



US007127920B1

(12) **United States Patent**
Su

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 7,127,920 B1**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Oct. 31, 2006**

(54) **KNITTING MACHINE FOR
MANUFACTURING PLUSH FABRICS**

4,127,013 A *	11/1978	Nuber	66/92
4,592,212 A *	6/1986	Schmidt	66/91
5,463,882 A	11/1995	Yeh		
6,128,930 A	10/2000	Schmidt		
6,735,987 B1	5/2004	Plath et al.		

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

* cited by examiner

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(21) Appl. No.: **11/280,388**

(22) Filed: **Nov. 17, 2005**

(51) **Int. Cl.**
D04B 9/12 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **66/92**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** 66/9 R,
66/190, 191, 194, 19, 27, 54, 55
See application file for complete search history.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

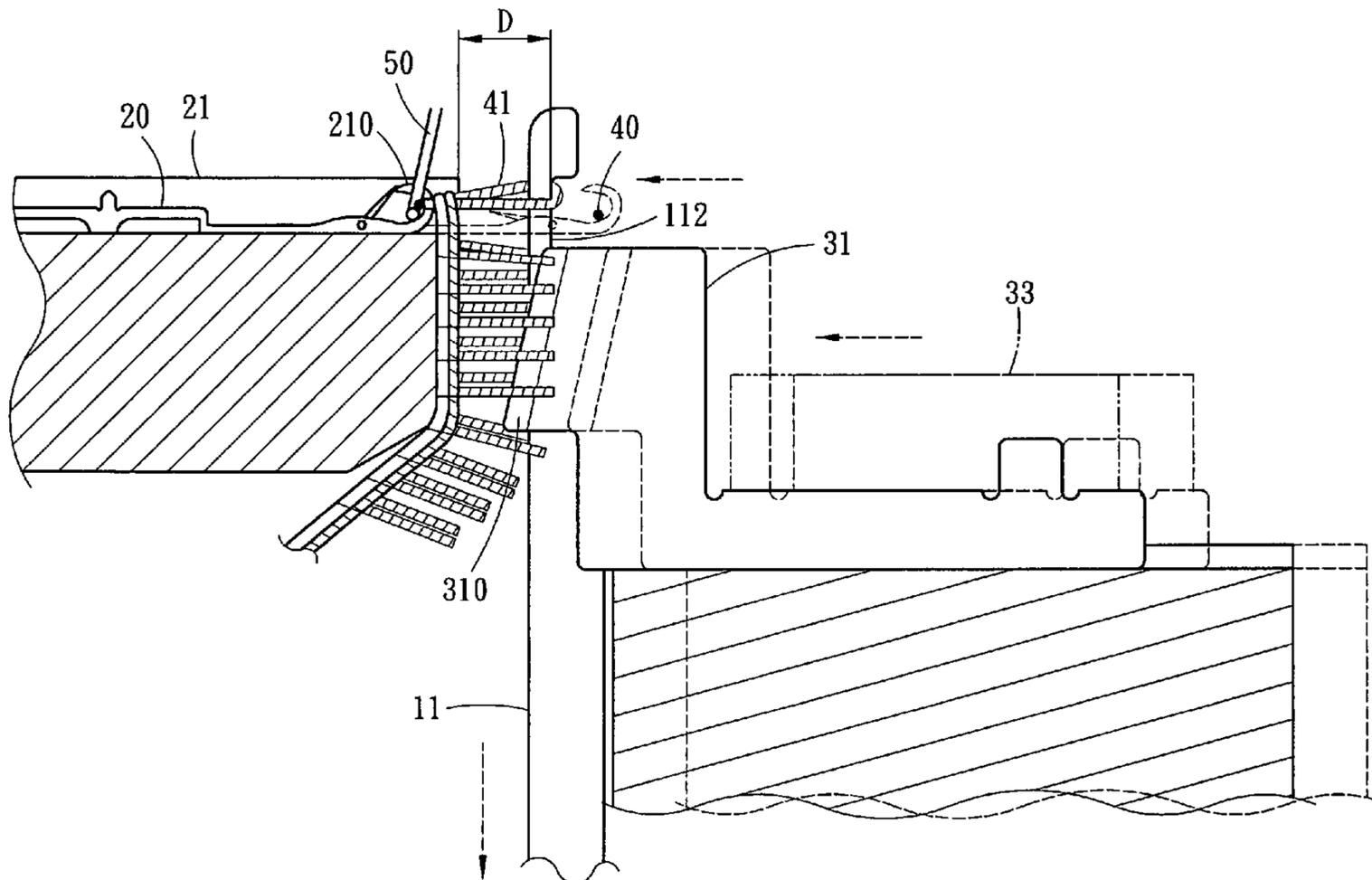
A knitting machine for manufacturing plush fabrics includes
latch-less cylinder needles in a cylinder, latch needles
located on a needle dial and a cutting unit. The loop formed
by a plush thread can be directly knitted in a fabric formed
by ground threads to form a longer plush on the fabric
surface. By changing the dimension of the needle dial, the
interval of the peripheral edge of the needle dial and the
cylinder needle can be increased so that the plush thread held
on the hook of the cylinder needle can be stretched by the
latch needle to become a longer loop. Finally, the loop is
severed by the cutting unit to form a plush fabric of a longer
plush.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

