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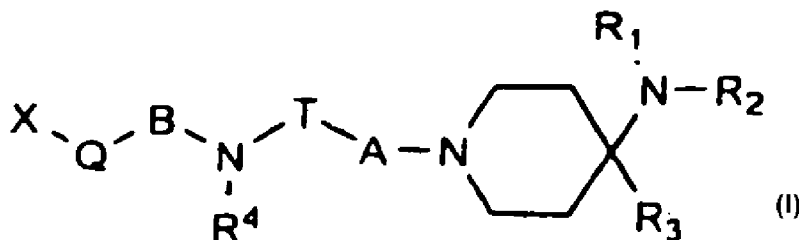
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(54) Title: SUBSTITUTED INDOLE DERIVATIVES



(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to substituted indole derivatives having the general formula (I) which act on the ORL 1 receptor wherein A and B mutually independently denote CH₂, C=O or SO₂, X stands for indolyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; T stands for (CR^{5a-c}R^{6a-c})_n, n = 1, 2 or 3, and Q stands for (CR^{7a-c}R^{8a-c})_m, m = 0, 1, 2 or 3, processes for the preparation thereof, medicinal products containing these compounds and the use of substituted indole derivatives for the preparation of medicinal products.

Substituted indole derivatives

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The present invention relates to substituted indole derivatives, processes for the preparation thereof, medicinal products containing these compounds and the use of substituted indole derivatives for the preparation of medicinal products.

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The heptadecapeptide nociceptin is an endogenous ligand of the ORL1 (opioid receptor-like) receptor (Meunier et al., Nature 377, 1995, p. 532-535), which belongs to the family of opioid receptors, is to be found in many regions of the brain and spinal cord, and has a high affinity for the ORL1 receptor. The ORL1 receptor is homologous to the μ , κ and δ opioid receptors and the amino acid sequence of the nociceptin peptide displays a strong similarity to those of

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the known opioid peptides. The activation of the receptor induced by nociceptin leads via the coupling with $G_{i/o}$ proteins to an inhibition of the adenylate cyclase (Meunier et al., Nature 377, 1995, p. 532-535).

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After intercerebroventricular application, the nociceptin peptide exhibits pronociceptive and hyperalgesic activity in various animal models (Reinscheid et al., Science 270, 1995, p. 792-794). These findings can be explained as an inhibition of stress-induced analgesia (Mogil et al., Neuroscience 75, 1996, p. 333-337). Anxiolytic activity of the nociceptin could also be demonstrated in this connection, (Jenck et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94, 1997, 14854-14858).

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On the other hand, an antinociceptive effect of nociceptin could also be demonstrated in various animal models, in particular after intrathecal application. Nociceptin has an antinociceptive effect in various pain models, for example in the tail flick test in mice (King et al., Neurosci. Lett., 223, 1997, 113-116). In models of neuropathic pain, an antinociceptive effect

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of nociceptin could likewise be detected and was particularly beneficial since the effectiveness of nociceptin increases after axotomy of spinal nerves. This contrasts with conventional opioids, the effectiveness of which decreases under these conditions (Abdulla and Smith, J. Neurosci., 18, 1998, p. 9685-9694).

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The ORL1 receptor is also involved in the regulation of further physiological and pathophysiological processes. These include inter alia learning and memory (Manabe et al., Nature, 394, 1997, p. 577-581), hearing capacity (Nishi et al., EMBO J., 16, 1997, p. 1858-1864) and numerous further processes. A synopsis by Calo et al. (Br. J. Pharmacol., 129,

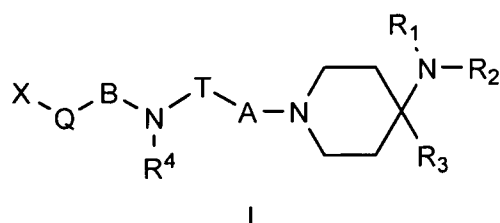
2000, 1261 – 1283) gives an overview of the indications or biological processes in which the ORL1-receptor plays a part or very probably plays a part. Mentioned inter alia are: analgesics, stimulation and regulation of food intake, effect on μ -agonists such as morphine, treatment of withdrawal symptoms, reduction of the addiction potential of opioids, anxiolysis, modulation of motor activity, memory disorders, epilepsy; modulation of neurotransmitter release, in particular of glutamate, serotonin and dopamine, and hence neurodegenerative diseases; influence on the cardiovascular system, triggering of an erection, diuresis, antinatriuresis, electrolyte balance, arterial blood pressure, water retention disorders, intestinal motility (diarrhoea), relaxation of the respiratory tract, micturation reflex (urinary incontinence). The use of agonists and antagonists as anorectics, analgesics (also when coadministered with opioids) or nootropics is also discussed.

The possible applications of compounds that bind to the ORL1 receptor and activate or inhibit it are correspondingly diverse. In addition, however, opioid receptors such as the μ -receptor, but also the other subtypes of these opioid receptors, namely δ and κ , play an important part in the field of pain therapy and also other of the aforementioned indications. It is accordingly desirable if the compound also has an effect on these opioid receptors.

The object of the present invention was to provide medicinal products which act on the nociceptin/ORL1 receptor system.

Surprisingly it has now been found that substituted indole derivatives having the general formula I act on the nociceptin/ORL1 receptor system and are suitable for the treatment of pain, anxiety conditions and other diseases.

The invention therefore provides substituted indole derivatives having the general formula I,



wherein

A and B mutually independently denote CH₂, C=O or SO₂

X stands for indolyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted;

T stands for $(\text{CR}^{5a-c}\text{R}^{6a-c})_n$, $n = 1, 2$ or 3

5 Q stands for $(\text{CR}^{7a-c}\text{R}^{8a-c})_m$, $m = 0, 1, 2$ or 3

R^1 and R^2 mutually independently denote C_{1-3} alkyl or H or the radicals R^1 and R^2 form a ring with inclusion of the N atom and together denote $(\text{CH}_2)_3$ or $(\text{CH}_2)_4$;

10 R^3 denotes aryl or heteroaryl, each optionally bound by a C_{1-3} alkyl chain, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; or C_{1-6} alkyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted;

15 R^4 denotes H; C_{1-6} alkyl, branched or unbranched, saturated or unsaturated, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; aryl, heteroaryl or cycloaryl, each optionally bound by a C_{1-3} alkyl chain;

20 R^{5a-c} and R^{6a-c} mutually independently stand for H; F, CN, OH, OCH_3 , OCF_3 ; C_{1-6} alkyl, each saturated or unsaturated, branched or unbranched, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; or for a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl radical bound by a C_{1-3} alkyl chain, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; or one of the radicals R^{5a-c} or R^{6a-c} forms a five-, six- or seven-membered ring with the radical R^4 with inclusion of the nitrogen atom, which ring can itself be substituted or unsubstituted or can be fused to a further five-, six- or seven-membered ring, which can be aromatic or non-aromatic;

30 $\text{R}^{7a-c}\text{R}^{8a-c}$ mutually independently stand for H; F, CN, OH, OCH_3 , OCF_3 ; C_{1-6} alkyl, each saturated or unsaturated, branched or unbranched, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; or for a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl radical bound by a C_{1-3} alkyl chain, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted;

or one of the radicals R^{7a-c} or R^{8a-c} forms a five-, six- or seven-membered unsaturated ring with a substituent in the 2 or 3 position of the indolyl ring X,

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with the proviso that compounds in which R^3 stands for a phenyl radical which is substituted in the 3 position with OH or OCOC_{1-8} alkyl are excluded from protection,

in the form of the racemate; the enantiomers, diastereomers, mixtures of enantiomers or diastereomers or a single enantiomer or diastereomer; the bases and/or salts of physiologically compatible acids or cations.

The compounds according to the invention exhibit good binding to the ORL1 receptor but also to the μ -opioid receptor.

Within the meaning of this invention the expressions "C₁₋₆ alkyl" and "C₁₋₃ alkyl" include acyclic saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radicals, which can be branched or straight-chain and unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted, having respectively 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 C atoms or 1, 2 or 3 C atoms, i.e. C₁₋₅ alkanyls, C₂₋₅ alkenyls and C₂₋₅ alkynyls or C₁₋₃ alkanyls, C₂₋₃ alkenyls and C₂₋₃ alkynyls. Alkenyls have at least one C-C double bond and alkynyls have at least one C-C triple bond. Alkyl is advantageously selected from the group comprising methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 2-propyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, n-hexyl, 2-hexyl; ethylenyl (vinyl), ethynyl, propenyl (-CH₂CH=CH₂, -CH=CH-CH₃, -C(=CH₂)-CH₃), propynyl (-CH-C \equiv CH, -C \equiv C-CH₃), 1,1-dimethylethyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, butenyl, butynyl, pentenyl, pentynyl, hexyl, hexenyl or hexynyl. Methyl and ethyl are particularly preferred within the meaning of this invention.

For the purposes of this invention the expression "cycloalkyl" or "C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl" denotes cyclic hydrocarbons having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 carbon atoms, wherein the hydrocarbons can be saturated or unsaturated (but not aromatic), unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted. C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl is advantageously selected from the group including cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cycloheptenyl and cyclooctenyl. Cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl are particularly preferred within the meaning of this invention.

The term (CH₂)₃₋₆ is understood to mean -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂- and CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-.

Within the meaning of this invention the expression "aryl" denotes carbocyclic ring systems having up to 14 ring members with at least one aromatic ring, but without heteroatoms in only one of the rings, inter alia phenyls, naphthyls and phenanthrenyls. The aryl radicals can also be fused to other saturated, (partially) unsaturated or aromatic ring systems. Each aryl radical can be present in unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted form, wherein the aryl

substituents can be identical or different and can be at any desired and possible position of the aryl. Phenyl or naphthyl radicals are particularly advantageous.

The expression "heteroaryl" stands for a 5-, 6- or 7-membered cyclic aromatic radical containing at least 1, optionally also 2, 3, 4 or 5 heteroatoms, wherein the heteroatoms can be identical or different and the heterocyclic compound can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; if the heterocyclic compound is substituted, the substituents can be identical or different and can be at any desired and possible position of the heteroaryl. The heterocyclic compound can also be part of a bicyclic or polycyclic system having up to 14 ring members. Preferred heteroatoms are nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur. It is preferable for the heteroaryl radical to be selected from the group including pyrrolyl, indolyl, furyl (furanlyl), benzofuranlyl, thienyl (thiophenyl), benzothieryl, benzothiadiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzotriazolyl, benzodioxolanyl, benzodioxanyl, phthalazinyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyridinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyranlyl, indazolyl, purinyl, indolizinyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, quinazolinyl, carbazolyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl or oxadiazolyl, wherein the binding to the compounds having the general structure I can be made via any desired and possible ring member of the heteroaryl radical.

In connection with definitions of substituents, "alkyl" denotes "C₁₋₆ alkyl" unless otherwise specified.

In connection with "alkyl" and "cycloalkyl", the term "substituted" within the meaning of this invention is understood to mean the substitution of one or more hydrogen radicals with F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, NH₂, NH-alkyl, NH-aryl, NH-heteroaryl, NH-cycloalkyl, NH-alkyl-aryl, NH-alkyl-heteroaryl, NH-alkyl-OH, N(alkyl)₂, N(alkyl-aryl)₂, N(alkyl-heteroaryl)₂, N(cycloalkyl)₂, N(alkyl-OH)₂, NO₂, SH, S-alkyl, S-aryl, S-heteroaryl, S-alkyl-aryl, S-alkyl-heteroaryl, S-cycloalkyl, S-alkyl-OH, S-alkyl-SH, OH, O-alkyl, O-aryl, O-heteroaryl, O-alkyl-aryl, O-alkyl-heteroaryl, O-cycloalkyl, O-alkyl-OH, CHO, C(=O)C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(=S)C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(=O)aryl, C(=S)aryl, C(=O)C₁₋₆ alkyl-aryl, C(=S)C₁₋₆ alkyl-aryl, C(=O)-heteroaryl, C(=S)-heteroaryl, C(=O)-cycloalkyl, C(=S)-cycloalkyl, CO₂H, CO₂ alkyl, CO₂ alkyl-aryl, C(=O)NH₂, C(=O)NH-alkyl, C(=O)NH-aryl, C(=O)NH-cycloalkyl, C(=O)N(alkyl)₂, C(=O)N(alkyl-aryl)₂, C(=O)N(alkyl-heteroaryl)₂, C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)₂, SO-alkyl, SO₂-alkyl, SO₂NH₂, SO₃H, PO(O-C₁₋₆ alkyl)₂ =O, =S, wherein polysubstituted radicals are understood to mean radicals which are either substituted multiple times, e.g. twice or three times, at different or the same atoms, for example three times at the same C atom, as in the case of CF₃ or -CH₂CF₃, or at different sites, as in the case of -CH(OH)-CH=CH-CHCl₂. The polysubstitution can take place with identical or with different substituents. A substituent can also optionally itself be substituted, so -O alkyl also includes

–O-CH₂-CH₂-O-CH₂-CH₂-OH. It is preferable within the meaning of this invention for alkyl or cycloalkyl to be substituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂, preferably F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂. It is most particularly preferred for alkyl or cycloalkyl to be substituted with OH, OCH₃ or OC₂H₅.

In connection with "aryl", "indolyl" or "heteroaryl", "mono- or polysubstituted" within the meaning of this invention is understood to mean the single or multiple, e.g. two, three, four or five times, substitution of one or more hydrogen atoms in the ring system with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NH₂, NH-alkyl, NH-aryl, NH-heteroaryl, NH-alkyl-aryl, NH-alkyl-heteroaryl, NH-cycloalkyl, NH-alkyl-OH, N(alkyl)₂, N(alkyl-aryl)₂, N(alkyl-heteroaryl)₂, N(cycloalkyl)₂, N(alkyl-OH)₂, NO₂, SH, S-alkyl, S-cycloalkyl, S-aryl, S-heteroaryl, S-alkyl-aryl, S-alkyl-heteroaryl, S-cycloalkyl, S-alkyl-OH, S-alkyl-SH, OH, O-alkyl, O-cycloalkyl, O-aryl, O-heteroaryl, O-alkyl-aryl, O-alkyl-heteroaryl, O-cycloalkyl, O-alkyl-OH, CHO, C(=O)C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(=S)C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(=O)aryl, C(=S)aryl, C(=O)-C₁₋₆ alkyl-aryl, C(=S)C₁₋₆ alkyl-aryl, C(=O)-heteroaryl, C(=S)-heteroaryl, C(=O)-cycloalkyl, C(=S)-cycloalkyl, CO₂H, CO₂-alkyl, CO₂-alkyl-aryl, C(=O)NH₂, C(=O)NH-alkyl, C(=O)NH-aryl, C(=O)NH-cycloalkyl, C(=O)N(alkyl)₂, C(=O)N(alkyl-aryl)₂, C(=O)N(alkyl-heteroaryl)₂, C(=O)N(cycloalkyl)₂, S(O)-alkyl, S(O)-aryl, SO₂-alkyl, SO₂-aryl, SO₂NH₂, SO₃H, CF₃; alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl and/or heteroaryl; at one or optionally different atoms (wherein a substituent can optionally itself be substituted). The polysubstitution is performed with identical or with different substituents. If an aryl, indolyl or heteroaryl radical is itself substituted with an aryl or heteroaryl radical optionally bound via a bridge, this substituent is preferably itself unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂.

It is particularly preferred within the meaning of this invention for aryl, indolyl or heteroaryl to be substituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂.

The term salt is understood to mean any form of the active ingredient according to the invention in which it assumes an ionic form or is charged and is coupled to a counterion (a cation or anion) or is in solution. Also included here are complexes of the active ingredient with other molecules and ions, in particular complexes which are complexed by means of ionic interactions. It means in particular (and this is also a preferred embodiment of this invention) physiologically compatible salts, in particular physiologically compatible salts with cations or bases and physiologically compatible salts with anions or acids or also a salt formed with a physiologically compatible acid or a physiologically compatible cation.

Within the meaning of this invention the term "physiologically compatible salt with anions or acids" is understood to mean salts of at least one of the compounds according to the invention - mostly protonated, for example on nitrogen - as cation with at least one anion, which are physiologically - particularly when used in humans and/or mammals - compatible.

Within the meaning of this invention this is particularly understood to mean the salt formed with a physiologically compatible acid, namely salts of the individual active ingredient with inorganic or organic acids which are physiologically - particularly when used in humans and/or mammals - compatible. Examples of physiologically compatible salts of certain acids are salts of: hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, methanesulfonic acid, formic acid, acetic acid, oxalic acid, succinic acid, malic acid, tartaric acid, mandelic acid, fumaric acid, lactic acid, citric acid, glutamic acid, saccharinic acid, monomethyl sebacic acid, 5-oxoproline, hexane-1-sulfonic acid, nicotinic acid, 2-, 3- or 4-aminobenzoic acid, 2,4,6-trimethylbenzoic acid, α -lipoic acid, acetylglycine, acetyl salicylic acid, hippuric acid and/or aspartic acid. The hydrochloride salt, the citrate and the hemicitrate are particularly preferred.

Within the meaning of this invention the term "salt formed with a physiologically compatible acid" is understood to mean salts of the individual active ingredient with inorganic or organic acids which are physiologically - particularly when used in humans and/or mammals - compatible. The hydrochloride and the citrate are particularly preferred. Examples of physiologically compatible acids are: hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, methanesulfonic acid, formic acid, acetic acid, oxalic acid, succinic acid, tartaric acid, mandelic acid, fumaric acid, lactic acid, citric acid, glutamic acid, saccharinic acid, monomethyl sebacic acid, 5-oxoproline, hexane-1-sulfonic acid, nicotinic acid, 2-, 3- or 4-aminobenzoic acid, 2,4,6-trimethylbenzoic acid, α -lipoic acid, acetylglycine, acetyl salicylic acid, hippuric acid and/or aspartic acid.

Within the meaning of this invention the term "physiologically compatible salt with cations or bases" is understood to mean salts of at least one of the compounds according to the invention - mostly a (deprotonated) acid - as anion with at least one, preferably inorganic, cation, which are physiologically - particularly when used in humans and/or mammals - compatible. Particularly preferred are the salts of the alkali and alkaline-earth metals, but also ammonium salts, but in particular (mono) or (di)sodium, (mono) or (di)potassium, magnesium or calcium salts.

Within the meaning of this invention the term "salt formed with a physiologically compatible cation" is understood to mean salts of at least one of the compounds as anion with at least

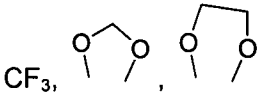


one inorganic cation, which is physiologically - particularly when used in humans and/or mammals - compatible. Particularly preferred are the salts of the alkali and alkaline-earth metals, but also ammonium salts, but in particular (mono) or (di)sodium, (mono) or (di)potassium, magnesium or calcium salts.

