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(54) **Title:** SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING A USER WITH A SINGLE PAYMENT CARD ON WHICH PREPAID/OR REWARD BALANCES ARE TRACKED FOR MULTIPLE MERCHANTS

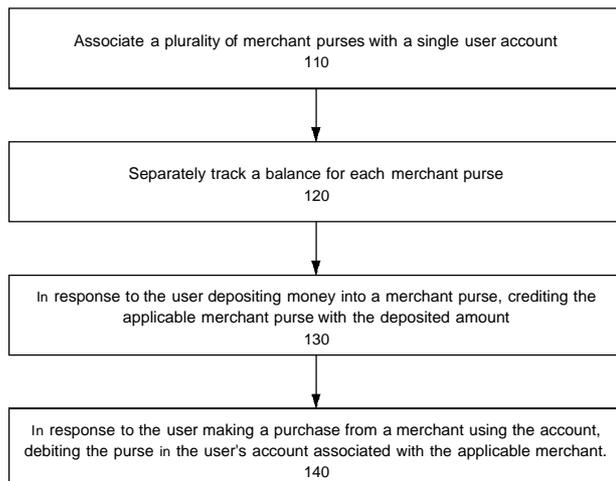


FIG. 1a

(57) **Abstract:** The system and method of present invention provides a user with a single account that separately tracks prepaid and/or reward balances from multiple merchants. Multiple merchant purses are associated with the user's account. Each purse corresponds to one merchant, and represents the user's credit balance with the merchant (e.g., prepaid deposits plus reward). The balance associated with each merchant purse is separately tracked. In one embodiment, each merchant purse is associated with its own set of rules for calculating a reward or otherwise managing the purse. When a user deposits prepaid money into a merchant purse, the system that manages the user's account executes any rules associated with the purse related to a deposit. If there is a rule associated with a rewards calculation, a reward amount is calculated in accordance with the rule and, if the reward is greater than zero, the merchant purse is credited with the reward.



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**SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING A USER WITH A SINGLE
PAYMENT CARD ON WHICH PREPAID AND/OR REWARD BALANCES ARE
TRACKED FOR MULTIPLE MERCHANTS**

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TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates generally to prepayment and reward card systems and, more particularly, to an account management system that separately tracks prepaid and/or rewards balances for multiple merchants in a single user account.

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BACKGROUND ART

It is desirable for merchants to have users commit prepaid dollars to them. Consequently, many merchants sell gift cards. As incentive to get customers to buy gift cards, some merchants will sell gift card packs in which a user can purchase a set of gift cards for a price that is less than the value of the gift cards. For example, a merchant may offer five \$20 gift cards for \$80. Thus, for \$80 a customer receives \$100 in purchasing power at the merchant. This is appealing to customers, but it is not convenient to have purchase a separate gift card from each merchant. Therefore, it is desirable to have a single card on to which a user can load prepaid dollars for multiple merchants in exchange for receiving a reward from the merchants. Also, it is desirable for merchants to have the flexibility to target specific types of deals to specific types of customer (*e.g.*, by geographic area, spending patterns, etc.).

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DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

The system, computer program, and method of present invention provides a user with a single account that separately tracks prepaid and/or reward balances from multiple merchants. From the user's perspective, the account may be manifested in the form of a physical card (*e.g.*, like a credit card) or in the form of an electronic card. Multiple merchant purses are associated with the user's account. Each purse corresponds to one merchant, and represents the user's credit balance with the merchant (*e.g.*, prepaid deposits plus reward deposits). The balance associated with each merchant purse is separately tracked. The balance within each merchant purse is applicably credited and debited as the user makes deposits and purchases using a card associated with the account. A user may deposit prepaid funds in any of the merchant purses.

30

In a further embodiment, the user is able to enroll in deals from merchants in which a user receives a reward from a merchant in exchange for depositing a threshold prepaid amount in the purse associated with the merchant. When a user enrolls in a deal, one or more

rules are associated with the applicable merchant purse that provide for the calculation of a reward amount in accordance with the deal. Each merchant purse may be associated with its own set of rules for calculating a reward or otherwise managing the purse. When a user deposits prepaid money into a merchant purse, the system that manages the user's account
5 executes any rules associated with the purse related to a deposit. If there is a rule associated with a rewards calculation, a reward amount is calculated in accordance with the rule and, if the reward is greater than zero, the merchant purse is credited with the reward. For merchants with multiple stores or departments, an account management system enables merchants to differentiate between store locations and departments in calculating or using a
10 reward.

In one embodiment, a reward earned by making a deposit or purchase at one merchant may be allocated to a purse associated with another merchant. In this embodiment, the system enables a merchant to offer a deal that provides a reward that is related to another merchant.

15 In yet a further embodiment of the invention, a user is able to associate an overflow account with one or more merchant purses. In such case, a purchase from a merchant purse that exceeds the balance of the purse will be charged to an overflow account, provided the purse is associated with an overflow account. There may be a default overflow account applicable to all purses, or an overflow account may be specific to a particular merchant
20 purse.

In one embodiment of the invention, rules for calculating rewards may be based on amount spent at a merchant, instead of on prepaid money. In such embodiment, an account management system tracks the amount spent at each applicable merchant, regardless of whether the user uses prepaid dollars or an overflow account.

25 In a further embodiment of the invention, a master purse is associated with each user account. The account management system enables a user to initially deposit general funds into the master purse and then later transfer funds to specific merchant purses.

In yet another embodiment of the invention, an account management system provides a portal via which a merchant is able to target different deals to different customer.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figure 1 a is a flowchart that illustrates a method according to one embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 1 b is a flowchart that illustrates a method according to a further embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a block diagram that illustrates an example of an account management system according to one embodiment of the present invention.

Figures 3-4, 6-8, and 10 are flowcharts that illustrate example operations of an account management system according to one embodiment of the present invention.

5 Figure 5 is a block diagram that illustrates an example of the structure of a user account in a database.

Figures **9a-9d** are pictorial representations of a user's account according to multiple embodiments of the present invention.

BEST MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

10 The system and method of present invention provides users each with a single account that separately tracks prepaid and/or reward balances from multiple merchants. The account may be associated with one or more "payment cards" that a user can use to purchase goods and services the same way a credit or debit card is used. Although an account may be associated with multiple cards (at the user's option), the system enables the user to have just
15 one card that can be used for multiple merchants. The payment card may in physical form (like a plastic credit or debit card) or in electronic form.

As illustrated in Figure **1a**, multiple merchant purses are associated with the user's account (step 110). Each purse corresponds to one merchant, and represents the user's credit balance with the merchant (*e.g.*, prepaid deposits plus reward deposits). The balance
20 associated with each merchant purse is separately tracked (step 120). The balance within each merchant purse is applicably credited and debited as the user makes deposits and purchases (steps 130, 140) using a payment card associated with the account. A user may deposit prepaid funds in any of the merchant purses. As will be described in more detail below, a user's incentive for depositing prepaid dollars may be to receive a reward that
25 provides the user with additional purchasing power with the merchant. In the preferred embodiment, a user's prepaid balance is maintained within a subaccount in the purse.

A prepaid deposit into a merchant purse is a commitment of money by the user to that merchant. In most cases, once a user makes a prepaid deposit into a merchant purse, the user can spend the money on only purchases from the merchant. In one embodiment, illustrated in
30 Figure **1b**, the user is able to enroll in deals from merchants in which a user receives a reward from a merchant in exchange for depositing a threshold prepaid amount in the purse associated with the merchant (step 150). For example, a user may sign up for a deal in which the user receives a **\$20** reward from a merchant in exchange for a prepaid deposit of **\$100** in the merchant's purse in the user's account. When a user enrolls in a deal, one or more rules

are associated with the applicable merchant purse that provide for the calculation of a reward amount in accordance with the deal (step **160**). Each merchant purse may be associated with its own set of rules for calculating a reward or otherwise managing the purse. Figure **9a** illustrates a pictorial representation of an example user's account **900** according to this
5 embodiment of the present invention. In this example, the user's account is associated with merchant purses **A, B, C, and D**. Each purse has a subaccount **910** for tracking prepaid balances and a subaccount **920** for tracking reward balances. Each purse may be associated with its own set of rules (**A-1, B-1, C-1, D-1**) for calculating a reward.

When a user deposits prepaid money into a merchant purse, the system that manages
10 the user's account executes any rules associated with the purse related to a deposit (step **170**). If there is a rule associated with a rewards calculation, a reward amount is calculated in accordance with the rule and, if the reward is greater than zero, the merchant purse is credited with the reward (step **180**). For example in Figure **9a**, the user has deposited \$100 in purse **A**. The deposit is tracked in subaccount **910** in purse **A**. There is a rule **A-1** associated with
15 purse **A** that states the user receives a \$20 reward in exchange for every \$100 of prepaid money deposited into the purse. Consequently, purse **A** is credited with \$20 reward in rewards subaccount **920**. The user's total credit with the merchant is \$120.

Because each merchant purse may be associated with its own set of rules, there are any number of options for the rules. For instance, a rule can specify whether a reward is
20 calculated based on (i) a one-time prepaid deposit or (ii) any number of deposits over a certain time period. In addition to having rules for how a reward is calculated, there may also be rules for how a reward may be used. For example, a merchant may specify that a reward may be used only at a particular store or a particular department, or the merchant may have restrictions on the types of goods and services for which a reward may be used.

25 In one embodiment, a reward earned by making a deposit or purchase at one merchant may be allocated to a purse associated with another merchant. In this embodiment, the system enables a merchant to offer a deal that provides a reward that is related to another merchant. For example, a department store may offer a deal that grants a user a \$10 grocery store credit in exchange for a prepaid deposit of at least \$50 in the department store purse.
30 The rules associated with the department store purse would reflect this deal. When a user deposits \$50 in the department store purse, a \$10 credit would be added to the purse for the grocery store. This is depicted in Figure **9b**. In this case, User X has deposited \$50 in purse **B**. A rule **B-1** associated with purse **B** specifies that, because of User X's \$50 deposit, User

X has earned a \$10 reward for purse C. Consequently, \$10 is deposited in the rewards subaccount **920** for purse C.

In a further embodiment, the account management system enables merchants to offer deals with rewards without having to fund the reward upfront. For example, if the merchant
5 offers a user a deal in which a user prepays \$100 in exchange for \$120 in buying credit and the user accepts, the merchant does not have to fund the \$20 rewards payment upfront. Instead, the merchant only need fund the \$20 reward payment once a consumer-spending threshold has passed. This is described in more detail with respect to Figure 7.

In yet a further embodiment of the invention, a user is able to associate an overflow
10 account with one or more merchant purses. In such case, a purchase from a merchant purse that exceeds the balance of the purse will be charged to an overflow account, provided the purse is associated with an overflow account. For instance, if the credit balance in a particular purse is \$50, and the user makes a purchase of \$70 using the purse, \$50 will be debited from the purse and \$20 will be charged to the overflow account associated with the
15 purse. An example, of an overflow account is a credit card to which overflow balances may be charged. As shown in Figure **9c**, each purse may be associated with its own overflow account **930**. In one embodiment, a user is able to specify a default overflow account that will apply to all merchant purses, unless the user otherwise specifies a specific overflow account to a particular merchant purse. For example, assume a user has a NORDSTROM's
20 purse in her account. She may decide to designate her NORDSTROM's charge card as the overflow account for her NORDSTROM's purse, and designate another credit card as the default overflow account that will be used for all other purses.

For purses associated with overflow accounts, rules for calculating rewards need not be based on prepaid dollars. Instead, they may be based on the amount spent by the user on
25 goods or services. For example, a sandwich store may offer a deal that if a user spends \$30 at the sandwich store within a specified period of time, the user receives \$5 credit towards future sandwich purchases. In such case, it does not matter whether or not the user's purchase are with prepaid dollars or with charges to an overflow account. In one embodiment, the user account does not include any merchant purses for prepaid dollars and
30 only separately tracks merchant spending for a number of merchants.

In one embodiment, for merchants with multiple stores or departments, the system enables merchants to differentiate between store locations and departments in calculating or using a reward. For example, a department store may calculate a reward at rate A for cosmetic purchases and a reward at rate B for clothing purchases. In one embodiment, each

of a merchant's stores is assigned a merchant ID, and each register may be assigned a separate terminal IDs. The present invention enables rules for calculating and using rewards to be written at the merchant level, merchant ID level, and/or the terminal ID level.