3,041,859 A *	7/1962	Lie et al.	66/92
3,094,944 A	6/1963	Bradt et al.		

3 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets



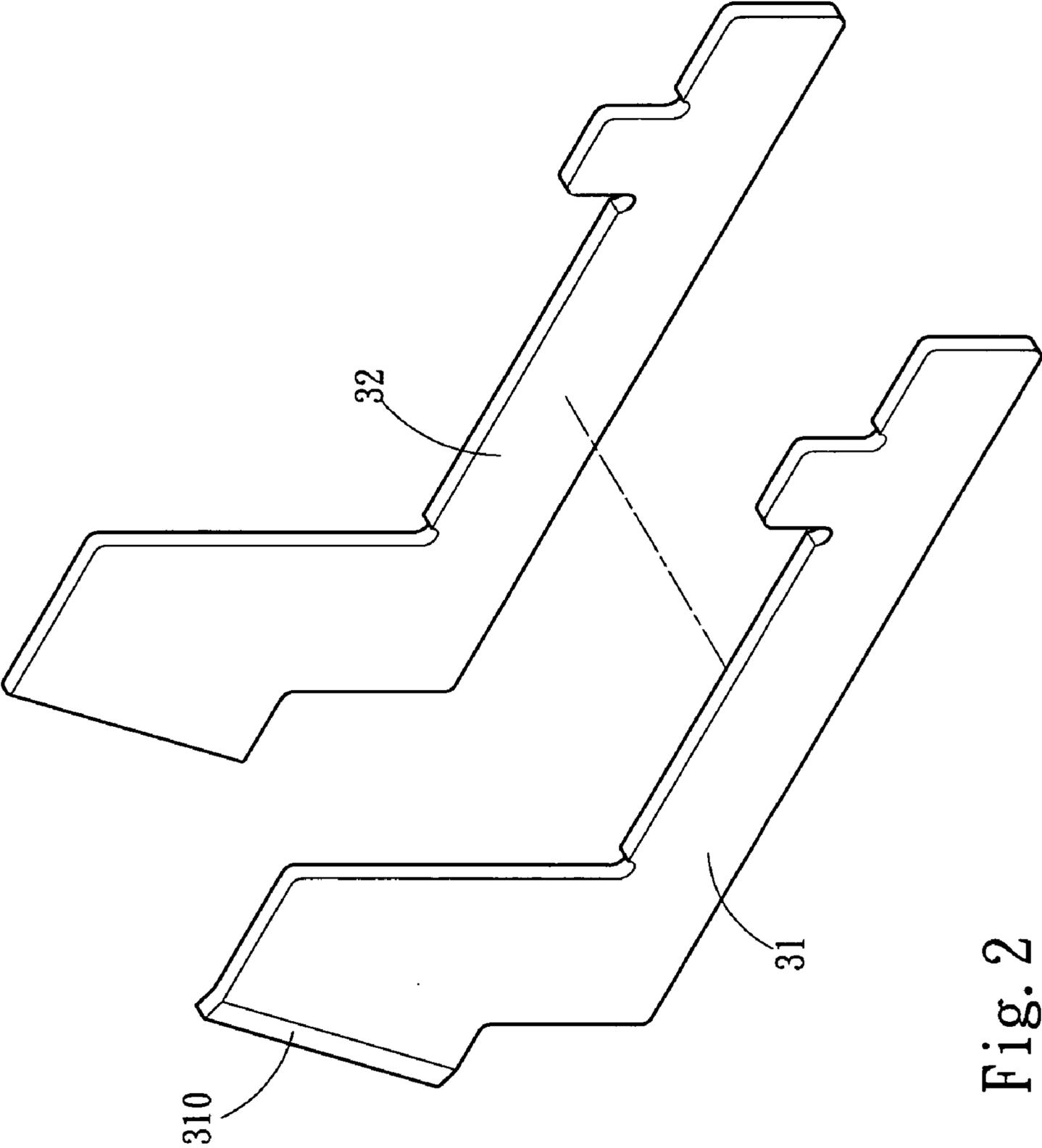


Fig. 2

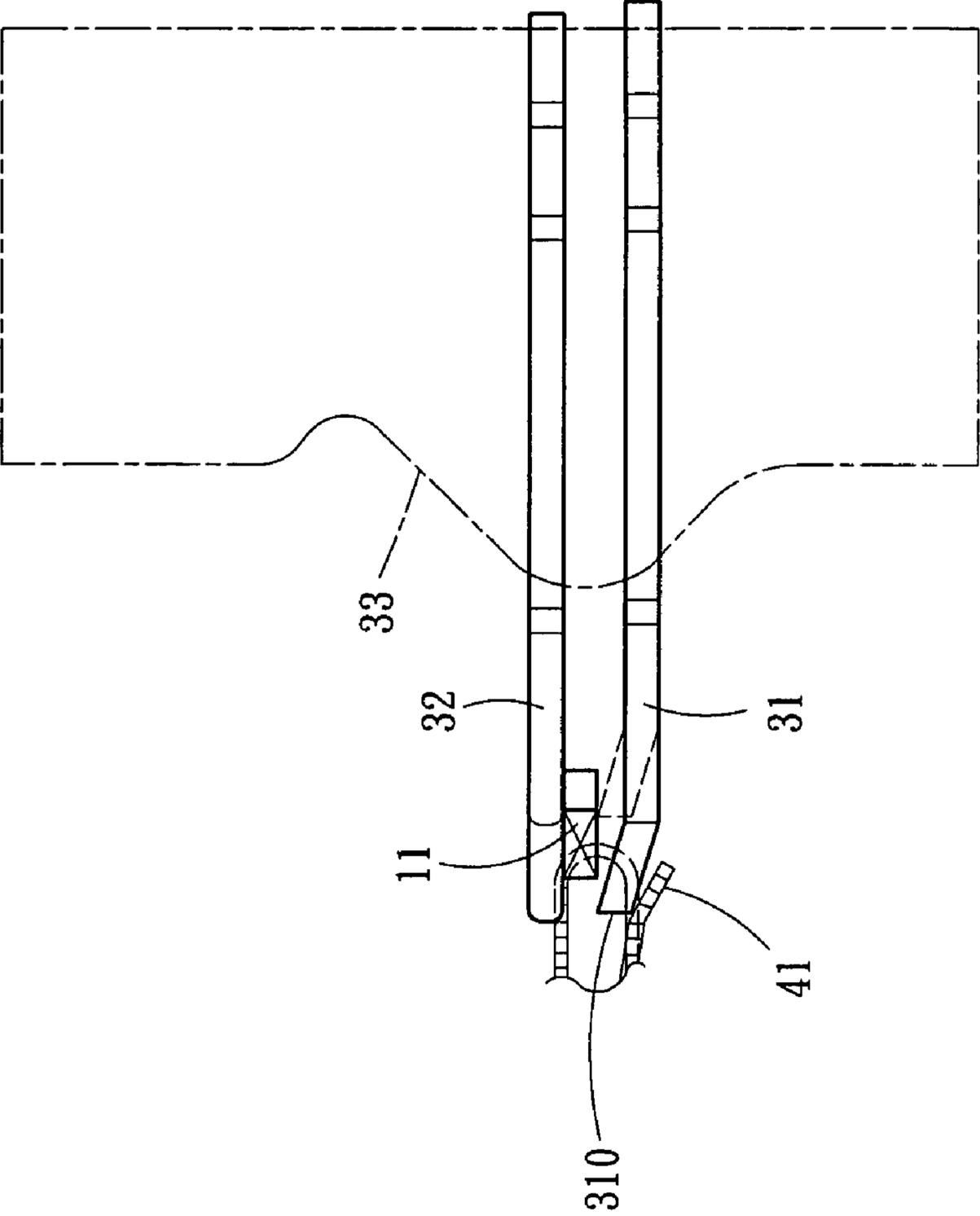


Fig. 3

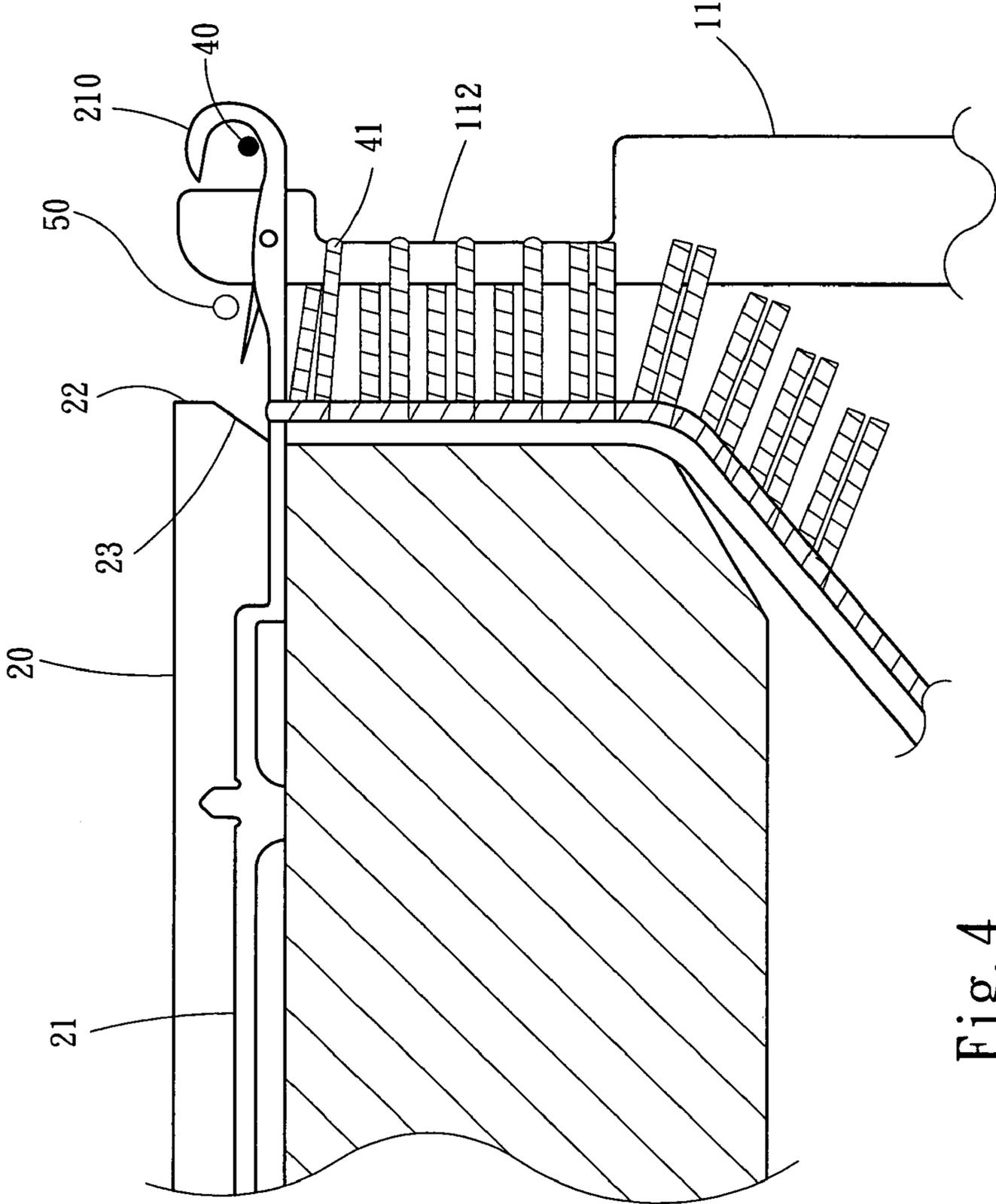


Fig. 4

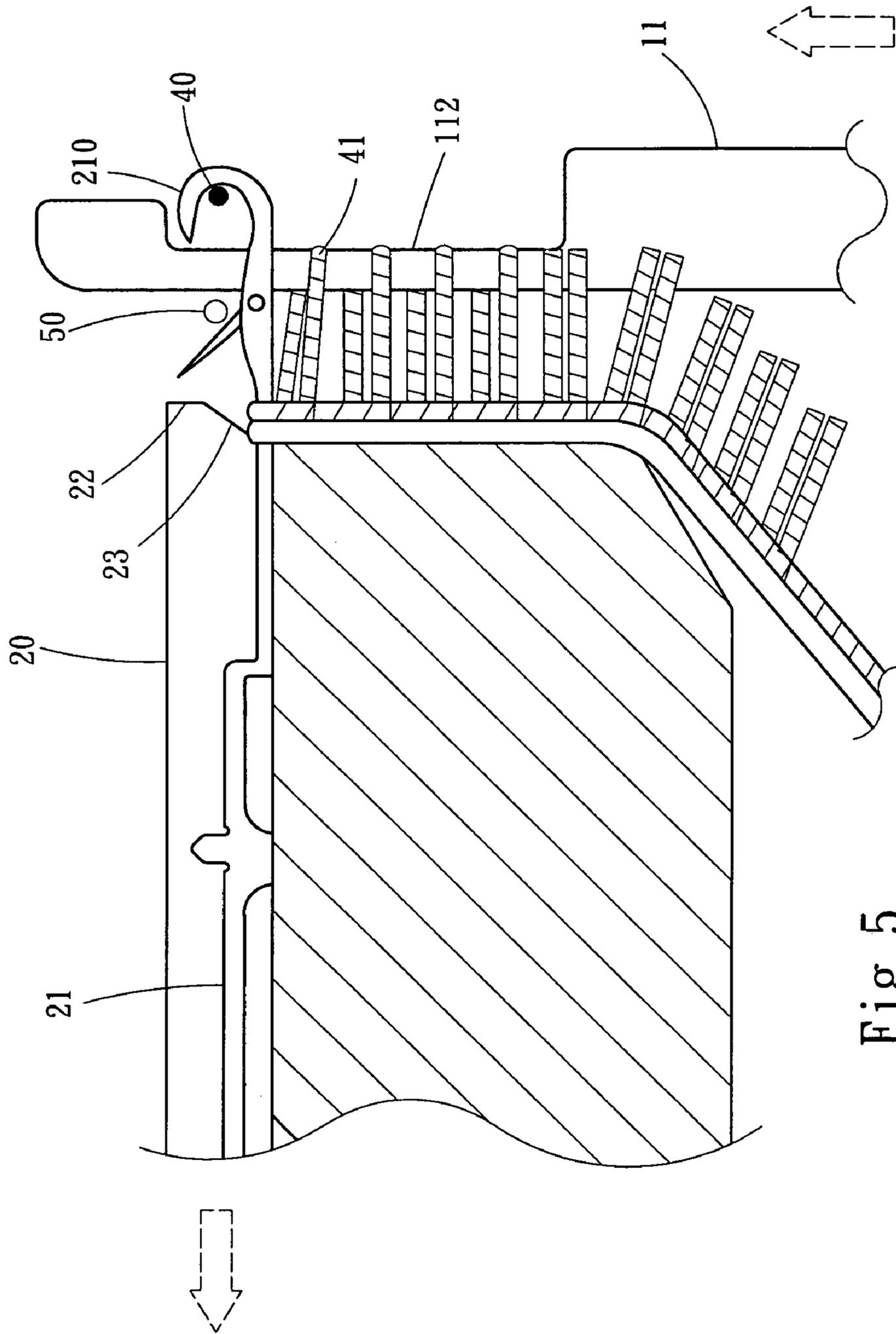


Fig. 5

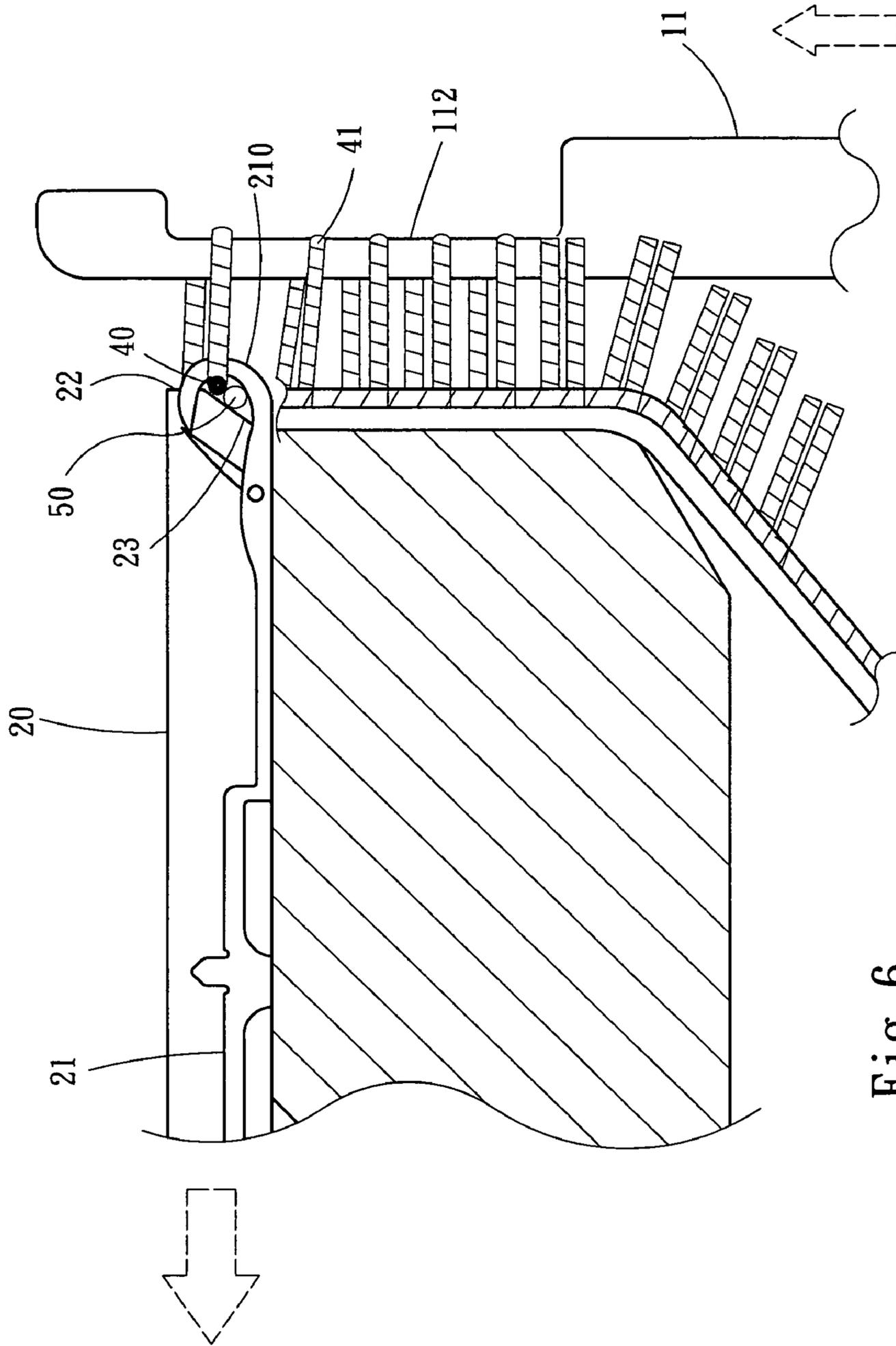


Fig. 6

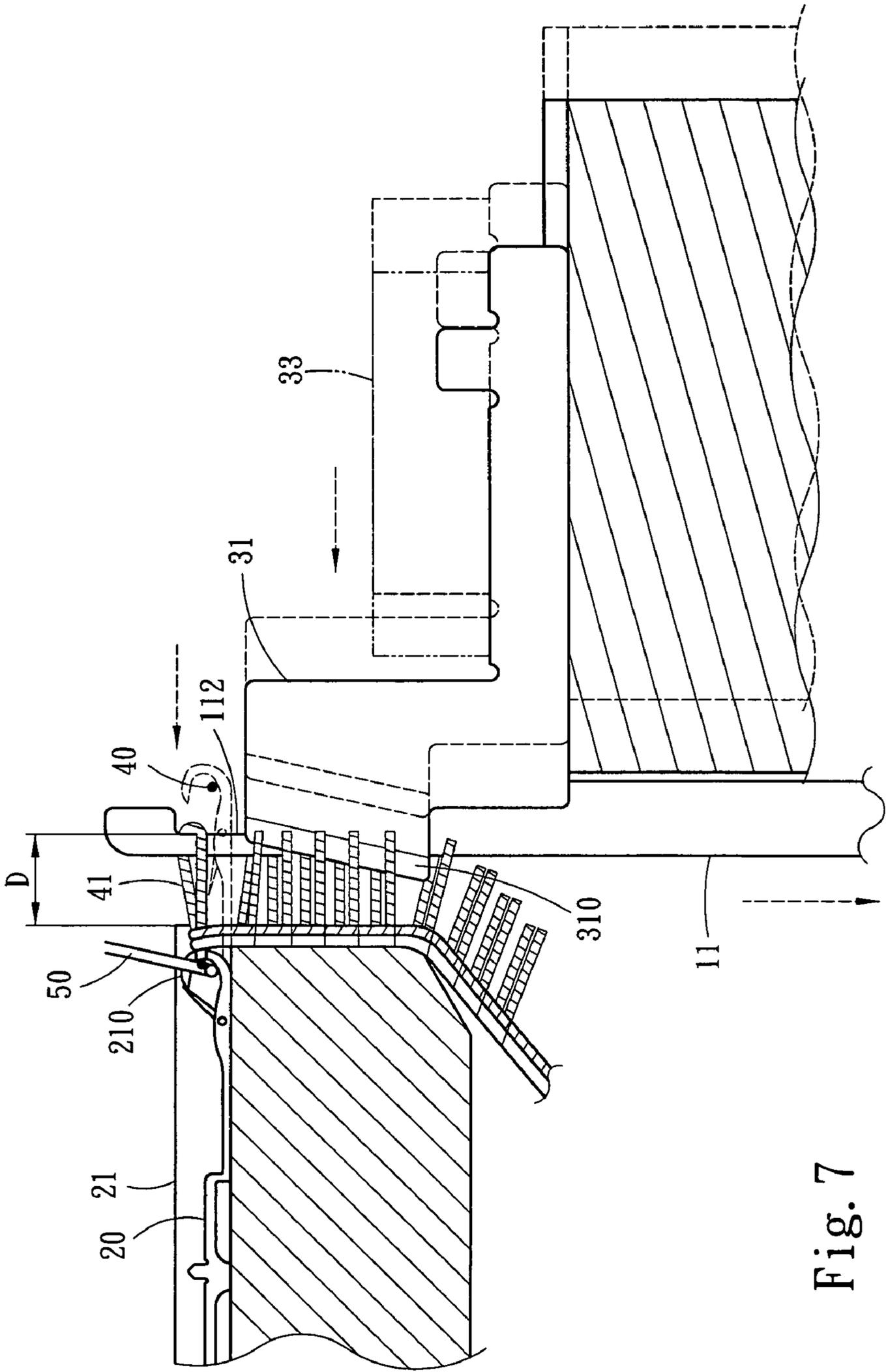


Fig. 7

