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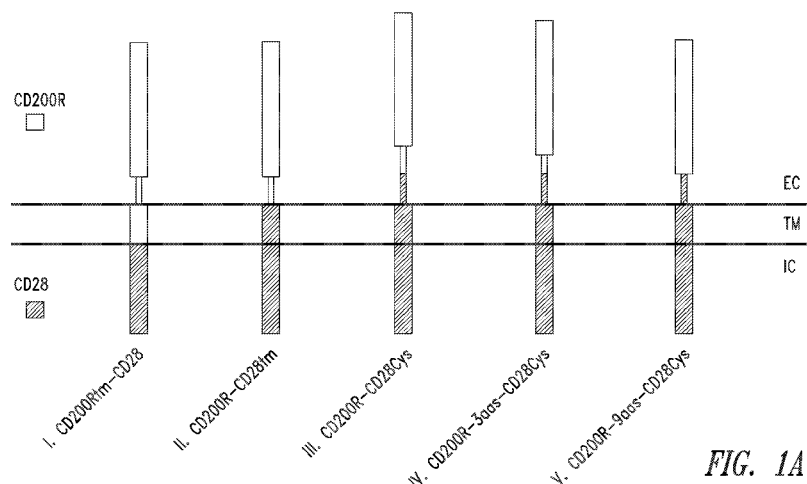


FIG. 1A

(57) Abstract: The present disclosure relates to immunomodulatory fusion proteins containing an extracellular binding domain and an intracellular signaling domain, wherein binding of a target can generate a modulatory signal in a host cell, such as a T cell. The present disclosure also relates to uses of immune cells expressing such immunomodulatory fusion proteins to treat certain diseases, such as cancer or infectious disease.

IMMUNOMODULATORY FUSION PROTEINS AND USES THEREOF

STATEMENT REGARDING SEQUENCE LISTING

The Sequence Listing associated with this application is provided in text format in lieu of a paper copy, and is hereby incorporated by reference into the specification.

- 5 The name of the text file containing the Sequence Listing is 360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt. The text file is 286 KB, was created on March 4, 2016, and is being submitted electronically via EFS-Web.

BACKGROUND

- T cell-based immunotherapies began to be developed when tumor-reactive T
10 cells were found among a population of tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) (Clark *et al.*, *Cancer Res.* 29:705, 1969). One strategy, known as adoptive T cell transfer, in some contexts involves the isolation of tumor infiltrating lymphocytes pre-selected for tumor-reactivity, clonal expansion of the tumor-reactive T cells induced by anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibodies in the presence of IL-2, and finally infusing the expanded cell
15 population back to the tumor-bearing patient (together with chemotherapy and repetitive administration of IL-2) (Dudley *et al.*, *Science* 298:850, 2002). This form of adoptive T cell therapy with tumor infiltrating lymphocytes can be technically cumbersome and leads to complete remission in only a minor fraction of patients with melanoma and is rarely effective in other cancers (Besser *et al.*, *Clin. Cancer Res.*
20 16:2646, 2010).

- Isolation of tumor-reactive T cell clones led to the development of another immunotherapeutic approach – the generation of recombinant T cell receptors (TCRs) specific for particular antigens, which may be introduced into T cells, *e.g.*, using a vector delivery system, to confer specificity for a desired target such as a tumor-
25 associated peptide presented by a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecule expressed on a tumor cell (known as human leukocyte antigen (HLA) molecule in humans). Another approach introduces a synthetic receptor, termed a chimeric antigen receptor (CAR), which generally contains an antigen-binding domain, which, *e.g.*, in

the context of anti-tumor therapy can bind to a tumor-specific or associated antigen, linked to one or more intracellular component comprising an effector domains, such as a primary signaling domain such as a TCR signaling domain or in some contexts costimulatory signaling domains. Unlike administration of TILs, the basic procedure for engineered TCR or CAR T cell immunotherapy is generally to genetically modify human T cells with a transgene encoding a tumor targeting moiety, *ex vivo* expansion of the recombinant T cells, and transfusing the expanded recombinant T cells back into patients.

Adoptive T cell therapy using T cells expressing recombinant TCRs has been shown to have a promising clinical benefit, especially in certain B cell cancers. However, effective T cell activation often requires or is enhanced by a concurrent co-stimulatory signal (Chen and Flies, *Nat. Rev. Immunol.* 13: 227-242, 2013). In the tumor microenvironment, co-stimulatory molecules are generally downregulated. As a result, exogenous stimulus via IL-2 is typically needed for T cells that express recombinant TCRs specific for cancer antigens.

Activation of T cells is initiated when the TCR engages a specific peptide presented in MHC on an antigen-presenting cell (APC) (Rossy *et al.*, *Frontiers in Immunol.* 3: 1-12, 2012). The point of interaction of the T cell and the APC becomes the immunological synapse, which is comprised of three concentric supramolecular activation clusters (SMACs), including the central cSMAC, peripheral pSMAC, and the distal dSMAC (Rossy *et al.*, *Frontiers in Immunol.* 3: 1-12, 2012). Within the cSMAC, co-stimulatory receptors can recruit signaling molecules to amplify the TCR signal. Such co-stimulatory receptors can include CD28, and in some contexts form microclusters with the TCR to lower the threshold of activation (Chen and Flies, *Nat. Rev. Immunol.* 13: 227-242, 2013). Access to the cSMAC by transmembrane proteins expressed by T cells may be restricted by the size of the extracellular domain. For example, CD45 has a large ectodomain and is generally excluded from the immunological synapse, thereby preventing its ability to inhibit TCR signaling (James and Vale, *Nature* 487:64-69, 2012).

There remains a need in the immunotherapy field for alternative compositions and methods that provide immunomodulatory signals to host cells for treating various diseases, such as cancer or infections. Presently disclosed embodiments address these needs and provide other related advantages.

BRIEF SUMMARY

In a first aspect there is provided a fusion protein, comprising (a) an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, (b) an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and (c) a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components,

wherein the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a SIRP α , and the intracellular signaling domain is, or contains at least 95 % identity to, a costimulatory or stimulatory molecule binding domain.

In a second aspect there is provided a nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein according to the first aspect.

In a third aspect there is provided a vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to the second aspect.

In a fourth aspect there is provided a host cell, comprising a fusion protein according to the first aspect.

In a fifth aspect there is provided a method of treating a disease in a subject comprising administering to the subject the host cell according to the fourth aspect, wherein the disease is a viral infection, bacterial infection, cancer, or autoimmune disease.

In a sixth aspect there is provided the use of the host cell according to the fourth aspect, in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a viral infection, bacterial infection, cancer, or autoimmune disease.

In certain aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein, comprising an extracellular component that contains a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein::target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse.

In some embodiments, a length or spatial distance of a complex formed between the fusion protein and the target or a portion of such fusion protein::target complex (generally the extracellular portion of such complex) is or spans a particular distance, *e.g.*, in some embodiments, is a distance that is less than or less than about a certain distance. In some aspects, a distance of the fusion protein::target complex (or, typically, the extracellular portion thereof) is less than at or about 50 nm, less than at or about 40 nm, less than at or about 30 nm, or less than at or about 20 nm or equal to or less than at or about 15 nm. In some embodiments, it is at or about 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, or 20 nm, such as at or about 14 or 15 nm. In some aspects, the distance is one that is similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse or is a distance that is the same, about the same, or substantially the same, as a distance between the membrane proximal-most portion, *e.g.*, residue, of the extracellular domain of a TCR and the membrane proximal-most portion, *e.g.*, residue, of an MHC (*e.g.*, HLA, such as an MHCI or MHCII) molecule, with respect to a TCR-peptide/MHC complex or the distance spanned by the extracellular portions of such a complex (or spatial distance spanned by the extracellular portion known to be contained within a synapse, such as a complex containing CD8, CD4, CD28, and the respective binding partner or ligand thereof). In some embodiments, spatial distances of

complexes refer to a distance between membranes of two different cells, wherein a first cell and a second cell each express on their surface a binding partner that can form a complex between the membranes when the cells are in proximity to each other. In some aspects, the distance is a distance that is the same, about the same, or substantially the same, as a distance spanned by the extracellular portions of a complex formed between a TCR and cognate interaction with an MHC molecule. In some aspects, such as where a fusion protein comprises a binding domain from a molecule ordinarily capable of entering an immunological synapse or co-localizing with an antigen receptor, the distance is similar to or the same as that spanned by a complex formed between the molecule (having the binding domain used in the fusion protein), and a natural binding partner thereof. In some aspects, such as where the fusion protein comprises a binding domain from a molecule ordinarily not capable of entering an immunological synapse or ordinarily not capable of co-localizing with an antigen receptor, the distance is different than, *e.g.*, less than or substantially less than, that spanned by a complex formed between the molecule (having the binding domain or functional portion thereof used in the fusion protein), and a natural binding partner thereof.

In some embodiments, a binding domain within the extracellular component of a fusion protein of this disclosure contains a target-binding portion of a molecule capable of delivering an inhibitory signal, such as of an inhibitory molecule, *e.g.*, an immunoinhibitory molecule, such as an immunoinhibitory receptor or immune checkpoint molecule. In some aspects, such a molecule is a glycoprotein, checkpoint family member. In certain embodiments, the fusion protein comprising a binding domain from a glycoprotein, checkpoint family member or is not a B7 or B7-binding molecule or is not a CD28-B7-superfamily member (*e.g.*, is not a CD28, CTLA4, ICOS, or other B7 family binding molecule) Exemplary glycoprotein, checkpoint family members include CD200R, SIRP α , CD279 (PD-1), CD2, CD95 (Fas), CTLA4 (CD152), CD223 (LAG3), CD272 (BTLA), A2aR, KIR, TIM3, CD300, or LPA5, or a binding variant of any such molecule. In some embodiments, a binding domain within the extracellular component of a fusion protein of this disclosure comprises a binding partner of any of the foregoing, or a binding variant of any such molecule. In some

aspects of such embodiments, the intracellular portion of a fusion protein includes a signaling domain capable of delivering a stimulatory, such as a costimulatory, signal to a lymphocyte, such as a T cell, such as a costimulatory region of CD28, 41BB, ICOS, or other costimulatory molecule. In some aspects, the intracellular portion of the fusion protein does not include an intracellular signaling domain of the inhibitory molecule, such as of a checkpoint or immunoinhibitory molecule, when the extracellular binding portion is from a checkpoint or immunoinhibitory molecule. In some aspects, a fusion protein does not include a primary signaling domain such as a CD3 ζ signaling domain or other domain capable of delivering a primary signal to a T cell.

10 In certain aspects, the extracellular component or the binding portion thereof contains or is a binding domain of a molecule or ectodomain capable of specifically binding to CD200, such as a binding portion of a CD200R or variant thereof. In some embodiments, the binding domain is or includes a binding region of a molecule or of an ectodomain that is capable of specifically binding to a CD47, such as a SIRP
15 ectodomain or CD47-binding region thereof, such as a SIRP α ectodomain or CD47-binding region thereof. In some embodiments, the binding domain is capable of binding to a PD-L1 or a PD-L2 or a LAG3 molecule. Exemplary targets may be one or more proteins whose expression is increased or upregulated in certain cells or tissues associated with or of a disease or condition to be treated or ameliorated with the fusion
20 proteins and compositions provided herein, such as a tumor cell or tumor microenvironment, or is bound by a receptor generally upregulated on immune cells such as lymphocytes infiltrating a diseased tissue, such as a tumor.

In some embodiments, the extracellular component further includes one or more additional regions or domains, for example, from a molecule other than that from which
25 the binding domain is derived or other than the molecule with which the binding domain shares identity. The one or more additional extracellular domain(s) may include a spacer region, such as one from an immunoglobulin molecule, which may contain all or a portion of a hinge, or constant region domain such as CH2 or CH3 domain, or from another cell surface molecule such as a costimulatory receptor, such as
30 CD28. The additional extracellular domain(s) may include, in some aspects, a

multimerization domain, *e.g.*, a dimerization domain or sequence that may promote homo- or heterodimerization with another molecule, such as multimerization of two or more of the fusion proteins. In some embodiments, such a domain includes a portion of an extracellular domain of a CD28 molecule including at least the transmembrane-
5 proximal-most cysteine, and generally an extracellular portion between such cysteine and the membrane, or modified variant thereof. In some aspects, such a domain includes an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 32, or portion thereof, or variant thereof such as having at least 90%, 95%, or 99 % identity thereto. In some aspects, such a domain may be included in order to facilitate or promote
10 multimerization. In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component including a CD200-binding domain, such as an extracellular portion (or portion thereof, such as a binding domain thereof) of a CD200R, such as an extracellular portion of CD200R having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 25 or encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2, or a
15 CD200-binding portion thereof or variant thereof or binding portion thereof. In some aspects of such embodiments, the extracellular portion of the fusion protein further includes a portion of an extracellular region of CD28, such as up to about 9 to about 12 amino acids thereof (*e.g.*, 9 amino acids or 12 amino acids), and in some aspects including a membrane-proximal-most cysteine residue of a CD28 extracellular region.
20 In some such embodiments, the length of the CD200R portion of the extracellular region is reduced in length corresponding to the number of additional residues in the CD28-derived portion, such as by about 9 to about 12 amino acids (*e.g.*, 9 amino acids or 12 amino acids), or by a sufficient number of amino acids that the distance spanned by the extracellular portion of a complex between the fusion protein and a CD200
25 molecule is similar to, substantially similar to, or the same as that spanned by the extracellular portion of a complex between a human CD200R, *e.g.*, a CD200R, and CD200; or that spanned by the extracellular portion of a complex between a TCR in cognate interaction with an MHC molecule (*e.g.*, MHC I or MHCII) in binding to a cognate peptide-MHC complex; or that of an immunological synapse. In some aspects,
30 the fusion protein further includes a transmembrane domain, such as a CD28

transmembrane, such as a transmembrane domain encoded by the sequence set forth as SEQ ID NO: 4 or portion thereof, or a modified version thereof, such as a variant modified to contain additional charged regions or residues or hydrophilic residues to facilitate intermolecular interactions. In some embodiments, the protein further
5 includes a CD28 intracellular signaling domain, such as a costimulatory domain of CD28, such as one that is capable of recruiting one or more adapter molecules to a CD28 in response to ligation. In some aspects, the CD28 intracellular domain includes or is a sequence encoded by the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5 or a portion or functional variant thereof.

10 In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein:target complex spans a
15 distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a CD200R, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28.

20 In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein:target complex spans a
25 distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a CD200R, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28 and an intracellular signaling domain of a CD137 (4-1BB).

In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein::target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a CD200R, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD137 (4-1BB).

In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein::target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a SIRP α , (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28.

In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein::target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a CD279 (PD-1), (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28.

In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein:target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a CD95 (Fas), (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28.

In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein:target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a TIM3, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28.

In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein:target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a LAG3, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28.

In some embodiments, the present disclosure is directed to a fusion protein comprising an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically

binds a target, an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that the length of a fusion protein::target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse,
5 wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a CD2, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28.

In certain aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein as described herein.

10 In certain aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a vector comprising a nucleic molecule that encodes a fusion protein as described herein.

In certain other aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a host cell comprising a fusion protein, nucleic acid, or vector as described herein.

In certain other aspects, a method of increasing the activity of an immune cell is
15 provided, comprising administering to a subject in need of increased immune cell activity an effective amount of a host cell as described herein.

In other aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a method of enhancing or prolonging an immune response, comprising administering to a subject in need of enhanced or prolonged immune cell activity an effective amount of a host cell as
20 described herein.

In still other aspects, the present disclosure provides a method of stimulating an antigen-specific T cell response, comprising administering to a subject in need of increased immune cell activity an effective amount of a host cell as described herein.

In other aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a method of inhibiting an
25 immunosuppressive signaling pathway, comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a host cell as described herein.

In other aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a method of treating cancer, comprising administering to a subject having cancer a therapeutically effective amount of a host cell as described herein.

In other aspects, the present disclosure is directed to a method of inhibiting immune resistance of cancer cells, comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a host cell as described herein.

In still other aspects, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a tumor, comprising administering to a subject having a tumor a therapeutically effective amount of a host cell as described herein, wherein the administered host cell is capable of proliferating in an immunosuppressive tumor microenvironment.

A method of treating an infection, comprising administering to a subject having the infection a therapeutically effective amount of a host cell as described herein, is also provided by the present disclosure.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figures 1A and 1B show CD200R-CD28 constructs expressed at high levels on primary murine CD8⁺ T cells. (A) Schematic representation of exemplary CD200R-CD28 constructs. Construct "I" contains CD200R extracellular ("EC") and transmembrane ("TM") domains and a CD28 intracellular ("IC") signaling domain (CD200Rtm-CD28). Construct "II" contains the extracellular domain of CD200R and the transmembrane and intracellular domains of CD28 (CD200R-CD28tm). Constructs "III-V" also incorporate a portion of the extracellular domain of CD28 to the transmembrane-proximal cysteine to promote multimerization and enhance CD28 signaling. To account for any extra extracellular amino acids (*e.g.*, from one to about 50 amino acids; such as exemplary murine constructs disclosed here contain an extra nine (9) amino acids and exemplary human constructs disclosed here contain twelve (12) amino acids), some constructs have a truncated portion of an extracellular or intracellular domain (*e.g.*, a CD200R that preserves an N linked glycosylation site). For example, construct IV has a truncated portion of CD200R that is truncated by 3 amino acids. Construct V has a truncated portion of CD200R that is truncated 9 amino acids. Constructs "I", "II", and "V" maintain the short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*,

between a T cell and an antigen presenting cell) and may co-localize with the TCR within the cSMAC and deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. (B) Transgenic expression of murine CD200R-CD28 constructs on TCR_{gag} T cells as detected by anti-CD200R antibody. The control vector contains green fluorescent protein (GFP).

- 5 Figures 2A to 2G show that CD200R-CD28 constructs promote proliferation, accumulation, and effector function in response to CD200⁺ tumor target cells *in vitro*, and accumulate in the immunological synapse. Splenocytes from naive TCR_{gag} mice were stimulated *in vitro* with anti-CD3, anti-CD28, and recombinant human IL-2 (100 U/ml) and transduced with retroviral supernatant for 2 days. Cells were restimulated
- 10 every 7 days with irradiated FBL and splenocytes and cultured with rhIL-2 (50 U/mL) for up to three stimulations. T cells were used for assays 5-7 days after the last stimulation. (A) Proliferation of CD200R-CD28 and GFP control TCR_{gag} T cells as measured by CellTrace Violet dilution. T cells were stimulated with CD200⁻ FBL (upper panels) or CD200⁺ FBL (lower panels) for 3 days. (B) Preferential
- 15 expansion/survival of transduced TCR_{gag} T cells during co-culture with non-transduced TCR_{gag} T cells during weekly cycles of stimulation with irradiated CD200⁺ FBL and splenocytes. (C) Enrichment of transduced T cells. Repeated restimulation with irradiated CD200⁺ tumor cells enriched the cells transduced with CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys compared to wild-type T cells transduced with an empty GFP control vector.
- 20 (D) Increased CD200R and CD200 signal intensity at T cell:FBL synapse. Lipid rafts are increased at the immunological synapse (I). CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys fusion proteins co-localized with lipid rafts, indicating that the fusion proteins concentrate within the immunological synapse (III, IV). (E) CD200R-CD28⁺ CD8⁺ T cells display enhanced ability to lyse CD200⁺ FBL cells *in vitro*. Target tumor cells were labeled
- 25 with different dilutions of the fluorescent dye 5,6-carboxyfluorescein diacetate succinimidyl ester (CFSE), as indicated. Effector TCR_{gag} T cells transduced with the indicated CD200R-CD28 fusion protein or an empty vector control were incubated at the indicated effector to target ratio with a 1:1 mix of CD200⁺ FBL (CFSE^{hi}) and non-specific EL4 (CFSE^{lo}) control targets for 5 hours. The percentage of FBL of the sum of
- 30 FBL and control tumor cells was determined by flow cytometry. The percentage lysis

was determined by dividing the percent of FBL incubated with T cells by the percent of FBL incubated without T cells. (F) Target tumor cells for CFSE assay in (G). Target tumor cells were labeled with different dilutions of the fluorescent dyes CellTrace Violet (CTV) or CFSE. A 1:1:1 mix of EL4 cells (CTV⁺), CD200⁺ FBL (CFSE^{hi}) and non-specific EL4 (CFSE^{lo}) control targets was generated. (G) CFSE cytotoxicity assay. TCR_{gag} T cells were transduced with CD200R-CD28 receptor or GFP control vector. Effector TCR_{gag} T cells were incubated at the indicated effector to target ratio with a 1:1 mix of CD200⁻ FBL or CD200⁺ FBL and non-specific EL4 control targets for 4 hours. The percentage of FBL of the sum of FBL and control tumor cells was determined by flow cytometry. The percentage lysis was determined by dividing the percent of FBL incubated with T cells by the percent of FBL incubated without T cells.

Figures 3A to 3D show that T cells transduced with CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys preferentially accumulate in response to tumor challenge *in vivo* and express surface proteins consistent with an effector phenotype after injection into Cytoxin-treated, FBL-bearing mice. Transduced TCR_{gag} T cells were generated as described in Example 2. (A) Experimental schematic. C57BL/6 mice were injected with 4 x 10⁶ CD200⁺ FBL cells. Five days later, CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys (Thy1.1 homozygous) and eGFP control (Thy1.1 heterozygous) TCR_{gag} T cells were co-injected into Cytoxin-treated FBL-bearing B6 mice at 4 x 10⁶ cells/mouse. IL-2 was administered every 2 days (2 x 10⁴ U/dose). On day 8 post-T cell transfer, mice were euthanized and spleens and inguinal lymph nodes harvested. (B) CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys TCR_{gag} T cells accumulate in the spleen in response to FBL. (LN=lymph node; Spl=spleen). (C) Comparison of surface proteins 3 days post-transfer for T cells transduced to express CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, T cells transduced with an empty vector, and endogenous T cells. CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys TCR_{gag} T cells expressed reduced CD62L compared to control TCR_{gag} T cells, suggesting an effector T cell phenotype. (D) Comparison of surface proteins 15 days post-transfer for cells transduced to express CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys⁺ T cells, T cells transduced with an empty vector, and endogenous T cells. CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys TCR_{gag} T cells express similar levels of cell surface proteins compared to control TCR_{gag} T cells.

Figures 4A to 4D show that adoptive immunotherapy with CD200R-CD28-transduced T cells can eradicate disseminated leukemia. (A) Experiment schematic. C57BL/6 mice were injected with 4×10^6 CD200⁺ FBL cells. Five days later, CD200R-CD28tm, CD200R-CD28Cys, CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, or eGFP TCR_{gag} T cells were injected i.p. into Cy-treated FBL-bearing mice at 10^5 cells/mouse. IL-2 was administered every 2 days (2×10^4 U/dose) in a cohort of mice as indicated. (B) Representative example of expression of cell surface proteins in CD200R-CD28tm transduced T cells and non-transduced T cells on day of injection with IL-2, as determined by flow cytometry. (C) Survival of mice treated in the presence of IL-2 injections. (D) Survival of mice treated in the absence of IL-2 injections. Transfer of CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys TCR_{gag} T cells significantly improved survival in the absence of IL-2 injections ($p < 0.05$, log-rank Mantel-Cox test).

Figures 5A to 5C show that T cells expressing CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys do not induce detectable autoimmune liver damage or infiltrate normal tissues. (A) Experiment schematic. Cytoxin-treated Alb/Gag mice were injected with 4×10^6 CD200⁺ FBL cells. Five days later, CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, and eGFP TCR_{gag} T cells were injected i.p. into the Cytoxin-treated FBL-bearing mice at 10^5 cells/mouse. IL-2 was administered every 2 days (2×10^4 U/dose) in a cohort of mice as indicated. Three and 7 days post-transfer, liver damage was assessed by quantification of serum levels of liver enzymes aspartate aminotransferase (AST) and alanine aminotransferase (ALT). (B) AST and ALT levels measured at 3 and 7 days post-transfer for mice receiving no T cells, control T cells expressing GFP, or T cells expressing CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys did not vary by treatment. (C) Assessment of T cell infiltration of normal tissue. Limited presence of T cells in liver tissue was observed using antibodies specific to the T cell marker CD3 (left panel), with no significant difference between recipients of CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys TCR_{gag} or control TCR_{gag} T cells (right panel).

Figures 6A to 6D show that 4-1BB co-stimulatory signaling domains promote accumulation and effector function of transduced T cells *in vitro* and promote survival of tumor-bearing recipients of transduced T cell in response to CD200⁺ tumor target cells. (A) Schematic representation of CD200R-CD28 ("V"), -4-1BB ("VI"), and –

CD28-4-1BB ("VII") constructs. (B) Expansion of transduced TCR_{gag} T cells relative to non-transduced TCR_{gag} T cells after weekly stimulation with irradiated CD200⁺ FBL and splenocytes. CD200R-4-1BB and CD200R-CD28-4-1BB also promote accumulation of transduced T cells *in vitro*. (C) CD200R-9aas-4-1BB⁺ CD8⁺ T cells displayed an enhanced ability to lyse CD200⁺ FBL cells *in vitro* relative to controls, using a standard CFSE-based cytotoxicity assay. The percentage of FBL of the sum of FBL and control tumor cells was determined by flow cytometry. The percentage lysis was determined by dividing the percent of FBL incubated with T cells by the percent of FBL incubated without T cells. (D) CD200R-41BB-transduced T cells also promote survival relative to controls. C57BL/6 mice were injected with 4 x 10⁶ CD200⁺ FBL cells. Five days later, CD200R-9aas-CD28, CD200R-9aas-4-1BB, CD200R-9aas-CD28-4-1BB, or eGFP TCR_{gag} T cells were injected i.p. into Cytoxin-treated FBL-bearing mice at 10⁵ cells/mouse.

Figures 7A to 7D show that human primary T cells transduced to express a WT1-specific TCR and a CD200Rtm-CD28 fusion protein exhibit enhanced proliferation to target cells that express CD200 and increased cytokine production in response to tumor cells that express CD200. (A) Expression of the WT1₁₂₆-specific TCR, C4, and CD200Rtm-CD28. (B) Expression of CD200 in T2 and K562 cells. T2 cells exhibit low-level endogenous CD200 expression. (C) Proliferation of T cells as indicated by CFSE. Cells that proliferate in response to antigen show reduced CFSE fluorescence intensity. T cells transduced with both C4 and the IFP show enhanced proliferation to target cells expressing low levels of CD200 relative to T cells transduced with C4 only. (D) Cytokine production in response to exposure to CD200dim tumor cells, as measured by flow cytometry. Relative to control T cells transduced with the TCR C4 alone, T cells transduced with both C4 and the IFP CD200Rtm-CD28 show increased cytokine production.

Figures 8A to 8E show that fusion proteins comprising SIRPα extracellular components and CD28 co-stimulatory signaling domains promote accumulation and proliferation of transduced T cells *in vitro*. (A) Schematic representation of exemplary SIRPα-CD28 constructs. Construct "I" contains SIRPα extracellular ("EC") and

transmembrane ("TM") domains and a CD28 intracellular ("IC") signaling domain (SIRP α tm-CD28). Construct "II" contains the extracellular domain of SIRP α and the transmembrane and intracellular domains of CD28 (SIRP α -CD28tm). Constructs "III-VI" also incorporate a portion of the extracellular domain of CD28 to the

5 transmembrane-proximal cysteine to promote multimerization and enhance CD28 signaling. To account for the extra extracellular amino acids (*e.g.*, extra nine (9) amino acids for murine constructs, or twelve (12) amino acids for human constructs), some constructs have a truncated portion of an extracellular or intracellular domain (*e.g.*, a SIRP α that preserves an N linked glycosylation site). Construct IV has a truncated

10 portion of SIRP α that is truncated 6 amino acids to preserve an N linked glycosylation site. Construct V has a truncated portion of SIRP α that is truncated 9 amino acids. Construct VI has a truncated portion of SIRP α that is truncated 23 amino acids. Constructs "I", "II", and "V" maintain the short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*, between a T cell and an antigen presenting cell) and may co-localize with the TCR

15 within the cSMAC and deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. (B) Expansion of transduced TCR_{gag} T cells relative to non-transduced TCR_{gag} T cells after weekly stimulation with irradiated SIRP α ⁺ FBL and splenocytes. SIRP α -CD28 constructs promote accumulation of transduced T cells *in vitro*, with SIRP α -9aas-CD28Cys exhibiting enhanced accumulation. (C) Proliferation of T cells transduced with SIRP α -

20 CD28 constructs in a CellTrace Violet (CTV) dilution proliferation assay. T cells expressing SIRP α -CD28 constructs engineered to maintain T cell-tumor cell distance exhibited enhanced proliferation relative to nontransduced T cells. (D) CD47⁺ tumor cells were killed after co-culture with SIRP α -CD28⁺ T cells transduced to express SIRP α tm-CD28 or SIRP α -9aas-CD28Cys constructs. In contrast, tumor cells were not

25 eradicated when cultured with T cells receiving empty vector, or a truncated SIRP α lacking its intracellular domain. (E) Results of an IncuCyte assay used to quantify killing of CD47⁺ tumor cells. CD47⁺ FBL tumor cells were transduced with mCherry. Loss of red signal indicates killing of tumor cells. Killing of tumor cells was tested at the effector:target ratios of 10:1, 2:1, and 0.4:1. SIRP α -CD28⁺ T cells killed CD47⁺

30 tumor cells, even at the lowest effector-to-target ratio tested.

Figures 9A and 9B show that fusion proteins comprising PD-1 extracellular components and CD28 co-stimulatory signaling domains promote cytokine production *in vitro*. (A) Schematic representation of exemplary PD-1-CD28 constructs. Construct "I" contains PD-1 extracellular ("EC") and transmembrane ("TM") domains and a CD28 intracellular ("IC") signaling domain (PD1tm-CD28). Construct "II" contains the extracellular domain of PD-1 and the transmembrane and intracellular domains of CD28 (PD1-CD28tm). Constructs "III-VII" also incorporate a portion of the extracellular domain of CD28 adjacent to the transmembrane-proximal cysteine to promote multimerization and enhance CD28 signaling. To account for the extra extracellular amino acids (*e.g.*, extra nine (9) amino acids for murine constructs, or twelve (12) amino acids for human constructs), constructs IV-VII have a truncated portion of PD-1. Construct IV has a truncated portion of PD-1 that is truncated 9 amino acids. Construct V has a truncated portion of PD-1 that is truncated 12 amino acids. Construct VI has a truncated portion of PD-1 that is truncated 15 amino acids. Construct VII has a truncated portion of PD-1 that is truncated 21 amino acids. Constructs "I", "II", and "V" maintain the short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*, between a T cell and an antigen presenting cell) and may co-localize with the TCR within the cSMAC and deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. (B) PD1-CD28⁺ T cells exhibited increased cytokine production in response to stimulation for 5 hours in the presence of Brefeldin A with FBL cells that endogenously express the PD-1 ligands, PD-L1 and PD-L2. Stimulated T cells were assessed for intracellular expression of the effector cytokines, IFN γ and TNF α , by flow cytometry.

Figure 10 shows co-expression of the TCR C4 and a PD-1 IFP (PD1-12aas-CD28Cys, PD1-15aas-CD28Cys, or PD1-21aas-CD28Cys). T cells transduced with C4 and PD1-12aas-CD28Cys or PD1-15aas-CD28Cys exhibited high transduction efficiencies and expression of both proteins.

Figures 11A to 11C show that fusion proteins comprising Fas extracellular components and CD28 co-stimulatory signaling domains accumulate *in vitro* upon stimulation with irradiated FBL cells. (A) Schematic representation of exemplary Fas-CD28 constructs. Construct "I" contains Fas extracellular ("EC") and transmembrane

("TM") domains and a CD28 intracellular ("IC") signaling domain (Fastm-CD28). Construct "II" contains the extracellular domain of Fas and the transmembrane and intracellular domains of CD28 (Fas-CD28tm). Constructs "III" and "IV" also incorporate a portion of the extracellular domain of CD28 adjacent to the transmembrane-proximal cysteine to promote multimerization and enhance CD28 signaling. To account for the extra extracellular amino acids (*e.g.*, extra nine (9) amino acids for murine constructs, or twelve (12) amino acids for human constructs), construct IV has a truncated portion of Fas, wherein the Fas extracellular domain is truncated 9 amino acids. Constructs "I", "II", and "IV" maintain the short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*, between a T cell and an antigen presenting cell) and may co-localize with the TCR within the cSMAC and deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. (B) Accumulation of TCR_{gag} T cells transduced with Fas constructs over multiple stimulations with irradiated FBL cells. All of the constructs promoted accumulation of T cells relative to control T cells. (C) Expression of Fas-CD28 constructs but not full-length (FL) Fas promoted survival or expansion of T cells upon multiple stimulations *in vitro*.

Figures 12A and 12B show the structure and expression of fusion proteins comprising LAG3 extracellular components and CD28 co-stimulatory signaling domains. (A) Schematic representation of exemplary LAG3-CD28 constructs. Construct "I" contains LAG3 extracellular ("EC") and transmembrane ("TM") domains and a CD28 intracellular ("IC") signaling domain (LAG3tm-CD28). Construct "II" contains the extracellular domain of LAG3 and the transmembrane and intracellular domains of CD28 (LAG3-CD28tm). Constructs "III" and "IV" also incorporate a portion of the extracellular domain of CD28 adjacent to the transmembrane-proximal cysteine to promote multimerization and enhance CD28 signaling. To account for the extra extracellular amino acids (*e.g.*, extra nine (9) amino acids for murine constructs, or twelve (12) amino acids for human constructs), construct IV has a truncated portion of LAG3, wherein the LAG3 extracellular domain is truncated 9 amino acids. Constructs "I", "II", and "IV" maintain the short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*, between a T cell and an antigen presenting cell) and may co-localize with the TCR

within the cSMAC and deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. (B) Expression of LAG3-CD28 constructs by murine CD8⁺ T cells, as determined by anti-LAG3 antibody staining and flow cytometry. T cells transduced to express LAG3-CD28 constructs (LAG3tm-CD28; LAG3-CD28tm; LAG3-CD28Cys; LAG3-9aas-CD28Cys) exhibited
 5 expression of the constructs, in contrast with control T cells that received empty vector.

Figures 13A and 13B show the structure and expression of fusion proteins comprising TIM3 extracellular components and CD28 co-stimulatory signaling domains. (A) Schematic representation of exemplary TIM3-CD28 constructs. Construct "I" contains TIM3 extracellular ("EC") and transmembrane ("TM") domains
 10 and a CD28 intracellular ("IC") signaling domain (TIM3tm-CD28). Construct "II" contains the extracellular domain of TIM3 and the transmembrane and intracellular domains of CD28 (TIM3-CD28tm). Constructs "III" and "IV" also incorporate a portion of the extracellular domain of CD28 adjacent to the transmembrane-proximal cysteine to promote multimerization and enhance CD28 signaling. To account for the
 15 extra extracellular amino acids (*e.g.*, extra nine (9) amino acids for murine constructs, or twelve (12) amino acids for human constructs), construct IV has a truncated portion of TIM3, wherein the TIM3 extracellular domain is truncated 9 amino acids. Constructs "I", "II", and "IV" maintain the short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*, between a T cell and an antigen presenting cell) and may co-localize with the TCR
 20 within the cSMAC and deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. (B) Expression of TIM3-CD28 constructs by murine CD8⁺ T cells, as determined by anti-TIM3 antibody staining and flow cytometry. T cells transduced to express TIM3-CD28 constructs (TIM3tm-CD28; TIM3-CD28tm; TIM3-CD28Cys; TIM3-9aas-CD28Cys) typically exhibited expression of the constructs, in contrast with control T cells that received
 25 empty vector.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The instant disclosure provides fusion proteins that modulate signaling in a host cell, such as an immune cell. For example, fusion proteins of this disclosure can provide an activation or co-stimulatory signal in a human T cell, wherein the T cell may

optionally be engineered to have a preferred antigen-specific TCR. These immunomodulatory fusion proteins (IFPs) can interact with ubiquitously expressed targets or with targets that are commonly upregulated or overexpressed in non-normal cells (*e.g.*, a cancer cell). Such IFPs have an extracellular binding domain and an
5 intracellular signaling domain. By transducing T cells with engineered TCRs (*e.g.*, high affinity TCRs) and fusion proteins of this disclosure that generate activation signals, certain embodiments of T cells may no longer require exogenous co-stimulation upon interaction with, for example, a tumor cell.

In certain aspects, the present disclosure provides host cells (*e.g.*, immune cells
10 such as T cells, dendritic cells, NK cells or the like) comprising an IFP, vectors encoding IFPs, and methods of activating T cells comprising an IFP for various therapeutic applications, including the treatment of a disease in subject (*e.g.*, cancer, infectious disease).

Prior to setting forth this disclosure in more detail, it may be helpful to an
15 understanding thereof to provide definitions of certain terms to be used herein. Additional definitions are set forth throughout this disclosure.

In the present description, any concentration range, percentage range, ratio range, or integer range is to be understood to include the value of any integer within the recited range and, when appropriate, fractions thereof (such as one tenth and one
20 hundredth of an integer), unless otherwise indicated. Also, any number range recited herein relating to any physical feature, such as polymer subunits, size or thickness, are to be understood to include any integer within the recited range, unless otherwise indicated. As used herein, the term "about" means $\pm 20\%$ of the indicated range, value, or structure, unless otherwise indicated. It should be understood that the terms "a" and
25 "an" as used herein refer to "one or more" of the enumerated components. The use of the alternative (*e.g.*, "or") should be understood to mean either one, both, or any combination thereof of the alternatives. As used herein, the terms "include," "have" and "comprise" are used synonymously, which terms and variants thereof are intended to be construed as non-limiting.

The term "consisting essentially of" limits the scope of a claim to the specified materials or steps, or to those that do not materially affect the basic characteristics of a claimed invention. For example, a protein domain, region, or module (*e.g.*, a binding domain, hinge region, linker module) or a protein (which may have one or more domains, regions, or modules) "consists essentially of" a particular amino acid sequence when the amino acid sequence of a domain, region, or module or protein includes extensions, deletions, mutations, or any combination thereof (*e.g.*, amino acids at the amino- or carboxy-terminus or between domains) that, in combination, contribute to at most 20% (*e.g.*, at most 15%, 10%, 8%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, or 1%) of the length of a domain, region, or module or protein and do not substantially affect (*i.e.*, do not reduce the activity by more than 50%, such as no more than 40%, 30%, 25%, 20%, 15%, 10%, 5%, or 1%) the activity of the domain(s), region(s), module(s), or protein (*e.g.*, the target binding affinity of a binding protein).

As used herein, "heterologous" or "non-endogenous" or "exogenous" refers to any gene, protein, compound, molecule, or activity that is not native to a host cell or a subject, or is any gene, protein, compound, molecule, or activity native to a host or host cell that has been altered or mutated such that the structure, activity or both is different as between the native and mutated molecules. In certain embodiments, heterologous, non-endogenous or exogenous molecules (*e.g.*, receptors, ligands) may not be endogenous to a host cell or subject, but instead nucleic acids encoding such molecules may have been added to a host cell by conjugation, transformation, transfection, electroporation, or the like, wherein the added nucleic acid molecule may integrate into a host cell genome or can exist as extra-chromosomal genetic material (*e.g.*, as a plasmid or other self-replicating vector). The term "homologous" or "homolog" refers to a molecule or activity found in or derived from a host cell, species, or strain. For example, a heterologous or exogenous molecule or gene encoding the molecule may be homologous to a native host or host cell molecule or gene that encodes the molecule, respectively, but may have an altered structure, sequence, expression level or combinations thereof. A non-endogenous molecule may be from the same species, a different species, or a combination thereof.

As used herein, the term "endogenous" or "native" refers to a gene, protein, compound, molecule, or activity that is normally present in a host or host cell and has no engineered alterations.

A "binding domain" (also referred to as a "binding region" or "binding moiety"), as used herein, refers to a molecule, such as a peptide, oligopeptide, polypeptide or protein, that possesses the ability to specifically and non-covalently associate, unite, or combine with a target molecule (*e.g.*, CD200, CD47, CD19, CD20, CD22, ROR1, mesothelin, PD-L1, PD-L2, PSMA, WT-1, cyclin-A1). A binding domain includes any naturally occurring, synthetic, semi-synthetic, or recombinantly produced binding partner for a biological molecule or other target of interest or binding protein thereof. In some embodiments, the binding domain is an antigen-binding domain, such as an antibody or T cell receptor (TCR) or functional binding domain or antigen-binding fragment thereof. Exemplary binding domains include receptor ectodomains (*e.g.*, those of CD200R, PD-1, CTLA4, BTLA, CD2, Fas) or binding portions thereof, ligands (*e.g.*, cytokines such as IL35, chemokines) or binding portions thereof, single chain antibody variable regions (*e.g.*, domain antibodies, sFv, scFv, Fab) or binding portions thereof, antigen-binding regions of T cell receptors (TCRs), such as single chain TCRs (scTCRs), or synthetic polypeptides selected for the specific ability to bind to a biological molecule.

In some embodiments, "specifically binds" refers to an association or union of a binding domain, or a fusion protein thereof, to a target molecule with an affinity or K_a (*i.e.*, an equilibrium association constant of a particular binding interaction with units of $1/M$) equal to or greater than $10^5 M^{-1}$, or binds to such target molecule while not significantly associating or uniting with any other molecules or components in a sample. Binding domains (or fusion proteins thereof) may be classified as "high affinity" binding domains (or fusion proteins thereof) or "low affinity" binding domains (or fusion proteins thereof). "High affinity" binding domains refer to those binding domains with a K_a of at least $10^7 M^{-1}$, at least $10^8 M^{-1}$, at least $10^9 M^{-1}$, at least $10^{10} M^{-1}$, at least $10^{11} M^{-1}$, at least $10^{12} M^{-1}$, or at least $10^{13} M^{-1}$. "Low affinity" binding domains refer to those binding domains with a K_a of up to $10^7 M^{-1}$, up to $10^6 M^{-1}$, up to $10^5 M^{-1}$.

Alternatively, affinity may be defined as an equilibrium dissociation constant (K_d) of a particular binding interaction with units of M (*e.g.*, 10^{-5} M to 10^{-13} M). In certain embodiments, a binding domain may have "enhanced affinity," which refers to a selected or engineered binding domain with stronger binding to a target antigen than a wild type (or parent) binding domain. For example, enhanced affinity may be due to a K_a (equilibrium association constant) for the target antigen that is higher than the wild type binding domain, or due to a K_d (dissociation constant) for the target antigen that is less than that of the wild type binding domain, or due to an off-rate (K_{off}) for the target antigen that is less than that of the wild type binding domain. A variety of assays are known for identifying binding domains of the present disclosure that specifically bind a particular target, as well as determining binding domain or fusion protein affinities, such as Western blot, ELISA, and Biacore® analysis (*see also, e.g.,* Scatchard *et al.*, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 51:660, 1949; and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,283,173, 5,468,614, or the equivalent).

As used herein, a "fusion protein" refers to a polypeptide that, in a single chain, has at least two distinct domains, wherein the domains are not naturally found together in a protein. A nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein may be constructed using PCR, recombinantly engineered, or the like, or such fusion proteins can be made using methods of protein synthesis. A fusion protein may further contain other components (*e.g.*, covalently bound), such as a tag or bioactive molecule. In certain embodiments, a fusion protein expressed or produced by a host cell (*e.g.*, T cell) locates to the cell surface, where the fusion protein is anchored to the cell membrane with a portion of the fusion protein located extracellularly (*e.g.*, containing a binding domain) and a portion of the fusion protein located intracellularly (*e.g.*, containing a signaling domain).

A "hydrophobic component," as used herein, means any amino acid sequence having a three-dimensional structure that is thermodynamically stable in a cell membrane, and generally ranges in length from about 15 amino acids to about 30 amino acids. The structure of a hydrophobic component may comprise an alpha helix, a beta barrel, a beta sheet, a beta helix, or any combination thereof. In certain embodiments, a

hydrophobic component is comprised of a "transmembrane domain" from a known transmembrane protein, which is a portion of a transmembrane protein that can insert into or span a cell membrane. In further embodiments, a hydrophobic component or transmembrane domain can be disposed between and connect the extracellular and
 5 intracellular portions of a fusion protein. Additionally, the hydrophobic component may be modified to contain charged regions or hydrophilic residues to facilitate intermolecular interactions.

As used herein, an "intracellular signaling domain" is an intracellular portion of molecule, such as one used in a fusion protein of this disclosure, that can directly or
 10 indirectly promote a response such as a co-stimulatory, positive, or activating biological or physiological response in a cell when receiving the appropriate signal. In certain embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain is part of a protein or protein complex that receives a signal when bound, or itself can bind directly to a target molecule to transmit a signal to other components in the cell. An intracellular signaling domain
 15 may directly promote a cellular response when it contains one or more signaling domains or motifs, such as an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM), a kinase domain, a co-stimulatory domain, or the like. In other embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain will indirectly promote a cellular response by associating with one or more other proteins that in turn directly promote a cellular response. In
 20 some embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain or functional fragment thereof may be from a CD3 ϵ , CD3 δ , CD3 ζ , CD25, CD27, CD28, CD40, CD47, CD79A, CD79B, CD134 (OX40), CD137 (4-1BB), CD150 (SLAMF1), CD278 (ICOS), CD357 (GITR), CARD11, DAP10, DAP12, FcR α , FcR β , FcR γ , Fyn, Lck, LAT, LRP, NKG2D, NOTCH1, NOTCH2, NOTCH3, NOTCH4, ROR2, Ryk, Slp76, pT α , TCR α , TCR β ,
 25 TRIM, Zap70, PTCH2, or any combination thereof. In some embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain or functional fragment thereof does not comprise a CD3 ζ .

A "multimerization domain," as used herein, refers to a polypeptide molecule or region that preferentially interacts or associates with another polypeptide molecule or
 30 region, directly or indirectly, wherein the interaction of multimerization domains

substantially contribute to or efficiently promote multimerization (*i.e.*, the formation of a dimer, trimer, tetramer, or higher order multimers, which may be a homodimer, heterodimer, homotrimer, heterotrimer, homomultimer, heteromultimer, or the like). For example, multimerization may be due to one or more types of molecular forces, including covalent bonds (*e.g.*, disulfide bonds or bridges), ionic bonds, metallic bonds, electrostatic interactions, salt bridges, dipole-dipole forces, hydrogen bonding, Van der Waals forces, hydrophobic interactions, or any combination thereof. A multimer is stable under appropriate conditions (*e.g.*, physiological conditions, in an aqueous solution suitable for expressing, purifying, or storing recombinant or engineered proteins, or under conditions for non-denaturing or non-reducing electrophoresis). Exemplary multimerization domains may comprise one or more disulfide bonds, zinc finger motif, a leucine zipper motif, helix-turn-helix, helix-loop-helix, or the like.

In certain embodiments, a fusion protein may contain a "linker," which can provide a spacer function to facilitate the interaction of two single chain fusion proteins, or positioning of one or more binding domains, so that the resulting polypeptide structure maintains a specific binding affinity to a target molecule or maintains signaling activity (*e.g.*, effector domain activity) or both. Exemplary linkers include from one to about ten repeats of Gly_xSer_y, wherein x and y are independently an integer from 1 to 5.

"Junction amino acids" or "junction amino acid residues" refer to one or more (*e.g.*, about 2-20) amino acid residues between two adjacent motifs, regions, or domains of a fusion protein, such as between a binding domain and an adjacent hydrophobic component, or on one or both ends of a hydrophobic component. Junction amino acids may result from the construct design of a fusion protein (*e.g.*, amino acid residues resulting from the use of a restriction enzyme site during the construction of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein). In certain embodiments, junction amino acids form a linker, such as those having from one to about ten repeats of Gly_xSer_y, wherein x and y are independently an integer from 1 to 5.

As used herein, an "immune system cell" means any cell of the immune system that originates from a hematopoietic stem cell in the bone marrow, which gives rise to

two major lineages, a myeloid progenitor cell (which give rise to myeloid cells such as monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells, megakaryocytes and granulocytes) and a lymphoid progenitor cell (which give rise to lymphoid cells such as T cells, B cells and natural killer (NK) cells). Exemplary immune system cells include a CD4⁺ T cell, a CD8⁺ T cell, a CD4⁻ CD8⁻ double negative T cell, a $\gamma\delta$ T cell, a regulatory T cell, a natural killer cell, and a dendritic cell. Macrophages and dendritic cells may be referred to as "antigen presenting cells" or "APCs," which are specialized cells that can activate T cells when a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) receptor on the surface of the APC complexed with a peptide interacts with a TCR on the surface of a T cell.

10 A "T cell" is an immune system cell that matures in the thymus and produces T cell receptors (TCRs). T cells can be naïve (not exposed to antigen; increased expression of CD62L, CCR7, CD28, CD3, CD127, and CD45RA, and decreased expression of CD45RO as compared to T_{CM}), memory T cells (T_M) (antigen-experienced and long-lived), and effector cells (antigen-experienced, cytotoxic). T_M 15 can be further divided into subsets of central memory T cells (T_{CM}, increased expression of CD62L, CCR7, CD28, CD127, CD45RO, and CD95, and decreased expression of CD54RA as compared to naïve T cells) and effector memory T cells (T_{EM}, decreased expression of CD62L, CCR7, CD28, CD45RA, and increased expression of CD127 as compared to naïve T cells or T_{CM}). Effector T cells (T_E) refers 20 to antigen-experienced CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes that have decreased expression of CD62L, CCR7, CD28, and are positive for granzyme and perforin as compared to T_{CM}. Other exemplary T cells include regulatory T cells, such as CD4⁺ CD25⁺ (Foxp3⁺) regulatory T cells and Treg17 cells, as well as Tr1, Th3, CD8⁺CD28⁻, and Qa-1 restricted T cells.