In one embodiment of the invention, a master purse is associated with each user
5 account, as illustrated in Figure 9d with master purse 940. The account management system enables a user to initially deposit general funds into the master purse and then later transfer funds to specific merchant purses. For example, a user may direct deposit paychecks into a master purse and then later allocate these funds to various merchants as needed by the user. The master purse may be used as a depository account for payroll, cash load, and person-to-
10 person money transfers. The master purse allows the account to be used as a standard prepaid card at non-boarded merchant (*i.e.*, merchants who are not enrolled with the account management system to provide deals to users). A master purse may be designated as an overflow account. For instance, a user may designate a master purse as a first overflow account and a credit/debit card as a second overflow account. A master purse may also have
15 a rewards subaccount, as the operator of the account management system may offer the user rewards in exchange for direct depositing paychecks in the master purse or making other deposits.

As indicated above, information related to the user's account may be loaded onto a physical "payment card" that is provided to the user. In this embodiment, the card may be
20 used and swiped at a merchant location like credit or debit card. In an alternate embodiment, the card is in electronic form (*e.g.*, on a user's mobile computing device). In this embodiment, there may be an application on a user's portal computing device (*i.e.*, mobile phone, mobile tablet, etc.) that can be scanned by a merchant to obtain identifying information about the user's account.

Figure 2 illustrates an example of account management system for managing the
25 above-described user accounts. System 200 and the corresponding discussion in Figures 3-8 and 10 is only an example, and the method of the present invention may be implemented in other ways.

System 200 includes a user portal 215 that allows basic payment card functionality
30 and management of merchant relationships. Via the user portal 215, a user can check balances of each individual merchant purse on a payment card associated with the user's account, view recent transactions, exchange prepayment credits with other users, view and accept new deal offers, and/or share information via social networks. The user portal 215 is

also the avenue for a user to activate a card before initial use at a brick and mortar merchant or an online merchant.

System 200 includes a Merchant Boarding Validation Module 220. Each merchant register at which payment can be accepted is associated with a terminal ID, and the Merchant Boarding Validation Modules 220 validates merchant's terminal IDs to ensure that the merchant has provided the correct terminal ID for each of its register locations.

System 200 includes a Merchant Portal 230 via which a merchant can manage deals and campaigns. In one embodiment, the Merchant Portal 230 also includes various reporting tools to enable a merchant to see information related to various campaigns and deals.

System 200 includes an Accounts and Transactions Database 210. The database stores information on each account holder (sub-account layer 210a). In one embodiment, each user account in the database points to each of the user's cards for the account (whether physical cards or electronic cards) (subaccounts 210b), including any temporary cards. Each card points to the master purse (if applicable) and the merchant purse(s) associated with such card (subaccounts 210c and 210d). Each merchant purse points to purse funds sub-accounts 210e that are used to manage the accounting when a user attempts to purchase a product/service using the user account. The purse funds sub-accounts 210e specify available purse funds, as well as the various bank/institution transaction fees that accrue when the prepayment card is used to make a purchase. The purse funds available sub-account points to further sub-accounts 210f that track prepaid and rewards dollars. Subaccounts 210f specify the prepaid dollar amounts, committed (but unfunded) merchant reward dollar amounts, and funded merchant reward dollar amounts.

System 200 includes an Authorization Engine 240 that processes account purchases. The Authorization Engine 240 traverses Database 210 to determine whether or not a user has sufficient funds, or an overflow account, in an applicable merchant purse to complete a purchase from the merchant using the account. System 200 also includes a Sub-Accounting Rules Engine 250 that applies sub-accounting rules to the sub-account layers 210e and 210f within Database 210. The sub-accounting rules define which funds in the subaccounts layer 210f (*e.g.*, prepaid funds vs. reward funds) are used to settle a transaction. System 200 also includes a Settlement Engine 260 that manages the settlement and funding of transactions. System 200 includes a Payment Network Association Interface 270.

Figure 3 illustrates the interaction with the user and the user portal 215 in one embodiment of the present invention. The user portal registers users for new cards for an account, and it enables users to activate physical cards before initial user at merchants.

When the user receives notice of a prepayment merchant deal via email, text, a social network, or other means (step **310**), the user accesses the user portal **215** via the web to commence the registration process or login to his account in order to sign up for the deal (step **320**). The user portal **215** determines whether or not the user is an existing

5 accountholder. If the user is not registered, the user portal **215** commences the registration processes and prompts the user for information needed to register the user. The user portal **215** then attempts to validate the information received from the user. If the information is not complete and valid, the user portal **215** returns to step **340**. Otherwise, the system proceeds to step **370**.

10 Once the user is registered, or if the user is already registered, the user proceeds to a portal that enables a user to manage purses in the account (step **370**). From there, the user can check balances, view recent transactions, accept new deals, and designate overflow accounts (step **380**). In some embodiments, the user may also exchange prepayment credits with other users, share information via social networks, and register for "shop and give"

15 programs that enable a user to donate a certain percentage of his spending or his reward to charity.

Figure **4a** illustrates the account management system validates terminal IDs at merchant locations in one embodiment of the present invention. In response to a merchant registering with System **200**, a merchant "boarding package" is sent to each of the

20 participating merchant locations, or a location-specific boarding verification card number is generated online (step **410**). The boarding package includes a test card that is designed to transmit merchant ID and terminal ID data back to System **200**. An employee at the merchant location swipes the test card on an existing point of sale (POS) system (*i.e.*, the same system a merchant uses to swipe a credit card) (step **420**). Alternatively, if the

25 merchant has an electronic boarding verification card number, then the merchant punches the number into their point-of-sale (POS) system as a card-not-present transaction. Either way, the transaction, which includes the terminal ID and merchant ID, is routed back to the Merchant Board Validation Module **220** (step **430**). The Merchant Board Validation Module **220** then validates the received terminal ID for the location against the terminal ID previously

30 provided by that merchant (and stored in a database) for the location (step **440**).

Figure **4b** illustrates the merchant interaction with the Merchant Portal **230** according to one embodiment of the present invention. A merchant logs into the Merchant Portal **230** (step **450**). Via the merchant portal **230**, a merchant can manage deals/campaigns (step **455**). Steps **460-470** illustrate an example of the process for defining a deal. The merchant defines

the enhanced buying power for the specific deal being offered (*e.g.*, prepay \$100 and get \$120 in buying power) (step **460**). The merchant can then define filter criteria for the deal (step **465**). For example, the merchant can limit the deal to specific locations, to a specified area (*e.g.*, a zip code), to cardholders (*i.e.*, accountholders) with select purchasing history, or to cardholders with a certain demographic profile. In step **470**, the merchant specifies the distribution criteria (*e.g.*, demographics, geographic purchasing behavior, etc.) that define which consumers will be sent notice of the deal, and System **200** sends the deal notice to consumers based on the distribution criteria. Deal notices may be sent via email, web, social network, and mobile text messaging. Through the merchant portal **230**, the merchant may also view various reports (*e.g.*, statistics/data related to deals and campaigns) and manage his accounts (step **480**).

Figures **8a-8e** illustrate an example user interface in the Merchant Portal **230** via which a merchant can define a deal. In Figure **8a**, the merchant defines timeframes for a campaign. In Figure **8b**, the merchant specifies rules for when a campaign expires (*e.g.*, based on number of reward dollars, prepaid dollars, or number of deals). In Figure **8c**, the merchant defines the deal. In Figure **8d**, the merchant defines campaign distribution options. In Figure **8e**, the merchant may specify additional limitation or filters and otherwise further customize the deal.

Figure **5** illustrates an example of the account structure and architecture within database **210** that is used to manage transactions and accounting. In this example, User X has two cardholders associated with his account (*e.g.*, User X and his spouse). In the database, cardholder 1 is associated with card numbers 000001 and 000002, and cardholder 2 is associated with card number 000004. Card numbers 000001 and 000002 both point to the master purse and merchant purses B and C, and thus these purses are shared between the two cards. Also, card number 000004 also points to purse C. Cardholders can have multiple cards, and cards can point to shared accounts. In this example, only cardholder 1 (via cards 000001 and 000002) is able to access the master purse and purse B, but both cardholder 1 and 2 have access to purse C.

The account also has temporary card 00003 associated with cardholder 1 and purse C. In one embodiment, the system is capable of generating an electronic temporary card that can be used for a specific merchant purse before a user's physical card for the account arrives. The temporary card is a number that can be punched in online or at POS as a card-not-present, transaction. The temporary card may be configured for one-transaction use for added security.

Purse B points to sub-account entries **510** associated with purse B. The sub-account entries include the available purse funds **520**, as well as all the various bank and interchange fees. The "Purse Funds Available" sub-account **520** points to additional sub-accounts **530**, **535**, **540**, **545** and **550** that include the prepaid and reward balances that together add up to the available purse funds in sub-account **520**. "Pre-paid" sub-account **530** represents prepaid funds in the user's account. "Pending" sub-account **535** represents the price any pending purchase transaction. "Funded Rewards" sub-account **540** represents rewards that have been funded by a merchant. "Committed Rewards" sub-account **545** represents rewards earned by the accountholder but not yet funded by the merchant. "Overflow" Sub-account **550** represents amounts charged to an overflow fund.

Figure **10** illustrates the process associated with a user deposit into a purse in accordance with one embodiment of the invention. The user makes a deposit into a merchant purse (step **1010**). System **200** credits Prepaid sub-account **530** with the deposit (step **1020**). If there are any rules associates with the deposit, System **200** executes the rule(s) (steps **1030**, **1040**). If the user has earned a reward, System **200** credits Committed Rewards sub-account **545** with the reward amount (steps **1050**, **1060**), and updates Purse Funds sub-account **520** to reflect the deposit and any reward (step **1070**).

Figure **6** illustrates an authorization transaction flow from the merchant's existing POS system, through the credit card network, to System **200**, according to one embodiment of the present invention. The process begins when user attempts to make a purchase using his multi-merchant prepayment card (step **610**). Retailer A swipes or scans the card at its POS system (**620**). The purchase and card data is routed through the credit card network/association to System **200** (steps **630** and **640**). Authorization Engine **240** determines whether the information includes a valid MID/TID pairs (step **650**). If not, the transaction is declined (step **655**). If the MID/TID pair is valid, the Authorization Engine **240** traverses database **210** to find the applicable cardholder and merchant purse (step **660**) After finding the applicable merchant purse, Authorization Engine **250** further traverses the database **210** to the sub-account layer **210d** to determine if the purse funds are greater than or equal to the purchase amount (step **670**). If the purse funds are insufficient, Authorization Engine **240** determines if there is an overflow account associated with the purse with sufficient funds/credit for the remaining balance on the purchase (step **680**). If not, the transaction is declined (step **655**). If the purse funds and/or an overflow account are sufficient, the transaction is approved (step **685**). Sub-Accounting Rules Engine **250** applies sub-accounting rules to ready prepaid and reward funds for financial settlement by the card

issuer network (step **690**). The sub-accounting rules define which funds are used in the deal sub-accounts layer **210f** to settle the transaction.

Figure **7** illustrates a settlement and funding flow according to one embodiment of the present invention. After a transaction has been authorized, the Settlement Engine **260**
5 determines whether or not the settlement (*i.e.*, the purchase amount) is greater than or equal to Prepaid sub-account **530** in Database **210** (see Figure **5**) (step **710**). If not, then the settlement amount is less than the dollar amount prepaid by the user, and only Prepaid sub-account **530** is debited for the settlement amount (step **715**). Funds are settled with the applicable Payment Network Association (step **720**).

10 If the settlement amount is greater than Prepaid sub-account **530**, then the settlement is greater than the user's prepaid dollar amount. The settlement engine **260** debits any remaining balance in Prepaid sub-account **530** and flags funds in Committed Rewards sub-account **545** for transfer into Funded Rewards sub-account **540** (steps **730, 740**). This means that previously committed, but unfunded merchant rewards will become funded rewards.

15 The settlement engine **260** determines if the remaining settlement amount is less than the Committed Rewards and Funded Rewards sub-accounts **540, 545** (step **745**). If not, then all the rewards amounts will be used for the transaction. The settlement engine debits Committed Rewards sub-account **545** to **\$0** and transfers the committed reward funds to Funded Rewards sub-account **540** (step **750**). All the funds from the Funded Rewards sub-account **540** are applied to the remaining settlement amount and the funds are settled with the
20 applicable Payment Network Association (step **755**). If there is an overflow balance, such balance is charged to the applicable overflow account.

If the remaining settlement amount is less than the Committed Rewards sub-account **545**, then the settlement engine debits the Committed Rewards sub-account **545** to zero and
25 transfers the committed rewards amount into Funded Rewards sub-account **540** (step **760**). The settlement engine applies funds from the Funded Rewards sub-account **540** to the remaining settlement balance (step **765**). The Funded Rewards sub-account **540** keeps the remaining, partial rewards balance (step **770**). This is in separate accounting layer in order to address refund business rule options. The prepaid funds and debited rewards funds are
30 settled with the applicable Payment Network Association (step **775**).

