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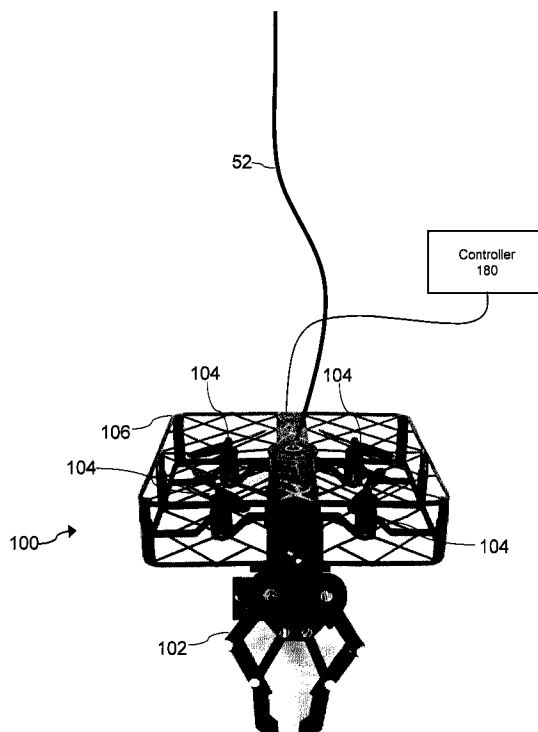
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(54) **Titre : APPAREIL MOBILE SUR CABLE A ENTRAÎNEMENT INDEPENDANT**

(54) **Title: INDEPENDENTLY-MOVEABLE CABLE-MOUNTED APPARATUS**



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

There is provided a cable-mounted apparatus, a proximal end of the cable mounted to a winch to extend and retract the cable, the apparatus including: a housing connected to a distal end of the cable; a manipulator located underneath the housing; one or more thrusters associated with the housing; and a controller to control actuation of the one or more thrusters to provide independent movement of the apparatus relative to the winch.

ABSTRACT

There is provided a cable-mounted apparatus, a proximal end of the cable mounted to a winch to extend and retract the cable, the apparatus including: a housing connected to a distal end of the cable; a manipulator located underneath the housing; one or more thrusters associated with the housing; and a controller to control actuation of the one or more thrusters to provide independent movement of the apparatus relative to the winch.

INDEPENDENTLY-MOVEABLE CABLE-MOUNTED APPARATUS

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The following relates generally to cable structures and, more specifically, to an independently-moveable cable-mounted apparatus.

BACKGROUND

[0002] In an example, aircraft may be required to interact with their environment, outside of the aircraft, during flight. In an example that is becoming more common, particularly for rotorcraft, the craft may need to drop off or retrieve cargo mid-flight without having to land. In other cases, tools, such as grippers or manipulators, are used to interact with the environment when located at a distal end of a deployed cable (wire, tether, chain, etc.).

[0003] Generally, due to the nature of the cable, such interactions are limited and simple in nature. Generally, the cable is only semi-rigid so that the cable to be retracted by a winch proximate the rotorcraft. However, this can then cause the cable to sway when deployed, particularly if the distance of the craft to the target is large, causing targeting to be difficult. Additionally, many rotorcraft cannot hover in a very precise manner, which could also cause swaying of the cable at the target.

SUMMARY

[0004] In an aspect, there is provided a cable-mounted apparatus, a proximal end of the cable mounted to a winch to extend and retract the cable, the apparatus comprising: a manipulator coupled to the distal end of the cable; one or more thrusters; and a controller to control actuation of the one or more thrusters to provide independent movement of the apparatus relative to the winch.

[0005] These and other aspects are contemplated and described herein. It will be appreciated that the foregoing summary sets out representative aspects of the assembly to assist skilled readers in understanding the following detailed description.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0006] A greater understanding of the embodiments will be had with reference to the Figures, in which:

[0007] FIGS. 1A and 1B are a diagrammatic view of an approach to manipulation during mid-flight;

1 [0008] FIG. 2 is a diagrammatic view of another approach to manipulation during mid-flight;

2 [0009] FIGS. 3A and 3B are a diagrammatic view of an apparatus, according to an
3 embodiment, illustrating a delivery of an item from an aircraft;

4 [0010] FIGS. 4A and 4B are a diagrammatic view of the apparatus of FIGS. 3A and 3B
5 illustrating a retrieval of the item using the aircraft; and

6 [0011] FIG. 5 is a perspective view of the apparatus of FIGS. 3A and 3B.

7 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

8 [0012] Embodiments will now be described with reference to the figures. For simplicity and
9 clarity of illustration, where considered appropriate, reference numerals may be repeated
10 among the Figures to indicate corresponding or analogous elements. In addition, numerous
11 specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the embodiments
12 described herein. However, it will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that the
13 embodiments described herein may be practised without these specific details. In other
14 instances, well-known methods, procedures and components have not been described in detail
15 so as not to obscure the embodiments described herein. Also, the description is not to be
16 considered as limiting the scope of the embodiments described herein.

