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**Burton**

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(54) **HEBE PLANT NAMED ‘SILVER LADY’**

(50) Latin Name: ***Hebe* hybrid**

Varietal Denomination: **Silver Lady**

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(\* ) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this  
patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
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See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new cultivar of *Hebe*, ‘Silver Lady’, characterized by its  
variegated foliage with olive-gray green centers and thin  
creamy white margins and its newly emerging leaves with a  
lower surface that is deep mauve-purple in color.

**2 Drawing Sheets**

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Botanical classification: *Hebe* hybrid.  
Cultivar designation: ‘Silver Lady’.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar  
of *Hebe*, botanically of hybrid origin and known as *Hebe*  
‘Silver Lady’ and will be referred to hereafter by its cultivar  
name, ‘Silver Lady’. ‘Silver Lady’ is grown for use as a  
container plant and as a landscape shrub.

The new cultivar was discovered as a branch mutation of  
the cultivar ‘Orphan Annie’ (non patented) in a container in  
the inventor’s nursery in September of 2005 in Cambridge,  
New Zealand.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar was first accom-  
plished by the inventor using terminal stem cuttings in Cam-  
bridge, New Zealand, in October 2005. It has been deter-  
mined that the characteristics of this cultivar are stable and are  
reproduced true to type in successive generations.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and  
represent the characteristics of the new cultivar, which in  
combination distinguish ‘Silver Lady’ as a new and distinct  
cultivar of *Hebe*.

1. ‘Silver Lady’ exhibits foliage in which the lower surface  
of the newly emerging leaves is deep mauve-purple in  
color.

2. ‘Silver Lady’ exhibits leaves that are variegated with  
olive gray-green centers and thin creamy white margins.

‘Silver Lady’ can be most closely compared to ‘Orphan  
Annie’, the parent plant. ‘Orphan Annie’ differs from ‘Silver  
Lady’ in having leaves that are lighter green in color, and in  
having leaf margins that are wider, more cream colored, and  
that occasionally extend into the leaf centers. ‘Silver Lady’  
can also be compared to ‘Lady Ann’ (not patented). ‘Lady  
Ann’ has wider leaf margins that extends into the leaf centers  
and ‘Lady Ann’ also develops into a larger sized plant.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING**

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the over-  
all appearance and distinct characteristics of the new *Hebe*.

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The photographs were taken of a plant approximately twelve  
months in age as grown outdoors in a 18 cm container in  
Auckland, New Zealand.

The photograph in FIG. 1 provides a side view of ‘Silver  
Lady’ and

the photograph in FIG. 2 provides a close-up view of the  
spring foliage of ‘Silver Lady’.

The colors in the photographs may differ slightly from the  
color values cited in the detailed botanical description, which  
accurately describe the colors of the new *Hebe*.

**DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE  
PLANT**

The following is a detailed description of twelve month-old  
plants of the new cultivar as grown outdoors in 18 cm con-  
tainers in Auckland, New Zealand. Plants were grown under  
average day temperatures of 18° to 24° C. and average night  
temperatures of 4° to 10° C. The phenotype of the new culti-  
var may vary with variations in environmental, climatic, and  
cultural conditions, as it has not been tested under all possible  
environmental conditions. The color determination is in  
accordance with the 2001 R.H.S. Colour Chart of The Royal  
Horticultural Society, London, England, except where gen-  
eral color terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

General plant characteristics:

*Plant type.*—Perennial shrub.

*Plant habit.*—Upright, branching and spreading.

*Flowering period.*—For 12 weeks during late summer in  
New Zealand.

*Height and spread.*—Reaches about 40 to 70 cm in  
height and 40 to 50 cm in width in a 18 cm container.

*Hardiness.*—Tolerates temperatures at least from –2° C.  
to 35° C. and is cold hardy to at least U.S.D.A. Zone  
7.

*Disease resistance.*—No particular resistance to dis-  
eases has been observed.

*Root description.*—Fibrous and fine, about 1 to 3 mm in  
diameter, 176D in color.

Propagation and growth:

*Growth rate.*—Vigorous.

*Propagation.*—Terminal stem cuttings.