KNITTING MACHINE FOR MANUFACTURING PLUSH FABRICS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a circular knitting machine and particularly to a knitting machine for manufacturing plush fabrics with a longer plush.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Plush fabrics are generally produced by knitting machines, also called artificial wool knitting machines. The techniques of using circular knitting machines to produce plush fabrics are known in the art. For instance, U.S. Pat. No. 6,735,987 has latch needles located in a cylinder and a plurality of sinkers located horizontally on a needle dial that interact with each other to hold a plush thread on the front edge of the sinkers to form a longer loop.

U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,128,930, 6,094,944 and 5,463,882 basically include latch-less cylinder needles located in a cylinder, latch needles located on a needle dial and a cutting unit that interact to produce plush fabrics. The loop is formed on the hook of the latch-less cylinder needle, and is severed by two sinkers that have a blade on the front side and slide on two sides of the cylinder needle to form the plush.

In the U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,128,930 and 5,463,882, the length of the plush is determined by the interval of the hook of the cylinder needle and the edge of the needle dial. In general, the plush fabrics produced by such techniques have plush length about 3 mm. To make toys and puppets with the artificial furs or pelts, the plush length of 3 mm cannot create a real-like appealing look. To increase the plush length, the interval of the hook of the cylinder needle and needle dial edge must be greater. This may be accomplished by increasing the diameter of the cylinder. Then the sinker ring to hold the blade on the periphery of the cylinder also must have a greater diameter. As a result, the relative position and the dimensions of the blades and cylinder needles have to be changed. It will result in a greater gap between the blade and the cylinder needle and make severing of the loop difficult or impossible.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Therefore the primary object of the present invention is to provide a knitting machine for manufacturing plush fabrics, and especially a plush knitting machine for producing plush at a length up to 12 mm.

