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45140 (US).
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AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY,
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KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD,
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RW, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ,
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Declarations under Rule 4.17:

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- as to the applicant's entitlement to claim the priority of the
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(54) **Title:** DISPLAY TRAY WITH ADJUSTABLE COMPARTMENTS

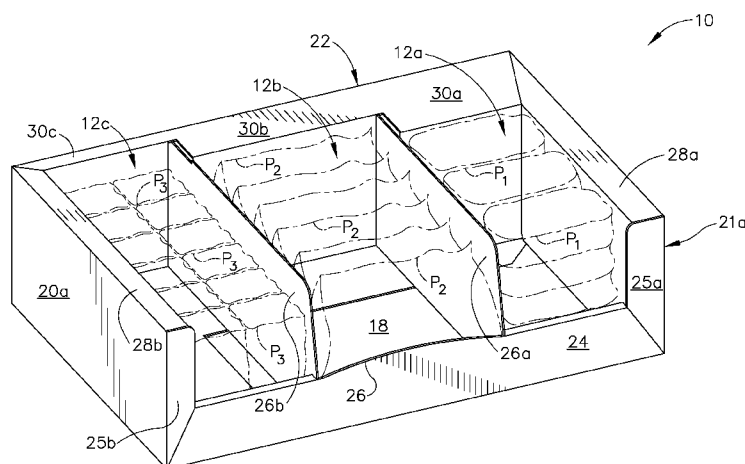


FIG. 1

(57) **Abstract:** The present invention is directed to a shipping and display tray having a bottom wall (18), a front wall (24), a back wall (22), and a pair of opposed side walls (20a, 21a) foldably joined with one another for holding different products (P1, P2, P3) contained therein in an upright position at a point of sale. The shipping and display tray comprising a one-piece shallow tray (10) having a plurality of different sizes of compartments (12a, 12b, 12c) each of which contains a different product size and count therein. Each of the plurality of different sizes of compartments includes an adjustable buffer (30a, 30b, 30c) configured to change the size of the compartment and to accommodate the different product size and count while maintaining a fixed perimeter or outside dimension of the one-piece shallow tray.



DISPLAY TRAY WITH ADJUSTABLE COMPARTMENTS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to a shipping and display container, constructed from a unitary paperboard blank for holding a variety of articles and more particularly, to a shipping and display tray having a plurality of compartments of different sizes that is easily assembled and reduces the amount of paperboard typically used in similar packages.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Many products for sale to the public are placed in a primary package that is designed for display at the point of sale. One common practice is to place a quantity of the primary packages in a secondary container for shipping. The retailer must then remove the primary packages from the secondary container and hang them from a hook or place them in another container or on a costly permanent plastic or metal display fixture with spring loaded attachments. This solution is labor intensive and costly to the retailer.

To overcome this problem, packages have been designed that are used for both shipping the primary packages and then displaying them at the point of sale. These packages are especially convenient for the retailer, since it is not necessary for the retailer to remove the articles from a bulk shipping container.

One conventional container or tray for both shipping articles and then displaying them with maximum visual exposure at a point of sale comprises a tray having a smooth bottom wall

and relatively narrow upstanding side walls. The articles are supported on the bottom wall and preferably extend above the side walls. For shipping, a cover is optionally placed over the tray loaded with articles or the loaded tray is placed in an outer shipping container to form a shipping package. When the shipping package reaches its destination the tray loaded with articles is removed from the shipping container and placed on a shelf or other surface for display and sale of the items supported in the tray.

Shipping and retail display trays having means for improvising access to the product are known in the art. However, the prior art retail display trays fail to provide a display tray formed from an integral flat piece of sheet material capable of receiving multiple of products in different sizes of compartments.

Therefore, it is desirable to have shipping and display tray that supports and displays different articles for optimum visibility at a point of sale without the need for separate inserts or excess material, thereby minimizing the complexity and cost of such display trays.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Some of the principle advantages of the present invention of shipping and display tray are: (1) each compartment size has adjustable buffers and dividers to accommodate the preferred product size and count while still maintaining the desired outside dimensions of the tray to be fixed; obtaining certain tray outside dimensions allows for almost perfect utilization of the space for pallet, truck and shelf fitments; (2) desired product counts are essential for marketing guidelines; (3) a one piece display tray structure allows for three different products packaged in the same tray that traditionally are packaged in three separate trays or containers or a single tray

that need multiple pieces of dividers and inserts to assure proper fitment; (4) built-in stacking shoulders and dividers allows for easy stackability and prevents nesting of the trays from one layer to the next; and (5) the display tray is die-cut, folded and glued on standard box plant converting equipment.

Other advantages of the present invention are that the corrugated paperboard tray is die-cut, folded and glued on standard box plant converting equipment. The tray is designed to provide: a one-piece structure with adjustable buffer compartments and dividers that forms three different compartments for three different products with desired product size and count while simultaneously allowing for the optimum display tray outside dimensions to maximize the cube efficiencies for pallet, truck and shelf fitments. Further, buffer compartments may be exaggerated to account for small product counts when marketing requires certain product counts per display tray, shelf or pallet. Pre-glued panels allow for easy display tray assembly verses more labor intensive non-pre-glued trays; the pre-glued back buffer panels provide three varying compartments depths that are formed during one fold sequence in the display tray assembly. Additionally, the dividers and adjustable buffers prevent nesting of stacked display trays.

