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(54) Title: CONCEALED HORIZONTAL SIDEWALL SPRINKLER

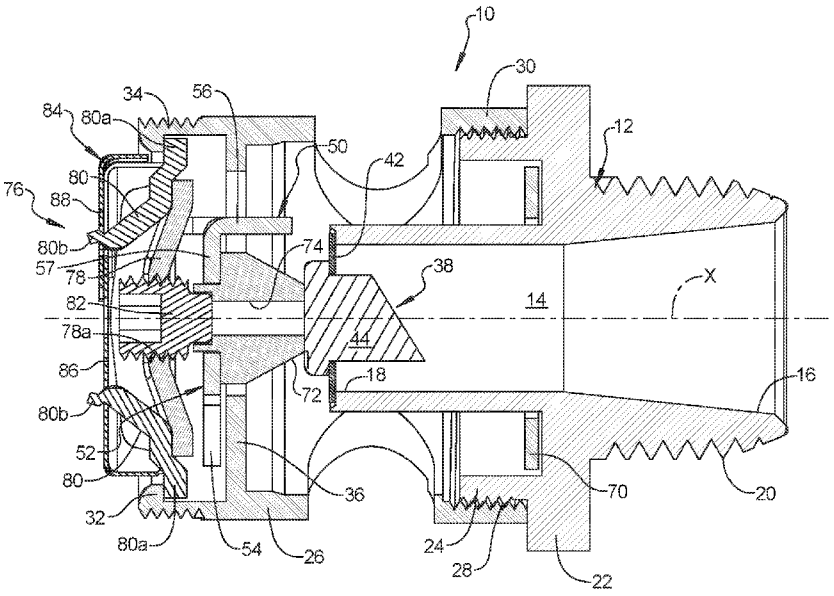


FIG 1

(57) Abstract: A concealed sprinkler includes a sprinkler body having a flow passage therethrough with an inlet end and an outlet end. A closure device is secured at the outlet end of the flow passage by a heat responsive trigger. A deflector assembly includes a deflector plate and a button secured to an upstream side of the deflector plate. The deflector assembly is movably supported to the sprinkler body by at least one arm. The button defines an aperture that extends unobstructed all the way through the button from an upstream side to a downstream side.

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[Continued on next page]

TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Declarations under Rule 4.17:

— *as to applicant's entitlement to apply for and be granted a patent (Rule 4.17(ii))*

— *as to the applicant's entitlement to claim the priority of the earlier application (Rule 4.17(iii))*

Published:

— *with international search report (Art. 21(3))*

CONCEALED HORIZONTAL SIDEWALL SPRINKLER

FIELD

[0001] The present disclosure relates to a sprinkler assembly and, more particularly, to a concealed horizontal sprinkler assembly for use in a side wall mount.

BACKGROUND

[0002] This section provides background information related to the present disclosure which is not necessarily prior art.

[0003] Automatic sprinklers are well known and have long been used in fire extinguishing systems. Typically, automatic sprinkler assemblies include a sprinkler body which includes an inlet for connecting to a pressurized supply of water or other fire extinguishing fluid, an outlet opening, and a deflector which is mounted spaced from the outlet opening of the sprinkler body. The deflector disperses and directs the water in an optimum pattern when the water is discharged through the outlet opening. In one common form, the deflector is mounted in a fixed position and spaced from the outlet opening by a frame. The frame includes a pair of arms, which attach to either side of the sprinkler body, and aligns the deflector with the path of the water when it is discharged through the outlet opening. The outlet opening is normally closed by a closure seal which is held in place typically by a trigger element, such as a glass bulb or a fusible link element. The trigger element extends between the seal and the frame and is usually held in place by a set screw or the like.

[0004] Other forms of sprinkler assemblies include flush sprinkler assemblies. Flush sprinkler assemblies include a housing and a deflector which is recessed within the housing. The deflector is movably mounted to the sprinkler body by a pair of guide members and moves between a closed position in which the deflector is recessed within the housing and an extended position wherein the deflector projects from the housing and is spaced from the outlet opening of the sprinkler body. Similar to a fixed sprinkler assembly, a flush sprinkler assembly includes a thermally responsive trigger mechanism and a fluid seal. In a flush sprinkler, the fluid seal is positioned within the interior of the sprinkler body. The fluid seal is secured by a trigger mechanism. Thus, under normal operating conditions, the trigger mechanism prohibits fluid flow from the outlet of sprinkler body. When the temperature rises to a preselected value, the trigger mechanism, which is normally a

fusible link, separates permitting the pins to move in an outward direction under the pressure of the water. With the separation of the fusible link, the pressure in the water supply line pushes the fluid seal away from the outlet opening and the deflector to its outward position thereby enabling the water to travel through the sprinkler body and to be dispersed by the deflector.