17 [0013] Various terms used throughout the present description may be read and understood as
18 follows, unless the context indicates otherwise: “or” as used throughout is inclusive, as though
19 written “and/or”; singular articles and pronouns as used throughout include their plural forms,
20 and vice versa; similarly, gendered pronouns include their counterpart pronouns so that
21 pronouns should not be understood as limiting anything described herein to use,
22 implementation, performance, etc. by a single gender; “exemplary” should be understood as
23 “illustrative” or “exemplifying” and not necessarily as “preferred” over other embodiments.
24 Further definitions for terms may be set out herein; these may apply to prior and subsequent
25 instances of those terms, as will be understood from a reading of the present description.

26 [0014] Any module, unit, component, server, computer, terminal, engine or device exemplified
27 herein that executes instructions may include or otherwise have access to computer readable
28 media such as storage media, computer storage media, or data storage devices (removable
29 and/or non-removable) such as, for example, magnetic disks, optical disks, or tape. Computer
30 storage media may include volatile and non-volatile, removable and non-removable media
31 implemented in any method or technology for storage of information, such as computer
32 readable instructions, data structures, program modules, or other data. Examples of computer

1 storage media include RAM, ROM, EEPROM, flash memory or other memory technology, CD-
2 ROM, digital versatile disks (DVD) or other optical storage, magnetic cassettes, magnetic tape,
3 magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices, or any other medium which can be
4 used to store the desired information and which can be accessed by an application, module, or
5 both. Any such computer storage media may be part of the device or accessible or connectable
6 thereto. Further, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, any processor or controller set
7 out herein may be implemented as a singular processor or as a plurality of processors. The
8 plurality of processors may be arrayed or distributed, and any processing function referred to
9 herein may be carried out by one or by a plurality of processors, even though a single processor
10 may be exemplified. Any method, application or module herein described may be implemented
11 using computer readable/executable instructions that may be stored or otherwise held by such
12 computer readable media and executed by the one or more processors.

13 [0015] In embodiments of the present disclosure, there is provided an apparatus that is
14 connected to an aircraft for manipulation of a tool mid-flight, providing better control during
15 deployment. Advantageously, the apparatus is independently-moveable such that the apparatus
16 can make adjustments and movements of the tool without necessarily requiring movement of
17 the aircraft. The aircraft could be an airplane, drone, rotorcraft or other similar device, and is
18 preferable a drone or rotorcraft operable to perform a hovering operation, even if the hovering
19 operation is not entirely precise.

20 [0016] FIGS. 1A and 1B illustrate an example embodiment 30 of an approach to manipulation
21 during mid-flight. In this example, as shown in FIG. 1A, a cable 52 is deployed and suspended
22 below an aircraft 20 via a winch 54 at the proximal end of the cable 52. At the distal end of the
23 cable 52 is an item 60 attached to the cable 52. As shown in FIG. 1B, when the aircraft 20
24 approaches a target 70 for item delivery, the winch 54 releases the cable to attempt to have the
25 item 60 land at or near the target 70.

26 [0017] FIG. 2 illustrates an example embodiment 50 of another approach to manipulation during
27 mid-flight. In this example, a cable 52 is deployed and suspended below the aircraft 20 via a
28 winch 54 at the proximal end of the cable 52. At the distal end of the cable 52 is a gripper tool
29 56 to release a gripped item 60. In this example, the gripper tool 56 attempts to release the item
30 60 at or near a target 70.

31 [0018] In the example embodiments 30 and 50, due to relying on the imprecise movements of
32 the aircraft which is located sufficiently remote from the target 70, there is high imprecision with

1 respect to placing the item at the target 70. Additionally, such embodiments can only practically
2 drop-off items; and cannot reliably pick-up items from the ground to bring up to the aircraft.

3 [0019] FIGS. 3A to 5 illustrate a deployable independently-moveable apparatus 100 for aircraft,
4 according to an embodiment. In this embodiment, a cable 52 is deployed and suspended below
5 the aircraft 20 via a winch 54 at the proximal end of the cable 52. The winch 54 is located on or
6 in the aircraft 20. Connected at the distal end of the cable 52 is the apparatus 100.

7 [0020] The apparatus 100 includes a manipulator 102 and one or more thrusters 104. The
8 manipulator 102 can be any suitable tool to interact with objects or aspects of the environment.
9 In this example embodiment, the manipulator 102 is a gripper tool that can grip and release the
10 item 60. The thrusters 104 advantageously allow for independent movement of the apparatus
11 100. In this embodiment, the thrusters 104 are a plurality of air thrusters or propellers. In a
12 particular embodiment, the thrusters 104 can be embodied as a secondary rotorcraft with
13 enough thrust to effect relative planar (parallel to the ground) movement of the distal end of the
14 cable relative the aircraft to provide targeting. It will be understood that in the previous sentence,
15 the plane parallel to the ground can be considered the XY plane and that movement of the distal
16 end will cause a pendulum movement of the cable, which has a Z component. In cases where
17 the target is not perfectly centered below the rotorcraft, thrust in the XY plane toward the target
18 would also lift the distal end of the cable along the Z axis away from the target. This movement
19 may be compensated by the winch further extending the cable to reach the target.

