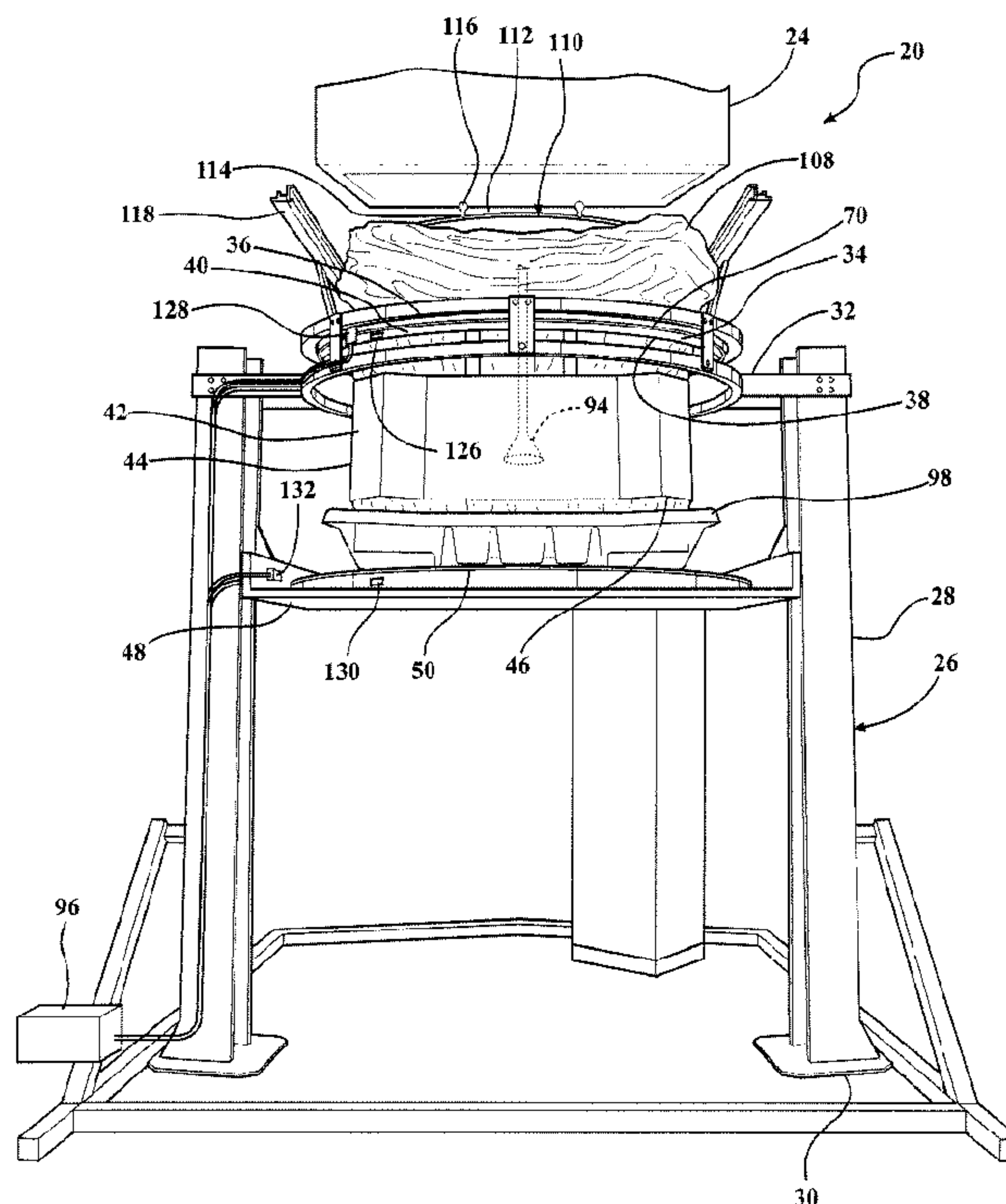




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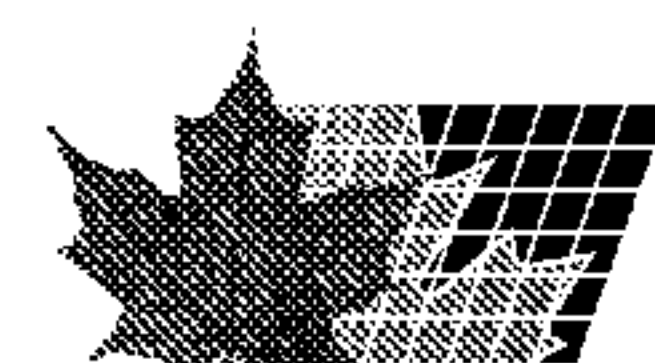
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(54) Title: DRIVE SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR FORMING A TRANSPORTABLE CONTAINER OF BULK GOODS



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

A packaging system (20) for forming and filling a transportable container (22) of plurality of bulk goods includes a frame (26) having a bottom support (48) and an upper support (32). An upper turntable (34) is rotatably supported within the upper support (32) and a lower turntable (50) is rotatably supported on the bottom support (48). A drive system (58) includes at least one pulley system (62, 64, 66) interconnected to the upper and lower turntables (34, 50) for simultaneously driving and synchronizing rotation of the upper and lower turntables (34, 50) with the at least one pulley system (62, 64, 66). A slip frame former (42) extends downwardly from the upper turntable (34) and a roll of stretch wrap (92) is disposed in overlapping relationship with the slip frame former (42) and the bottom support (48) during simultaneous and synchronized rotation of the turntables (34, 50) with the at least one pulley system (62, 64, 66).



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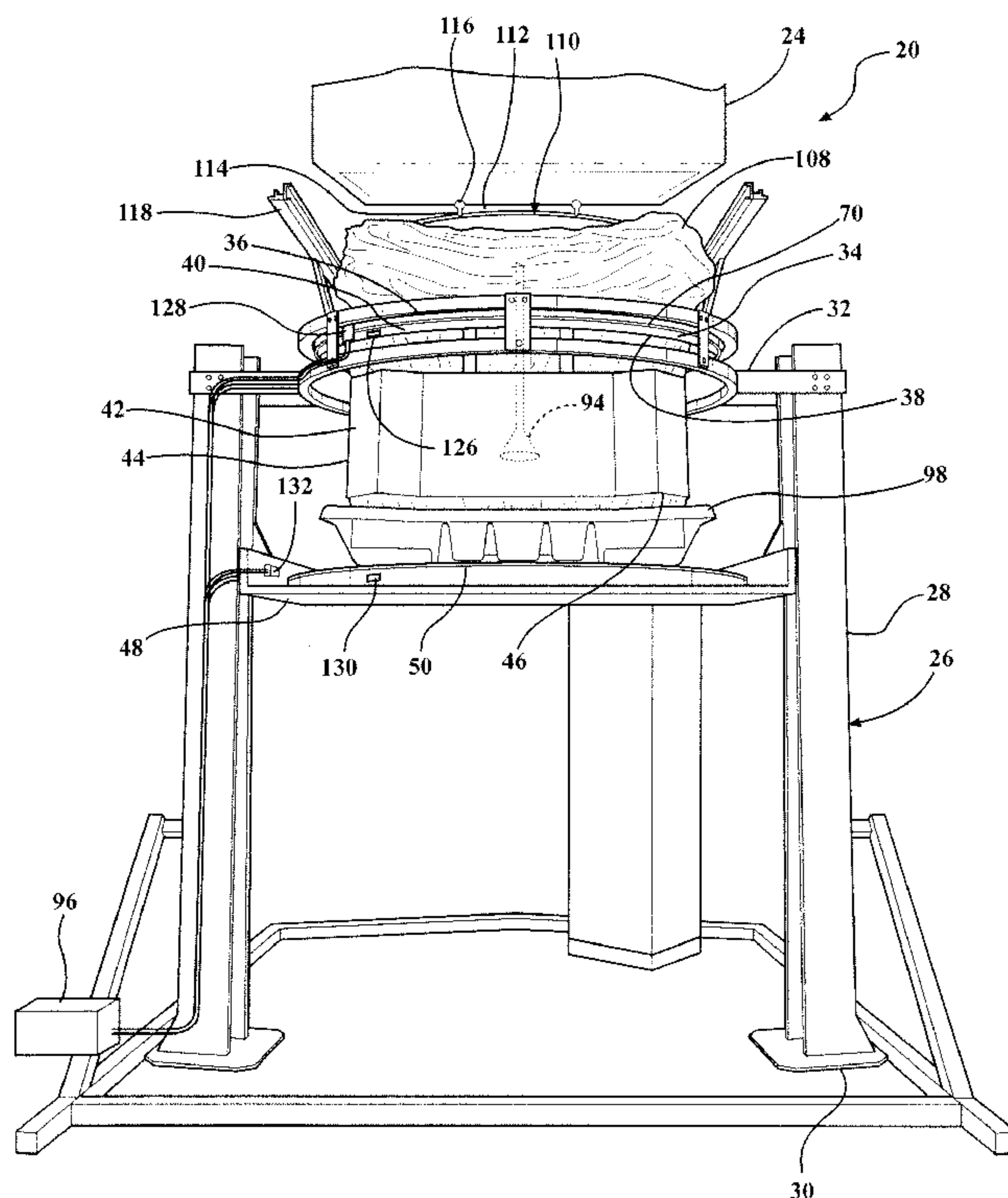
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(54) Title: DRIVE SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR FORMING A TRANSPORTABLE CONTAINER OF BULK GOODS

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DRIVE SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR FORMING A TRANSPORTABLE CONTAINER OF BULK GOODS

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial Number 61/545,336 filed on October 10, 2011 and entitled a “Drive System for Forming Transportable Container for Bulk Goods”.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

[0002] A packaging system and method for forming and filling a transportable container with a plurality of bulk goods received from a feed source.

2. Description of the Prior Art

[0003] The prior art packaging systems to which the subject invention pertains are packaging systems which include turntables driven by mechanical drives. One such packaging system is disclosed in U.S. 8,104,520 to Ours, et al wherein a frame of the packaging system includes a bottom support and an upper support and at least one support column extending therebetween. An upper turntable is rotatably supported within the upper support and defines a feed opening for receiving the bulk goods from the feed source, and a lower turntable is rotatably supported on the bottom support. A drive system including a drive is interconnected to the upper and lower turntables for generating a mechanical force to drive rotation of the upper and lower turntables.

