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(54) Title
NON-HANDED DOOR LATCH FOR PASSAGE AND PRIVACY FUNCTIONS

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(56) Prior Art Documents
US 4997220
US 4736973
US 4615549

(57) Claim
1. A door latch for passage and privacy applications, providing plural adjustable installation capabilities including:

a latch housing having a rear portion and a forward portion, said forward portion having means for attaching a faceplate and having an outer housing and inner housing, nesting indexably and telescopically within said outer housing;

a bolt and drawbar assembly;

a first adjustable installation capability providing non-handed installation capability comprising two independent cams mounted in said rear portion for independently operating said drawbar to extend and retract said bolt and drawbar assembly;

means for locking either of said two independent cams;

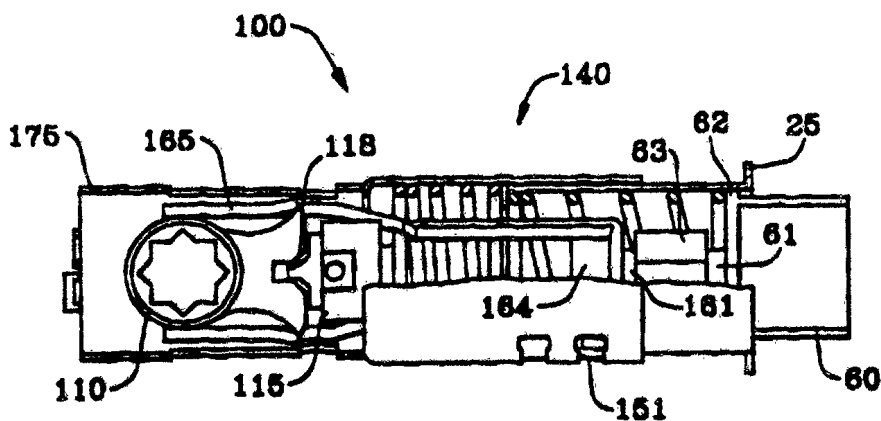
means for biasing said bolt and drawbar assembly to an extended position relative to said housing; and

a second adjustable installation capability providing dual backset installation capability comprising the bolt and drawbar assembly having means for selectively adjusting said assembly to one of two desired lengths.



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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US94/04522 (22) International Filing Date: 25 April 1994 (25.04.94) (30) Priority Data: 056,001 3 May 1993 (03.05.93) US (71) Applicant: SCHLAGE LOCK COMPANY [US/US]; 2401 Bayshore Boulevard, San Francisco, CA 94134 (US). (72) Inventor: GALINDO, Jaime; 24303 Dover Lane, Haywood, CA 94541 (US). (74) Agents: LIPSCOMB, Ernest, B., III et al.; Bell, Seltzer, Park & Gibson, P.O. Drawer 34009, Charlotte, NC 28234 (US).		(81) Designated States: AU, BR, CA, CN, JP, KR, NZ, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). Published With international search report. With amended claims. 678017	

(54) Title: NON-HANDED DOOR LATCH FOR PASSAGE AND PRIVACY FUNCTIONS



(57) Abstract

A door latch (100) for passage and privacy applications provides capability for non-handed installation as well as independent bolt operating cams (109, 110) which may be selectively locked or may be unlocked by retraction of the bolt (60) or by pushing the bolt (60) inward when the door is closed. The latch also provides for the removal of the bolt (60) from the latch assembly (100) when the faceplate is not attached. Dual backset capability is provided by means of telescopic forward housings (125, 150) and bolt-to-drawbar assemblies which may be placed in two indexable positions to adjust the length.

NON-HANDED DOOR LATCH FOR PASSAGE AND PRIVACY FUNCTIONS**Background of the Invention**

This invention relates generally to door locks and more particularly to door locks for passage and privacy functions.

5 Interior doors of buildings are equipped with latch assemblies often having a locking capability. A locking capability is generally desirable in doors used on bathrooms, bedrooms, and other areas where limited privacy is desired. Closets and hallways usually do
10 not require a privacy locking capability.

During construction, handing of doors is an important consideration affecting comfort and convenience within the building. Whether a door swings inwardly or outwardly and is hinged on the right side
15 or the left side, it will affect the necessary handing of the latch assembly to be installed. Privacy locking capability must also be appropriately oriented regardless of handing or direction of door swing. In addition, backset distance must also often be accounted
20 for. Since standard door preparations include both 2 3/8" and 2 3/4" backset distances, this must also be considered along with the previously described locking and handing requirements.