[0005] In side wall mounted sprinklers, the orientation of the assembly causes the pressurized water to disperse in a horizontal direction. There is a need for an automatic side wall sprinkler assembly which exhibits an optimized spray pattern. Sidewall sprinklers typically include a deflector with a solid central portion with tines extending from the central portion and a blade that is positioned above the central portion. When the fluid flows from the discharge opening of the base, the fluid impinges on the boss and on the central portion of the deflector. The boss and deflector disperse the fluid radially outward, and the fluid is thereafter further dispersed by the tines, and in the case of the sidewall sprinklers also by the blade. The boss and the solid central portion of the deflector inhibit the fluid flow in a direction directly forward of the horizontal sprinkler.

SUMMARY

[0006] This section provides a general summary of the disclosure, and is not a comprehensive disclosure of its full scope or all of its features.

[0007] A concealed sprinkler includes a sprinkler body having a flow passage therethrough with an inlet end and an outlet end. A closure device is secured at the outlet end of the flow passage by a heat responsive trigger. A deflector assembly includes a deflector plate and a button secured to an upstream side of the deflector plate. The deflector assembly is movably supported to the sprinkler body by at least one arm. The button defines an aperture that extends unobstructed all the way through the button from an upstream side to a downstream side.

[0008] The aperture through the button can be cylindrical, tapered, elongated in a either lateral or vertical direction or otherwise shaped to provide a desired flow pattern. The aperture can also be sloped in a desired upward or downward direction and/or divided into multiple flow paths.

[0009] According to a further aspect of the present disclosure, the deflector plate includes a central portion defining an aperture for receiving the button. A plurality of tines extend from a lower periphery of the deflector plate when assembled in its

horizontal orientation and a canopy is supported above the central portion by a single central support portion extending radially upward from the central portion.

[0010] Further areas of applicability will become apparent from the description provided herein. The description and specific examples in this summary are intended for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to limit the scope of the present disclosure.

DRAWINGS

[0011] The drawings described herein are for illustrative purposes only of selected embodiments and not all possible implementations, and are not intended to limit the scope of the present disclosure.

[0012] Figure 1 is a cross-sectional view of the concealed horizontal sidewall sprinkler according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0013] Figure 2 is a perspective view of the concealed horizontal sidewall sprinkler with the deflector assembly in an extended activated position according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0014] Figure 3 is a side plan view of the concealed horizontal sidewall sprinkler with the deflector assembly in an extended activated position according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0015] Figure 4 is a perspective view of the concealed horizontal sidewall sprinkler in a fully assembled, un-activated condition according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0016] Figure 5 is a cross-sectional view of a deflector button according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0017] Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view of an alternative deflector button according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0018] Figure 7 is a cross-sectional view of a further alternative deflector button according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0019] Figure 8 is a perspective view of a distal end of the deflector button of Figure 6;

[0020] Figure 9 is a cross sectional view of a further alternative deflector button according to the principles of the present disclosure;

[0021] Figure10 is a cross sectional view of a further alternative deflector button according to the principles of the present disclosure; and

[0022] Figure 11 is a plan view of a deflector plate stamping according to the principles of the present disclosure.

[0023] Corresponding reference numerals indicate corresponding parts throughout the several views of the drawings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0024] Example embodiments will now be described more fully with reference to the accompanying drawings.

[0025] Example embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough, and will fully convey the scope to those who are skilled in the art. Numerous specific details are set forth such as examples of specific components, devices, and methods, to provide a thorough understanding of embodiments of the present disclosure. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that specific details need not be employed, that example embodiments may be embodied in many different forms and that neither should be construed to limit the scope of the disclosure. In some example embodiments, well-known processes, well-known device structures, and well-known technologies are not described in detail.

[0026] The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular example embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. As used herein, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" may be intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. The terms "comprises," "comprising," “including,” and “having,” are inclusive and therefore specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof. The method steps, processes, and operations described herein are not to be construed as necessarily requiring their performance in the particular order discussed or illustrated, unless specifically identified as an order of performance. It is also to be understood that additional or alternative steps may be employed.

[0027] When an element or layer is referred to as being "on," “engaged to,” "connected to," or "coupled to" another element or layer, it may be directly on, engaged, connected or coupled to the other element or layer, or intervening elements or layers may be present. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being "directly on," “directly engaged to,” "directly connected to," or "directly coupled to" another

element or layer, there may be no intervening elements or layers present. Other words used to describe the relationship between elements should be interpreted in a like fashion (e.g., “between” versus “directly between,” “adjacent” versus “directly adjacent,” etc.). As used herein, the term "and/or" includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items.

[0028] Although the terms first, second, third, etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, components, regions, layers and/or sections, these elements, components, regions, layers and/or sections should not be limited by these terms. These terms may be only used to distinguish one element, component, region, layer or section from another region, layer or section. Terms such as “first,” “second,” and other numerical terms when used herein do not imply a sequence or order unless clearly indicated by the context. Thus, a first element, component, region, layer or section discussed below could be termed a second element, component, region, layer or section without departing from the teachings of the example embodiments.

