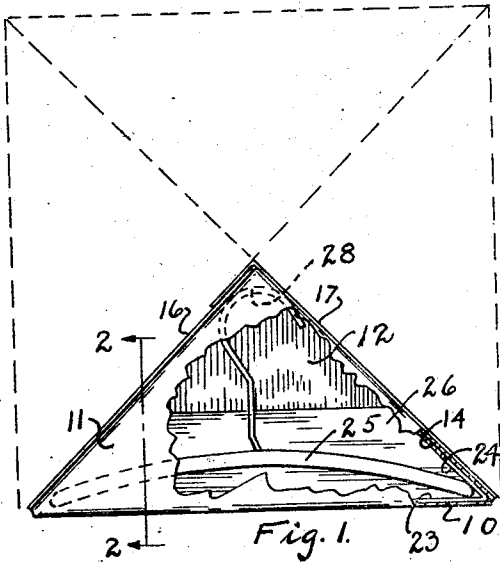
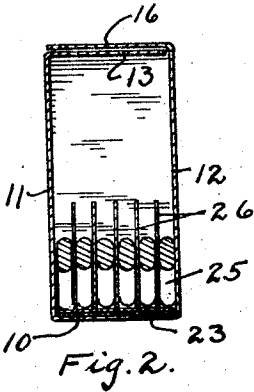
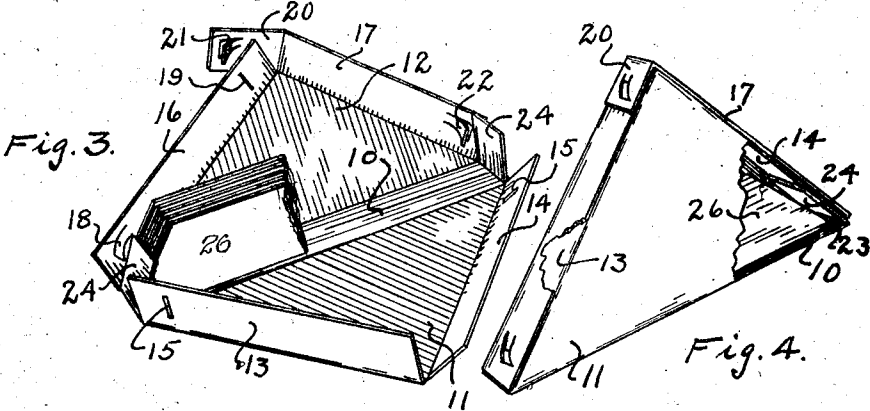
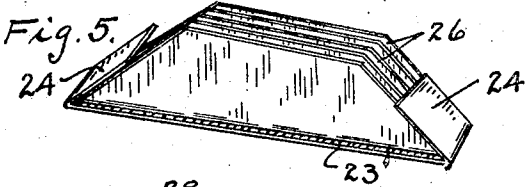
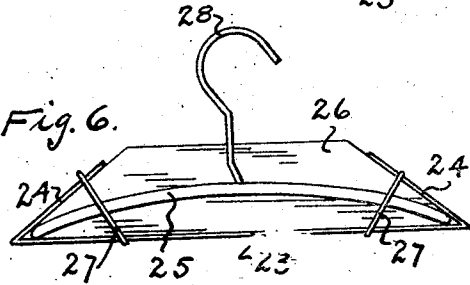


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J. F. HOLLIDAY
GARMENT HANGER SALES PACKAGE

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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GARMENT-HANGER SALES PACKAGE.

Application filed December 17, 1925. Serial No. 75,947.

This invention relates to a sales package or carton to hold a number of garment hangers. Garment hangers of the better quality are enamelled as a means of preventing damage to fine fabrics, and the placing of such enamelled hangers into the hands of the purchasing public has heretofore been a problem as no adequate means were had to prevent damage to the hangers by one hanger contacting, rubbing, or striking the other during shipment, and on display or in the actual handling during the making of a sale.

The primary object of this invention is to provide a carton of a unique and compact conformation to hold a number of hangers in such manner that the hangers may not contact one another and are held without movement within the carton, such package of hangers being handled as a unit rather than the individual hangers.

Other objects are, the elimination of having to wrap the hangers upon sale, the securing of such a shaped package that a number of the packages may be nested in layers within a shipping case, and the economical and quick means of packing the hangers in the factory for storage or shipment.

Such objects are accomplished by the means as illustrated in the accompanying drawing, in which—

Fig. 1 is a fragmentary front elevation of the carton, indicating by dash lines the relative positions of cartons as arranged to form a layer to fit within a rectangular shipping case; Fig. 2, a vertical section taken on the line 2—2 in Fig. 1; Fig. 3, a perspective view of the box opened with separator sheets carried therein, without a removable base strip; Fig. 4, a perspective view of the closed carton; Fig. 5, a perspective view of the hanger spacing member; and Fig. 6, a side elevation of the spacing member with hangers inserted.