According to an embodiment of the invention, the plush knitting machine includes latch-less cylinder needles located in a cylinder, latch needles located horizontally on a needle dial and a cutting unit. The interval of the peripheral edge of the needle dial and the cylinder needles can be increased by changing the dimension of the needle dial. The plush thread forms a loop on the hook of the latch-less cylinder needle, then the latch needle on the needle dial pulls the plush thread to form a longer loop. Finally the cutting unit severs the loop to form a plush fabric with a longer plush.

Further scope of the applicability of the present invention will become apparent from the detailed description given hereinafter. However, it should be understood that the detailed description and specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description given hereinbelow and the accompanying drawings which are given by way of illustration only, and thus are not limitative of the present invention, and wherein:

FIG. 1 is a schematic view of an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic view of an embodiment of the cutting unit of the present invention.

FIG. 3 is a schematic view of the present invention showing the cutting unit severing a loop to form a plush.

FIGS. 4 through 7 are operation flow according to an embodiment of the invention to produce plush fabrics.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Please referring to FIG. 1, the circular knitting machine has a knitting unit to produce plush fabrics, namely to transform threads to fabrics. The embodiment of the invention includes:

Latch-less cylinder needles **11** located in a cylinder **10**, latch needles **21** located on a needle dial **20** and a cutting unit **30**. The cutting unit **30** includes two sinkers **31** and **32** formed in one set (referring to FIG. 2) and a cam **33**. The sinkers **31** and **32** are driven by the cam **33** to slide on two sides of each cylinder needle **11** at the same time. The sinker **31** has a blade **310** which can sever a loop **41** formed by a plush thread **40** to become lengthy plush (referring to FIG. 3).

According to the embodiment, the dimension of the needle dial **20** may be changed so that the interval **D** of the needle dial peripheral edge **22** and a first hook **112** of the cylinder needle can be increased to 10–15 mm. Hence the plush thread **40** held on the first hook **112** can be pulled by the latch needle **21** to form a longer loop **41**. Finally, the cutting unit **30** severs the loop **41** to form a plush fabric with the plush length up to about 12 mm.

Refer to FIGS. 4 through 7 for the manufacturing process for producing the plush. First, the plush thread **40** is fed between a front edge **110** of a cylinder needle and a second hook **210** of a latch needle, and a ground thread **50** is fed between a rear end **111** and the needle dial peripheral edge **22** (referring to FIG. 4); while the latch needle **21** is moved leftwards (referring to FIG. 5) and retracted, the cylinder needle **11** starts to move upwards so that the first hook **112** is raised to an elevation where the plush thread **40** can be picked up; the plush thread **40** is latched by the second hook **210** of the latch needle and held on the first hook **112** of the cylinder needle to form the loop **41**; the latch needle **21** is retracted continuously to pick up the ground thread **50** and carry it to a sloped side **23**; guided by the sloped side **23**, the latch needle is moved gradually beneath the second hook **210**; then the ground thread **50** is moved below the plush thread **40** (referring to FIG. 6); thereafter the cylinder needle **11** is moved downward to stretch the loop **41** through the first hook **112**. Thus through the interactions of the cylinder needle **11** and the latch needle **21**, the loop **41** formed by the

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plush thread **40** can be directly knitted in the fabric formed by the ground thread **50**. Finally the loop **41** can be severed by the cutting unit **30** to form the plush fabric with a longer plush.

What is claimed is:

1. A knitting machine for manufacturing plush fabrics, comprising latch-less cylinder needles in a cylinder, latch needles located on a needle dial and a cutting unit;

wherein a plush thread is held on a hook of each latch-less cylinder needle and stretched by one latch needle to form a longer loop, the longer loop being severed by

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the cutting unit to form a plush fabric having a longer plush;

wherein the needle dial has a peripheral edge which is spaced from the hook of the cylinder needle at an interval of 10–15 mm to allow the plush thread to form the longer loop.

2. The knitting machine of claim 1, wherein the plush formed by severing of the loop has a length of 12 mm.

3. The knitting machine of claim 1, further including means for adjusting spacing between the hook of the cylinder needle and the peripheral edge of the needle dial.

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