[0029] Spatially relative terms, such as “inner,” “outer,” "beneath," "below," "lower," "above," "upper," and the like, may be used herein for ease of description to describe one element or feature's relationship to another element(s) or feature(s) as illustrated in the figures. Spatially relative terms may be intended to encompass different orientations of the device in use or operation in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures. For example, if the device in the figures is turned over, elements described as "below" or "beneath" other elements or features would then be oriented "above" the other elements or features. Thus, the example term "below" can encompass both an orientation of above and below. The device may be otherwise oriented (rotated 90 degrees or at other orientations) and the spatially relative descriptors used herein interpreted accordingly.

[0030] With reference to Figure 1, a cross-sectional view of a concealed horizontal sidewall sprinkler 10 is shown. The sprinkler 10 includes a body 12 that defines a flow passage 14 therethrough with an inlet end 16 and an outlet end 18. The body 12 can include a threaded connection 20 at the inlet end 16 for connection to a water distribution pipe system (not shown). The body 12 can also include a radially outwardly extending flange portion 22 and an axially extending externally threaded portion 24 extending from the flange 22.

[0031] A housing 26 can include internal threads 28 at a proximal end 30 that engage the externally threaded portion 24. The housing 26 further includes an

inner shoulder 32 at a distal end 34. The housing 26 also includes an intermediate internal flange 36 disposed between the proximal and distal ends 30, 34.

[0032] A closure device 38 is secured at the outlet end 18 of the flow passage 14. The closure device 38 can include a spring plate 42 and seat 44 that sealingly close off the outlet end 18 of the flow passage 14.

[0033] A deflector assembly 50 is movable from a first retracted position (shown in figure 1) to a second extended position (shown in Figures 2 and 3). With reference to Figures 2 and 3, the deflector assembly 50 can include a deflector plate 52 that is made from a single stamping as shown in Fig. 11 (shown in a blanked condition) and having a central portion 54 that is generally orthogonal to a center axis X of the flow passage 14. The deflector plate 52 can also include a canopy portion 56 that is supported generally perpendicular to the central portion 54 by a single central support portion 57 that extends from the central portion 54. The central portion 54 can include a plurality of slots 58 extending radially inward from an outer periphery thereof to define a plurality of radially outwardly projecting tines 60a-60c. The deflector plate 52 can include a pair of oppositely directed tines 60a that each include an aperture 64 there through for engagement by a distal end 66a of a pair of support pins 66 that generally lie on a horizontal plane that passes through the center axis X of the flow passage 14 in an assembled horizontal sidewall orientation (as shown in Fig. 3). The pair of support pins 66 each include a proximal end 66b that engage an alignment ring 70. In the first retracted position of the deflector assembly 50, the alignment ring 70 is generally disposed against the flange portion 22 and within the externally threaded portion 24 of the body 12 (as shown in Fig. 1). In the second extended position shown in Figures 2 and 3, the alignment ring 70 engages the intermediate internal flange 36 of the housing 26.

[0034] The deflector assembly 50 also includes a projection button 72 (Figs. 1 and 5) secured to an upstream side of the central portion 54 of the deflector plate 52. The button 72 includes a proximal face 72a that can be generally orthogonal to the axis X of the flow passage 14 and a generally conically shaped sidewall portion 72b extending from the proximal face 72a. It generally cylindrical sidewall portion 72c extends from the conically shaped sidewall portion 72b. A distal end of the button 72 includes a downstream facing face portion 72d that is disposed directly against the first portion 54 of the deflector plate 52. A downstream extending flange portion 72e extends axially from the face portion 72d and is received in an aperture in the first

portion 54 of the deflector plate 52. An aperture 74 extends all the way through the button 72 from the proximal face 72a through to the distal end of the button 72. The aperture 74 is generally aligned with the axis X of the flow passage 14. As shown in Figure 3, the aperture 74 in the button 72 can include a cylindrical sidewall.

[0035] Alternatively, as shown in Figure 6, the aperture 74' in the button 72' can be tapered so as to be conical in shape. It should be understood that the tapering of the aperture can be tapering inward or outward from the proximal to the distal end. As a still further alternative, the distal end of the aperture 74" can be elongated in a lateral direction (best shown in Fig. 8) or a vertical direction as desired, as illustrated in Figures 7 and 8. The shape of the proximal end of the aperture 74" can differ from the elongated distal end relative to the direction of flow through the sprinkler 10. The proximal end of the aperture 74" can include a conically inwardly tapering intermediate surface 74b that “funnels” the water from the proximal end into the elongated distal end of the aperture 74". It should be understood that the shape of the aperture can be varied to provide a desired flow through the button. With reference to Fig. 9, the aperture 74 can be angled to direct the flow of fluid in a downward or upward direction relative to the axis X, as desired. In addition, as shown in Fig. 10, the aperture 74 can be split into multiple flow paths 74a, 74b, as desired to provide flow paths leaving the button 72.