The methods described with respect to Figures **1** and **3-10** are embodied in software and performed by a computer system executing the software. A person skilled in the art would understand that a computer system has a memory or other physical, computer-readable

storage medium for storing software instructions and one or more processors for executing the software instructions.

As will be understood by those familiar with the art, the foregoing invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof. Accordingly, the above disclosure of the present invention is intended to be
5 illustrative and not limiting of the invention.

10

CLAIMS

1. A method for providing a single user account that separately tracks credit balances for multiple merchants, the method comprising:

associating a plurality of merchant purses with a single user account, wherein a user is

5 able to use the account to make purchases at the merchants associated with the purses;
tracking a separate balance for each merchant purse, including tracking a prepaid balance
within each merchant purse;

in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses,
crediting the applicable merchant purse with the deposited amount;

10 in response to the user performing a purchase transaction at one of the merchants
associated with one of the purses, debiting the purse in the user's account associated
with the applicable merchant.

2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses,

15 calculating a rewards amount associated with the deposited amount; and
crediting the applicable merchant purse with the calculated rewards amount.

3. The method of claim 1, enabling the user to enroll in a deal from a merchant in which a user receives a reward for a merchant in response to depositing a threshold prepaid amount in a merchant purse associated with the merchant.

20 4. The method of claim 3, wherein, in response to the user enrolling in the deal,
associating one or more rules with the applicable merchant purse that provide for the
calculation of a rewards amount in accordance with the deal.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein each of the merchant purses is associated with its own set of rules for calculating a rewards amount.

25 6. The method of claim 5, wherein in response to the user depositing prepaid money into
one of the merchant purses, executing one or more rules associated with the merchant purse
to calculate a rewards amount, and, in response to the rewards amount being greater than
zero, crediting the merchant purse with rewards amount.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein within each merchant purse is a prepaid subaccount
30 for tracking the user's prepaid balance with a merchant and a rewards subaccount for tracking
the user's reward balance with the merchant, and wherein debiting a merchant purse
comprises debiting the prepaid subaccount first and debiting the rewards subaccount only if
the prepaid subaccount is depleted.

8. The method of claim 6, further comprising:
enabling a merchant purse to be associated with one or more rules that specifies
restrictions for use of a reward; and
prior to debiting a rewards balance, executing any applicable rule related to use of a
5 reward within the merchant purse.
9. The method of claim 6, wherein a reward is calculated based on a one-time deposit of
prepaid money by the user.
10. The method of claim 6, wherein a reward is calculated based on one or more deposits
of prepaid money by the user over a specified time period.
- 10 11. The method of claim 1, further comprising enabling a user to associate an overflow
account with one or more of the merchant purchases, wherein, for any merchant purses
associated with the overflow account, the remaining balance of a purchase that exceeds that
balance of the merchant purse is charged to the overflow account.
- 15 12. The method of claim 11, wherein a user may specify that the overflow account is a
default overflow account applicable to multiple merchant purses or that the overflow account
is specific to a particular merchant.
13. The method of claim 11, further comprising:
separately tracking amounts spent by the user at one or more of the merchants, regardless
of whether the user used prepaid dollars or an overflow account;
20 calculating rewards from one or more merchants based on amount spent at the merchant
using the user account; and
in response to a user earning a reward at a merchant, crediting the applicable merchant
purse with the reward.
- 25 14. The method of claim 13, wherein a reward calculation is specific to a particular
merchant store.
15. The method of claim 13, wherein a reward calculation is specific to a particular
merchant department.
- 30 16. The method of claim 1, further comprising associating a master purse with the user's
account, wherein the master purse is not specific to a particular merchant and wherein the
user is able to allocate funds deposited into the master purse to one or more specific merchant
purses.
17. The method of claim 1, wherein identifying information for the user account is loaded
onto a physical card that can be swiped at a merchant location.

18. The method of claim 1, wherein identifying information for the user account is loaded onto a mobile computing device and wherein the mobile computing device is scanned to obtain the identifying information.

19. A computer program embodied on a non-transitory computer-readable medium and comprising code, that, when executed by a computer system, enables the computer system to perform the following method for providing a single user account that separately tracks credit balances for multiple merchants, the method comprising:

associating a plurality of merchant purses with a single user account, wherein a user is able to use the account to make purchases at the merchants associated with the purses; tracking a separate balance for each merchant purse, including tracking a prepaid balance within each merchant purse;

in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses,

crediting the applicable merchant purse with the deposited amount;

in response to the user performing a purchase transaction at one of the merchants

associated with one of the purses, debiting the purse in the user's account associated with the applicable merchant.

20. The computer program of claim 19, further comprising:

in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses, calculating a rewards amount associated with the deposited amount; and

crediting the applicable merchant purse with the calculated rewards amount.

21. The computer program of claim 19, enabling the user to enroll in a deal from a merchant in which a user receives a reward for a merchant in response to depositing a threshold prepaid amount in a merchant purse associated with the merchant.

22. The computer program of claim 21, wherein, in response to the user enrolling in the deal, associating one or more rules with the applicable merchant purse that provide for the calculation of a rewards amount in accordance with the deal.

23. The computer program of claim 22, wherein each of the merchant purses is associated with its own set of rules for calculating a rewards amount.

24. The computer program of claim 23, wherein in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses, executing one or more rules associated with the merchant purse to calculate a rewards amount, and, in response to the rewards amount being greater than zero, crediting the merchant purse with rewards amount.

25. A system for providing a single user account that separately tracks credit balances for multiple merchants, the system comprising:

a processor; and

a memory coupled to the processor, wherein the memory stores instructions that, when executed by the processor, cause the system to perform the operations of:

associating a plurality of merchant purses with a single user account, wherein a

5 user is able to use the account to make purchases at the merchants associated with the purses;

tracking a separate balance for each merchant purse, including tracking a prepaid balance within each merchant purse;

in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses,

10 crediting the applicable merchant purse with the deposited amount;

in response to the user performing a purchase transaction at one of the merchants associated with one of the purses, debiting the purse in the user's account associated with the applicable merchant.

26. The system of claim 25, further comprising:

15 in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses,

calculating a rewards amount associated with the deposited amount; and

crediting the applicable merchant purse with the calculated rewards amount.

27. The system of claim 25, enabling the user to enroll in a deal from a merchant in which

20 a user receives a reward for a merchant in response to depositing a threshold prepaid amount in a merchant purse associated with the merchant.

28. The system of claim 26, wherein, in response to the user enrolling in the deal,

associating one or more rules with the applicable merchant purse that provide for the calculation of a rewards amount in accordance with the deal.

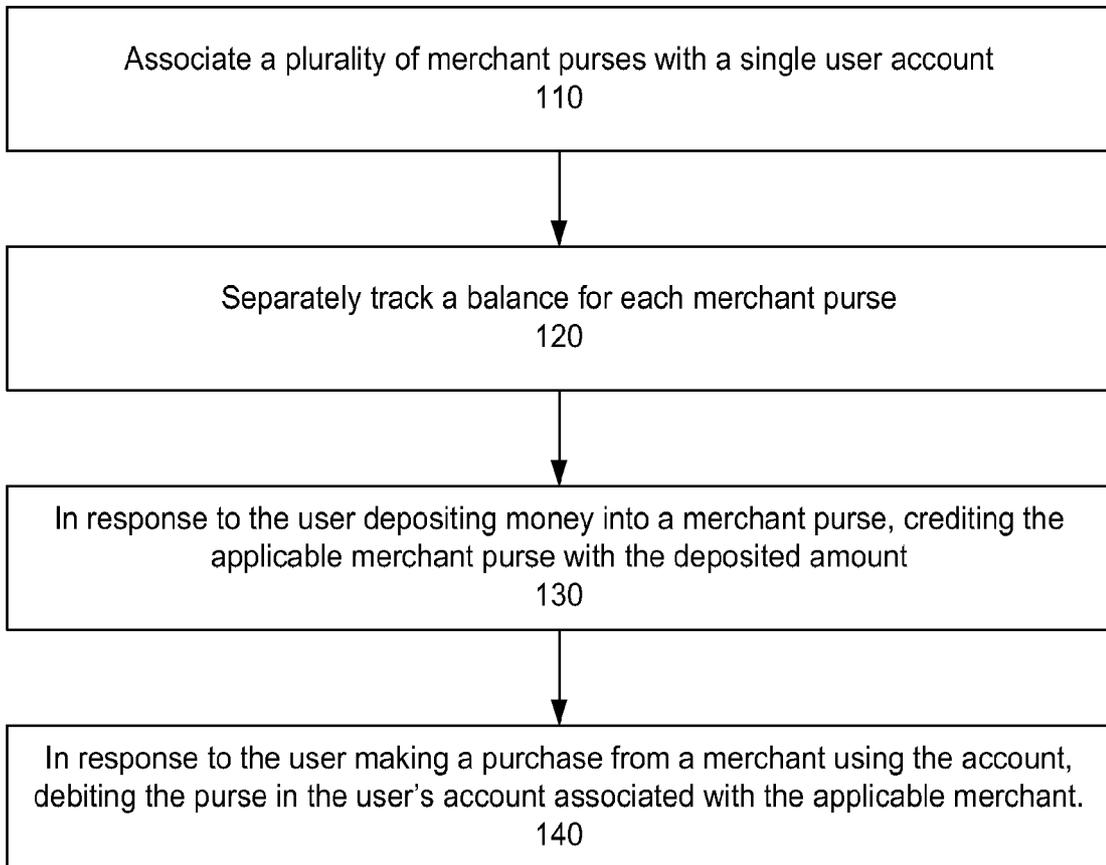
29. The system of claim 27, wherein each of the merchant purses is associated with its

25 own set of rules for calculating a rewards amount.

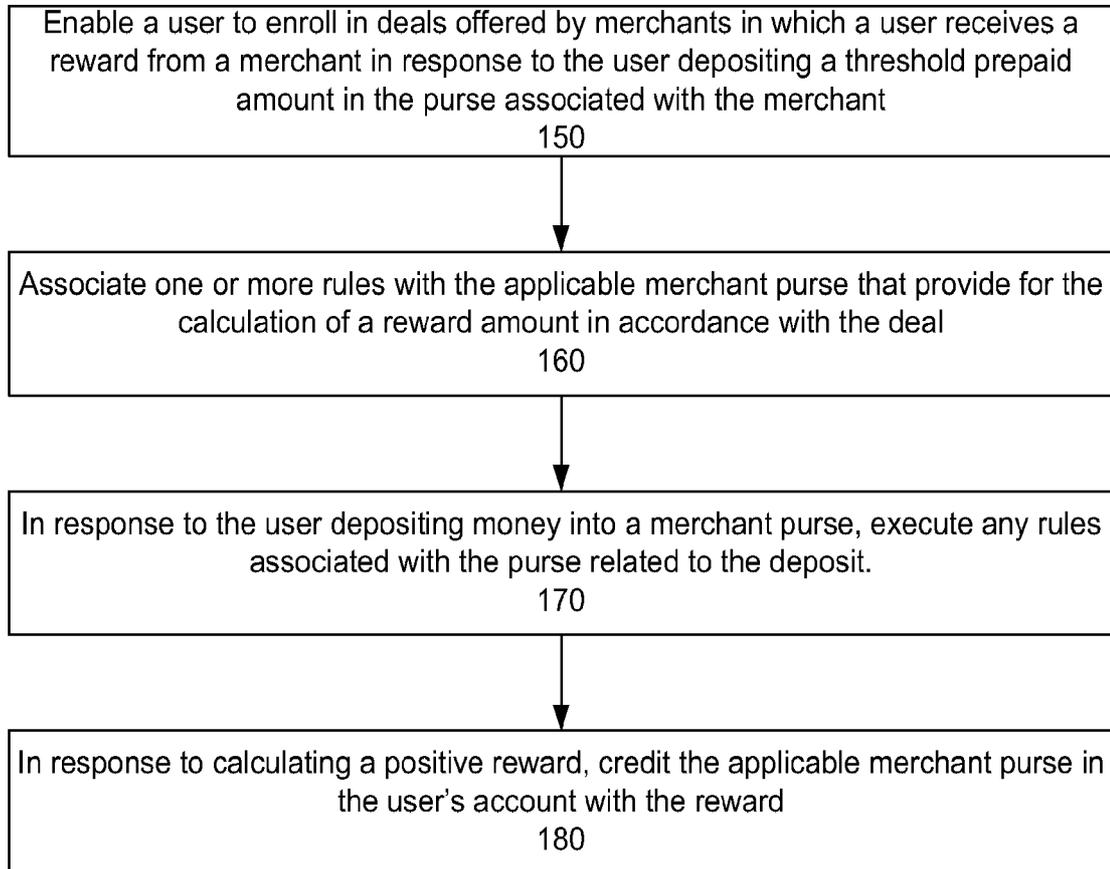
30. The system of claim 28, wherein in response to the user depositing prepaid money into one of the merchant purses, executing one or more rules associated with the merchant purse to calculate a rewards amount, and, in response to the rewards amount being greater than zero, crediting the merchant purse with rewards amount.