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Preferred within the meaning of this invention are substituted indole derivatives wherein

"alkyl substituted" and "cycloalkyl substituted" stands for the substitution of a hydrogen radical with F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, NH₂, NH-C₁₋₆ alkyl, NH-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OH, C₁₋₆ alkyl, N(C₁₋₆ alkyl)₂,
 10 N(C₁₋₆ alkyl-OH)₂, NO₂, SH, S-C₁₋₆ alkyl, S-benzyl, O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, OH, O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OH, =O, O-benzyl, C(=O)C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(=O)OC₁₋₆ alkyl, phenyl or benzyl,

and "aryl substituted", "indolyl substituted" and "heteroaryl substituted" stands for the single or multiple, e.g. two, three or four times, substitution of one or more hydrogen atoms in the
 15 ring system with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NH₂, NH-C₁₋₆ alkyl, NH-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OH, N(C₁₋₆ alkyl)₂, N(C₁₋₆ alkyl-OH)₂, NO₂, SH, S-C₁₋₆ alkyl, OH, O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OH, C(=O)-aryl; C(=O)C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(=O)NHC₁₋₆ alkyl; C(=O)-N-morpholine; C(=O)-piperidine; (C=O)-pyrrolidine; (C=O)-piperazine; NHSO₂C₁₋₆ alkyl, NHCOC₁₋₆ alkyl, CO₂H, CH₂SO₂ phenyl, CO₂-C₁₋₆ alkyl, OCF₃,

 CF₃, , , C₁₋₆ alkyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, benzyloxy, phenoxy,
 20 phenyl, pyridyl, alkylaryl, thienyl or furyl, wherein aryl and heteroaryl substituents can themselves be substituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂;

in the form of the racemate; the enantiomers, diastereomers, mixtures of enantiomers or
 25 diastereomers or a single enantiomer or diastereomer; the bases and/or salts of physiologically compatible acids or cations.

For a preferred embodiment of the substituted indole derivatives according to the invention,

30 A and B mutually independently denote CH₂ or C=O.

It is particularly preferable for A to denote CH₂ and B to denote CH₂ or C=O.

Substituted indole derivatives are preferred wherein X stands for indolyl, unsubstituted or
 35 mono- or polysubstituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, C₃H₈, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH,

OCH₃, OC₂H₅, N(CH₃)₂ or phenyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂.

Substituted indole derivatives are particularly preferred wherein X stands for indole, 1-methylindole, 5-fluoroindole, 5-methoxyindole, 5-bromoindole, 6-chloroindole, 6-fluoroindole, 6-methoxy-1,2-dimethylindole, 1,2-dimethylindole, 2-(4-fluorophenyl)indole, 2-phenylindole, 5-chloroindole or 6-*iso*-propylindole.

Also preferred are substituted indole derivatives wherein R¹ and R² mutually independently denote methyl or H or the radicals R¹ and R² form a ring with inclusion of the N atom and denote (CH₂)₃ or (CH₂)₄.

Most particularly preferred are substituted indole derivatives wherein R¹ and R² mutually independently denote methyl or H, preferably methyl.

Also preferred are substituted indole derivatives wherein R³ stands for phenyl, benzyl or phenethyl, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted at the ring; C₁₋₆ alkyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; pyridyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl or benzimidazolyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted.

Particularly preferred are substituted indole derivatives having the general formula I, wherein R³ stands for phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, thienyl, pyridyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, benzimidazolyl or benzyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with F, Cl, Br, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂; ethyl, n-propyl, 2-propyl, allyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, n-hexyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with OH, OCH₃ or OC₂H₅.

wherein thienyl, pyridyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl and benzimidazolyl are preferably unsubstituted;

in particular

phenyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted with F, Cl, CN, CH₃; thienyl; or n-butyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with OCH₃, OH or OC₂H₅, in particular with OCH₃.

Also preferred are substituted indole derivatives wherein

R⁴ denotes H, CH₃ or benzyl, in particular H.

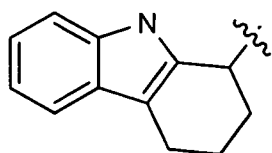
Further preferred are substituted indole derivatives wherein

R^{5a-c} and R^{6a-c} stand for H.

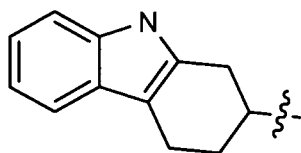
Also preferred are substituted indole derivatives wherein

$R^{7a-c}R^{8a-c}$ mutually independently denotes H; C_{1-6} alkyl, saturated or unsaturated, branched or unbranched,

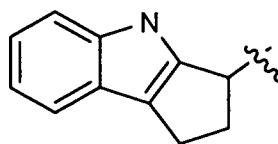
or one of the radicals R^{7a-c} or R^{8a-c} forms a five-, six- or seven-membered unsaturated ring with a substituent in the 3 position of the indolyl ring X, such that a structural element having the general formulae IIa-f is produced:



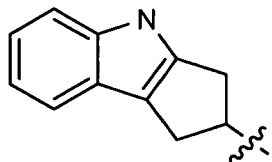
IIa



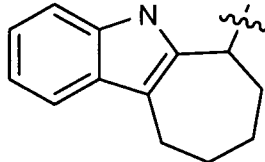
IIb



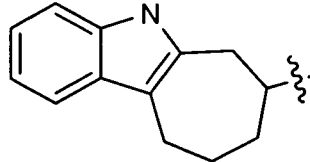
IIc



IIId



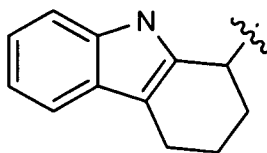
IIe



IIIf

Particularly preferred are substituted indole derivatives having the general formula I, wherein $R^{7a-c}R^{8a-c}$ mutually independently stand for H; CH_3 , ethyl or propyl;

or one of the radicals R^{7a-c} or R^{8a-c} forms a six-membered unsaturated ring with a substituent in the 3 position of the indolyl ring X, such that the structural element having the general formula IIa is produced:



IIa

5 Most particularly preferred are substituted indole derivatives from the group comprising

- 1 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 2 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 3 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 4 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 5 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 6 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 7 6-Chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 8 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetamide
- 9 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 10 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 11 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 12 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 13 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 14 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide

- 15 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 16 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 17 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 18 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 19 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 20 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 21 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 22 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-methoxy-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 23 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 24 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 25 6-Chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 26 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 27 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 28 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 29 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 30 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 31 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 32 3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)pentanamide
- 33 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide

- 34 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 35 6-Chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 36 2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)acetamide
- 37 N,1-Dimethyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 38 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 39 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 40 N,1-Dimethyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 41 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 42 6-Chloro-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 43 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-6-chloro-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 44 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 45 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 46 N-Methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 47 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 48 N-Methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)propanamide
- 49 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 50 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 51 5-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide

- 52 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 53 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 54 N-Methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 55 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 56 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 57 3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)butanamide
- 58 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 59 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 60 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 61 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 62 2-(5-Bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)acetamide
- 63 2-(5-Bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methylacetamide
- 64 5-Methoxy-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 65 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-methoxy-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 66 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-methoxy-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 67 1-(3-(((6-Isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)propyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 68 1-(2-(((1H-Indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 69 1-(2-(((1H-Indol-5-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 70 1-(2-(((2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 71 N,N-Dimethyl-1-(2-(methyl((2-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine

- 72 1-(2-((5-Chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 73 1-(2-(((6-Isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 74 1-(2-((6-Isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 75 1-(2-(((5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 76 1-(2-((5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 77 1-(2-(((1-Benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 78 1-(2-((1-Benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 79 1-(2-(((1,2-Dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 80 1-(2-((1,2-Dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 81 1-(3-(((1,2-Dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)propyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 82 N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 83 2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 84 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 85 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 86 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)indolin-1-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethanone
- 87 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 88 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide

- 89 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)indolin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentan-1-one
- 90 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 91 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butanamide
- 92 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butanamide
- 93 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetamide
- 94 N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 95 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 96 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 97 6-chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 98 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 99 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 100 2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methylacetamide
- 101 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 102 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 103 (6-chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazol-1-yl)(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 104 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(5-fluoro-1H-indole-2-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone

- 105 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 106 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentan-1-one
- 107 6-chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 108 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 109 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 110 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 111 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 112 N-(2-(4-butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 113 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 114 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carbonyl)indolin-3-yl)methanone
- 115 2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone
- 116 6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 117 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 118 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carbonyl)indolin-3-yl)methanone
- 119 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 120 6-(dimethylamino)-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide

- 121 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 122 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butan-1-one
- 123 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propan-1-one
- 124 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethanone
- 125 (1-(1H-indole-6-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 126 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 127 6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 128 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 129 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-5-methoxy-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 130 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 131 (1-(1H-indole-3-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 132 N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 133 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propan-1-one
- 134 6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 135 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 136 (6-(dimethylamino)-1H-indol-2-yl)(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)methanone

- 137 N-((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
- 138 1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
- 139 3-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
- 140 N-((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
- 141 1-(2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
- 142 3-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
- 143 N-((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
- 144 1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
- 145 3-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
- 146 2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methylbutan-1-one
- 147 2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylethanone
- 148 (1-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 149 2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methylbutan-1-one
- 150 2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylethanone
- 151 (1-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 152 (1-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone

- 153 N-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
- 154 1-(2-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
- 155 (1-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 156 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 157 1-(2-(((1H-indol-7-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
- 158 (1-(((1H-indol-7-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 159 N-((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
- 160 1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
- 161 (1-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 162 3-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
- 163 3-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
- 164 3-((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
- 165 3-((1H-indol-5-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
- 166 (1-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 167 1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)propan-1-one
- 168 1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-one

- 169 3-((1H-indol-6-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
- 170 (1-((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 171 3-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
- 172 2-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone
- 173 3-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
- 174 3-((1H-indol-4-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
- 175 (1-((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 176 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((6-methoxy-1,2-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 177 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 178 1-(2-((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 179 1-(2-((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 180 1-(2-(((6-isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 181 1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 182 1-(2-(((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 183 1-(2-(((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 184 1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine

- 185 1-(2-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 186 1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 187 1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 188 1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 189 1-(2-(((1,2-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 190 1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 191 1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 192 1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 193 1-(2-(((1-benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 194 1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 195 1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine

in the form of the racemate; the enantiomers, diastereomers, mixtures of enantiomers or diastereomers or a single enantiomer or diastereomer; the bases and/or salts of physiologically compatible acids or cations.

5

The substances according to the invention act for example on the ORL1 receptor of relevance in connection with various diseases, such that they are suitable as a pharmaceutical active ingredient in a medicinal product. The invention therefore also provides medicinal products containing at least one substituted indole derivative according to the invention, optionally along with suitable additives and/or auxiliary substances and/or optionally further active ingredients.

10

The medicinal products according to the invention optionally contain, in addition to at least one substituted indole derivative according to the invention, suitable additives and/or auxiliary substances, including carrier materials, fillers, solvents, diluents, dyes and/or binders, and can be administered as liquid dosage forms in the form of injection solutions, drops or juices, as semi-solid dosage forms in the form of granules, tablets, pellets, patches, capsules, plasters/spray plasters or aerosols. The choice of auxiliary substances, etc., and the amount thereof to use depend on whether the medicinal product is to be administered by oral, peroral, parenteral, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intradermal, intramuscular, intranasal, buccal, rectal or local means, for example on the skin, mucous membranes or in the eyes.

Preparations in the form of tablets, pastilles, capsules, granules, drops, juices and syrups are suitable for oral administration; solutions, suspensions, easily reconstitutable dry preparations and sprays are suitable for parenteral, topical and inhalative administration. Substituted indole derivatives according to the invention in a depot formulation, in dissolved form or in a plaster, optionally with addition of agents promoting skin penetration, are suitable preparations for percutaneous administration. Preparation forms suitable for oral or percutaneous administration can deliver the substituted indole derivatives according to the invention on a delayed release basis. The substituted indole derivatives according to the invention can also be used in parenteral long-term depot forms, such as implants or implanted pumps, for example. Other additional active ingredients known to the person skilled in the art can be added in principle to the medicinal products according to the invention.

The amount of active ingredient to be administered to the patient varies according to the weight of the patient, the type of administration, the indication and the severity of the illness. 0.00005 to 50 mg/kg, preferably 0.001 to 0.5 mg/kg, of at least one substituted indole derivative according to the invention are conventionally administered.

A preferred form of the medicinal product contains a substituted indole derivative according to the invention as a pure diastereomer and/or enantiomer, as a racemate or as a non-equimolar or equimolar mixture of diastereomers and/or enantiomers.

As was mentioned in the introduction in respect of the prior art, the ORL1 receptor has been identified in particular in the pain mechanism. Substituted indole derivatives according to the invention can accordingly be used for the preparation of a medicinal product for the treatment of pain, in particular acute, neuropathic or chronic pain.

The invention therefore also provides the use of a substituted indole derivative according to the invention to prepare a medicinal product for the treatment of pain, in particular acute, visceral, neuropathic or chronic pain.

5 The invention also provides the use of a substituted indole derivative according to the invention to prepare a medicinal product for the treatment of anxiety conditions, stress and stress-related syndromes, depression, epilepsy, Alzheimer's disease, senile dementia, general cognitive dysfunctions, learning and memory disorders (as a nootropic), withdrawal
10 symptoms, alcohol and/or drug and/or prescription drug abuse and/or dependency, sexual dysfunctions, cardiovascular diseases, hypotension, hypertension, tinnitus, pruritus, migraine, hearing impairment, gastrointestinal motility disorders, food intake disorders, anorexia, obesity, locomotive disorders, diarrhoea, cachexia, urinary incontinence, or as a muscle relaxant, anticonvulsant or anaesthetic, or for coadministration in treatment with an opioid analgesic or with an anaesthetic, for diuresis or antinatriuresis, anxiolysis, for the
15 modulation of motor activity, for the modulation of neurotransmitter release and treatment of associated neurodegenerative diseases, for the treatment of withdrawal symptoms and/or for the reduction of the addiction potential of opioids.

20 In one of the above uses it can be preferable for a substituted indole derivative that is used to be in the form of a pure diastereomer and/or enantiomer, a racemate or a non-equimolar or equimolar mixture of diastereomers and/or enantiomers.

The invention also provides a process for the treatment, in particular in one of the aforementioned indications, of a non-human mammal or human requiring treatment of pain,
25 in particular chronic pain, by administration of a therapeutically active dose of a substituted indole derivative according to the invention or of a medicinal product according to the invention.

30 The present invention also provides a process for preparing the substituted indole compounds according to the invention. The chemicals and reaction components used in the reactions described are available commercially or can be produced by methods known to the person skilled in the art.

General process for preparing compounds having the general formula I

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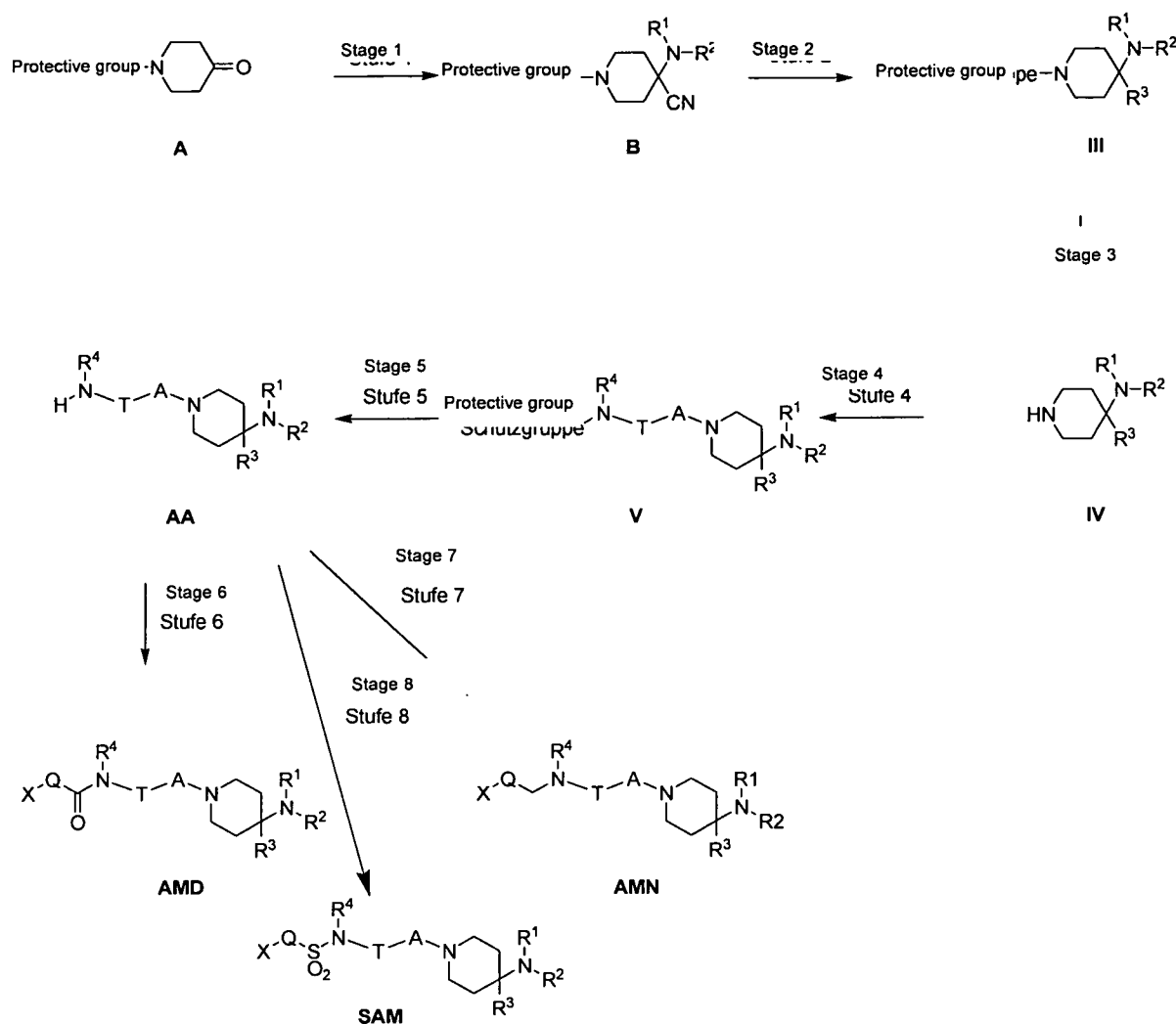


Figure 1: Synthesis routes

- 5 The compounds having the general formula **AA**, as shown in Figure 1, can be converted to compounds having the formula **AMD**, **SAM** and **AMN**.

The protective group in formula **A**, **B** and **III** is a suitable nitrogen protective group, preferably benzyl or *tert*-butoxycarbonyl.

