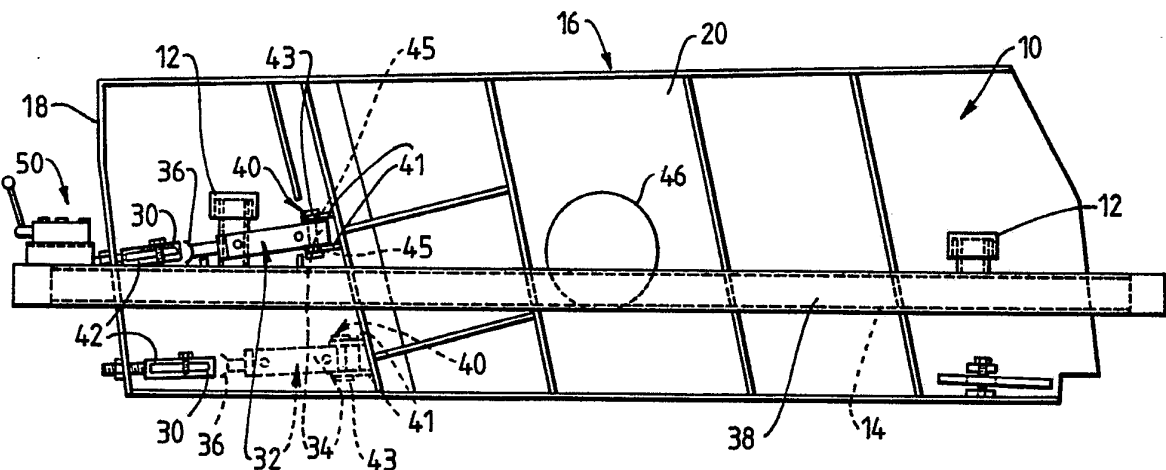




## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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## (54) Title: IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO SCREENING APPARATUS



## (57) Abstract

A rectangular screen box (10) is supported through a plurality of shock absorbing members (12) from an elongate mounting frame (14). The screen box (10) has an upstanding wall surround (16) around three sides thereof and within which two vertically-spaced stations (22) are provided. Each station (22) is to carry an elongate screening surface (24) having engaging means at each longitudinal end thereof to be secured to a respective holding bar member (28) arranged transversely between opposite sides of the surround (16) and near opposite ends of each station (22). The outer ends of one bar member (28) for each station extend out through an opening (30) in opposite sides of the surround (16) to be engageable by means to move the bar member (28) for each station relatively apart to longitudinally tension a screening surface (24) secured thereto.

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## IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO SCREENING APPARATUS.

This invention relates to screening apparatus for use in size classifying discrete material. Heretofore, screening apparatus has been provided of the type having a screen box with an upstanding surround within which one or more vertically-spaced stations have been provided each to horizontally carry an elongate screening surface. The action of size classifying material passed into the screen box is effected by vibratory, reciprocatory, or oscillatory means. The or each screening surface has engaging means at longitudinally opposite ends each to be secured to a holding member arranged transversely, one at each longitudinally opposite ends of the station. Desirably, but not essentially, one holding member is fixed and the other holding member is movably adjustable to allow longitudinal tensioning or releasing of a respective screening surface. Replacing worn screening surfaces or changing screening surfaces to give a different grade(s) of material on existing screening apparatus of the above type is time consuming particularly, but not only, in the tensioning aspect of the replacement screening surfaces and this is disadvantageous.

An object of the present invention is to obviate or mitigate the above disadvantage.