[0004] Although the prior art packaging systems are capable of driving rotation of the upper and lower turntables, these packaging systems require multiple heavy chain drives and motors to establish rotation of both the upper and lower turntables. In addition, the prior art drives can often require the use of discrete, interlocking mechanical members such as chain sprockets, spur gears or timing belts. Accordingly, there remains a need for a packaging system which can drive rotation of the upper and lower turntables using less complex and less expensive drive systems.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION AND ADVANTAGES

[0005] The invention provides for a drive system including at least one pulley system interconnected to at least one of the upper and lower turntables and the

drive for receiving a rotational force from the drive and communicating the rotational force to the at least one pulley system to simultaneously drive and synchronize a rotational speed of the upper and lower turntables. The pulley system of the subject invention achieves a straight and uniform square load of bulk goods in the transportable container through the use of a simple belt and pulley system. Said another way, the pulley system of the subject invention maintains straightness and squareness for an entire fill cycle of the bulk goods in the transportable without separate mechanical drives for each of the upper and lower turntables. Accordingly, the pulley system eliminates the need for separate and distinct mechanical drives as currently required in the prior art packaging systems, and thus reduces cost and complexity of the packaging system.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0006] Other advantages of the present invention will be readily appreciated, as the same becomes better understood by reference to the following detailed description when considered in connection with the accompanying drawings wherein:

[0007] Figure 1 is a front view of a packaging system illustrating a bottom support and an upper support disposed in a first position;

[0008] Figure 2 is a magnified view of a portion of Figure 1 illustrating an intermediate carrier for supporting a bag which extends through a feed opening of the upper support and a frame opening of a slip frame former to a transportable base;

[0009] Figure 3 is a magnified view of a portion of Figure 2 illustrating the intermediate carrier after the bag has been removed therefrom;

[0010] Figure 4 is a perspective view of the packaging system illustrating a stretch wrapping device including a roll of stretch wrap disposed in overlapping relationship with at least a portion of a former wall of the slip frame former and a transportable base disposed on the bottom support in the first position;

[0011] Figure 5 is a magnified view of a portion of Figure 4 illustrating the drive system including at least one pulley system;

[0012] Figure 6 is a magnified view of a portion of Figure 6 illustrating the at least one pulley system including an upper pulley system interconnected to an upper turntable disposed within the upper support;

[0013] Figure 7 is a perspective view of the drive system illustrating a clutch and a variable pulley system disposed between a drive and a drive coupling;

[0014] Figure 8 is a partial front view of the packaging system illustrating the bottom support and the upper support disposed in a second position and the transportable container formed according to the subject invention;

[0015] Figure 9 is a perspective view of a lower pulley system;

[0016] Figure 10 is a perspective view of the packaging system illustrating a pin and a notch disposed in interlocking relationship in the first position of the upper and bottom supports; and

[0017] Figure 11 is a perspective view of the packaging system illustrating relative vertical movement of one of the supports to raise the pin out of the notch to establish unlocked relationship of the upper and bottom supports.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE ENABLING EMBODIMENTS

[0018] Referring to the Figures, wherein like numerals indicate corresponding parts throughout the several views, a packaging system **20** for forming and filling a transportable container **22** with a plurality of bulk goods received from a feed source **24** is generally shown in Figures 1-6 and 8.

[0019] Throughout the present specification and claims the phrase "bulk goods" is used as a shorthand version of the wide range of products that can be packaged utilizing the present invention. The present invention finds utilization in packaging any material that can be bulk packaged. These items can encompass large bulk packaged pieces as well as very small bulk packaged pieces. Examples of smaller bulk goods include, but are not limited to, the following: agricultural products like seeds, rice, grains, vegetables, fruits, chemical products like fine chemicals, pharmaceuticals, raw chemicals, fertilizers, plastics like plastic resin pellets, plastic parts, rejected plastic parts, machined plastic parts, cereals and cereal products such as wheat, a variety of machined parts of all sorts, wood products like wood chips, landscaping material, peat moss, dirt, sand, gravel, rocks and cement. The present invention also finds utilization in bulk packaging of larger bulk goods including, but not limited to: prepared foods, partially processed foods like frozen fish, frozen chicken, other frozen meats and meat products, manufactured items like textiles, clothing, footwear, toys like plastic toys, plastic half parts, metallic parts, soft toys, stuffed animals, and other toys and toy products. All of these types of materials and similar bulk packaged materials are intended to be encompassed in the present specification and claims by this phrase.

[0020] As best shown in Figure 1, the packaging system **20** includes a frame **26** having at least one support column **28** extending between a frame base **30** and an upper support **32**. In the preferred embodiment, a pair of support columns **28** extend between the frame base **30** and the upper support **32**, but any number of support columns **28** may be used. An upper turntable **34** is rotatably supported within the upper support **32** and has a circumferential edge **36** which defines a feed opening **38** for receiving the bulk goods from the feed source **24**. In the preferred embodiment, the upper turntable **34** is circular, however other suitable shapes such as square, triangular, or the like could also be used. As best shown in Figures 1-3, the upper turntable **34** includes an upper guide track **40** extending downwardly from the circumferential edge **36** of the upper turntable **34**, and a slip frame former **42** is secured to and extends downwardly from the upper guide track **40** of the upper turntable **34**. The slip frame former **42** is centered within the packaging system **20** and may be round, square or any other desired shape.

[0021] The slip frame former **42** has at least one former wall **44** to define a frame opening **46** disposed in fluid communication with the feed opening **38**. In the preferred embodiment, the former walls **44** are from about six to fifteen inches in height and may be made from metal, plastic, or any other material known in the art. Further, the at least one former wall **44** is a continuous wall that extends down from the entirety of the upper turntable **34**. However, the at least one former wall **44** could also include former arms or fingers (not expressly shown) extending downwardly from the upper turntable **34**.

[0022] The packaging system **20** further includes a bottom support **48** attached to the at least one support column **28** of the frame **26** and a lower turntable **50** is rotatably supported on the bottom support **48**. As best shown in Figure 8, the lower turntable **50** includes a turntable shaft **52** rotatably connected to the bottom support **48** and a lower guide track **54** is fixedly attached to the turntable shaft **52** for rotation therewith. In the preferred embodiment, the lower guide track **54** is circular in shape. In addition, as best shown in Figure 8, a lower turntable platform **56** is secured to and overlays the lower guide track **54** for rotation with the turntable shaft **52** and the lower guide track **54**. In the preferred embodiment, the lower turntable **50** is also circular, however other suitable shapes such as square, triangular, or the like could also be used.

[0023] As best shown in Figure 4, the packaging system **20** further includes a drive system **58** including a drive **60** that is interconnected to the upper and lower turntables **34**, **50** for generating a rotational force to drive rotation of the upper and

lower turntables 34, 50. As best shown in Figures 4 and 9, the drive system 58 includes a plurality of pulley systems 62, 64, 66 in communication with the upper and lower turntables 34, 50 and the drive 60 for receiving the rotational force and communicating the rotational force to the plurality of pulley systems 62, 64, 66 to simultaneously drive the upper and lower turntables 34, 50 and synchronize a rotational speed of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50. The plurality of pulley systems 62, 64, 66 includes an upper pulley system 62 in communication with the upper turntable 34 for driving rotation of the upper turntable 34 and a lower pulley system 64 in communication with the lower turntable 50 for driving rotation of the lower turntable 50. In the preferred embodiment, the upper pulley system 62 includes an upper pulley 68 and an upper belt 70 extending around both of the upper pulley 68 and the upper guide track 40 of the upper turntable 34 and the lower pulley system 64 includes a lower pulley 72 and a lower belt 74 extending around both of the lower pulley 72 and the lower guide track 54 of the lower turntable 50.

[0024] The drive 60 of the drive system 58 includes a drive motor 76 and a gearbox 78 disposed on the bottom support 48 and interconnected to both of the upper and lower pulley systems 62, 64 for generating the rotational force and simultaneously communicating the rotational force to both of the upper and lower pulley systems 62, 64. As best shown in Figure 7, the drive system 58 also includes a clutch 80 disposed between the drive 60 and the upper pulley system 62 that is adjustable between an engaged position to allow transfer of the rotational force from the drive 60 to the upper pulley system 62 and a disengaged position to cease transfer of the rotational force from the drive 60 to the upper pulley system 62. As also shown in Figure 7, the drive system 58 includes a coupling shaft 82 extending downwardly from the upper pulley 68 to a drive coupling 84 interconnected to the clutch 80 and the drive motor 76 for transferring the rotational force from the drive motor 76 to the upper pulley system 62. In addition, the drive system 58 includes a drive belt 86 which interconnects the drive 60 and the clutch 80 and a drive belt tensioner 88 which adjusts a tension of the drive belt 86 extending therebetween.

[0025] At least one of the bottom support 48 and the upper support 32 are vertically movable relative to the other along the at least one support column 28 between a first position, as shown in Figure 4, wherein the bottom support 48 is disposed adjacent the upper support 32 and the slip frame former 42 to a second position, as shown in Figure 8, wherein the bottom support 48 is disposed in spaced relationship with the upper

support 32 and the slip frame former 42. In the preferred embodiment, the bottom support 48 moves vertically downward relative to the upper support 32 along the pair of support columns 28 from the first position to the second position. The relative vertical movement of the bottom support 48 and the upper support 32 can be accomplished by any of a variety of lift mechanisms (not expressly shown) including, but not limited to, scissors platform legs, hydraulic pistons, pneumatic pistons, or a geared mechanism. Prior to receiving bulk goods, in the preferred embodiment, the lift mechanism lifts the bottom support 48 to the initial first position adjacent the slip frame former 42.

[0026] The packaging system 20 also includes a stretch wrapping device 90 disposed in spaced and aligned relationship with at least a portion of the former wall 44 of the slip frame former 42. As best shown in Figure 4, the stretch wrapping device 90 includes a roll of stretch wrap 92 extending outwardly from the stretch wrapping device 90 and disposed in overlapping relationship with at least a portion of the former wall 44 and the bottom support 48 in the first position to encircle both of the bottom support 48 and the at least one former wall 44 of the slip frame former 42 during an initial simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50 to initially form the transportable container 22 extending therebetween. The shape of the transportable container 22 is determined by the shape of the slip frame former 42. For example, a round slip frame former 42 will produce a round transportable container 22 while a generally square slip frame former 42 will produce a square transportable container 22. As best shown in Figure 1, the feed source 24 is disposed in communication with the feed opening 38 of the upper support 32 and the frame opening 46 of the slip frame former 42 for transferring the bulk goods from the feed source 24 to the transportable container 22 during simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50.

[0027] The packaging system 20 also includes at least one sensor 94 which extends downwardly from the upper support 32 for sensing a fill level of the bulk goods within the transportable container 22, and a controller 96 is in communication with the at least one sensor 94 for receiving the fill level and comparing the fill level to a predetermined threshold to generate a fill signal when the fill level exceeds the predetermined threshold during the filling of the transportable container 22 with bulk goods. The controller 96 is also in communication with at least one of the bottom support 48 and the upper support 32 to initiate the relative vertical movement of the bottom support 48 and the upper support 32 in response to the fill signal for disengaging previously disposed portions of stretch wrap 92 from the slip frame former 42 to squeeze

the filled portions of the transportable container **22** with the stretch wrap **92** and lock together the bulk goods disposed therein.