30

1/18

**FIG. 1a**

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**FIG. 1b**

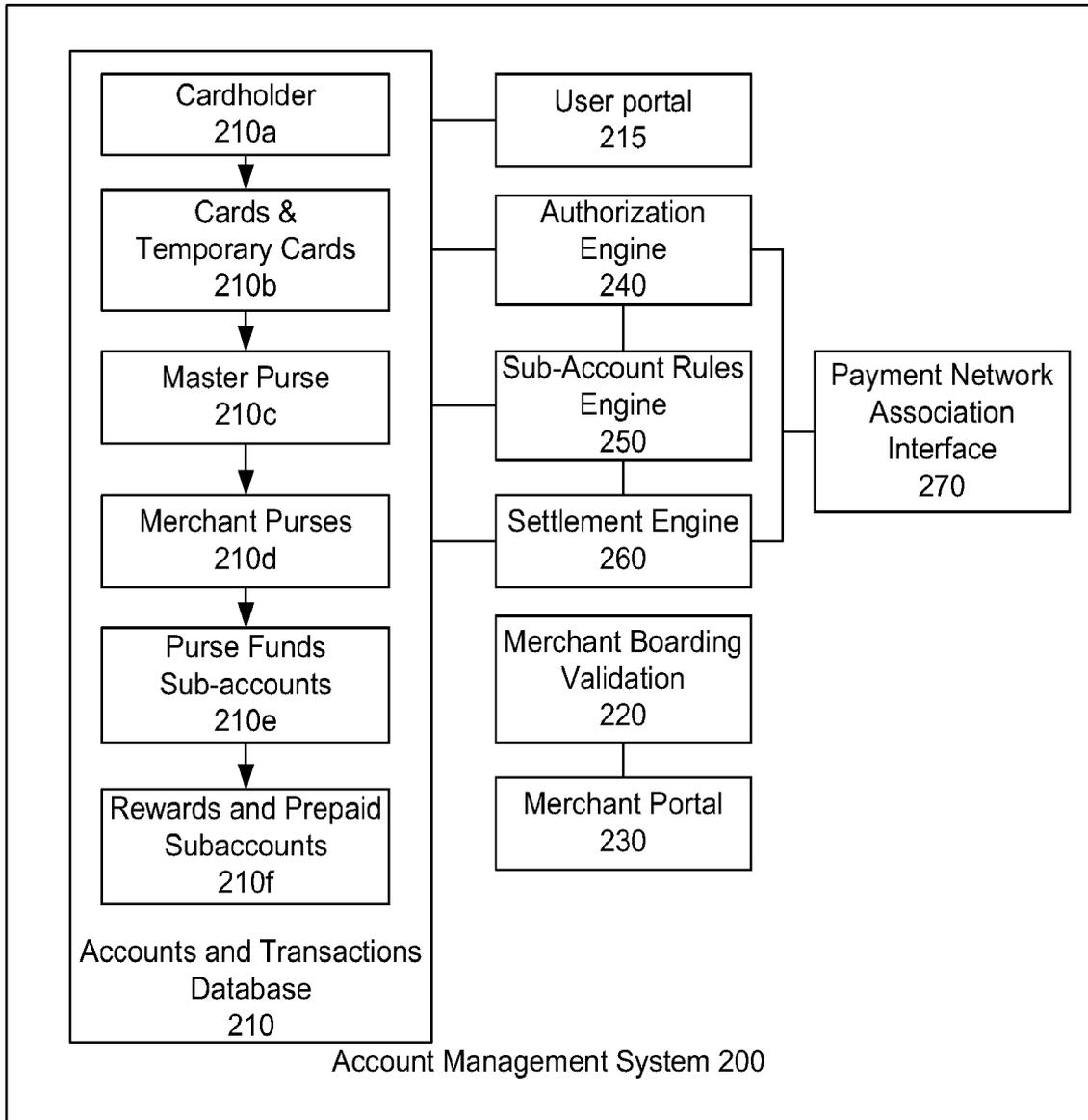


FIG. 2

Deals, Registration, and Consumer Portal

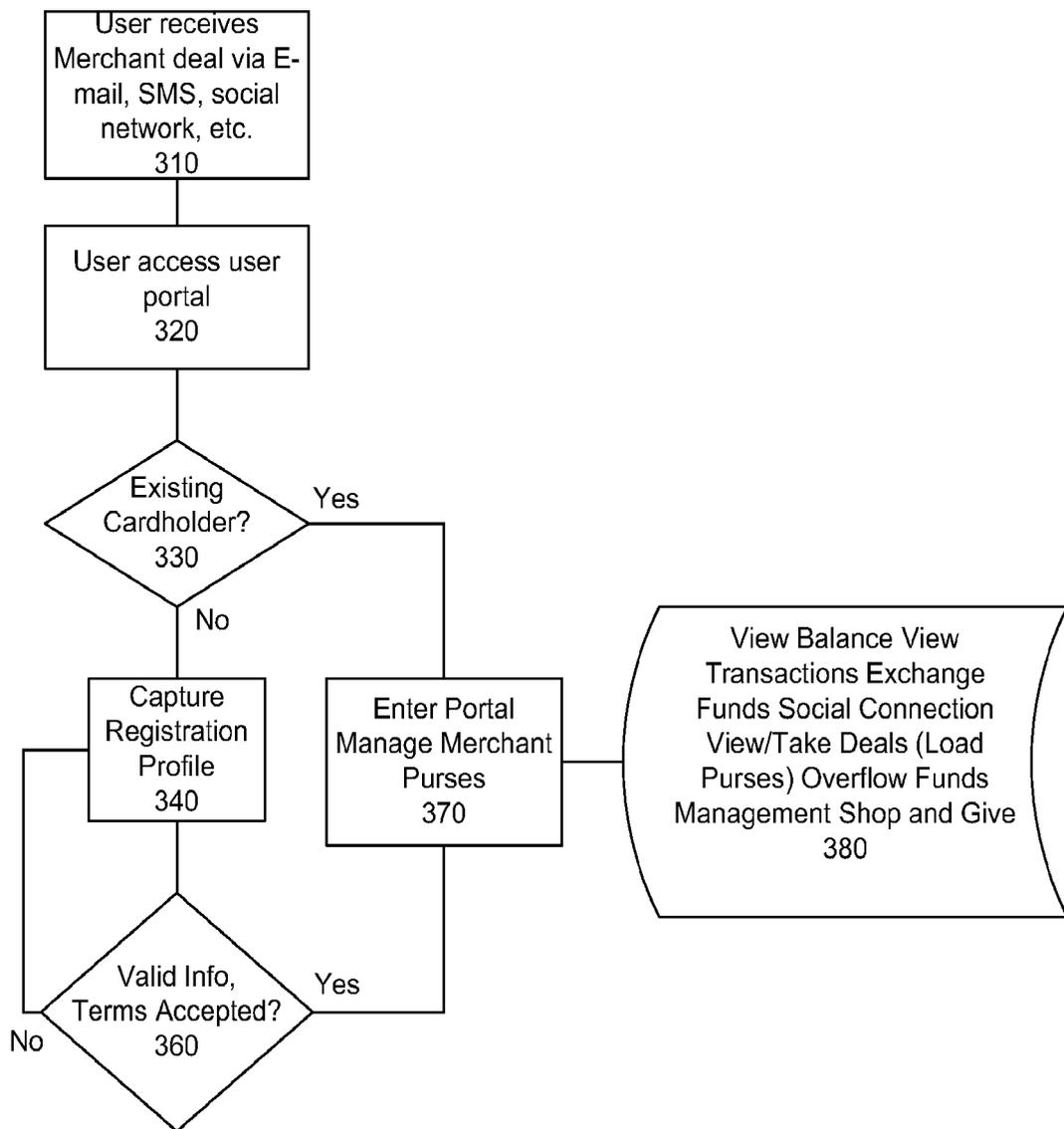


FIG. 3

Merchants: Boarding and Portal for Offering Deals

