

E. T. BASKIN.
GLOVE.

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1,156,517.

Patented Oct. 12, 1915.

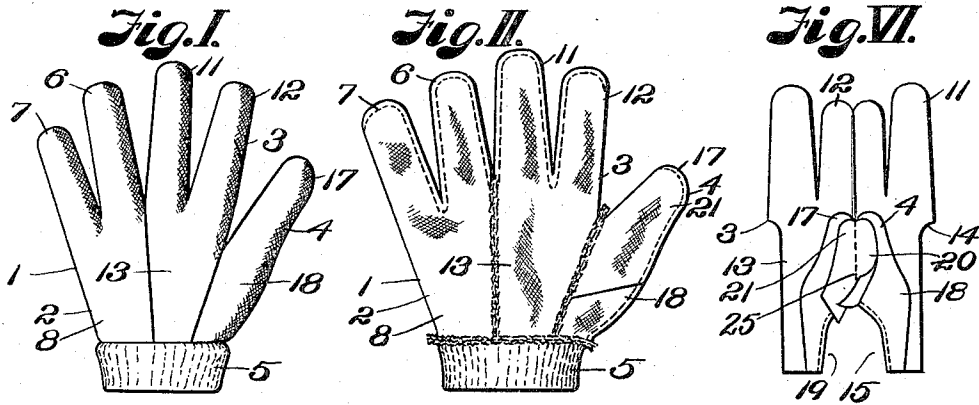
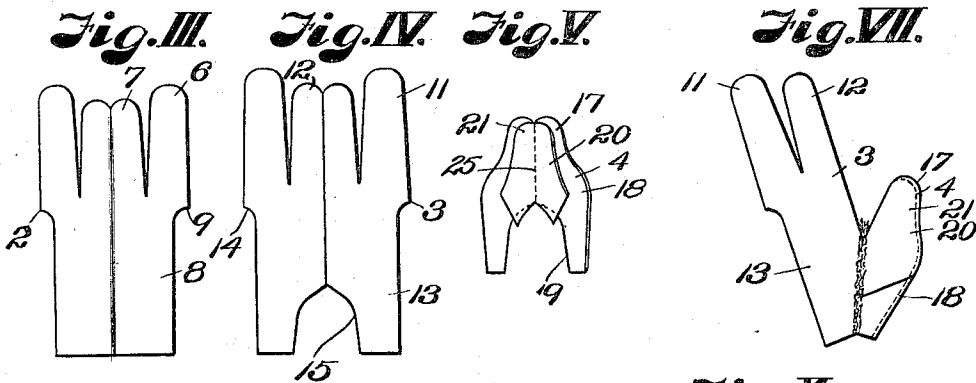
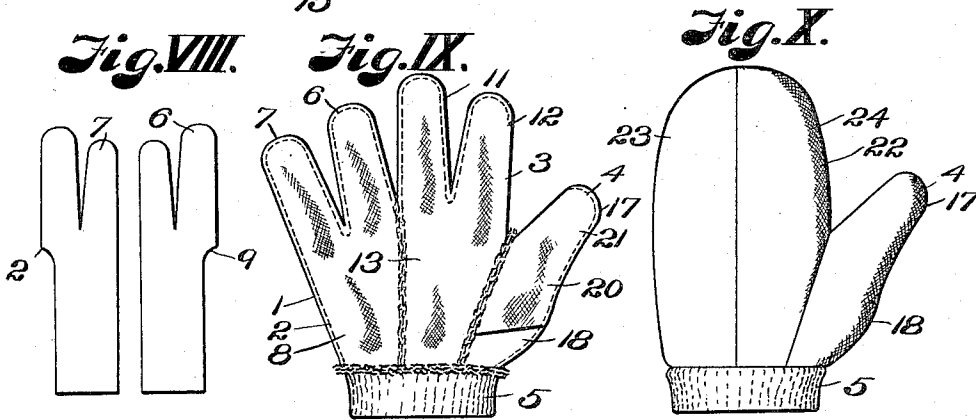


Fig. XI.

WITNESSES:

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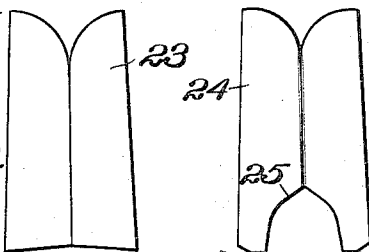


Fig. XII.