Accordingly, the present invention is a screening

apparatus comprising a substantially rectangular screen box supported through a plurality of shock absorbing members from an elongate mounting frame, the screen box having an upstanding wall surround around at least three sides thereof and within which one or more vertically-spaced stations are provided, the or each station being to carry an elongate screening surface having engaging means at each longitudinal end thereof, each engaging means to be secured to a respective holding bar member arranged transversely between opposite sides of the surround and at or near opposite ends of each station, the outer ends of one or both bar members for each station extending out through an opening in opposite sides of the surround to be engagable by means to move the bar members for each station relatively apart to longitudinally tension a screening surface secured thereto, the moving means for each outer end of the or each bar member being powered length-extension means carried in an out-of-use position on respective components of the frame laterally of each opposed side of the surround and each being transferable for mounting to an in-use position on the respective opposed side of the surround between an anchorage and the respective outer end of the bar member, and power means to actuate said moving means.

Preferably, the length-extension means are

hydraulically or pneumatically operable ram and cylinder arrangements. The outer end of the cylinder of each arrangement is desirably provided with an apertured lug and the outer end of the ram of each arrangement is  
05 desirably provided with a cup.

Preferably also, fixing means are provided to secure each end of a bar when the respective arrangements are in their extended positions.

An embodiment of the present invention will now be  
10 described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying diagrammatic drawings, in which:-

Fig. 1 is a plan view of a screening apparatus according to the present invention shown broken  
-longitudinally to indicate various widths;

15 Fig. 2 is a side view; and

Fig. 3 is a side view of a detail of a fixing means.

Referring to the drawings, a screening apparatus comprises a rectangular screen box 10 supported through  
20 a plurality of shock absorbing members 12 from an elongate rectangular mounting frame 14.

The screen box 10 has an upstanding wall surround 16 around at least three sides thereof, ie. one end 18 and two opposed sides 20, and within the area defined by  
25 said sides one or more vertically-spaced stations 22 (two are shown in this embodiment) are provided.

Each station 22 is to carry an elongate screening

surface 24 having engaging means at each longitudinal end thereof. Each screening surface masks the area defined by the three sides.

Each engaging means is in the form of a reflexive bent portion 26 which is to be secured to, ie. hooked over, a respective holding bar member 28 arranged transversely between opposite sides 20 of the surround 16 and at or near opposite ends of each station 22. The outer ends of one or both bar members 28 for each station 22 extend out through an opening 30 in opposite sides 20 of the surround 16. In this embodiment, only one bar member 28, ie. that nearer the end 18, is movable and extends through openings 30. The other bar member 28 is fixed to the sides 20. The outer ends of the movable bar member 28 for each station are each to be engagable by means to move the bar member 28 relatively apart from the fixed bar member 28 to longitudinally tension a screening surface 24 secured thereto.

The moving means for each outer end of each movable bar member 28 is a powered length-extension means. The length-extension means are hydraulically or pneumatically operable ram and cylinder arrangements 32. The outer end of the cylinder of each arrangement 32 is provided with an apertured lug 34 and the outer end of the ram of each arrangement 32 is provided with a cup

36. The arrangements 32 are carried in an out-of-use position on respective longitudinal components 38 of the frame 14 laterally of each opposed side 20 of the surround 16. Each arrangement 32 is transferable for mounting to an in-use position on the respective opposed side 20 of the surround 16 between an anchorage 40 and the respective outer end of the movable bar member 28. Each anchorage 40 comprises two parallel cheeks 41 outstanding from the respective side 20, the cheeks being spaced apart vertically to receive the corresponding lug 34, there being an aligned hole 45 in the cheeks 41 positioned for the aperture in the lug 34 to be aligned therewith and a pin 43 insertable therein to secure the cheeks 41 and lug 34 together.

Power means to actuate said moving means is provided comprising a hydraulic fluid supply (not shown) and a hydraulic pump (not shown) connected up to the arrangements 32 by hosing (omitted for clarity) through a control valve mechanism 50. Alternatively, the power means is a pressurised air supply fed through hosing to the arrangements 32 with a control valve mechanism interposed in the hosing circuit.

Fixing means are provided to secure each outer end of a movable bar member 28 when the respective arrangements 32 are in their extended positions. The fixing means comprises a collar 42 outstanding from around each opening 30, the collars each having two

straight portions, a top and a bottom, in which one or more aligned apertures 48 are provided to be engaged by a bolt or pin 44 on the inner side of the respective outer end of the movable bar member 28 when extended.