10

In stage 1, compounds known from the literature having the general formula **A** in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, dioxane, diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, water and dimethyl formamide, are reacted with an amine having the general formula HNR^1R^2 , wherein R^1 and R^2 have the meaning given above, and potassium cyanide or sodium cyanide, with addition of at least one acid, preferably selected from the group consisting of sodium hydrogen sulfite, acetic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, hydrochloric

15

acid and sulfuric acid, at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 60°C, to form compounds having the general formula **B**.

In stage 2, compounds having the general formula **B** in at least one solvent, preferably
5 selected from the group consisting of tetrahydrofuran, diethyl ether and dioxane, are reacted with a Grignard reagent R^3MgBr or R^3MgCl , wherein R^3 has the meaning given above, at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 80°C, to form compounds having the general formula **III**.

In stage 3, compounds having the general formula **III** are converted to compounds having the
10 general formula **IV** by elimination of the protective group.

If the protective group is benzyl, the conversion to compounds having the general formula **IV** takes place in 2 steps. First of all the compounds having the general formula **III** (protective group = benzyl) in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of
15 chloroform, diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, acetonitrile, acetone and dimethyl formamide, are reacted with carbobenzoxychloride (CbzCl) at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 80°C to form compounds having the general formula **III** (protective group = Cbz). Then the compounds having the general formula **III** (protective group = Cbz) in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran,
20 acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide and dimethyl sulfoxide, are reacted with an inorganic base, preferably selected from the group consisting of lithium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide and potassium hydroxide, at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 80°C, to form compounds having the general formula **IV**.

Alternatively, compounds having the general formula **III** (protective group = benzyl) in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, ethyl acetate, chloroform, diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, acetone and dimethyl formamide in the presence of a catalyst, preferably selected from the group consisting of palladium on carbon, palladium hydroxide, palladium acetate and palladium black, are reacted with a suitable
30 hydrogen source, preferably selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, formic acid, 1,3-cyclohexadiene and ammonium formate, at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 80°C, to form compounds having the general formula **IV**.

If the protective group is *tert*-butoxycarbonyl (Boc), then the compounds having the general
35 formula **III** in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, dichloromethane, diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, acetonitrile, dioxane, dimethyl formamide and dimethyl sulfoxide, are reacted with an acid, preferably selected from the

group consisting of trifluoroacetic acid, sulfuric acid and hydrochloric acid, at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 80°C, to form compounds having the general formula IV.

In stage 4, the compounds having the general formula IV in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of dioxane, diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, acetonitrile and dimethyl formamide, are reacted with a suitable alkyl halide in the presence of an excess of a base, preferably selected from the group consisting of caesium carbonate, calcium carbonate, potassium carbonate, triethylamine, diisopropyl ethylamine and pyridine, at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 80°C, to form compounds having the general formula V.

Alternatively, compounds having the general formula IV are reacted with a suitable aldehyde in at least one organic solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, methanol, ethanol, dichloroethane, dichloromethane and toluene, with addition of at least one reducing agent, preferably selected from the group consisting of borane-pyridine complex, sodium boron hydride, sodium triacetoxyboron hydride, sodium cyanoboron hydride and triethylsilane, optionally in the presence of at least one acid, preferably selected from the group consisting of formic acid, acetic acid, hydrochloric acid and trifluoroacetic acid, at temperatures of preferably -70°C to 100°C, to form compounds having the general formula V.

Alternatively, compounds having the general formula IV in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of dichloromethane, acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide, diethyl ether, dioxane and tetrahydrofuran, are reacted with acids having the general formula protective group-NR₄-T-CO₂H, wherein protective group, R₄ and T have the meanings given above, with addition of at least one coupling reagent, preferably selected from the group consisting of carbonyl diimidazole (CDI), 2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide (Mukaiyama reagent), *N*-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-*N'*-ethylcarbodiimide (EDCI), *O*-(benzotriazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate (TBTU), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) and 1-benzotriazolyloxy-tris-(dimethylamino)-phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP), optionally in the presence of at least one inorganic base, preferably selected from the group consisting of potassium carbonate and caesium carbonate, or an organic base, preferably selected from the group consisting of triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine and pyridine, and optionally with addition of 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine or 1-hydroxybenzotriazole, to form compounds having the general formula V.

In stage 5, if the protective group is not H, the protective group is eliminated. If the protective group is *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, then the compounds having the general formula V in at least

one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, methanol, ethanol, dichloromethane, dioxane and dimethyl formamide, are reacted with an acid, preferably selected from the group consisting of trifluoroacetic acid, hydrochloric acid and sulfuric acid, at temperatures of preferably 0°C to 80°C, to form compounds having the general formula **AA**.

In stage 6, compounds having the general formula **AA** in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of dichloromethane, acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide, diethyl ether, dioxane and tetrahydrofuran, are reacted with acids having the general formula X-Q-CO₂H, wherein X and Q have the meanings given above, with addition of at least one coupling reagent, preferably selected from the group consisting of carbonyl diimidazole (CDI), 2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide (Mukaiyama reagent), *N*-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-*N'*-ethylcarbodiimide (EDCI), *O*-(benzotriazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate (TBTU), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) and 1-benzotriazolyloxy-tris-(dimethylamino)-phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP), optionally in the presence of at least one inorganic base, preferably selected from the group consisting of potassium carbonate and caesium carbonate, or an organic base, preferably selected from the group consisting of triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine and pyridine, and optionally with addition of 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine or 1-hydroxybenzotriazole, to form compounds having the general formula **AMD**.

In stage 7, compounds having the general formula **AA** are reacted with aldehydes having the general formula X-Q-CHO, wherein X and Q have the meanings given above, in at least one organic solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, methanol, ethanol, dichloroethane, dichloromethane and toluene, with addition of at least one reducing agent, preferably selected from the group consisting of borane-pyridine complex, sodium boron hydride, sodium triacetoxyboron hydride, sodium cyanoboron hydride and triethylsilane, optionally in the presence of at least one acid, preferably selected from the group consisting of formic acid, acetic acid, hydrochloric acid and trifluoroacetic acid, at temperatures of preferably -70°C to 100°C, to form compounds having the general formula **AMN**.

In stage 8, compounds having the general formula **AA** are reacted with sulfonyl chlorides having the general formula X-Q-SO₂Cl, wherein X and Q have the meanings given above, in at least one organic solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of dichloromethane, acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide, diethyl ether, dioxane, tetrahydrofuran, methanol, ethanol and toluene, in the presence of an excess of a base, preferably selected

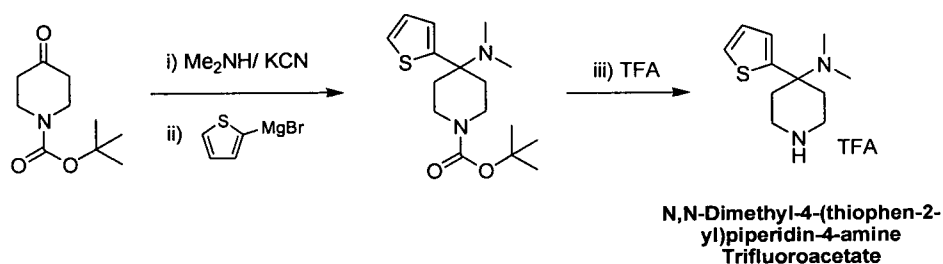
from the group consisting of caesium carbonate, calcium carbonate, potassium carbonate, triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine and pyridine, at temperatures of preferably -70°C to 100°C, to form compounds having the general formula **SAM**.

5 Examples

Amine Building Blocks AA:

Common Intermediates and general procedures

Synthesis of N,N -Dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate:



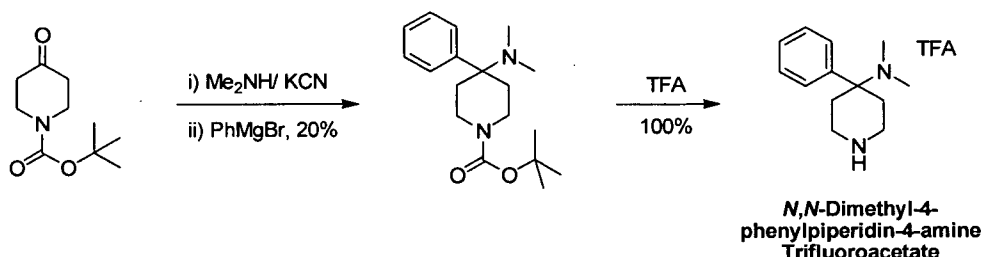
Step-1: Dimethylamine (10 eq.) was added to a solution of 1,4-Cyclohexanedione monoethylene acetal (12.8 mmol) in methanol (5 ml) and acetic acid (3 ml) at 0 °C. Then potassium cyanide (2.5 eq.) was added to the reaction mixture through solid addition funnel and stirred for another 16 h. The reaction mixture was slowly quenched with NH₄OH solution (50 g ice + 50 ml liquor ammonia) and stirred at 0 °C for another half an hour. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethylacetate. Organic layer was washed with water, satd. FeSO₄, brine successively and dried over anh. Sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the pure desired product. Yield: 94%

Step-2: A solution of step-1 product (2 mmol) in THF (5 ml) was added to an ice-cold solution of thiophene-2-magnesium bromide (5 eq, freshly prepared from 2-bromothiophene, Mg and catalytic amount of I₂ in 30 ml THF) and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at RT for 16 h under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was quenched with satd. Ammonia solution under ice-cold condition and extracted with ethylacetate. Organic layer was washed with water, brine successively and dried over anh. Sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude product. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOH/Hexane) to give the desired step-2 product. Yield: 30%

Step-3: To a solution of step-2 product (1.64 mmol) in DCM (5 ml) was added TFA (1 ml) at 0 °C and stirred for 2 h at RT. Then the reaction mixture was concentrated and the crude mass was azeotroped twice with dry toluene to give the TFA salt of the amine that was used as such for the coupling reactions.

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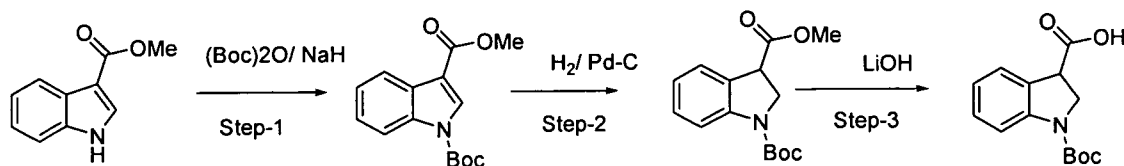
Synthesis of *N,N*-Dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate



Step-1: Dimethylamine (10 eq.) was added to a solution of 1,4-Cyclohexanedione monoethylene acetal (12.8 mmol) in methanol (5 ml) and acetic acid (3 ml) at 0 °C. Then potassium cyanide (2.5 eq.) was added to the reaction mixture through solid addition funnel and stirred for another 16 h. The reaction mixture was slowly quenched with NH_4OH solution (50 g ice + 50 ml liquor ammonia) and stirred at 0 °C for another half an hour. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethylacetate. Organic layer was washed with water, satd. FeSO_4 , brine successively and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the pure desired product. Yield: 94%

Step-2: A solution of step-1 product (2 mmol) in THF (5 ml) was added to an ice-cold solution of phenyl magnesium bromide (5 eq. 1M solution in THF) and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at RT for 16 h under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was quenched with satd. ammonia solution under ice-cold condition and extracted with ethylacetate. Organic layer was washed with water, brine successively and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude product. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOH/Hexane) to give the desired step-2 product. Yield: 20%

Step-3: To a solution of step-2 product (1.64 mmol) in DCM (5 ml) was added TFA (1 ml) at 0 °C and stirred for 2 h at RT. Then the reaction mixture was concentrated and the crude mass was azeotroped twice with dry toluene to give the TFA salt of the amine that was used as such for the coupling reactions.

Synthesis of 1-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)indoline-3-carboxylic acid

Step-1: Methyl-3 indole carboxylate (17.1 mmol) was placed in a 50 ml round bottom flask with NaH (1.5 eq.) and cooled to an ice-bath. THF (20 ml) was added with stirring. After 30 minutes Boc-anhydride (1.5 eq.) was added and stirred for overnight. The reaction mixture was quenched with satd. Ammonium chloride solution, diluted with ether and washed with water. The organic layer was dried with anh. sodium sulfate and concentrated. The crude mass was purified by column chromatography (EA/ hexane) to give the desired product. Yield: 98%

Step-2: The Step-1 product was hydrogenated (8 mmol) in parr-shaker with 5% Pd/C (1 g) using 60 psi hydrogen pressure in a mixture of ethyl acetate (30 ml) and methanol (10 ml) for 3 days. The reaction mixture was filtered and filtrate was concentrated. The crude mass was purified by column chromatography (EA/ hexane) to give the desired product. Yield: 98%

Step-3: To a suspension of Step-2 product (11.75 mmol) in methanol (40 ml), tetrahydrofuran (40ml) and water (30 ml) was added LiOH.H₂O (5 eq) and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 25 °C for overnight. Methanol and THF were completely evaporated; aqueous layer was acidified with 1(N) HCl and filtered. The white solid was taken in a mixture of 350 ml acetone and 50 ml methanol and stirred for 1 h. After filtration the white solid was dried under vacuum to give desired acid intermediate. Yield: 84%

General procedure No. 1 – Amidation reaction:

To a dichloromethane solution (3 ml/mmol) of N-boc-amino acid (1 eq.) was added EDCI (1.5 eq.), HOBT (1 eq.), DIPEA (2.5 eq.) and the resulting reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 15 minutes at 25°C. In another round bottom flask, TFA salt of N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate (1.5 eq) in dichloromethane (1 ml/ mmol) was cooled in ice bath, treated with DIPEA (4 eq.) and it was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 25°C for 16 hrs and diluted with dichloromethane. Organic layer was successively washed with aqueous ammonium chloride, sodium bicarbonate and brine and finally dried over sodium sulfate. Evaporation of organic layer under reduced pressure

gave the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography on neutral alumina using MeOH/DCM as eluent.

General procedure No. 2 – Boc-deprotection:

At 0°C, 5-10 equiv of acetylchloride were added to a solution of the boc protected amine in methanol. Progress of the reaction was followed via TLC. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, after complete conversion. The desired product was obtained as hydrochloride and utilized in the subsequent reactions without further purification.

1) Amine structural units AA:

Structural unit AA-1: *N,N*-Dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

Stage 1: 1-Benzyl-*N,N*-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine

A little iodine was added to a mixture of 34.5 g (3.5 eq) magnesium and 100 ml dry diethyl ether, followed over a period of 10 min by 10 g (0.15 eq) bromobenzene, and the mixture was stirred for a further 10 min. Once the reaction had started, 183 g (2.85 eq) bromobenzene dissolved in 500 ml diethyl ether were added dropwise over a period of 2 h and the mixture was stirred for a further 15 min. 100 g (1 eq) 1-benzyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidine-4-carbonitrile dissolved in 900 ml diethyl ether were added over a period of 2 h to the Grignard reagent prepared in the preceding step and the mixture was then heated for 12 h at 80°C. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction solution was cooled to 0°C, mixed with saturated NH₄Cl solution, extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 300 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 1% MeOH/CHCl₃). 30 g (35%) of product were obtained in the form of a yellow solid.

Stage 2: Benzyloxycarbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine

500 ml (10 eq) Cbz chloride were added dropwise to 50 g (1 eq) 1-benzyl-*N,N*-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine over a period of 1 h and the reaction mixture obtained was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C, made alkaline with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate

solution and extracted 3 times with 300 ml EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 50% EtOAc/heptane). 12 g (21%) of product were obtained in the form of an oil.

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Stage 3: *tert*-Butyloxycarbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine

12.2 g KOH were added to a solution of 12 g (1 eq) benzyloxycarbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine in 120 ml ethanol and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 48 h. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃).

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Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was distilled off completely, the residue suspended in ethyl acetate, filtered, and the organic phase dried over sodium sulfate.

Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the crude product was dissolved in dioxane, mixed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and 11.9 g (1.5 eq) of Boc anhydride and stirred for 30 min at room temperature. Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was extracted with 3 x 200 ml ethyl acetate and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 8.5 g (77%) of crude product were obtained in the form of a colourless solid.

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Stage 4: *N,N*-Dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine bishydrochloride

10 equivalents of acetyl chloride were added to a solution of *tert*-butyloxycarbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine in methanol at 0°C. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the product obtained in the form of a solid.

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Stage 5: *tert*-Butyl 2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl(methyl)carbamate

7 g (1 eq) *N,N*-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine were added in portions to a solution of 6.5 g (1.5 eq) *tert*-butyl methyl(2-oxoethyl)carbamate in 60 ml methanol. This reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C, 3.97 g (2.5 eq) sodium cyanoboron hydride were added in portions and then the mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. The reaction mixture obtained was adjusted to a pH of ~ 5 with acetic acid and stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). As the conversion was still not complete, 1.5 g sodium cyanoboron hydride and acetic acid were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for a further 30 to 45 min.

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Once the conversion was complete, the methanol was distilled off, 100 ml saturated NaHCO₃ solution were added and the mixture obtained was extracted with chloroform (2 x 200 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 5% MeOH/CHCl₃). 8 g (64%) of product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 6: *N,N*-Dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 9 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl(methyl)carbamate in 600 ml CH₃Cl for 30 min. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the passage of HCl gas was continued for a further 30 min and the completeness of the conversion again monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and 7.2 g (96%) of the desired product obtained in the form of a white solid.

Structural unit AA-2: *N*-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine tris hydrochloride

Stage 1: 1-Benzyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine-4-carbonitrile

100 g (5 eq) pyrrolidine were added to a solution of 50 g (1 eq) 1-benzylpiperidin-4-one in 250 ml ethanol and the mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. 25 ml (0.5 eq) hydrochloric acid were then added dropwise to the reaction mixture over a period of 10 min and the mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. 55 g (3 eq) potassium cyanide dissolved in 250 ml water were added to this reaction mixture and it was stirred for three days at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (50% EtOAc/heptane). Once the conversion was complete, the solid that had formed was filtered off and washed with iced water (3 x 150 ml). The solid obtained was then suspended in ethyl acetate and dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 70 g of crude product were obtained in the form of a solid.