20 [0021] FIGS. 3A and 3B illustrates an example of a delivery of the item 60 to the target 70 using
21 the apparatus 100. In this example, large scale movements are achieved by the aircraft 20 to
22 get the item 60 near the target 70. Once the aircraft 20 is sufficiently close to the target 70, such
23 as close enough to be within range of the length of the cable 52, the winch 54 extends the
24 cable; lowering the apparatus 100 as the manipulator 102 grips the item 60. As the apparatus
25 100 is lowered by the winch 54, the one or more thrusters 104 provide independent movement
26 along the plane parallel to the ground by adjustment of the thrusting force of the respective
27 thrusters 104. This movement can be automatically controlled by a controller 180 or can be
28 manually controlled via the controller 180. The controller 180 can include one or more
29 processors and a data storage. Automatic control or manual control can be aided by including
30 telemetric sensors such as position sensors, accelerometers and gyroscopes within the
31 controller 180 so that the controller 180 can react to changes in position and orientation of the
32 apparatus 100.

1 [0022] These movements can be similar in nature to steering of a drone or rotorcraft. In this
2 way, adjustment along the plane parallel to the ground allows the apparatus 100 to accurately
3 place the item 60 at the target 70, as shown in FIG. 3B. In further cases, the thrusters 104 can
4 also move along an axis perpendicular to the ground; for example, to place the package at a
5 target 70 with a specific elevation. When the item 60 arrives at the target 70, the manipulator
6 102 can release the item 60 for delivery.

7 [0023] FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrate an example of a retrieval of the item 60 from the target 70
8 using the apparatus 100. In this example, large scale movements are achieved by the aircraft
9 20 to get the apparatus 100 near the target 70. Once the aircraft 20 is sufficiently close to the
10 target 70, such as close enough to be within range of the length of the cable 52, the winch 54
11 extends the cable; lowering the apparatus 100 to the height of the item 60. As the apparatus
12 100 is lowered by the winch 54, the one or more thrusters 104 provide independent movement
13 along the plane parallel to the ground by adjustment of the thrusting force of the respective
14 thrusters 104. This movement can be automatically controlled by a controller 180 or can be
15 manually controlled via the controller 180. These movements can be similar in nature to steering
16 of a drone or rotorcraft. In this way, adjustment along the plane parallel to the ground allows the
17 apparatus 100 to accurately pick up and grasp the item 60 located at the target 70. When the
18 manipulator 102 of the apparatus 100 arrives at the item 60, the manipulator 102 grasps the
19 item 60. As shown in FIG. 4B, the winch 54 can then retract the cable 52, bringing the item 60
20 to, or into, the aircraft. In further cases, the thrusters 104 can also move along an axis
21 perpendicular to the ground; for example, to grasp the package at a target 70 with a specific
22 elevation; however, in most cases, the lifting force for retrieving the item 60 is provided by the
23 winch 54.

24 [0024] As shown in greater detail in FIG. 5, in an embodiment, the apparatus 100 can include
25 four horizontally-oriented air thrusters 104 located inside a housing 106. Attached to the bottom
26 of the housing is the manipulator 102, in this case, a gripper. Attached to the top of the housing
27 is the distal end of the cable 52. The actuation of the thrusters 104 and the manipulator is
28 controlled by the controller 180.

29 [0025] In some cases, the apparatus 100 may also include sensors, such as a camera system,
30 attached to the housing 106. The sensors can be used for various suitable tasks; for example,
31 identifying the target, identifying the height of the target, identifying the distance to the target,
32 identifying the item, identifying the shape of the item, or the like. In these cases, the information

1 can be fed back to the controller 180 to control the thrusters 104 of the apparatus 100 or to
2 provide information to a manual operator of the apparatus 100.

3 [0026] In some cases, the apparatus 100 can be fed power from the aircraft via the cable 52. In
4 other cases, the apparatus 100 can include a battery to power the thrusters 104 and the
5 manipulator 102. In some cases, the battery can be recharged when the apparatus 100 is at the
6 aircraft during retraction of the cable 52.

7 [0027] While the present embodiments illustrate the apparatus 100 having a gripper as the
8 manipulator 102, it is understood that any suitable tool can be used. Other examples of
9 manipulator 102 can include a grabber, magnet, hook, suction gripper, a winch, a welder, a
10 container with an openable floor, or the like. In some cases, the manipulator 102 may also be in
11 communication with the controller 180 such that the controller 180 can instruct actuation of the
12 manipulator 102; for example, opening and closing of the gripper, or winding and unwinding of
13 the winch. Advantageously, manipulation of the manipulator 102 allows the apparatus 100 to
14 accomplish a variety of useful tasks, such as moving items around a warehouse, delivering
15 items to a residence, detailed retrieval at typically unacceptable locations, or the like. In further
16 examples, the apparatus 100 can be used to paint or conduct inspections of various kinds; for
17 example, using ultrasonic sensors as the manipulator 102. In further embodiments, the
18 manipulator 102 can include a further assembly for finer movements; for example, a three-
19 degrees-of-freedom "delta robot" positioned underneath the housing 106.

