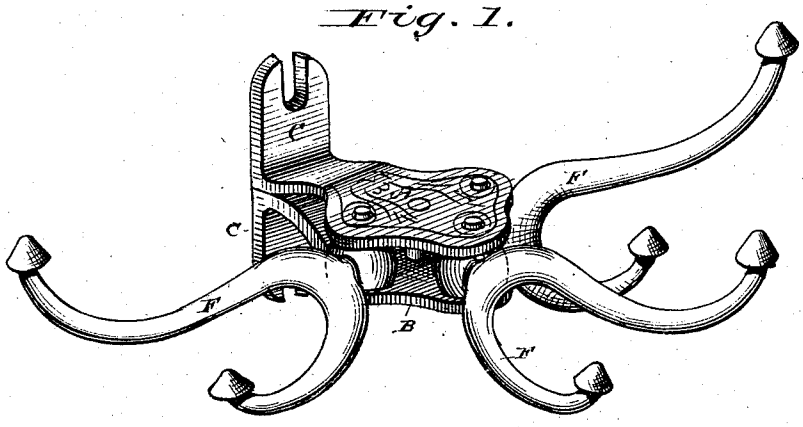
A. E. TAYLOR.
Coat-Hook.

No. 223,963. Patented Jan. 27, 1880.

Fig. 1.



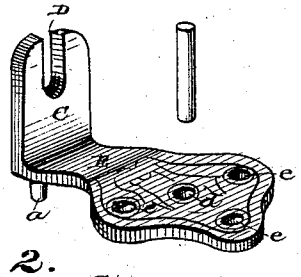


Fig. 2.

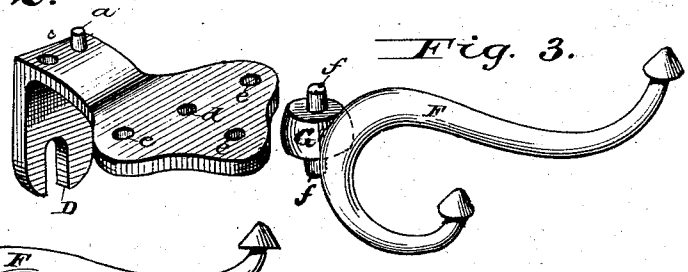
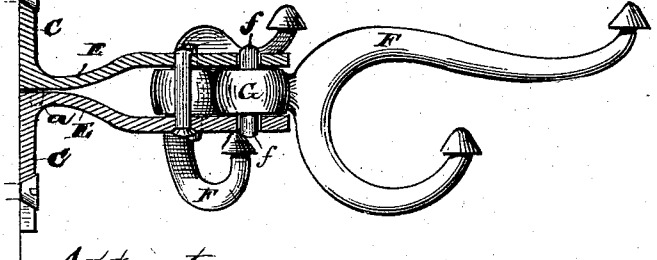


Fig. 3.

Fig. 4.



Attest:
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

AUGUSTUS E. TAYLOR, OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT.

COAT-HOOK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 223,963, dated January 27, 1880.

Application filed June 27, 1879.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, A. E. TAYLOR, of New Britain, in the county of Hartford and State of Connecticut, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Combination Coat-Hooks; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective of the rack; Fig. 2, a perspective of the plates separated from each other; Fig. 3, a side view of one hook detached from the plates, and Fig. 4 a vertical section through Fig. 1.

My invention relates to a combination clothes and hat rack; and it consists in the construction, as well as in the combination, of the several parts, hereinafter more particularly set forth.

In the accompanying drawings, the letters A and B indicate two plates, one being the counterpart of the other, both being cast or otherwise formed, and having a flange, C, at one end, at a right angle to the face of the plate, in the end of which flange is a recess, opening, or slot, D, for the passage therethrough of a screw, pin, hook, or other fastening.

The plates A and B may be of any design or configuration, but are preferably narrowed and curved so as to form the neck E between the flange C and the forward part of the plate, as shown in Figs. 2 and 4. By preference they are also formed on their inner faces, at the junction of the neck and flange, with a pin, *a*, and opening *c*, so that when the two plates are brought together each pin will fit into the opening in the plate opposite, and thereby prevent the one plate from being turned out of line with the other. The forward parts of the two plates are formed with several openings, *d* and *e*, through the center one, *d*, of which is passed the rivet for securing the two plates together, while the others are for the reception of the journal-pins of the hooks. The hooks F are of the form shown in the drawings, or of any other form, and are provided on their rear ends with knobs G, which have pins or journals *f* formed on both their top and bottom faces.

The parts thus formed are put together in the manner following, to wit: The journals of the hooks are inserted into the openings in the forward parts of the plates. The pins at the junction of the necks and flanges of the plates are inserted into the opposite holes, and a pin passed through the holes *d* in the plates and riveted. The parts thus put together leave the hooks free to be turned on their journals so as to open or close the rack.

The rack is composed of few parts, all of which may be cast. It is compact and strong, and cheap in construction and ornamental in appearance.

Instead of casting the journals as a part of the hook, holes may be formed through the knobs and pins passed through them and the holes in the plate; but I prefer to cast the journals as a part of the knobs and hooks.

Having described my invention, what I claim is—

1. In a coat or other hook, the plates A B, provided with flanges C and pins *a*, and having openings *c* therein for the reception of pins *a*, substantially as shown and described.

2. The plates A B, curved as shown at E, in combination with the hook-supporting knobs G and central rivet through the openings *d*, substantially as shown and described.

AUGUSTUS E. TAYLOR.

Witnesses:

HENRY C. WILLIAMS,

LINCOLN V. DAVIS.