcinoma In Situ (LCIS), Lung Cancer (Non-Small Cell and Small Cell), Lymphoma (AIDS-Related, Burkitt, Cutaneous T-Cell (Mycosis Fungoides and Sézary Syndrome), Hodgkin, Non-Hodgkin, Primary Central Nervous System (CNS), Macroglobulinemia, Waldenström, Male Breast Cancer, Malignant Fibrous Histiocytoma of Bone and Osteosarcoma, Medulloblastoma, Medulloepithelioma, Melanoma (including Intraocular (Eye)), Merkel Cell Carcinoma, Mesothelioma (Malignant), Metastatic Squamous Neck Cancer with Occult Primary, Midline Tract Carcinoma Involving NUT Gene, Mouth Cancer, Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia Syndromes, Multiple Myeloma/Plasma Cell Neoplasm, Mycosis Fungoides, Myelodysplastic Syndromes, Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative Neoplasms, Myelogenous Leukemia, Chronic (CML), Myeloid Leukemia, Acute (AML), Myeloma and Multiple Myeloma, Myeloproliferative Disorders (Chronic), Nasal Cavity and Paranasal Sinus Cancer, Nasopharyngeal Cancer, Neuroblastoma, Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer, Oral Cancer, Oral Cavity Cancer, Lip and, Oropharyngeal Cancer, Osteosarcoma and Malignant Fibrous Histiocytoma

of Bone, Ovarian Cancer (such as Epithelial, Germ Cell Tumor, and Low Malignant Potential Tumor), Pancreatic Cancer (including Islet Cell Tumors), Papillomatosis, Paraganglioma, Paranasal Sinus and Nasal Cavity Cancer, Parathyroid Cancer, Penile Cancer, Pharyngeal Cancer, Pheochromocytoma, Pineal Parenchymal Tumors of Intermediate Differentiation, Pineoblastoma and Supratentorial Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumors, Pituitary Tumor, Plasma Cell Neoplasm/Multiple Myeloma, Pleuropulmonary Blastoma, Pregnancy and Breast Cancer, Primary Central Nervous System (CNS) Lymphoma, Prostate Cancer, Rectal Cancer, Renal Cell (Kidney) Cancer, Renal Pelvis and Ureter, Transitional Cell Cancer, Retinoblastoma, Rhabdomyosarcoma, Salivary Gland Cancer, Sarcoma (like Ewing Sarcoma Family of Tumors, Kaposi, Soft Tissue, Uterine), Sézary Syndrome, Skin Cancer (such as Melanoma, Merkel Cell Carcinoma, Nonmelanoma), Small Cell Lung Cancer, Small Intestine Cancer, Soft Tissue Sarcoma, Squamous Cell Carcinoma, Squamous Neck Cancer with Occult Primary, Metastatic, Stomach (Gastric) Cancer, Supratentorial Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumors, T-Cell Lymphoma (Cutaneous, Mycosis Fungoides and Sézary Syndrome), Testicular Cancer, Throat Cancer, Thymoma and Thymic Carcinoma, Thyroid Cancer, Transitional Cell Cancer of the Renal Pelvis and Ureter, Trophoblastic Tumor (Gestational), Unknown Primary, Unusual Cancers of Childhood, Ureter and Renal Pelvis, Transitional Cell Cancer, Urethral Cancer, Uterine Cancer, Endometrial, Uterine Sarcoma, Waldenström Macroglobulinemia or Wilms Tumor.

[0177] In certain embodiments, the cancer to be treated is one specific to T-cells such as T-cell lymphoma and lymphoblastic T-cell leukemia.

[0178] In some embodiments, methods described herein are used to treat a disease condition comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the condition is cancer which has developed resistance to chemotherapeutic drugs and/or ionizing radiation.

Combinations and Combination Therapy

[0179] The compounds of the present invention can be used, alone or in combination with other pharmaceutically active compounds, to treat conditions such as those previously described hereinabove. The compound(s) of the present invention and other pharmaceutically active compound(s) can be administered simultaneously (either in the same dosage form or in separate dosage forms) or sequentially. Accordingly, in one embodiment, the present invention comprises methods for treating a condition by administering to the subject a therapeutically-effective amount of one or more compounds of the present invention and one or more additional pharmaceutically active compounds.

[0180] In another embodiment, there is provided a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more compounds of the present invention, one or more additional pharmaceutically active compounds, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0181] In another embodiment, the one or more additional pharmaceutically active compounds is selected from the group consisting of anti-cancer drugs, anti-proliferative drugs, and anti-inflammatory drugs.

[0182] GLS1 inhibitor compositions described herein are also optionally used in combination with other therapeutic

reagents that are selected for their therapeutic value for the condition to be treated. In general, the compounds described herein and, in embodiments where combination therapy is employed, other agents do not have to be administered in the same pharmaceutical composition and, because of different physical and chemical characteristics, are optionally administered by different routes. The initial administration is generally made according to established protocols and then, based upon the observed effects, the dosage, modes of administration and times of administration subsequently modified. In certain instances, it is appropriate to administer a GLS1 inhibitor compound, as described herein, in combination with another therapeutic agent. By way of example only, the therapeutic effectiveness of a GLS1 inhibitor is enhanced by administration of another therapeutic agent (which also includes a therapeutic regimen) that also has therapeutic benefit. Regardless of the disease, disorder or condition being treated, the overall benefit experienced by the patient is either simply additive of the two therapeutic agents or the patient experiences an enhanced (i.e., synergistic) benefit. Alternatively, if a compound disclosed herein has a side effect, it may be appropriate to administer an agent to reduce the side effect; or the therapeutic effectiveness of a compound described herein may be enhanced by administration of an adjuvant.

[0183] Therapeutically effective dosages vary when the drugs are used in treatment combinations. Methods for experimentally determining therapeutically effective dosages of drugs and other agents for use in combination treatment regimens are documented methodologies. Combination treatment further includes periodic treatments that start and stop at various times to assist with the clinical management of the patient. In any case, the multiple therapeutic agents (one of which is a GLS1 inhibitor as described herein) may be administered in any order, or simultaneously. If simultaneously, the multiple therapeutic agents are optionally provided in a single, unified form, or in multiple forms (by way of example only, either as a single pill or as two separate pills).

[0184] In some embodiments, one of the therapeutic agents is given in multiple doses, or both are given as multiple doses. If not simultaneous, the timing between the multiple doses optionally varies from more than zero weeks to less than twelve weeks.

[0185] In addition, the combination methods, compositions and formulations are not to be limited to the use of only two agents, the use of multiple therapeutic combinations are also envisioned. It is understood that the dosage regimen to treat, prevent, or ameliorate the condition(s) for which relief is sought, is optionally modified in accordance with a variety of factors. These factors include the disorder from which the subject suffers, as well as the age, weight, sex, diet, and medical condition of the subject. Thus, the dosage regimen actually employed varies widely, in some embodiments, and therefore deviates from the dosage regimens set forth herein.

[0186] The pharmaceutical agents which make up the combination therapy disclosed herein are optionally a combined dosage form or in separate dosage forms intended for substantially simultaneous administration. The pharmaceutical agents that make up the combination therapy are optionally also administered sequentially, with either agent being administered by a regimen calling for two-step administration. The two-step administration regimen optionally calls for sequential administration of the active agents or

spaced-apart administration of the separate active agents. The time between the multiple administration steps ranges from a few minutes to several hours, depending upon the properties of each pharmaceutical agent, such as potency, solubility, bioavailability, plasma half-life and kinetic profile of the pharmaceutical agent.

[0187] In another embodiment, a GLS1 inhibitor is optionally used in combination with procedures that provide additional benefit to the patient. A GLS1 inhibitor and any additional therapies are optionally administered before, during or after the occurrence of a disease or condition, and the timing of administering the composition containing a GLS1 inhibitor varies in some embodiments. Thus, for example, a GLS1 inhibitor is used as a prophylactic and is administered continuously to subjects with a propensity to develop conditions or diseases in order to prevent the occurrence of the disease or condition. A GLS1 inhibitor and compositions are optionally administered to a subject during or as soon as possible after the onset of the symptoms. While embodiments of the present invention have been shown and described herein, it will be obvious to those skilled in the art that such embodiments are provided by way of example only. Numerous variations, changes, and substitutions will now occur to those skilled in the art without departing from the invention. It should be understood that in some embodiments of the invention various alternatives to the embodiments described herein are employed in practicing the invention.

[0188] A GLS1 inhibitor can be used in combination with anti-cancer drugs, including but not limited to the following classes: alkylating agents, anti-metabolites, plant alkaloids and terpenoids, topoisomerase inhibitors, cytotoxic antibiotics, angiogenesis inhibitors and tyrosine kinase inhibitors.

[0189] For use in cancer and neoplastic diseases a GLS1 inhibitor may be optimally used together with one or more of the following non-limiting examples of anti-cancer agents: (1) alkylating agents, including but not limited to cisplatin (PLATIN), carboplatin (PARAPLATIN), oxaliplatin (ELOXATIN), streptozocin (ZANOSAR), busulfan (MYLERAN) and cyclophosphamide (ENDOXAN); (2) anti-metabolites, including but not limited to mercaptopurine (PURINETHOL), thioguanine, pentostatin (NIPENT), cytosine arabinoside (ARA-C), gemcitabine (GEMZAR), fluorouracil (CARAC), leucovorin (FUSILEV) and methotrexate (RHEUMATREX); (3) plant alkaloids and terpenoids, including but not limited to vincristine (ONCOVIN), vinblastine and paclitaxel (TAXOL); (4) topoisomerase inhibitors, including but not limited to irinotecan (CAMP-TOSAR), topotecan (HYCAMTIN) and etoposide (EPOSIN); (5) cytotoxic antibiotics, including but not limited to actinomycin D (COSMEGEN), doxorubicin (ADRI-AMYCIN), bleomycin (BLENOXANE) and mitomycin (MITOSOL); (6) angiogenesis inhibitors, including but not limited to sunitinib (SUTENT) and bevacizumab (AVASTIN); and (7) tyrosine kinase inhibitors, including but not limited to imatinib (GLEEVEC), erlotinib (TARCEVA), lapatinib (TYKERB) and axitinib (INLYTA).

[0190] Where a subject is suffering from or at risk of suffering from an inflammatory condition, a GLS1 inhibitor compound described herein is optionally used together with one or more agents or methods for treating an inflammatory condition in any combination. Therapeutic agents/treatments for treating an autoimmune and/or inflammatory condition include, but are not limited to any of the following

examples: (1) corticosteroids, including but not limited to cortisone, dexamethasone, and methylprednisolone; (2) non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), including but not limited to ibuprofen, naproxen, acetaminophen, aspirin, fenoprofen (NALFON), flurbiprofen (ANSAID), ketoprofen, oxaprozin (DAYPRO), diclofenac sodium (VOLTAREN), diclofenac potassium (CATAFLAM), etodolac (LODINE), indomethacin (INDOCIN), ketorolac (TORADOL), sulindac (CLINORIL), tolmetin (TOLECTIN), meclofenamate (MECLOMEN), mefenamic acid (PONSTEL), nabumetone (RELAFFEN) and piroxicam (FELDENE); (3) immunosuppressants, including but not limited to methotrexate (RHEUMATREX), leflunomide (ARAVA), azathioprine (IMURAN), cyclosporine (NEORAL, SANDIMMUNE), tacrolimus and cyclophosphamide (CYTOXAN); (4) CD20 blockers, including but not limited to rituximab (RITUXAN); (5) Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF) blockers, including but not limited to etanercept (ENBREL), infliximab (REMICADE) and adalimumab (HUMIRA); (6) interleukin-1 receptor antagonists, including but not limited to anakinra (KINERET); (7) interleukin-6 inhibitors, including but not limited to tocilizumab (ACTEMRA); (8) interleukin-17 inhibitors, including but not limited to AIN457; (9) Janus kinase inhibitors, including but not limited to tasocitinib; and (10) syk inhibitors, including but not limited to fostamatinib.

Compound Synthesis

[0191] Compounds of the present invention can be prepared using methods illustrated in general synthetic schemes and experimental procedures detailed below. General synthetic schemes and experimental procedures are presented for purposes of illustration and are not intended to be limiting. Starting materials used to prepare compounds of the present invention are commercially available or can be prepared using routine methods known in the art.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

[0192] Ac₂O=acetic anhydride; AcCl=acetyl chloride; AcOH=acetic acid; AIBN=azobisisobutyronitrile; aq.=aqueous; BAST=bis(2-methoxyethyl)aminosulfur trifluoride; Bu₃SnH=tributyltin hydride; CD₃OD=deuterated methanol; CDCl₃=deuterated chloroform; CDI=1,1'-Carbonyldiimidazole; DAST=(diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride; DBU=1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene; DCM=dichloromethane; DEAD=diethyl azodicarboxylate; DIBAL-H=di-iso-butyl aluminum hydride; DIEA=DIPEA=N,N-diisopropylethylamine; DMAP=4-dimethylaminopyridine; DMF=N,N-dimethylformamide; DMSO-d₆=deuterated dimethyl sulfoxide; DMSO=dimethyl sulfoxide; DPPA=diphenylphosphoryl azide; EDC.HCl=EDCI.HCl=1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride; Et₂O=diethyl ether; EtOAc=ethyl acetate; EtOH=ethanol; h=hour; HATU=2-(1H-7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyl uronium hexafluorophosphate methanaminium; HMDS=hexamethyldisilazane; HOBt=1-hydroxybenzotriazole; i-PrOH=isopropanol; LAH=lithium aluminum hydride; LDA=lithium diisopropyl amide; LiHMDS=Lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide; MeCN=acetonitrile; MeOH=methanol; MP-carbonate resin=macroporous triethylammonium methylpolystyrene carbonate resin; MsCl=mesyl chloride;

MTBE=methyl tertiary butyl ether; n-BuLi=n-butyl-lithium; NaHMDS=Sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide; NaOMe=sodium methoxide; NaOtBu=sodium t-butoxide; NBS=N-bromosuccinimide; NCS=N-chlorosuccinimide; NMP=N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; Pd(Ph₃)₄=tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0); Pd₂(dba)₃=tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium(0); PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂=bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) dichloride; PG=protecting group; prep-HPLC=preparative high-performance liquid chromatography; PMBCl=paramethoxybenzyl chloride; PyBop=(benzotriazol-1-yloxy) tripyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate; Pyr=pyridine; RT=room temperature; RuPhos=2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-diisopropoxybiphenyl; sat.=saturated; ss=saturated solution; t-BuOH=tert-butanol; T3P=Propylphosphonic Anhydride; TEA=Et₃N=triethylamine; TFA=trifluoroacetic acid; TFAA=trifluoroacetic anhydride; THF=tetrahydrofuran; Tol=toluene; TsCl=tosyl chloride; Xantphos=4,5-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-9,9-dimethylxanthene; X-Phos=2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',4',6'-triisopropylbiphenyl.

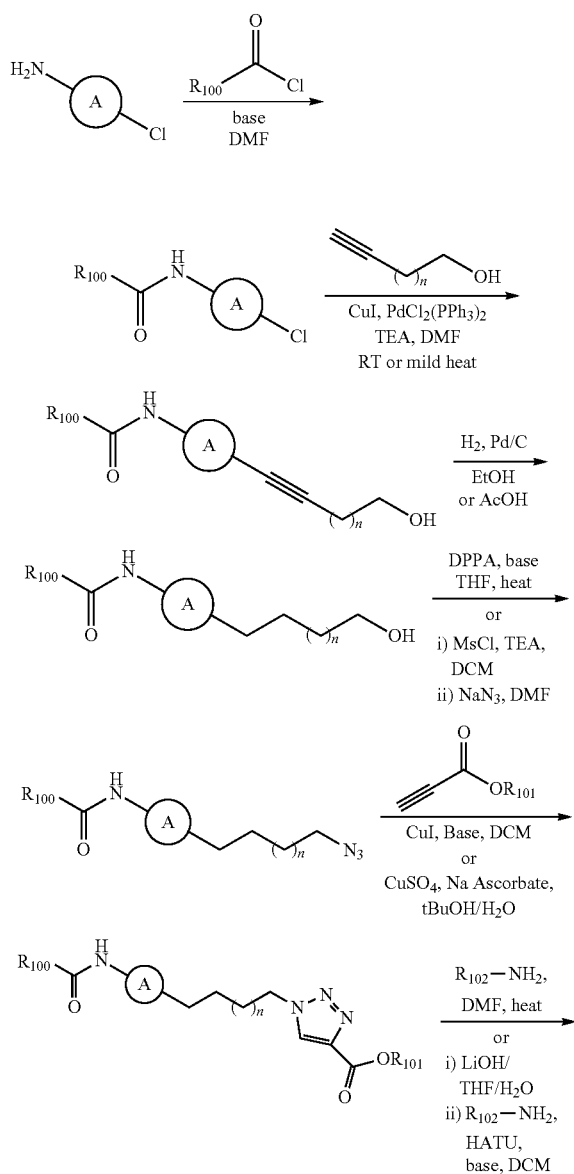
General Methods for Preparing Compounds

[0193] The following schemes can be used to practice the present invention. Additional structural groups, including but not limited to those defined elsewhere in the specification and not shown in the compounds described in the schemes can be incorporated to give various compounds disclosed herein, or intermediate compounds which can, after further manipulations using techniques known to those skilled in the art, be converted to compounds of the present invention. For example in certain embodiments the A-ring in the structures described in the schemes—wherein A is a heteroaromatic ring—can be substituted with various groups as defined herein.

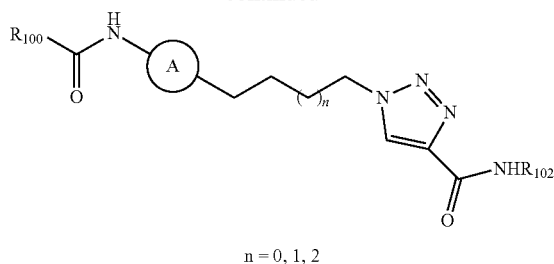
[0194] One route for preparation of compounds of the present invention is described in Scheme 1. A substituted functionalized halo-heteroaromatic amine is reacted with a suitable acyl chloride in the presence of a base such as DIEA or TEA in a solvent such as DMF, DCM or NMP. The resulting carboxamide can be further functionalized, for example by Sonogashira cross-coupling reaction with a suitably functionalized hydroxy alkyne (Tetrahedron Lett. 16: 4467-4470). Typically the above transformation is performed in the presence of a suitable Pd catalyst such as PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ or Pd(PPh₃)₄, a copper co-catalyst, typically a halide salt of copper (I), such as CuI or CuBr, and a base such as DIEA or TEA. The transformation can typically be run at RT or with mild heating in a variety of solvents, including DMF, toluene and EtOAc. Further functional group manipulations include hydrogenation of the resulting heteroaromatic alkyne derivative in the presence of a suitable Pd catalyst (such as Pd/C or Pd(OH₂)) in a solvent such as EtOH, and conversion of the hydroxyl moiety into an azide, for example by treatment with DPPA and a base such as TEA heating in a solvent such as toluene, according to the procedure published in Bose et al., Tetrahedron Lett. 1977, 18, 1977-1980. Alternatively, the hydroxyl group could be converted into the corresponding mesylate or tosylate and then displaced with NaN₃ in a suitable polar solvent such as DMF. The obtained azide derivative can then be progressed to the corresponding triazole-4-carboxylic ester by copper-mediated azide-alkyne cycloaddition with a suitable alkyl propiolate in the presence of a base (e.g. TEA or DIEA), and

a copper (I) salt such as CuI, or a copper (II) salt such as CuSO₄ in the presence of a reducing agent such as sodium ascorbate, in a solvent such as THF, DMSO, tBuOH or H₂O (H. C. Kolb, M. G. Finn and K. B. Sharpless, *Angewandte Chemie International Edition*, 2001, 40 (11): 2004-2021). Finally, the desired amide in the 4-position of the triazole ring can be installed by direct displacement of the carboxylic ester with a suitable amine heating in a polar solvent such as DMF or MeOH. Alternatively, the same transformation could be achieved with a two-step sequence involving the base-mediated hydrolysis of the carboxylic ester followed by coupling of the resulting carboxylic acid with amine, using standard coupling reagents such as HATU, PyBOP or EDCI.HCl, in the presence of a suitable base such as TEA or DIEA, in a polar solvent such as DMF.

SCHEME 1

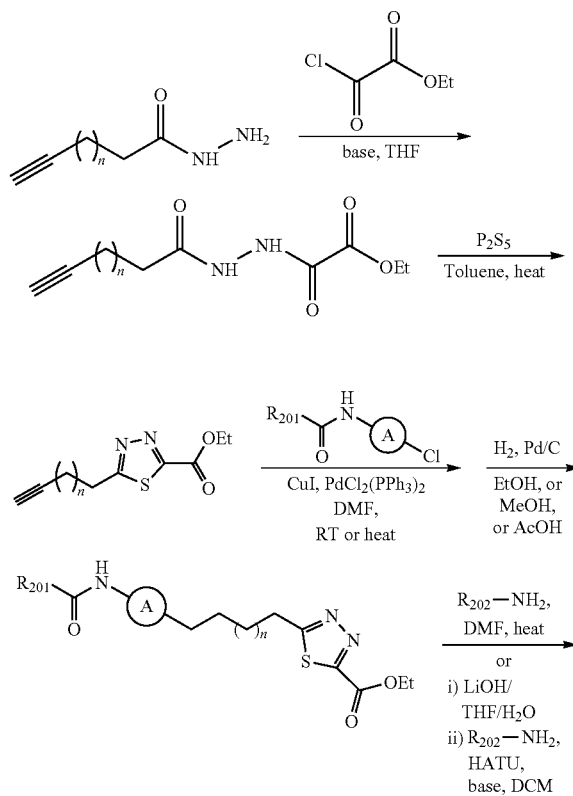


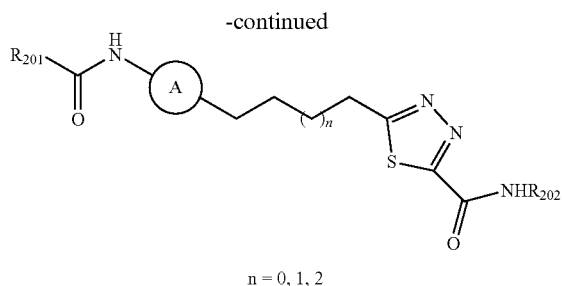
-continued



[0195] Another route for the preparation of compounds of the present invention is described in Scheme 2. A suitably functionalized alkyne hydrazide could be converted in the corresponding 1,3,4-thiadiazole 2-carboxylate derivative by acylation with ethyl chlorooxacetate followed by heating in a solvent such as toluene in the presence of P₂S₅. The resulting alkyne thiadiazole could be further functionalized by Sonogashira cross-coupling with a suitably substituted heteroaryl chloride, in similar conditions to those described in Scheme 1 for such transformation. The resulting heteroaromatic alkyne can then be reduced by hydrogenation in the presence of a suitable Pd catalyst (such as Pd/C or Pd(OH₂)) in a solvent such as EtOH. Finally, functional group manipulations similar to those described for Scheme 1 could be employed to progress the 2-carboxy ester thiadiazoles into the desired 2-carboxylic amides derivatives.

SCHEME 2

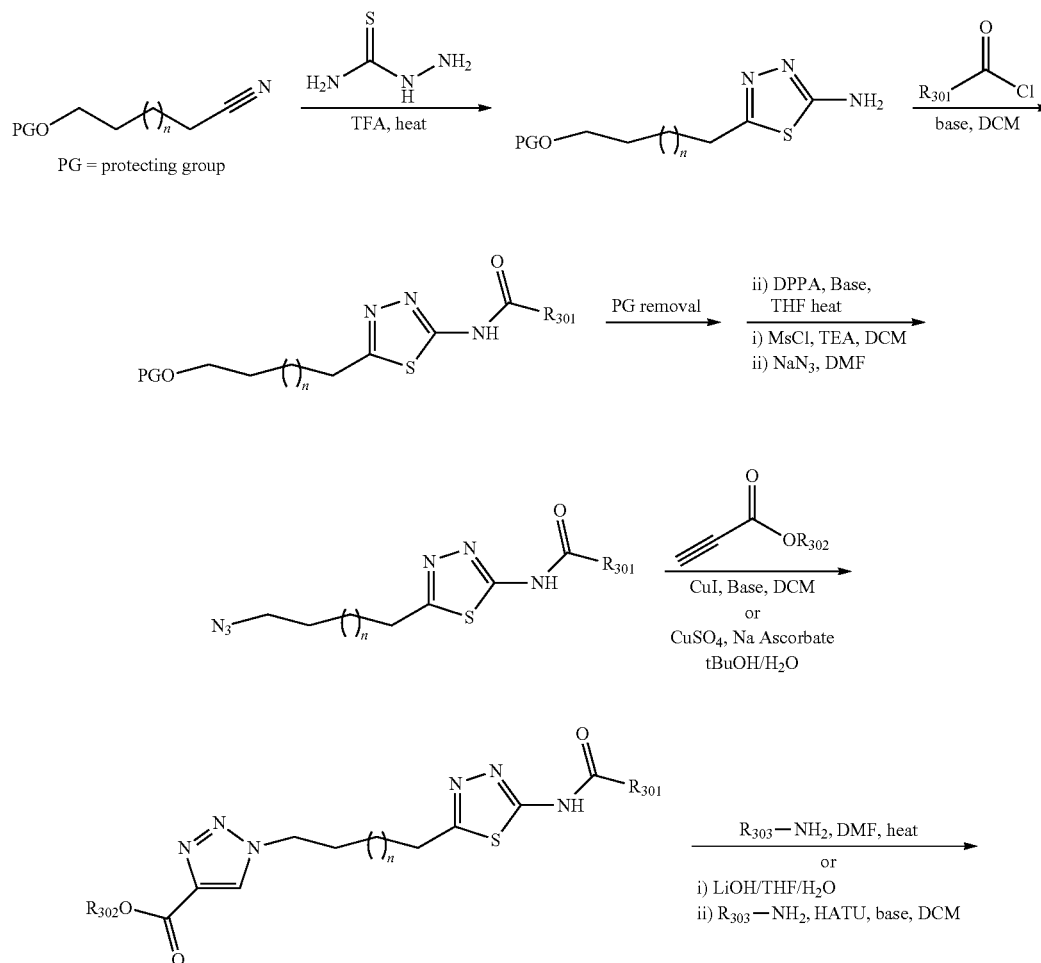




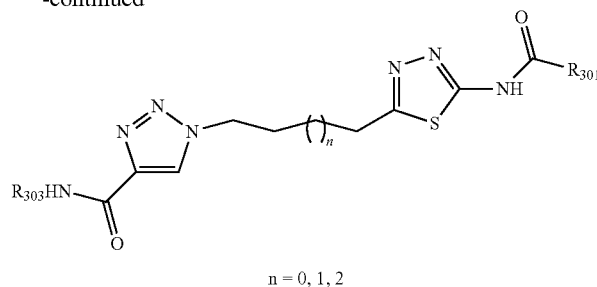
[0196] A further route of preparation of the compounds described in this invention is depicted in Scheme 3. A suitably functionalized alkyl nitrile bearing a protected hydroxyl moiety can be converted to a 5-alkyl-2-amino thiadiazole by heating in the presence of TFA and hydrazinecarbothioamide. Suitable protecting groups for the hydroxyl moiety can be chosen amongst substituted ethers (e.g. benzyl ether, 3,4-dimethoxy-benzylether, t-butyl ether, t-butyldimethylsilyl ether), esters or other suitable functional groups known to those skilled in the art (see also: P. G. M. Wutz, T. W. Greene, “Greene’s protective Groups in

Organic Synthesis”, Fourth Edition, John Wiley & Sons). The obtained thiadiazole can then be progressed to the corresponding 2-carboxamide derivative by acylation with a suitable acyl chloride in the presence of a base such as TEA or DIEA in a solvent such as DCM. Removal of the hydroxyl protecting group with techniques known to those skilled in the art (for example: reductive removal of a benzyl ether group; see also P. G. M. Wutz, T. W. Greene in reference cited above) can then enable the conversion of the liberated hydroxyl moiety into an azide group, with conditions similar to those described in Scheme 1, i.e. treatment with DPPA heating in the presence of a base such as TEA, or conversion to the corresponding mesylate or tosylate followed by displacement with NaN_3 in a polar solvent like DMF. The obtained azide can then be progressed to the corresponding triazole by copper-mediated azide-alkyne cycloaddition in the presence of a suitable alkylpropiolate in the presence of a base such as DIEA, and a copper compound like CuI, or CuSO_4 in the presence of sodium ascorbate, similarly to the conditions described for Scheme 1 and 2. Finally, the triazole-2-carboxy ester derivatives can be converted to the corresponding triazole-2-carboxy amides, employing procedures and conditions similar to those described in detail for Scheme 1.

SCHEME 3



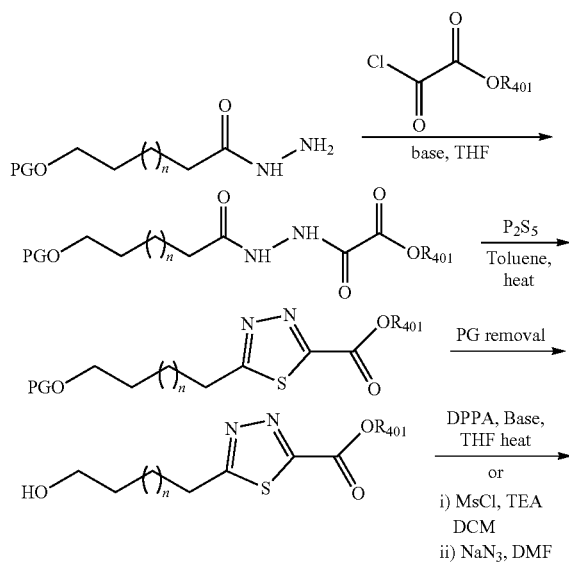
-continued



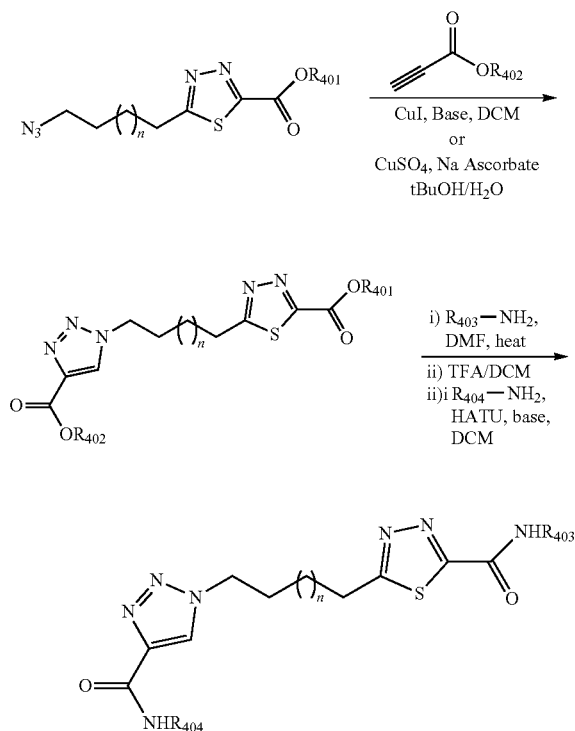
[0197] An additional synthetic route to prepare compounds of this invention is described in Scheme 4.

[0198] A suitably functionalized alkyl hydrazide bearing a protected hydroxyl moiety can be converted to a 5-alkyl-2-amino thiadiazole by heating in a solvent such as toluene in the presence of P_2S_5 , similarly to the transformation described in Scheme 2. Suitable protecting groups for the hydroxyl moiety can be chosen amongst substituted ethers and others suitable functional groups known to those skilled in the art, as detailed in G. M. Wutz, T. W. Greene, "Greene's protective Groups in Organic Synthesis", Fourth Edition, John Wiley & Sons, and can be removed following the transformations and procedures reported therein. Following removal of the selected protecting group, the hydroxyl moiety can then be converted into an azide group employing the transformations described in Schemes 1 and 3. The obtained functionalized amide can then be progressed to the desired triazole derivatives by employing a copper-mediated azide-alkyne cycloaddition in the presence of a suitable alkylpropiolate to obtain the 2-carboxy ester triazoles, followed by functional group manipulation to install the 2-carboxy amide, as already described in detail for Schemes 1-3.

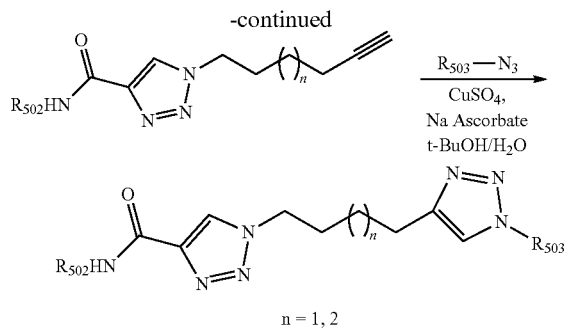
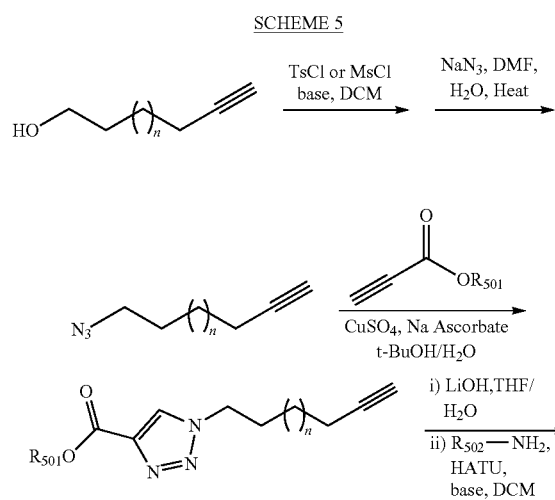
SCHEME 4



-continued



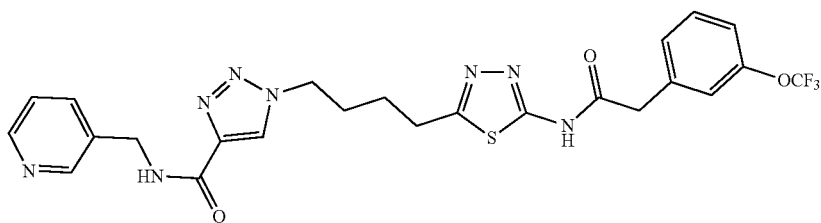
[0199] An additional synthetic route for the compounds described in this invention is described in Scheme 5. A suitable hydroxy alkyne can be progressed into the corresponding azide by a two-step sequence involving mesylation or tosylation with the required sulfonyl chloride in the presence of a base such as TEA or DIEA in a solvent like DCM, followed by displacement with an inorganic azide such as NaN_3 in a polar solvent like DMF. Copper-mediated azide-alkyne cycloaddition in the presence of a suitable alkyl propiolate can then afford the N-alkyne-2-carboxy ester triazole derivatives, in conditions similar to those already detailed for Schemes 1-4. The 2-carboxy ester triazole derivatives can in turn be progressed to the corresponding 2-carboxyamides, employing similar transformations and conditions to those described for Schemes 1-4. A further copper-mediated azide-alkyne cycloaddition step employing a suitably functionalized azide and in analogous conditions to those detailed in Schemes 1-4 can then afford the desired bis-triazolo derivatives.



[0200] Non-limiting examples include the following compounds and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

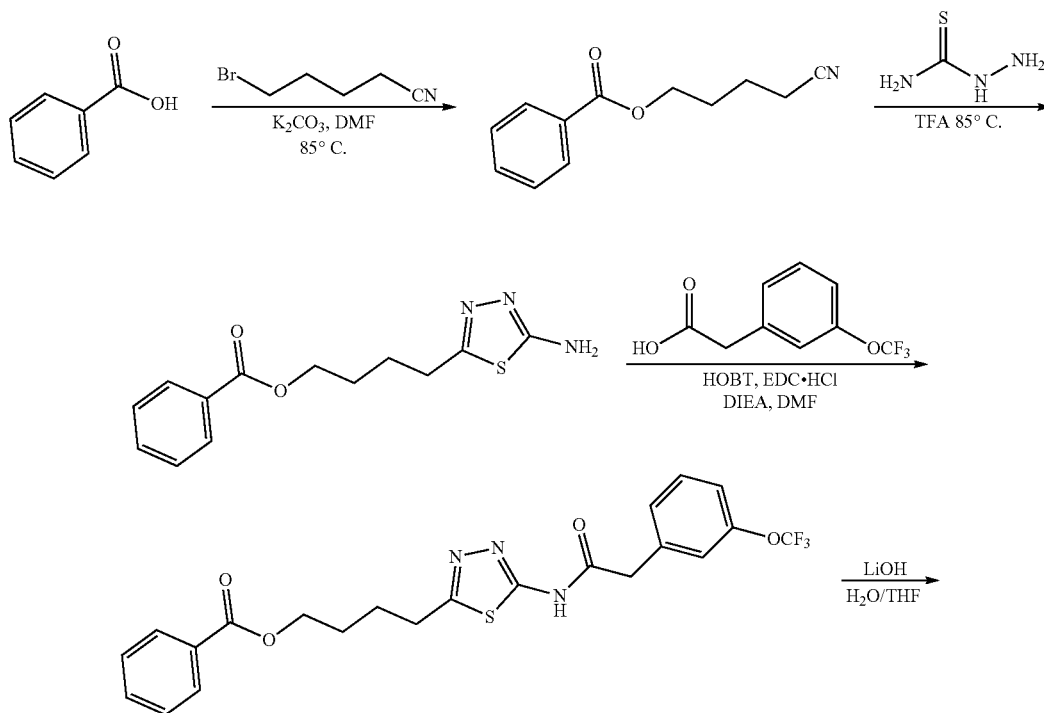
Example 1: N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0201]

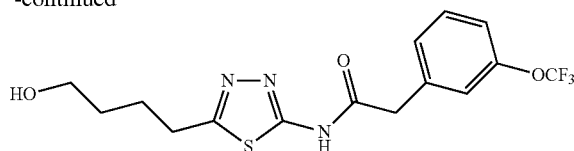


Steps 1 to 4

[0202]



-continued



Step 1: 4-cyanobutyl Benzoate

[0203] To a solution of benzoic acid (0.543 g, 4.44 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added K_2CO_3 (1.02 g, 7.41 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at RT for 10 minutes. 5-Bromopentanenitrile (0.60 g, 3.7 mmol) was added dropwise and the reaction was heated in a sealed vial at 85° C. for 2.5 h, then at 60° C. for 17 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, diluted with water (75 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (2×50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried ($MgSO_4$), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a clear oil (765 mg, 3.58 mmol, 97%). MS (ES^+) $C_{12}H_{13}NO_2$ requires: 203.1, found: 204 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: 4-(5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl Benzoate

[0204] To a solution of 4-cyanobutyl benzoate (760 mg, 3.74 mmol) in TFA (10 mL) was added hydrazinecarbothioamide (409 mg, 4.49 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 85° C. for 3 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to RT and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in DCM/MeOH (5 mL, 1/1 v/v), MP-carbonate resin (6 g, 6.06 mmol/g) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at RT. The mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (822 mg, 2.96 mmol, 79%). MS (ES^+) $C_{13}H_{15}N_3O_2S$ requires: 277.1, found: 278 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 3: 4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl Benzoate

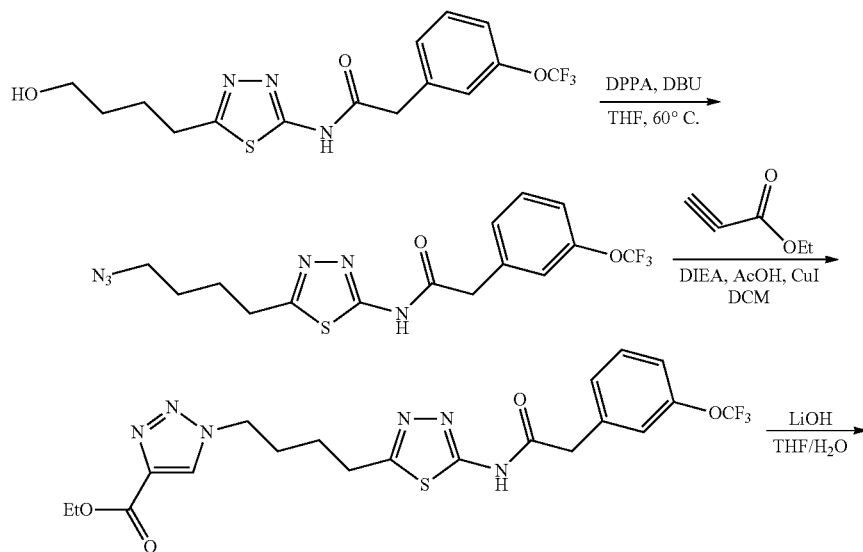
[0205] To a solution of 4-(5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl benzoate (571 mg, 2.06 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) were

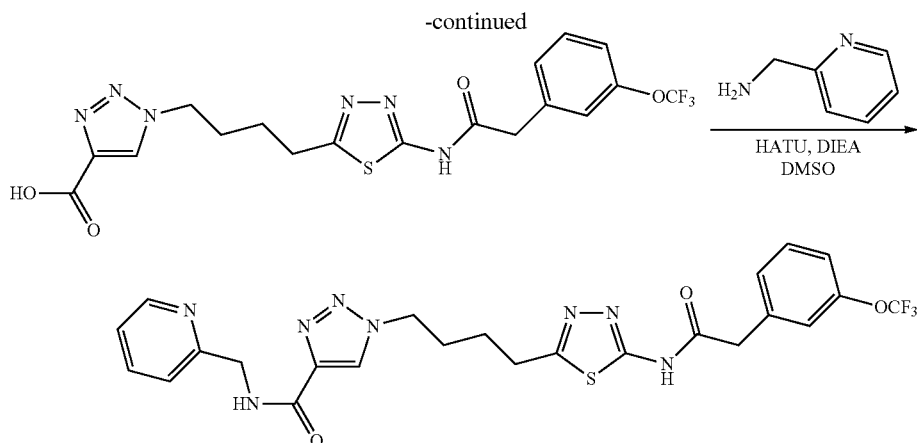
added 2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetic acid (544 mg, 2.47 mmol), HOBT (378 mg, 2.47 mmol), DIEA (0.45 mL, 2.6 mmol), and EDC.HCl (474 mg, 2.47 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 18 h. The reaction was slowly poured onto ice water (250 mL) and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was filtered and the white solid was washed with water, saturated $NaHCO_3$, water, and hexanes to give the title compound as a white solid (530 mg, 1.10 mmol, 54%). MS (ES^+) $C_{22}H_{20}F_3N_3O_4S$ requires: 479.1, found: 480 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 4: N-(5-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide

[0206] To a solution of 4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl benzoate (527 mg, 1.10 mmol) in THF (7 mL) and water (7 mL) was added LiOH (2 M aq., 5.50 mL, 11.0 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 5 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between DCM (200 mL) and H_2O (200 mL), and the layers were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM (3×100 mL) and the organic layers were combined, washed with brine, dried ($MgSO_4$), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as an off white solid (300 mg, 0.799 mmol, 73%). MS (ES^+) $C_{15}H_{16}F_3N_3O_3S$ requires: 375.1, found: 376 $[M+H]^+$.

Steps 5 to 8

[0207]



Step 5: N-(5-(4-azidobutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide

[0208] To a solution of N-(5-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (297 mg, 0.790 mmol) and DBU (0.179 mL, 1.19 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added DPPA (0.26 mL, 1.2 mmol) dropwise and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 3 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified via SiO₂ gel chromatography (0-100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a white solid (217 mg, 0.542 mmol, 69%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₅F₃N₆O₂S requires: 400.1, found: 401 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: ethyl 1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0209] To a solution of N-(5-(4-azidobutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide (214 mg, 0.534 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) were added DIEA (9.3 µL, 0.053 mmol), AcOH (3.06 µL, 0.053 mmol), ethyl propiolate (0.065 mL, 0.641 mmol), and copper(I) iodide (5.1 mg, 0.027 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure, the residue was taken up in MeOH, and the product was precipitated by addition of saturated aq. NH₄Cl. The precipitate was washed with water, hexanes, and dried under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (217 mg, 0.430 mmol, 81%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₀H₂₁F₃N₆O₄S requires: 498.1, found: 499 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: 1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

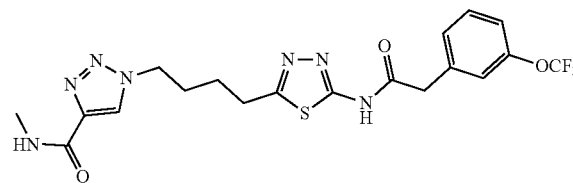
[0210] To a suspension of ethyl 1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (211 mg, 0.423 mmol) in THF/H₂O (10 mL, 1/1 v/v) was added LiOH (2 M aq., 1.06 mL, 2.12 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure, the aqueous phase was brought to pH 2 by the addition of 1N aq. HCl, and the resulting solid product was collected by filtration and dried under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (193 mg, 0.411 mmol, 97%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₁₇F₃N₆O₄S requires: 470.1, found: 471 [M+H]⁺.

Step 8: N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0211] To a solution of 1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (10 mg, 0.021 mmol) in DMSO (0.1 mL) were added DIEA (8.17 µL, 0.0470 mmol), pyridin-3-ylmethanamine (2.3 mg, 0.021 mmol), and HATU (12.1 mg, 0.032 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h and diluted with water. The resulting precipitate was filtered, washed with water, and dried under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=30-70%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (3.3 mg, 5.9 µmol, 28%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₄H₂₃F₃N₈O₃S requires: 560.2, found: 561 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 12.70 (br s, 1H), 9.25 (m, 1H), 8.79-8.56 (m, 3H), 8.09 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 2H), 3.00 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.94-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.59 (m, 2H).

Example 2: N-Methyl-1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

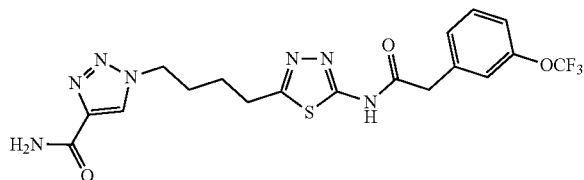
[0212]



[0213] Prepared as described for Example 1. MS (ES⁺) C₁₉H₂₀F₃N₇O₃S requires: 483.1, found: 484 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 12.69 (s, 1H), 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.44 (q, J=4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.48-4.40 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 2H), 3.00 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (d, J=4.9 Hz, 3H), 1.95-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.58 (m, 2H).

Example 3: 1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(Trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

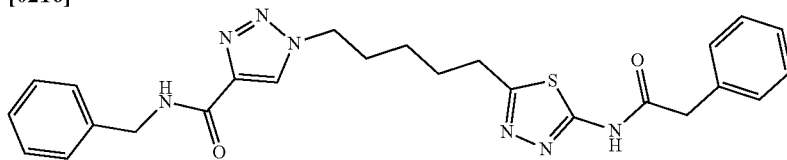
[0214]



[0215] To a suspension of N-(2,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-1-(4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (prepared as described for Example 1; 14 mg, 0.023 mmol) in DCM (1 mL) was added TFA (0.106 mL, 1.375 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 7 h. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was triturated with aq. NaHCO_3 (10/1 v/v water/saturated aq. NaHCO_3). The resulting solid was filtered and washed with water to give the title compound as an off white solid (7.4 mg, 0.016 mmol, 69%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{F}_3\text{N}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}$ requires: 469.1, found: 470 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ : 8.53 (s, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J=8.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.44 (t, $J=6.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 3.00 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.95-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.60 (m, 2H).

Example 4: N-Benzyl-1-(5-(5-(2-phenylacetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)pentyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

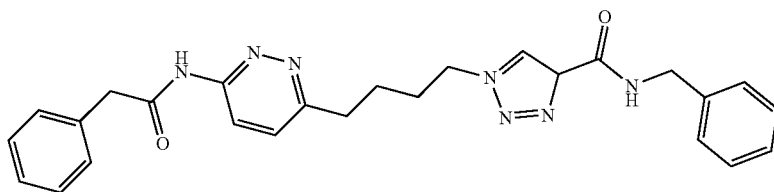
[0216]



[0217] Prepared as Example 1, using 5-cyanopentyl benzoate instead of 4-cyanobutyl benzoate. MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_7\text{O}_2\text{S}$ requires: 489.2, found: 490 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.49 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.27 (m, 8H), 4.68-4.59 (m, 2H), 4.37 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.98 (s, 2H), 3.02 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.44 (m, 2H).

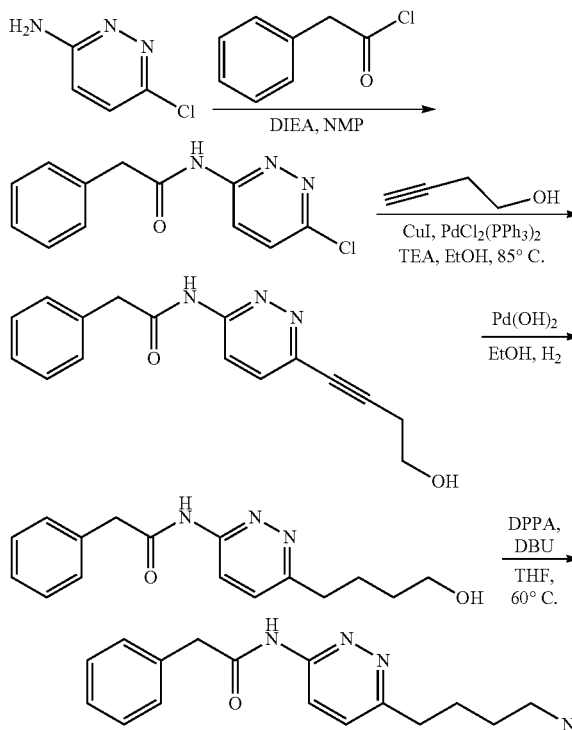
Example 5: N-Benzyl-1-(4-(6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0218]



Steps 1 to 5

[0219]



Step 1:

N-(6-chloropyridazin-3-yl)-2-phenylacetamide

[0220] To a mixture of 6-chloropyridazin-3-amine (4.0 g, 31 mmol) and DIEA (6.5 mL, 37 mmol) in NMP (40 mL) at 0° C. was added 2-phenylacetyl chloride (4.49 mL, 34.0 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred at 0° C. for 30 minutes, allowed to warm to RT over 19 h, and poured onto ice water (500 mL). The resulting precipitate was filtered, washed with water and Et_2O (3x20 mL), and dried under reduced pressure to give the title compound as an off-white solid (3.4 g, 13 mmol, 42%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}$ requires: 247.1, found: 248 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: N-(6-(4-hydroxybut-1-yn-1-yl)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-phenylacetamide

[0221] To a solution of N-(6-chloropyridazin-3-yl)-2-phenylacetamide in DMF (4 mL) were added TEA (2.0 mL, 14 mmol) and but-3-yn-1-ol (0.306 mL, 4.04 mmol), and the mixture was degassed with a stream of N₂ for 5 minutes. Copper(I) iodide (0.038 g, 0.20 mmol) and PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (0.071 g, 0.101 mmol) were added and the mixture was heated in a sealed vial at 85° C. 16 h. The mixture was cooled to RT, the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified via silica gel chromatography (0-5% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (238 mg, 0.846 mmol, 42%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₁₅N₃O₂ requires: 281.1, found: 282 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: N-(6-(4-hydroxybutyl)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-phenylacetamide

[0222] To a flask containing Pd(OH)₂ (20% wt on carbon, 353 mg, 0.252 mmol) under N₂ was added EtOH (10 mL)

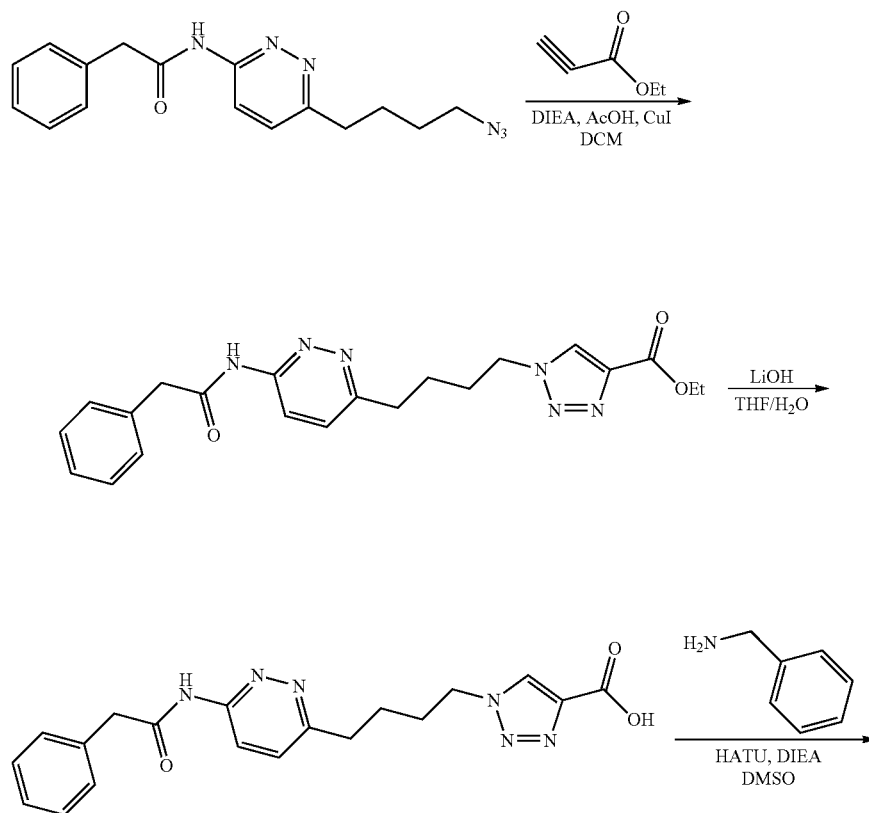
followed by N-(6-(4-hydroxybut-1-yn-1-yl)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-phenylacetamide (236 mg, 0.839 mmol). The flask was evacuated, filled with H₂, and the mixture stirred at RT under a hydrogen atmosphere for 3.5 h. The flask was evacuated and filled with N₂. The suspension was filtered through a pad of Celite®, rinsed with MeOH and DCM, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow solid (210 mg, 0.735 mmol, 88%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₁₉N₃O₂ requires: 285.2, found: 286 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: N-(6-(4-azidobutyl)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-phenylacetamide

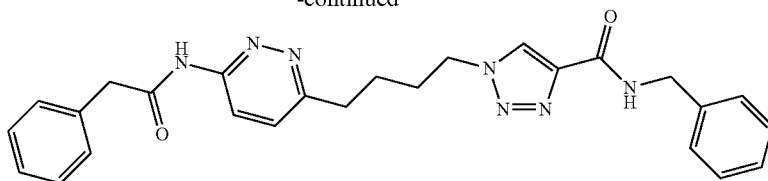
[0223] Prepared as described for Example 1, step 5. MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₁₈N₆O requires: 310.1, found: 311[M+H]⁺.

Steps 5 to 7

[0224]



-continued



[0225] Prepared as described for Example 1, steps 5-to 7;

Step 5: ethyl 1-(4-(6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0226] MS (ES⁺) C₂₁H₂₄N₆O₃ requires: 408.2, found: 409 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: 1-(4-(6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

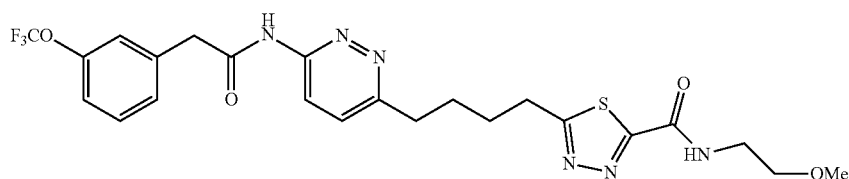
[0227] MS (ES⁺) C₁₉H₂₀N₆O₃ requires: 380.2, found: 381 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: N-benzyl-1-(4-(6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0228] MS (ES⁺) C₂₆H₂₇N₇O₂ requires: 469.2, found: 470 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 11.23 (br s, 1H), 9.02 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 8H), 7.27-7.18 (m, 2H), 4.49-4.40 (m, 4H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 2.88 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.94-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.59 (m, 2H).

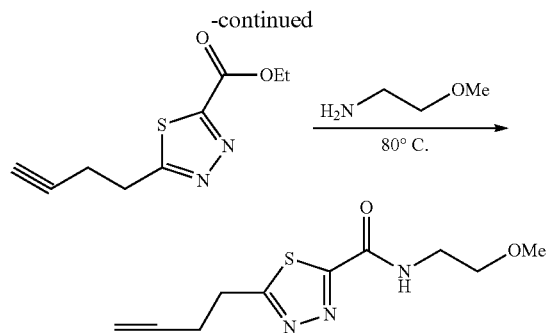
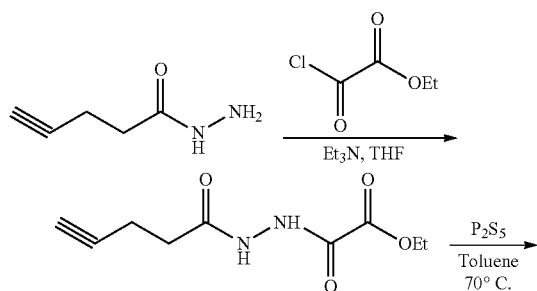
Example 6: N-(2-methoxyethyl)-5-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0229]



Steps 1 to 3

[0230]



Step 1: Ethyl 2-oxo-2-(2-pent-4-ynylhydrazinyl)acetate

[0231] To a solution of pent-4-ynehydrazide (560 mg, 5.00 mmol) and TEA (530 mg, 5.25 mmol) in DCM/THF (25 mL/5 mL) at 0° C. was slowly added ethyl 2-chloro-2-oxoacetate (717 mg, 5.25 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes while warming to RT, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with EtOAc (20 mL), filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound. MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₂N₂O₄, requires: 212.08, found: 213 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: Ethyl 5-(but-3-yn-1-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0232] To a solution of ethyl 2-oxo-2-(2-pent-4-ynylhydrazinyl)acetate (1.0 g, 5.0 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) heated at 70° C. was added P₂S₅ (1.11 g, 5.0 mmol) portionwise, and the resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at 70° C. The mixture was cooled to RT, filtered, and the filter cake was washed with DCM (20 mL). The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (20% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (532 mg, 50%). MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₀N₂O₂S, requires: 210.05, found: 211[M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.54 (m, 2H), 3.44 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (td, J=7.0, 2.7 Hz, 2H), 2.13 (t, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (m, 3H).

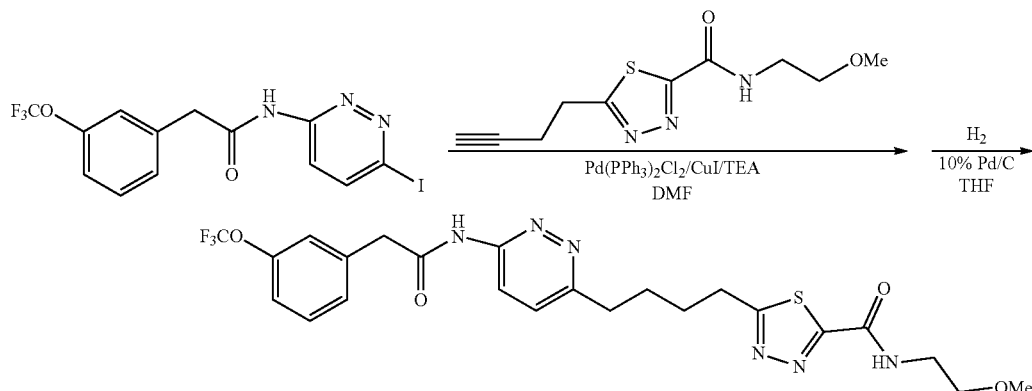
Step 3: 5-(but-3-ynyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0233] A mixture of ethyl 5-(but-3-ynyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (300 mg, 1.43 mmol) and 2-methoxyethanamine (2 mL) was heated at 80° C. in a sealed tube for

EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a white solid (1.1 g, 87%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₉F₃IN₃O₂ requires: 423, found: 424 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 5 to 6

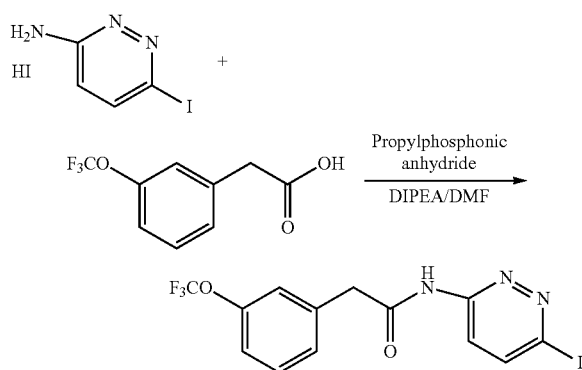
[0236]



2 h. The mixture was then cooled to RT, diluted with water (10 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (2×20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow solid (310 mg, 91%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₃N₃O₂S requires: 239, found: 240[M+H]⁺.

Step 4: N-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)-2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamide

[0234]



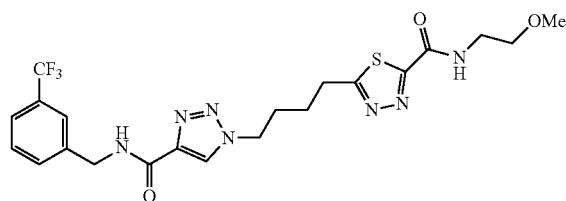
[0235] A mixture of 6-iodopyridazin-3-amine hydrogen iodide salt (1.05 g, 3.00 mmol), 2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetic acid (792 mg, 3.6 mmol), propylphosphonic anhydride (2.86 g, 4.5 mmol, 50% wt in EtOAc), and DIPEA (1.16 g, 9 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was stirred at RT for 16 h. The mixture was then poured onto H₂O (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2×30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (30%

Step 6: N-(2-methoxyethyl)-5-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0237] To a flask containing 10% Pd—C (10 mg) under N₂ was added THF (1 mL) followed by N-(2-methoxyethyl)-5-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)but-3-ynyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide (30 mg, 0.056 mmol). The flask was evacuated and filled with H₂, and the mixture stirred at 30° C. under a H₂ atmosphere for 3 h. The flask was evacuated and filled with N₂, the suspension was filtered through a pad of Celite®, and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=30-70%; 12 min; Column: C18) to afford the title compound as a white solid (25 mg, 78%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₅F₃N₆O₄S requires: 538, found: 539[M+H]⁺; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.32 (s, 1H), 9.11 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.26 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 3.51-3.39 (m, 4H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 3.18 (t, J=6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.83-1.71 (m, 4H).

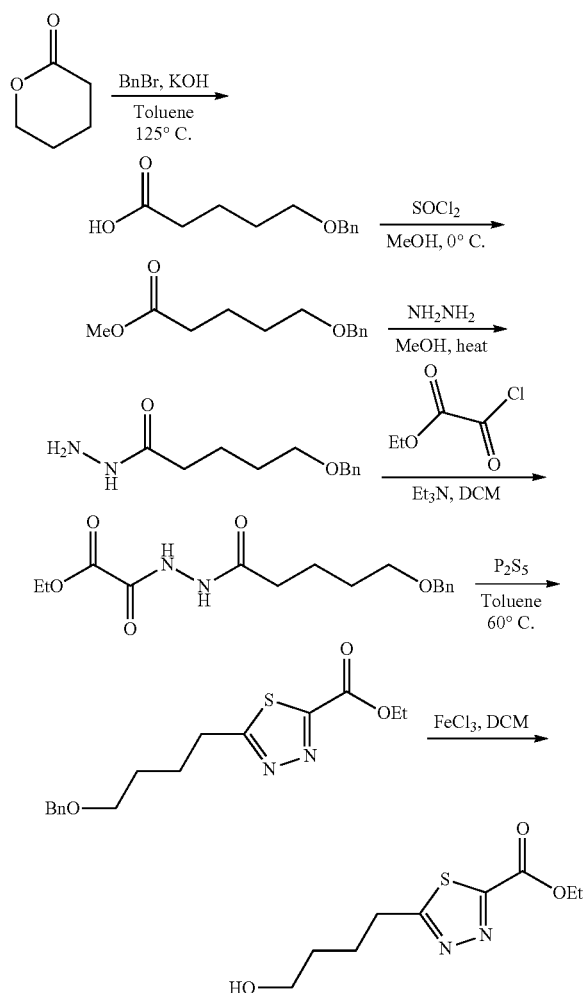
Example 7: N-(2-methoxyethyl)-5-(4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0238]



Steps 1 to 6

[0239]



Step 1: 5-(benzyloxy)pentanoic Acid

[0240] To a solution of tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-one (5.0 g, 50 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) were added KOH (15.8 g, 28.2 mmol) and benzylbromide (17.8 mL, 150 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 125° C. for 16 h. The solution was cooled to RT and diluted with ice/H₂O (70 mL). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was washed with MTBE (3×30 mL). The aqueous layer was then cooled to 0° C. and the pH was adjusted to 3-4 by the addition of concentrated aq. HCl (15 mL) and 6N aq. HCl (8 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (4×50 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 5-(benzyloxy)pentanoic acid as a light yellow oil (10 g, 96%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₆O₃ requires: 208, found: 209[M+H]⁺.

Step 2: methyl 5-(benzyloxy)pentanoate

[0241] To a solution of 5-(benzyloxy)pentanoic acid (1.0 g, 4.8 mmol) in MeOH (40 mL) at 0° C. was slowly added

SOCl₂ (0.39 mL, 5.3 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The mixture was then treated with saturated aq. NaHCO₃ (5 mL), the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure, and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3×10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (5 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford methyl 5-(benzyloxy)pentanoate as a light yellow oil (1.0 g, 94%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₈O₃ requires: 222, found: 223[M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 5-(benzyloxy)pentanehydrazide

[0242] A mixture of methyl 5-(benzyloxy)pentanoate (1.0 g, 4.5 mmol) and NH₂NH₂ (35% wt. solution in H₂O, 1.3 mL, 14 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL) was heated at reflux in a pressure safe vial for 18 h. The mixture was cooled to RT and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in toluene (2×5 mL) and concentrated again. The resulting solid was triturated with hexanes (2×5 mL) and filtered to give 5-(benzyloxy)pentanehydrazide as a white solid (840 mg, 84%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₈N₂O₂ requires: 222, found: 223[M+H]⁺.