[0028] In the preferred embodiment, the transportable container **22** includes a transportable base **98** that is placed on the lower turntable **50** and is also used to begin the initial forming of the transportable container **22**. Said another way, the roll of stretch wrap **92** extends outwardly from the stretch wrapping device **90** and is disposed in overlapping relationship with at least a portion of the former wall **44** and the transportable base **98** disposed on the bottom support **48** in the first position to encircle both the transportable base **98** and the at least on former wall **44** during an initial simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables **34**, **50**. Accordingly, the rotation of the lower turntable **50** also drives rotation of the transportable base **98** when the transportable base **98** is used to form the transportable container **22**. The transportable base **98** is made of molded plastic, but may be manufactured by any process known in the art and made of any other material known in the art. In a preferred embodiment, the transportable base **98** is square, but the transportable base **98** may be round or any other shape known in the art. The square transportable container **22** allows for the greatest amount of space to be utilized when a plurality of transportable containers **22** are placed next to one another in a shipping truck. The transportable base **98** initially forms the bulk goods or particulates disposed in the transportable container **22** and further allows for the transportation of the transportable container **22**. The transportable base **98** may further be a slip sheet, pallet or any other transportable base **98** known in the art. The slip sheet is typically a folded sheet of cardboard, but may be any other material known in the art, including but not limited to plastic. The pallet may be wood, plastic or any other material known in the art. Typically, the pallet and the slip sheet are used together.

[0029] The controller **96** is also disposed in communication with the clutch **80** of the drive system **58** to disengage the clutch **80** during the relative vertical movement of the bottom support **48** and the upper support **32** for ceasing transfer of the rotational force from the drive motor **76** to the upper turntable **34**. Accordingly, rotation of the upper turntable **34** is accomplished using only the overlapped layers of stretch wrap **92** extending between the bottom support **48** and the slip frame former **42** and thus straightness of the bulk goods transferred to the transportable container **22** is maintained during the fill cycle without the need to drive the upper turntable **34** with the upper pulley system **62**. Said another way, once the transportable container **22** is initially

formed with a few wraps of the stretch wrap **92** during initial simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50**, the loading process of bulk goods into the transportable container **22** can maintain straightness and squareness during the entire fill cycle without the need to drive the upper turntable **34** with the upper pulley system **62**. When a transportable base **98** is used, the upper turntable **34** is driven using only the overlapped layers of stretch wrap **92** extending between the transportable base **98** and the slip frame former **42**.

[0030] As best shown in Figure 7, the plurality of pulley systems **62, 64, 66** also includes a variable pulley system **66** interconnected between the clutch **80** and the drive coupling **84** and disposed on the bottom support **48** for transferring the rotational force from the drive **60** to the coupling shaft **82** to drive **60** rotation of the upper pulley system **62** in the engaged position of the clutch **80**. In the preferred embodiment, the variable pulley system **66** includes a variable pulley **100** and a variable belt **102** surrounding both of the variable pulley **100** and the drive coupling **84**. The variable pulley system **66** also includes a jump shaft **104** extending between the variable pulley **100** and the clutch **80**.

[0031] In a preferred embodiment, the slip frame former **42** may be altered to allow for the slip frame former **42** to be easily pulled away from the stretch wrap **92** as the level of the bulk goods in the transportable container **22** increases. For example, the at least one former wall **44** may be altered by a Teflon coating, a dimpled surface, or any other method known in the art for decreasing the amount of friction between the slip frame former **42** and the stretch wrap **92**. Once the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap **92** are pulled away from the slip frame former **42**, the roll of stretch wrap **92** of the stretch wrapping device **90** continues to overlap both the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap **92** and the slip frame former **42** during relative vertical movement of the bottom support **48** and the upper support **32** as well as continued simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50**. This allows for the transportable container **22** to continue to form between the bottom support **48** on the transportable base **98** and the slip frame former **42**. Said another way, as the level of bulk goods increases in the transportable container **22**, at least one of the bottom support **48** and the upper support **32** are moved relative to one another to accommodate additional bulk goods and continue to form the transportable container **22** with the stretch wrap **92**. During movement, the stretch wrap **92** is spirally wrapped at a predetermined level below the level of bulk goods to continue to overlap the stretch wrap

92 over both the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap **92** and the slip frame former **42**.

[0032] The stretch wrapping device **90** can comprise a conventional stretch wrapping device **90** such as, for example, a Lantech Q series semi-automatic wrapper. Additionally, in the preferred embodiment, the stretch wrap **92** has a high cling factor and a width between 10 and 30 inches, but the stretch wrap **92** may be any of a variety of stretch wrap films known in the art. Other packaging materials such as netting, strapping, banding, or tape may be used as well. As best shown in Figure 4, the stretch wrapping apparatus is also vertically moveable along a stretch wrapping guide **106** that runs parallel to the at least one support column **28**. In the preferred embodiment, the stretch wrapping device **90**, and thus the roll of stretch wrap **92**, is guided along the stretch wrapping guide **106** by a motor (not expressly shown), but may be guided by any means known in the art.

[0033] The stretch wrap **92** generates hoop forces which apply a gentle squeeze to the bulk goods and thus help to stabilize the bulk goods disposed within the transportable container **22**. The hoop forces stabilize the bulk goods by promoting controllable contact between the elements of the bulk goods being loaded into the transportable container **22**, thereby promoting bridging between the components of the bulk goods. For example, when the bulk goods are a bulk cereal in puff or flake form, hoop forces promote bridging between cereal pieces, thereby reducing the relative motion between the pieces and immobilizing the cereal within the transportable container **22**. Said another way, hoop forces allow for a very compact and rigid transportable container **22**, which does not allow the bulk goods to shift or get crushed within the transportable container **22**. In addition, the slip frame former **42** acts as a force control mechanism, i.e. the wrap is applied to the slip frame former **42** as opposed to being applied directly to the product. As such, the slip frame former **42** reduces product damage that could result from the direct application of the stretch wrap **92** to the bulk goods in the transportable container **22**.

[0034] While the packaging system **20** could work with or without a bag **108**, the preferred embodiment includes a scrunched bag system having an intermediate carrier **110** for holding a flexible bag **108** in an open and scrunched or bunched position. The bag **108** is preferably a gusseted bag **108** and can be formed from any suitable material for the bulk goods disposed in the bag **108** of the transportable container **22**, such as for example, low density polyethylene, high density polyethylene, a food grade

polymer, or nylon. The intermediate carrier **110** has a carrier base **112** and a plurality of carrier arms **114** extending from the carrier base **112** to an arm end **116**. The carrier base **112** may be any shape known in the art, including but not limited to, round, square, rectangular, and U-shaped.

[0035] Each of the arm ends **116** may include a cap portion or may be rounded to assist with guiding the bag **108** onto and off the intermediate carrier **110**. The arm ends **116** also maintain contact with the bag **108** to create an opening in the bag **108**, and hold the bag **108** in its proper open position. The arm ends **116** push outwardly against an inside surface of the flexible bag **108** to create tension on the bag **108** and to secure the bag **108** onto the intermediate carrier **110**.

[0036] In the exemplary embodiment, the intermediate carrier **110** is placed on a top hat portion **118** that extends from the upper turntable **34** of the upper support **32**. The top hat portion **118** is secured to the upper turntable **34** such that when the upper turntable **34** rotates, the top hat portion **118** is rotatable therewith. The carrier arm **114** extends downwardly from the top hat portion **118** and through the feed opening **38** such that the bag **108** will be disposed and extend from the intermediate carrier **110** through the feed opening **38** of the upper support **32** and the frame opening **46** of the slip frame former **42** and to the transportable base **98** as bulk goods are fed from the feed source **24** into the bag **108**.

[0037] As best shown in Figures 4-6, the packaging system **20** also includes a support arm **120** extending outwardly from the upper support **32** to the coupling shaft **82** for rotatably supporting the second pulley and the coupling shaft **82**. An upper tension arm **122** extends outwardly from the upper support **32** to an upper tension pulley **124** disposed in rotational engagement with the upper pulley **68**. The upper tension pulley **124** is adjustable to alter a tension applied to the upper guide track **40** of the upper turntable **34** by the upper belt **70**. The drive coupling **84** is slidably disposed about the coupling shaft **82** for sliding therealong during vertical movement of the bottom support **48**.

[0038] As best shown in Figures 1-3, the upper turntable **34** includes at least one upper proximity flag **126** disposed adjacent the circumferential edge **36**, and the upper support **32** correspondingly includes an upper proximity switch **128** disposed adjacent the circumferential edge **36** of the upper turntable **34**. The upper proximity switch **128** monitors the upper proximity flag **126** during rotation of the upper turntable **34** to generate an upper proximity signal when the upper proximity flag **126** rotates past

the upper proximity switch **128**. As best shown in Figures 1 and 8, the lower turntable **50** also includes at least one lower proximity flag **130** and the bottom support **48** correspondingly includes a lower proximity switch **132** disposed adjacent the lower turntable **50**. The lower proximity switch **132** monitors the lower proximity flag **130** during rotation of the lower turntable **50** to generate a lower proximity signal when the lower proximity flag **130** rotates past the lower proximity switch **132**. For example, each of the proximity flags **126**, **130** could be a metallic flag which is sensed by the proximity switches **128**, **132** as the metallic flags **126**, **130** rotate past the proximity switches **128**, **132**. In addition, although the Figures only illustrate a single proximity flag **128**, **132** disposed on each of the upper and lower turntables **34**, **50**, it is also possible to add multiple proximity flags **126**, **130** disposed in spaced relationship along each of the turntables **34**, **50** to improve the accuracy of the monitoring of the turntables **34**, **50** by the proximity switches **128**, **132**.

[0039] The controller **96** is disposed in communication with the upper and lower proximity switches **128**, **132** for receiving the upper and lower proximity signals and associating a time stamp with each receipt of the proximity signals. Said another way, the controller **96** records a time of day when the upper and lower proximity flags **126**, **130** pass by the proximity switches **128**, **132**. The controller **96** then proceeds to compare the respective time stamps of the upper and lower proximity signals to generate a timing difference between each respective time stamps of the upper and lower proximity signals. Said another way, the controller **96** determines how much time, for example number of seconds, that passes between each respective time stamp. In the preferred embodiment, when the upper and lower turntables **34**, **50** are synchronized, the upper turntable **34** is set to run slightly ahead of the lower turntable **50**. However, sometimes during rotation, the turntables **34**, **50** can get out of sync and the upper turntable **34** can rotate too far ahead of the lower turntable **50**. Accordingly, it is desirable in these situations to resynchronize the rotation of the upper and lower turntables **34**, **50**. Thus, the step of comparing the respective time stamps includes subtracting the respective time stamp of the lower proximity signal from the respective time stamp of the upper time stamp to calculate a timing difference between the respective time stamps. The controller **96** then proceeds to compare the respective timing differences to an upper predetermined timing threshold and a lower predetermined timing threshold. For example, each of the upper and lower predetermined timing thresholds could be values that are equal to a percentage of time

that it takes the turntables **34, 50** to make an entire 360-degree rotation. Further, the upper predetermined timing threshold could be a value that equals 1-2% of the amount of time it takes the turntables **34, 50** to make an entire 360 degree rotation. The controller **96** then proceeds to generate a first alignment signal in response to the timing difference being less than lower predetermined threshold and a second alignment signal in response to the timing difference being greater than the upper predetermined timing threshold. The controller **96** proceeds to engage the clutch **80** in response to the second alignment signal to reapply the transfer of rotational force from the drive motor **76** to the upper pulley system **62** for accelerating the rotational speed of the upper turntable **34**. The controller **96** also proceeds to cease transfer the rotational force from the drive motor **76** to the upper pulley system **62** in response to the second alignment signal to slow the rotational speed of the upper turntable **34** and allow realignment of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50**. In addition, as previously mentioned, the disengagement of the clutch **80** allows the portions of stretch wrap **92** extending between the lower turntable **50** and the upper turntable **34** to manage the synchronization of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50**. The control of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50** using the first and second alignment signals is advantageous because it allows for the tuning of the rotational speed of the upper turntable **34** simply by altering between use of the disengaged and engaged positions of the clutch **80**, and thus helps in managing a packaging system **20** which drives **60** the upper turntable **34** with the stretch wrap **92**.