Figure 4a: Merchant Boarding Validation

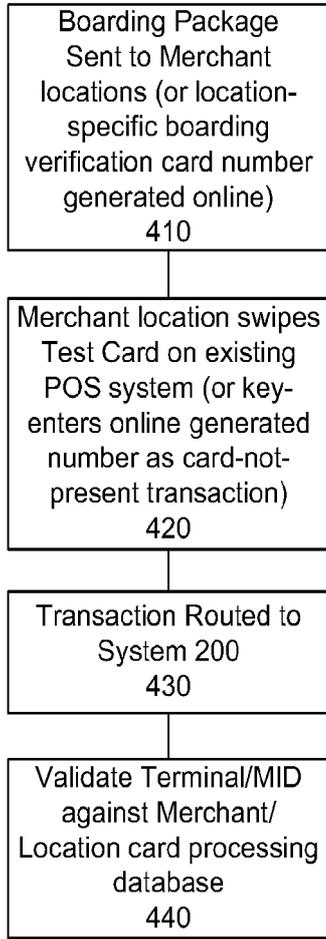


FIG. 4a

Figure 4b: Merchant Portal

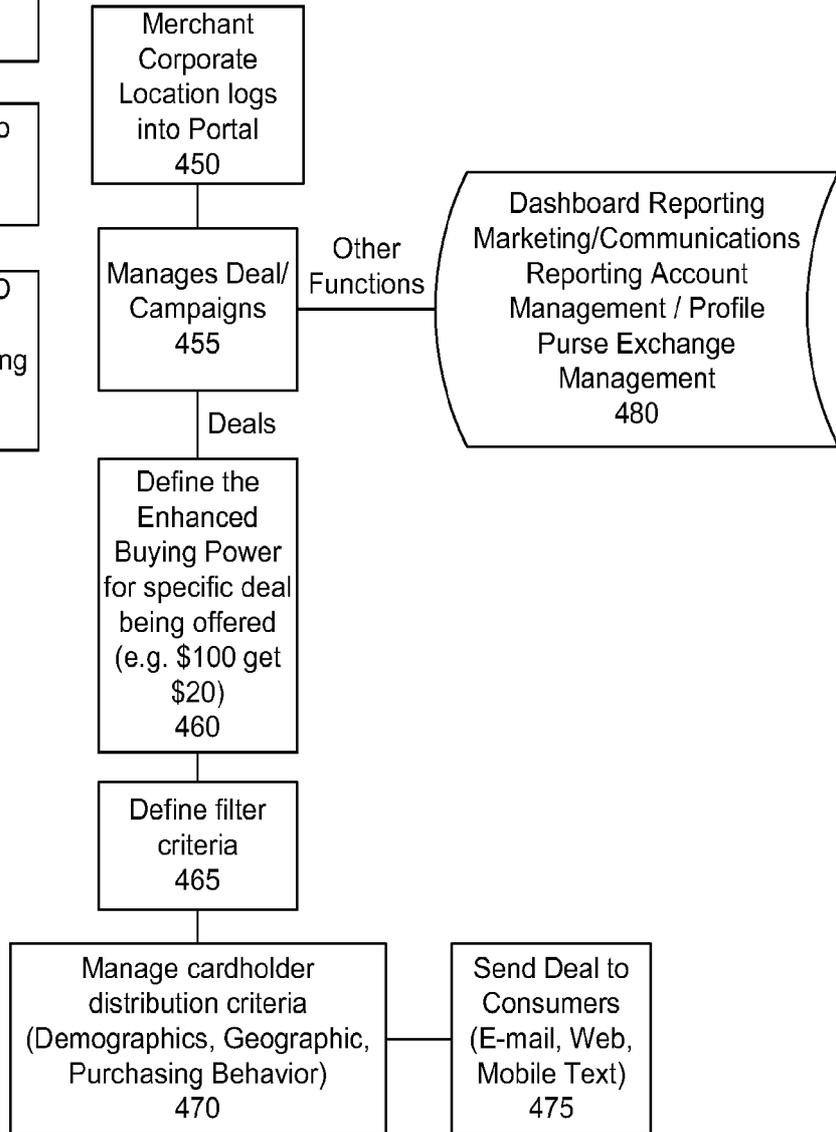


FIG. 4b

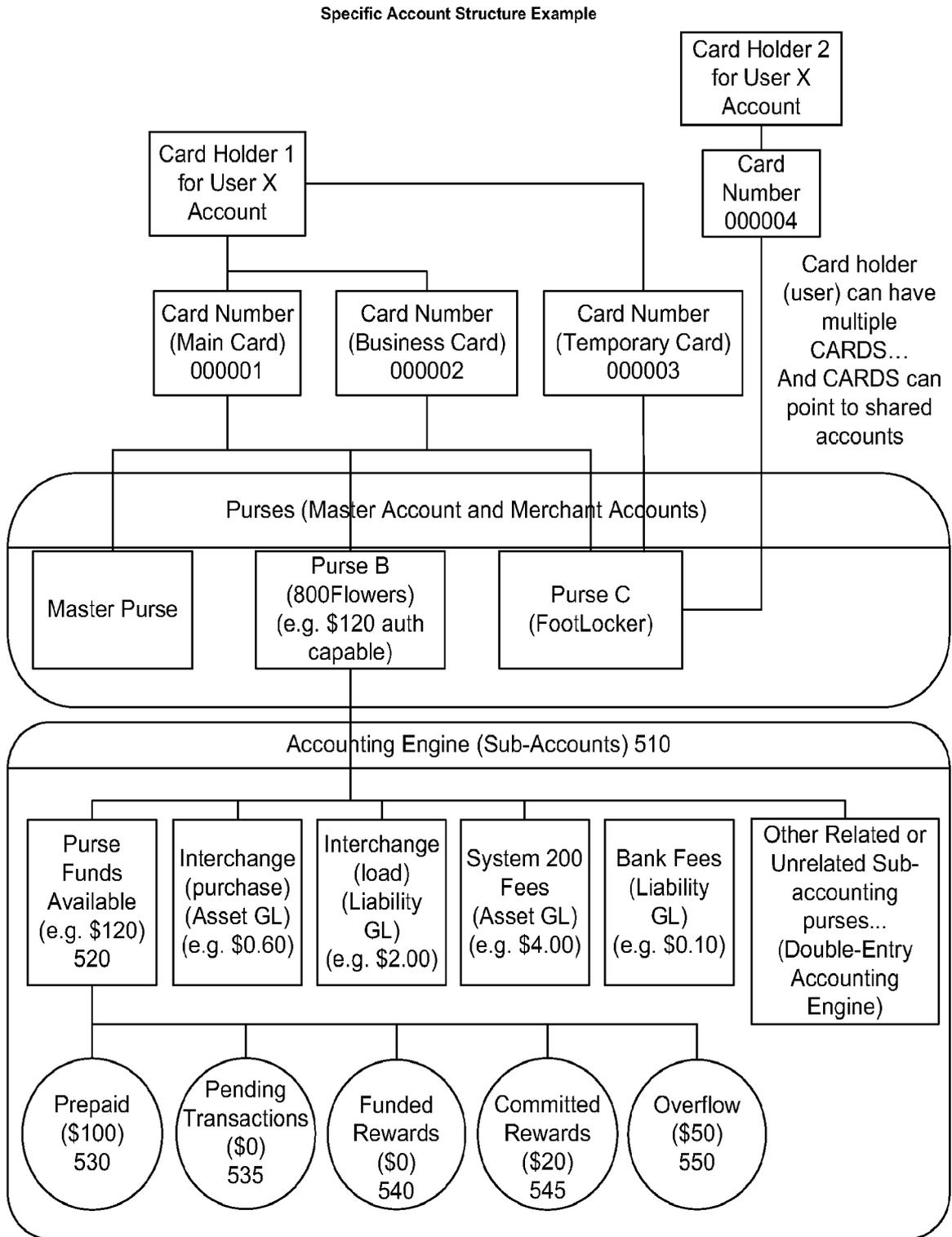


FIG. 5

Point of Sale Transaction Flow