25 "T cell receptor" (TCR) refers to a molecule found on the surface of T cells (or T lymphocytes) that, in association with CD3, is generally responsible for recognizing antigens bound to major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules. The TCR has a disulfide-linked heterodimer of the highly variable α and β chains (also known as TCR α and TCR β , respectively) in most T cells. In a small subset of T cells, the TCR is 30 made up of a heterodimer of variable γ and δ chains (also known as TCR γ and TCR δ ,

respectively). Each chain of the TCR is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and possesses one N-terminal immunoglobulin variable domain, one immunoglobulin constant domain, a transmembrane region, and a short cytoplasmic tail at the C-terminal end (*see Janeway et al., Immunobiology: The Immune System in Health and Disease*, 3rd Ed., Current Biology Publications, p. 4:33, 1997). TCR, as used in the present disclosure, may be from various animal species, including human, mouse, rat, cat, dog, goat, horse, or other mammals. TCRs may be cell-bound (*i.e.*, have a transmembrane region or domain) or in soluble form.

"Major histocompatibility complex molecules" (MHC molecules), which is used interchangeably and is understood to also refer to the human counterpart human leukocyte antigen (HLA molecules), refer to glycoproteins that deliver peptide antigens to a cell surface. MHC class I molecules are heterodimers consisting of a membrane spanning α chain (with three α domains) and a non-covalently associated β 2 microglobulin. MHC class II molecules are composed of two transmembrane glycoproteins, α and β , both of which span the membrane. Each chain has two domains. MHC (HLA) class I molecules deliver peptides originating in the cytosol to the cell surface, where peptide:MHC (or peptide:HLA in humans) complex is recognized by CD8⁺ T cells. MHC (HLA) class II molecules deliver peptides originating in the vesicular system to the cell surface, where they are recognized by CD4⁺ T cells. An MHC molecule may be from various animal species, including human, mouse, rat, or other mammals.

"Nucleic acid molecule", or polynucleotide, may be in the form of RNA or DNA, which includes cDNA, genomic DNA, and synthetic DNA. A nucleic acid molecule may be double stranded or single stranded, and if single stranded, may be the coding strand or non-coding (anti-sense strand). A coding molecule may have a coding sequence identical to a coding sequence known in the art or may have a different coding sequence, which, as the result of the redundancy or degeneracy of the genetic code, or by splicing, can encode the same polypeptide.

Variants of the nucleic acid molecules or polynucleotides of this disclosure are also contemplated. Variant polynucleotides are at least 90%, and preferably 95%, 99%,

or 99.9% identical to one of the polynucleotides of defined sequence as described herein, or that hybridizes to one of those polynucleotides of defined sequence under stringent hybridization conditions of 0.015M sodium chloride, 0.0015M sodium citrate at about 65-68°C or 0.015M sodium chloride, 0.0015M sodium citrate, and 50% formamide at about 42°C. The polynucleotide variants retain the capacity to encode a binding domain or fusion protein thereof having the functionality described herein.

The term "stringent" is used to refer to conditions that are commonly understood in the art as stringent. Hybridization stringency is principally determined by temperature, ionic strength, and the concentration of denaturing agents such as formamide. Examples of stringent conditions for hybridization and washing are 0.015M sodium chloride, 0.0015M sodium citrate at about 65-68°C or 0.015M sodium chloride, 0.0015M sodium citrate, and 50% formamide at about 42°C (*see Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1989).

More stringent conditions (such as higher temperature, lower ionic strength, higher formamide, or other denaturing agent) may also be used; however, the rate of hybridization will be affected. In instances wherein hybridization of deoxyoligonucleotides is concerned, additional exemplary stringent hybridization conditions include washing in 6x SSC, 0.05% sodium pyrophosphate at 37°C (for 14-base oligonucleotides), 48°C (for 17-base oligonucleotides), 55°C (for 20-base oligonucleotides), and 60°C (for 23-base oligonucleotides).

A "vector" is a nucleic acid molecule that is capable of transporting another nucleic acid. Vectors may be, for example, plasmids, cosmids, viruses, or phage. An "expression vector" is a vector that is capable of directing the expression of a protein encoded by one or more genes carried by the vector when it is present in the appropriate environment.

"Retroviruses" are viruses having an RNA genome. "Gammaretrovirus" refers to a genus of the retroviridae family. Exemplary gammaretroviruses include mouse stem cell virus, murine leukemia virus, feline leukemia virus, feline sarcoma virus, and avian reticuloendotheliosis viruses.

"Lentivirus" refers to a genus of retroviruses that are capable of infecting dividing and non-dividing cells. Several examples of lentiviruses include HIV (human immunodeficiency virus: including HIV type 1, and HIV type 2); equine infectious anemia virus; feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV); bovine immune deficiency virus
5 (BIV); and simian immunodeficiency virus (SIV).

The terms "identical" or "percent identity," in the context of two or more polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule sequences, means two or more sequences or subsequences that are the same or have a specified percentage of amino acid residues or nucleotides that are the same over a specified region (*e.g.*, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%,
10 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or 100% identity), when compared and aligned for maximum correspondence over a comparison window, or designated region, as measured using methods known in the art, such as a sequence comparison algorithm, by manual alignment, or by visual inspection. For example, preferred algorithms suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence
15 similarity are the BLAST and BLAST 2.0 algorithms, which are described in Altschul *et al.* (1977) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389 and Altschul *et al.* (1990) *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403, respectively.

"Treat" or "treatment" or "ameliorate" refers to medical management of a disease, disorder, or condition of a subject (*e.g.*, a human or non-human mammal, such
20 as a primate, horse, dog, mouse, or rat). In general, an appropriate dose or treatment regimen comprising a host cell expressing a fusion protein of this disclosure, and optionally an adjuvant or adjunctive therapy, is administered in an amount sufficient to elicit a therapeutic or prophylactic benefit. Therapeutic or prophylactic/preventive benefit includes improved clinical outcome; lessening or alleviation of symptoms
25 associated with a disease; decreased occurrence of symptoms; improved quality of life; longer disease-free status; diminishment of extent of disease, stabilization of disease state; delay of disease progression; remission; survival; prolonged survival; or any combination thereof.

A "therapeutically effective amount" or "effective amount" of a fusion protein or
30 cell expressing a fusion protein of this disclosure (*e.g.*, CD200R-CD28, SIRP α -CD28,

CD200R-41BB, SIRP α -41BB, CD200R-CD28-41BB, SIRP α -CD28-4-1BB or other such fusion proteins), in the context of a disease or condition being treated, refers to that amount of fusion protein or number of cells sufficient to result in amelioration of one or more symptoms of the disease being treated in a statistically significant manner
5 (e.g., reducing infection, reducing tumor size, inhibiting cancer growth or the like).

Immunomodulatory Fusion Proteins (IFPs)

In certain aspects, the present disclosure provides a fusion protein, comprising an extracellular component, a hydrophobic component, and an intracellular component. In some embodiments, the extracellular component includes a binding domain such as
10 one that specifically binds to a target. In some embodiments, the binding domain is from a molecule that ordinarily, e.g., in its natural setting, is capable of delivering a negative or inhibitory signal when bound to its binding partner or ligand or receptor, such as an immunoinhibitory receptor or checkpoint molecule, or the target is an inhibitory receptor or ligand or checkpoint molecule or other inhibitory ligand. In some
15 embodiments, the intracellular component includes a signaling domain, such as a costimulatory signaling domain or signaling region of a molecule generally capable of delivering a costimulatory or positive signal, e.g., to an immune cell. Thus, in some aspects, the fusion proteins are capable of delivering a positive or costimulatory signal in response to a binding event that in a natural setting would result in an inhibitory
20 signal.

In some embodiments, the fusion protein is such that a particular distance is achieved. For example, in some embodiments, a fusion protein::target complex (such as one comprised of an extracellular portion of a complex formed between the fusion protein and the target by specific binding thereto) is of a particular length or spans a
25 particular distance, such as a distance of up to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse, or that spanned by the extracellular portion of a cognate complex between a TCR and MHC molecule, e.g., following specific recognition thereof by a TCR, or the distance spanned by the extracellular portion of a complex formed between the natural molecule and its natural binding partner. In some
30 embodiments, the distance or length is sufficient to promote the colocalization of a

fusion protein with antigen receptor or other signaling molecule when expressed in an immune cell, such as a T cell, or entry into an immunologic synapse.

By way of background, an immunological synapse is an interface between cells, which can form between a variety of cells, such as between immune cells (Rossy *et al.*,
5 *Frontiers in Immunol.* 3: 1-12, 2012; Hatherley *et al.*, *Structure* 21:820, 2013). For example, in the case of a T cell contacting an antigen-presenting cell (APC), an immunological synapse can be formed by the binding of a TCR (found on the surface of a T cell) with an HLA-peptide (MHC-peptide for non-human) complex (found on the surface of, for example, APCs; HLA class I molecules can be found on the surface of
10 all nucleated cells, while HLA class II can conditionally be expressed on all cell types but are regularly found on APCs). In addition, an immunological synapse may be organized into supramolecular activation clusters (SMACs), which can affect lymphocyte activation, direct antigen-HLA (or antigen-MHC) complex presentation to lymphocytes, and direct secretion of cytokines or lytic granules between cells. A
15 SMAC can be comprised of three structures arranged in concentric circles: a central region (cSMAC) containing a high number of TCRs as well as co-stimulatory and inhibitory molecules, a peripheral region (pSMAC) where LFA-1 and talins are clustered, and a distal region (dSMAC) that is enriched for CD43 and CD45 molecules. In certain embodiments, an immunological synapse will span from about 10nm to about
20 15nm. For example, protein interactions found within the immunological synapse, such as the TCR::HLA-peptide interaction or a fusion protein-target interaction, generally span about 14nm between membranes. In certain embodiments, the width of a SMAC in an immunological synapse does not exceed 15nm.

In some embodiments, the extracellular span of a fusion protein::target complex
25 is such that it can localize to a particular compartment of an immunological synapse. Some complexes thought to localize to various compartments of the immunological synapse are well-characterized with regard to the length of their extracellular span. For example, the MHC-TCR complex is thought to have an extracellular span of approximately 10-15 nm and more integrin-based complexes are thought to have
30 extracellular spans on the order of approximately 40 nm (Alakoskela *et al.*, *Biophys J*

100:2865, 2011). Additional exemplary complexes include the CD2-CD48 complex, which is thought to have an extracellular span of approximately 12.8 nm (Milstein *et al.*, *J Biol Chem* 283:34414, 2008). Additionally, exemplary ligand-binding molecules thought to localize to the cSMAC include the TCR and MHC complexes, CD2, CD4, 5 CD8, CD28, and ligands thereof (Dustin *et al.*, *CSH Perspectives in Biology* 2:a002311, 2010); thus, it is contemplated that these molecules complexed with their natural ligands are of an appropriate size to localize to the cSMAC.

In some aspects, the length or distance or approximate length or distance of a particular construct or engineered extracellular portion thereof such as an extracellular 10 portion of a fusion protein, or complex of any of the foregoing such as with a binding partner thereof, may be determined or modeled by known methods. In some exemplary models, a protein's tertiary structure, binding domains, and other characteristics may be approximated using an input amino acid or nucleic acid sequence. The tertiary structure of a protein may be used to approximate extracellular portion size, flexibility, and other 15 characteristics useful for determining the approximate length of the extracellular portion of the protein or complex thereof. In general, methods for modeling or approximating the length of the extracellular portion of a protein are known. For example, molbiol-tools.ca and Swiss-Model contain multiple tools useful for predicting protein structure (*see also* Schwede, T., *Structure* 21:1531, 2013).

20 In certain embodiments, a fusion protein of this disclosure complexed, associated or interacting with a target is capable of residing within an immunological synapse. In some embodiments, the extracellular portion of a fusion protein::target complex spans an immunological synapse. In other embodiments, a fusion protein::target complex is localized in a supramolecular activation cluster (SMAC), 25 such as a cSMAC. In further embodiments, the extracellular portion of a fusion protein::target complex spans an immunological synapse defined by the extracellular portion of a TCR::HLA-peptide interaction. In still further embodiments, the length of the extracellular portion of a fusion protein::target complex is about 12nm to about 15nm, or is about 14 nm.

The distance between the cell membranes of cells interacting in an immunological synapse may be measured by any method known in the art. For example, in particular embodiments, the distance may be measured by a subdiffraction-resolution method or electron microscopy (James and Vale, *Nature* 487:64-69, 2012).

5 In particular embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein comprises an extracellular portion that extends less than 40 nm from the cell membrane. In some embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein comprises an extracellular portion that extends less than 30 nm from the cell membrane. In some embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein comprises an extracellular portion that extends less than 20
10 nm from the cell membrane. In some embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein comprises an extracellular portion that extends less than 15 nm from the cell membrane.

 In some embodiments, the provided fusion proteins provide the advantage of having an extracellular length or spatial distance as compared to the distance between cell membrane(s) that allows for entry into a synapse or co-localization with antigen
15 receptor, or that mimic a distance or length present in the natural proteins. In some embodiments, where the extracellular portion of the fusion protein includes domain(s) from an additional molecule, which is from a different molecule from which a binding domain is obtained, the length of the extracellular component containing the binding domain is reduced, *e.g.*, truncated, as compared to the extracellular region of the natural
20 molecule, to provide for such similar length or distance. In some embodiments, a fusion protein as described herein comprises an extracellular component comprising an extracellular domain of a cell-surface receptor and a second domain (*e.g.*, a linker or an extracellular domain of a second cell-surface receptor). In some such embodiments, to maintain an extracellular component capable of residing within an immunological
25 synapse or spanning an immunological synapse when complexed with a target molecule, one or more domains of the extracellular component may be truncated.

 In some diseases (*e.g.*, cancer), the amplitude and quality of a T cell response resulting from antigen recognition by a T cell receptor (TCR) can be dysregulated (*e.g.*, reduced) due to an imbalance between co-stimulatory and inhibitory signals, which can
30 result in immune resistance. One advantage of certain fusion proteins of the instant

disclosure is that a first signal can be converted into a qualitatively different second signal. For example, in some embodiments, the fusion proteins are such that a negative or inhibitory signal can effectively be converted into a positive or co-stimulatory signal to thereby relieve or minimize immune resistance associated with a disease, such as cancer. For example, upon binding to a target that, if bound by its natural binding partner, would result in inhibition or delivery of a negative signal, a fusion protein as provided herein, in some embodiments, is capable of instead delivering a positive, *e.g.*, costimulatory signal, to a cell in which it is expressed, such as in a T cell. In certain embodiments, a fusion protein of this disclosure comprises an extracellular component associated with a negative signal and an intracellular component associated with a positive signal. An exemplary receptor found on the surface of T cells, cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen 4 (CTLA4 or CD152), can receive an inhibitory signal when bound by one of its ligands, CD80 or CD86, found on APCs. CTLA4 regulates the amplitude of early stage T cell activation by counteracting the T cell co-stimulatory receptor CD28 (*see* Rudd *et al.*, *Immunol. Rev.* 229:12, 2009). Another exemplary receptor found on the surface of T cells, programmed cell death protein 1 (PD-1 or CD279), can receive an inhibitory signal when bound by one of its ligands, PD-L1 (B7-H1, CD274) or PD-L2 (B7-DC, CD73), found on APCs. PD-1 limits the activity of T cells in peripheral tissues during inflammation and to minimize autoimmunity (*see* Keir *et al.*, *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 26:677, 2008). Representative fusion proteins of this disclosure comprising an extracellular component associated with a negative signal (*e.g.*, CTLA4 or PD-1) and an intracellular component associated with a positive signal (*e.g.*, CD28, CD137) include a CTLA4-CD28 fusion protein, a CTLA4-CD137 fusion protein, a CTLA4-CD28-CD137 fusion protein, a PD1-CD28 fusion protein, a PD1-CD137 fusion protein, or a PD1-CD28-CD137 fusion protein.

Fusion proteins of the instant disclosure may block or reduce the number of inhibitory signals received by an immune cell. For example, in some embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein converts an inhibitory signal into a positive signal, thereby reducing the total number of inhibitory signals received by an immune cell or converting an ordinarily negative or inhibitory signal to a positive one. In other

embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein blocks the signaling of a wild-type receptor. For example, dominant negative fusion proteins are included within the scope of the disclosure. In some embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein binds to a wild-type receptor and blocks signaling of the wild-type receptor by forming an oligomer with the wild-type receptor.

Yet another advantage of certain fusion proteins of the instant disclosure is that more than one such fusion protein may be expressed by a cell, providing multiple stimulatory signals. It has been observed that recombinant TCRs possessing multiple co-stimulatory domains may not produce adequate co-stimulatory signaling. Co-expressing multiple immunomodulatory fusion proteins, especially those capable of residing within an immunological synapse, may provide the co-stimulatory signaling necessary for T cells to avoid anergy and proliferate.

In some embodiments, a fusion protein of the instant disclosure operates *in trans* relative to a TCR or chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) or other antigen receptor. In some embodiments, a fusion protein as disclosed herein operates outside of the immunological synapse.

In yet another aspect, a fusion protein of the instant disclosure allows for enrichment of transduced T cells by restimulation with tumor cells expressing a ligand that binds to the fusion protein, without the need for sorting.

In one exemplary embodiment, a fusion protein comprising (a) an extracellular portion of a CD200R, (b) a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28 is provided. In some embodiments, the extracellular portion further comprises an extracellular portion of a CD28 extending from the CD28 transmembrane domain. In further embodiments, the extracellular portion of the CD200R comprises at least about 231 amino acids from the N-terminus of CD200R. In still further embodiments, the fusion protein further comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD137 (4-1BB).

In another exemplary embodiment, the present disclosure provides a fusion protein comprising (a) an extracellular portion of a SIRP α , (b) a transmembrane domain of a CD28, and (c) an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28. In some embodiments,

the fusion protein further comprises an extracellular portion of a CD28 extending from the CD28 transmembrane domain. In further embodiments, the extracellular portion of the SIRP α comprises at least about 361 amino acids from the N-terminus of SIRP α . In still further embodiments, the fusion protein further comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD137 (4-1BB).

Component parts of the fusion proteins of the present disclosure are further described in detail herein.

Extracellular Component

As described herein, a fusion protein of the present disclosure generally comprises an extracellular component comprising a binding domain that specifically binds a target. Binding of a target by the fusion protein binding domain may (1) block the interaction of target with another molecule (*e.g.*, block or interfere with a receptor-ligand interaction), (2) interfere, reduce or eliminate certain functions of the target (*e.g.*, inhibitory signal transduction), (3) induce certain biological pathways not normally induced when the target is bound (*e.g.*, converting an inhibitory or negative signal into a stimulatory or positive signal), such as in a cell in which the fusion protein is expressed, or any combination thereof. In some embodiments, the fusion proteins as described herein comprise an extracellular portion, wherein the extracellular portion comprises an extracellular portion of protein associated with a negative signal.

Exemplary binding domains of this disclosure may be ectodomains of cell-surface receptors, or binding portions thereof, ectodomains of cell-surface ligands, cytokines (*e.g.*, IL35), chemokines, antibody-based binding domains, TCR-based binding domains, non-conventional binding domains, or any combination thereof. For example, binding domains comprising an ectodomain of CD200R, SIRP α , CD279 (PD-1), CD2, CD95 (Fas), CTLA4 (CD152), CD223 (LAG3), CD272 (BTLA), A2aR, KIR, TIM3, CD300, or LPA5 are within the scope of this disclosure. As used herein, an "ectodomain" from a cell-surface receptor or ligand includes a complete extracellular domain or a functional (binding) fragment thereof. In certain embodiments, an ectodomain comprises a mutated extracellular domain or a functional (binding) fragment thereof that has a higher avidity for target as compared to a wild-type or

reference protein. In certain embodiments, an ectodomain comprises a variable-like domain or a CDR of a variable-like domain.

In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component comprising a CD200-binding domain, such as a CD200R ectodomain or CD200-binding portion thereof. By way of background, CD200R is a receptor that binds to CD200, a type-1 membrane protein of the immunoglobulin superfamily (Tonks *et al.*, *Leukemia* 21:566-568, 2007). CD200 has been reported to be upregulated on various malignancies, including leukemias, multiple myeloma, and various solid tumors (*e.g.*, melanoma, breast, and squamous cell carcinoma). In fact, high levels of CD200 expression have been linked with poor prognosis for acute myeloid leukemia (AML), and CD200R signaling has been shown to have an inhibitory effect on T cells (Coles *et al.*, *Leukemia* 26: 2148-2151, 2012). In certain embodiments, a CD200R ectodomain includes a full length extracellular portion of a CD200R protein, a full length mature extracellular portion of a CD200R protein, a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a CD200R protein, or a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a CD200R protein along with a portion of the transmembrane domain of CD200R, or any combination thereof.

In further embodiments, a CD200R is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:2. In certain other embodiments, a CD200R ectodomain comprises at least 200 amino acids from the N-terminus of CD200R. In some other embodiments, a CD200R is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:11. In yet other embodiments, an extracellular portion of the CD200R comprises at least 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 231, 234, or 243 amino acids from the N-terminus of CD200R. For example, in certain embodiments, a CD200R is encoded by the nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:8. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a CD200R, a CD200R ectodomain, or any CD200R fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human CD200R. In further embodiments, there are provided CD200R ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least

100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:2.

In some embodiments, a CD200R comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:25. In some embodiments, a CD200R comprises an amino acid
5 sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:34. In certain embodiments, a CD200R comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:31. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a CD200R, a CD200R ectodomain, or any CD200R fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human CD200R. In further embodiments, there are provided CD200R ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at
10 least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:25.

In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component
15 comprising a CD47-binding domain such as a SIRP α ectodomain or binding portion thereof. By way of background, CD47 is a widely expressed transmembrane protein that plays a role in protecting cells from phagocytosis (Willingham *et al.*, *PNAS* 109: 6662–6667, 2012). Binding of CD47 to SIRP α initiates SIRP α signaling, which inhibits phagocytosis by macrophages. Accordingly, downregulation of SIRP α will
20 result in increased phagocytosis by macrophages. SIRP α is expressed on multiple human tumor types including AML, chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML), acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL), Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL), multiple myeloma (MM), lung, bladder, and other solid tumors. In certain embodiments, a SIRP α ectodomain includes a full length extracellular portion of a SIRP α protein, a full length
25 mature extracellular portion of a SIRP α protein, a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a SIRP α protein, and a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a SIRP α protein along with a portion of the transmembrane domain of SIRP α , or any combination thereof.

In further embodiments, a SIRP α ectodomain or binding portion thereof is
30 encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:17. In certain

embodiments, a SIRP α ectodomain comprises at least 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 361, 370, 373, or more amino acids from the N-terminus of SIRP α . In some other embodiments, a SIRP α is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:21. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a SIRP α , a SIRP α ectodomain, or
5 any SIRP α fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human SIRP α . In further embodiments, there are provided SIRP α ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having
10 an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:17.

In further embodiments, a SIRP α ectodomain comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:40. In some embodiments, a SIRP α comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:44. In any of the aforementioned
15 embodiments, a SIRP α , a SIRP α ectodomain, or any SIRP α fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human SIRP α . In further embodiments, there are provided SIRP α ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical
20 to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:40.

In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component comprising a binding domain that binds to PD-L1, PD-L2, or both. In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component comprising a PD-1
25 ectodomain or ligand-binding portion thereof. In certain embodiments, a PD-1 ectodomain includes a full length extracellular portion of a PD-1 protein, a full length mature extracellular portion of a PD-1 protein, a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a PD-1 protein, or a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a PD-1 protein along with a portion of the transmembrane domain of PD-1, or any combination
30 thereof. In certain embodiments, a PD-1 ectodomain comprises at least 80, 90, 100,

110, 120, 125, 130, 132, 135, 137, 140, 149, 150, 155, 158, 160, or 170 amino acids from the N-terminus of PD-1. For example, in certain embodiments, a PD-1 ectodomain is encoded by the nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:91, 93, or 95. In further embodiments, a PD-1 ectodomain comprises at least from about 90 amino acids to at least about 130 amino acids from a PD-1 as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:60. In still further embodiments, a PD-1 ectodomain comprises 170 amino acids from the N-terminus of a PD-1 ectodomain, as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:90. In some embodiments, a PD-1 is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:89. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a PD-1, a PD-1 ectodomain, or any PD-1 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human PD-1. In further embodiments, there are provided PD-1 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:60. In further embodiments, there are provided PD-1 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:90. In still further embodiments, there are provided PD-1 binding domains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:89.

In certain embodiments, a PD-1 ectodomain comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:92, 94, or 96. In further embodiments, there are provided PD-1 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an

ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.: 92, 94, or 96. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a PD-1, a PD-1 ectodomain, or any PD-1 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human PD-1.

5 In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component comprising a CD2 ectodomain. In certain embodiments, a CD2 ectodomain is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:61. In certain embodiments, a CD2 ectodomain includes a full length extracellular portion of a CD2 protein, a full length mature extracellular portion of a CD2 protein, a binding fragment of an
10 extracellular portion of a CD2 protein, or a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a CD2 protein along with a portion of the transmembrane domain of CD2, or any combination thereof. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a CD2, a CD2 ectodomain, or any CD2 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human CD2. In further embodiments, there are provided CD2 ectodomains that have a
15 sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in GenBank Accession No. NM_001767.3. In further embodiments, there are provided CD2
20 ectodomains s that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:61.

25 In some embodiments, a CD2 ectodomain comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:62. In further embodiments, there are provided CD2 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an
30 ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID

NO.:62. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a CD2, a CD2 ectodomain, or any CD2 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human CD2.

In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component comprising a binding domain that binds to FasL. In some embodiments, a fusion
5 protein contains an extracellular component comprising a Fas (CD95) ectodomain. Fas is expressed on tumor-associated vasculature and prevents CD8 cell infiltration by inducing cell death. In certain embodiments, a Fas ectodomain includes a full length extracellular portion of a Fas protein, a full length mature extracellular portion of a Fas protein, a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a Fas protein, and a binding
10 fragment of an extracellular portion of a Fas protein along with a portion of the transmembrane domain of Fas, or any combination thereof. In some embodiments, a Fas ectodomain is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:71. In yet other embodiments, a Fas ectodomain comprises at least 150, 160, 161, 166, 170, or 173 amino acids from the N-terminus of Fas. For example, in certain embodiments,
15 a Fas is encoded by the nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:73. In certain other embodiments, a Fas is encoded by the nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:75. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a Fas, a Fas ectodomain, or any Fas fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human Fas. In further embodiments, there are provided Fas ectodomains that have a sequence that is at
20 least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in GenBank Accession No. NM_000043.4. In still further embodiments, there are provided Fas ectodomains that
25 have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:71.

In some embodiments, a Fas ectodomain comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:72. In certain embodiments, a Fas ectodomain comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:74. In certain other embodiments, a Fas ectodomain comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:76. In
5 any of the aforementioned embodiments, a Fas, a Fas ectodomain, or any Fas fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human Fas. In further embodiments, there are provided Fas ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at
10 least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:72.

In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component comprising a LAG3 (CD223) ectodomain. In certain embodiments, a LAG3 ectodomain includes a full length extracellular portion of a LAG3 protein, a full length
15 mature extracellular portion of a LAG3 protein, a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a LAG3 protein, and a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a LAG3 protein along with a portion of the transmembrane domain of LAG3, or any combination thereof. For example, in some embodiments, a LAG3 ectodomain comprises about 420, 416, 415, 413, or 410 amino acids from the N terminus of LAG3.
20 In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a LAG3, a LAG3 ectodomain, or any LAG3 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human LAG3. In further embodiments, there are provided LAG3 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least
25 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in GenBank Accession No. NM_002286.5.

In further embodiments, a LAG3 is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:153. In certain other embodiments, a LAG3 ectodomain
30 comprises at least 430, 435, 438, 440, 445, or 450 amino acids from the N-terminus of

LAG3. For example, in certain embodiments, a LAG3 is encoded by the nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:161. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a LAG3, LAG3 ectodomain, or any LAG3 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human LAG3. In further embodiments, there are provided LAG3
5 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:153.

10 In some embodiments, a LAG3 comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:154. In some embodiments, a LAG3 comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:162. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a LAG3, a LAG3 ectodomain, or any LAG3 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human LAG3. In further embodiments, there are provided LAG3
15 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:154.

20 In some embodiments, a fusion protein contains an extracellular component comprising a TIM3 ectodomain. In certain embodiments, a TIM3 ectodomain includes a full length extracellular portion of a TIM3 protein, a full length mature extracellular portion of a TIM3 protein, a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a TIM3 protein, and a binding fragment of an extracellular portion of a TIM3 protein along with
25 a portion of the transmembrane domain of TIM3, or any combination thereof. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a TIM3, a TIM3 ectodomain, or any TIM3 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human TIM3. In further embodiments, there are provided TIM3 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%,
30 at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at

least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in GenBank Accession No.

NM_032782.4.

In further embodiments, a TIM3 is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:167. In certain other embodiments, a TIM3 ectodomain comprises at least 180, 185, 190, 195, or 200 amino acids from the N-terminus of TIM3. For example, in certain embodiments, a TIM3 is encoded by the nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:177. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a TIM3, TIM3 ectodomain, or any TIM3 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human TIM3. In further embodiments, there are provided TIM3 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:167.

In some embodiments, a TIM3 comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:168. In some embodiments, a TIM3 comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:178. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a TIM3, a TIM3 ectodomain, or any TIM3 fragment thereof used in a fusion protein of this disclosure is a human TIM3. In further embodiments, there are provided TIM3 ectodomains that have a sequence that is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or at least 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:168.

A binding domain may be any peptide that specifically binds a target of interest. Sources of binding domains include antibody variable regions from various species (which can be in the form of antibodies, sFvs, scFvs, Fabs, scFv-based grababody, or soluble VH domain or domain antibodies), including human, rodent, avian, or ovine. Additional sources of binding domains include variable regions of antibodies from

other species, such as camelid (from camels, dromedaries, or llamas; Ghahroudi *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* 414:521, 1997; Vincke *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* 284:3273, 2009; Hamers-Casterman *et al.*, *Nature* 363:446, 1993 and Nguyen *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 275:413, 1998), nurse sharks (Roux *et al.*, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 95:11804, 1998), spotted ratfish
 5 (Nguyen *et al.*, *Immunogen.* 54:39, 2002), or lamprey (Herrin *et al.*, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 105:2040, 2008 and Alder *et al.* *Nat. Immunol.* 9:319, 2008). These antibodies can form antigen-binding regions using only a heavy chain variable region, *i.e.*, these functional antibodies are homodimers of heavy chains only (referred to as "heavy chain antibodies") (Jespers *et al.*, *Nat. Biotechnol.* 22:1161, 2004; Cortez-
 10 Retamozo *et al.*, *Cancer Res.* 64:2853, 2004; Baral *et al.*, *Nature Med.* 12:580, 2006; and Barthelemy *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* 283:3639, 2008).

An alternative source of non-conventional binding domains of this disclosure includes sequences that encode random peptide libraries or sequences that encode an engineered diversity of amino acids in loop regions of alternative non-antibody
 15 scaffolds, such as scTCR (*see, e.g.*, Lake *et al.*, *Int. Immunol.* 11:745, 1999; Maynard *et al.*, *J. Immunol. Methods* 306:51, 2005; U.S. Patent No. 8,361,794), fibrinogen domains (*see, e.g.*, Weisel *et al.*, *Science* 230:1388, 1985), Kunitz domains (*see, e.g.*, US Patent No. 6,423,498), designed ankyrin repeat proteins (DARPin) (Binz *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 332:489, 2003 and Binz *et al.*, *Nat. Biotechnol.* 22:575, 2004), fibronectin binding
 20 domains (adnectins or monobodies) (Richards *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 326:1475, 2003; Parker *et al.*, *Protein Eng. Des. Selec.* 18:435, 2005 and Hackel *et al.* (2008) *J. Mol. Biol.* 381:1238-1252), cysteine-knot miniproteins (Vita *et al.* (1995) *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 92:6404-6408; Martin *et al.* (2002) *Nat. Biotechnol.* 21:71, 2002 and Huang *et al.* (2005) *Structure* 13:755, 2005), tetratricopeptide repeat domains (Main *et al.*,
 25 *Structure* 11:497, 2003 and Cortajarena *et al.*, *ACS Chem. Biol.* 3:161, 2008), leucine-rich repeat domains (Stumpp *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 332:471, 2003), lipocalin domains (*see, e.g.*, WO 2006/095164, Beste *et al.*, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 96:1898, 1999 and Schönfeld *et al.*, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 106:8198, 2009), V-like domains (*see, e.g.*, US Patent Application Publication No. 2007/0065431), C-type lectin domains
 30 (Zelensky and Gready, *FEBS J.* 272:6179, 2005; Beavil *et al.*, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci.*

(USA) 89:753, 1992 and Sato *et al.*, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 100:7779, 2003), mAb² or FcabTM (*see, e.g.*, PCT Patent Application Publication Nos. WO 2007/098934; WO 2006/072620), armadillo repeat proteins (*see, e.g.*, Madhurantakam *et al.*, *Protein Sci.* 21: 1015, 2012; PCT Patent Application Publication No. WO 2009/040338), affilin
 5 (Ebersbach *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 372: 172, 2007), affibody, avimers, knottins, fynomers, atrimers, cytotoxic T-lymphocyte associated protein-4 (Weidle *et al.*, *Cancer Gen. Proteo.* 10:155, 2013) or the like (Nord *et al.*, *Protein Eng.* 8:601, 1995; Nord *et al.*, *Nat. Biotechnol.* 15:772, 1997; Nord *et al.*, *Euro. J. Biochem.* 268:4269, 2001; Binz *et al.*, *Nat. Biotechnol.* 23:1257, 2005; Boersma and Plückthun, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.*
 10 22:849, 2011).

In some embodiments, a binding domain is a single chain T cell receptor (scTCR) comprising V_{αβ} and C_{αβ} chains (*e.g.*, V_α-C_α, V_β-C_β, V_α-V_β) or comprising V_α-C_α, V_β-C_β, V_α-V_β pair specific for a target of interest (*e.g.*, peptide-MHC complex or peptide-HLA complex).

15 In certain embodiments, a binding domain comprises or is a sequence that is at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, at least 99.5%, or 100% identical to an ectodomain of a molecule having an amino acid sequence of a TCR V_α, V_β, C_α, or C_β, wherein each CDR comprises zero changes or at most one, two, or three changes, from
 20 a TCR or fragment or derivative thereof that specifically binds to a target of interest.

In certain embodiments, a binding domain V_α, V_β, C_α, or C_β region of the present disclosure can be derived from or based on a V_α, V_β, C_α, or C_β of a known TCR (*e.g.*, a high-affinity TCR) and contains one or more (*e.g.*, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10) insertions, one or more (*e.g.*, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10) deletions, one or more (*e.g.*, 2, 3,
 25 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10) amino acid substitutions (*e.g.*, conservative amino acid substitutions or non-conservative amino acid substitutions), or a combination of the above-noted changes, when compared with the V_α, V_β, C_α, or C_β of a known TCR. An insertion, deletion or substitution may be anywhere in a V_α, V_β, C_α, or C_β region, including at the amino- or carboxy-terminus or both ends of these regions, provided that each CDR
 30 comprises zero changes or at most one, two, or three changes and provided a binding

domain containing a modified V_{α} , V_{β} , C_{α} , or C_{β} region can still specifically bind its target with an affinity similar to wild type. In certain embodiments, a TCR has an affinity for a peptide-HLA complex ranging from about 10 μ M to about 500 μ M. In further embodiments, a TCR has a high affinity for a peptide-HLA complex ranging from about 10nM to about 200pM.

In certain aspects, a fusion protein according to the present disclosure has an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target (*e.g.*, a ligand or receptor), wherein the extracellular component optionally includes one or more other functional subcomponents or domains, such as a multimerization domain, a linker, junction amino acids, or any combination thereof.

In certain embodiments, a fusion protein disclosed herein further comprises an additional extracellular region in addition to the binding domain or in addition to the portion derived from the molecule from which the binding domain is derived, such as a spacer or a multimerization domain. For example, in some aspects a multimerization domain is contained in or is a part of the extracellular component of the fusion protein. For example, a multimerization domain may be created by altering (*e.g.*, mutating) the extracellular component, or a multimerization domain may be created by adding 1 to about 50 amino acid residues to the extracellular component. A multimerization domain may be located between the binding domain of the extracellular component and a hydrophobic component of a fusion protein of this disclosure. In certain embodiments, a fusion protein expressed on a cell surface comprises a multimerization domain within the extracellular component and is proximal to the cell membrane, within one to 50 amino acids from the hydrophobic component. For example, a fusion protein multimerization domain may comprise one or more cysteine residues located within 30, 25, 20, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 or 0 amino acids from the fusion protein hydrophobic component, wherein such one or more cysteine residues from one fusion protein can form one or more disulfide bridges with one or more other fusion proteins. In some embodiments, the additional extracellular portion is derived from the same molecule from which a transmembrane or stimulatory region of the fusion protein is derived.

In further embodiments, interaction(s) between multimerization domains of two or more fusion proteins substantially contribute to or efficiently promote signal transduction (*e.g.*, immune cell stimulation or activation) as compared to a fusion protein monomer. In certain embodiments, multimerization of fusion proteins promote
5 signal transduction in a host cell in a statistically significant manner over fusion protein monomers. In further embodiments, multimerization of fusion proteins that promotes or enhances signal transduction in a host cell is via a disulfide bridge.

An exemplary multimer is a "dimer," which refers to a biological entity containing two molecules, such as two fusion proteins, associated with each other.
10 Such a dimer is considered a "homodimer" when the two associated fusion proteins have substantially similar or identical amino acid sequences. Similarly, multimerization of three substantially or fully identical fusion proteins is referred to as a "homotrimer." In some embodiments, a multimerization domain comprises at least one cysteine residue, wherein a multimerization domain cysteine residue from a first fusion protein
15 can form a disulfide bridge with a multimerization domain cysteine residue from a second fusion protein. In certain embodiments, a fusion protein dimer forms via a disulfide bridge. In other embodiments, a fusion protein trimer forms via two or more disulfide bridges. Alternatively, a dimer, homodimer, trimer or homotrimer may multimerize via a zinc finger motif or a leucine zipper motif. In still further
20 embodiments, a fusion protein comprises a plurality of multimerization domains, which can be located extracellularly, intracellularly or both.

In some embodiments, a multimerization domain contained in the extracellular component of a fusion protein comprises an extracellular portion extending from the hydrophobic component. For example, in some embodiments, a multimerization
25 domain contained in the extracellular component of a fusion protein comprises an extracellular portion of a CD28 extending from a CD28 transmembrane domain. In some embodiments, an extracellular portion of the CD28 comprises about 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, or up to about 25 amino acids adjacent to the transmembrane domain. In some embodiments, the extracellular portion of the CD28 comprises 9
30 amino acids or 12 amino acids adjacent to the transmembrane domain. In some

embodiments, the extracellular portion of a CD28 comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:9. In some embodiments, the extracellular portion of a CD28 comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:32. In yet another exemplary embodiment, a

5 multimerization domain contained in the extracellular component of a fusion protein comprises an extracellular portion of a CD137 (4-1BB) (*e.g.*, ranging from one to about 50 amino acids) extending from a CD137 (4-1BB) transmembrane domain. In certain embodiments, the multimerization domain and the hydrophobic component are from different proteins. For example, a multimerization domain contained in the

10 extracellular component of a fusion protein comprises an extracellular portion of a CD28 extending from a CD137 transmembrane domain, or comprises an extracellular portion of a CD137 extending from a CD28 transmembrane domain. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, a multimerization domain may further comprise a glycosylation site.

15 In some embodiments, a fusion protein may contain a linker or junction amino acids connecting, for example, an extracellular component with a multimerization domain or connecting an extracellular component with a hydrophobic component or connecting a hydrophobic component with an intracellular component. In some embodiments, the linker is a Gly_xSer_y, wherein x and y are independently an integer

20 from 1 to 5.

A target molecule, which is specifically bound by a binding domain contained in a fusion protein of the present disclosure, may be found on or in association with a cell of interest ("target cell"). Exemplary target cells include an immune cell, a cancer cell, a cell associated with an autoimmune disease or disorder or with an inflammatory

25 disease or disorder, and an infectious organism or cell (*e.g.*, bacteria, virus, virus-infected cell), or any cell presenting antigen complexed with a MHC or human leukocyte antigen (HLA). A cell of an infectious organism, such as a mammalian parasite, is also contemplated as a target cell. In some embodiments, the target is an immunosuppressive ligand. In some embodiments, the target is selected from a CD47,

CD58, CD80, CD86, CD95L (FasL), CD200, CD270 (HVEM), CD274 (PD-L1), or GAL9.

Intracellular Component

An intracellular component contained in a fusion protein of the present disclosure will have an intracellular signaling domain, such as an activating domain or a co-stimulatory domain, capable of transmitting functional signals to a cell. In certain embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain will indirectly promote a cellular response by associating with one or more other proteins that directly promote a cellular response. An intracellular signaling domain may include one, two, three or more receptor signaling domains, costimulatory domains, or combinations thereof. Any intracellular component comprising an activating domain, co-stimulatory domain, or both from any of a variety of signaling molecules (*e.g.*, signal transduction receptors) may be used in the fusion proteins of this disclosure.

As used herein, an "intracellular signaling domain" from a cell-surface receptor or ligand includes a complete intracellular domain, a portion comprising an intracellular signaling domain, or a functional (signaling) fragment thereof. In certain embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain comprises a mutated intracellular domain or a functional (signaling) fragment thereof that has increased signaling activity as compared to a wild-type or reference intracellular signaling domain.

A "co-stimulatory molecule" as used herein refers to a receptor or cell-surface molecule that can transduce signals into T cells to positively modulate T cell activation (Chen and Flies, *Nat. Rev. Immunol.* 13: 227-242, 2013). By way of background, T cell activation and proliferation requires two signals mediated through engagement of the T cell antigen-specific receptor (TCR) and a co-stimulatory signal, most typically binding of CD28 by CD80 and CD86 (Ledbetter *et al.*, *Blood* 75:1531, 1990).

An intracellular signaling domain or functional fragment thereof useful in the fusion proteins of this disclosure may be from a CD3 ϵ , CD3 δ , CD3 ζ , CD25, CD27, CD28, CD40, CD47, CD79A, CD79B, CD134 (OX40), CD137 (4-1BB), CD150 (SLAMF1), CD278 (ICOS), CD357 (GITR), CARD11, DAP10, DAP12, FcR α , FcR β , FcR γ , Fyn, Lck, LAT, LRP, NKG2D, NOTCH1, NOTCH2, NOTCH3, NOTCH4,

ROR2, Ryk, Slp76, pTα, TCRα, TCRβ, TRIM, Zap70, PTCH2, or any combination thereof. In some embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain or functional fragment thereof does not comprise a primary signal. In some embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain does not comprise a CD3ζ.

5 In some embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain of a fusion protein of this disclosure comprises a CD28. CD28 signaling promotes proliferation of T cells stimulated via the TCR (Chen and Flies, *Nat. Rev. Immunol.* 13: 227-242, 2013). CD28 forms disulfide-linked homodimers, as a result of the cysteine residue proximal to the transmembrane domain (Lazar-Molnar *et al.*, *Cell Immunol.* 244: 125-129, 2006). In
10 certain embodiments, a CD28 signaling domain includes a full length intracellular portion of a CD28 protein, a full length mature intracellular portion of a CD28 protein, a signaling fragment of an intracellular portion of a CD28 protein, and a signaling fragment of an intracellular portion of a CD28 protein along with a transmembrane domain or fragment thereof of CD28, or any combination thereof.

15 In some embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain of a fusion protein contains an intracellular signaling domain of a CD137 (4-1BB). CD137 is a co-stimulatory molecule, wherein binding of CD137 to its ligand (4-1BBL or CD137L) is associated with T cell activation and proliferation (Cheuk *et al.*, *Cancer Gene Therapy* 11: 215-226, 2004). In certain embodiments, a CD137 signaling domain includes a full
20 length intracellular portion of a CD137 protein, a full length mature intracellular portion of a CD137 protein, a signaling fragment of an intracellular portion of a CD137 protein, and a signaling fragment of an intracellular portion of a CD137 protein along with a transmembrane domain or fragment thereof of CD137, or any combination thereof.

 In certain embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain comprises a
25 lymphocyte receptor signaling domain or comprises an amino acid sequences having one or a plurality of immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs). In still further embodiments, an intracellular signaling domain comprises a cytoplasmic portion that associates with a cytoplasmic signaling protein, wherein the cytoplasmic signaling protein is a lymphocyte receptor or signaling domain thereof, a protein comprising a
30 plurality of ITAMs, a costimulatory factor, or any combination thereof.

In some exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a fusion protein having an extracellular component comprising an extracellular portion of a CD200R that specifically binds CD200, an intracellular component comprising an intracellular portion of CD28, and a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components, provided that a fusion protein:target complex spans a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse.

In particular embodiments, an intracellular component of a fusion protein of the instant disclosure comprises a CD28, a CD137 (4-1BB) or both. For example, in some embodiments, an intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:5. In some other embodiments, an intracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:13. In some embodiments, an intracellular component comprises two intracellular signaling domains, for example, a CD28 and a CD137 (4-1BB). In some embodiments, an intracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:5 and the amino acid sequence encoded by the nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:13.

Hydrophobic Component

A hydrophobic portion contained in a single chain fusion protein of the present disclosure will allow a fusion protein of this disclosure to associate with a cellular membrane such that a portion of the fusion protein will be located extracellularly and a portion will be located intracellularly (*e.g.*, intracellular signaling domain). A hydrophobic component will generally be disposed within the cellular membrane phospholipid bilayer. In certain embodiments, one or more junction amino acids may be disposed between and connecting a hydrophobic portion with an intracellular signaling domain.

In certain embodiments, a hydrophobic domain is a transmembrane domain, such as one derived from an integral membrane protein (*e.g.*, receptor, cluster of differentiation (CD) molecule, enzyme, transporter, cell adhesion molecule, or the like).

In some embodiments, the hydrophobic domain comprises a transmembrane domain found in or derived from an integral membrane protein, wherein the transmembrane domain has been modified by the addition, removal, or replacement of one or more amino acids with at least one different amino acid, or any combination thereof, such as charged or hydrophilic residues that facilitate intermolecular interactions. Thus, the term "hydrophobic domain" includes transmembrane domains having, for example, modifications that may reduce hydrophobicity.

In some embodiments, the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD2, CD3 ϵ , CD3 δ , CD3 ζ , CD25, CD27, CD28, CD40, CD47, CD79A, CD79B, CD80, CD86, CD95 (Fas), CD134 (OX40), CD137 (4-1BB), CD150 (SLAMF1), CD152 (CTLA4), CD200R, CD223 (LAG3), CD270 (HVEM), CD272 (BTLA), CD273 (PD-L2), CD274 (PD-L1), CD278 (ICOS), CD279 (PD-1), TIM3, CD300, CD357 (GITR), A2aR, DAP10, FcR α , FcR β , FcR γ , Fyn, GAL9, KIR, Lck, LAT, LPA5, LRP, NKG2D, NOTCH1, NOTCH2, NOTCH3, NOTCH4, PTCH2, ROR2, Ryk, Slp76, SIRP α , pT α , TCR α , TCR β , TIM3, TRIM, or Zap70. In particular embodiments, a hydrophobic portion is a transmembrane domain from CD28, CD4, CD8, CD27, or CD137 (4-1BB). In certain embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a CD28 transmembrane domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:4. In certain other embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a CD200R transmembrane domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:3. In still other embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a SIRP α transmembrane domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:18. In further embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a CD2 transmembrane domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:63. In still further embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a Fas transmembrane domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:77. In still further embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a TIM3 transmembrane domain. In still further embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a TIM3 transmembrane domain having an amino acid

sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:169. In still further embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a LAG3 transmembrane domain. In some embodiments, a transmembrane domain is a LAG3 transmembrane domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:155.

Nucleic Acids and Host Cells

In certain aspects, the present disclosure provides nucleic acid molecules that encode any one or more of the fusion proteins described herein, which may be immunomodulatory fusion proteins (IFPs). Such nucleic acid molecules can be inserted into an appropriate vector (*e.g.*, viral vector or non-viral plasmid vector) for introduction in a host cell of interest (*e.g.*, hematopoietic progenitor cell, T cell).

As used herein, the term "recombinant" or "non-natural" refers to an organism, microorganism, cell, nucleic acid molecule, or vector that includes at least one genetic alteration or has been modified by introduction of an exogenous nucleic acid molecule, wherein such alterations or modifications are introduced by genetic engineering. Genetic alterations include, for example, modifications introducing expressible nucleic acid molecules encoding proteins, fusion proteins or enzymes, or other nucleic acid molecule additions, deletions, substitutions or other functional disruption of a cell's genetic material. Additional modifications include, for example, non-coding regulatory regions in which the modifications alter expression of a gene or operon. In certain embodiments, a cell, such as a T cell, obtained from a subject may be converted into a non-natural or recombinant cell (*e.g.*, a non-natural or recombinant T cell) by introducing a nucleic acid that encodes a fusion protein as described herein and whereby the cell expresses a fusion protein.

In certain embodiments, nucleic acid molecules encoding fusion proteins may be codon optimized to enhance or maximize expression in certain types of cells, such as T cells (Scholten *et al.*, *Clin. Immunol.* 119: 135-145, 2006).

In one exemplary embodiment, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CD200R-CD28 construct (huCD200Rtm-CD28), wherein the extracellular component comprises a CD200R ectodomain, the hydrophobic component

comprises the transmembrane domain of a CD200R, and the intracellular component comprises the intracellular signaling domain of a CD28. For example, in one embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:1 is provided.

In another exemplary embodiment, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CD200R-CD28 construct (huCD200R-CD28tm), wherein the hydrophobic component comprises the transmembrane domain of a CD28. For example, in one embodiment, the disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:6.

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CD200R-CD28 construct, wherein the extracellular comprises a truncated extracellular domain of CD200R and an extracellular portion of CD28. For example, the CD200R extracellular domain may be truncated by 9 amino acids (*e.g.*, huCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:7) or by 12 amino acids (*e.g.*, huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:10).