[0040] In an alternative embodiment, the packaging system **20** only requires a single pulley system to simultaneously drive and synchronize a rotational speed of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50**. In this alternative embodiment, the lower turntable **50** is disposed in interlocked relationship with the upper turntable **34** during the initial rotation of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50**. As best shown in Figures 10-11, in the preferred embodiment of establishing the interlocked relationship, the lower turntable **50** defines a notch **134** and a pin **136** extends downwardly from the slip frame former **42**. Accordingly, when the packaging system **20** is disposed in the first position as best shown in Figure 10, the pin **136** is disposed within the notch **134** to establish interlocked relationship of the drive system **58**. Similar to the other embodiment, the roll of stretch wrap **92** is disposed in overlapping relationship with at least a portion of the former wall **44** and the bottom support **48** to encircle the former wall **44** and the bottom support **48** during simultaneous and interlocked rotation of the upper and lower turntables **34, 50** to form the transportable container **22** extending therebetween. Also,

at least one of the bottom support 48 and the upper support 32 are vertically movable relative to the other along the at least one support column 28 for disengaging previously disposed portions of the stretch wrap 92 from the slip frame former 42 and overlapping the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap 92 and the former wall 44 with the roll of stretch wrap during continued simultaneous rotation of the interlocked turntables 34, 50. As best shown in Figure 11, when the bottom support 48 and the upper support 32 are vertically moved relative to the other along the at least one support column 28, the pin 136 is ultimately raised out of the notch 134 during the relative movement to disengage the interlocked relationship and establish an unlocked relationship of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50. Accordingly, in the unlocked relationship of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50 after the pin 136 is removed from the notch 134, the upper turntable 34 is driven using only the overlapped layers of stretch wrap 92 extending between the bottom support 48 and the upper turntable 34.

[0041] In the preferred embodiment, the single pulley system is a lower pulley system 64 in communication with the lower turntable 50. However, the packaging system 20 with only the lower pulley system 64 may not be robust enough to keep the upper turntable 34 and the lower turntable 50 in synchronized rotation depending on the type of bulk goods disposed within the transportable container 22. Accordingly, the packaging system 20 which includes the pin 136 and the notch 134 and the lower pulley system 64 could also be modified to include an upper pulley system 62 in communication with the upper turntable 34. In this arrangement, the drive 60 is disposed between and interconnected to both of the upper and lower pulley systems 62, 64, and a clutch 80 is disposed between the drive 60 and the upper pulley system 62. Similar to the earlier embodiments, the clutch 80 is adjustable from a disengaged position during the interlocked and simultaneous rotation of the turntables 34, 50 for ceasing transfer of the rotational force to the upper pulley system 62 to an engaged position during the unlocked rotation of the turntables 34, 50 for tuning synchronization of the rotational speeds of the turntables 34, 50 during the relative vertical movement. Said another way, the additional upper pulley system 62 could be added to adjust and tune the rotational speed of the upper turntable 34 when the pin 136 and the notch 134 are disposed in unlocked relationship. However, when this tuning feature is not required, the upper turntable 34 is only driven by the stretch wrap 92 extending between the bottom support 48 and the upper turntable 34.

[0042] A method of forming and filling a transportable container 22 includes simultaneously rotating an upper turntable 34 including a slip frame former 42 and a lower turntable 50 disposed on a bottom support 48 with a drive 60 to synchronize a rotational speed of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50. The method proceeds by applying stretch wrap 92 to at least a portion of the slip frame former 42 and the bottom support 48 during the simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50 to form a transportable container 22 extending therebetween, and then moving at least one of the upper turntable 34 and the bottom support 48 relative to one another to disengage previously disposed portions of stretch wrap 92 from the slip frame former 42 and overlap the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap 92 and the slip frame former 42 with the stretch wrap 92. Once the stretch wrap 92 is sufficiently disposed between the bottom support 48 and the slip frame former 42, the method proceeds by disengaging rotation of the upper turntable 34 with the drive 60 during the relative movement of the upper turntable 34 and the bottom support 48 to continue to drive rotation of the upper turntable 34 using only the overlapped layers of stretch wrap 92 extending between the bottom support 48 and the slip frame former 42. In the preferred embodiment, the simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50 is achieved with at least one pulley system 62, 64, 66 interconnected to the drive 60.

[0043] The method also provides for the tuning and re-synchronization of the rotational speeds of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50. In this embodiment, the method includes the steps of monitoring an upper proximity flag 126 disposed on the upper turntable 34 using an upper proximity switch 128 to generate an upper proximity signal when the upper proximity flag 126 rotates past the upper proximity switch 128, and monitoring a lower proximity flag 130 disposed on the lower turntable 50 using a lower proximity switch 132 to generate a lower proximity signal when the lower proximity flag 130 rotates past the lower proximity switch 132. Once the proximity signals are generated, the method proceeds by associating a time stamp with each receipt of the upper and lower proximity signals. In the preferred embodiment of the method, since the upper turntable 34 is set to run slightly faster than the lower turntable 50, the method includes subtracting the respective time stamp of the lower proximity signal from the respective time stamp of the upper time stamp to calculate a timing difference between the respective time stamps. Once the timing differences are calculated, the method proceeds by comparing each of the timing differences to a lower predetermined timing threshold to generate a first alignment signal in response to the timing difference

being less than the lower predetermined timing threshold. As previously mentioned, the predetermined timing thresholds could be any desired values of time, such as number of seconds. If a first alignment signal is received, the method proceeds by re-engaging rotation of the upper turntable 34 with the drive 60 in response to the first alignment signal to re-synchronize the rotational speeds of the upper and lower turntables 34, 50. The method also includes the step of comparing of each of the timing differences to an upper predetermined timing threshold to generate a second alignment signal in response to the timing difference exceeding the upper predetermined timing threshold. If a second alignment signal is received, the method proceeds by disengaging rotation of the upper turntable 34 with the drive 60 in response to the second alignment signal to slow the rotational speed of the upper turntable 34.

[0044] Obviously, many modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings and may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described while within the scope of the appended claims. These antecedent recitations should be interpreted to cover any combination in which the inventive novelty exercises its utility. The use of the word "said" in the apparatus claims refers to an antecedent that is a positive recitation meant to be included in the coverage of the claims whereas the word "the" precedes a word not meant to be included in the coverage of the claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A packaging system for forming and filling a transportable container with a plurality of bulk goods received from a feed source comprising:
 - a frame including a bottom support and an upper support and at least one support column extending therebetween;
 - an upper turntable rotatably supported within said upper support and defining a feed opening for receiving the bulk goods from the feed source;
 - a lower turntable rotatably supported on said bottom support;
 - a drive system including a drive interconnected to said upper and lower turntables for generating a rotational force to drive rotation of said upper and lower turntables; and
 - said drive system including a plurality of pulley systems interconnected to said upper and lower turntables and said drive for receiving the rotational force from said drive and communicating the rotational force to both of said plurality of pulley systems to simultaneously drive and synchronize a rotational speed of said upper and lower turntables.
2. A packaging system as set forth in claim 1 further comprising:
 - said plurality of pulley systems including an upper pulley system in communication with said upper turntable for driving rotation of said upper turntable and a lower pulley system in communication with said lower turntable for driving rotation of said lower turntable.
3. A packaging system as set forth in claim 2 further comprising:
 - a slip frame former extending downwardly from said upper turntable and having at least one former wall to define a frame opening disposed in fluid communication with said feed opening;
 - at least one of said of said bottom support and said upper support being vertically movable relative to the other along said at least one support column to define a first position wherein said bottom support is disposed adjacent said upper support and said slip frame former; and

a stretch wrapping device including a roll of stretch wrap disposed in overlapping relationship with at least a portion of said former wall and said bottom support in said first position to encircle said former wall and said bottom support during an initial simultaneous rotation of said upper and lower turntables in said first position to form a transportable container extending therebetween for receiving the bulk goods from the feed source.

4. A packaging system as set forth in claim 3 further comprising:

at least one sensor extending downwardly from said upper support for sensing a fill level of the bulk goods within the transportable container in said first position;

said drive system including a controller in communication with said at least one sensor for receiving the fill level and comparing the fill level to a predetermined threshold to generate a fill signal when the fill level exceeds the predetermined threshold; and

said controller in communication with at least one of said bottom support and said upper support to initiate said vertical relative movement of said bottom support and said upper support in response to said fill signal for disengaging previously disposed portions of said stretch wrap from said slip frame former and overlapping the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap and said former wall with said roll of stretch wrap during continued simultaneous rotation of said turntables and vertical relative movement of said supports.

5. A packaging system as set forth in claim 4 further comprising:

said drive system including a clutch disposed between said drive and said upper pulley system being adjustable between an engaged position to allow transfer of the rotational force from said drive to said upper pulley system and a disengaged position to cease transfer of the rotational force from said drive to said upper pulley system; and

said controller disposed in communication with said clutch of said drive system to disengage said clutch during said relative vertical movement of said supports and continue to drive rotation of said upper turntable using only said overlapped layers of stretch wrap extending between said bottom support and said slip frame former.

6. A packaging system as set forth in claim 5 further comprising:

said upper turntable including at least one upper proximity flag and said upper support including an upper proximity switch for monitoring said upper proximity flag during rotation of said upper turntable to generate an upper proximity signal when said upper proximity flag rotates past said upper proximity switch;

said lower turntable including at least one lower proximity flag and said bottom support including a lower proximity switch for monitoring said lower proximity flag during rotation of said lower turntable to generate a lower proximity signal when said lower proximity flag rotates past said lower proximity switch; and

said controller in communication with said upper and lower proximity switches for receiving said upper and lower proximity signals and associating a time stamp with each receipt of said proximity signals and comparing respective time stamps of said upper and lower proximity signals to calculate a timing difference between respective time stamps and comparing each of said timing differences to a lower predetermined timing threshold to generate a first alignment signal in response to said timing difference being less than said lower predetermined timing threshold and engage said clutch in response to said first alignment signal in response to said first alignment signal to reapply the transfer of rotational force from said drive motor to said upper pulley system for resynchronizing the rotational speeds of said upper and lower turntables.

7. A packaging system as set forth in claim 6 wherein controller is further configured to compare each of said timing differences to an upper predetermined timing threshold to generate a second alignment signal in response to said timing difference exceeding said upper predetermined timing threshold and disengage said clutch in response to said second alignment signal to cease transfer of the rotational force from said drive motor to said upper pulley system.

