



(19) **United States**
(12) **Patent Application Publication** (10) **Pub. No.: US 2003/0190188 A1**
Iskhakbayev (43) **Pub. Date: Oct. 9, 2003**

(54) **ROADWAY BARRIER FOR PROTECTING PEDESTRIANS**

(52) **U.S. Cl. 404/6**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

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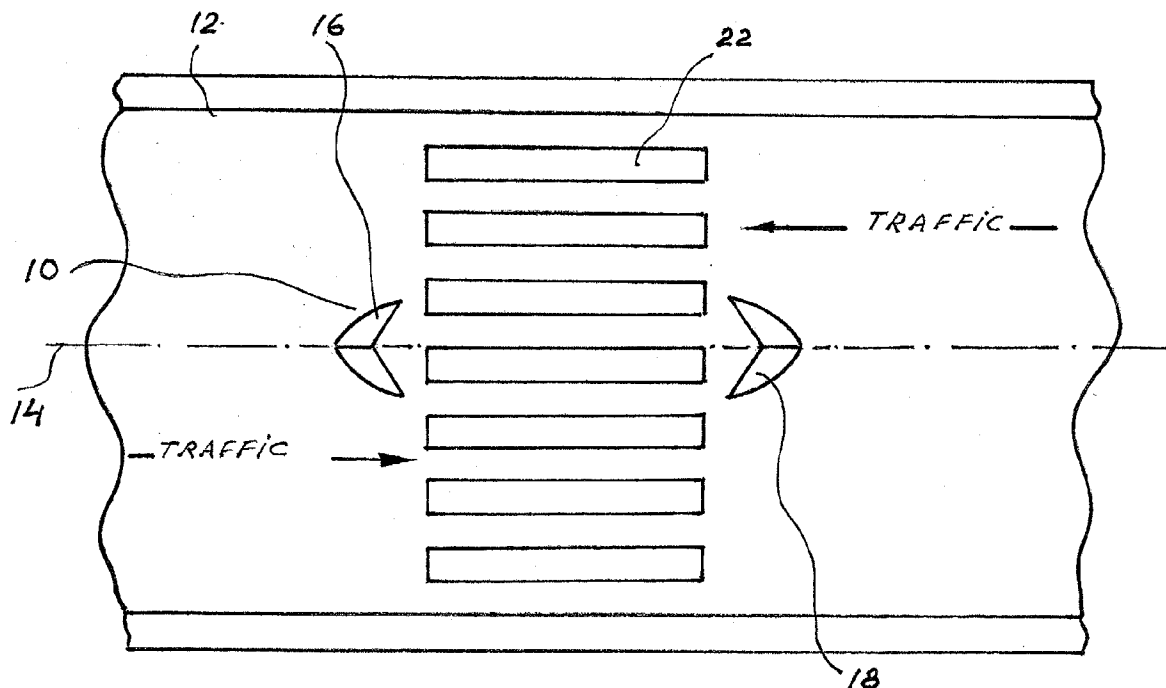
A pedestrian protection barrier having two half-barriers, each of the half-barriers placed on one side of a pedestrian crosswalk. The half-barrier is constructed of two segment-blocks placed adjacently at a center-line of a roadway. Each segment-block has a lower portion, an upper portion, two side-walls and an exterior wall. When segment-blocks are installed on the roadway lower portion of each segment-block is placed into a cavity excavated in the ground of the roadway. The upper portion extends above the ground of the roadway to protect pedestrians. One pair of segment-blocks' side-walls form an angle therebetween. The other pair of the side-walls can be located adjacently and parallel to one another.