20 [0028] While the present embodiments illustrate the apparatus 100 having air thrusters as the
21 thrusters 104, it is understood that any suitable thruster can be used. Other examples of
22 thrusters 104 can include thrusting turbines, jet thrusters, heated gas thrusters, or the like. The
23 thrusters 104 are suitable if they provide enough thrust to be able to provide precision and
24 accuracy of moving the distal end of the cable, given the weight and geometry of the cable, the
25 apparatus, and the item (if there). Additionally, while the present embodiments illustrate the
26 apparatus 100 having thrusters 104 in a horizontally-oriented dual or quad-copter orientation, it
27 is understood that any suitable orientation can be used; for example, vertically or angled-
28 oriented thrusters, or having more or less thrusters than exemplified.

29 [0029] The apparatus 100 of the present embodiments provides substantial advantages to
30 manipulators deployed from aircraft. There is generally minimum extra weight added due to the
31 apparatus as the manipulator and thrusters can be, for example, less than 300g. The apparatus
32 100 allows for pickup and drop off from any suitable height. In these embodiments, in contrast to
33 a pure drone package retrieval system, there are no significant weight limitations since the

1 winch lifts up the package to a large aircraft. The present embodiments are generally safe
2 because the apparatus is small and the housing can cage the thrusters. The present
3 embodiments allow for precise pickup and drop off of items; and precise use of manipulators
4 more generally. The present embodiments also allow for the reuse of the cable.

5 [0030] In further embodiments, the apparatus 100 of the present embodiments can be used for
6 any application in which the winch is located substantially above a desired target. For example,
7 at a distal end of a cable line from a crane to the ground, at a distal end of a cable line from a
8 roof of a building to the ground, or the like.

9 [0031] Although the foregoing has been described with reference to certain specific
10 embodiments, various modifications thereto will be apparent to those skilled in the art without
11 departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as outlined in the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. A cable-mounted apparatus, a proximal end of a cable mounted to a winch to extend and retract the cable, the apparatus comprising:
 - a manipulator coupled to a distal end of the cable;
 - one or more thrusters; and
 - a controller to control actuation of the one or more thrusters to provide independent movement of the manipulator relative to the winch.