8. A packaging system as set forth in claim 5 further comprising:
said drive system including a coupling shaft extending downwardly from said upper pulley system to a drive coupling; and

said at least one pulley system including a variable pulley system interconnected between said clutch and said drive coupling for transferring the rotational force from said drive to said coupling shaft to drive rotation of said upper pulley system in said engaged position of said clutch.

9. A packaging system as set forth in claim 6 further comprising:
said variable pulley system including a variable pulley and a variable belt surrounding both of said variable pulley and said drive coupling; and
a jump shaft extending between said variable pulley and said clutch.
10. A packaging system as set forth in claim 1 further comprising:
said upper turntable being circular and having a circumferential edge to define said feed opening and including an upper guide track extending downwardly from said circumferential edge;
said lower turntable including a turntable shaft rotatably connected to said bottom support and a lower guide track fixedly attached to said turntable shaft for rotation therewith and a lower turntable platform secured to said guide track for rotation with said turntable shaft and said lower guide track;
said upper pulley system including an upper pulley and an upper belt extending around both of said upper pulley and said upper guide track of said upper turntable; and
said lower pulley system including a lower pulley and a lower belt extending around both of said lower pulley and said lower guide track of said lower turntable.
11. A packaging system for forming and filling a transportable container with a plurality of bulk goods received from a feed source comprising:
a frame including a bottom support and an upper support and at least one support column extending therebetween;
an upper turntable rotatably supported with said upper support and defining a feed opening for receiving the bulk goods from the feed source;
a lower turntable rotatably supported on said bottom support and disposed in interlocking relationship with said upper turntable;
a drive system including a drive interconnected to at least one of said upper and lower turntables for generating a rotational force to drive rotation of said upper and lower turntables; and
said drive system including at least one pulley system interconnected with at least one of said upper and lower turntables and said drive for receiving the rotational

force and communicating the rotational force to said at least one pulley system to simultaneously drive and synchronize a rotational speed of said interlocked upper and lower turntables.

12. A packaging system as set forth in claim 11 further comprising:
- a slip frame former extending downwardly from said upper turntable and having at least one former wall to define a frame opening disposed in fluid communication with said feed opening; and
 - a stretch wrapping device including a roll of stretch wrap disposed in overlapping relationship with at least a portion of said former wall and said bottom support to encircle said former wall and said bottom support during simultaneous and interlocked rotation of said upper and lower turntables to form a transportable container extending therebetween for receiving the bulk goods from the feed source.

13. A packaging system as set forth in claim 12 further comprising:
- at least one of said of said bottom support and said upper support being vertically movable relative to the other along said at least one support column for disengaging previously disposed portions of said stretch wrap from said slip frame former and overlapping the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap and said former wall with said roll of stretch wrap during continued simultaneous rotation of said interlocked turntables.

14. A packaging system as set forth in claim 13 further comprising:
- said drive system configured to disengage said interlocked relationship during said relative vertical movement of said upper and lower supports and continue to drive rotation of said upper turntable using only said overlapped layers of stretch wrap extending between said bottom support and said upper turntable.

15. A packaging system as set forth in claim 14 further comprising:
- said lower turntable defining a notch;
 - a pin extending downwardly from said slip frame former and disposed within said notch to establish said interlocked relationship of said turntables; and

wherein said pin is raised out of said notch during said relative movement of said supports to disengage said interlocked relationship and establish an unlocked relationship of said upper and lower turntables.

16. A packaging system as set forth in claim 15 further comprising:

said at least pulley system including a lower pulley system in communication with said lower turntable and an upper pulley system in communication with said upper turntable;

said drive disposed between and interconnected to both of said upper and lower pulley systems; and

a clutch disposed between said drive and said upper pulley system and being adjustable between from a disengaged position during said simultaneous and interlocked rotation of said turntables for ceasing transfer of the rotational force to said upper pulley system to an engaged position during said unlocked rotation of said turntables for tuning synchronization of the rotational speeds of said turntables during said relative vertical movement.

17. A method of forming and filling a transportable container comprising:

simultaneously rotating an upper turntable including a slip frame former and a lower turntable disposed on a bottom support with a drive to synchronize a rotational speed of said upper and lower turntables;

applying stretch wrap to at least a portion of the slip frame former and the bottom support during the simultaneous rotation of the upper and lower turntables to form a transportable container extending therebetween;

moving at least one of the upper turntable and the bottom support relative to one another to disengage previously disposed portions of stretch wrap from the slip frame former and overlap the previously disposed portions of stretch wrap and the slip frame former with the stretch wrap; and

disengaging rotation of the upper turntable with the drive during the relative movement of the upper turntable and the bottom support and continue to drive rotation of the upper turntable using only the overlapped layers of stretch wrap extending between the bottom support and the slip frame former.

18. The method as set forth in claim 17 further comprising:

monitoring an upper proximity flag disposed on the upper turntable using an upper proximity switch to generate an upper proximity signal when the upper proximity flag rotates past the upper proximity switch;

monitoring a lower proximity flag disposed on the lower turntable using a lower proximity switch to generate a lower proximity signal when the lower proximity flag rotates past the lower proximity switch;

associating a time stamp with each receipt of the upper and lower proximity signals;

subtracting the respective time stamp of the lower proximity signal from the respective time stamp of the upper time stamp to calculate a timing difference between the respective time stamps;

comparing each of the timing differences to a lower predetermined timing threshold to generate a first alignment signal in response to the timing difference being less than the lower predetermined threshold; and

reengaging rotation of the upper turntable with the drive in response to the first alignment signal to re-synchronize the rotational speeds of the upper and lower turntables.

19. A method as set forth in claim 18 further comprising:

comparing each of the timing differences to an upper predetermined timing threshold to generate a second alignment signal in response to the timing difference exceeding the upper predetermined timing threshold; and

disengaging rotation of the upper turntable with the drive in response to the second alignment signal to tune the rotational speed of the upper turntable.

20. A method as set forth in claim 19 further comprising:

simultaneously rotating the upper and lower turntables with at least one pulley system interconnected to the drive.