In one exemplary embodiment, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CD200R-CD28-4-1BB construct (huCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys_{tm}-41BB_{ic} or huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys_{tm}-41BB_{ic}), wherein the intracellular component comprises the intracellular signaling domain of CD137 (4-1BB). For example, in one embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule has the nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:12 or SEQ ID NO.:14.

In another exemplary embodiment, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CD200R-CD28-4-1BB construct (huCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys_{tm}-41BB_{ic} or huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys_{tm}-41BB_{ic}), wherein the intracellular component comprises the intracellular signaling domain of CD28 and of CD137 (4-1BB). In one embodiment, for example, the nucleic acid of the present disclosure has the nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:9 or SEQ ID NO.:15.

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a SIRP α -CD28 construct. For example, the present disclosure includes a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:16 (huSIRP α _{tm}-CD28) or SEQ ID NO.:19 (huSIRP α -CD28_{tm}).

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a SIRP α -CD28 construct, wherein the extracellular component comprises a truncated extracellular domain of SIRP α and an extracellular portion of CD28. For example, the SIRP α extracellular domain may be truncated by 12 amino acids (*e.g.*, huSIRP α -12aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:20).

In one exemplary embodiment, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a SIRP α -CD28-4-1BB construct (huSIRP α -12aas-CD28Cys-41BBic), wherein the intracellular component comprises the intracellular signaling domain of CD137 (4-1BB). For example, in one embodiment, the nucleic acid of the present disclosure has the nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:22.

In another exemplary embodiment, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a SIRP α -CD28-4-1BB construct (huSIRP α -12aas-CD28Cys-41BBic), wherein the intracellular component comprises the intracellular signaling domain of CD28 and of CD137 (4-1BB). In one embodiment, for example, the nucleic acid of the present disclosure has the nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:23.

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a PD-1-CD28 construct. For example, the present disclosure includes a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:97 (huPD1-CD28Cys).

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a PD-1-CD28 construct, wherein the extracellular component comprises a truncated extracellular domain of PD-1 and an extracellular portion of CD28. For example, the PD-1 extracellular domain may be truncated by 12 amino acids (*e.g.*, huPD1-12aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:99), 15 amino acids (*e.g.*, huPD1-15aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:101), or 21 amino acids (*e.g.*, huPD1-21aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:103).

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CD2-CD28 construct. For example, the present disclosure includes a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:69 (huCD2-CD28Cys).

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a Fas-CD28 construct. For example, the present disclosure includes a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:83 (huFas-CD28Cys).

5 In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a Fas-CD28 construct, wherein the extracellular component comprises a truncated extracellular domain of Fas and an extracellular portion of CD28. For example, the Fas extracellular domain may be truncated by 7 amino acids (*e.g.*, huFas-7aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:85) or 12 amino acids (*e.g.*, huFas-12aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:87).

10 In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a TIM3-CD28 construct. For example, the present disclosure includes a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:173 (huTIM3-CD28Cys). Also included within the scope of the disclosure is a TIM3-CD28 fusion protein, wherein the extracellular component comprises a truncated extracellular domain of
15 TIM3 and an extracellular portion of CD28. For example, the TIM3 extracellular domain may be truncated by 12 amino acids (*e.g.*, huTIM3-12aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID NO.:175).

In other exemplary embodiments, the present disclosure provides a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a LAG3-CD28 construct. For example, the present disclosure
20 includes a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:163 (huLAG3-CD28Cys). Also included within the scope of the disclosure is a LAG3-CD28 fusion protein, wherein the extracellular component comprises a truncated extracellular domain of LAG3 and an extracellular portion of CD28. For example, the LAG3 extracellular domain may be truncated by 12 amino acids (*e.g.*, huLAG3-12aas-CD28Cys, SEQ ID
25 NO.:159).

A vector that encodes a core virus is referred to herein as a "viral vector." There are a large number of available viral vectors suitable for use with the compositions of the instant disclosure, including those identified for human gene therapy applications (*see* Pfeifer and Verma, *Ann. Rev. Genomics Hum. Genet.* 2:177, 2001). Suitable viral
30 vectors include vectors based on RNA viruses, such as retrovirus-derived vectors, *e.g.*,

Moloney murine leukemia virus (MLV)-derived vectors, and include more complex retrovirus-derived vectors, *e.g.*, lentivirus-derived vectors. HIV-1-derived vectors belong to this category. Other examples include lentivirus vectors derived from HIV-2, FIV, equine infectious anemia virus, SIV, and Maedi-Visna virus (ovine lentivirus).

- 5 Methods of using retroviral and lentiviral viral vectors and packaging cells for transducing mammalian host cells with viral particles containing chimeric antigen receptor transgenes are known in the art and have been previously described, for example, in U.S. Patent 8,119,772; Walchli *et al.*, *PLoS One* 6:327930, 2011; Zhao *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 174:4415, 2005; Engels *et al.*, *Hum. Gene Ther.* 14:1155, 2003; Frecha *et al.*,
10 *Mol. Ther.* 18:1748, 2010; Verhoeven *et al.*, *Methods Mol. Biol.* 506:97, 2009. Retroviral and lentiviral vector constructs and expression systems are also commercially available.

- In certain embodiments, a viral vector is used to introduce a non-endogenous nucleic acid sequence encoding a fusion protein or a non-endogenous nucleic acid
15 sequence encoding a fusion protein specific for a target. A viral vector may be a retroviral vector or a lentiviral vector. A viral vector may also include nucleic acid sequences encoding a marker for transduction. Transduction markers for viral vectors are known in the art and include selection markers, which may confer drug resistance, or detectable markers, such as fluorescent markers or cell surface proteins that can be
20 detected by methods such as flow cytometry. In particular embodiments, a viral vector further comprises a gene marker for transduction comprising green fluorescent protein (GFP), an extracellular domain of human CD2, or a truncated human EGFR (huEGFRt; *see Wang et al.*, *Blood* 118:1255, 2011). When a viral vector genome comprises a plurality of nucleic acid sequences to be expressed in a host cell as separate transcripts,
25 the viral vector may also comprise additional sequences between the two (or more) transcripts allowing bicistronic or multicistronic expression. Examples of such sequences used in viral vectors include internal ribosome entry sites (IRES), furin cleavage sites, viral 2A peptide, or any combination thereof.

- Other vectors also can be used for polynucleotide delivery including DNA viral
30 vectors, including, for example adenovirus-based vectors and adeno-associated virus

(AAV)-based vectors; vectors derived from herpes simplex viruses (HSVs), including amplicon vectors, replication-defective HSV and attenuated HSV (Krisky *et al.*, *Gene Ther.* 5: 1517, 1998).

Other vectors recently developed for gene therapy uses can also be used with the
5 compositions and methods of this disclosure. Such vectors include those derived from
baculoviruses and α -viruses (Jolly, D J. 1999. Emerging Viral Vectors. pp 209-40 in
Friedmann T. ed. The Development of Human Gene Therapy. New York: Cold Spring
Harbor Lab), or plasmid vectors (such as sleeping beauty or other transposon vectors).
In some embodiments, a viral or plasmid vector further comprises a gene marker for
10 transduction (*e.g.* green fluorescent protein, huEGFRt).

In some embodiments, a vector encoding a fusion protein as disclosed herein
may encode more than one fusion protein. For example, a vector may encode two
different fusion proteins (*e.g.*, a first fusion protein comprising a PD-1 ectodomain and
a second fusion protein comprising a TIM3 ectodomain).

15 In some embodiments, a vector encoding a fusion protein as disclosed herein
may further comprise an antigen-specific TCR. In some embodiments, the antigen-
specific TCR is exogenous. In some embodiments, the antigen-specific TCR is specific
to a HLA (MHC) class I restricted antigen. In some embodiments, the antigen is a
cancer-specific antigen. Embodiments wherein the cancer-specific antigen comprises
20 WT-1, mesothelin, or cyclin-A1 are also within the scope of the disclosure. In still
other embodiments, a vector that encodes a fusion protein as disclosed herein further
encodes a ligand, which may be CD200, CD47, PD-L1, or CD58. In yet further
embodiments, a vector that encodes a fusion protein as disclosed herein further encodes
an siRNA for reducing the expression of an endogenous receptor. In some particular
25 embodiments, the endogenous receptor is CD200R, SIRP α , CD279 (PD-1), CD95 (Fas)
or CD2.

In some embodiments, host cells capable of expressing a fusion protein of this
disclosure on the cell surface are immune cells. In some embodiments, host cells
capable of expressing a fusion protein of this disclosure on the cell surface are T cells,
30 including primary cells or cell lines derived from human, mouse, rat, or other mammals.

If obtained from a mammal, a T cell can be obtained from numerous sources, including blood, bone marrow, lymph node, thymus, or other tissues or fluids. A T cell may be enriched or purified. T cell lines are well known in the art, some of which are described in Sandberg *et al.*, *Leukemia* 21:230, 2000. In certain embodiments, T cells that lack
5 endogenous expression of TCR α and β chains are used. Such T cells may naturally lack endogenous expression of TCR α and β chains or may have been modified to block expression (*e.g.*, T cells from a transgenic mouse that does not express TCR α and β chains or cells that have been manipulated to inhibit expression of TCR α and β chains) or to knockout TCR α chain, TCR β chain, or both genes. In some embodiments, T cells
10 may be engineered to express a TCR specific to a particular antigen.

In certain embodiments, a host cell transfected to express a fusion protein of this disclosure is a functional T cell, such as a virus-specific T cell, a tumor antigen specific cytotoxic T cell, a naïve T cell, a memory stem T cell, a central or effector memory T cell, $\gamma\delta$ T cells, or a CD4⁺ CD25⁺ regulatory T cell. In further embodiments, a nucleic
15 acid molecule encoding a fusion protein of this disclosure is introduced into bulk CD8⁺ T cells, naïve CD8⁺ T cells, CD8⁺ T_{CM} cells, CD8⁺ T_{EM} cells, or any combination thereof. In still further embodiments, a nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein of this disclosure is introduced into bulk CD4⁺ T cells, naïve CD4⁺ T cells, CD4⁺ T_{CM} cells, CD4⁺ T_{EM} cells, or any combination thereof. In other embodiments, a nucleic
20 acid molecule encoding a fusion protein of this disclosure is introduced into a population of T cells enriched for naïve CD8⁺ T cells and CD8⁺ T_{CM} cells. In still other embodiments, a nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein of this disclosure is introduced into a population of T cells enriched for naïve CD4⁺ T cells and CD4⁺ T_{CM} cells. In any of the aforementioned embodiments, the T cells further contain a
25 nucleic acid molecule encoding an engineered antigen-specific T cell receptor (TCR), an engineered antigen-specific high affinity TCR, an exogenous co-stimulatory molecule, a chimeric antigen receptor (CAR), or any combination thereof.

In certain embodiments, a host cell transfected to express a fusion protein of this disclosure is a functional natural killer cell.

One or more growth factor cytokines that promote proliferation of T cells expressing a fusion protein of this disclosure may be added to the culture used to expand T cells. The cytokines may be human or non-human. Exemplary growth factor cytokines that may be used promote T cell proliferation include IL2, IL15, or the like.

5 In certain embodiments, a host T cell transfected to express a fusion protein of this disclosure is a CD4⁺ T cell that also expresses an antigen-specific high-affinity TCR specific to a HLA (MHC) class I restricted antigen (see Soto *et al.*, *Cancer Immunol Immunother.* 62: 359–369, 2013).

In certain embodiments, a host T cell transfected to express a fusion protein of
10 this disclosure also expresses a recombinant TCR specific to a cancer antigen. In some embodiments, the cancer antigen is a WT1. “WT1” refers to Wilm’s tumor 1, a transcription factor that contains four zinc-finger motifs at the C-terminus and a proline/glutamine-rich DNA binding domain at the N-terminus. WT1 has an essential
15 subset of patients with Wilm’s tumors. High expression of WT1 has been observed in various cancers, including, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, acute leukemias, vascular neoplasms, melanomas, colon cancer, lung cancer, thyroid cancer, bone and soft tissue sarcoma, and esophageal cancer. Alternative splicing has been noted for WT1.

In certain embodiments, a host T cell transfected to express a fusion protein of
20 this disclosure also expresses a recombinant TCR specific to mesothelin. “Mesothelin” (MSLN) refers to a gene that encodes a precursor protein that is cleaved into two products, megakaryocyte potentiating factor and mesothelin. Megakaryocyte potentiation factor functions as a cytokine that can stimulate colony formation in bone marrow megakaryocytes. Mesothelin is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored cell-
25 surface protein that may function as a cell adhesion protein. This protein is overexpressed in epithelial mesotheliomas, ovarian cancers and in specific squamous cell carcinomas. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

In certain embodiments, a host T cell transfected to express a fusion protein of this disclosure also expresses a recombinant TCR specific to cyclin-A1.

In certain embodiments, a host T cell transfected to express a fusion protein of this disclosure also expresses a CAR.

In still other embodiments, a host cell that expresses a fusion protein as disclosed herein further comprises a ligand, which may be CD200, CD47, PD-L1, or
 5 CD58. In yet further embodiments, a host cell that expresses a fusion protein as disclosed herein further expresses an siRNA for reducing the expression of an endogenous receptor. In some particular embodiments, the endogenous receptor is CD200R, SIRP α , CD279 (PD-1), CD95 (Fas), or CD2.

In some embodiments, a host cell that expresses a fusion protein as disclosed
 10 herein may express more than one fusion protein. For example, the host cell may express two different fusion proteins (*e.g.*, a first fusion protein comprising a PD-1 ectodomain and a second fusion protein comprising a TIM3 ectodomain).

Uses

Diseases that may be treated with cells expressing fusion proteins as described
 15 in the present disclosure include cancer, infectious diseases (viral, bacterial, protozoan infections), immune diseases (*e.g.*, autoimmune), or aging-related diseases (*e.g.*, senescence). Adoptive immune and gene therapy are promising treatments for various types of cancer (Morgan *et al.*, *Science* 314:126, 2006; Schmitt *et al.*, *Hum. Gene Ther.* 20:1240, 2009; June, *J. Clin. Invest.* 117:1466, 2007) and infectious disease (Kitchen *et al.*,
 20 *PLoS One* 4:38208, 2009; Rossi *et al.*, *Nat. Biotechnol.* 25:1444, 2007; Zhang *et al.*, *PLoS Pathog.* 6:e1001018, 2010; Luo *et al.*, *J. Mol. Med.* 89:903, 2011).

A wide variety of cancers, including solid tumors and leukemias are amenable to the compositions and methods disclosed herein. Exemplary types of cancer that may be treated include adenocarcinoma of the breast, prostate, and colon; all forms of
 25 bronchogenic carcinoma of the lung; myeloid leukemia; melanoma; hepatoma; neuroblastoma; papilloma; apudoma; choristoma; branchioma; malignant carcinoid syndrome; carcinoid heart disease; and carcinoma (*e.g.*, Walker, basal cell, basosquamous, Brown-Pearce, ductal, Ehrlich tumor, Krebs 2, Merkel cell, mucinous, non-small cell lung, oat cell, papillary, scirrhous, bronchiolar, bronchogenic, squamous
 30 cell, and transitional cell). Additional types of cancers that may be treated include

- histiocytic disorders; malignant histiocytosis; leukemia; Hodgkin's disease; immunoproliferative small; non-Hodgkin's lymphoma; plasmacytoma; reticuloendotheliosis; melanoma; chondroblastoma; chondroma; chondrosarcoma; fibroma; fibrosarcoma; giant cell tumors; histiocytoma; lipoma; liposarcoma;
- 5 mesothelioma; myxoma; myxosarcoma; osteoma; osteosarcoma; chordoma; craniopharyngioma; dysgerminoma; hamartoma; mesenchymoma; mesonephroma; myosarcoma; ameloblastoma; cementoma; odontoma; teratoma; thymoma; trophoblastic tumor. Further, the following types of cancers are also contemplated as amenable to treatment: adenoma; cholangioma; cholesteatoma; cyclindroma;
- 10 cystadenocarcinoma; cystadenoma; granulosa cell tumor; gynandroblastoma; hepatoma; hidradenoma; islet cell tumor; Leydig cell tumor; papilloma; sertoli cell tumor; theca cell tumor; leiomyoma; leiomyosarcoma; myoblastoma; myomma; myosarcoma; rhabdomyoma; rhabdomyosarcoma; ependymoma; ganglioneuroma; glioma; medulloblastoma; meningioma; neurilemmoma; neuroblastoma; neuroepithelioma;
- 15 neurofibroma; neuroma; paraganglioma; paraganglioma nonchromaffin. The types of cancers that may be treated also include angiokeratoma; angiolymphoid hyperplasia with eosinophilia; angioma sclerosing; angiomatosis; glomangioma; hemangioendothelioma; hemangioma; hemangiopericytoma; hemangiosarcoma; lymphangioma; lymphangiomyoma; lymphangiosarcoma; pinealoma; carcinosarcoma;
- 20 chondrosarcoma; cystosarcoma phyllodes; fibrosarcoma; hemangiosarcoma; leiomyosarcoma; leukosarcoma; liposarcoma; lymphangiosarcoma; myosarcoma; myxosarcoma; ovarian carcinoma; rhabdomyosarcoma; sarcoma; neoplasms; neurofibromatosis; and cervical dysplasia.

- Exemplifying the variety of hyperproliferative disorders amenable to a fusion
- 25 protein T cell therapy are B-cell cancers, including B-cell lymphomas (such as various forms of Hodgkin's disease, non-Hodgkins lymphoma (NHL) or central nervous system lymphomas), leukemias (such as acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL), chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), Hairy cell leukemia, B cell blast transformation of chronic myeloid leukemia) and myelomas (such as multiple myeloma). Additional B
- 30 cell cancers include small lymphocytic lymphoma, B-cell prolymphocytic leukemia,

lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma, splenic marginal zone lymphoma, plasma cell myeloma, solitary plasmacytoma of bone, extraosseous plasmacytoma, extra-nodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma of mucosa-associated (MALT) lymphoid tissue, nodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma, follicular lymphoma, mantle cell lymphoma, diffuse
 5 large B-cell lymphoma, mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma, intravascular large B-cell lymphoma, primary effusion lymphoma, Burkitt's lymphoma/leukemia, B-cell proliferations of uncertain malignant potential, lymphomatoid granulomatosis, and post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder.

Inflammatory and autoimmune diseases include arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis,
 10 juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, polychondritis, psoriatic arthritis, psoriasis, dermatitis, polymyositis/dermatomyositis, inclusion body myositis, inflammatory myositis, toxic epidermal necrolysis, systemic scleroderma and sclerosis, CREST syndrome, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, respiratory distress syndrome, adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), meningitis,
 15 encephalitis, uveitis, colitis, glomerulonephritis, allergic conditions, eczema, asthma, conditions involving infiltration of T cells and chronic inflammatory responses, atherosclerosis, autoimmune myocarditis, leukocyte adhesion deficiency, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), subacute cutaneous lupus erythematosus, discoid lupus, lupus myelitis, lupus cerebritis, juvenile onset diabetes, multiple sclerosis, allergic
 20 encephalomyelitis, neuromyelitis optica, rheumatic fever, Sydenham's chorea, immune responses associated with acute and delayed hypersensitivity mediated by cytokines and T-lymphocytes, tuberculosis, sarcoidosis, granulomatosis including Wegener's granulomatosis and Churg-Strauss disease, agranulocytosis, vasculitis (including hypersensitivity vasculitis/angiitis, ANCA and rheumatoid vasculitis), aplastic anemia,
 25 Diamond Blackfan anemia, immune hemolytic anemia including autoimmune hemolytic anemia (AIHA), pernicious anemia, pure red cell aplasia (PRCA), Factor VIII deficiency, hemophilia A, autoimmune neutropenia, pancytopenia, leukopenia, diseases involving leukocyte diapedesis, central nervous system (CNS) inflammatory disorders, multiple organ injury syndrome, myasthenia gravis, antigen-antibody
 30 complex mediated diseases, anti-glomerular basement membrane disease, anti-

phospholipid antibody syndrome, allergic neuritis, Behcet disease, Castleman's syndrome, Goodpasture's syndrome, Lambert-Eaton Myasthenic Syndrome, Reynaud's syndrome, Sjorgen's syndrome, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, solid organ transplant rejection, graft versus host disease (GVHD), bullous pemphigoid, pemphigus,

5 autoimmune polyendocrinopathies, seronegative spondyloarthropathies, Reiter's disease, stiff-man syndrome, giant cell arteritis, immune complex nephritis, IgA nephropathy, IgM polyneuropathies or IgM mediated neuropathy, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP), thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP), Henoch-Schonlein purpura, autoimmune thrombocytopenia, autoimmune disease of the testis

10 and ovary including autoimmune orchitis and oophoritis, primary hypothyroidism; autoimmune endocrine diseases including autoimmune thyroiditis, chronic thyroiditis (Hashimoto's Thyroiditis), subacute thyroiditis, idiopathic hypothyroidism, Addison's disease, Grave's disease, autoimmune polyglandular syndromes (or polyglandular endocrinopathy syndromes), Type I diabetes also referred to as insulin-dependent

15 diabetes mellitus (IDDM) and Sheehan's syndrome; autoimmune hepatitis, lymphoid interstitial pneumonitis (HIV), bronchiolitis obliterans (non-transplant), non-specific interstitial pneumonia (NSIP), Guillain-Barré Syndrome, large vessel vasculitis (including polymyalgia rheumatica and giant cell (Takayasu's) arteritis), medium vessel vasculitis (including Kawasaki's disease and polyarteritis nodosa), polyarteritis nodosa

20 (PAN) ankylosing spondylitis, Berger's disease (IgA nephropathy), rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis, primary biliary cirrhosis, Celiac sprue (gluten enteropathy), cryoglobulinemia, cryoglobulinemia associated with hepatitis, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), coronary artery disease, familial Mediterranean fever, microscopic polyangiitis, Cogan's syndrome, Whiskott-Aldrich syndrome and thromboangiitis

25 obliterans.

In particular embodiments, a method of treating a subject with the fusion protein as disclosed herein include acute myelocytic leukemia, acute lymphocytic leukemia, and chronic myelocytic leukemia.

Infectious diseases include those associated with infectious agents and include

30 any of a variety of bacteria (*e.g.*, pathogenic *E. coli*, *S. typhimurium*, *P. aeruginosa*, *B.*

anthracis, *C. botulinum*, *C. difficile*, *C. perfringens*, *H. pylori*, *V. cholerae*, *Listeria spp.*, *Rickettsia spp.*, *Chlamydia spp.*, and the like), mycobacteria, and parasites (including any known parasitic member of the Protozoa). Infectious viruses include eukaryotic viruses, such as adenovirus, bunyavirus, herpesvirus, papovavirus,

5 papillomavirus (*e.g.*, HPV), paramyxovirus, picornavirus, rhabdovirus (*e.g.*, Rabies), orthomyxovirus (*e.g.*, influenza), poxvirus (*e.g.*, Vaccinia), reovirus, retrovirus, lentivirus (*e.g.*, HIV), flavivirus (*e.g.*, HCV, HBV) or the like. In certain embodiments, infection with cytosolic pathogens whose antigens are processed and displayed with HLA (MHC) Class I molecules, are treated with fusion proteins of this disclosure.

10 A fusion protein of this disclosure may be administered to a subject in cell-bound form (*e.g.*, gene therapy of target cell population (mature T cells (*e.g.*, CD8⁺ or CD4⁺ T cells) or other cells of T cell lineage)). In a particular embodiment, cells of T cell lineage expressing fusion proteins administered to a subject are syngeneic, allogeneic, or autologous cells.

15 Pharmaceutical compositions including fusion proteins of this disclosure may be administered in a manner appropriate to the disease or condition to be treated (or prevented) as determined by persons skilled in the medical art. An appropriate dose, suitable duration, and frequency of administration of the compositions will be determined by such factors as the condition of the patient, size, type and severity of the
20 disease, particular form of the active ingredient, and the method of administration. The present disclosure provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising cells expressing a fusion protein as disclosed herein and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluents, or excipient. Suitable excipients include water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, or the like and combinations thereof.

25 In some embodiments, the disclosure is directed to a method of increasing the activity of an immune cell, enhancing or prolonging an immune response, stimulating an antigen-specific T cell response, inhibiting an immunosuppressive signaling pathway, treating cancer or a tumor, inhibiting immune resistance of cancer cells, or treating an infection, comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective
30 amount of a host cell expressing a fusion protein as described herein. In further

embodiments, a host cell for use in any of the aforementioned methods further expresses an engineered antigen-specific TCR, an engineered antigen-specific high affinity TCR, a CAR, a co-stimulatory molecule, or any combination thereof. In particular embodiments, methods of treating leukemia are provided, comprising co-expressing a fusion protein as disclosed herein and a recombinant, antigen-specific TCR.

In some embodiments, there are provided methods of inducing or enhancing a Class I HLA response by a CD4⁺ T cell, comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a CD4⁺ T cell expressing a fusion protein as described herein. In further embodiments, a host cell for use in inducing or enhancing a Class I HLA response by a CD4⁺ T cell further expresses an engineered antigen-specific TCR, an engineered antigen-specific high affinity TCR, a CAR, a co-stimulatory molecule, or any combination thereof.

In any of the aforementioned embodiments, the methods are effective in the absence of administering exogenous IL-2.

In still other embodiments, a subject of any of the aforementioned methods is further treated with an adjunctive therapy, such as a chemotherapy. Exemplary chemotherapeutic agents include, for example, alkylating agents such as thiopeta and cyclophosphamide; alkyl sulfonates such as busulfan, improsulfan and piposulfan; aziridines such as benzodopa, carboquone, meturedopa, and uredopa; ethylenimines and methylamelamines including altretamine, triethylenemelamine, triethylenephosphoramide, triethylenethiophosphoramide and trimethylolomelamine; nitrogen mustards such as chlorambucil, chlornaphazine, cholophosphamide, estramustine, ifosfamide, mechlorethamine, mechlorethamine oxide hydrochloride, melphalan, novembichin, phenesterine, prednimustine, trofosfamide, uracil mustard; nitrosureas such as carmustine, chlorozotocin, fotemustine, lomustine, nimustine, ranimustine; antibiotics such as aclacinomysins, actinomycin, authramycin, azaserine, bleomycins, cactinomycin, calicheamicin, carabycin, caminomycin, carzinophilin, chromomycins, dactinomycin, daunorubicin, detorubicin, 6-diazo-5-oxo-L-norleucine, doxorubicin, epirubicin, esorubicin, idarubicin, marcellomycin, mitomycins,

- mycophenolic acid, nogalamycin, olivomycins, peplomycin, potfiromycin, puromycin, quelamycin, rodorubicin, streptonigrin, streptozocin, tubercidin, ubenimex, zinostatin, zorubicin; anti-metabolites such as methotrexate and 5-fluorouracil (5-FU); folic acid analogues such as denopterin, methotrexate, pteropterin, trimetrexate; purine analogs
- 5 such as fludarabine, 6-mercaptopurine, thiamiprine, thioguanine; pyrimidine analogs such as ancitabine, azacitidine, 6-azauridine, carmofur, cytarabine, dideoxyuridine, doxifluridine, enocitabine, floxuridine, 5-FU; androgens such as calusterone, dromostanolone propionate, epitio stanol, mepitio stanane, testolactone; anti-adrenals such as aminogluthethimide, mitotane, trilostane; folic acid replenisher such as frolic acid;
- 10 aceglatone; aldophosphamide glycoside; aminolevulinic acid; amsacrine; bestabucil; bisantrene; edatraxate; defofamine; demecolcine; diazi quone; elformithine; elliptinium acetate; etoglucid; gallium nitrate; hydroxyurea; lentinan; lonidamine; mitoguanzone; mitoxantrone; mopidamol; nitracrine; pentostatin; phenamet; pirarubicin; podophyllinic acid; 2-ethylhydrazide; procarbazine; PSKTM; razoxane; sizofiran; spirogermanium;
- 15 tenuazonic acid; triazi quone; 2, 2',2''-trichlorotriethylamine; urethan; vindesine; dacarbazine; mannomustine; mitobronitol; mitolactol; pipobroman; gacytosine; arabinoside ("Ara-C"); cyclophosphamide; thiotepa; taxanes, e.g. paclitaxel (Taxol™, Bristol-Myers Squibb Oncology, Princeton, N.J.) and docetaxel (Taxotere™, Rhone-Poulenc Rorer, Antony, France); chlorambucil; gemcitabine; 6-thioguanine;
- 20 mercaptopurine; methotrexate; platinum analogs such as cisplatin and carboplatin; vinblastine; platinum; etoposide (VP-16); ifosfamide; mitomycin C; mitoxantrone; vincristine; vinorelbine; navelbine; novantrone; teniposide; daunomycin; aminopterin; xeloda; ibandronate; CPT-11; topoisomerase inhibitor RFS 2000; difluoromethylornithine (DMFO); retinoic acid; esperamicins, capecitabine; and
- 25 pharmaceutically acceptable salts, acids or derivatives of any of the above.

- In some embodiments, the adjunctive therapy is a vaccine, an inhibitor of an immunosuppression signal, a B-Raf inhibitor, a MEK inhibitor, a tyrosine kinase inhibitor, a cytotoxic agent, a chemotherapeutic, or any combination thereof. In some
- embodiments, the inhibitor of an immunosuppression signal is an antibody or siRNA.
- 30 In some embodiments, the antibody or siRNA is specific for PD-1, PD-L1, PD-L2,

CTLA4, LAG3, KIR, CD244, B7-H3, B7-H4, BTLA, HVEM, GAL9, TIM3, A2aR, or any combination thereof.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

5 CD200R-CD28 FUSION PROTEIN CONSTRUCTIONS

Exemplary fusion proteins as described herein are illustrated using schematic representations in Figure 1A. Exemplary fusion proteins include immunomodulatory fusion proteins (IFPs) comprised of the extracellular domain of CD200R or a portion thereof, and an intracellular signaling domain of CD28 or a portion thereof (Figure 1A, constructs I-V). The hydrophobic component may be comprised of the transmembrane domain of either CD200R (Figure 1A, construct I) or CD28 (Figure 1A, constructs II-V), or portions thereof. In some exemplary CD200R-CD28 fusion proteins, the hydrophobic component comprises the transmembrane domain of CD28 and the extracellular component further comprises an extracellular portion of CD28, particularly an extracellular cysteine residue adjacent to the hydrophobic component (e.g., Figure 1A construct III, CD200R-CD28Cys; construct IV, CD200R-3aas-CD28Cys; and construct V, CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys). The extracellular component may comprise all or a portion of the extracellular domain of CD200R. In some embodiments, the extracellular component comprises the entire extracellular domain of CD200R (Figure 1A, constructs I-III). In other examples, the extracellular component comprises the first 235 amino acids (preserving an N-linked glycosylation site) (e.g., Figure 1A, construct IV, CD200R-3aas-CD28Cys) or the first 229 amino acids (e.g., Figure 1A, construct V, CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys) from the N-terminus of CD200R. The size of the extracellular component, which may be manipulated by adjusting the fusion protein construct, may affect the ability of the fusion protein to enter the immunological synapse and co-localize with the TCR within the cSMAC to deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. Additionally, the CD200R-CD28 construct has the

capacity to convert what would typically be an inhibitory signal from the binding of CD200R to its target into a positive signal generated by the CD28 intracellular signaling domain.

An exemplary nucleic acid molecule encoding a CD200R-CD28 fusion protein comprises the following elements (5' to 3'): Extracellular Component (CD200R)-Multimerization Domain (CD28 Cysteine)-Hydrophobic Component (CD28 transmembrane)-Intracellular Component (CD28 intracellular). In some embodiments, a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CD200R-CD28 fusion protein comprises a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOS.:47-51 or 1, 6, 7, 10, 12, 14, or 15.

Nucleic acids encoding the constructs were ordered from Invitrogen or generated in-house by PCR then directionally TOPO-cloned into the pENTRTM/D-TOPO[®] vector (Invitrogen), and transferred into the retroviral vector pMP71-attR using Gateway[®] technology (Invitrogen). In certain embodiments, the nucleic acid molecules encoding IFPs of the instant disclosure were codon optimized before cloning into the pMP71-attR retroviral vector.

EXAMPLE 2

TRANSGENIC EXPRESSION OF CD200R-CD28 CONSTRUCTS

A preclinical mouse model for disseminated leukemia, based on the murine C57BL/6 Friend virus-induced erythroleukemia (FBL) and TCR_{gag} transgenic mice, was used to determine if CD200R-CD28 chimeric receptors can improve T cell function.

TCR transgenic mice were generated to produce CD8⁺ T cells specific for the gag epitope (TCR_{gag}). C57BL/6 (B6) mice were purchased from the Jackson Laboratory. TCR_{gag} transgenic mice express a TCR transgene specific for the Friend virus gag epitope in CD8⁺ T cell (Öhlén *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 166: 2863-2870, 2001). All animal studies performed were approved under the University of Washington Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee protocol (Protocol # 2013-01). The

murine B6 Friend virus induced erythroleukemia (FBL) expresses the F-MuLV encoded gag epitope (peptide CCLCLTVFL).

CD200R-CD28 chimeric constructs based on murine genes were inserted into the pMP71 retroviral vector and used to transduce primary mouse splenocytes
 5 stimulated with anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibodies. Constructs were designed as described in Example 1, and ordered from Invitrogen or generated in-house by PCR. The constructs were then directionally TOPO-cloned into the pENTRTM/D-TOPO[®] vector (Invitrogen), and transferred into the retroviral vector pMP71-attR using Gateway[®] technology (Invitrogen). The retroviral packaging cell line Plat-E (Morita *et*
 10 *al.*, 2000, *Gene Therapy* 7:1063-1066, 2000; Cell Biolabs, Inc.) was transduced with the retroviral vector using effectene transduction reagent (Qiagen). Viral supernatant was collected on days 2 and 3 and then used to transduce TCR_{gag} T cells.

One day prior to the transfection, TCR_{gag} T cells were stimulated with anti-CD3/CD28 and 100 U/mL rhIL-2. Transduction of TCR_{gag} T cells was performed in 12
 15 well plates in the presence of IL-2 and polybrene by spinfection for 90 minutes at 1000g. FBL cells were transduced with CD200 with polybrene spinfection, similar to T cell transduction, and subsequently sorted to generate a homogenous population.

Five days after transduction, CD8⁺ T cells were analyzed for construct expression by anti-CD200R antibody staining and flow cytometry (Figure 1B). A
 20 vector encoding green fluorescent protein (GFP) was used as a control. Transduction efficiency ranged from 4-36% and the mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) of the transduced cells was similar between constructs.

EXAMPLE 3

CD200R-CD28 CONSTRUCTS PROMOTE *IN VITRO* PROLIFERATION, ACCUMULATION, 25 AND EFFECTOR FUNCTION OF TRANSDUCED T CELLS

The CD200R-CD28 constructs described in Examples 1 and 2 were assessed for their abilities to promote proliferation, accumulation, and effector function of TCR_{gag} T cells.

Expansion of effector cells in vitro

TCR_{gag} effector cells were generated *in vitro* as previously described (Stromnes *et al.*, *J. Clin. Invest.* 120: 3722-34, 2010). Irradiated antigen presenting splenocytes (5×10^6), irradiated FBL (3×10^6), and TCR_{gag} tg cells (10^6) were cultured together with IL-2 (50 U/mL) in 10 mL of culture media (IMDM supplemented with non-essential amino acids, 2 μ M glutamine, 100 U/mL penicillin/streptomycin, 10% FBS, and 50 μ M 2-mercapatoethanol). T cells were restimulated weekly and assessed by flow cytometry 5-7 days after the last stimulation.

In vitro T cell proliferation assay

TCR_{gag} T cells were transduced as in Example 2. To assess T cell proliferation *in vitro*, TCR_{gag} T cells were stained with CellTrace Violet (CTV, Life Technologies) according to the manufacturer's protocol. CTV-labeled Tg T cells (10^5) and GFP control T cells were stimulated with titrating numbers of CD200⁻ FBL or CD200⁺ FBL cells. After 3 days, CTV dilution of TCR_{gag} T cells was assessed by flow cytometry.

Flow cytometry results indicating the number of TCR_{gag} T cells after stimulation with titrating numbers of CD200⁻ FBL cells (upper) or CD200⁺ FBL (lower) are shown in Figure 2A. Four of the five CD200R-CD28 constructs tested dramatically improved proliferation of TCR_{gag} T cells in response to CD200⁺ FBL (blue lines) compared to GFP control-transduced T cells (red lines).

In vitro T cell accumulation assay

To determine if the enhanced proliferation also resulted in increased accumulation of transduced cells, the proportion of transduced cells in the total TCR_{gag} population over multiple cycles of stimulation with irradiated CD200⁺ FBL was measured.

Several of the constructs promoted accumulation of transduced T cells, including CD200R-CD28tm, CD200R-CD28Cys, CD200R-3aas-CD28Cys, and CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys (Figure 2B). Of these constructs, CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys exhibited the greatest increase in transduced T cells over multiple stimulations, resulting in more than a 3-fold expansion over 3 stimulations.

In vitro T cell enrichment assay

A mixed population of transduced and nontransduced CD8⁺ T cells were restimulated with CD200⁺ or CD200⁻ irradiated FBL cells to determine if restimulation would enrich the population for the transduced CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys IFP⁺ T cells. Repeated restimulation with irradiated CD200⁺ tumor cells enriched the cells transduced with the IFP compared to wild type T cells, demonstrating that recognition of a target expressing the ligand for the CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys IRP enhances the response (Figure 2C).

In vitro colocalization assay

Transduced T cells were imaged by microscopy to determine if the CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys IFP colocalized with the cognate ligand in the immunological synapse (IS) during T cell activation. CTxB was used to stain lipids within the cell membrane, which are enriched at the synapse (Figure 2D, panel I). Labeled antibodies that target CD200 expressed by the FBL cell (Figure 2D, panel II) or CD200R expressed by the T cell (Figure 2D, panel III) were used to visualize the location of the molecules in relation to the IS. CD200 ligand and CD200R colocalized within the IS (Figure 2D, panel IV), demonstrating that the construct is sized appropriately to be accommodated by the immunologic synapse.

CFSE-based cytotoxicity assay

Increased CD28 signaling also promotes effector function (Chen and Flies, *Nat. Rev. Immunol.* 13: 227-242, 2013). CD200R-CD28 fusion protein-transduced T cells were tested for increased killing of target tumor cells. FBL and control EL4 tumors were incubated for 10 minutes at room temperature with 2.5 μ M (CFSE^{hi}) or 0.25 μ M (CFSE^{lo}) CFSE in PBS, respectively. Excess dye was removed by washing tumor cells in serum-containing media. A 1:1 mixture of EL4 and FBL tumor cells was incubated with titrated numbers of CD200R-CD28 or GFP vector transduced TCR_{gag} *in vitro* expanded effector T cells for 4 hours in 96-well, round-bottom plates at 37°C and 5% CO₂. Specific FBL lysis was determined by flow cytometric analyses of the % CFSE^{hi} (FBL) of total CFSE positive cells (FBL+ EL4) remaining in the well.

TCR_{gag} T cells transduced with CD200R-CD28 constructs displayed an enhanced ability to lyse FBL tumor *in vitro* compared to TCR_{gag} T cells transduced with

an empty vector (Figures 2E, 2G). Target tumor cells were labeled with different dilutions of the fluorescent dyes CellTrace Violet (CTV) or CFSE to generate a 1:1:1 mix of EL4 cells (CTV⁺), CD200⁺ FBL (CFSE^{hi}) and non-specific EL4 (CFSE^{lo}) control targets (Figure 2F). Additionally, control GFP-transduced TCR_{gag} T cells lysed
 5 CD200⁻ FBL and CD200⁺ FBL at equal efficiencies (Figure 2G). By contrast, TCR_{gag} T cells transduced with CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys exhibited increased killing of CD200⁺ FBL cells compared to control T cells, lysing over 40% of CD200⁺ FBL at the lowest E:T ratio tested (Figure 2G).

Taken together, these data show that CD200R-CD28 constructs function to
 10 increase accumulation and the lytic activity of transduced T cells in response to tumor cell stimulation.

EXAMPLE 4

T CELLS TRANSDUCED WITH CD200R-9AAS-CD28CYS EXHIBIT ENHANCED ACCUMULATION *IN VIVO* IN RESPONSE TO RECOGNITION OF FBL

15 B6 mice were injected with 4×10^6 live FBL leukemia intraperitoneal (i.p.) as previously described (Stromnes *et al.*, *J. Clin. Invest.* 120: 3722-34, 2010). After allowing 5 days for the FBL to disseminate, mice received 180 mg/kg cyclophosphamide (Cy, "Cytosan") i.p. at least 6 hours before transfer of the effector T cells. For survival studies, 10^5 TCR_{gag} T cells which previously underwent 1-3
 20 stimulations *in vitro* were transferred into tumor-bearing mice. To assess short-term proliferation and accumulation, 2×10^6 of each of fusion protein-transduced and a GFP-control-transduced T cells were co-injected into tumor-bearing mice and the mice euthanized for analysis 8 days later. Mice were regularly monitored for tumor burden and euthanized if evidence of tumor progression predicted mortality would occur within
 25 24-48 hours.

To assess whether CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys fusion protein-transduced T cells exhibited greater proliferation and accumulation *in vivo* in response to recognition of FBL, a mixed population of fusion protein-transduced and control cells were transferred into tumor-bearing mice and the ratio of cells by *ex vivo* analysis were compared 8 days

after transfer (Figure 3A). By use of congenic markers, transduced T cells were detected at a 1.2-1.4-fold greater ratio over control cells in both the spleen and lymph nodes relative to the ratio that was injected (Figure 3B). Transduced CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys⁺ TCR_{gag} T cells exhibited reduced CD62L expression 3 days post-transfer to tumor-bearing mice, suggesting an effector T cell phenotype (Figure 3C). By day 15, transduced and control T cells exhibited similar phenotypes, including a lack of exhaustion markers (Figure 3D). Similar to the *in vitro* findings, T cells that expressed CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys displayed increased accumulation in response to tumor stimulation *in vivo*. Furthermore, they exhibited protein expression patterns consistent with an effector T cell phenotype for at least 3 days following transfer to tumor-bearing mice.

EXAMPLE 5

ADOPTIVE IMMUNOTHERAPY WITH CD200R-CD28⁺ T CELLS EXHIBITS GREATER ACTIVITY IN THERAPY OF DISSEMINATED LEUKEMIA

Adoptive immunotherapy with T cells transduced with CD200R-CD28 mediated increased therapeutic activity in the preclinical mouse model of disseminated leukemia.

Mice were injected with a lethal dose of CD200⁺ FBL leukemia and five days later, cohorts of Cy-treated mice received additional therapy with 10⁵ T cells (Figure 4A). The contribution of the CD28 cysteine bond to efficacy mediated by the CD200R-CD28 construct was assessed by comparing T cells transduced with CD200R-CD28tm, CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, and GFP control constructs as shown in Figure 1A. IL-2 was administered for 10 days as an additional therapeutic reagent to a cohort of mice to promote the activity of the T cells (Stromnes *et al.*, *J. Clin. Invest.* 120: 3722-34, 2010). Before injection, T cells were assessed for various surface proteins by flow cytometry. Transduced and control TCR_{gag} T cells displayed similar phenotypes, indicating that transduction did not alter the phenotype of the cells prior to injection (Figure 4B).

In the small cohort of mice that received IL-2 injections, T cells improved survival but a significant difference in the survival of mice that received the different groups of T cells could not be detected (Figure 4C). However, in the cohort of mice

that did not receive IL-2 injections, there was a significant improvement in the survival of mice that received T cells transduced with CD200R-CD28 constructs appropriately sized to fit within the immunological synapse (Figure 4D). The majority of the mice not receiving T cells, receiving T cells transduced with the GFP control vector or T cells transduced with the largest ectodomain (CD200R-CD28Cys IFP) did not survive beyond day 30 (Figures 4C and 4D, black solid, dashed, and orange lines, respectively). In contrast, 71% of mice that received CD200R-CD28tm⁺ T cells and 83% of mice that received CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys⁺ T cells survived more than 100 days post-therapy (Figures 4C and 4D, green and red lines, respectively). These data suggest that transduction of T cells with CD200R-CD28 constructs that span a distance similar to a distance between membranes in an immunological synapse provides sufficient costimulation to overcome the dependence of T cell immunotherapy on injection of exogenous IL-2. Furthermore, although there were differences in proliferation and accumulation between the CD200Rtm-CD28 and CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys constructs tested in mice that did not receive injections of exogenous IL-2, both IFPs effectively enhanced T cell immunotherapy to significantly improve the clinical outcome from otherwise progressive leukemia.

EXAMPLE 6

CD200R-9AAS-CD28CYS⁺ T CELLS DO NOT CAUSE AUTOREACTIVITY WITH ENDOGENOUS TISSUES AND DO NOT EXHIBIT INFILTRATION OF NORMAL TISSUES *IN VIVO*

To determine if transduction of TCR_{gag} T cells lowered the threshold of activation sufficiently to result in autoreactivity with endogenous tissues, autoimmune toxicity was assessed in transgenic mice engineered to express the FBL gag tumor Ag as a self-antigen in hepatocytes, under control of the albumin promoter (Figure 5A). TCR_{gag} effectors were generated *in vitro* and 10⁶ were transferred into Cytosan-treated Alb:Gag mice with disseminated leukemia. At 3 and 7 days post-transfer, liver damage was assessed by quantification of serum levels of the liver enzymes aspartate aminotransferase (AST) and alanine aminotransferase (ALT). Adoptive therapy with

control or CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys⁺ TCR_{gag} cells in mice did not affect serum levels of AST or ALT at days 3 or 7 post-transfer, indicating that CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys does not induce detectable autoimmune liver damage in Alb:Gag mice (Figure 5B).

5 T cells transduced with IFP do not exhibit increased infiltration of normal tissues compared to control T cells. Mice were euthanized 7 days post-transfer and liver sections were stained with an antibody to the T cell marker CD3 to quantify T cell infiltration. Limited presence of T cells in liver tissue was observed, with no significant difference between recipients of CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys⁺ or control TCR_{gag}, indicating no increased lymphocytic cellular infiltration as a result of IFP expression (Figure 5C).

10

EXAMPLE 7

4-1BB CO-STIMULATORY SIGNALING DOMAIN PROMOTES ACCUMULATION OF TRANSDUCED T CELLS *IN VITRO*

Co-stimulatory receptor 4-1BB is upregulated on activated T cells, which promotes T cell survival and cytokine production (Chen and Flies, *Nat. Rev. Immunol.* 13: 227-242, 2013). To assess if the intracellular signaling domain of 4-1BB, with or without the intracellular signaling domain of CD28, could induce increased T cell proliferation and accumulation, IFPs using 4-1BB (CD200R-9aas-4-1BB) or combining 4-1BB with CD28 (CD200R-9aas-CD28-4-1BB) were generated (Figure 6A) using the methods described in Example 2. TCR_{gag} T cells were transduced as in Example 2, and TCR_{gag} effector cells were generated *in vitro* as in Example 3.

As was observed with CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, T cells transduced with the 4-1BB constructs accumulated over multiple rounds of stimulation *in vitro* (Figure 6B). These data indicate that 4-1BB IFPs also promote proliferation and survival of T cells.

25 TCR_{gag} T cells transduced with a CD200R-4-1BB displayed an enhanced ability to lyse FBL tumor *in vitro* using the CFSE-based cytotoxicity assay described in Example 3 (Figure 6C). CD200R-4-1BB-transduced T cells also promote survival (Figure 6D).

EXAMPLE 8**CO-EXPRESSION OF CD200RTM-CD28 ENHANCES FUNCTION IN WT1-SPECIFIC TCR
PRIMARY T CELLS**

A human CD200Rtm-CD28 construct (SEQ ID NO.:1) was generated to
 5 determine if IFP expression enhanced T cell function of human primary T cells. The
 construct was combined with the beta and alpha chains of the HLA-A2-restricted
 WT1₁₂₆-specific TCR "C4" by linking the genes with P2A elements (Figure 7A). The
 first P2A sequence was codon optimized to prevent genetic recombination with the
 second P2A sequence. To generate lentiviruses, 293 T/17 cells (3x10⁶ cells/plate) were
 10 transduced with human constructs in the pRRLSIN and the packaging vectors
 pMDLg/pRRE, pMD2-G, and pRSV-REV using Effectene (Qiagen). Culture media
 was changed on day 1 post-transfection and virus-containing supernatant collected on
 days 2 and 3, and aliquots frozen for future use.

The Jurkat human T cell subline, which lacks an endogenous TCR, was used to
 15 test expression of the IFP and TCRs. These Jurkat T cells were transduced by
 spinfection of 2x10⁶ cells with 2 ml of retroviral supernatant at 1000 g for 90 min at 32°
 C. Transduction of the Jurkat human T cell line with the three-gene construct resulted in
 high expression of the IFP and expression of the TCR at a similar MFI as T cells
 transduced with the TCR only (Figure 7A).

20 To transduce primary human T cells, peripheral blood mononuclear cells
 (PBMC) were harvested from HLA-A2+ donors. CD8⁺ T cells were purified using
 Miltenyi magnetic beads and stimulated with Human T cell Expander CD3/CD28
 Dynabeads (Life Technologies) and 50 IU/ml IL-2. Four hours following stimulation,
 T cells were transduced as described above for Jurkat T cells. T cells were restimulated
 25 every 10-14 days with a rapid expansion protocol (REP), as has been previously
 described (Ho et al., *J Immunol Methods* 310:40-52, 2006).

The human cell line T2 was used as an APC, because it is deficient in TAP and
 thus cannot present endogenous peptides, while low level MHCI expression allows
 presentation of exogenously loaded peptides. Expression of CD200 by the T2 cells was

assessed by flow cytometry (Figure 7B). T2 cells exhibited a low level of endogenous CD200 expression (Figure 7B).