05 For use, the screening apparatus is mounted on a machine or structure via the frame 14 to receive discrete material. The action of size classifying material fed into the screen box 10 is achieved by vibratory, reciprocatory or oscillatory means shown  
10 generally at 46. The arrangements 32 are stored in their out-of-use position on components 38 so that they are not affected by movement of the screen box 10 due to the means 46. When a screening surface requires to be replaced or when a different grade of material is  
15 required necessitating a change of screening surface, the arrangements 32 for each station are moved into their in-use position and each is secured by the respective pin 43 passing through the corresponding aligned apertures in lug 34 and cheeks 41, and with the  
20 cup 36 positioned to engage the respective outer end of movable bar member 28. The rams of the arrangements 32 are extended for the cups 36 to engage their respective outer end of movable bar member 28. The respective pins 44 are removed and the rams retracted.  
25 The screening surface 24 is removed and the new screening surface located over the bar members 28. The

rams are again extended and the pins 44 located. The rams are then retracted, the pins 43 removed and the arrangements 32 moved to their respective out-of-use positions.

05           In a modification, the screen box may be other than rectangular, for example coffin shaped.

Variations and modifications can be made without departing from the scope of the invention described above and as claimed hereinafter.

## CLAIMS

1. A screening apparatus comprising a rectangular screen box supported through a plurality of shock absorbing members from an elongate mounting frame, the screen box having an upstanding wall surround around at least three sides thereof and within which one or more vertically-spaced stations are provided, the or each station being to carry an elongate screening surface having engaging means at each longitudinal end thereof, each engaging means to be secured to a respective holding bar member arranged transversely between opposite sides of the surround and at or near opposite ends of each station, the outer ends of one or both bar members for each station extending out through an opening in opposite sides of the surround to be engagable by means to move the bar members for each station relatively apart to longitudinally tension a screening surface secured thereto, the moving means for each outer end of the or each bar member being powered length-extension means carried in an out-of-use position on respective components of the frame laterally of each opposed side of the surround and each being transferable for mounting to an in-use position on the respective opposed side of the surround between an anchorage and the respective outer end of the bar member, and power means to actuate said moving means.

2. A screening apparatus as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the length-extension means are hydraulically or pneumatically operable ram and cylinder arrangements.