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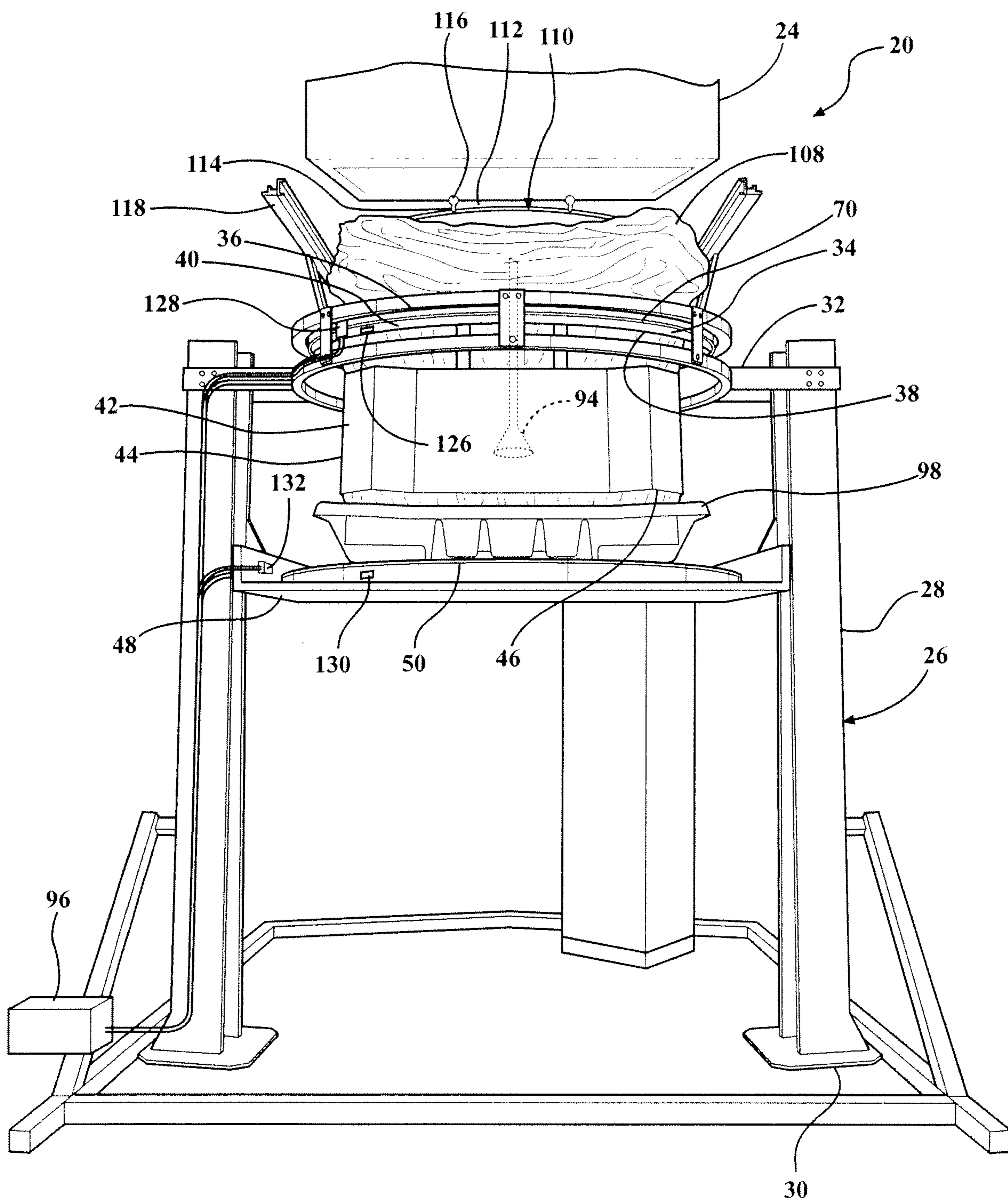
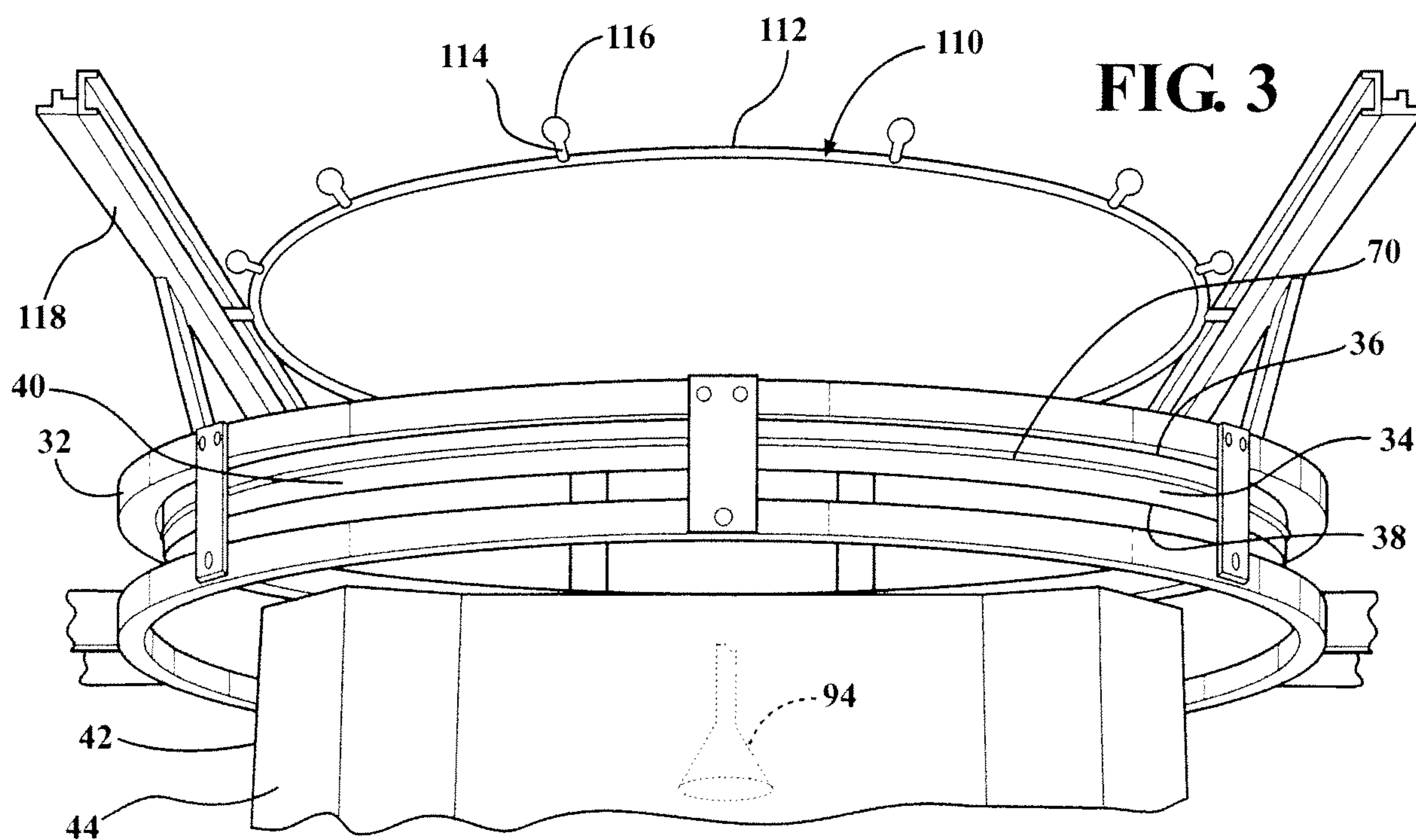
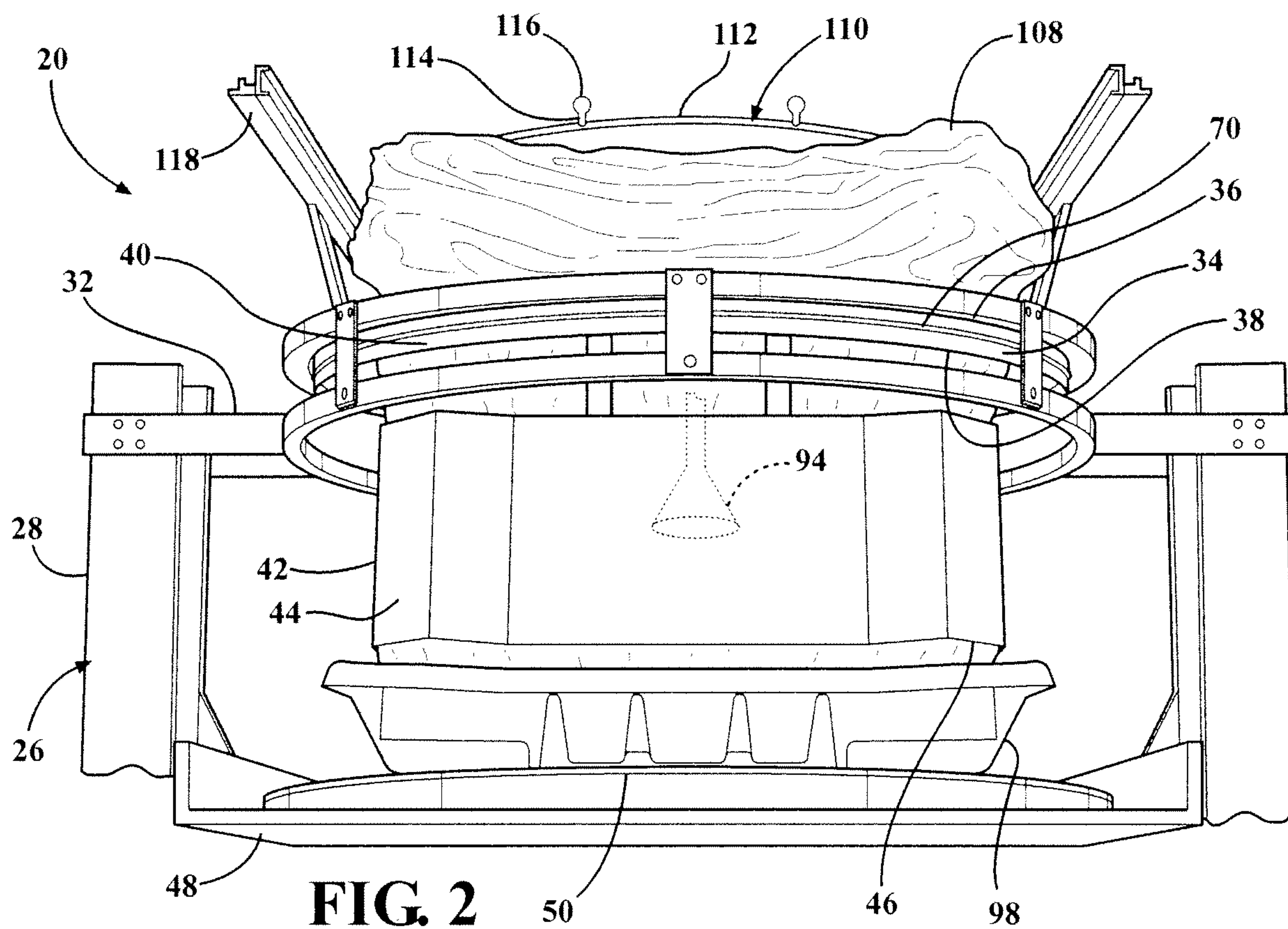