Transduced T cells were stimulated with WT1₁₂₆-pulsed T2 cells. Despite a low level of CD200 expression on the target cells, CD200Rtm-CD28-transduced T cells exhibited enhanced proliferation as compared to T cells transduced with the C4 TCR alone (Figure 7C). In addition, stimulated CD200Rtm-CD28-transduced T cells (*i.e.*, IFP⁺ T cells) produced increased levels of IFN γ and IL-2 compared to control T cells when exposed to CD200dim tumor cells (Figure 7D).

Overall, these results showed that primary T cells transduced to express a human CD200Rtm-CD28 construct and the beta and alpha chains of a WT1₁₂₆-specific TCR exhibited enhanced proliferation and increased cytokine production relative to T cells transduced with the TCR construct alone.

EXAMPLE 9

SIRP α -CD28 FUSION PROTEIN CONSTRUCTS PROMOTE

ACCUMULATION OF TRANSDUCED T CELLS *IN VITRO*

Exemplary fusion proteins as described herein also include IFPs comprised of the extracellular domain of SIRP α , or portions thereof, and an intracellular signaling domain of CD28 (Figure 8A). The hydrophobic component may be comprised of the transmembrane domain of either SIRP α or CD28, or portions thereof. In some exemplary SIRP α -CD28 fusion proteins, the hydrophobic component comprises the transmembrane domain of CD28 and the extracellular component further comprises an extracellular portion of CD28, particularly an extracellular cysteine residue adjacent to the hydrophobic component (*e.g.*, SIRP α -CD28Cys, SIRP α -6aas-CD28Cys, SIRP α -9aas-CD28Cys, and SIRP α -9aas-CD28Cys). The extracellular component may comprise all or a portion of the extracellular domain of SIRP α . In some embodiments, the extracellular component comprises the entire extracellular domain of SIRP α . In other examples, the extracellular component comprises the first 367 amino acids (*e.g.*, SIRP α -6aas-CD28Cys), the first 364 amino acids (*e.g.*, SIRP α -9aas-CD28Cys), or the first 350 (SIRP α -23aas-CD28Cys) amino acids from the N-terminus of SIRP α . The

size of the extracellular component may affect the ability of the fusion protein to enter the immunological synapse and co-localize with the TCR within the cSMAC to deliver a strong co-stimulatory signal. In some examples, the extracellular component comprises a truncated SIRP α , which may alter the size of the extracellular component.

- 5 For example, to account for the additional extracellular amino acids of the extracellular domain of the fusion protein (*e.g.*, an additional 9 or 12 amino acids), SIRP α -6aas-CD28 has a truncated portion of SIRP α that preserves a natural N-linked glycosylation site. In another example, SIRP α -23aas-CD28 has a truncated portion of SIRP α that lacks the entire stem region of the SIRP α extracellular domain. Additionally, a SIRP α -
10 CD28 construct has the capacity to convert a signal initiated by the binding of SIRP α to its target into a positive (*e.g.*, costimulatory) signal generated by the CD28 intracellular signaling domain.

- IFPs using SIRP α extracellular components were generated (Figure 8A) using the methods described in Example 2. TCR_{gag} T cells were transduced as in Example 2,
15 and TCR_{gag} effector cells were generated *in vitro* as in Example 3. FBL cells were transduced with CD47 or mCherry with polybrene spinfection, similar to T cell transduction, and subsequently sorted to generate a homogenous population.

- As was observed with CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, T cells transduced with the SIRP α constructs accumulated over multiple rounds of stimulation *in vitro* (Figure 8B).
20 These data suggest that SIRP α -CD28 IFPs also promote proliferation and survival of T cells.

- To assess T cell proliferation *in vitro*, a CTV Dilution Proliferation assay was performed as described in Example 2. As was observed with CD200R-9aas-CD28Cys, T cells transduced with the SIRP α constructs engineered to maintain the T cell-tumor
25 cell synapse distance exhibited enhanced proliferation as compared to control T cells (Figure 8C). In addition, CD47⁺ tumor cells were efficiently killed after 3 days of co-culture with SIRP α -CD28⁺ T cells but not control T cells or T cells transduced with a SIRP α construct that lacked an intracellular signaling domain (Figure 8D). To further assess the lytic capacity of SIRP α -CD28⁺ T cells, an IncuCyte assay was used to
30 quantify killing of CD47⁺ FBL. A total of 10⁵ mCherry⁺ CD47⁺ FBL were co-cultured

in 24-well plates with a titration of human T cells transduced with SIRP α -CD28 constructs. The plate was incubated in an IncuCyte (Essen BioScience) inside a cell culture incubator for 70 hours. Images were captured every hour to monitor killing of tumor cells, as determined by loss of red signal. SIRP α -CD28⁺ T cells killed CD47⁺ tumor cells, even at the lowest effector-to-target ratio tested (0.4:1; Figure 8E).

EXAMPLE 10

PD-1-CD28 FUSION PROTEIN CONSTRUCTS PROMOTE CYTOKINE PRODUCTION IN TRANSDUCED T CELLS *IN VITRO*

Exemplary fusion proteins as described herein also include IFPs comprised of the extracellular domain of PD-1, or portions thereof, and an intracellular signaling domain of CD28 (Figure 9A). The transmembrane component may be comprised of the transmembrane domain of either PD-1 or CD28, or portions thereof. In some exemplary PD1-CD28 fusion proteins, the transmembrane component comprises the transmembrane domain of CD28 and the extracellular component further comprises an extracellular portion of CD28, particularly an extracellular cysteine residue adjacent to the transmembrane component (*e.g.*, PD1-CD28Cys, PD1-9aas-CD28Cys, and PD1-21aas-CD28Cys) to promote inter-chain dimerization. The extracellular component may comprise all or a portion of the extracellular domain of PD-1, or may be truncated (*e.g.*, -9aas in murine constructs, -12aas or -15aas in human constructs; lacking the stem region of PD-1, -21aas) to maintain the short spatial distance between the cells to facilitate access of the liganded receptor to the immunologic synapse. Additionally, a PD1-CD28 construct has the capacity to convert what would typically be an inhibitory signal from the binding of PD1 to its target into a positive (*e.g.*, costimulatory) signal generated by the CD28 intracellular signaling domain.

IFPs comprising PD-1 extracellular components were generated (Figure 9A) using the methods described in Example 2. TCR_{gag} T cells were transduced as in Example 2, and TCR_{gag} effector cells were generated *in vitro* as in Example 3.

Murine PD1-CD28 IFPs were generated using constructs I-IV and VII (Fig. 9A). PD1-CD28⁺ T cells were restimulated in the presence of Brefeldin A (to retain

produced cytokines) with FBL cells endogenously expressing the PD-1 ligands, PD-L1 and PD-L2. After 5 hours, cells were fixed and treated with the BD Cytofix/Cytoperm kit, to allow intracellular staining of the effector cytokines, IFN γ and TNF α .

Transduction with each of the five PD1-CD28 constructs enhanced production of
 5 intracellular cytokines compared to control T cells (Figure 9B).

Human PD1-CD28 IFPs were generated using constructs I-III and V-VII (Figure 9A). Vectors containing the PD1-CD28 IFP and C4 TCR were generated as described above. Jurkat T cells were transduced as described above. T cells transduced with the TCR and PD1-12aas-CD28Cys or PD1-15aas-CD28Cys exhibited high transduction
 10 efficiencies and expression of both proteins (Figure 10).

EXAMPLE 11

FAS-CD28 FUSION PROTEIN CONSTRUCTS PROMOTE

ACCUMULATION AND ENHANCED FUNCTION IN TRANSDUCED T CELLS *IN VITRO*

Exemplary fusion proteins as described herein also include IFPs comprised of
 15 the extracellular domain of Fas, or portions thereof, and an intracellular signaling domain of CD28 (Figure 11A). The transmembrane component may be comprised of the domain of either Fas or CD28, or portions thereof. In some exemplary Fas-CD28 fusion proteins, the transmembrane component comprises the transmembrane domain of CD28 and the extracellular component further comprises an extracellular portion of
 20 CD28, particularly an extracellular cysteine residue adjacent to the transmembrane component (*e.g.*, Fas-CD28Cys and Fas-9aas-CD28Cys). The extracellular component may comprise all or a portion of the extracellular domain of Fas or may be truncated to preserve maintain a short spatial distance between the cells (-9aas) upon receptor-ligand interaction. Additionally, a Fas-CD28 construct has the capacity to convert a signal
 25 initiated by the binding of Fas to its target into a positive (*e.g.*, costimulatory) signal generated by the CD28 intracellular signaling domain.

IFPs comprising Fas extracellular components were generated (Figure 11A) using the methods described in Example 2. TCR_{gag} T cells were transduced as in Example 2, and TCR_{gag} effector cells were generated *in vitro* as in Example 3.

To determine if expression of the Fas-CD28 IFP results in increased accumulation of transduced cells, the proportion of transduced cells from the mixed population in the total TCR_{gag} population was measured over multiple cycles of stimulation with irradiated FBL, as described in Example 3. All of the constructs
 5 promoted accumulation of transduced T cells compared to control T cells (Figure 11B). In addition, expression of Fas-CD28 constructs but not full-length (FL) Fas promoted survival or expansion of T cells upon multiple stimulations *in vitro* Figure 11C).

EXAMPLE 12

LAG3-CD28 FUSION PROTEIN CONSTRUCTS

Exemplary fusion proteins as described herein also include IFPs comprised of the extracellular domain of LAG3, or portions thereof, and an intracellular signaling domain of CD28 (Figure 12A). The transmembrane component may be comprised of the domain of either LAG3 or CD28, or portions thereof. In some exemplary LAG3-CD28 fusion proteins, the transmembrane component comprises the transmembrane
 15 domain of CD28 and the extracellular component further comprises an extracellular portion of CD28, particularly an extracellular cysteine residue adjacent to the transmembrane component (*e.g.*, LAG3-CD28Cys and LAG3-9aas-CD28Cys). The extracellular component may comprise all or a portion of the extracellular domain of LAG3 or may be truncated to maintain a short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*, -
 20 9aas) upon receptor-ligand interaction. Additionally, a LAG3-CD28 construct has the capacity to convert what would typically be an inhibitory signal from the binding of LAG3 to its target into a positive (*e.g.*, costimulatory) signal generated by the CD28 intracellular signaling domain.

IFPs using LAG3 extracellular components were generated (Figure 12A) using
 25 the methods described in Example 2. T cells were transduced with LAG3-eGFP constructs as described. Five days after transduction, CD8⁺ T cells were analyzed for construct expression by anti-LAG3 antibody staining and flow cytometry (Figure 12B). A vector encoding only green fluorescent protein (GFP) was used as a control. All constructs exhibited expression of LAG3 (Figure 12B).

EXAMPLE 13**TIM3-CD28 FUSION PROTEIN CONSTRUCTS**

Exemplary fusion proteins as described herein also include IFPs comprised of the extracellular domain of TIM3, or portions thereof, and an intracellular signaling domain of CD28 (Figure 13A). The transmembrane component may be comprised of the domain of either TIM3 or CD28, or portions thereof. In some exemplary TIM3-CD28 fusion proteins, the transmembrane component comprises the transmembrane domain of CD28 and the extracellular component further comprises an extracellular portion of CD28, particularly an extracellular cysteine residue adjacent to the transmembrane component (*e.g.*, TIM3-CD28Cys and TIM3-9aas-CD28Cys). The extracellular component may comprise all or a portion of the extracellular domain of TIM3 or may be truncated to maintain the short spatial distance between the cells (*e.g.*, -9aas). Additionally, a TIM3-CD28 construct has the capacity to convert what would typically be an inhibitory signal from the binding of TIM3 to its target into a positive signal generated by the CD28 intracellular signaling domain.

New IFPs using TIM3 extracellular components were generated (Figure 13A) using the methods described in Example 2. T cells were transduced with GFP-TIM3 constructs as described. Five days after transduction, CD8⁺ T cells were analyzed for construct expression by anti-TIM3 antibody staining and flow cytometry (Figure 13B). A vector encoding only green fluorescent protein (GFP) was used as a control. Most constructs exhibited similar expression of TIM3 (Figure 13B).

While specific embodiments of the invention have been illustrated and described, it will be readily appreciated that the various embodiments described above can be combined to provide further embodiments, and that various changes can be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

All of the U.S. patents, U.S. patent application publications, U.S. patent applications, foreign patents, foreign patent applications, and non-patent publications referred to in this specification or listed in the Application Data Sheet, including but not limited to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/128,979, are incorporated herein

by reference, in their entirety. Aspects of the embodiments can be modified, if necessary to employ concepts of the various patents, applications and publications to provide yet further embodiments.

5 These and other changes can be made to the embodiments in light of the above-detailed description. In general, in the following claims, the terms used should not be construed to limit the claims to the specific embodiments disclosed in the specification and the claims, but should be construed to include all possible embodiments along with the full scope of equivalents to which such claims are entitled. Accordingly, the claims are not limited by the disclosure.

CLAIMS

1. A fusion protein, comprising (a) an extracellular component comprised of a binding domain that specifically binds a target, (b) an intracellular component comprised of an intracellular signaling domain, and (c) a hydrophobic component connecting the extracellular and intracellular components,
wherein the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a SIRP α , and the intracellular signaling domain is, or contains at least 95 % identity to, a costimulatory or stimulatory molecule binding domain.
2. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein the extracellular component further comprises an additional extracellular portion, wherein the additional extracellular portion optionally is from or shares identity with an extracellular portion of a molecule that is distinct from the binding domain source molecule or does not contain the binding domain.
3. The fusion protein according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the extracellular component further comprises an extracellular portion from the hydrophobic component, or that contains the hydrophobic component or a portion thereof.
4. The fusion protein according to claim 2 or 3, wherein the extracellular component or the additional extracellular portion comprises a multimerization domain and/or a spacer.
5. The fusion protein according to claim 4, wherein the multimerization domain comprises an extracellular component modified to contain a cysteine residue within about 2 to about 15 amino acids from the hydrophobic component.
6. The fusion protein according to any one of claims 1-5, wherein the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD2, CD3 ϵ , CD3 δ , CD3 ζ , CD25, CD27, CD28, CD40, CD79A, CD79B, CD80, CD86, CD95 (Fas), CD134 (OX40), CD137 (4-1BB), CD150 (SLAMF1), CD152 (CTLA4), CD200R, CD223 (LAG3), CD270 (HVEM), CD272 (BTLA), CD273 (PD-L2), CD274 (PD-L1), CD278 (ICOS), CD279 (PD-1), CD300, CD357 (GITR), A2aR, DAP10, FcR α , FcR β , FcR γ , Fyn, GAL9, KIR, Lck, LAT, LRP, NKG2D,

NOTCH1, NOTCH2, NOTCH3, NOTCH4, PTCH2, ROR2, Ryk, Slp76, SIRP α , pT α , TCR α , TCR β , TIM3, TRIM, LPA5, or Zap70.

7. The fusion protein according to any one of claims 1-6, wherein the intracellular signaling domain comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a costimulatory molecule, wherein the costimulatory molecule comprises CD28, CD137 (4-1BB), or ICOS.

8. The fusion protein of any one of claims 1-7, wherein the intracellular signaling domain comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD3 ϵ , CD3 δ , CD3 ζ , CD25, CD27, CD28, CD40, CD47, CD79A, CD79B, CD134 (OX40), CD137 (4-1BB), CD150 (SLAMF1), CD278 (ICOS), CD357 (GITR), CARD11, DAP10, DAP12, FcR α , FcR β , FcR γ , Fyn, Lck, LAT, LRP, NKG2D, NOTCH1, NOTCH2, NOTCH3, NOTCH4, ROR2, Ryk, Slp76, pT α , TCR α , TCR β , TRIM, Zap70, PTCH2, or any combination thereof.

9. The fusion protein according to any one of claims 1-8, wherein (a) the hydrophobic component comprises a transmembrane domain of a CD28 or a CD137 (4-1BB), and (b) the intracellular component comprises an intracellular signaling domain of a CD28 or a 4-1BB.

10. The fusion protein according to claim 9, wherein the intracellular component comprises a second intracellular signaling domain.

11. The fusion protein according to claim 9 or 10, wherein the extracellular component comprises an extracellular portion of a CD28 extending from the CD28 transmembrane domain.

12. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:17 or 21, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:4 or 18, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:5 or 13.

13. The fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the extracellular component further comprises a multimerization domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:9.
14. The fusion protein according to claim 12 or 13, wherein the intracellular component further comprises a second intracellular signaling domain having an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:5 or 13.
15. A fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.: 40 or 44, and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:32, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:27 or 41, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an amino acid as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:36 or 28.
16. The fusion protein according to claim 15, wherein the intracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:28 and an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:36.
17. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:40, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:41, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:28.
18. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:40, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:27, and (c) the intracellular component comprises an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:28.
19. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:40 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:32, (b) the

hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:27, and (c) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:28.

20. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:44 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:32, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:27, and (c) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:28.

21. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein (a) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:44 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:32, (b) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:27, and (c) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO.:36.

22. The fusion protein according to claim 21, wherein the intracellular component further comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ. ID. NO:28.

23. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein:

(a1) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:17, (b1) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:18, and (c1) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5; or

(a2) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:17, (b2) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:18, and (c2)

the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5.

24. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein:

(a1) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:17, (b1) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c1) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5; or

(a2) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:17, (b2) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c2) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5.

25. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein:

(a1) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:17 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:9, (b1) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c1) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5; or

(a2) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:17 a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:9, (b2) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c2) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5.

26. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein:

(a1) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:21 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:9, (b1) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c1) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5; or

(a2) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:21 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:9, (b2) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c2) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5.

27. The fusion protein according to claim 1, wherein:

(a1) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:21 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:9, (b1) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c1) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:13; or

(a2) the extracellular component comprises a binding domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:21 and a multimerization domain with an amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:9, (b2) the hydrophobic component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:4, and (c2) the intracellular component comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:13.

28. The fusion protein according to claim 27, wherein the intracellular component further comprises (a) the amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% identity with the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5 or (b) the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO.:5.
29. A nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein according to any one of claims 1-28.
30. A vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to claim 29.
31. The vector according to claim 30, wherein the vector is a viral vector, optionally wherein the viral vector is a lentiviral or retroviral vector.
32. The vector according to claim 30 or 31, further encoding an antigen-specific TCR.
33. A host cell, comprising a fusion protein according to any one of claims 1-28.
34. The host cell according to claim 33, for use in treating a disease in a subject, wherein the disease is a viral infection, bacterial infection, cancer, or autoimmune disease.
35. A method of treating a disease in a subject comprising administering to the subject the host cell according to claim 33, wherein the disease is a viral infection, bacterial infection, cancer, or autoimmune disease.
36. The use of the host cell according to claim 33, in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a viral infection, bacterial infection, cancer, or autoimmune disease.

Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center
Patent Attorneys for the Applicant/Nominated Person
SPRUSON & FERGUSON

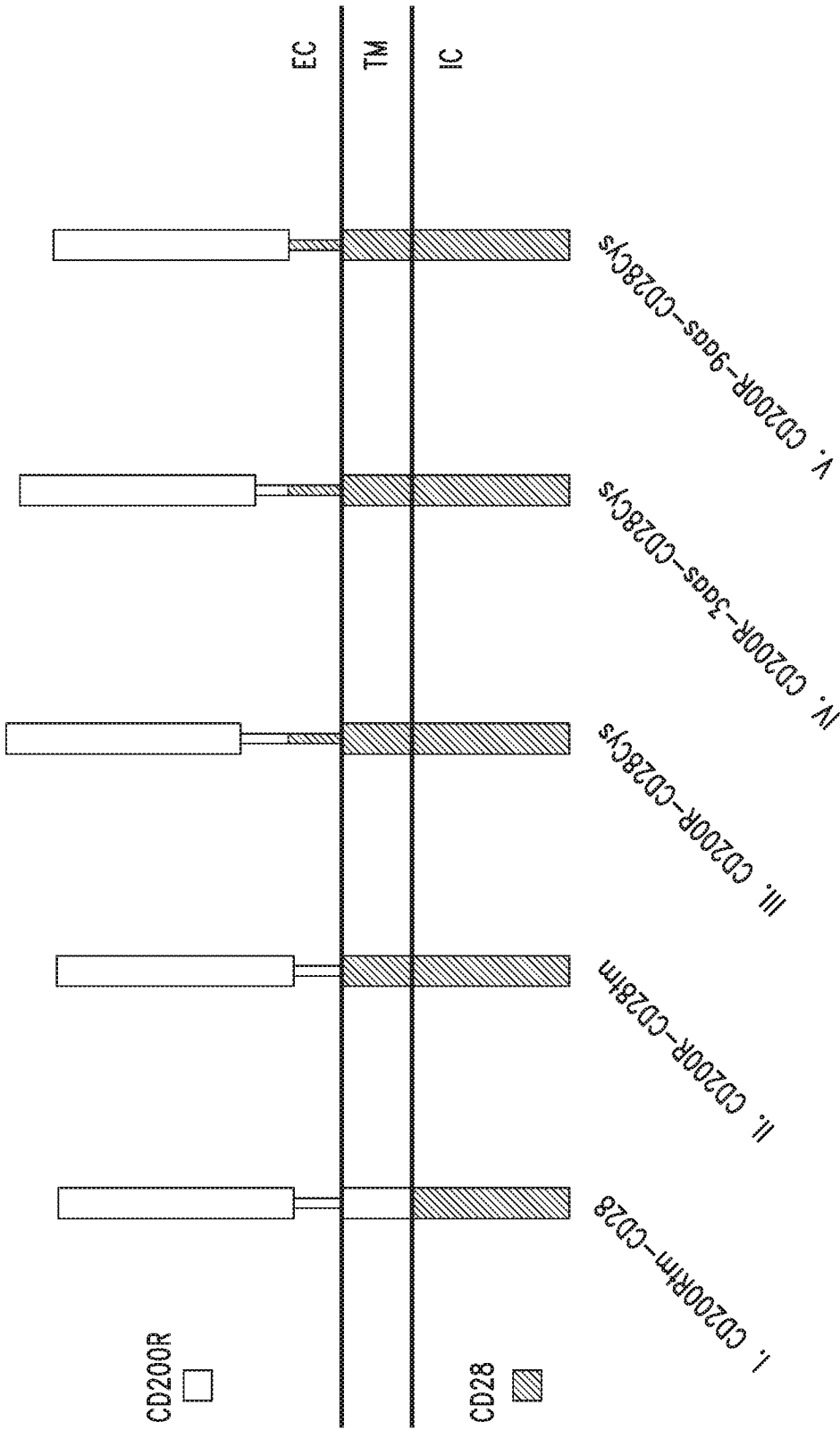


FIG. 1A

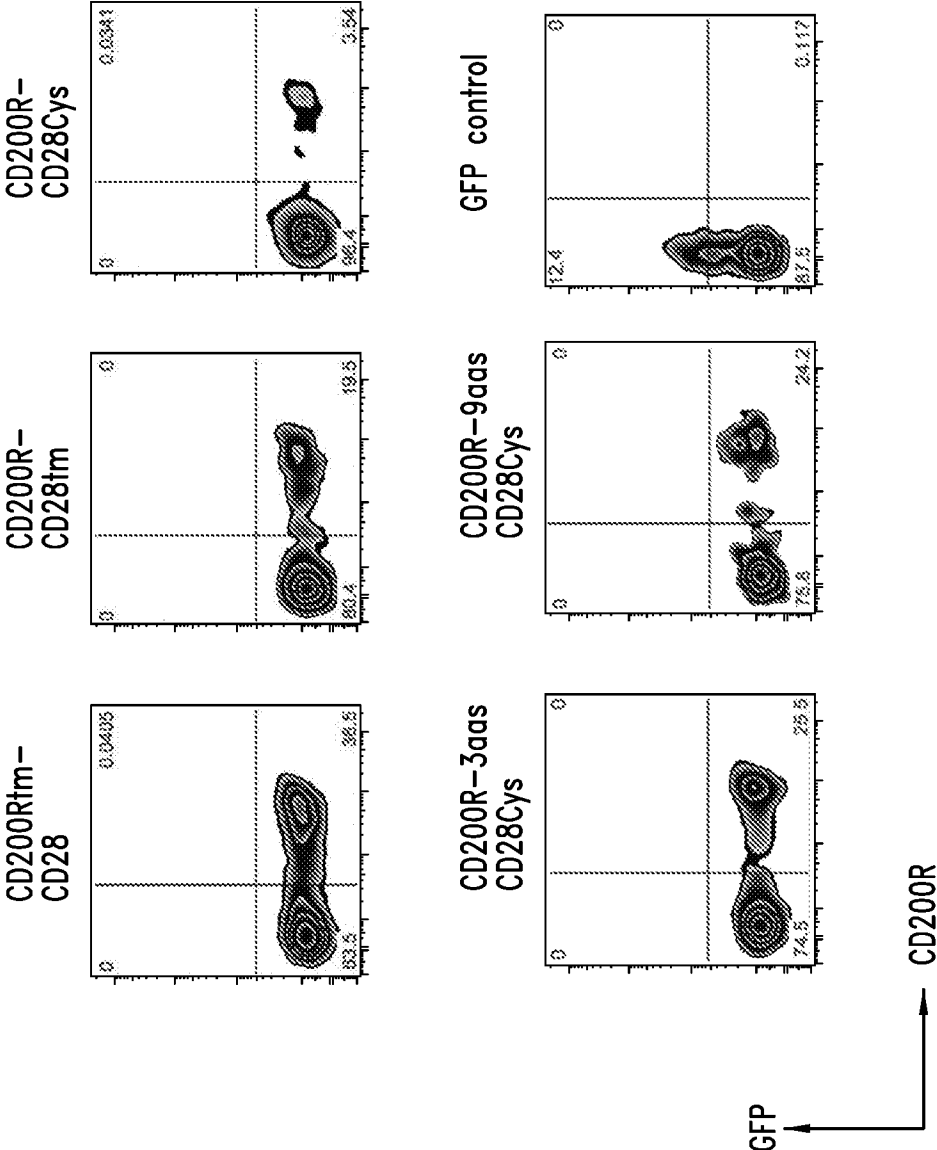


FIG. 1B

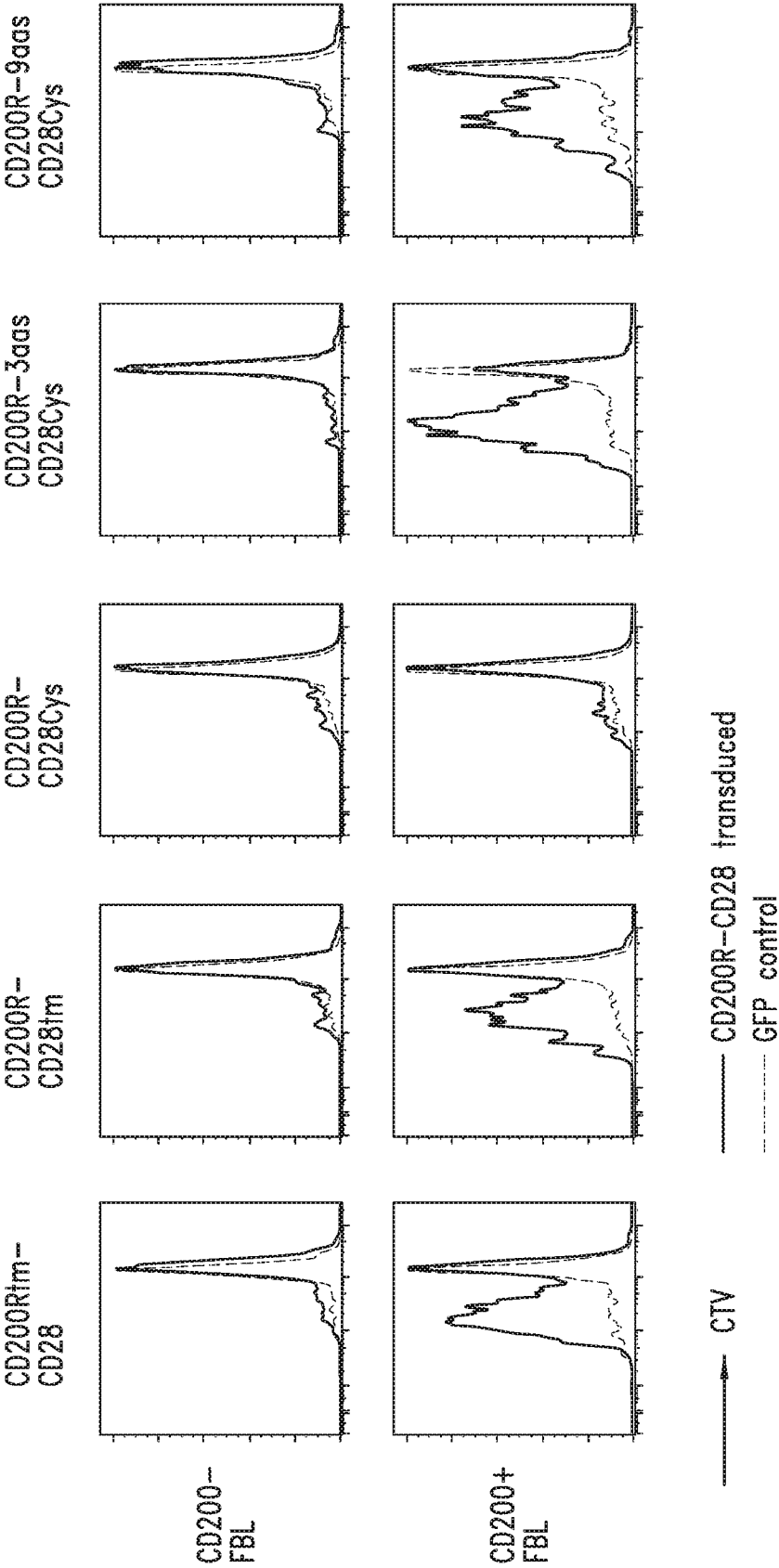


FIG. 2A

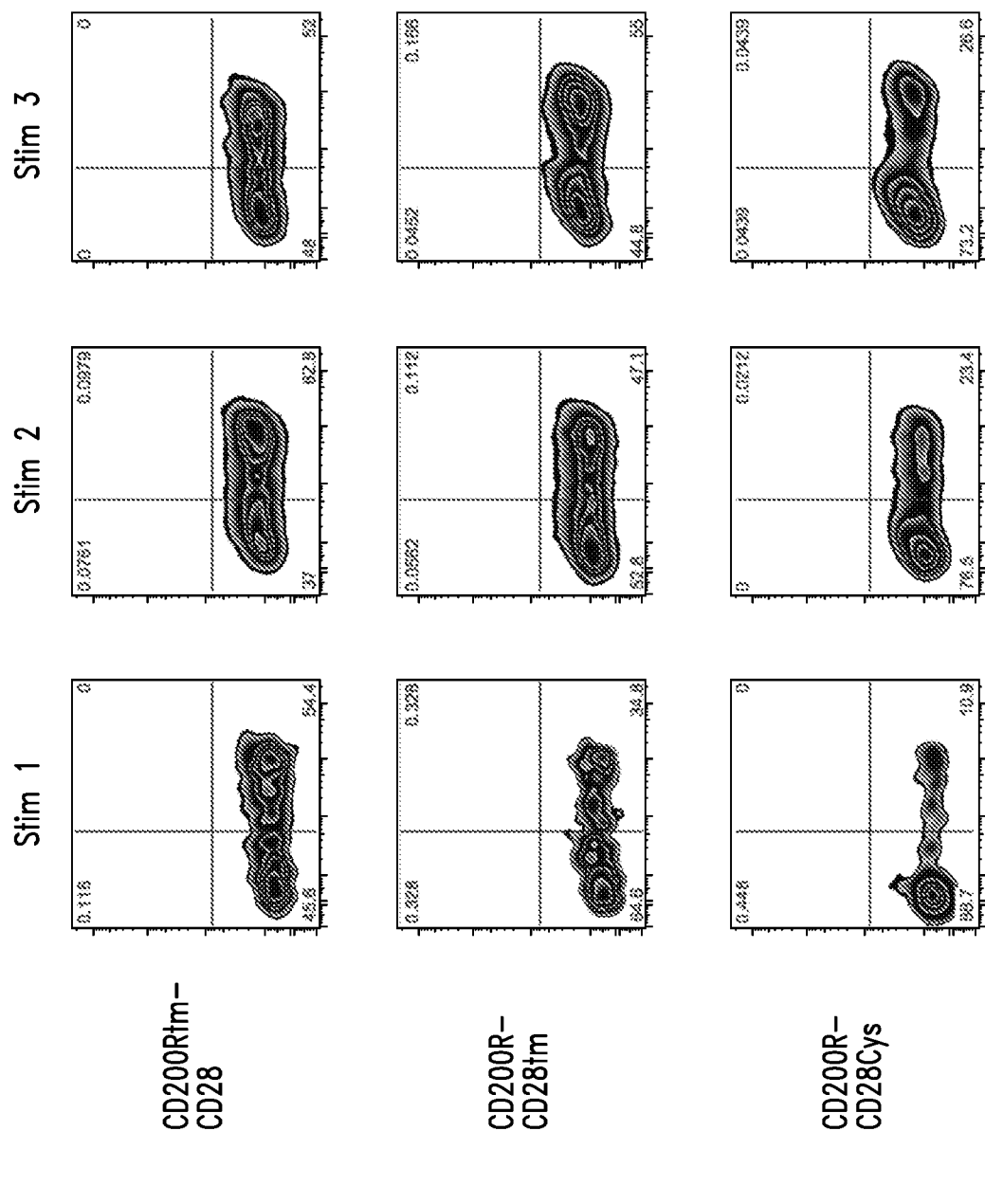


FIG. 2B

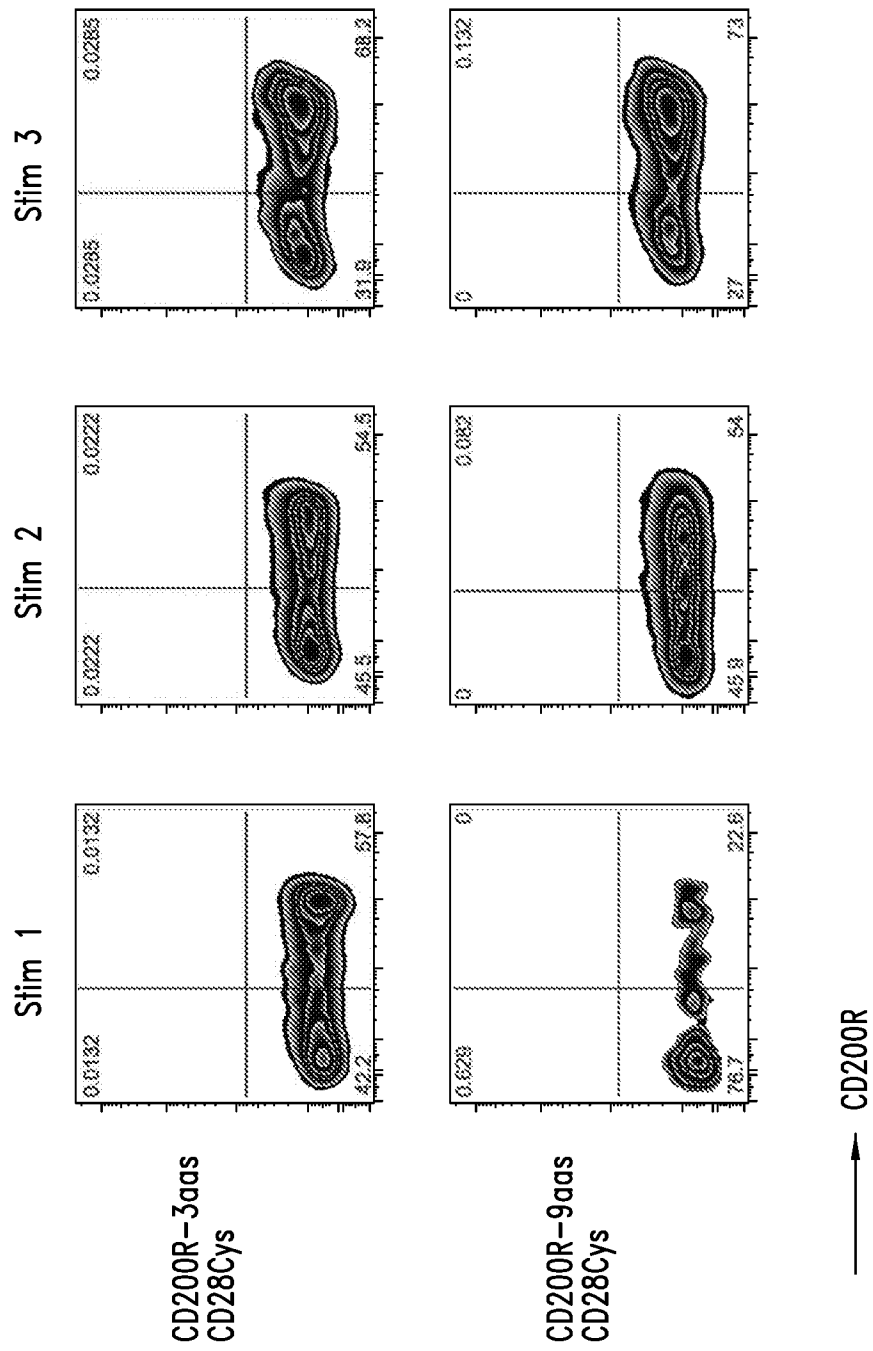


FIG. 2B (Cont.)