Depending upon the size of a building, its
25 purpose, and the styling options which are chosen, it is clear that the potential number of different latch assembly options required for different locations is

very large. This large number of options increases proportionately the potential for supply errors, inappropriate installations, delayed installations, and losses associated with replacement of erroneously installed latch assemblies.

5 The foregoing illustrates limitations known to exist in present devices and methods. Thus, it is apparent that it would be advantageous to provide an alternative directed to overcoming one or more of the limitations set forth above. Accordingly, a suitable alternative is provided including features more fully disclosed hereinafter.

Summary of the Invention

10 Accordingly, in one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a door latch for passage and privacy applications, providing plural adjustable installation capabilities including a latch housing having a rear portion and a forward portion, said forward portion having means for attaching a faceplate and having an outer housing and inner housing, nesting indexably and
15 telescopically within said outer housing; a bolt and drawbar assembly; a first adjustable installation capability providing non-handed installation capability comprising two independent cams mounted in said rear portion for independently operating said drawbar to extend and retract said bolt and drawbar assembly; means for locking either of said two independent cams;
20 means for biasing said bolt and drawbar assembly to an extended position relative to said housing; and a second adjustable installation capability providing dual backset installation capability comprising the bolt and drawbar assembly having means for selectively adjusting said assembly to one of two desired lengths.

25 In a second aspect, the present invention provides a door latch for passage and privacy applications, providing non-handed installation capability, including a latch housing having a rear portion and a forward portion, said forward portion having means for attaching a faceplate; a bolt and drawbar assembly; two independent cams mounted in said rear portion of said housing
30 for independently operating said drawbar and bolt assembly; means for locking either of the said two independent cams, said means for locking comprising a locking plate having a locking tongue and capable of moving transversely within



said housing to bring said locking tongue into engagement with a slot on either side of said independent cams; and means for biasing said bolt and drawbar assembly to an extended position relative to said housing.

In a third aspect, the present invention provides a door latch for passage and privacy applications, providing dual backset non-handed installation capability, including a latch housing having a rear portion and a forward portion, said forward portion having means for attaching a faceplate and having an outer housing and inner housing, said inner housing nesting indexably and telescopically within said outer housing; a bolt and drawbar assembly having means for selectively adjusting said assembly to one of two desired lengths; two independent cams mounted in said rear portion for independently operating said drawbar to extend and retract said bolt and drawbar assembly; means for locking either of said two independent cams; means for biasing said bolt and drawbar assembly to an extended position relative to said housing; and wherein said means for selectively adjusting the bolt and drawbar assembly to one of two desired lengths comprises a shaped slot on a forward surface of said drawbar, said slot permitting a congruently shaped boss of said bolt, when rotated to a first position, to be moved in an axial direction with respect to said drawbar such that said shaped slot of said drawbar engages a circumferential groove in one of two indexably related positions.

The foregoing and other aspects will become apparent from the following details description of the invention when considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawing figures.

25

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a fragmentary sectional elevation view showing a preferred embodiment of the latch assembly of the present invention.



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Figure 2 is a fragmentary sectional plan view of the embodiment of Figure 1; and

Figure 3 is a fragmentary sectional elevation view showing the bolt assembly of Figure 1 in its
5 retracted position.

Detailed Description

Referring to Figure 1, it is seen that a door latch assembly 100 according to the present invention consists of a housing with a rear portion 175, a
10 forward portion 140, the forward portion having tabs 25 (or ears) for mounting a faceplate. Within rear portion 175 of the housing, cam 110, locking plate 115, and drawbar link 165 are seen. Note that there are two cams but only one can be seen in this view, and drawbar
15 link 165 is found both above and below cam 110. Note also that the door latch assembly 100 shown here is symmetric about an imaginary horizontal center plane in Figure 1. "U" shaped drawbar link 165 extends within forward portion 140 to connect with bolt 60 by
20 registering with groove 161 or 61 between bolt bosses 164 and 63 or boss 63 and bolt stop ring 62.

