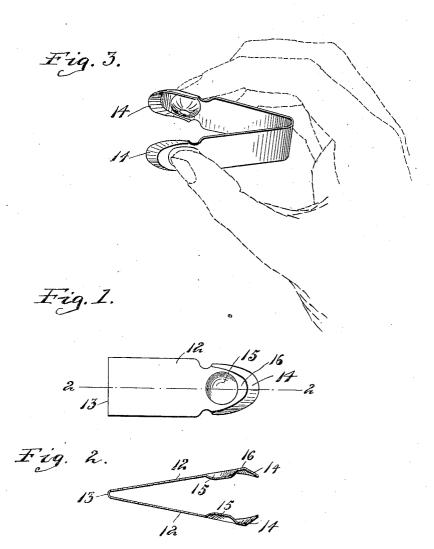
No. 838,662.

PATENTED DEC. 18, 1906.

A. W. STEPHENS. STRAWBERRY HULLER. APPLICATION FILED MAY 1, 1906.



Witnesses I C Harrison. Hogwardy C Somentor M. Stephens by Mright Brown, Chimby & hay Ottorneys

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

AUGUSTUS W. STEPHENS, OF WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS.

STRAWBERRY-HULLER.

No. 838,662.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Dec. 18, 1906.

Application filed May 1, 1906. Serial No. 314,653.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Augustus W. Ste-PHENS, of Waltham, in the county of Middlesex and State of Massachusetts, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Strawberry-Hullers, of which the following is

a specification.

This invention relates to a strawberryhuller composed of a sheet of strip metal bent 10 crosswise at the center of its length to form two normally diverging arms and a connecting-neck, the outer ends of the arms being formed to cooperate as jaws adapted to bite into a strawberry and sever the hull from the

15 body of the berry.

The invention has for its object to provide a device of this character, the jaws of which shall be adapted to be closed upon the berry with the minimum resistance due to the stiff-20 ness of the sheet-metal strip, and at the same time to insure a sufficient projection of the jaws from between the thumb and finger of the hand which operates the jaws to give the operator a free and unobstructed view of the 25 berry and its hull when applying the huller to the berry.

The invention consists in the improvements which I will now proceed to describe

and claim.

Of the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, Figure 1 represents a side view of a strawberry-huller embodying my invention. Fig. 2 represents a section on line 2 2 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 represents a perspec-35 tive view showing my improved huller engaged with the thumb and forefinger of the operator's hand.

The same numerals of reference indicate

the same parts in all the figures.

In carrying out my invention I bend a resilient sheet-metal strip crosswise of its length to form two arms 12 12 and a connecting-neck 13, the arms being normally caused to diverge, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3, by the re-45 silience of the strip. The body portions of the arms are flat and are provided at their outer ends with semi-elliptical beveled flanges 14, inclined inwardly from the outer sides of the arms and constituting hulling-jaws 50 adapted to bite a hull from a strawberry when the arms are pressed toward each other. The semi-elliptical form of the jaws enables their acting portions to bite off a hull with the minimum removal and waste of the pulp of 55 the berry. In the outer portions of the flat

bodies of the arms are formed concavo-con-

vex bosses 15, which project inwardly from the outer sides of the arms and are adapted to engage the tips of the thumb and forefinger of the operator's hand. The said bosses are 60 separated from the jaws 14 by extensions 16 of the flat portions of the arms, these extensions being of such width that they cause the jaws to project substantially from between the thumb and forefinger, as indicated in Fig. 65 3, so that the operator's view of the jaws is not obstructed by the thumb and finger which operate them. The operator is therefore enabled to perform the operation of hulling quickly and accurately and with minimum 70

By reference to Fig. 3 it will be seen that the beveled jaws 14, the bosses 15, and the intermediate flat extensions 16, collectively, corrugate the outer portions of the arms. have found that the corrugation thus imparted so stiffens the jaws and the adjacent finger and thumb engaging portions of the arms that the thickness of the strip of which the device is made may be reduced to the 80 minimum, thus enabling the arms to yield and move toward each other with the minimum resistance. The strain on the muscles of the thumb and finger operating the device is therefore correspondingly reduced. This 85 is a feature of considerable importance when the device is used for a protracted length of

It will be observed that the bosses 15 are near the free ends of the arms 12, being, in 90 fact, so near said ends that they are between the side portions of the curved flanges 14. Said bosses receive the ends of the fingers of the user and prevent slipping backward. The location of said bosses is such that a 95 much less force is required on the part of the user than if the fingers were to grasp the arms midway of their length. The fingers of the user will remain adjacent to the jaws so as to render the device operative with only the 100 minimum of force.

I claim-

A strawberry-huller composed of a strip of resilient sheet metal bent to form two normally diverging arms and a connecting-neck, 105 said arms having curved beveled flanges or jaws at their outer ends, and inwardly-projecting thumb and finger engaging bosses, separated from said flanges by intermediate portions of the arms, whereby the said jaws 110 are caused to project outwardly from between the thumb and finger engaged with the

bosses, the said jaws and bosses stiffening the outer portions of the arms and enabling the thickness of the strip of which they are made to be reduced to the minimum, the said bosses 5 being near the free ends of the arms and be-tween the side portions of the curved flanges whereby the grasp of the fingers of the user will remain adjacent to the free ends of the

arms so as to render the device operative with the minimum of force.

In testimony whereof I have affixed my signature in presence of two witnesses.
AUGUSTUS W. STEPHENS.

Witnesses:

C. F. Brown,

E. BATCHELDER.