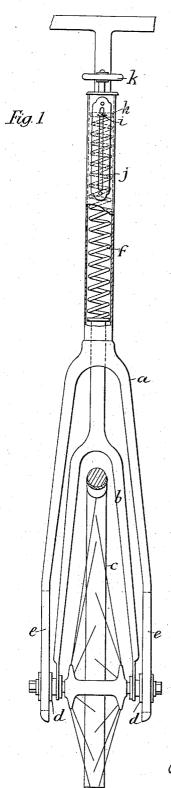
T. REDMAN. VELOCIPEDE.

No. 385,136.

Patented June 26, 1888.



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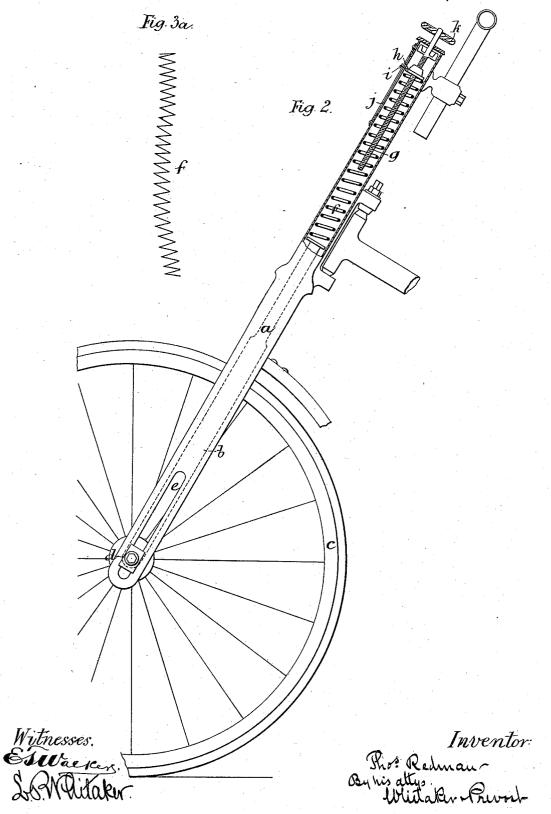
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N. PETERS, Photo-Lithographer, Washington, D.

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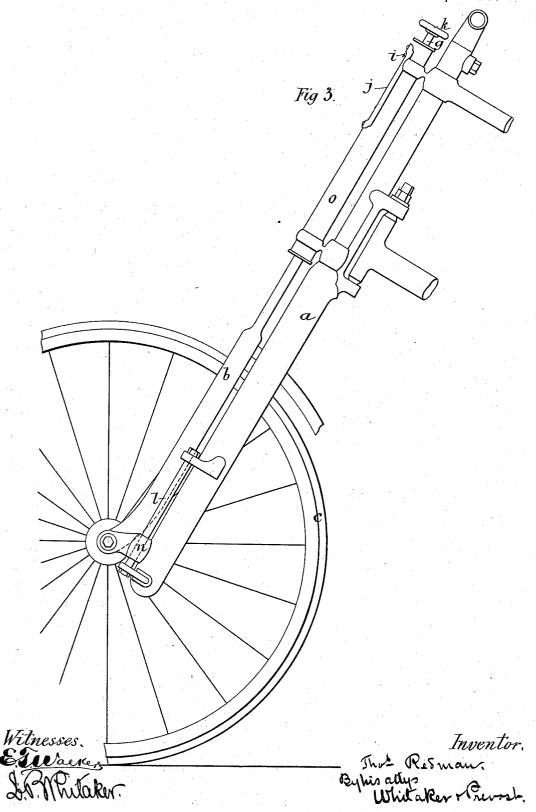
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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

THOMAS REDMAN, OF BRADFORD, ENGLAND.

## VELOCIPEDE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 385,136, dated June 26, 1888.

Application filed December 1, 1887. Serial No. 256,714. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THOMAS REDMAN, a subject of the Queen of Great Britain, residing at Bradford, England, have invented new and 3 useful Improvements in Velocipedes, of which

the following is a specification.

My invention relates to velccipedes, and chiefly to rear-driving safety-bicycles and bicycle-steering tricycles and tandems, and has 10 for its chief objects to provide improved means for more effectually than heretofore preventing or reducing the shocks caused by the wheels of velocipedes coming into contact with stones and inequalities usually met with on common 15 roads, and to render such means adjustable to riders of different weights.