Figures 1 to 3, considered together, provide a clear demonstration of features of construction and function of the preferred embodiment. Rear portion 175
25 of the latch housing contains independent cams 109 and 110 separated by cam spacer 90. Cam lock 115 is mounted forward of cams 109 and 110 and can be moved transversely within the housing by pushing lock pin 119 or 120. If pin 119 is pushed, cam lock 115 moves such
30 that lock tongue 118 becomes engaged with cam slot 111 of cam 110 to immobilize the cam. Independent cam 109, however, is still operable; and, when cam 109 is turned to retract bolt 60, drawbar link 165 retracts, and cam surface 166 of link 165 engages guide 117 of locking
35 plate 115 and moves it to a centered, or unlocked, position so that both cams 109 and 110 are again free

to operate. The same action between cam surface 166 of drawbar link 165 and guide 117 of lockplate 115 results when bolt 60 is pushed back into the housing, for example, when the door is being closed. When a
5 faceplate is in place, extension of bolt 60 is limited by bolt stop ring 62.

Forward portion 140 of the housing is composed of outer housing 150 and inner housing 125. Inner housing 125 telescopes within outer housing 150 in order to
10 accommodate the 3/8" difference between 2 3/4 and 2 3/8" backset distances. Bolt 60 is also adapted to accommodate that difference.

Since inner housing 125 telescopes within outer housing 150, a bias spring 190 is provided to maintain
15 a bias between the inner forward face of outer housing 150 and the rear face of inner housing 125. Spring 185 biases bolt 60 to extend from inner housing 125 so that, unless retracted by action of cams 109 or 110 and link 165, bolt 60 remains extended. The dual backset
20 capability described is provided by slots 161 and 61 which lie between rearward bolt boss 164 and center bolt boss 63, and the rear face of bolt stop ring 62 and center bolt boss 63, respectively. Boss 164 is oriented with its long flat faces parallel to the long
25 elevation face of bolt 60, while boss 63 is axially turned to a 45 degree offset from the bolt boss 164 and the bolt face. Since the opening in the forward portion of link 165 has its long dimension oriented transversely with respect to that of boss 164 when in
30 the operating position, and since motion of link 165 between grooves 161 and 61 only requires a 45 degree rotation in order to pass center bolt boss 63 through the opening of link 165, it can be seen that bolt 60 is secured to link 165 under operating conditions of the
35 assembly.

Inner housing 125 has a boss 126 which protrudes slightly through slot 151 of outer housing



AMENDED SHEET

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150. Slot 151 is substantially "U" shaped with its legs axially spaced by $3/8$ ", center to center, and a circumferential extent of 45 degrees. Boss 126 and slot 151 guide the rotation and telescoping movements of inner housing 125, outer housing 150, and bolt 60. This 45 degree rotational limitation prevents disconnection of bolt 60 when the faceplate is in place.

The door latch of the present invention with all of the versatility embodied therein, provides almost universal application capability for passage and privacy applications.

THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS:

1. A door latch for passage and privacy applications, providing plural adjustable installation capabilities including:

a latch housing having a rear portion and a forward portion, said forward portion having means for attaching a faceplate and having an outer housing and inner housing, nesting indexably and telescopically within said outer housing;

a bolt and drawbar assembly;

a first adjustable installation capability providing non-handed installation capability comprising two independent cams mounted in said rear portion for independently operating said drawbar to extend and retract said bolt and drawbar assembly;

means for locking either of said two independent cams;

means for biasing said bolt and drawbar assembly to an extended position relative to said housing; and

a second adjustable installation capability providing dual backset installation capability comprising the bolt and drawbar assembly having means for selectively adjusting said assembly to one of two desired lengths.

2. A door latch for passage and privacy applications, providing non-handed installation capability, including:

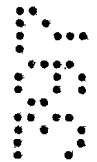
a latch housing having a rear portion and a forward portion, said forward portion having means for attaching a faceplate;

a bolt and drawbar assembly;

two independent cams mounted in said rear portion of said housing for independently operating said drawbar and bolt assembly;

means for locking either of the said two independent cams, said means for locking comprising a locking plate having a locking tongue and capable of moving transversely within said housing to bring said locking tongue into engagement with a slot on either side of said independent cams; and

means for biasing said bolt and drawbar assembly to an extended position relative to said housing.



3. The door latch of claim 2, wherein said locking plate may occupy a locking position in which the locking tongue is engaged with the slot of either of said independent cams or may be in a neutral position in which the locking tongue is engaged with neither of the independent cams.

5 4. The door latch of either claim 2 or 3 wherein the locking plate has protrusions extending outwardly from said housing, said protrusions enabling said locking plate to be pushed transversely in said housing to bring the locking tongue into or out of engagement with the slot on either independent cam.

10 5. The door latch of either claim 2 or 3, wherein the locking plate has protrusions extending outwardly from said housing, said protrusions enabling pushing of said locking plate sideward to bring the locking tongue into a neutral position in which it engages neither independent cam.