(21) **Appl. No.: 10/115,371**

(22) **Filed: Apr. 4, 2002**

Publication Classification

(51) **Int. Cl.⁷ E01F 13/00**



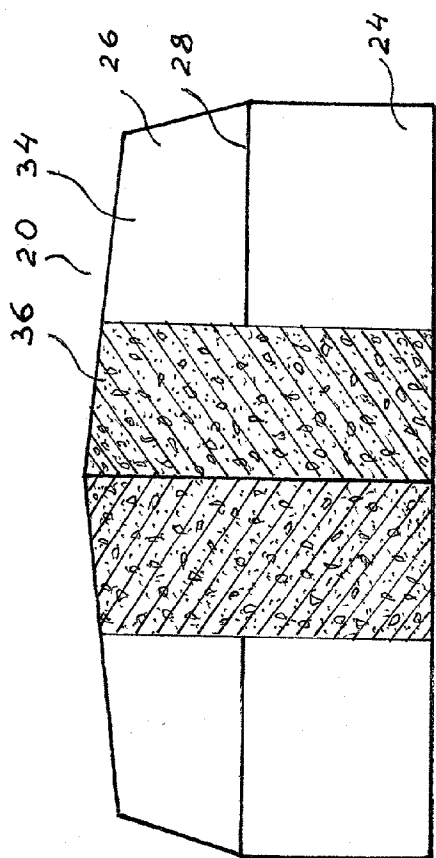


Fig. 3

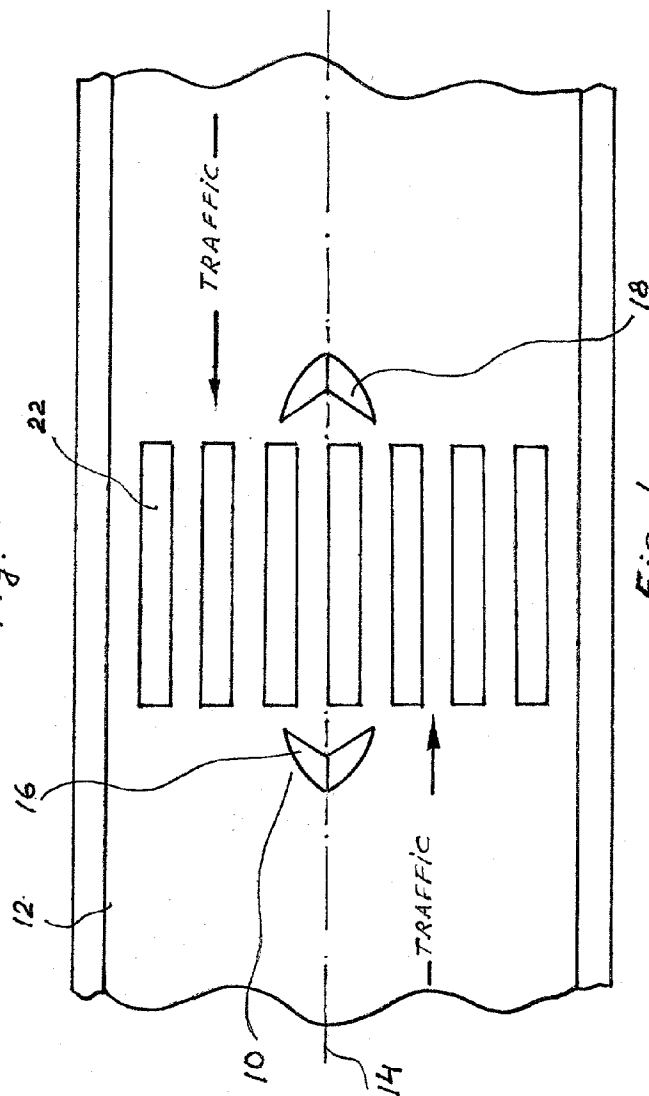


Fig. 1

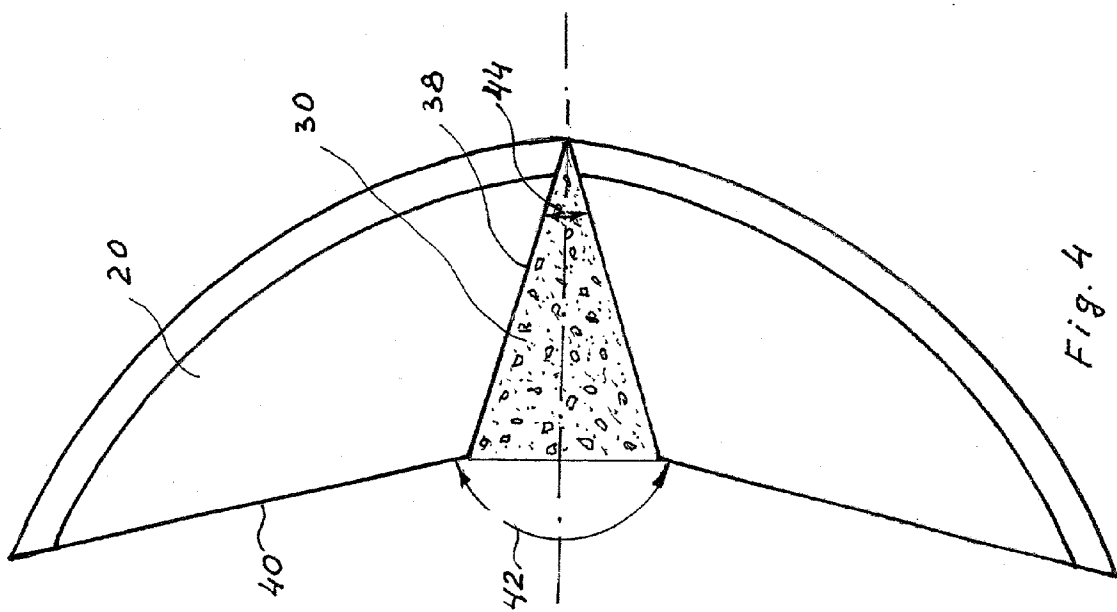


Fig. 4

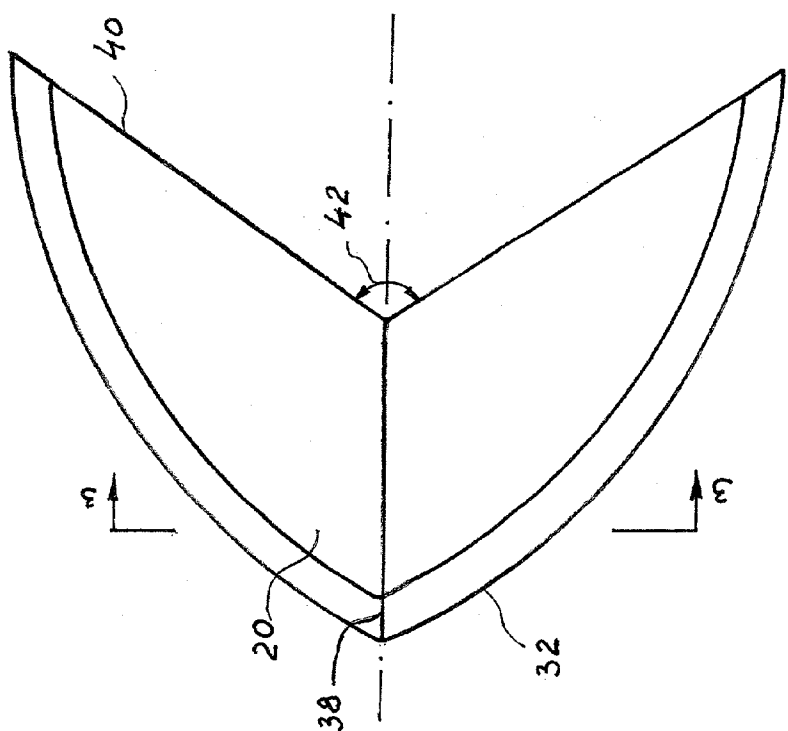


Fig. 2

ROADWAY BARRIER FOR PROTECTING PEDESTRIANS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a roadway barrier for protecting pedestrians from an impact by a moving vehicle.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Media barriers are often disposed between opposing lanes of traffic on a divided highway to prevent head-on collisions. A common form of such media barrier are formed of pre-cast or poured concrete structures somewhat bell-shaped in cross section and having a wide bottom to resist tipping from impact with an automobile or other vehicle and a flared lower section to engage the tire of a vehicle veering from the road into the barrier and a more or less vertical upper section rising to a flattened barrier top. The flared lower section allows the vertical upper section to be set back far enough to provide clearance for the body of the vehicle. Thus, if a vehicle veers into the barrier at a small angle, the barrier acts to turn the car back onto the roadway to prevent a possible head-on collision with vehicles in the lanes of opposing traffic.

