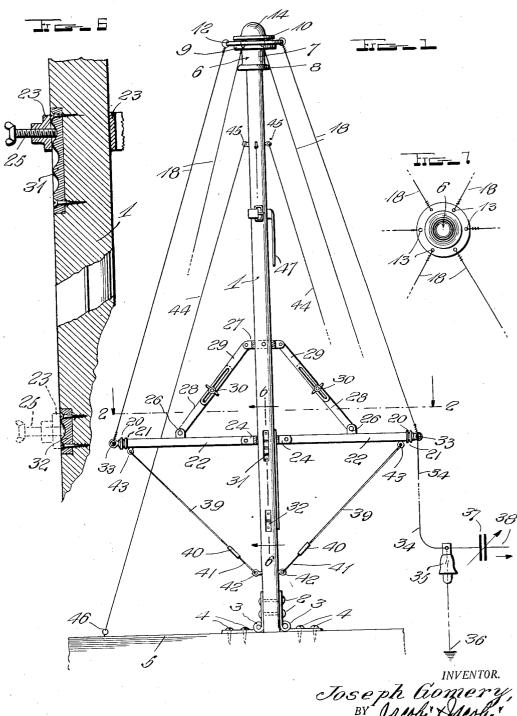
April 5, 1932.

J. GOMERY

COLLAPSIBLE RADIO ANTENNA

Filed June 22, 1931

2 Sheets-Sheet 1

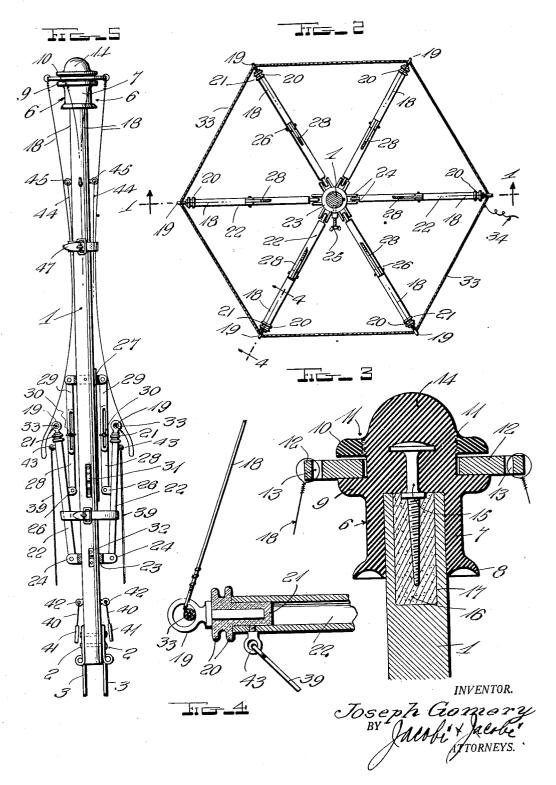


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COLLAPSIBLE RADIO ANTENNA

Filed June 22, 1931

2 Sheets-Sheet 2



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

JOSEPH GOMERY, OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

COLLAPSIBLE RADIO ANTENNA

Application filed June 22, 1931. Serial No. 546,143.

My invention relates broadly to antennæ mit much better in one direction than in for receiving and transmitting radio waves and more particularly to a collapsible type of antenna which may be conveniently transported from place to place.

An object of my invention is to provide an antenna which will receive or transmit equally well in all directions and may be

quickly erected upon any building.

A further object of my invention is to provide a collapsible antenna which may be easily mounted upon roofs of various types and which may be manufactured at a reason-

With these and numerous objects in view, my invention consists in the novel features of construction, combination and arrangement of parts which will be hereinafter referred to and more particularly pointed out in the 20 specification and claims.

My invention will be understood from the following specification and from the attached drawings wherein Figure 1 shows a side view of the antenna erected and in position;

Figure 2 shows a view in horizontal cross section on the line 2—2 of Figure 1;

Figure 3 shows a view in vertical cross section of the upper part of the mast and cap

Figure 4 shows a view in section of the 30 outer portion of the radial arm and insulator; Figure 5 shows a side view of the antenna in collapsed position;

Figure 6 shows a detail of the rack mem-35 bers for locking the radial arms in position, taken on the line 6-6 of Figure 1; and

Figure 7 shows a detail of the ring member carried by the mast for supporting the radial

In the use of radio receiving and transmitting equipment, it is desirable to employ an antenna element outside of any building for the purpose of receiving and radiating radio waves. If such antennæ are mounted 45 inside of the building, appreciable energy losses will necessarily occur in the surrounding walls and the reception and transmission will be less efficient. The type of antenna ordinarily employed has marked directional another.