Accordingly, one aspect of the present invention is directed to a shipping and display tray having a bottom wall, a front wall, a back wall, and a pair of opposed side walls foldably joined with one another for holding different products contained therein in an upright position at a point of sale. The shipping and display tray is made of corrugated paperboard and is defined by a one-piece shallow tray having a plurality of different sizes of compartments each of which contains a different product size and count therein. Each of the plurality of different sizes of compartments includes an adjustable buffer configured to change the size of the compartment and to accommodate the different product size and count while maintaining a fixed perimeter or outside

dimension of the one-piece shallow tray. The adjustable buffer is defined by three adjustable buffers each of which having a different size. The fixed perimeter or outside dimension of the display tray maximizes the cube efficiencies for pallet, truck and shelf fitments. The one-piece shallow tray is divided by two partitions to form three different sizes of compartments. The two partitions are positioned parallel to one another and having a height that is substantially the same as heights of the opposed side walls. Each of the pair of opposed side walls is defined by two side walls bridging one another. The two side walls forms a shoulder that permit easy stackability and prevent nesting of display trays onto one another.

Another aspect of the present invention is directed to a shipping and display tray comprising a bottom wall, a front wall, a back wall, and a pair of opposed side walls foldably joined with one another to form a one-piece shallow tray. The one-piece shallow tray comprises a plurality of adjustable buffers foldably extend from the back wall. A plurality of partitions foldably extend from the opposed side wall and foldably engaged with the plurality of the adjustable buffers to form a plurality of different sizes of compartments each of which being used to accommodate a different product size and count while maintaining a fixed perimeter or outside dimension of the one-piece shallow tray. The plurality of partitions includes two partitions each of which integrally extend from the respective opposed side walls.

One further aspect of the present invention is directed to a blank for making a shipping and display tray for holding different products contained therein in an upright position at a point of sale. The blank comprises a rectangularly shaped bottom wall panel having opposite end edges and opposite side edges. A side wall panel is foldably joined to each of the opposite side edges wherein the side wall panel is foldably joined to another side wall panel and a partition panel. A front wall panel is foldably joined to one of the opposite end edges of the bottom wall

panel and the front or bumper wall panel includes two end flaps. A back wall panel is foldably joined to other opposite end edges of the bottom wall panel wherein adjustable buffer panels is foldably joined to one longitudinal edge of the back wall. The blank is folded longitudinally in half along a fold line to one edge of a glue panel to the bottom wall panel along glue areas.

BRIEF DISCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A full understanding of the invention can be gained from the following description of the preferred embodiments when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a top perspective view of shipping and display tray having three different sizes of compartments loaded with different products therein in accordance to the preferred embodiment of the invention;

Figure 2 is a plan view of a cut and scored paperboard blank B for forming the display tray shown in Fig. 1;

Figures 3A and 3B illustrate the folding sequences of the blank B for constructing the display tray shown in Fig. 1 in accordance to the preferred embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 4 is a top perspective view of shipping and display tray fully constructed from Blank B shown in Fig. 2.

DETAIL DISCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

While this invention is susceptible of embodiment in many different forms, there is shown in the drawings and will herein be described in detail preferred embodiments of the

invention with the understanding that the present disclosure is to be considered as an exemplification of the principles of the invention and is not intended to limit the broad aspect of the invention to the embodiments illustrated. In the present invention the use of prime character in the numeral references in the drawings directed to the different embodiment indicate that those elements are either the same or at least function the same or those elements are in the unfolded position.

Figure 1 is a top perspective view of shipping and display tray 10 having three different sizes of compartments 12a, 12b, and 12c loaded with three different products P1, P2, and P3 therein in accordance to a preferred embodiment of the invention. The display tray 10 includes a bottom wall 18, a pair of opposed double side walls 20a, 20b; 21a, 21b, a back wall 22 and a bumper or front wall 24. In the particular example shown, the bumper or front wall 24 has much less height than the back wall 22 to enhance exposure of the plurality of products P1, P2, and P3 in the display tray 10. The front or bumper wall 24 is also used to partially prevent products from falling out of the display tray 10 and is also used to provide a place for application of the indicia and/or advertising label. The front or bumper wall 24 include an optional extend upwardly raised front 26 formed from the free edge thereof to enhance the surface area of the bumper wall 24 for printing indicia and the like. The bumper wall 24 is embraced by two front panels 25a, 25b that form a U-shaped front for the display tray 10. Two spaced apart, partitions or dividers 26a, 26b are foldably positioned in the display tray 10 to form the aforementioned three different sizes of compartments 12a, 12b, and 12c. The two partitions or dividers 26a, 26b are configured to rest on the bottom wall 18. Each of the partitions or dividers 26a, 26b is generally rectangular in shape and has a height that is substantially the same as the height of the double side walls 20a, 20b and 21a, 21b. The display tray 10 also includes shoulders 28a, 28b

that permits for easy stackability and prevents nesting of the display trays onto one another when they stacked on one another. The top surfaces of each adjustable buffer 30a, 30b, and 30c also acts as shoulders for the display tray 10 as will be discussed in greater detail hereinafter. It should be noted that the three different sizes of compartments 12a, 12b, and 12c accommodate the products P1, P2, P3 size and count while still maintaining a fixed outside dimension or perimeter of the display tray. Obtaining certain display tray outside dimension substantially maximize the utilization of the space for pallet, truck and/or shelf fitments.