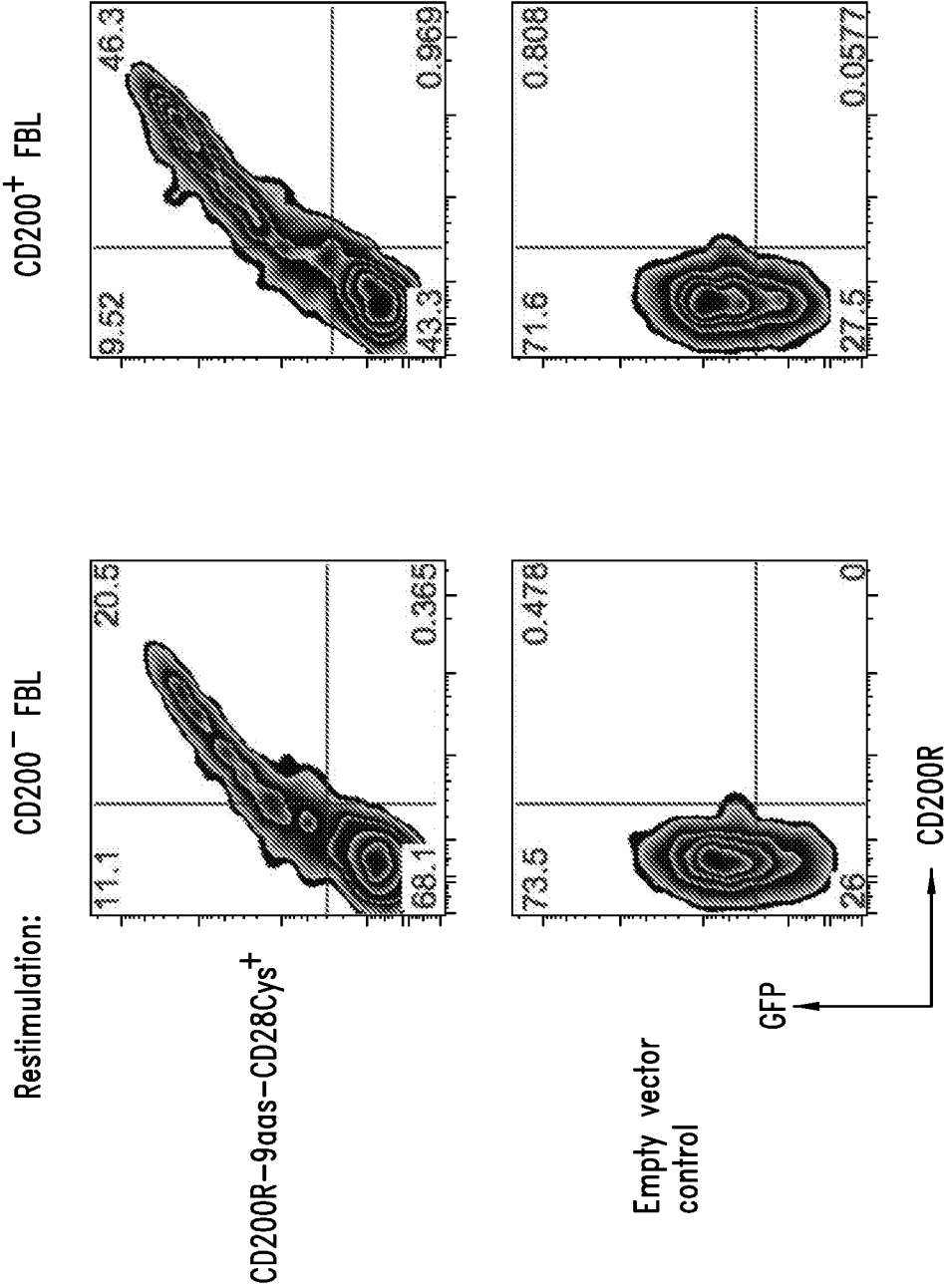


FIG. 2C

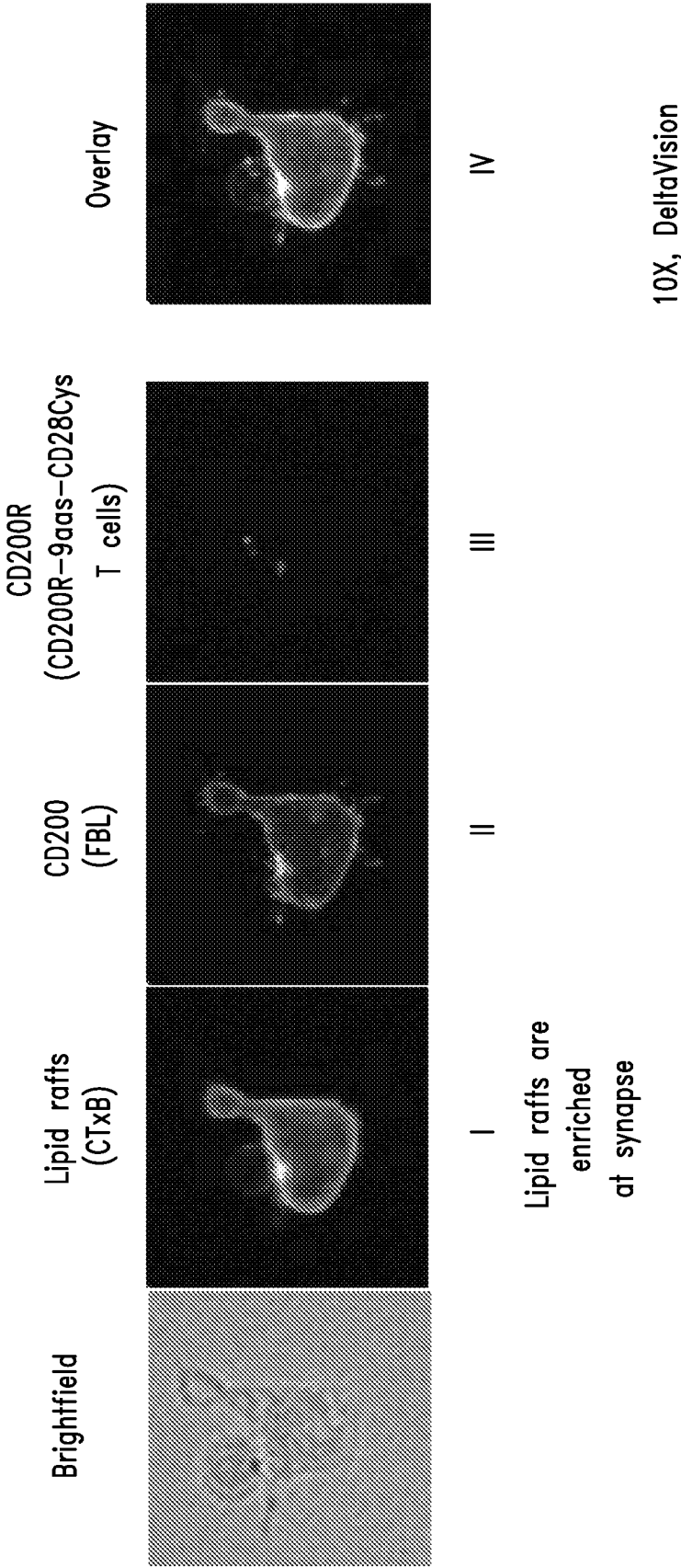


FIG. 2D

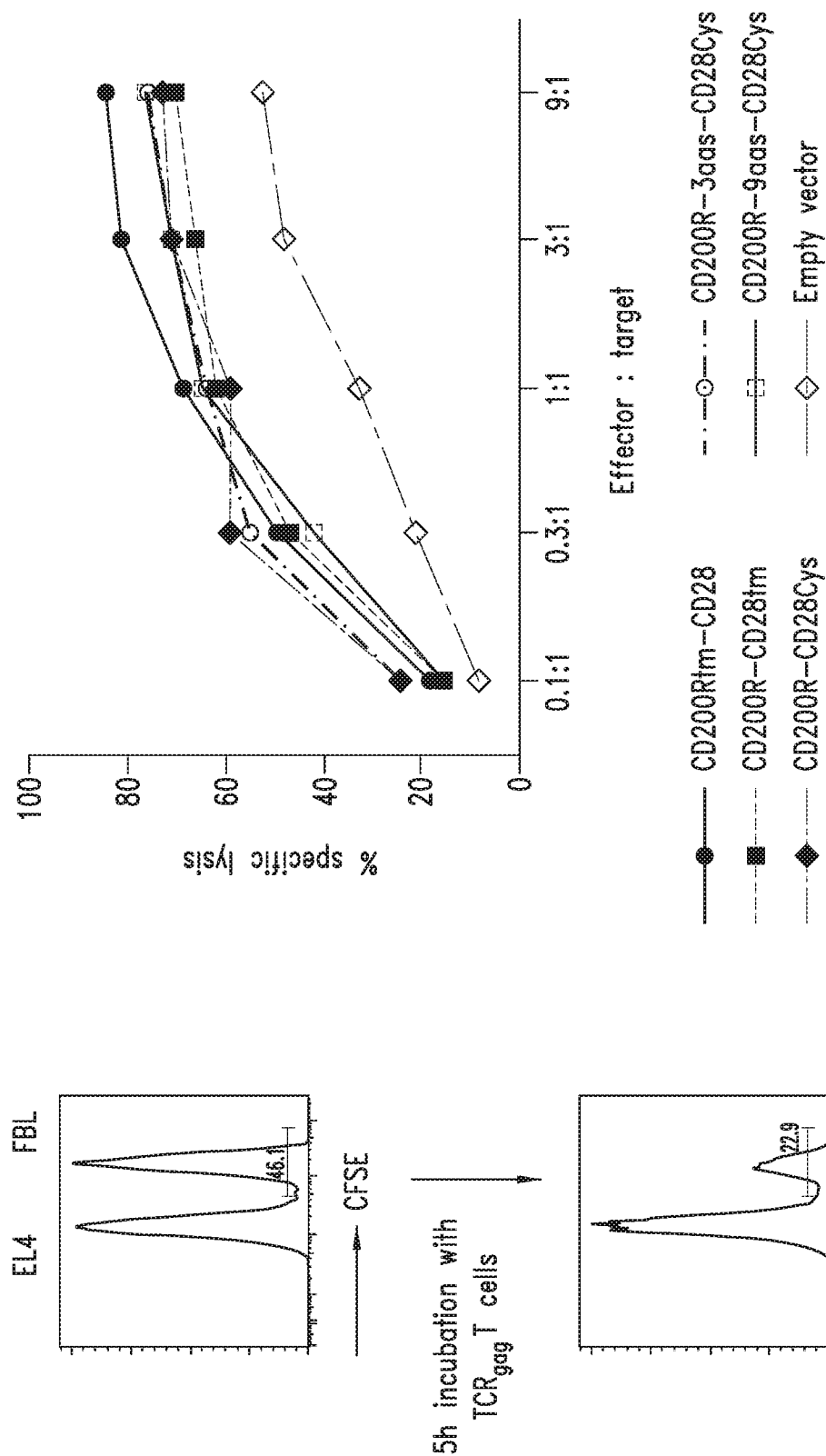


FIG. 2E

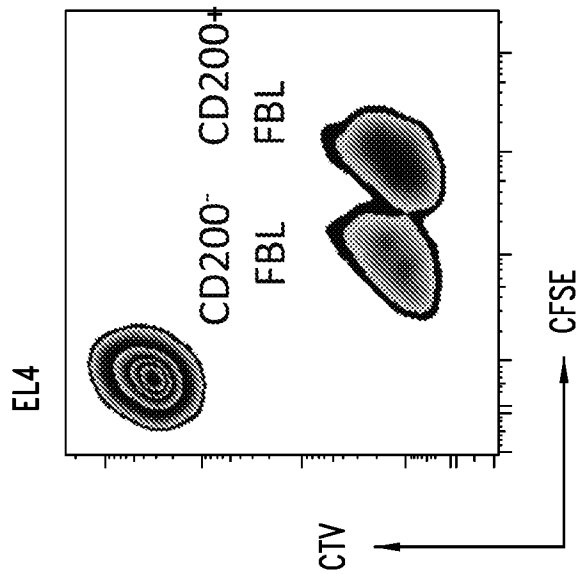


FIG. 2F

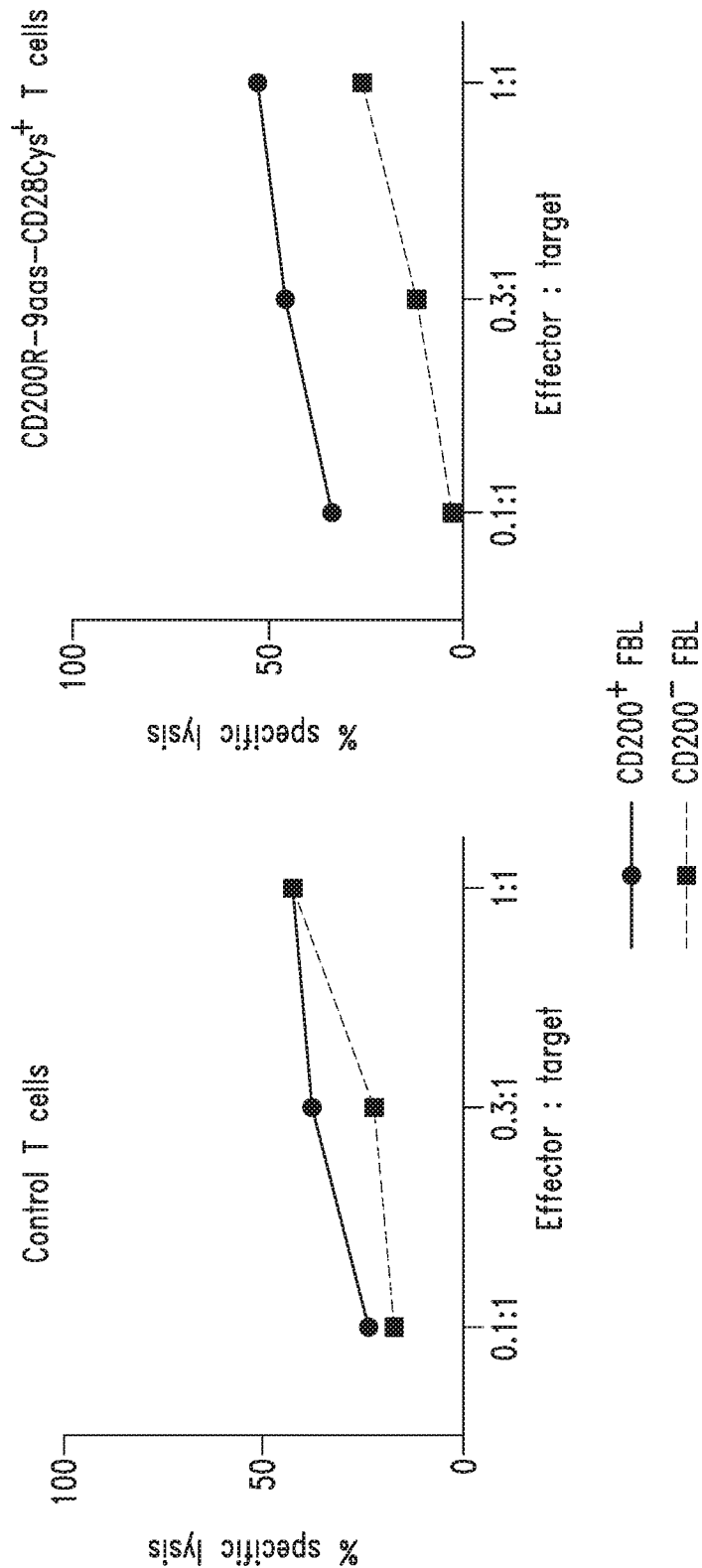


FIG. 2G

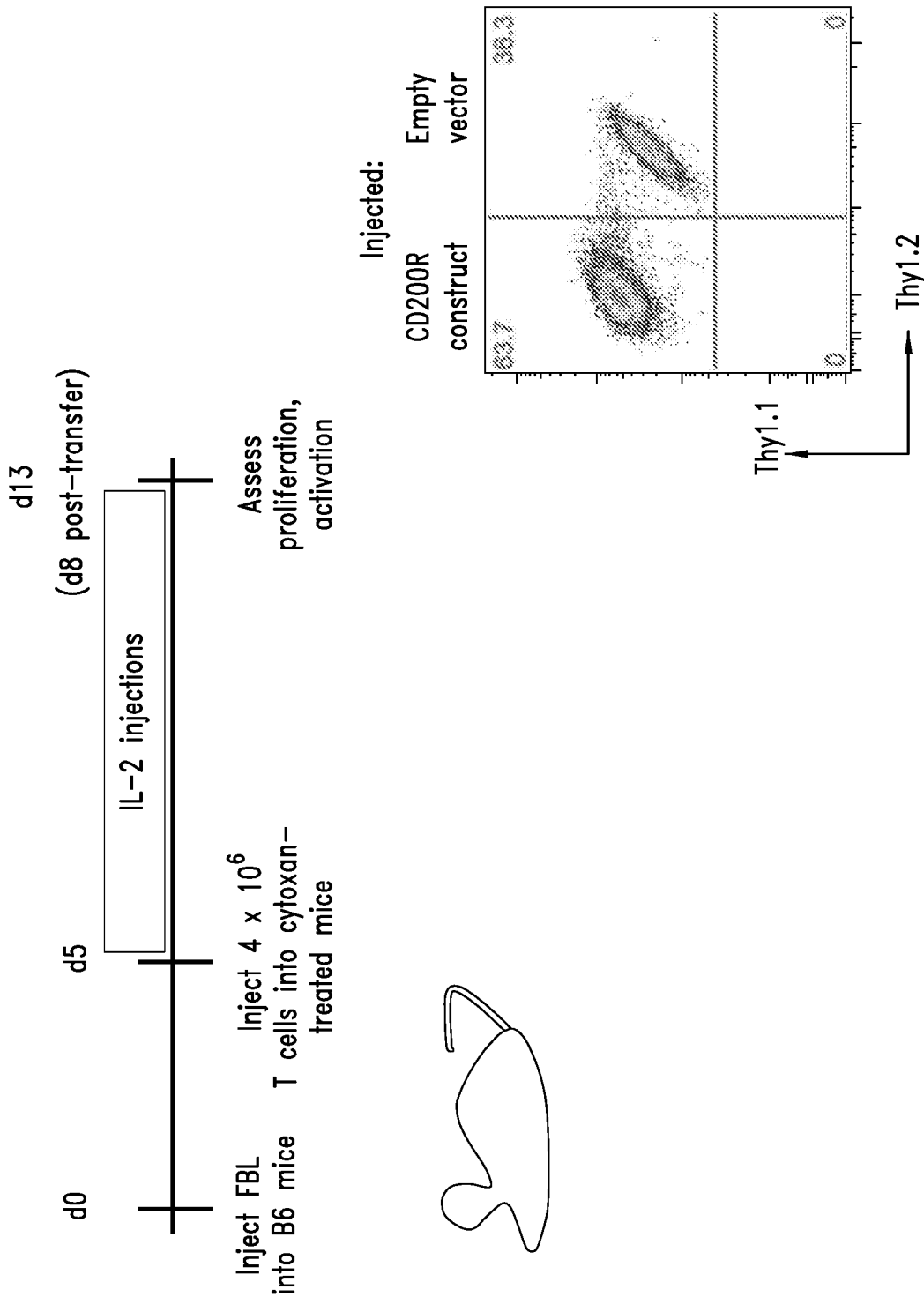


FIG. 3A

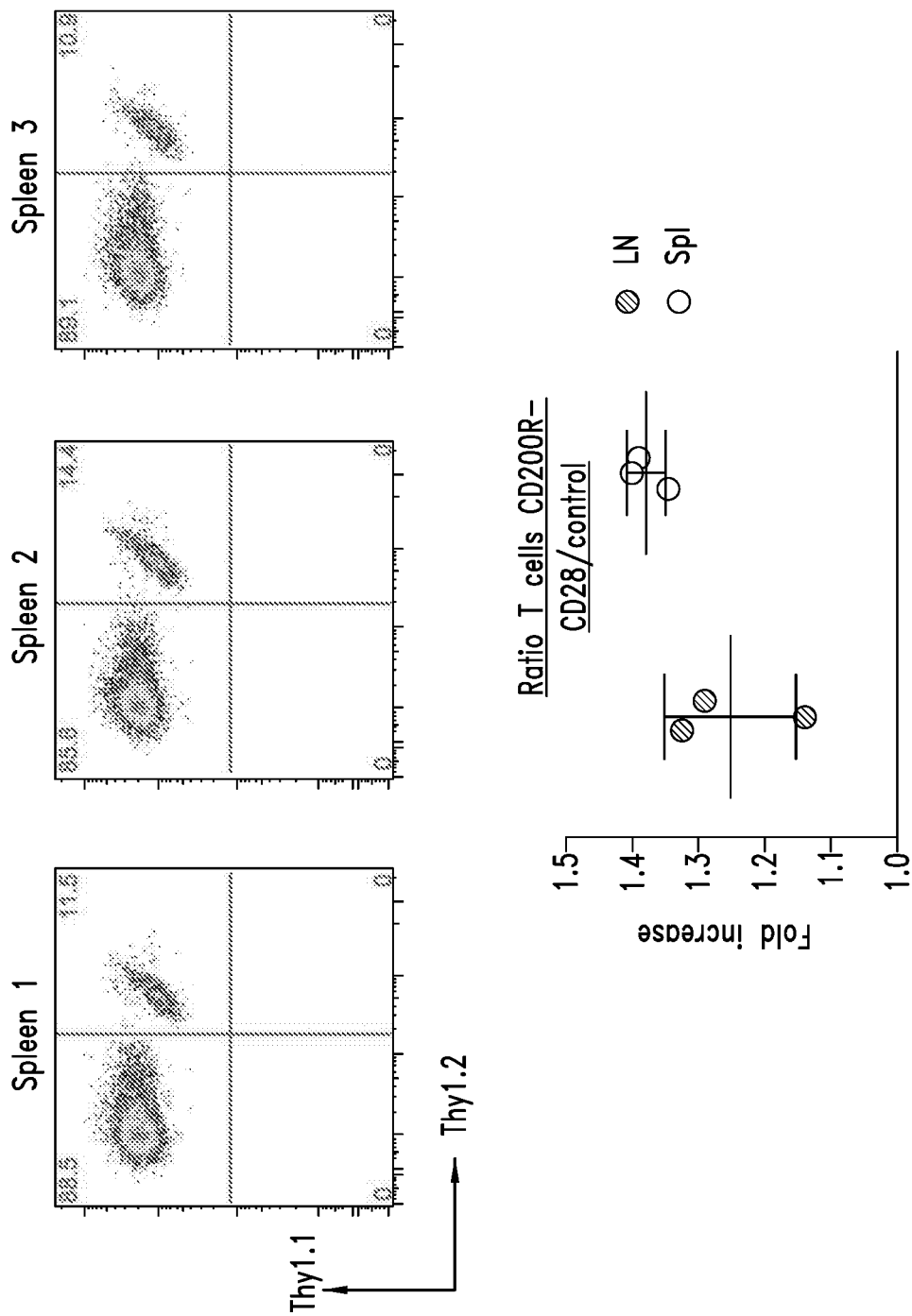


FIG. 3B

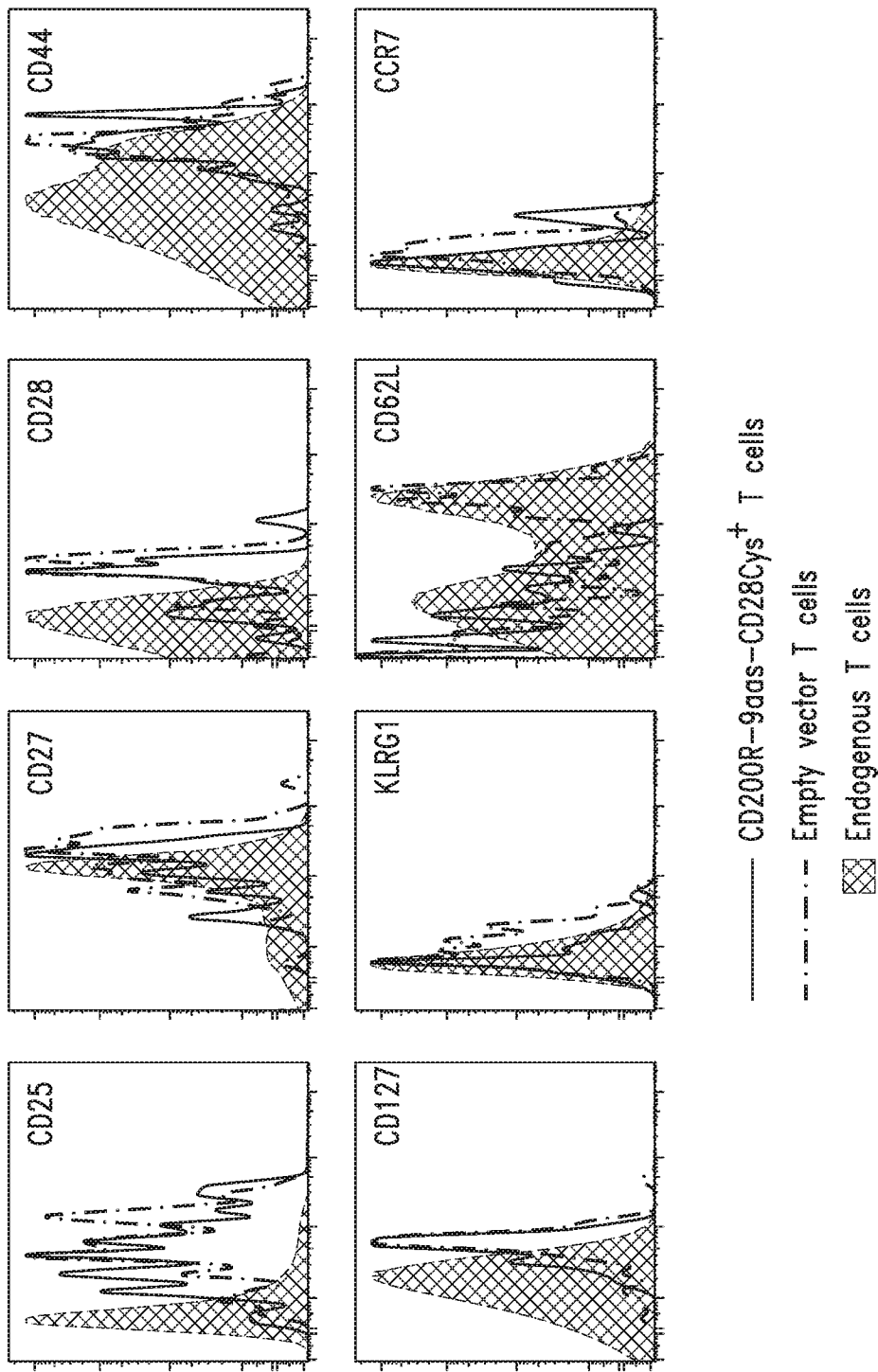


FIG. 3C

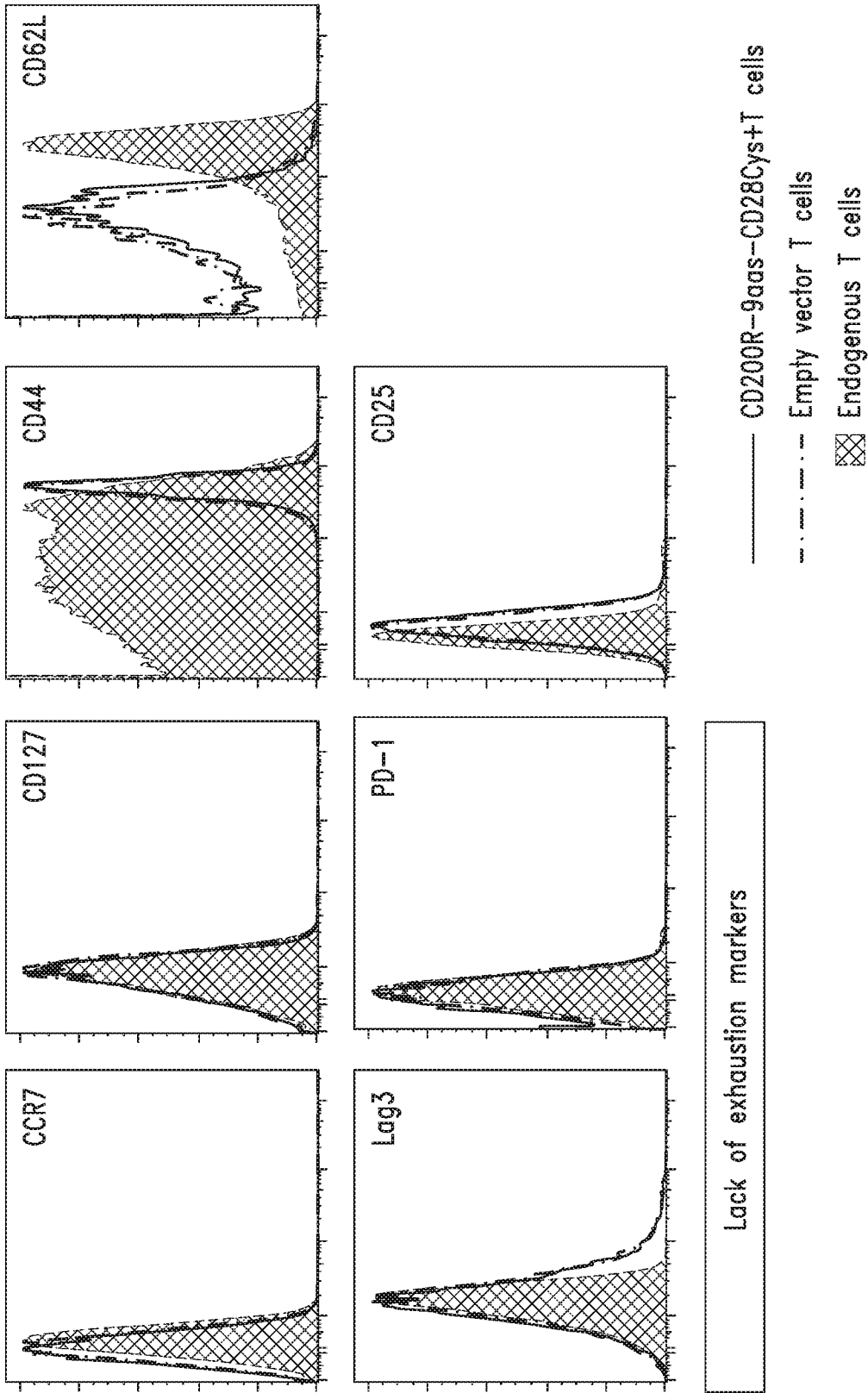


FIG. 3D

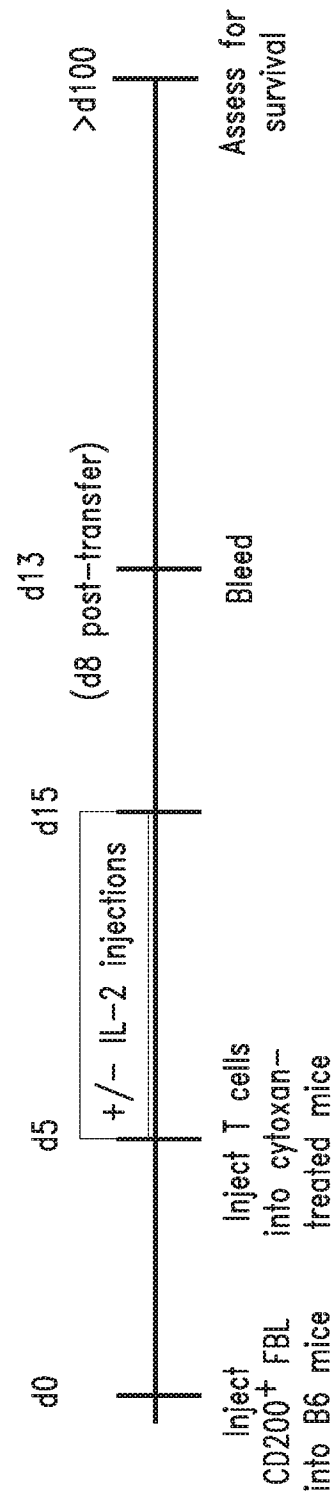


FIG. 4A

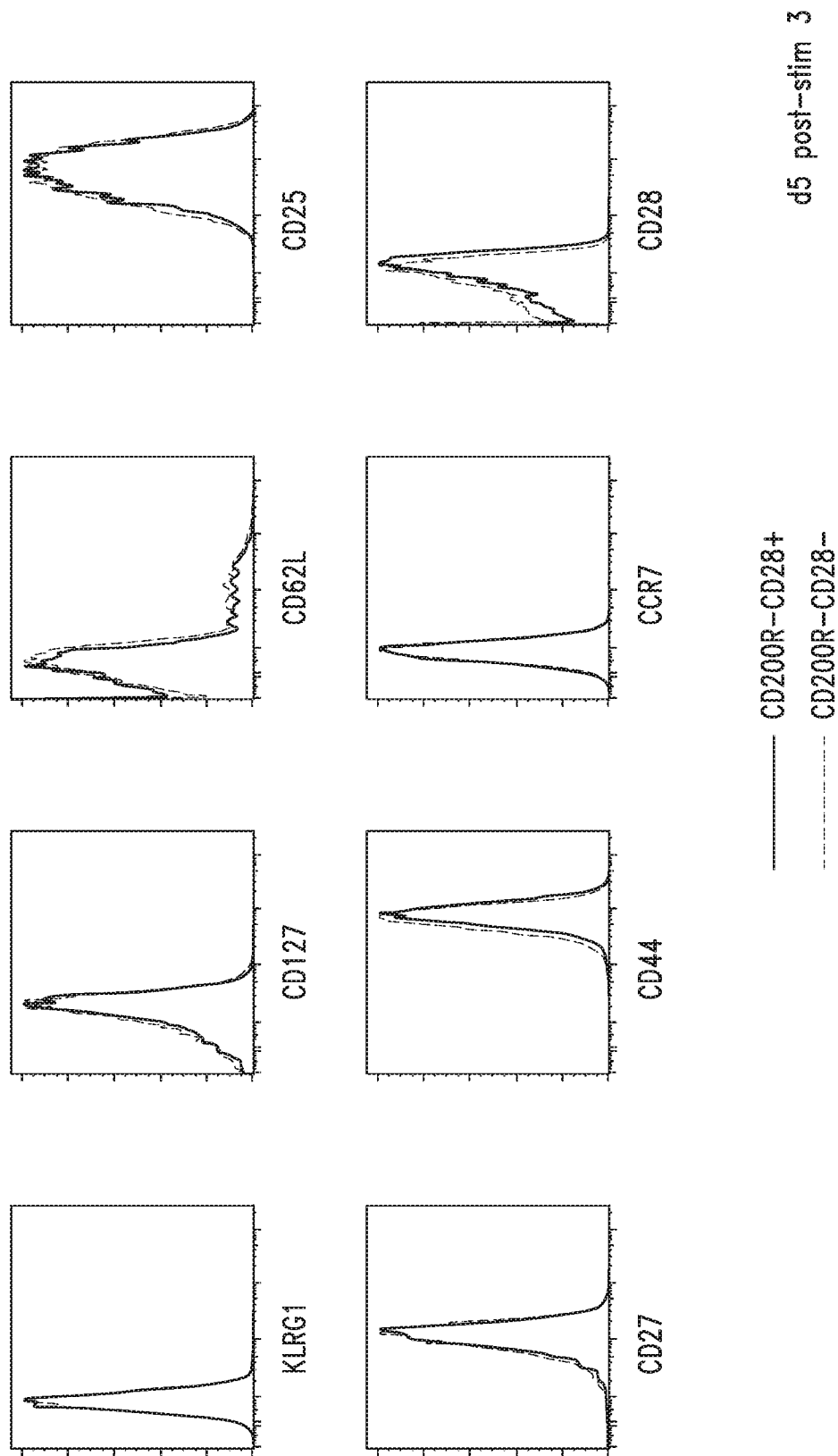


FIG. 4B

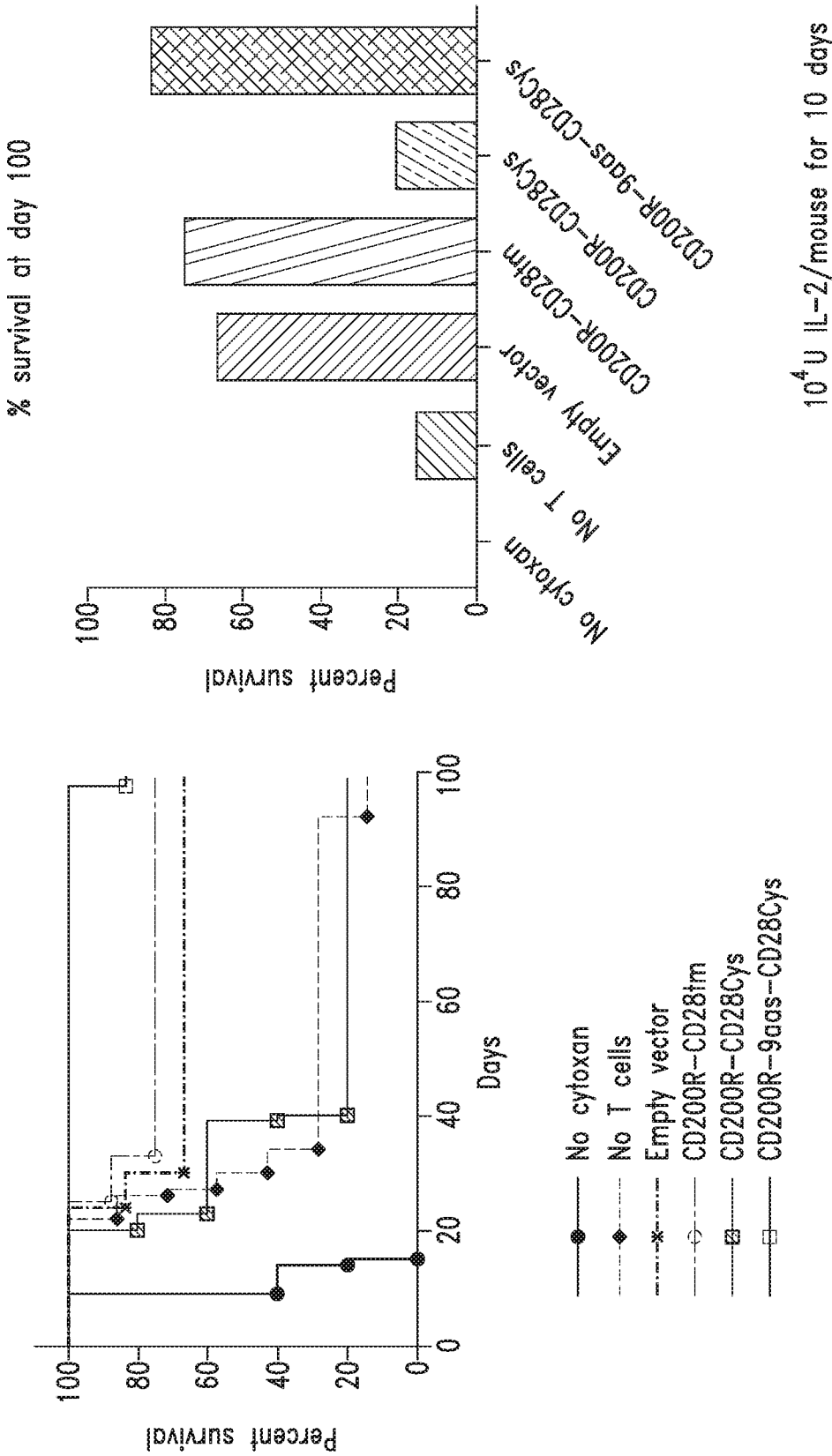


FIG. 4C

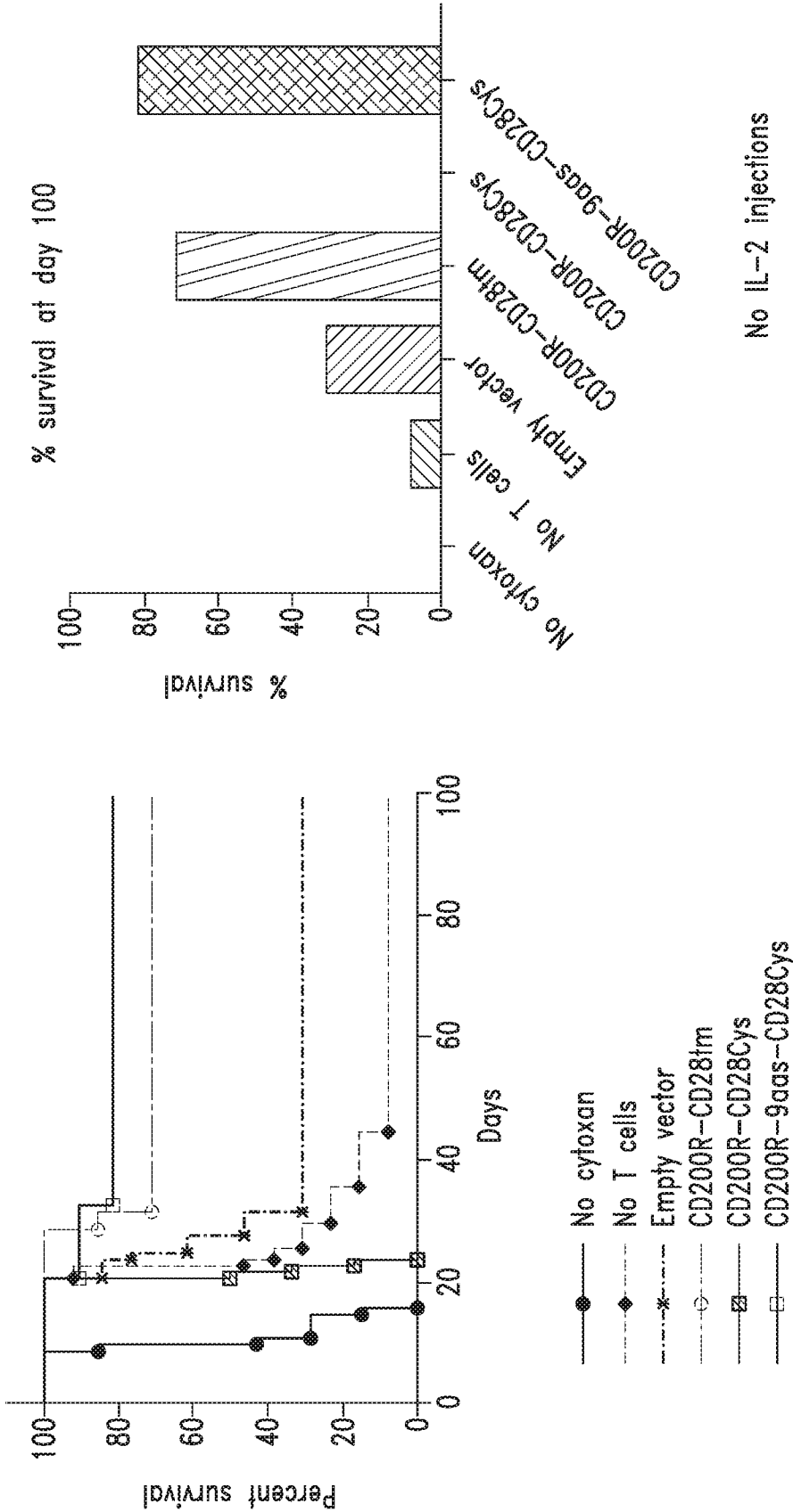


FIG. 4D

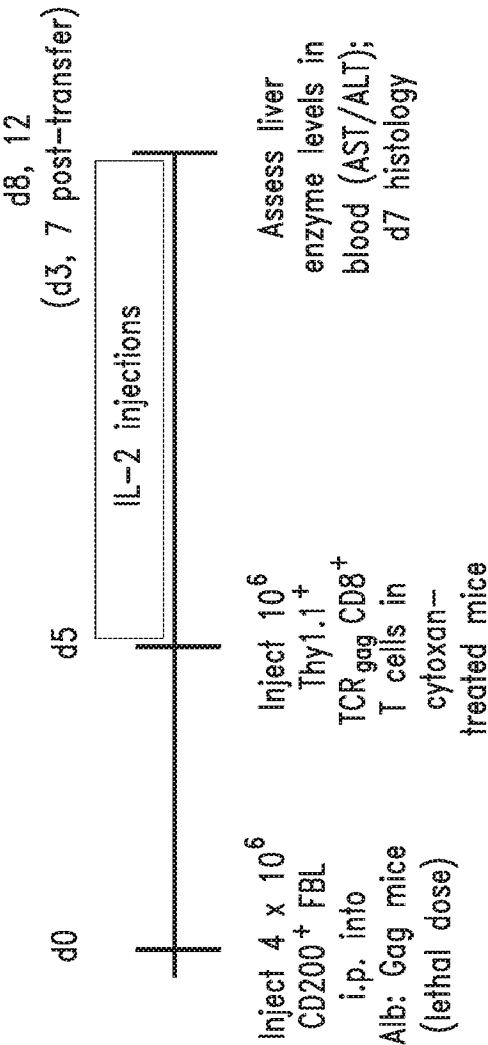


FIG. 5A

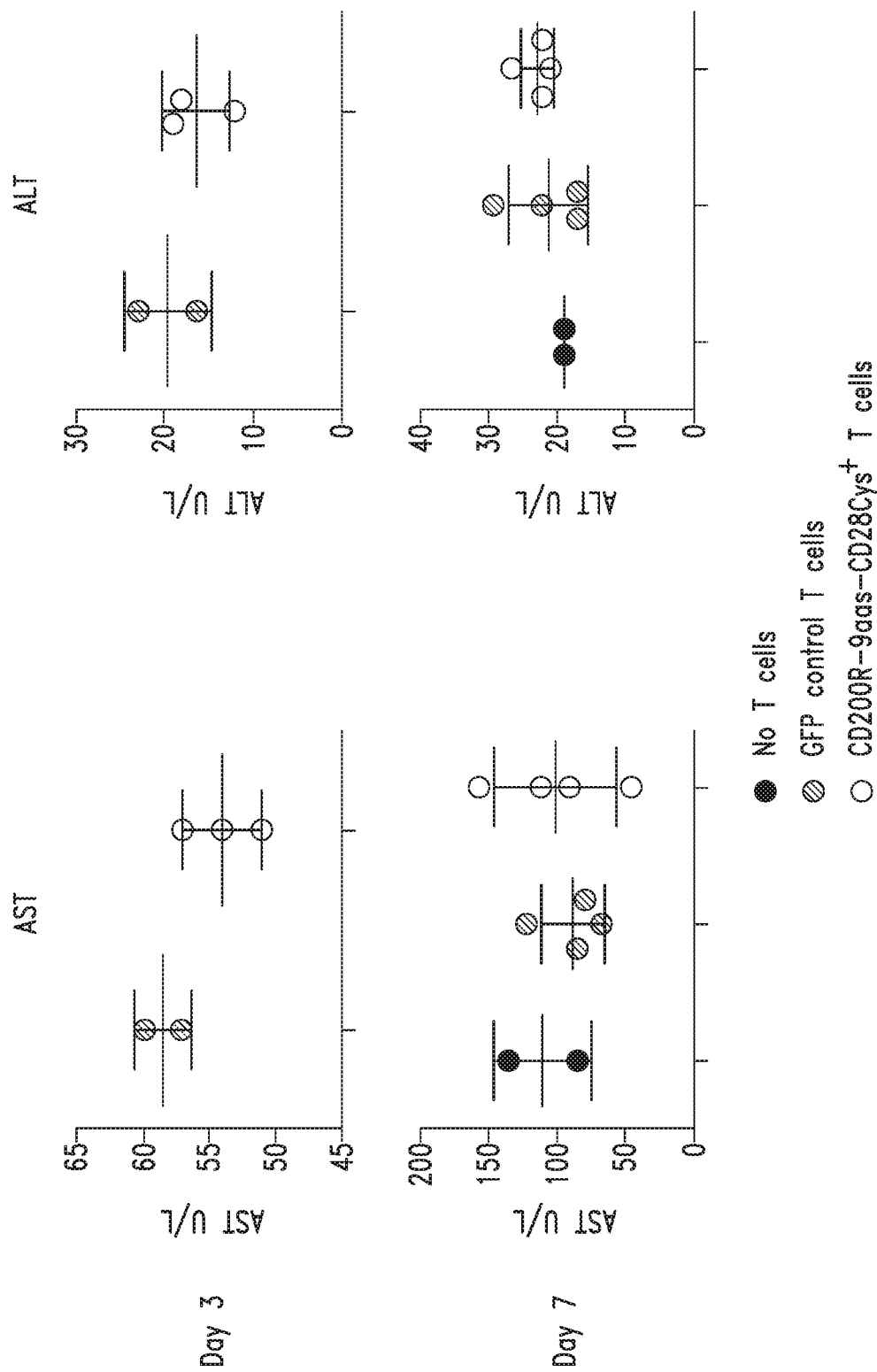


FIG. 5B

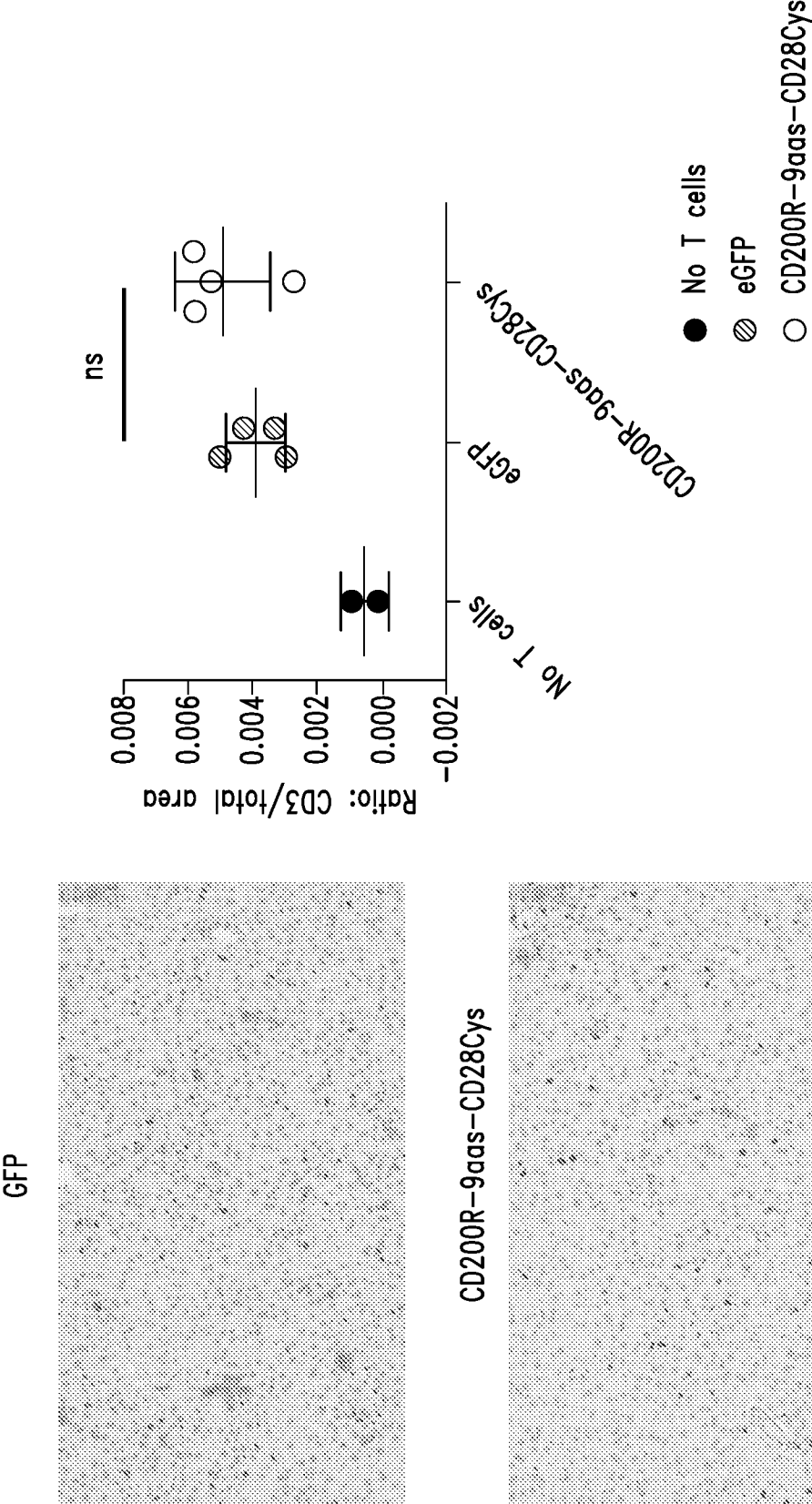


FIG. 5C

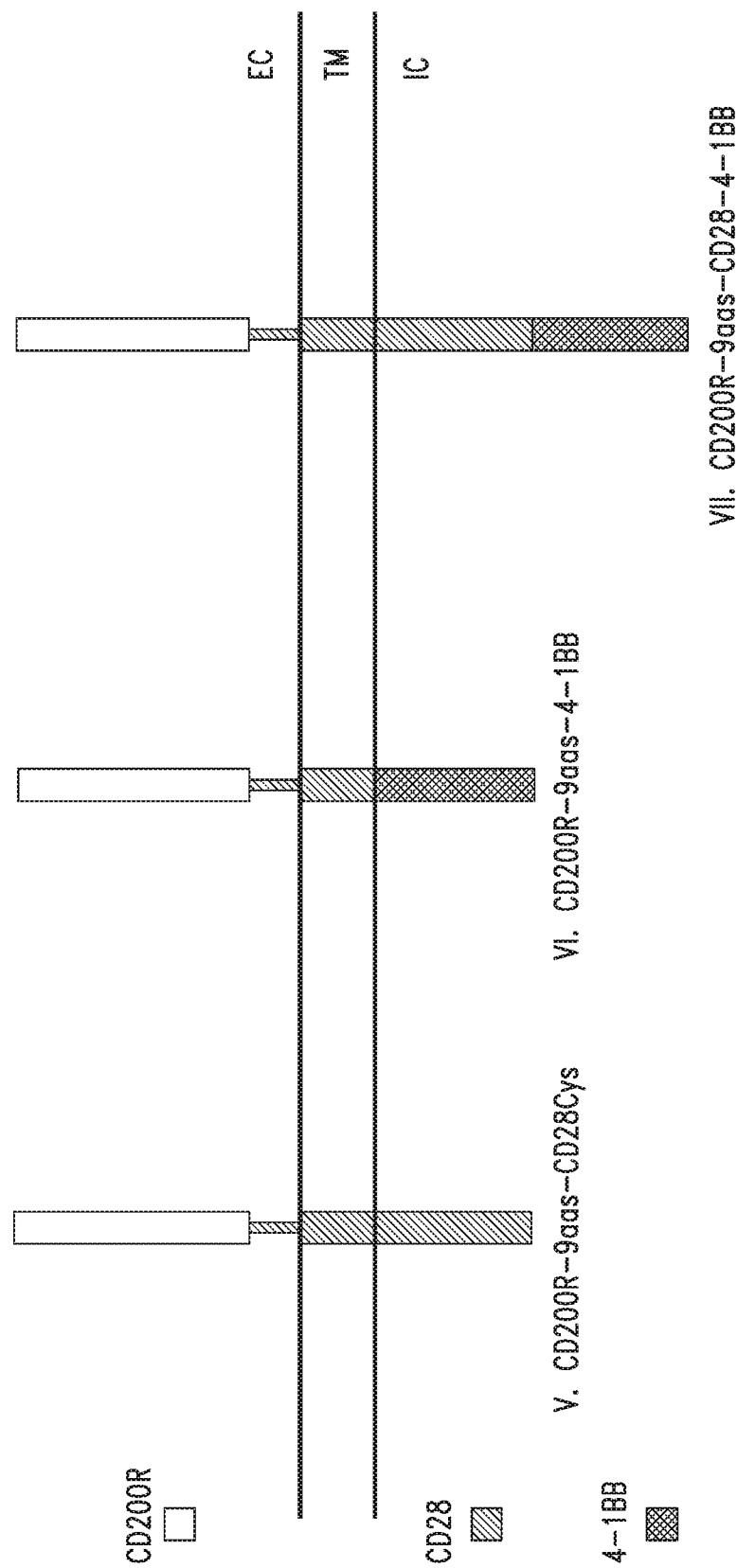


FIG. 6A

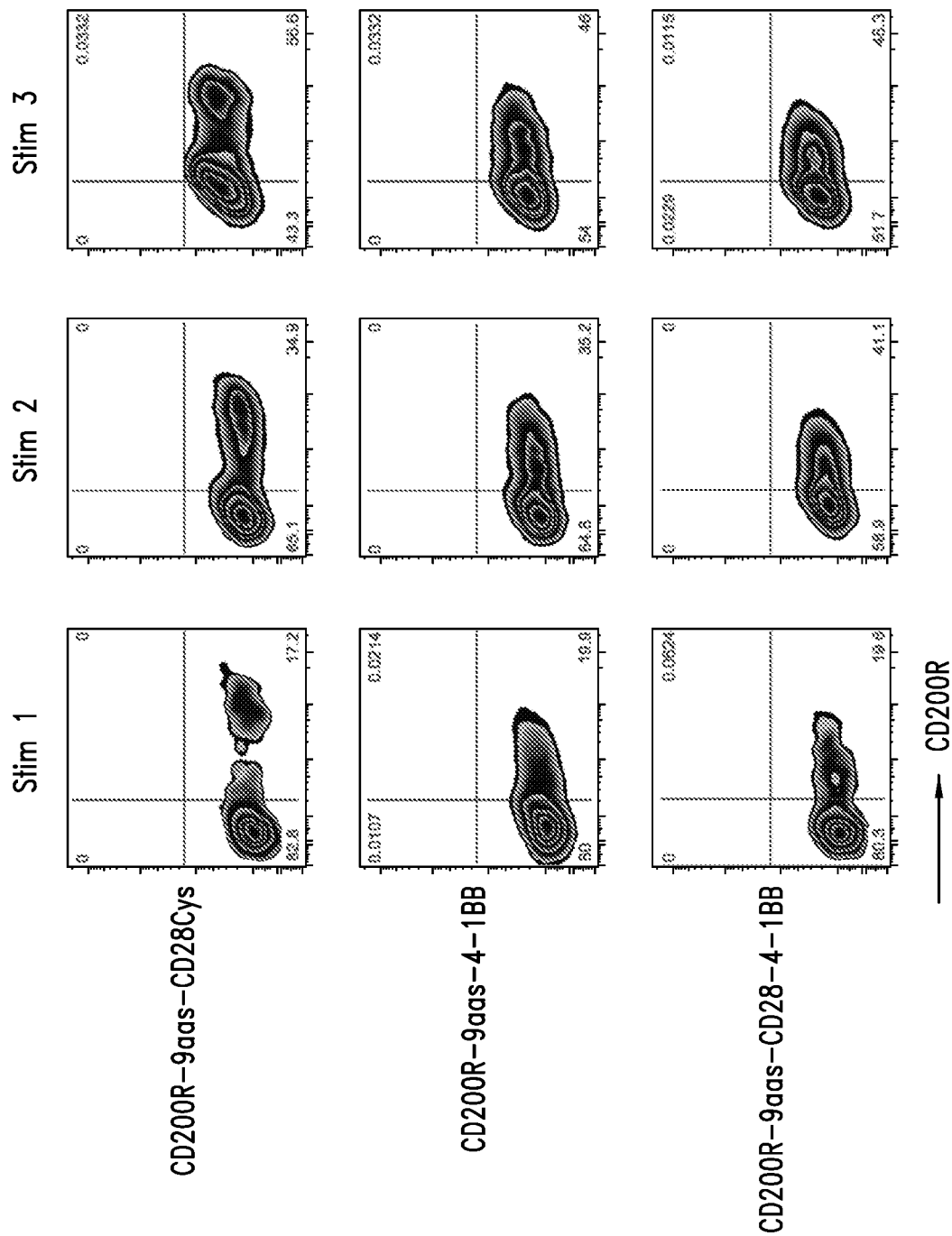


FIG. 6B