Particularly, in the case of antennæ employed at residences for receiving broadcast radio entertainment, it is desirable that the 55 antennæ shall be easily dismountable for transportation in case the owner of the receiving station moves. With the antennæ generally in use at the present time, a considerable amount of time and effort must be expended 60 each time that the antenna is moved because the antenna structures in general use are long and require types of mounting which are difficult to move. I provide a type of antenna which may be easily dismounted and 65 erected and which will receive and transmit radio waves with high efficiency from and to stations located in all directions.

Figure 1 shows a general side view of my antenna structure. The numeral 1 denotes 76 the mast which may be of wood or metal or other suitable composition. Attached to the base of the mast by rivets or bolts 2 are hinges 3 which are fastened by screws 4 to the roof 5. The hinges permit the adjustment 75 of the mast to a vertical position on any type of roof, whether flat or cable. The numeral 6 denotes a cap member carried at the top of the mast and provided with a flange 7 having a flared edge 8 to facilitate shedding of 80 rain. The cap member 6 is provided with parallel flanges 9 and 10 which are adapted to receive a metallic ring element 12. The ring element 12 is multiply apertured adjacent its periphery to receive the radiating 85 and receiving antenna wire elements 18. The top of the cap member 6 is provided with a dome 14 which is suitably curved to shed rain. A ring member 23 is mounted to slide along the mast 1. A plurality of radial arms so 22 are pivotally mounted on the ring 23 as shown in detail in Figure 2. Radial arms 22 may be provided at their outer ends with insulators 21 which are circumferentially ribbed at 20 to shed rain. Eyes 19 are car- 25 ried on the outer ends of insulators 21 to receive the lower ends of radiating and receiving antenna wires 18. The radial arms 22 are pivotally mounted on ears 24. The ring 50 characteristics and will receive and trans- member 23 is provided with a set screw 25 100

which is adapted to engage recesses in rack members 31 and 32 to retain the ring member 23 in fixed position. Rack members 31 and 32 are mounted below the circumferential surface of the mast 1 so that the ring member 23 may slide easily over the rack members when the set screw 25 is released.

A collar 27 is fixed to the mast 1 above the rack member 31 and pivotally supports braces 28 and 29. The braces 28 are pivotally attached to radial arms 22 at approximately the midpoints thereof. The braces 28 and 29 are slotted and adapted to slide over each other and are provided with wing bolts and nuts 30 to lock the braces 28 and 29 in position. By locking the ring member 23 to different positions on the rack member 31, the desired degree of tension may be imparted to antenna wires 18. When it is desired to dismount the antenna, the set screw 25 is released and the ring member 23 is moved to the position corresponding to rack 32 and is there locked in position. A collecting conductor 33 is attached to the lower ends of the antenna wires 18 at the point at which they are attached to the outer ends of the radial arms 22. Lead-in wire 34 is attached to the conductor 33. A lightning arrester 35 is connected between the lead-in conductor 34 and ground 36. A series condenser 37 may be connected between lead-in conductor 34 and the antenna terminal of the receiving or transmitting set 38. Radial arms 22 may be braced from below by rods 39 and 41 provided with turn-buckles 40. The radial arms 22 are provided with eyes 43 and the mast 1 is provided with eyes 42 for receiving rods 39 and 41. The mast may be guyed to the roof or other surface by means of guy ropes 44 attached to eyes 45 carried on the mast 1 and attached to eyes 46 on the roof or other surface. A strap 47 of leather or other suitable material may be provided on the mast 1 to hold the antenna wires 18 in compact position when the antenna is collapsed. In Figure 3 is shown a detail form of construction of the cap member 6 which I have found particularly desirable. The head of a retaining bolt 15 is molded into the cap member 6 which is preferably composed of molded electrical insulating material. The part of the pin member 15 projecting outside of the cap member 6 is provided with coarse screw threads. The top portion of the mast 1 is recessed to receive the outwardly extending portion of the pin 15 and is filled with a cementitious aggregate 16 to hold the pin 15 in place. The cap member 6 is provided with a skirt or flange 8 to more easily shed rain. 60 The annular flange member 10 may be made separate from the cap member 6 so that it may be easily detached and may be screw-

threaded as shown at 11. When it is desired to dismount the antenna, 65 turnbuckles 40 are released and radial arms

22 may then be pushed upward and the entire antenna structure collapsed. Antenna wires 18 may then be held tightly in compact position by means of strap 47. The hinged members 3 may be quickly removed 70 by removing the screws 4 and the entire antenna structure may be dismounted or erected in a time not exceeding fifteen minutes.

It will be evident that I have provided a form of antenna structure which is very effi- 75 cient for receiving and transmitting radio waves and which may be quickly dismounted and erected and may be manufactured in

quantities at low cost.

From the foregoing description of my in- 80 vention, the method of constructing same and its application to use will be readily understood and it will be seen that I have provided a simple, comparatively inexpensive and most efficient means for carrying out the nu- 85 merous objects of the invention.

While I have particularly described the elements best adapted to perform the functions set forth, it is obvious that various changes in form, proportion and in the minor 90 details of construction may be resorted to without departing from the spirit or sacrificing any of the principles of the invention.