Step 4: ethyl 2-(2-(5-(benzyloxy)pentanoyl)hydrazinyl)-2-oxoacetate

[0243] To a solution of 5-(benzyloxy)pentanehydrazide (500 mg, 2.25 mmol) and TEA (0.627 mL, 4.50 mmol) in DCM (5.0 mL) at 0° C. was added ethyl 2-chloro-2-oxoacetate (0.448 mL, 4.00 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (800 mg, 100%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₂₂N₂O₅ requires: 322, found: 323 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: ethyl 5-(4-(benzyloxy)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0244] To a mixture of ethyl 2-(2-(5-(benzyloxy)pentanoyl)hydrazinyl)-2-oxoacetate (400 mg, 2.30 mmol) in toluene (5 mL) at 60° C. was added P₂O₅ (500 mg, 2.3 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 15 minutes, cooled to RT, and partitioned between saturated aq. NaHCO₃ (30 mL) and EtOAc (50 mL). The organic layer was collected, washed with brine (5 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (5% to 20% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a yellow oil (1.3 g, 48%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₂₀N₂O₃S requires: 320, found: 321 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: ethyl

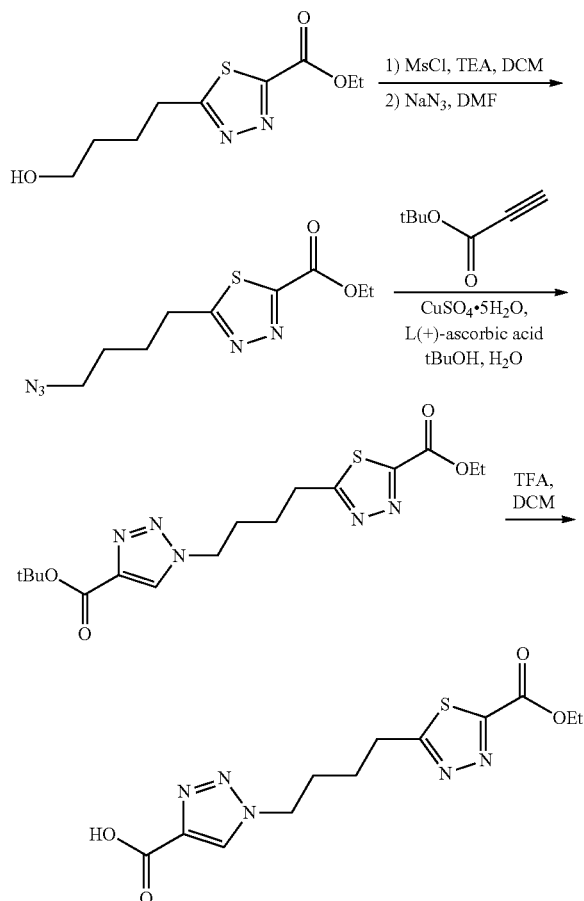
5-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0245] To a solution of ethyl 5-(4-(benzyloxy)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (1.0 g, 3.1 mmol) in DCM (30 mL) was added anhydrous FeCl₃ (2.0 g, 13 mmol) portionwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 25 minutes, a further aliquot of anhydrous FeCl₃ (1.0 g, 6.3 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred for an additional 10 minutes. The mixture was then treated with saturated aq. NH₄Cl (10 mL), the layers were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with DCM/MeOH=10/1 v/v (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 2% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a

brown oil (730 mg, 100%). MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₄N₂O₃S requires: 230, found: 231 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 7 to 10

[0246]



Step 7: 5-(4-(Methylsulfonyloxy)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0247] To a solution of ethyl 5-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (2.30 g, 10.0 mmol; prepared as described for Example 6, step 3) and Et₃N (3.0 g, 30 mmol) in DCM (25 mL) at 0° C. was added MsCl (1.2 mL, 15.0

mmol) in DCM (5 mL) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 10 minutes, then at RT for 20 minutes. The mixture was then diluted with H₂O (50 mL) and extracted with DCM (100 mL). The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as an oil (3.0 g, 97%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₆N₂O₅S₂ requires: 308, found: 309 [M+H]⁺.

Step 8: Ethyl

5-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0248] To a solution of ethyl 5-(4-(methylsulfonyloxy)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (3.0 g, 9.7 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) was added NaN₃ (1.26 g, 19.4 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 2 h. The mixture was then cooled to RT, poured onto ice water (100 mL) and extracted with DCM (2×100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as an oil (2.45 g, 96%). MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₃N₅O₂S requires: 255, found: 256 [M+H]⁺.

Step 9: Ethyl 5-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

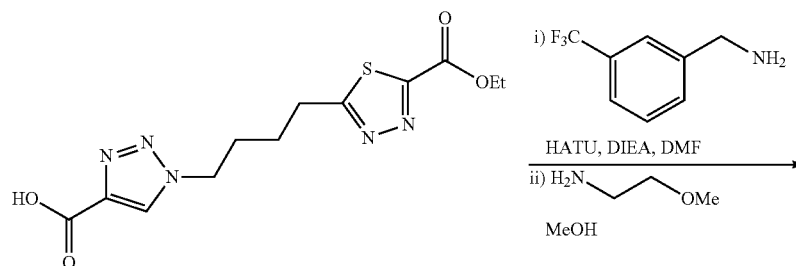
[0249] To a solution of ethyl 5-(4-azidobutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (2.45 g, 9.60 mmol) in t-BuOH (15 mL) and H₂O (15 mL) were added CuSO₄·0.5H₂O (490 mg, 2.65 mmol) and L-(+)-ascorbic acid (980 mg, 5.57 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h, diluted with water (100 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (2×100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (2.2 g, 5.8 mmol, 60%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₂₃N₅O₄S requires: 381, found: 382 [M+H]⁺.

Step 10: 1-(4-(5-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

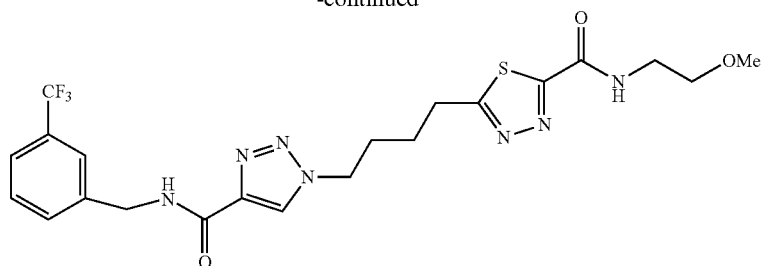
[0250] To a solution of ethyl 5-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (3.2 g, 5.8 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added TFA (5.0 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. CH₃CN (10 mL) was added resulting in the formation of a precipitate, which was filtered off to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (1.30 g, 70%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₅N₅O₄S requires: 325, found: 326 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 11 to 12

[0251]



-continued



Step 11: Ethyl 5-(4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

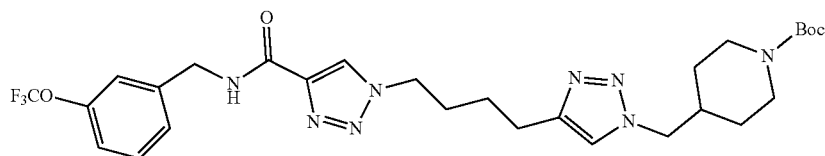
[0252] To a solution of 1-(4-(5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (1.0 g, 3.1 mmol) and (3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methanamine (592 mg, 3.38 mmol) in DMF (6.0 mL) were added HATU (1.75 g, 4.61 mmol) and DIEA (990 mg, 7.70 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h then diluted with H₂O (20 mL). The solid was collected by filtration to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (1.35 g, 91%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₀H₂₁F₃N₆O₃S requires: 482, found: 483 [M+H]⁺.

Step 12: N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-5-(4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0253] To a suspension of ethyl 5-(4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (96 mg, 0.20 mmol) in MeOH (1.0 mL) was added 2-methoxyethanamine (0.05 mL, 0.7 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated in a sealed tube at 80° C. for 2 h. The mixture was cooled to RT, the solid was filtered off and washed with MeOH (5.0 mL) to give the title compound as a white solid (82 mg, 77%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₁H₂₄F₃N₇O₃S requires: 511, found: 512 [M+H]⁺; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.22 (t, J=6.1 Hz, 1H), 9.13 (t, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.61-4.35 (m, 4H), 3.54-3.41 (m, 4H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 2.01-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.65 (m, 2H).

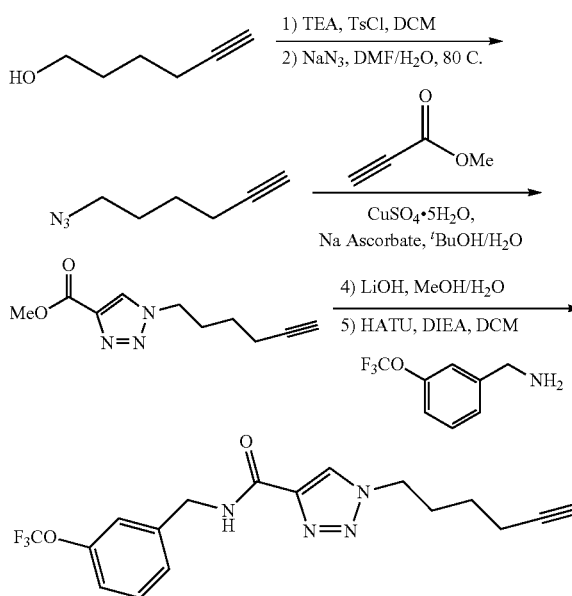
Example 8: Tert-butyl 4-((4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0254]



Steps 1 to 5

[0255]



Step 1: Hex-5-yn-1-ol 4-methylbenzenesulfonate

[0256] To a solution of hex-5-yn-1-ol (1 g, 10 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) were added TEA (1.24 g, 12.2 mmol) and 4-methylbenzene-1-sulfonyl chloride (1.9 g, 10 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as yellow oil (2.5 g, 97%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₆O₃S required: 252, found: 253 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 6-Azidohex-1-yne

[0257] To a solution of hex-5-ynyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (1.0 g, 3.9 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) and water (10

mL) was added NaN_3 (525 mg, 7.90 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C . for 12 h, then cooled to RT and partitioned between Et_2O (20 mL) and water (20 mL). The organic layer was collected, washed with water (30 mL), brine (30 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure at 0°C . to give the title compound as a yellow oil (460 mg, 94%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{N}_3$ requires: 123, found: 124 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

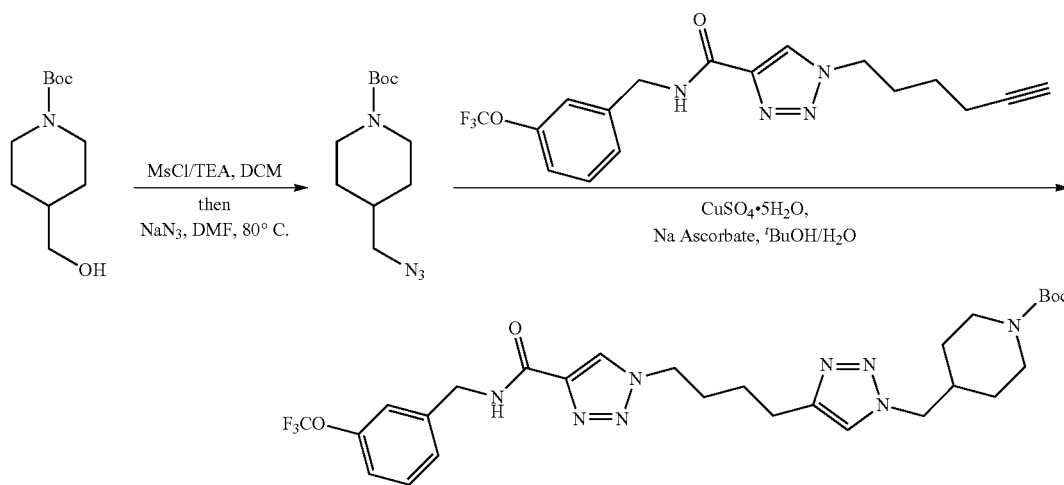
Step 3: Methyl
1-(hex-5-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0258] To a solution of 6-azidohex-1-yne (488 mg, 3.90 mmol) in $t\text{BuOH}$ (10 mL) and water (10 mL) were added

were added 3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenylmethanamine (255 mg, 1.34 mmol), HATU (695 mg, 1.83 mmol), and DIEA (472 mg, 3.66 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 12 h. The mixture was partitioned between DCM (20 mL) and water (20 mL), the organic layer was collected, washed with water (3×30 mL), brine (30 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0 to 20% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as yellow solid (300 mg, 67%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{F}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$ requires: 366, found: 367 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Steps 6 to 7

[0261]



methyl propiolate (499 mg, 5.90 mmol), $\text{CuSO}_4\cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (100 mg, 0.400 mmol) and sodium ascorbate (200 mg, 1.00 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h, then partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and water (20 mL). The organic layer was collected, washed with water (30 mL), sat. NH_4Cl (3×30 mL), brine (30 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as yellow solid (500 mg, 61%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: 207, found: 208 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4:
1-(hex-5-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0259] To a solution of methyl 1-(hex-5-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (500 mg, 2.40 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) and water (10 mL) was added $\text{LiOH}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (250 mg, 6.00 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The reaction was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and water (20 mL), the organic layer was collected, washed with water (30 mL), brine (30 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as yellow solid (450 mg, 96%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: 193, found: 194 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: 1-(Hex-5-ynyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)
benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0260] To a solution of 1-(hex-5-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (235 mg, 1.22 mmol) in DCM (15 mL)

Step 6: Tert-butyl
4-(azidomethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0262] To a solution of tert-butyl 4-(hydroxymethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (1.0 g, 4.6 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) at 0°C ., were added TEA (0.67 g, 6.9 mmol) and methylsulfonyl chloride (0.57 g, 5.0 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 0°C . for 0.5 h, then diluted with water (20 mL). The organic layer was collected and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was immediately taken up in DMF (10 mL) and NaN_3 (330 mg, 5.0 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 80°C . for 2 h, cooled to RT, and extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a colorless oil (0.9 g, 80%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.15-4.11 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.18 (d, $J=6$ Hz, 2H), 2.72-2.66 (m, 2H), 1.74-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.18-1.14 (m, 2H).

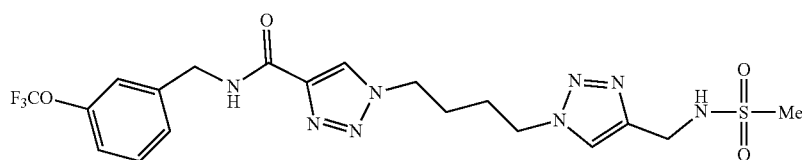
Step 7: Tert-butyl 4-((4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)
benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,
2,3-triazol-1-yl)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0263] To a solution of 1-(hex-5-ynyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (50 mg, 0.14 mmol) in $t\text{BuOH}$ (1.5 mL) and water (1.5 mL) were added CuSO_4 (10 mg, 0.06 mmol), sodium ascorbate (20 mg) and tert-butyl 4-(azidomethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (49 mg, 0.21 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and

the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=30-70%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (25 mg, 30%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.20 (m, 3H), (bd, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.13-4.08 (m, 2H), 2.78-2.75 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.70-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.08-1.98 (m, 3H), 1.80-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.28-1.15 (m, 3H). MS (ES⁺) C₂₈H₃₇F₃N₈O₄ requires: 606, found: 607 [M+H]⁺.

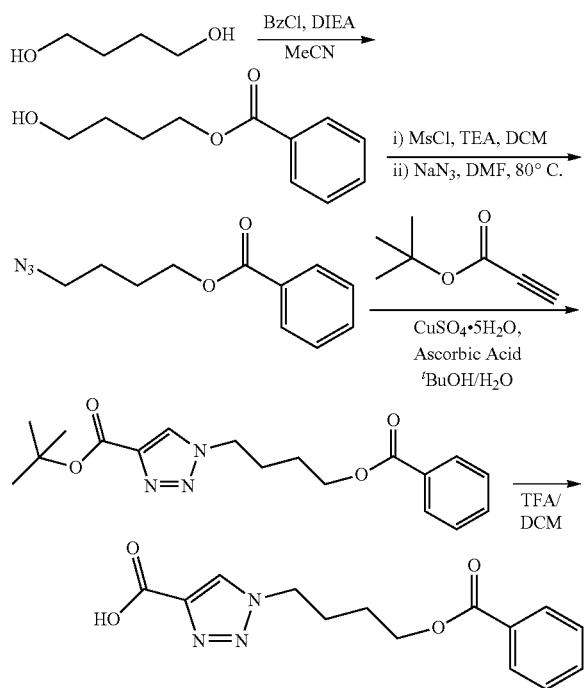
Example 9: 1-(4-(4-(Methylsulfonamidomethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0264]



Steps 1 to 5

[0265]



Step 1: 4-Hydroxybutyl Benzoate

[0266] To a solution of butane-1,4-diol (7.44 ml, 84.0 mmol) and DIEA (4.70 ml, 27.0 mmol) in MeCN (180 ml) at 0° C. was added dropwise a solution of benzoyl chloride (3.13 ml, 27.0 mmol) in MeCN (10 ml), at such a rate to

keep the reaction mixture between 0-5° C. The mixture was stirred for an additional 15 minutes at 0° C., then warmed to RT, stirred for 16 h, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (20% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (4.82 g, 92%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₄O₃ requires: 194, found: 195 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 4-(Methylsulfonyloxy)butyl Benzoate

[0267] To a solution of 4-hydroxybutyl benzoate (5.0 g, 18 mmol) and TEA (3.7 g, 36.8 mmol) in DCM (20 ml) was added dropwise MsCl (2.5 g, 22 mmol) as a solution in DCM (10 ml). The mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes, diluted with water (30 ml), and extracted with DCM (50 ml). The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure

to afford 4-(methylsulfonyloxy)butyl benzoate as a colorless oil (5.2 g, 98%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₆O₅S requires: 273, found: 274 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 4-Azidobutyl Benzoate

[0268] To a solution of 4-(methylsulfonyloxy)butyl benzoate (3.0 g, 11.0 mmol) in DMF (15 ml) was added NaN₃ (1.35 g, 22.1 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 16 h. The mixture was then cooled to RT, diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (50 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 4-azidobutyl benzoate as a yellow oil (3 g, 98%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₃N₃O₂ requires: 219, found: 220 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: Tert-butyl 1-(4-(benzoyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

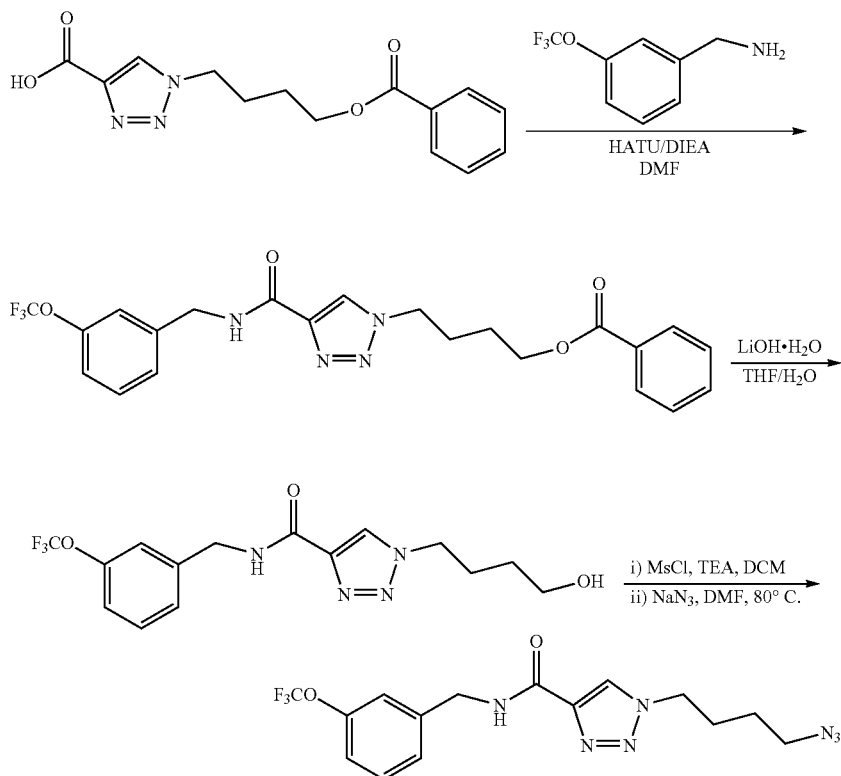
[0269] To a mixture of 4-azidobutyl benzoate (5.0 g, 23 mmol) in ^tBuOH/H₂O (20 ml, 1/1 v/v), tert-butyl propiolate (2.90 g, 22.8 mmol) and L-(+)-Ascorbic acid (1.0 g, 5.7 mmol) was added CuSO₄·0.5H₂O (2.0 g, 13 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in water (50 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at RT. The resulting solid was collected by filtration to afford the title compound as a white solid (6.5 g, 83%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₂₃N₃O₄ requires: 345.2, found: 346 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: 1-(4-(Benzoyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0270] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-(benzoyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (5.0 g, 15 mmol) in TFA/DCM (40 ml, 1/1 v/v) was stirred at RT for 3 h and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in water (30 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at RT. The resulting solid was collected by filtration and crystallized from MeCN/H₂O to afford the title compound as a white solid (3.8 g, 90%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₄H₁₅N₃O₄ requires: 289.1, found: 290 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 6 to 9

[0271]



Step 6: 4-(4-(3-(Trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl Benzoate

[0272] A mixture of 1-(4-(benzoyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (1.0 g, 3.5 mmol), (3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methanamine (0.66 g, 3.5 mmol), HATU (1.9 g, 5.0 mmol) and DIPEA (1.30 g, 10.5 mmol) in DMF (10 ml) was stirred at RT for 16 h. The residue was taken up in water (100 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at RT. The resulting solid was filtered to give the title compound as a white solid (1.0 g, 62%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₂H₂₁F₃N₄O₄ requires: 462.2, found: 463 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: 1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0273] A mixture of 4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl benzoate (1.0 g, 2.2 mmol) and LiOH·H₂O (0.27 g, 6.6 mmol) in THF/H₂O (10 ml, 1/1 v/v) was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was then partitioned between EtOAc (50 ml) and water (50 ml). The organic layer was collected and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (600 mg, 77%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₇F₃N₄O₃ requires: 358.1, found: 359 [M+H]⁺.

Step 8: 1-(4-azidobutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0274] To a solution of 1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (600

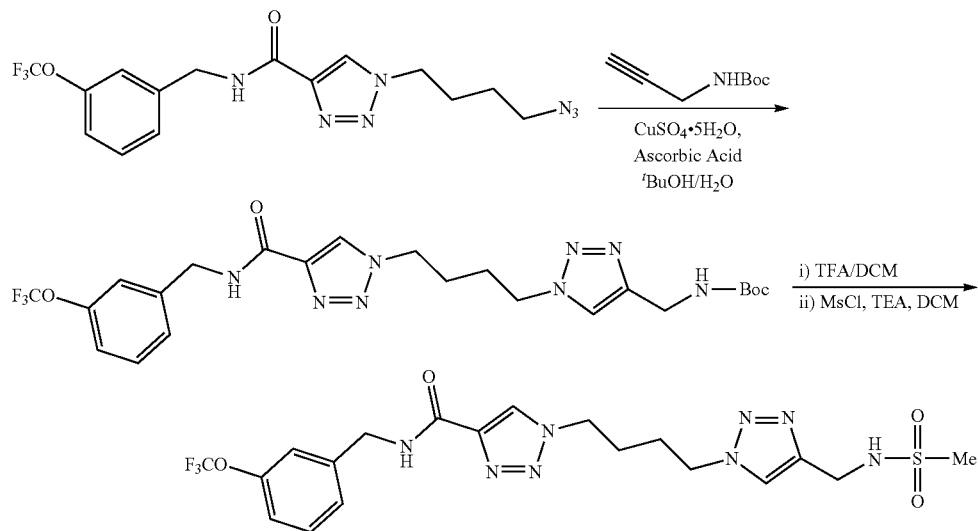
mg, 1.68 mmol) and TEA (340 mg, 3.36 mmol) in DCM (5 ml) was added dropwise a solution of MsCl (240 mg, 2.10 mmol) in DCM (5 ml). The mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes, then diluted with water (10 ml) and extracted with DCM (20 ml). The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in DMF (3 ml), NaN₃ (110 mg, 1.68 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 1 h, then cooled to RT. The residue was taken up in water (20 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at RT. The resulting solid was collected by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (600 mg, 93%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₆F₃N₇O₂ requires: 383.1, found: 384 [M+H]⁺.

Step 9: Tert-butyl (1-(4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methylcarbamate

[0275] A mixture of 1-(4-Azidobutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (100 mg, 0.26 mmol), tert-butyl prop-2-ynylcarbamate (40 mg, 0.26 mmol), L-(+)-ascorbic acid (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) and CuSO₄·0.5H₂O (20 mg, 0.12 mmol) in tBuOH/H₂O (3 ml, 1/1 v/v) was stirred at RT for 16 h and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in water (10 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at RT. The resulting solid was collected by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (100 mg, 71%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₉F₃N₈O₄ requires: 538.2, found: 539 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 10 to 11

[0276]

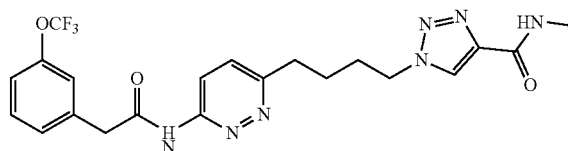


Step 10: 1-(4-(4-(Aminomethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

Example 157: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0277] A solution of tert-butyl (1-(4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methylcarbamate (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) in TFA/DCM (3 ml, 1/1 v/v) was stirred at RT for 3 h and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in water (100 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at RT. The resulting solid was collected by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (70 mg, 86%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{F}_3\text{N}_8\text{O}_2$ requires: 438.2, found: 439 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

[0279]

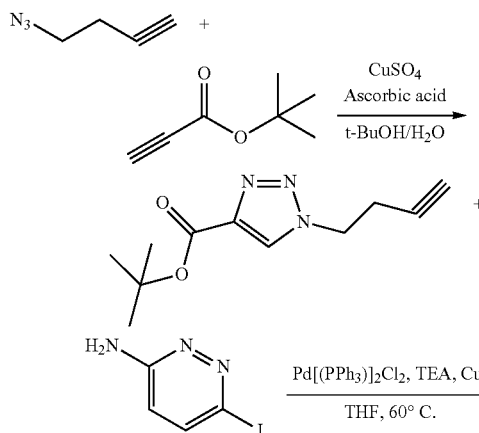


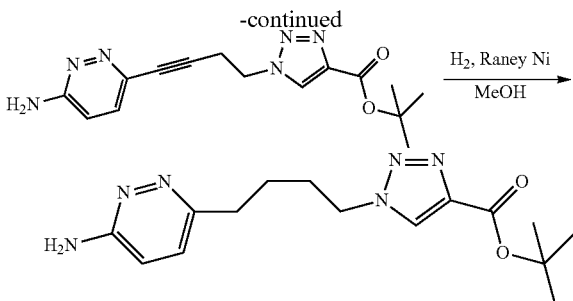
Step 11: 1-(4-(4-(methylsulfonamidomethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0278] To a solution of 1-(4-(4-(aminomethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (70 mg, 0.16 mmol) in DCM (3 ml) were added TEA (48 mg, 0.48 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (36.7 mg, 0.32 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in water (10 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at RT. The resulting solid was collected by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (37 mg, 45%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{F}_3\text{N}_8\text{O}_4\text{S}$ requires: 516, found: 517 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.21 (t, $J=8.0$, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.20 (m, 3H), 4.50-4.32 (m, 6H), 4.10 (d, $J=7.5$, 2H), 2.88 (s, 3H), 1.78-1.73 (m, 4H).

Steps 1 to 3

[0280]





Step 1: tert-butyl 1-(but-3-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0281] A mixture of 4-azidobut-1-yne (20 g, 0.21 mol), t-butyl propiolate (26.5 g, 0.21 mol), L-(+)-ascorbic acid (8.0 g, 46 mmol), and CuSO_4 (4.0 g, 25 mmol) in 1:1 v:v t-BuOH/ H_2O (400 ml) was stirred at RT for 16 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water (200 ml) was added, and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×300 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford a yellow solid. The solid was washed with petroleum ether to give the title compound as a white solid (25 g, 54%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: 221, found: 222 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)but-3-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0282] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(but-3-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (15 g, 68 mmol), 6-iodopyridazin-3-

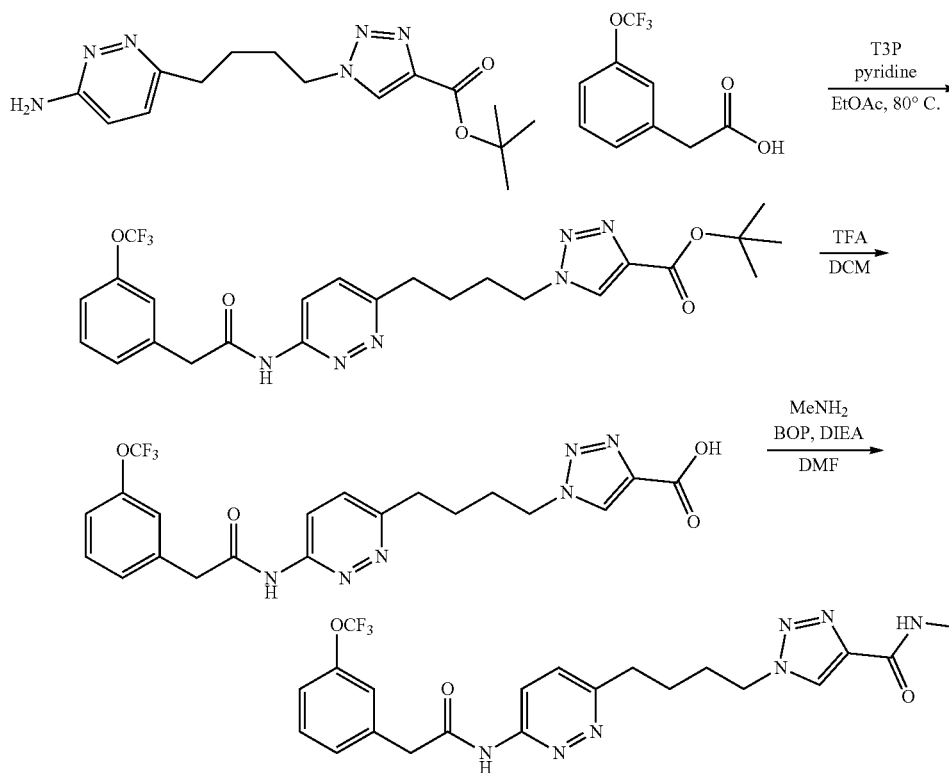
amine (15 g, 68 mmol), $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$ (4.8 g, 6.8 mmol), CuI (1.3 g, 6.8 mmol), and TEA (34.2 g, 339 mmol) in 300 mL of anhydrous THF was stirred at 60° C. under N_2 for 16 h, then allowed cool to RT. DCM/MeOH (500 mL of a 10:1 v:v mixture) was added, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure to give a yellow oil. The oil was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 9% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (18.0 g, 84%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_6\text{O}_2$ requires: 314, found: 315 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: tert-butyl 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)but-3-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0283] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)but-3-ynyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (3.5 g, 11 mmol), Raney Ni (300 mg) and MeOH (250 ml) was evacuated and refilled with hydrogen, then stirred under an atmosphere of H_2 at 1 atm for 16 h. The mixture was filtered, and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure to give a yellow solid. The solid was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 9% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (3.17 g, 89%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_6\text{O}_2$ requires: 318, found: 319 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.15 (s, 2H), 4.52-4.37 (m, 2H), 2.69 (t, $J=7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.96-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.42 (m, 11H).

Steps 4 to 6

[0284]



Step 4: tert-butyl 1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0285] To a suspension of tert-butyl 1-(4-(6-amino-pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.25 mmol), pyridine (0.101 mL, 1.25 mmol) and 2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetic acid (83 mg, 0.37 mmol) was added T3P® (50 wt. %, 795 mg, 1.25 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 1 h and then RT for 12 h. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 15% MeOH in DCM with 1% NH₄OH) to give the title compound as an orange solid (136 mg, 78% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₄H₂₇F₃N₆O₄ requires: 520, found: 521 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: 1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

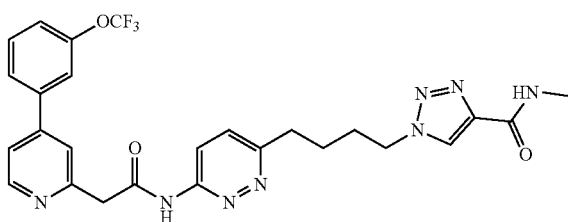
[0286] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (134 mg, 0.257 mmol), TFA (0.992 mL, 12.9 mmol) and DCM (1 mL) was stirred at RT for 1 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure, azeotroping with toluene, to give the title compound as a waxy residue (120 mg, 100%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₀H₁₉F₃N₆O₄ requires: 464, found: 465 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0287] To a suspension of 1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (120 mg, 0.258 mmol), meth-ylamine in THF (2.0 M, 0.258 mL, 0.517 mmol) and BOP (149 mg, 0.336 mmol) in DMF (1.0 mL) was added DIEA (0.135 mL, 0.775 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=20-60%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as an off-white solid (35 mg, 28% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₁H₂₂F₃N₇O₃ requires: 477, found: 478 [M+H]⁺; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.32 (s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.47-8.41 (m, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.24 (m, 1H), 4.44 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 2.88 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 1.92-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.59 (m, 2H).

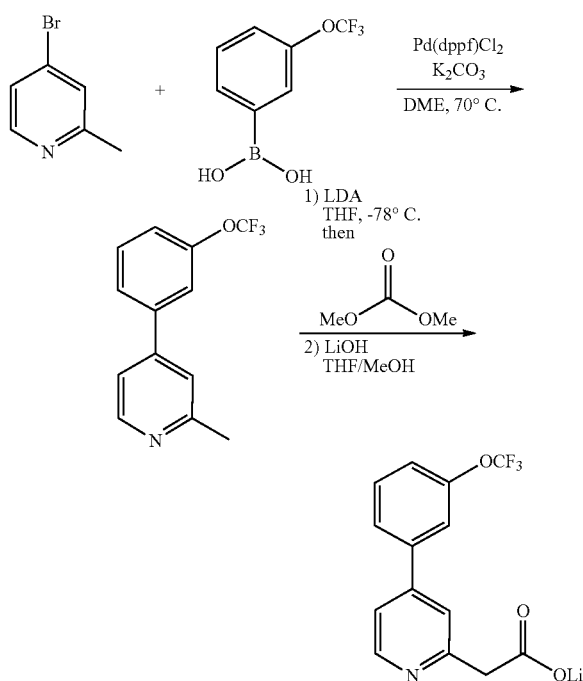
Example 192: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0288]



Steps 1-3

[0289]



Step 1:

2-methyl-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridine

[0290] A mixture of 4-bromo-2-methylpyridine (1.2 g, 7.0 mmol), (3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)boronic acid (1.87 g, 9.07 mmol) and PdCl₂(dppf)-CH₂Cl₂ (0.285 g, 0.349 mmol) in DME (23 mL) was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for 5 min. Aq. K₂CO₃ (2.0 M, 10.5 mL, 20.9 mmol) was added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for an additional 5 min. The mixture was stirred at 70° C. for 12 h, then diluted with EtOAc (25 mL) and water (25 mL) and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2×25 mL), and the combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc with 20% MeOH in hexanes) to give the title compound as a yellow liquid (1.6 g, 91% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₀F₃NO requires: 253, found: 254 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: methyl 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0291] To a solution of 2-methyl-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridine (1.6 g, 6.3 mmol) in THF (12.6 mL) at -78° C. was added LDA in THF (2.0 M, 9.48 mL, 19.0 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at -78° C. for 30 min. Dimethyl carbonate (0.639 mL, 7.58 mmol) was then added and the mixture was stirred at -78° C. for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (10 mL) at -78° C. and diluted with water (10 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×10 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatog-

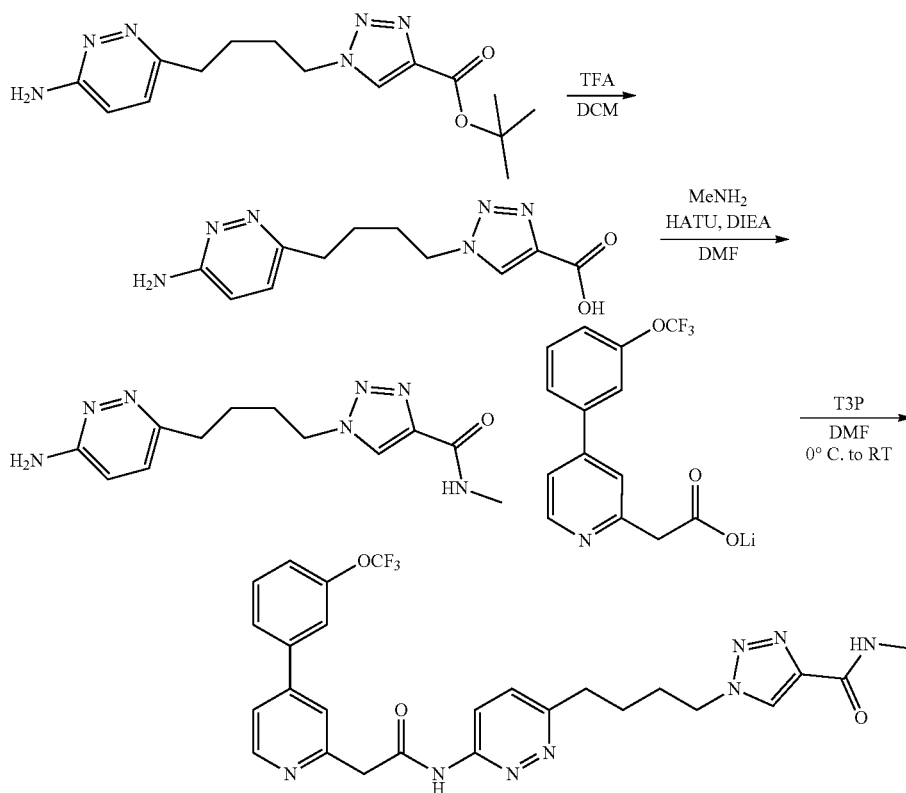
raphy (0% to 100% EtOAc with 20% MeOH in hexanes) to give the title compound as a brown liquid (1.8 g, 92% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₂F₃NO₃ requires: 311, found: 312 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: lithium 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0292] To a solution of methyl 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (1.8 g, 5.8 mmol) in THF (23 mL) and MeOH (5.8 mL) at RT was added aq. LiOH (2.0 M, 3.1 mL, 6.2 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure (bath <35° C.) and lyophilized to give the title compound as a light orange solid (1.75 g, 100% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₄H₁₀F₃NO₃ requires: 297, found: 298 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 4 to 6

[0293]



Step 4: 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0294] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (265 mg, 0.832 mmol), TFA (1.0 mL, 13 mmol) and DCM (2.1 mL) was stirred at RT for 1 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure, azeotroping with toluene, to give the title compound as a waxy residue that was immediately used in the next step.

Step 5: 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0295] To a suspension of 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (0.832 mmol),

methylamine hydrochloride (97 mg, 1.4 mmol) and DIEA (0.499 mL, 2.86 mmol) in DMF (4.8 mL) was added HATU (471 mg, 1.24 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 30% MeOH in DCM with 1% NH₄OH) to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid (66 mg, 29% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₇N₇O requires: 275, found: 276 [M+H]⁺.

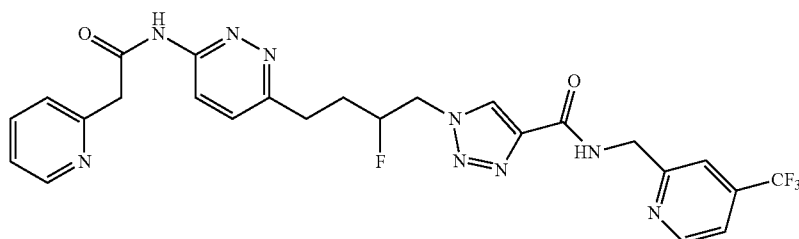
Step 6: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0296] To a suspension of lithium 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (702 mg, 2.26 mmol) and 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-

1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (500 mg, 1.82 mmol) in DMF (6.0 mL) at 0° C. was added T3P® in DMF (50 wt. %, 462 mg, 7.26 mmol) dropwise and the resulting mixture was allowed to warm to RT over 30 min and then stirred for 2 h. The brown mixture was adsorbed onto Celite® and purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 15% MeOH in DCM with 0.5% NH₄OH) to give a tan solid. The solid was then triturated with EtOAc (10 mL) to give the title compound as a light tan solid (361 mg, 34%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₆H₂₅F₃N₈O₄ requires: 554, found: 555 [M+H]⁺; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.31 (s, 1H), 8.61 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 8.55 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.47-8.37 (m, 1H), 8.22 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J=10.5 Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (s, 2H), 2.89 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.4 Hz, 3H), 1.96-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.59 (m, 2H).

Example 211: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

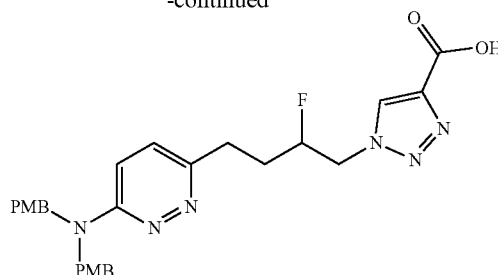
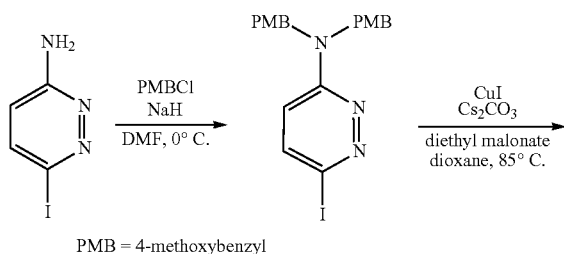
[0297]



Steps 1 to 4

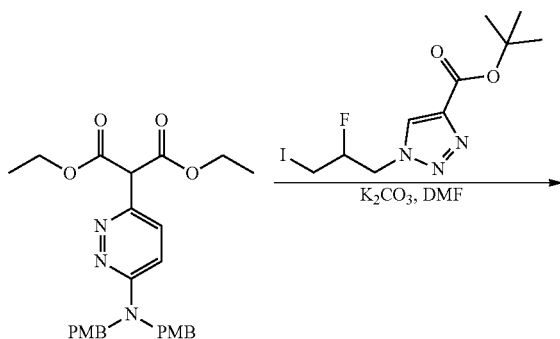
-continued

[0298]



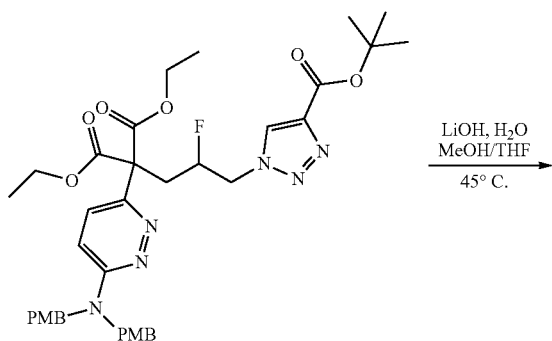
Step 1:

6-iodo-N,N-bis(4-methoxybenzyl)pyridazin-3-amine



[0299] To a solution of 6-iodopyridazin-3-amine (1.00 g, 4.52 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) at 0° C. was added sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 0.543 g, 13.6 mmol) portion-wise. The mixture was stirred for 20 min at RT and then cooled to 0° C. 1-(chloromethyl)-4-methoxybenzene (1.56 g, 9.95 mmol) was then added, then the mixture was stirred at RT for 30 min, quenched with MeOH, concentrated under reduced pressure, diluted with EtOAc, and washed with sat. aq. NaCl. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a yellow liquid (1.41 g, 68% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₀H₂₀IN₃O₂ requires: 461, found: 462 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: diethyl 2-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)malonate



[0300] A mixture of copper(I) iodide (0.178 g, 0.932 mmol), picolinic acid (0.230 g, 1.86 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (9.11 g, 28.0 mmol), 6-iodo-N,N-bis(4-methoxybenzyl)pyridazin-3-amine (4.30 g, 9.32 mmol) and diethyl malonate (2.99 g, 18.6 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (40 mL) was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen three times. The mixture was heated to 85° C. and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was then treated with SiO₂ gel (20 g), filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 75% EtOAc in hexanes) to

give the title compound as a brown liquid (3.3 g, 72% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₇H₃₁N₃O₆ requires: 493, found: 494 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: diethyl 2-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-(3-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluoropropyl)malonate

[0301] A mixture of K₂CO₃ (428 mg, 3.10 mmol), diethyl 2-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)malonate (1.67 g, 3.38 mmol), and tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-3-iodopropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (1.00 g, 2.82 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was stirred at RT for 16 h. The mixture was diluted with water and washed with EtOAc. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound (1.01 g, 50% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₃₇H₄₅FN₆O₈ requires: 720, found: 721 [M+H]⁺.

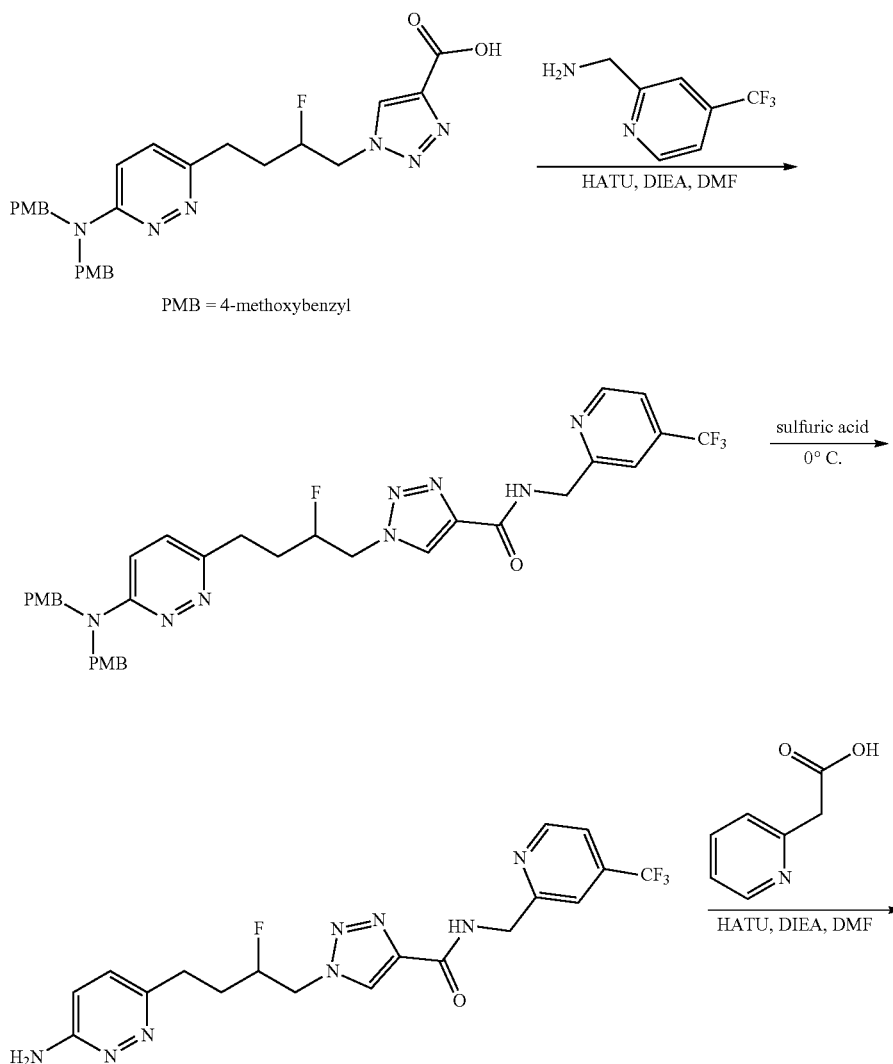
Step 4: 1-(4-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0302] A mixture of diethyl 2-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-(3-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,

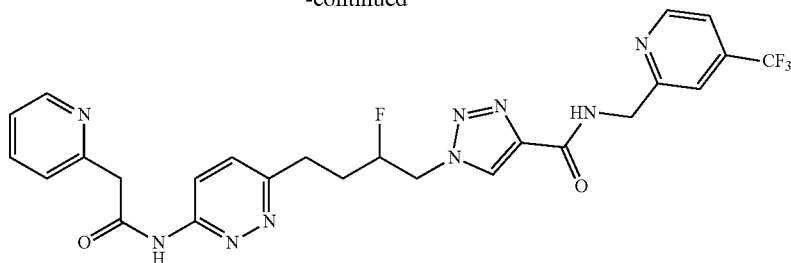
2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluoropropyl)malonate (0.900 g, 1.25 mmol), THF (36 mL), MeOH (12 mL), and water (6 mL) was treated with lithium hydroxide (0.150 g, 6.24 mmol) and stirred at 45° C. for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and then 1:1 v:v MeOH/water (20 mL) was added. The pH was adjusted carefully to 4-5 using 1 M aq. HCl, and the mixture was heated up to 90° C. and stirred for 2 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure and treated with 15% MeOH in DCM. The mixture was shaken vigorously, filtered through a Celite®, concentrated under reduced pressure, and dried to give the title compound, which was used without further purification in the following step. MS (ES⁺) C₂₇H₂₉FN₆O₄ requires: 520, found: 521 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 5 to 7

[0303]



-continued



Step 5: 1-(4-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0304] To a solution of 1-(4-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (0.36 g, 0.69 mmol) in DMF (0.2 ml) were added HATU (0.315 g, 0.828 mmol), (4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methanamine (0.158 g, 0.897 mmol) and DIEA (0.482 ml, 2.76 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, diluted with water and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a solid, which was used in the following step without further purification. MS (ES⁺) C₃₄H₃₄F₄N₈O₃ requires: 678, found: 679 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

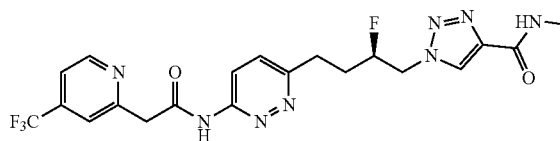
[0305] To 1-(4-(6-(bis(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (0.47 g, 0.69 mmol) at 0° C. was added sulfuric acid (0.736 ml, 13.8 mmol). The mixture was diluted with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound, which was used in the following step without further purification. MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₁₈F₄N₈O requires: 438, found: 439 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

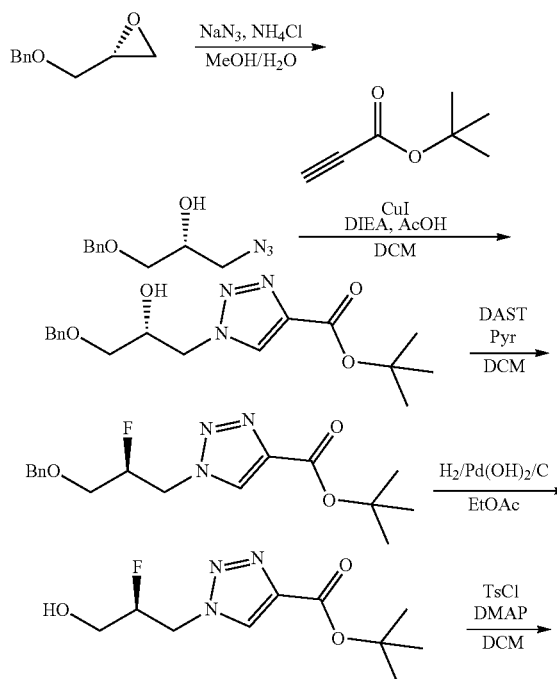
[0306] To a solution of 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (20 mg, 0.046 mmol) in DMF (0.2 ml) were added 2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetic acid hydrochloride (10 mg, 0.059 mmol), HATU (23 mg, 0.059 mmol) and DIEA (0.029 ml, 0.16 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 20 h. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and water, and the organic layer was washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting bright yellow residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (3% to 5% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as an orange solid (12 mg, 47% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₅H₂₃F₄N₉O₂ requires: 557, found: 558 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (MeOH-d₄) δ 8.80 (d, J=5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.76 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.76 (dt, J=1.8, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (m, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J=9.4

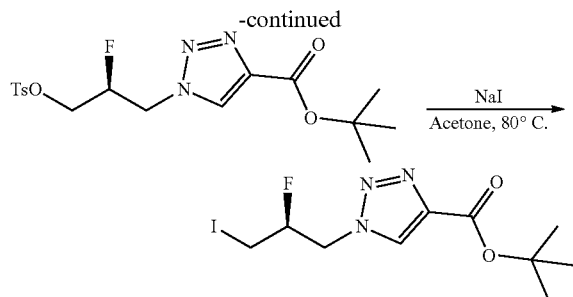
Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J=5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (m, 1H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 4.77 (m, 2H), 3.14 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H).

Example 259: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0307]

Steps 1 to 6

[0308]



Step 1: (R)-1-azido-3-(benzyloxy)propan-2-ol

[0309] To a solution of (R)-2-((benzyloxy)methyl)oxirane (2.42 mL, 15.9 mmol) and NH_4Cl (1.7 g, 32 mmol) in MeOH (39.5 mL) and water (5.9 mL) was added NaN_3 (5.2 g, 79 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between EtOAc (50 mL) and water (60 mL). The two layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a colorless oil (3.01 g, 91% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: 207, found: 208 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: (R)-tert-butyl 1-(3-(benzyloxy)-2-hydroxypropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0310] To a solution of (R)-1-azido-3-(benzyloxy)propan-2-ol (3.01 g, 14.5 mmol), tert-butyl propiolate (2.33 mL, 17.4 mmol), DIEA (0.253 mL, 1.45 mmol), and AcOH (0.083 mL, 1.4 mmol) in DCM (58.1 mL) was added copper(I) iodide (0.138 g, 0.726 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. Silica gel (10 g) was added to the stirring mixture and the resulting suspension was filtered and washed with DCM (20 mL) and EtOAc (20 mL). The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound as an orange oil, which was used without further purification (3.95 g, 82% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$ requires: 333, found: 334 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: (S)-tert-butyl 1-(3-(benzyloxy)-2-fluoropropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0311] To a solution of (R)-tert-butyl 1-(3-(benzyloxy)-2-hydroxypropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (3.95 g, 11.8 mmol) and pyridine (1.909 mL, 23.70 mmol) in DCM (23.7 mL) at 0° C. was added DAST (3.13 mL, 23.7 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 2.5 h, then filtered through a plug of silica gel, rinsing with DCM (50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was adsorbed onto Celite® and purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 50% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a tan solid (1.78 g, 45% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3$ requires: 335, found: 336 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: (S)-tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-3-hydroxypropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0312] A reaction vessel was charged with (S)-tert-butyl 1-(3-(benzyloxy)-2-fluoropropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (1.78 g, 5.31 mmol) and EtOAc (53.1 mL) under an atmosphere of N_2 . The solution was degassed by bubbling

through N_2 for 10 min and then with N_2 still flowing, palladium hydroxide on carbon (0.746 g, 1.06 mmol) was added. The resulting suspension was purged with H_2 for 2 min then stirred under an atmosphere of H_2 at 1 atm for 12 h. The reaction mixture was purged with N_2 , filtered through a Celite® and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound as a pale yellow solid (1.32 g, 101% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3$ requires: 245, found: 246 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: (S)-tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-3-(tosyloxy)propyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

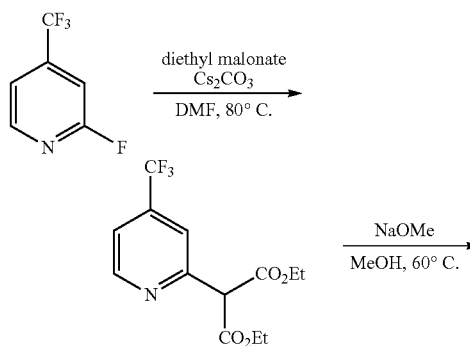
[0313] To a solution of (S)-tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-3-hydroxypropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (1.32 g, 5.38 mmol) and DMAP (0.986 g, 8.07 mmol) in DCM (26.9 mL) was added 4-toluenesulfonyl chloride (1.23 g, 6.46 mmol) while maintaining the temperature at RT by a water bath, and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1.5 h. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with sat. aq. NH_4Cl (2×40 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give crude title compound, which was used without further purification (1.80 g, 84% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_5\text{S}$ requires: 399, found: 400 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

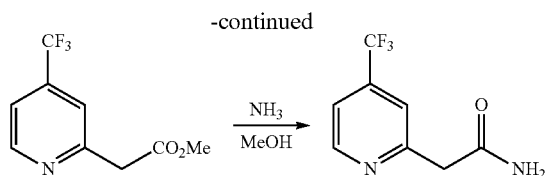
Step 6: (S)-tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-3-iodopropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0314] To a solution of (S)-tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-3-(tosyloxy)propyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (2.12 g, 5.31 mmol) in acetone (26.5 mL) was added NaI (0.796 g, 5.31 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 3 h, then at RT for 16 h. Additional NaI (2 eq., 1.6 g) was added and the mixture as stirred at 90° C. for 2 h. The reaction was allowed to cool to RT, diluted with 50:50 v:v EtOAc/Hexanes (150 mL) and washed with water (2×50 mL) and sat. aq. NaCl (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 50% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a white solid (1.71 g, 91% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{FIN}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: 355, found: 356 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Steps 7 to 9

[0315]





Step 7: diethyl
2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate

[0316] To a suspension of Cs_2CO_3 (90.8 g, 279 mmol) in DMSO (200 ml) were added 2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (25 g, 150 mmol) and diethyl malonate (46 ml, 300 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 21 h. The resulting bright yellow reaction mixture was allowed to cool to RT, the solution was decanted and the solids were filtered and washed with DCM (using a total of 300-400 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2×400 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 10% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a bright yellow liquid (32.3 g, 70% yield). MS (ES⁺) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_4$ requires: 305, found 306 [M+H]⁺.

Step 8: methyl
2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0317] To a solution of diethyl 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate (11.9 g, 39.0 mmol) in MeOH (100 ml)

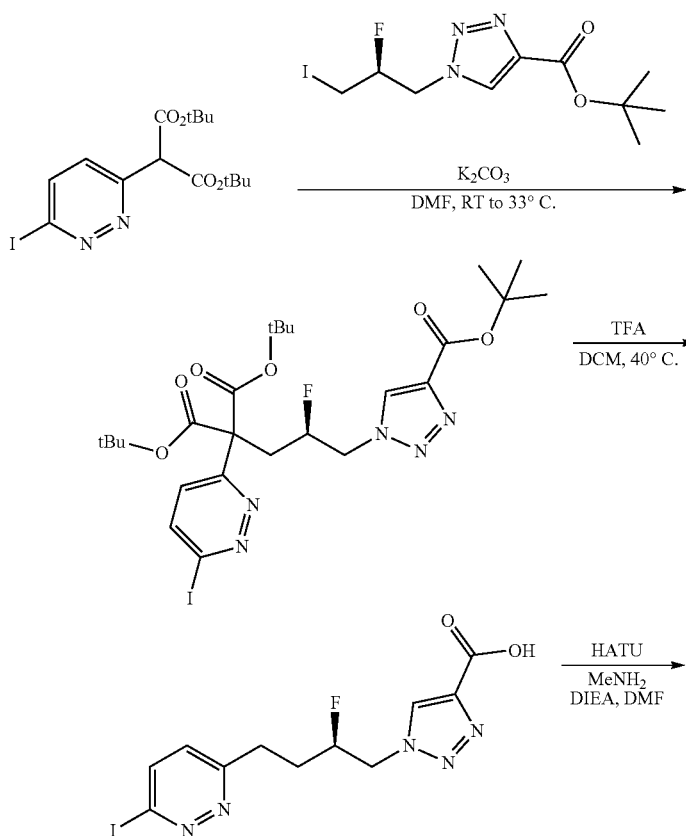
were added sodium methoxide in MeOH (25 wt. %, 10.0 ml, 43.7 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 4 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and poured onto a slurry of ice. The mixture was neutralized with aq. HCl (1 M, 45 mL, 45 mmol), extracted with EtOAc (200 mL), and the organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude dark-yellow liquid. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (10% to 20% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (5.66 g, 66% yield). MS (ES⁺) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{F}_3\text{NO}_2$ requires: 219, found 220 [M+H]⁺.

Step 9: 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

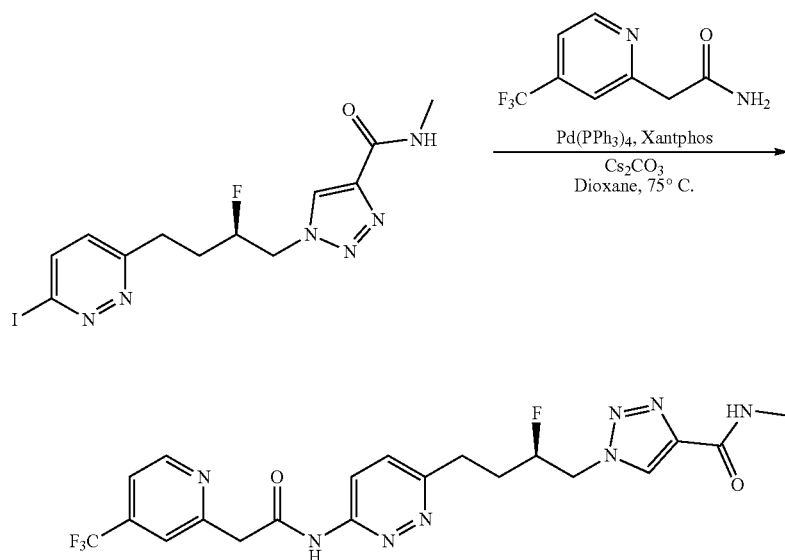
[0318] To a solution of methyl 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (6.04 g, 27.6 mmol) in MeOH (10 ml) was added ammonia (7 M in MeOH, 40 ml, 280 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 21 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in hexanes/EtOAc and filtered. The collected solids were dried to give a crop of product as a white powder and the remaining filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give another crop of product as a pale-yellow solid. The combined product was used without further purification (5.40 g, 96% yield). MS (ES⁺) $\text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ requires: 204, found 205 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 10 to 13

[0319]



-continued



Step 10: (R)-di-tert-butyl 2-(3-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluoropropyl)-2-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)malonate

[0320] A mixture of K_2CO_3 (257 mg, 1.86 mmol), di-tert-butyl 2-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)malonate (781 mg, 1.86 mmol), and (S)-tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-3-iodopropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (600 mg, 1.69 mmol) was evacuated and backfilled with N_2 , and then DMF (5.6 mL) was added. The mixture was evacuated and backfilled with N_2 three times, then stirred for 24 h at RT and another 24 h at 33° C. The mixture was diluted with 1:1 v:v EtOAc/hexanes (30 mL) and washed twice with water (30 mL then 15 mL). The combined aqueous layers were extracted with 1:1 v:v EtOAc/hexanes (15 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure to give crude title compound as a foamy solid, which was used without further purification. MS (ES^+) $C_{25}H_{35}FIN_6O_6$ requires: 647, found: 648 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 11: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0321] To a solution of (R)-di-tert-butyl 2-(3-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluoropropyl)-2-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)malonate (1.09 g, 1.69 mmol) in DCM (14.1 mL) was added TFA (14.1 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 40° C. for 1 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give an oily mixture, which was treated with THF (10 mL) and then concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound as a solid, which was used in the following step without further purification. MS (ES^+) $C_{11}H_{11}FIN_3O_2$ requires: 391, found: 392 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 12: ((R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0322] A mixture of (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (661 mg, 1.69 mmol) and HATU (861 mg, 2.26 mmol) in DMF (8.4

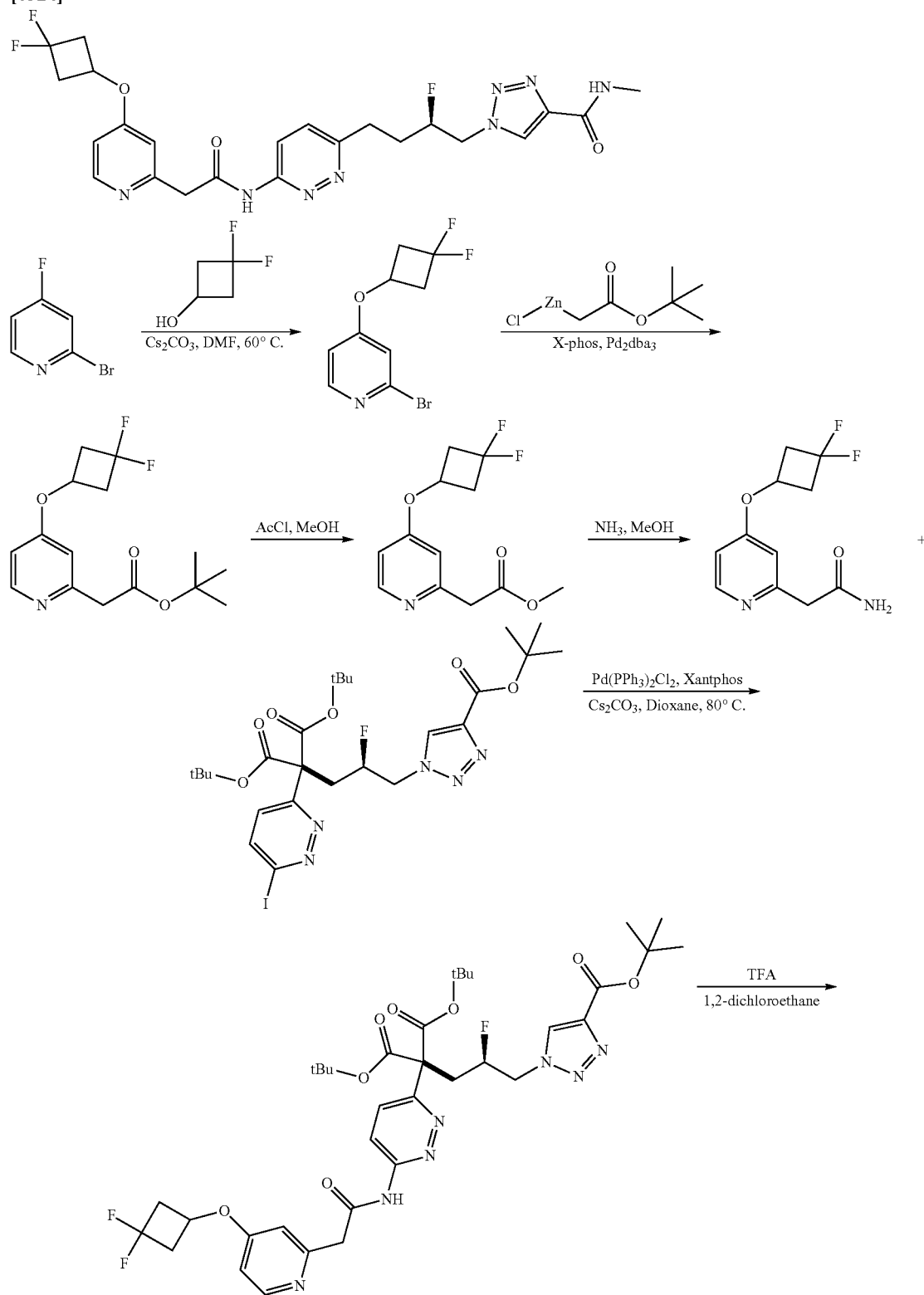
mL) was treated with DIEA (1.475 mL, 8.468 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 20 min and then methylamine in THF (2.0 M, 1.689 mL, 3.378 mmol) was added. The reaction was vigorously stirred for 40 min (precipitate forms over time), diluted with water (5 mL), and then concentrated under reduced pressure to give a solid, which was triturated in water. Precipitate was isolated by filtration, washed with water then EtOAc, and dried to give the crude title compound, which was used in the following step without further purification (380 mg, 56% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{12}H_{14}FIN_6O$ requires: 404, found: 405 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 13: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

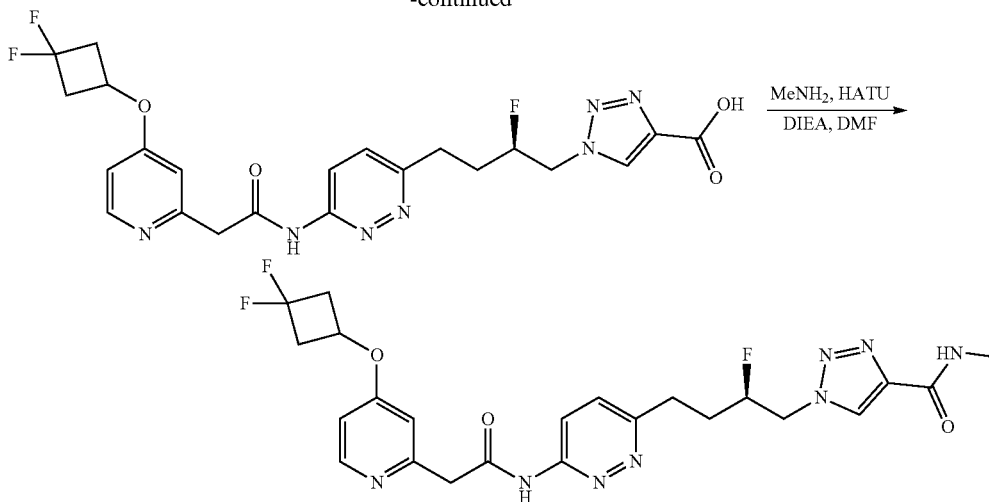
[0323] A mixture of $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (11.4 mg, 9.90 μ mol), Xantphos (11.4 mg, 0.020 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (64.5 mg, 0.198 mmol), 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (20 mg, 0.099 mmol), and (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (40 mg, 0.099 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL) was evacuated and back-filled with N_2 three times. The mixture was stirred at 75° C. for 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was directly loaded onto silica gel and purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 25% DCM in MeOH) to give impure title compound as a brown solid. Further purification by reverse phase preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/ H_2O , B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=20-50%; 12 min; Column: C18) gave the title compound as an off-white solid (27 mg, 57% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{20}H_{20}F_4N_8O_2$ requires: 480, found: 481 $[M+H]^+$. 1H NMR ($DMSO-d_6$) δ 11.38 (s, 1H), 8.80 (d, $J=5.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.46 (q, $J=4.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, $J=4.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, $J=9.3$ Hz, 1H), 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.77 (m, 2H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.05 (m, 2H), 2.75 (d, $J=5.7$ Hz, 3H), 2.08 (m, 2H). The title compound (1 mg/mL, 10 μ L per injection) was analyzed on a Shimadzu Prominence HPLC system with a Lux Cellulose 4 column (4.6 $\times$ 150 millimeter, 5 micrometer, 1 mL/min) using a mobile phase of water:acetonitrile (40:60), and showed an ee of >98%.