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GLOVE.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWIN T. BASKIN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Independence, in the county of Jackson and State of Missouri, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Gloves; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to a one-thumb reversible glove or mitten, and more particularly to work gloves, the principal object of the invention being to provide the glove or mitten with a thumb facing which may be sewed simultaneously with the stitching of the body of the glove to save an extra operation, and which is open at its inner end in order to avoid trapping foreign matter which may get between the facing and the body of the thumb member. In accomplishing these objects I have provided the improved details of structure hereinafter described and illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein:—

Figure I is a plan view of a reversible glove constructed in accordance with my invention. Fig. II is a similar view showing the parts turned wrong side out. Fig. III is a detail view of the blank for the third and fourth fingers, and a portion of the palm of the glove. Fig. IV is a similar view of the blank for the first and second fingers and the remaining portion of the palm of the glove. Fig. V is a detail perspective view of the blank for the thumb portion of the glove, showing the facing stitched in initial position prior to assembling the glove. Fig. VI is a view of the first and second finger blanks, showing the first operation in attaching the thumb portion thereto; the thumb facing being turned back for better illustration. Fig. VII is a view of the same parts, showing the arrangement employed in stitching the thumb member. Fig. VIII is a plan view of a modified form of the blank material for the third and fourth finger, and a portion of the palm. Fig. IX is a plan view of the glove, showing the practical application of the parts shown in Fig. VIII; the glove being turned wrong side out for better illus-

tration. Fig. X is a plan view of a mitten constructed in accordance with this invention. Figs. XI and XII are detail views of the blank material for forming the body of the mitten.

Referring more in detail to the parts: 1 designates a glove comprising a third and fourth finger section 2, a first and second finger section 3, a thumb section 4, and a wrist band 5; the third and fourth finger section 2 (Fig. III) comprising a piece of material having separately formed third finger portions 6, a fourth finger portion 7, having an unbroken outer edge, and a palm portion 8; the palm portion being inset at 9 on each side of the body section, and the section being folded at the center (when assembled in the glove) so that the front and back portions overlie symmetrically.

The first and second finger section 3 (Fig. IV) comprises a piece of material having separately formed second finger portions 11, a first finger portion 12, having an unbroken edge, and a palm portion 13 which is inset at 14 and provided with an indentation 15 for the purpose presently described.

Both the finger sections 2 and 3 are formed so that when they are folded in the center, the parts lying on opposite sides of the fold will correspond exactly.

The thumb section 4 (Fig. V) comprises a piece of material having a thumb portion 17, a ball portion 18, and an indentation 19, which corresponds in shape and size to the indentation 15 of the finger section 3, and attached by a stitching 25 to the center of the thumb section is a facing 20 which is provided with a thumb portion 21 and a portion which extends to a point near the base of the ball portion of the thumb; the elements of the thumb section being symmetrical and adapted to fold along the geometrical center, and the said parts being connected by laying the facing 20 on the thumb member and stitching the same together along the longitudinal center of both members.

In assembling the first and second finger sections 3 and the thumb section 4, the parts are placed as shown in Fig. VI, with the outer face of the finger section adjoining the outer face of the thumb section, and the indentations 15 and 19 in registration, in which position the parts are stitched together around the edge of the indentations 15-19. The thumb section is then turned

back through the indentations 15-19, so that the two inner faces adjoin, and the free edges of the thumb section brought together and stitched as clearly shown in Fig. VII. The inset edges 9 and 14 of the palm portions 8 and 13 are then stitched together and the wrist band 5 stitched to the lower edge of all the parts to complete the glove. It is apparent that by forming the inset edges 9 and 14, the fullness that would otherwise occur in the palm portion of a glove of this character is entirely taken up, thereby affording a symmetrical and comfortably fitting reversible glove. The third and fourth finger section 2 may be formed in two symmetrical parts (Fig. VIII), and in assembling the glove the thumb section and the separate part of the finger section 2 may be stitched in their respective positions on the finger section 3, thereby leaving the glove open around the fingers and along the outer edge of the palm and fourth finger. A wrist band or gauntlet may then be easily stitched to the lower edge of the sections and the glove finally stitched around the free edges, as clearly shown in Fig. IX.

The mitten 22 shown in Fig. X is constructed in substantially the same manner as the gloves heretofore described; the thumb section being identical in construction and application to the thumb section of the gloves, the body of the mitten being formed in two sections 23 and 24, which are folded along their geometrical center and cut so that the opposite sides are symmetrical, and the section 24 being provided with an indentation 25 corresponding to the indentation 15 of the glove, and for receiving

the thumb section 4. It is apparent that the section 23 may be formed in two parts, the same as the glove parts shown in Fig. VIII, thereby permitting a gauntlet to be attached to the mitten if desired.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new therein, and desire to secure by Letters-Patent, is:—

1. A glove comprising body sections having integral finger and palm portions; the palm portions of each section being inset from the finger portions and the palm portion of one section having a thumb recess, a thumb section having a seat equal in size to the recess in the palm portion, a facing attached to the inner face of the thumb section and having a seat registering with the seat in said section, and a wrist section attached to the palm portions and thumb section.

2. A glove comprising a section having third and fourth fingers integrally connected with an inset palm portion, a first and second finger section having an inset palm portion provided with a thumb recess, a thumb section having a seat corresponding to the recess in the first and second finger section, means for securing the free edges of the inset palm portions together, means for securing the edges of the palm recess and thumb seat together, a wrist section, and means for securing the wrist section to all of the sections.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

EDWIN T. BASKIN.

Witnesses:

LETA E. COATS,

LYNN O. ROBINSON.

Copies of this patent may be obtained for five cents each, by addressing the "Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C."