Stage 2: 1-Benzyl-4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine

A little iodine was added to a mixture of 31.2 g (5 eq) magnesium and 100 ml dry THF, followed over a period of 10 min by 10 g (0.25 eq) bromobenzene, and the mixture was

stirred for a further 10 min. Once the reaction had started, 194.2 g (4.75 eq) bromobenzene dissolved in 500 ml THF were added dropwise over a period of 2 h and the mixture was stirred for a further 15 min. 70 g (1 eq) 1-benzyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine-4-carbonitrile dissolved in 450 ml THF were added over a period of 2 h to the Grignard reagent prepared in the preceding step and the mixture was then heated for 12 h at 80°C. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction solution was cooled to 0°C, mixed with saturated NH₄Cl solution, extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 200 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 33 g (40%) of crude product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 3: Benzyloxycarbonyl-4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine

60 g (3.5 eq) Cbz chloride were added dropwise to a solution of 33 g (1 eq) 1-benzyl-4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine in 330 ml chloroform over a period of 10 min and the reaction mixture obtained was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (ethyl acetate). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was distilled off completely and the residue adjusted to a pH of ~ 6 with 10% HCl solution and washed 3 times with 100 ml EtOAc. In an ice bath the aqueous solution was adjusted to a pH of ~ 9 with NaOH solution and then extracted 3 times with 100 ml chloroform. The combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 20% EtOAc/heptane). 11 g (29%) of product were obtained in the form of a yellow solid.

Stage 4: 4-Phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine

11 g KOH were added to a solution of 7.3 g (1 eq) benzyloxycarbonyl-4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine in 100 ml ethanol and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 24 h. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was distilled off completely and the residue mixed with 100 ml water and extracted 3 times with 100 ml CHCl₃. The combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 7 g of crude product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 5: 4-Phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine bishydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 9 g (1 eq) 4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine in 180 ml chloroform for ~ 30 min until the reaction mixture reached a pH of ~ 2. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue washed with ethyl acetate (3 x 100 ml) and dried. 9 g (76%) of product were obtained in the form of a solid.

Stage 6: *tert*-Butyl methyl(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamate

7 g (1 eq) 4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidine bishydrochloride were added to a solution of 4.4 g (1.1 eq) *tert*-butyl-methyl(2-oxoethyl)carbamate in 70 ml methanol under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at 0°C. 3.62 g (2.5 eq) sodium cyanoboron hydride were then added and the mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction mixture obtained was adjusted to a pH of 5-6 with acetic acid and stirred for 14 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the methanol was distilled off, saturated NaHCO₃ solution was added and the mixture obtained was extracted with chloroform (3 x 50 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 50% EtOAc/heptane). 8 g (89%) of product were obtained in the form of a red oil.

Stage 7: *tert*-Butyl methyl(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamate tris hydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 8 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl methyl(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamate in 160 ml chloroform at 0°C for ~ 30 min until the reaction mixture reached a pH of ~ 2. The reaction mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and 8 g (97%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Structural unit AA-3: 1-(2-Aminoethyl)-*N,N*-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

Stage 1: *tert*-Butyloxycarbonyl-4-cyano-4-(dimethylamino)piperidine

500 ml (10 eq) dimethylamine solution and 109.9 g (5 eq) dimethylamine hydrochloride were added to a solution of 50 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyloxycarbonyl-4-oxopiperidine in 100 ml methanol and the mixture was cooled to 5°C. 5 ml (0.1 eq) hydrochloric acid were then added dropwise to the reaction mixture over a period of 10 min and the mixture was stirred for 60 min at room temperature. 48.9 g (3 eq) potassium cyanide were added in portions to this reaction mixture and the mixture was stirred for 24 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (50% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, 150 ml water were added to the reaction mixture and it was extracted 3 times with 100 ml ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, crude product was obtained which was recrystallised out of hexane. 57 g (90%) of product were obtained in the form of a colourless solid.

Stage 2: *tert*-Butyloxycarbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidine

A little iodine was added to a mixture of 5.6 g (3 eq) magnesium and 20 ml dry diethyl ether, followed over a period of 10 min by 5 g 2-bromothiophene, and the mixture was stirred for a further 10 min. Once the reaction had started, 33.5 g (2.6 eq) 2-bromothiophene dissolved in 80 ml diethyl ether were added dropwise and the mixture was stirred for a period of 2 h at room temperature. The Grignard reagent prepared in the preceding step was added dropwise to a solution of 20 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyloxycarbonyl-4-cyano-4-(dimethylamino)-piperidine dissolved in 200 ml THF and stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (50% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction solution was cooled to 0°C, mixed with saturated NH₄Cl solution, extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 100 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (Alox neutral; 30% EtOAc/hexane). 6.1 g (25%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Stage 3: *N,N*-Dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 10 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyloxycarbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidine in chloroform at 0°C for ~ 1 h. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (75% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, 200 ml water were added to the reaction mixture, it was adjusted to a pH of ~ 8 with Na₂CO₃ and then extracted with 15% IPA/CHCl₃. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 6 g (89%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Stage 4: *tert*-Butyl 2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethylcarbamate

11.1 g (1.5 eq) *tert*-butyl-2-bromoethylcarbamate dissolved in 65 ml THF and 9.19 g (2 eq)
5 potassium carbonate were added to a solution of 7 g (1 eq) *N,N*-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine in 40 ml THF. The reaction mixture was heated for 6 h at 70°C. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃).

Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was distilled off completely, the residue mixed with 200 ml water and the aqueous phase extracted with 20% IPA/CHCl₃. The
10 combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 10% MeOH/CHCl₃). 9 g (76%) of product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 5: 1-(2-Aminoethyl)-*N,N*-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 9 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethylcarbamate in chloroform at 0°C for ~ 30 min. The reaction
mixture was then stirred at room temperature for one hour. The reaction course was
20 monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and 9 g (97%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Structural unit AA-4: 4-Butyl-*N,N*-dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)piperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride**Stage 1: 1-Benzyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidine-4-carbonitrile**

208 g (3 eq) *N,N*-dimethylamine hydrochloride, 154 g (3 eq) potassium cyanide in 154 ml
30 water and 1050 ml (7 eq) of a 40% dimethylamine solution were added to a solution of 150 g (1 eq) 1-benzylpiperidin-4-one in 300 ml methanol and the mixture was cooled to 0°C. 75 ml (0.5 eq) concentrated hydrochloric acid were then added at 0°C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, the solid that had
35 formed was filtered off and washed with iced water (4 l). The solid obtained was then dissolved in ethyl acetate and dried with Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 165 g (85%) of crude product were obtained in the form of a solid.

Stage 2: 1-Benzyl-4-butyl-*N,N*-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine

A little iodine was added to a mixture of 17.7 g (6 eq) magnesium and 50 ml dry ether,
5 followed over a period of 1 h by 100 g (6 eq) bromobutane dissolved in 100 ml dry ether. This
reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The Grignard reagent produced in
the preceding step was added over a period of 20 min to a solution of 30 g (1 eq) 1-benzyl-4-
(dimethylamino)piperidine-4-carbonitrile dissolved in 210 ml dry THF and the reaction
mixture obtained was then stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction course was
10 monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was
complete, the reaction solution was cooled to 0°C, mixed with saturated NH₄Cl solution,
filtered over celite, extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 200 ml) and the combined organic
phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure,
the residue was purified by column chromatography (aluminium oxide neutral; hexane). 18.2
15 g (53%) of product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 3: 4-Butyl-*N,N*-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine bis hydrochloride

1.5 g 20% Pd(OH)₂/C and 6.95 g (3 eq) ammonium formate were added to a solution of 10 g
20 (1 eq) 1-benzyl-4-butyl-*N,N*-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine in 100 ml MeOH. The reaction mixture
obtained was refluxed for 30 min. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer
chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction
solution was cooled to room temperature, filtered over celite and rewashed with methanol.
The methanol is distilled off, the residue taken up in ethyl acetate/hexane, the solvent
25 decanted off and toluene added. The organic phase thus obtained was concentrated under
reduced pressure and the residue taken up in 150 ml dichloromethane. HCl gas was passed
through the dichloromethane solution for 20 min, the solvent was distilled off and 7 g (74%)
of product were obtained in this way as a white solid.

Stage 4: *tert*-Butyl 2-(4-butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl(methyl)carbamate

A solution of 4.73 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl methyl(2-oxoethyl)carbamate in 20 ml methanol was
added to a solution of 7 g (1 eq) 4-butyl-*N,N*-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine bis hydrochloride in
50 ml methanol at room temperature and the reaction mixture obtained was stirred for 50 min
35 at room temperature. 3.43 g (2 eq) sodium cyanoboron hydride were added in portions to this
reaction mixture and it was then stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction course
was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was

complete, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C and adjusted to a pH of ~ 5 with acetic acid. 2 g *tert*-butyl formylmethyl methylcarbamate and 1.7 g sodium cyanoboron hydride were again added and the reaction mixture was stirred for a further 60 min at room temperature. The methanol was then distilled off, 100 ml saturated NaHCO₃ solution were added and the mixture obtained was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 200 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 10.5 g of crude product were obtained in the form of a pale yellow oil.

Stage 5: 4-Butyl-*N,N*-dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)piperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 10.5 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 2-(4-butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl(methyl)carbamate in 1000 ml chloroform at 0°C for ~ 1 h. The reaction mixture was then stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue washed with hexane (3 x 50 ml) and ethyl acetate (3 x 50 ml) and dried. 9 g (87%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Structural unit AA-5: *N,N*-Dimethyl-1-(3-(methylamino)propyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

Stage 1: *tert*-Butyl 3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl(methyl)-carbamate

11.1 g (1.3 eq) *tert*-butyl methyl(3-oxopropyl)carbamate were added to a solution of 11 g (1 eq) *N,N*-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine dihydrochloride in 110 ml methanol at 0°C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0°C. 6.2 g (3 eq) sodium cyanoboron hydride were then added in portions and the mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction mixture obtained was adjusted to a pH of 5-6 with acetic acid and stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). As the conversion was still not complete, 2.4 g sodium cyanoboron hydride were added and the reaction mixture obtained was adjusted to pH 5-6 with acetic acid and stirred for 60 min at room temperature.

Once the conversion was complete, the methanol was distilled off, the mixture was made alkaline with saturated NaHCO₃ solution, the mixture obtained was extracted with chloroform (3 x 100 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of

the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 5% MeOH/CHCl₃). 9 g (60%) of product were obtained.

Stage 2: *N,N*-Dimethyl-1-(3-(methylamino)propyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine

hydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 9 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl(methyl)carbamate in 100 ml chloroform at 0°C for 1 h. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and after trituration with diethyl ether 10 g (100%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Structural unit AA-6: *N,N*-Dimethyl-1-(3-(methylamino)propyl)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

Stage 1: *tert*-Butyl 3-hydroxypropyl(methyl)carbamate

84.2 g (1.2 eq) sodium carbonate followed by 100 ml water were added in portions to a solution of 50 g (1 eq) 3-aminopropan-1-ol in 500 ml THF at 0°C. 156.5 ml (1.02 eq) di-*tert*-butyl dicarbonate were added dropwise over a period of 30 min to the solution at 0°C. On completion of the addition, the mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered over celite and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was mixed with 300 ml water and extracted with 2 x 250 ml ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 116 g (100%) of product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 2: *tert*-Butyl-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)propylcarbamate

11.6 g (1.3 eq) imidazole were added to a solution of 23 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 3-hydroxypropylcarbamate in 230 ml dichloromethane. The reaction solution was stirred for 10 min at room temperature and then cooled to 0°C. 21.79 g (1.1 eq) TBDMSCl were added to this solution at 0°C and on completion of the addition the mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (30% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was filtered over celite and the filtrate mixed with 200 ml water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 32 g (84%) of product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 3: *tert*-Butyl 3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)propyl(methyl)carbamate

50 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)propylcarbamate dissolved in 200 ml THF were added dropwise to a mixture of 20.7 g (5 eq) sodium hydride and 300 ml THF at 0°C. After heating the reaction mixture to 10°C, 32.3 ml (3 eq) methyl iodide were added dropwise. On completion of the addition, the mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (30% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 48 g (92%) of product were obtained in the form of an oil.

Stage 4: *tert*-Butyl 3-hydroxypropyl(methyl)carbamate

482.5 ml (5 eq) acetic acid dissolved in 386 ml water were added dropwise over a period of 45 min to a solution of 95.6 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)propyl(methyl)-carbamate dissolved in 386 ml THF at 0°C and the reaction mixture was then stirred for 20 h at room temperature. As the starting product had not yet been completely converted, the mixture was cooled to 0°C, 50 ml dilute acetic acid were added over a period of 20 min and the mixture was stirred for a further 1 h at 0°C. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was almost complete, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, adjusted to a pH of ~ 9 with Na₂CO₃ solution and extracted with 10% IPA/CH₃Cl. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 10% EtOAc/hexane). 40 g (66%) of product were obtained in the form of a colourless oil.

Stage 5: *tert*-Butyl methyl(3-oxopropyl)carbamate

A catalytic amount of TEMPO was added to a mixture of 20 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 3-hydroxypropyl(methyl)carbamate in 200 ml dichloromethane and 17.7 g (2 eq) sodium hydrogen carbonate in 100 ml water at 0°C. 140 ml (7 eq) NaOCl were then added dropwise over a period of 30 min to the solution at a temperature of 0°C and the reaction mixture obtained was stirred for a further 15 min at 0°C. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (40% EtOAc/hexane).

Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was mixed with 150 ml water and the phases were separated. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, 16 g (85%) of product were obtained in the form of a yellowish oil.

Stage 6: *N,N*-Dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine bis hydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 6 g (1 eq) *tert*-butoxycarbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidine in 120 ml chloroform at 0°C for 1 h. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (75% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and 5.3 g (98%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Stage 7: *tert*-Butyl 3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl(methyl)carbamate

6.4 g (1.3 eq) *tert*-butyl methyl(3-oxopropyl)carbamate were added to a solution of 7.5 g (1 eq) *N,N*-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine bis hydrochloride in 75 ml methanol at 0°C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0°C. 4.9 g (3 eq) sodium cyanoboron hydride were then added in portions and the mixture was stirred for 90 min at room temperature. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). As the conversion was not yet complete, the pH of the reaction mixture was adjusted to 5-6 with acetic acid and the mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. Once the conversion was complete, the methanol was distilled off, water was added, the mixture obtained was extracted with IPA/chloroform (2 x 100 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel; 5% MeOH/CHCl₃). 8.5 g (84%) of product were obtained.

Stage 8: *N,N*-Dimethyl-1-(3-(methylamino)propyl)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine tris hydrochloride

HCl gas was passed through a solution of 1.5 g (1 eq) *tert*-butyl 3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl(methyl)carbamate in 30 ml chloroform at 0°C for ~ 30 min. The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (20% MeOH/CHCl₃). Once the conversion was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. After trituration with diethyl ether, 1.5 g (98%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

Amine Building Block AA-7: 3-Amino-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one dihydrochloride

(i) 3-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonylamino)propanoic acid was converted with *N,N*-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate according to general procedure no. 1 to yield the desired product (49%).

(ii) The product obtained above was reacted according to general procedure no. 2, to yield the desired product (6.07 g, 102 %).

Amine Building Block AA-8: 2-Amino-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone

(i) 2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonylamino)acetic acid was converted with N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate according to general procedure no. 1 to yield the desired product (53%).

(ii) The product obtained above was reacted according to general procedure no. 2, to yield the desired product (4.82 g, 85 %).

Amine Building Block AA-9: 3-Amino-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one trihydrochloride

(i) 3-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonylamino)-3-phenylpropanoic acid was converted with N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate according to general procedure no. 1 to yield the desired product (40%).

(ii) The product obtained above was reacted according to general procedure no. 2, to yield the desired product (5.84 g, 91 %).

Amine Building Block AA-10: 1-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-2-(methylamino)butan-1-one trihydrochloride

(i) 2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl(methyl)amino)-3-methylbutanoic acid was converted with N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate according to general procedure no. 1 to yield the desired product (51%).

(ii) The product obtained above was reacted according to general procedure no. 2, to yield the desired product (8.92 g, 102 %).

Amine Building Block AA-11: 1-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(methylamino)-2-phenylethanone trihydrochloride

(i) 2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl(methyl)amino)-2-phenylacetic acid was converted with N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate according to general procedure no. 1 to yield the desired product (40%).

(ii) The product obtained above was reacted according to general procedure no. 2, to yield the desired product (6.92 g, 104 %).

Amine Building Block AA-12: 4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl(piperidin-3-yl)methanone trihydrochloride

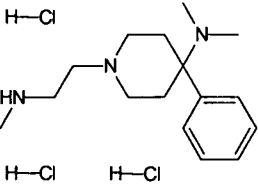
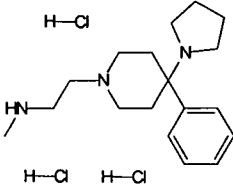
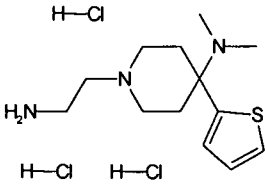
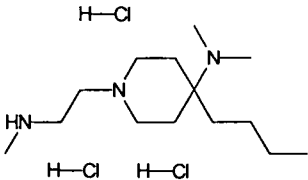
(i) 1-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)piperidine-3-carboxylic acid was converted with N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate according to general procedure no. 1 to yield the desired product (65%).

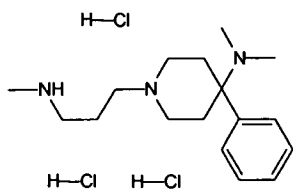
(ii) The product obtained above was reacted according to general procedure no. 2, to yield the desired product (7.17 g, 97 %).

Amine Building Block AA-13: (4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(indolin-3-yl)methanone trihydrochloride

(i) 1-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)indoline-3-carboxylic acid was converted with N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine trifluoroacetate according to general procedure no. 1 to yield the desired product (51%).

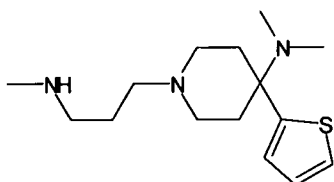
(ii) The product obtained above was reacted according to general procedure no. 2, to yield the desired product (4.82 g, 90 %).

Structure	Amine Building Block No..	Amine Building Block Name
	AA-1	N,N-Dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine trihydrochloride
	AA-2	N-Methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine trihydrochloride
	AA-3	1-(2-Aminoethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine trihydrochloride
	AA-4	4-Butyl-N,N-dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)piperidin-4-amine trihydrochloride



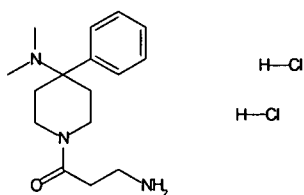
AA-5

N,N-Dimethyl-1-(3-(methylamino)propyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine trihydrochloride



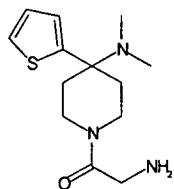
AA-6

N,N-Dimethyl-1-(3-(methylamino)propyl)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine



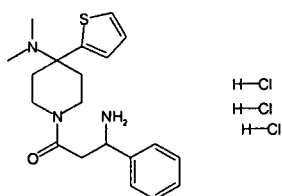
AA-7

3-Amino-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one dihydrochloride



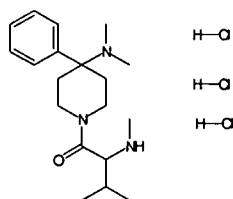
AA-8

2-Amino-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone



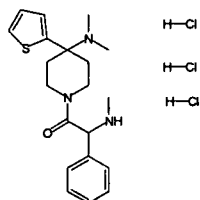
AA-9

3-Amino-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one trihydrochloride



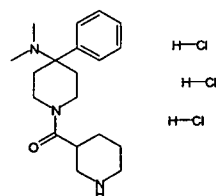
AA-10

1-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-2-(methylamino)butan-1-one trihydrochloride



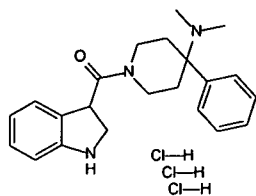
AA-11

1-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(methylamino)-2-phenylethanone trihydrochloride



AA-12

(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(piperidin-3-yl)methanone trihydrochloride



AA-13

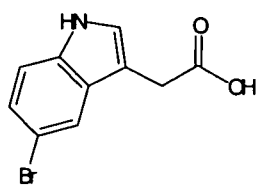
(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(indolin-3-yl)methanone trihydrochloride

2 Indole structural units ACI

All indole building blocks (ACI) were commercially available at the time of synthesis.