Example 272: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0324]



-continued



Step 1:

2-bromo-4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridine

[0325] To a solution of 2-bromo-4-fluoropyridine (5.0 g, 28 mmol) in DMF (100 ml) were added 3,3-difluorocyclobutanol (3.07 g, 28.4 mmol) and Cs_2CO_3 (18.5 g, 56.8 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 2 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. DCM was added and the suspension was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 30% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (2.7 g, 36% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{ClF}_2\text{NO}$ requires: 263, found: 264 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl

2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0326] A degassed solution of 2-bromo-4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridine (2.7 g, 10 mmol), (2-(tert-butoxy)-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) chloride in Et_2O (0.5 M, 40.9 ml, 20.4 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (0.468 g, 0.511 mmol) and X-Phos (0.244 g, 0.511 mmol) in THF (30 ml) was stirred at 65° C. for 1 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and sat. aq. NH_4Cl (30 mL) was added. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 60% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (2.5 g, 82% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{19}\text{F}_2\text{NO}_3$ requires: 299, found: 244 $[\text{M}-(\text{t-Bu})+2\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: methyl

2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0327] To a solution of tert-butyl 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (2.5 g, 8.4 mmol) in MeOH (50 ml) were added dropwise acetyl chloride (5.9 ml, 84 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 4 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (100 mL) and sat. aq. NaHCO_3 (100 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL), and the combined organic layers

were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow liquid, which was used without further purification (2.1 g, 98% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{F}_2\text{NO}_3$ requires: 257, found: 258 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

[0328] A mixture of methyl 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (2.1 g, 8.2 mmol) and ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 23.3 ml, 163 mmol) was stirred at 80° C. for 16 h in a pressure vessel, allowed to cool to RT, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with Et_2O to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid (1.9 g, 96% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ requires: 242, found: 243 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: (R)-di-tert-butyl 2-(3-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluoropropyl)-2-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)malonate

[0329] A degassed solution of 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (1.12 g, 4.63 mmol), (R)-di-tert-butyl 2-(3-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluoropropyl)-2-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)malonate (3.0 g, 4.6 mmol), bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) dichloride (0.65 g, 0.93 mmol), Xantphos (1.072 g, 1.853 mmol) and Cs_2CO_3 (3.02 g, 9.27 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (30 ml) was stirred at 80° C. for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 4% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (1.21 g, 34% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{46}\text{F}_3\text{N}_7\text{O}_8$ requires: 761, found: 762 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 6: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid

[0330] A solution of (R)-di-tert-butyl 2-(3-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluoropropyl)-2-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)malonate (1.15 g, 1.51 mmol) in TFA (5 ml)

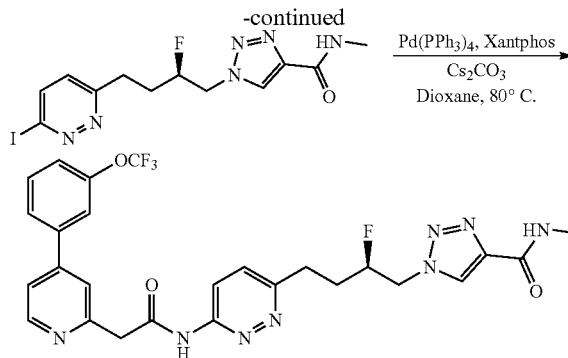
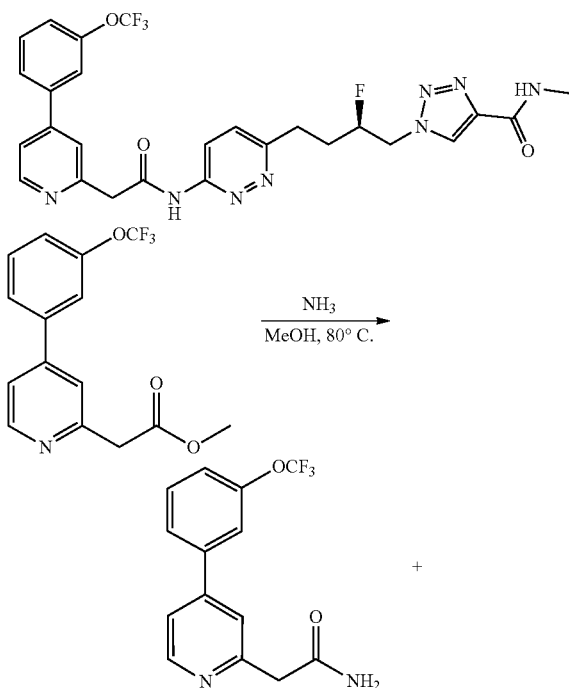
and 1,2-dichloroethane (5 ml) was stirred at 70° C. for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with ACN (20 ml) and TEA (1 ml) was added. The resulting precipitate was isolated by filtration and washed with ACN to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid (455 mg, 60% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₂H₂₂F₃N₇O₄ requires: 505, found: 506 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0331] To a solution of (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (410 mg, 0.811 mmol) in DMF (4 ml) were added HATU (339 mg, 0.892 mmol), DIEA (0.425 ml, 2.433 mmol) and methylamine in THF (2.0 M, 0.608 ml, 1.22 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 20° C. for 0.5 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water was added and resulting precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a yellow solid (395 mg, 94% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₅F₃N₈O₃ requires: 518, found: 519 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 11.29 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.47 (m, 1H), 8.36 (m, 1H), 8.22 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.87 (m, 1H), 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.90-4.70 (m, 3H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.28-3.22 (m, 2H), 3.08-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.79-2.70 (m, 5H), 2.20-1.95 (m, 2H).

Example 255: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0332]



Step 1: 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

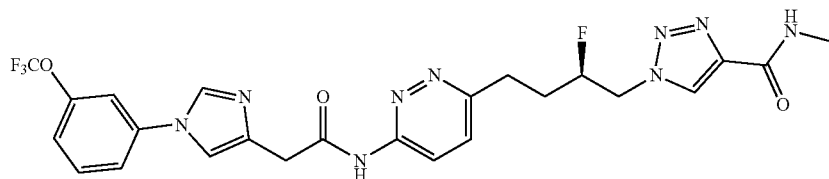
[0333] A sealed tube was charged with methyl 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (1.0 g, 3.2 mmol) and ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 11 ml, 77 mmol). The solution was sealed and heated at 80° C. for 24 h, then allowed to cool to RT and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 15% MeOH in DCM with 1% NH₄OH) to give the title compound as an off-white solid (0.92 g, 97% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₄H₁₁F₃N₂O₂ requires: 296, found: 297 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.57 (d, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J=5.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.46 (m, 2H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 3.66 (s, 2H).

Step 2: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0334] A vial was charged with 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (0.366 g, 1.24 mmol), (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (0.50 g, 1.2 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (0.806 g, 2.47 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.143 g, 0.124 mmol), Xantphos (0.143 g, 0.247 mmol), and 1,4-dioxane (12.4 mL). The mixture was degassed by bubbling N₂ through the suspension for 5 min. The mixture was heated at 80° C. for 8 h, then allowed to cool to RT, adsorbed onto Celite® and purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 15% MeOH in DCM with 0.5% NH₄OH) to give a yellow solid (550 mg). The solid was triturated with 2:1 v:v EtOAc/Hexanes (2×10 mL) to give the title compound as an off-white solid (379 mg, 51% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₆H₂₄F₄N₈O₃ requires: 572, found: 573 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.33 (s, 1H), 8.60 (d, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.46 (m, 1H), 8.23 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (dd, J=7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.83-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.70-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.61 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 5.03 (dddd, J=49.4, 11.4, 7.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.67 (m, 2H), 4.08 (s, 2H), 3.09-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.21-1.93 (m, 2H). The title compound (1 mg/mL, 10 μL per injection) was analyzed on a Shimadzu Prominence HPLC system with a Lux Cellulose 4 column (4.6×150 millimeter, 5 micrometer, 1 mL/min) using a mobile phase of water:acetonitrile (20:80), and showed an ee of >98%.

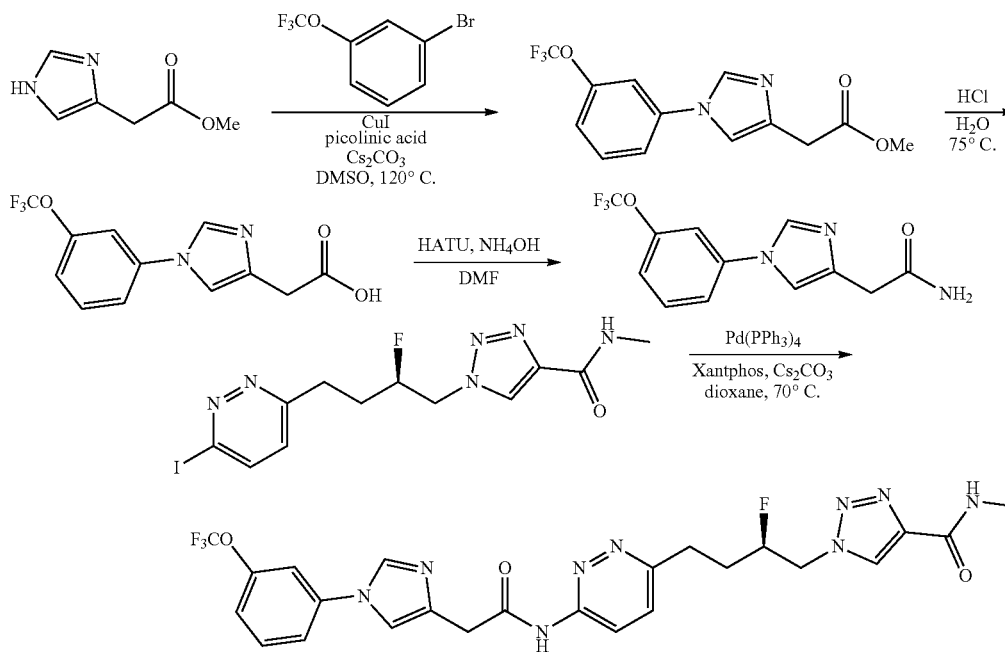
Example 270: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0335]



Steps 1 to 5

[0336]



Step 1: methyl 2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetate

Step 2: 2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetic Acid

[0337] A mixture of 1-bromo-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene (2.6 g, 11 mmol), methyl 2-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetate (1.5 g, 11 mmol), copper(I) iodide (205 mg, 1.08 mmol), picolinic acid (133 mg, 1.08 mmol), and Cs_2CO_3 (10.5 g, 32.4 mmol) in DMSO (50 ml) under Ar was stirred at 120° C. for 16 h. The mixture was treated with water (100 ml), filtered, and the residue was washed with EtOAc. The filtrate layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL). The combined EtOAc layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (100 ml), concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (25% to 75% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to give the title compound as a light brown solid (980 mg, 25%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ requires: 300, found: 301 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

[0338] A mixture of methyl 2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetate (980 mg, 3.27 mmol) and HCl in 1,4-dioxane (4.0 M, 10 ml, 40 mmol) was stirred at 75° C. for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (900 mg, 90%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ requires: 286, found: 287 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetamide

[0339] To a solution of 2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetic acid (100 mg, 0.349 mmol) in DMF (1.7 ml) were added TEA (0.146 mL, 1.05 mmol) and HATU (133 mg, 0.349 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. Aq. NH_4OH (1 M, 0.110 mL, 1.1 mmol)

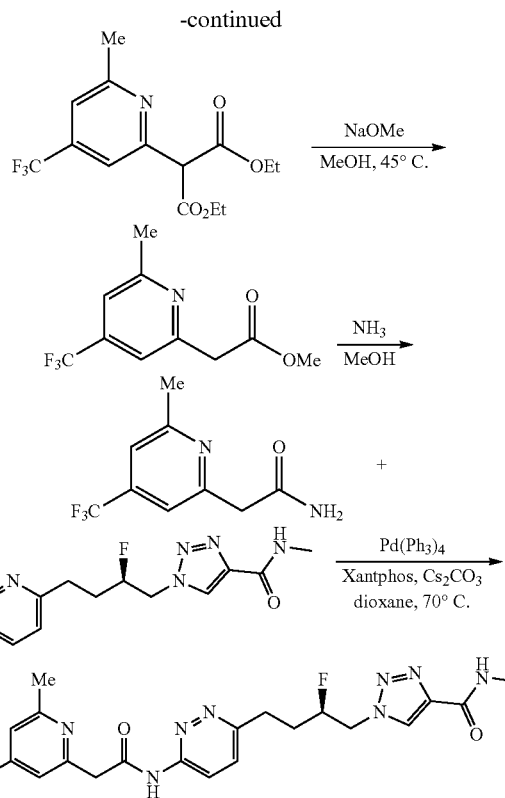
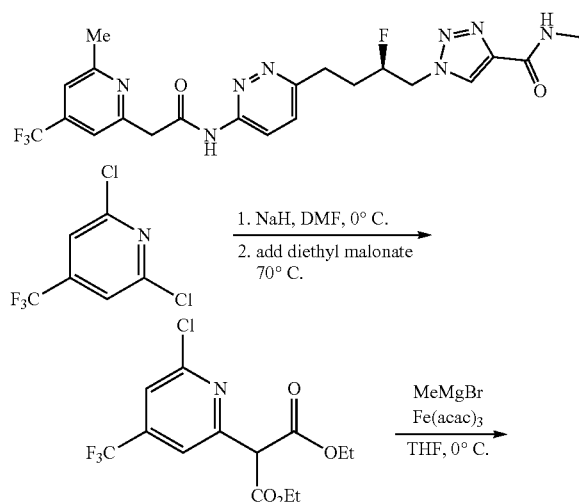
was added and the mixture was stirred at RT for 12 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a yellow liquid (48 mg, 34%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₀F₃N₃O₂ requires: 285, found: 286 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0340] A solution of (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (50 mg, 0.12 mmol), 2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (49 mg, 0.12 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (141 mg, 0.433 mmol) and Xantphos (14 mg, 0.025 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (1.24 ml) was degassed by bubbling N₂ through for 1 min, then Pd(Ph₃)₄ (14 mg, 0.012 mmol) was added and the mixture was further degassed for 1 min. The reaction mixture was then stirred at 70° C. for 12 h. The mixture was cooled to RT, diluted with MeOH (2 mL), filtered through Celite® and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (3% to 15% MeOH in DCM) to give a pale yellow solid. The residue was recrystallized from hot MeOH (1 mL), and solid was isolated by filtration, washed with MeOH (0.2 mL) and Et₂O (3×0.2 mL) and dried to give the title compound as a white solid (20 mg, 29%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₄H₂₃F₄N₉O₃ requires: 561, found: 562 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.16 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.47 (m, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.25 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.68-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 4.86-4.65 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.14-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.00 (m, 1H).

Example 268: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0341]



Step 1: diethyl 2-(6-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate

[0342] To a suspension of NaH (60% in mineral oil, 1.39 g, 34.7 mmol) in DMF (116 mL) at 0° C. was added diethyl malonate (5.3 mL, 35 mmol) dropwise and the mixture was allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 15 min. 2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (2.50 g, 11.6 mmol) was added slowly and then the mixture was stirred at 70° C. for 18 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to RT, quenched with water and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (3×50 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 5% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (2.0 g, 52%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₁ClF₃NO₄ requires: 339, found: 340 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: diethyl 2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate

[0343] To a solution of diethyl 2-(6-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate (2.0 g, 5.9 mmol) and ferric acetylacetonate (208 mg, 0.589 mmol) in THF (24 mL) and NMP (5.9 mL) at 0° C. was added MeMgBr in diethyl ether (3.0 M, 5.9 mL, 18 mmol) dropwise and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 5 min, then allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 30 min. Additional MeMgBr in diethyl ether (3.0 M, 29.5 mL total, 90 mmol total) was added in aliquots of 3.0 equivalents each. The mixture was cooled to 0° C. and slowly quenched with 1 M aq. HCl (100 mL), and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (4×50

mL) and sat. aq. NaCl (50 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 20% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a yellow liquid (1.46 g, 78% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_4$ requires: 319, found: 320 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: methyl 2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0344] To a solution of diethyl 2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate (1.46 g, 4.57 mmol) in MeOH (45.7 mL) at 0°C was added sodium methoxide (741 mg, 13.7 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 12 h. The mixture was then stirred at 45°C for 6 h, then allowed to cool to RT and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between water (20 mL) and EtOAc (40 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 $\times$ 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. K_2CO_3 (2 $\times$ 10 mL) and sat. aq. NaCl (10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a colorless liquid. MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_2$ requires: 233, found: 234 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: 2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

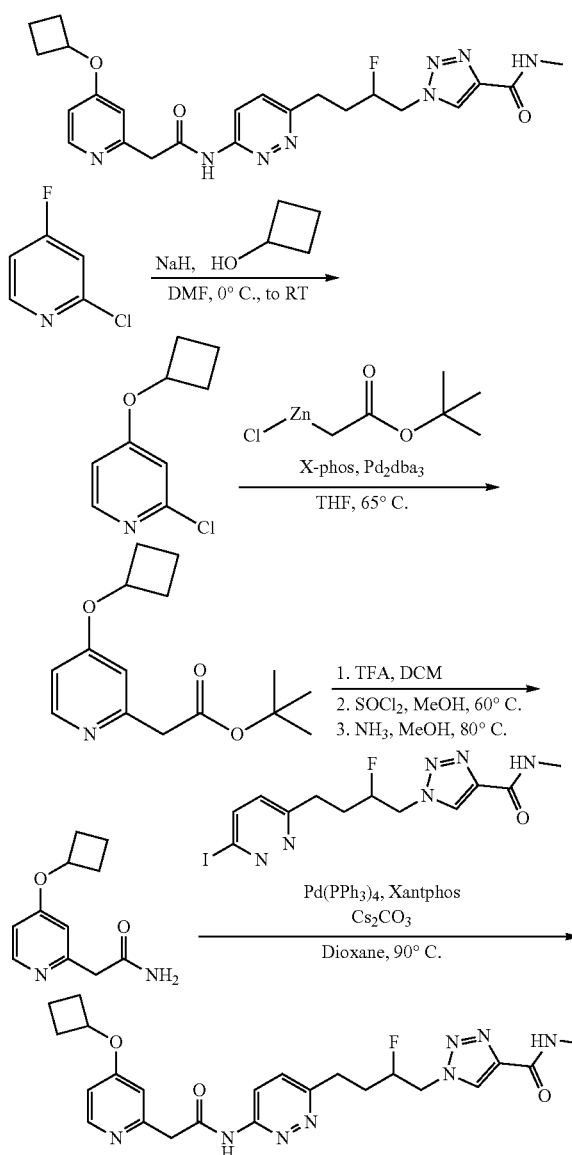
[0345] A vial was charged with methyl 2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (813 mg, 3.49 mmol) and ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 10.0 mL, 69.7 mmol). The vial was sealed and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 72 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as an off-white solid (748 mg, 98%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_9\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ requires: 218, found: 219 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0346] A suspension of (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (500 mg, 1.24 mmol), 2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (297 mg, 1.36 mmol) and Cs_2CO_3 (1.01 g, 3.09 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (12.4 mL) was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 1 min. Xantphos (143 mg, 0.247 mmol) and $\text{Pd}(\text{Ph}_3)_4$ (143 mg, 0.124 mmol) were added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for an additional 1 min. The reaction mixture was heated to 70°C and stirred for 3 h. The mixture was cooled to RT, diluted with 1:1 v:v MeOH/DCM (4 mL), filtered through Celite®, washing with 1:1 v:v MeOH/DCM (4 $\times$ 3 mL) and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 6% MeOH in DCM) to give an off-white solid. The solid was triturated with MeOH (2 mL), collected by vacuum filtration and washed with cold MeOH (3 $\times$ 0.5 mL), then taken up in mixture of ACN/water (1:1), sonicated and lyophilized to give the title compound as a white solid (277 mg, 44%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{22}\text{F}_4\text{N}_8\text{O}_2$ requires: 494, found: 495 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 11.36 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.47 (m, 1H), 8.21 (d, $J=9.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 4.85-4.69 (m, 2H), 4.10 (s, 2H), 3.11-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, $J=4.7$ Hz, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.00 (m, 1H).

Example 251: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0347]



Step 1: 2-chloro-4-cyclobutoxypyridine

[0348] To a solution of cyclobutanol (0.327 mL, 4.18 mmol) in DMF (19.01 mL) at 0°C was added sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 0.198 g, 4.94 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 5 min. 2-chloro-4-fluoropyridine (0.343 mL, 3.80 mmol) was then added dropwise and the resulting mixture was allowed to warm to RT, then diluted with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 (5 mL) and water (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 $\times$ 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO_4 and concentrated

under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (570 mg, 82%). MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₀ClNO requires: 183, found: 184 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0349] A degassed solution of 2-chloro-4-cyclobutoxypyridine (200 mg, 1.09 mmol), (2-(tert-butoxy)-2-oxoethyl) zinc(II) chloride in Et₂O (0.5 M, 5.45 ml, 2.72 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (100 mg, 0.109 mmol) and X-Phos (26 mg, 0.054 mmol) in THF (3 ml) was stirred at 65° C. for 2 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water (10 mL) was added, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×5 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-50%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (187 mg, 46% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₂₁NO₃ requires: 263, found: 264 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0350] A solution of tert-butyl 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (185 mg, 0.490 mmol) in TFA (3 ml) and DCM (3 ml) was stirred at RT for 2 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in MeOH (3 ml) and treated with thionyl chloride (0.082 ml, 1.1 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 1 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and to the residue was added ammonia in MeOH

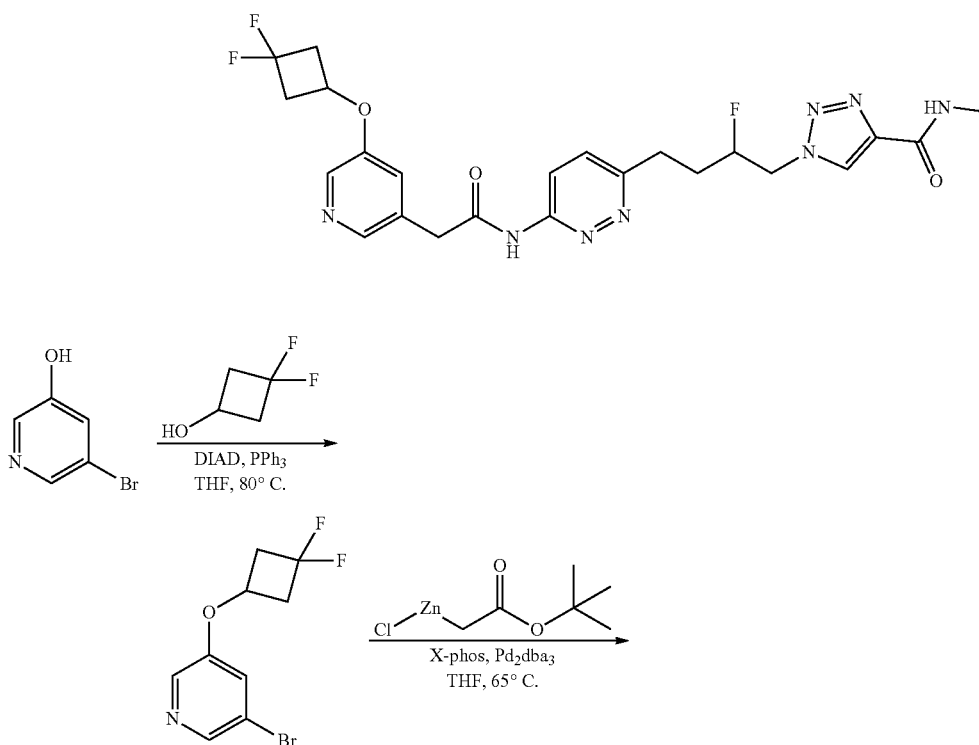
(7 M, 3.0 ml, 21 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated in a pressure tube at 80° C. for 16 h, then allowed to cool to RT and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=0-30%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (102 mg, 85% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₄N₂O₂ requires: 206, found: 207 [M+H]⁺.

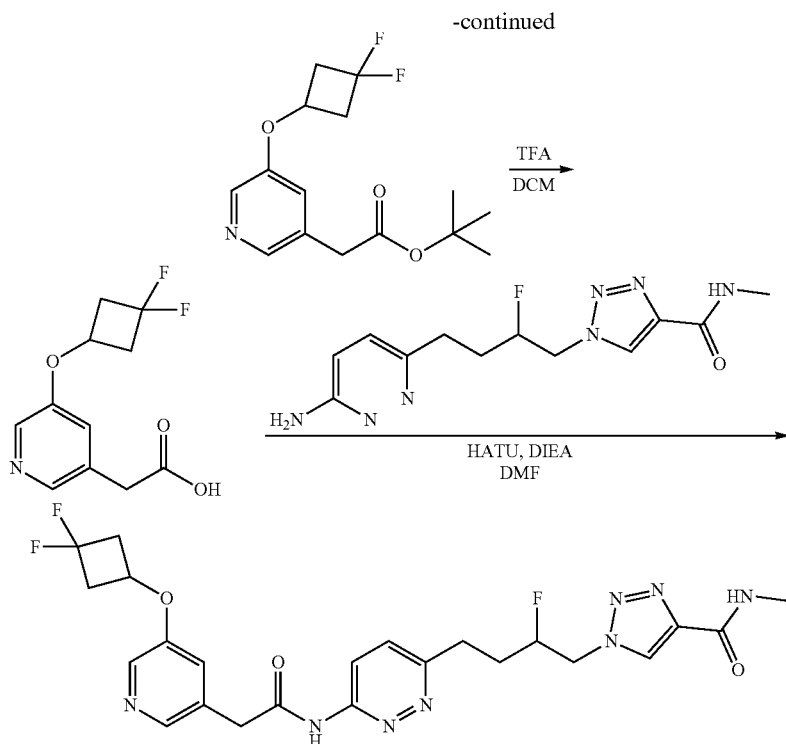
Step 4: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0351] A degassed suspension of 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (60 mg, 0.15 mmol), 2-(4-cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (52.3 mg, 0.163 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (17 mg, 0.015 mmol), Xantphos (17 mg, 0.030 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (145 mg, 0.445 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (2 ml) was stirred at 90° C. for 16 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (34 mg, 38% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₇FN₈O₃ requires: 482, found: 483 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (MeOH-d₄) δ 8.58 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 8.39-8.33 (m, 2H), 7.65 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=7.0 Hz, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.13-4.68 (m, 6H), 3.19-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.92 (s, 3H), 2.64-2.56 (m, 2H), 2.33-1.77 (m, 6H).

Example 245: 1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0352]





Step 1:
3-bromo-5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridine
2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0353] To a solution of 5-bromopyridin-3-ol (174 mg, 1.00 mmol) in THF (5 ml) were added diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (0.389 ml, 2.00 mmol), triphenylphosphine (525 mg, 2.00 mmol) and 3,3-difluorocyclobutanol (130 mg, 1.20 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 2 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=30-70%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a yellow liquid (105 mg, 28%). MS (ES⁺) C₉H₈BrF₂NO requires: 263, found: 264 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl 2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)
pyridin-3-yl)acetate 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0354] A degassed solution of 3-bromo-5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridine 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (100 mg, 0.264 mmol), (2-(tert-butoxy)-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) chloride in Et₂O (0.5 M, 2.12 ml, 1.06 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (12 mg, 0.013 mmol) and X-Phos (6.3 mg, 0.013 mmol) in THF (2 ml) was stirred at 70° C. for 1 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give title compound as a white solid (76 mg, 69%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₉F₂NO₃ requires: 299, found: 300 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3:
2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetic
Acid

[0355] A solution of tert-butyl 2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetate 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (75 mg, 0.18

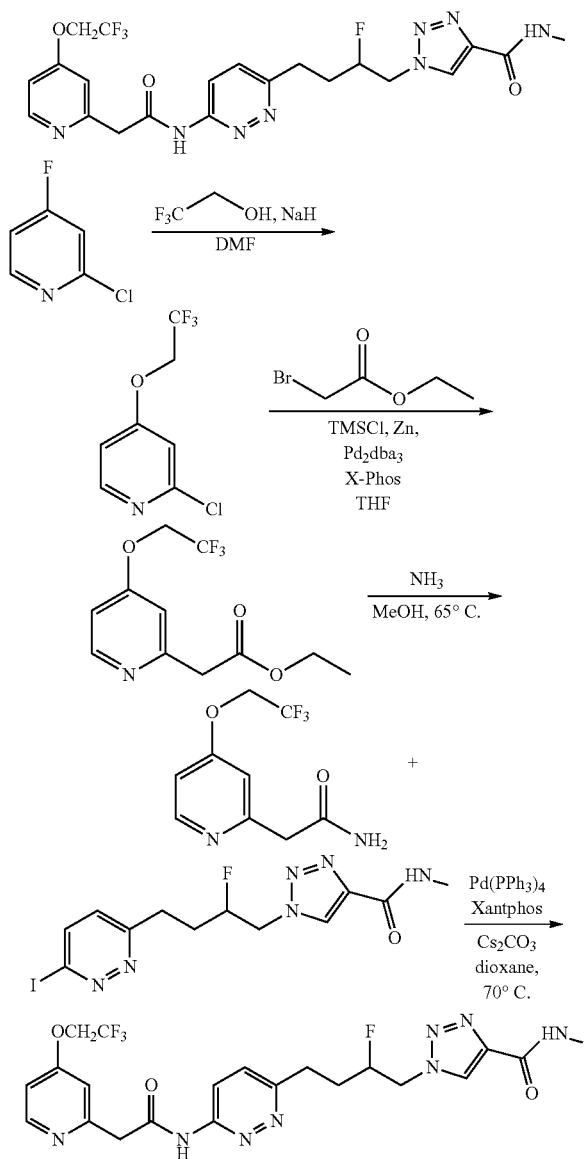
mmol) in TFA (1 ml) and DCM (1 ml) was stirred at 20° C. for 2 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was freeze dried to give the title compound as a white solid (65 mg, 100% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₁F₂NO₃ requires: 243, found: 244 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-
N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-
trifluoroacetate

[0356] To a solution of 2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetic acid (17.5 mg, 0.072 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml) were added HATU (18.7 mg, 0.049 mmol), DIEA (8.6 µl, 0.049 mmol) and 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (20 mg, 0.049 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 20° C. for 3 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (11 mg, 35%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₅F₃N₈O₃ requires: 518, found: 519 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 11.35 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 8.22-8.18 (m, 3H), 7.61 (d, J=9.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.69 (m, 3H), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.28-3.18 (m, 2H), 3.07-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.78-2.68 (m, 5H), 2.20-1.93 (m, 2H).

Example 262: 1-(2-Fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0357]



Step 1: 2-chloro-4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridine

[0358] To a solution of 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (0.72 ml, 9.8 mmol) in DMF (38 ml) was added NaH (60% in mineral oil, 0.39 g, 9.8 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 5 min. 2-Chloro-4-fluoropyridine (0.68 ml, 7.6 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred for 18 h. Additional NaH (60% in mineral oil, 0.39 g, 9.8 mmol) and 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (0.72 ml, 9.8 mmol) were added. After 1 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and water (30 mL) and extracted with DCM (3×20 mL). The solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concen-

trated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc with 20% MeOH in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (1.1 g, 72%). MS (ES⁺) C₇H₅ClF₃NO requires: 211, found: 212 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: Ethyl

2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0359] Preparation of (2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) bromide reagent: To a suspension of Zn (1.2 g, 18 mmol) in THF (4.5 ml) was added chlorotrimethylsilane (0.11 ml, 0.89 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 15 min. Ethyl 2-bromoacetate (0.99 ml, 8.9 mmol) in THF (13 ml) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred at 30° C. for 30 min. The light green mixture was taken up in a syringe and filtered using a 0.45 μm syringe filter (PTFE) to provide (2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) bromide as a ~0.5 M solution in THF.

[0360] Reaction: A solution of 2-chloro-4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridine (200 mg, 0.94 mmol), X-Phos (33 mg, 0.05 mmol) and Pd₂(dba)₃ (21 mg, 0.024 mmol) in THF (6.3 mL) was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for 5 min. (2-Ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) bromide in THF (~0.5 M, 5.6 mL, 2.8 mmol) was added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for 10 min. The mixture was stirred for 1 h, then diluted with EtOAc (5 mL) and treated with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (5 mL). Layers were separated, the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×5 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 30% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (249 mg, 99%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₂F₃NO₃ requires: 263, found: 264 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3:

2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

[0361] To ethyl 2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (249 mg, 0.94 mmol) was added ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 2.0 mL, 14 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 65° C. for 18 h, then allowed to cool to RT and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white powder (192 mg, 58%). MS (ES⁺) C₉H₉F₃N₂O₂ requires: 234.0, found: 256.2 [M+Na]⁺.

Step 4: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0362] A solution of 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (23 mg, 0.057 mmol), 2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (30 mg, 0.086 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (75 mg, 0.23 mmol) and Xantphos (13 mg, 0.023 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (0.57 mL) was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for 10 min. Pd(PPh₃)₄ (13 mg, 0.011 mmol) was added and the resulting solution was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for 10 min. The mixture was stirred at 70° C. for 18 h, then allowed to cool to RT, filtered through Celite®, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase:

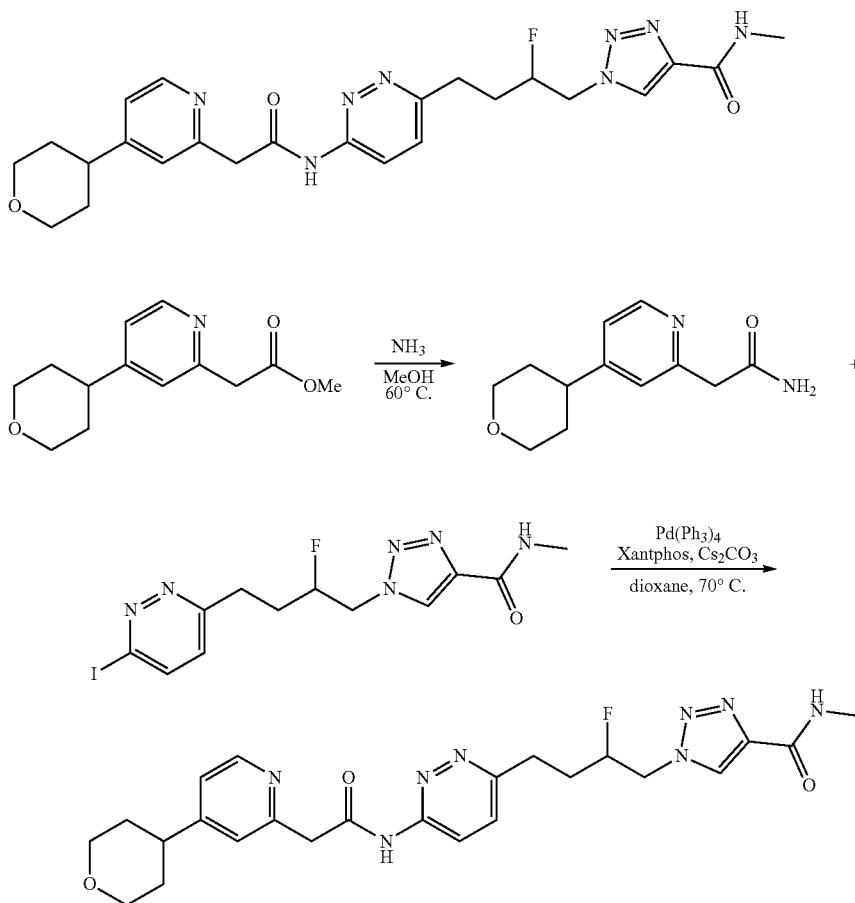
A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as an off-white solid (13.1 mg, 36%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₁H₂₂F₄N₈O₃ requires: 510, found: 511 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 11.45 (s, 1H), 8.66 (d, J=7.25 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.48 (q, J=3.86 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=9.65 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=9.21 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=5.25 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (q, J=9.88 Hz, 2H), 4.87-4.67 (m, 2H), 4.14, (2, 2H), 3.09-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.58 Hz, 3H), 2.22-2.06 (m, 1H), 2.06-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.13 (m, 1H).

Example 253: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0363]

Step 2: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide trifluoroacetate

[0365] A solution of 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (29 mg, 0.073 mmol), 2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (16 mg, 0.073 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (83 mg, 0.25 mmol) and Xantphos (17 mg, 0.029 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (726 μl) was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for 1 min, then Pd(Ph₃)₄ (17 mg, 0.015 mmol) was added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N₂ for 1 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at 70° C. for 3 d. The mixture was allowed to cool to RT, filtered through Celite® and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was



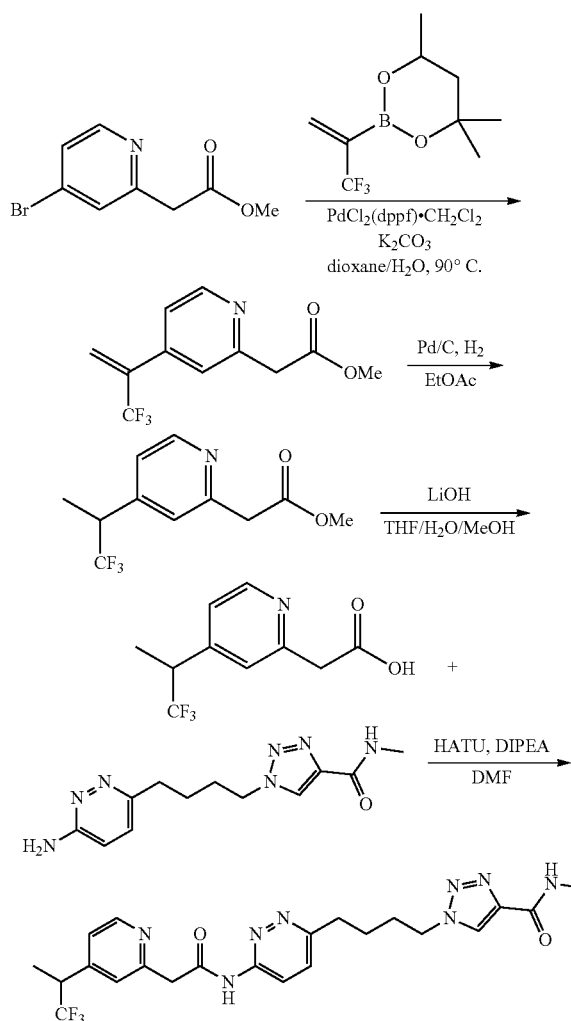
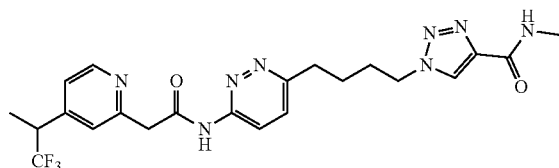
Step 1: 2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

[0364] A vial was charged with methyl 2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (100 mg, 0.425 mmol) and ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 607 μl, 4.25 mmol). The vial was sealed and heated at 60° C. for 12 h, then allowed to cool to RT and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (94 mg, 100%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₆N₂O₂ requires: 220, found: 221 [M+H]⁺.

purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as an off-white solid (5.3 mg, 12%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₄H₂₉FN₈O₃ requires: 496, found: 497 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, MeOH-d₄) δ 8.72 (d, J=6.1 Hz, 1H), 8.36-8.30 (m, 1H), 7.94 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dd, J=6.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.83-4.68 (m, 2H), 4.13-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.07 (m, 3H), 2.93 (s, 2H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 2.25-2.01 (m, 3H), 1.91-1.86 (m, 3H).

Example 258: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(1,1,1-trifluoropropan-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0366]



Step 1: methyl 2-(4-(3,3,3-trifluoroprop-1-en-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0367] A suspension of methyl 2-(4-bromopyridin-2-yl)acetate (300 mg, 1.30 mmol), 4,4,6-trimethyl-2-(3,3,3-trifluoroprop-1-en-2-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborinane (347 mg, 1.57 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (541 mg, 3.91 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (5.9 mL) and water (0.6 mL) was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 1 min. $PdCl_2(dppf) \cdot CH_2Cl_2$ (53 mg, 0.065 mmol) was

added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 1 min. The mixture was stirred at 90° C. for 2 h, then allowed to cool to RT, filtered through Celite® and partitioned between water (5 mL) and EtOAc (5 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×5 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (3 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 50% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (318 mg, 99%). MS (ES^+) $C_{11}H_{10}F_3NO_2$ requires: 245, found: 246 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: methyl 2-(4-(1,1,1-trifluoroprop-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0368] A reaction vessel was charged with methyl 2-(4-(3,3,3-trifluoroprop-1-en-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (100 mg, 0.408 mmol), 10% Pd/C (43 mg, 0.041 mmol) and EtOAc (4.1 mL) under an atmosphere of N_2 . The suspension was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 1 min, and purged with H_2 for 1 min. The reaction mixture was stirred under an atmosphere of H_2 at 1 atm for 4 h. The reaction mixture was purged with N_2 , filtered through Celite® and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (98 mg, 97%). MS (ES^+) $C_{11}H_{12}F_3NO_2$ requires: 247, found: 248 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 3: lithium 2-(4-(1,1,1-trifluoroprop-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

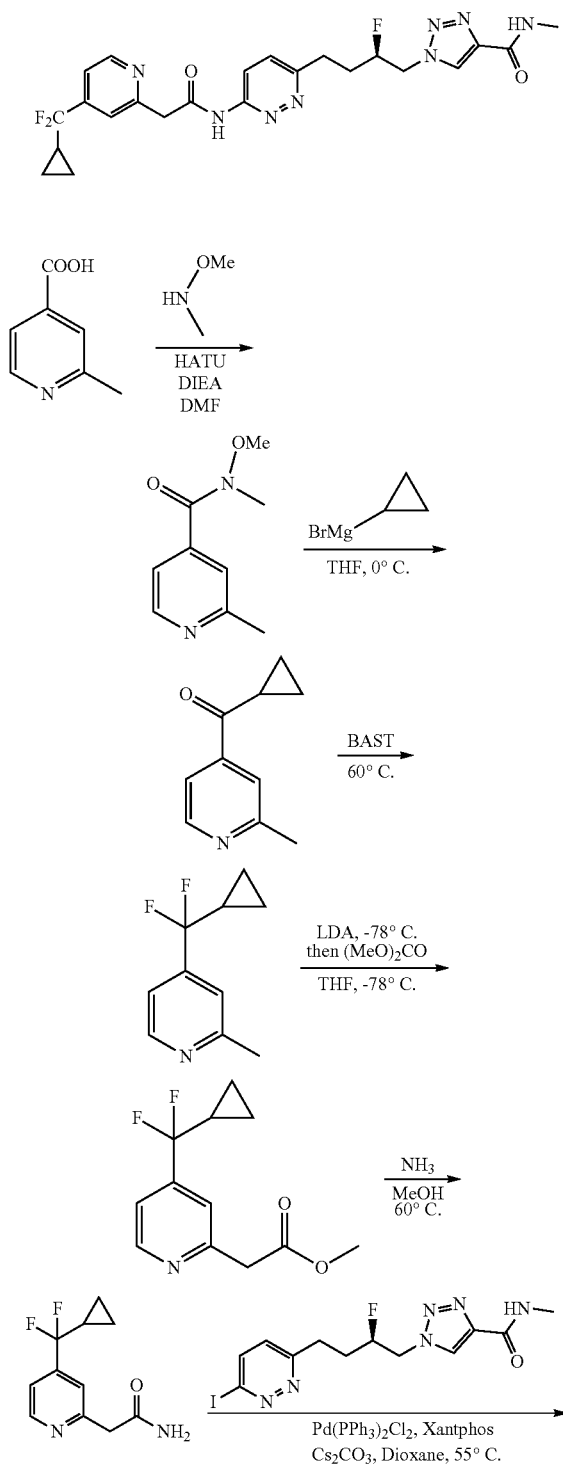
[0369] To a solution of methyl 2-(4-(1,1,1-trifluoroprop-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (24 mg, 0.097 mmol) in THF (0.69 mL), MeOH (0.14 mL) and water (0.14 mL) was added LiOH (5.8 mg, 0.24 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The mixture was filtered, washing with MeOH, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and dried by lyophilization to give the title compound as a white solid (23 mg, 100%). MS (ES^+) $C_{10}H_{10}F_3NO_2$ requires: 233, found: 234 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 4: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(1,1,1-trifluoroprop-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

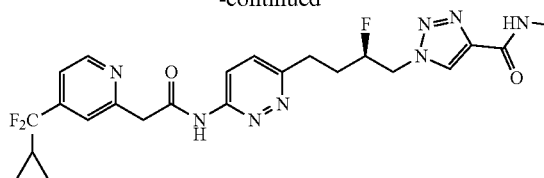
[0370] To a solution of 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (18 mg, 0.065 mmol) and lithium 2-(4-(1,1,1-trifluoroprop-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (13 mg, 0.054 mmol) in DMF (0.54 mL) at 0° C. were added TEA (0.023 mL, 0.16 mmol) and T3P® (50 wt. % in EtOAc, 0.048 mL, 0.082 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 1 h. The mixture was allowed to warm to RT and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/ H_2O , B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=20-50%; 16 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid (3.4 mg, 10%). MS (ES^+) $C_{22}H_{25}F_3N_8O_2$ requires: 490, found: 491 $[M+H]^+$. 1H NMR (600 MHz, $MeOH-d_4$) δ 8.70 (d, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.69 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (m, 1H), 2.99 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (s, 3H), 2.04-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.57 (m, 3H).

Example 267: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0371]



-continued



Step 1: N-methoxy-N,2-dimethylisonicotinamide

[0372] A mixture of 2-methylisonicotinic acid (4.0 g, 29 mmol), HATU (16.5 g, 1.14 mol) and DIEA (15.0 g, 116 mmol) in DMF (30 ml) was stirred at RT for 30 min, then N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.4 g, 35 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h, then diluted with water (100 ml) and extracted with 10:1 v:v DCM/MeOH (3×200 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (3×200 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a brown oil (4.0 g, 76%) MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₂N₂O₂ requires: 180, found: 181 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2:

cyclopropyl(2-methylpyridin-4-yl)methanone

[0373] To a solution of N-methoxy-N,2-dimethylisonicotinamide (3.8 g, 21 mmol) in THF (100 mL) at 0° C. was slowly added cyclopropylmagnesium bromide in THF (0.5 M, 63 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 2 h, then treated with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (20 mL), and the mixture was extracted with DCM (3×300 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 7% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow oil (2.3 g, 67%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₁NO requires: 161, found: 162 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3:

4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)-2-methylpyridine

[0374] A mixture of cyclopropyl(2-methylpyridin-4-yl)methanone (1.0 g, 6.2 mmol) and BAST (5.5 g, 25 mmol) was stirred at 60° C. for 8 h then added to ice water (30 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with DCM (3×50 mL), and the combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure to a black oil. The oil was purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/H₂O, B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a black oil (150 mg, 13%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₁F₂N requires: 183, found: 184 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: methyl 2-(4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0375] To a solution of 4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)-2-methylpyridine (100 mg, 0.55 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at -78° C. was slowly added LDA in THF (2.0 M, 2.75 mmol). The mixture was stirred at -78° C. for 30 min. Dimethyl carbonate (59 mg, 0.66 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at -78° C. for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with water at -78° C., allowed to warm to RT, and extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄,

filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound as a yellow oil (130 mg, 100%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₃F₂NO₂ requires: 241, found: 242 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: 2-(4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

[0376] A mixture of methyl 2-(4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (130 mg, 0.55 mmol) and ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 6 mL) was stirred at 60° C. for 16 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/H₂O, B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a yellow oil (33 mg, 27%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₂F₂N₂O requires: 226, found: 227 [M+H]⁺.

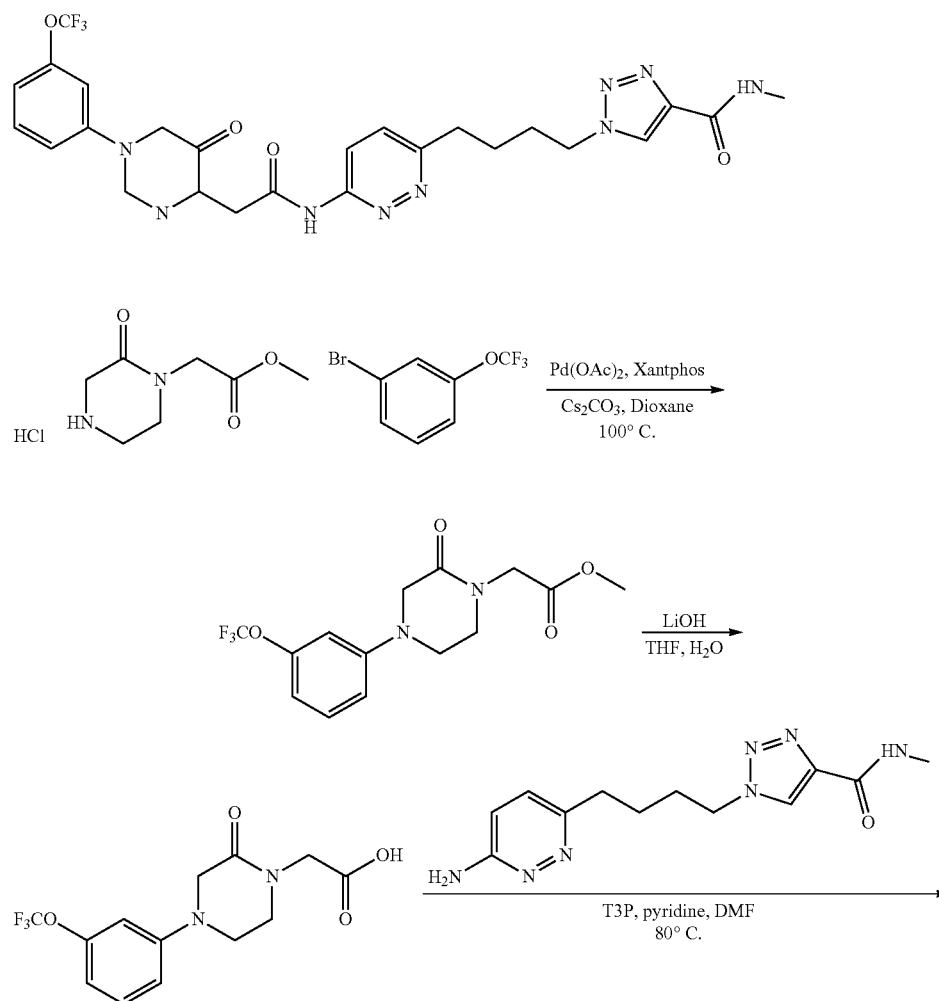
Step 6: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0377] A mixture of Pd(PPh₃)₄ (9.3 mg, 8.0 μmol), Xantphos (9.3 mg, 0.016 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (52 mg, 0.16 mmol), 2-(4-(cyclopropyldifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (20 mg, 0.088 mmol), and (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodo-

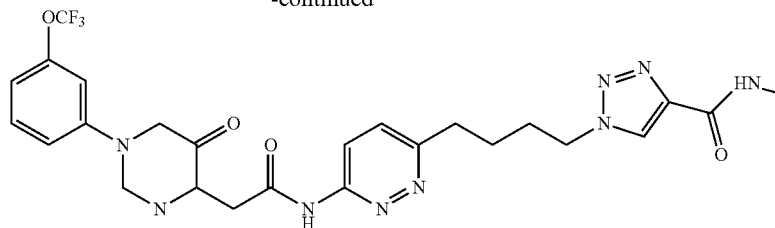
dopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (32 mg, 0.080 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (0.27 mL) was evacuated and back-filled with N₂ three times. The mixture was stirred at 55° C. for 12 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was partitioned between Et₂O (4 mL) and 1:1 v:v sat. aq. NH₄Cl/water (4 mL). The mixture was vortexed and precipitate was isolated by filtration, rinsing with Et₂O and water, and purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=20-60%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound (3.2 mg, 8% yield) as a off-white solid. MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₅F₃N₈O₂ requires: 502, found: 503 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 11.36 (s, 1H), 8.66 (d, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.47 (q, J=4.6, Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.47 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.76 (m, 2H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.03 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=5.7 Hz, 3H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 0.72 (m, 4H).

Example 227: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0378]



-continued



Step 1: methyl 2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetate

[0379] A degassed suspension of methyl 2-(2-oxopiperazin-1-yl)acetate hydrochloride (104 mg, 0.498 mmol), 1-bromo-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene (120 mg, 0.498 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (11 mg, 0.050 mmol), Xantphos (14 mg, 0.025 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (487 mg, 1.50 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (3 ml) was stirred at 100° C. for 3 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite®, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=30-70%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (66 mg, 50%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₄H₁₅F₃N₂O₄ requires: 332, found: 333 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetic Acid

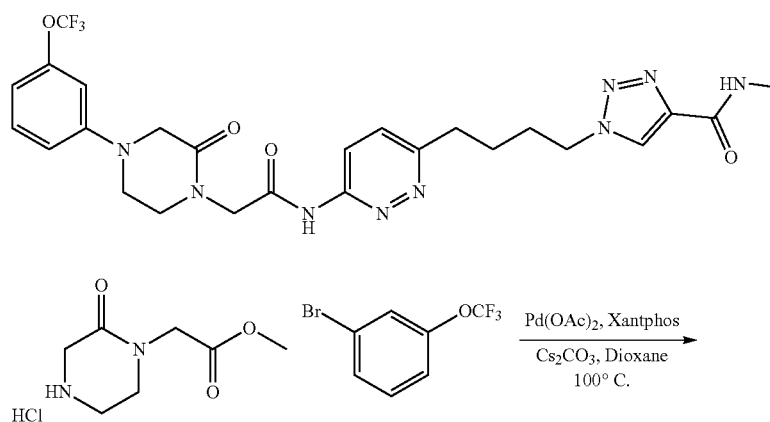
[0380] To a solution of methyl 2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetate (60 mg, 0.18 mmol) in THF (1 ml) and water (1 ml) was added LiOH (13 mg, 0.54 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=20-60%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (45 mg, 78%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₃F₃N₂O₄ requires: 318, found: 319 [M+H]⁺.

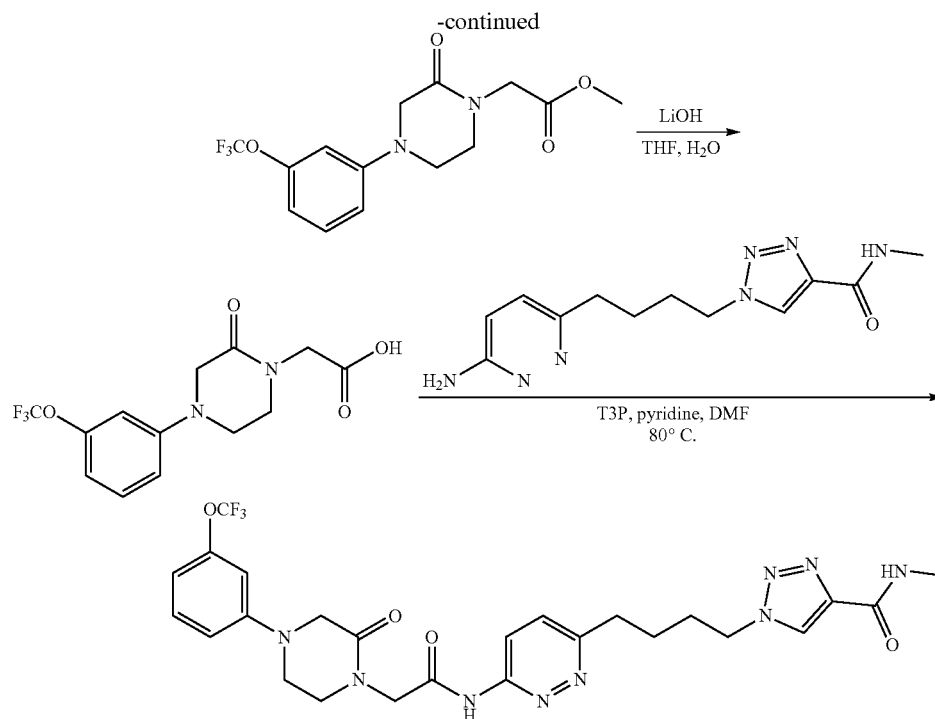
Step 3: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0381] A solution of 2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetic acid (16 mg, 0.051 mmol), 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (20 mg, 0.051 mmol), T3P® (50 wt. % in EtOAc, 163 mg, 0.257 mmol) and pyridine (0.021 ml, 0.26 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml) was stirred at 80° C. for 0.5 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=0-30%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (5 mg, 14%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₅H₂₈F₃N₉O₄ requires: 575, found: 576 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.23 (s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.43 (m, 1H), 8.20 (m, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (m, 1H), 6.98-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 6.74 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (s, 2H), 3.92 (s, 2H), 3.61-3.55 (m, 4H), 2.90 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 1.93-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.62 (m, 2H).

Example 228: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0382]





[0383] A degassed suspension of ethyl 2-(piperazin-1-yl)acetate (86 mg, 0.50 mmol), 1-bromo-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene (120 mg, 0.499 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (11 mg, 0.050 mmol), Xantphos (14 mg, 0.025 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (488 mg, 1.50 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (3 ml) was stirred at 100° C. for 3 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite®, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-50%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (108 mg, 65%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₉F₃N₂O₃ requires: 332, found: 333 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetic acid 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0384] To a solution of ethyl 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetate (100 mg, 0.301 mmol) in THF (1 ml) and water (1 ml) were added LiOH (14.4 mg, 0.602 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-50%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (89 mg, 71%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₅F₃N₂O₃ requires: 304, found: 305 [M+H]⁺.

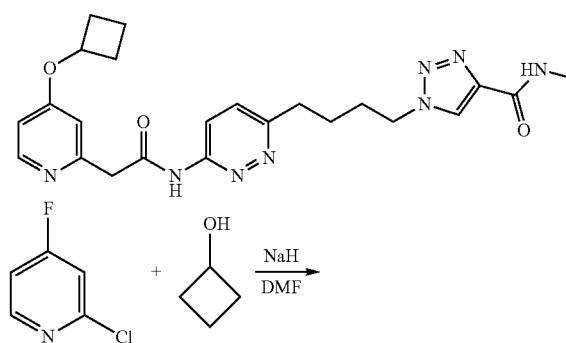
Step 3: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

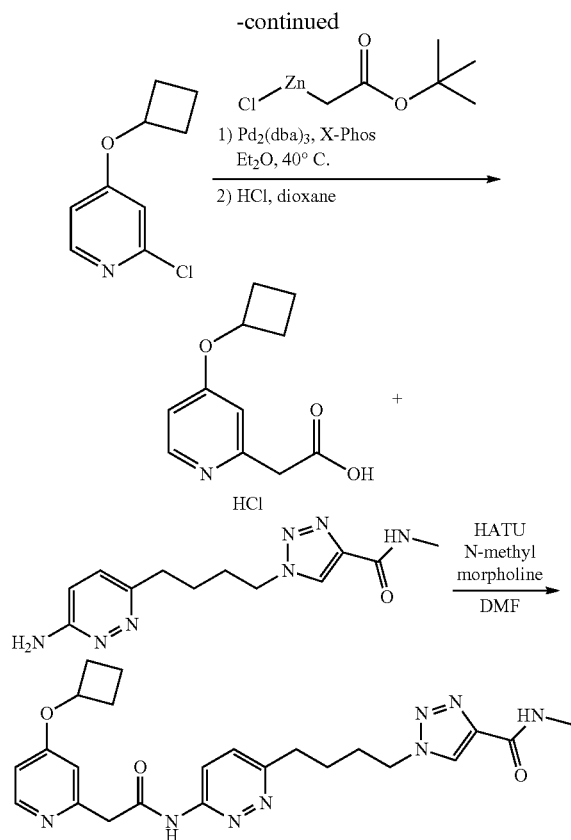
[0385] To a solution of 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetic acid (21 mg, 0.051 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml) were added HATU (21 mg, 0.057 mmol), 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-

carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (20 mg, 0.051 mmol) and DIEA (0.045 ml, 0.257 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 6 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-50%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (18 mg, 52%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₅H₃₀F₃N₉O₃ requires: 561, found: 562 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.71 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.42 (m, 1H), 8.21 (m, 1H), 7.64 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (appar t, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.80 (m, 1H), 4.45 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.35-4.34 (m, br, 2H), 3.99-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.69-3.62 (m, 2H), (3.34-3.21 (m, 4H), 2.91 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 1.93-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.62 (m, 2H).