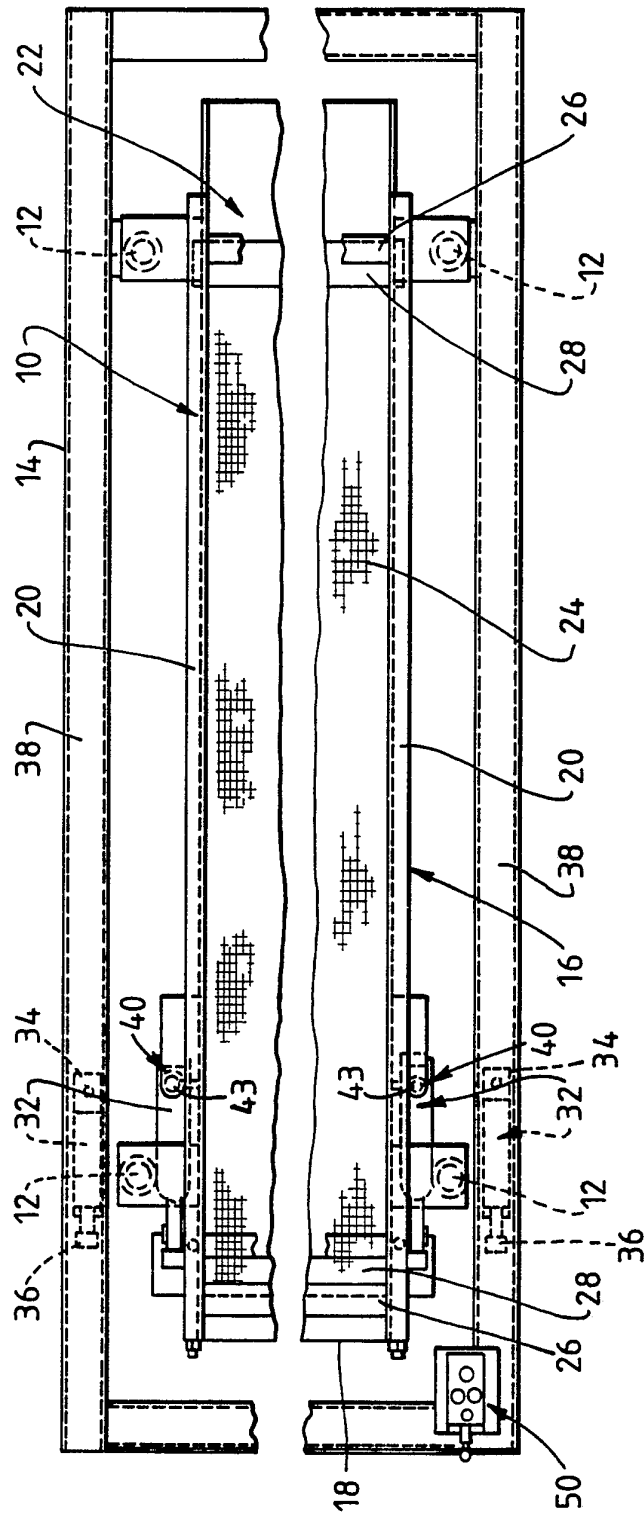
3. A screening apparatus as claimed in Claim 2, wherein the outer end of the cylinder of each arrangement is provided with an apertured lug and the outer end of the ram of each arrangement is provided  
05 with a cup.

4. A screening apparatus as claimed in Claim 2 or 3, wherein fixing means are provided to secure each end of a bar when the respective arrangements are in their extended positions.

5. A screening apparatus as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the fixing means comprises a collar outstanding from around each opening, the collars each having two vertically spaced portions in which one or more aligned  
05 apertures are provided to be engaged by a bolt when a respective outer end of the movable bar member has been extended therebeyond.

6. A screening apparatus substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1



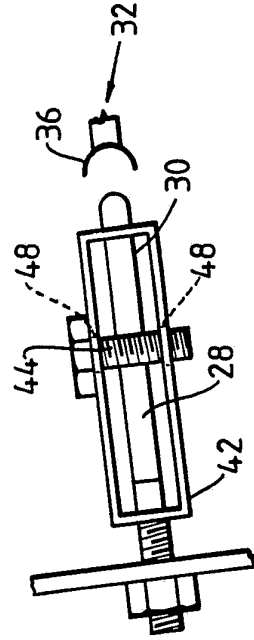
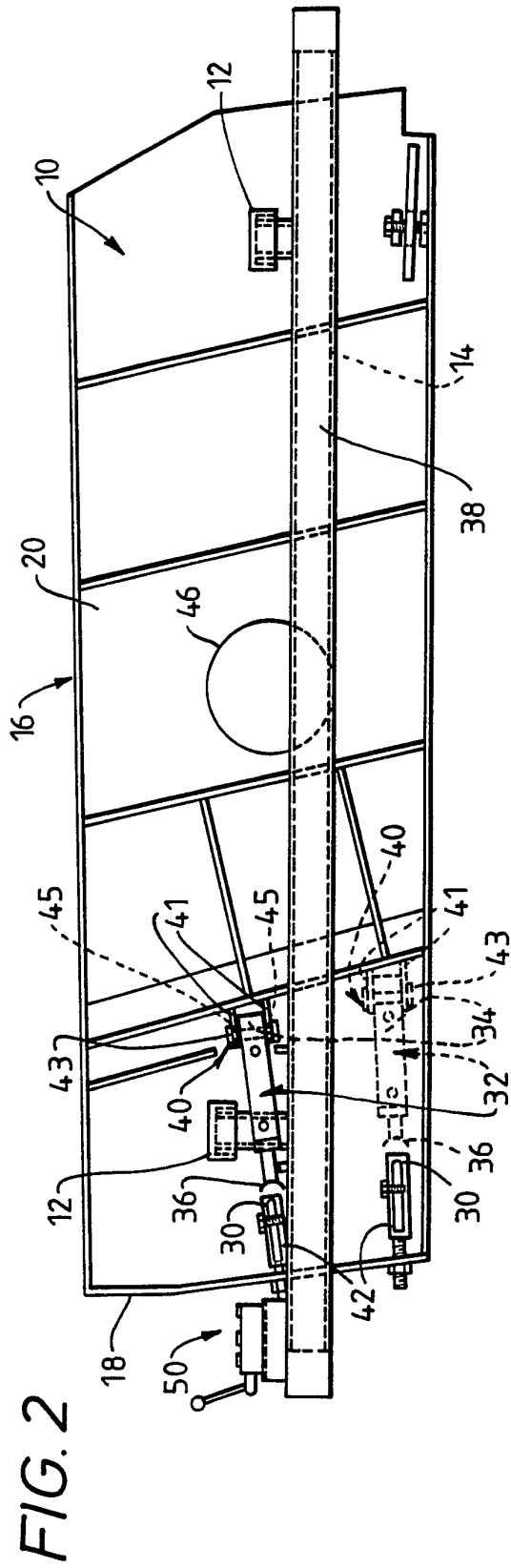