Figure 2 is a plan view of a cut and scored paperboard blank B for forming the display tray shown in Figs. 1 and 4 in accordance to the present invention. The blank B is substantially flat symmetrical with respect to its longitudinal axis thereof. The blank B is preferably an integral piece of a material such as continuous sheet of conventional corrugated cardboard. The blank B is cut along its outer margins to form its specific shape. The blank B is divided into three sections I, II, III by two longitudinal fold lines 32, 34. Section I includes the back wall panel 22' including the adjustable buffers panels 30a', 30b', and 30c', bottom wall panel 18', and front wall panel 24' of the display tray 10 and sections II, III includes the opposed double side walls panels 20a, 20b; 21a, 21b and the partitions or dividers 26a, 26b when the blank B is fully constructed. In the exemplary blank B, it should be noted that the section II, III are substantially similar to one another. Each of the sections II, III is further divided by respective fold lines 36a, 36b; 38a, 38b; 40, 42a, 42b; and 44a, 44b. The area between fold lines 38a, 40 and 38b, 40 are used to construct the shoulders 28a, 28b in Fig. 1, and the areas between 52, 40 and 54, 40 and 56, 40 are used to construct respective adjustable buffers 30a', 30b', and 30c' corresponding to three different sizes of compartments 12a, 14b, and 12c as depicted in Figs.1 and 4, when the blank B is fully constructed. The blank B is folded along the longitudinal crease line 40 when

the respective glue panels 58, 60, and 62 are glued to the respective panels 66', 18', and 64' by the designated glue areas 68. The pre-glued blank B takes much less space during shipping and transportation and can be easily assembled to construct the display tray 10.

As noted above, section I is characterized by the back wall panel 22' including adjustable buffers 30a', 30b', 30c', bottom wall panel 18', and front wall panel 24'. The back wall panel 22' including adjustable buffers 30a', 30b', 30c', bottom wall panel 18', and the front wall panel 24' are defined by respective fold lines 40, 46 and 48. The glue flap 60 is defined by three crease lines 72a, 72b, and 72c. The respective areas x, y, and z between respective fold lines 52, 54, 56 and the crease lines 72a, 72b, 72c and the respective areas 30a', 30b', and 30c' between respective fold lines 52, 54, 56, and 40 are used to construct the adjustable buffer panels 30a, 30b, 30c when the blank B is constructed. Two slots 73a, 73b are formed between the adjustable buffer panels 30a, 30b, and 30c which are engaged with the partitions or dividers 26a', 26b' as will be described in greater detail hereinafter. The front or bumper wall panel 24' foldably extends from the longitudinal edge of the bottom wall panel 18'. The bumper or front wall panel 24' includes two identical foldable space apart end flaps 74a', 74b' that extend from its longitudinal edge via double fold lines 78a, 78b. Each of the end flaps 74a', 74b' includes a locking tab 76a', 76b' which is used to engage the double side walls 20a', 20b' and 21a', 21b' with the back wall panel 22' and the bottom wall panel 18' when the blank B is fully constructed.

Each of sections II and III includes the respective glue panel 58', 62' that define by respective fold line 36a, 36b and is glued to respective panels 66', 64' when sections II and III are folded along the fold line 40. Each of the respective glue panels 58', 62' and panel 66', 64' includes a respective notch 80a', 82a' and 80b', 82b' in which they are aligned with one another

when the respective glue panel 58', 62' are glued to the respective panels 66', 64'. Each of the double side walls 20a', 21a' includes a respective foldable first extensions 84a, 84b which are used to engage the double side wall panels 20a', 20b' and 21a', 21b' with the front wall panel 24' when the blank B is fully constructed. As noted above, each of the respective side wall panel 20b', 21b' includes a respective front panel 25a' and 25b', which are defined by respective fold lines 23a', 23b'. When in folded position, the front panel 25a' and 25b' embrace the bumper or front wall panel 24' which then forms a front U-shaped for the display tray 10. Each of the partitions or dividers 26a', 26b' includes a foldable partition or divider flaps 88a', 88b' defined by fold lines 89a', 89b'. Each of the respective divider flaps 88a', 88b' is inserted into the respective slots 73a', 73b'. In addition, each of the dividers 26a', 26b' includes a respective second extensions 86a', 86b' that is engaged with the respective end flaps 74a', 74b' when they are in the folding position.

Referring to Figs. 3A, 3B, and 4, manual set-up of the display tray 10 is easily accomplished. However, a person ordinary skilled in the art would appreciate that generally a folding machine may alternatively perform the forming operations. After die cutting the blank B at the converting plant, a secondary folder/gluer will be used to complete the blank B prior to shipment to a customer. The blank B is laid horizontally and then folded 180 degrees along the fold line 40 so that glue panels 58, 60, and 62 are folded onto and glued to the respective panels 66', 18', and 64' in an overlapping relationships. One side of the blank B is glued to the other side by the glue areas 68 and thus the blank B is pre-glued generally in half. Next, each of the respective panel 64' and panel 66' is folded upwardly at right angle along the respective fold line 42b, 42a and this action causes each of the respective double side walls 20a', 20b' and respective double side walls 21a', 21b' to be in parallel relationship with one another as depicted in Fig.