FIG. 1

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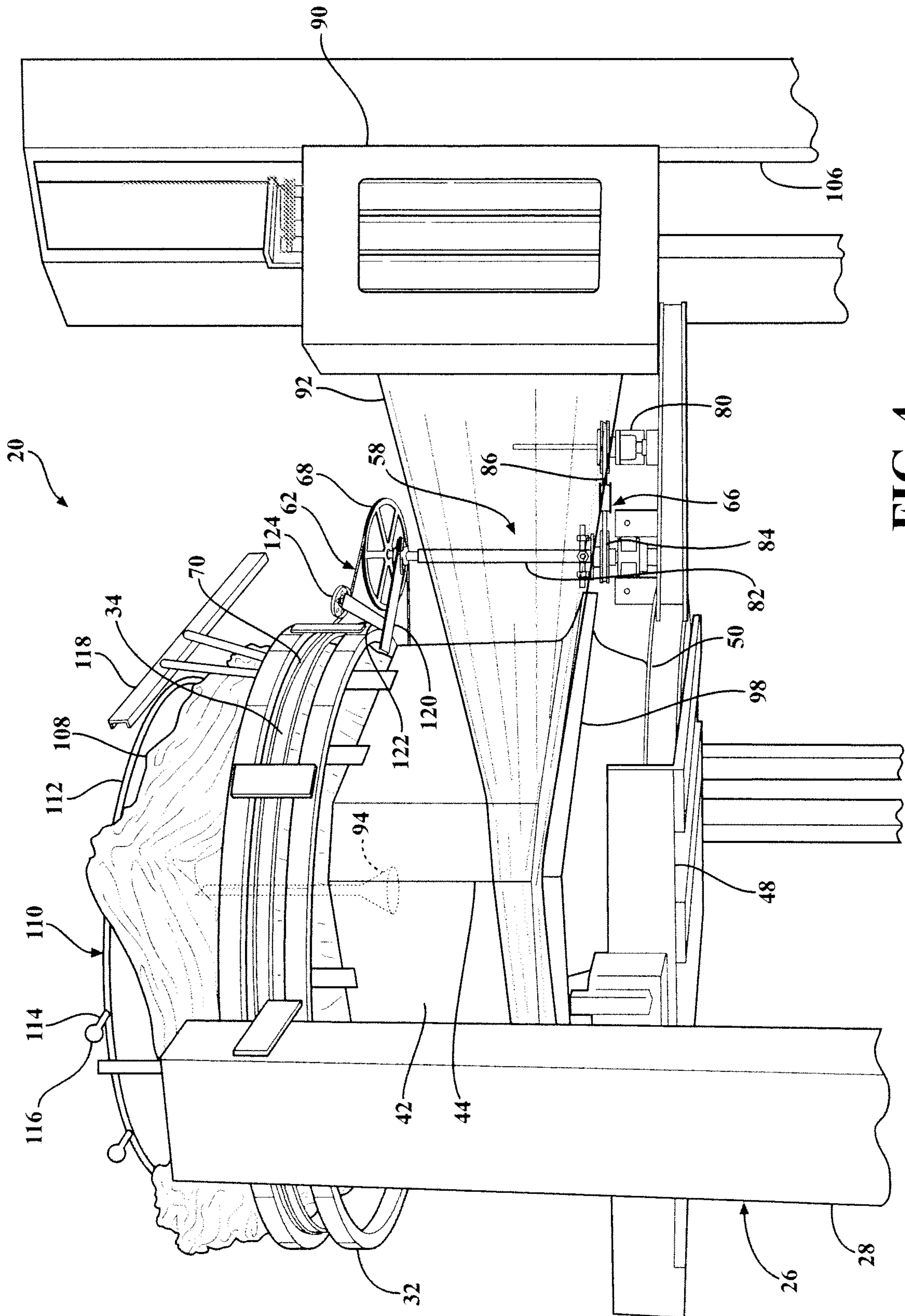
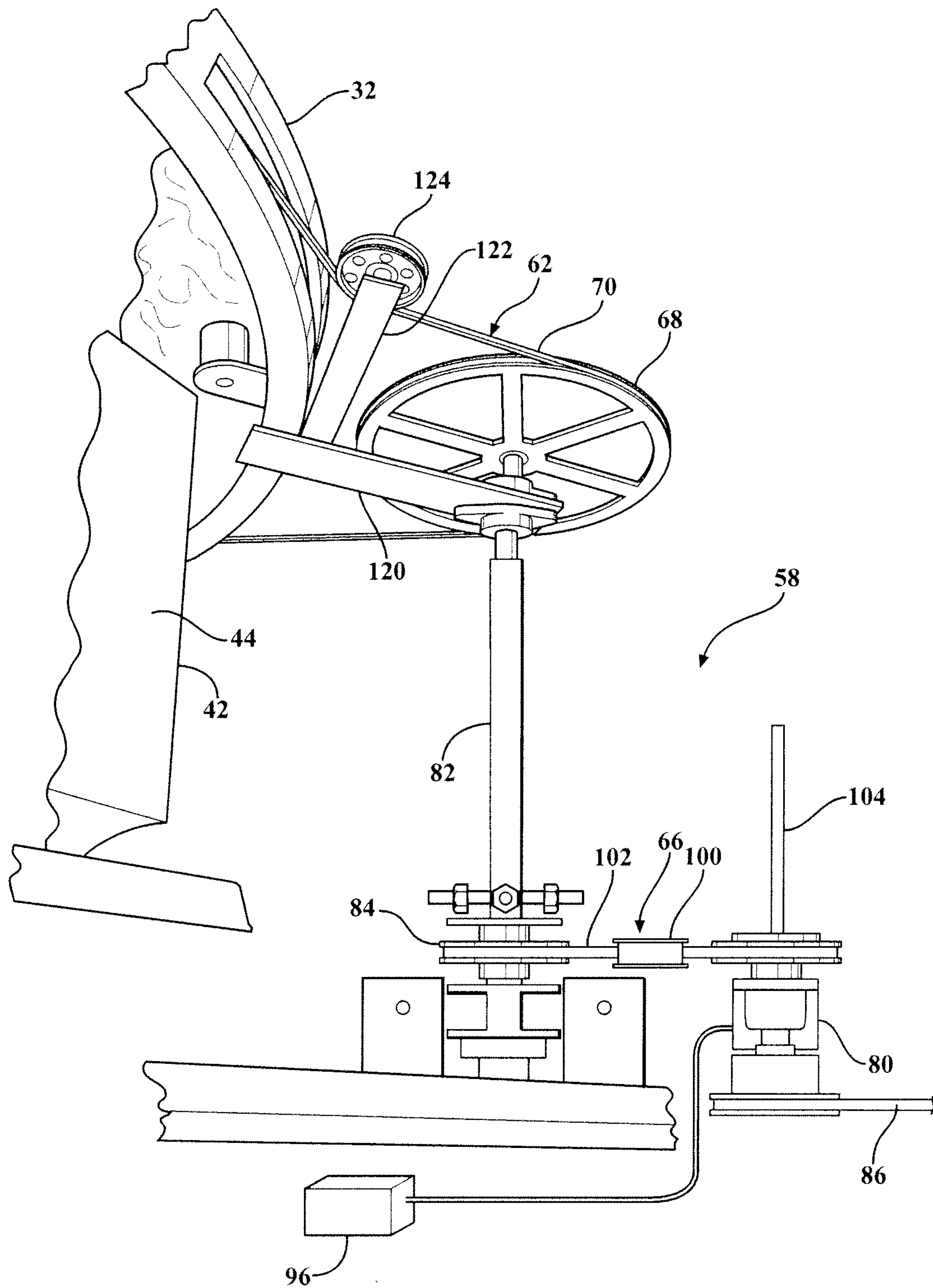
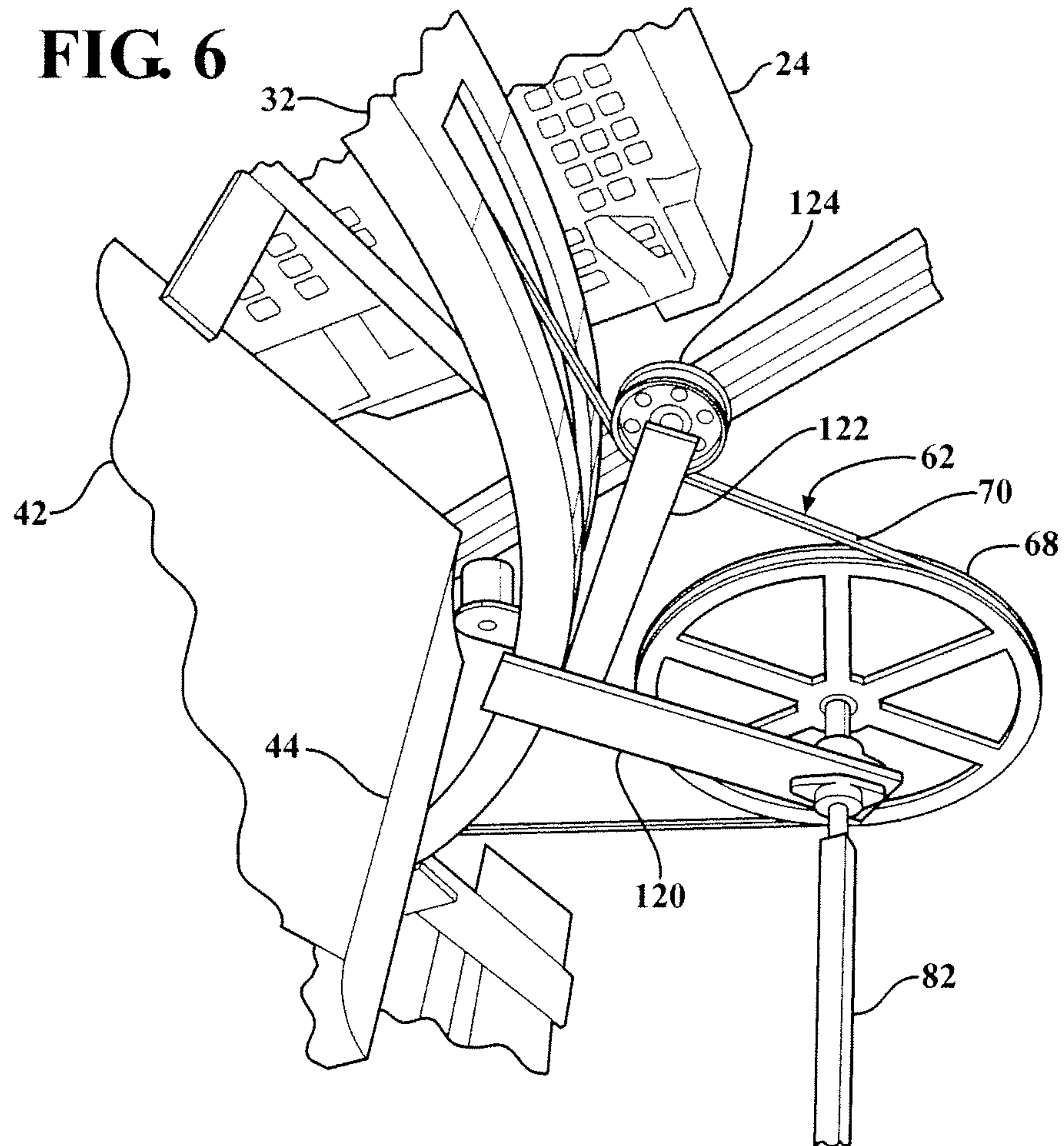
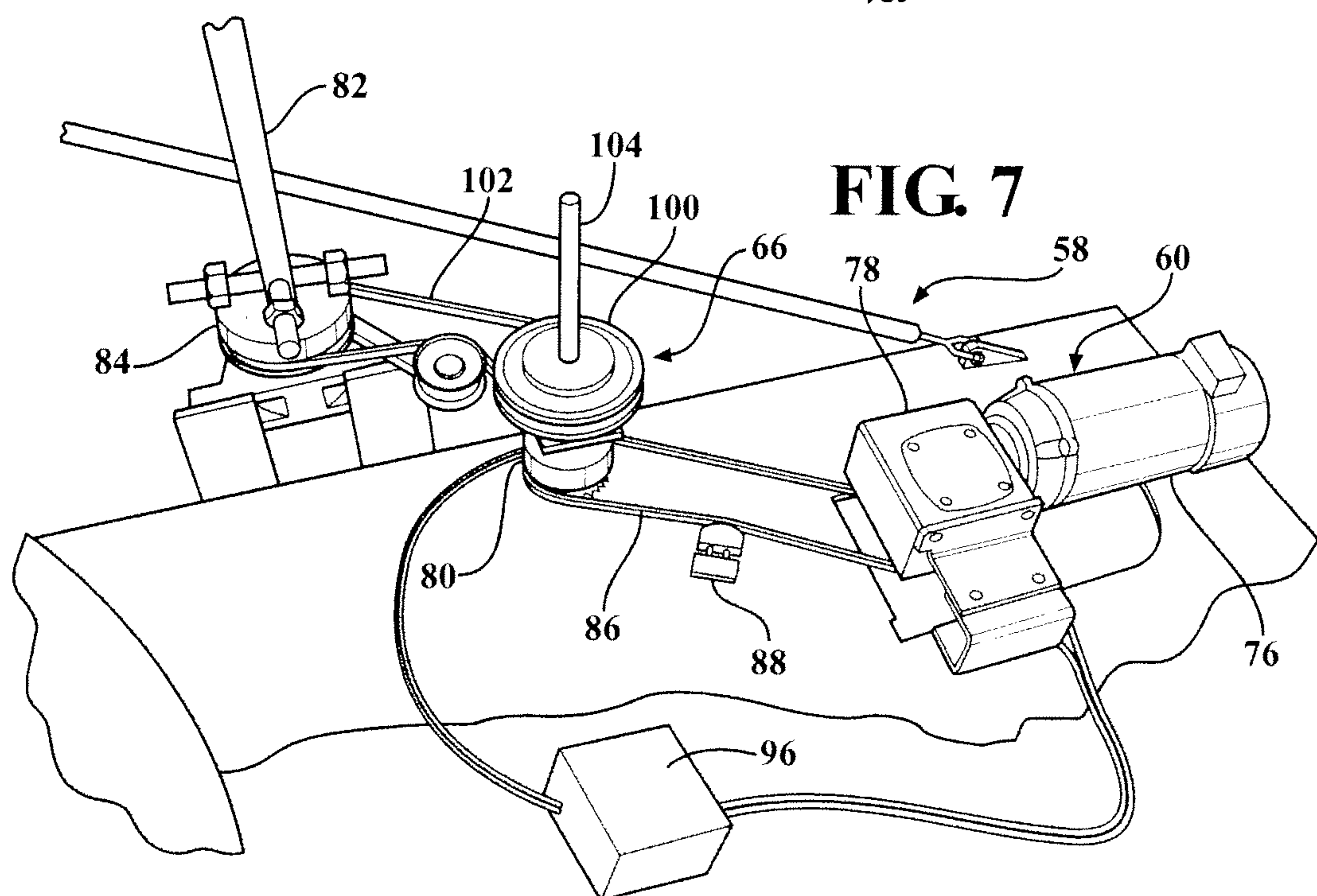