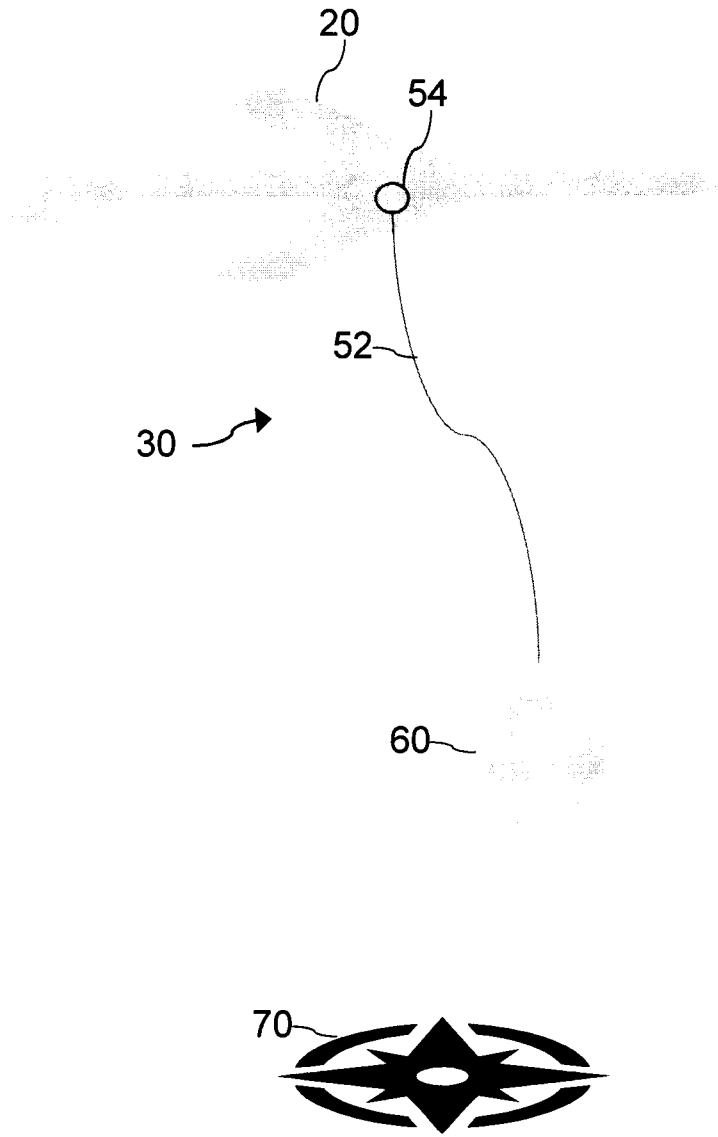


FIG. 1A

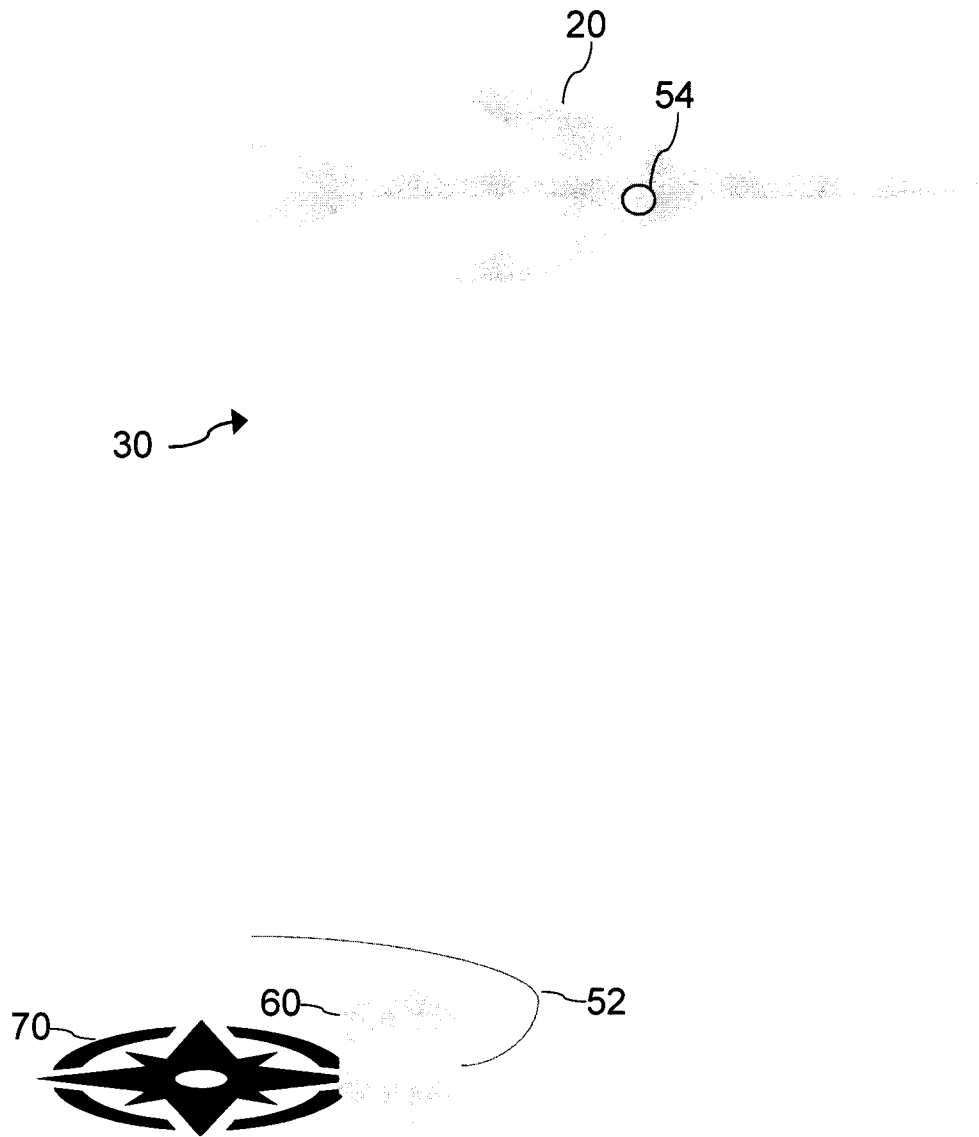


FIG. 1B