3A. Next, the respective partitions or dividers 26a, 26b are folded upwardly at right angle and by holding panel 64' with one hand and panel 66' with other hand, begin to fold the double side walls 20a', 20b' and 21a', 21b' via respective fold lines 32, 34 toward the bottom wall 18' and in doing so, the adjustable buffer panels 30a, 30b, and 30c are now constructed. While continue with the folding steps, the respective partitions or dividers flaps 88a', 88b' is inserted into the respective slots 73a', 73b'. When the aforementioned steps are completed, the panels 64', 66' are in the horizontal plane resting on top of bottom wall panel 18' and partition panels 26a', 26b' divide the interior space into three different sizes of compartments 12a, 12b, and 12c as shown in Fig. 4. Next, when the respective first extension 84a' and front panel 25a' are in overlapping relationship and when the first extension 84b' and front panel 25b' are in overlapping relationship, they are folded inwardly toward the bottom wall panel 18' while respective second extensions 86a, 86b are folded outwardly from the bottom wall panel 18' so that in this position, the respective end flaps 74a', 74b' is rolled over the respective first and second extensions and front panel and finally, the locking tabs 74a', 74b' are inserted into the respective notches 80 and 82.

The display tray 10 of the present invention is simple and economical in construction, requiring minimal parts and material, and effectively holds three different sizes of compartments 12a, 12b, and 12c loaded with three different products P1, P2, and P3 therein in upright position when displayed for sale.

While the invention has been described with reference to a preferred embodiment, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes may be made and equivalents may be substituted without departing from the scope of the invention. In addition, many modifications may be made to adapt a particular situation or material to the teachings of the invention without

departing from its scope. Therefore, it is intended that the invention not be limited to the particular embodiment disclosed, but that the invention will include all embodiments falling within the scope of the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A shipping and display tray having a bottom wall, a front wall, a back wall, and a pair of opposed side walls foldably joined with one another for holding different products contained therein in an upright position at a point of sale, the shipping and display tray comprising:

a one-piece shallow tray comprises a plurality of different sizes of compartments each of which contains a different product size and count therein,

each of the plurality of different sizes of compartments includes an adjustable buffer configured to change the size of the compartment and to accommodate the different product size and count while maintaining a fixed perimeter or outside dimension of the one-piece shallow tray.

2. The shipping and display tray of claim 1 wherein the one-piece shallow tray is divided by a plurality of partitions to form the plurality of different sizes of compartments.

3. The shipping and display tray of claim 1 wherein each of the opposed side walls is defined by two side walls bridging one another.

4. The shipping and display tray of claim 3 wherein each of the two side walls forms a shoulder that permit easy stackability and prevent nesting of display trays onto one another.

5. The shipping and display tray of claim 2 wherein the plurality of partitions include two partitions each of which integrally extend from the respective opposed side walls and wherein

the two partitions are positioned parallel to one another and having a height that is substantially the same as heights of the opposed side walls.

6. The shipping and display tray of claim 1 wherein the plurality of different sizes of compartments includes three different sizes of compartments.

7. The shipping and display tray of claim 1 wherein the fixed perimeter or outside dimension of the display tray maximizes the cube efficiencies for pallet, truck and shelf fitments.

8. The shipping and display tray of claim 1 wherein the adjustable buffer is defined by three adjustable buffers each of which having a different size.