[0003] U.S. Pat. No. 5,302,047 discloses one example of an along-side pedestrian safety barrier, which is adapted to be longitudinally disposed between a roadway and an adjoining pedestrian walkway. The disclosed safety barrier features a concrete structure raised to about 24 inches in height and having an outwardly angled sidewall facing the roadway and a concavity on its bottom surface to engage the top and roadside surface of a standard curb.

[0004] Energy absorbing barriers have also been used to protect pedestrians. For example, U.S. Pat. No. 5,292,467 discloses an energy absorbing roadway barrier for dissipating kinetic energy upon impact by a moving vehicle includes an elongated core of reinforced high density concrete having barrier anchor members attached from the elongated core to a position for anchoring the barrier. An elongated barrier portion is formed around the elongated core and around the core anchor members to form a road barrier.

[0005] Existing axial, i.e., central line, barriers, however, do not rise to a height sufficient to protect pedestrians from a vehicular impact. Additionally, many of the presently available protection barriers have a curvature around a pedestrians' "safety island" in the middle of the road. This curvature allows cars to ride onto the territory of the "safety island" instead of protecting this territory. The need therefore exists for a barrier capable of protecting the pedestrians by preventing the traffic from crossing over the pedestrian crosswalk.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] It is an object of the present invention to provide a barrier for protecting pedestrians from a vehicular traffic.

[0007] It is another object of the present invention to provide a pedestrian protecting barrier mounted at a pedestrian's crosswalk.

[0008] It is a further object of the present invention to provide a pedestrian protecting barrier, which protects pedestrians by preventing moving vehicles from crossing the barrier.

[0009] In accordance with the present invention, a pedestrian protection barrier is provided. The protection barrier has two half-barriers, each of the half-barriers placed on one side of a pedestrian crosswalk. The half-barrier is constructed of two segment-blocks placed adjacently at a centerline of a roadway. Each segment-block has a lower portion, an upper portion, two side-walls and an exterior wall. When segment-blocks are installed on the roadway lower portion of each segment-block is placed into a cavity excavated in the ground of the roadway. The upper portion extends above the ground of the roadway to protect pedestrians. One pair of segment-blocks' side-walls form an angle therebetween. The other pair of the side-walls can be located adjacently and parallel to one another. In a second preferred embodiment, the other pair of the side-walls also forms an angle therebetween. A wedge block is then placed into the space formed by the spaced apart sides of segment-blocks to insure structural integrity of the resulting half-barrier.

[0010] The above and other objects, aspects, features and advantages of the invention will be more readily apparent from the description of the preferred embodiments thereof taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings and appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] The invention is illustrated by way of example and not limitation and the figures of the accompanying drawings in which like references denote like or corresponding parts, and in which:

[0012] **FIG. 1** is a top planar view of the pedestrians protecting barrier having two half-barriers placed on each side of the pedestrians' crosswalk, in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the invention.

[0013] **FIG. 2** is a top view of one half-barrier formed by two adjacently placed segment-blocks.

[0014] **FIG. 3** is a cross-sectional view of the half-barrier of **FIG. 2** taken along line 3-3.

[0015] **FIG. 4** is a top view of one half-barrier formed by two segment-blocks forming an angle therebetween, in accordance with an alternative embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS AND THE DRAWINGS

[0016] In the preferred embodiment, a roadway barrier **10** for pedestrians' protection is provided at a center-line **14** of a roadway **12**, as shown in **FIG. 1**. The barrier **10** preferably has two half barriers **16** and **18**, each half-barrier being placed on one side of a pedestrians' crosswalk **22**. It is preferred that half-barriers **16** and **18** are spaced to a distance within the range of 0.9 m-3 m.

[0017] Each half-barrier **16**, **18** preferably comprises two segment-blocks **20**, as shown in **FIG. 2**. As shown in the cross-sectional view of **FIG. 3**, the segment-block **20** has a lower portion **24**, an upper portion **26** and a center line **28**. The lower portion **24** preferably serves as a foundation of the segment-block **20**. The center-line **28** preferably indicates the level corresponding to a ground level for an installed

segment-block. Therefore, only the upper portion 26 of each segment-block 20 will be visible when segment-blocks are installed.