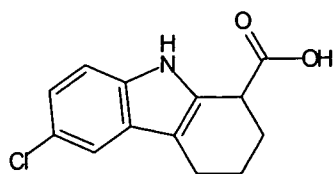
5

Structure	Indole Building Block ACI No.	Indole Building Block Name
	ACI-1	1H-Indole-3-carboxylic acid
	ACI-2	3-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic acid
	ACI-3	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)butanoic acid
	ACI-4	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanoic acid
	ACI-5	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)propanoic acid



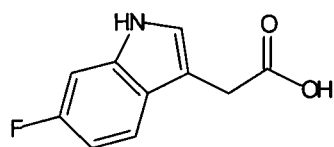
ACI-6

2-(5-Bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid



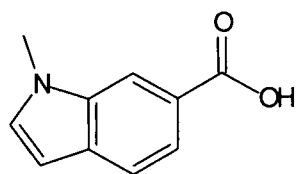
ACI-7

6-Chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxylic acid



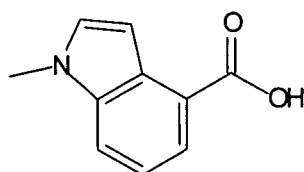
ACI-8

2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid



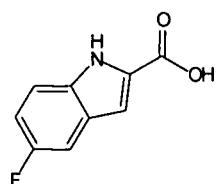
ACI-9

1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid



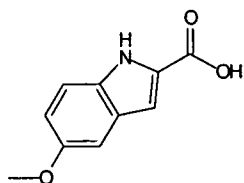
ACI-10

1-Methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxylic acid



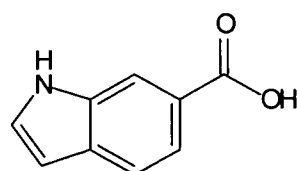
ACI-11

5-Fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid



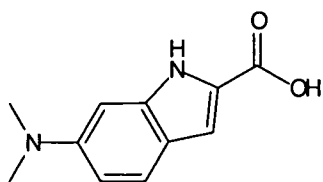
ACI-12

5-Methoxy-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid



ACI-13

1H-Indole-6-carboxylic acid



ACI-14

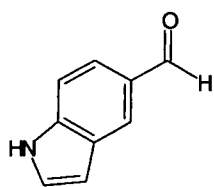
6-(Dimethylamino)-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid

3) Indole structural units ALD

All indole building blocks (ALD) were commercially available at the time of synthesis.

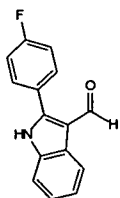
5

Structure	Indole Building Block ALD No.	Indole Building Block Name
	ALD-1	5-Bromo-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde
	ALD-2	1H-Indole-3-carbaldehyde
	ALD-3	6-Methoxy-1,2-dimethyl-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde
	ALD-4	1-Benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde
	ALD-5	1,2-Dimethyl-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde



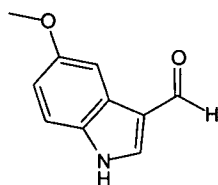
ALD-6

1H-Indole-5-carbaldehyde



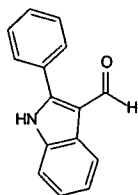
ALD-7

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde



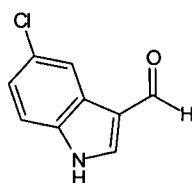
ALD-8

5-Methoxy-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde



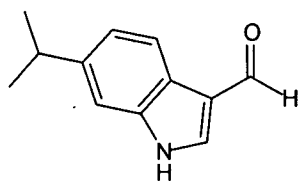
ALD-9

2-Phenyl-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde



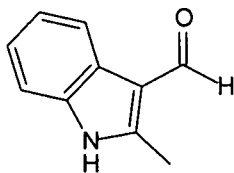
ALD-10

5-Chloro-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde



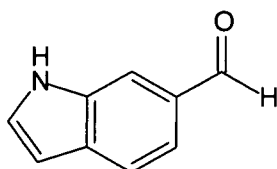
ALD-11

6-Isopropyl-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde



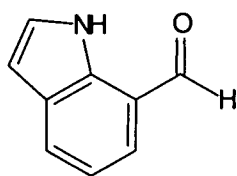
ALD-12

2-Methyl-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde



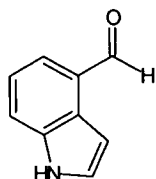
ALD-13

1H-Indole-6-carbaldehyde



ALD-14

1H-Indole-7-carbaldehyde



ALD-15

1H-Indole-4-carbaldehyde

Solid substances

Example 1: N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indol-6-amide

A solution of 1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid (1 eq/0.637 mmol/102 mg), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1 eq/0.637 mmol/84 mg) and N-ethyl diisopropylamine (5 eq/3.185 mmol/0.54 ml) in 5 ml tetrahydrofuran was cooled to 0°C, mixed with 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.5 eq/0.956 mmol/181 mg) and stirred for 15 min at 0°C. N,N-Dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine (1.5 eq/0.956 mmol/250 mg) was added to this reaction mixture and it was heated to room temperature and stirred for 12 h.

The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (75% EtOAc/hexane). Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was washed 3 times with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and the organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (alumina neutral; 1% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂). 198 mg (76%) of product were obtained in the form of a yellow oil.

HPLC/MS analysis¹: R_t = 1.8 min; purity (UV 200-400 nm) 99%; m/z = 405.3 [MH]⁺, 360.3 [M-

[¹] **Equipment and methods for HPLC-MS analysis:** HPLC: Waters Alliance 2795 with PDA Waters 996; MS: ZQ 2000 MassLynx Single Quadrupol MS Detector; Column: Waters AtlantisTM dC18, 3 μ m, 2.1 x 30 mm; Column temperature: 40°C, Eluent A: purified water + 0.1% formic acid; Eluent B: acetonitrile (gradient grade) + 0.1% formic acid; Gradient: 0% B to 100% B in 8.8 min, 100% B for 0.4 min, 100% B to 0% B in 0.01 min, 0% B for 0.8 min; Flow: 1.0 ml/min; Ionisation: ES⁺, 25 V; Make-up: 100 μ l/min 70% methanol + 0.2% formic acid; UV: 200 – 400 nm.



Example 2: N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide

5 A solution of 3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanoic acid (1 eq/0.459 mmol/106 mg),
1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1 eq/0.459 mmol/61 mg) and N-ethyl diisopropylamine (5
eq/2.295 mmol/0.4 ml) in 3.5 ml tetrahydrofuran was cooled to 0°C, mixed with 1-(3-
dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.5 eq/0.689 mmol/130 mg) and
stirred for 15 min at 0°C. 1-(2-Aminoethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
10 trihydrochloride (1.5 eq/0.689 mmol/250 mg) was added to this reaction mixture and it was
heated to room temperature and stirred for 12 h.

The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (75% EtOAc/hexane).
Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was washed 3 times with saturated
15 sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and the organic phase was dried over magnesium
sulfate. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by
column chromatography (alumina neutral; 1% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂). 143 mg (67%) of product were
obtained in the form of a yellow oil.

20 HPLC/MS analysis^[1]: R_t = 2.4 min; purity (UV 200-400 nm) 99%; m/z = 467.3 [MH]⁺, 422.3
[M-N(CH₃)₂]⁺

Example 3: N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indol-2-amide

25 A solution of 5-fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid (1 eq/0.637 mmol/114 mg),
1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1 eq/0.637 mmol/84 mg) and N-ethyl diisopropylamine (5
eq/3.185 mmol/0.54 ml) in 5 ml tetrahydrofuran was cooled to 0°C, mixed with 1-(3-
dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.5 eq/0.956 mmol/181 mg) and
stirred for 15 min at 0°C. N,N-Dimethyl-1-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
30 (1.5 eq/0.956 mmol/250 mg) was added to this reaction mixture and it was heated to room
temperature and stirred for 12 h.

The reaction course was monitored by thin-layer chromatography (75% EtOAc/hexane).
35 Once the conversion was complete, the reaction mixture was washed 3 times with saturated
sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and the organic phase was dried over magnesium
sulfate. Following removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by

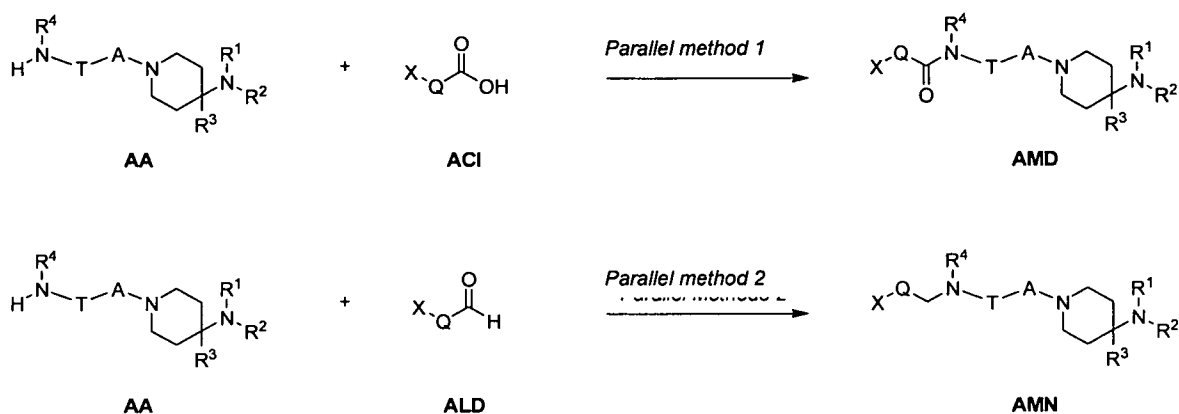
column chromatography (alumina neutral; 1% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂). 138 mg (51%) of product were obtained in the form of a white solid.

HPLC/MS analysis^[1]: R_t = 2.1 min; purity (UV 200-400 nm) 99%; m/z = 423.3 [MH]⁺, 378.3 [M-N(CH₃)₂]⁺

Library substances

Parallel synthesis of acylated and reductively aminated piperidine derivatives

General:



In accordance with the scheme above, the amine structural units **AA** were converted by parallel synthesis both with acids (**ACI**) and with aldehydes (**ALD**) to the acylated (**AMD**) and reductively aminated (**AMN**) products.

The crude products of the parallel synthesis were analysed by HPLC-MS^[2] and then purified by reverse phase HPLC-MS^[3]. The products were able to be identified by means of analytical HPLC-MS measurements^[2].

^[2] Equipments and methods for HPLC-MS analysis:

Parallel synthesis method 1: HPLC: Waters Alliance 2795 with PDA Waters 996; MS: ZQ 2000 MassLynx Single Quadrupol MS Detector; Column: Nucleodur Gravity C18 30 x 2 mm, 5µm; Col. temp.: 40°C, Eluent A: purified water + 0.1% formic acid; Eluent B: methanol (gradient grade) + 0.1% formic acid; Gradient: 0% B to 100% B in 2.3 min, 100% B for 0.4 min, 100% B to 0% B in 0.01 min, 0% B for 0.8 min; Flow: 1.0 ml/min; Ionisation: ES⁺, 25V; make up: 100 µl/min 70% methanol + 0.2% formic acid; UV: 200 – 400 nm

Parallel synthesis method 2: HPLC: Waters Alliance 2795 with PDA Waters 996; MS: ZQ 2000 MassLynx Single Quadrupol MS Detector; Column: Waters AtlantisTM dC18, 3 µm, 2.1 x 30 mm; Col. temp.: 40°C, Eluent A: purified water + 0.1% formic acid; Eluent B: acetonitrile (gradient grade) + 0.1% formic acid; Gradient: 0% B to 100% B in 2.0 min, 100% B for 0.1 min, 100% B to 0% B in

Parallel synthesis method 1:**Synthesis procedure for the acylation of the amino piperidine derivatives (AA) with indole carboxylic acids (ACI)****Synthesis procedure for method 1:**

A solution of the indole carboxylic acid derivative **ACI** (150 µmol) in 1.6 ml dichloromethane was prepared at room temperature and a solution of carbonyldiimidazole (160 µmol) in 1 ml dichloromethane was added. The reaction mixture was shaken for 1 hour at room temperature and then a solution of the corresponding amine **AA** (100 µmol) in a mixture of 500 µmol N-ethyl-diisopropylamine and 0.5 ml dichloromethane was added. The reaction mixture was shaken for 12 hours at room temperature. The solvent was then removed under vacuum in a vacuum centrifuge (GeneVac). The final purification was performed by HPLC-MS. The final analysis was performed by LC-MS.

Parallel synthesis method 2:**Synthesis procedure for the reductive amination of the amino piperidine derivatives (AA) with indole aldehydes (ALD)****Synthesis procedure for method 2:**

A solution of the amine **AA** (100 µmol) in 1.0 ml methanol was prepared at room temperature and a solution of the corresponding aldehyde **ALD** (100 µmol) in 1.0 ml methanol was added. The reaction mixture obtained was mixed with 41 mg aluminium oxide and shaken for 2 hours at room temperature. 10.1 µl borane-pyridine complex were then added and the reaction mixture was shaken for 3 days at room temperature.

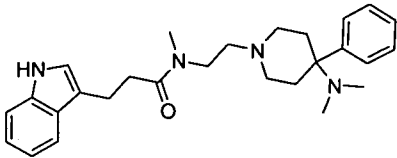
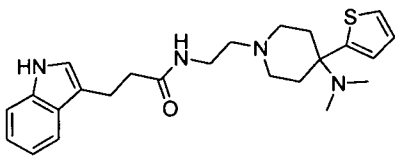
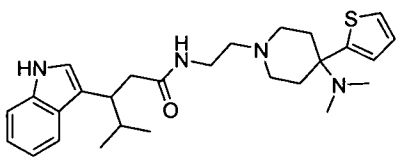
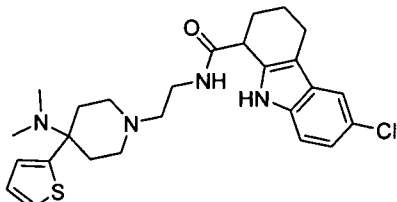
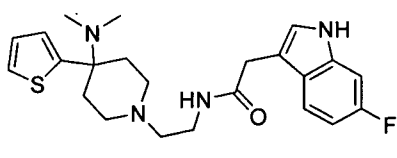
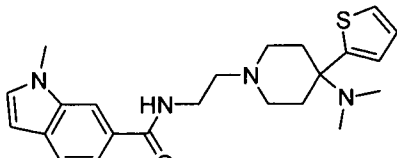
For the purposes of processing, 1.5 ml of ½ concentrated hydrochloric acid were added to the batches and they were shaken for 15 minutes at room temperature. Then 1 ml 6 M sodium hydroxide solution and 3 ml ethyl acetate were added.

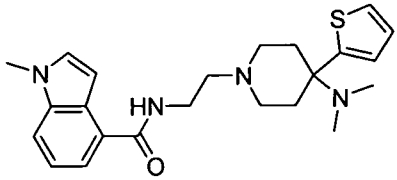
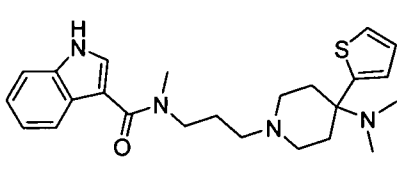
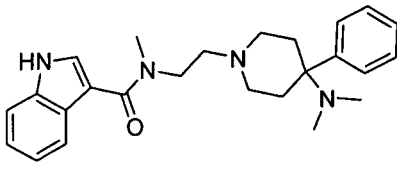
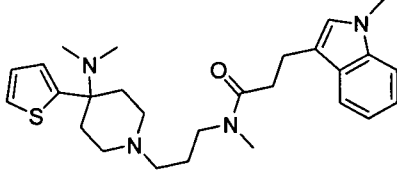
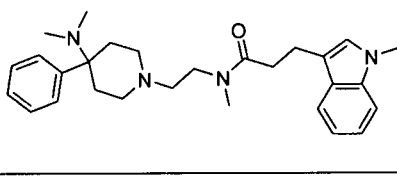
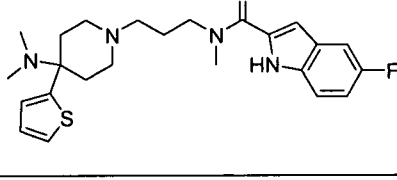
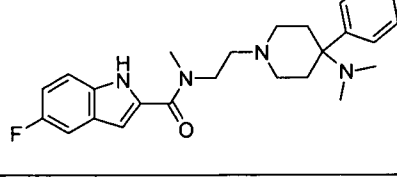
Further processing took place on a Myriad-Allex processing system (Mettler-Toledo). After mixing thoroughly, the organic phase was separated off, the aqueous phase extracted with 3