15 6. The door latch of any one of claims 2 to 5 including:
means for unlocking said independent cams when said bolt is either pushed in or retracted.

20 7. The door latch of claim 6, wherein the means for unlocking said independent cams including means disposed upon said locking plate for moving said locking plate into a neutral position when acted upon by lateral cam surfaces of said drawbar when said bolt and drawbar assembly is either pushed in or retracted.

25 8. A door latch for passage and privacy applications, providing dual backset non-handed installation capability, including:

a latch housing having a rear portion and a forward portion, said forward portion having means for attaching a faceplate and having an outer housing and inner housing, said inner housing nesting indexably and telescopically within said outer housing;

a bolt and drawbar assembly having means for selectively adjusting said assembly to one of two desired lengths;

30 two independent cams mounted in said rear portion for independently operating said drawbar to extend and retract said bolt and drawbar assembly;

means for locking either of said two independent cams;



means for biasing said bolt and drawbar assembly to an extended position relative to said housing; and

wherein said means for selectively adjusting the bolt and drawbar assembly to one of two desired lengths comprises a shaped slot on a forward surface of said drawbar, said slot permitting a congruently shaped boss of said bolt, when rotated to a first position, to be moved in an axial direction with respect to said drawbar such that said shaped slot of said drawbar engages a circumferential groove in one of two indexably related positions.

9. The door latch of claim 8, wherein the means for locking either of said two independent cams comprises a locking plate having a locking tongue and capable of movement transversely within said housing to bring said locking tongue into engagement with a slot on either of said independent cams.

10. The door latch of claim 9, wherein said locking plate may occupy a locking position in which the locking tongue is engaged with the slot of either of said independent cams or may occupy a neutral position in which the locking tongue is engaged with neither of the independent cams.

11. The door latch of either claim 9 or 10, wherein the locking plate has protrusions extending outwardly from said housing, said protrusions being used for pushing said locking plate sideward to bring the locking tongue into or out of engagement with the slot on either independent cam.

12. The door latch of either claim 9 or 10, wherein the locking plate has protrusions extending outwardly from said housing, said protrusions being used for pushing said locking plate sideward to bring the locking tongue into or out of engagement with the slot on either independent cam or into said neutral position.

13. The door latch of any one of claims 8 to 12 including:

means for unlocking said independent cams when said bolt is pushed in or retracted.

14. The door latch of claim 13, wherein the means for unlocking said independent cams comprises interactive means disposed upon said locking plate and upon said drawbar for moving said locking plate into said neutral position when the bolt and drawbar assembly is either pushed in or retracted.

15. The door latch of claim 8, further comprising:



means for separating said bolt from said drawbar.

16. The door latch of claim 15, wherein the means for separating said bolt from said drawbar comprises a boss on said bolt, said boss having an irregular shape and lying between an axially rearward end of said bolt and the rearmost of two
5 circumferential grooves defining two indexably related positions of said bolt with respect to said drawbar, said boss having a shape such that, when rotated to a disengagement position, said bolt may be axially installed in or separated from said drawbar by passing said boss through a congruently shaped slot on the forward surface of said drawbar.

10 17. A door latch substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Dated: 20 March, 1997

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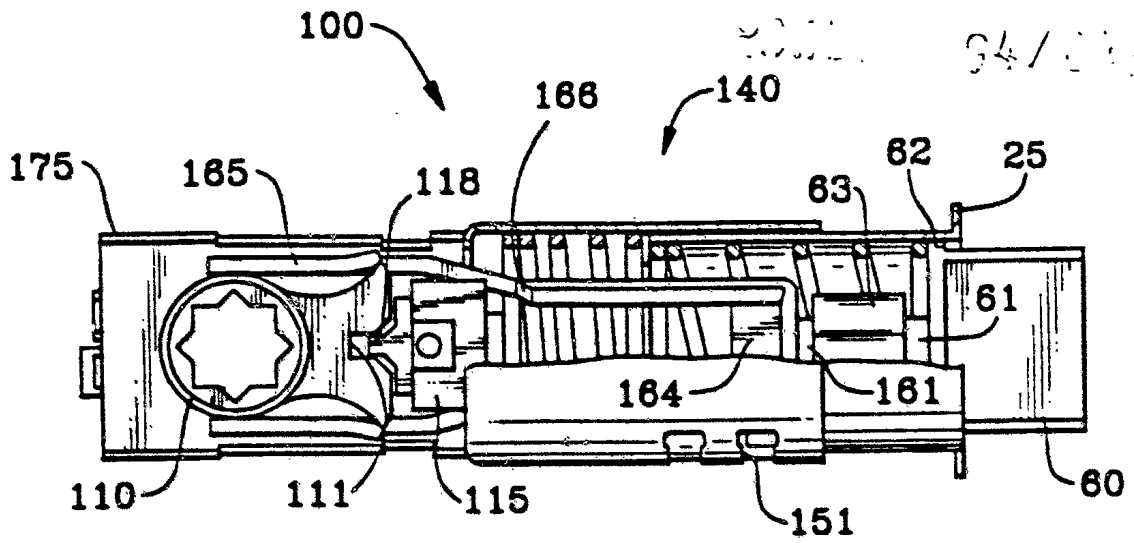