[0018] As shown in FIG. 2, each segment-block has an exterior surface 32. The surface 32 is preferably curved. In the preferred embodiment, the radius of the curvature of the exterior surface 32 is 22 cm.

[0019] In the preferred embodiment shown in FIG. 3, each segment-block 20 has a hollow portion 34 and a solid portion 36. The solid portion 36 is preferably made of a reinforced concrete and is capable of withstanding and absorbing a vehicular impact. The solid portion 36 provides a structural integrity of the segment-block 20. The hollow portion 34 is provided, for example, to allow passengers to stand in waiting for a green light. Alternatively, the hollow portion 34 may be used for storing bicycles, scooters and other equipment. In another embodiment, the hollow portion 34 may be used for planting flowers, placing advertisements, and for other decorative purposes. In a further embodiment, the entire segment-block 20 may be formed as a solid block of reinforced concrete.

[0020] In the preferred embodiment, each segment-block 20 comprises two side walls 38 and 40. When segment-blocks are installed on a roadway, two segment-blocks 20 are placed on each side of the crosswalk in such a way that one pair of the side-walls is located adjacent and parallel to each other and the other pair of the side-walls forms an angle 42. For example, as shown in FIG. 2, side-walls 38 of two segment-blocks 20 are located adjacent and parallel to each other, and side-walls 40 form an angle 42 therebetween.

[0021] In another preferred embodiment, shown in FIG. 4, side-walls 38 are also spaced apart forming an angle 44 therebetween. This embodiment allows segment-blocks to form a greater angle 42 between side walls 40. A wedge-block 30 is preferably placed into the space formed by side-walls 38 of two segment-blocks 20 to enable a structural integrity of the resulting half-barrier.

[0022] To install the provided barrier, installers should first excavate cavities in the roadway for placing lower portions 24 of segment-blocks 20. Segment-blocks are then assembled in pairs to form half-barriers, which are then placed into their corresponding cavities such that center lines 28 are located at the ground level. Upper portions of the segment-blocks preferably extend above the ground sufficiently to protect pedestrians from any vehicular impact. Any openings between a half-barrier and walls of its cavity should be stuffed with appropriate materials and then covered with asphalt.

[0023] The above invention is depicted as a pedestrian's barrier located along a center line of a roadway. Alternately,

the barrier may be placed between two roads going in the same direction, for example between a main road and a service road, and even on a side of the roadway at either end of the crosswalk.

[0024] Although the invention herein has been described with reference to particular embodiments, it is to be understood that these embodiments are merely illustrative of the principles and applications of the present invention. It is therefore to be understood that numerous modifications may be made to the illustrative embodiments and that other arrangements may be devised without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A pedestrian protection barrier comprising:

two half-barriers, each of said two half barriers being placed on one side of a pedestrian crosswalk;

each of said half-barriers further comprising at least two segment-blocks, each of said segment-blocks having a lower portion, an upper portion, a first side-wall and an exterior wall;

wherein said two segment-blocks are installed on the roadway such that said lower portions of said segment-blocks are located inside the ground of the roadway, said upper portion extends above the ground of the roadway to protect pedestrians and said first side-walls of said segment-blocks form an angle therebetween.

2. The pedestrian protection barrier according to claim 1, wherein each of said segment-blocks further comprises a second side-wall.

3. The pedestrian protection barrier according to claim 2, wherein said second side-walls of said segment-blocks are located adjacently and parallel to each other.

4. The pedestrian protection barrier according to claim 2, wherein said second side-walls of said segment-blocks form an angle therebetween.

5. The pedestrian protection barrier according to claim 4, wherein a wedge block is placed into a space formed by said second side-walls of said segment-blocks.

6. The pedestrian protection barrier according to claim 1, wherein said exterior wall comprises a curvature.

7. The pedestrian protection barrier according to claim 1, wherein each of said segment-blocks comprises a solid portion and a hollow portion.

8. The pedestrian protection barrier according to claim 7, wherein said solid portion is made of reinforced concrete.

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