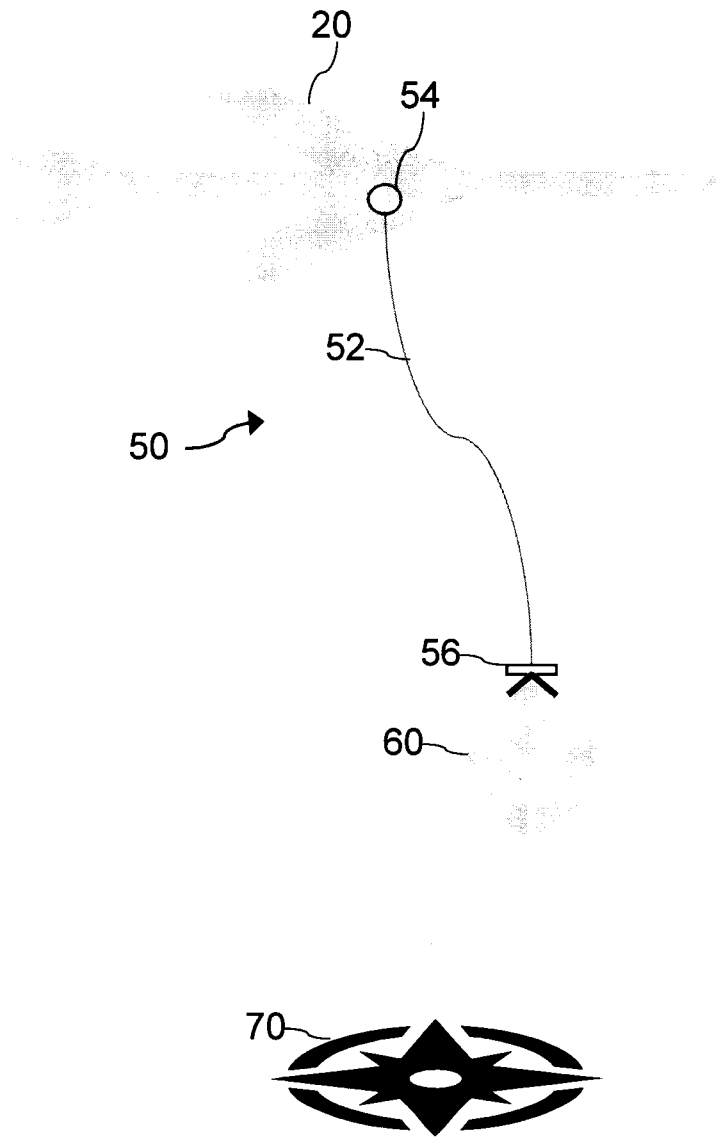


FIG. 2

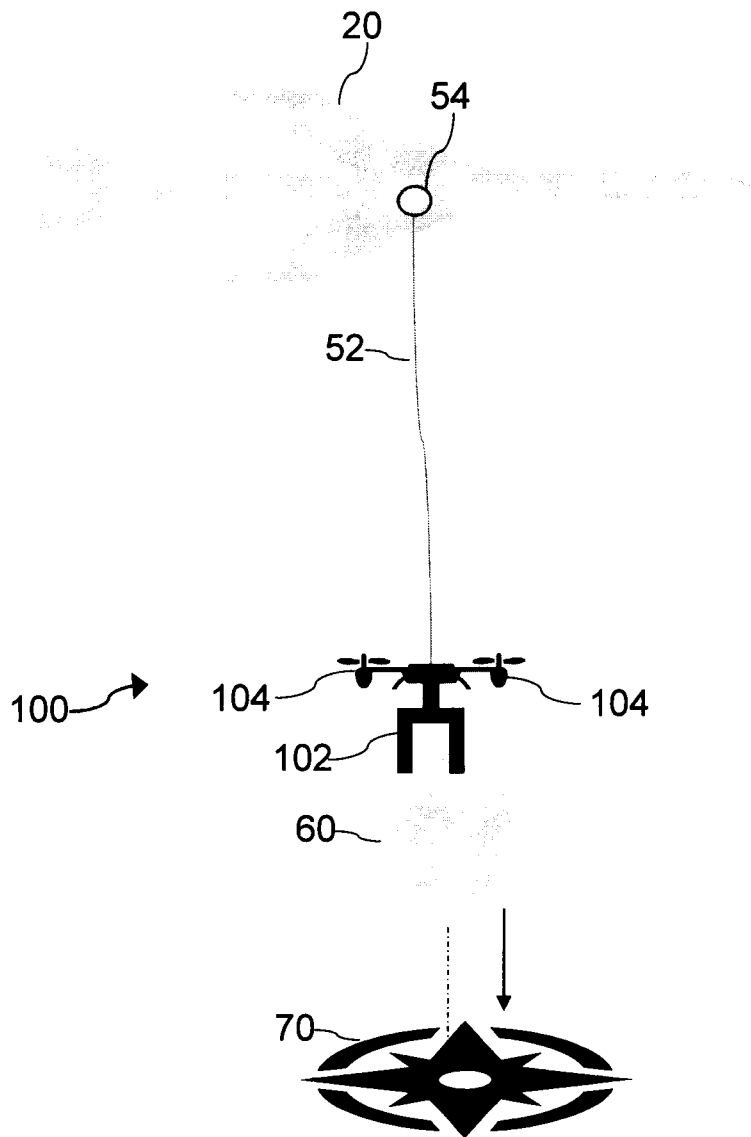


FIG. 3A