Example 233: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0386]





Step 1: 2-chloro-4-cyclobutoxypyridine

[0387] To a suspension of NaH (60% in mineral oil, 0.395 g, 9.88 mmol) in DMF (38.0 ml) at 0° C. was added cyclobutanol (0.655 ml, 8.36 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 15 min. 2-chloro-4-fluoropyridine (0.687 ml, 7.60 mmol) was then added at 0° C. and the mixture was allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (20 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO_3 (20 mL) was added, and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2×20 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (1.3 g, 93% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{ClNO}$ requires: 183, found: 184 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl 2-(4-(cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0388] A vial was charged with 2-chloro-4-cyclobutoxypyridine (0.50 g, 2.7 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (0.125 g, 0.136 mmol), and X-Phos (0.065 g, 0.14 mmol). (2-(Tert-butoxy)-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) chloride in Et_2O (0.5 M, 12 ml, 6.0 mmol) was then added and the resulting mixture degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 5 min. The mixture was heated at 40° C. for 1 h, then adsorbed onto silica gel and purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 10% MeOH in DCM with 1% NH_4OH) to give the title compound as a yellow oil (354 mg, 49%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_3$ requires: 263, found: 264 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 2-(4-(cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetic Acid Hydrochloride

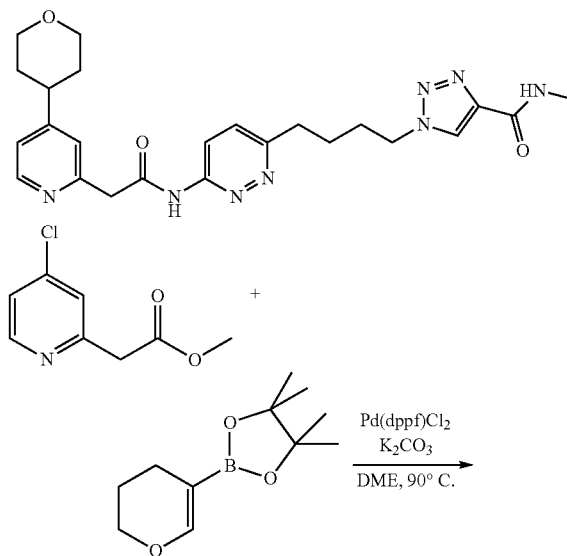
[0389] HCl in 1,4-dioxane (4.0 M, 0.665 mL, 2.66 mmol) was added to tert-butyl 2-(4-(cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetate (70 mg, 0.27 mmol) at 0° C. The resulting yellow solution was stirred at RT for 2 h. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure, azeotroping with heptanes, to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (62 mg, 96%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3$ requires: 207, found: 208 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

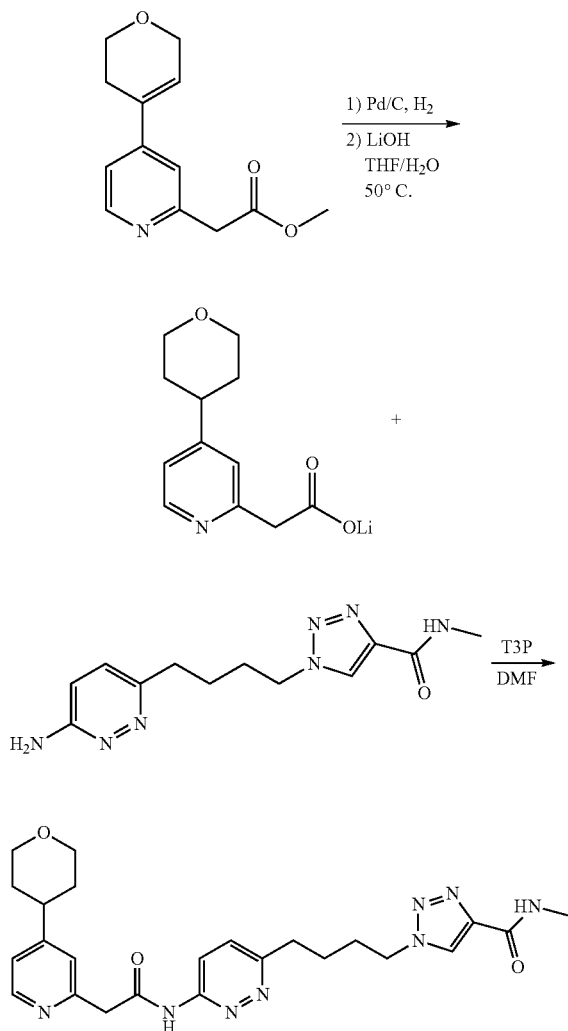
[0390] To a suspension of 2-(4-(cyclobutoxypyridin-2-yl)acetic acid hydrochloride (62 mg, 0.25 mmol), HATU (97 mg, 0.25 mmol), and 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (76 mg, 0.20 mmol) in DMF (0.98 mL) was added 4-methylmorpholine (0.108 mL, 0.979 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The mixture was diluted with MeOH and purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/ H_2O , B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-90%; 16 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (23 mg, 23% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_8\text{O}_3$ requires: 464, found: 465 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{MeOH}-d_4$) δ 8.58 (d, $J=6.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.44 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J=2.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, $J=7.0, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 5.08 (m, 1H), 4.50 (t, $J=6.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.03-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.91 (s, 3H), 2.66-2.53 (m, 3H), 2.34-2.21 (m, 3H), 2.03-1.90 (m, 3H), 1.87-1.71 (m, 3H).

Example 208: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0391]



-continued



Step 1: methyl 2-(4-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0392] A suspension of methyl 2-(4-chloropyridin-2-yl)acetate (300 mg, 1.62 mmol), 2-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (407 mg, 1.94 mmol) and $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{dppf})\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (132 mg, 0.162 mmol) in DME (3 mL) was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 5 min. Aq. K_2CO_3 (2.0 M, 2.42 mL, 4.85 mmol) was added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for an additional 5 min. The mixture was heated to 90°C . and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (10 mL) and water (10 mL) and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) and the combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 10% MeOH in DCM with 1% NH_4OH) to give the title compound as a brown liquid (154 mg, 41% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_3$ requires: 233, found: 234 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: methyl 2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0393] A reaction vessel was charged with methyl 2-(4-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (150 mg, 0.643 mmol), 10% palladium on carbon (68 mg, 0.064 mmol) and EtOAc (6.4 mL) under an atmosphere of N_2 . The suspension was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 5 min and purged with H_2 for 5 min. The mixture was stirred under an atmosphere of H_2 at 1 atm for 2 h. The reaction mixture was purged with N_2 , filtered through Celite®, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a clear liquid (148 mg, 98%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_3$ requires: 235, found: 236 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: lithium 2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

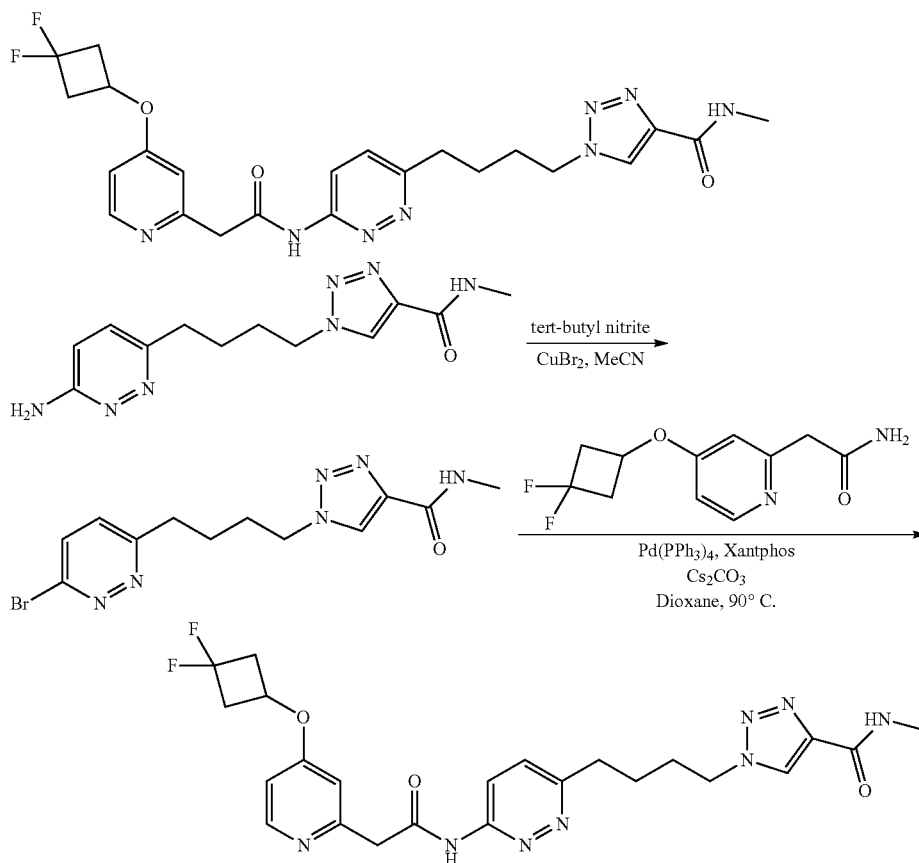
[0394] To a solution of methyl 2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (140 mg, 0.595 mmol) in THF (2.4 mL) and MeOH (0.60 mL) was added aq. LiOH (2.0 M, 0.595 mL, 1.19 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 50°C . for 1 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/ H_2O , B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=0-30%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a pale yellow residue (96 mg, 48% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_3$ requires: 221, found: 222 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0395] To a solution of 2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetic acid 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (36 mg, 0.11 mmol) and 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (30 mg, 0.11 mmol) in DMF (0.22 mL) was added T3P® (50 wt. % in EtOAc, 347 mg, 0.545 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/ H_2O , B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-60%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as an orange solid (19 mg, 32% yield) after neutralizing residual TFA with an Agilent StratoSpheres® PL- HCO_3 MP resin column (19 mg, 32% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_8\text{O}_3$ requires: 478, found: 479 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 11.28 (s, 1H), 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.46-8.38 (m, 2H), 8.22 (d, $J=9.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J=9.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.20 (dd, $J=5.3$ Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.99-3.91 (m, 4H), 3.44 (td, $J=11.5$ Hz, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 2.91-2.74 (m, 6H), 1.94-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.62 (m, 6H).

Example 261: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0396]



Step 1: 1-(4-(6-bromopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

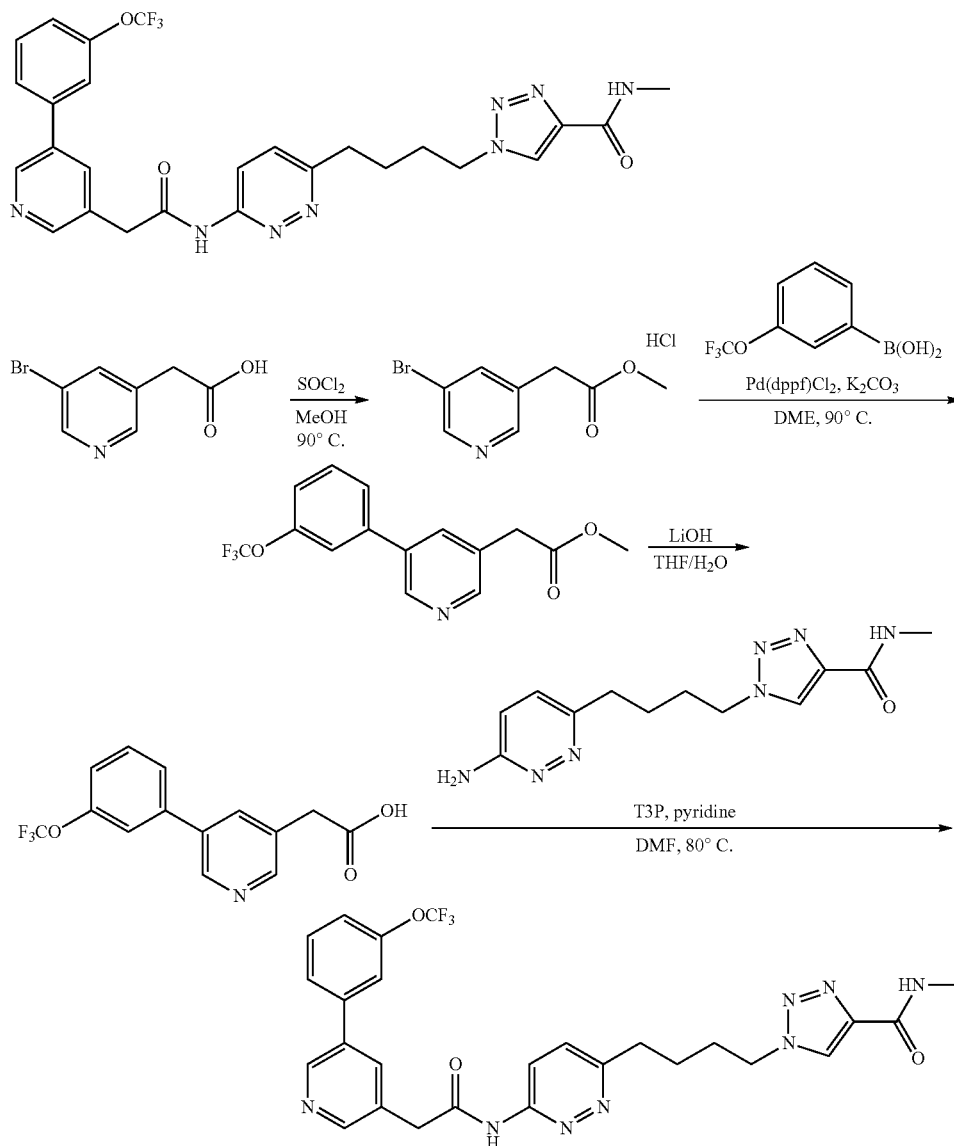
Step 2: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0397] To a solution of copper (II) bromide (1850 mg, 8.27 mmol) in ACN (35 mL) at 0-5° C. was added dropwise tert-butyl nitrite (0.540 mL, 4.54 mmol) over 1 min. The dark mixture was stirred at 0-5° C. for 5 min, then 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (1020 mg, 3.70 mmol) was added all at once. The mixture was stirred at 0-5° C. for 5 min then RT for 90 h. To the mixture was added 10 mL of a 10% aq. NH₄Cl solution. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (50 mL) and water (50 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a yellow-orange solid. The solid was triturated in hot MeOH (5 mL), and the mixture was then chilled in a freezer at -RT for 15 min. Precipitate was isolated by filtration, rinsing well with freezer-chilled MeOH and dried by sucking air through to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (76.1 mg, 6%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₅BrN₆O requires: 338/340, found: 361/363 (M+Na)⁺.

[0398] A degassed solution of 2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (30 mg, 0.084 mmol), 1-(4-(6-bromopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (28 mg, 0.084 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (9.73 mg, 8.42 μmol), Xantphos (9.8 mg, 0.017 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (82 mg, 0.25 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL) was stirred at 90° C. for 16 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (10 mg, 19%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₆F₂N₈O₃ requires: 500, found: 501 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, MeOH-d₄) δ 8.66 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, J=6.7 Hz, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.09 (m, 1H), 4.50 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.35-3.26 (m, 2H), 2.99 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.95-2.86 (m, 5H), 2.03-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.73 (m, 2H).

Example 188: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0399]



Step 1: methyl 2-(5-bromopyridin-3-yl)acetate Hydrochloride

Step 2: methyl 2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetate

[0400] To a solution of 2-(5-bromopyridin-3-yl)acetic acid (216 mg, 1.00 mmol) in MeOH (5 ml) was added thionyl chloride (0.219 ml, 3.00 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 90° C. for 2 h. The volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was lyophilized to give the title compound as a white solid (266 mg, 100%). MS (ES⁺) C₈H₈BrNO₂ requires: 230, found: 231 [M+H]⁺.

[0401] A degassed solution of methyl 2-(5-bromopyridin-3-yl)acetate hydrochloride (80 mg, 0.30 mmol), (3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)boronic acid (74.2 mg, 0.360 mmol), PdCl₂(dppf)-CH₂Cl₂ (12 mg, 0.015 mmol) and aq. K₂CO₃ (2.0 M, 0.450 ml, 0.900 mmol) in DME (3 ml) was stirred at 90° C. for 1 h. Water (10 mL) was added, and the layers were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was puri-

fied by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 50% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (82 mg, 88%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₂F₃NO₃ requires: 311, found: 312 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetic Acid

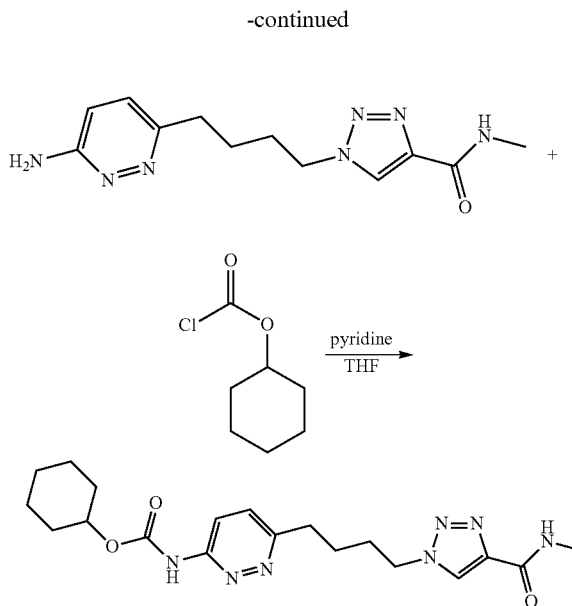
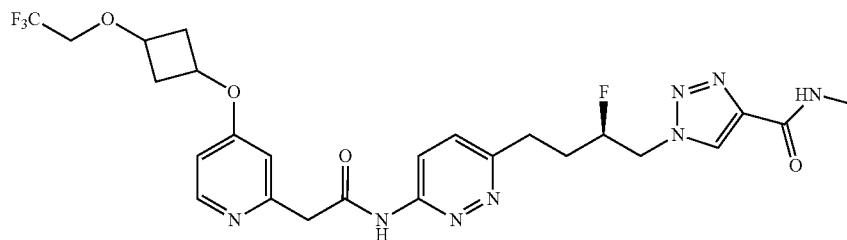
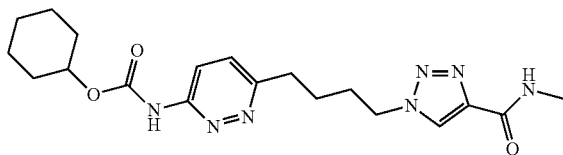
[0402] To a solution of methyl 2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetate (80 mg, 0.26 mmol) in THF (1 ml) and water (1 ml) were added LiOH (12.3 mg, 0.514 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water (3 ml) was added and the solution was acidified with 10% w/v aq. citric acid to pH 3. Precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (58 mg, 76%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₄H₁₀F₃NO₃ requires: 297, found: 298 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0403] A solution of 2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetic acid (15 mg, 0.052 mmol), 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate (20 mg, 0.051 mmol), T3P® (50 wt. % in EtOAc, 165 mg, 0.260 mmol) and pyridine (0.021 mL, 0.26 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml) was stirred at 80° C. for 0.5 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-50%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (18 mg, 52%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₆H₂₅F₃N₈O₃ requires: 554, found: 555 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.39 (s, 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.46-8.41 (m, 1H), 8.23-8.18 (m, 2H), 7.81 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.67 (t, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 2.89 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.8 Hz, 3H), 1.93-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.60 (m, 2H).

Example 243: cyclohexyl (6-(4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)pyridazin-3-yl)carbamate

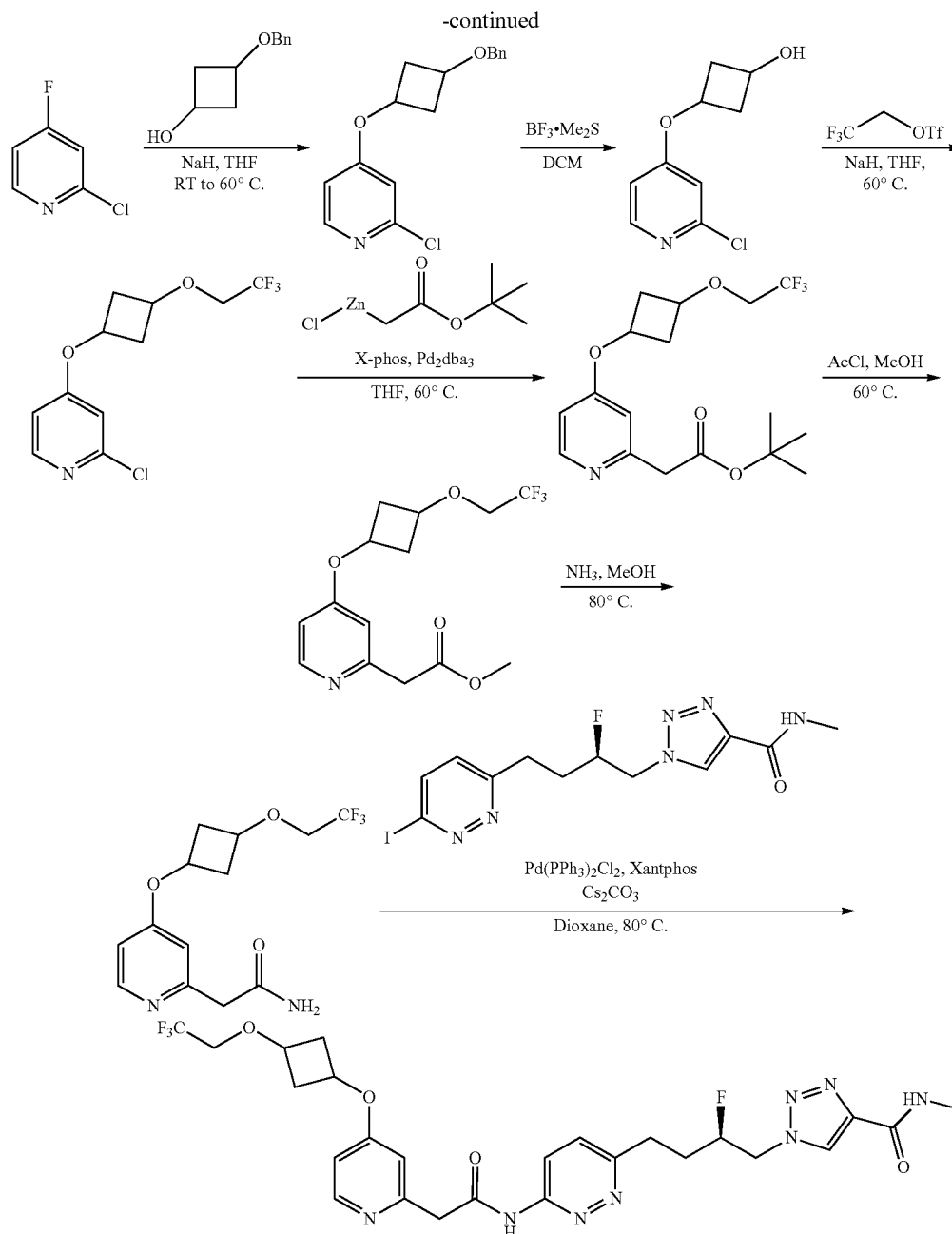
[0404]



[0405] To a solution of 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (30.0 mg, 0.109 mmol) and pyridine (0.013 mL, 0.16 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was added cyclohexyl carbonochloridate (21 mg, 0.13 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=20-60%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (7 mg, 16% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₉H₂₇N₇O₃ requires: 401, found 402 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.55 (s, 1H), 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.42 (appar br s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.72-4.63 (m, 1H), 4.44 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.86 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (d, J=4.6 Hz, 3H), 1.92-1.82 (m, 4H), 1.76-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.19 (m, 6H).

Example 269: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0406]



[0407] To a suspension of NaH (60% in mineral oil, 168 mg, 4.21 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added 3-(benzyloxy)cyclobutanol (500 mg, 2.81 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 10 min. 2-chloro-4-fluoropyridine (369 mg, 2.81 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 2 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to RT, then diluted with EtOAc (20 mL), treated with sat. aq. NH_4Cl (20 mL), and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×15 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over MgSO_4 ,

filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 40% EtOAc in hexanes) to give 4-(3-(benzyloxy)cyclobutoxy)-2-chloropyridine as a colorless liquid (585 mg, 72%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClNO}_2$ requires: 289, found: 290 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: 3-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)oxy)cyclobutanol

[0408] To a solution of 4-(3-(benzyloxy)cyclobutoxy)-2-chloropyridine (585 mg, 2.02 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added $\text{BF}_3\cdot\text{Me}_2\text{S}$ (525 mg, 4.04 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between

EtOAc (50 mL) and sat. aq. NaHCO_3 (50 mL), and the layers were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×30 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl , dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 5% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (370 mg, 92%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{ClNO}_2$ requires: 199, found: 200 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 2-chloro-4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridine

[0409] To a suspension of NaH (60% in mineral oil, 44.5 mg, 1.85 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added 3-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)oxy)cyclobutanol (370 mg, 1.85 mmol). After bubbling subsided, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (1.29 g, 5.56 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 5 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), sat. aq. NH_4Cl (30 mL) was added, and the layers were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×20 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl , dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 30% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (195 mg, 37%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClF}_3\text{NO}_2$ requires: 281, found: 282 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: tert-butyl 2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0410] A degassed mixture of 2-chloro-4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridine (195 mg, 0.692 mmol), (2-(tert-butoxy)-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) chloride in THF (0.5 M, 2.77 mL, 1.38 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (31.7 mg, 0.0350 mmol) and X-Phos (16.5 mg, 0.0350 mmol) was stirred at 60° C. for 0.5 h. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (20 mL). Sat. aq. NH_4Cl (20 mL) was added, and the layers were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×10 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl , dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 40% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (173 mg, 69%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_4$ requires: 361, found: 306 $[\text{M}-\text{t}(\text{Bu})+2\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: methyl 2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0411] To a solution of tert-butyl 2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (172 mg, 0.476 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) were added acetyl chloride (0.338 mL, 4.76 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 3 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The reaction mixture was taken up in EtOAc (20 mL) and washed with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 (20 mL). The organic layer was further washed with sat. aq. NaCl (10 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (150 mg, 99%), which was used in the next step without further purification. MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_4$ requires: 319, found: 320 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 6: 2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

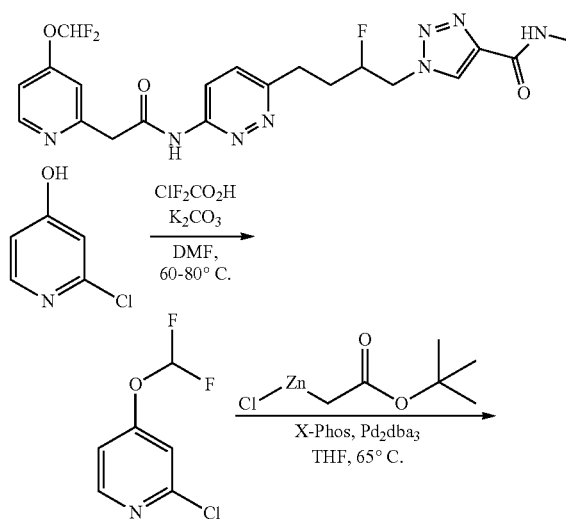
[0412] A mixture of methyl 2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (150 mg, 0.470 mmol) and ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 2.01 mL, 14.1 mmol) was heated in a sealed tube at 80° C. for 16 h then concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow solid (140 mg, 98%), which was used without further purification. MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{15}\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ requires: 304, found: 305 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

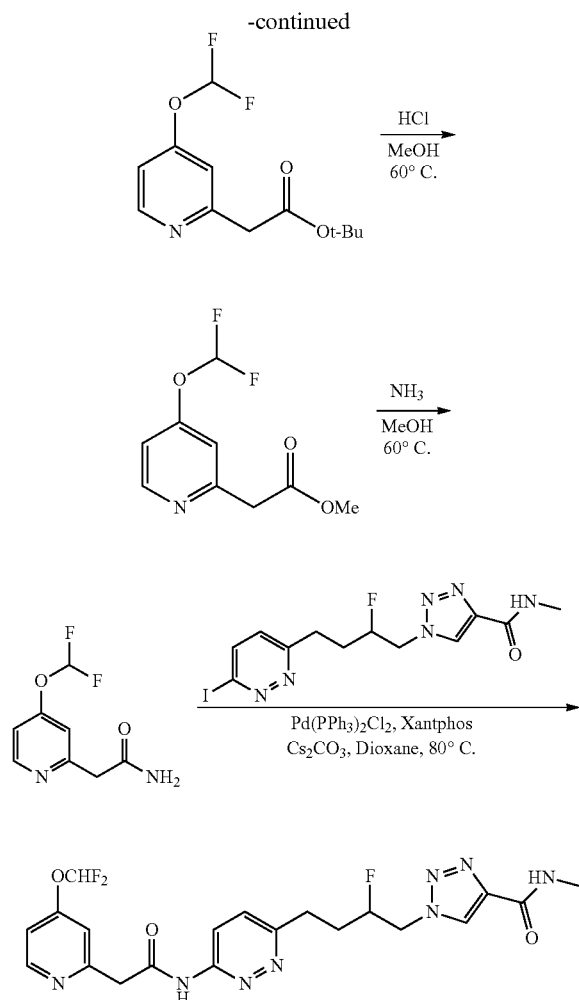
Step 7: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0413] A degassed solution of 2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (22.6 mg, 0.0740 mmol), (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (30 mg, 0.074 mmol), $(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{PdCl}_2$ (5.21 mg, 7.42 μmol), Xantphos (8.59 mg, 0.0150 mmol) and Cs_2CO_3 (48.4 mg, 0.148 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL) was stirred at 80° C. for 16 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/ H_2O , B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (10 mg, 19%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{28}\text{F}_4\text{N}_8\text{O}_4$ requires: 580, found: 581 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, $\text{MeOH}-d_4$) δ 8.60 (d, $J=7.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.37-8.32 (m, 2H), 7.64 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, $J=2.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (m, 1H), 4.98 (m, 1H), 4.82-4.69 (m, 2H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 3.91 (q, $J=8.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.18-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.92 (s, 3H), 2.71-2.65 (m, 2H), 2.62-2.56 (m, 2H), 2.23-2.02 (m, 2H).

Example 274: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0414]





Step 1: 2-chloro-4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridine

[0415] To a solution of 2-chloropyridin-4-ol (1.0 g, 7.7 mmol) in DMF (8 ml) were added K_2CO_3 (4.6 g, 33 mmol) and 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroacetic acid (1.0 ml, 10 mmol) (note: exothermic!) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h, then stirred at 80° C. for 2 h. An additional amount of 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroacetic acid (2.0 ml, 20 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred for 16 h at 60° C. then for 30 min at 80° C. The mixture was allowed to cool, filtered, and the filtrate partitioned between EtOAc and water. The organic layer was washed twice with water, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (50% to 100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid (157 mg, 11% yield). MS (ES⁺) $C_6H_4ClF_2NO$ requires: 179, found: 180 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl 2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0416] A degassed solution of 2-chloro-4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridine (300 mg, 1.67 mmol), (2-(tert-butoxy)-2-oxoethyl)zinc(II) chloride in Et₂O (0.5 M, 8.35 ml, 4.18

mmol), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (153 mg, 0.167 mmol), and X-Phos (40 mg, 0.084 mmol) in THF (3 ml) was stirred at 65° C. for 2 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and water (50 mL) was added to the residue. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×25 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=30-70%; 16 min; Column: C18) to afford the title compound as a white solid (19 mg, 3% yield). MS (ES⁺) $C_{12}H_{15}F_2NO_3$ requires: 259, found: 204 [M-(t-Bu)+2H]⁺.

Step 3: methyl

2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0417] To a solution of tert-butyl 2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (20 mg, 0.077 mmol) in MeOH (2.00 ml, 49.4 mmol) was added acetyl chloride (0.055 ml, 0.77 mmol) dropwise over 5 min. The resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 4 h and was then concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow liquid (16 mg, 96%). MS (ES⁺) $C_9H_9F_2NO_3$ requires: 217, found 218 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4:

2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide

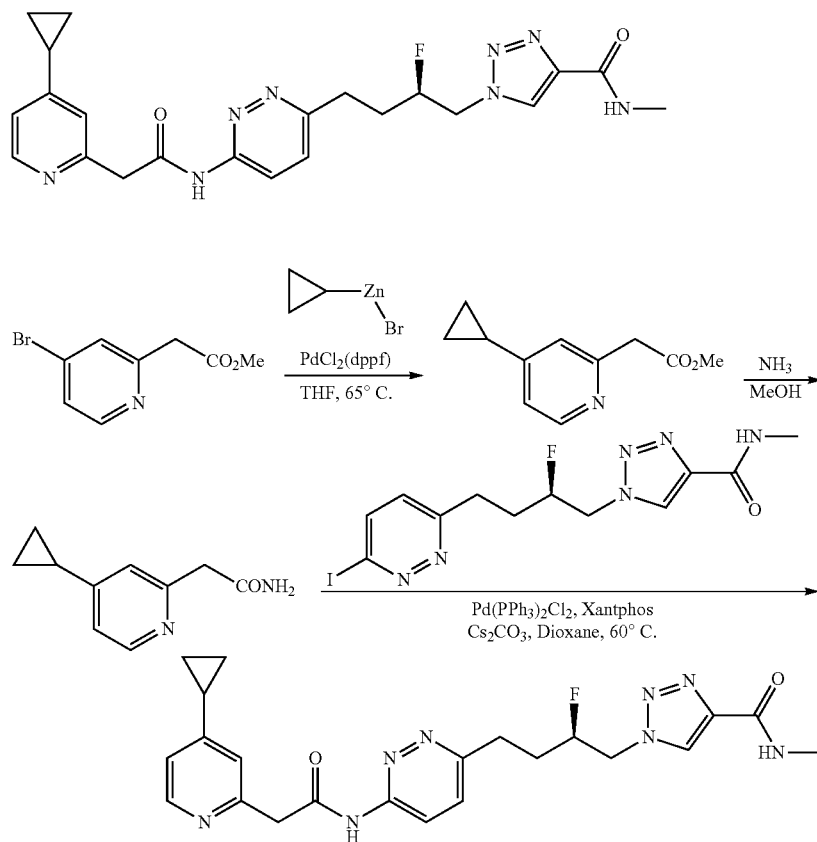
[0418] Methyl 2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (16 mg, 0.074 mmol) was treated with ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 1.0 ml, 7.0 mmol), and the reaction mixture was sealed in a reaction vessel and stirred at 60° C. for 16 h. The mixture was allowed to cool, then concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow solid (12 mg, 81% yield). MS (ES⁺) $C_8H_8F_2N_2O_2$ requires: 202, found: 203 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl) acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl- 1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0419] A suspension of 1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (24 mg, 0.059 mmol), 2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide (11 mg, 0.054 mmol), Xantphos (6.0 mg, 0.010 mmol), $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (6.0 mg, 0.0052 mmol) and Cs_2CO_3 (56 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 ml) was degassed by bubbling through N_2 for 5 min. The reaction mixture was heated to 80° C. and stirred for 5 h, then stirred at RT for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, dissolved in DMSO, filtered and the filtrate directly purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-40%; 20 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a yellow solid. MS (ES⁺) $C_{20}H_{21}F_3N_8O_3$ requires: 478, found: 479 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.35 (s, 1H), 8.55 (d, J=5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.47 (m, 1H), 8.22 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J=73 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.86-4.69 (m, 2H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.13-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.21-1.96 (m, 2H).

Example 275: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0420]



Step 1: methyl 2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0421] A degassed solution of methyl 2-(4-bromopyridin-2-yl)acetate (500 mg, 2.17 mmol), cyclopropylzinc(II) bromide in THF (0.5 M, 2.17 mL, 10.9 mmol) and $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{dppf})\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (89 mg, 0.11 mmol) was stirred at 65° C. for 3 h. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc and washed with sat. aq. NH_4Cl . The organic layer was separated, dried over MgSO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound, which was used without further purification. MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_2$ requires: 191, found: 192 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: 2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetamide

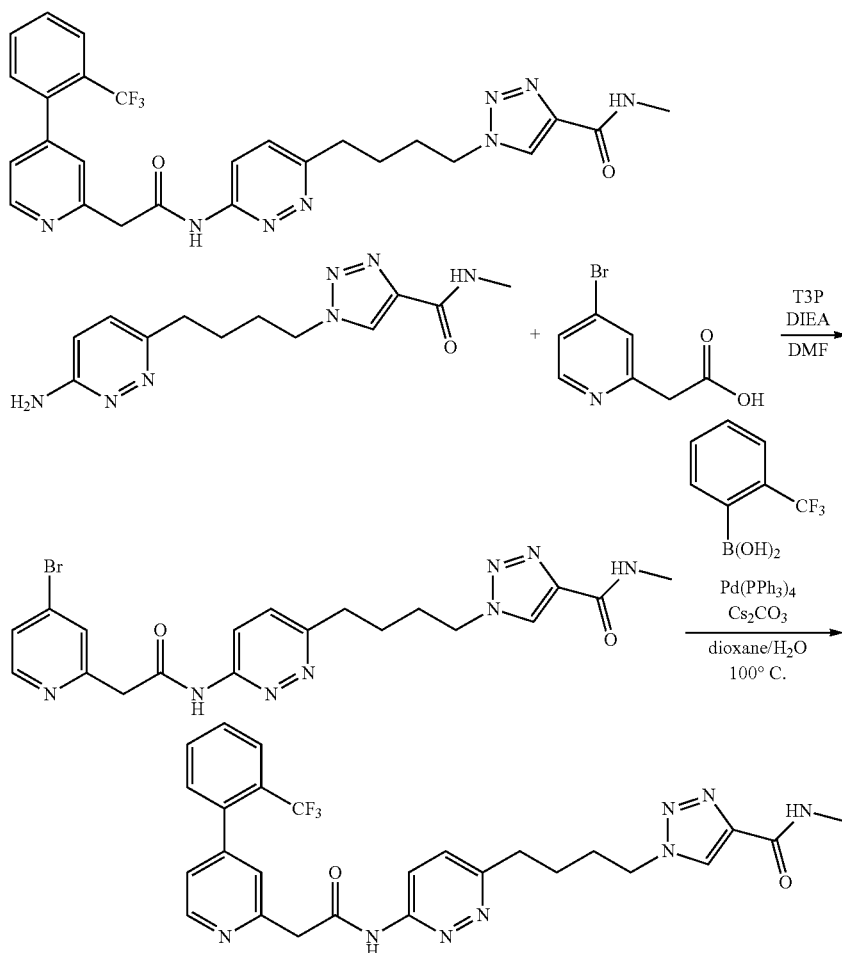
[0422] To a solution of methyl 2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetate (415 mg, 2.17 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) was added ammonia in MeOH (7 M, 12.4 mL, 86.8 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2 d. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (0% to 20% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a tan liquid (250 mg, 65% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}$ requires: 176, found: 177 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0423] A vial was charged with 2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetamide (21.8 mg, 0.124 mmol), (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-iodopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (50 mg, 0.12 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (81.0 mg, 0.247 mmol), $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (11.7 mg, 0.0120 mmol), Xantphos (14.3 mg, 0.0250 mmol), and 1,4-dioxane (1.24 mL). The mixture was evacuated and back-filled with N_2 three times then stirred at 60° C. for 16 h. The mixture was diluted with sat. aq. NH_4Cl and extracted with DCM. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/ H_2O , B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-30%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as an off-white solid (9.0 mg, 16% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{25}\text{FN}_8\text{O}_2$ requires: 452, found: 453 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 11.48 (s, 1H), 8.58 (d, $J=5.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.48 (q, $J=4.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.18 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.78 (m, 2H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.04 (m, 2H), 2.77 (d, $J=5.7$ Hz, 3H), 2.09 (m, 3H), 1.28 (m, 2H), 1.09 (m, 2H).

Example 605: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0424]



Step 1: 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-bromopyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0425] To a solution of 1-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (2.0 g, 7.2 mmol) and 2-(4-bromopyridin-2-yl)acetic acid (1.6 g, 7.2 mmol) in DMF (5 ml) were added T3P® (50 wt. % in EtOAc, 9.2 g, 14 mmol) and DIEA (2.7 g, 22 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h, then water (50 mL) was added, the mixture was stirred for 30 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a yellow solid (1 g, 40%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₉H₂₁BrN₈O₂ requires: 473, found: 474 [M+H]⁺.

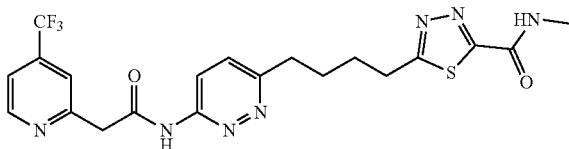
Step 2: N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0426] To a solution of 1-(4-(6-(2-(4-bromopyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-

4-carboxamide (60 mg, 0.12 mmol), 2-(trifluoromethyl)phenylboronic acid (60 mg, 0.25 mmol), and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (15 mg, 0.012 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (2 ml) and water (0.2 ml) was added Cs₂CO₃ (12.2 mg, 0.375 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 100° C. for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, DMF (3 mL) was added, the mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was purified by preparatory HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/H₂O, B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to afford the title compound as a white solid (28 mg, 42%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₆H₂₅F₃N₈O₂ requires: 538, found: 539 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 2.75 (d, J=6 Hz, 3H), 2.89 (t, J=9.5 Hz, 3H), 4.14 (s, 2H), 4.45 (t, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (appar m, 2H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.91 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (m, 1H), 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.68 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 11.42 (s, 1H).

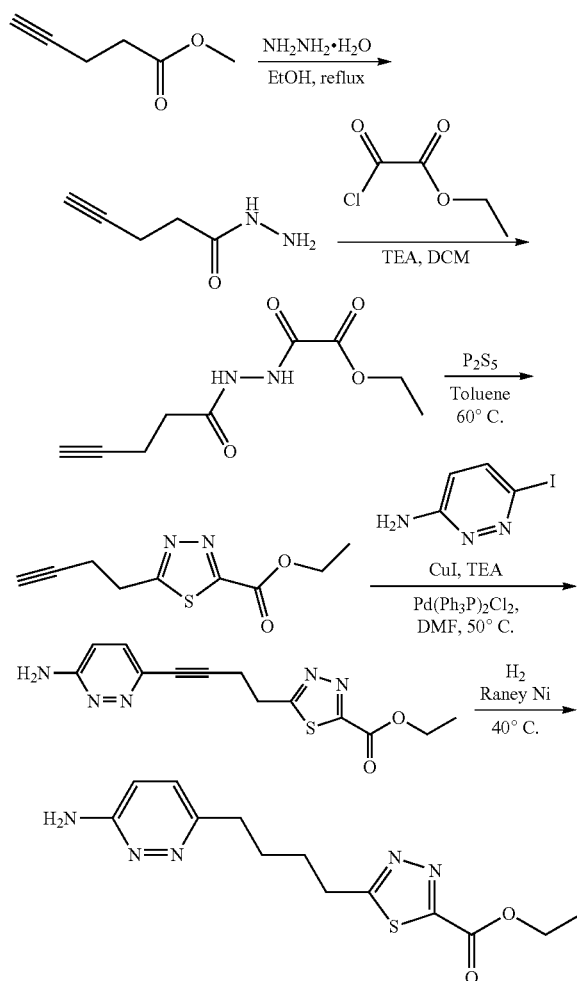
Example 229: N-methyl-5-(4-(6-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0427]



Steps 1 to 5

[0428]



Step 1: pent-4-ynehydrazide

[0429] A mixture of methyl pent-4-ynoate (100 g, 510 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (100 mL, 1530 mmol) in EtOH (800 mL) was stirred at reflux under Ar for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, azeotroping with toluene (2x250 mL), to give the title compound as

a white solid (61 g, 100%), which was used in the next step without further purification. MS (ES⁺) C₅H₈N₂O requires: 112, found: 113[M+H]⁺.

Step 2: ethyl

2-oxo-2-(2-pent-4-ynoylhydrazinyl)acetate

[0430] To a mixture of pent-4-ynehydrazide (25.0 g, 223 mmol) and TEA (62.1 mL, 446 mmol) in DCM (500 mL) at 0° C. was added ethyl 2-chloro-2-oxoacetate (27.4 mL, 246 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 30 min then filtered, washing with DCM (2x20 mL). The combined filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a brown oil (60 g, >100%), which was used without further purification. MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₂N₂O₄ requires: 212, found: 213[M+H]⁺.

Step 3: ethyl

5-(but-3-ynyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0431] A mixture of ethyl 2-oxo-2-(2-pent-4-ynoylhydrazinyl)acetate (17.5 g, 8.20 mmol) in toluene (350 mL) was stirred at 60° C. for 15 min, then P₂S₅ (20 g, 9.0 mmol) was added in portions. The mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 15 min, then allowed to cool to RT. The toluene layer was separated, and the remaining residue was taken up in sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (25 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3x180 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (18% to 30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (3.9 g, 22%). MS (ES⁺) C₉H₁₀N₂O₂S requires: 210, found: 211 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: ethyl 5-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)but-3-ynyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0432] A mixture of ethyl 5-(but-3-ynyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (13.6 g, 64.8 mmol), 6-iodopyridazin-3-amine (15.0 g, 68.0 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (4.55 g, 6.50 mmol), copper (I) iodide (2.47 g, 1.30 mmol) and TEA (27.0 mL, 194 mmol) in THF (200 mL) under Ar was stirred at 50° C. for 1 h, then filtered through a short SiO₂ gel column, washing with THF (500 mL) and 4:1 v:v DCM/EtOH (800 mL). The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 44 g of a brown oil, which was washed with Et₂O (200 mLx2) and 8:1 v:v Et₂O/EtOAc (200 mL). The resulting brown oil was triturated with 95% EtOH (20 mL) and water (160 mL), solid was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was extracted with DCM (150 mLx3). The combined final organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a brown oil (18.9 g, 96%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₃N₅O₂S requires: 303, found: 304 [M+H]⁺.

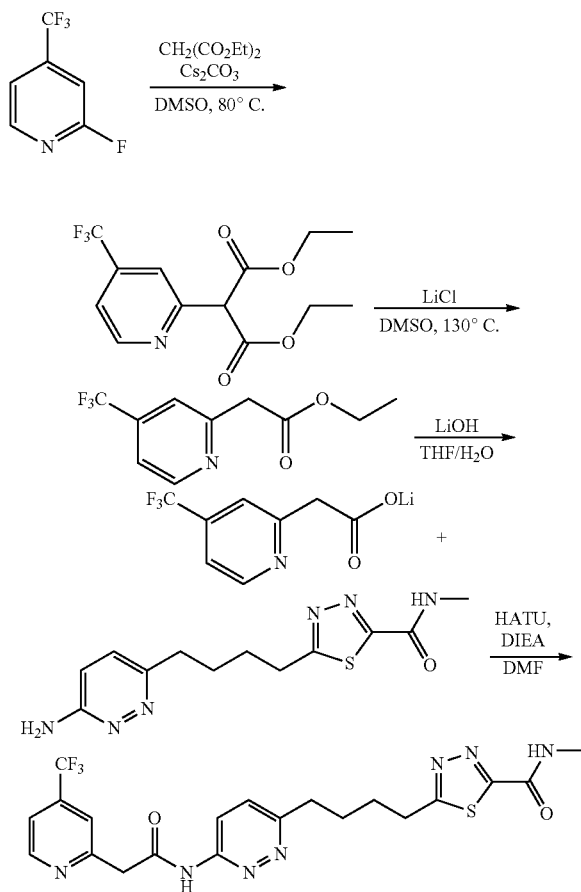
Step 5: ethyl 5-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0433] A reaction vessel containing ethyl 5-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)but-3-ynyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (18.9 g, 62.4 mmol) and Raney Ni (9.0 g) in EtOH (800 mL) was charged with H₂ three times, stirred at 40° C. for 1.5 h, purged with N₂, filtered, washed with hot EtOH (400 mL, 70-80° C.), and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 16 g of a brown oil. To this oil was added 40 mL of EtOAc, the mixture was stirred for 10 min, then Et₂O (200 mL) was added slowly. The mixture was stirred at RT for 30 min, and solid was isolated by filtration, washed with 1:5 v:v

EtOAc/Et₂O (2×20), and dried to afford the title compound as a white solid (11.6 g, 61%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₇N₅O₂S requires: 307, found: 308 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 6 to 9

[0434]



Step 6: diethyl

2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate

[0435] To a solution of 2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (25 g, 0.15 mol) in DMSO (200 mL) were added Cs₂CO₃ (97.5 g, 0.300 mol) and diethyl malonate (48 g, 0.30 mol), and the mixture was stirred under N₂ at 80° C. for 3 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to RT, filtered, and the filtrate was treated with DCM (200 mL). Crude title compound crystallized from the solution as a white solid, which

was used without further purification (40 g, 87%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₁₄F₃NO₄ requires: 305, found: 306 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: ethyl

2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

[0436] To a solution of diethyl 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)malonate (4.7 g, 0.015 mol) in DMSO (30 mL) was added lithium chloride (1.9 g, 0.046 mol) and the solution was stirred under N₂ at 130° C. for 3 h, then allowed to cool to RT and treated with water (20 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2×50 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (9% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to give the title compound as a yellow oil (1.7 g, 49%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₀F₃NO₂ requires: 233, found: 234 [M+H]⁺.

Step 8: ethyl lithium

2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate

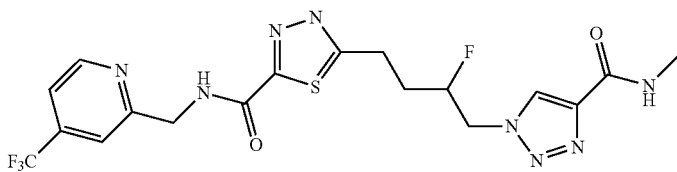
[0437] Lithium hydroxide (0.610 g, 14.4 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (20 mL), then 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (1.7 g, 7.2 mmol) was added slowly, and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound as a yellow solid, which was used without further purification (1.3 g, 86%). MS (ES⁺) C₈H₆F₃NO₂ requires: 205, found: 206 [M+H]⁺.

Step 9: N-methyl-5-(4-(6-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

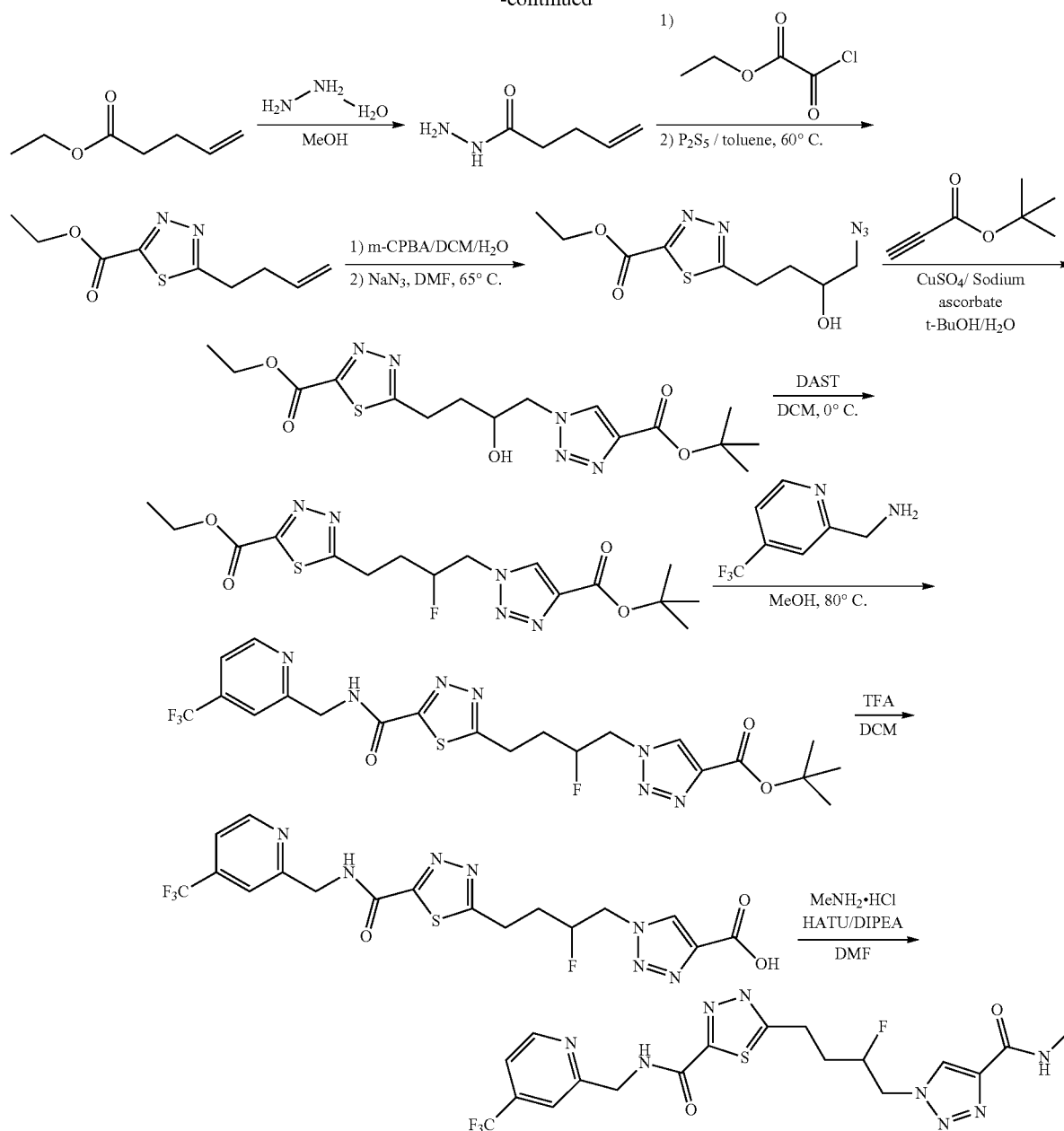
[0438] To a solution of crude lithium 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (21.7 mg, 0.103 mmol) in DMF (0.5 mL) were added 5-(4-(6-aminopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide (30 mg, 0.10 mmol), HATU (42.9 mg, 0.113 mmol) and DIEA (0.054 mL, 0.31 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=10-50%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (3 mg, 5%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₀H₂₀F₃N₇O₂S requires: 479, found: 480 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, MeOH-d₄) δ 8.77 (d, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.54 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J=9.3 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.23 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.2 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (s, 3H), 1.95-1.85 (m, 4H).

Example 508: 5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0439]



-continued



Step 1: pent-4-enehydrazide

[0440] Hydrazine hydrate (7.60 g, 152 mmol) was added to a solution of ethyl pent-4-enoate (19.5 g, 152 mmol) in 120 mL of MeOH. The mixture was stirred at RT for 48 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (11 g, 64%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}$ requires: 114, found: 115 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: ethyl
5-(but-3-enyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0441] To a mixture of pent-4-enehydrazide (1.14 g, 10.0 mmol) and TEA (2.1 mL, 15 mmol) in anhydrous THF (20

mL) at 0°C was slowly added ethyl oxalyl chloride (1.34 mL, 12.0 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 0°C for 30 min. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue dissolved in toluene (20 mL). P_2S_5 (4.44 g, 20.0 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred at 60°C for 20 min. The mixture was filtered and the residue was washed with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (20% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to give the title compound as a yellow oil (1.6 g, 76%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ requires: 212, found: 213 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: ethyl 5-(4-azido-3-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0442] To a mixture of ethyl 5-(but-3-enyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (10.0 g, 47.2 mmol) and NaHCO_3 (40.0 g, 476 mmol) in 10:1 v:v DCM/water (220 mL) was added m-chloroperbenzoic acid (10.0 g, 56.6 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 40 min then additional m-chloroperbenzoic acid (6.00 g, 37.8 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h then additional m-chloroperbenzoic acid (8.00 g, 47.2 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 2 h, then quenched with water and partitioned between DCM and water. The aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3×100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. Na_2SO_3 and sat. aq. NaHCO_3 , dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford a crude product, which was dissolved in 80 mL of DMF. To the solution was slowly added NaN_3 (9.20 g, 142 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 65° C. for 16 h, then diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc (3×150 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl, dried and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (25% to 50% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to give the title compound as a brown oil (10 g, 26%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_5\text{O}_3\text{S}$ requires: 271, found: 272[M+H] $^+$.

Step 4: ethyl 5-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0443] A mixture of ethyl 5-(4-azido-3-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (1.0 g, 3.7 mmol), tert-butyl propiolate (558 mg, 4.40 mmol), CuSO_4 (200 mg) and sodium ascorbate (400 mg) in 1:1 v:v t-BuOH/water (20 mL) was stirred at RT for 2 h. The mixture was diluted with water, then extracted with EtOAc (3×30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow solid (1.4 g, 96%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_5\text{O}_5\text{S}$ requires: 397, found: 420 [M+Na] $^+$.

Step 5: ethyl 5-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

[0444] To a mixture of ethyl 5-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-hydroxybutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (1.4 g, 3.5 mmol) and pyridine (0.150 mL, 1.86 mmol) in DCM (30 mL) at 0° C. was slowly added DAST (2.27 g, 14.1 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 30 min. The mixture was added slowly to an ice-cold saturated NaHCO_3 solution, then extracted with DCM (3×30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (25% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to give the title compound as an orange solid (440 mg, 31%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_5\text{O}_4\text{S}$ requires: 399, found: 422[M+Na] $^+$.

[0445] The next steps outline the preparation of racemic EXAMPLE 508. For the preparation of enantiomeric enriched EXAMPLE 220 and EXAMPLE 221, a chiral separation was performed at this stage and the products carried through using the same general procedure. Ethyl 5-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate was separated into its separate enantiomers using chiral SFC separation (column: IC 4.6*150 mm Sum; solvent: MeOH). Enantiomers are arbitrarily assigned in the final products.

Step 6: tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0446] A mixture of ethyl 5-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate (150 mg, 0.38 mmol) and (4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methanamine (100 mg, 0.56 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) was stirred at 80° C. for 3 d in a sealed tube. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (195 mg, 98%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{23}\text{F}_4\text{N}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}$ requires: 529, found: 530[M+H] $^+$.

Step 7: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

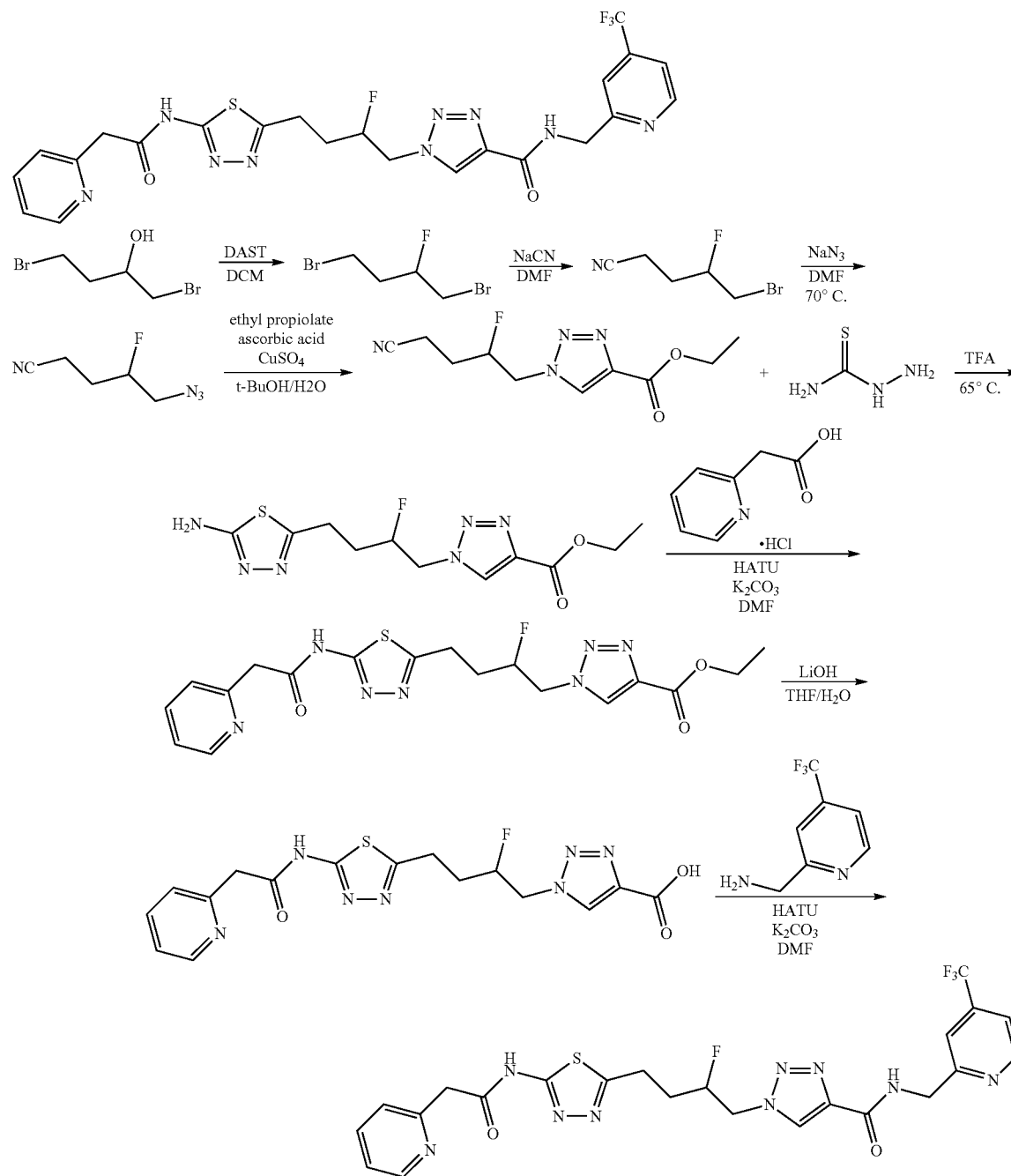
[0447] TFA (2 mL) was added to a solution of tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (195 mg, 0.370 mmol) in DCM (3 mL). The mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. MeOH was added to the residue, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a beige solid (170 mg, 98%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{15}\text{F}_4\text{N}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}$ requires: 473, found: 474[M+H] $^+$.

Step 8: 5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

[0448] A mixture of 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (40 mg, 0.085 mmol), methylamine hydrochloride (9.0 mg, 0.13 mmol), HATU (48 mg, 0.13 mmol) and DIEA (33 mg, 0.25 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) was stirred at RT for 2 h then treated with water. Precipitate was isolated by filtration and washed with MeOH to give the title compound as a white solid (20 mg, 49%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{F}_4\text{N}_8\text{O}_2\text{S}$ requires: 486, found: 487[M+H] $^+$; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ 9.81 (t, J=6.1 Hz, 1H), 8.81 (m, 1H), 8.53 (s, 1H), 8.50 (m, 1H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.69 (m, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 4.88-4.73 (m, 2H), 4.70 (d, J=6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.34 (appar s, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.36-2.07 (m, 2H).

Example 540: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0449]



Step 1: 1,4-dibromo-2-fluorobutane

[0450] To a solution of 1,4-dibromobutan-2-ol (50.0 g, 216 mmol) in DCM (200 ml) at 0-5° C. was added DAST (38.2 g, 237 mmol). The mixture was allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 16 h. The mixture was added to a solution of

sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (200 ml) at 0-5° C. and extracted with DCM (2×200 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (300 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the presumed title compound as a yellow oil (40.0 g, 80%).

Step 2: 5-bromo-4-fluoropentanenitrile

[0451] A solution of 1,4-dibromo-2-fluorobutane (5.0 g, 21 mmol) and NaCN (1.05 g, 21.0 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was stirred at RT for 16 h. Water (50 mL) was added, and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×60 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound as a yellow oil (3.78 g, 100%).

Step 3: 5-azido-4-fluoropentanenitrile

[0452] A solution of 5-bromo-4-fluoropentanenitrile (540 mg, 3.00 mmol) and sodium azide (195 mg, 3.00 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was stirred at 70° C. for 16 h to give the title compound as a solution, which was used in the next step without purification (assumed 426 mg, 100% crude).

Step 4: ethyl 1-(4-cyano-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0453] A solution of crude 5-azido-4-fluoropentanenitrile (426 mg, 3.00 mmol), ethyl propiolate (441 mg, 4.50 mmol) L-(+)-ascorbic acid (192 mg, 0.970 mmol) and CuSO₄·5H₂O (86 mg, 0.34 mmol) in 1:1 v:v t-BuOH/water (20 mL) was stirred at RT for 3 h, then extracted with EtOAc (3×60 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow oil (450 mg, 62%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₃FN₄O₂ requires: 240, found: 241 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: ethyl 1-(4-cyano-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0454] A solution of ethyl 1-(4-cyano-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (450 mg, 1.88 mmol) and hydrazinecarbothioamide (341 mg, 3.75 mmol) in TFA (5 mL) was stirred at 70° C. for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and to the residue was added sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (20 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure to give a yellow solid, which was washed with water (20 mL) and Et₂O (30 mL) to give the title compound as a white solid (200 mg, 33%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₅FN₆O₂S requires: 314, found: 315 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: ethyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0455] A solution of ethyl 1-(4-(5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (160

mg, 0.50 mmol), 2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetic acid hydrochloride (87 mg, 0.50 mmol), HATU (285 mg, 0.75 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (207 mg, 1.50 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was stirred at RT for 16 h. The mixture was diluted with water (30 mL), then extracted with 10:1 v:v DCM/MeOH (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (194 mg, 89%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₂₀FN₇O₃S requires: 433, found: 434 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

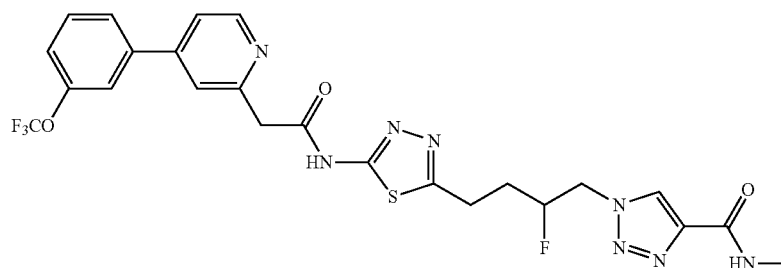
[0456] A solution of ethyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (150 mg, 0.35 mmol) and LiOH (17 mg, 0.70 mmol) in 1:1 v:v THF/H₂O (5 mL) was stirred at RT for 16 h. The solvent was removed, and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/H₂O, B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (120 mg, 66%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₁₆FN₇O₃S requires: 405, found: 406 [M+H]⁺.

Step 8: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

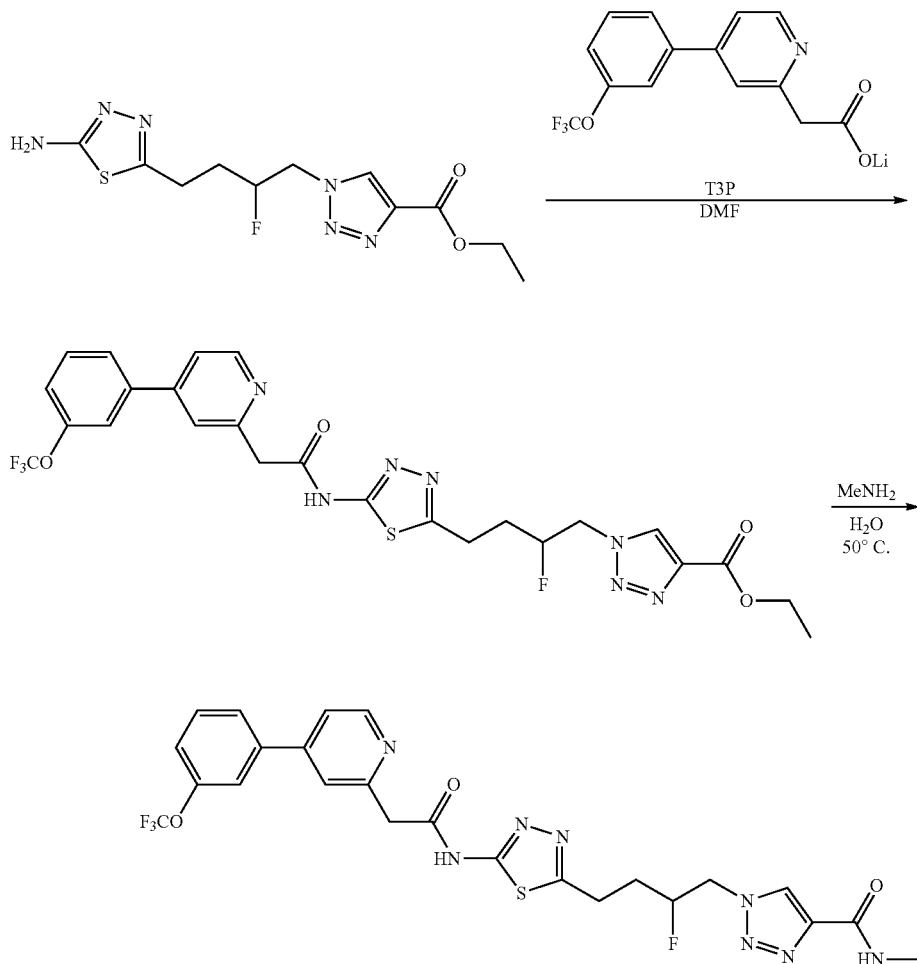
[0457] A solution of 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (41 mg, 0.10 mmol), (4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methanamine (18 mg, 0.10 mmol), HATU (57 mg, 0.15 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (42 mg, 0.30 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) was stirred at RT for 16 h. The mixture was purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/H₂O, B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to afford the title compound as a white solid (25 mg, 45%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₁F₄N₉O₂S requires: 563, found: 564 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.83 (br s, 1H), 9.25 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.81 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.65 (m, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.62 (m, 3H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.65 (m, 4H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 3.17 (m, 2H), 2.25-1.98 (m, 2H).