FIG. 1

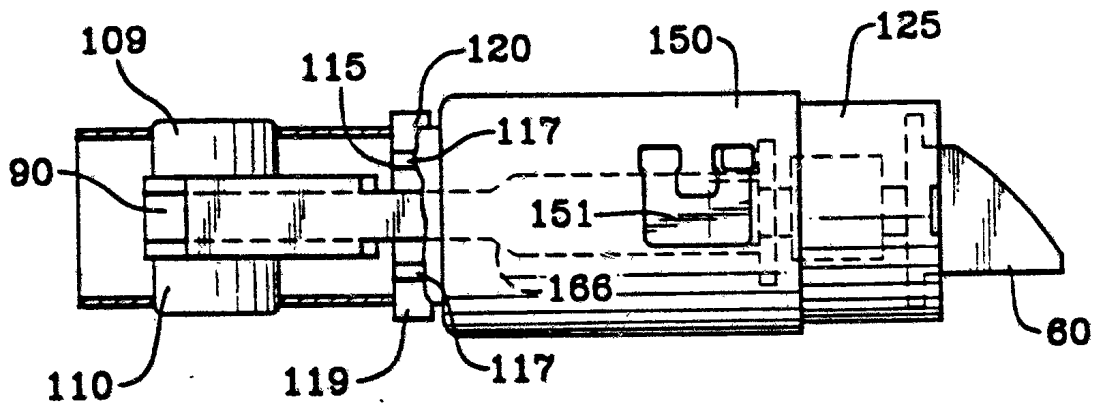


FIG. 2

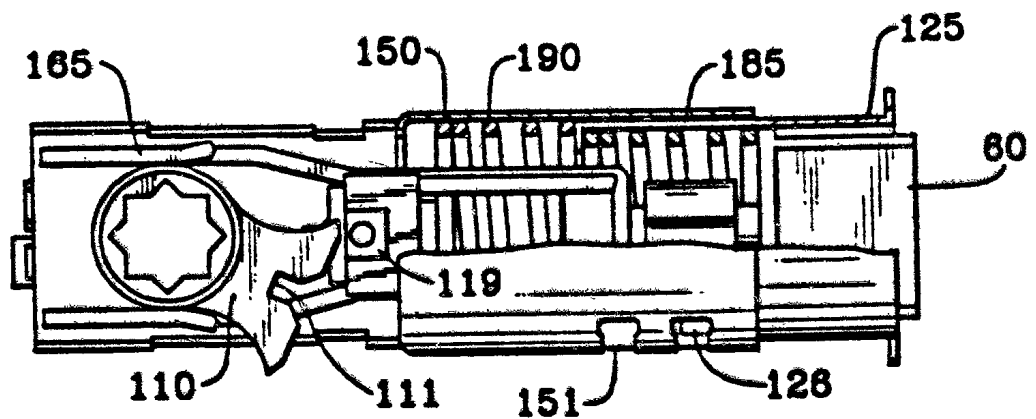


FIG. 3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US94/04522

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(5) : E05C 1/12

US CL : 292/169.16, 1.5

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 292/169.16, 1.5, 150, 169.21, 169.22

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US, A, 4,997,220 (Jans) 05 March 1991, Entire document	1
Y		8
Y	US, A, 4,736,973 (Fang) 12 April 1988, Entire document	8
A	US, A, 4,615,549 (Couture) 07 October 1986, Entire document	1-17
A	US, A, 4,708,379 (Ching) 24 November 1987, Entire document	1-17
A	US, A, 4,950,008 (Fang) 21 August 1990, Entire document	1-17



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	*X*	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
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L document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*A*	document member of the same patent family
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P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search

27 JUNE 1994

Date of mailing of the international search report

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