9. The shipping and display tray of claim 1 wherein the display tray is made of corrugated paperboard.

10. A shipping and display tray comprising:

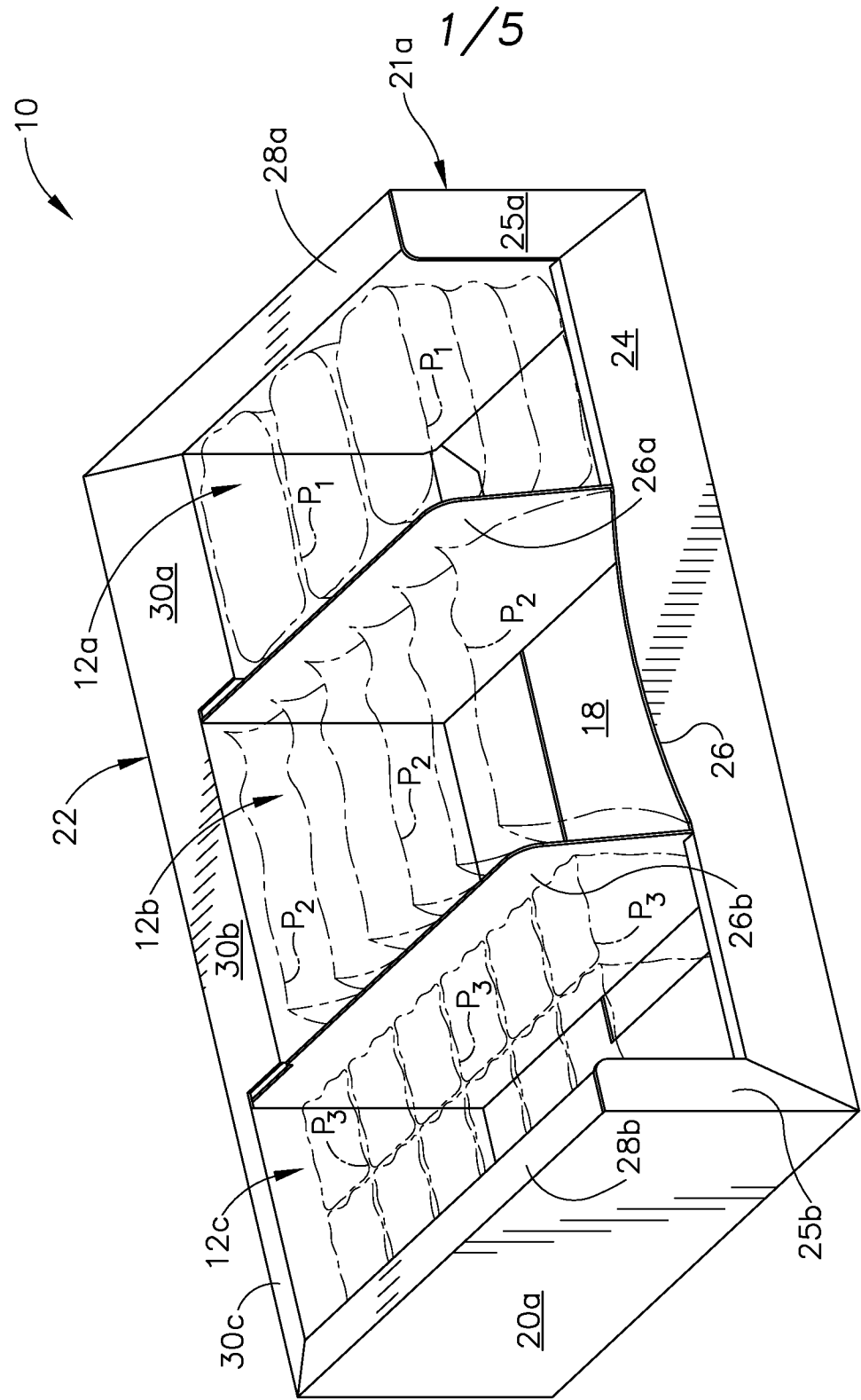
a bottom wall, a front wall, a back wall, and a pair of opposed side walls foldably joined with one another to form a one-piece shallow tray having

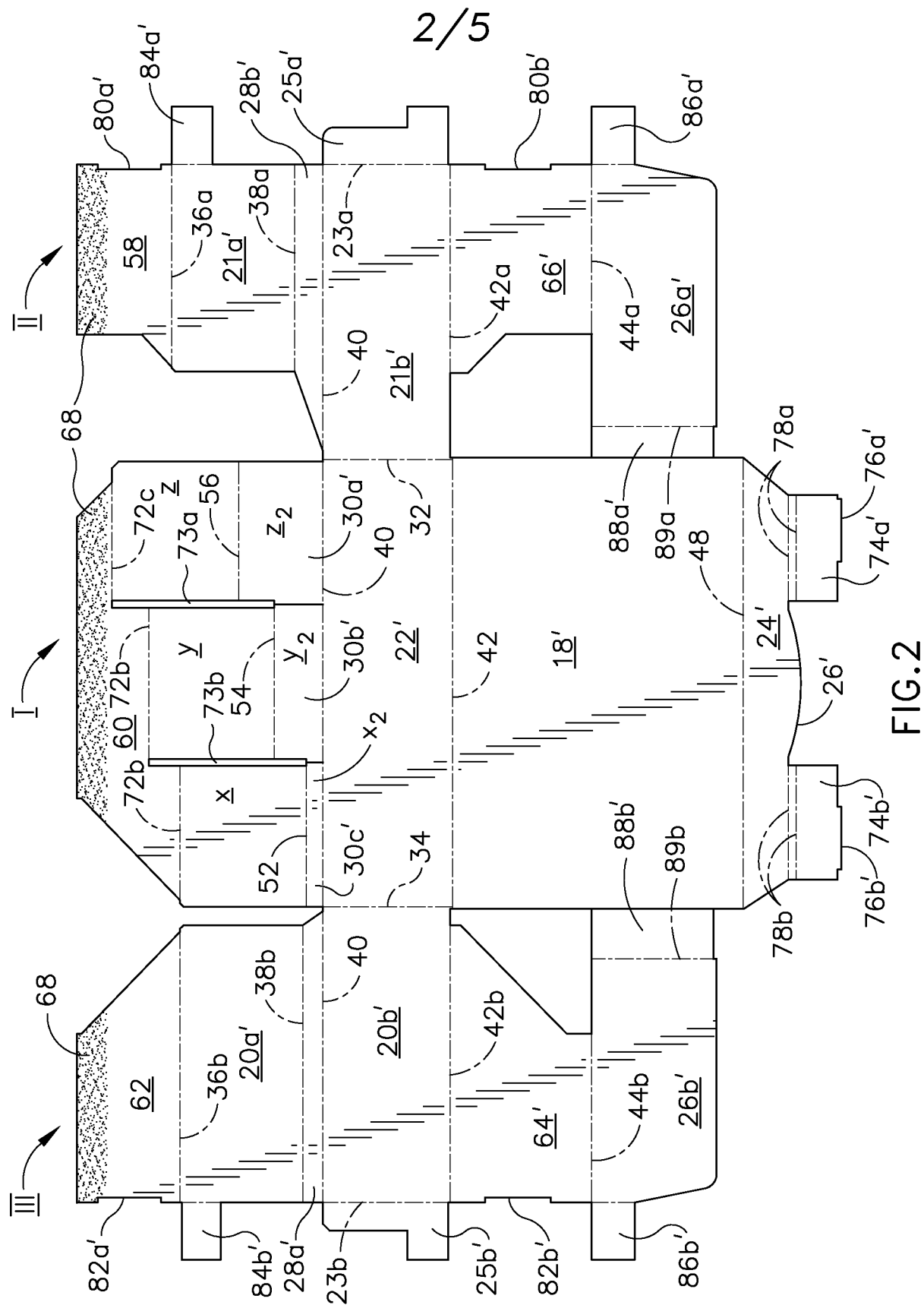
a plurality of adjustable buffers foldably extend from the back wall,