Example 397: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0458]



-continued



Step 1: ethyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

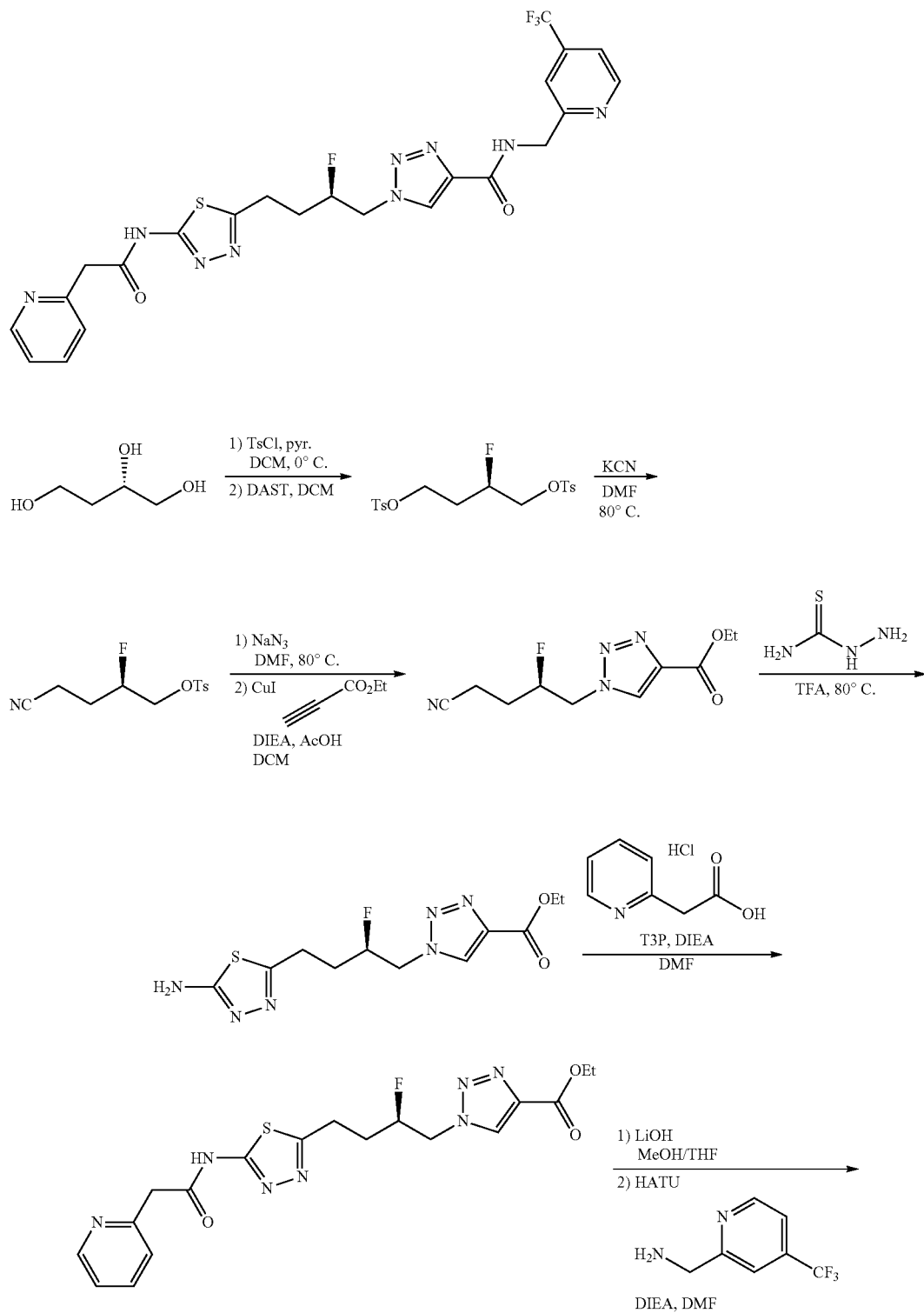
Step 2: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

[0459] To a suspension of lithium 2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetate (0.104 g, 0.343 mmol) and ethyl 1-(4-(5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (0.073 g, 0.23 mmol) in DMF (2 ml) at 0° C. was added T3P® (50 wt. % in DMF, 0.55 ml, 0.86 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0° C. then 1 h at RT. The resulting bright yellow-orange mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and water, and the organic layer was washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (2% to 5% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (67 mg, 49% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₅H₂₃F₄N₇O₄S requires: 593, found: 594 [M+H]⁺.

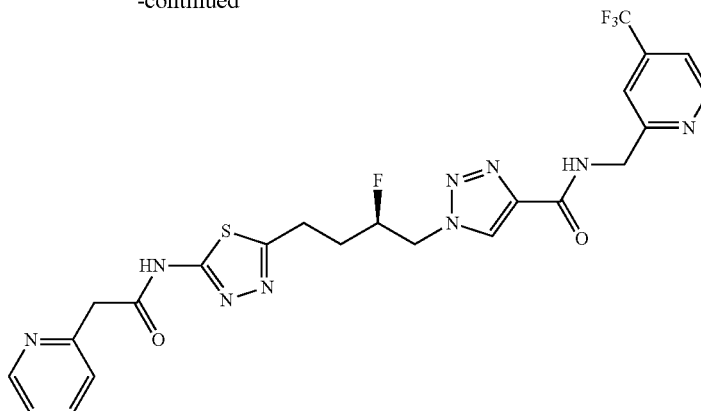
[0460] To a solution of ethyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (10 mg, 0.017 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (0.2 ml) was added aq. methylamine (40% w/v, 0.10 mL, 1.3 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at 50° C. for 1 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in DMSO and directly purified by mass-triggered preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% TFA/H₂O, B=0.1% TFA/MeCN; Gradient: B=30-70%; 12 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white powder (7.0 mg, 60% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₄H₂₂F₄N₈O₃S requires: 578, found: 579 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.74 (s, 1H), 8.62 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.48 (m, 1H), 7.87 (m, 2H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (m, 1H), 4.85-4.69 (m, 2H), 4.11 (s, 2H), 3.15 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, J=4.6 Hz, 3H), 2.21-1.96 (m, 2H).

Example 250: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0461]



-continued



Step 1: (S)-2-hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl
bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonate)

[0462] To a cooled 0° C. solution of (S)-butane-1,2,4-triol (2.10 ml, 23.6 mmol) in DCM (47 ml) was added 4-toluenesulfonyl chloride (11.2 g, 58.9 mmol) followed by pyridine (5.69 ml, 70.7 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 12 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (4.98 g, 51% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₂₂O₇S₂ requires: 414, found: 415 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: (R)-2-fluorobutane-1,4-diyl
bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonate)

[0463] To a cooled 0° C. solution of (S)-2-hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (4.98 g, 12.0 mmol) in DCM (60 ml) was added DAST (2.39 ml, 18.1 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred as it warmed to RT for 4 h. The mixture was filtered through a plug of SiO₂ gel, eluting with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a red liquid (4.29 g, 85% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₂₁FO₆S₂ requires: 416, found: 439 [M+Na]⁺.

Step 3: (R)-4-cyano-2-fluorobutyl
4-methylbenzenesulfonate

[0464] To a solution of (R)-2-fluorobutane-1,4-diyl bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (4.29 g, 10.3 mmol) in DMF (24 ml) was added KCN (0.957 g, 14.7 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 4 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to RT, diluted with EtOAc (24 mL), and filtered through a plug of SiO₂ gel, eluting with EtOAc (50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a colorless liquid (2.41 g, 86% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₁₄FNO₃S requires: 271, found: 294 [M+Na]⁺.

Step 4: Ethyl (R)-1-(4-cyano-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0465] To a solution of (R)-4-cyano-2-fluorobutyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (2.4 g, 8.8 mmol) in DMF (8.9 ml) was added NaN₃ (0.690 g, 10.6 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 3 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to RT and diluted with DCM (88 ml). DIEA

(0.153 ml, 0.879 mmol), ethyl propiolate (1.34 ml, 13.2 mmol), and AcOH (0.050 ml, 0.879 mmol) were added to the reaction mixture. Copper (I) iodide (0.084 g, 0.44 mmol) was then added and the mixture was stirred for 15 h at RT. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 100% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a pale orange solid (675 mg, 32% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₃FN₄O₂ requires: 240, found: 241 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: ethyl (R)-1-(4-(5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0466] To a suspension of (R)-ethyl 1-(4-cyano-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (675 mg, 2.81 mmol) in TFA (14 ml) was added hydrazinecarbothioamide (307 mg, 3.37 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 5 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 10% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid (550 mg, 62% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₅FN₆O₂S requires: 314, found: 315 [M+H]⁺. Enantiopurity was analyzed by chiral SFC (30% MeOH/CO₂ with 0.5% NH₄OH, ChiralPak IC column, 4.6×150 mm, 5 μm, 3 mL/min), which indicated >98% ee.

Step 6: ethyl (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0467] To a 0° C. solution of (R)-ethyl 1-(4-(5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.318 mmol) and 2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetic acid hydrochloride (61 mg, 0.35 mmol) in DMF (1.59 mL) was added triethylamine (0.133 mL, 0.954 mmol) and, after 5 min of stirring, T3P® (50 wt. % in DMF, 0.284 mL, 0.477 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 15 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 10% MeOH in DCM with 1% NH₄OH) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (123 mg, 89% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₁₀FN₇O₃S requires: 433, found: 434 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: lithium (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0468] To a solution of (R)-ethyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,

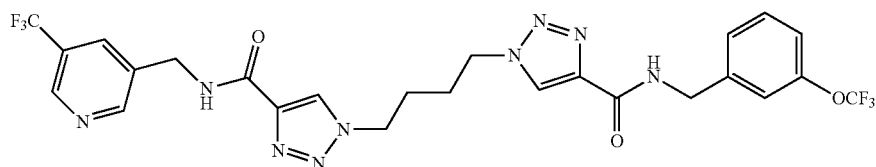
2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (123 mg, 0.284 mmol) in MeOH (0.284 mL) and THF (1.135 mL) was added aq. LiOH (2.0 M, 0.17 mL, 0.34 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow solid (126 mg, >100% yield), which was used without further purification. MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₁₆FN₇O₃S requires: 405, found: 406 [M+H]⁺.

Step 8: (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0469] To a suspension of lithium (R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (126 mg, 0.306 mmol), HATU (175 mg, 0.459 mmol), and (4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methanamine dihydrochloride (92 mg, 0.37 mmol) in DMF (1.53 mL) was added DIEA (0.160 mL, 0.919 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 72 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was adsorbed onto Celite® and purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (0% to 10% MeOH in DCM with 1% NH₄OH) to give the title compound as a tan solid (51 mg, 30% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₃H₂₁F₄N₉O₂S requires: 563, found: 564 [M+H]⁺; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.72 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.81 (d, J=4.9 Hz, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (appar t, J=7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (appar t, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.70 (m, 2H), 4.67 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 3.22-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.26-1.98 (m, 2H).

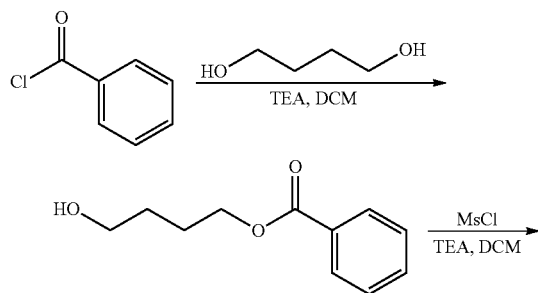
Example 80: N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1-(4-(4-(((5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0470]

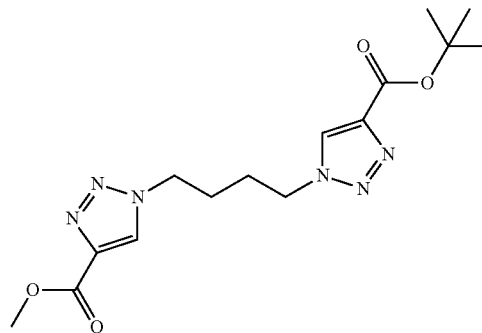
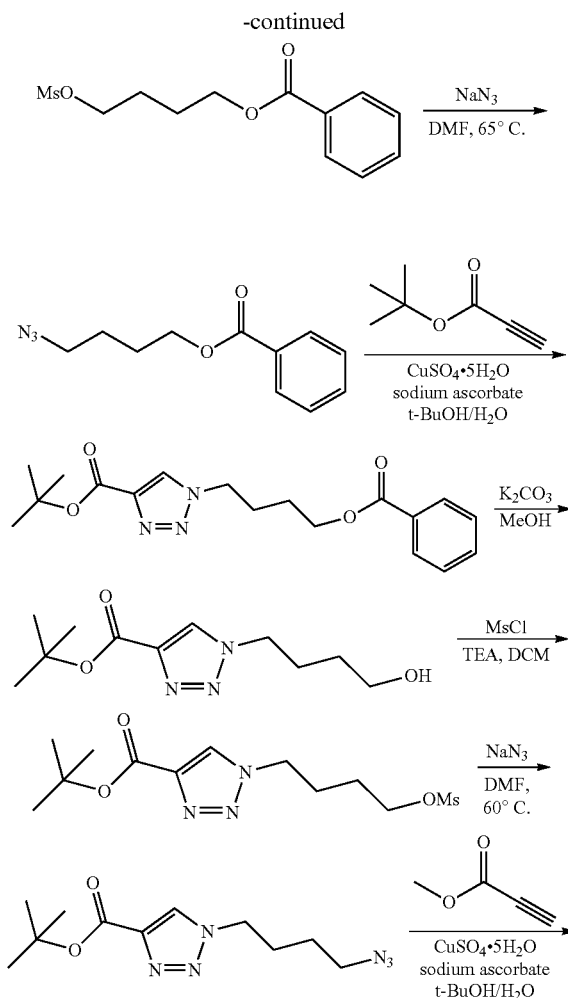


Steps 1 to 8

[0471]



-continued



Step 1: 4-hydroxybutyl Benzoate

[0472] To a stirred solution of 1,4-butanediol (82.60 mL, 931.2 mmol) and TEA (43.26 mL, 310.4 mmol) in DCM (750 mL) at 0° C. was added benzoyl chloride (36 mL, 31 mmol). The resulting mixture was allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 6 h before quenching with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (150 mL). Layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (2×100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (150 mL) and water (150 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (9% to 50% EtOAc in hexanes) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (49.6 g; 82% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₄O₃ requires: 194, found: 195 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 4-methylsulfonyloxybutyl Benzoate

[0473] To a stirred solution of 4-hydroxybutyl benzoate (20.0 g, 103 mmol) and TEA (28.70 mL, 205.9 mmol) in DCM (300 mL) at 0° C. was added methanesulfonyl chloride (11.95 mL, 154.5 mmol). The resulting mixture was allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 6 h before quenching with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (120 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2×60 mL). The combined organic layers were then washed with sat. aq. NaCl (150 mL×2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (28.02 g; 100% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.91-1.93 (m, 4H), 3.01 (s, 3H), 4.29-4.38 (m, 4H), 7.42-8.04 (m, 5H).

Step 3: 4-azidobutyl Benzoate

[0474] 4-methylsulfonyloxybutyl benzoate (42.06 g, 154.4 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (300 mL). NaN₃ (20.28 g, 308.9 mmol) was added cautiously. The solution was slowly heated to 65° C. and stirred for 16 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to RT, transferred to a separation funnel and diluted with Et₂O (600 mL), then washed with water (3×90 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow oil, which was used without further purification (33.86 g; 100% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.74-1.89 (m, 4H), 3.37 (t, 2H), 4.35 (t, 2H), 7.42-8.05 (m, 5H).

Step 4: tert-butyl
1-(4-benzoyloxybutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate

[0475] To a solution of 1-(4-azidobutyl)-N-[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]triazole-4-carboxamide (12.0 g, 54.7 mmol) in t-BuOH (100 mL) and water (100 mL) were added CuSO₄·5H₂O (1.38 g, 5.47 mmol), L-ascorbic acid sodium salt (2.20 g, 11.0 mmol) and tert-butyl prop-2-ynoate (8.29 g, 65.7 mmol). The suspension was stirred vigorously at RT for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove the organic layer, diluted with ice-cold water, and precipitate was isolated by filtration, washed with water and dried to give the title compound as a light brown solid (18.1 g; 96% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₂₃N₃O₄ requires: 345, found: 346 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: tert-butyl
1-(4-hydroxybutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate

[0476] To a solution of tert-butyl 1-(4-benzoyloxybutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate (31 g; 90 mmol) in MeOH (300 mL) was added K₂CO₃ (12.40 g, 89.75 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (2% to 10% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a light yellow oil (9.27 g, 43% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₉N₃O₃ requires: 241, found: 242 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: tert-butyl
1-(4-methylsulfonyloxybutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate

[0477] To a stirred solution of tert-butyl 1-(4-hydroxybutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate (8.8 g, 36 mmol) and TEA (10.17 mL, 72.94 mmol) in DCM (120 mL) at 0° C. was added methanesulfonyl chloride (4.23 mL, 54.7 mmoles). The resulting mixture was allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 30 min before quenching with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (90 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (2×30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (80 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a colorless oil, which was used without further purification (11.27 g; 97% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₂H₂₁N₃O₅S requires: 319, found: 320 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: tert-butyl
1-(4-azidobutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate

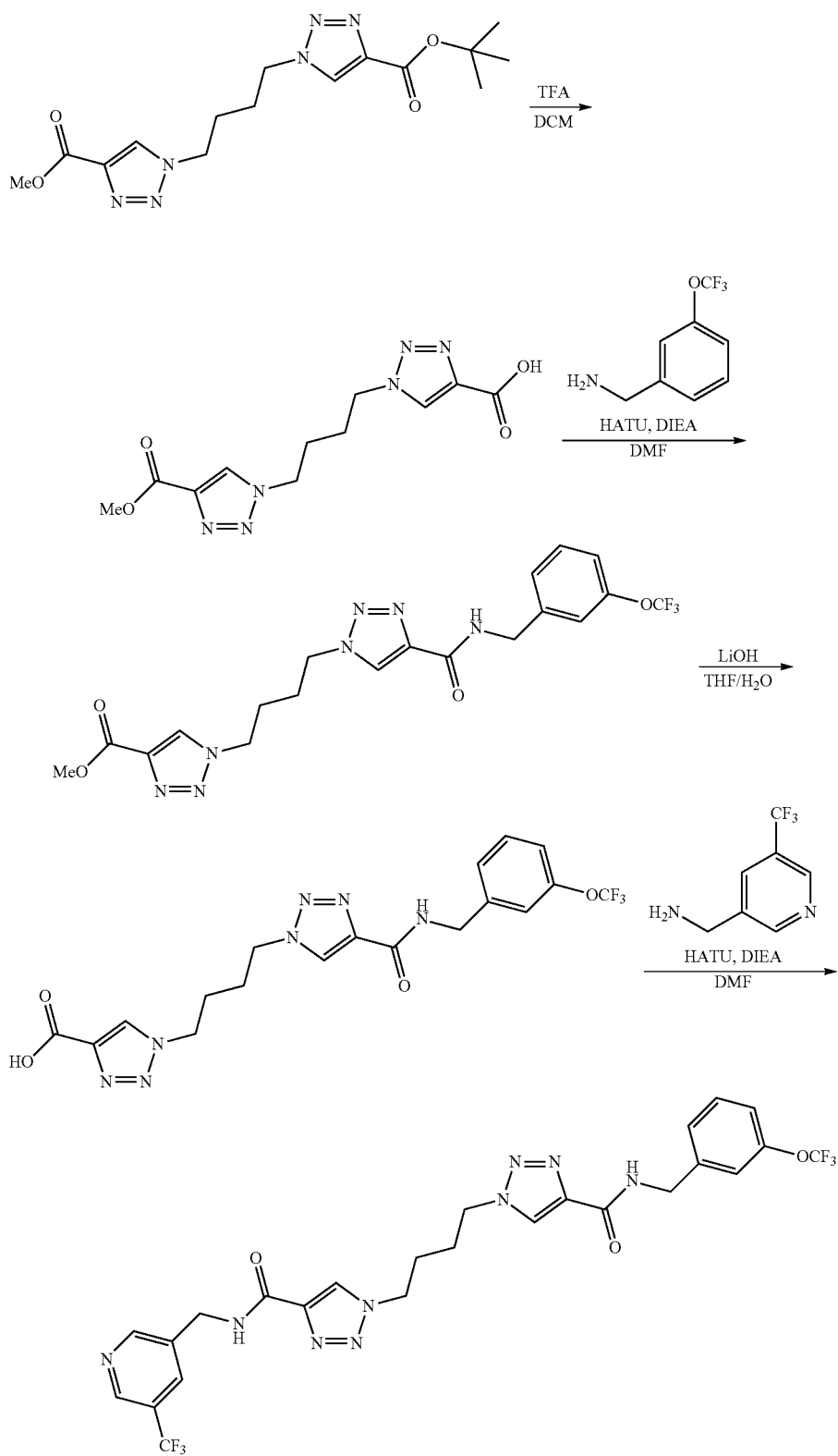
[0478] Tert-butyl 1-(4-methylsulfonyloxybutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate (11.27 g, 35.29 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (80 mL). NaN₃ (4.63 g, 70.6 mmol) was added cautiously. The solution was slowly heated to 60° C. and stirred for 16 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to RT, transferred to a separation funnel and diluted with Et₂O (250 mL), then washed with water (3×60 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (9.1 g; 97% yield), which was used without further purification. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.61 (m, 11H), 2.03 (m, 2H), 3.35 (t, 2H), 4.45 (t, 2H), 8.01 (s, 1H).

Step 8: methyl 1-(4-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0479] To a solution of tert-butyl 1-(4-azidobutyl)triazole-4-carboxylate (9.1 g, 34 mmol) in t-BuOH (40 mL) and water (40 mL) were added CuSO₄·5H₂O (862 mg, 3.42 mmol), L-ascorbic acid sodium salt (1.37 g, 6.83 mmol) and methyl prop-2-ynoate (2.87 g, 34.2 mmol). The suspension was stirred vigorously at RT for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove the organic layer, diluted with ice-cold water, and precipitate was isolated by filtration, washed with water and dried to give the title compound as a solid (9.64 g; 81% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₂₂N₆O₄ requires: 350, found: 351 [M+H]⁺.

Steps 9 to 12

[0480]



Step 9: 1-(4-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0481] To a 0° C. solution of tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (1.00 g, 2.85 mmol) in DCM (28 mL) was added dropwise TFA (4.40 mL, 57.1 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, azeotroping with toluene (3×25 mL), to give crude title compound, which was used without further purification. MS (ES⁺) C₁₁H₁₄N₆O₄ requires: 294, found: 295 [M+H]⁺.

Step 10: methyl 1-(4-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0482] To a solution of crude 1-(4-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (840 mg, 2.85 mmol) in DMF (28 mL) were added (3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methanamine (0.650 mL, 3.43 mmol), HATU (1.3 g, 3.4 mmol), and DIEA (0.750 mL, 4.28 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. Precipitated solid was collected by filtration to give the title compound as an off-white powder (700 mg, 52% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₁₉H₂₀F₃N₇O₄ requires: 467, found: 468 [M+H]⁺.

Step 11: 1-(4-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0483] To a solution of methyl 1-(4-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.214 mmol) in THF (1.8 mL) and water (0.18 mL) was added LiOH (51 mg, 2.1 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h. The solution was neutralized with HCl in MeOH (1.25 M, 1.7 mL, 2.12 mmol) and the mixture was concentrated under

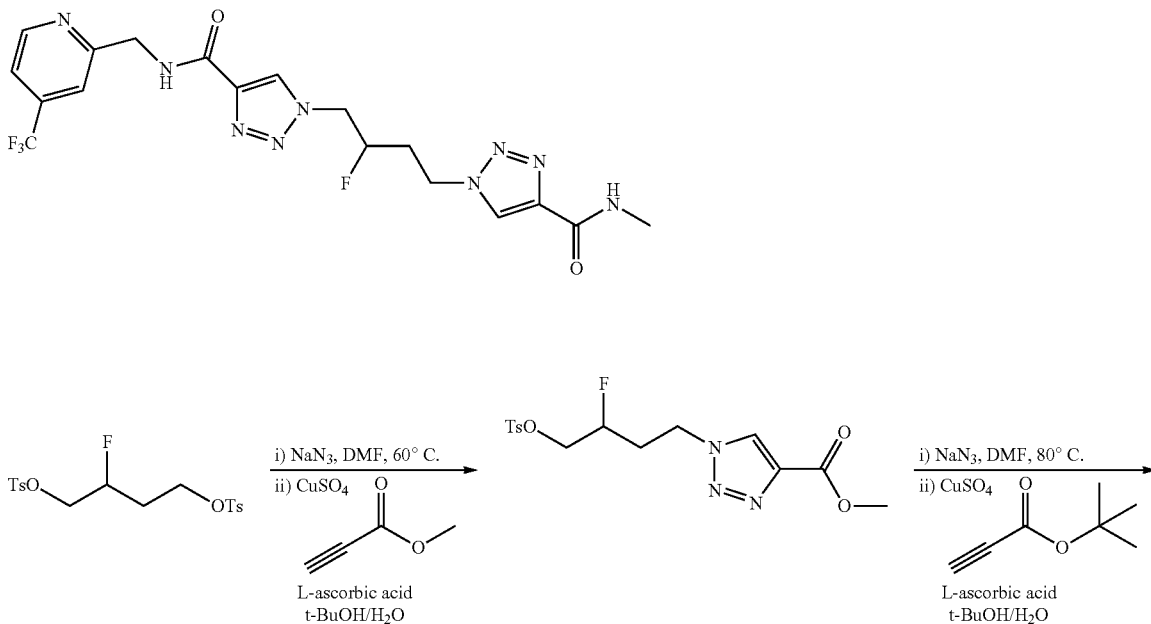
reduced pressure under reduced pressure to give the crude title compound as a white solid (96 mg, 99%), which was used as is. MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₁₈F₃N₇O₄ requires: 453, found: 454 [M+H]⁺.

Step 12: N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1-(4-((5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

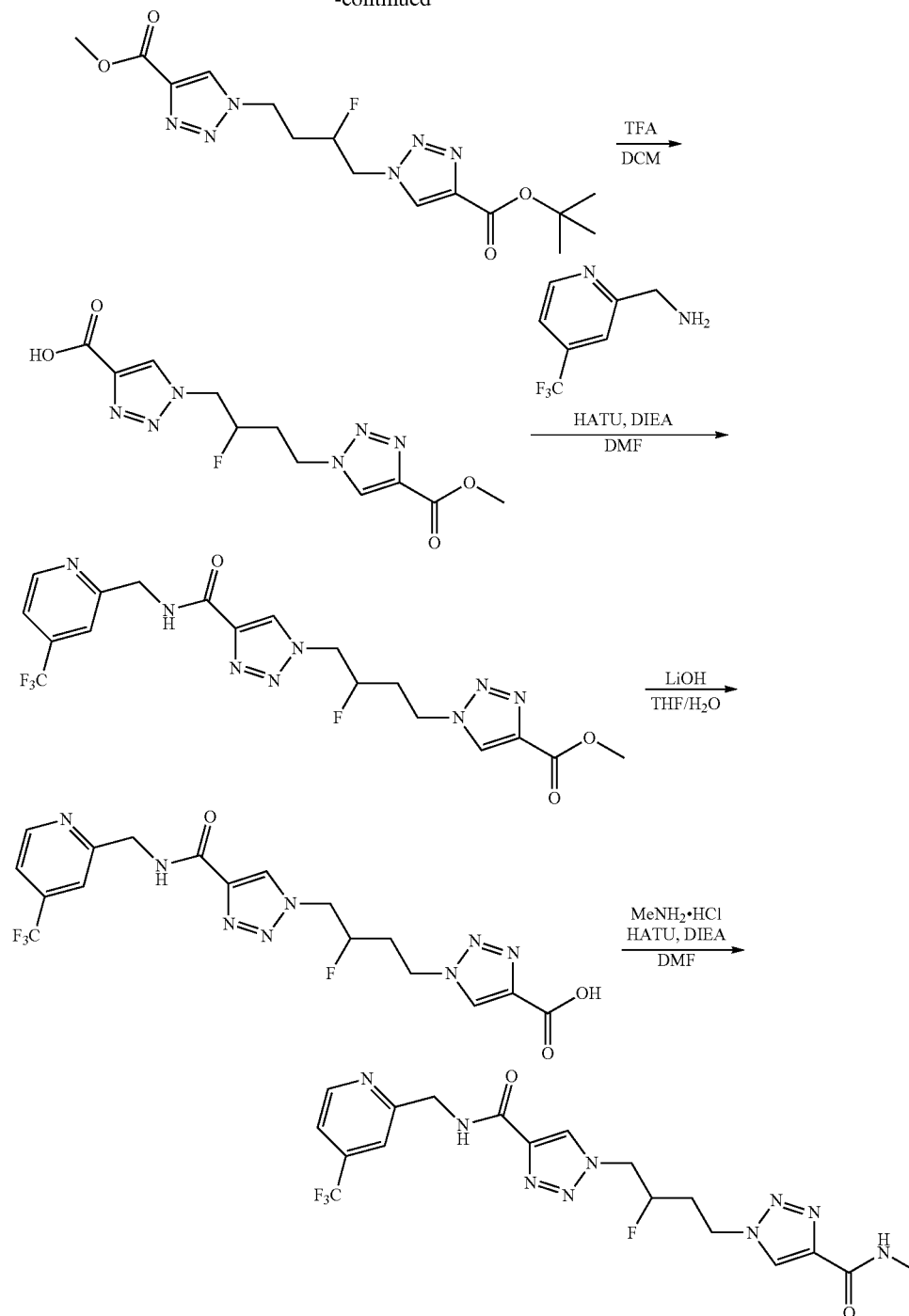
[0484] To a solution of 1-(4-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (194 mg, 0.428 mmol) in DMF (4.3 mL) were added (5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)methanamine dihydrochloride (117 mg, 0.471 mmol), HATU (244 mg, 0.642 mmol) and DIEA (0.262 mL, 1.49 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 18 h. Precipitated solid was collected by filtration and rinsed with MeOH to give the title compound as a white solid (180 mg, 69% yield). MS (ES⁺) C₂₅H₂₃F₆N₉O₃ requires: 611, found: 612.5 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.27 (t, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 9.19 (t, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 8.89-8.82 (m, 2H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.12 (appar t, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (appar t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 4.56 (d, J=6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.50-4.39 (m, 6H), 1.87-1.77 (m, 4H).

Example 475: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0485]



-continued



Step 1: methyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(tosyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0486] A mixture of 2-fluorobutane-1,4-diyl bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (20 g, 48 mol), NaN_3 (3.1 g, 48 mmol), and DMF (100 mL) was stirred at 60° C. for 16 h, then water (500 mL) was added. The mixture was extracted with DCM (800 mL), and the organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added 1:1 v:v t-BuOH/

water (200 mL), methyl propiolate (4.0 g, 48 mmol), CuSO_4 (1.2 g, 7.5 mmol), and L-ascorbic acid (2.4 g, 14 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added water (150 mL), the mixture was stirred for 30 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (12 g, 60%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_5\text{S}$ requires: 371, found: 372 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0487] A mixture of methyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(tosyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (8.9 g, 24 mmol), NaN_3 (1.56 g, 24.0 mmol), and DMF (50 ml) was stirred at 80° C. for 16 h, then water (500 mL) was added. The mixture was extracted with DCM (600 mL), and the organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added 1:1 v:v t-BuOH/water (200 mL), tert-butyl propiolate (3.0 g, 24 mmol), CuSO_4 (0.60 g, 3.8 mmol), and L-ascorbic acid (1.2 g, 6.8 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h then concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added water (150 ml), the mixture was stirred for 30 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (7 g, 80%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{21}\text{FN}_6\text{O}_4$ requires: 368, found: 369 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 1-(2-fluoro-4-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0488] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(2-fluoro-4-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (1.0 g, 2.7 mmol) and 1:1 v:v TFA/DCM (20 ml) was stirred at RT for 3 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added water (100 ml), the mixture was stirred for 20 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (500 mg, 64%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{FN}_6\text{O}_4$ requires: 312, found: 313 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: methyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0489] A mixture of 1-(2-fluoro-4-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (500 mg, 1.6 mmol), (4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methanamine (282 mg, 1.60 mmol), HATU (912 mg, 2.4 mmol), DIEA (600 mg, 4.8 mmol), and DMF (5 ml) was stirred at RT for 2 h, then water (100 mL) was added and the

mixture was stirred for 10 min. Precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a light brown solid (700 mg, 90%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{F}_4\text{N}_8\text{O}_3$ requires: 470, found: 471 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

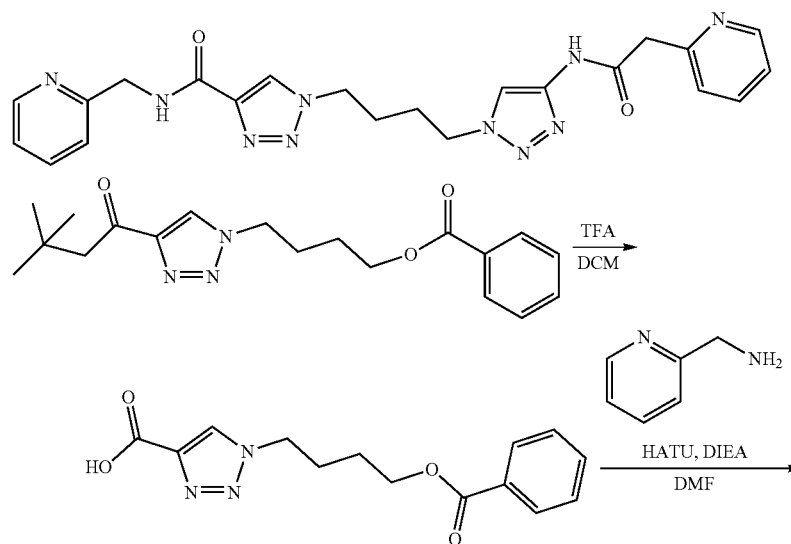
[0490] A mixture of methyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (700 mg, 1.4 mmol), LiOH (70 mg, 2.8 mmol), and 1:1 v:v THF/ H_2O (8 ml) was stirred at RT for 3 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure to remove organics. The pH value was adjusted to 4.0 with 1 M aq. HCl. Precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (600 mg, 91%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_4\text{N}_8\text{O}_3$ requires: 456, found: 457 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 6: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

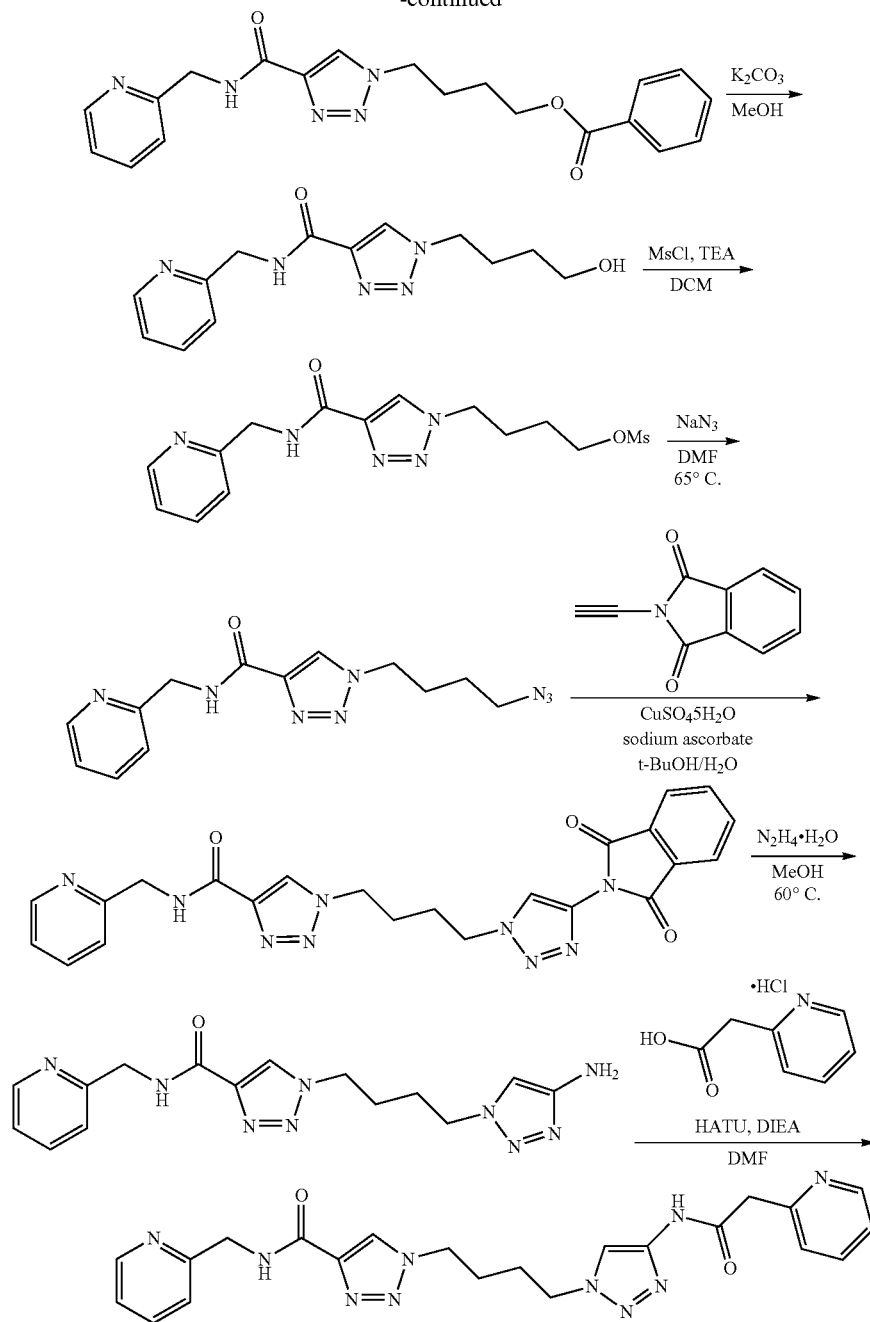
[0491] A mixture of 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (40 mg, 0.085 mmol), methylamine hydrochloride (6 mg, 0.09 mmol), HATU (50 mg, 0.13 mmol), DIEA (33 mg, 0.26 mmol), and DMF (1 ml) was stirred at RT for 16 h, then purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/ H_2O , B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to afford the title compound as a white solid (26 mg, 60%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{19}\text{F}_4\text{N}_9\text{O}_2$ requires: 469, found: 470 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.24 (t, $J=6.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.81 (d, $J=4.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.60 (d, $J=6.5$ Hz, 2H), 8.46 (m, 1H), 7.77-7.50 (m, 2H), 5.00 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.71 (m, 2H), 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.59 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, $J=4.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.38-2.10 (m, 2H).

Example 297: 1-[4-[4-[[2-(2-pyridyl)acetyl]amino]triazol-1-yl]butyl]-N-(2-pyridylmethyl)triazole-4-carboxamide

[0492]



-continued



Step 1: 1-(4-(benzyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0493] A solution of tert-butyl 1-(4-(benzyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (5 g, 14.5 mmol) in 1:1 v/v TFA/DCM (40 ml) was stirred at RT for 3 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water (30 ml) was added, the mixture was stirred for 15 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration then recrystallized from acetonitrile/water to afford the presumed title product as a white solid (3.8 g, 90%).

Step 2: 4-(4-(pyridin-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl Benzoate

[0494] To a stirred solution of 1-(4-(benzyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (1.00 g, 3.46 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) were added HATU (1.84 g, 4.84 mmol), DIEA (1.21 mL, 6.91 mmol) and 2-pyridinemethanamine (449 mg, 4.15 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. Water (90 mL) was added and precipitate was isolated by filtration, washed with water, and dried to give the title compound as a brown solid (1.27 g; 97% yield). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ requires: 379, found: 380 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0495] To a solution of 4-(4-(pyridin-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl benzoate (1.27 g, 3.35 mmol) in MeOH (80 mL) was added K_2CO_3 (463 mg, 3.35 mmol). The suspension was stirred vigorously at RT for 3 d. The reaction mixture was extracted with DCM (3×45 mL), and the combined organic layers were dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered through of Celite® and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by SiO_2 gel chromatography (25% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.86 g, 93% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{13}H_{17}N_5O_2$ requires: 275, found: 276 [M+H] $^+$.

Step 4: 4-[4-(2-pyridylmethylcarbamoyl)triazol-1-yl]butyl methanesulfonate

[0496] To a stirred solution of 1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-N-(2-pyridylmethyl)triazole-4-carboxamide (0.85 g; 3.1 mmol) and TEA (0.861 mL, 6.17 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) at 0° C. was added methanesulfonyl chloride (0.358 mL, 4.6 mmol). The resulting mixture was allowed to warm to RT and stirred for 30 min before quenching with sat. aq. $NaHCO_3$ (150 mL). Layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (2×60 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaCl (150 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a colorless oil (1.09 g; 100% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{14}H_{19}N_5O_4S$ requires: 353, found: 354 [M+H] $^+$.

Step 5: 1-(4-azidobutyl)-N-(2-pyridylmethyl)triazole-4-carboxamide

[0497] 4-[4-(2-Pyridylmethylcarbamoyl)triazol-1-yl]butyl methanesulfonate (1.09 g, 3.08 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (15 mL). NaN_3 (405 mg, 6.17 mmol) was added cautiously. The solution was slowly heated to 65° C. and stirred for 16 h, then allowed to cool to RT. The mixture was transferred to a separation funnel and diluted with Et_2O (90 mL), then washed with water (3×30 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow solid (0.9 g; 97% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{13}H_{16}N_8O$ requires: 300, found: 301 [M+H] $^+$.

Step 6: 1-(4-(4-(1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0498] To a solution of 1-(4-azidobutyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (900 mg, 3 mmol)

in t-BuOH (10 mL) and water (10 mL) were added $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$ (75.6 mg, 0.303 mmol), L-ascorbic acid sodium salt (120 mg, 0.600 mmol) and 2-ethynylisindoline-1,3-dione (513 mg, 3.00 mmol). This suspension was stirred vigorously at RT for 16 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure to remove the organic layer. The mixture was diluted with ice-cold water, and precipitate was isolated by filtration, washed with water, and dried to give the title compound as a solid (1.28 g, 91% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{23}H_{21}N_9O_3$ requires: 471, found: 472 [M+H] $^+$.

Step 7: 1-(4-(4-amino-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

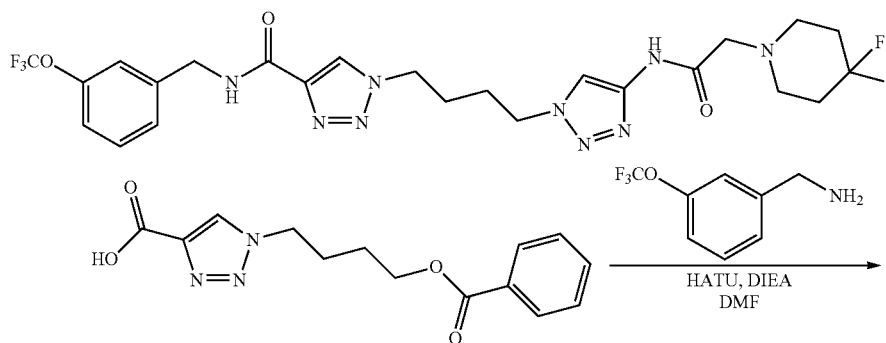
[0499] To a suspension of 1-(4-(4-(1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (1.28 g, 2.71 mmol) in MeOH (45 mL) was added hydrazine monohydrate (0.660 mL, 13.6 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 30 min, then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a solid, which was washed with cold water (3×15 mL) to give the title compound as a brown solid (0.574 g, 62% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{15}H_{19}N_9O$ requires: 341, found: 342 [M+H] $^+$.

Step 8: 1-[4-[4-[[2-(2-pyridyl)acetyl]amino]triazol-1-yl]butyl]-N-(2-pyridylmethyl)triazole-4-carboxamide

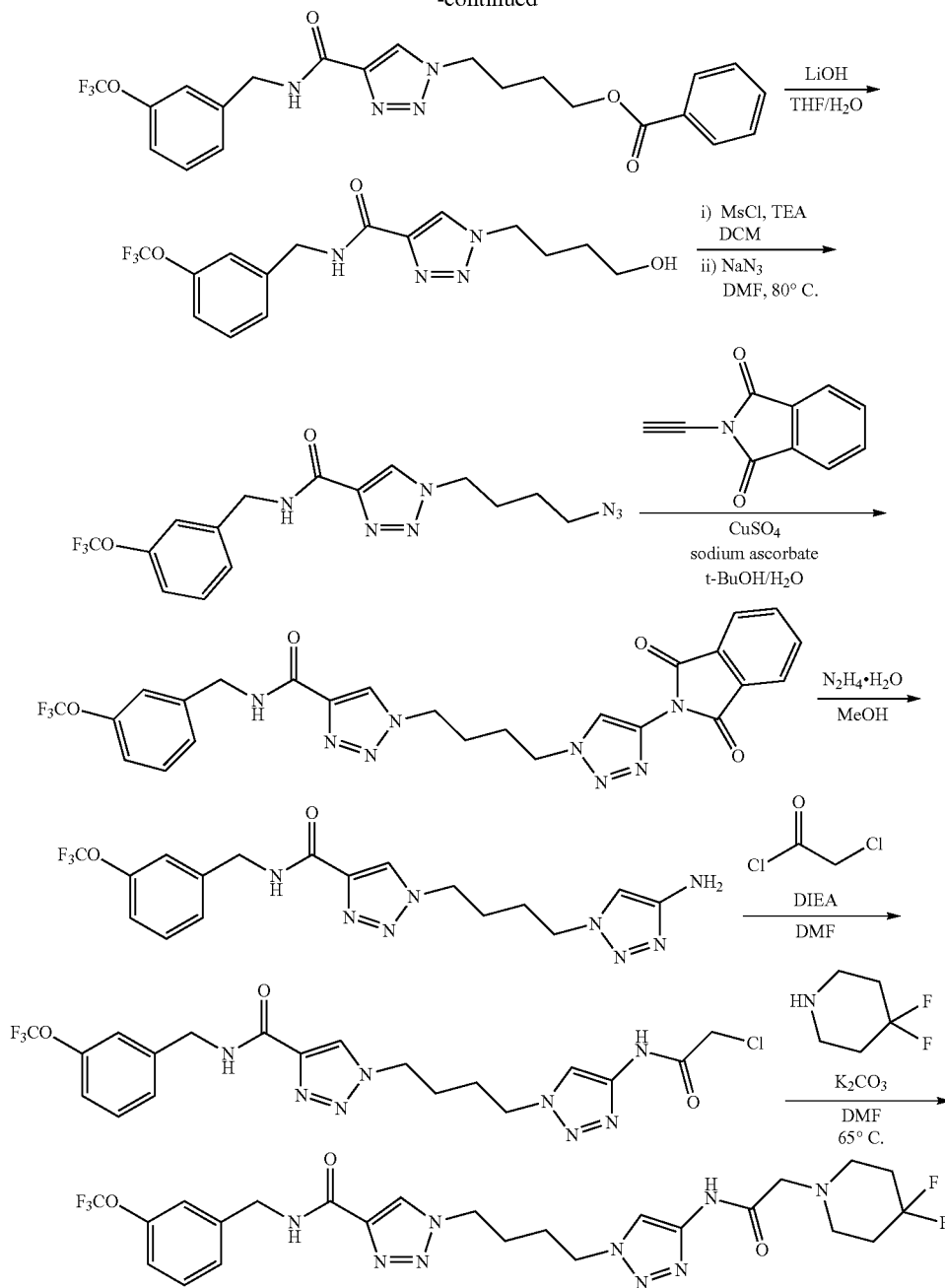
[0500] To a solution of 2-pyridylacetic acid hydrochloride (27.9 mg, 0.159 mmol), HATU (77.5 mg, 0.197 mmol) and DIEA (0.460 mL, 0.264 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) was added 1-(4-(4-amino-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (45.0 mg, 0.131 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The mixture was directly purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/ H_2O , B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (15 mg; 25% yield). MS (ES^+) $C_{22}H_{24}N_{10}O_2$ requires: 460, found: 461 [M+H] $^+$; 1H NMR (400 MHz, $MeOH-d_4$) δ 8.52 (m, 2H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.26 (m, 4H), 4.71 (s, 2H), 4.51-4.43 (m, 4H), 3.96 (m, 2H), 1.94 (appar s, 4H).

Example 332: 1-(4-(4-(2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0501]



-continued



Step 1: 4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl benzoate

Step 2: 1-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0502] A mixture of 1-(4-(benzoyloxy)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (1.0 g, 3.5 mmol), (3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methanamine (0.66 g, 3.5 mmol), HATU (1.9 g, 5.2 mmol), and DIEA (1.3 g, 10 mmol) in DMF (10 ml) was stirred at RT for 16 h. Water (100 ml) was added, the mixture was stirred for 10 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (1 g, 62%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{21}\text{F}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_4$ requires: 462, found: 463 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

[0503] A mixture of 4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl benzoate (1.0 g, 2.2 mmol) and $\text{LiOH} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.27 g, 6.6 mmol) in THF (5 ml) and water (5 ml) was stirred at RT for 16 h, then extracted with EtOAc (50 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a white solid (600 mg, 77%). MS (ES^+) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{17}\text{F}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_3$ requires: 358, found: 359 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 1-(4-azidobutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0504] To a stirred solution of 1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (600 mg, 1.68 mmol) and TEA (340 mg, 3.36 mmol) in DCM (5 ml) at RT was added methanesulfonyl chloride (240 mg, 2.1 mmol) in DCM (5 ml) dropwise. The mixture was stirred at RT for 30 min then treated with water (10 ml) and extracted with DCM (20 ml). The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford a white solid (presumed crude 4-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl methanesulfonate), which was dissolved in DMF (3 mL). To the solution was added NaN₃ (110 mg, 1.68 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 1 hr, then allowed to cool to RT. Water (20 ml) was added, the mixture was stirred for 15 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (600 mg, 93%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₁₆F₃N₇O₂ requires: 383, found: 384 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 1-(4-(4-(1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0505] A mixture of 1-(4-azidobutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (600 mg, 0.78 mmol), 2-ethynylisindoline-1,3-dione (133 mg, 0.780 mmol), L(+)-ascorbic acid (40 mg, 0.23 mmol), and CuSO₄ (20 mg, 0.12 mmol) in 1:1 v:v t-BuOH/H₂O (10 mL) was stirred at RT for 16 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water (30 ml) was added, the mixture was stirred for 15 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a white solid (600 mg, 71%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₅H₂₁F₃N₈O₄ requires: 554, found: 555 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: 1-(4-(4-amino-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0506] A mixture of 1-(4-(4-(1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (500 mg, 0.90 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (90 mg, 1.8 mmol) in MeOH (10 ml) was stirred at RT for 3 h, then concentrated under reduced

pressure. To the residue was added EtOAc (50 mL), and the mixture was stirred for 15 min, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a white solid (300 mg, 86%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₇H₁₉F₃N₈O₂ requires: 424, found: 425 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: 1-(4-(4-(2-chloroacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

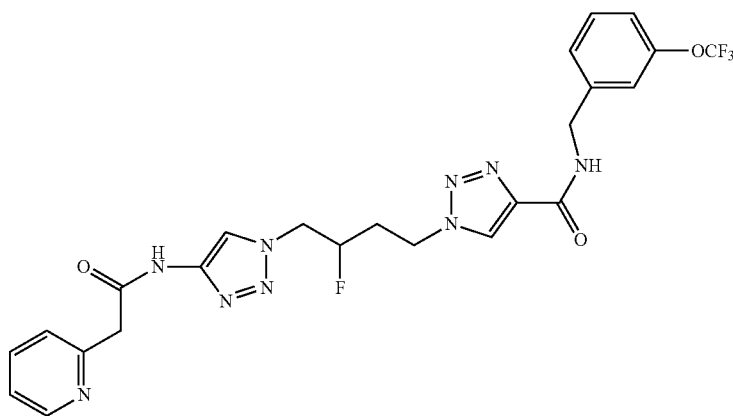
[0507] A mixture of 1-(4-(4-amino-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (300 mg, 0.705 mmol), 2-chloroacetyl chloride (120 mg, 1.06 mmol) and DIEA (177 mg, 1.41 mmol) in DMF (5 ml) was stirred at RT for 2 h. Water (50 ml) was added, the mixture was stirred for 10 min, and precipitate was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a yellow solid (220 mg, 63%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₉H₂₀ClF₃N₈O₃ requires: 501, found: 502 [M+H]⁺.

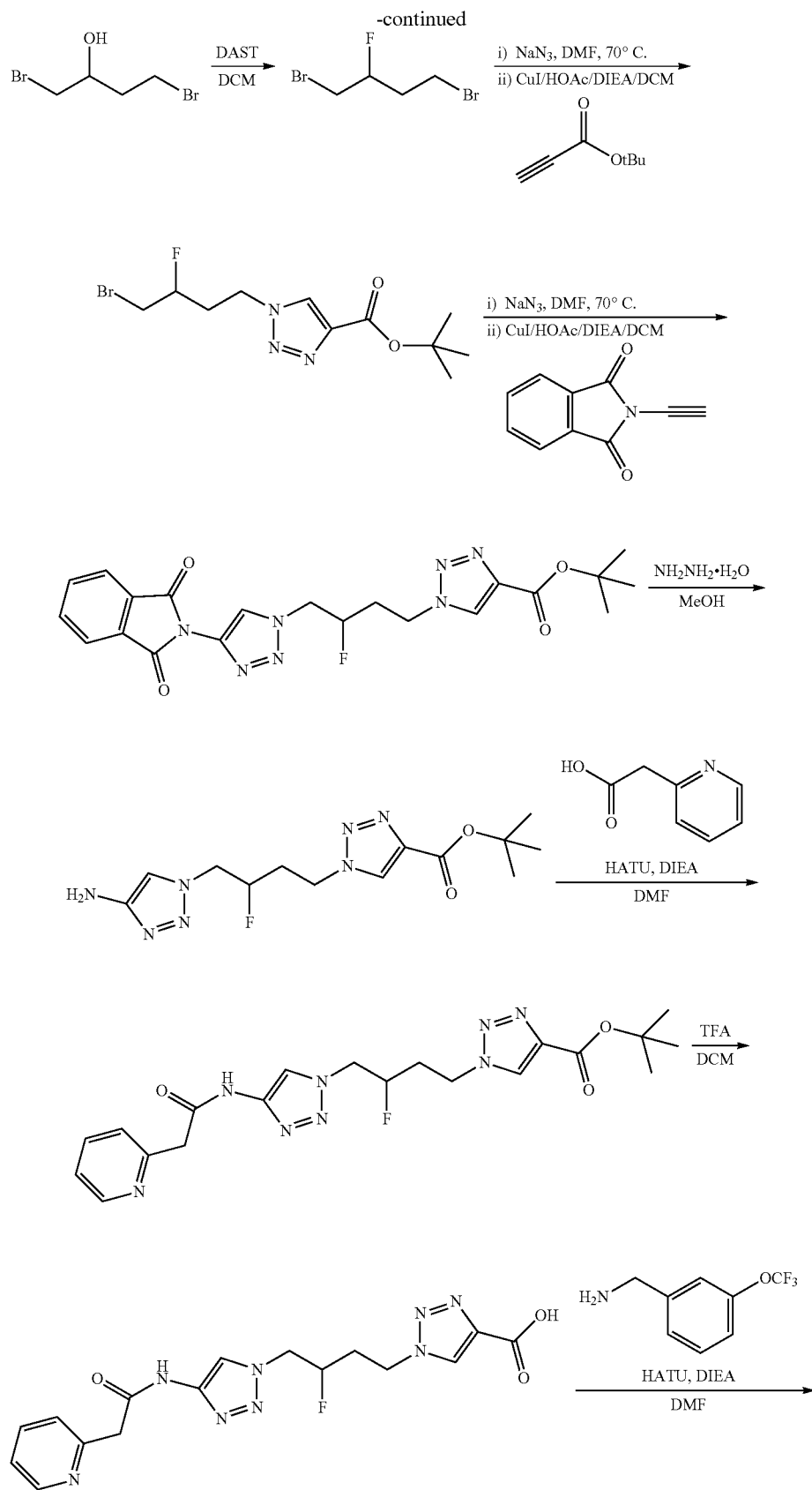
Step 7: 1-(4-(4-(2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0508] A mixture of 1-(4-(4-(2-chloroacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide (30 mg, 0.06 mmol), 3-fluoroazetidine (7 mg, 0.09 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (25 mg, 0.18 mmol) in DMF (1 ml) was stirred at 65° C. for 2 h. Precipitate was isolated by filtration and purified by preparative HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/H₂O, B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to afford the title compound as a white solid (12.7 mg, 57%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₄H₂₈F₅N₉O₃ requires: 585, found: 586 [M+H]⁺. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 1.78 (m, 4H), 2.24 (m, 4H), 3.16 (m, 4H), 3.90 (m, 2H), 4.40-4.49 (m, 6H), 7.24 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (apparent t, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 11.45 (br s, 1H).

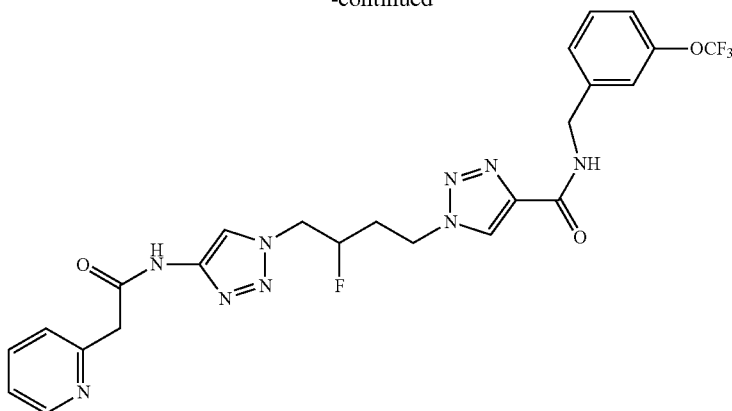
Example 347: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0509]





-continued



Step 1: 1,4-dibromo-2-fluorobutane

[0510] To a solution of 1,4-dibromobutan-2-ol (10 g, 43 mmol) in DCM (140 mL) at 0° C. was slowly added DAST (13.9 g, 86.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h, then carefully quenched with sat. aq. NaHCO₃. The mixture was extracted with DCM (3×100 mL), and the combined organic layers were dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the presumed title compound (9.5 g, 94%) as a yellow oil.

Step 2: tert-butyl 1-(4-bromo-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0511] A mixture of 1,4-dibromo-2-fluorobutane (5.0 g, 21 mmol) and NaN₃ (1.32 g, 20.3 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was stirred at 70° C. for 1 h then allowed to cool to RT. DCM (100 mL) was added, followed by AcOH (130 mg, 2.14 mmol), DIEA (280 mg, 2.14 mmol), tert-butyl propiolate (4.04 g, 32.1 mmol) and copper(I) iodide (203 mg, 1.10 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 5 h, diluted with water, and extracted with DCM (2×80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried and concentrated under reduced pressure, and solid was washed with Et₂O and isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a brown solid (3.5 g, 51%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₀H₁₇BrFN₃O₂ requires: 321/323, found: 322/324[M+H]⁺.

Step 3: tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-(1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0512] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-bromo-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (1.0 g, 3.1 mmol) and NaN₃ (400 mg, 6.2 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was stirred at 70° C. for 16 h, then allowed to cool to RT. DCM (20 mL) was added, followed by AcOH (19 mg, 0.31 mmol), DIEA (40 mg, 0.31 mmol), 2-ethynylisindoline-1,3-dione (640 mg, 3.73 mmol) and copper(I) iodide (30 mg, 0.16 mmol). The mixture was stirred at RT for 5 h, then diluted with water and treated with sat. aq. NH₄OH (2 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound as a yellow oil (1.3 g, 92%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₁H₂₂FN₇O₄ requires: 455, found: 456[M+H]⁺.

Step 4: tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-amino-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0513] Hydrazine hydrate (715 mg, 14.3 mmol) was added to a solution of tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-(1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (1.3 g, 2.9 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL). The mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h, then concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (10% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (650 mg, 70%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₃H₂₀FN₇O₂ requires: 325, found: 326 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: tert-butyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0514] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-amino-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (350 mg, 1.08 mmol), 2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetic acid (220 mg, 1.62 mmol), HATU (614 mg, 1.62 mmol) and DIEA (209 mg, 1.62 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was stirred at RT for 2 h. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted with 10:1 v:v DCM/MeOH. The organic layer was dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a brown oil (500 mg, 60%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₀H₂₅FN₈O₃ requires: 444, found: 445[M+H]⁺.

Step 6: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0515] TFA (2 mL) was added to a solution of tert-butyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (500 mg, 1.13 mmol) in DCM (5 mL). The mixture was stirred at 50° C. for 16 h. Water was added and the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove the organic layer. The aqueous mixture was washed with EtOAc (3×20 mL), then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with MeOH and solid was isolated by filtration to give the title compound as a beige solid (300 mg, 68%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₆H₁₇FN₈O₃ requires: 388, found: 389 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

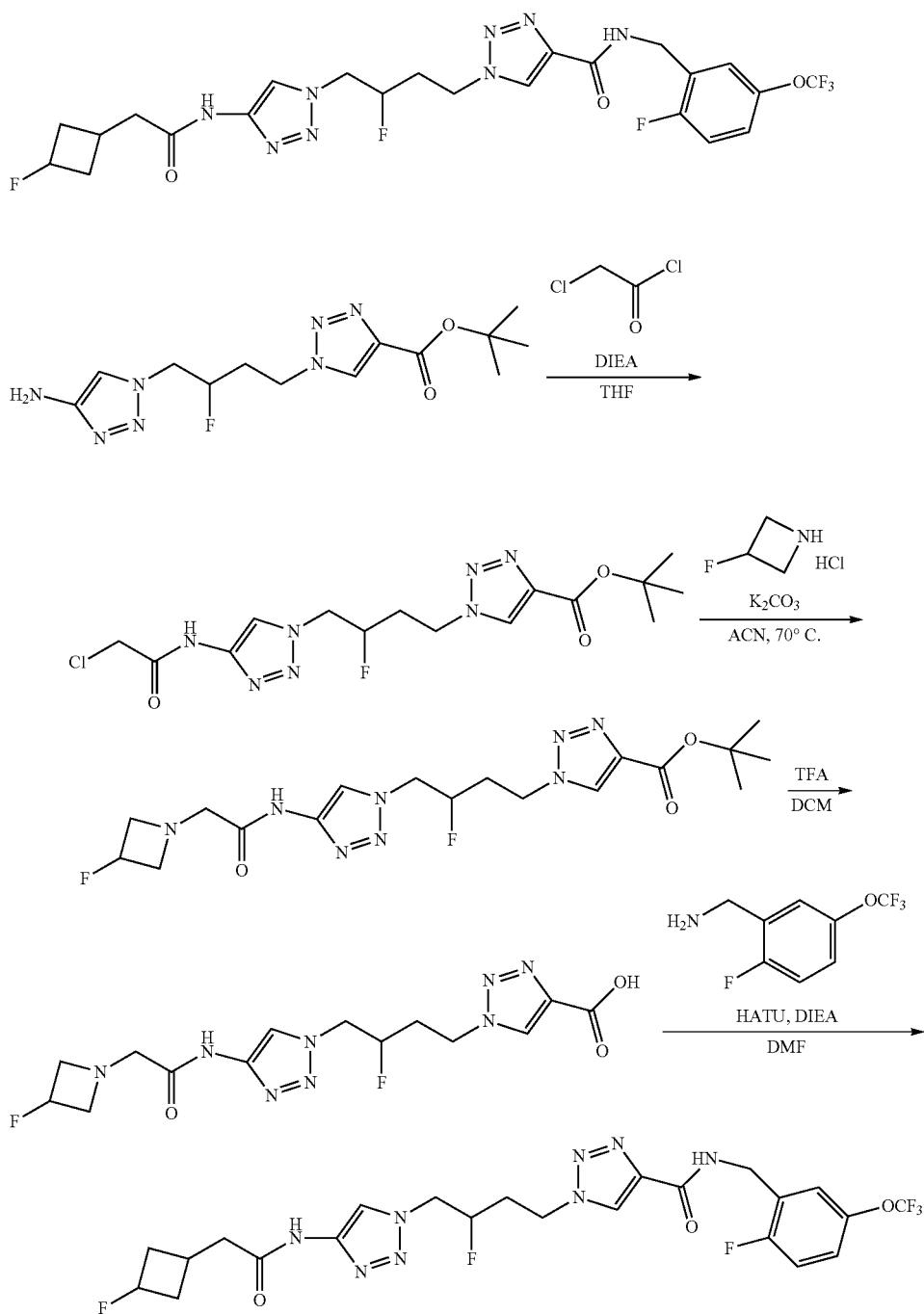
[0516] A mixture of 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-

carboxylic acid (40 mg, 0.10 mmol), (3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methanamine (24 mg, 0.12 mmol), HATU (57 mg, 0.15 mmol) and DIEA (20 mg, 0.15 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) was stirred at RT for 2 h. Water (10 mL) was added, and precipitated solid was isolated by filtration and washed with MeOH to give the title compound as a white solid. MS (ES⁺) C₂₄H₂₃F₄N₉O₃ requires: 561, found: 562[M+H]⁺; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.17 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, J=6.1 Hz, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.48 (m, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.75 (t, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=17.6, 7.8 Hz,

2H), 7.31-7.20 (m, 3H), 4.94 (m, 1H), 4.68 (m, 2H), 4.58 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H), 4.48 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 2.36-2.09 (m, 2H).

Example 372: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0517]



Step 1: tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-(2-chloroacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0518] To a mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-(2-chloroacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (800 mg, 2.46 mmol) and DIEA (635 mg, 4.92 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0° C. was added 2-chloroacetyl chloride (556 mg, 4.92 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 30 min. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was partitioned between EtOAc and H₂O. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (950 mg, 96%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₅H₂₁ClF₃N₇O₃ requires: 401, found: 402[M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate

[0519] A mixture of tert-butyl 1-(4-(4-(2-chloroacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (450 mg, 1.12 mmol), 3-fluoroazetidine hydrochloride (138 mg, 1.23 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (310 mg, 2.24 mmol) in ACN (5 mL) was stirred at 70° C. for 5 h. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue purified by SiO₂ gel chromatography (10% MeOH in DCM) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (330 mg, 67%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₈H₂₆F₂N₈O₃ requires: 440, found: 441[M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic Acid

[0520] TFA (2 mL) was added to a solution of tert-butyl 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-

1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (330 mg, 0.75 mmol) in DCM (10 mL). The mixture was stirred at 50° C. for 4 h. Water was added and the mixture lyophilized to give the title compound as a yellow oil (350 mg, 94%). MS (ES⁺) C₁₄H₁₈F₂N₈O₃ requires: 384, found: 385[M+H]⁺.