[0036] A heat responsive trigger device 76 is provided for securing the closure device 38 over the outlet end 18 of the flow passage 14, as best shown in Figs. 1 and 4. The heat responsive trigger device 76 can include a lever bar 78, a pair of levers 80, a set screw 82 and a soldered element assembly 84. The set screw 82 is threadedly received in a threaded aperture 78a in the lever bar 78. A set screw 82 is disposed against the distal end of the button 72 and biases the button 72 against the closure device 38. The pair of levers 80 each include a first end 80a received under the inner shoulder 32 of the housing 26 and include a second end 80b received within a pair of apertures 84a, 84b in the soldered element assembly 84. The soldered element assembly 84 can include a bottom element 86 and a top element 88 that are soldered together (by a solder designed to melt at a desired temperature) to combine to form the pair of apertures 84a, 84b.

[0037] The concealed horizontal sidewall sprinkler 10 is designed to be mounted horizontally in a sidewall. In operation, when a fire condition exists, heat from the fire will cause the solder of the soldered element assembly 84 to release the bond

between the bottom element 86 and top element 88. As the soldered element assembly 84 becomes disconnected, the levers 80 release their engagement with the lever bar 78. As the lever bar 78 falls away, the set screw 82 also falls away from the deflector assembly 52 so that the pressure against the closure device 38 is relieved. As the pressure against the closure device 38 is relieved, the closure device 38 falls away and the internal pressure of water within the flow passage 14 flows against the deflector assembly 52 causing the deflector assembly 52 to deploy to the extended position as illustrated in Figures 2 and 3. Water flowing through the flow passage 14 strikes the button 72 and deflector plate 52 so that water is distributed by the deflector assembly 50. The aperture 74 in the button 72 allows water to flow directly through the button so that the distribution water can be controlled in a direction that is directly outward from the horizontal sidewall sprinkler 10.

[0038] The foregoing description of the embodiments has been provided for purposes of illustration and description. It is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the disclosure. Individual elements or features of a particular embodiment are generally not limited to that particular embodiment, but, where applicable, are interchangeable and can be used in a selected embodiment, even if not specifically shown or described. The same may also be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the disclosure, and all such modifications are intended to be included within the scope of the disclosure.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A concealed sprinkler, comprising:

a sprinkler body having a flow passage therethrough with an inlet end and an outlet and;

a closure device secured at the outlet end of the flow passage by a heat responsive trigger;

a deflector assembly including a deflector plate and a button secured to an upstream side of the deflector plate, said deflector assembly being movably supported to the sprinkler body by at least one arm, said button defining an aperture that extends unobstructed all the way through the button an upstream side to a downstream side.

2. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein said button includes a flange portion that is staked within an aperture in the deflector plate.

3. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein said deflector plate includes a plurality of slots extending inward from a periphery thereof.

4. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 3, wherein said plurality of slots are disposed within a planar portion that is generally perpendicular to a center axis of the flow passage in the deflector further includes a canopy portion that is generally parallel to the center axis.

5. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein the aperture in the button is disposed along a center axis of the flow passage.

6. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein the aperture in the button is angled with respect to a center axis of the flow passage.

7. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein the aperture in the button is split into multiple passages.

8. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein an exit end of the aperture in the button is elongated in a lateral direction.

9. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein the aperture in the button is tapered.

10. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 1, wherein the heat responsive trigger includes a pair of levers that each engage the housing, a lever bar and a respective aperture in a pair of fusible plates, the lever bar having a threaded aperture receiving a set screw, said set screw being further received in a recessed cavity in an end of the button.

11. A concealed sprinkler, comprising:

a sprinkler body having a flow passage therethrough with an inlet end and an outlet and;

a closure device secured at the outlet end of the flow passage by a heat responsive trigger;

a deflector plate supported to the sprinkler body by a pair of pins, said deflector plate including a central portion including a plurality of tines extending from a first side and a canopy disposed generally perpendicular to the central portion and being supported to the central portion by only a single central support portion.

12. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 11, further comprising a button secured to the central portion of the deflector plate.

13. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 12, wherein the button includes an aperture extending all the way through the button from an upstream side to a downstream side of the button.

14. The concealed sprinkler according to claim 12, wherein the heat responsive trigger includes a pair of levers that each engage the housing, a lever bar and a respective aperture in a pair of fusible plates, the lever bar having a threaded aperture receiving a set screw, said set screw being further received in a recessed cavity in an end of the button.