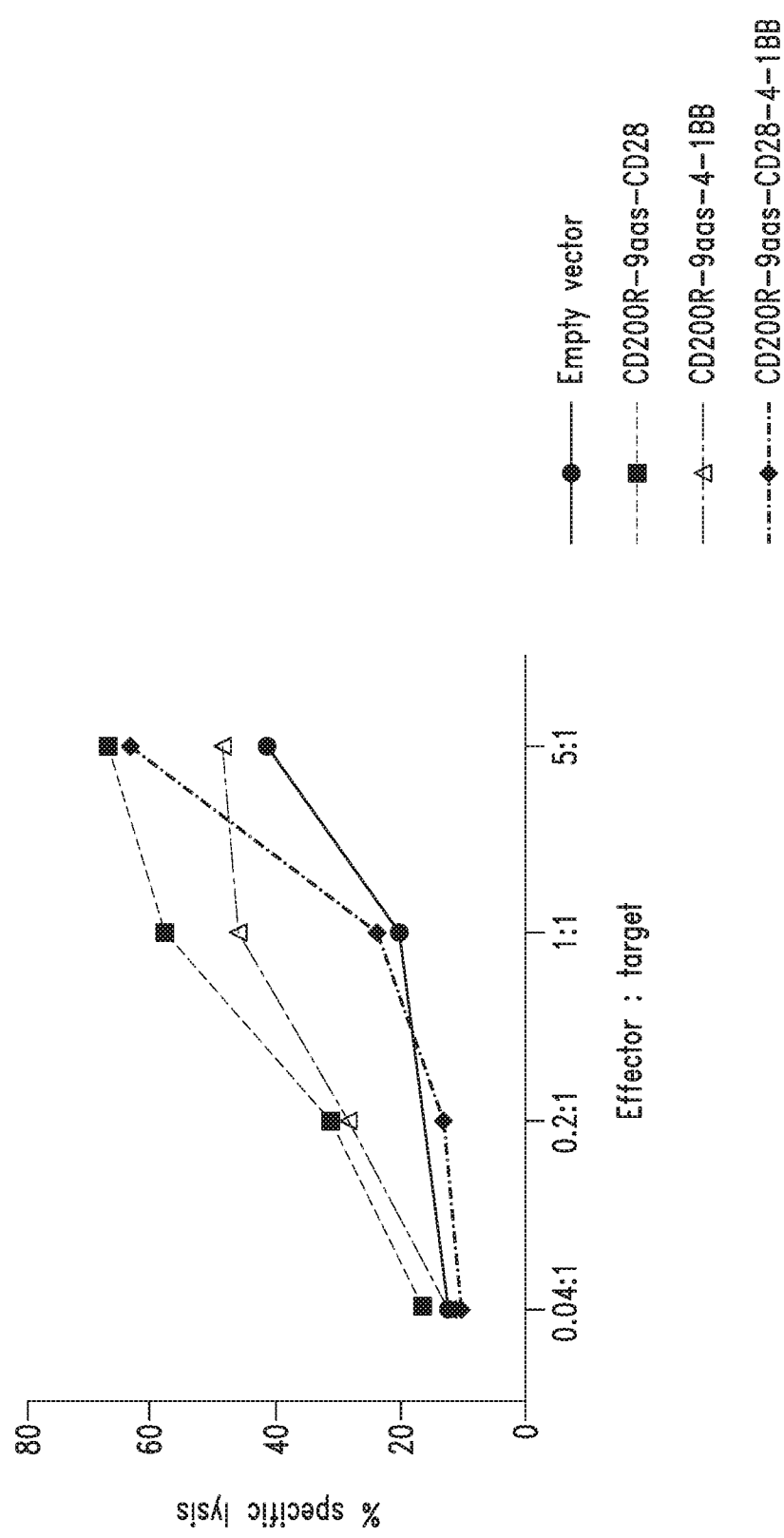


FIG. 6C

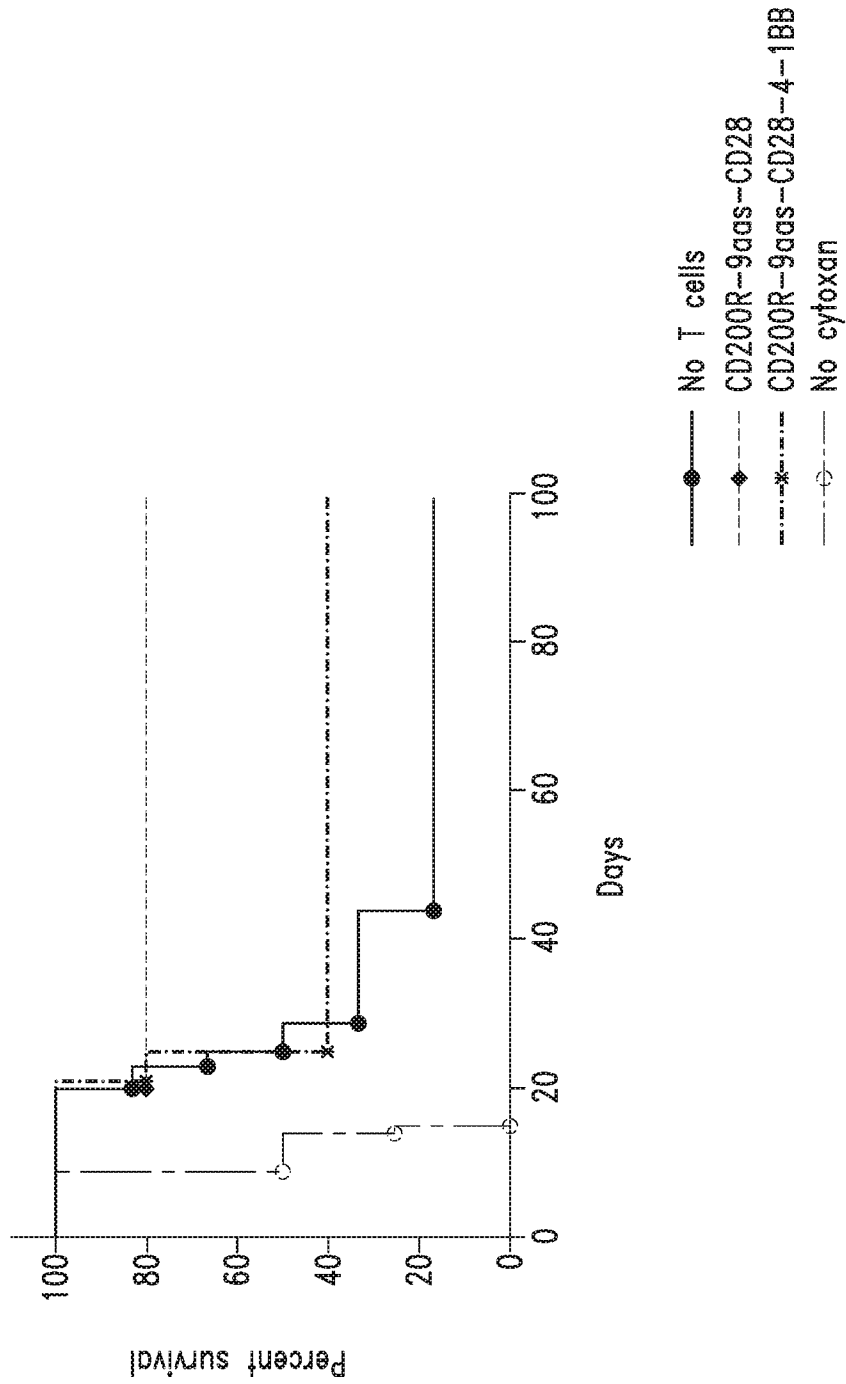


FIG. 6D

Construct:	CD200R-CD28	CO	P2A	C4β	P2A	C4α
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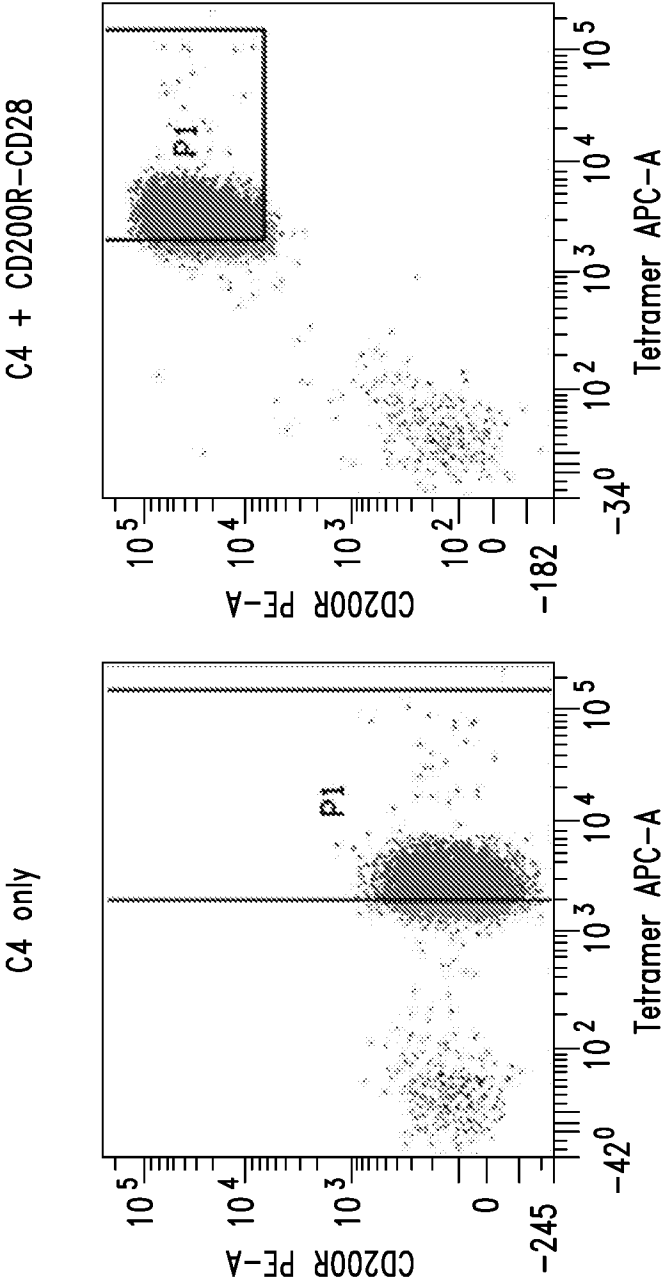


FIG. 7A

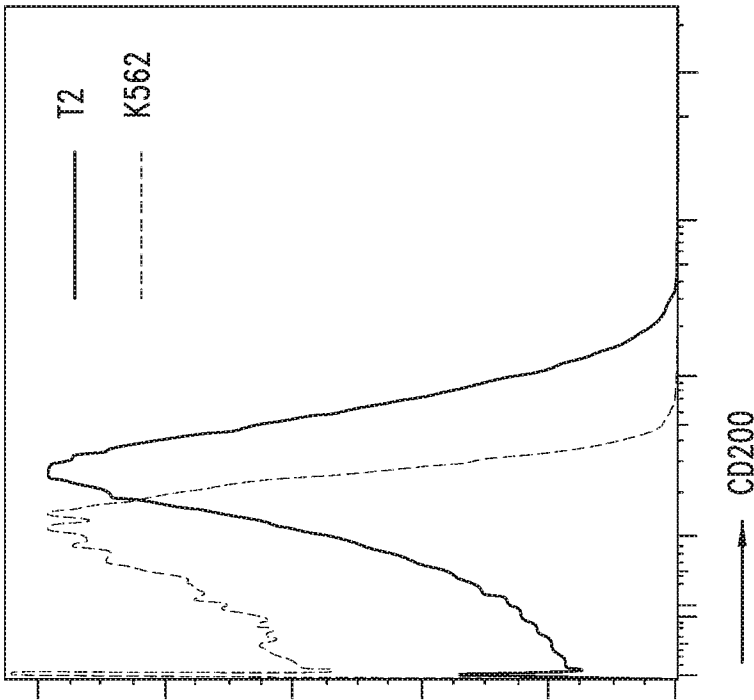


FIG. 7B

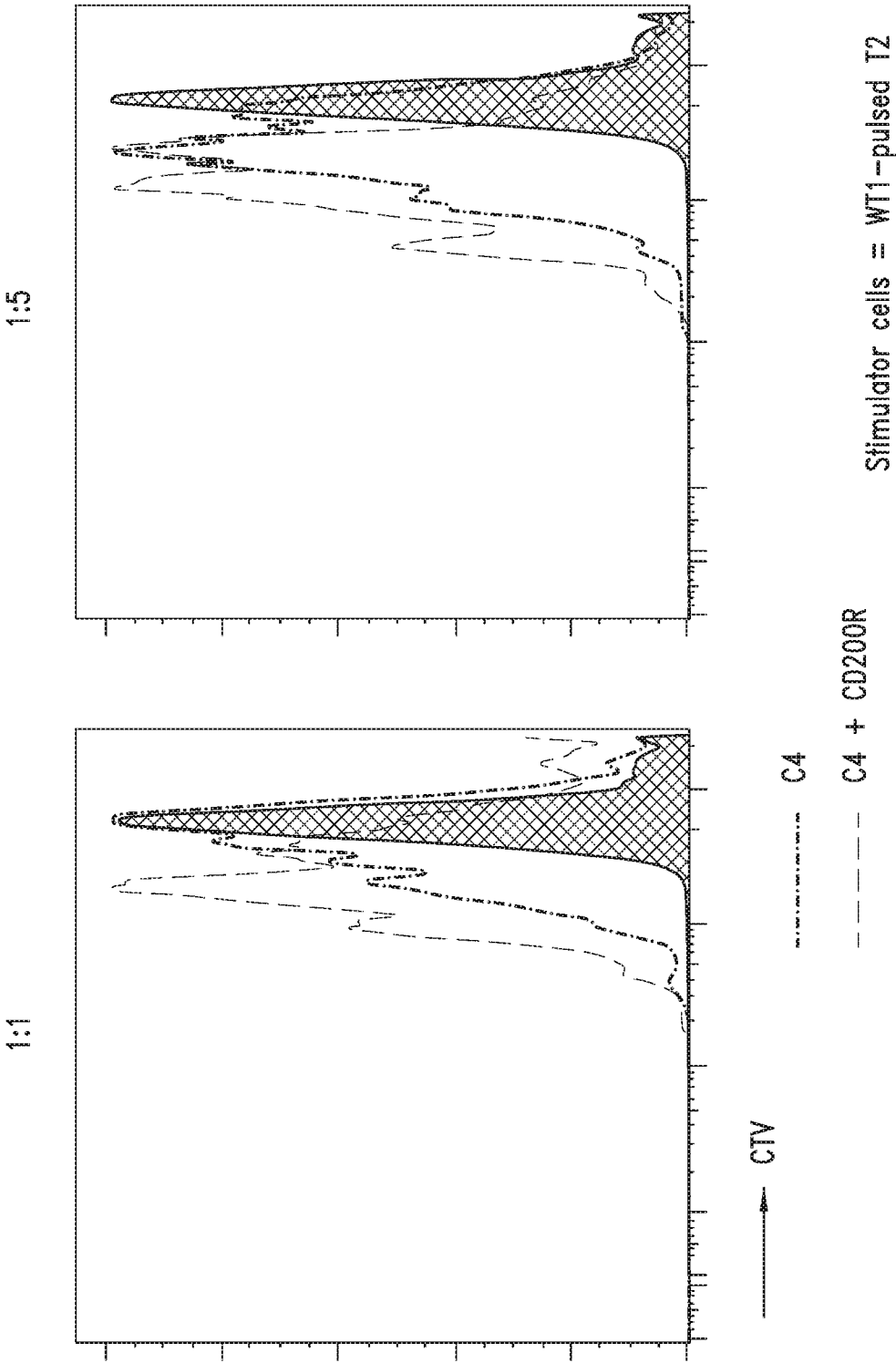


FIG. 7C

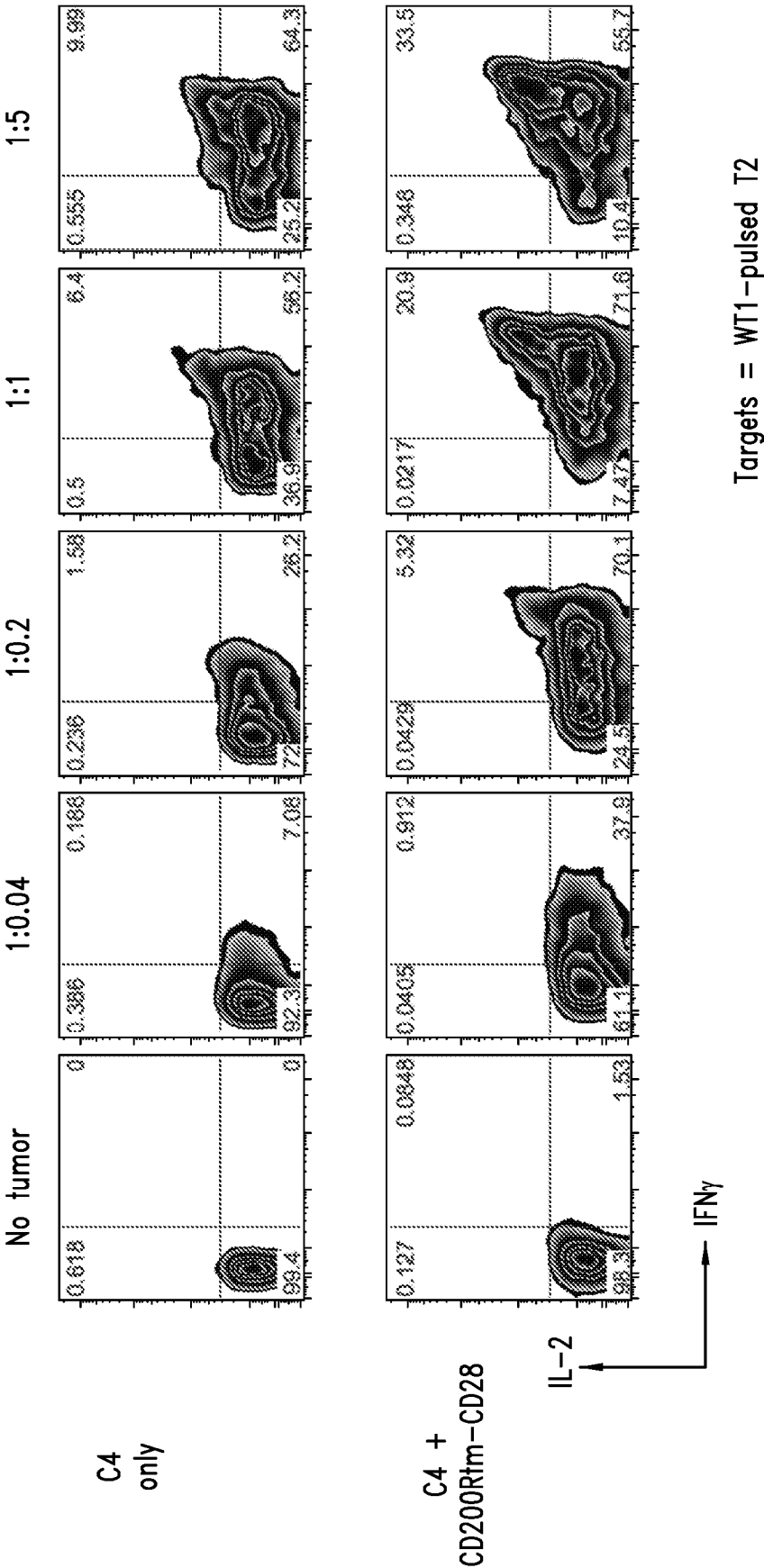


FIG. 7D

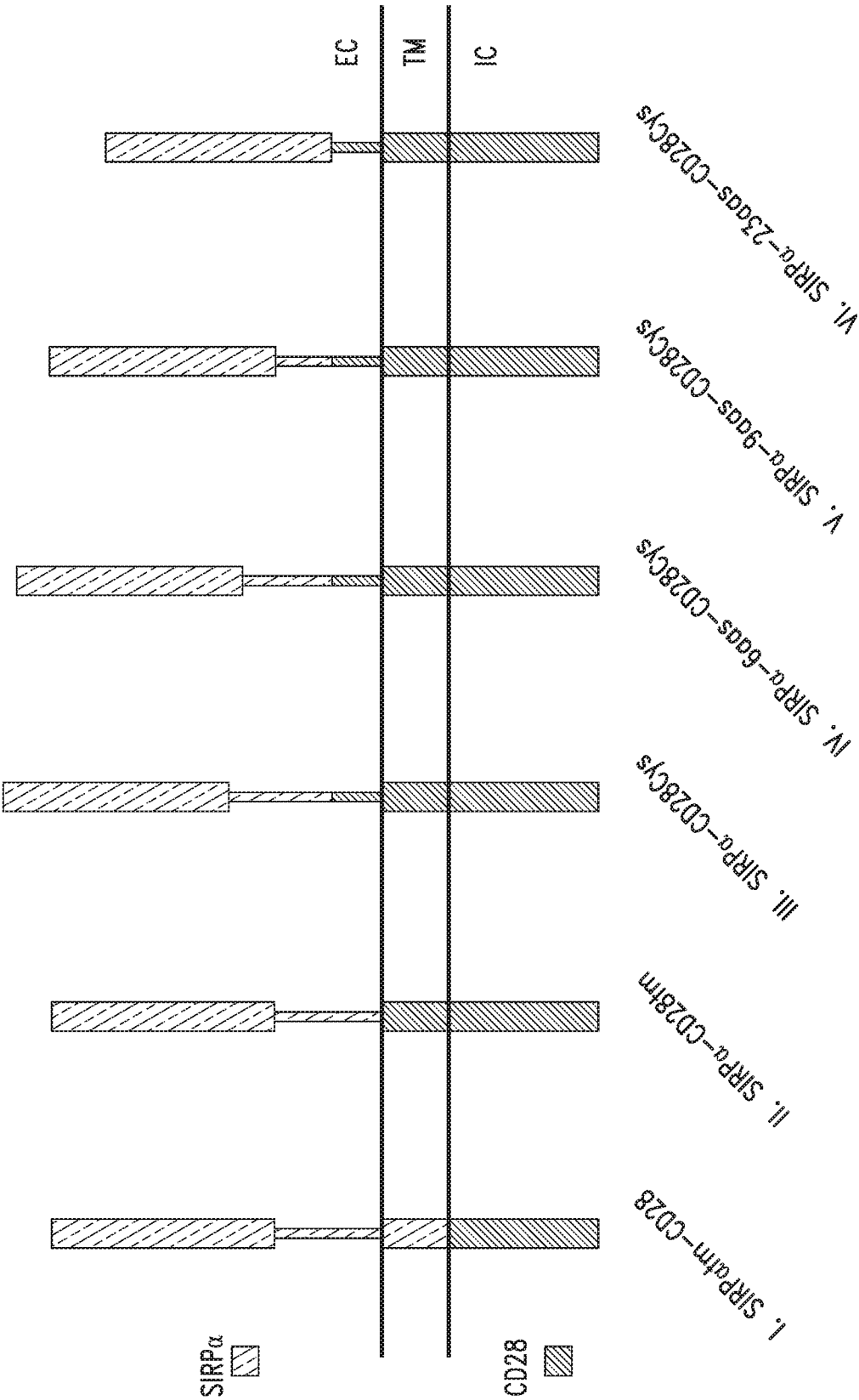


FIG. 8A

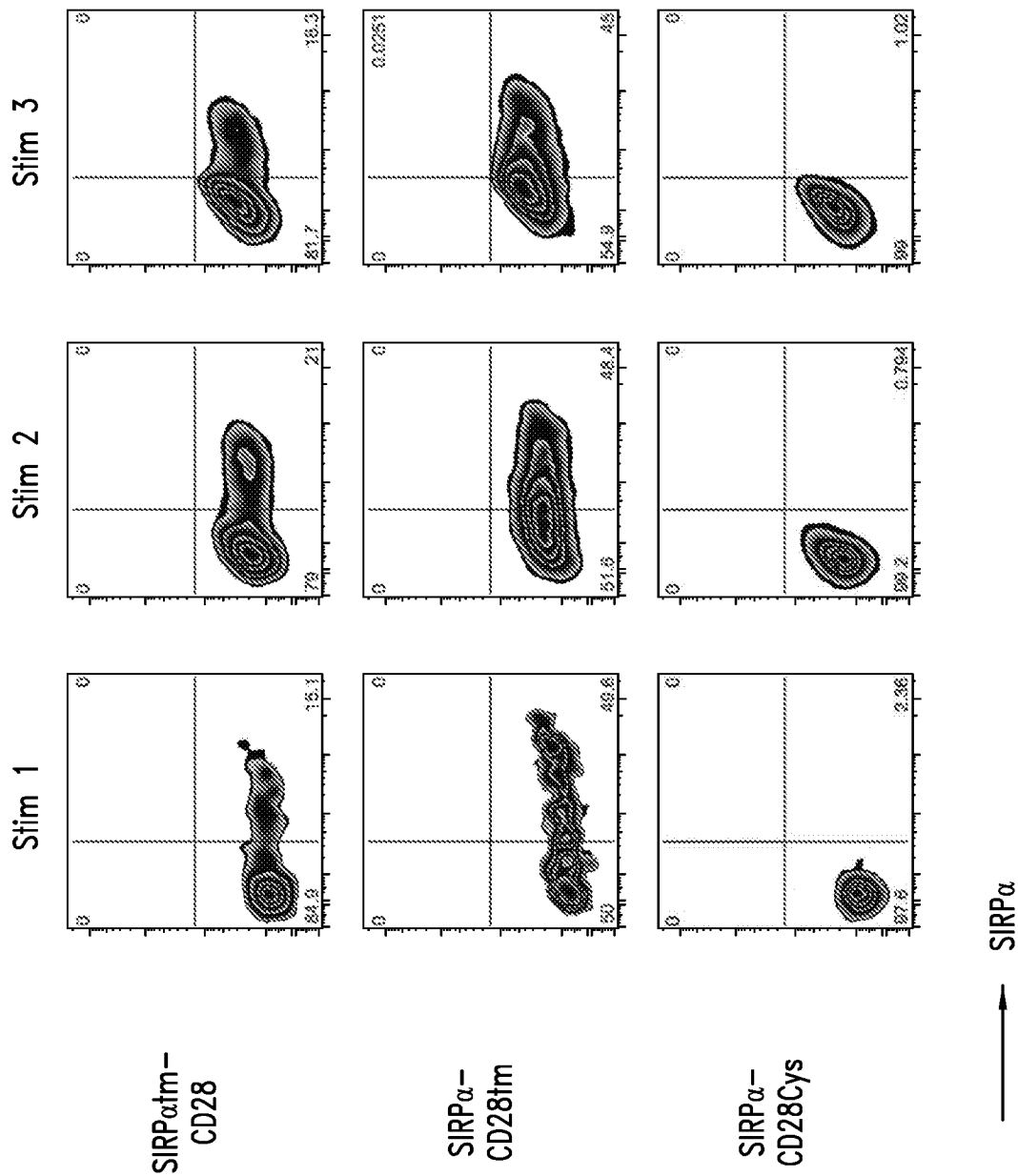


FIG. 8B

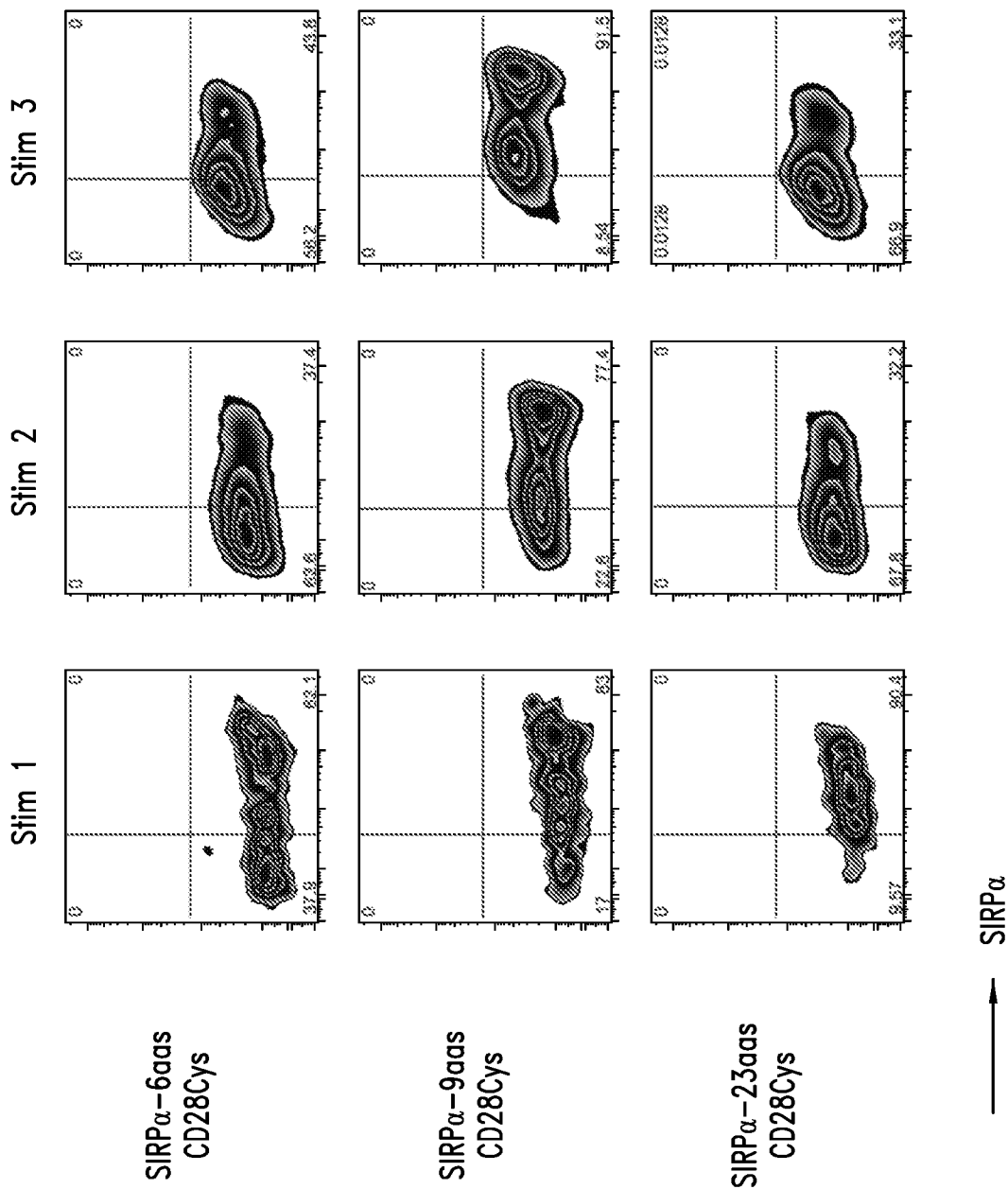


FIG. 8B (Cont.)

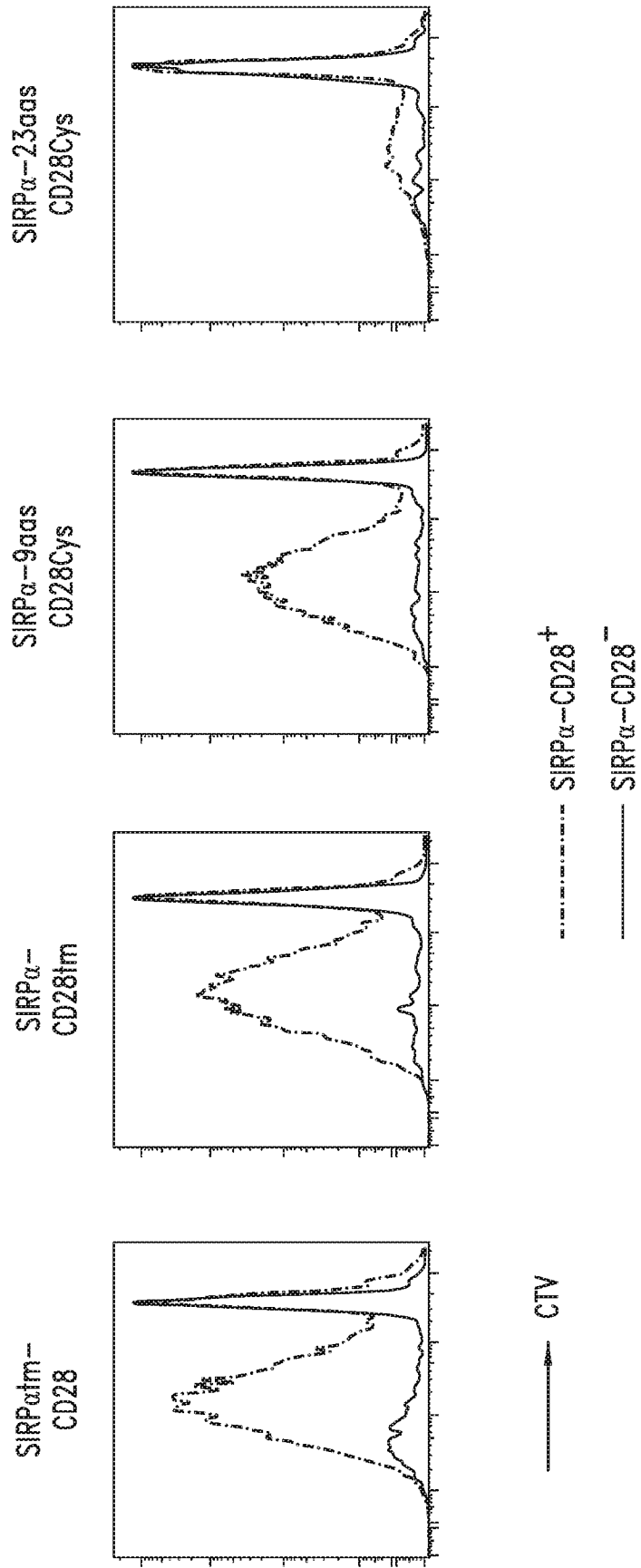


FIG. 8C

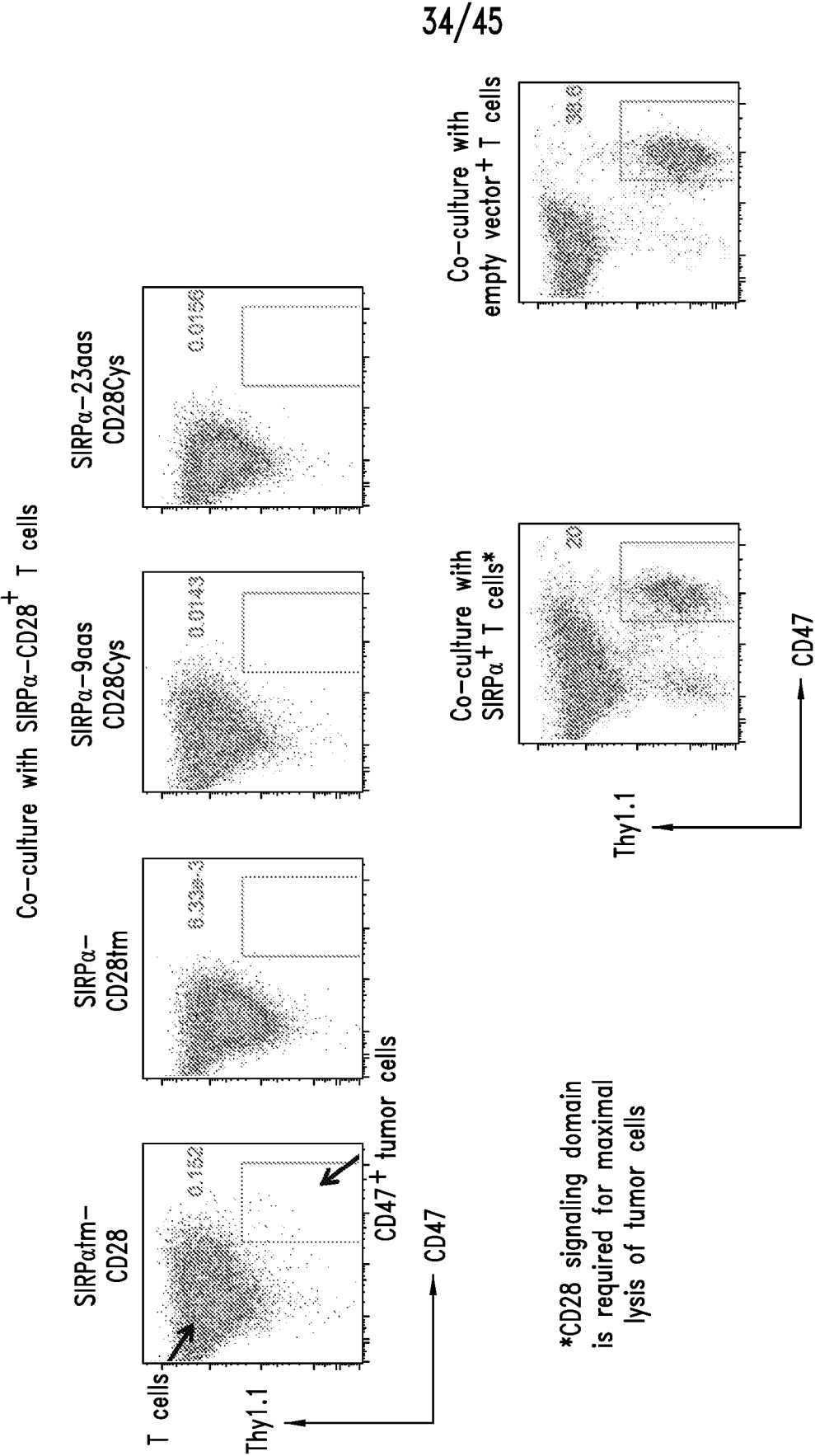


FIG. 8D

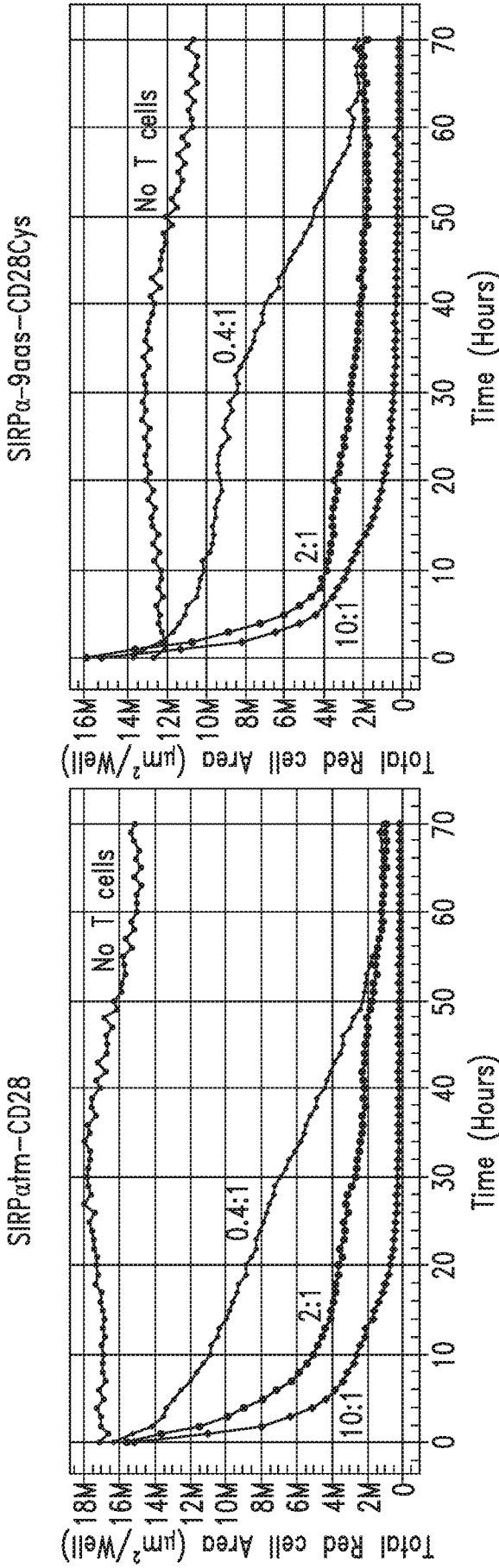


FIG. 8E

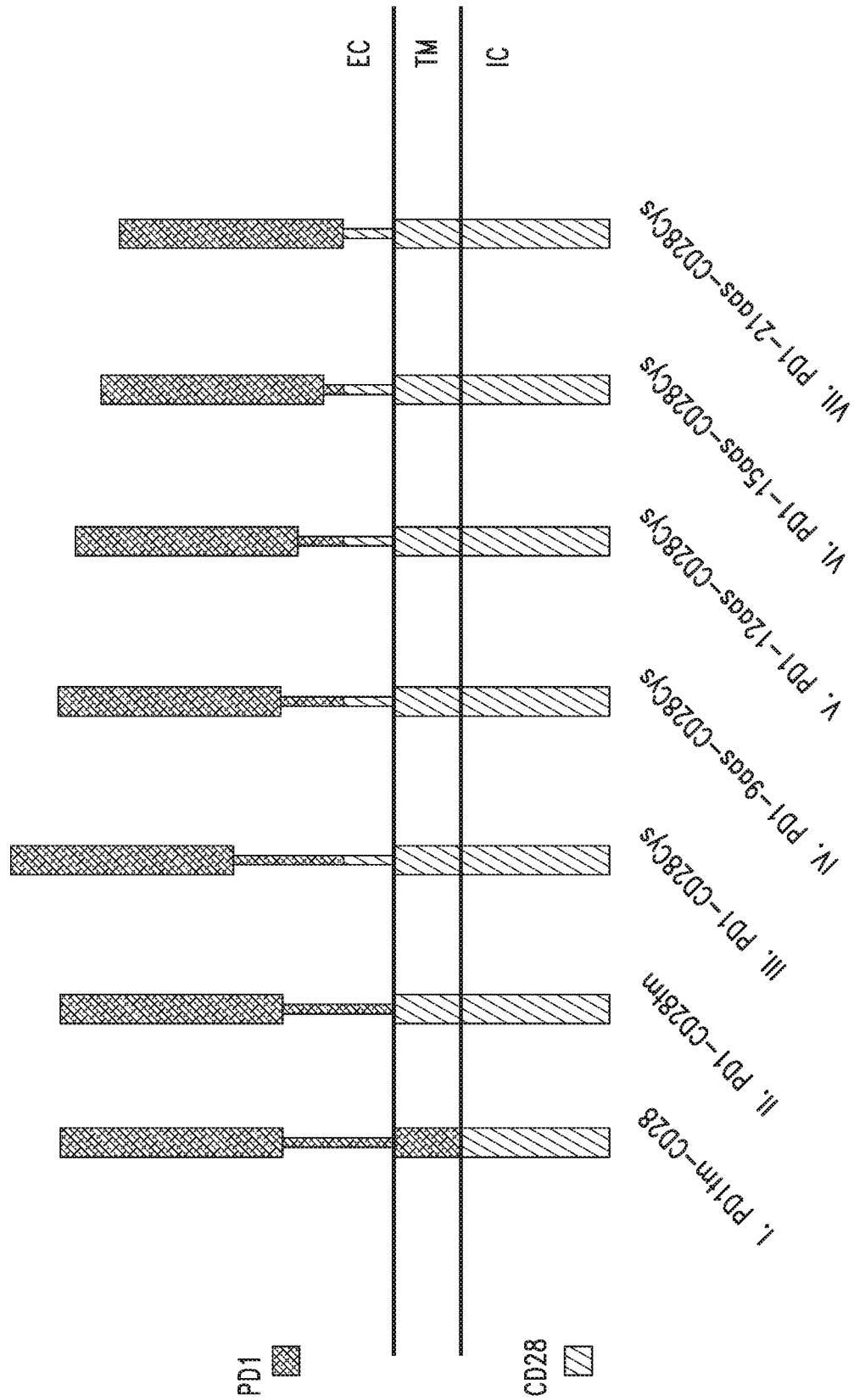


FIG. 9A

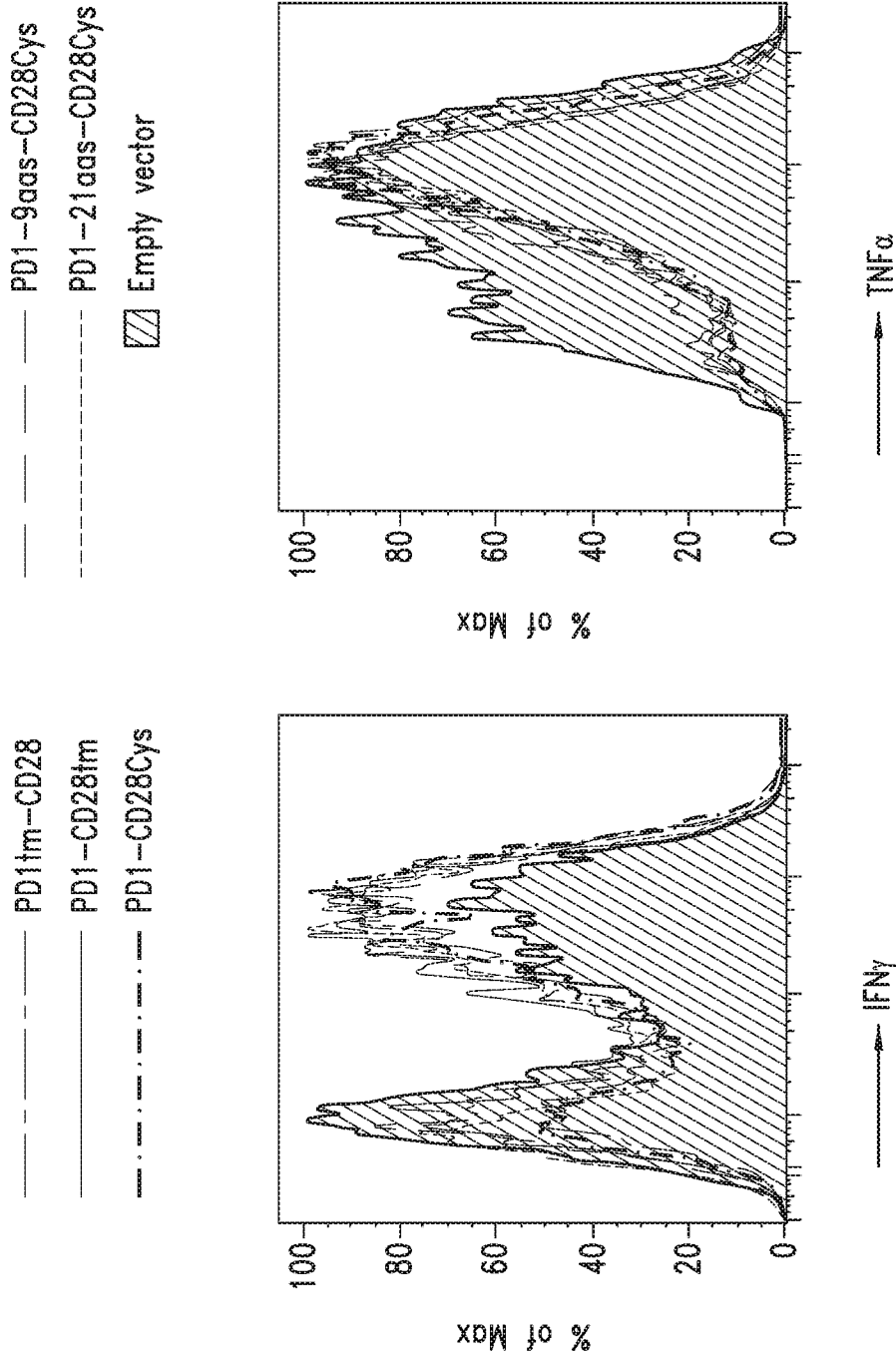


FIG. 9B

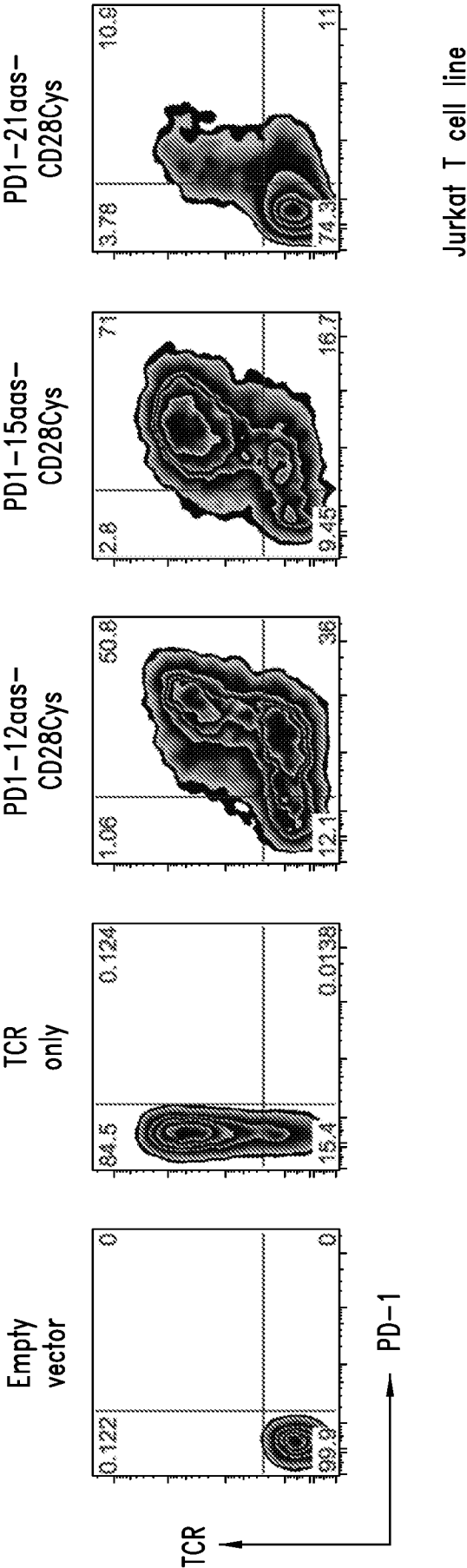


FIG. 10

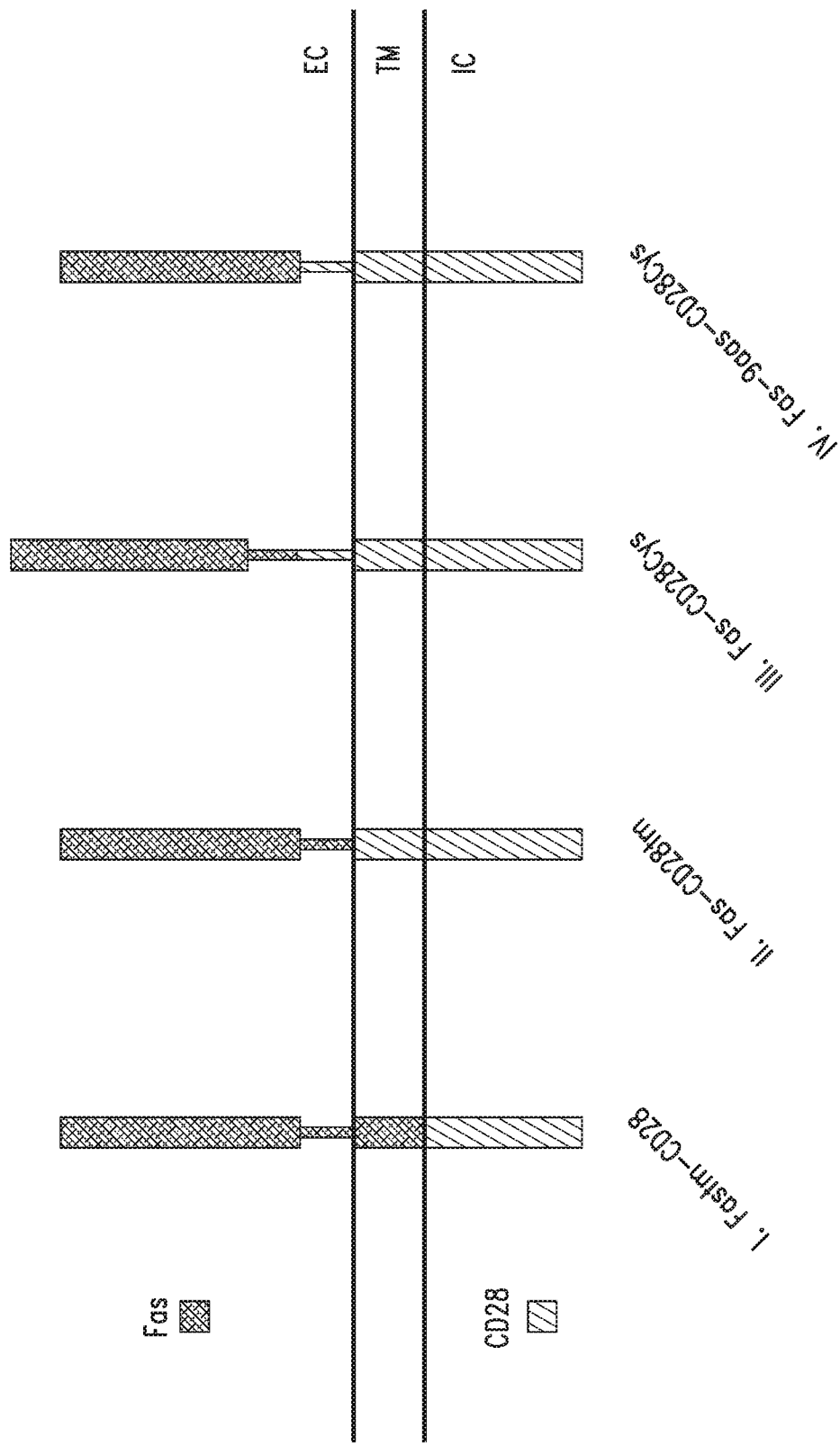
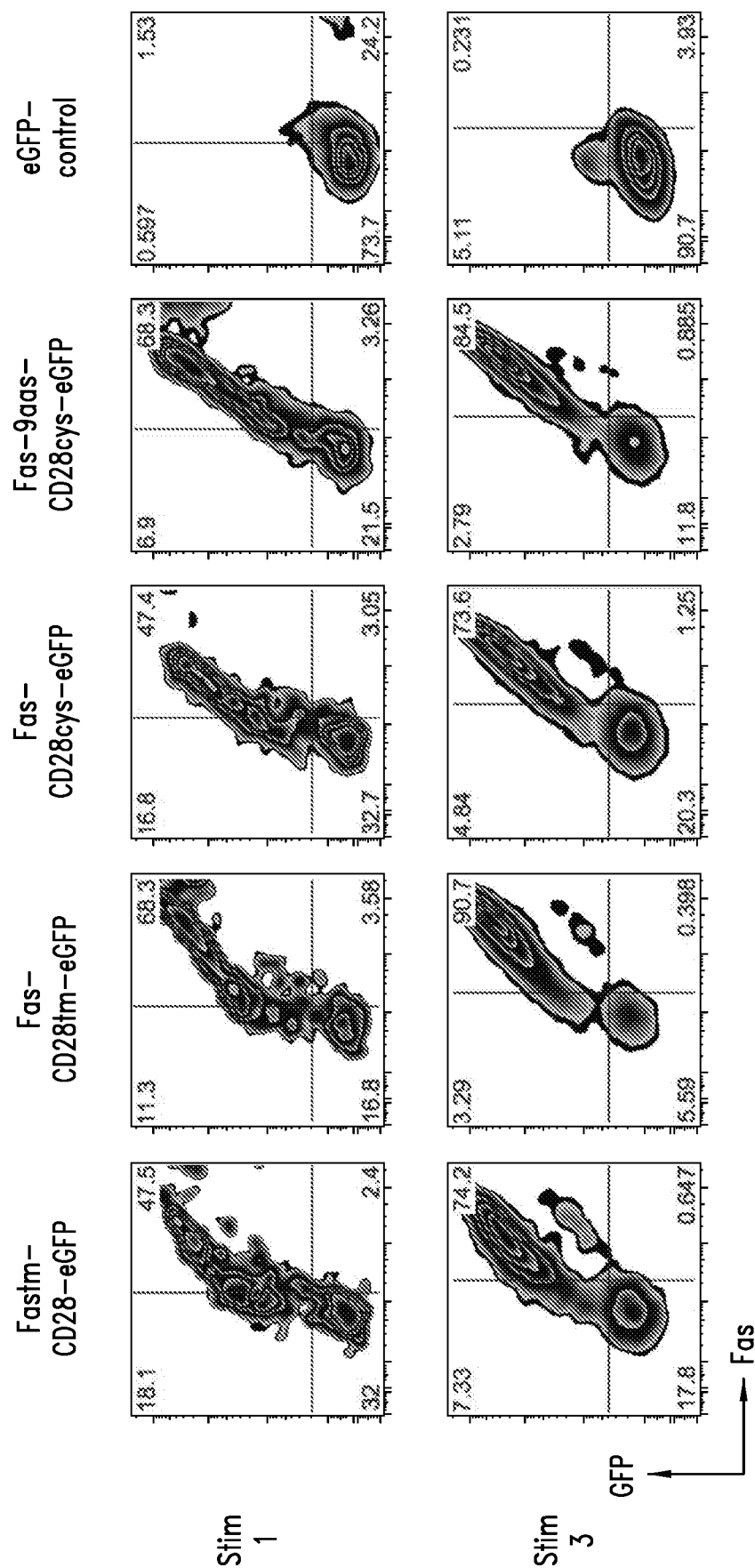