- Root initiation.*—Roots appear in about 8 days at 20° C. under mist propagation in greenhouse conditions using natural light.
- Root development.*—About 7 weeks of root development before transferring to a 5 cm liner and 12 weeks to fully develop in a 5 cm container having the top growth trimmed once during this period. 5
- Stem description:
- Stem size.*—Lateral branches are an average of 20 to 40 cm in length and 4 to 6 mm in width. 10
- Stem shape.*—Round.
- Stem color.*—147C.
- Stem surface.*—Glossy.
- Internode length.*—Average of 7 mm.
- Branching habit.*—Freely branched from base, average of 7 lateral branches. 15
- Branching aspect.*—Mostly upright.
- Foliage description:
- Leaf shape.*—Oblong.
- Leaf division.*—Simple. 20
- Leaf base.*—Broadly cuneate to rounded.
- Leaf apex.*—Broadly acute.
- Leaf venation.*—Pinnate, only mid rib is conspicuous.
- Leaf margins.*—Entire.
- Leaf attachment.*—Sessile. 25
- Leaf arrangement.*—Opposite.
- Leaf surface.*—Glabrous.
- Leaf color.*—Upper surface immature foliage; centers 189A, margins 157D, lower surface immature foliage; centers N77A, margins N77B, mature foliage upper surface; centers 189A, margins 157D, mature lower surface foliage; centers 191A, margins 157D. 30
- Leaf number.*—Average of 20 to 30 (10 to 15 pairs) per lateral branch.
- Leaf size.*—Average of 4 to 5 cm in length and 9 to 12 mm in width. 35
- Leaf aspect.*—Held nearly horizontal to lateral branch when fully mature.
- Leaf fragrance.*—None. 40
- Flower description:
- Inflorescence type.*—Racemes of campanulate flowers, arranged at terminus and in opposite pairs at nodes.
- Inflorescence size.*—Average of 4 to 5 cm in length (excluding peduncle) and 1.5 to 2 cm in width. 45
- Flower shape.*—Campanulate.
- Flower fragrance.*—None detected.
- Flower quantity.*—Average of 50 to 60 per raceme, average of 2 to 4 racemes per lateral stem, 10 to 12 racemes per plant in a 18 cm container.
- Flower arrangement.*—Packed tightly in a whorl on peduncle with flowers opening from the base towards the apex.
- Flower aspect.*—Slightly drooping.
- Flower lastingness of inflorescence.*—Flowers last about 4 to 6 weeks, 20 to 30% of flowers of raceme are open at one time, flowers are persistent.
- Flower size.*—Average of 7 mm in depth and 6 mm in diameter.
- Peduncles.*—Average of 1 to 2 cm in length and 1 mm in diameter, 146C in color, surface is covered with very short hairs, round in shape, held at about a 30° angle to stem.
- Pedicels.*—Average of 2 mm in length and <1 mm in width, held at about a 50° to 60° angle to peduncle, 146C in color, surface is glabrous.
- Flower buds.*—Narrowly elliptical in shape, average of 1 to 2 mm in length and 0.5 to 1 mm in diameter, 70A in color.
- Calyx.*—Rotate, average of 1.5 mm in length and 2 mm in width.
- Sepals.*—3, lanceolate in shape, margin is entire, apex is acute, base tapers into pedicel, color of upper and lower surface is 138C, average of 1.5 mm in length and 1 mm in width.
- Petals.*—3 to 4, about 3 to 4 mm in length and 1 to 2 mm in width, oblanceolate in shape, entire margins, apex obtuse, upper and lower surface is glabrous, color of upper surface when opening; 70B with throat 69B, color of lower surface when opening; 70C, color of upper surface when fully open; 70B with throat 69B, color of lower surface when fully open; 70C, color of both surfaces after fading; 69D.
- Reproductive organs:
- Gynoecium.*—1 Pistil, 8 to 9 mm in length, stigma is clavate in shape and about 72A in color, style is about 6 to 7 mm in length and 72B in color, ovary is 148C in color.
- Androecium.*—2 stamens, anthers are elliptic in shape and dorsifixed, about 1 mm in length and 72A in color, pollen is minimal in quantity.
- Fruit and seed.*—Seed production has not been observed.
- 45 It is claimed:
1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Hebe* plant named ‘Silver Lady’ as herein illustrated and described.

\* \* \* \* \*



FIG. 1



FIG. 2