Step 8: 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0521] A mixture of 1-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (40 mg, 0.1 mmol), (2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methanamine (25 mg, 0.12 mmol), HATU (59 mg, 0.15 mmol) and DIEA (20 mg, 0.15 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) was stirred at RT for 2 h. Water was added, and precipitated solid was isolated by filtration and purified by preparatory HPLC (Mobile phase: A=0.1% ammonium hydroxide/H₂O, B=acetonitrile; Gradient: B=5%-95% in 18 min; Column: C18) to give the title compound as a white solid (6 mg, 10%). MS (ES⁺) C₂₂H₂₃F₆N₉O₃ requires: 575, found: 576[M+H]⁺; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, J=6.1 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.30 (m, 3H), 5.18 (m, 1H), 4.96 (m, 1H), 4.73-4.63 (m, 2H), 4.59 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (d, J=5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.71-3.63 (m, 2H), 3.29-3.24 (m, 4H), 2.33-2.13 (m, 2H).

[0522] Non-limiting examples include the following compounds and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof:

TABLE 1

Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
10		N-(propan-2-yl)-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
11		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
12		N-(oxolan-3-ylmethyl)-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
13		1-{4-[5-(2-phenylacetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl]butyl}-N-(2-phenylethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
14		N-[2-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]-1-{4-[5-(2-phenylacetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
15		N-benzyl-1-[4-[5-(2-phenylacetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl]butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
16		N-benzyl-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
17		N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
18		N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
19		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
20		1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
21		N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
22		N-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
23		N-[(1S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-1-[4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
24		N-(2-methylpropyl)-1-[4-[6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
25		5-(4-{6-[(2S)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
26		5-[4-[6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl]-N-(2-phenylethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
27		N-(2-phenylethyl)-5-(4-{6-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
28		N-benzyl-5-{4-[6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
29		N-benzyl-5-(4-{6-[(2S)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
30		N-benzyl-5-(4-{6-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
31		N-(2-methylpropyl)-5-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

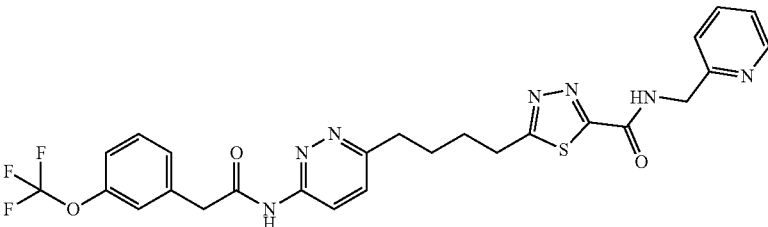
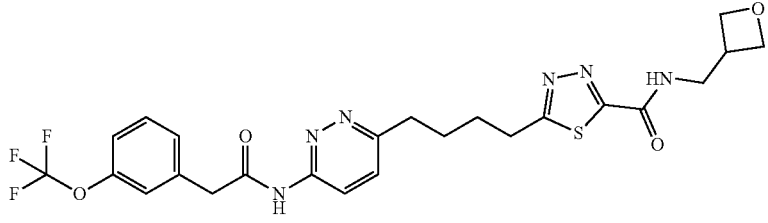
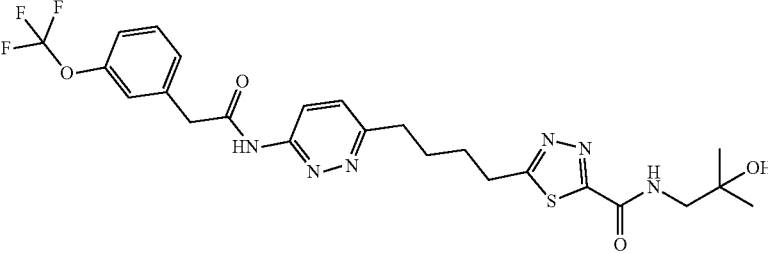
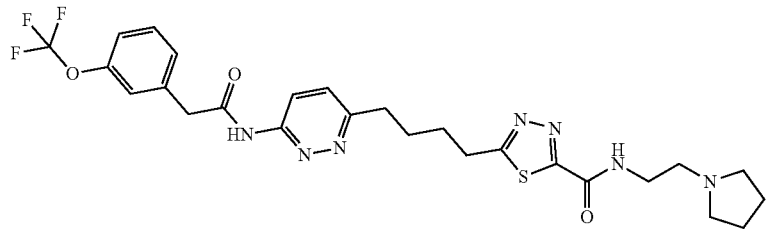
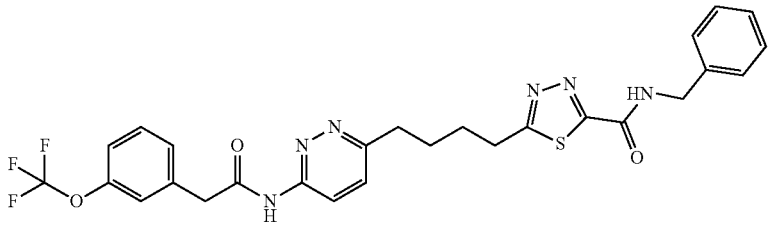
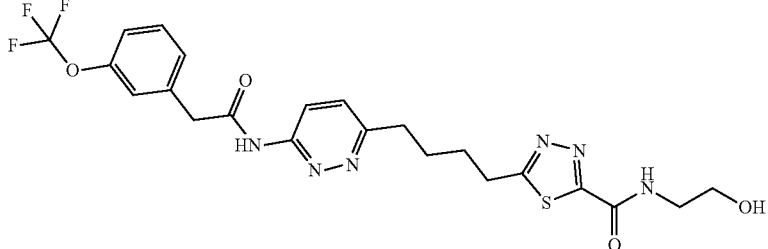
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
32		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-5-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
33		N-(oxetan-3-ylmethyl)-5-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
34		N-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)-5-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
34		N-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl]-5-[5-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
36		N-benzyl-5-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
37		N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-5-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
38		5-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(propan-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
39		5-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
40		5-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
41		5-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
42		5-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(2-methylpropyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
43		N-(propan-2-yl)-5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide	
44		N-(2-methylpropyl)-5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide	
45		N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide	
46		N-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide	
47		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
48		N-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)-5-{4-[(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylbutyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
49		N-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl]-5-{4-[(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylbutyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
50		N-(oxetan-3-ylmethyl)-5-{4-[4-[(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
51		N-(oxetan-3-yl)-5-{4-[4-[(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
52		5-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
53		tert-butyl 4-[(4-[4-[(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxylate

TABLE 1-continued

Ex. No.	Structure	Name
54		ethyl N-[(1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl]carbamate
55		1-(4-{4-[(3-methylbutanamido)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
56		2-methylpropyl N-[(1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl]carbamate
57		1-(4-(4-((isopentylamino)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
58		1-(4-(4-(propionamidomethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
59		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

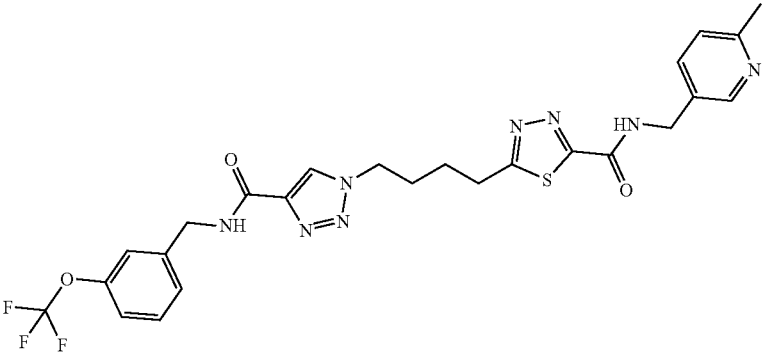
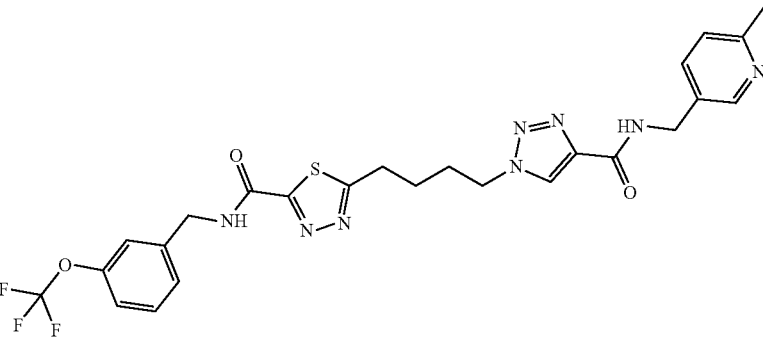
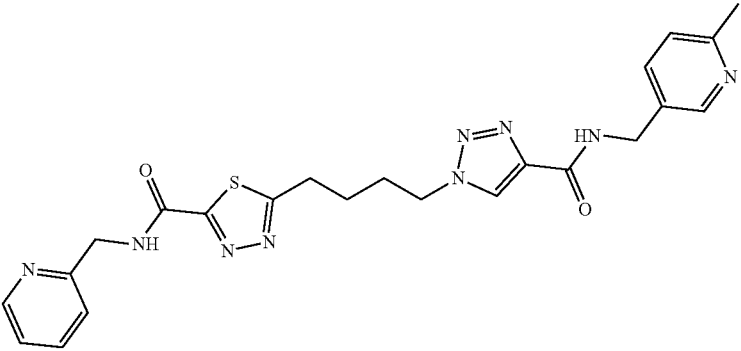
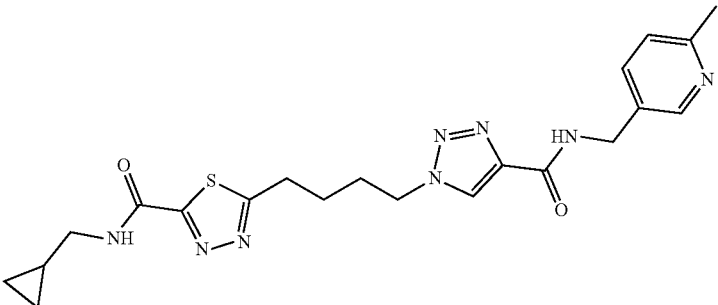
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
60		N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
61		5-[4-(4-{[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
62		5-[4-(4-{[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
63		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5-[4-(4-{[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
64		N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-5-[4-(4-[[[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
65		5-(4-{4-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
66		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-5-(4-{4-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
67		N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-5-(4-{4-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
68		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5-(4-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
69		5-(4-[(cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1,2,3-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
70		5-(4-[(cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
71		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1-(4-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
72		1-[4-(4-((6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl-N-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
73		tert-butyl 3-(((5-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)formamido)methylazetidine-1-carboxylate
74		tert-butyl 3-(((5-(4-((6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)formamido)methylazetidine-1-carboxylate
75		5-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylbutyl-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
76		5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl) pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
77		5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl) pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
78		5-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl) pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
79		tert-butyl 3-{[(1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)formamido]methyl}azetidine-1-carboxylate

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
80		1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
81		1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
82		1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
83		N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1-{4-[4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
84		N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
85		1-(4-{4-[(cyclobutylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
86		1-(4-{4-[(oxolan-3-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
87		1-(4-{4-[(oxetan-3-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
88		1-{4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
89		1-(4-{4-[(cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
90		1-(4-{4-[(cyclohexylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
91		N-(oxetan-3-ylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
92		N-(oxolan-2-ylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

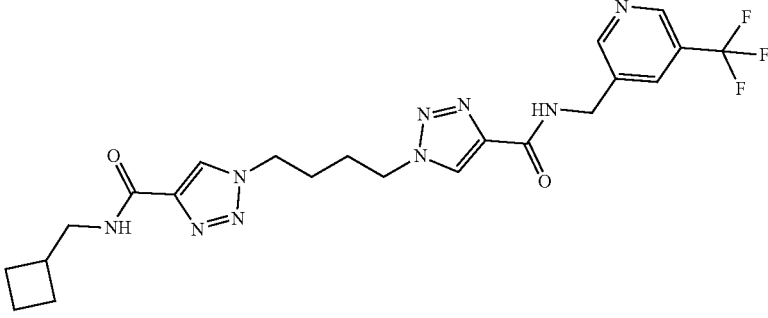
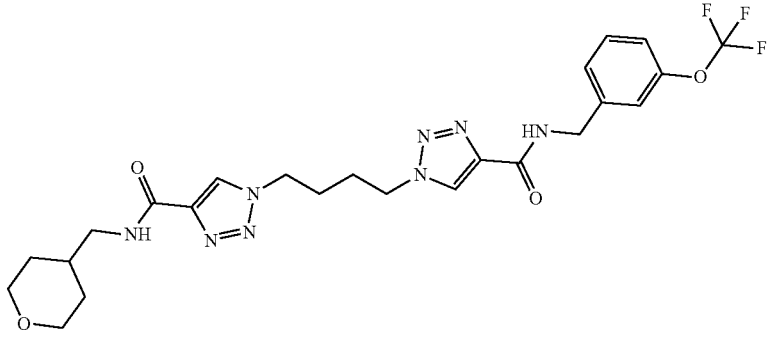
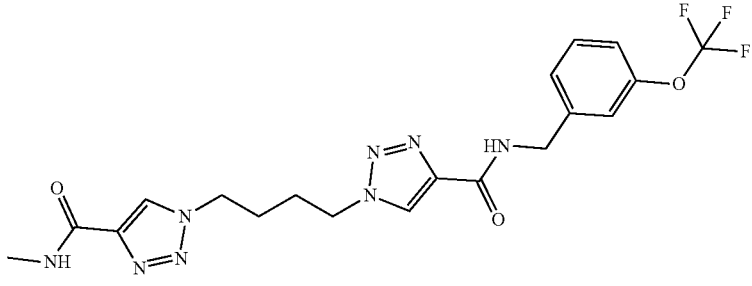
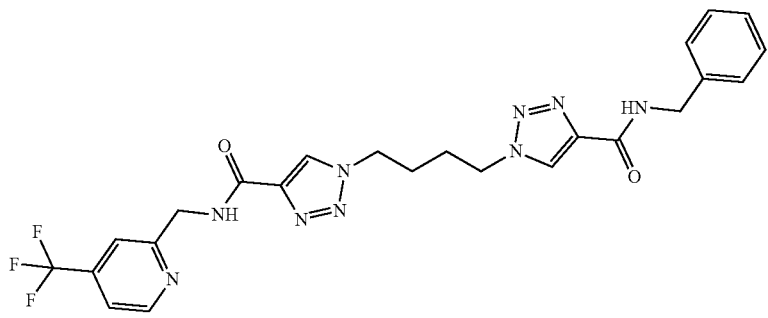
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
93		N-(cyclobutylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
94		N-(oxan-4-ylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
95		N-methyl-1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
96		1-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
97		1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
98		1-[4-(4-{[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
99		1-[4-(4-{[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
100		1-[4-(4-{[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
101		1-[4-(4-{[(1S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
102		1-[4-(4-([(2R)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ylmethyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
103		1-[4-(4-([(2S)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ylmethyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
104		1-{4-[4-(cyclopentylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
105		1-[4-(4-([(3-cyclopropylphenyl)methyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
106		N-[(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1-{4-[4-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
107		1-[4-(4-(((2-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
108		1-[4-(4-(((3-methoxyphenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
109		1-[4-(4-((1-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]ethyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
110		tert-butyl N-([3-(((1-[4-(4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)formamido]methyl)phenyl)methyl]carbamate
111		1-[4-(4-(((3-chlorophenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
112		1-[4-(4-((3-fluorophenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
113		1-{4-(4-((3-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
114		1-(4-(4-((oxan-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
115		N-{7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ylmethyl}-1-{4-[4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
116		N-{7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ylmethyl}-1-{4-[4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

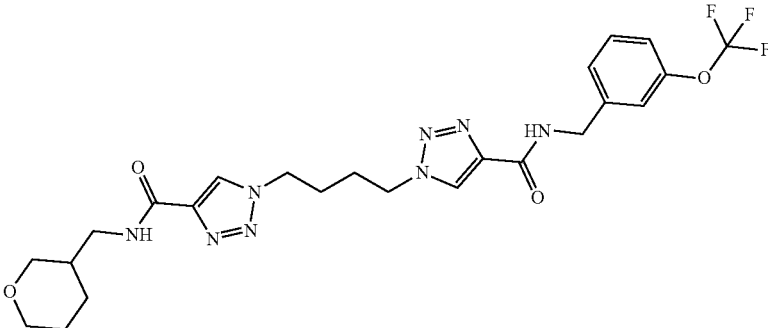
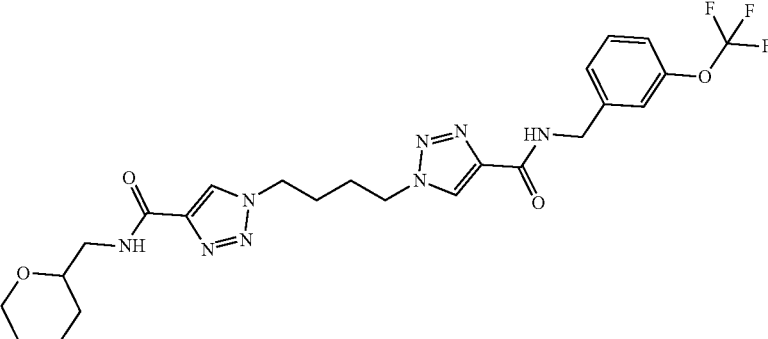
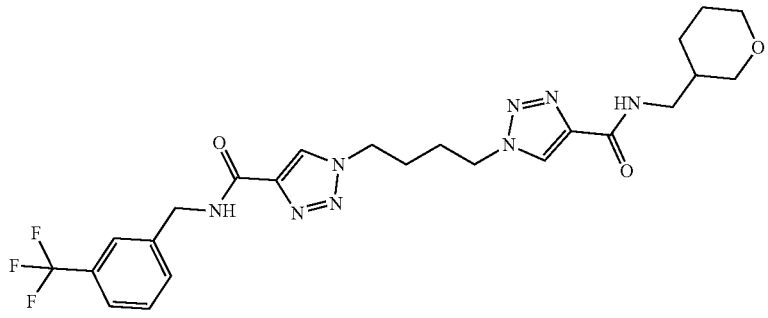
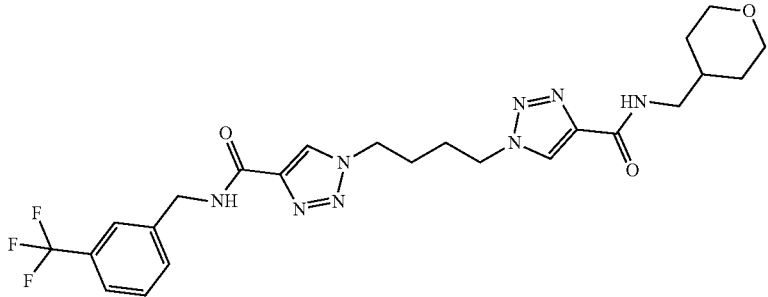
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
117		N-(oxan-3-ylmethyl)-1-{{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
118		N-(oxan-2-ylmethyl)-1-{{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
119		N-(oxan-3-ylmethyl)-1-{{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
120		N-(oxan-4-ylmethyl)-1-{{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
121		N-(oxan-2-ylmethyl)-1-{{4-[[{3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
122		1-{{4-[[{3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl}methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-{{[2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
123		N-[(3-cyclopropylphenyl)methyl]-1-{{4-[[{6-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
124		1-{{4-[[{3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)phenyl}methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
125		1-({4-[4-({[3-(2-methoxyethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl) pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
126		N-(pyrazin-2-ylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
127		1-(4-{4-[(pyridazin-4-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
128		N-[(3-cyclopropylphenyl)methyl]-1-[4-(4-{[(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
129		N-[(3-cyclopropylphenyl)methyl]-1-[4-(4-[[[(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-3-fluorobutyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
130		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-[[[(1S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl]-N-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
131		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-[[[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl]-N-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
132		1-{4-[4-[[[3-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
133		1-[4-(4-[[[3-(cyclopropylphenyl)methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl]-N-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
134		1-[4-(4-((3-cyclopropylphenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl]-N-[(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
135		1-[4-(4-((4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
136		1-[4-(4-((2,2-dimethyl-2H-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
137		1-[4-(4-((2,2-dimethyl-2H-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
138		N-[(2S)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]-1-[4-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
139		N-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]-1-[4-(4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
140		N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)-1-{4-[4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
141		1-{4-[4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
142		1-{4-[4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
143		N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)-1-{4-[4-([6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
144		1-{4-[4-({[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl})-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
145		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl})-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
146		N-({[5-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl})-1-{4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
147		1-[4-(4-({[4-(cyclopropyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-3-fluorobutyl]-N-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl})-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
148		1-[4-(4-(((4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2-fluorobutyl]-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
149		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
150		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
151		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
152		N-[(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

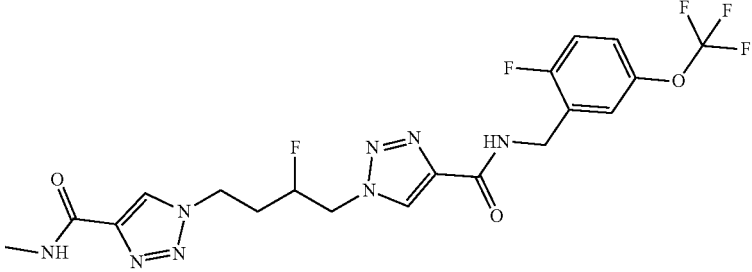
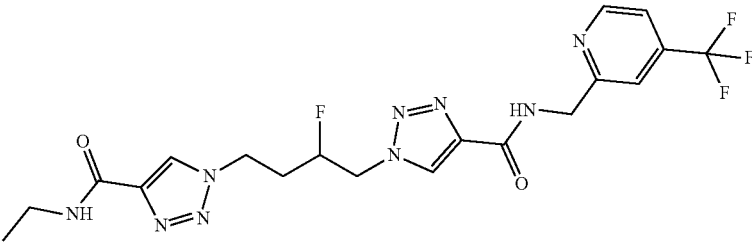
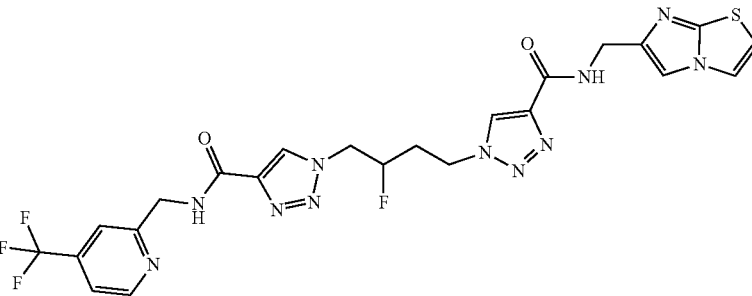
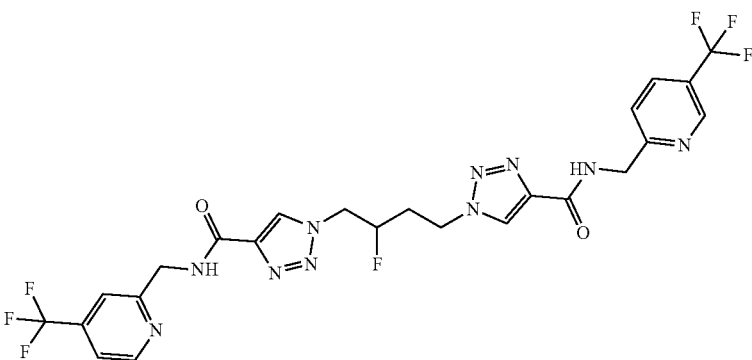
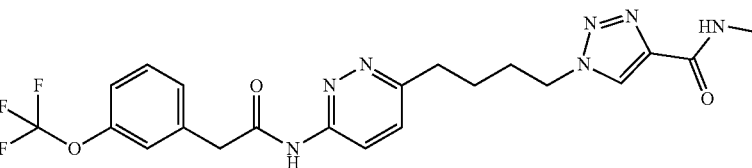
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
153		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
154		N-ethyl-1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
155		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{imidazo[2,1-b][1,3]thiazol-6-ylmethyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
156		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
157		N-methyl-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
158		N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1-{4-[4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
159		1-[2-fluoro-4-({[(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)methyl] carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
160		1-[4-(6-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
161		N-methyl-1-[4-[6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
162		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
163		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[(pyridin-2-yl)methyl] carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
164		1-[4-(4-((5-cyclopropylpyridin-3-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-3-fluorobutyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
165		1-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-3-fluorobutyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
166		tert-butyl N-[(3-((1-(2-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)formamido)methyl}phenyl)methyl]carbamate
167		N-methyl-1-(4-{6-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
168		N-(cyanomethyl)-1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-((2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
169		1-(4-{6-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-{3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenylmethyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
170		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[(quinolin-3-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
171		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[(isoquinolin-4-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
172		tert-butyl N-[(3-[[[6-{4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}pyridazin-3-yl]carbamoyl]methyl]phenyl)methyl]carbamate
173		1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(2-methoxyethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
174		1-[4-(6-acetamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

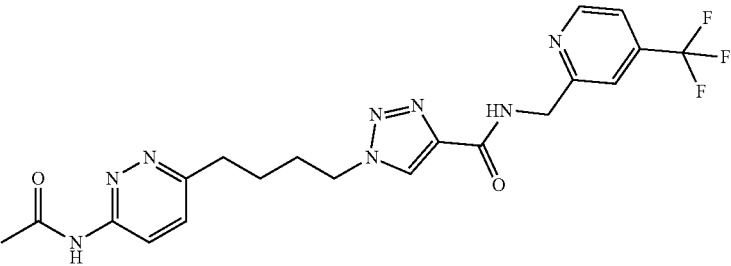
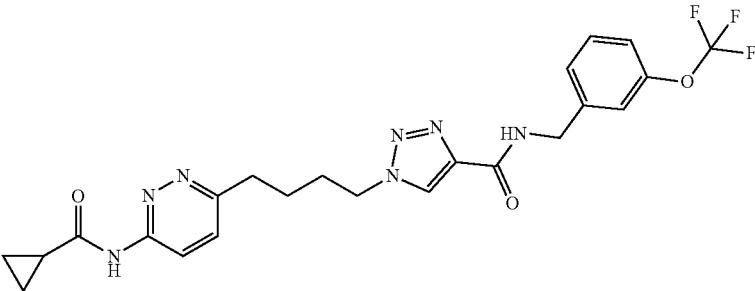
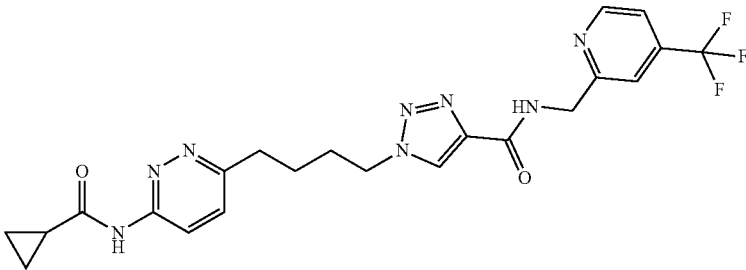
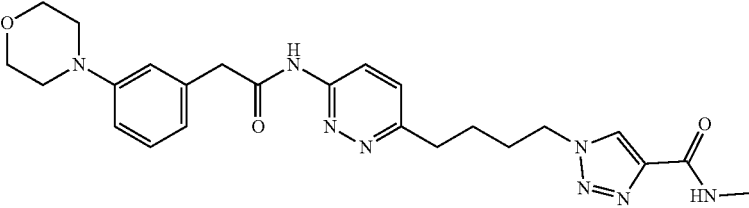
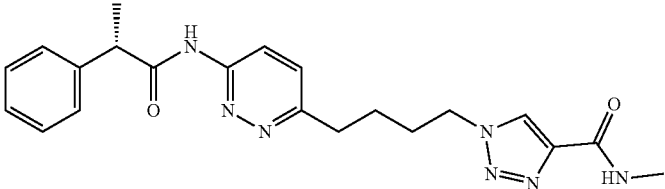
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
175		1-[4-(6-(6-acetamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
176		1-[4-(6-(cyclopropaneamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
177		1-[4-(6-(cyclopropaneamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
178		N-methyl-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(morpholin-4-yl)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
179		N-methyl-1-[4-(6-[(2S)-2-phenylpropanamido]pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
180		1-(4-{6-[2-(3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
181		1-{4-[4-({[4-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-3-fluorobutyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
182		1-[4-(4-({[3-(cyanophenyl)methyl] carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-3-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
183		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-({[3-(methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl] carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
184		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
185		methyl 3-({(1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)formamido]methyl}benzoate
186		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
187		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-({[6-methylpyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
188		N-methyl-1-{4-[6-(2-{3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl}pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
189		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
190		1-(4-{6-[2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
191		1-(4-{6-[2-(4-chloropyridin-2-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
192		N-methyl-1-{4-[6-(2-{4-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]pyridin-2-yl}acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
193		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
194		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
195		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
196		tert-butyl 3-((5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamido)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate
197		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
198		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
199		1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
200		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-bromopyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
201		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
202		1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
203		1-(4-(6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
204		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
205		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-methoxypyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

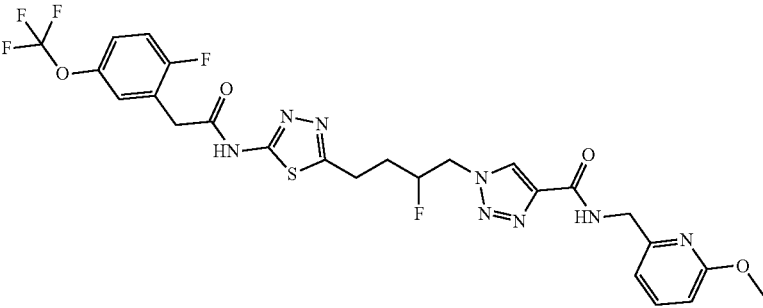
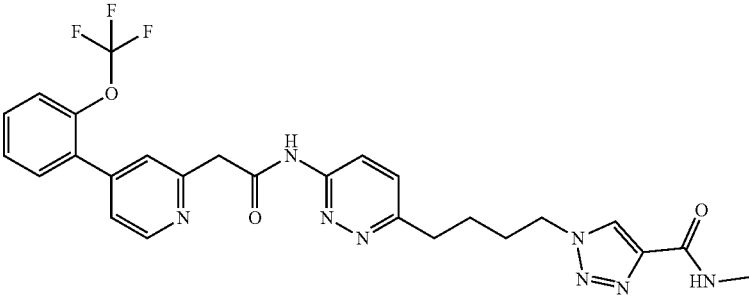
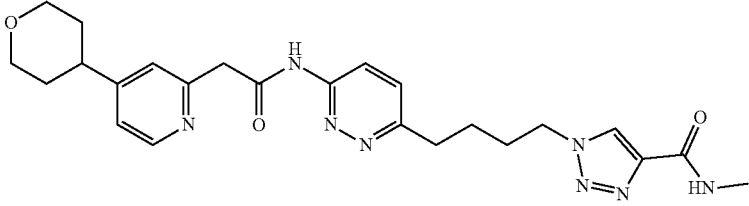
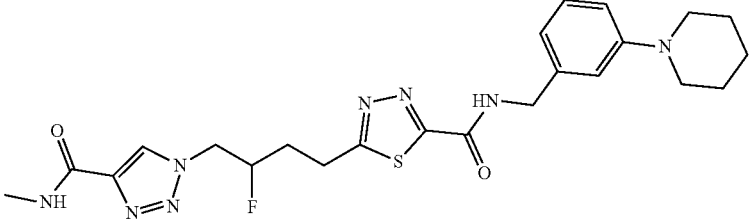
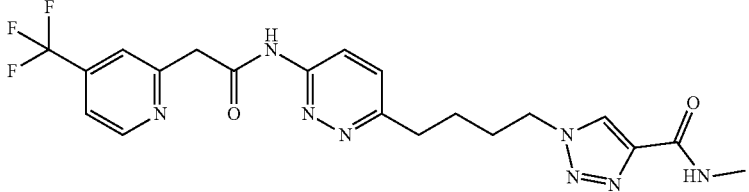
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
206		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((6-methoxypyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
207		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
208		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
209		5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(piperidin-1-yl)benzyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
210		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
211		1-(2-fluoro-4-((6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
212		tert-butyl 4-(3-2-((6-(4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)pyridazin-3-yl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)phenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridine-1(2H)-carboxylate	
213		tert-butyl 4-(3-2-((6-(4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)pyridazin-3-yl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)phenyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate	
214		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(2-oxopiperidin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
215		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
216		N-methyl-5-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,2,3-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
217		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
218		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
219		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
220		(S)-5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
221		(R)-5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

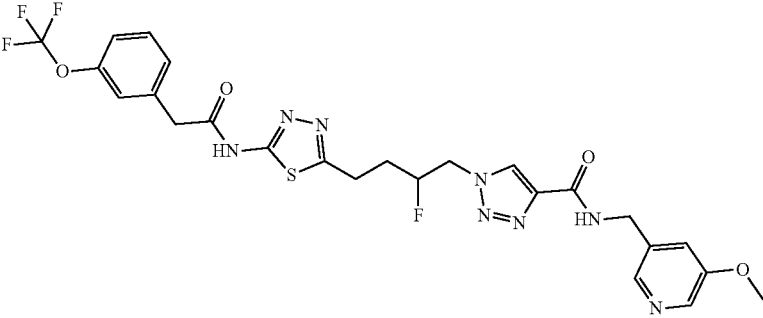
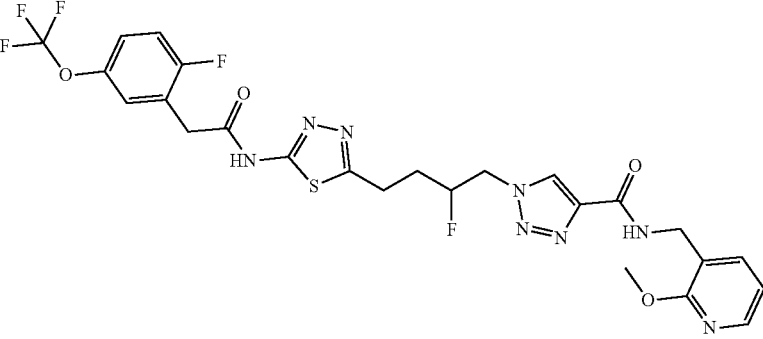
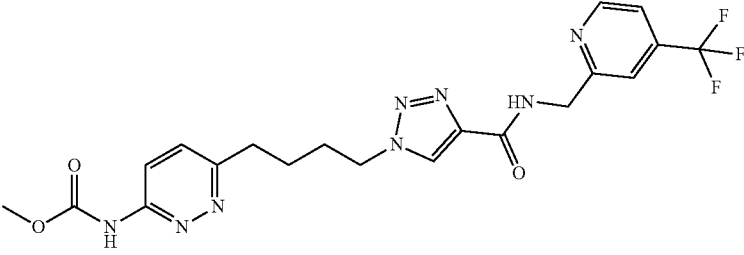
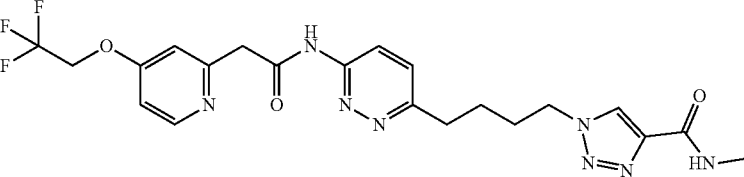
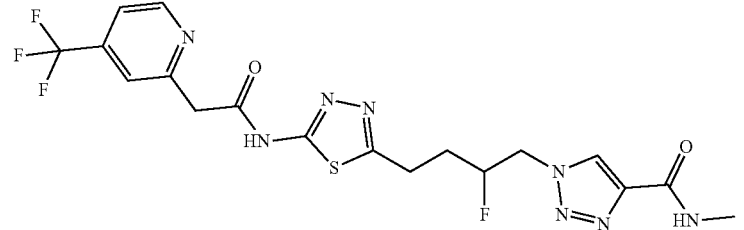
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
222		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((5-methoxypyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
223		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((2-methoxypyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
224		methyl 6-(4-(4-(((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)pyridazin-3-yl)carbamate
225		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
226		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
227		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
228		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
229		N-methyl-5-(4-(6-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
230		1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
231		1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
232		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
233		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

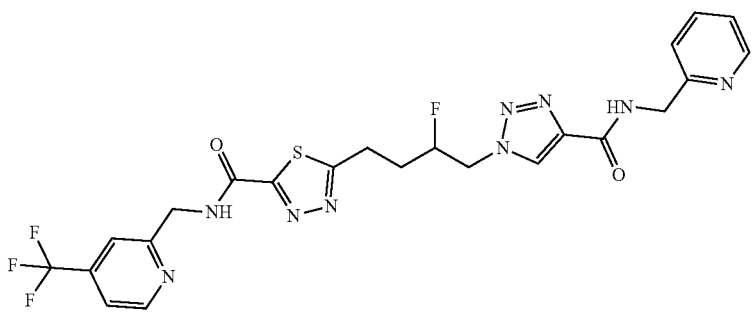
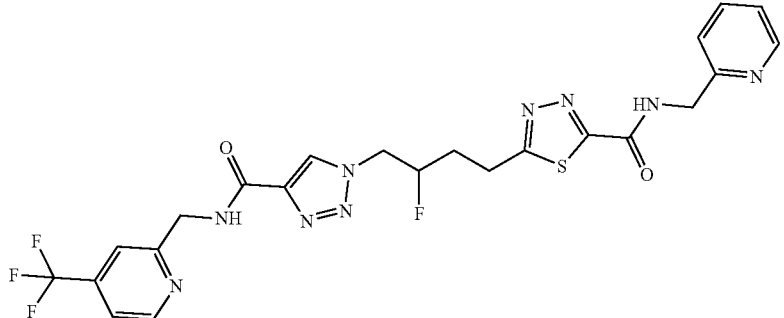
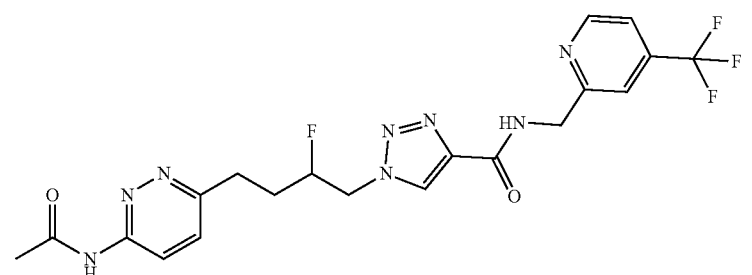
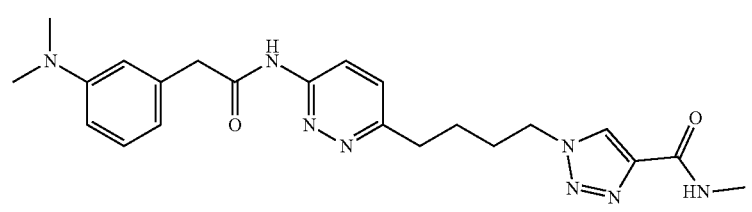
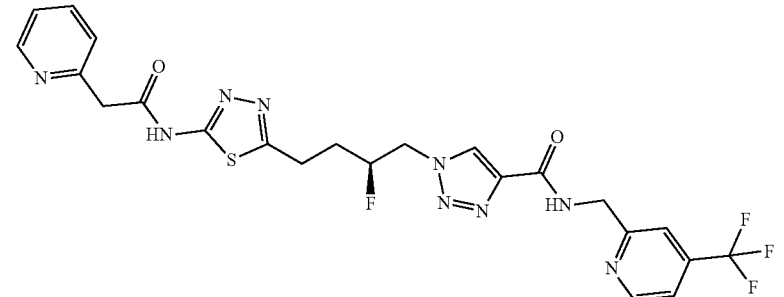
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
234		5-(3-fluoro-4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
235		5-(3-fluoro-4-(((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
236		1-(4-(6-acetamidopyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
237		1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(dimethylamino)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
238		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

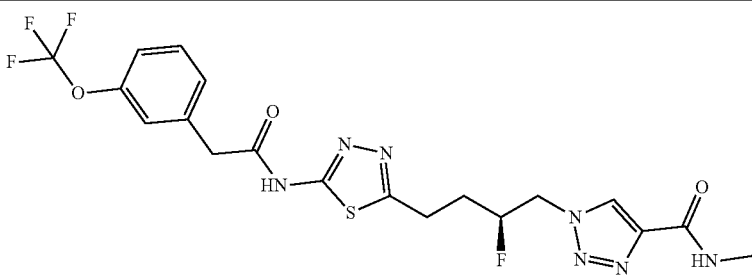
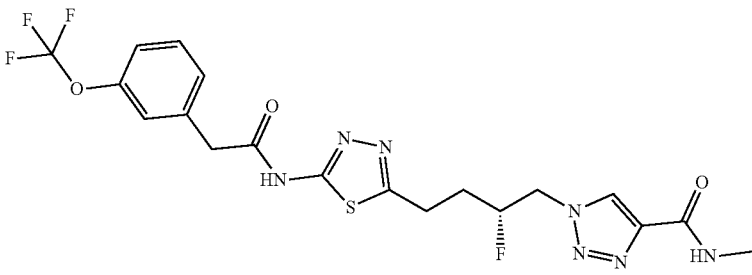
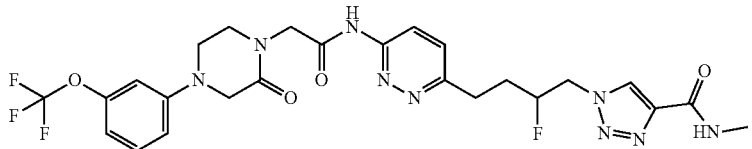
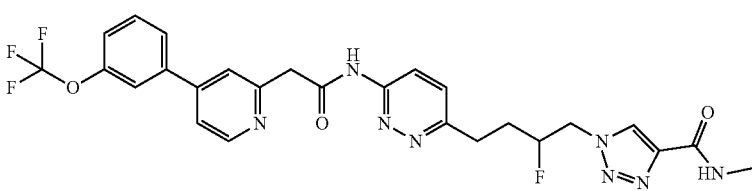
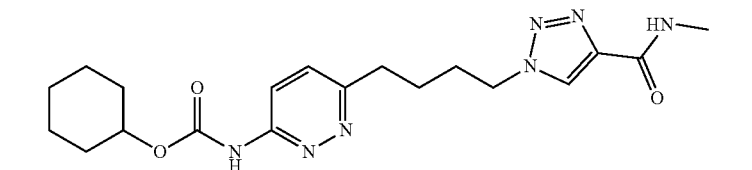
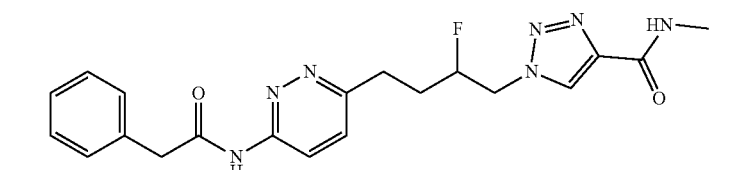
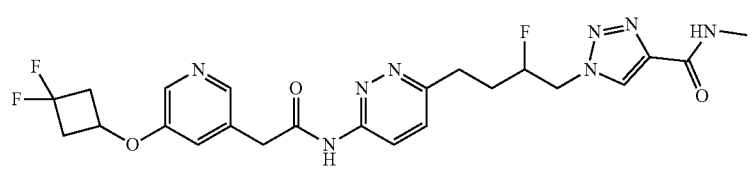
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
239		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
240		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
241		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
242		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
243		cyclohexyl (6-(4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)pyridazin-3-yl)carbamate
244		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
245		1-(4-(6-(2-(5-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
246		N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
247		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(2-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
248		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
249		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(2-oxo-4-(2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
250		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
251		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
252		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
253		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
254		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
255		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
256		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
257		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
258		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(1,1,1-trifluoropropan-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
259		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
260		(S)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
261		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
262		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
263		1-(4-(6-(2-(6-(cyclopropyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
264		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
265		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

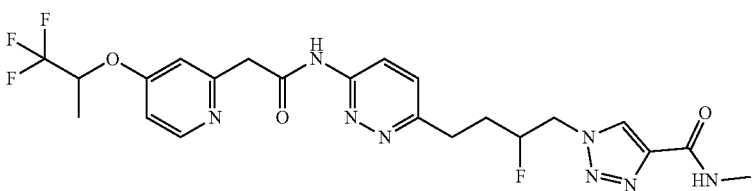
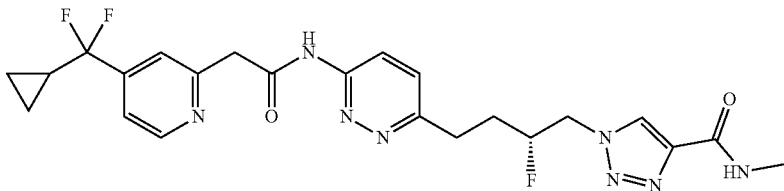
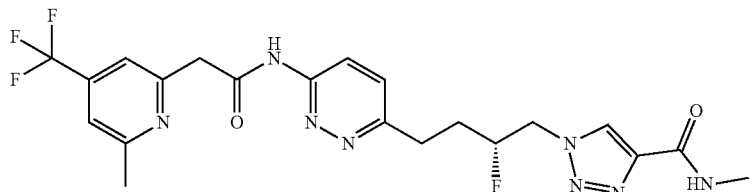
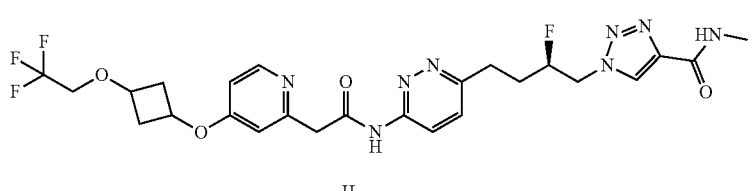
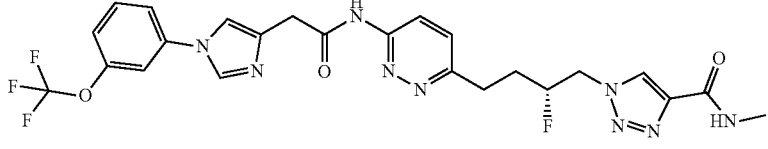
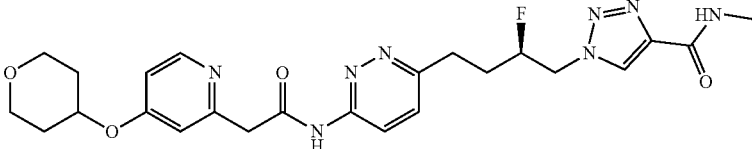
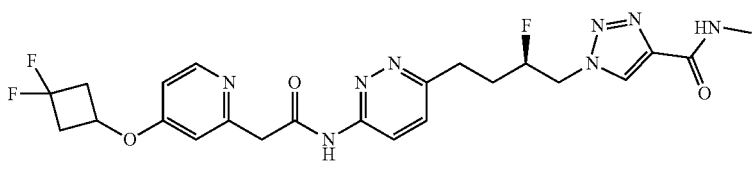
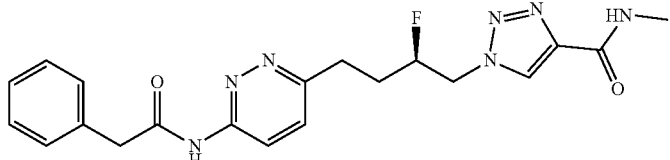
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
266		1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-((1,1,1-trifluoropropan-2-yl)oxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
267		(R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(cyclopropyl)difluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
268		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(6-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
269		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)cyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
270		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
271		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(4-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
272		(R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
273		(R)-1-(2-fluoro-4-(6-(2-(phenylacetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

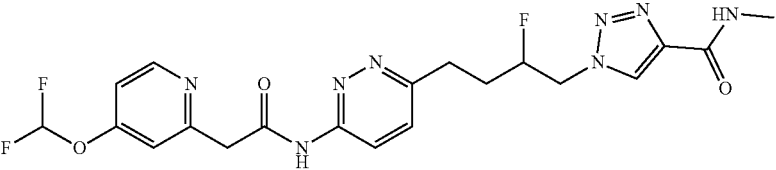
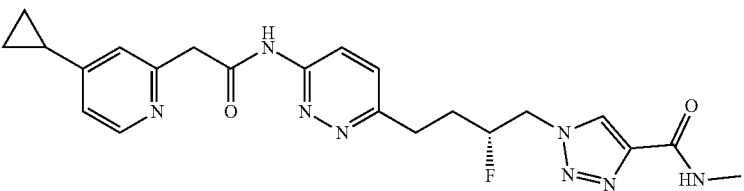
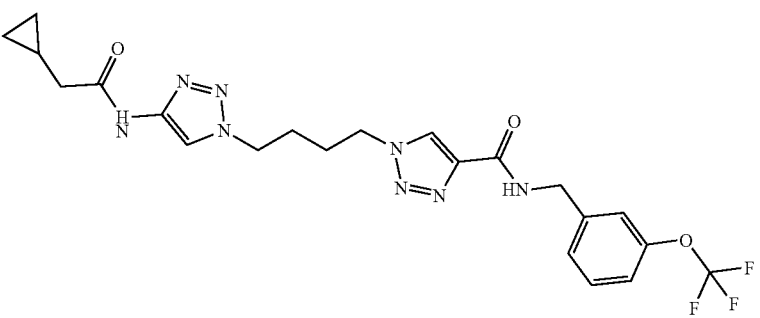
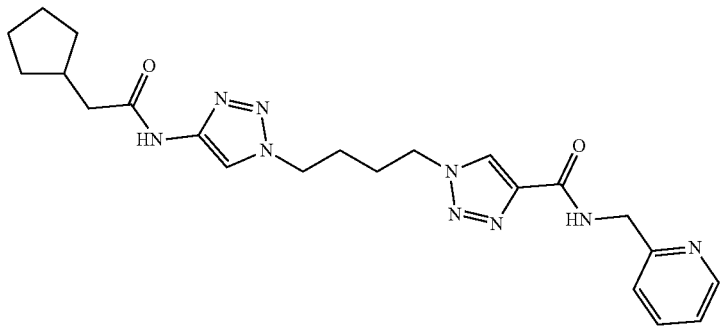
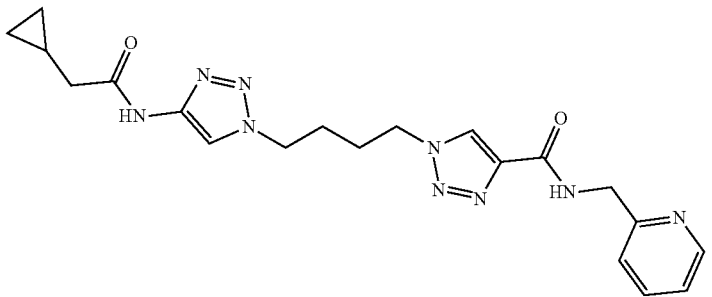
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
274		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
275		(R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
276		1-{4-[4-(2-(cyclopropylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
277		1-{4-[4-(cyclopentylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
278		1-{4-[4-(2-(cyclopropylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
279		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
280		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclohexylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
281		N-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopropylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
282		N-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopentylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
283		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclohexylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
284		N-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
285		N-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
286		N-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

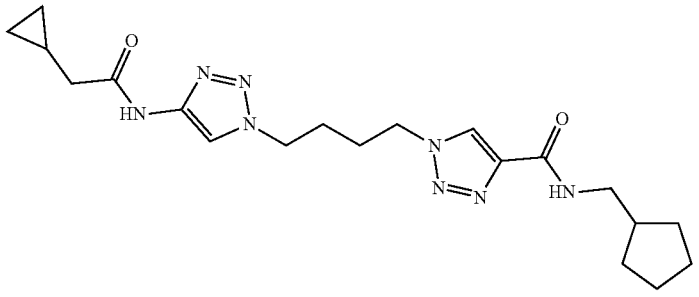
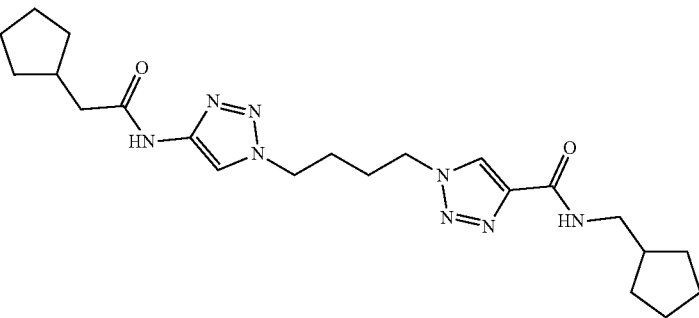
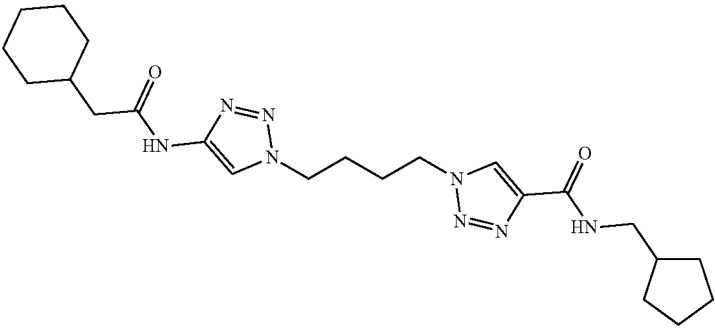
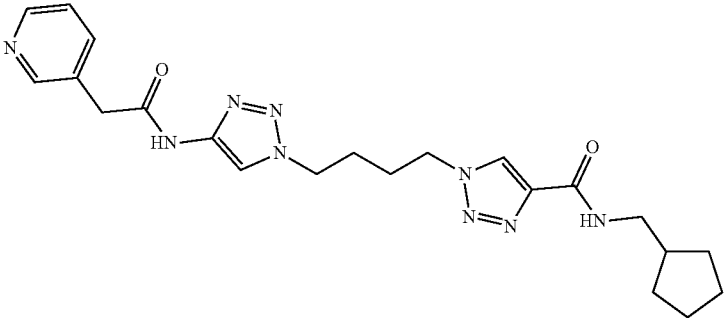
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
287		N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopropylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
288		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopentylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
289		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclohexylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
290		N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
291		N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
292		N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
293		1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
294		1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
295		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopentylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
296		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclohexylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
297		1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
298		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
299		N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
300		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopropylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
301		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
302		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

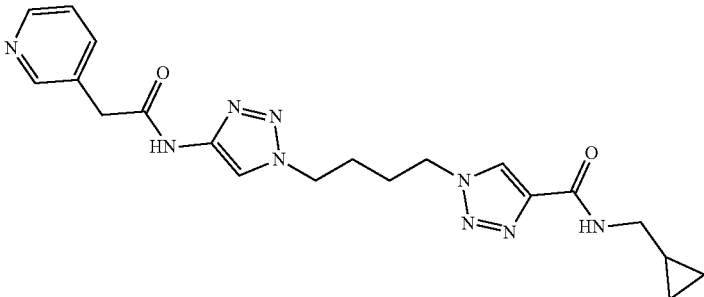
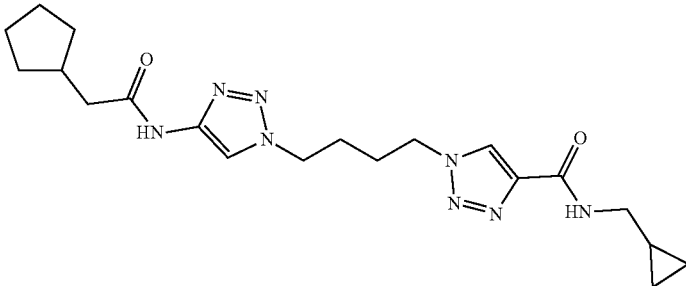
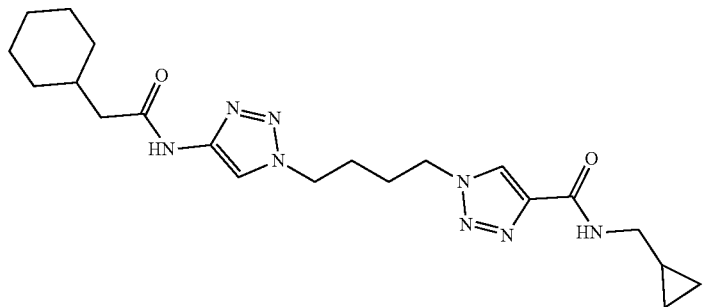
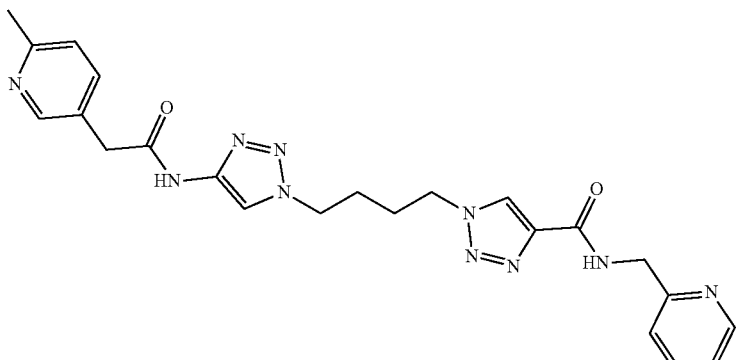
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
303		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
304		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopentylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
305		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclohexylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
306		1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
307		N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
308		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopropylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
309		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopentylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
310		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclohexylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
311		N-(cyclopentylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
312		N-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
313		1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
314		N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

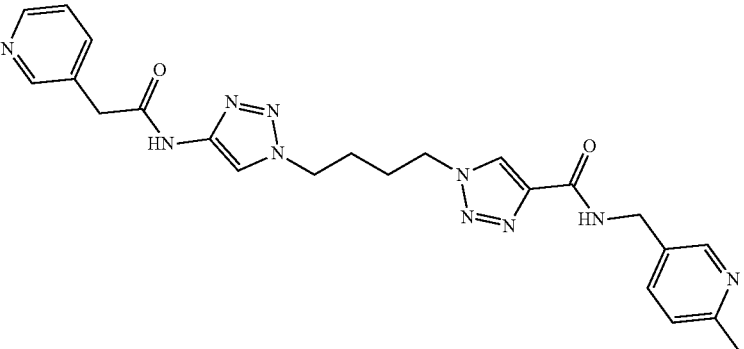
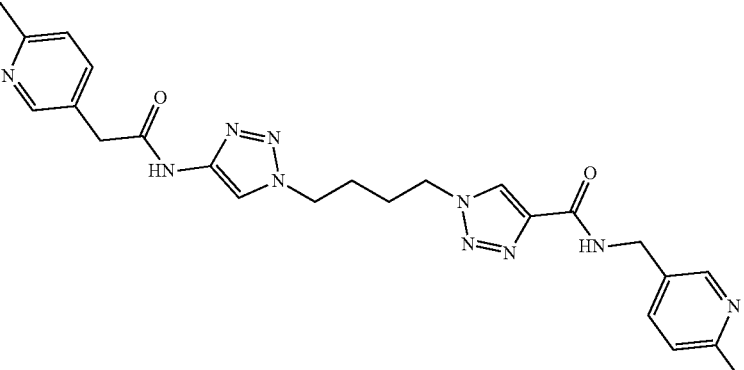
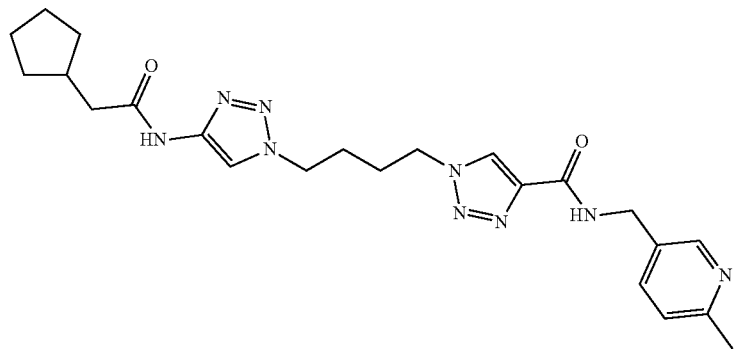
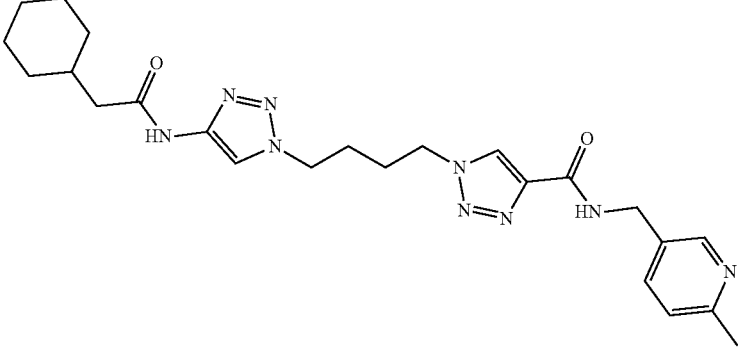
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
315		N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
316		1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
317		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclopentylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
318		1-{4-[4-(2-cyclohexylacetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

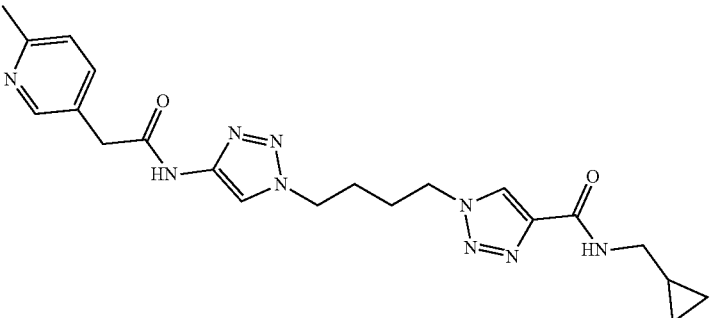
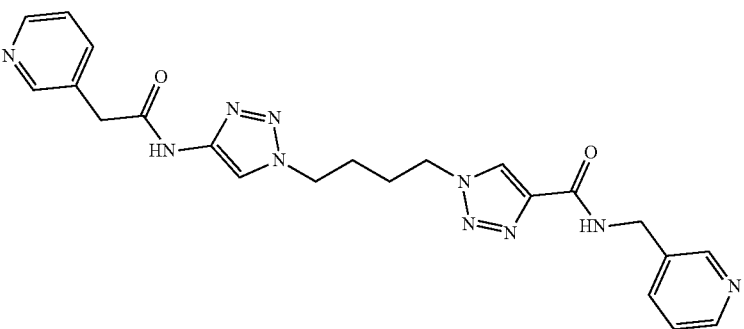
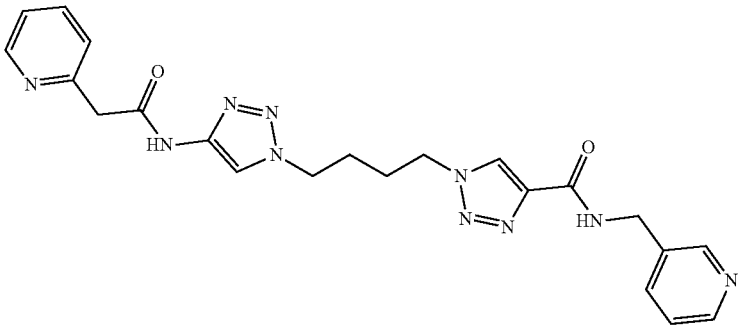
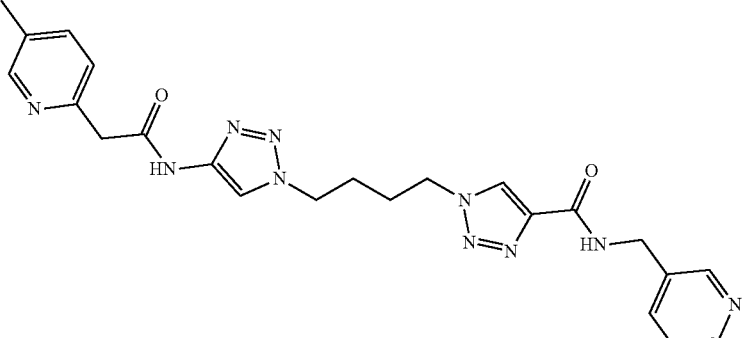
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
319		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
320		1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
321		1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
322		1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