Having thus described the invention, what

I claim is:

1. In a collapsible antenna, a mast, adjustable mounting hinges carried by the base of said mast, a ring member slidable along said mast, a plurality of radial arms pivotally mounted on said ring member, a plurality of braces attached to said mast and respectively to individual ones of said radial arms, each of said braces consisting of a pair of slotted members slidably adjustable over each other, a cap member carried on the top of said 105 mast and consisting of molded electrical insulating material, said cap member being annularly recessed, an annular metallic collector plate carried in the annular recess of said cap member, said collector plate being cir- 110 cumferentially multiply apertured, a plurality of wave collecting and radiating elements respectively supported between apertures in said collector plate and the ends of said radial arms, a conductor connecting the ends of said 115 collecting and radiating elements together and attached thereto at the outer ends of said radial arms and means for retaining said ring member in a fixed position on said mast.

2. In a collapsible antenna, a mast, ad- 120 justable mounting hinges carried by the base of said mast, a ring member slidable along said mast, a plurality of radial arms pivot-ally mounted on said ring member, a plurality of braces attached to said mast and 125 respectively to individual ones of said radial arms, each of said braces consisting of a pair of slotted members slidably adjustable over each other, a plurality of peripherally ribbed insulators carried respectively on the outer 130 1,852,925 3

ends of said radial arms, a cap member caring circumferentially multiply apertured, a ried on the top of said mast and consisting of molded electrical insulating material, said cap member being annularly recessed, an annular metallic collector plate carried in the annular recess of said cap member, said collector plate being circumferentially multiply apertured, a plurality of wave collecting and radiating elements respectively supported between apertures in said collector plate and said insulators carried on said radial arms, a conductor connecting the ends of said collecting and radiating elements together and attached thereto at the outer ends of said radial 15 arms and means for retaining said ring mem-

ber in a fixed position on said mast.

3. In a collapsible antenna, a mast, adjustable mounting hinges carried by the base of said mast, a ring member slidable along 20 said mast, a plurality of radial arms pivotally mounted on said ring member, a plurality of braces attached to said mast and respectively to individual ones of said radial arms, each of said braces consisting of a pair of 25 slotted members slidably adjustable over each other, a cap member carried on the top of said mast and consisting of molded electrical insulating material, said cap member being annularly recessed, an annular metal-30 lic collector plate carried in the annular recess of said cap member, said collector plate being circumferentially multiply apertured, said cap member being provided with an annular separable member removably attached 35 to said cap member and adapted to retain said collector plate, said mast being recessed at its upper end, a coarsely threaded pin having its head embedded in said cap member and extending downwardly into the recess in 40 the top of said mast, the recess in the top of said mast being filled with cementitious aggregate, a plurality of wave collecting and radiating elements respectively supported between apertures in said collector plate and the ends of said radial arms, a conductor connecting the ends of said collecting and radiating elements together and attached thereto at the outer ends of said radial arms and means for retaining said ring member in a 50 fixed position on said mast.

4. In a collapsible antenna, a mast, adjustable mounting hinges carried by the base of said mast, a ring member slidable along said mast, a plurality of radial arms pivotally mounted on said ring member, a plurality of braces attached to said mast and respectively to individual ones of said radial arms, each of said braces consisting of a pair of slotted members slidably adjustable over 60 each other, a cap member carried on the top of said mast and consisting of molded electrical insulating material, said cap member being annularly recessed, an annular metallic collector plate carried in the annular recess 65 of said cap member, said collector plate be-

plurality of wave collecting and radiating elements respectively supported between apertures in said collector plate and the ends of said radial arms, a conductor connecting the ends of said collecting and radiating elements together and attached thereto at the outer ends of said radial arms, racks disposed below the surface of said mast and an adjustable locking screw carried by said ring member and adapted to engage the recesses in said racks to retain said ring member selectively in a desired position.

5. In a collapsible antenna, a mast, adjustable mounting hinges carried by the base of 80 said mast, a ring member slidable along said mast, a plurality of radial arms pivotally mounted on said ring member, a plurality of braces attached to said mast and respectively to individual ones of said radial arms, each 85 of said braces consisting of a pair of slotted members slidably adjustable over each other, a cap member carried on the top of said mast and consisting of molded electrical insulating material, said cap member being an- 90 nularly recessed, an annular metallic collector plate carried in the annular recess of said cap member, said collector plate being circumferentially multiply apertured, a plurality of wave collecting and radiating elements 95 respectively supported between apertures in said collector plate and the ends of said radial arms, a conductor connecting the ends of said collecting and radiating elements together and attached thereto at the outer ends of 100 said radial arms, means for retaining said ring member in a fixed position on said mast, and a retaining strap carried on said mast intermediate said cap member and said braces for retaining said wave collecting and radi- 105 ating elements compactly in collapsed position.

In testimony whereof, I affix my signature. JOSEPH GOMERY.

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