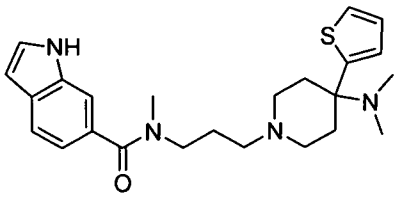
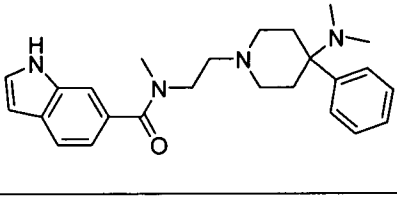
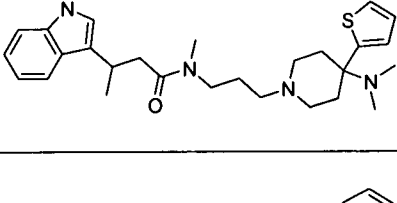
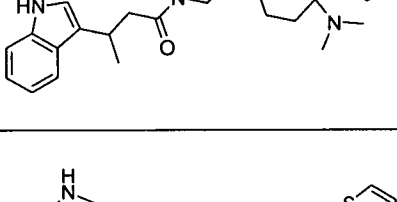
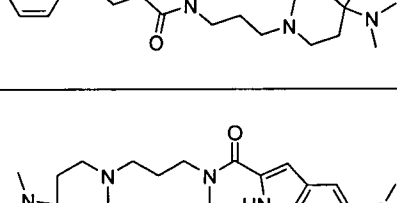
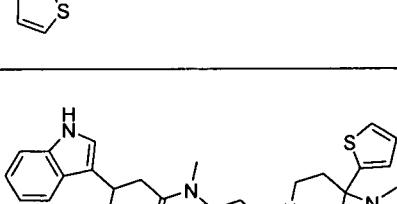
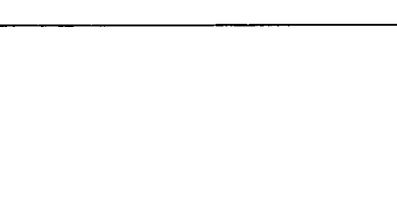
0.01 min, 0% B for 0.5 min; Flow: 1.2 ml/min; Ionisation: ES+, 25V; make up: 100 µl/min 70% methanol + 0.2% formic acid; UV: 200 – 400 nm

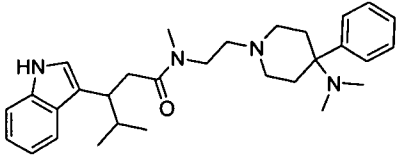
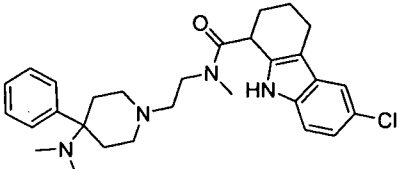
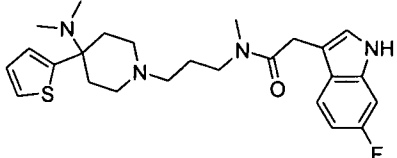
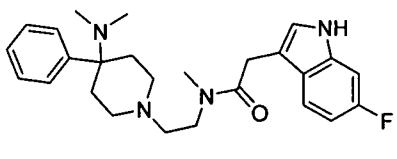
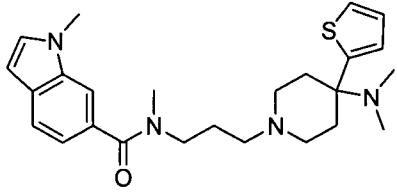
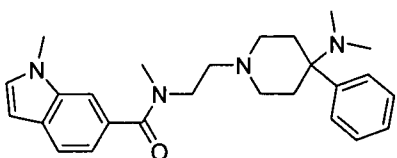
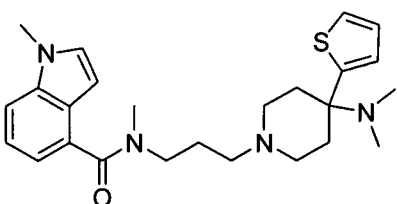
[³] Equipment and methods for HPLC-MS purification: *Prep Pump:* Waters 2525; *Make Up Pump:* Waters 515; *Auxiliary Detector:* Waters DAD 2487; *MS Detector:* Waters Micromass ZQ; *Injector/Fraction Collector:* Waters Sample Manager 2767; *Gradient:* Initial: 50% Water 50% Methanol -> 2-17 min: 0% Water 100% Methanol; *Flow:* 35 ml/min *Column:* Phenomenex Gemini, C18, 100x21.2 mm, Axia, 110A, 5µ

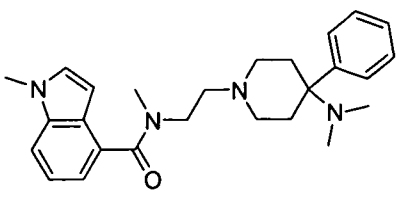
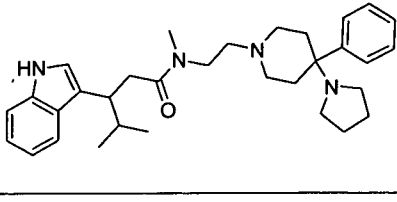
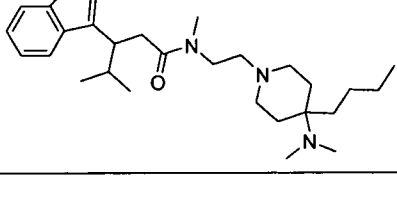
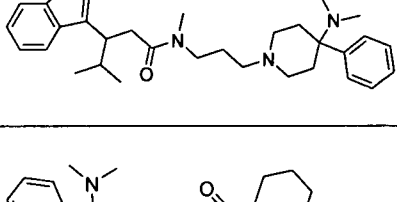
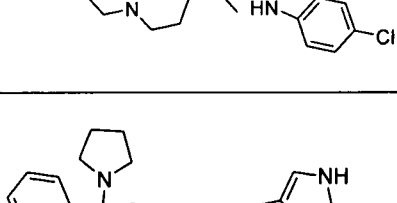
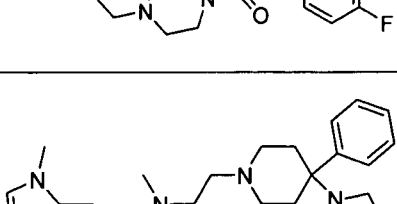
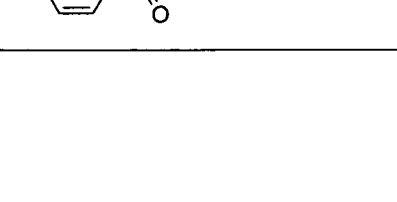
ml ethyl acetate and the organic phases combined. Removal of the solvent took place under vacuum in a vacuum centrifuge (GeneVac). Purification was performed by HPLC-MS. Analysis was performed by LC-MS.

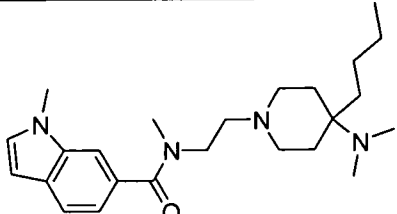
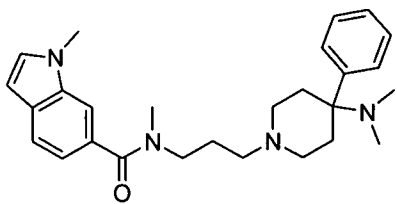
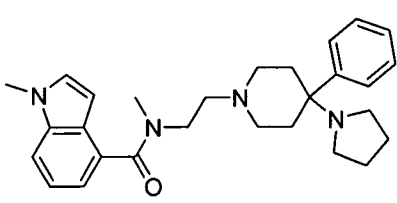
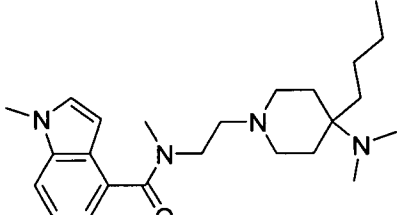
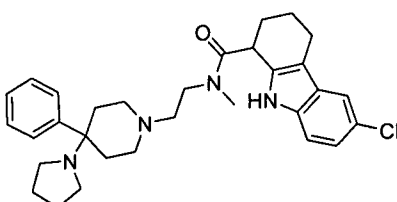
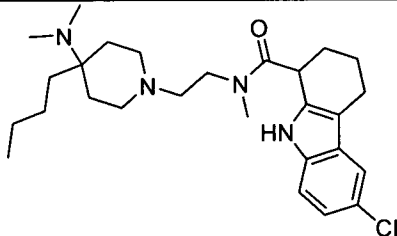
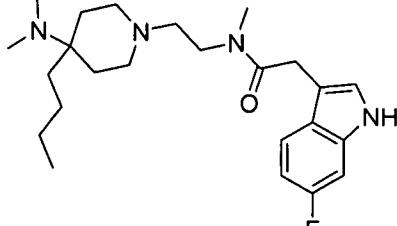
Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	4 (AMD-4)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	433.4	1.17
	5 (AMD-5)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-3	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	425.3	1.1
	6 (AMD-6)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-3	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanoic acid	467.3	1.38
	7 (AMD-7)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-3	6-Chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxylic acid	406.3	1.51
	8 (AMD-8)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-3	2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	429.3	1.07
	9 (AMD-9)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-3	1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid	411.3	1.11

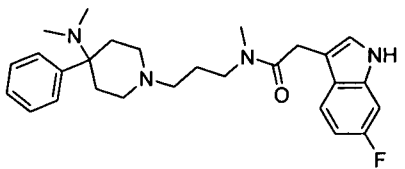
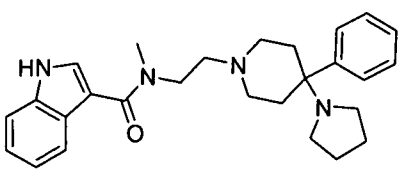
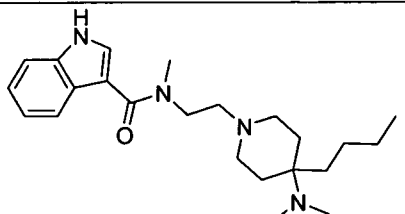
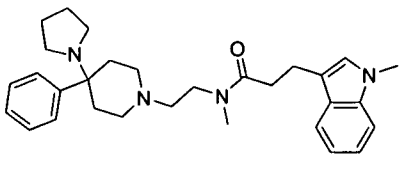
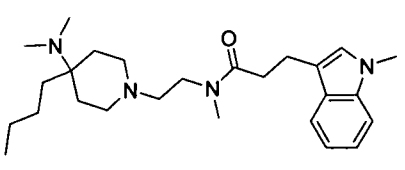
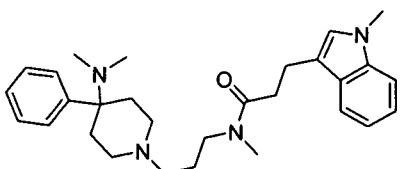
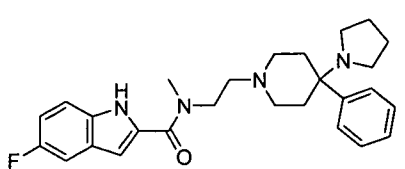
Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	10 (AMD-10)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-3	1-Methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxylic acid	411.3	1.06
	11 (AMD-11)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	1H-Indole-3-carboxylic acid	425.3	1.07
	12 (AMD-12)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	1H-Indole-3-carboxylic acid	405.3	1.09
	13 (AMD-13)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	3-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	467.3	1.24
	14 (AMD-14)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	3-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	447.4	1.48
	15 (AMD-15)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	5-Fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid	443.3	1.19
	16 (AMD-16)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	5-Fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid	423.3	1.22

Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	17 (AMD-17)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	1H-Indole-6- carboxylic acid	425.3	1.09
	18 (AMD-18)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	1H-Indole-6- carboxylic acid	405.3	1.12
	19 (AMD-19)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	3-(1H-Indol-3- yl)butanoic acid	467.3	1.25
	20 (AMD-20)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	3-(1H-Indol-3- yl)butanoic acid	447.4	1.49
	21 (AMD-21)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	3-(1H-Indol-3- yl)propanoic acid	453.3	1.15
	22 (AMD-22)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	5-Methoxy-1H- indole-2- carboxylic acid	455.3	1.19
	23 (AMD-23)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	3-(1H-Indol-3- yl)-4- methylpentanoi c acid	495.4	1.38

Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	24 (AMD-24)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanoic acid	475.4	1.46
	25 (AMD-25)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	6-Chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxylic acid	493.4	1.53
	26 (AMD-26)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	457.3	1.15
	27 (AMD-27)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	437.3	1.13
	28 (AMD-28)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid	439.3	1.15
	29 (AMD-29)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid	419.3	0.25
	30 (AMD-30)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-6	1-Methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxylic acid	439.3	0.26

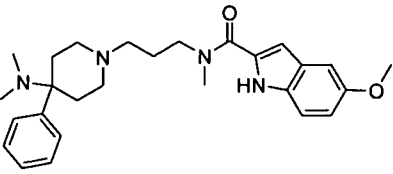
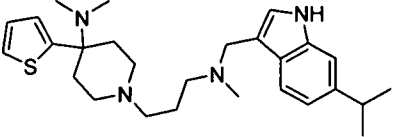
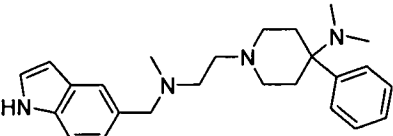
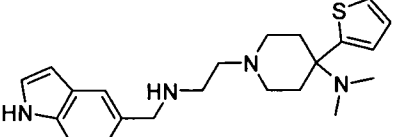
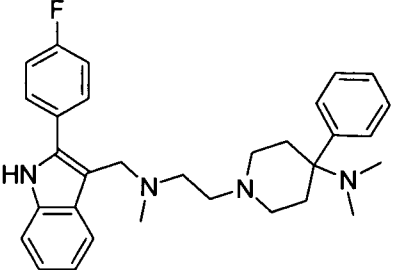
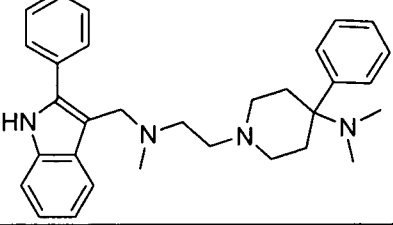
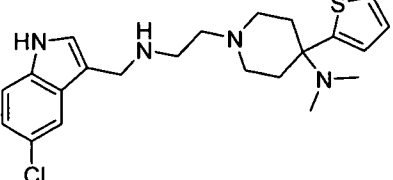
Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	31 (AMD-31)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-1	1-Methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxylic acid	419.3	1.17
	32 (AMD-32)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanoic acid	501.3	1.17
	33 (AMD-33)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanoic acid	455.3	1.15
	34 (AMD-34)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanoic acid	489.3	1.15
	35 (AMD-35)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	6-Chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxylic acid	507.2	1.25
	36 (AMD-36)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	463.3	1.05
	37 (AMD-37)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid	445.3	1.04

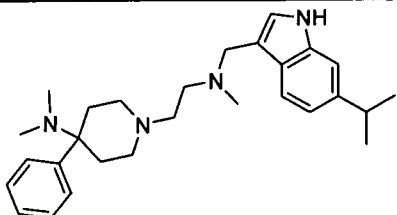
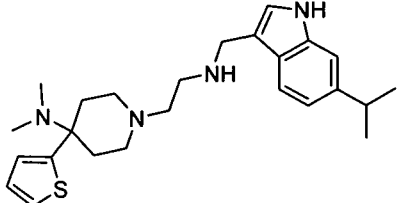
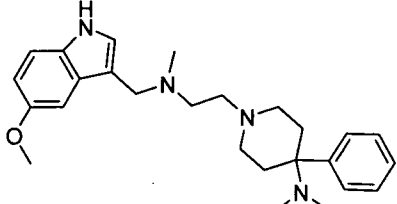
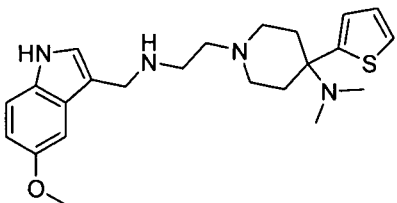
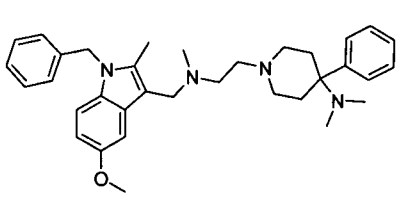
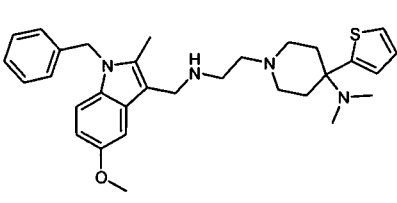
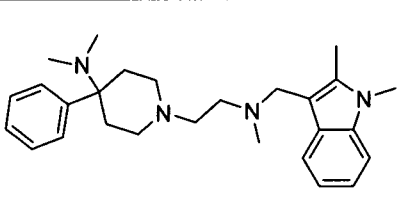
Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	38 (AMD-38)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid	399.3	1.01
	39 (AMD-39)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid	433.3	1.04
	40 (AMD-40)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	1-Methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxylic acid	445.2	1.02
	41 (AMD-41)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	1-Methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxylic acid	399.3	0.99
	42 (AMD-42)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	6-Chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxylic acid	519.2	1.26
	43 (AMD-43)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	6-Chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxylic acid	473.2	1.25
	44 (AMD-44)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	417.3	1.02

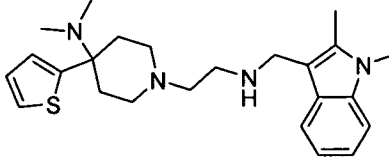
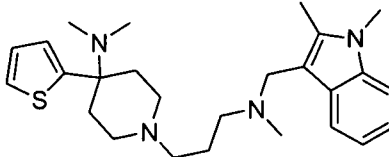
Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	45 (AMD-45)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	451.2	1.04
	46 (AMD-46)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	1H-Indole-3-carboxylic acid	431.2	0.99
	47 (AMD-47)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	1H-Indole-3-carboxylic acid	385.3	0.96
	48 (AMD-48)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	3-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	473.3	1.08
	49 (AMD-49)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	3-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	427.3	1.11
	50 (AMD-50)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	3-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	461.3	1.11
	51 (AMD-51)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	5-Fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid	449.2	1.09

Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	52 (AMD-52)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	5-Fluoro-1H- indole-2- carboxylic acid	403.3	1.08
	53 (AMD-53)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	5-Fluoro-1H- indole-2- carboxylic acid	437.2	1.09
	54 (AMD-54)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	1H-Indole-6- carboxylic acid	431.2	1
	55 (AMD-55)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	1H-Indole-6- carboxylic acid	385.3	0.97
	56 (AMD-56)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	1H-Indole-6- carboxylic acid	419.2	1.01
	57 (AMD-57)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	3-(1H-Indol-3- yl)butanoic acid	473.3	1.08
	58 (AMD-58)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	3-(1H-Indol-3- yl)butanoic acid	427.3	1.09

Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	59 (AMD-59)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)butanoic acid	461.3	1.09
	60 (AMD-60)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	413.3	1.02
	61 (AMD-61)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)propanoic acid	447.3	1.05
	62 (AMD-62)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	2-(5-Bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	523.2	1.13
	63 (AMD-63)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	2-(5-Bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)acetic acid	511.2	1.11
	64 (AMD-64)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-2	5-Methoxy-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid	461.2	1.07
	65 (AMD-65)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-4	5-Methoxy-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid	415.3	1.05

Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	66 (AMD-66)	Parallel synthesis method 1	AA-5	5-Methoxy-1H- indole-2- carboxylic acid	449.2	1.07
	67 (AMN-1)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-6	6-Isopropyl-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	453.2	1
	68 (AMN-2)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-1	1H-Indole-5- carbaldehyde	390.3	1.16
	69 (AMN-3)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-3	1H-Indole-5- carbaldehyde	383.2	0.93
	70 (AMN-4)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-1	2-(4- Fluorophenyl)- 1H-indole-3- carbaldehyde	485.2	1.14
	71 (AMN-5)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-1	2-Phenyl-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	467.3	1.12
	72 (AMN-6)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-3	5-Chloro-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	417.1	1.07

Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	73 (AMN-7)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-1	6-Isopropyl-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	433.3	1.15
	74 (AMN-8)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-3	6-Isopropyl-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	425.2	1.14
	75 (AMN-9)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-1	5-Methoxy-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	160.3	1.01
	76 (AMN-10)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-3	5-Methoxy-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	413.2	0.98
	77 (AMN-11)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-1	1-Benzyl-5- methoxy-2- methyl-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	525.3	1.24
	78 (AMN-12)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-3	1-Benzyl-5- methoxy-2- methyl-1H- indole-3- carbaldehyde	517.2	1.2
	79 (AMN-13)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-1	1,2-Dimethyl- 1H-indole-3- carbaldehyde	419.2	1.08

Structure	Example (Entry No.)	Synthesis procedur e	Amine structura l unit	Acid/aldehyde structural unit	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
	80 (AMN-14)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-3	1,2-Dimethyl- 1H-indole-3- carbaldehyde	411.2	1.03
	81 (AMN-15)	Parallel synthesis method 2	AA-6	1,2-Dimethyl- 1H-indole-3- carbaldehyde	439.2	0.92

In the following example, the free base of building block AA was always utilized in parallel synthesis method 2.