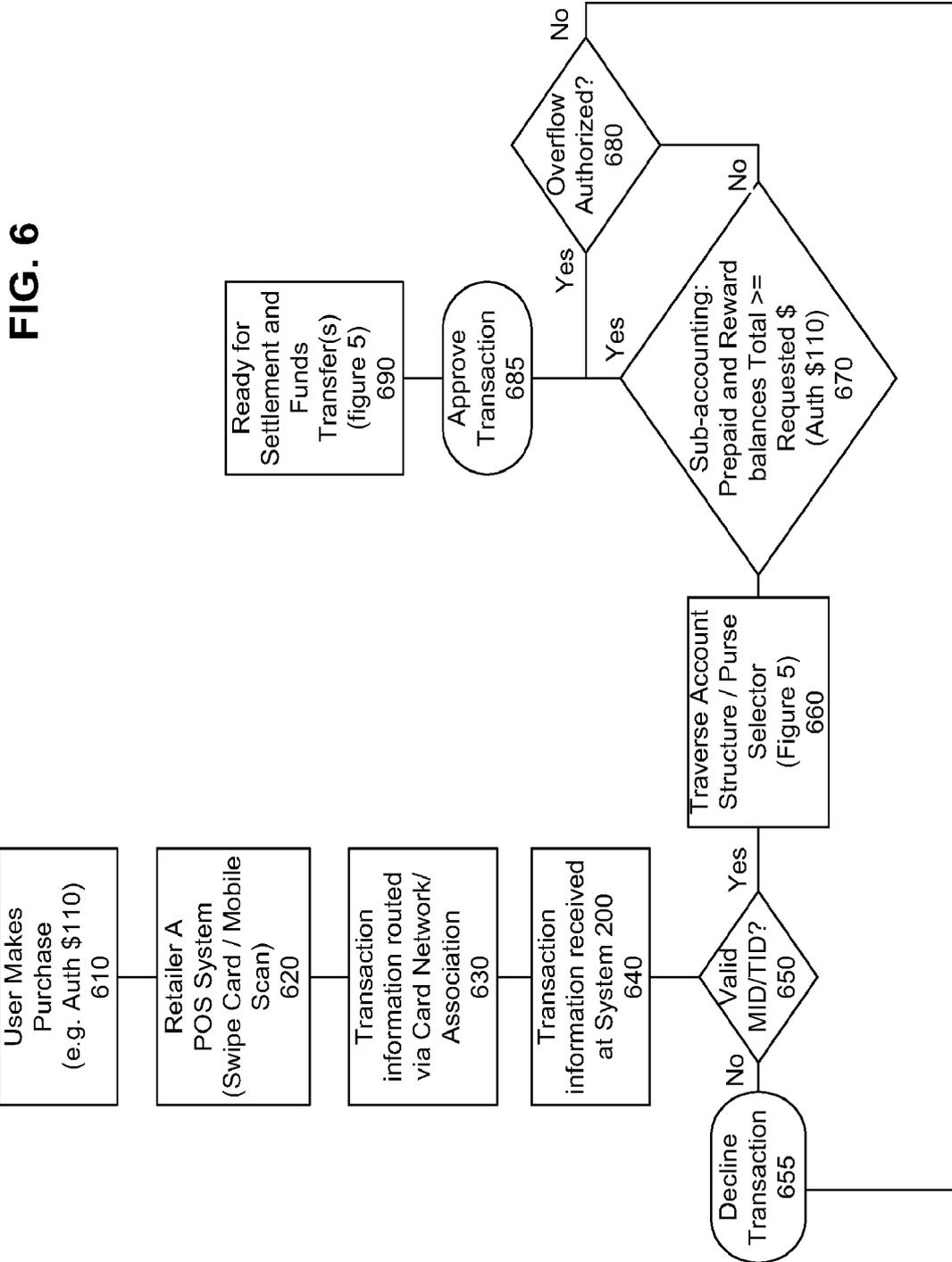


FIG. 6

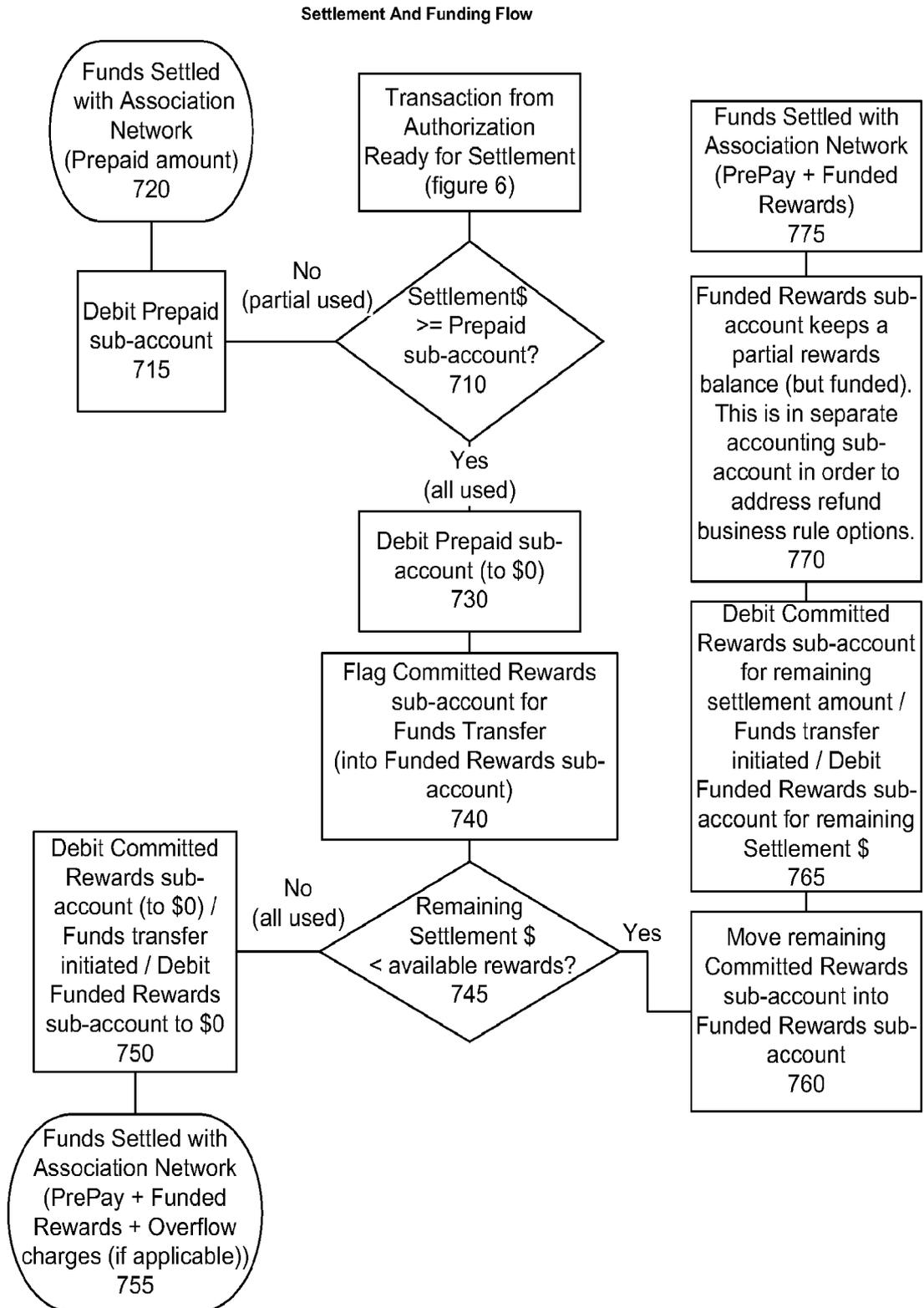


FIG. 7

FIG. 8a

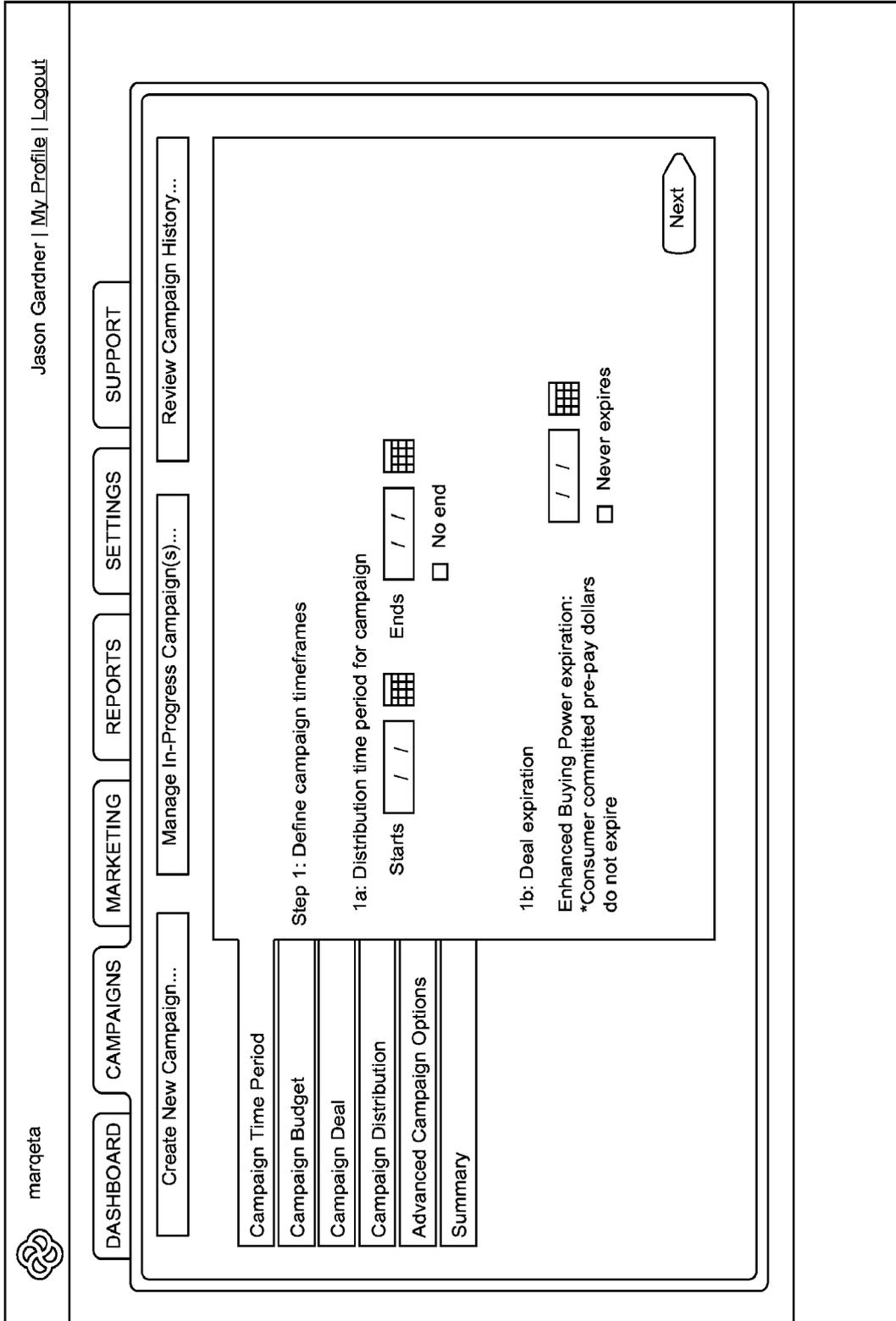


FIG. 8b

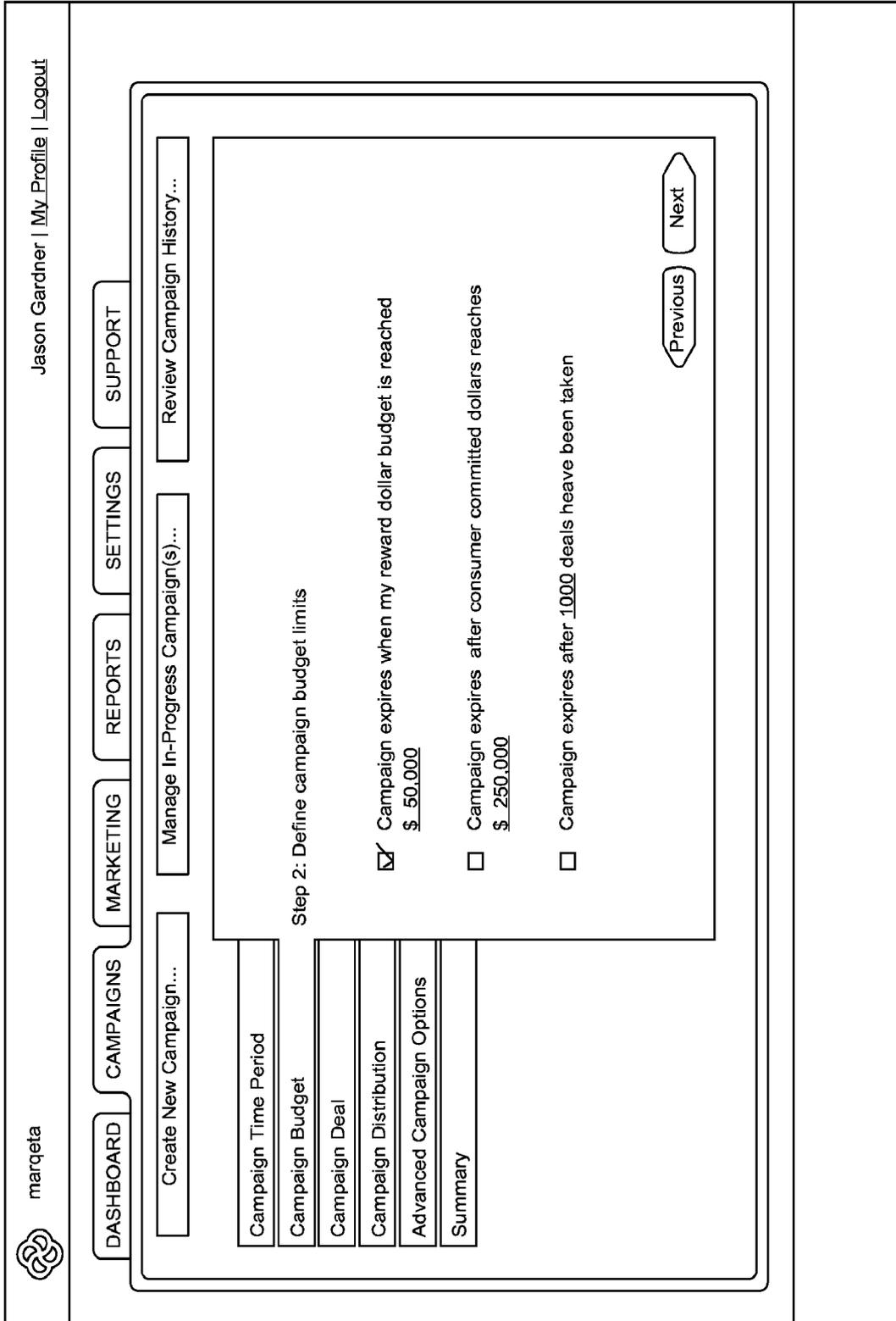


FIG. 8c

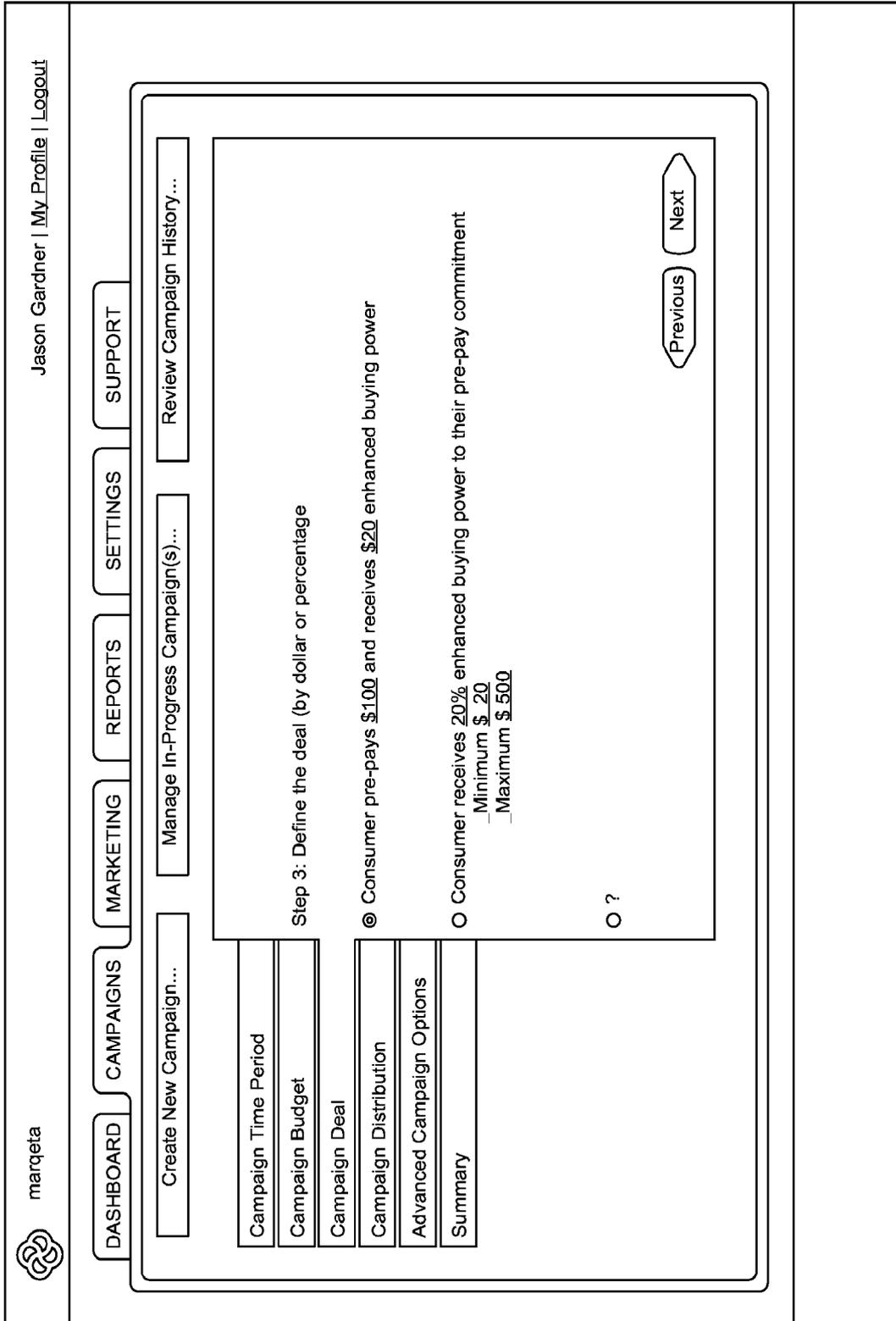
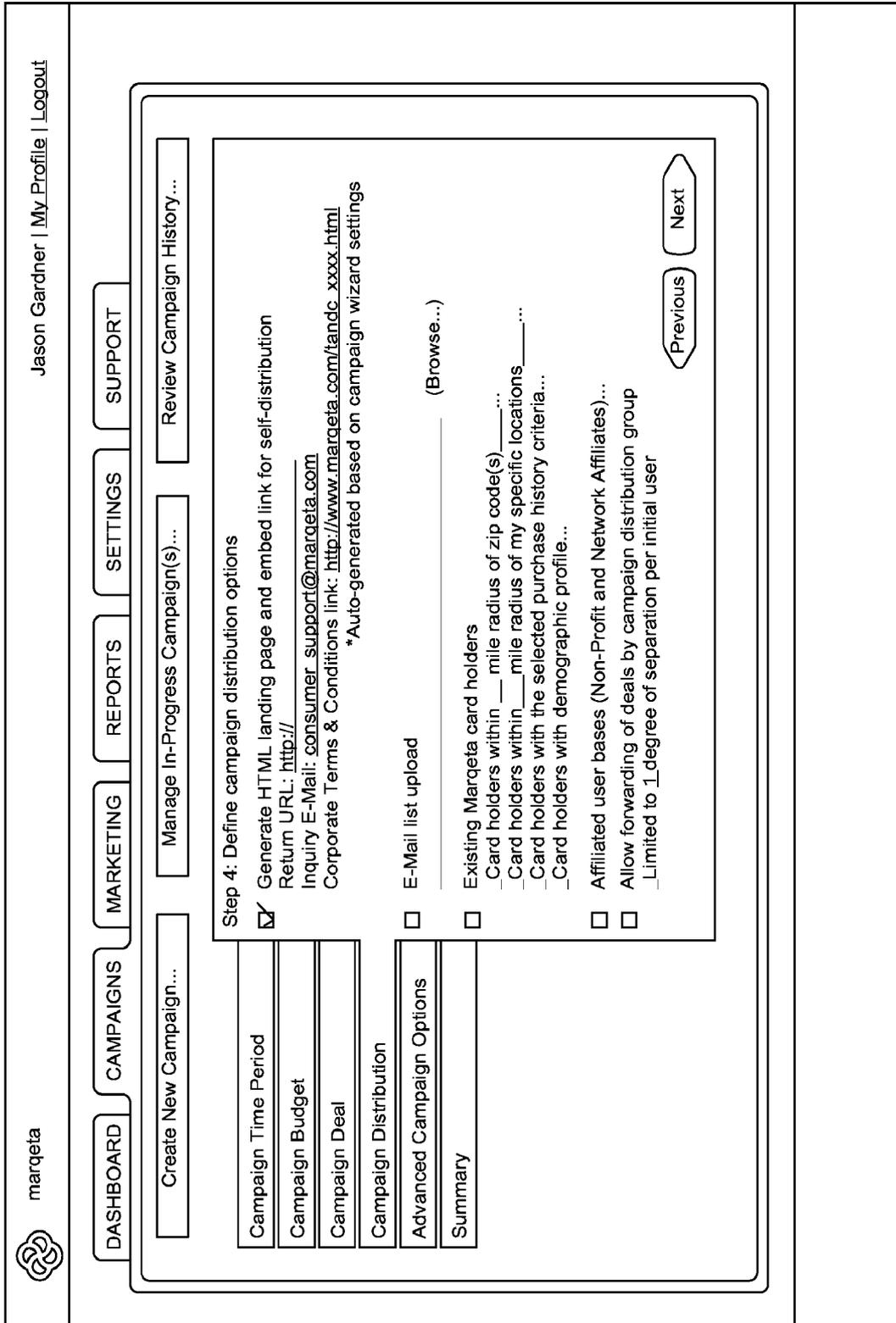