Like characters of reference indicate like parts throughout the several views of the drawing.

While the carton may be formed in various sizes, I here show one adapted to contain six hangers, and the carton is formed about a base 10 of a width and length to accommodate the six hangers, with the front side 11 and back side 12, both triangularly shaped and hinged integrally thereto along the base sides. To the leg sides of the front

11, is hinged the flap 13 and the flap 14, both extending the full length of each leg and having a width substantially the same as that of the base 10. A tongue slot 15 is cut in the flaps 13 and 14 near their lower ends, as in Fig. 3.

Similarly hinged to the upper edges of the back side 12, are the flap 16 and the flap 17. The flap 16 is formed with a locking tongue 18 near its lower end and a tongue slot 19 near its upper end. The flap 17 has the additional flap 20 hinged to its upper end, which flap 20 has a tongue 21 cut therein. A tongue 22 is cut in the lower end of the flap 17.

It is obvious, from the foregoing description that the carton so far described may be cut from a piece of suitable stock with all the sides and flaps integral, and the lines of bending for the hinge connections formed by scoring or pressing the material along the lines defining the hinged members.

Referring to Fig. 5, a separable member from the carton is shown for carrying and separating the hangers. This member is formed by a strip 23 of the width approximating that of the base 10 of the carton, so as to readily fit thereon, with the upturned end tabs 24 defining a length of the strip 23 between whereby the hangers 25 may be received thereon and the tabs 24 turned down toward the hangers 25 to prevent any upward travel of the hangers 25 from the strip 23. A plurality of sheets of paper 26 are secured to the strip 23 so as to extend upwardly between each pair of hangers 25 as a means of preventing the hangers 25 contacting one another.

While I have thus shown the hanger carrying member as a unit removable from the carton, the hanger separating papers 26 may be attached directly to the base 10 of the carton to eliminate the strip 23, and the tabs 24 hinged from the ends of the base 10, the tabs being so shown in Fig. 3.

In some cases it is convenient to assemble the hangers 25 directly in the carton, while in others it may be more convenient to assemble the hangers 25 on the strip 23 to form a unit as indicated in Fig. 6 where the end tabs 24 are tied down with the string 27. Such a unit may then be placed in the carton or may be handled independently of the carton and packed in a shipping case, in

which case an additional sheet of paper 26 (not shown) would be used to protect the outer exposed hangers.

With either method of placing the hangers 5 25 in the carton, the carton may be closed and locked by bringing the front side 11 and back side 12 up vertically with the flaps 13 and 14 projecting normally inwardly toward the back 12, and the flaps 16 and 17 10 folded down on top of and contacting the flaps 13 and 14 to extend normally forward from the back 12. The tabs 24 are kept between the sides 11 and 12 and under the flaps 13 and 14. The tongue 18 of the flap 15 16 is inserted and engaged in the slot 15 in the under flap 13, and the tongue 22 in the lower end of the flap 17 is similarly engaged in the slot 15 in the flap 14. The upper corner of the carton is locked by folding the 20 flap 20 down onto the flap 16 and inserting its tongue 21 in the slot 19 in the flap 16.

Reference to Fig. 1, of the drawing, will show how the carton is shaped so that the hangers 25 may fit snugly therein one in 25 front of the other with the tabs 24 contacting the outer top sides of the hangers and the hanger hooks 28 fitting closely within the top angle of the carton.

What I claim as new and desire to secure 30 by Letters Patent is:

1. The combination with a plurality of garment hangers of a triangular-shaped en-

closing box having similar triangular-shaped front and back walls, a base between the walls upon which base the arms of the 35 hangers rest, and flaps between the said front and back walls and above the base, said flaps being adapted to be interlocked whereby the arms of the hangers are retained firmly against the said base, and separator 40 sheets spaced apart in the lower end of the box to prevent the arms of the hangers contacting one another.

2. A garment hanger box having a front and back wall, a base between the said two 45 walls, flaps between the two walls adapted to hold the garment hangers against said base, and separator sheets to extend between the garment hangers to prevent contact of the hanger arms one upon the other. 50

3. The combination with a plurality of garment hangers of a triangular-shaped enclosing box having similar shaped front and back walls, a base between the walls upon 55 which base the arms of the hangers rest, flaps between the said front and back walls, said flaps being adapted to retain said hangers firmly against the base, and separator sheets spacing apart the hangers to prevent the arms of the hangers contact- 60 ing one another.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

JOHN F. HOLLIDAY.