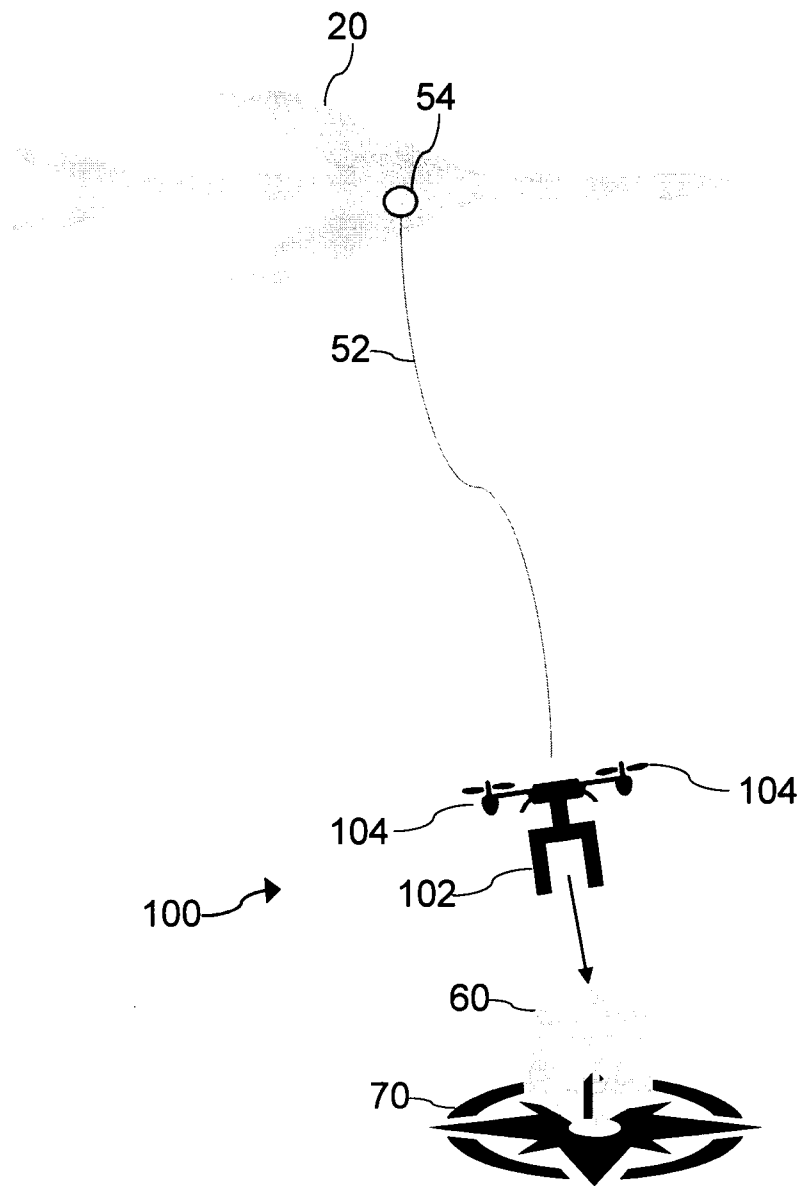


FIG. 3B

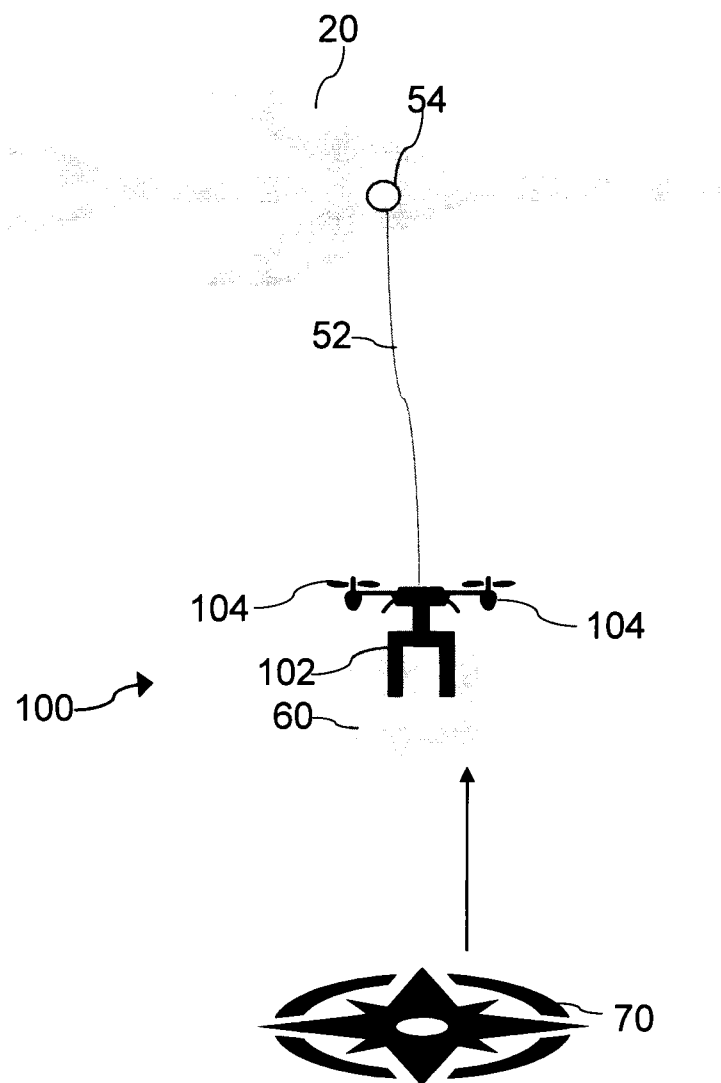


FIG. 4A