Example Name	example (Entry No.)	Parallel Synthesis Method	AMN- Name	ACI_ALD- Name	M ⁺ [g/mol]	R _t [min]
N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide	82 (AMD-67)	no. 1	AA-10	ACI-8	493.2	1.58
2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-N-methylacetamide	83 (AMD-68)	no. 1	AA-10	ACI-6	553.2	1.67
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide	84 (AMD-69)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-4	489.3	1.53
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide	85 (AMD-70)	no. 1	AA-9	ACI-4	571.3	1.68
1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)indolin-1-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethanone	86 (AMD-71)	no. 1	AA-13	ACI-8	525.2	1.6
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide	87 (AMD-72)	no. 1	AA-1	ACI-4	475.4	1.71
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide	88 (AMD-73)	no. 1	AA-8	ACI-4	481.2	1.51
1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)indolin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentan-1-one	89 (AMD-74)	no. 1	AA-13	ACI-4	563.3	1.73

N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide	90 (AMD-75)	no. 1	AA-1	ACI-8	437.3	1.14
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butanamide	91 (AMD-76)	no. 1	AA-9	ACI-3	543.2	1.61
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butanamide	92 (AMD-77)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-3	461.2	1.47
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetamide	93 (AMD-78)	no. 1	AA-9	ACI-8	533.2	1.54
N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide	94 (AMD-79)	no. 1	AA-10	ACI-5	489.3	1.62
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide	95 (AMD-80)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-8	533.2	1.62
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	96 (AMD-81)	no. 1	AA-9	ACI-13	501.2	1.52
6-chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide	97 (AMD-82)	no. 1	AA-9	ACI-7	589.2	1.79
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide	98 (AMD-83)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-5	447.3	1.42
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	99 (AMD-84)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-9	433.2	1.43
2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methylacetamide	100 (AMD-85)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-6	593.1	1.71
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	101 (AMD-86)	no. 1	AA-9	ACI-9	515.2	1.58
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	102 (AMD-87)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-13	501.2	1.6
(6-chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazol-1-yl)(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)methanone	103 (AMD-88)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-7	547.3	1.74
(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(5-fluoro-1H-indole-2-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone	104 (AMD-89)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-11	477.2	1.55

N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide	105 (AMD-90)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-4	571.3	1.78
1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentan-1-one	106 (AMD-91)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-4	529.3	1.6
6-chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide	107 (AMD-92)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-7	507.2	1.64
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide	108 (AMD-93)	no. 1	AA-9	ACI-10	515.2	1.56
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	109 (AMD-94)	no. 1	AA-8	ACI-9	425.2	1.41
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide	110 (AMD-95)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-5	529.2	1.65
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	111 (AMD-96)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-9	515.2	1.67
N-(2-(4-butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide	112 (AMD-97)	no. 1	AA-4	ACI-8	417.3	1.01
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	113 (AMD-98)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-13	419.2	1.38
(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carbonyl)indolin-3-yl)methanone	114 (AMD-99)	no. 1	AA-13	ACI-10	507.3	1.58
2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone	(115 AMD-100)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-6	551.1	1.56
6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide	116 (AMD-101)	no. 1	AA-8	ACI-7	499.1	1.65
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide	117 (AMD-102)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-2	461.2	1.48
(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carbonyl)indolin-3-yl)methanone	118 (AMD-103)	no. 1	AA-13	ACI-9	507.2	1.58
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide	119 (AMD-104)	no. 1	AA-1	ACI-9	419.3	1.19

6-(dimethylamino)-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide	120 (AMD-105)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-14		
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide	121 (AMD-106)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-10	433.2	1.41
1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butan-1-one	122 (AMD-107)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-3	501.3	1.53
1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propan-1-one	123 (AMD-108)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-5	487.2	1.5
1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethanone	124 (AMD-109)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-8	491.2	1.47
(1-(1H-indole-6-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	125 (AMD-110)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-13	459.2	1.45
N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide	126 (AMD-111)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-2	543.2	1.7
6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide	127 (AMD-112)	no. 1	AA-1	ACI-7	493.3	1.57
(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone	128 (AMD-113)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-9	473.2	1.47
N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-5-methoxy-1H-indole-2-carboxamide	129 (AMD-114)	no. 1	AA-7	ACI-12	449.2	1.45
(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone	130 (AMD-115)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-10	473.3	1.48
(1-(1H-indole-3-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	131 (AMD-116)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-1	459.2	1.46
N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide	132 (AMD-117)	no. 1	AA-10	ACI-2	503.3	1.7
1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propan-1-one	133 (AMD-118)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-2	501.3	1.56
6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide	134 (AMD-119)	no. 1	AA-11	ACI-7	589.2	1.89

N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide	135 (AMD-120)	no. 1	AA-8	ACI-10	425.3	1.35
(6-(dimethylamino)-1H-indol-2-yl)(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)methanone	136 (AMD-121)	no. 1	AA-12	ACI-14	502.3	1.27
N-((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine	137 (AMN-16)	no. 2	AA-2	ALD-2	417.2	1.22
1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine	138 (AMN-17)	no. 2	AA-4	ALD-2	371.3	1.21
3-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one	139 (AMN-18)	no. 2	AA-7	ALD-2	405.2	1.44
N-((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine	140 (AMN-19)	no. 2	AA-2	ALD-6	417.2	1.2
1-(2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine	141 (AMN-20)	no. 2	AA-4	ALD-6	371.3	1.17
3-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one	142 (AMN-21)	no. 2	AA-7	ALD-6	404.3	0.28
N-((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine	143 (AMN-22)	no. 2	AA-2	ALD-13	417.2	1.24
1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine	144 (AMN-23)	no. 2	AA-4	ALD-13	371.3	1.23
3-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one	145 (AMN-24)	no. 2	AA-7	ALD-13	405.2	1.23
2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methylbutan-1-one	146 (AMN-25)	no. 2	AA-10	ALD-6	447.3	1.23
2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylethanone	147 (AMN-26)	no. 2	AA-11	ALD-6	487.2	1.3
(1-((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	148 (AMN-27)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-6	445.2	1.24
2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methylbutan-1-one	149 (AMN-28)	no. 2	AA-10	ALD-13	447.2	1.26

2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylethanone	150 (AMN-29)	no. 2	AA-11	ALD-13	487.2	1.33
1-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	151 (AMN-30)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-2	445.2	1.26
1-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	152 (AMN-31)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-13	445.2	1.26
N-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine	153 (AMN-32)	no. 2	AA-2	ALD-1	495.1	1.36
1-(2-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methylamino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine	154 (AMN-33)	no. 2	AA-4	ALD-1	449.1	1.34
1-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	155 (AMN-34)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-1	523.1	1.35
4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone	156 (AMN-35)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-12	459.2	1.28
1-(2-(((1H-indol-7-yl)methyl)(methylamino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine	157 (AMN-36)	no. 2	AA-4	ALD-14	371.3	1.24
1-(((1H-indol-7-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	158 (AMN-37)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-14	445.2	1.26
N-((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine	159 (AMN-38)	no. 2	AA-2	ALD-15	417.3	0.28
1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methylamino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine	160 (AMN-39)	no. 2	AA-4	ALD-15	371.3	1.13
1-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	161 (AMN-40)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-15	445.2	1.2
3-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one	162 (AMN-41)	no. 2	AA-7	ALD-1	483.1	1.58
3-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one	163 (AMN-42)	no. 2	AA-9	ALD-1	565.1	1.63
3-((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one	164 (AMN-43)	no. 2	AA-9	ALD-2	487.2	1.35

3-((1H-indol-5-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one	165 (AMN-44)	no. 2	AA-9	ALD-6	487.2	1.56
(1-((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	166 (AMN-45)	no. 2	AA-13	ALD-6	479.2	1.67
1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)propan-1-one	167 (AMN-46)	no. 2	AA-7	ALD-12	419.2	1.49
1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-one	168 (AMN-47)	no. 2	AA-9	ALD-12	501.2	1.38
3-((1H-indol-6-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one	169 (AMN-48)	no. 2	AA-9	ALD-13	487.2	1.35
(1-((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	170 (AMN-49)	no. 2	AA-13	ALD-13	479.2	1.69
3-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one	171 (AMN-50)	no. 2	AA-7	ALD-14	405.2	1.24
2-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone	172 (AMN-51)	no. 2	AA-8	ALD-14	397.1	1.21
3-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one	173 (AMN-52)	no. 2	AA-9	ALD-14	487.2	1.38
3-((1H-indol-4-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one	174 (AMN-53)	no. 2	AA-9	ALD-15	487.2	1.34
(1-((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone	175 (AMN-54)	no. 2	AA-13	ALD-15	479.2	1.68
(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((6-methoxy-1,2-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone	176 (AMN-55)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-3	503.3	1.38
(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone	177 (AMN-56)	no. 2	AA-12	ALD-7	539.3	1.4
1-(2-((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine	178 (AMN-57)	no. 2	AA-3	ALD-10	417.1	1.06
1-(2-((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine	179 (AMN-58)	no. 2	AA-3	ALD-2	383.2	1.2

1-(2-(((6-isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	180 (AMN-59)	no. 2	N AA-1	ALD-11	433.3	1.15
1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	181 (AMN-60)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-13	391.2	1
1-(2-(((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	182 (AMN-61)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-10	425.2	1.09
1-(2-(((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	183 (AMN-62)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-10	425.2	1.1
1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	184 (AMN-63)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-13	391.2	1
1-(2-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	185 (AMN-64)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-1	469.0	1.11
1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	186 (AMN-65)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-2	391.2	0.98
1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	187 (AMN-66)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-2	391.2	0.99
1-(2-((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine	188 (AMN-67)	no. 2	AA-3	ALD-8	413.2	1.16
1-(2-(((1,2-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	189 (AMN-68)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-5	419.3	1.08
1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	190 (AMN-69)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-8	421.3	1.01
1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	191 (AMN-70)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-8	421.3	1
1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	192 (AMN-71)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-8	421.3	1.01
1-(2-(((1-benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	193 (AMN-72)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-4	525.3	1.22
1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	194 (AMN-73)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-15	391.2	0.96
1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine	195 (AMN-74)	no. 2	AA-1	ALD-15	391.2	0.94

Investigations into the effectiveness of the compounds according to the invention:

The data resulting from the following assays and models is summarised in Table 1.

5 Measurement of ORL1 binding

The cyclohexane derivatives having the general formula I were investigated in a receptor binding assay with ^3H -nociceptin/orphanin FQ with membranes of recombinant CHO-ORL1 cells. This test system was conducted in accordance with the method described by Ardati et al. (Mol. Pharmacol., 51, 1997, p. 816-824). The concentration of ^3H -nociceptin/orphanin FQ in these tests was 0.5 nM. The binding assays were carried out with 20 μg amounts of membrane protein per 200 μl batch in 50 mM Hepes, pH 7.4, 10 mM MgCl_2 and 1 mM EDTA. The binding to the ORL1 receptor was determined using 1 mg amounts of WGA-SPA beads (Amersham-Pharmacia, Freiburg, Germany), by incubation of the batch for one hour at room temperature and subsequent measurement in a Trilux scintillation counter (Wallac, Finland). The affinity is given in Table 1 as the nanomolar K_i value or in % inhibition at $c=1 \mu\text{M}$.

Measurement of μ binding

The receptor affinity to the human μ -opiate receptor was determined in a homogeneous batch in microtitre plates. To this end, dilution series of the substituted indole derivative to be tested were incubated for 90 minutes at room temperature with a receptor membrane preparation (15 – 40 μg protein per 250 μl incubation batch) of CHO-K1 cells, which express the human μ -opiate receptor (RB-HOM receptor membrane preparation from NEN, Zaventem, Belgium), in the presence of 1 nmol/l of the radioactive ligand [^3H] naloxone (NET719, NEN, Zaventem, Belgium) and 1 mg of WGA-SPA beads (wheat germ agglutinin SPA beads from Amersham/Pharmacia, Freiburg, Germany) in a total volume of 250 μl . 50 mmol/l tris-HCl supplemented with 0.05 wt.% sodium azide and 0.06 wt.% bovine serum albumin were used as the incubation buffer. In order to determine the non-specific binding, 25 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ of naloxone were also added. At the end of the ninety-minute incubation period the microtitre plates were centrifuged for 20 minutes at 1000 g and the radioactivity was measured in a β counter (Microbeta-Trilux, PerkinElmer Wallac, Freiburg, Germany). The percentage displacement of the radioactive ligand from its binding to the human μ -opiate receptor was determined at a test substance concentration of 1 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ and stated as the percentage inhibition (% inhibition) of the specific binding. In some cases the percentage displacement due to differing concentrations of the compounds having the general formula I to be tested was used to calculate the IC_{50} inhibition concentrations which bring about a 50-percent displacement of the radioactive ligand. K_i values for the test substances were obtained by extrapolation using the Cheng-Prusoff equation.

Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
1	80	94
2	96	99
3	90	92
4	86	93
5	89	98
6	98	102
7	62	95
8	96	99
9	77	101
10	56	99
11	80	86
12	67	84
13	35	80
14	48	73
15	58	88
16	89	94
17	38	70
18	82	95
19	59	89
20	68	88
21	62	87
22	25	70
23	53	86
24	84	97
25	62	86
26	59	88
27	93	98
28	36	88
29	51	94
30	21	78
31	35	88

Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
32	-	61
33	27	94
34	43	88
35	79	57
36	31	62
37	16	47
38	-	68
39	32	76
40	-	40
41	17	63
42	22	28
43	21	54
44	50	92
45	49	82
46	-	20
47	-	61
48	-	14
49	17	52
50	39	79
51	26	43
52	28	65
53	73	90
54	-	15
55	-	66
56	35	71
57	-	45
58	20	77
59	60	86
60	45	81
61	65	89
62	14	57

Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
63	41	81
64	-	18
65	-	42
66	33	71
67	90	93
68	65	93
69	90	96
70	80	98
71	83	96
72	95	101
73	95	95
74	97	99
75	79	97
76	93	99
77	60	89
78	62	93
79	83	101
80	97	101
81	98	100
82	97	97
83	95	84
84	95	100
85	94	101
86	94	88
87	93	102
88	92	94
89	91	94
90	90	99
91	89	97
92	88	93
93	88	97
94	82	71

Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
95	82	81
96	79	96
97	77	70
98	73	85
99	71	87
100	69	95
101	68	96
102	65	66
103	65	35
104	64	89
105	63	91
106	63	92
107	63	52
108	63	98
109	61	81
110	60	92
111	60	82
112	59	92
113	57	89
114	56	90
115	53	72
116	50	83
117	48	79
118	46	97
119	45	95
120	45	60
121	44	88
122	43	84
123	43	72
124	43	64
125	42	55
126	40	90

Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
127	39	68
128	39	56
129	37	73
130	36	51
131	34	43
132	34	63
133	32	71
134	29	34
135	27	61
136	24	46
137	-	82
138	12	81
139	74	90
140	17	54
141	-	82
142	40	78
143	13	71
144	39	90
145	45	80
146	24	53
147	27	47
148	17	41
149	52	54
150	76	54
151	52	83
152	80	93
153	-	93
154	28	94
155	69	89
156	39	57
157	30	96
158	61	93

Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
159	-	64
160	-	87
161	15	66
162	63	80
163	55	87
164	82	96
165	47	92
166	40	77
167	65	86
168	73	92
169	54	91
170	38	80
171	73	97
172	67	96
173	74	96
174	68	92
175	10	70
176	53	61
177	51	94
178	99	100
179	97	76
180	96	95
181	96	34
182	95	101
183	95	100
184	95	99
185	91	95
186	88	102
187	87	100
188	85	99
189	83	100
190	80	97

Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
191	80	96
192	76	96
193	68	82

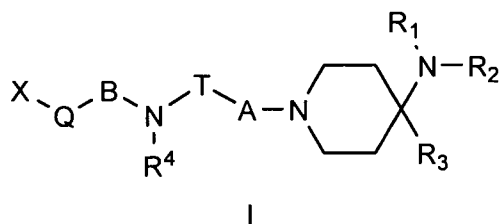
Example	% Inhibition (ORL1) at 1 μ M	% Inhibition (μ) at 1 μ M
194	56	99
195	56	78

Parenteral solution of a substituted indole derivative according to the invention

38 g of one of the substituted indole derivatives according to the invention, in this case example 3, are dissolved in 1 l of water for injection at room temperature and then adjusted to isotonic conditions by the addition of anhydrous glucose for injection.

Claims:

1. Substituted indole derivatives having the general formula I,



wherein

A and B mutually independently denote CH₂, C=O or SO₂,

X stands for indolyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted;

T stands for $(\text{CR}^{5a-c}\text{R}^{6a-c})_n$, $n = 1, 2$ or 3 .

Q stands for $(CR^{7a-c}R^{8a-c})_m$, $m = 0, 1, 2$ or 3 .

