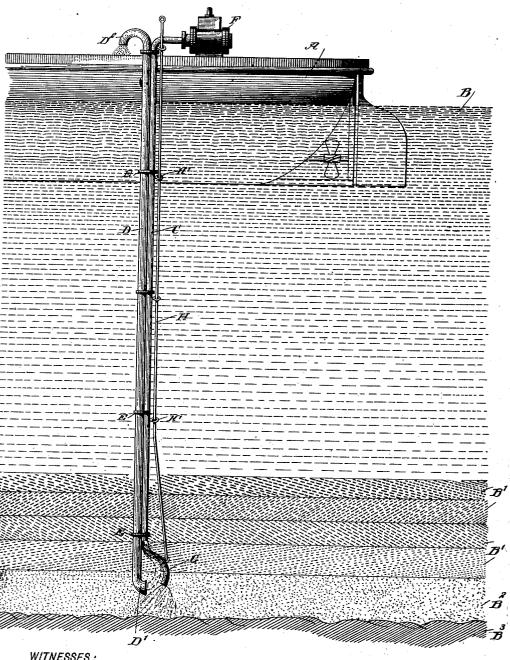
## H. F. MIINN

## APPARATUS FOR REMOVING MATERIAL FROM BELOW THE SURFACE.

(Application filed Apr. 21, 1900.)

(No Model.)



WITNESSES: Hesthicterich Slevy Hostor

INVENTOR Herbert Francis Munn.

ATTORNEYS

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

REFERENCE GRANCIS MUNN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

APPARATUS FOR REMOVING MATERIAL FROM BELOW THE SURFACE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 656,994, dated August 28, 1900.

Application filed April 21, 1900. Serial No. 13,736. (No world)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HERBERT FRANCIS MUNN, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, borough of Manhattan, in the county and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Apparatus for Removing Auriferous and other Material from Below the Surface, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of the invention is to provide a new and improved apparatus for removing gold-bearing sand and other material from below the surface, principally from the bed of a river, a beach, or other waterway, in a very simple, effective, and economical manner and without first requiring the removal of andesirable layers or strata of material above the material to be raised.

The invention consists of novel features and parts and combinations of the same, as will be fully described hereinafter and then pointed out in the claims.

A practical embodiment of the invention is represented in the accompanying drawing, forming a part of this specification, said drawing being a side elevation of the improvement as applied.

as applied.

The apparatus illustrated in the drawing is located on a vessel A in a waterway B, having a number of strata B' of undesirable material and a lower stratum B², containing auriferous or other desirable material and located over the bed rock B³, as will be readily understood by reference to the drawing.

In order to remove the stratum B2 without requiring the removal of the other strata B' above, I provide the apparatus presently to be described in detail and carried by the vessel A. This apparatus consists, essentially, 40 of two pipes C and D, preferably fastened together by suitable clips E and extending from the vessel A down into the strata of material forming the bed of the waterway. The upper end of the pipe C is connected with a pump F, of any approved construction, for forcing a fluid—such as air, water, or steamthrough the pipe C and into and through a nozzle G, pivoted on the lower end of the pipe C and extending with its mouth into the stratum B2. A rod H, connected with

the nozzle G, extends upward through suitable guides H' to the vessel A to enable the

operator to impart a swinging motion to the nozzle G, so as to bring the same into the desired position for loosening the material in 55 the stratum B2, as indicated in full lines in the drawing, or for moving the nozzle in such a position that it extends with its mouth close to the mouth D' of the other pipe D, which has its upper end D' formed into a discharge- 6c spout for discharging the material into the vessel A or a receptacle contained therein. When the nozzle G is in the position shown in dotted lines in the drawing, then the fluid passing under pressure through said nozzle passes 65 into the mouth D' and up the pipe D, thus sucking in the previously-loosened material, which thus moves with the fluid up through the pipe D to finally pass into the vessel A from the spout D<sup>2</sup>. From the foregoing it is 70 evident that the material in the stratum B2 is loosened by the jet of fluid under pressure issuing through the nozzle G, and then the loosened material is forced by the ejector action of the nozzle and mouth D' up through 75 the pipe D without requiring removal of the other strata B', located over the stratum B2, containing the auriferous material.

By moving the vessel A along while the apparatus is at work, the stratum B<sup>2</sup> contain-80 ing the valuable material can be completely removed, as above described, it being understood that the strata B', usually of sand or the like, permit a ready forward movement of the pipes C, D, and rod H, for the purpose 85 mentioned.

Although I have she in the improvement applied to a waterway, I do not limit the application of the apparatus to this particular situation, as it is evident that it may be 90 used on land for removing layers or strata in the manner described.

For waterways where there is a high tide a derrick may be used instead of the boat, the derrick carrying the pump and means for 95 moving the pipes along. It is to be understood that the connection between the upper end of the pipe C and the pump F is preferably by a flexible hose, to allow free movement of the pipes.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. An apparatus for removing low or bed-

rock strata of material, comprising a pipe connected at one end with a supply of fluid under pressure, a nozzle at the lower end of said pipe and movable relatively thereto, and a discharge-pipe arranged for operation in conjunction with said nozzle, to force the loosened material through the discharge-pipe, substantially as shown and described.

2. An apparatus for removing low or bedinor rock strata of material, comprising a pump, a pipe connected therewith, for forcing a fluid under pressure by the pump through the pipe into the material to be loosened, a nozzle pivoted on the lower end of the pipe and under the control of the operator, and adapted

to discharge the fluid under pressure into the material to be treated, to loosen the same, and a discharge-pipe having an entrancemouth extending into the material, said nozzle being arranged to operate in conjunction 20 with said mouth, to force the loosened material up through the discharge-pipe, as set forth.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of 25 two subscribing witnesses.

HERBERT FRANCIS MUNN.

Witnesses:

J. SELLER,

N. Rosenbaum.