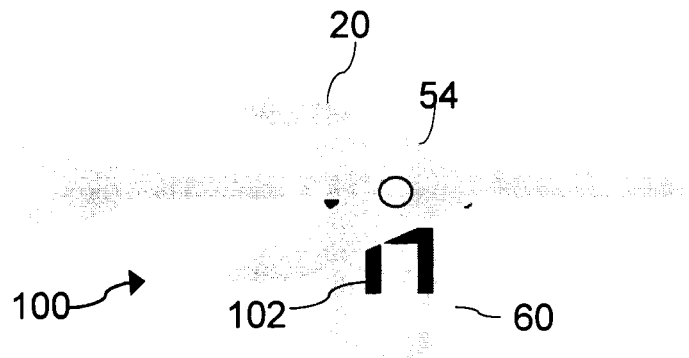


FIG. 4B

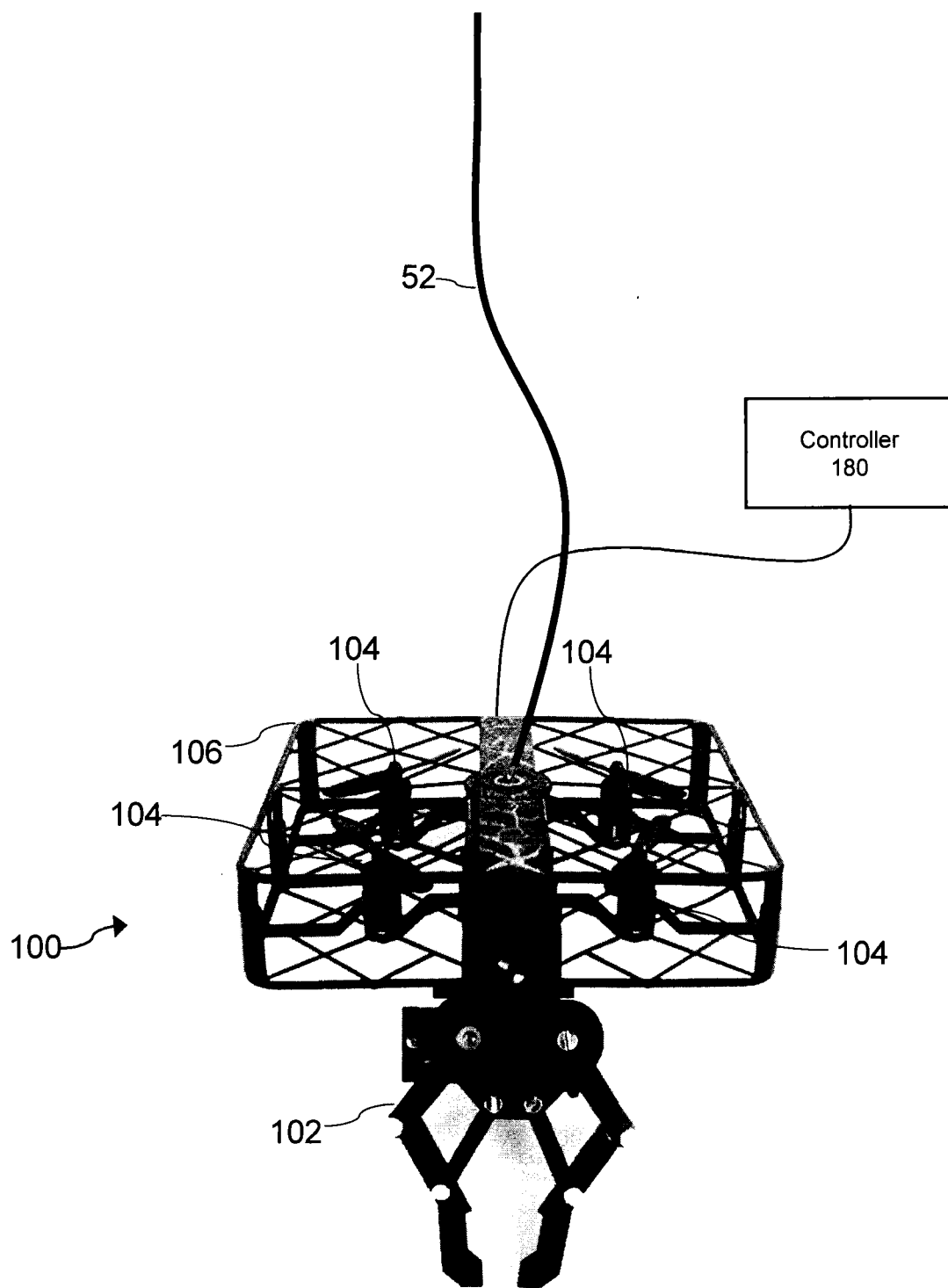


FIG. 5