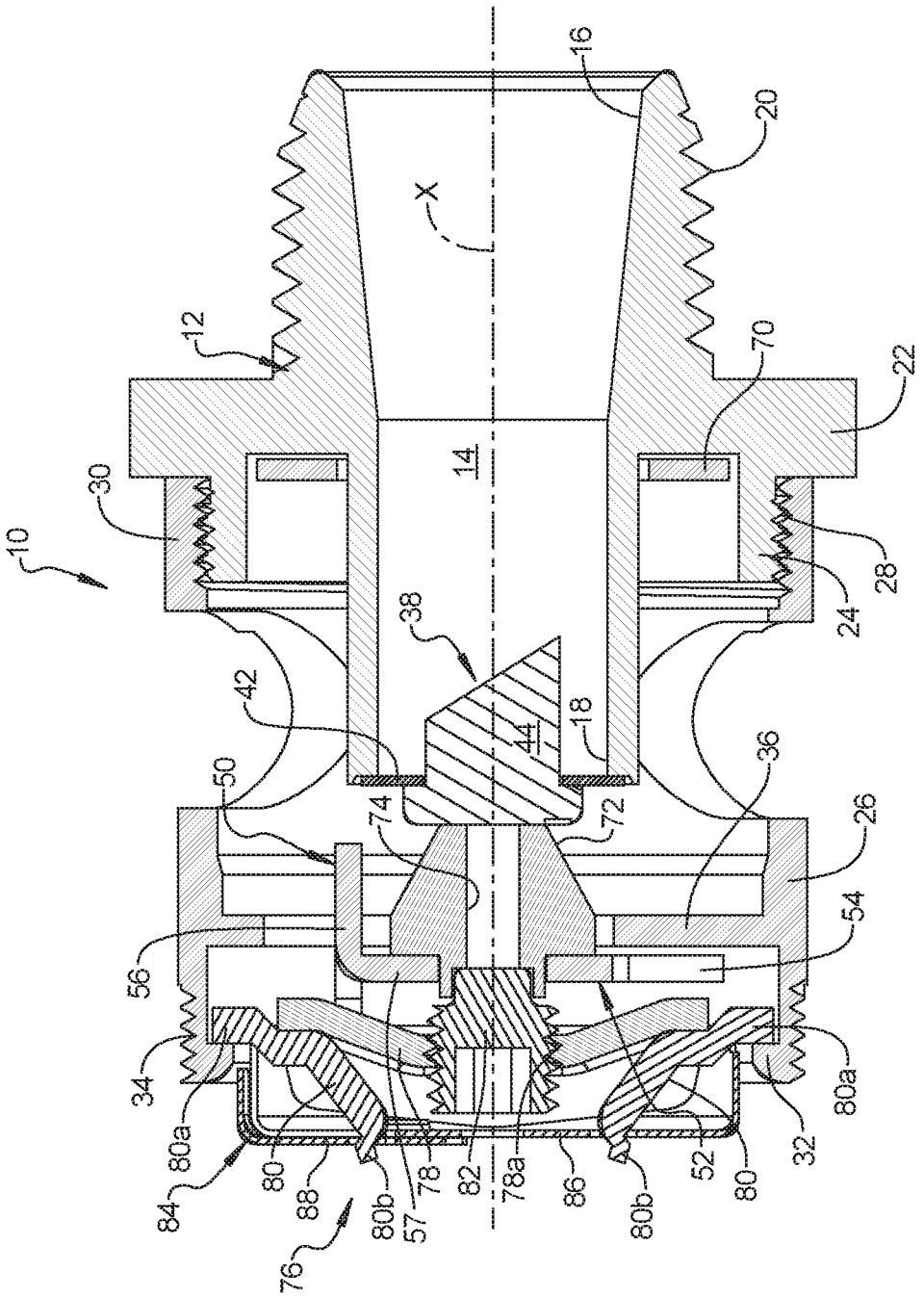

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FIG 1

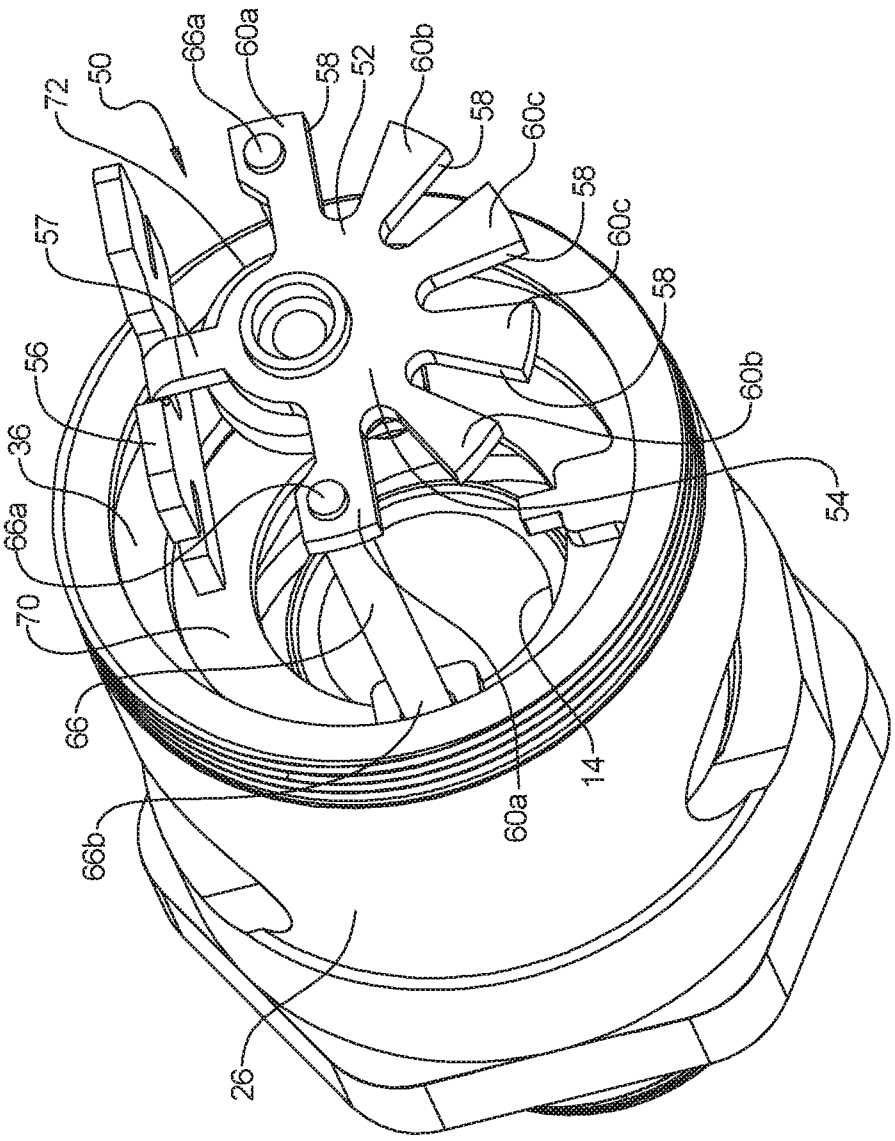

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FIG 2

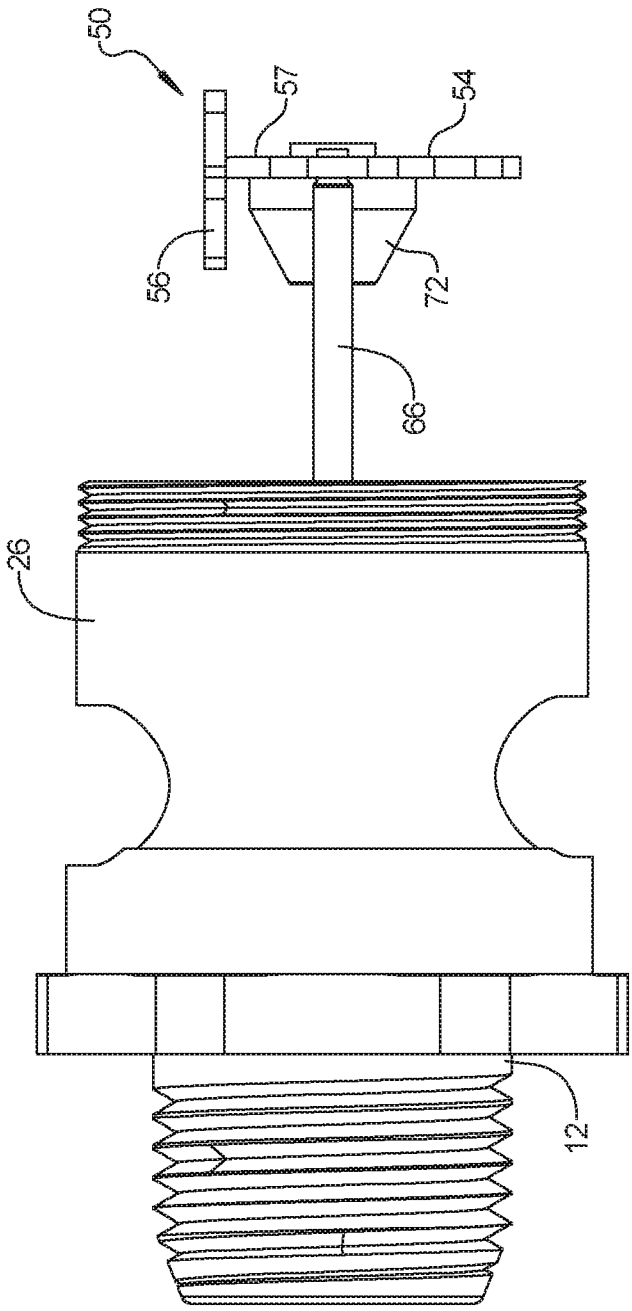


FIG 3

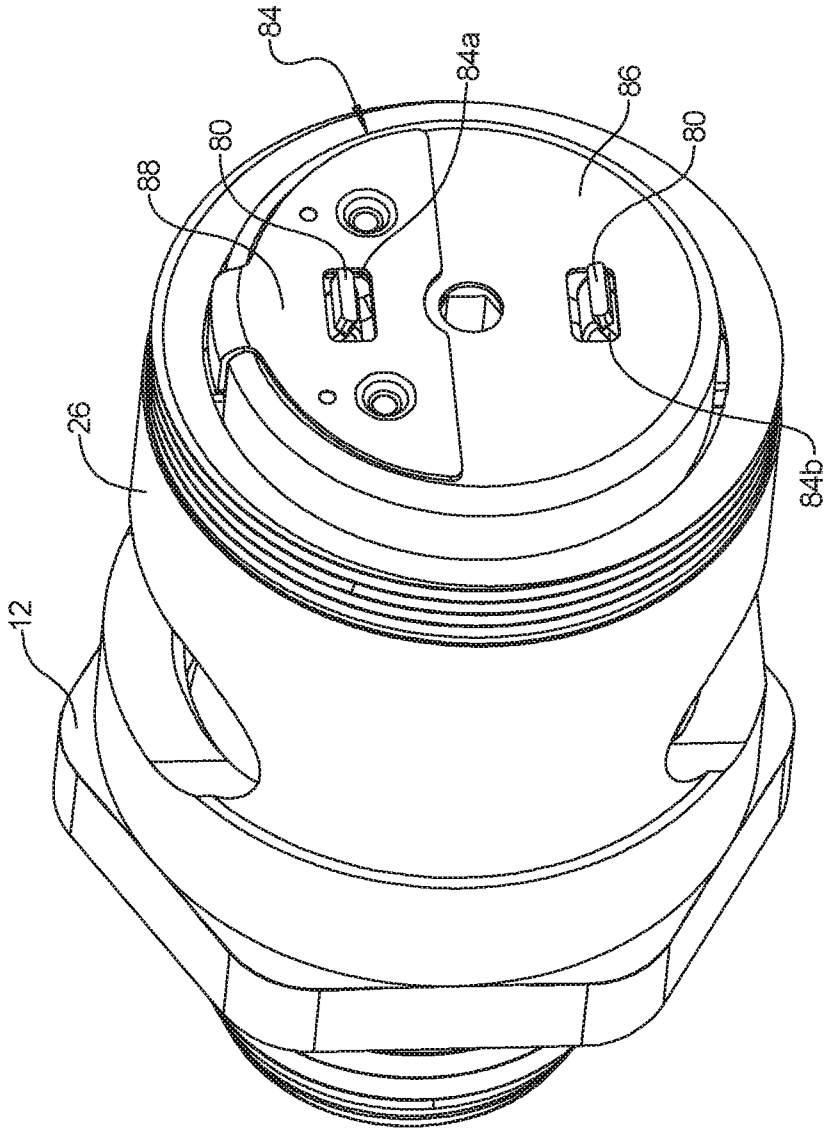


FIG 4

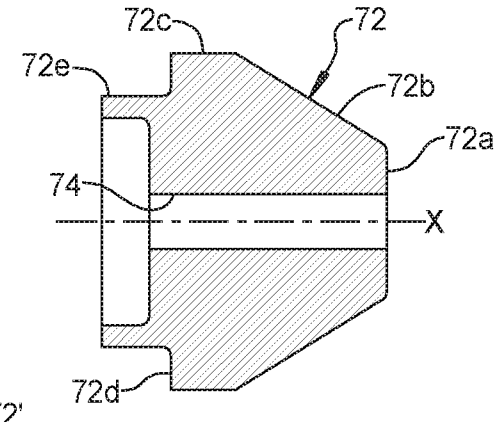


FIG 5

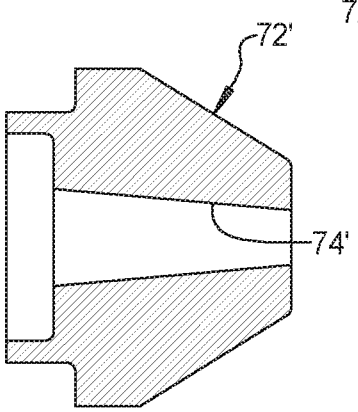


FIG 6

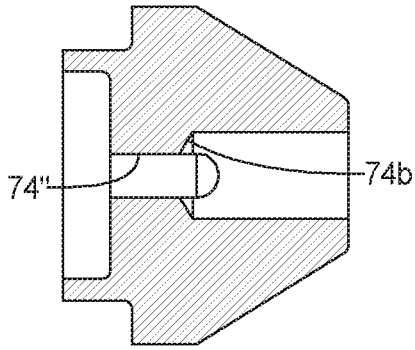


FIG 7

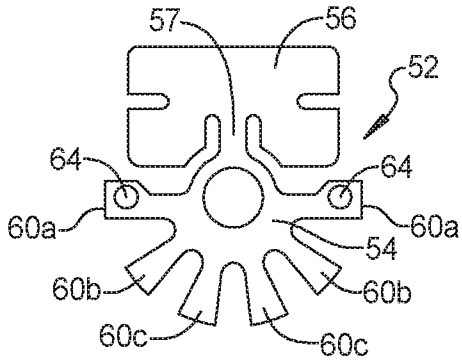