a plurality of partitions foldably extend from the opposed side wall and foldably engaged with the plurality of the adjustable buffers to form a plurality of different sizes of compartments each of which being used to accommodate a different product size and count while maintaining a fixed perimeter or outside dimension of the one-piece shallow tray.

11. The shipping and display tray of claim 10 wherein the plurality of adjustable buffers is defined by three adjustable buffers each of which having a different size.
12. The shipping and display tray of claim 10 wherein the plurality of partitions include two partitions each of which integrally extend from the respective opposed side walls.
13. The shipping and display tray of claim 10 wherein the plurality of different sizes of compartments includes three different sizes of compartments.
14. The shipping and display tray of claim 10 wherein the fixed perimeter or outside dimension of the display tray maximizes the cube efficiencies for pallet, truck and shelf fitments.
15. A blank for making a shipping and display tray for holding different products contained therein in an upright position at a point of sale, comprising:
 - a rectangularly shaped bottom wall panel having opposite end edges and opposite side edges;
 - a side wall panel foldably joined to each of the opposite side edges wherein the side wall panel foldably joined to another side wall panel and a partition panel ;
 - a front wall panel foldably joined to one of the opposite end edges of the bottom wall panel, the front wall panel includes two end flaps; and
 - a back wall panel foldably joined to other opposite end edges of the bottom wall panel wherein adjustable buffer panels foldably joined to one longitudinal edge of the back wall.

16. The blank of claim 15 wherein the blank is folded longitudinally in half along a fold line to one edge of a glue panel to the bottom wall panel along glue areas.





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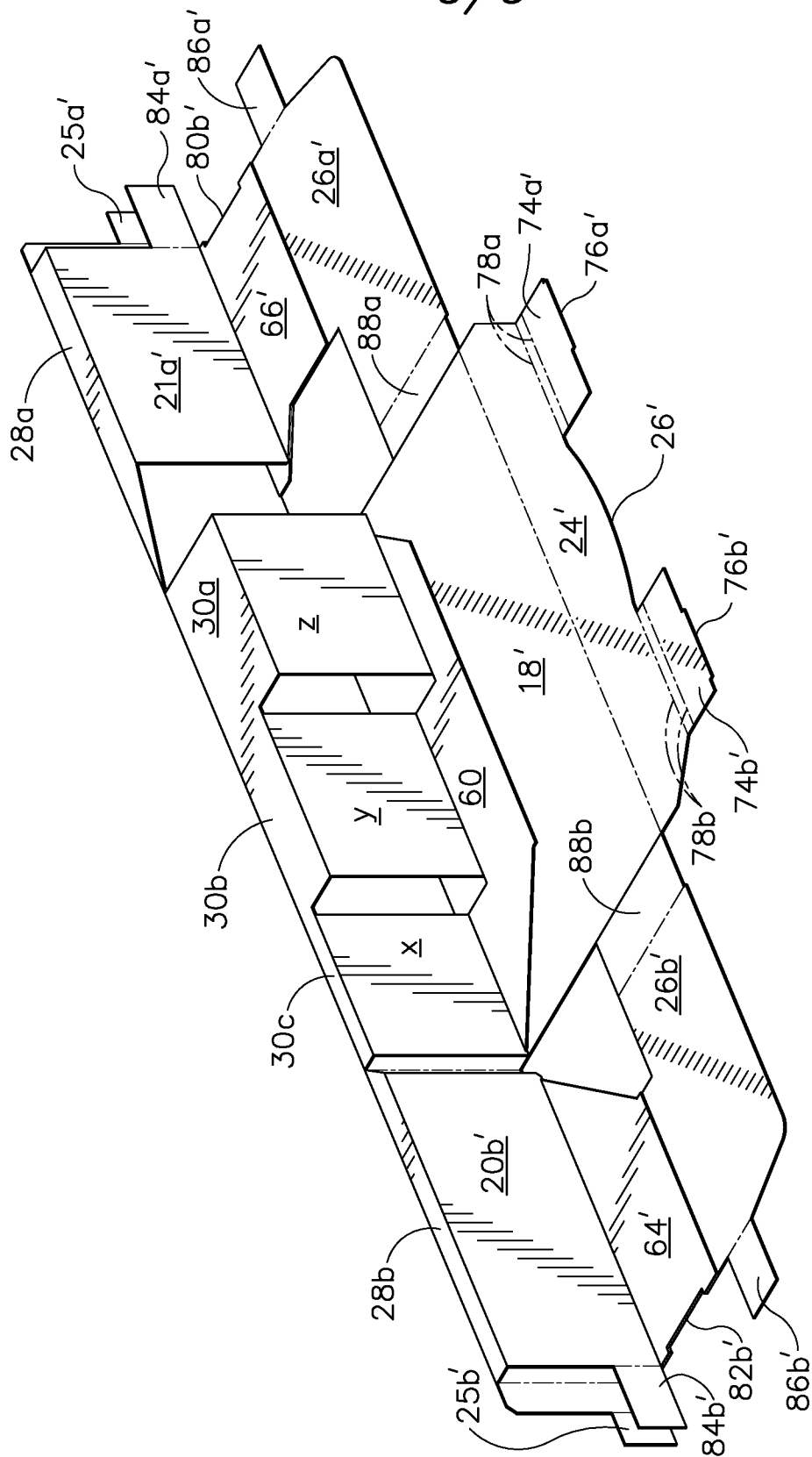