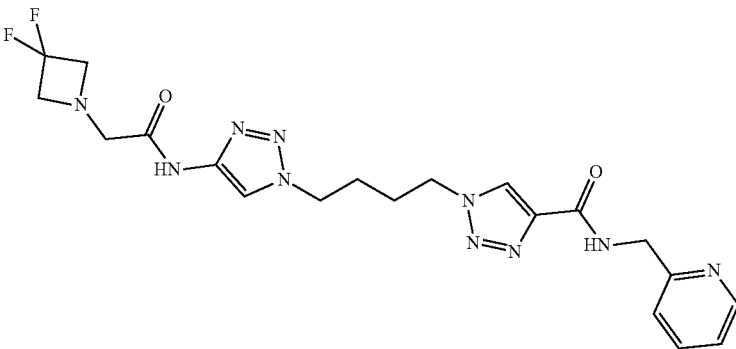
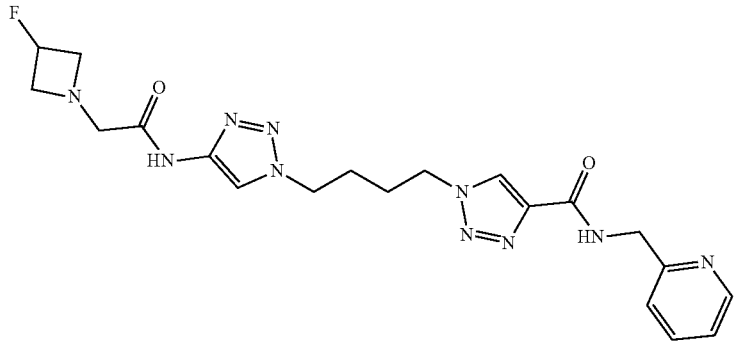
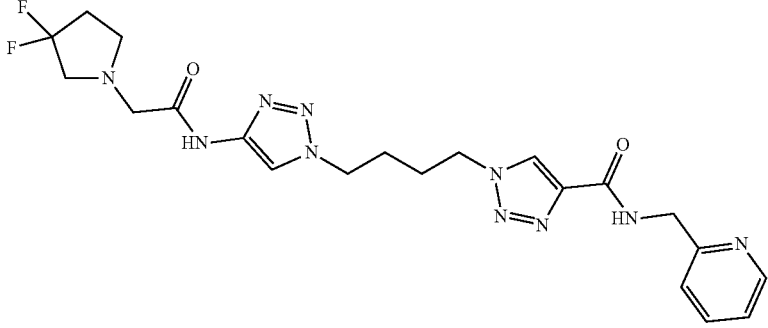
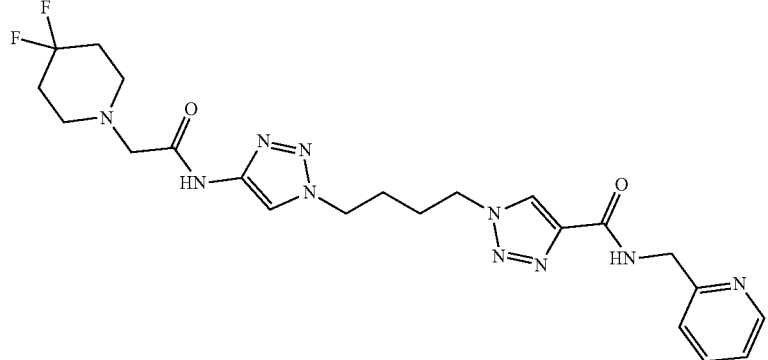
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
323		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
324		1-(4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
325		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoropyrrolidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
326		1-(4-{4-[2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Ex. No.	Structure	Name
327		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
328		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
329		1-(4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
330		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
331		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoropyrrolidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
332		1-(4-{4-[2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
333		N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
334		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
335		N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
336		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
337		N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
338		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
339		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
340		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
341		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-((3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
342		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

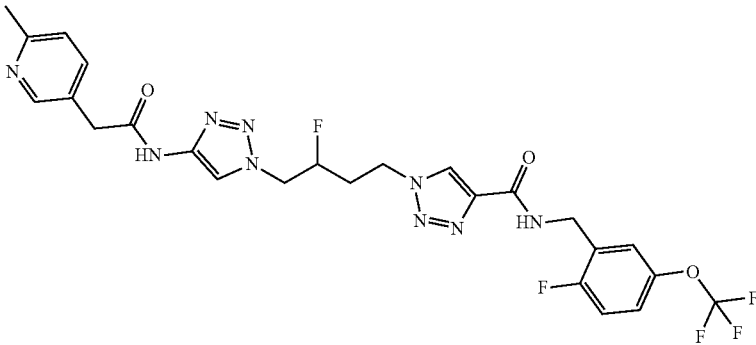
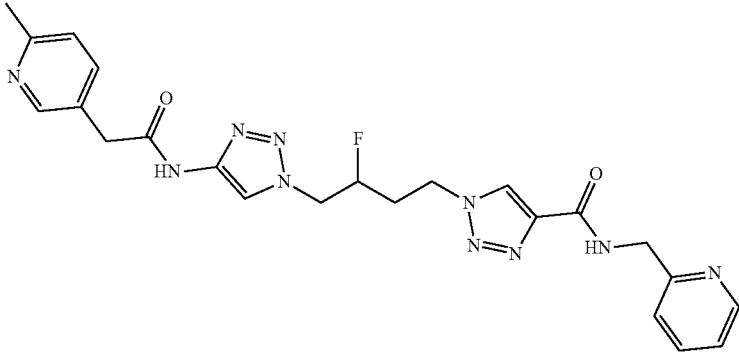
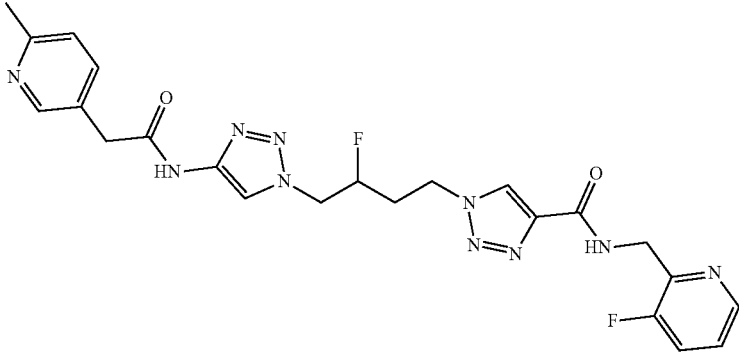
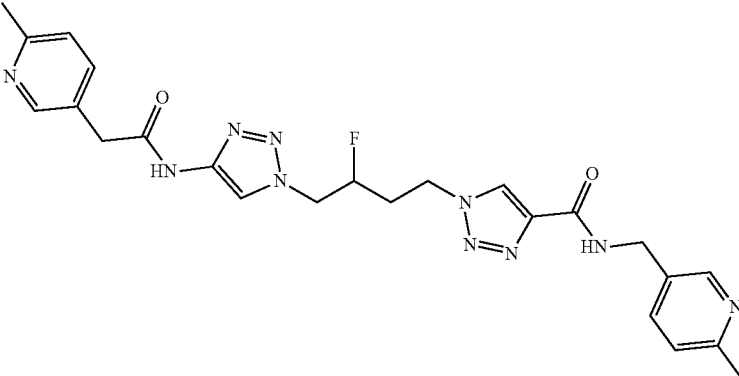
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
343		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
344		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
345		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
346		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
347		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
348		1-(4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
349		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
350		N-{{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1-(4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
351		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
352		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
353		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
354		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoropyrrolidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
355		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoropyrrolidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
356		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoropyrrolidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
357		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoropyrrolidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
358		1-(4-{4-[2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
359		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{4-[2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
360		1-(4-{4-[2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
361		1-(4-{4-[2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-fluoropyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
362		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
363		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
364		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[6-methylpyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
365		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[3-fluoropyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
366		1-(4-{4-[2-(4-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
367		1-[4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
368		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
369		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
370		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
371		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
372		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
373		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
374		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

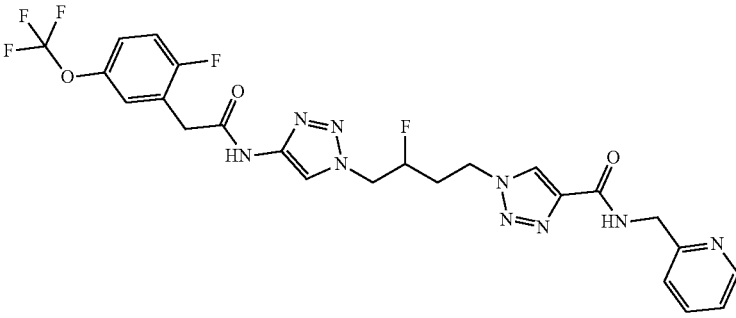
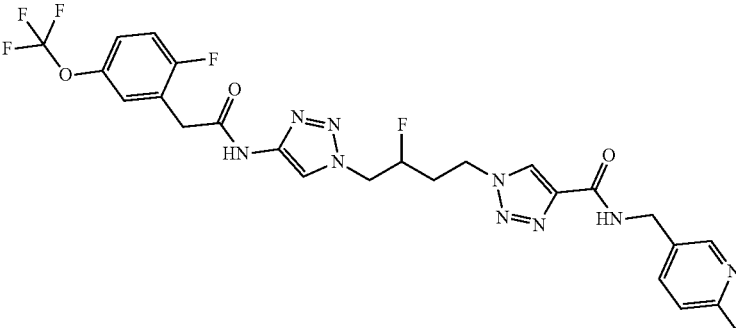
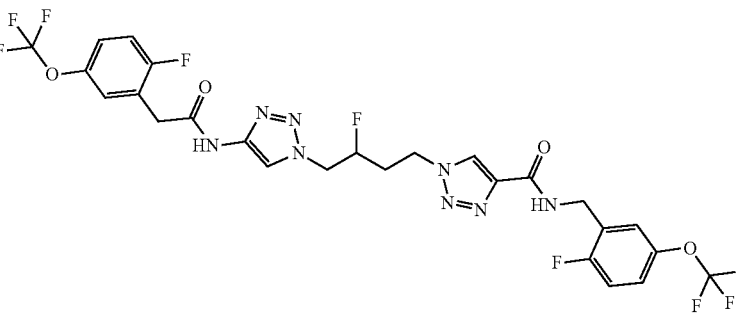
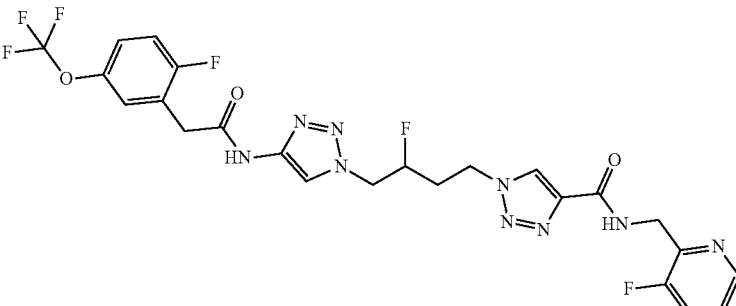
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
375		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
376		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
377		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
378		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
379		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
380		1-[4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
381		1-[4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
382		1-[4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([3-fluoropyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
383		1-[4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
384		N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-[4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
385		1-(4-{4-[2-(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
386		1-(4-{4-[2-(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
387		1-(4-{4-[2-(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
388		1-(4-{4-[2-(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
389		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
390		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-3-fluorobutyl)-N-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

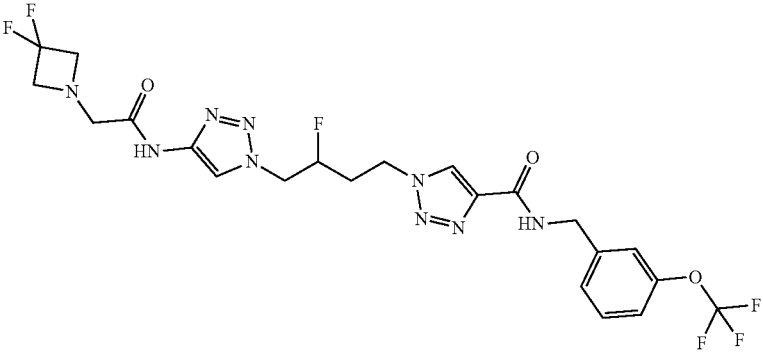
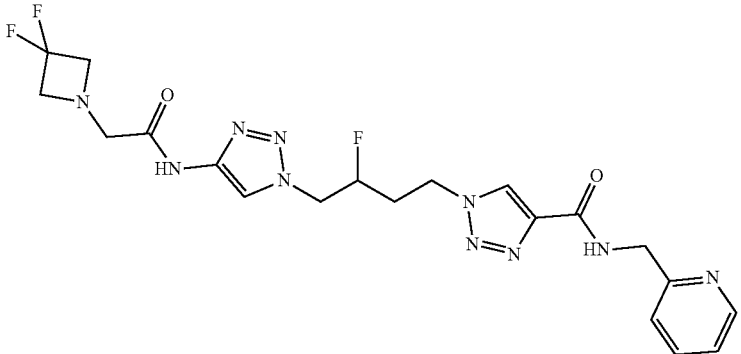
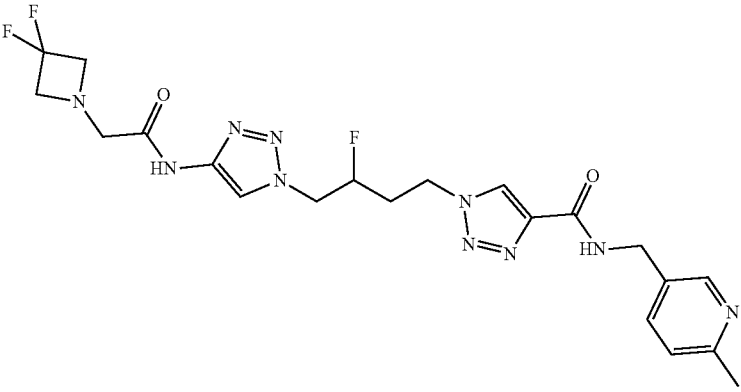
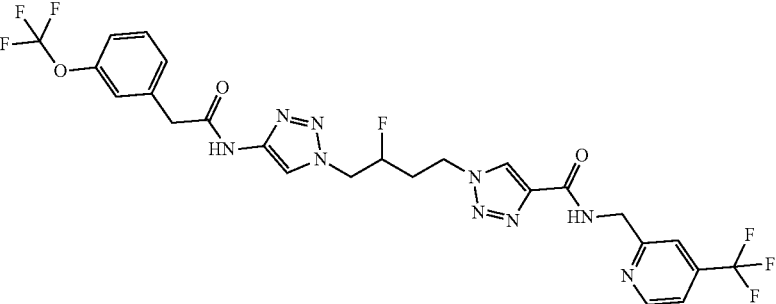
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
391		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-3-fluorobutyl)-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
392		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-3-fluorobutyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
393		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-3-fluorobutyl)-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
394		1-[3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
395		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
396		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-([6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
397		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(4-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
398		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
399		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
400		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
401		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
402		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-3-fluorobutyl)-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

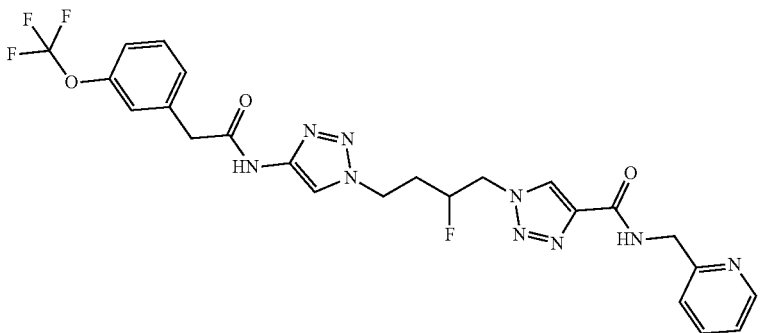
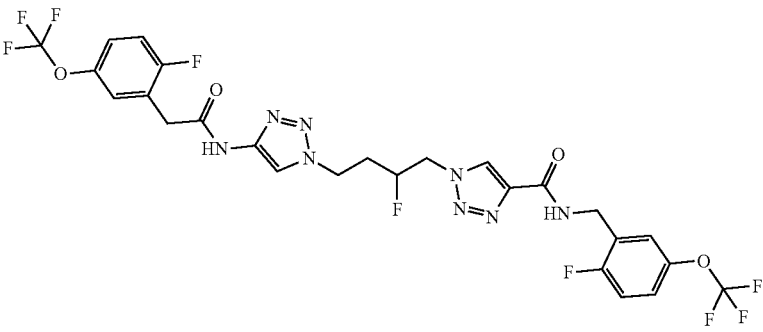
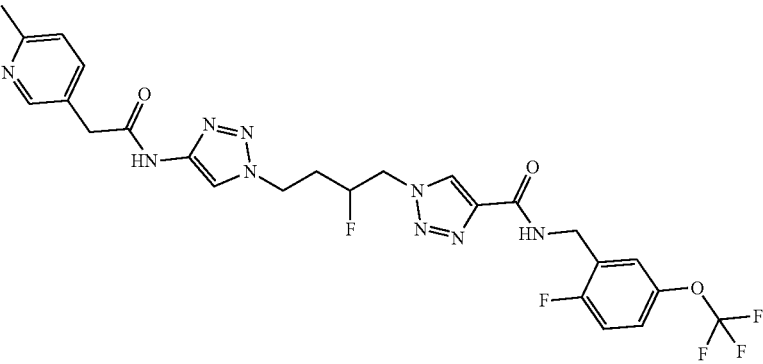
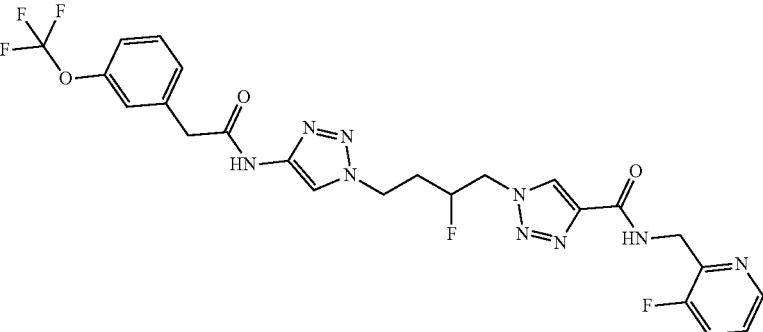
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
403		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
404		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
405		1-(2-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
406		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
407		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
408		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
409		1-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
410		1-(4-{4-[2-(3,3-difluoroazetidin-1-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-3-fluorobutyl)-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
411		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
412		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
413		1-[4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
414		1-[4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

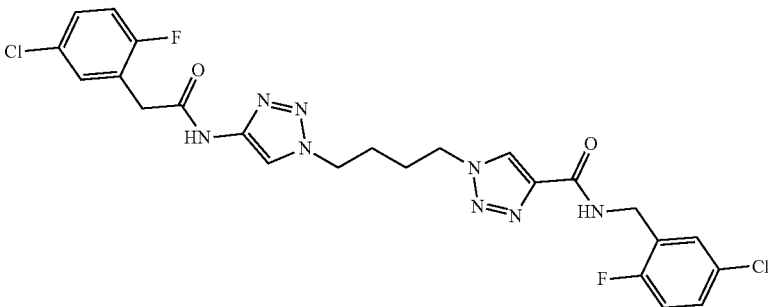
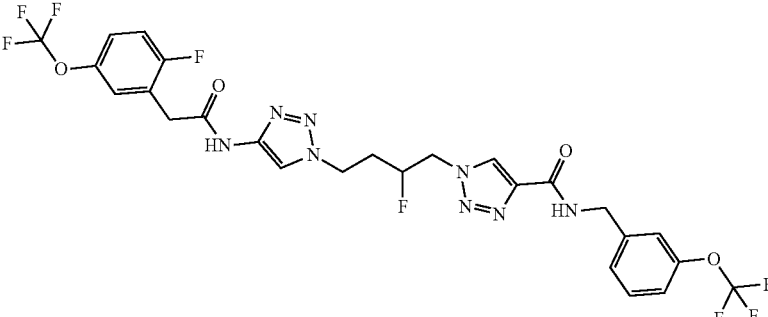
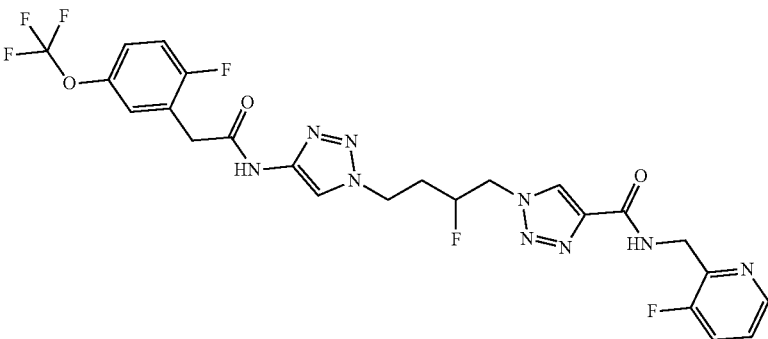
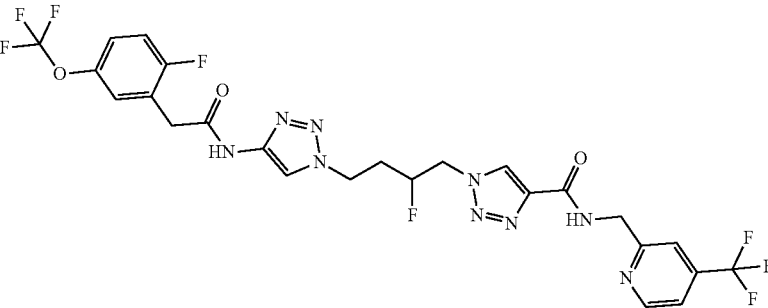
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
415		1-(4-{4-[2-(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
416		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
417		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
418		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

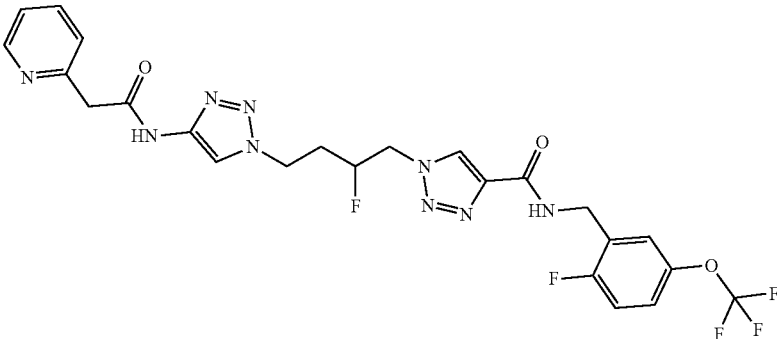
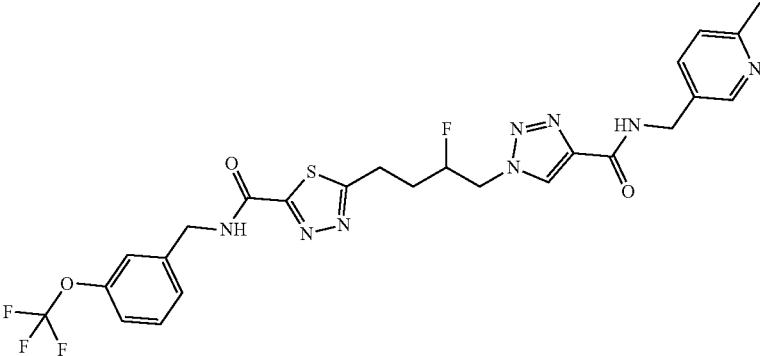
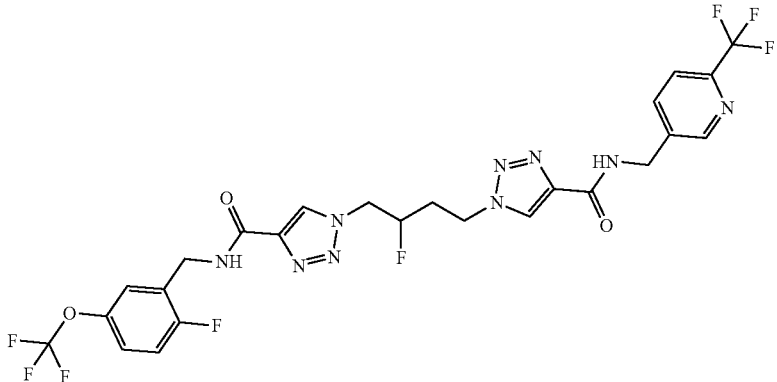
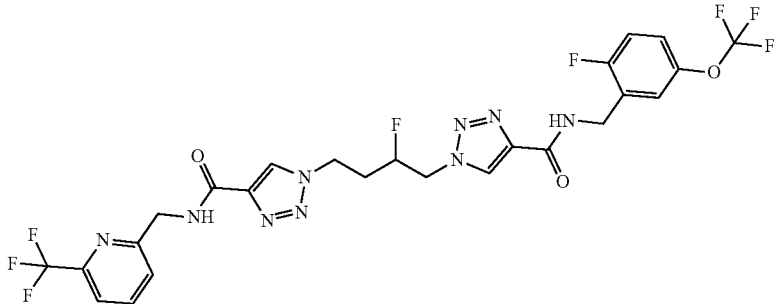
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
419		1-(2-fluoro-4-([4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl))-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
420		5-[3-fluoro-4-(4-([[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl))-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
421		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-([6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl))-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
422		1-{2-fluoro-4-[5-([6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl))-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

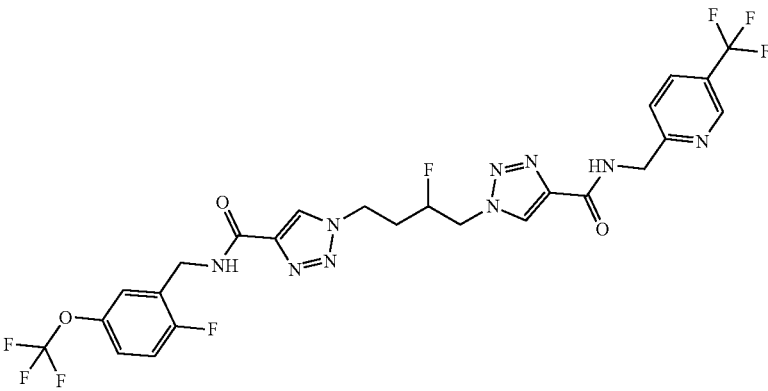
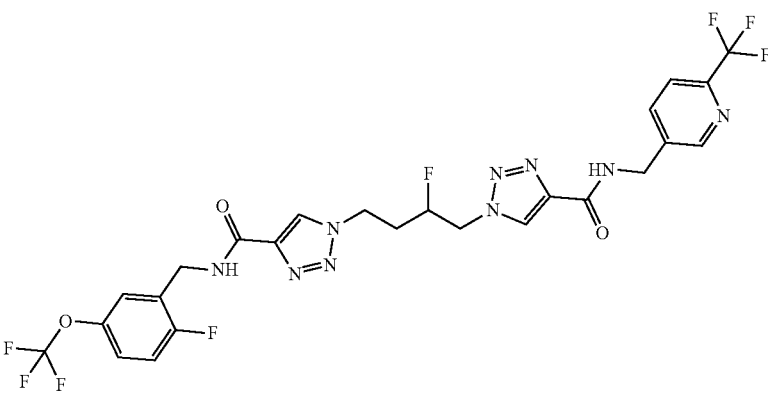
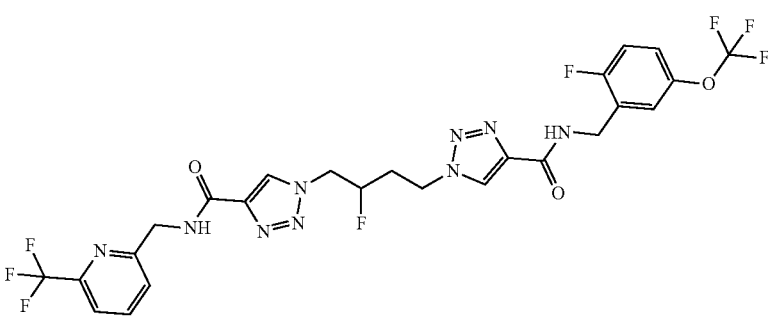
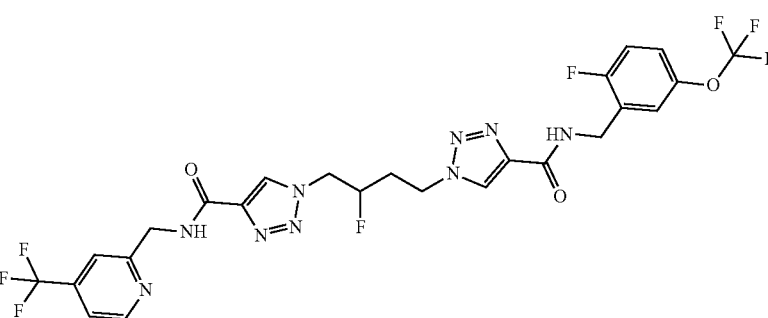
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
423		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
424		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
425		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
426		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

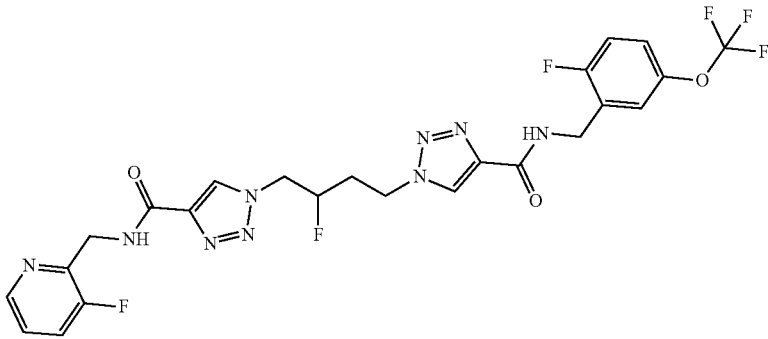
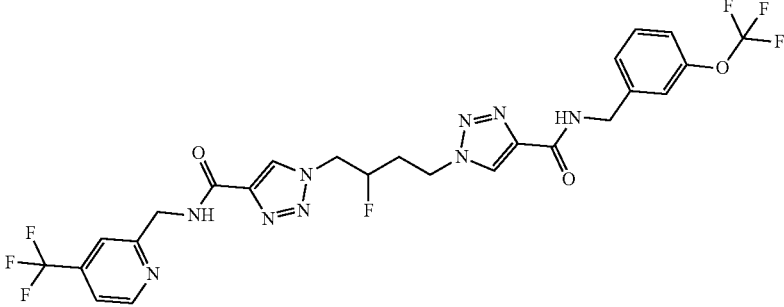
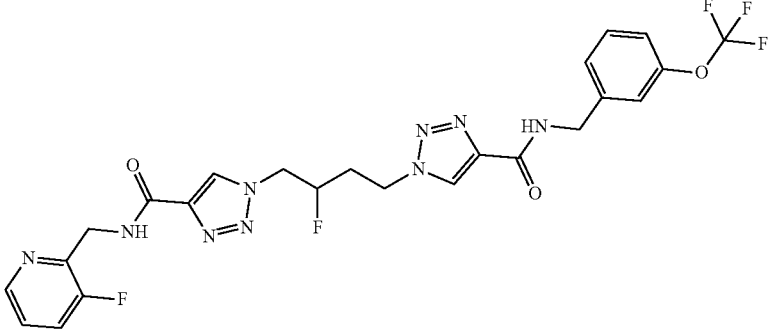
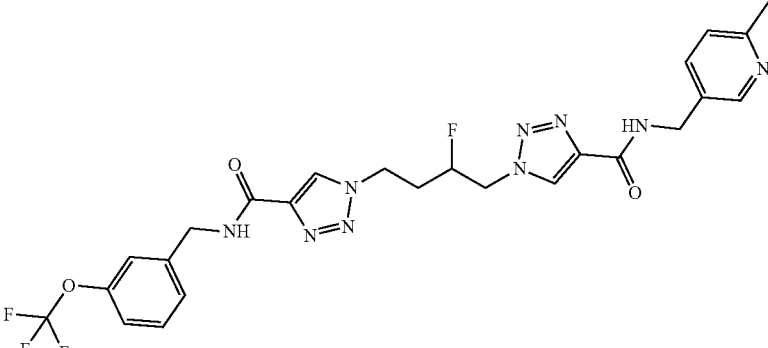
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
427		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl) methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
428		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl) pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
429		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl) methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
430		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl) methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
431		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
432		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
433		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
434		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-({[6-methylpyridin-3-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
435		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
436		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
437		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
438		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
439		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
440		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[3-fluoropyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
441		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
442		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[6-methylpyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

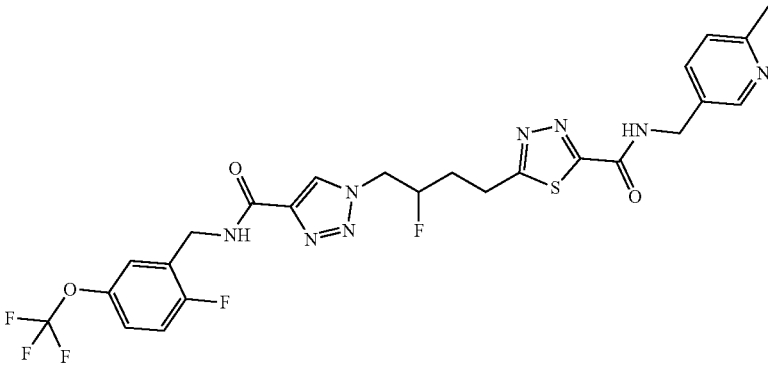
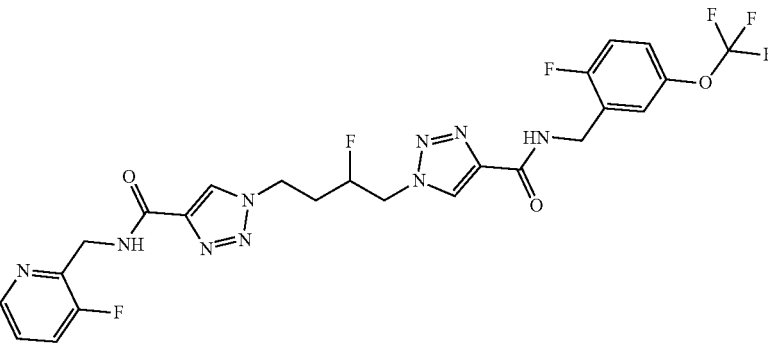
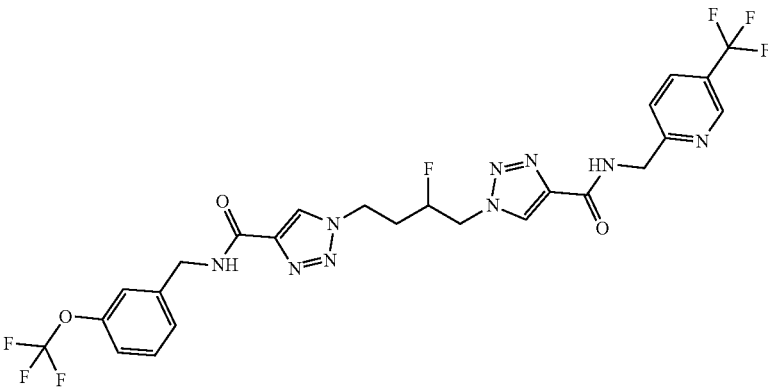
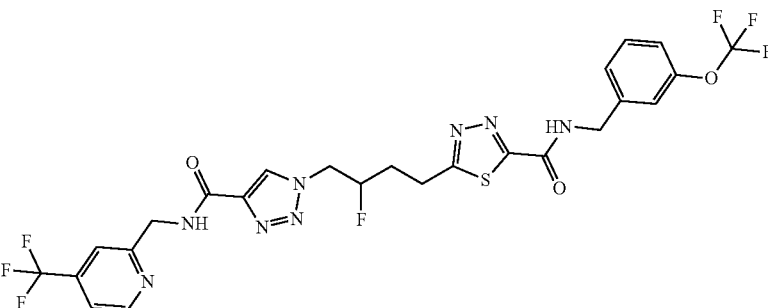
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
443		5-{3-fluoro-4-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl butyl}-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
444		1-{3-fluoro-4-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl butyl}-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
445		5-{3-fluoro-4-[[4-{{5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
446		5-{3-fluoro-4-[[4-{{4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

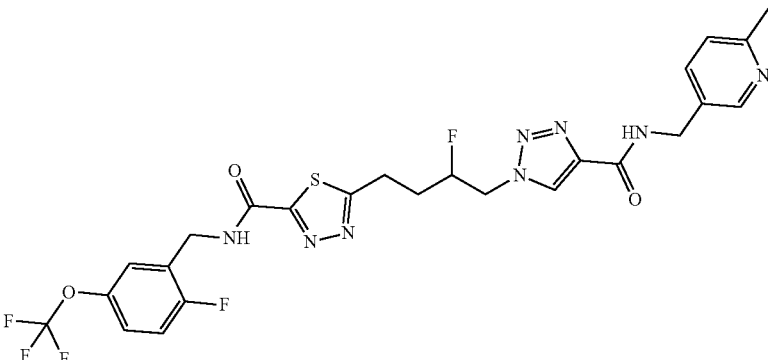
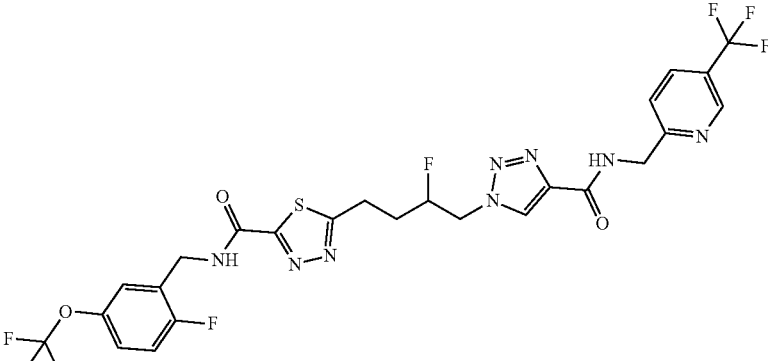
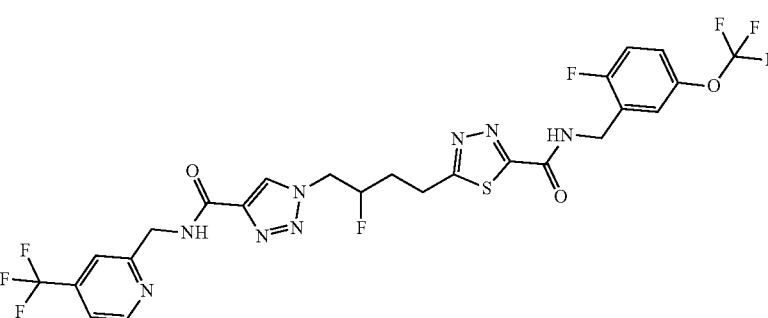
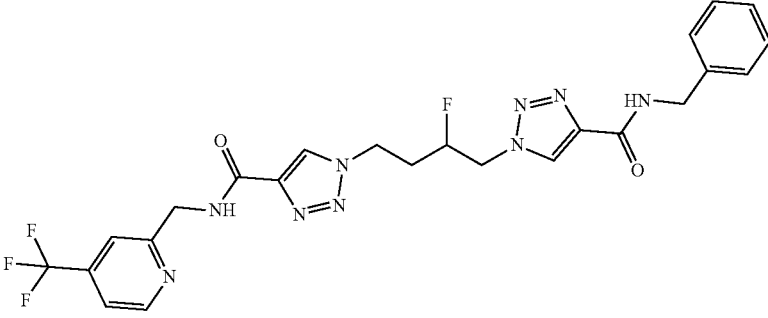
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
447		5-[3-fluoro-4-((6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylbutyl]-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
448		5-{3-fluoro-4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylbutyl]-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
449		5-{3-fluoro-4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylbutyl]-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
450		N-benzyl-1-{2-fluoro-4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylbutyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

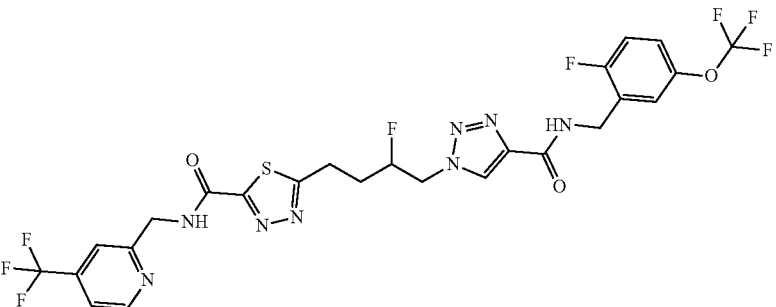
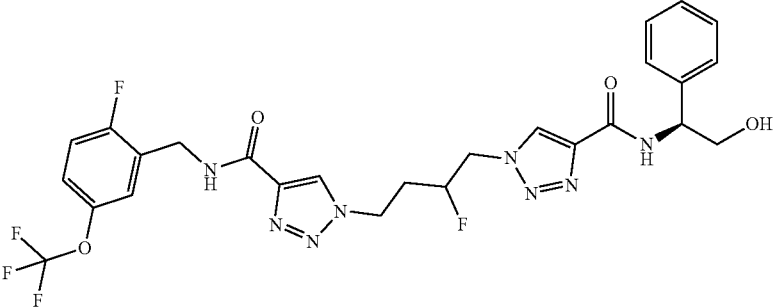
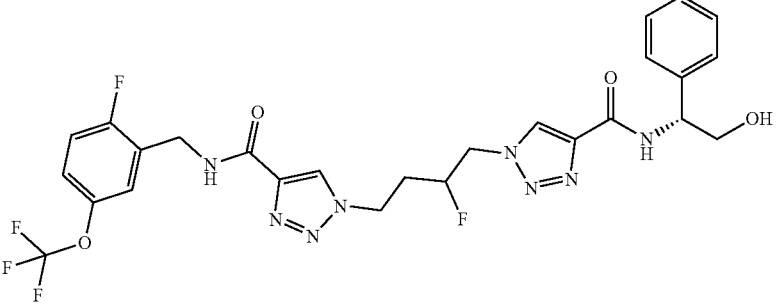
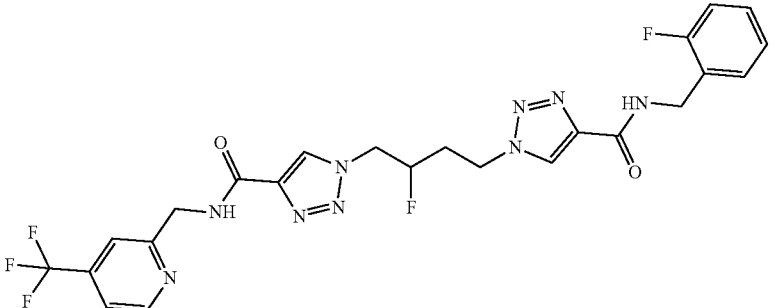
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
451		5-{3-fluoro-4-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
452		1-{2-fluoro-4-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl butyl}-N-[(1S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
453		1-{2-fluoro-4-[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl butyl}-N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
454		1-[2-fluoro-4-4-[[2-fluorophenyl]methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
455		1-{2-fluoro-4-[[4-({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
456		1-(4-{4-[(cyclohexylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-2-fluorobutyl)-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
457		1-(2-fluoro-4-{4-[(oxan-4-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
458		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
459		1-[2-fluoro-4-({[4-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
460		1-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-2-fluorobutyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
461		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
462		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-[(1S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
463		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

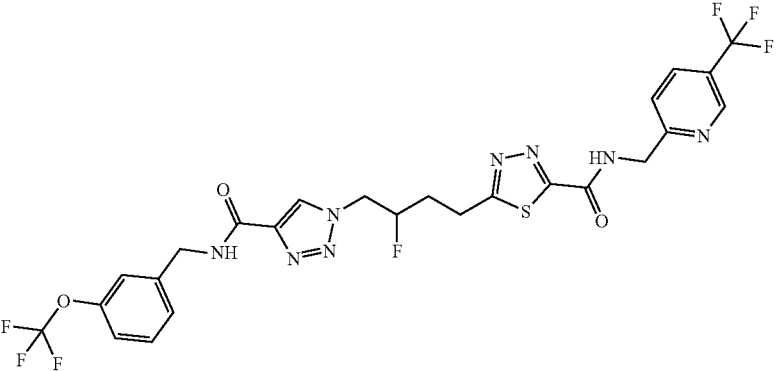
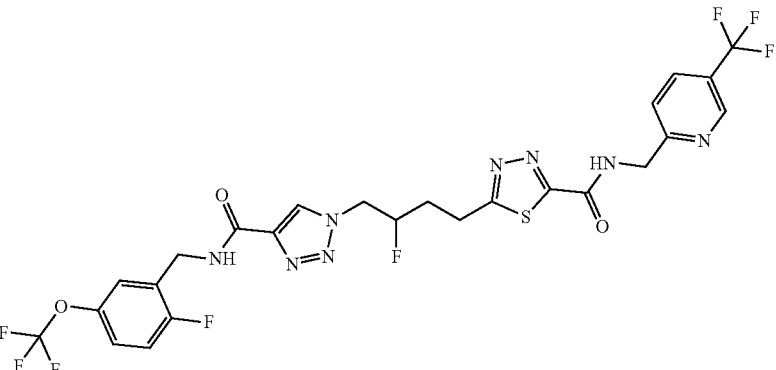
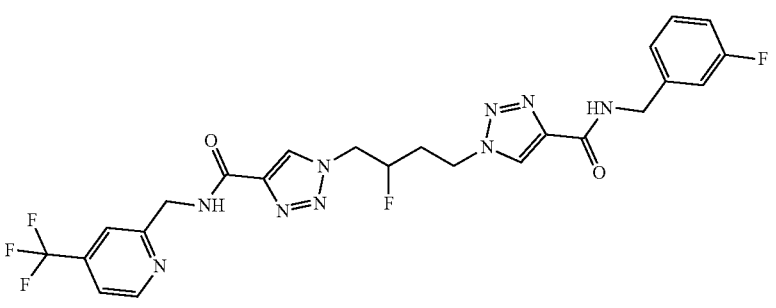
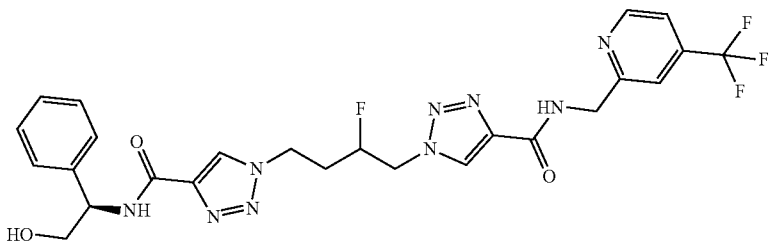
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
464		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
465		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
466		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-({[3-fluorophenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
467		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-({[1R]-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

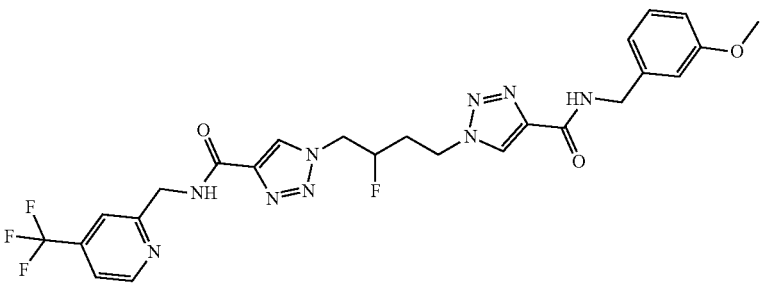
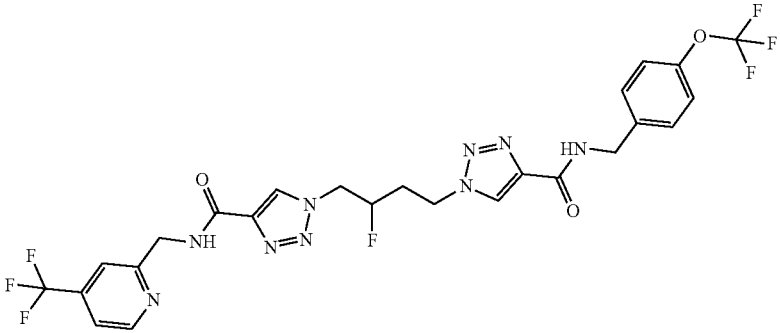
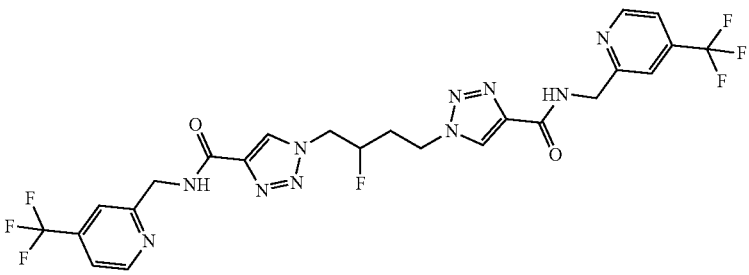
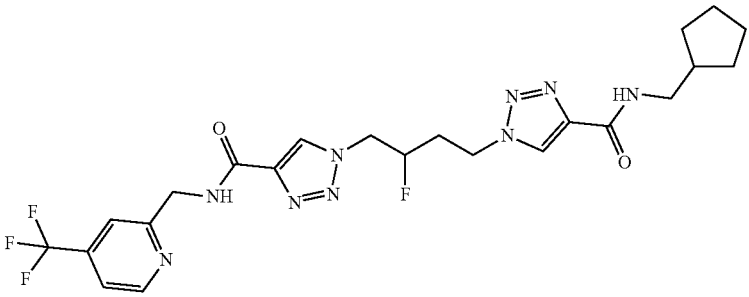
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
468		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-((3-methoxyphenyl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
469		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-([4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
470		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
471		1-(4-[4-((cyclopentylmethyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-2-fluorobutyl)-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
472		1-(2-fluoro-4-{4-[(oxan-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
473		1-(2-fluoro-4-{4-[(oxan-3-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
474		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
475		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
476		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

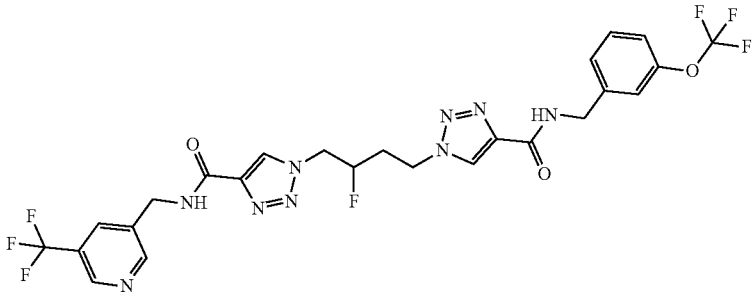
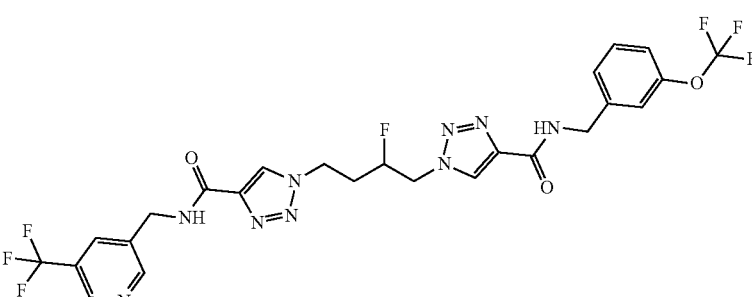
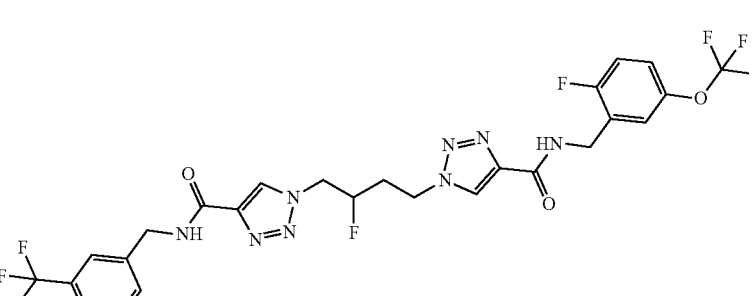
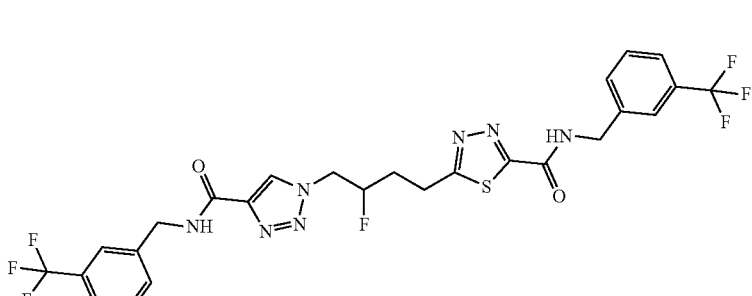
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
477		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
478		1-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
479		1-{2-fluoro-4-[4-({[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl] butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
480		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
481		5-[4-(4-{{[(6-cyclopropylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}-3-fluorobutyl)-N-{{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
482		5-{3-fluoro-4-{{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-{{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
483		5-{3-fluoro-4-{{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-{{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
484		5-{3-fluoro-4-{{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-{{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

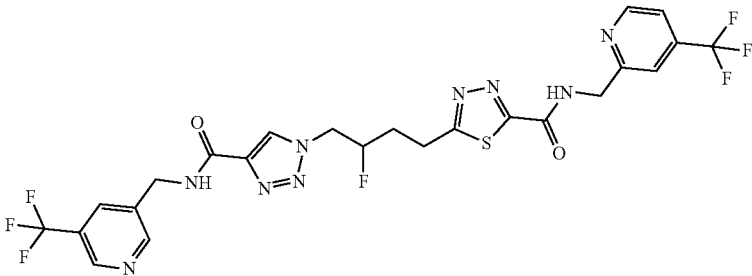
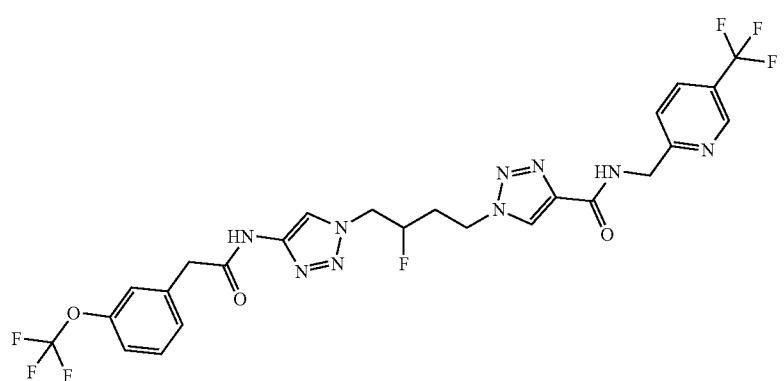
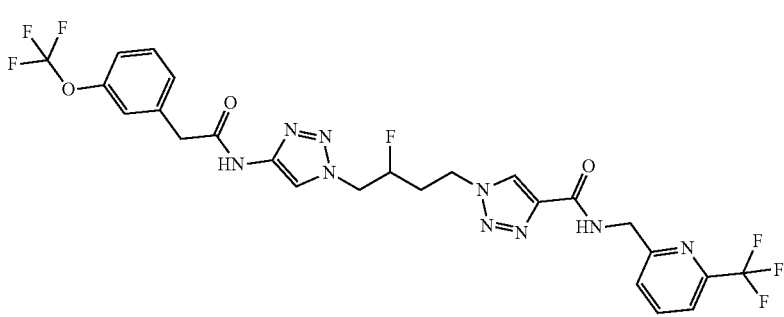
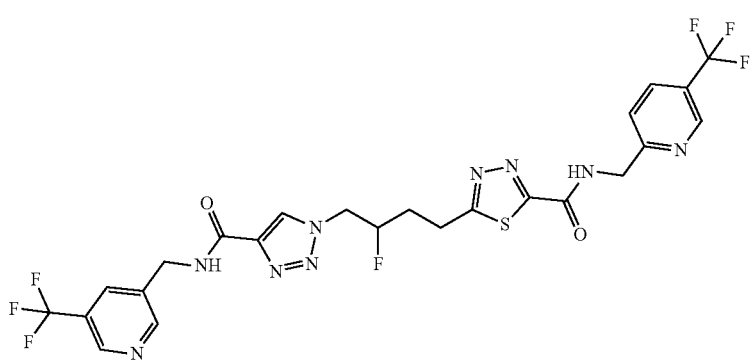
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
485		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
486		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
487		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl)-N-([6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
488		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

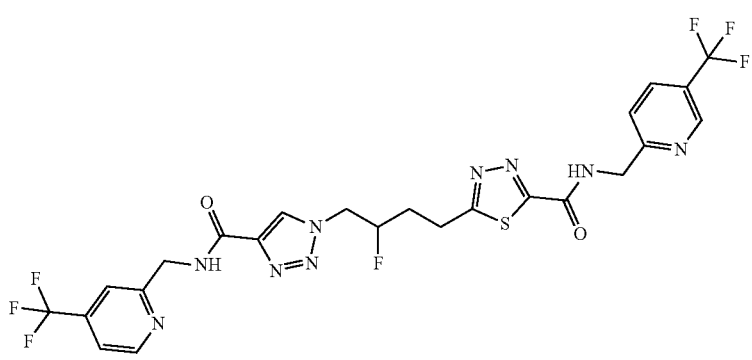
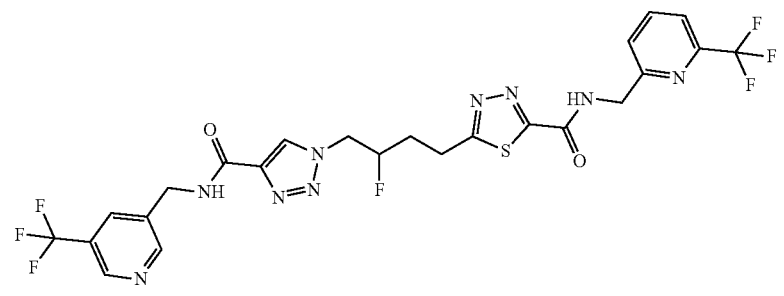
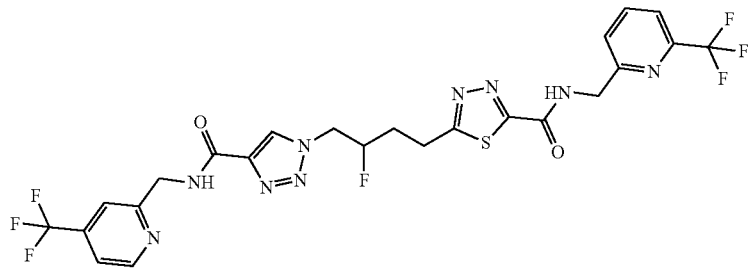
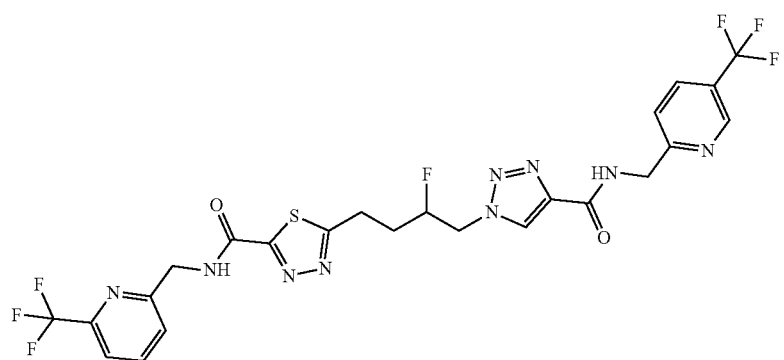
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
489		5-({3-fluoro-4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide)
490		5-({3-fluoro-4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-({[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide)
491		5-({3-fluoro-4-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-({[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide)
492		5-({3-fluoro-4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)carbamoyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-({[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide)

TABLE 1-continued

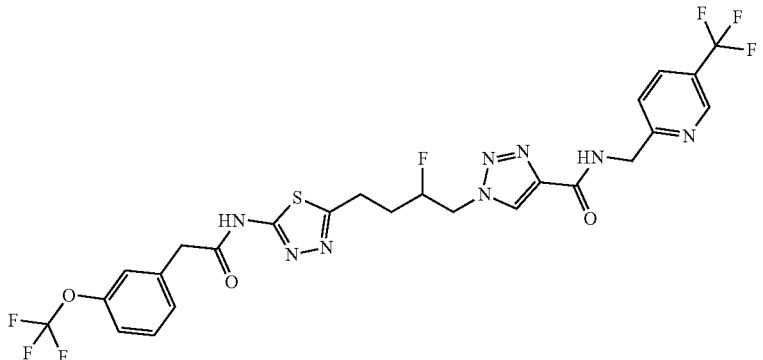
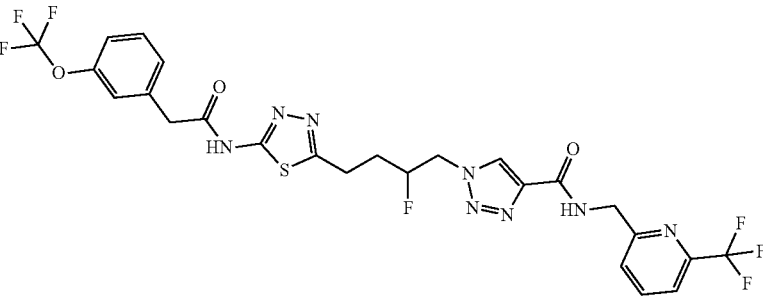
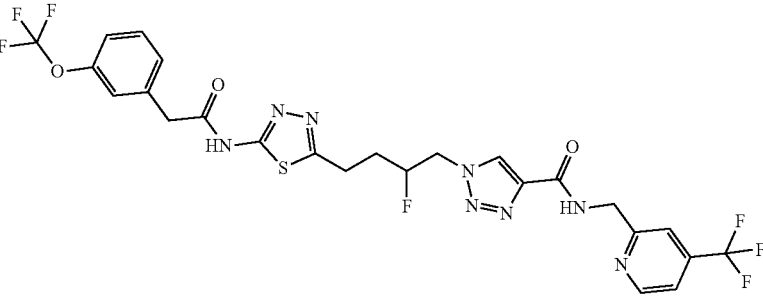
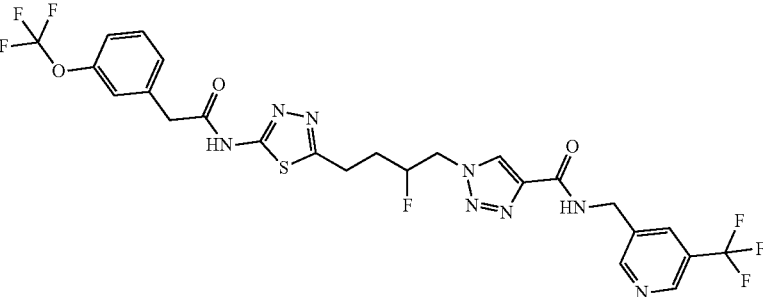
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
493		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
494		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
495		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
496		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

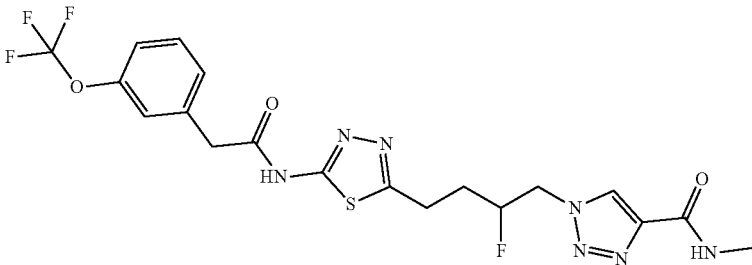
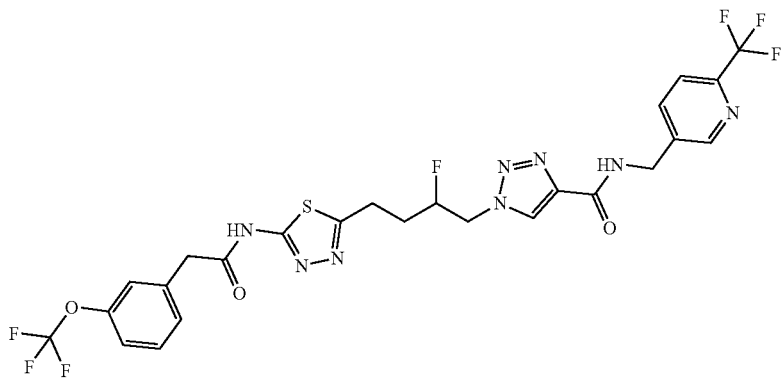
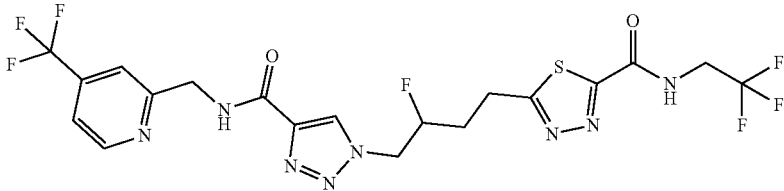
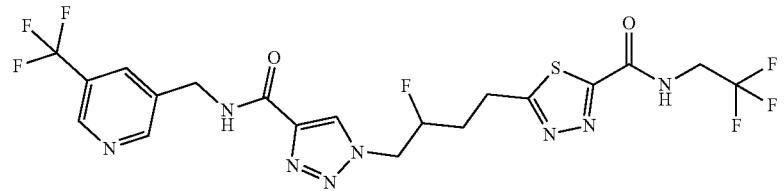
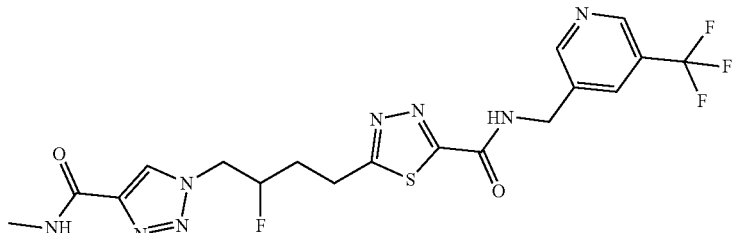
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
497		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
498		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-{[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
499		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
500		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
501		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
502		5-(3-fluoro-4-((3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
503		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-((trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl]carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
504		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-((3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
505		N-(cyanomethyl)-1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
506		5-(3-fluoro-4-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
507		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
508		5-({3-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
509		5-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
510		5-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
511		5-({3-fluoro-4-[4-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
512		5-({3-fluoro-4-[4-{{[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
513		1-(2-fluoro-4-{5-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl}butyl)-N-{{[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
514		1-(2-fluoro-4-{4-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl}butyl)-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
515		N-(cyanomethyl)-5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl} carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
516		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-([5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
517		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-([4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
518		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
519		1-(2-fluoro-4-{5-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
520		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]methyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
521		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
522		N-ethyl-5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
523		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Ex. No.	Structure	Name
524		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
525		1-[3-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
526		N-(propan-2-yl)-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
527		N-(cyanomethyl)-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
528		N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