FIG. 11A



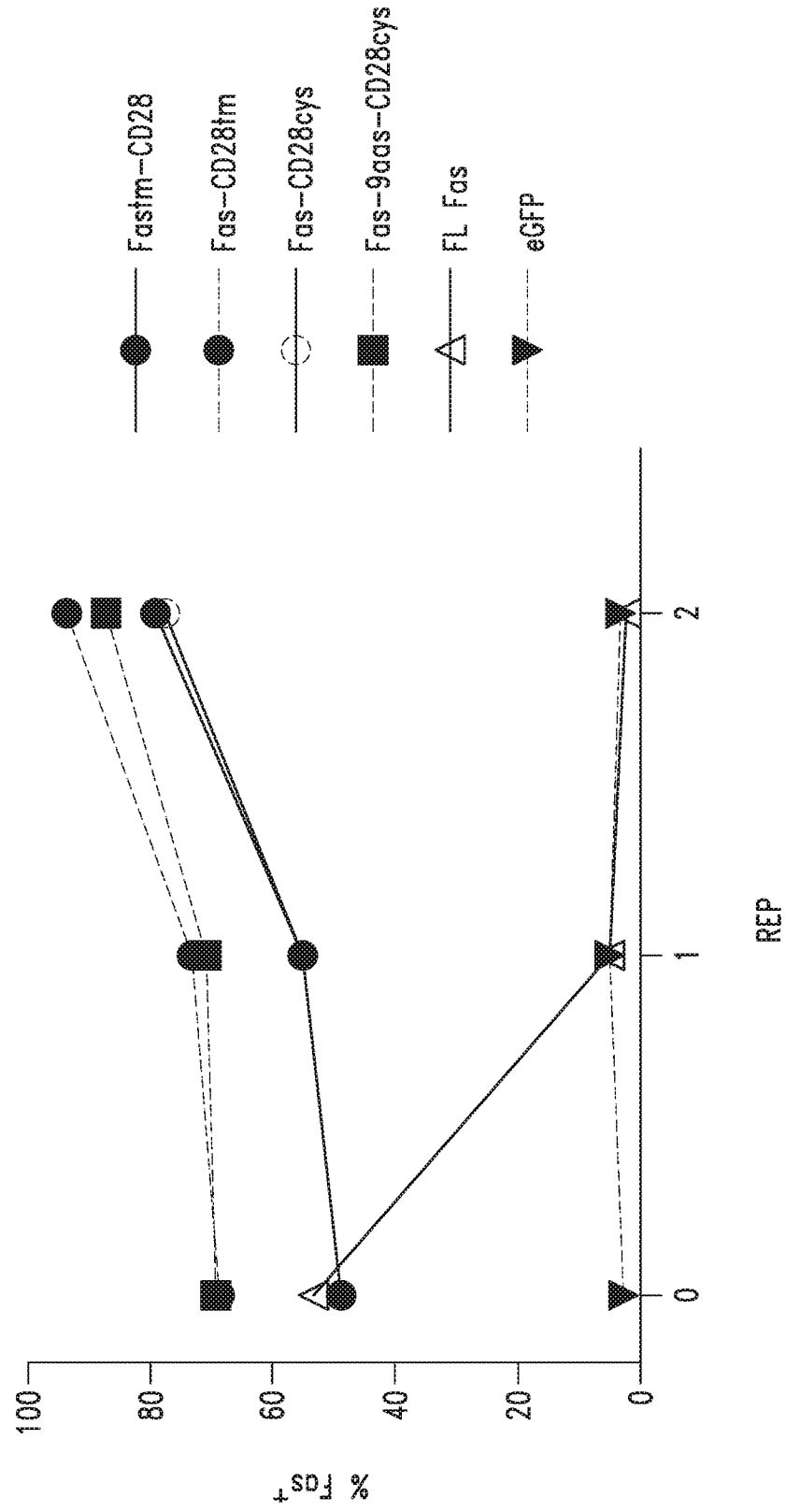


FIG. 11C

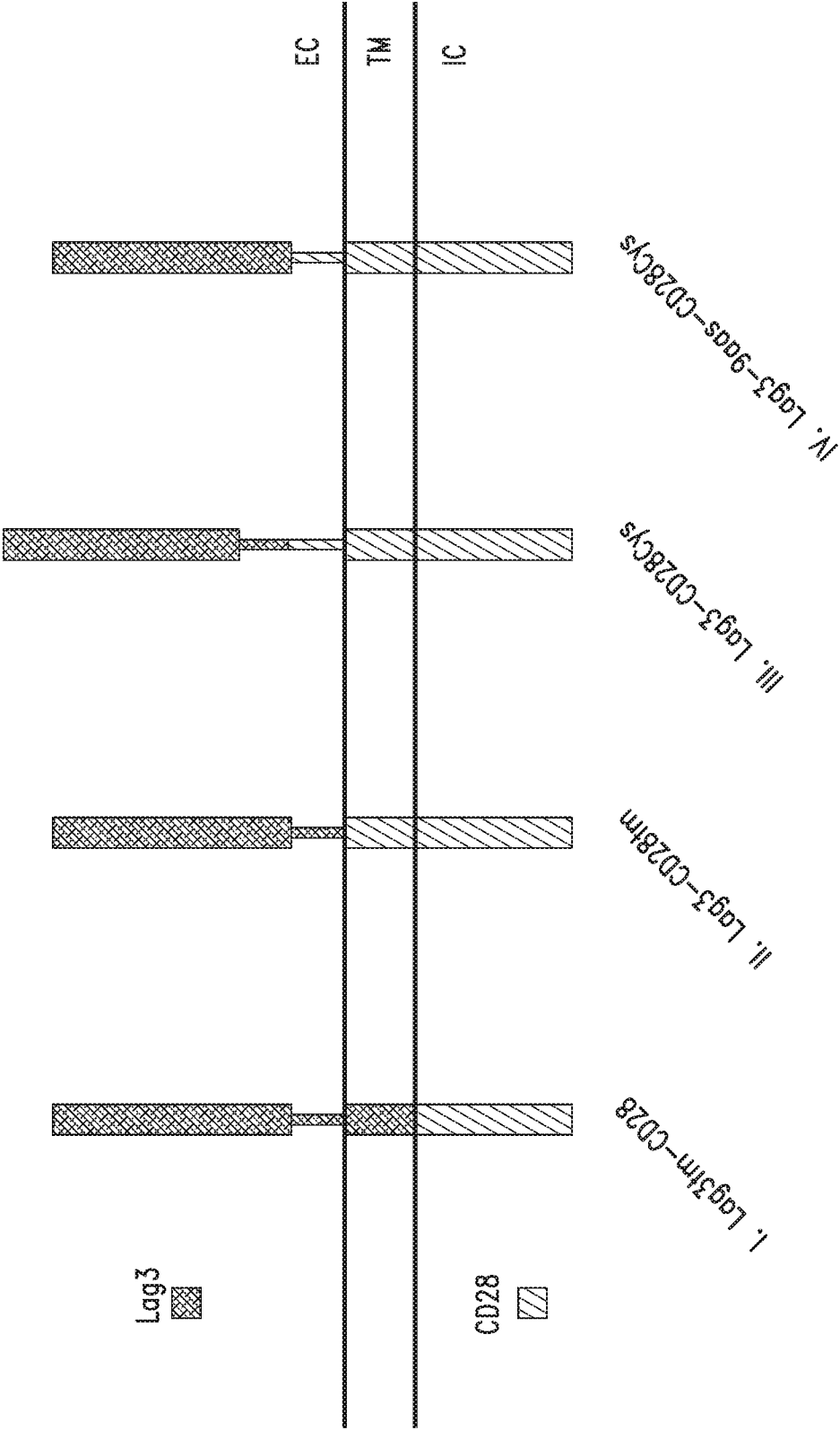


FIG. 12A

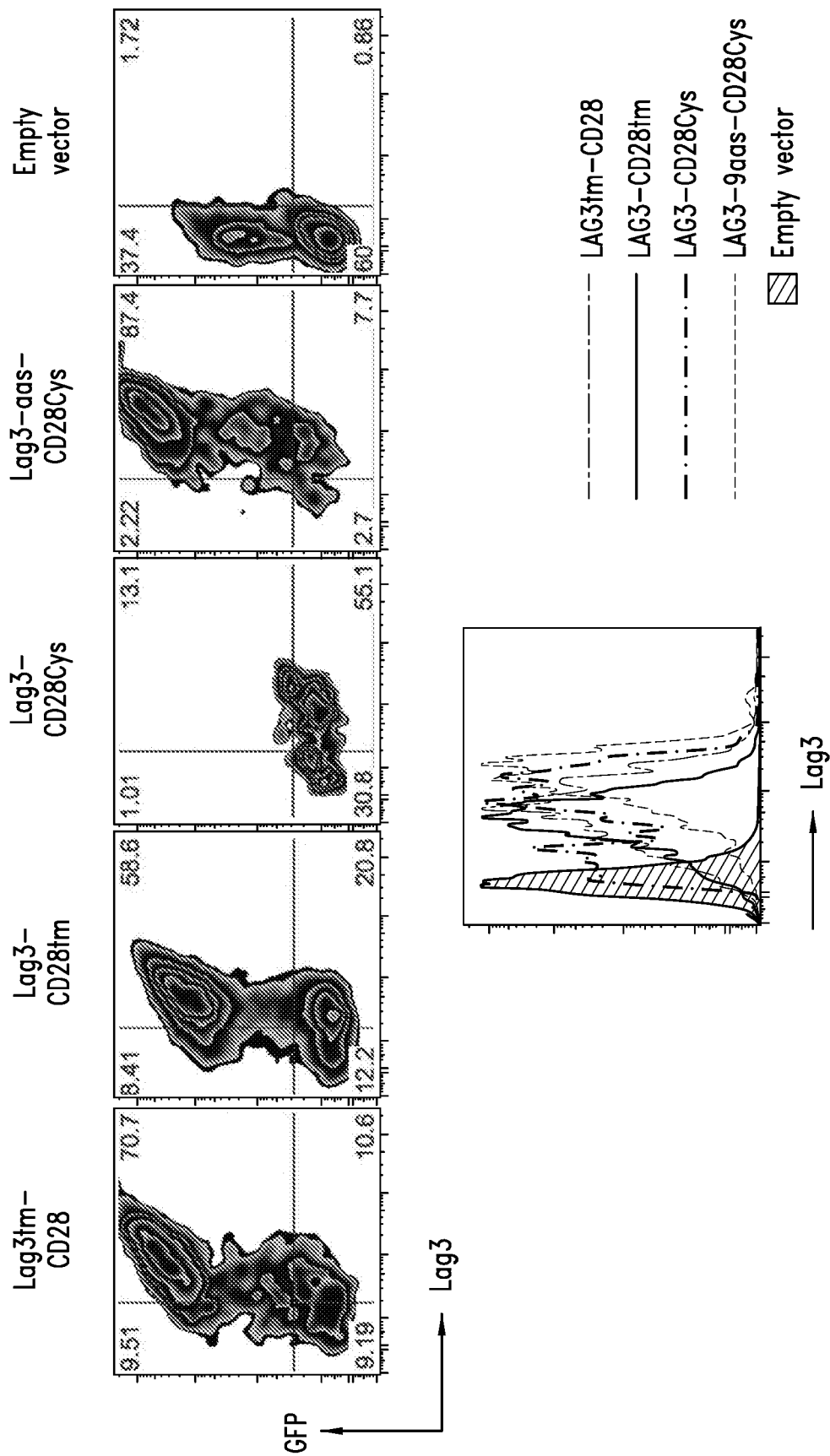


FIG. 12B

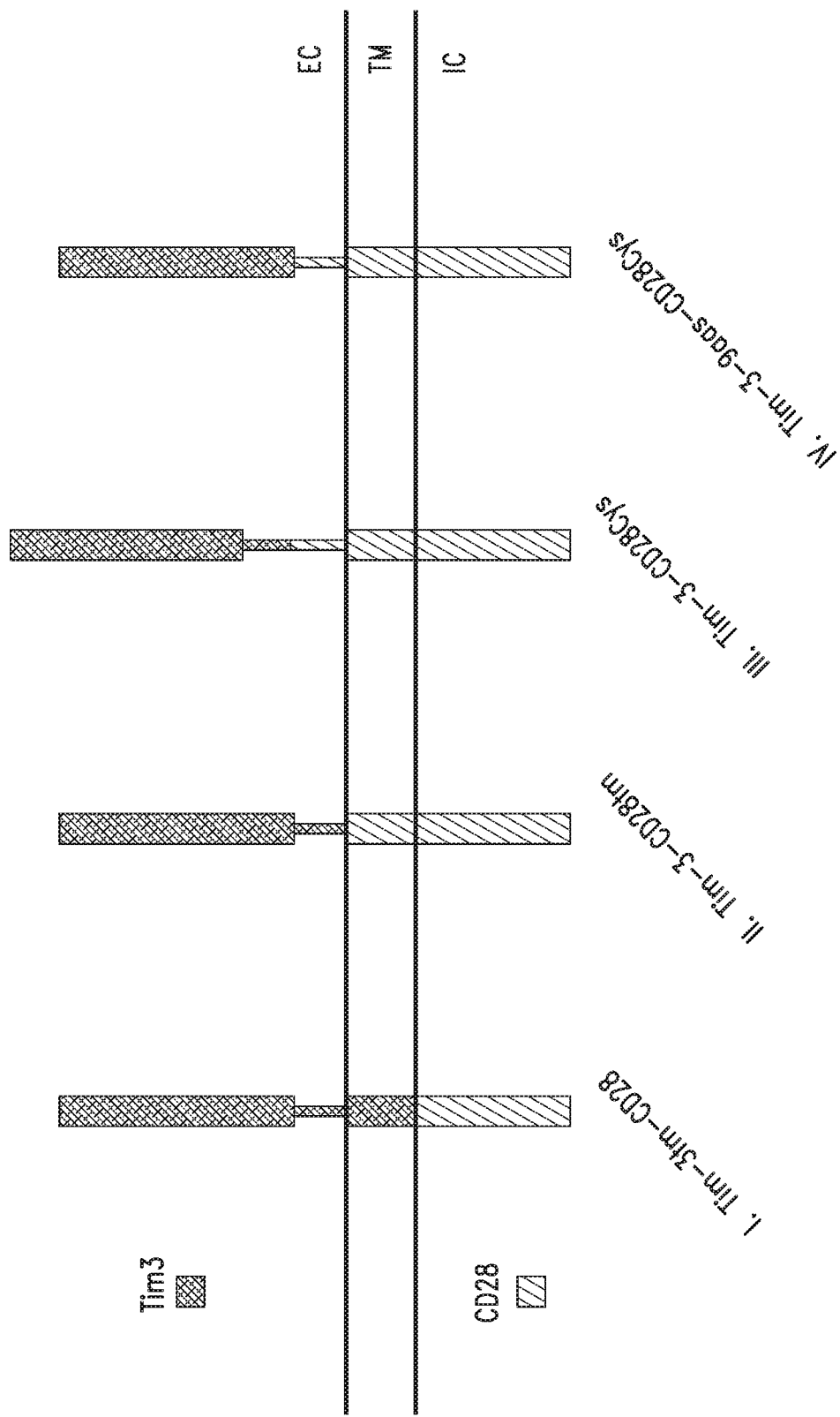


FIG. 13A

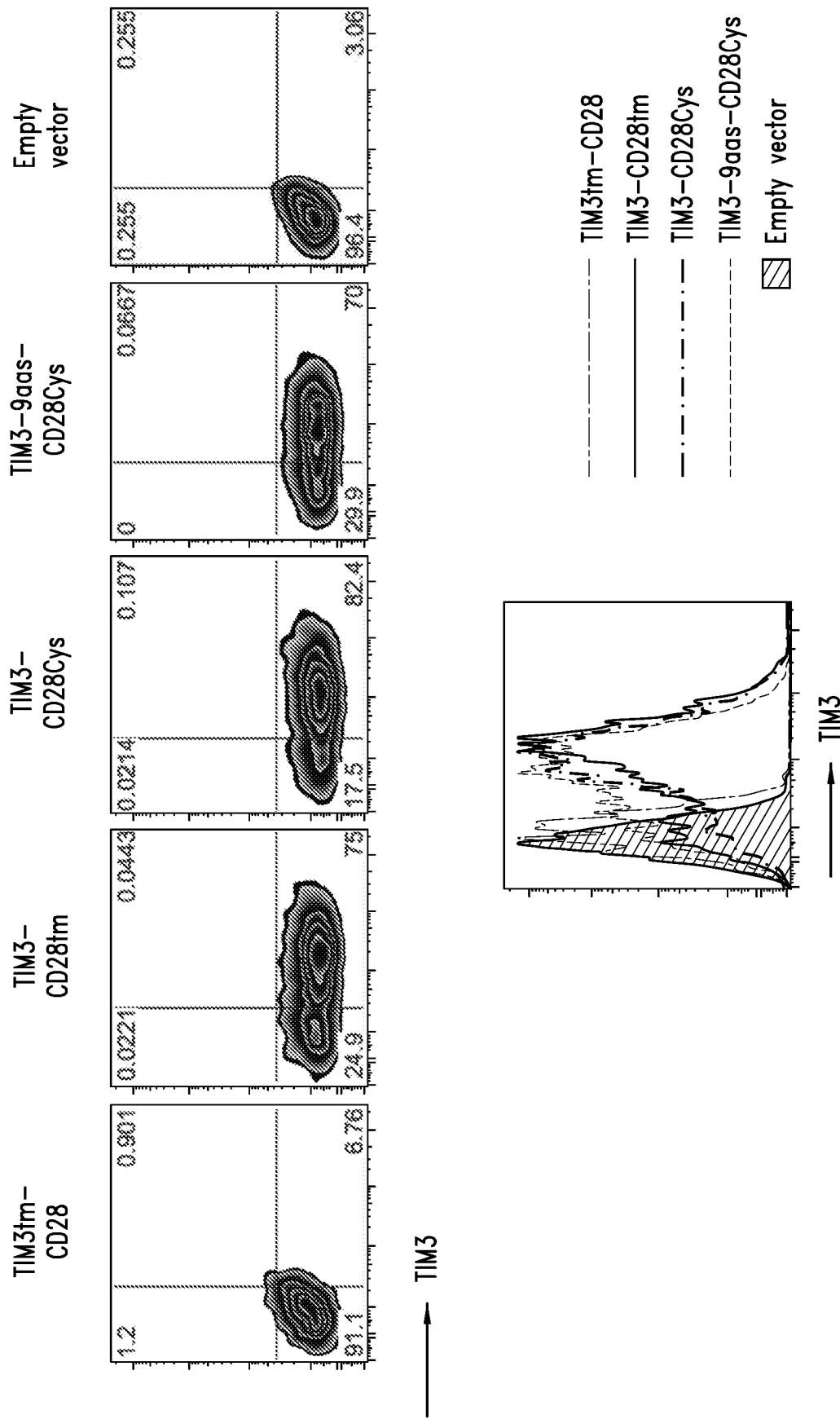


FIG. 13B

360056_433W0_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center
Oda, Shannon K.
Greenberg, Philip D.

<120> IMMUNOMODULATORY FUSION PROTEINS AND
USES THEREOF

<130> 360056.433W0

<140> PCT

<141> 2016-03-04

<150> US 62/128,979

<151> 2015-03-05

<160> 178

<170> FastSEQ for Windows Version 4.0

<210> 1

<211> 915

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200Rtm-CD28 construct

<400> 1

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gtgctggccg	aagtgaacac	cagctggccc	gtgaagatgg	ccaccaacgc	cgtgctgtgc	180
tgccctccta	tcgccctgcg	gaacctgatc	atcatcacct	gggagatcat	cctgcggggc	240
cagcccagct	gtaccaaggc	ctaccggaaa	gagacaaacg	agacaaaaga	aacaaactgc	300
accgacgagc	ggatcacatg	ggtgtccaga	cccgaccaga	acagcgacct	gcagatcaga	360
cccgtggcca	tcacccacga	cggctactac	cgggtgcatca	tggtcacccc	cgatggcaac	420
ttccaccggg	gataccatct	gcagggtgctc	gtgacccccg	aagtgacctt	gttccagaac	480
cggaacagaa	ccgccgtgtg	caaggccgtg	gccggaaaaac	ctgccgccca	gatctcttgg	540
atccccgagg	gcgattgcgc	caccaagcag	gaatactygt	ccaacggcac	cgtgaccgtg	600
aagtccacct	gtcactggga	ggtgcacaa	gtgtccaccg	tgacatgcca	cgtgtcccac	660
ctgaccggga	acaagagcct	gtacatcgag	ctgctgcctg	tgcttggcgc	caagaagtcc	720
gcccaagctgt	acatccccta	catcatcctg	acaatcatca	ttctgaccat	cgtgggcttc	780
atctggctgc	tgcgagcaaa	gcggagcaga	ggcggccaca	gcgactacat	gaacatgacc	840
cctagacggc	ctggccccac	cagaaaagcac	taccagccct	acgccccctc	ccgggacttt	900
gccgcctaca	gaagc					915

<210> 2

<211> 728

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R entire extracellular domain

<400> 2

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tgggccgcca	cagcagcctg	tgcatggacg	agaagcagat	cacccagaa	tacagcaagg	120
tgctggccga	agtgaacacc	agctggcccc	tgaagatggc	caccaacgcc	gtgctgtgct	180
gccctcctat	cgccctgcgg	aacctgatca	tcatcacctg	ggagatcatc	ctgcggggcc	240
agcccagctg	taccaaggcc	taccggaaaag	agacaaaacga	gacaaaagaa	acaaactgca	300
ccgacgagcg	gatcacatgg	gtgtccagac	ccgaccagaa	cagcgacctg	cagatcagac	360

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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ccgtggccat caccacgac ggctactacc ggtgcatcat ggtcaccccc gatggcaact 420
tccaccgggg ataccatctg cagggtgctg tgacccccga agtgaccctg ttccagaacc 480
ggaacagaac cgccgtgtgc aaggccgtgg ccggaaaaacc tgccgcccag atctcttggg 540
tccccgaggg cgattgcgcc accaagcagg aatactgggtc caacggcacc gtgaccgtga 600
agtccacctg tctactgggag gtgcacaacg tgtccaccgt gacatgccac gtgtcccacc 660
tgaccggcaa caagagcctg tacatcgagc tgctgcctgt gcctggcgcc aagaagtccg 720
ccaagctg 728

```

<210> 3
 <211> 63
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200R transmembrane domain

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<400> 3
tacatcccct acatcatcct gacaatcatc attctgacca tcgtgggctt catctggctg 60
ctg 63

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<210> 4
 <211> 81
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD28 transmembrane domain

```

<400> 4
ttctgggtgc tgggtgggtg cgaggcgctg ctggcctgct acagcctgct ggtcaccgtg 60
gccttcacatca tcttttgggt c 81

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<210> 5
 <211> 123
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD28 intracellular domain

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<400> 5
cgcagcaagc ggagcagagg cggccacagc gactacatga acatgacccc tagacggcct 60
ggccccacca gaaagcacta ccagccctac gcccctcccc gggactttgc cgcctacaga 120
agc 123

```

<210> 6
 <211> 933
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200R-CD28tm construct

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<400> 6
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gtggccgcca gcagcagcct gtgcatggac gagaagcaga tcacccagaa ctacagcaag 120
gtgctggccg aagtgaacac cagctggccc gtgaagatgg ccaccaacgc cgtgctgtgc 180
tgccctccta tcgccctgcg gaacctgatc atcatcacct gggagatcat cctgcggggc 240
cagcccagct gtaccaaggc ctaccggaaa gagacaaaag agacaaaaga aacaaactgc 300
accgacgagc ggatcacatg ggtgtccaga cccgaccaga acagcgacct gcagatcaga 360
cccgtggcca tcacccacga cggctactac cgggtgcatca tggtcacccc cgtatggcaac 420
ttccaccggg gataccatct gcagggtgctc gtgacccccg aagtgaccct gttccagaac 480
cggaacagaa ccgccgtgtg caaggccgtg gccggaaaaac ctgccgcccc gatctcttgg 540

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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atccccgagg gcgattgcg caccaagcag gaatactggt ccaacggcac cgtgaccgtg 600
aagtccacct gtcactggga ggtgcacaac gtgtccaccg tgacatgcca cgtgtcccac 660
ctgaccggca acaagagcct gtacatcgag ctgctgcctg tgccctggcg caagaagtcc 720
gccaaagctgt tctgggtgct ggtgggtggtc ggaggcgtgc tggcctgcta cagcctgctg 780
gtcaccgtgg ccttcatcat cttttgggtc cgcagcaagc ggagcagagg cggccacagc 840
gactacatga acatgacccc tagacggcct ggccccacca gaaagcacta ccagccctac 900
gccctcccc gggactttgc cgcctacaga agc 933

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<210> 7

<211> 942

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys construct

<400> 7

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atgctgtgcc cttggagaac cgccaacctg ggccctgctgc tgatcctgac catcttcctg 60
gtggcccgcca gcagcagcct gtgcatggac gagaagcaga tcacccagaa ctacagcaag 120
gtgctggccg aagtgaacac cagctggccc gtgaagatgg ccaccaacgc cgtgctgtgc 180
tgccctccta tcgcccctgc gaacctgatc atcatcacct gggagatcat cctgcggggc 240
cagcccagct gtaccaaggc ctaccggaaa gagacaaacg agacaaaaga aacaaactgc 300
accgacgagc ggatcacatg ggtgtccaga cccgaccaga acagcgacct gcagatcaga 360
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ttccaccggg gataccatct gcaggtgctc gtgacccccg aagtgaccct gttccagaac 480
cggaacagaa ccgccgtgtg caaggccgtg gccggaaaac ctgccgcca gatctcttgg 540
atccccgagg gcgattgcg caccaagcag gaatactggt ccaacggcac cgtgaccgtg 600
aagtccacct gtcactggga ggtgcacaac gtgtccaccg tgacatgcca cgtgtcccac 660
ctgaccggca acaagagcct gtacatcgag ctgctgcctg tgtgtcccag ccctctgttt 720
cccggcccta gcaagccttt ctgggtgctg gtgggtggtc gaggcgtgct ggccctgctac 780
agcctgctgg tcaccgtggc cttcatcatc ttttgggtcc gcagcaagcg gagcagaggc 840
ggccacagcg actacatgaa catgaccctt agacggcctg gccccaccag aaagcactac 900
cagccctacg cccctccccg ggactttgcc gcctacagaa gc 942

```

<210> 8

<211> 702

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-9aas portion of extracellular domain

<400> 8

```

atgctgtgcc cttggagaac cgccaacctg ggccctgctgc tgatcctgac catcttcctg 60
gtggcccgcca gcagcagcct gtgcatggac gagaagcaga tcacccagaa ctacagcaag 120
gtgctggccg aagtgaacac cagctggccc gtgaagatgg ccaccaacgc cgtgctgtgc 180
tgccctccta tcgcccctgc gaacctgatc atcatcacct gggagatcat cctgcggggc 240
cagcccagct gtaccaaggc ctaccggaaa gagacaaacg agacaaaaga aacaaactgc 300
accgacgagc ggatcacatg ggtgtccaga cccgaccaga acagcgacct gcagatcaga 360
cccgtggcca tcacccacga cggctactac cgggtgcatca tggtcacccc cgtatggcaac 420
ttccaccggg gataccatct gcaggtgctc gtgacccccg aagtgaccct gttccagaac 480
cggaacagaa ccgccgtgtg caaggccgtg gccggaaaac ctgccgcca gatctcttgg 540
atccccgagg gcgattgcg caccaagcag gaatactggt ccaacggcac cgtgaccgtg 600
aagtccacct gtcactggga ggtgcacaac gtgtccaccg tgacatgcca cgtgtcccac 660
ctgaccggca acaagagcct gtacatcgag ctgctgcctg tg 702

```

<210> 9

<211> 36

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD28Cys multimerization domain

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<400> 9
tgtcccagcc ctctgtttcc cggccctagc aagcct 36

<210> 10
<211> 933
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys construct

<400> 10
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gtggccgcca gcagcagcct gtgcatggac gagaagcaga tcacccagaa ctacagcaag 120
gtgctggccg aagtgaacac cagctggccc gtgaagatgg ccaccaacgc cgtgctgtgc 180
tgccctccta tcgccctgcg gaacctgatc atcatcacct gggagatcat cctgcggggc 240
cagcccagct gtaccaaggc ctaccggaaa gagacaaacg agacaaaaga aacaaactgc 300
accgacgagc ggatcacatg ggtgtccaga cccgaccaga acagcgacct gcagatcaga 360
cccgtggcca tcacccacga cggctactac cgggtgcatca tggtcacccc cgtatggcaac 420
ttccaccggg gataccatct gcagggtgctc gtgacccccg aagtgaccct gttccagaac 480
cggaacagaa ccgccgtgtg caaggccgtg gccggaaaaac ctgccgcccga gatctcttgg 540
atccccgagg gcgattgctc caccaagcag gaatacttgt ccaacggcac cgtgaccgtg 600
aagtccacct gtcactggga ggtgcacaac gtgtccaccg tgacatgcca cgtgtcccac 660
ctgaccggca acaagagcct gtacatcgag ctgtgtccca gccctctgtt tcccggccct 720
agcaagcctt tctgggtgct ggtggtggtc ggaggcgtgc tggcctgcta cagcctgtctg 780
gtcaccgtgg ccttcacatc cttttgggtc cgcagcaagc ggagcagagg cggccacagc 840
gactacatga acatgacccc tagacggcct ggccccacca gaaagcacta ccagccctac 900
gccccctccc gggactttgc cgcctacaga agc 933

<210> 11
<211> 693
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD200R-12aas portion of extracellular domain

<400> 11
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gtgctggccg aagtgaacac cagctggccc gtgaagatgg ccaccaacgc cgtgctgtgc 180
tgccctccta tcgccctgcg gaacctgatc atcatcacct gggagatcat cctgcggggc 240
cagcccagct gtaccaaggc ctaccggaaa gagacaaacg agacaaaaga aacaaactgc 300
accgacgagc ggatcacatg ggtgtccaga cccgaccaga acagcgacct gcagatcaga 360
cccgtggcca tcacccacga cggctactac cgggtgcatca tggtcacccc cgtatggcaac 420
ttccaccggg gataccatct gcagggtgctc gtgacccccg aagtgaccct gttccagaac 480
cggaacagaa ccgccgtgtg caaggccgtg gccggaaaaac ctgccgcccga gatctcttgg 540
atccccgagg gcgattgctc caccaagcag gaatacttgt ccaacggcac cgtgaccgtg 600
aagtccacct gtcactggga ggtgcacaac gtgtccaccg tgacatgcca cgtgtcccac 660
ctgaccggca acaagagcct gtacatcgag ctg 693

<210> 12
<211> 945
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys tm-41BBic construct

<400> 12
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gtggccgcca gcagcagcct gtgcatggac gagaagcaga tcacccagaa ctacagcaag 120

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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agcctgctgg	tcaccgtggc	cttcatcatc	ttttgggtca	agcggggcag	aaagaagctg	840
ctgtacatct	tcaagcagcc	tttcatgcgg	cccgtgcaga	ccacccagga	agaggacggc	900
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<210> 13

<211> 126

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 4-1BB intracellular component

<400> 13

aagcggggca	gaaagaagct	gctgtacatc	ttcaagcagc	ctttcatgcg	gcccgtgcag	60
accaccagag	aagaggacgg	ctgctcctgc	agattccccg	aggaagaaga	aggcggctgc	120
gagctg						126

<210> 14

<211> 936

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys tm-41BBic construct

<400> 14

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gtggccgcca	gcagcagcct	gtgcatggac	gagaagcaga	tcacccagaa	ctacagcaag	120
gtgctggccg	aagtgaacac	cagctggccc	gtgaagatgg	ccaccaacgc	cgtgctgtgc	180
tgccctccta	tcgccctgcg	gaacctgatc	atcatcacct	gggagatcat	cctgcggggc	240
cagcccagct	gtaccaaggc	ctaccggaaa	gagacaaacg	agacaaaaga	aacaaactgc	300
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ttcaagcagc	ctttcatgcg	gcccgtgcag	accaccagag	aagaggacgg	ctgctcctgc	900
agattccccg	aggaagaaga	aggcggctgc	gagctg			936

<210> 15

<211> 1059

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys tm ic-41BBic construct

<400> 15

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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ctgaccggca acaagagcct gtacatcgag ctgtgtccca gccctctgtt tcccggccct      720
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atcttcaagc agcctttcat gcggcccgtg cagaccaccc aggaagagga cggctgctcc     1020
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<210> 16

<211> 1305

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRPalphatm-CD28 construct

<400> 16

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aagagcgtgc tgggtggccgc tggcgaaacc gccaccctga gatgtacagc caccagcctg      180
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aaccagaaag agggccactt cccagagtg accaccgtgt ccgacctgac caagcggaaac      300
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tgcgtgaagt tccggaaggg cagccccgac gacgtggaat tcaaaagcgg agccggcacc      420
gagctgagcg tgcgggctaa accttctgcc cctgtggtgt ctggacctgc cgccagagct      480
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gtgggcgaga gcgtgtccta cagcatccac agcaccgcca aggtggtgct gacccgcgaa      660
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ggcggccaca gcgactacat gaacatgacc cctagacggc ctggccccac cagaaagcac     1260
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<210> 17

<211> 1119

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha entire extracellular domain

<400> 17

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gcctcttgtg cttggagcgg agtggctggc gaagaggaac tgcaagtgat ccagcccagc      120
aagagcgtgc tgggtggccgc tggcgaaacc gccaccctga gatgtacagc caccagcctg      180

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gagctgagcg	tgcgggctaa	accttctgcc	cctgtgggtg	ctggacctgc	cgccagagct	480
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tccgcccacc	gggacgatgt	gaagctgaca	tgccaggtgg	aacacgacgg	ccagcctgcc	1020
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<210> 18

<211> 63

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha transmembrane domain

<400> 18

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gtg						63

<210> 19

<211> 1323

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha-CD28tm construct

<400> 19

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aagagcgtgc	tgggtggcgc	tggcgaaaac	gccaccctga	gatgtacagc	caccagcctg	180
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aacatggact	tcagcatccg	gacggaac	atcacccctg	ccgatgccgg	cacctactac	360
tgcgtgaagt	tccggaaggg	cagccccgac	gacgtggaat	tcaaaaagcgg	agccggcacc	420
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cgcagcaagc	ggagcagagg	cggccacagc	gactacatga	acatgacccc	tagacggcct	1260
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agc						1323

<210> 20

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<211> 1323

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha 12aas-CD28Cys construct

<400> 20

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gagctgagcg	tgctgggctaa	accttctgcc	cctgtgggtgt	ctggacctgc	cgccagagct	480
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ggccccacca	gaaagcacta	ccagccctac	gcccctcccc	gggactttgc	cgctacaga	1320
agc						1323

<210> 21

<211> 1083

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha 12aas portion of extracellular domain

<400> 21

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gtgtccaaga	gccacgatct	gaaggtgtca	gccccatcca	aagagcaggg	ctccaacaca	1080
gcc						1083

<210> 22

<211> 1326

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha-12aas-CD28Cys tm-41BBic construct

<400> 22

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gagctg						1326

<210> 23

<211> 1449

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha-12aas-CD28Cys tm ic-41BBic construct

<400> 23

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1440
 1449

<210> 24
 <211> 305
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200Rtm-CD28 protein

<400> 24
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 20 25 30
 Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
 35 40 45
 Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
 50 55 60
 Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
 85 90 95
 Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
 100 105 110
 Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
 115 120 125
 Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
 130 135 140
 Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
 165 170 175
 Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
 180 185 190
 Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
 195 200 205
 His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
 210 215 220
 Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Leu Pro Val Pro Gly Ala Lys Lys Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Ala Lys Leu Tyr Ile Pro Tyr Ile Ile Leu Thr Ile Ile Ile Leu Thr
 245 250 255
 Ile Val Gly Phe Ile Trp Leu Leu Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly
 260 265 270
 His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg
 275 280 285
 Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg
 290 295 300
 Ser
 305

<210> 25
 <211> 243
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200R entire extracellular domain

<400> 25
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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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35          40          45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
50          55          60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
65          70          75          80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
85          90          95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
100         105         110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
115         120         125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
130         135         140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145         150         155         160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
165         170         175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
180         185         190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
195         200         205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
210         215         220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Leu Pro Val Pro Gly Ala Lys Lys Ser
225         230         235         240
Ala Lys Leu

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<210> 26
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200R transmembrane domain

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<400> 26
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Phe Ile Trp Leu Leu
20

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<210> 27
 <211> 27
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD28 transmembrane domain protein

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<400> 27
Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu
1          5          10          15
Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val
20         25

```

<210> 28
 <211> 41
 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD28 intracellular domain protein

<400> 28

Arg	Ser	Lys	Arg	Ser	Arg	Gly	Gly	His	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Met	Asn	Met	Thr
1				5					10					15	
Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Gly	Pro	Thr	Arg	Lys	His	Tyr	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Pro
			20					25					30		
Pro	Arg	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Ser							
		35					40								

<210> 29

<211> 311

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-CD28tm protein

<400> 29

Met	Leu	Cys	Pro	Trp	Arg	Thr	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Thr	Ile	Phe	Leu	Val	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Cys	Met	Asp	Glu	Lys
			20					25					30		
Gln	Ile	Thr	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	Ala	Glu	Val	Asn	Thr	Ser
		35					40					45			
Trp	Pro	Val	Lys	Met	Ala	Thr	Asn	Ala	Val	Leu	Cys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Ile
	50					55					60				
Ala	Leu	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ile	Thr	Trp	Glu	Ile	Ile	Leu	Arg	Gly	
65				70					75					80	
Gln	Pro	Ser	Cys	Thr	Lys	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Glu	Thr	Asn	Glu	Thr	Lys
			85					90					95		
Glu	Thr	Asn	Cys	Thr	Asp	Glu	Arg	Ile	Thr	Trp	Val	Ser	Arg	Pro	Asp
		100					105					110			
Gln	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Gln	Ile	Arg	Pro	Val	Ala	Ile	Thr	His	Asp	Gly
	115					120					125				
Tyr	Tyr	Arg	Cys	Ile	Met	Val	Thr	Pro	Asp	Gly	Asn	Phe	His	Arg	Gly
	130					135					140				
Tyr	His	Leu	Gln	Val	Leu	Val	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Leu	Phe	Gln	Asn
145				150					155					160	
Arg	Asn	Arg	Thr	Ala	Val	Cys	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly	Lys	Pro	Ala	Ala
				165				170						175	
Gln	Ile	Ser	Trp	Ile	Pro	Glu	Gly	Asp	Cys	Ala	Thr	Lys	Gln	Glu	Tyr
		180					185						190		
Trp	Ser	Asn	Gly	Thr	Val	Thr	Val	Lys	Ser	Thr	Cys	His	Trp	Glu	Val
		195				200						205			
His	Asn	Val	Ser	Thr	Val	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Ser	His	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asn
	210					215					220				
Lys	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Leu	Leu	Pro	Val	Pro	Gly	Ala	Lys	Lys	Ser
225				230					235					240	
Ala	Lys	Leu	Phe	Trp	Val	Leu	Val	Val	Val	Gly	Gly	Val	Leu	Ala	Cys
			245					250					255		
Tyr	Ser	Leu	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ala	Phe	Ile	Ile	Phe	Trp	Val	Arg	Ser
		260					265					270			
Lys	Arg	Ser	Arg	Gly	Gly	His	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Met	Asn	Met	Thr	Pro	Arg
	275					280					285				
Arg	Pro	Gly	Pro	Thr	Arg	Lys	His	Tyr	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Pro	Arg
	290					295					300				
Asp	Phe	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Ser									
305					310										

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<210> 30

<211> 314

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys protein

<400> 30

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Met Leu Cys Pro Trp Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu
 1           5           10          15
Thr Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Glu Lys
 20          25          30
Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
 35          40          45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
 50          55          60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
 65          70          75          80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
 85          90          95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
100         105         110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
115         120         125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
130         135         140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145         150         155         160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
165         170         175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
180         185         190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
195         200         205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
210         215         220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Leu Pro Val Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe
225         230         235         240
Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val
245         250         255
Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp
260         265         270
Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met
275         280         285
Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala
290         295         300
Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
305         310

```

<210> 31

<211> 234

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-9aas protein

<400> 31

```

Met Leu Cys Pro Trp Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu
 1           5           10          15
Thr Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Glu Lys
 20          25          30

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
   35   40   45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
   50   55   60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
   65   70   75   80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
   85   90   95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
  100  105  110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
  115  120  125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
  130  135  140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
  145  150  155  160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
  165  170  175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
  180  185  190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
  195  200  205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
  210  215  220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Leu Pro Val
  225  230

```

<210> 32
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD28Cys (extracellular portion) protein

<400> 32
 Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro
 1 5 10

<210> 33
 <211> 311
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys protein

```

<400> 33
Met Leu Cys Pro Trp Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu
  1 5 10 15
Thr Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Glu Lys
  20 25 30
Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
  35 40 45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
  50 55 60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
  65 70 75 80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
  85 90 95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
  100 105 110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      115      120      125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
 130      135      140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145      150      155      160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
      165      170      175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
      180      185      190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
      195      200      205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
      210      215      220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro
225      230      235      240
Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys
      245      250      255
Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser
      260      265      270
Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg
      275      280      285
Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg
      290      295      300
Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
305      310

```

<210> 34

<211> 231

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-12aas protein

<400> 34

```

Met Leu Cys Pro Trp Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu
 1      5      10      15
Thr Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Glu Lys
      20      25      30
Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
      35      40      45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
      50      55      60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
65      70      75      80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
      85      90      95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
      100      105      110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
      115      120      125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
      130      135      140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145      150      155      160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
      165      170      175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
      180      185      190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
      195      200      205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
      210      215      220

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu
225 230

<210> 35
<211> 315
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys tm-41BBic protein

<400> 35
Met Leu Cys Pro Trp Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu
1 5 10 15
Thr Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Glu Lys
20 25 30
Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
35 40 45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
50 55 60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
65 70 75 80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
85 90 95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
100 105 110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
115 120 125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
130 135 140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145 150 155 160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
165 170 175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
180 185 190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
195 200 205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
210 215 220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Leu Pro Val Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe
225 230 235 240
Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val
245 250 255
Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp
260 265 270
Val Lys Arg Gly Arg Lys Lys Leu Leu Tyr Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro Phe
275 280 285
Met Arg Pro Val Gln Thr Thr Gln Glu Glu Asp Gly Cys Ser Cys Arg
290 295 300
Phe Pro Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Cys Glu Leu
305 310 315

<210> 36
<211> 42
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> 4-1BB intracellular component protein

<400> 36
Lys Arg Gly Arg Lys Lys Leu Leu Tyr Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro Phe Met

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

1           5           10           15
Arg Pro Val Gln Thr Thr Gln Glu Glu Asp Gly Cys Ser Cys Arg Phe
          20          25          30
Pro Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Cys Glu Leu
        35          40

```

<210> 37
 <211> 312
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys tm-41BBic protein

```

<400> 37
Met Leu Cys Pro Trp Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu
 1           5           10           15
Thr Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Glu Lys
          20          25          30
Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
          35          40          45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
          50          55          60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
65          70          75          80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
          85          90          95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
          100          105          110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
          115          120          125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
          130          135          140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145          150          155          160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
          165          170          175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
          180          185          190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
          195          200          205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
          210          215          220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro
225          230          235          240
Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys
          245          250          255
Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Lys Arg
          260          265          270
Gly Arg Lys Lys Leu Leu Tyr Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro Phe Met Arg Pro
          275          280          285
Val Gln Thr Thr Gln Glu Glu Asp Gly Cys Ser Cys Arg Phe Pro Glu
          290          295          300
Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Cys Glu Leu
305          310

```

<210> 38
 <211> 353
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD200R-12aas-CD28Cys tm ic-41BBic protein

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<400> 38

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Met Leu Cys Pro Trp Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu
 1      5      10      15
Thr Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Glu Lys
 20      25      30
Gln Ile Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Glu Val Asn Thr Ser
 35      40      45
Trp Pro Val Lys Met Ala Thr Asn Ala Val Leu Cys Cys Pro Pro Ile
 50      55      60
Ala Leu Arg Asn Leu Ile Ile Ile Thr Trp Glu Ile Ile Leu Arg Gly
 65      70      75      80
Gln Pro Ser Cys Thr Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys
 85      90      95
Glu Thr Asn Cys Thr Asp Glu Arg Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Arg Pro Asp
100      105      110
Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Arg Pro Val Ala Ile Thr His Asp Gly
115      120      125
Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
130      135      140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145      150      155      160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
165      170      175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
180      185      190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
195      200      205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
210      215      220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro
225      230      235      240
Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys
245      250      255
Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser
260      265      270
Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg
275      280      285
Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg
290      295      300
Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser Lys Arg Gly Arg Lys Lys Leu Leu Tyr
305      310      315      320
Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro Phe Met Arg Pro Val Gln Thr Thr Gln Glu Glu
325      330      335
Asp Gly Cys Ser Cys Arg Phe Pro Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Cys Glu
340      345      350
Leu

```

<210> 39

<211> 435

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha tm-CD28 protein

<400> 39