FIG. 3A

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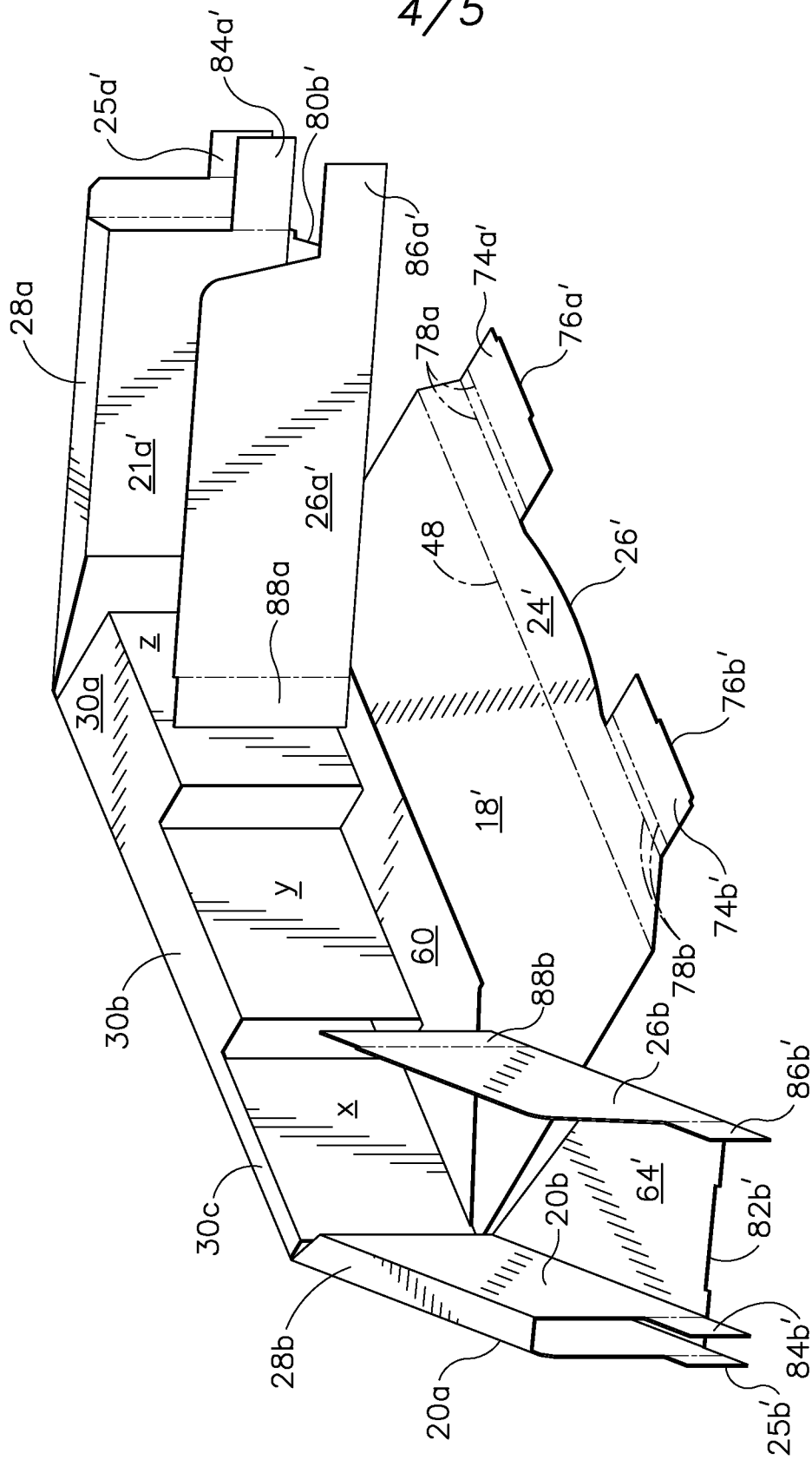