My said invention consists, essentially, in combining with the main fork of a wheel a second fork in which the wheel is supported, the 20 said second fork being adapted to slide relatively to the main fork, the latter serving as a

guide for the former.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a sectional front elevation showing the adapta-25 tion of my improvements to the front or steering wheel of a rear-driving safety-bicycle, bicycle steering tricycle, or tandem, and Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same, partly in section. Fig. 3 is a side elevation showing a modifica-

30 tion of my invention, and Fig. 3a the spring.
a indicates a steering fork of the kind usually employed in velocipedes of the class here-

inbefore referred to.

b is the auxiliary fork, hereinafter termed

35 the "vibrating fork."

c is the wheel carried in the vibrating fork. d d are bearings in which the axle of the said wheel are journaled, and e e are slots in the lower ends of the fork a, in which the project-40 ing ends of the bearings d d slide, and which serve as guides for the lower end of the fork b. The upper end or shank of the fork b is guided in the shank of the fork a, which latter contains a spring, f, against which the upper end 45 of the shank of the fork b or a collar thereon bears.

By arranging the two forks relatively to each other in the manner hereinbefore described the wheel is prevented from coming into contact 50 with the fork, as has heretofore frequently been the case when arrangements for neutralizing

the vibrations of velocipedes have been em-

ployed.

In order to provide for regulating the tension of the spring f to suit riders of varying 55 weights, I provide the screw-rod g, which passes through the head or cap of the shank of the fork a. Upon the screw-rod g is a collar, h, which bears upon the upper end of the spring f, which collar is prevented from revolving by 60a pin, i, passing through a slot, j, in the shank of the fork a. Alongside this slot is placed a graduated scale, over which a pointer or finger secured to the pin i is adapted to travel, so as to enable the spring to be set to support 65 a rider of any specified weight by turning the screw in one or the other direction, as desired.

k is a wheel or handle by which the screw is

turned.

The spring f must be of less diameter than 70 the interior of the hollow shank of the fork a, as otherwise when the spring is compressed it will not work freely, owing to the increase in its diameter under compression. In order to prevent the spring from rattling against the 75 internal side of the hollow shank, and thereby making a noise, I preferably make the same of a somewhat distorted shape—for instance, as shown in Fig. 3a—so that it will bear against the shank at one or more points without its 80 free movement being thereby impeded.

In the modification of my invention shown in Fig. 3 the vibrating fork is adapted to slide at its lower end upon guides l, outside the fork a, by means of sockets m, and the shank of the 85said vibrating fork is contained in a cylinder,

o, attached to the shank of the fork a.

In some cases the cylinder o is dispensed with, the spring being then retained in position around the shank.

I wish it understood that I do not limit myself to the precise construction hereinbefore described, as it is obvious that I may considerably modify the same without departing from the nature of my invention.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of my said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, I

declare that what I claim is-

1. In a velocipede, the combination, with the 100 backbone or frame, of two forks, one provided with wheel-bearings and the other movably

mounted upon the bearing fork and pivoted to the frame, a spring interposed between the two forks, and a stationary rotating screw and movable nut for adjusting the force of said

5 spring, substantially as described.

2. In a velocipede, the combination, with the backbone or frame, of two forks, one provided with wheel-bearings and the other movably mounted upon the bearing-fork and pivoted to the frame and provided with a tubular portion, a coiled spring within said tubular portion, and a stationary rotating screw and movable nut for adjusting the force of said spring, the said movable nut bearing against the upper end of said spring, and the upper end of the bearing-fork bearing against the lower end of the spring, substantially as described.

3. In a velocipede, the combination, with the backbone or frame, of two forks, one provided with wheel-bearings and the other pivoted to the frame and provided near its upper end with

a tube parallel therewith, and a coiled spring within said tube, said fork being also provided with guides *l*, said bearing fork being provided with ears engaging said guides, and having its 25 upper end extending within said tube and engaging the lower end of said spring, substantially as described.

4. In a velocipede, the combination, with the backbone or frame, of two forks, one provided 30 with wheel bearings and the other movably mounted on the bearing fork and pivoted to the frame, a spring interposed between the two forks, a stationary rotating screw and movable nut for adjusting the force of said 35 spring, a dial-plate, and a pointer connected with the movable nut, substantially as described.

THOS. REDMAN.

Witnesses:

WM. CLARK, ALBERT SMITH.