FIG. 4

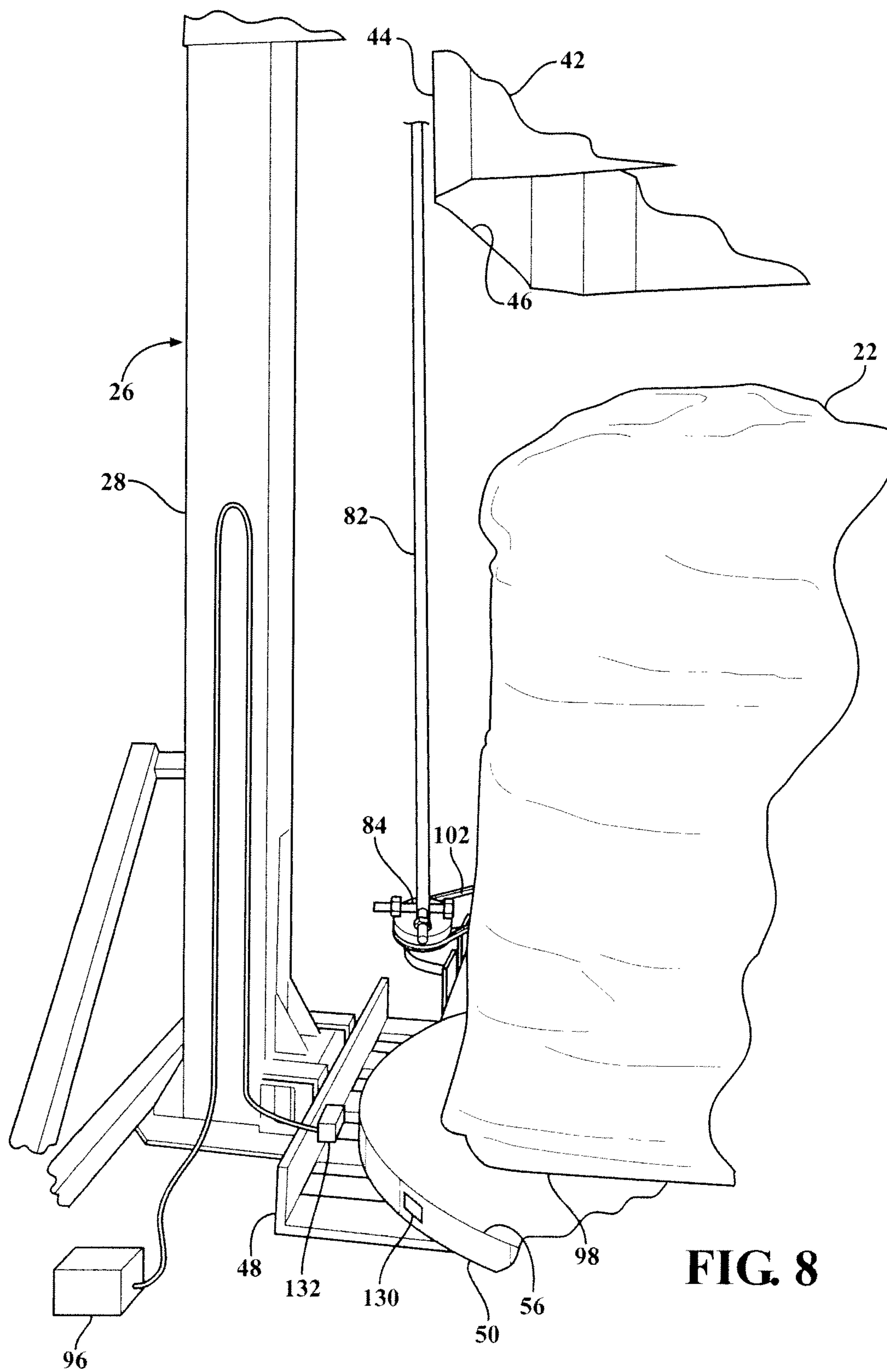
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**FIG. 5**

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FIG. 6**FIG. 7**

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**FIG. 8**

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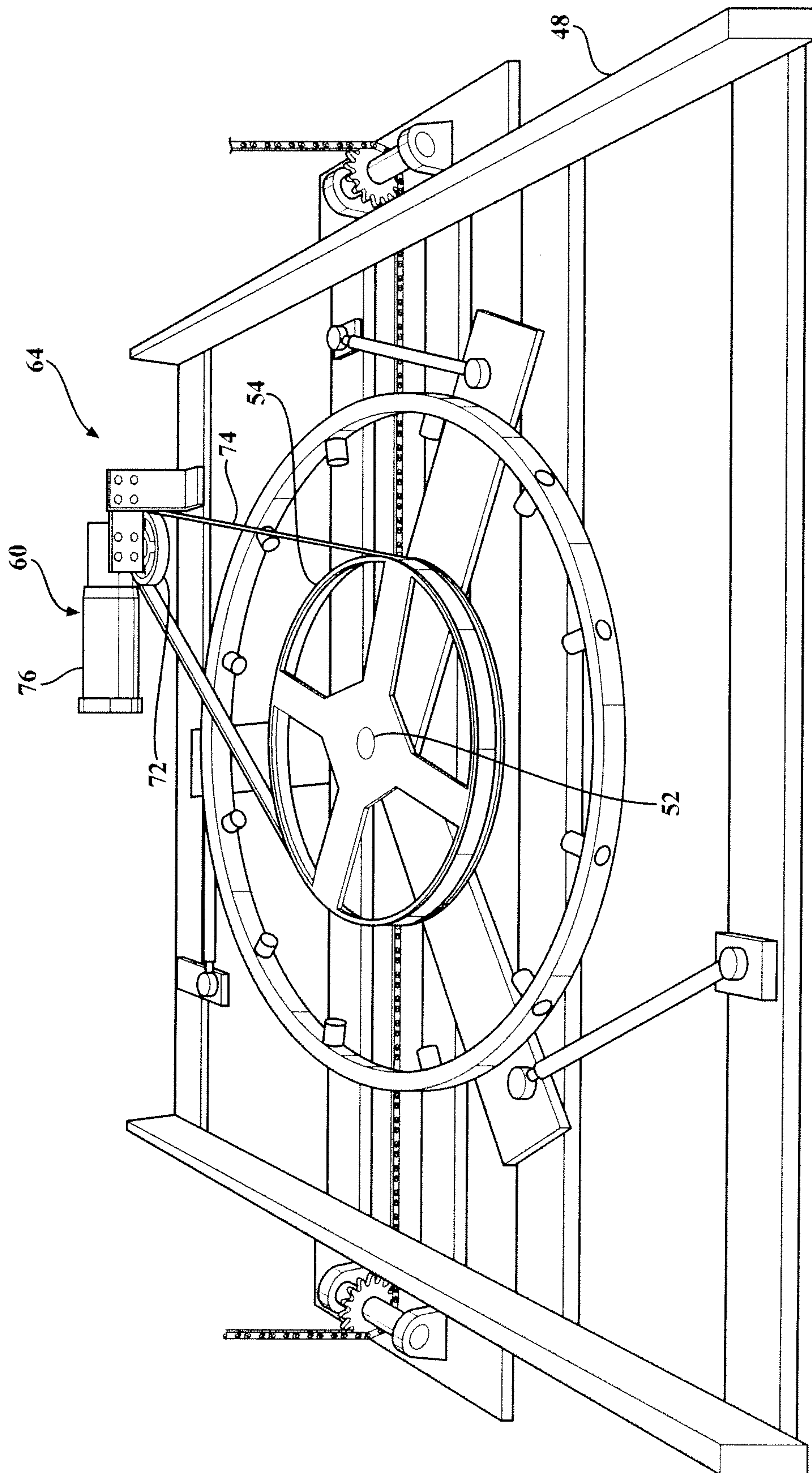
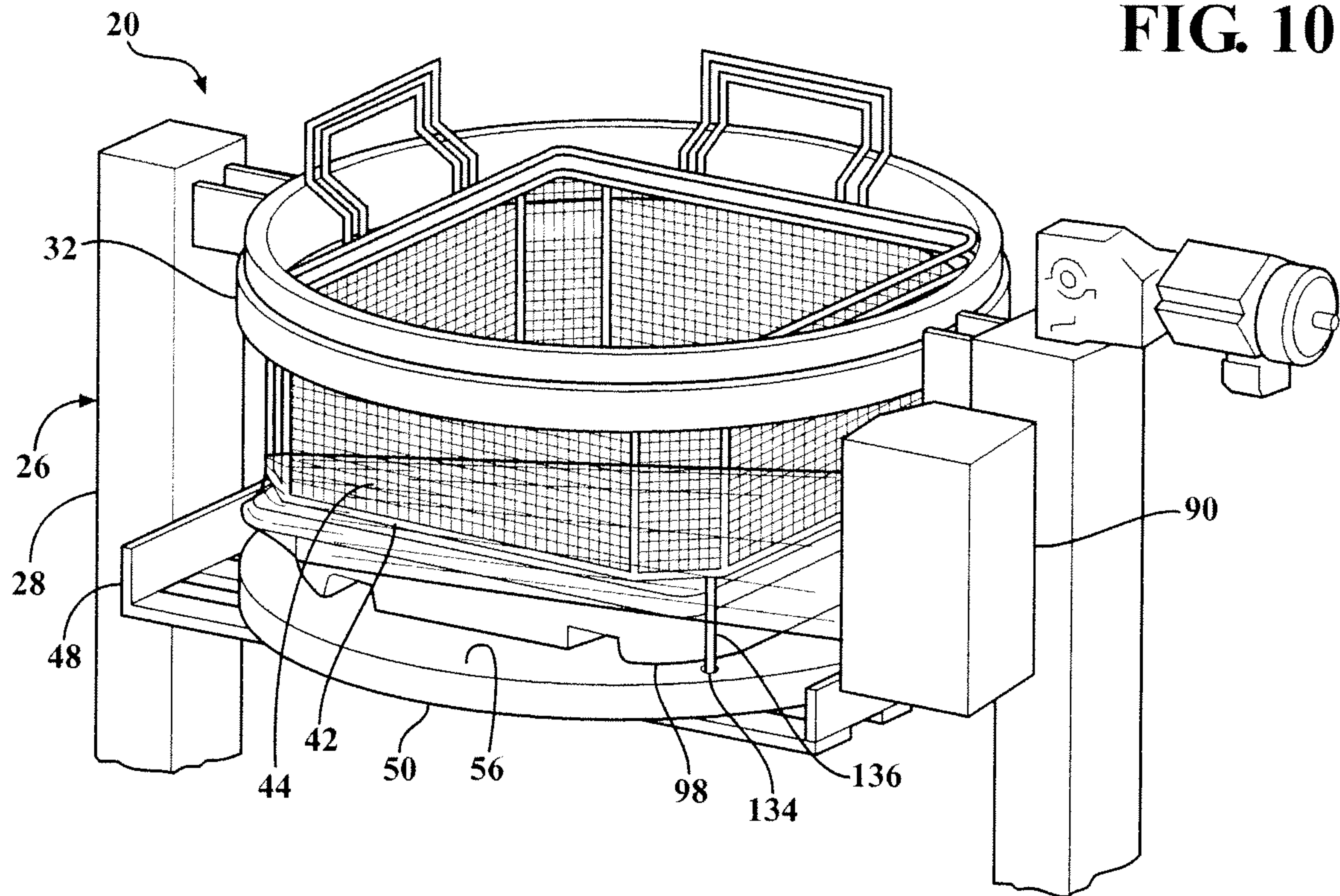


FIG. 9

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FIG. 10**FIG. 11**