FIG. 3B

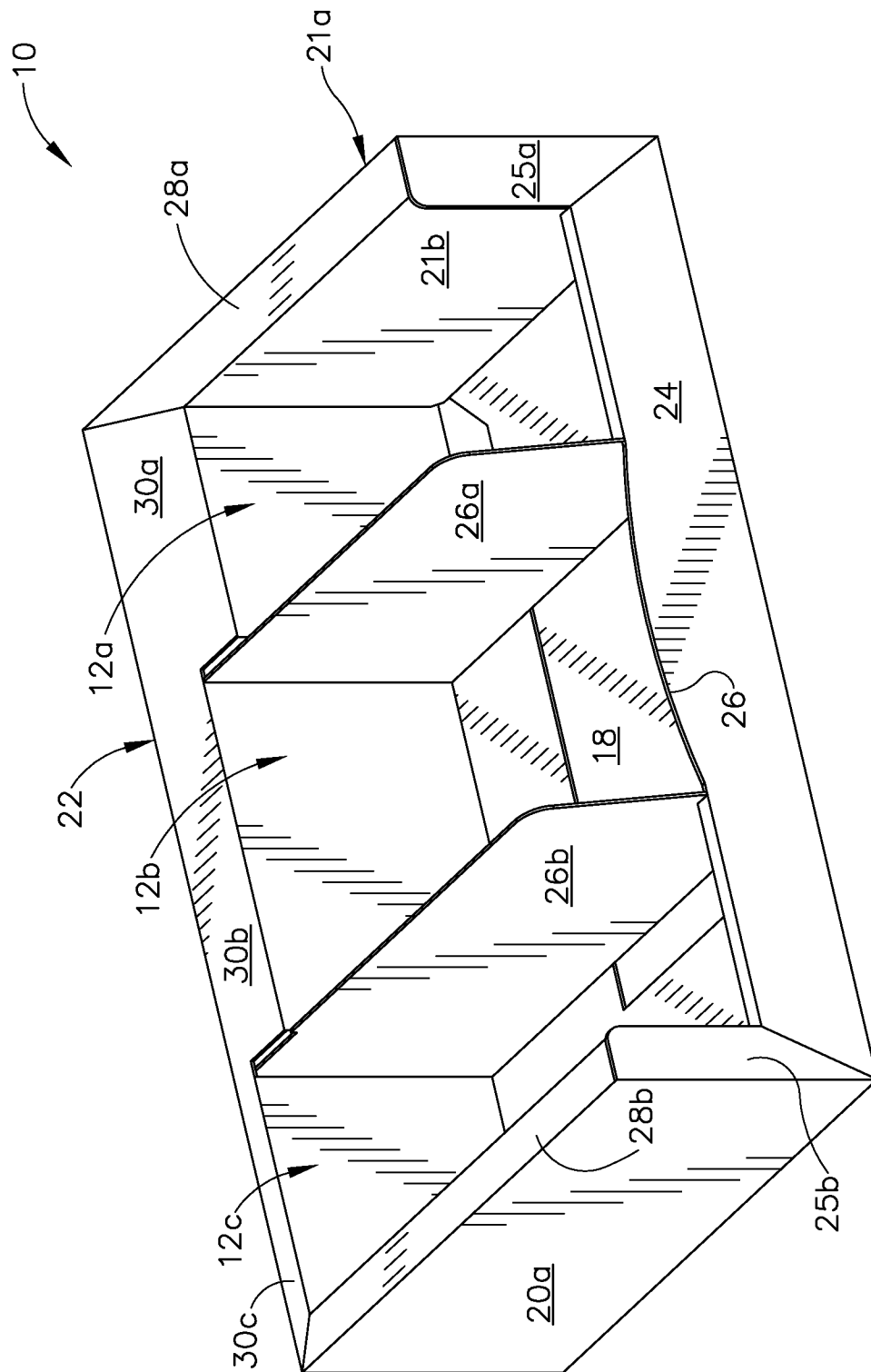


FIG. 4

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/US2012/057924

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
INV. B65D5/48 B65D5/50
ADD. B65D77/04

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
B65D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EP0-Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	FR 2 761 961 A1 (CARTONNAGES TECH DE VILLEFRANC [FR]) 16 October 1998 (1998-10-16) pages 1-5; figures 1-7 -----	1-15
X	GB 393 098 A (JOSEPH WINTERTON) 1 June 1933 (1933-06-01) page 3, line 30 - page 4, line 16 figures 1-5 -----	1,2,6-9, 15
X	GB 1 430 388 A (DRG PACKAGING LTD) 31 March 1976 (1976-03-31) page 2, line 53 - line 84 figure 5 ----- -/--	1,3,7,9



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

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"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date

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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

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"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

13 December 2012

Date of mailing of the international search report

02/01/2013

Name and mailing address of the ISA/

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Authorized officer

Fitterer, Johann

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/US2012/057924

C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 2009/326707 A1 (MATTILA MIKA [FI]) 31 December 2009 (2009-12-31) paragraph [0042] - paragraph [0069] figures 2-11	1,2,5-10
A	----- US 1 930 236 A (FOX CHARLES A) 10 October 1933 (1933-10-10) figures 1-5 -----	1-16

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

PCT/US2012/057924

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
FR 2761961	A1	16-10-1998	NONE
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			GB 2437277 A 24-10-2007
			KR 20090006102 A 14-01-2009
			US 2009326707 A1 31-12-2009
			WO 2007121841 A1 01-11-2007
US 1930236	A	10-10-1933	NONE