FIG. 3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 93/00227

<b>I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all) <sup>6</sup>		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC Int.Cl. 5 B07B1/48		
<b>II. FIELDS SEARCHED</b>		
Minimum Documentation Searched <sup>7</sup>		
Classification System	Classification Symbols	
Int.Cl. 5	B07B	
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched <sup>8</sup>		
<b>III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT<sup>9</sup></b>		
Category <sup>o</sup>	Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup>	Relevant to Claim No. <sup>13</sup>
A	DE,A,2 501 750 (POWERSCREEN INTERNATIONAL LTD.) 31 July 1975 see page 5, line 14 - page 8, line 34 see figures 1,2 ---	1
A	US,A,4 655 907 (SEIYA ANDO) 7 April 1987 see column 2, line 25 - column 3, line 45 see figures ---	1,2
A	DE,U,8 902 982 (RHEWUM GMBH) 18 May 1989 see page 12, line 16 - page 15, line 2 see figures 1,2,5 ---	1,2
	-/--	
<p><sup>o</sup> Special categories of cited documents :<sup>10</sup></p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</p>		
<b>IV. CERTIFICATION</b>		
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search  07 APRIL 1993	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report  16.04.93	
International Searching Authority  EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE	Signature of Authorized Officer  LAVAL J.C.A.	

III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT (CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET)		
Category °	Citation of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to Claim No.
A	BE,A,549 969 (R. DE RIDDER) 4 December 1959 see page 3, line 1 - line 29 see figures ---	1,2
A	DE,A,2 938 684 (KRAUSS-MAFFEI AG) 9 April 1981 see claims 1-3 see figures 1-3 ---	1
A	US,A,4 420 391 (J. SHARKI) 13 December 1983 ---	
A	EP,A,0 238 455 (DE POLI S.R.L.) 23 September 1987 -----	

**ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT  
ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

GB 9300227  
SA 69546

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information. 07/04/93

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DE-A-2501750	31-07-75	AU-A- 7670974 FR-A- 2279481 SE-A- 7500471	24-06-76 20-02-76 28-07-75
US-A-4655907	07-04-87	None	
DE-U-8902982	18-05-89	None	
BE-A-549969		None	
DE-A-2938684	09-04-81	None	
US-A-4420391	13-12-83	None	
EP-A-0238455	23-09-87	None	