FIG. 8d



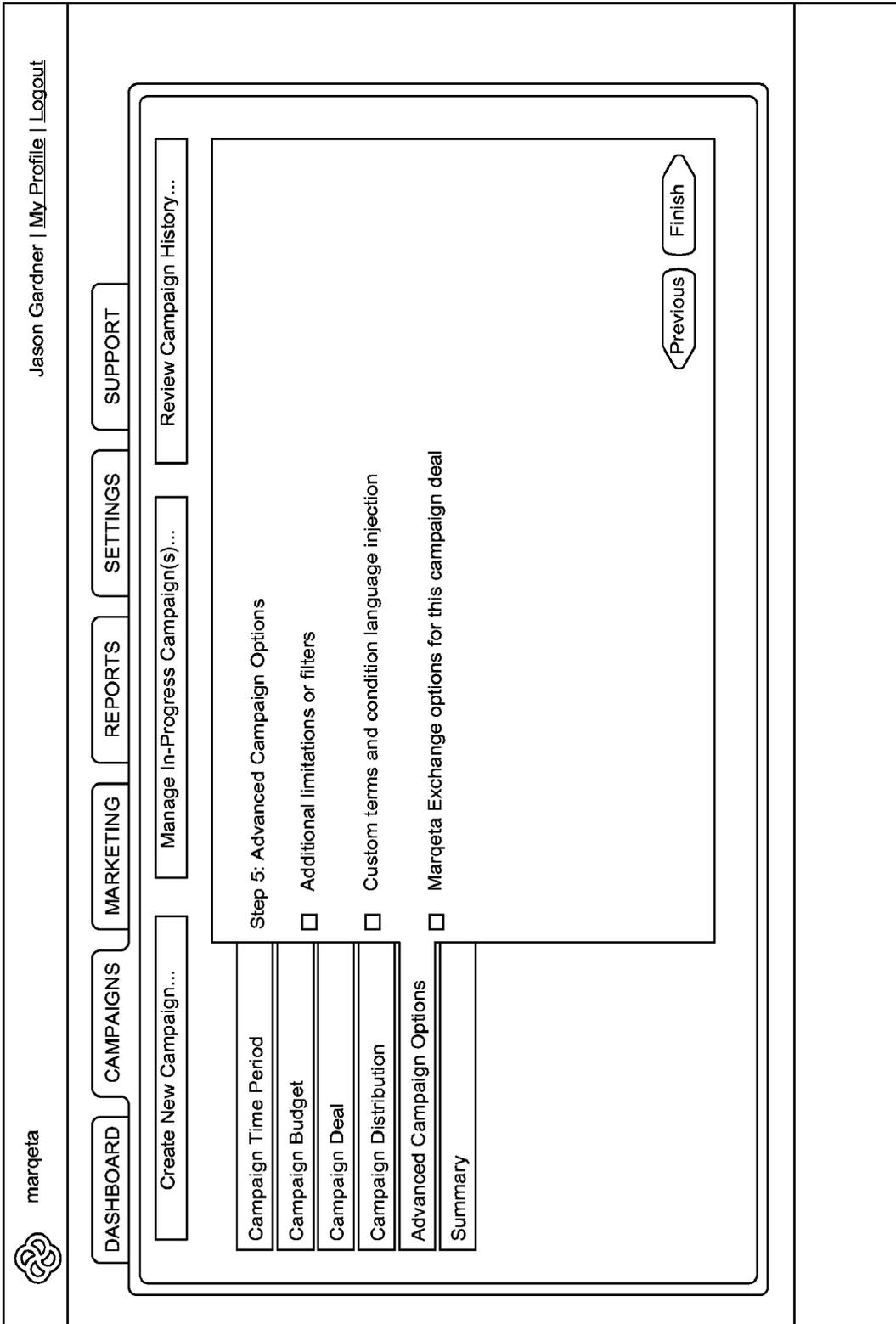
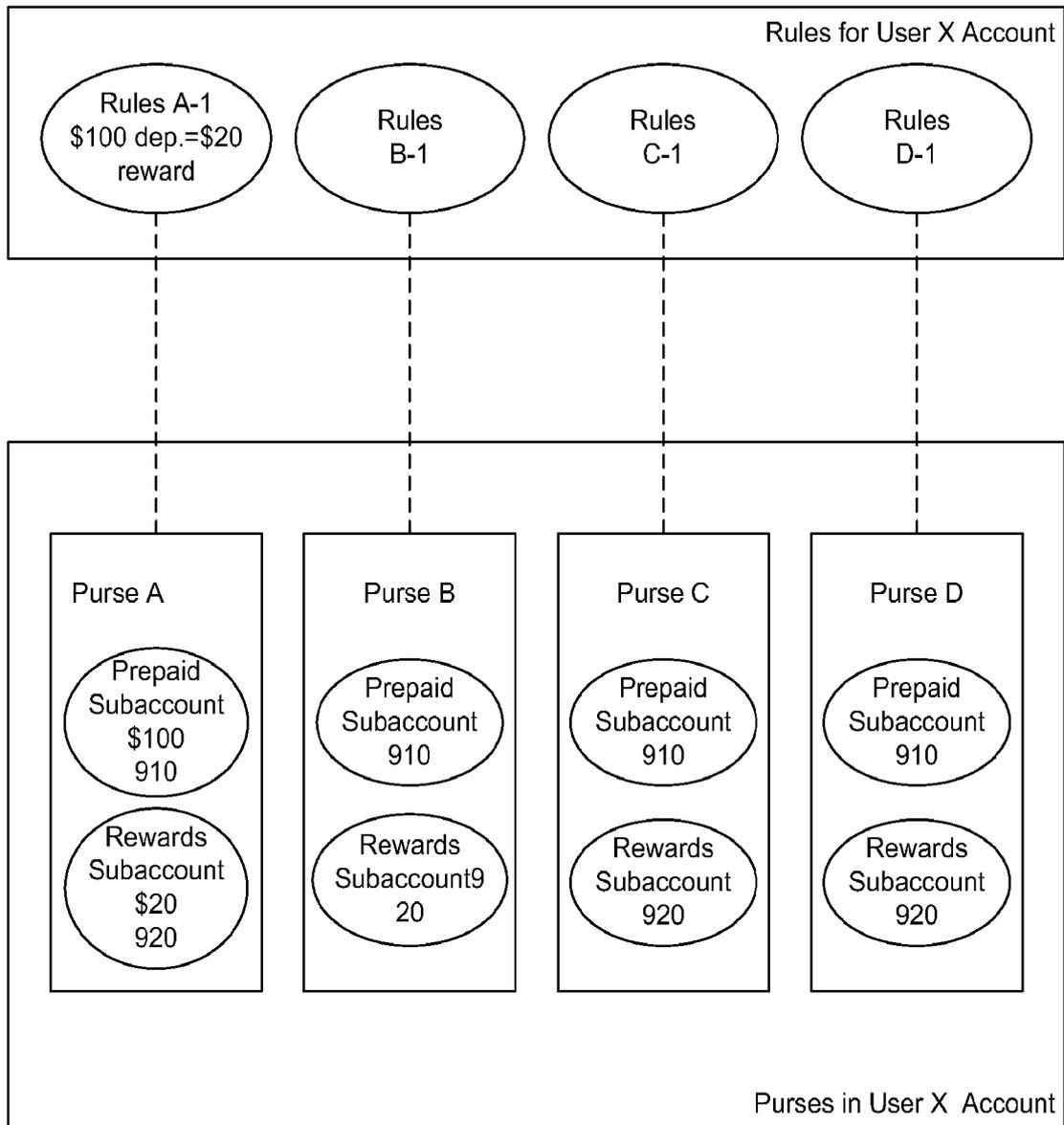