R¹ and R² mutually independently denote C₁₋₃ alkyl or H
or the radicals R¹ and R² form a ring with inclusion of the N atom and together denote
(CH₂)₃ or (CH₂)₄;

R³ denotes aryl or heteroaryl, each optionally bound by a C₁₋₃ alkyl chain, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; or C₁₋₆ alkyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted;

R⁴ denotes H; C₁₋₆ alkyl, branched or unbranched, saturated or unsaturated, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; aryl, heteroaryl or cycloaryl, each optionally bound by a C₁₋₃ alkyl chain;

R^{5a-c} and R^{6a-c} mutually independently stand for H, F, CN, OH, OCH₃, OCF₃, C₁₋₆ alkyl, each saturated or unsaturated, branched or unbranched, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted; or for a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl radical bound by a C₁₋₃ alkyl chain, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted;

or one of the radicals R^{5a-c} or R^{6a-c} forms a five-, six- or seven-membered ring with the radical R^4 with inclusion of the nitrogen atom, which ring can itself be substituted or unsubstituted or can be fused to a further five-, six- or seven-membered ring, which can be aromatic or non-aromatic;

$R^{7a-c}R^{8a-c}$ mutually independently stand for H; F, CN, OH, OCH_3 , OCF_3 , C_{1-6} alkyl, each saturated or unsaturated, branched or unbranched, unsubstituted or mono- or poly-substituted; C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, each unsubstituted or mono- or poly-substituted; or for a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl radical bound by a C_{1-3} alkyl chain, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted;

or one of the radicals R^{7a-c} or R^{8a-c} forms a five-, six- or seven-membered unsaturated ring with a substituent in the 2 or 3 position of the indolyl ring X,

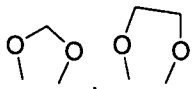
with the proviso that compounds in which R^3 stands for a phenyl radical which is substituted in the 3 position with OH or $OCOC_{1-8}$ alkyl are excluded from protection,

in the form of the racemate; the enantiomers, diastereomers, mixtures of enantiomers or diastereomers or a single enantiomer or diastereomer; the bases and/or salts of physiologically compatible acids or cations.

2. Substituted indole derivatives according to claim 1, wherein

"alkyl substituted" and "cycloalkyl substituted" stands for the substitution of a hydrogen radical with F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, NH_2 , $NH-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $NH-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OH, C_{1-6} alkyl, $N(C_{1-6}$ alkyl) $_2$, $N(C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OH) $_2$, NO_2 , SH, $S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, S-benzyl, $O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, OH, $O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OH, =O, O-benzyl, $C(=O)C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(=O)OC_{1-6}$ alkyl, phenyl or benzyl,

and "aryl substituted", "indolyl substituted" and "heteroaryl substituted" stands for the single or multiple, e.g. two, three or four times, substitution of one or more hydrogen atoms in the ring system with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NH_2 , $NH-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $NH-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OH, $N(C_{1-6}$ alkyl) $_2$, $N(C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OH) $_2$, NO_2 , SH, $S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, OH, $O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OH, $C(=O)$ -aryl; $C(=O)C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(=O)NHC_{1-6}$ alkyl; $C(=O)$ -N-morpholine; $C(=O)$ -piperidine; $C(=O)$ -pyrrolidine; $C(=O)$ -piperazine; $NHSO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $NHCOC_{1-6}$ alkyl, CO_2H , CH_2SO_2 phenyl, CO_2-C_{1-6} alkyl, OCF_3 ,

CF_3 , , C_{1-6} alkyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, benzyloxy, phenoxy, phenyl, pyridyl, alkylaryl, thienyl or furyl, wherein aryl and heteroaryl substituents can

themselves be substituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂.

3. Substituted indole derivatives according to one of claims 1 or 2, wherein A denotes CH₂ and B denotes CH₂ or C=O.

4. Substituted indole derivatives according to one of claims 1 or 2, wherein X stands for indolyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, C₃H₈, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅, N(CH₃)₂ or phenyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with F, Cl, Br, I, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂.

5. Substituted indole derivatives according to one of claims 1 or 2, wherein R¹ and R² mutually independently denote methyl or H.

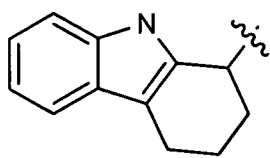
6. Substituted indole derivatives according to one of claims 1 or 2, wherein R³ stands for phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, thienyl, pyridyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, benzimidazolyl or benzyl, unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with F, Cl, Br, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, NH₂, NO₂, SH, CF₃, OH, OCH₃, OC₂H₅ or N(CH₃)₂; ethyl, n-propyl, 2-propyl, allyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, n-hexyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl, each unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted with OH, OCH₃ or OC₂H₅.

7. Substituted indole derivatives according to one of claims 1 or 2, wherein R⁴ denotes H, CH₃ or benzyl.

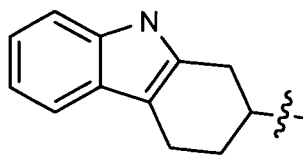
8. Substituted indole derivatives according to one of claims 1 or 2, wherein R^{5a-c} and R^{6a-c} stand for H.

9. Substituted indole derivatives according to one of claims 1 or 2, wherein R^{7a-c}R^{8a-c} mutually independently denotes H; C₁₋₆ alkyl, saturated or unsaturated, branched or unbranched,

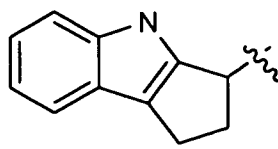
or one of the radicals R^{7a-c} or R^{8a-c} forms a five-, six- or seven-membered unsaturated ring with a substituent in the 3 position of the indolyl ring X, such that a structural element having the general formulae IIa-f is produced:



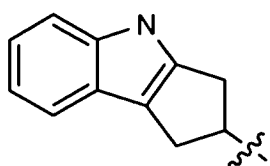
IIa



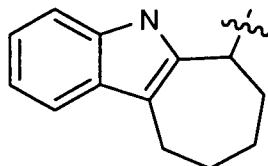
IIb



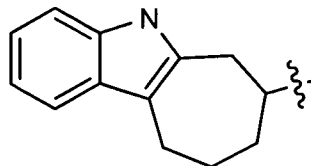
IIc



IIId



IIe



IIIf

5

10. Substituted indole derivatives according to claim 1, from the group comprising

- 1 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 2 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 3 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 4 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 5 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 6 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 7 6-Chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 8 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetamide
- 9 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 10 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 11 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 12 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 13 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 14 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 15 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide

- 16 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 17 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 18 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 19 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 20 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 21 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 22 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-methoxy-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 23 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 24 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 25 6-Chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 26 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 27 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 28 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 29 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 30 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 31 N-(2-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 32 3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)pentanamide
- 33 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 34 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 35 6-Chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 36 2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)acetamide
- 37 N,1-Dimethyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 38 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 39 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide

- 40 N, 1-Dimethyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 41 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N, 1-dimethyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 42 6-Chloro-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 43 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-6-chloro-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 44 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 45 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 46 N-Methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 47 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide
- 48 N-Methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)propanamide
- 49 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 50 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 51 5-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 52 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 53 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 54 N-Methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 55 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 56 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 57 3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)butanamide
- 58 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 59 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylbutanamide
- 60 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 61 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 62 2-(5-Bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)acetamide
- 63 2-(5-Bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-N-methylacetamide

- 64 5-Methoxy-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 65 N-(2-(4-Butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-methoxy-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 66 N-(3-(4-(Dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propyl)-5-methoxy-N-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
- 67 1-(3-(((6-Isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)propyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 68 1-(2-(((1H-Indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 69 1-(2-((1H-Indol-5-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 70 1-(2-(((2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 71 N,N-Dimethyl-1-(2-(methyl((2-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 72 1-(2-(((5-Chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 73 1-(2-(((6-Isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 74 1-(2-(((6-Isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 75 1-(2-(((5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 76 1-(2-(((5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 77 1-(2-(((1-Benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 78 1-(2-(((1-Benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 79 1-(2-(((1,2-Dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 80 1-(2-(((1,2-Dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 81 1-(3-(((1,2-Dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)propyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 82 N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 83 2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 84 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 85 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 86 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)indolin-1-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethanone
- 87 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 88 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentanamide
- 89 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)indolin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentan-1-one

- 90 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 91 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butanamide
- 92 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butanamide
- 93 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)acetamide
- 94 N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 95 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 96 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 97 6-chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 98 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 99 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 100 2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methylacetamide
- 101 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 102 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 103 (6-chloro-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazol-1-yl)(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 104 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(5-fluoro-1H-indole-2-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 105 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N,4-dimethylpentanamide
- 106 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-methylpentan-1-one
- 107 6-chloro-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 108 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
- 109 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 110 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylpropanamide
- 111 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 112 N-(2-(4-butyl-4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-methylacetamide
- 113 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
- 114 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carbonyl)indolin-3-yl)methanone
- 115 2-(5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone
- 116 6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
- 117 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
- 118 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carbonyl)indolin-3-

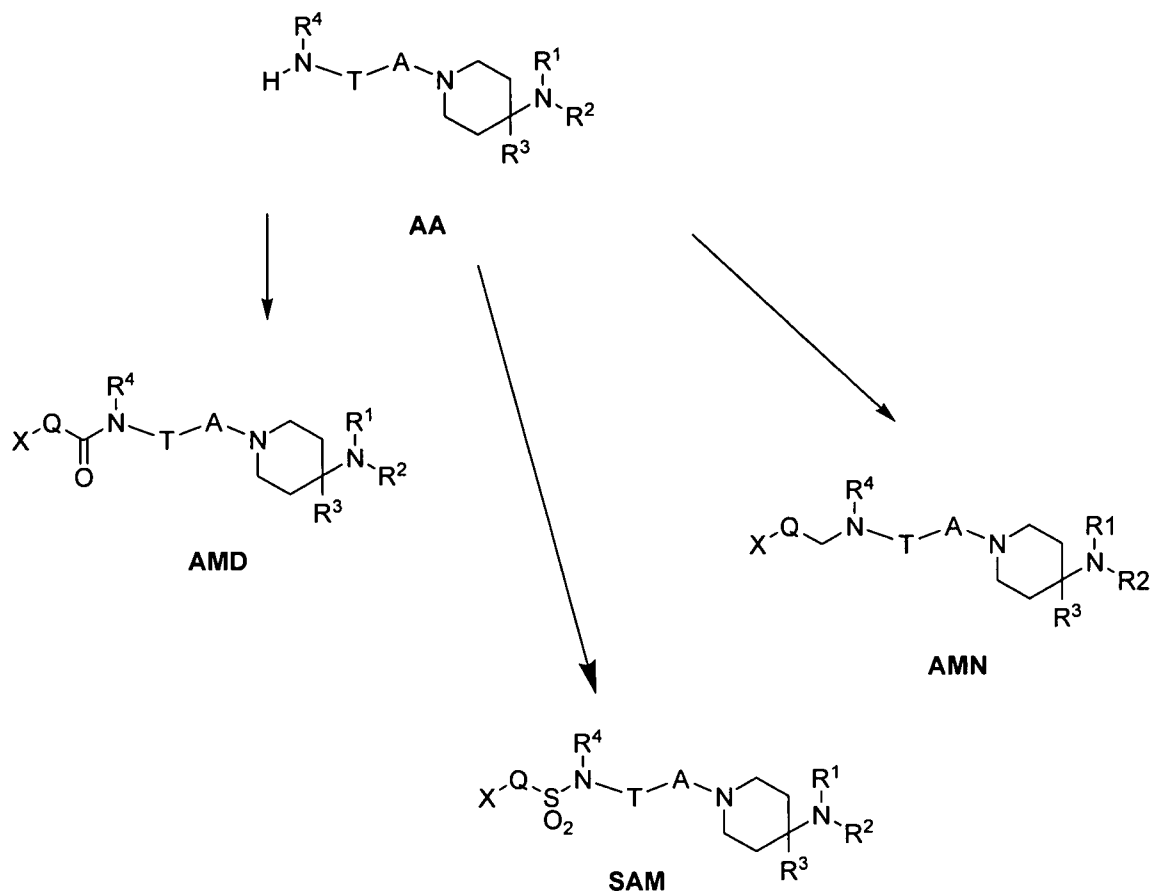
- yl)methanone
119 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N,1-dimethyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide
120 6-(dimethylamino)-N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
121 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
122 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)butan-1-one
123 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propan-1-one
124 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethanone
125 (1-(1H-indole-6-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
126 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
127 6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
128 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
129 N-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-5-methoxy-1H-indole-2-carboxamide
130 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-(1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
131 (1-(1H-indole-3-carbonyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
132 N-(1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-N-methyl-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propanamide
133 1-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propan-1-one
134 6-chloro-N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1H-carbazole-1-carboxamide
135 N-(2-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-4-carboxamide
136 (6-(dimethylamino)-1H-indol-2-yl)(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidine-1-carbonyl)piperidin-1-yl)methanone
137 N-((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
138 1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
139 3-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
140 N-((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
141 1-(2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
142 3-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
143 N-((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
144 1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
145 3-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
146 2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-

- 3-methylbutan-1-one
147 2-(((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylethanone
148 (1-((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
149 2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-methylbutan-1-one
150 2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylethanone
151 (1-((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
152 (1-((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
153 N-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
154 1-(2-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
155 (1-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
156 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
157 1-(2-(((1H-indol-7-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
158 (1-((1H-indol-7-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
159 N-((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)-N-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine
160 1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-4-butyl-N,N-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine
161 (1-((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
162 3-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
163 3-((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
164 3-((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
165 3-((1H-indol-5-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
166 (1-((1H-indol-5-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
167 1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)propan-1-one
168 1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-((2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
169 3-((1H-indol-6-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
170 (1-((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
171 3-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one
172 2-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)ethanone
173 3-((1H-indol-7-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-phenylpropan-1-one
174 3-((1H-indol-4-yl)methylamino)-1-(4-(dimethylamino)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-

- phenylpropan-1-one
- 175 (1-((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)indolin-3-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)methanone
- 176 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((6-methoxy-1,2-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 177 (4-(dimethylamino)-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)(1-((2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)piperidin-3-yl)methanone
- 178 1-(2-((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 179 1-(2-((1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 180 1-(2-(((6-isopropyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 181 1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 182 1-(2-(((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 183 1-(2-(((5-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 184 1-(2-(((1H-indol-6-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 185 1-(2-(((5-bromo-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 186 1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 187 1-(2-(((1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 188 1-(2-((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methylamino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(thiophen-2-yl)piperidin-4-amine
- 189 1-(2-(((1,2-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 190 1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 191 1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 192 1-(2-(((5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 193 1-(2-(((1-benzyl-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 194 1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine
- 195 1-(2-(((1H-indol-4-yl)methyl)(methyl)amino)ethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-phenylpiperidin-4-amine

in the form of the racemate; the enantiomers, diastereomers, mixtures of enantiomers or diastereomers or a single enantiomer or diastereomer; the bases and/or salts of physiologically compatible acids or cations.

11. Process for the preparation of substituted indole derivatives according to claim 1,



wherein compounds having the general formula **AA** in at least one solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of dichloromethane, acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide, diethyl ether, dioxane and tetrahydrofuran, are reacted with acids having the general formula $X-Q-CO_2H$, wherein X and Q have the meanings given above, with addition of at least one coupling reagent, preferably selected from the group consisting of carbonyl diimidazole (CDI), 2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide (Mukaiyama reagent), *N*-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-*N'*-ethylcarbodiimide (EDCI), *O*-(benzotriazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate (TBTU), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) and 1-benzotriazolyloxy-tris-(dimethylamino)-phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP), optionally in the presence of at least one inorganic base, preferably selected from the group consisting of potassium carbonate and caesium carbonate, or an organic base, preferably selected from the group consisting of triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine and pyridine, and optionally with addition of 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine or 1-hydroxybenzotriazole, to form compounds having the general formula **AMD**,

or compounds having the general formula **AA** are reacted with sulfonyl chlorides having the general formula $X-Q-SO_2Cl$, wherein X and Q have the meanings given

above, in at least one organic solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of dichloromethane, acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide, diethyl ether, dioxane, tetrahydrofuran, methanol, ethanol and toluene, in the presence of an excess of a base, preferably selected from the group consisting of caesium carbonate, calcium carbonate, potassium carbonate, triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine and pyridine, at temperatures of preferably -70°C to 100°C, to form compounds having the general formula **SAM**,

or compounds having the general formula **AA** are reacted with aldehydes having the general formula X-Q-CHO, wherein X and Q have the meanings given above, in at least one organic solvent, preferably selected from the group consisting of diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, methanol, ethanol, dichloroethane, dichloromethane and toluene, with addition of at least one reducing agent, preferably selected from the group consisting of borane-pyridine complex, sodium boron hydride, sodium triacetoxyboron hydride, sodium cyanoboron hydride and triethylsilane, optionally in the presence of at least one acid, preferably selected from the group consisting of formic acid, acetic acid, hydrochloric acid and trifluoroacetic acid, at temperatures of preferably -70°C to 100°C, to form compounds having the general formula **AMN**.

12. Medicinal product containing at least one substituted indole derivative according to one of claims 1 to 10 and optionally containing suitable additives and/or auxiliary substances and/or optionally further active ingredients.
13. Use of a substituted indole derivative according to one of claims 1 to 10 to prepare a medicinal product for the treatment of pain, in particular acute, neuropathic or chronic pain.
14. Use of a substituted indole derivative according to one of claims 1 to 10 to prepare a medicinal product for the treatment of anxiety conditions, stress and stress-related syndromes, depression, epilepsy, Alzheimer's disease, senile dementia, general cognitive dysfunctions, learning and memory disorders (as a nootropic), withdrawal symptoms, alcohol and/or drug and/or prescription drug abuse and/or dependency, sexual dysfunctions, cardiovascular diseases, hypotension, hypertension, tinnitus, pruritus, migraine, hearing impairment, gastrointestinal motility disorders, food intake disorders, anorexia, obesity, locomotive disorders, diarrhoea, cachexia, urinary incontinence, or as a muscle relaxant, anticonvulsant or anaesthetic, or for coadministration in treatment with an opioid analgesic or with an anaesthetic, for

diuresis or antinatriuresis, anxiolysis, for the modulation of motor activity, for the modulation of neurotransmitter release and treatment of associated neurodegenerative diseases, for the treatment of withdrawal symptoms and/or for the reduction of the addiction potential of opioids.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No

PCT/EP2009/001232

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

INV. C07D401/12 C07D409/14 A61K31/454 A61P25/04

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, CHEM ABS Data, BEILSTEIN Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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A	WO 2004/043909 A (GRUENENTHAL GMBH [DE]; HINZE CLAUDIA [DE]; SCHICK HANS [DE]) 27 May 2004 (2004-05-27) the whole document	1-14
A	WO 03/037863 A (GRUENENTHAL GMBH [DE]; SATTLEGER MICHAEL DR [DE]; BUSCHMANN HELMUT DR) 8 May 2003 (2003-05-08) the whole document	1-14

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

☒ See patent family annex.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

PCT/EP2009/001232

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