FIG 11

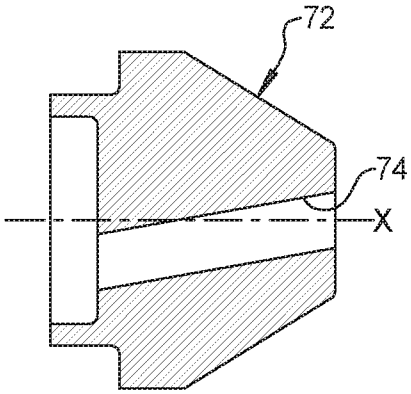


FIG 9

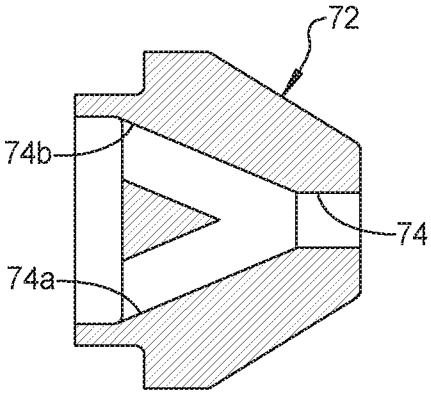


FIG 10

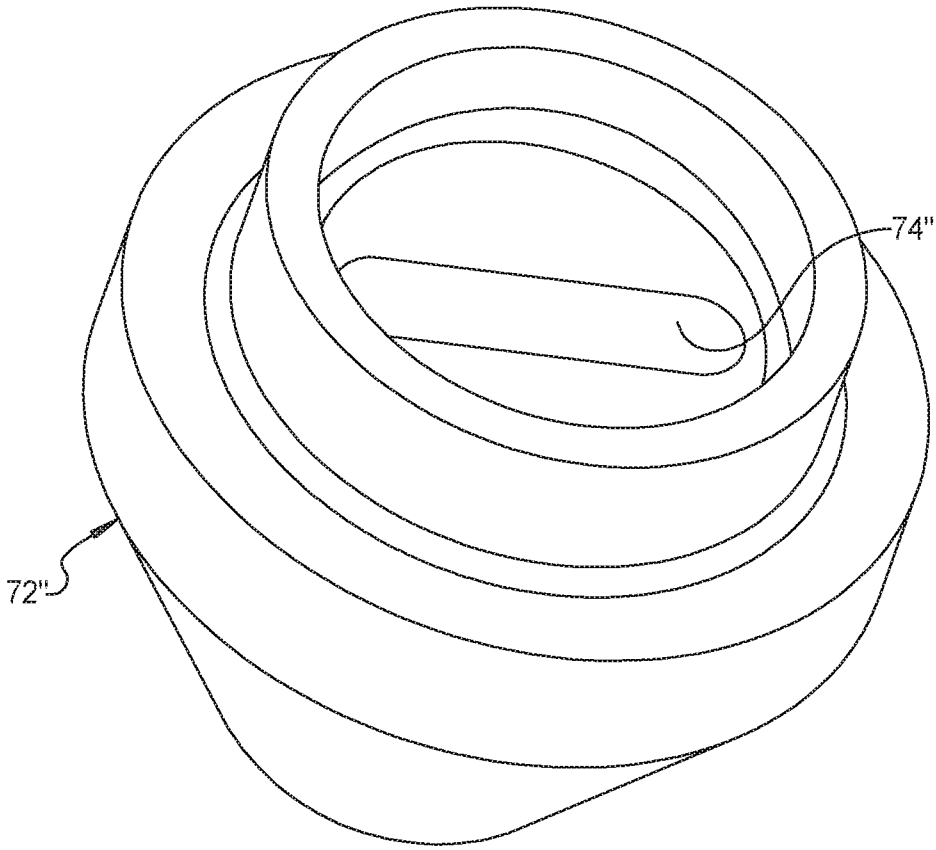


FIG 8

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US2017/013743

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(8) - A62C 37/08; A62C 35/00; A62C 37/10; A62C 37/11; A62C 37/12 (2017.01)

CPC - A62C 37/08; A62C 37/09; A62C 37/10; A62C 37/11; A62C 37/12; A62C 37/14; A62C 37/16; A62C 37/21; A62C 37/42 (2017.02)

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

See Search History document

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

USPC - 137/74; 169/37; 169/38; 169/39; 169/40; 169/41; 169/42; 169/90; 239/500; 239/514; 403/2; 403/32 (keyword delimited)

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

See Search History document

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 2014/0076585 A1 (TYCO FIRE PRODUCTS LP) 20 March 2014 (20.03.2014) entire document	1-5, 10-14
A	US 7,735,569 B2 (GREEN) 15 June 2010 (15.06.2010) entire document	1-14
A	US 2013/0284463 A1 (MULTER et al) 31 October 2013 (31.10.2013) entire document	1-14
A	US 9,114,267 B2 (VANEERDEN et al) 25 August 2015 (25.08.2015) entire document	1-14

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

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06 March 2017	30 MAR 2017
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