FIG. 8e



User X Account
900

FIG. 9a

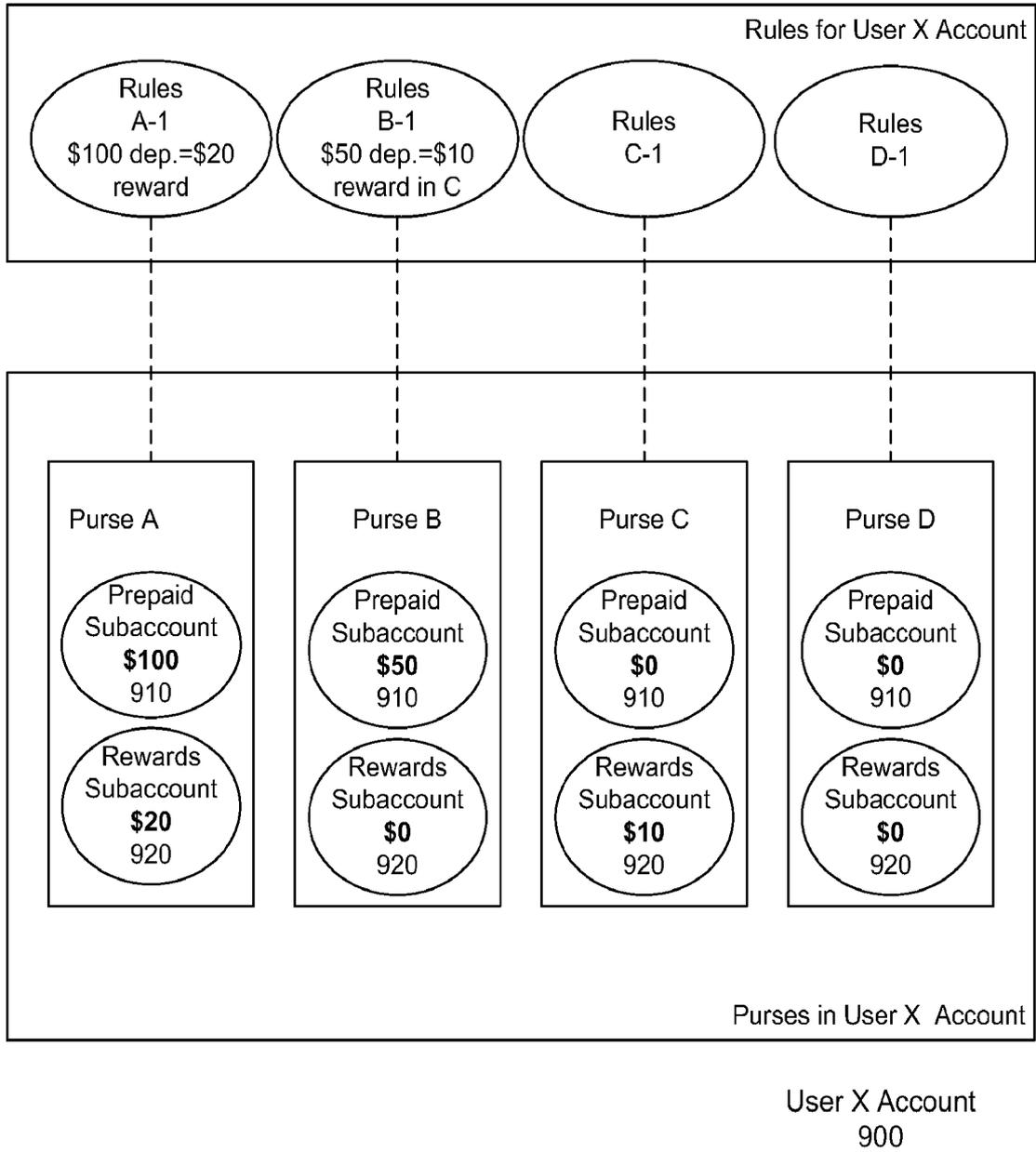


FIG. 9b

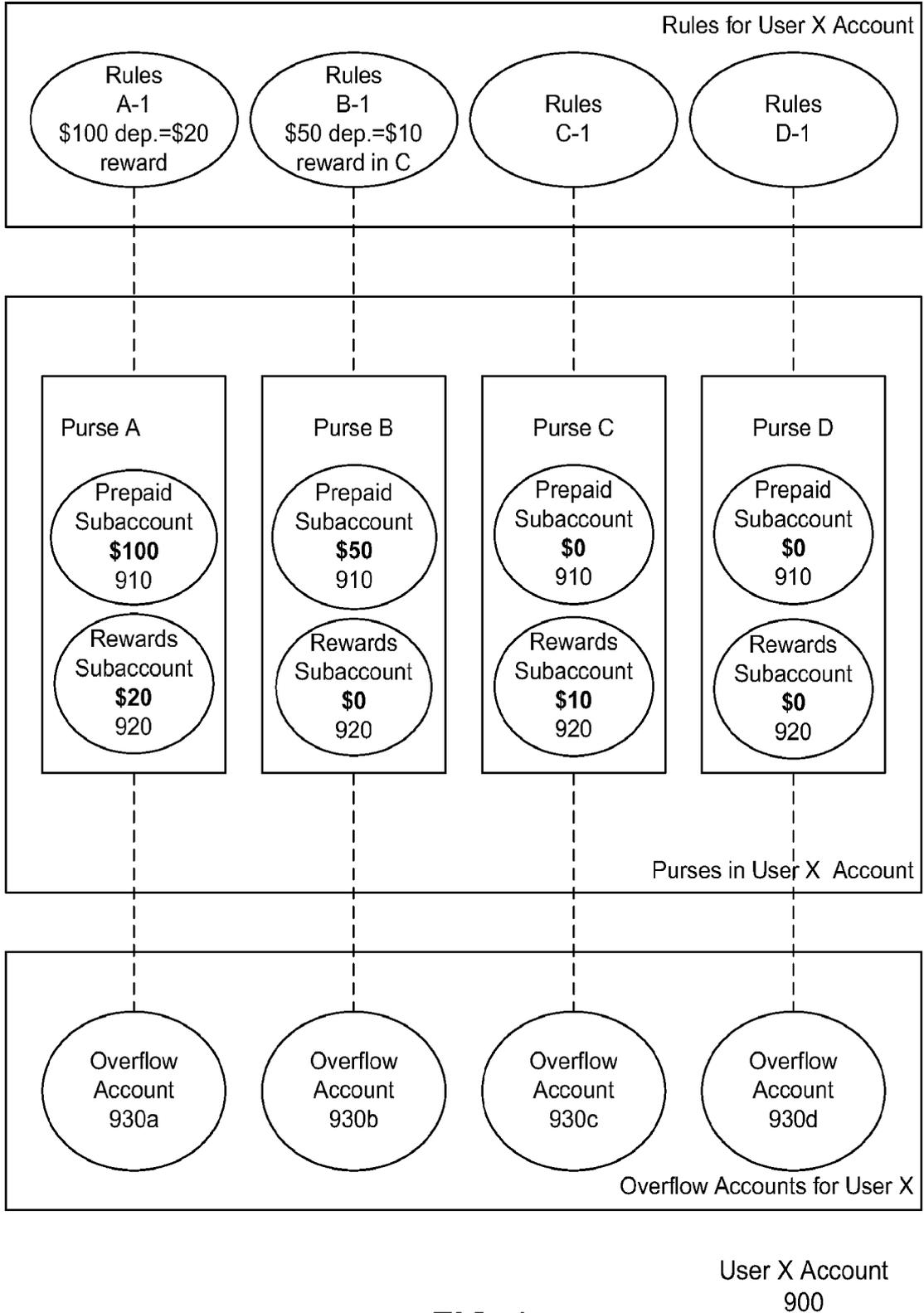
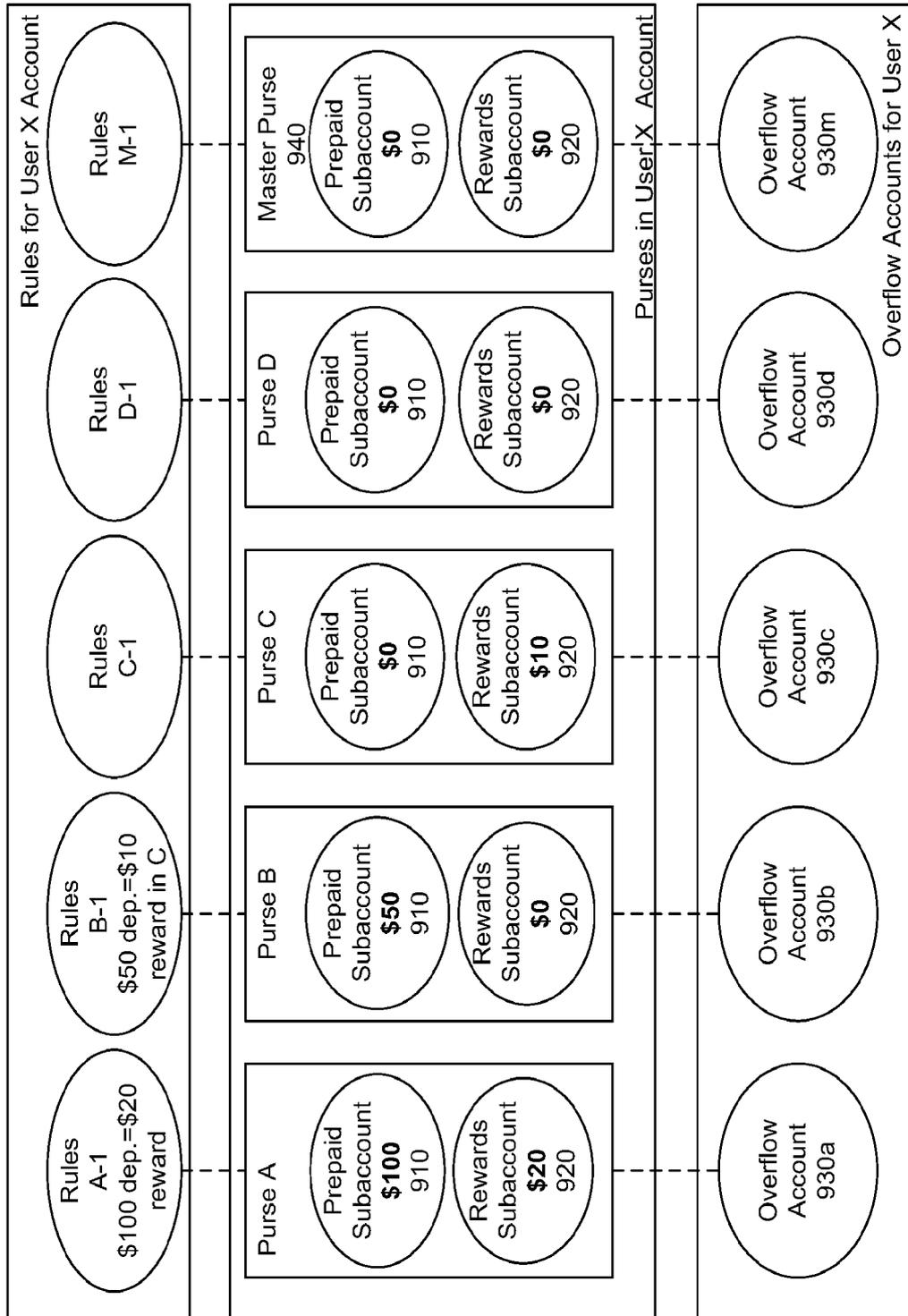


FIG. 9c



User X Account 900

FIG. 9d

Deposit into Purse

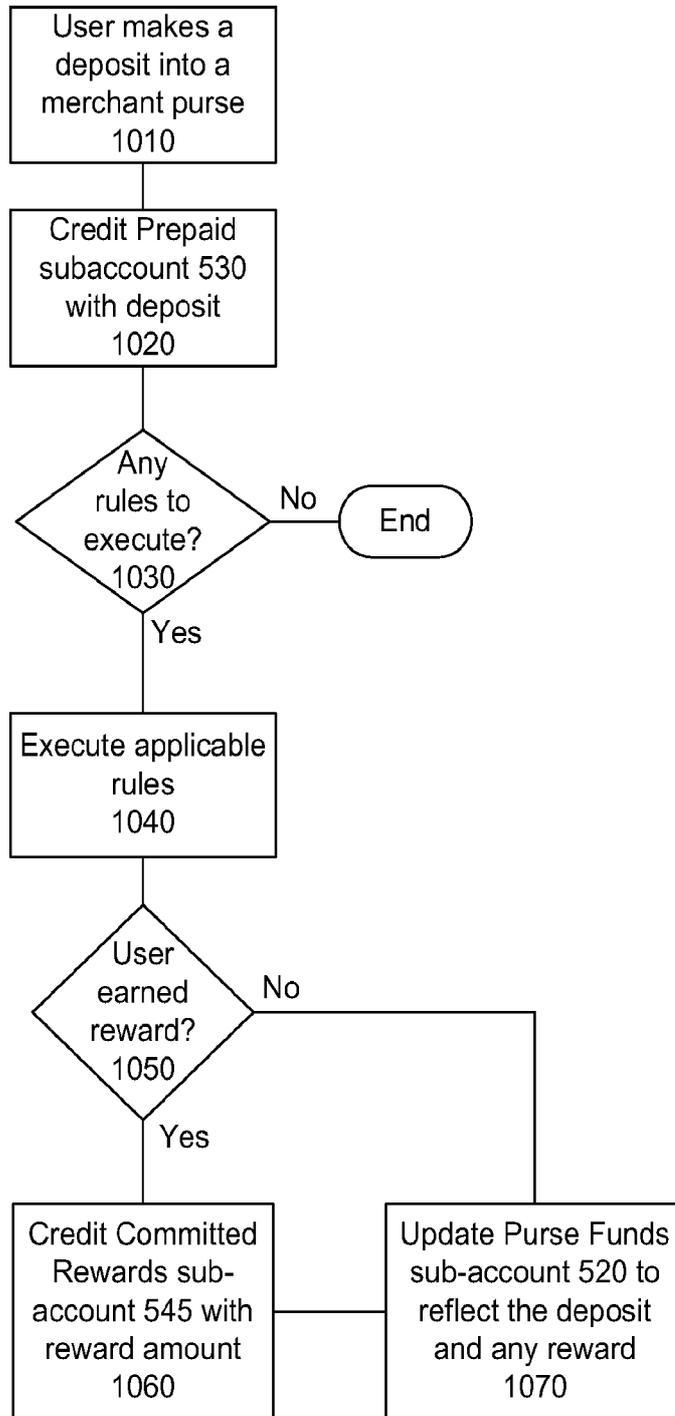


FIG. 10

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US20 12/025932

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(8) - G06Q 30/00 (201 2.01) USPC - 705/14.1 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC(8) - G06Q 20/00, 30/00, 30/02 (2012.01) USPC - 705/14.1, 14.11, 14.17, 17		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) Questel Orbit, Google Patent, ProQuest		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 2010/0057580 A1 (RAGHUNATHAN) 04 March 2010 (04.03.2010) entire document	1, 16-19, 25
Y		2-15, 20-24, 26-30
Y	US 2004/0186773 A1 (GEORGE et al) 23 September 2004 (23.09.2004) entire document	2-10, 20-24, 26-30
Y	US 2006/0224454 A1 (KANTOR et al) 05 October 2006 (05.10.2006) entire document	8, 13-15
Y	US 2009/0299841 A1 (BISHOP et al) 03 December 2009 (03.12.2009) entire document	11-15
A	US 2009/0078755 A1 (SULLIVAN et al) 26 March 2009 (26.03.2009) entire document	1-30
A	US 2010/0094699 A1 (BEAL) 15 April 2010 (15.04.2010) entire document	1-30
<input type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/>		
* Special categories of cited documents:		
"A"	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"E"	earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L"	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O"	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family
"P"	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	
Date of the actual completion of the international search 18 May 2012	Date of mailing of the international search report 30 MAY 2012	
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201	Authorized officer: Blaine R. Copenheaver PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774	