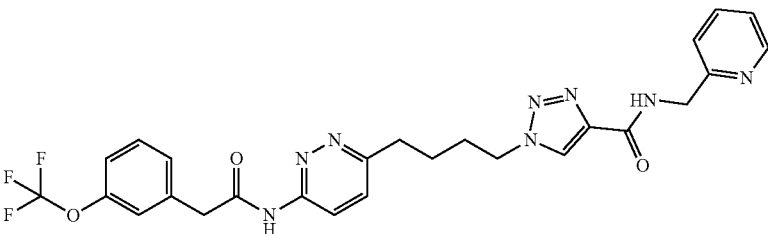
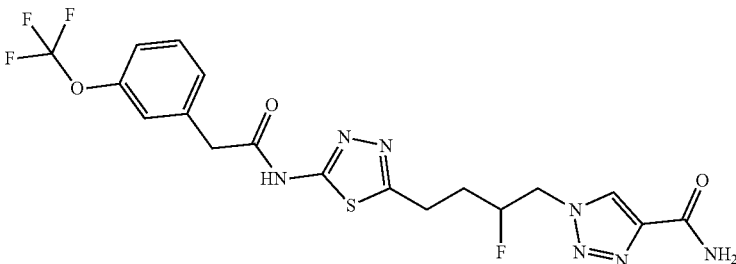
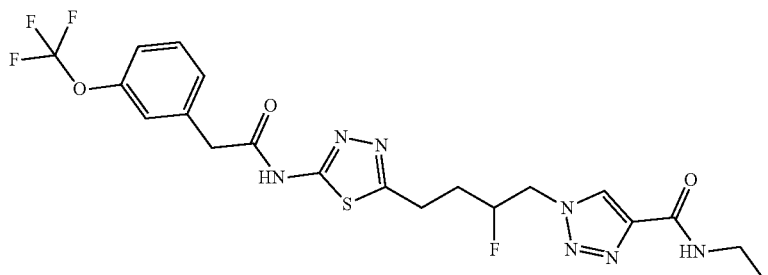
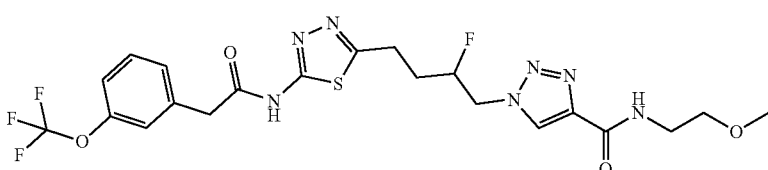
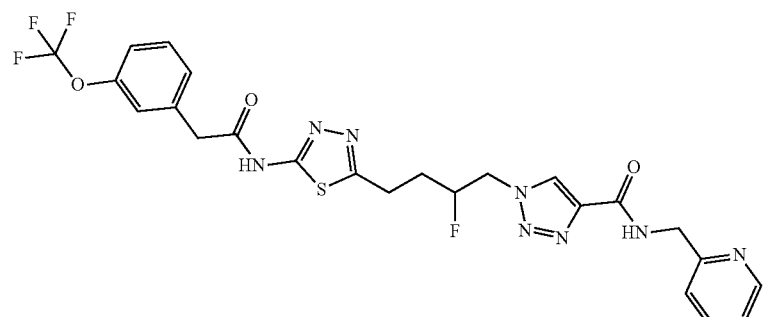
Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
529		N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
530		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
531		N-ethyl-1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
532		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
533		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
534		N-cyclopropyl-1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
535		N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
536		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
537		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-[(3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
538		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

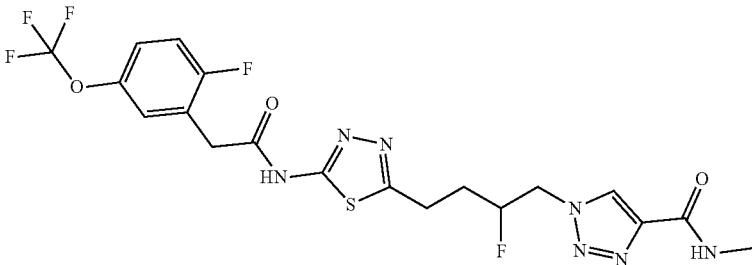
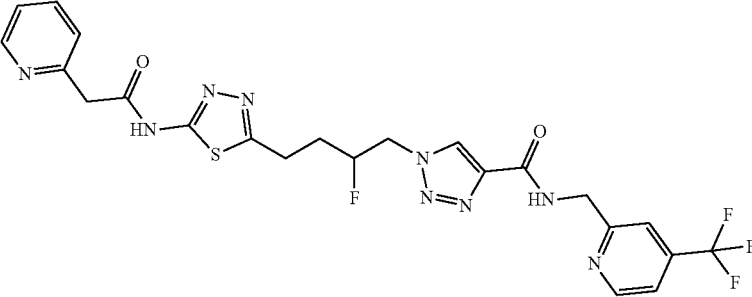
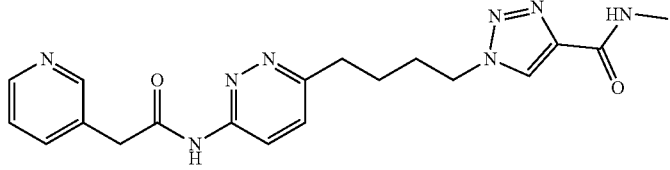
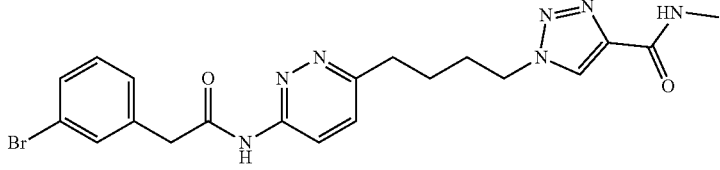
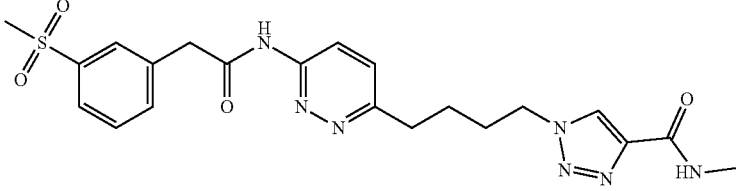
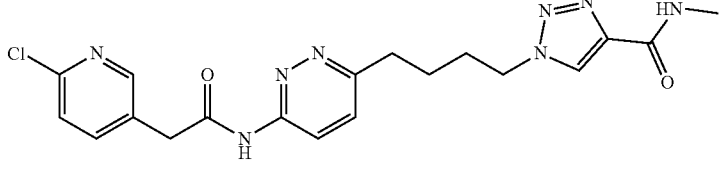
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
539		1-[2-fluoro-4-(4-{2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl]-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
540		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
541		N-methyl-1-(5-{6-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
542		1-(4-{6-[2-(3-bromophenyl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
543		1-(4-{6-[2-(3-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
544		1-(4-{6-[2-(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)acetamido]pyridazin-3-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
545		N-methyl-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(pyridin-2-yl)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
546		1-(4-{6-[2-(5-bromopyridin-3-yl)]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
547		N-methyl-1-(4-{6-[2-(oxan-4-yl)]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
548		1-(4-[6-(2-(cyclopentyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
549		N-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
550		N-(oxetan-3-ylmethyl)-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
551		N-(2-methoxyethyl)-1-[4-(6-[2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
552		N-[3-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)propyl]-1-[4-(6-[2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl]butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
553		1-(4-{5-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl}butyl)-N-{{3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl}methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
554		N-{{2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl}methyl}-1-(4-{5-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl}butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
555		N-{{3-fluoro-4-[4-({2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl}methyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl}-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

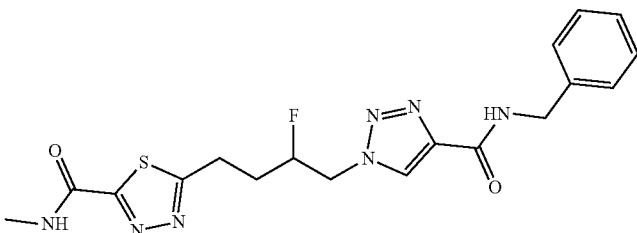
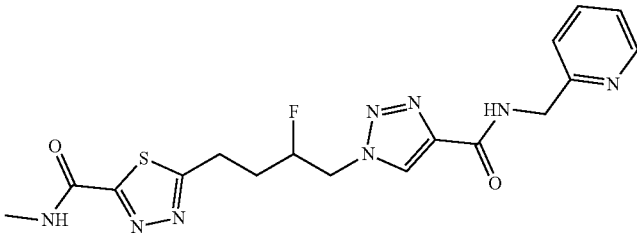
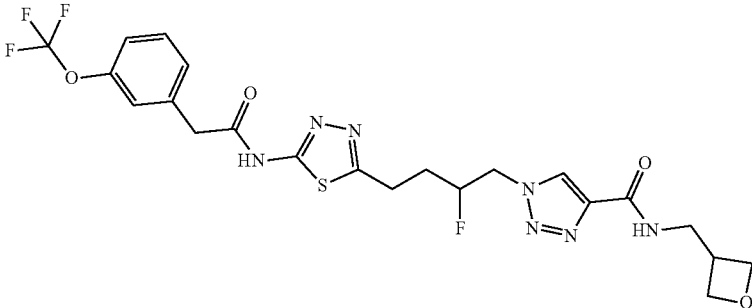
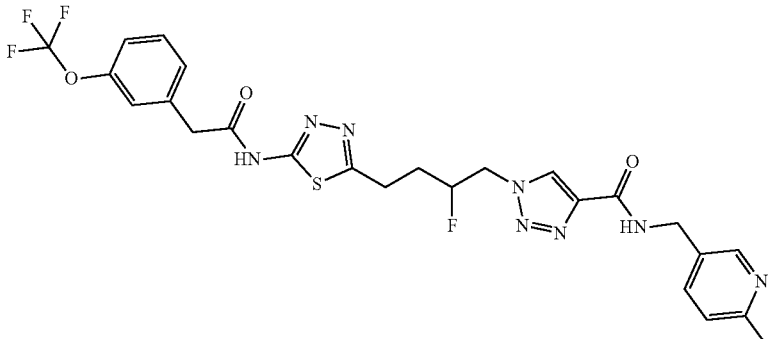
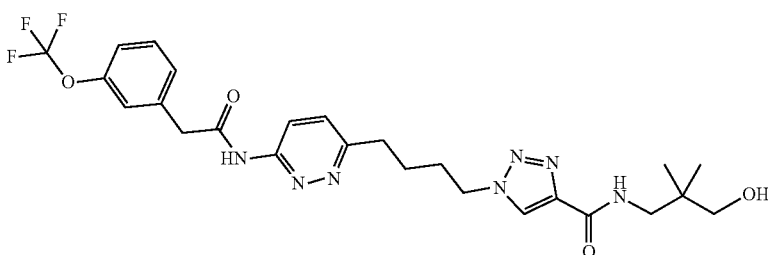
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
556		5-{4-[4-(benzylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-3-fluorobutyl}-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
557		5-(3-fluoro-4-{4-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl}butyl)-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
558		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-(oxetan-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
559		1-[2-fluoro-4-(5-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl]-N-[(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
560		N-(3-hydroxy-2,3-dimethylpropyl)-1-[4-(6-{2-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]acetamido}pyridazin-3-yl)butyl]-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

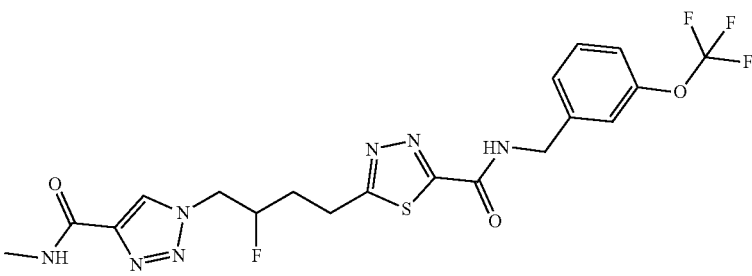
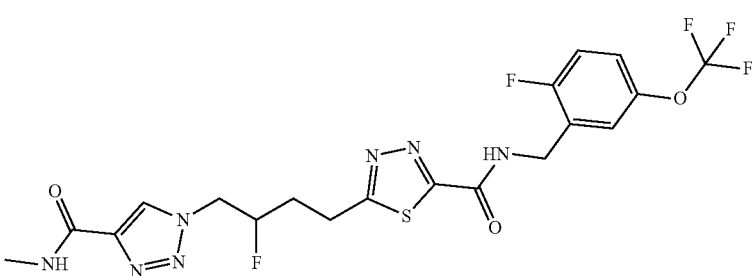
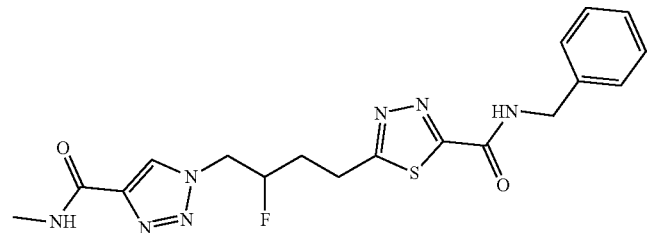
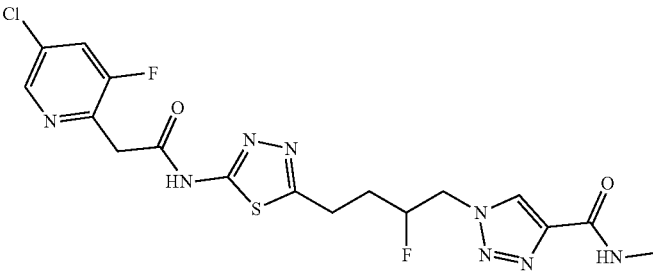
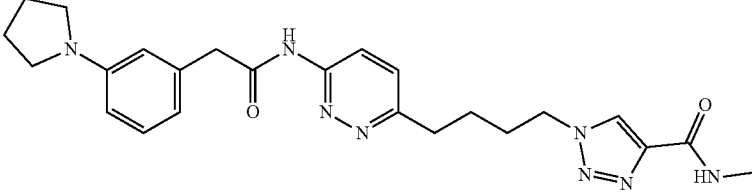
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
561		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
562		5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-N-([2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
563		N-benzyl-5-{3-fluoro-4-[4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]butyl}-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
564		1-(4-{5-[2-(5-chloro-3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)acetamido]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl}-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
565		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
566		1-(4-(5-acetamido-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
567		1-(4-(5-acetamido-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
568		1-(4-(5-(cyclopanecarboxamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
569		1-(4-(5-(cyclopanecarboxamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
570		5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-(methylcarbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
571		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-((5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
572		N-methyl-5-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
573		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(thiazol-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
574		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carboxamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
575		1-(4-(5-(2-(1H-pyrazol-5-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

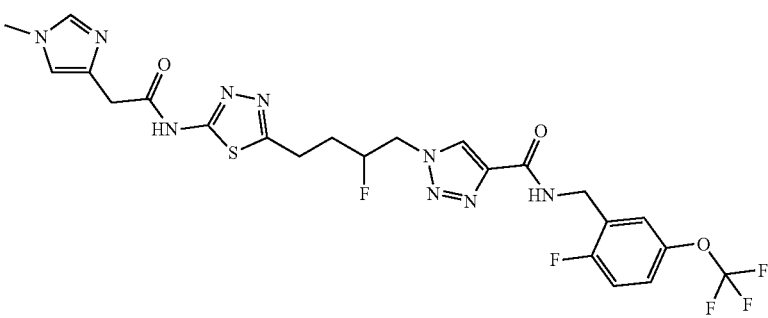
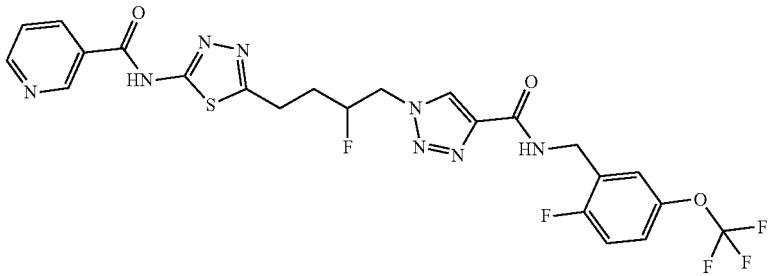
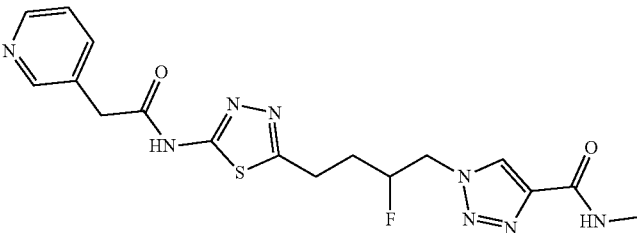
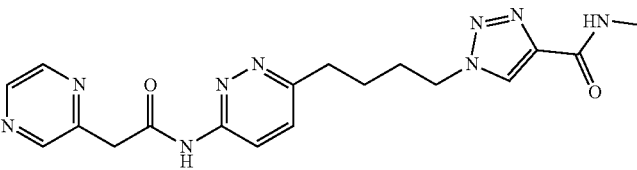
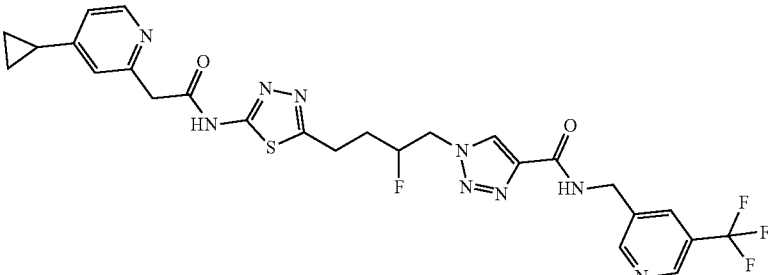
Synthesized Examples			
Ex. No.	Structure	Name	
576		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
577		N-(5-(3-fluoro-4-((2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)nicotinamide	
578		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
579		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(pyrazin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	
580		1-(4-(5-(2-(4-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-((5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide	

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
581		1-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(oxetan-3-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
582		1-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(oxetan-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
583		N-cyclopropyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
584		1-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
585		1-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
586		1-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

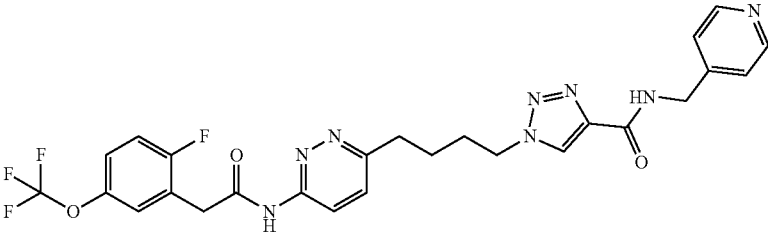
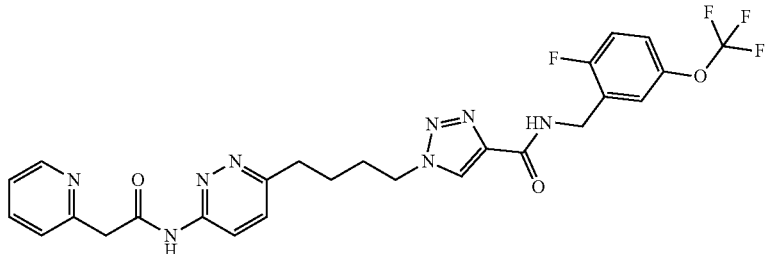
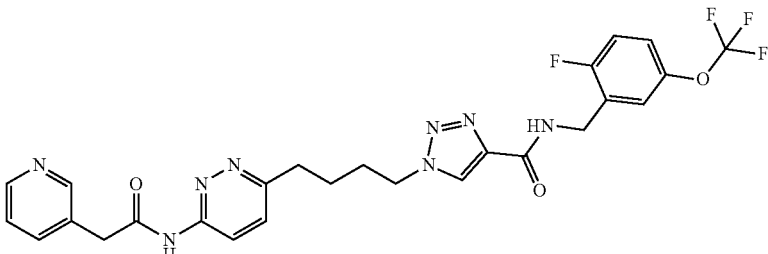
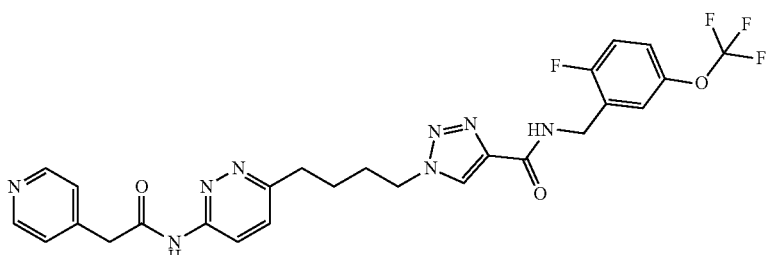
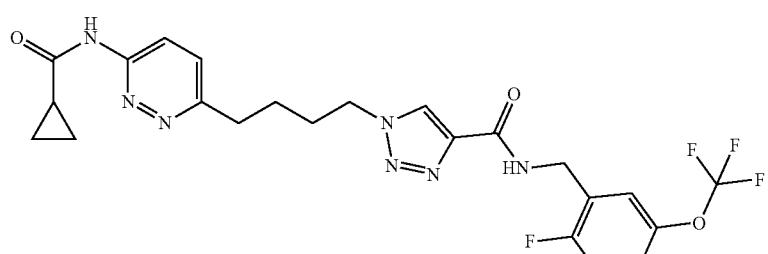
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
587		1-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
588		N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1-(4-(6-(2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
589		N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1-(4-(6-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
590		N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1-(4-(6-(2-(pyridin-4-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
591		1-(4-(6-(cyclopropanecarboxamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

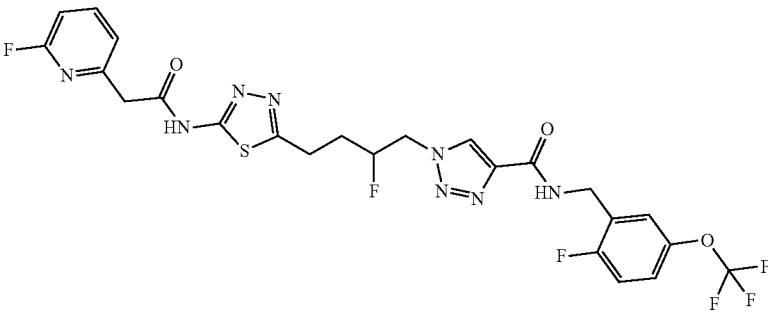
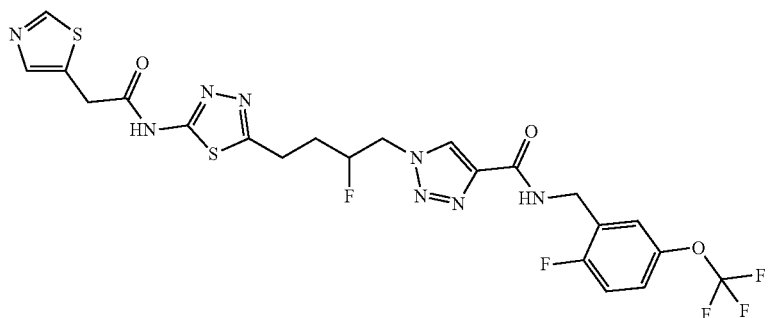
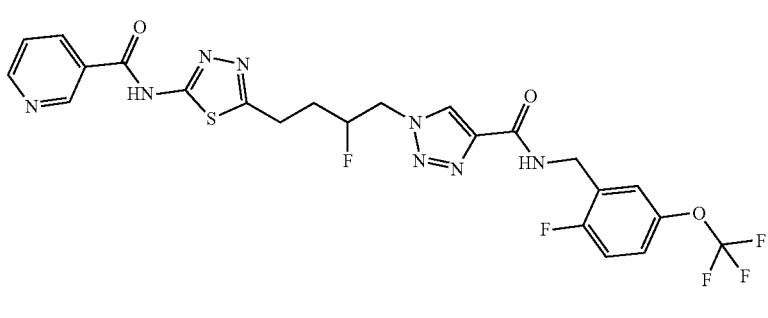
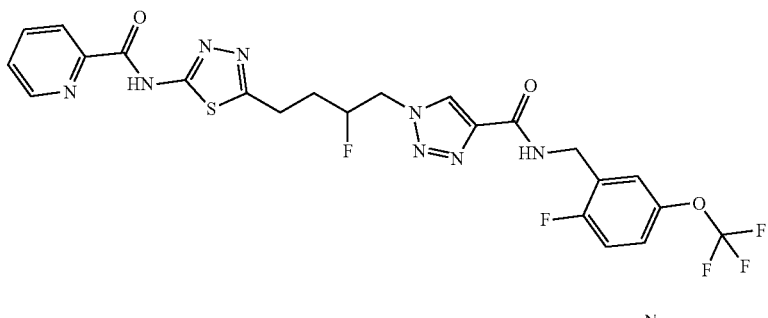
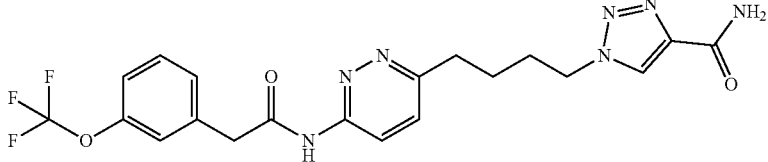
Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
592		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(6-fluoropyridin-2-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
593		1-(2-fluoro-4-(5-(2-(thiazol-5-yl)acetamido)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
594		N-(5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)isonicotinamide
595		N-(5-(3-fluoro-4-(4-((2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)picolinamide
596		1-(4-(6-(2-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

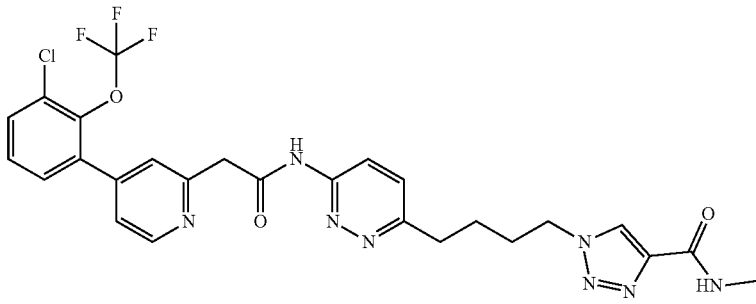
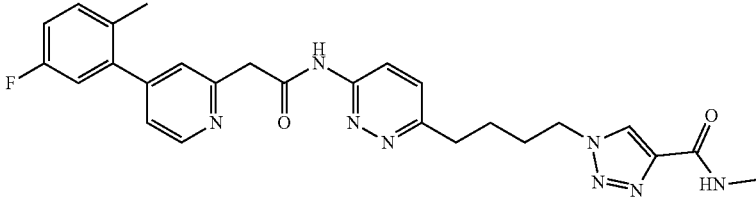
TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
597		5-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
598		5-(4-(6-(2-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
599		5-(4-(6-acetamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
600		5-(4-(6-(6-acetamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
601		5-(4-(6-(6-acetamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
602		5-(4-(6-acetamidopyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-((5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
603		N-methyl-5-(4-(4-((4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)butyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-carboxamide
604		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)imidazol-4-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
605		N-methyl-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
606		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(4-fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
607		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Synthesized Examples		
Ex. No.	Structure	Name
608		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3-chloro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide
609		1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(5-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)butyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0523] Table 2 below reports the calculated observed molecular weight of each Example, as well as the method by which each compound may be made by reference to each Example whose synthesis is substantially similar that one skilled in the art could produce the compound using, if necessary, variations known in the art.

TABLE 2

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
10	511	512	1
11	523	524	1
12	553	554	1
13	489	490	1
14	512	513	1
15	475	476	1
16	559	560	1
17	513	514	1
18	587	588	1
19	560	561	1
20	643	644	1
21	589	590	1
22	619	620	1
23	589	590	1
24	435	435	5
25	516	517	6
26	500	501	6
27	501	502	6
28	486	487	6
29	502	503	6
30	487	488	6
31	536	537	6
32	571	572	6
33	550	551	6
34	552	553	6
34	577	578	6
36	570	571	6
37	524	525	6
38	427	428	7
39	559	560	7

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
40	476	477	7
41	429	430	7
42	441	442	7
43	511	512	7
44	525	526	7
45	513	514	7
46	643	644	7
47	560	561	7
48	541	542	7
49	566	567	7
50	539	540	7
51	525	526	7
52	443	444	7
53	606	607	8
54	510	511	9
55	522	523	9
56	538	539	9
57	508	509	9
58	494	495	9
59	523	524	7
60	574	575	7
61	574	575	7
62	491	492	7
63	454	455	7
64	505	506	7
65	560	561.5	7
66	477	478	7
67	491	491	7
68	440	441	7
69	440	441	7
70	454	455	7
71	460	461	80
72	557	558	80
73	638	639	7
74	569	570	7
75	628	629	7
76	628	629	7
77	628	629	7

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
78	628	629	7
79	621	622	80
80	611	612	80
81	611	612	80
82	611	612	80
83	611	612	80
84	519	520	80
85	505	506	80
86	521	522	80
87	507	508	80
88	451	452	80
89	491	492	80
90	533	534	80
91	507	508	80
92	521	522	80
93	505	506	80
94	550	551	80
95	466	467	80
96	527	528	80
97	595	596	80
98	541	542	80
99	541	542	80
100	557	558	80
101	557	558	80
102	547	548	80
103	547	548	80
104	505	506	80
105	567	568	80
106	583	584	80
107	579	580	80
108	557	558	80
109	625	626	80
110	656	657	80
111	561	562	80
112	545	546	80
113	557	558	80
114	535	536	80
115	562	563	80
116	562	563	80
117	550	551	80
118	550	551	80
119	534	535	80
120	534	535	80
121	534	535	80
122	611	612	80
123	557	558	80
124	596	597	80
125	601	602	80
126	544	545	80
127	544	545	80
128	539	540	80
129	557	558	475
130	575	576	475
131	559	560	475
132	593	594	80
133	567	568	80
134	557	558	475
135	568	569	80
136	599	600	80
137	599	600	80
138	572	573	80
139	572	573	80
140	596	597	80
141	596	597	80
142	596	597	80
143	596	597	80
144	596	597	80
145	614	615	475
146	634	635	80
147	601	602	475
148	601	602	475
149	469	470	475
150	502	503	475

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
151	469	470	475
152	586	587	475
153	502	503	475
154	483	484	475
155	591	592	475
156	614	615	475
157	477	478	157
158	596	597	80
159	560	561	475
160	495	496	157
161	393	394	157
162	484	485	475
163	401	402	475
164	441	442	475
165	400	401	475
166	529	530	475
167	394	395	157
168	527	528	475
169	554	555	157
170	451	452	475
171	451	452	475
172	522	523	157
173	467	468	157
174	477	478	157
175	462	463	157
176	503	504	157
177	488	489	157
178	478	479	157
179	407	408	157
180	445	446	157
181	466	467	475
182	425	426	475
183	478	479	475
184	469	470	475
185	458	459	475
186	469	470	475
187	415	416	475
188	554	555	188
189	486	487	508
190	434	435	192
191	428	429	192
192	554	555	192
193	501	502	250
194	501	502	250
195	578	579	195
196	524	525	540
197	596	597	250
198	596	597	250
199	475	476	192
200	472	473/475	192
201	563	564	250
202	500	501	192
203	539	540	157
204	596	597	540
205	626	627	540
206	626	627	540
207	554	555	192
208	478	479	192
209	500	501	540
210	462	463	192
211	557	558	211
212	574	575	192
213	576	577	192
214	414	415	192

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
215	476	477	192
216	571	572	229
217	477	478	192
218	596	597	540
219	626	627	540
220	486	487	508 + separation
221	486	487	508 + separation
222	626	627	540
223	626	627	540
224	478	479	157
225	492	493	192
226	486	487	540
227	575	576	211
228	561	562	228
229	479	480	229
230	645	646	157
231	577	578	157
232	561	562	228
233	464	465	233
234	563	564	508
235	563	564	508
236	480	481	259
237	436	437	192
238	563	564	250
239	501	502	250
240	501	502	250
241	593	594	259
242	572	573	242
243	401	402	243
244	411	412	259
245	518	519	259
246	584	585	157
247	589	612 (M + Na+)	211
248	480	481	259
249	575	576	211
250	563	564	250
251	482	483	251
252	518	519	272
253	496	497	253
254	412	413	259
255	572	573	242
256	412	413	259
257	572	573	242
258	490	491	258
259	480	481	259
260	480	481	259
261	500	501	261
262	510	511	262
263	520	521	268
264	494	495	268
265	502	503	540
266	524	525	262
267	502	503	267
268	494	495	268
269	580	581	269
270	561	562	270
271	512	513	271
272	518	519	272
273	411	412	259
274	478	479	274
275	452	453	275
276	506	507	297
277	451	452	297
278	423	424	297
279	543	544	297
280	465	466	297
281	428	429	297
282	456	457	297
283	470	471	297
284	465	466	297

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
285	465	466	297
286	548	549	297
287	414	415	297
288	442	443	297
289	456	457	297
290	451	452	297
291	451	452	297
292	534	535	297
293	543	544	297
294	543	544	297
295	534	535	297
296	548	549	297
297	460	461	297
298	460	461	297
299	557	558	297
300	437	438	297
301	506	507	297
302	423	424	297
303	423	424	297
304	414	415	297
305	428	429	297
306	474	475	297
307	543	544	297
308	423	424	297
309	451	452	297
310	465	466	297
311	465	466	297
312	479	480	297
313	557	558	297
314	474	475	297
315	474	475	297
316	488	489	297
317	465	466	297
318	479	480	297
319	437	438	297
320	460	461	297
321	460	461	297
322	474	475	297
323	474	475	332
324	456	457	332
325	488	489	332
326	502	503	332
327	561	562	347
328	575	576	347
329	539	540	332
330	557	558	332
331	571	572	332
332	585	586	332
333	644	645	297
334	594	595	297
335	575	576	297
336	525	526	297
337	561	562	297
338	511	512	297
339	644	645	347
340	662	663	347
341	579	580	347
342	575	576	347
343	593	594	347
344	492	493	347
345	510	511	347
346	506	507	347
347	561	562	347
348	470	471	332
349	507	508	332
350	557	558	332
351	488	489	332
352	525	526	332
353	575	576	332
354	502	503	332
355	539	540	332
356	589	590	332
357	506	507	332

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
358	516	517	332
359	553	554	332
360	603	604	332
361	520	521	332
362	478	479	347
363	579	580	347
364	492	493	347
365	496	497	347
366	511	512	347
367	561	562	347
368	593	594	475
369	579	580	475
370	593	594	475
371	557	558	372
372	575	576	372
373	579	580	347
374	488	489	372
375	579	580	347
376	593	594	347
377	680	681	347
378	597	598	347
379	662	663	347
380	644	645	297
381	662	663	297
382	579	580	297
383	575	576	297
384	612	613	297
385	594	595	297
386	612	613	297
387	529	530	297
388	525	526	297
389	474	475	372
390	593	594	372
391	575	576	372
392	492	493	372
393	506	507	372
394	629	630	347
395	647	648	347
396	575	576	347
397	578	579	397
398	579	580	347
399	546	547	347
400	560	561	347
401	542	543	372
402	560	561	372
403	561	562	372
404	680	681	347
405	593	594	347
406	579	580	347
407	629	630	347
408	644	645	347
409	492	493	372
410	510	511	372
411	629	630	347
412	647	648	347
413	629	630	297
414	611	612	297
415	562	563	297
416	662	663	347
417	597	598	347
418	647	648	347
419	579	580	347
420	592	593	508
421	647	648	475
422	647	648	475
423	647	648	475
424	647	648	475
425	647	648	475
426	647	648	475
427	597	598	475
428	629	630	475
429	579	580	475
430	575	576	

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
431	629	630	475
432	647	648	475
433	629	630	475
434	575	576	475
435	629	630	475
436	629	630	475
437	629	630	475
438	629	630	475
439	629	630	475
440	579	580	475
441	647	648	475
442	592	593	508
443	610	611	508
444	597	598	475
445	646	647	508
446	646	647	508
447	610	611	508
448	664	665	508
449	664	665	508
450	545	546	475
451	664	665	508
452	608	609	475
453	608	609	475
454	563	564	475
455	613	614	475
456	551	552	475
457	553	554	475
458	559	560	475
459	563	564	475
460	545	546	475
461	590	591	475
462	590	591	475
463	646	647	508
464	646	647	508
465	664	665	508
466	563	564	475
467	575	576	475
468	575	576	475
469	629	630	475
470	614	615	475
471	537	538	475
472	553	554	475
473	553	554	475
474	614	615	475
475	469	470	475
476	614	615	475
477	629	630	475
478	629	630	475
479	647	648	475
480	630	631	508
481	602	603	508
482	646	647	508
483	646	647	508
484	630	631	508
485	631	632	508
486	629	630	347
487	629	630	347
488	631	632	508
489	631	632	508
490	631	632	508
491	631	632	508
492	631	632	508
493	646	647	540
494	646	647	540
495	646	647	540
496	646	647	540
497	501	502	540
498	646	647	540
499	554	555	508
500	554	555	508
501	486	487	508
502	568	569	508
503	486	487	508

TABLE 2-continued

Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
504	501	502	508
505	526	527	508
506	554	555	508
507	486	487	508
508	486	487	508
509	554	555	508
510	568	569	508
511	568	569	508
512	568	569	508
513	578	579	540
514	596	597	540
515	526	527	540
516	664	665	540
517	664	665	540
518	519	520	540
519	418	419	540
520	631	632	508
521	487	488	508
522	515	516	508
523	545	546	508
524	484	485	347
525	502	503	347
526	505	506	157
527	502	503	157
528	507	508	157
529	554	555	157
530	487	488	540
531	515	516	540
532	545	546	540
533	578	579	540
534	527	528	540
535	541	542	540
536	569	570	540
537	596	597	540
538	484	485	347
539	502	503	347
540	563	564	540
541	394	395	192
542	471	472	192
543	471	472	192
544	428	429	192
545	470	471	192
546	472	473	192
547	401	402	192
548	385	386	192
549	535	536	157
550	533	534	157
551	521	522	157
552	551	552	157
553	560	561	540
554	578	579	540
555	519	520	508
556	417	418	508
557	418	419	508
558	557	558	540
559	592	593	540
560	549	550	157
561	501	502	508

TABLE 2-continued

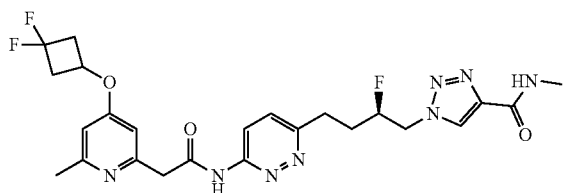
Observed Molecular Weight and Synthesis for Examples			
Ex. No.	Calc. Mass	Obs Mass	Method as in Ex.
562	519	520	508
563	417	418	508
564	470	471	540
565	462	463	192
566	501	502	540
567	486	487	540
568	527	528	540
569	512	513	540
570	418	419	508
571	563	564	540
572	494	495	6
573	602	603	540
574	589	590	540
575	585	586	540
576	599	600	540
577	582	583	540
578	418	419	540
579	395	396	192
580	603	604	540
581	537	538	157
582	551	552	157
583	521	522	157
584	539	540	157
585	572	573.1907	157
586	572	573	157
587	572	573	157
588	572	573	192
589	572	573	192
590	572	573	192
591	521	522	192
592	614	615	540
593	602	603	540
594	582	583	540
595	582	583	540
596	463	464	157
597	542	543	6
598	512	513	6
599	494	495	229
600	512	513	229
601	479	480	229
602	479	480	229
603	468	469	7
604	543	544	192
605	538	539	605
606	556	557	605
607	572	573	605
608	588	589	605
609	502	503	605

Prophetic Examples

[0524] The prophetic examples shown below further illustrate the scope of this disclosure. Non-limiting prophetic examples include the following compounds and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof:

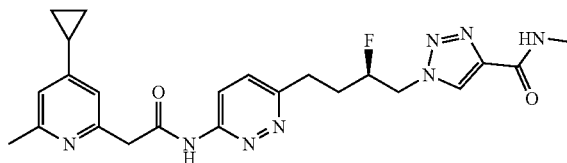
Example 610: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutoxy)-6-methylpyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0525]



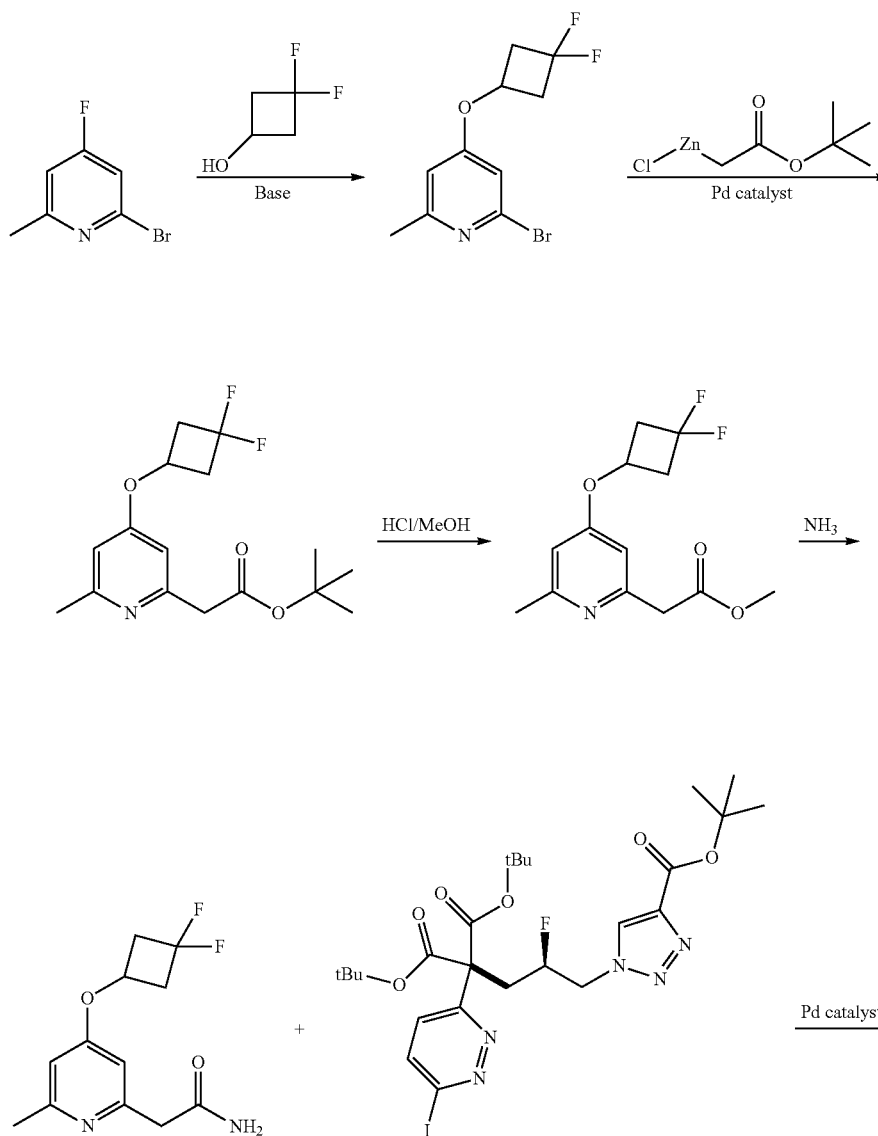
Example 611: (R)-1-(4-(6-(2-(4-cyclopropyl-6-methylpyridin-2-yl)acetamido)pyridazin-3-yl)-2-fluorobutyl)-N-methyl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxamide

[0526]

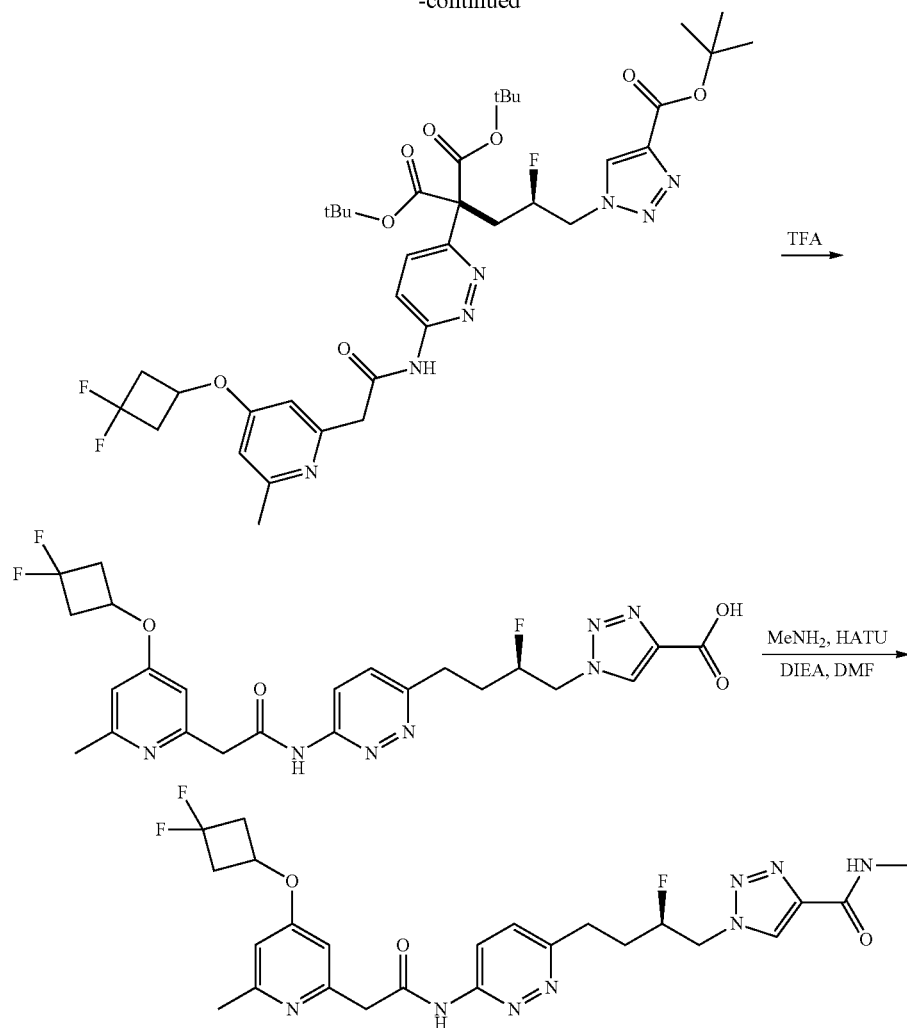


[0527] It is believed that a person of skill in the art would know how to synthesize the claimed compounds based, in part, on the provided Schemes 6 and 7.

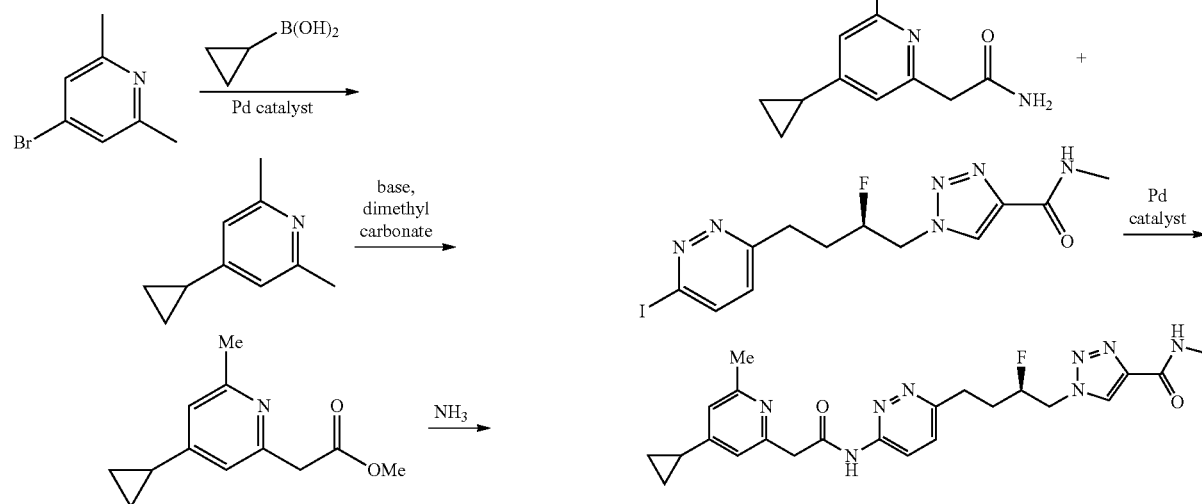
SCHEME 6



-continued



SCHEME 7



Biological Activity Assays

[0528] The following are assays that may be used to evaluate the biological efficacy of compounds of Formula (I).

GLS1 Enzymatic Activity Assay

[0529] The inhibition of purified recombinant human GAC by varying concentrations of inhibitors is assessed via a dual-coupled enzymatic assay. The glutamate produced by the glutaminase reaction is used by glutamate oxidase to produce α -ketoglutarate, ammonia, and hydrogen peroxide, with this hydrogen peroxide subsequently being used by horseradish peroxidase to produce resorufin in the presence of Amplex UltraRed. The assay buffer consisted of 50 mM Hepes (pH 7.4), 0.25 mM EDTA and 0.1 mM Triton X-100. GAC was incubated with potassium phosphate (10 minutes at room temperature) prior to incubation with inhibitor (10 minutes at room temperature). The final reaction conditions were as follows: 2 nM GAC, 50 mM potassium phosphate, 100 mU/mL glutamate oxidase (Sigma), 1 mM glutamine (Sigma), 100 mU/mL horseradish peroxidase (Sigma), 75 μ M Amplex UltraRed (Life Technologies), and 1% (v/v) DMSO. The production of resorufin was monitored on a Perkin Elmer Envision plate reader (excitation 530 nm, emission 590 nm) either in a kinetics or endpoint mode (at 20 minutes). IC₅₀ values were calculated using a four-parameter logistic curve fit.

Proliferation Assay

[0530] A549 cells were routinely maintained in RPMI 1640 media (Gibco catalog number 11875-093) supplemented with 10% dialyzed fetal bovine serum using a humidified incubator (37° C., 5% CO₂ and ambient O₂). In preparation for the viability assay, cells were inoculated into 384-well black CulturPlates (Perkin Elmer) at a density of 1000 cells/well in a volume of 40 μ L. Following a 24-hour incubation at 37° C., 5% CO₂ and ambient O₂, cells were treated with compound (10 μ L) in a final DMSO concentration of 0.5% (v/v). The microplates were then incubated for 72 hours (37° C., 5% CO₂ and ambient O₂). Cell Titer Fluor (Promega) was subsequently added (10 μ L of 6 $\times$ reagent) and mixed for 15 minutes at room temperature. The plates were then incubated for 30 minutes (37° C., 5% CO₂ and ambient O₂) and fluorescence was subsequently read on the Perkin Elmer Envision plate reader. IC₅₀ values were calculated using a four-parameter logistic curve fit.

[0531] Non-limiting examples include the following compounds and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. Table 3 below reports the IC₅₀ against GLS1 and the EC₅₀ against A549 cell proliferation, both in nanomolar, and both wherein A<100 nM, B=100-500 nM, C>500-5000 nM, and D>5000 nM. "ND" indicates no data. Compounds disclosed herein and not yet tested are expected to demonstrate activity in these assays as well.

TABLE 3

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
1	A	A
2	A	A

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
3	B	B
4	B	B
5	A	A
6	A	A
7	B	B
8	B	N.D.
9	C	N.D.
10	B	N.D.
11	A	B
12	A	A
13	A	C
14	C	N.D.
15	A	B
16	A	A
17	B	B
18	B	B
19	A	A
20	A	A
21	A	B
22	A	B
23	A	B
24	A	A
25	A	B
26	A	A
27	A	A
28	A	B
29	A	A
30	A	A
31	A	A
32	A	A
33	A	A
34	A	B
35	B	B
36	A	A
37	A	A
38	C	N.D.
39	N.D.	B
40	B	N.D.
41	C	C
42	N.D.	N.D.
43	N.D.	B
44	N.D.	B
45	B	C
46	A	A
47	A	B
48	C	C
49	C	D
50	B	C
51	B	C
52	C	D
53	C	N.D.
54	B	BN.D.
55	B	C
56	A	A
57	C	N.D.
58	C	N.D.
59	B	C
60	A	A
61	A	A
62	B	C
63	B	C
64	A	C
65	A	B
66	C	N.D.
67	B	N.D.
68	C	N.D.
69	C	N.D.
70	C	N.D.
71	C	N.D.
72	A	A
73	A	A
74	B	N.D.
75	A	A

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
76	A	A
77	A	A
78	A	A
79	A	A
80	A	A
81	A	A
82	A	A
83	A	A
84	B	B
85	C	C
86	C	D
87	C	D
88	C	C
89	C	C
90	B	B
91	C	D
92	C	C
93	B	C
94	B	B
95	B	B
96	B	B
97	A	A
98	C	C
99	C	C
100	C	D
101	C	C
102	C	C
103	B	C
104	C	C
105	A	A
106	A	A
107	A	A
108	A	B
109	A	B
110	A	A
111	A	A
112	B	B
113	A	C
114	C	C
115	C	C
116	A	B
117	B	B
118	B	B
119	B	B
120	B	C
121	B	B
122	A	A
123	A	B
124	A	A
125	A	B
126	B	B
127	B	C
128	A	A
129	A	A
130	B	B
131	B	B
132	A	A
133	A	A
134	A	A
135	A	A
136	A	A
137	A	A
138	B	B
139	B	B
140	A	A
141	A	A
142	A	A
143	A	A
144	A	A
145	A	A
146	A	A
147	A	A
148	A	A

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
149	B	C
150	B	B
151	B	C
152	A	A
153	A	B
154	C	C
155	A	C
156	A	A
157	A	B
158	A	A
159	A	B
160	A	A
161	A	A
162	B	B
163	C	C
164	A	B
165	B	C
166	A	B
167	A	B
168	A	B
169	A	A
170	B	C
171	B	C
172	A	A
173	B	B
174	A	B
175	A	B
176	A	B
177	A	B
178	A	B
179	A	C
180	A	B
181	B	C
182	B	D
183	B	D
184	C	D
185	B	C
186	B	C
187	B	D
188	A	A
189	C	D
190	A	B
191	A	B
192	A	A
193	A	C
194	A	A
195	A	A
196	C	C
197	A	A
198	A	A
199	A	B
200	A	B
201	A	B
202	A	B
203	A	A
204	A	A
205	A	A
206	A	A
207	A	A
208	A	B
209	B	B
210	A	B
211	A	A
212	A	A
213	A	A
214	B	D
215	B	C
216	A	A
217	A	B
218	A	A
219	A	A
220	B	C
221	B	B

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
222	A	A
223	A	A
224	B	B
225	A	B
226	A	A
227	A	A
228	A	A
229	A	A
230	A	A
231	A	A
232	A	A
233	A	A
234	A	B
235	A	B
236	A	A
237	A	B
238	A	B
239	A	B
240	A	A
241	A	A
242	A	A
243	B	B
244	A	A
245	A	A
246	A	A
247	A	A
248	A	A
249	A	A
250	A	A
251	A	A
252	A	A
253	A	A
254	A	B
255	A	A
256	A	B
257	A	A
258	A	A
259	A	A
260	A	A
261	A	A
262	A	A
263	A	A
264	A	A
265	A	A
266	A	A
267	A	A
268	A	A
269	A	A
270	A	A
271	A	A
272	A	A
273	A	A
274	A	A
275	A	A
276	B	B
277	B	C
278	C	N.D.
279	A	B
280	B	C
281	C	N.D.
282	C	N.D.
283	C	N.D.
284	B	C
285	C	C
286	A	B
287	C	N.D.
288	B	C
289	C	N.D.
290	C	N.D.
291	C	N.D.
292	B	C
293	A	B
294	A	B

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
295	A	A
296	A	A
297	C	N.D.
298	C	N.D.
299	A	A
300	C	D
301	B	C
302	C	N.D.
303	C	N.D.
304	C	N.D.
305	C	C
306	B	C
307	A	B
308	C	N.D.
309	B	B
310	A	B
311	B	C
312	B	C
313	A	A
314	B	C
315	B	C
316	A	C
317	B	B
318	A	A
319	C	D
320	B	C
321	C	C
322	B	C
323	C	N.D.
324	C	N.D.
325	C	N.D.
326	C	N.D.
327	A	A
328	A	A
329	B	C
330	A	B
331	A	B
332	A	B
333	C	N.D.
334	A	A
335	A	A
336	A	B
337	A	A
338	A	B
339	A	A
340	A	A
341	A	B
342	A	A
343	A	A
344	B	D
345	B	D
346	A	C
347	A	A
348	C	N.D.
349	B	N.D.
350	B	B
351	C	N.D.
352	B	C
353	A	B
354	C	N.D.
355	B	B
356	A	A
357	C	N.D.
358	C	N.D.
359	B	B
360	A	A
361	C	N.D.
362	C	N.D.
363	A	A
364	B	C
365	C	N.D.
366	B	C
367	A	B

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
368	A	A
369	A	A
370	A	A
371	A	B
372	A	B
373	A	A
374	B	N.D.
375	A	A
376	A	A
377	A	A
378	A	A
379	A	A
380	A	A
381	A	A
382	A	B
383	A	A
384	A	A
385	A	A
386	A	A
387	B	C
388	A	B
389	C	D
390	A	A
391	A	B
392	C	D
393	C	C
394	A	A
395	A	A
396	A	A
397	A	A
398	A	A
399	A	B
400	A	B
401	B	C
402	B	C
403	A	A
404	A	A
405	A	A
406	A	A
407	A	A
408	A	A
409	C	D
410	C	C
411	A	A
412	A	A
413	A	A
414	A	A
415	A	A
416	A	A
417	A	A
418	A	A
419	A	A
420	A	B
421	A	A
422	A	A
423	A	A
424	A	A
425	A	A
426	A	A
427	A	A
428	A	A
429	A	B
430	A	A
431	A	A
432	A	A
433	A	A
434	A	A
435	A	A
436	A	A
437	A	A
438	A	A
439	A	A
440	A	B

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
441	A	A
442	A	A
443	A	A
444	A	A
445	A	A
446	A	A
447	A	A
448	A	A
449	A	A
450	A	B
451	A	A
452	A	B
453	A	B
454	A	B
455	A	A
456	A	A
457	C	C
458	B	B
459	A	B
460	B	B
461	B	C
462	A	B
463	A	A
464	A	A
465	A	A
466	A	A
467	B	B
468	A	A
469	A	A
470	A	A
471	A	B
472	B	B
473	B	B
474	A	A
475	B	B
476	A	A
477	A	A
478	A	A
479	A	A
480	A	A
481	A	A
482	A	A
483	A	A
484	A	A
485	A	A
486	A	A
487	A	A
488	A	A
489	A	A
490	A	A
491	A	A
492	A	B
493	A	A
494	A	A
495	A	A
496	A	A
497	A	B
498	A	A
499	B	B
500	B	B
501	B	B
502	B	B
503	B	C
504	A	B
505	A	B
506	B	B
507	B	B
508	B	B
509	B	B
510	B	C
511	B	C
512	B	B
513	A	A

TABLE 3-continued

Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
514	A	A
515	A	B
516	A	A
517	A	A
518	A	A
519	B	C
520	A	A
521	B	B
522	A	B
523	B	C
524	A	B
525	A	B
526	B	C
527	A	A
528	A	C
529	A	A
530	A	C
531	A	B
532	A	B
533	A	A
534	A	B
535	A	B
536	A	B
537	A	B
538	A	B
539	A	B
540	A	A
541	A	C
542	A	B
543	A	C
544	A	B
545	A	B
546	A	B
547	B	C
548	B	C
549	B	C
550	A	B
551	A	B
552	C	D
553	A	A
554	A	A
555	A	B
556	B	C
557	C	C
558	A	C
559	A	B
560	A	B
561	A	B
562	A	B
563	C	C
564	A	C
565	A	B
566	A	B
567	A	B
568	A	B
569	A	B
570	B	C

TABLE 3-continued

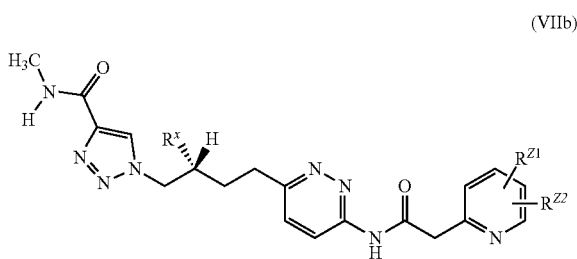
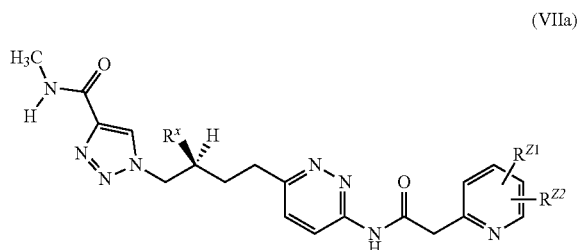
Biological Data		
Ex. No.	GLS1 IC ₅₀	A549 EC ₅₀
571	A	A
572	A	B
573	A	A
574	A	A
575	A	B
576	A	A
577	A	C
578	A	C
579	B	C
580	A	A
581	A	B
582	A	B
583	A	A
584	A	B
585	A	A
586	A	A
587	A	A
588	A	A
589	A	A
590	A	A
591	A	B
592	A	A
593	A	A
594	A	C
595	A	A
596	A	B
597	A	B
598	A	A
599	A	A
600	A	A
601	A	A
602	A	A
603	C	D
604	A	A
605	A	A
606	A	A
607	A	A
608	A	A
609	A	A

Other Embodiments

[0532] The detailed description set-forth above is provided to aid those skilled in the art in practicing the present disclosure. However, the disclosure described and claimed herein is not to be limited in scope by the specific embodiments herein disclosed because these embodiments are intended as illustration of several aspects of the disclosure. Any equivalent embodiments are intended to be within the scope of this disclosure. Indeed, various modifications of the disclosure in addition to those shown and described herein will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description, which do not depart from the spirit or scope of the present inventive discovery. Such modifications are also intended to fall within the scope of the appended claims.

1.-29. (canceled)

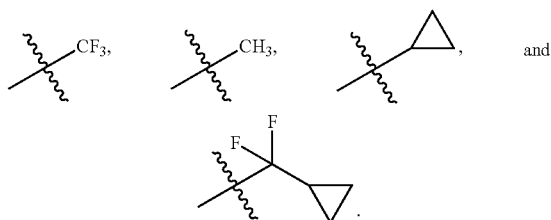
30. A compound of structural Formula VIIa or VIIb:



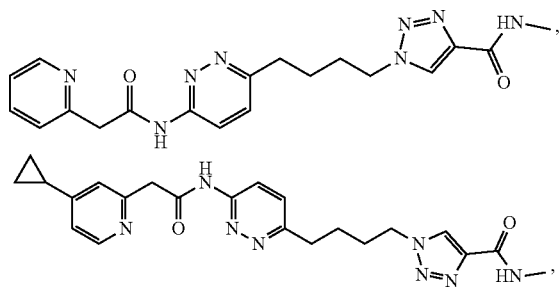
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein: R^X is chosen from fluoro and H;

and each of R^{Z1} and R^{Z2} is independently H or chosen from alkyl, cycloalkyl, and cycloalkyl-alkyl, each of which is optionally substituted with halo and wherein alkyl is C_{1-6} alkyl and cycloalkyl is cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, or cyclohexyl.

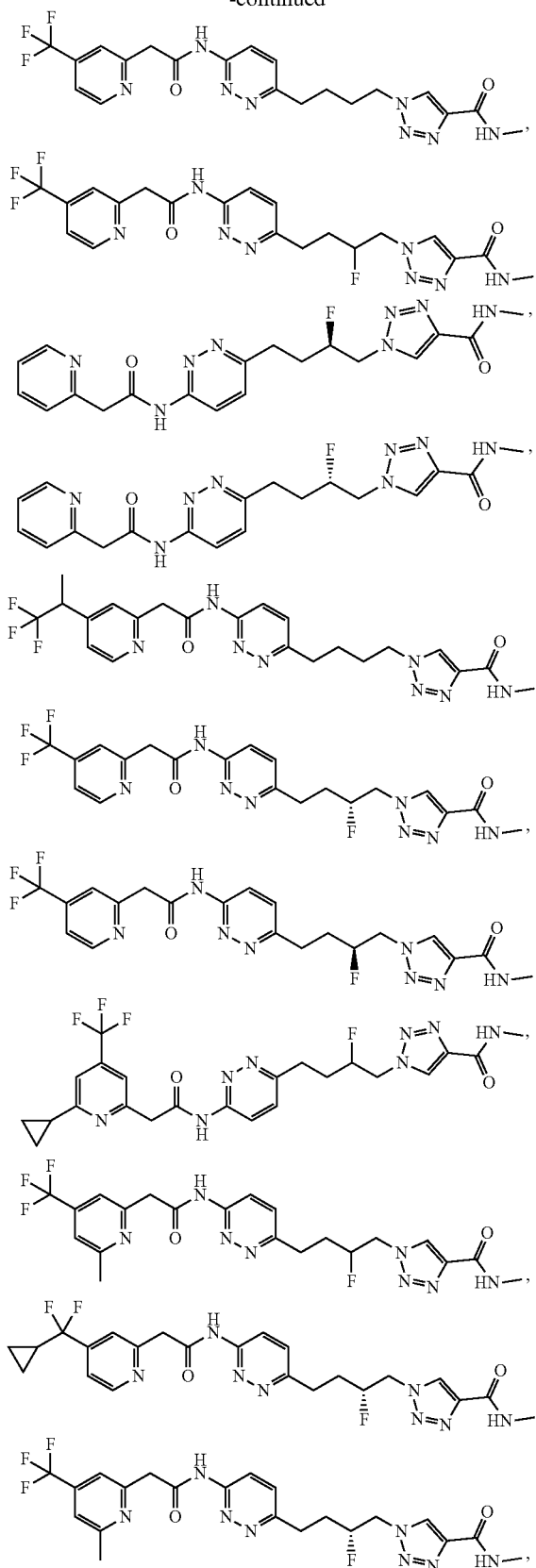
31. The compound as recited in claim 30, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein each of R^{Z1} and R^{Z2} is independently chosen from H,

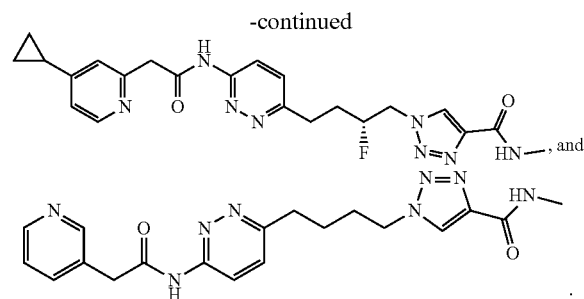


32. A compound chosen from:



-continued





or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

33. A composition comprising a compound as recited in claim 30, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant, or vehicle.

34. A method of inhibiting GLS1 activity in a biological sample comprising contacting the biological sample with a compound as recited in claim 30, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

35. A method of treating a GLS1-mediated disorder in a subject having said disorder, comprising the step of admin-

istering to the subject a compound as recited in claim 30, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

36. The method according to claim 35, wherein the subject is a human.

37. The method according to claim 35, wherein the GLS1-mediated disorder is chosen from cancer, immunological disorders, and neurological disorders.

38. A method of treating a GLS1-mediated disorder in a subject in need thereof, comprising the sequential or co-administration of a compound as recited in claim 30, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and another therapeutic agent.

39. The method as recited in claim 38, wherein the method further comprises administering non-chemical methods of cancer treatment.

40. The method as recited in claim 38, wherein the method further comprises administering radiation therapy.

41. The method as recited in claim 38, wherein the method further comprises administering surgery, thermoablation, focused ultrasound therapy, cryotherapy, or any combination thereof.

* * * * *