```

Met Glu Pro Ala Gly Pro Ala Pro Gly Arg Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Cys
 1      5      10      15
Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Ser Cys Ala Trp Ser Gly Val Ala Gly Glu Glu
 20      25      30
Glu Leu Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Asp Lys Ser Val Leu Val Ala Ala Gly

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      35      40      45
Glu Thr Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu Ile Pro Val Gly
 50      55      60
Pro Ile Gln Trp Phe Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Glu Leu Ile Tyr
65      70      75      80
Asn Gln Lys Glu Gly His Phe Pro Arg Val Thr Thr Val Ser Asp Leu
      85      90      95
Thr Lys Arg Asn Asn Met Asp Phe Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Ile Thr
      100      105      110
Pro Ala Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Val Lys Phe Arg Lys Gly Ser
      115      120      125
Pro Asp Asp Val Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Leu Ser Val
      130      135      140
Arg Ala Lys Pro Ser Ala Pro Val Val Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala
      145      150      155      160
Thr Pro Gln His Thr Val Ser Phe Thr Cys Glu Ser His Gly Phe Ser
      165      170      175      180
Pro Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Asn Gly Asn Glu Leu Ser
      185      190      195
Asp Phe Gln Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Val Ser Tyr Ser
      200      205      210
Ile His Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Val Leu Thr Arg Glu Asp Val His Ser
      215      220      225
Gln Val Ile Cys Glu Val Ala His Val Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp Pro Leu
      230      235      240
Arg Gly Thr Ala Asn Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Pro Pro Thr Leu
      245      250      255
Glu Val Thr Gln Gln Pro Val Arg Ala Glu Asn Gln Val Asn Val Thr
      260      265      270
Cys Gln Val Arg Lys Phe Tyr Pro Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu Thr Trp Leu
      275      280      285
Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Thr Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Glu
      290      295      300
Asn Lys Asp Gly Thr Tyr Asn Trp Met Ser Trp Leu Leu Val Asn Val
      305      310      315      320
Ser Ala His Arg Asp Asp Val Lys Leu Thr Cys Gln Val Glu His Asp
      325      330      335
Gly Gln Pro Ala Val Ser Lys Ser His Asp Leu Lys Val Ser Ala His
      340      345      350
Pro Lys Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Thr Ala Ala Glu Asn Thr Gly Ser Asn
      355      360      365
Glu Arg Asn Ile Tyr Ile Val Val Gly Val Val Cys Thr Leu Leu Val
      370      375      380
Ala Leu Leu Met Ala Ala Leu Tyr Leu Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg
      385      390      395      400
Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro
      405      410      415
Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala
      420      425      430
Tyr Arg Ser
      435

```

<210> 40

<211> 373

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha entire extracellular domain protein

<400> 40

```

Met Glu Pro Ala Gly Pro Ala Pro Gly Arg Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Cys
 1              5              10              15

```


360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Ser Cys Ala Trp Ser Gly Val Ala Gly Glu Glu
 20 25 30
 Glu Leu Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Asp Lys Ser Val Leu Val Ala Ala Gly
 35 40 45
 Glu Thr Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu Ile Pro Val Gly
 50 55 60
 Pro Ile Gln Trp Phe Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Glu Leu Ile Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Gln Lys Glu Gly His Phe Pro Arg Val Thr Thr Val Ser Asp Leu
 85 90 95
 Thr Lys Arg Asn Asn Met Asp Phe Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Ile Thr
 100 105 110
 Pro Ala Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Val Lys Phe Arg Lys Gly Ser
 115 120 125
 Pro Asp Asp Val Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Leu Ser Val
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Lys Pro Ser Ala Pro Val Val Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Pro Gln His Thr Val Ser Phe Thr Cys Glu Ser His Gly Phe Ser
 165 170 175
 Pro Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Asn Gly Asn Glu Leu Ser
 180 185 190
 Asp Phe Gln Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Val Ser Tyr Ser
 195 200 205
 Ile His Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Val Leu Thr Arg Glu Asp Val His Ser
 210 215 220
 Gln Val Ile Cys Glu Val Ala His Val Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp Pro Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Gly Thr Ala Asn Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Pro Pro Thr Leu
 245 250 255
 Glu Val Thr Gln Gln Pro Val Arg Ala Glu Asn Gln Val Asn Val Thr
 260 265 270
 Cys Gln Val Arg Lys Phe Tyr Pro Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu Thr Trp Leu
 275 280 285
 Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Thr Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Glu
 290 295 300
 Asn Lys Asp Gly Thr Tyr Asn Trp Met Ser Trp Leu Leu Val Asn Val
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Ala His Arg Asp Asp Val Lys Leu Thr Cys Gln Val Glu His Asp
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Pro Ala Val Ser Lys Ser His Asp Leu Lys Val Ser Ala His
 340 345 350
 Pro Lys Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Thr Ala Ala Glu Asn Thr Gly Ser Asn
 355 360 365
 Glu Arg Asn Ile Tyr
 370

<210> 41

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha transmembrane domain protein

<400> 41

Ile Val Val Gly Val Val Cys Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Leu Met Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Leu Tyr Leu Val
 20

<210> 42

<211> 441

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha -CD28tm protein

<400> 42

```

Met Glu Pro Ala Gly Pro Ala Pro Gly Arg Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Cys
 1      5      10      15
Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Ser Cys Ala Trp Ser Gly Val Ala Gly Glu Glu
 20      25      30
Glu Leu Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Asp Lys Ser Val Leu Val Ala Ala Gly
 35      40      45
Glu Thr Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu Ile Pro Val Gly
 50      55      60
Pro Ile Gln Trp Phe Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Glu Leu Ile Tyr
 65      70      75      80
Asn Gln Lys Glu Gly His Phe Pro Arg Val Thr Thr Val Ser Asp Leu
 85      90      95
Thr Lys Arg Asn Asn Met Asp Phe Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Ile Thr
 100     105     110
Pro Ala Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Val Lys Phe Arg Lys Gly Ser
 115     120     125
Pro Asp Asp Val Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Leu Ser Val
 130     135     140
Arg Ala Lys Pro Ser Ala Pro Val Val Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala
 145     150     155     160
Thr Pro Gln His Thr Val Ser Phe Thr Cys Glu Ser His Gly Phe Ser
 165     170     175
Pro Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Asn Gly Asn Glu Leu Ser
 180     185     190
Asp Phe Gln Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Val Ser Tyr Ser
 195     200     205
Ile His Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Val Leu Thr Arg Glu Asp Val His Ser
 210     215     220
Gln Val Ile Cys Glu Val Ala His Val Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp Pro Leu
 225     230     235     240
Arg Gly Thr Ala Asn Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Pro Pro Thr Leu
 245     250     255
Glu Val Thr Gln Gln Pro Val Arg Ala Glu Asn Gln Val Asn Val Thr
 260     265     270
Cys Gln Val Arg Lys Phe Tyr Pro Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu Thr Trp Leu
 275     280     285
Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Thr Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Glu
 290     295     300
Asn Lys Asp Gly Thr Tyr Asn Trp Met Ser Trp Leu Leu Val Asn Val
 305     310     315     320
Ser Ala His Arg Asp Asp Val Lys Leu Thr Cys Gln Val Glu His Asp
 325     330     335
Gly Gln Pro Ala Val Ser Lys Ser His Asp Leu Lys Val Ser Ala His
 340     345     350
Pro Lys Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Thr Ala Ala Glu Asn Thr Gly Ser Asn
 355     360     365
Glu Arg Asn Ile Tyr Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu
 370     375     380
Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val
 385     390     395     400
Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr
 405     410     415
Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro
 420     425     430
Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
 435     440

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<210> 43
 <211> 441
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huSIRP alpha-12aas-CD28Cys protein

<400> 43
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 20 25 30
 Glu Leu Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Asp Lys Ser Val Leu Val Ala Ala Gly
 35 40 45
 Glu Thr Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu Ile Pro Val Gly
 50 55 60
 Pro Ile Gln Trp Phe Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Glu Leu Ile Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Gln Lys Glu Gly His Phe Pro Arg Val Thr Thr Val Ser Asp Leu
 85 90 95
 Thr Lys Arg Asn Asn Met Asp Phe Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Ile Thr
 100 105 110
 Pro Ala Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Val Lys Phe Arg Lys Gly Ser
 115 120 125
 Pro Asp Asp Val Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Leu Ser Val
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Lys Pro Ser Ala Pro Val Val Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Pro Gln His Thr Val Ser Phe Thr Cys Glu Ser His Gly Phe Ser
 165 170 175
 Pro Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Asn Gly Asn Glu Leu Ser
 180 185 190
 Asp Phe Gln Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Val Ser Tyr Ser
 195 200 205
 Ile His Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Val Leu Thr Arg Glu Asp Val His Ser
 210 215 220
 Gln Val Ile Cys Glu Val Ala His Val Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp Pro Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Gly Thr Ala Asn Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Pro Pro Thr Leu
 245 250 255
 Glu Val Thr Gln Gln Pro Val Arg Ala Glu Asn Gln Val Asn Val Thr
 260 265 270
 Cys Gln Val Arg Lys Phe Tyr Pro Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu Thr Trp Leu
 275 280 285
 Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Thr Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Glu
 290 295 300
 Asn Lys Asp Gly Thr Tyr Asn Trp Met Ser Trp Leu Leu Val Asn Val
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Ala His Arg Asp Asp Val Lys Leu Thr Cys Gln Val Glu His Asp
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Pro Ala Val Ser Lys Ser His Asp Leu Lys Val Ser Ala His
 340 345 350
 Pro Lys Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Thr Ala Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro
 355 360 365
 Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu
 370 375 380
 Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr
 405 410 415
 Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
 420 425 430
 435 440

<210> 44
 <211> 361
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huSIRP alpha-12aas protein

<400> 44
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 20 25 30
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 35 40 45
 Glu Thr Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu Ile Pro Val Gly
 50 55 60
 Pro Ile Gln Trp Phe Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Glu Leu Ile Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Gln Lys Glu Gly His Phe Pro Arg Val Thr Thr Val Ser Asp Leu
 85 90 95
 Thr Lys Arg Asn Asn Met Asp Phe Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Ile Thr
 100 105 110
 Pro Ala Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Val Lys Phe Arg Lys Gly Ser
 115 120 125
 Pro Asp Asp Val Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Leu Ser Val
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Lys Pro Ser Ala Pro Val Val Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Pro Gln His Thr Val Ser Phe Thr Cys Glu Ser His Gly Phe Ser
 165 170 175
 Pro Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Asn Gly Asn Glu Leu Ser
 180 185 190
 Asp Phe Gln Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Val Ser Tyr Ser
 195 200 205
 Ile His Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Val Leu Thr Arg Glu Asp Val His Ser
 210 215 220
 Gln Val Ile Cys Glu Val Ala His Val Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp Pro Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Gly Thr Ala Asn Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Pro Pro Thr Leu
 245 250 255
 Glu Val Thr Gln Gln Pro Val Arg Ala Glu Asn Gln Val Asn Val Thr
 260 265 270
 Cys Gln Val Arg Lys Phe Tyr Pro Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu Thr Trp Leu
 275 280 285
 Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Thr Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Glu
 290 295 300
 Asn Lys Asp Gly Thr Tyr Asn Trp Met Ser Trp Leu Leu Val Asn Val
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Ala His Arg Asp Asp Val Lys Leu Thr Cys Gln Val Glu His Asp
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Pro Ala Val Ser Lys Ser His Asp Leu Lys Val Ser Ala His
 340 345 350
 Pro Lys Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Thr Ala
 355 360

<210> 45
 <211> 442
 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha-12aas-CD28Cys tm-41BBic protein

<400> 45

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20      25      30      35      40      45      50      55      60      65      70      75      80      85      90      95      100
Glu Leu Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Asp Lys Ser Val Leu Val Ala Ala Gly
35      40      45      50      55      60      65      70      75      80      85      90      95      100      105      110      115
Glu Thr Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu Ile Pro Val Gly
50      55      60      65      70      75      80      85      90      95      100      105      110      115      120      125      130
Pro Ile Gln Trp Phe Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Glu Leu Ile Tyr
65      70      75      80      85      90      95      100      105      110      115      120      125      130      135      140      145
Asn Gln Lys Glu Gly His Phe Pro Arg Val Thr Thr Val Ser Asp Leu
85      90      95      100      105      110      115      120      125      130      135      140      145      150      155      160      165
Thr Lys Arg Asn Asn Met Asp Phe Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Ile Thr
100      105      110      115      120      125      130      135      140      145      150      155      160      165      170      175      180
Pro Ala Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Val Lys Phe Arg Lys Gly Ser
115      120      125      130      135      140      145      150      155      160      165      170      175      180      185      190      195
Pro Asp Asp Val Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Leu Ser Val
130      135      140      145      150      155      160      165      170      175      180      185      190      195      200      205      210
Arg Ala Lys Pro Ser Ala Pro Val Val Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala
145      150      155      160      165      170      175      180      185      190      195      200      205      210      215      220      225
Thr Pro Gln His Thr Val Ser Phe Thr Cys Glu Ser His Gly Phe Ser
165      170      175      180      185      190      195      200      205      210      215      220      225      230      235      240      245
Pro Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Asn Gly Asn Glu Leu Ser
180      185      190      195      200      205      210      215      220      225      230      235      240      245      250      255      260
Asp Phe Gln Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Val Ser Tyr Ser
195      200      205      210      215      220      225      230      235      240      245      250      255      260      265      270      275
Ile His Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Val Leu Thr Arg Glu Asp Val His Ser
210      215      220      225      230      235      240      245      250      255      260      265      270      275      280      285      290
Gln Val Ile Cys Glu Val Ala His Val Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp Pro Leu
225      230      235      240      245      250      255      260      265      270      275      280      285      290      295      300      305
Arg Gly Thr Ala Asn Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Pro Pro Thr Leu
245      250      255      260      265      270      275      280      285      290      295      300      305      310      315      320      325
Glu Val Thr Gln Gln Pro Val Arg Ala Glu Asn Gln Val Asn Val Thr
260      265      270      275      280      285      290      295      300      305      310      315      320      325      330      335      340
Cys Gln Val Arg Lys Phe Tyr Pro Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu Thr Trp Leu
275      280      285      290      295      300      305      310      315      320      325      330      335      340      345      350      355
Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Thr Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Glu
290      295      300      305      310      315      320      325      330      335      340      345      350      355      360      365      370
Asn Lys Asp Gly Thr Tyr Asn Trp Met Ser Trp Leu Leu Val Asn Val
305      310      315      320      325      330      335      340      345      350      355      360      365      370      375      380      385
Ser Ala His Arg Asp Asp Val Lys Leu Thr Cys Gln Val Glu His Asp
325      330      335      340      345      350      355      360      365      370      375      380      385      390      395      400      405
Gly Gln Pro Ala Val Ser Lys Ser His Asp Leu Lys Val Ser Ala His
340      345      350      355      360      365      370      375      380      385      390      395      400      405      410      415      420
Pro Lys Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Thr Ala Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro
355      360      365      370      375      380      385      390      395      400      405      410      415      420      425      430      435
Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu
370      375      380      385      390      395      400      405      410      415      420      425      430      435      440      445      450
Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val
385      390      395      400      405      410      415      420      425      430      435      440      445      450      455      460      465
Lys Arg Gly Arg Lys Lys Leu Leu Tyr Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro Phe Met
405      410      415      420      425      430      435      440      445      450      455      460      465      470      475      480      485
Arg Pro Val Gln Thr Thr Gln Glu Glu Asp Gly Cys Ser Cys Arg Phe
420      425      430      435      440      445      450      455      460      465      470      475      480      485      490      495      500
Pro Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Cys Glu Leu
435      440      445      450      455      460      465      470      475      480      485      490      495      500

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<210> 46

<211> 483

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huSIRP alpha-12aas-CD28Cys tm ic-41BBic protein

<400> 46

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 20      25      30
Glu Leu Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Asp Lys Ser Val Leu Val Ala Ala Gly
 35      40      45
Glu Thr Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu Ile Pro Val Gly
 50      55      60
Pro Ile Gln Trp Phe Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Glu Leu Ile Tyr
 65      70      75      80
Asn Gln Lys Glu Gly His Phe Pro Arg Val Thr Thr Val Ser Asp Leu
 85      90      95
Thr Lys Arg Asn Asn Met Asp Phe Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Ile Thr
100      105      110
Pro Ala Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Val Lys Phe Arg Lys Gly Ser
115      120      125
Pro Asp Asp Val Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Leu Ser Val
130      135      140
Arg Ala Lys Pro Ser Ala Pro Val Val Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala
145      150      155      160
Thr Pro Gln His Thr Val Ser Phe Thr Cys Glu Ser His Gly Phe Ser
165      170      175
Pro Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Asn Gly Asn Glu Leu Ser
180      185      190
Asp Phe Gln Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Gly Glu Ser Val Ser Tyr Ser
195      200      205
Ile His Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Val Leu Thr Arg Glu Asp Val His Ser
210      215      220
Gln Val Ile Cys Glu Val Ala His Val Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp Pro Leu
225      230      235      240
Arg Gly Thr Ala Asn Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Pro Pro Thr Leu
245      250      255
Glu Val Thr Gln Gln Pro Val Arg Ala Glu Asn Gln Val Asn Val Thr
260      265      270
Cys Gln Val Arg Lys Phe Tyr Pro Gln Arg Leu Gln Leu Thr Trp Leu
275      280      285
Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Thr Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Glu
290      295      300
Asn Lys Asp Gly Thr Tyr Asn Trp Met Ser Trp Leu Leu Val Asn Val
305      310      315      320
Ser Ala His Arg Asp Asp Val Lys Leu Thr Cys Gln Val Glu His Asp
325      330      335
Gly Gln Pro Ala Val Ser Lys Ser His Asp Leu Lys Val Ser Ala His
340      345      350
Pro Lys Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Thr Ala Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro
355      360      365
Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu
370      375      380
Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val
385      390      395      400
Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr
405      410      415
Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro
420      425      430

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser Lys Arg Gly Arg Lys Lys Leu
 435 440 445
 Leu Tyr Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro Phe Met Arg Pro Val Gln Thr Thr Gln
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 Glu Glu Asp Gly Cys Ser Cys Arg Phe Pro Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly
 465 470 475 480
 Cys Glu Leu

<210> 47
 <211> 900
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD200Rtm-CD28

<400> 47
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 acccaagtga acaccaccgt gtccgtgcag atcggcacca aggccctgct gtgctgtttc 180
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 aacatcacct gggccagcac cccagaccac agccctgagc tgcagatcag cgccgtgaca 360
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 aactacgatc tgcaggtgct ggtgcccccc gaagtgacct acttccccga gaagaataga 480
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 ggcgactgtg tgaccaccag cgagagccac agcaacggca cagtgaccgt gcggagcacc 600
 tgtactggg agcagaacaa cgtgtccgac gtgtcctgca tcgtgtccca cctgaccggc 660
 aaccagagcc tgagcatcga gctgagcaga ggcgaaacc agtccctgag gccctacatc 720
 ccttacatca tccccagcat catcatcctg atcatcatcg gctgcatctg cctgctgaac 780
 agcagaagaa acagaggcgg ccagagcgac tacatgaaca tgacccccag aaggcctggc 840
 ctgaccagaa agccctacca gccttacgcc cctgccagag acttcgccgc ctacagacct 900

<210> 48
 <211> 918
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD200R-CD28tm

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 acccaagtga acaccaccgt gtccgtgcag atcggcacca aggccctgct gtgctgtttc 180
 agcatccctc tgaccaaggc tgtgtgatc acctggatca tcaagctgag aggcctgccc 240
 agctgcacaa tcgcctacaa ggtggacacc aagaccaacg agacaagctg cctgggcaga 300
 aacatcacct gggccagcac cccagaccac agccctgagc tgcagatcag cgccgtgaca 360
 ctgcagcacg agggcaccta cacatgcgag acagtgaccc ccgagggcaa cttcgagaag 420
 aactacgatc tgcaggtgct ggtgcccccc gaagtgacct acttccccga gaagaataga 480
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 ggcgactgtg tgaccaccag cgagagccac agcaacggca cagtgaccgt gcggagcacc 600
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 tgcgtgatct ggaccaaacg cagaagaaac agaggcggcc agagcgacta catgaacatg 840
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 <211> 945
 <212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD200R-CD28Cys

<400> 49

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acccaagtga	acaccaccgt	gtccgtgcag	atcggcacca	aggccctgct	gtgctgtttc	180
agcatccctc	tgaccaaggc	tgtgctgata	acctggatca	tcaagctgag	aggcctgccc	240
agctgcacaa	tcgcctacaa	ggtggacacc	aagaccaacg	agacaagctg	cctgggcaga	300
aacatcacct	gggccagcac	cccagaccac	agccctgagc	tgagatcag	cgccgtgaca	360
ctgcagcacg	agggcaccta	cacatgcgag	acagtgaccc	ccgagggcaa	cttcgagaag	420
aactacgatc	tgcaggtgct	ggtgcccccc	gaagtgacct	acttccccga	gaagaataga	480
agcgccgtgt	gcgaggccat	ggctggcaaa	cctgccgccc	agatctcttg	gagccctgac	540
ggcgactgtg	tgaccaccag	cgagagccac	agcaacggca	cagtgaccgt	gcggagcacc	600
tgtactggg	agcagaacaa	cgtgtccgac	gtgtcctgca	tcgtgtccca	cctgaccggc	660
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ggcggccaga	gcgactacat	gaacatgacc	cccagaaggc	ctggcctgac	cagaaagccc	900
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<210> 50

<211> 936

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

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<400> 50

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aacatcacct	gggccagcac	cccagaccac	agccctgagc	tgagatcag	cgccgtgaca	360
ctgcagcacg	agggcaccta	cacatgcgag	acagtgaccc	ccgagggcaa	cttcgagaag	420
aactacgatc	tgcaggtgct	ggtgcccccc	gaagtgacct	acttccccga	gaagaataga	480
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ggcgactgtg	tgaccaccag	cgagagccac	agcaacggca	cagtgaccgt	gcggagcacc	600
tgtactggg	agcagaacaa	cgtgtccgac	gtgtcctgca	tcgtgtccca	cctgaccggc	660
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agccccaagc	tgttctgggc	cctgggtgggtg	gtggccggcg	tgctgttttg	ttacggcctg	780
ctcgtgaccg	tggccctgtg	cgtgatctgg	accaacagca	gaagaaacag	aggcggccag	840
agcgactaca	tgaacatgac	cccagaagg	cctggcctga	ccagaaagcc	ctaccagcct	900
tacgcccctg	ccagagactt	cgccgcctac	agacct			936

<210> 51

<211> 918

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys

<400> 51

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acccaagtga	acaccaccgt	gtccgtgcag	atcggcacca	aggccctgct	gtgctgtttc	180
agcatccctc	tgaccaaggc	tgtgctgata	acctggatca	tcaagctgag	aggcctgccc	240
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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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ggcgactgtg	tgaccaccag	cgagagccac	agcaacggca	cagtgaccgt	gcggagcacc	600
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aaccagagcc	tgagcatcga	gctgagctgc	cacacccaga	gcagcccaaa	gctgttctgg	720
gccctggtgg	tgggtggccg	cgtgctgttt	tgttacggcc	tgctcgtgac	cgtggccctg	780
tgcgtgatct	ggaccaacag	cagaagaaac	agaggcgcc	agagcgacta	catgaacatg	840
acccccagaa	ggcctggcct	gaccagaaa	ccctaccagc	cttacgcccc	tgccagagac	900
ttcgccgcct	acagacct					918

<210> 52

<211> 939

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD200R-9aas-CD28Cys tm-41BBic

<400> 52

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acccaagtga	acaccaccgt	gtccgtgcag	atcggcacca	aggccctgct	gtgctgtttc	180
agcatccctc	tgaccaaggc	tgtgctgata	acctggatca	tcaagctgag	aggcctgccc	240
agctgcacaa	tcgcctacaa	ggtggacacc	aagaccaacg	agacaagctg	cctgggcaga	300
aacatcacct	gggccagcac	cccagaccac	agccctgagc	tgcagatcag	cgccgtgaca	360
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 <223> muSIRP alpha-CD28tm

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<210> 56

<211> 1350

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muSIRP alpha-CD28cys

<400> 56

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<210> 57

<211> 1332

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muSIRP alpha -6aas-CD28cys

<400> 57

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<223> muSIRP alpha -9aas-CD28cys

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<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> muSIRP alpha-23aas-CD28cys

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<220>
 <223> huPD-1 ectodomain

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35          40          45
Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg Val
50          55          60
Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg Ala
65          70          75          80
Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu Ala
85          90          95
Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val Thr
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 <212> DNA
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 <223> huCD2 entire extracellular domain

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<210> 62
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 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<220>

<223> huCD2 entire extracellular domain

<400> 62

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 35      40      45
Gln Met Ser Asp Asp Ile Asp Asp Ile Lys Trp Glu Lys Thr Ser Asp
 50      55      60
Lys Lys Lys Ile Ala Gln Phe Arg Lys Glu Lys Glu Thr Phe Lys Glu
 65      70      75      80
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 85      90      95
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 100     105     110
Lys Gly Lys Asn Val Leu Glu Lys Ile Phe Asp Leu Lys Ile Gln Glu
 115     120     125
Arg Val Ser Lys Pro Lys Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Ile Asn Thr Thr Leu
 130     135     140
Thr Cys Glu Val Met Asn Gly Thr Asp Pro Glu Leu Asn Leu Tyr Gln
 145     150     155     160
Asp Gly Lys His Leu Lys Leu Ser Gln Arg Val Ile Thr His Lys Trp
 165     170     175
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<210> 63

<211> 78

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD2 transmembrane domain

<400> 63

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<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD2 transmembrane domain

<400> 64

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Ile Tyr Leu Ile Ile Gly Ile Cys Gly Gly Gly Ser Leu Leu Met Val
 1      5      10      15
Phe Val Ala Leu Leu Val Phe Tyr Ile Thr
      20      25

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<210> 65

<211> 828

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD2tm-CD28 DNA

<400> 65

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gggtgcagtct	ccaaagagat	tacgaatgcc	ttggaaacct	ggggtgcctt	gggtcaggac	120
atcaacttgg	acatttcctag	ttttcaaatg	agtgatgata	ttgacgatat	aaaatgggaa	180
aaaacttcag	acaagaaaaa	gattgcacaa	ttcagaaaaag	agaaagagac	tttcaaggaa	240
aaagatacat	ataagctatt	taaaaatgga	actctgaaaa	ttaagcatct	gaagaccgat	300
gatcaggata	tctacaaggt	atcaatatat	gatacaaaaag	gaaaaaatgt	gttggaaaaa	360
atatttgatt	tgaagattca	agagaggggtc	tcaaaaccaa	agatctcctg	gacttgatc	420
aacacaaccc	tgacctgtga	ggtaatgaat	ggaactgacc	ccgaattaaa	cctgtatcaa	480
gatgggaaaac	atctaaaact	ttctcagagg	gtcatcacac	acaagtggac	caccagcctg	540
agtgcaaaat	tcaagtgcac	agcaggggaac	aaagtcagca	aggaatccag	tgtcgcgcct	600
gtcagctgtc	cagagaaaagg	tctggacatc	tatctcatca	ttggcatatg	tggaggaggc	660
agcctcttga	tgggtcttgt	ggcactgctc	gttttctata	tcacccgcag	caagcggagc	720
agaggcggcc	acagcgacta	catgaacatg	acccctagac	ggcctggccc	caccagaaaag	780
cactaccagc	cctacgcccc	tccccgggac	tttgccgcct	acagaagc		828

<210> 66

<211> 276

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD2tm-CD28

<400> 66

Met	Ser	Phe	Pro	Cys	Lys	Phe	Val	Ala	Ser	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ile	Phe	Asn	
1				5					10					15		
Val	Ser	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ile	Thr	Asn	Ala	Leu	Glu	
			20					25					30			
Thr	Trp	Gly	Ala	Leu	Gly	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ile	Pro	Ser	Phe	
		35					40					45				
Gln	Met	Ser	Asp	Asp	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ile	Lys	Trp	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ser	Asp	
	50					55					60					
Lys	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ala	Gln	Phe	Arg	Lys	Glu	Lys	Glu	Thr	Phe	Lys	Glu	
65					70				75						80	
Lys	Asp	Thr	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Phe	Lys	Asn	Gly	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ile	Lys	His	
				85					90					95		
Leu	Lys	Thr	Asp	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Asp	Thr	
			100					105					110			
Lys	Gly	Lys	Asn	Val	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ile	Phe	Asp	Leu	Lys	Ile	Gln	Glu	
		115					120					125				
Arg	Val	Ser	Lys	Pro	Lys	Ile	Ser	Trp	Thr	Cys	Ile	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	
	130					135					140					
Thr	Cys	Glu	Val	Met	Asn	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro	Glu	Leu	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Gln	
145					150					155					160	
Asp	Gly	Lys	His	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Val	Ile	Thr	His	Lys	Trp	
				165					170					175		
Thr	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ala	Lys	Phe	Lys	Cys	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val	
			180					185					190			
Ser	Lys	Glu	Ser	Ser	Val	Glu	Pro	Val	Ser	Cys	Pro	Glu	Lys	Gly	Leu	
		195					200					205				
Asp	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Ile	Gly	Ile	Cys	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Leu	Leu	Met	
	210					215					220					
Val	Phe	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu	Val	Phe	Tyr	Ile	Thr	Arg	Ser	Lys	Arg	Ser	
225					230					235					240	
Arg	Gly	Gly	His	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Met	Asn	Met	Thr	Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Gly	
				245					250					255		
Pro	Thr	Arg	Lys	His	Tyr	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Pro	Arg	Asp	Phe	Ala	

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Ala Tyr Arg 260
Ser 275

265

270

<210> 67
<211> 831
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD2-CD28tm

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<400> 67
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gggtgcagtct ccaaagagat tacgaatgcc ttggaaacct ggggtgcctt gggtcaggac      120
atcaacttgg acattcctag ttttcaaagt agtgatgata ttgacgatat aaaatgggaa      180
aaaacttcag acaagaaaaa gattgcacaa ttcagaaaaag agaaagagac tttcaaggaa      240
aaagatacat ataagctatt taaaaatgga actctgaaaa ttaagcatct gaagaccgat      300
gatcaggata tctacaaggt atcaatatat gatacaaaaag gaaaaaatgt gttggaaaaa      360
atatttgatt tgaagattca agagagggtc tcaaaaaccaa agatctcctg gacttgtatc      420
aacacaaccc tgacctgtga ggtaatgaat ggaactgacc ccgaattaaa cctgtatcaa      480
gatgggaaac atctaaaact ttctcagagg gtcatcacac acaagtggac caccagcctg      540
agtgcaaaat tcaagtgcac agcagggaac aaagtcagca aggaatccag tgtcgagcct      600
gtcagctgtc cagagaaaag tctggacttc tgggtgctgg tgggtggtcg aggcgtgctg      660
gcctgctaca gcctgctggt caccgtggcc ttcatcatct tttgggtccg cagcaagcgg      720
agcagaggcg gccacagcga ctacatgaac atgaccacct gacggcctgg ccccaccaga      780
aagcactacc agccctacgc ccctccccgg gactttgccc cctacagaag c      831
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<210> 68
<211> 277
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD2-CD28tm

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<400> 68
Met Ser Phe Pro Cys Lys Phe Val Ala Ser Phe Leu Leu Ile Phe Asn
 1          5          10          15
Val Ser Ser Lys Gly Ala Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Thr Asn Ala Leu Glu
 20          25          30
Thr Trp Gly Ala Leu Gly Gln Asp Ile Asn Leu Asp Ile Pro Ser Phe
 35          40          45
Gln Met Ser Asp Asp Ile Asp Ile Lys Trp Glu Lys Thr Ser Asp
 50          55          60
Lys Lys Lys Ile Ala Gln Phe Arg Lys Glu Lys Glu Thr Phe Lys Glu
 65          70          75          80
Lys Asp Thr Tyr Lys Leu Phe Lys Asn Gly Thr Leu Lys Ile Lys His
 85          90          95
Leu Lys Thr Asp Asp Gln Asp Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Ile Tyr Asp Thr
 100         105         110
Lys Gly Lys Asn Val Leu Glu Lys Ile Phe Asp Leu Lys Ile Gln Glu
 115         120         125
Arg Val Ser Lys Pro Lys Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Ile Asn Thr Thr Leu
 130         135         140
Thr Cys Glu Val Met Asn Gly Thr Asp Pro Glu Leu Asn Leu Tyr Gln
 145         150         155         160
Asp Gly Lys His Leu Lys Leu Ser Gln Arg Val Ile Thr His Lys Trp
 165         170         175
Thr Thr Ser Leu Ser Ala Lys Phe Lys Cys Thr Ala Gly Asn Lys Val
 180         185         190
Ser Lys Glu Ser Ser Val Glu Pro Val Ser Cys Pro Glu Lys Gly Leu
 195         200         205
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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Asp Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro
 245 250 255
 Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe
 260 265 270
 Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
 275

<210> 69

<211> 969

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-CD28Cys

<400> 69

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gtggccgcca	gcagcagcct	gtgcatggac	gagaagcaga	tcacccagaa	ctacagcaag	120
gtgctggccg	aagtgaacac	cagctggccc	gtgaagatgg	ccaccaacgc	cgtgctgtgc	180
tgccctccta	tgcgccctgcg	gaacctgatc	atcatcacct	gggagatcat	cctgcggggc	240
cagcccagct	gtaccaaggc	ctaccggaaa	gagacaaacg	agacaaaaga	aacaaactgc	300
accgacgagc	ggatcacatg	ggtgtccaga	cccgaccaga	acagcgacct	gcagatcaga	360
cccgtggcca	tcacccacga	cggctactac	cgggtgcatca	tggtcacccc	cgatggcaac	420
ttccaccggg	gataccatct	gcagggtgctc	gtgacccccg	aagtgaccct	gttccagaac	480
cggaacagaa	ccgcccgtgtg	caaggccgtg	gccggaaaac	ctgccgcca	gatctcttgg	540
atccccgagg	gcgattgctg	caccaagcag	gaatactggt	ccaacggcac	cgtgaccgtg	600
aagtccacct	gtcactggga	ggtgcacaac	gtgtccaccg	tgacatgcca	cgtgtcccac	660
ctgaccggca	acaagagcct	gtacatcgag	ctgctgcctg	tgccctggcg	caagaagtcc	720
gccaagctgt	gtcccagccc	tctgtttccc	ggccctagca	agcctttctg	ggtgctggtg	780
gtggctcggag	gcgtgtctggc	ctgctacagc	ctgctggtca	ccgtggcctt	catcatcttt	840
tgggtccgca	gcaagcggag	cagaggcggc	cacagcgact	acatgaacat	gacccctaga	900
cggcctggcc	ccaccagaaa	gcactaccag	ccctacgccc	ctccccggga	ctttgccgcc	960
tacagaagc						969

<210> 70

<211> 323

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD200R-CD28Cys

<400> 70

Met	Leu	Cys	Pro	Trp	Arg	Thr	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Thr	Ile	Phe	Leu	Val	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Cys	Met	Asp	Glu	Lys
			20					25					30		
Gln	Ile	Thr	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	Ala	Glu	Val	Asn	Thr	Ser
		35				40					45				
Trp	Pro	Val	Lys	Met	Ala	Thr	Asn	Ala	Val	Leu	Cys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Ile
	50				55						60				
Ala	Leu	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ile	Thr	Trp	Glu	Ile	Ile	Leu	Arg	Gly	
65				70					75					80	
Gln	Pro	Ser	Cys	Thr	Lys	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Glu	Thr	Asn	Glu	Thr	Lys
			85					90					95		
Glu	Thr	Asn	Cys	Thr	Asp	Glu	Arg	Ile	Thr	Trp	Val	Ser	Arg	Pro	Asp
		100						105					110		
Gln	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Gln	Ile	Arg	Pro	Val	Ala	Ile	Thr	His	Asp	Gly
	115						120					125			

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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Tyr Tyr Arg Cys Ile Met Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Asn Phe His Arg Gly
130 135 140
Tyr His Leu Gln Val Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Phe Gln Asn
145 150 155 160
Arg Asn Arg Thr Ala Val Cys Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala
165 170 175
Gln Ile Ser Trp Ile Pro Glu Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Lys Gln Glu Tyr
180 185 190
Trp Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Val
195 200 205
His Asn Val Ser Thr Val Thr Cys His Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn
210 215 220
Lys Ser Leu Tyr Ile Glu Leu Leu Pro Val Pro Gly Ala Lys Lys Ser
225 230 235 240
Ala Lys Leu Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe
245 250 255
Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu
260 265 270
Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg
275 280 285
Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro
290 295 300
Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala
305 310 315 320
Tyr Arg Ser

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<210> 71
 <211> 519
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFas entire extracellular domain

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<400> 71
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gtgaccaccg tggaaaacca gaacctggaa ggcctgcacc acgacggcca gttctgccac 180
aagccttgtc cccctggcga gcggaaggcc agagactgta ctgtgaacgg cgacgagccc 240
gactgcgtgc cctgtcagga aggcaaagag tacaccgaca aggcccactt cagcagcaag 300
tgccggcggt gcagactgtg tgatgagggc cacggcctgg aagtggaaat caactgcacc 360
cggacccaga acaccaagtg cagatgcaag cccaacttct tctgcaacag caccgtgtgc 420
gagcactgcg acccctgtac caagtgcgaa cacggcatca tcaaagagtg caccctgacc 480
tccaacacaa agtgcaaaaga ggaaggcagc agaagcaac 519

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<210> 72
 <211> 173
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFas entire extracellular domain

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<400> 72
Met Leu Gly Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala
1 5 10 15
Arg Leu Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Ser
20 25 30
Lys Gly Leu Glu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Val Glu Thr Gln Asn
35 40 45
Leu Glu Gly Leu His His Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys His Lys Pro Cys Pro
50 55 60

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Glu Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Cys Val Pro Cys Gln Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Thr Asp Lys Ala His
 85 90 95
 Phe Ser Ser Lys Cys Arg Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Gly His Gly
 100 105 110
 Leu Glu Val Glu Ile Asn Cys Thr Arg Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Arg
 115 120 125
 Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
 130 135 140
 Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Glu Glu Gly Ser Arg Ser Asn
 165 170

<210> 73
 <211> 498
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFas extracellular domain -7aas

<400> 73
 atgctgggca tctggaccct gctgcctctg gtgctgacaa gcgtggccag actgagcagc 60
 aagagcgtga acgccaagt gaccgacatc aacagcaagg gcctggaact gagaaagacc 120
 gtgaccaccg tggaaaaccca gaacctggaa ggcctgcacc acgacggcca gttctgccac 180
 aagccttgtc cccctggcga gcggaaggcc agagactgta ctgtgaacgg cgacgagccc 240
 gactgcgtgc cctgtcagga aggcaaagag tacaccgaca aggccactt cagcagcaag 300
 tgccggcggt gcagactgtg tgatgagggc cacggcctgg aagtggaaat caactgcacc 360
 cggacccaga acaccaagtg cagatgcaag cccaacttct tctgcaacag caccgtgtgc 420
 gagcactgcg acccctgtac caagtgcgaa cacggcatca tcaaagagtg caccctgacc 480
 tccaacacaa agtgcaaaa 498

<210> 74
 <211> 166
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFas extracellular domain -7aas

<400> 74
 Met Leu Gly Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Leu Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Ser
 20 25 30
 Lys Gly Leu Glu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Val Glu Thr Gln Asn
 35 40 45
 Leu Glu Gly Leu His His Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys His Lys Pro Cys Pro
 50 55 60
 Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Glu Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Cys Val Pro Cys Gln Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Thr Asp Lys Ala His
 85 90 95
 Phe Ser Ser Lys Cys Arg Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Gly His Gly
 100 105 110
 Leu Glu Val Glu Ile Asn Cys Thr Arg Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Arg
 115 120 125
 Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
 130 135 140
 Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
 145 150 155 160

Ser Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys
165

<210> 75
<211> 483
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huFas extracellular domain -12aas

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<400> 75
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aagagcgtga acgccaagt gaccgacatc aacagcaagg gcctggaact gagaaagacc      120
gtgaccaccg tggaaaccca gaacctggaa ggctgcacc acgacggcca gttctgccac      180
aagccttgtc cccctggcga gcggaaggcc agagactgta ctgtgaacgg cgacgagccc      240
gactgcgtgc cctgtcagga aggcaaagag tacaccgaca aggccacctt cagcagcaag      300
tgccggcggt gcagactgtg tgatgagggc cacggcctgg aagtggaaat caactgcacc      360
cggacccaga acaccaagtg cagatgcaag cccaacttct tctgcaacag caccgtgtgc      420
gagcactgcg acccctgtac caagtgcgaa cacggcatca tcaaagagtg caccctgacc      480
tcc                                                                                   483
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<210> 76
<211> 161
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huFas extracellular domain -12aas

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<400> 76
Met Leu Gly Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala
 1           5           10           15
Arg Leu Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Ser
      20           25           30
Lys Gly Leu Glu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Val Glu Thr Gln Asn
      35           40           45
Leu Glu Gly Leu His His Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys His Lys Pro Cys Pro
      50           55           60
Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Glu Pro
      65           70           75           80
Asp Cys Val Pro Cys Gln Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Thr Asp Lys Ala His
      85           90           95
Phe Ser Ser Lys Cys Arg Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Gly His Gly
      100          105          110
Leu Glu Val Glu Ile Asn Cys Thr Arg Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Arg
      115          120          125
Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
      130          135          140
Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
      145          150          155          160
Ser
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<210> 77
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huFas transmembrane domain

<400> 77

ctgggctggc tgtgcctcct gctgctgccc atccctctga tcgtgtgggt c

51

<210> 78

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huFas transmembrane domain

<400> 78

Leu Gly Trp Leu Cys Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Ile Pro Leu Ile Val Trp

1

5

10

15

Val

<210> 79

<211> 693

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huFAStm-CD28

<400> 79

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gtgaccaccg	tgaaaaccca	gaacctggaa	ggcctgcacc	acgacggcca	gttctgccac	180
aagccttgtc	cccctggcga	gcggaaggcc	agagactgta	ctgtgaacgg	cgacgagccc	240
gactgctgtc	cctgtcagga	aggcaaagag	tacaccgaca	aggcccaactt	cagcagcaag	300
tgccggcggt	gcagactgtg	tgatgagggc	cacggccttg	aagtggaaat	caactgcacc	360
cggacccaga	acaccaagtg	cagatgcaag	cccaacttct	tctgcaacag	caccgtgtgc	420
gagcactgcg	acccctgtac	caagtgcgaa	cacggcatca	tcaaagagtg	caccctgacc	480
tccaacacaa	agtgcaaaga	ggaaggcagc	agaagcaacc	tgggctggct	gtgcctcctg	540
ctgctgcca	tccctctgat	cgtgtgggtc	cgcagcaagc	ggagcagagg	cggccacagc	600
gactacatga	acatgacccc	tagacggcct	ggccccacca	gaaagcacta	ccagccctac	660
gccctcccc	gggactttgc	cgcctacaga	agc			693

<210> 80

<211> 231

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huFAStm-CD28

<400> 80

Met	Leu	Gly	Ile	Trp	Thr	Leu	Leu	Pro	Leu	Val	Leu	Thr	Ser	Val	Ala
1				5					10					15	
Arg	Leu	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Val	Asn	Ala	Gln	Val	Thr	Asp	Ile	Asn	Ser
			20					25					30		
Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr	Thr	Val	Glu	Thr	Gln	Asn
		35					40					45			
Leu	Glu	Gly	Leu	His	His	Asp	Gly	Gln	Phe	Cys	His	Lys	Pro	Cys	Pro
	50					55					60				
Pro	Gly	Glu	Arg	Lys	Ala	Arg	Asp	Cys	Thr	Val	Asn	Gly	Asp	Glu	Pro
65					70					75				80	
Asp	Cys	Val	Pro	Cys	Gln	Glu	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Lys	Ala	His
				85					90					95	
Phe	Ser	Ser	Lys	Cys	Arg	Arg	Cys	Arg	Leu	Cys	Asp	Glu	Gly	His	Gly
			100					105					110		
Leu	Glu	Val	Glu	Ile	Asn	Cys	Thr	Arg	Thr	Gln	Asn	Thr	Lys	Cys	Arg
		115					120					125			

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
 130 135 140
 Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Glu Glu Gly Ser Arg Ser Asn Leu Gly Trp
 165 170 175
 Leu Cys Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Ile Pro Leu Ile Val Trp Val Arg Ser
 180 185 190
 Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg
 195 200 205
 Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg
 210 215 220
 Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
 225 230

<210> 81
 <211> 723
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFAS-CD28tm

<400> 81
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 gtgaccaccg tggaaaacca gaacctggaa ggcctgcacc acgacggcca gttctgccac 180
 aagccttgtc cccctggcga gcggaaggcc agagactgta ctgtgaacgg cgacgagccc 240
 gactgcgtgc cctgtcagga aggcaaagag tacaccgaca aggcccactt cagcagcaag 300
 tgccggcggt gcagactgtg tgatgagggc cacggcctgg aagtggaaat caactgcacc 360
 cggacccaga acaccaagtg cagatgcaag cccaacttct tctgcaacag caccgtgtgc 420
 gagcactgcg acccctgtac caagtgcgaa cacggcatca tcaaagagtg caccctgacc 480
 tccaacacaa agtgcaaaaga ggaaggcagc agaagcaact tctgggtgct ggtgggtggtc 540
 ggaggcgtgc tggcctgcta cagcctgctg gtcaccgtgg ccttcatcat cttttgggtc 600
 cgcagcaagc ggagcagagg cggccacagc gactacatga acatgacccc tagacggcct 660
 ggccccacca gaaagcacta ccagccctac gcccctcccc gggactttgc cgcttacaga 720
 agc 723

<210> 82
 <211> 241
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFAS-CD28tm

<400> 82
 Met Leu Gly Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Leu Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Ser
 20 25 30
 Lys Gly Leu Glu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Val Glu Thr Gln Asn
 35 40 45
 Leu Glu Gly Leu His His Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys His Lys Pro Cys Pro
 50 55 60
 Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Glu Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Cys Val Pro Cys Gln Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Thr Asp Lys Ala His
 85 90 95
 Phe Ser Ser Lys Cys Arg Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Gly His Gly
 100 105 110
 Leu Glu Val Glu Ile Asn Cys Thr Arg Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Arg
 115 120 125

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
130 135 140
Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
145 150 155 160
Ser Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Glu Glu Gly Ser Arg Ser Asn Phe Trp Val
165 170 175
Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr
180 185 190
Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly
195 200 205
His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg
210 215 220
Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg
225 230 235 240
Ser

```

<210> 83
 <211> 759
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFAS-CD28Cys

```

<400> 83
atgctgggca tctggaccct gctgcctctg gtgctgacaa gcgtggccag actgagcagc 60
aagagcgtga acgcccgaagt gaccgacatc aacagcaagg gcctggaact gagaaagacc 120
gtgaccaccg tggaaaccca gaacctggaa ggcctgcacc acgacggcca gttctgccac 180
aagccttgct cccctggcga gcggaaggcc agagactgta ctgtgaacgg cgacgagccc 240
gactgcgtgc cctgtcagga aggcaaagag tacaccgaca aggccactt cagcagcaag 300
tgccggcggt gcagactgtg tgatgagggc cacggcctgg aagtggaaat caactgcacc 360
cggacccaga acaccaagtg cagatgcaag cccaacttct tctgcaacag caccgtgtgc 420
gagcactgctg acccctgtac caagtgcgaa cacggcatca tcaaagagtg caccctgacc 480
tccaacacaa agtgcaaaga ggaaggcagc agaagcaact gtcccagccc tctgtttccc 540
ggccctagca agcctttctg ggtgctggtg gtggtcggag gcgtgctggc ctgctacagc 600
ctgctggtca ccgtggcctt catcatcttt tgggtccgca gcaagcggag cagaggcggc 660
cacagcgagt acatgaacat gaccctaga cggcctggcc ccaccagaaa gcactaccag 720
ccctacgccc ctccccggga ctttgcgcgc tacagaagc 759

```

<210> 84
 <211> 253
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFAS-CD28Cys

```

<400> 84
Met Leu Gly Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala
1 5 10 15
Arg Leu Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Ser
20 25 30
Lys Gly Leu Glu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Val Glu Thr Gln Asn
35 40 45
Leu Glu Gly Leu His His Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys His Lys Pro Cys Pro
50 55 60
Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Glu Pro
65 70 75 80
Asp Cys Val Pro Cys Gln Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Thr Asp Lys Ala His
85 90 95
Phe Ser Ser Lys Cys Arg Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Gly His Gly
100 105 110

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Leu Glu Val Glu Ile Asn Cys Thr Arg Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Arg
      115      120      125
Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
      130      135      140
Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
      145      150      155      160
Ser Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Glu Glu Gly Ser Arg Ser Asn Cys Pro Ser
      165      170      175
Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val
      180      185      190
Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile
      195      200      205
Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr
      210      215      220
Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln
      225      230      235      240
Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
      245      250

```

<210> 85
 <211> 738
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFAS-7aas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 85
atgctgggca tctggaccct gctgcctctg gtgctgacaa gcgtggccag actgagcagc      60
aagagcgtga acgcccgaagt gaccgacatc aacagcaagg gcctggaact gagaaagacc      120
gtgaccaccg tggaaaccca gaacctggaa ggcctgcacc acgacggcca gttctgccac      180
aagccttgtc cccctggcga gcggaaggcc agagactgta ctgtgaacgg cgacgagccc      240
gactgcgtgc cctgtcagga aggcaaaagag tacaccgaca aggccactt cagcagcaag      300
tgccggcggg gcagactgtg tgatgagggc cacggcctgg aagtggaaat caactgcacc      360
cggacccaga acaccaagtg cagatgcaag cccaacttct tctgcaacag caccgtgtgc      420
gagcactgcg acccctgtac caagtgcgaa cacggcatca tcaaagagt caccctgacc      480
tccaacacaa agtgcaaatg tcccagccct ctgtttcccg gccctagcaa gcctttctgg      540
gtgctgggtg tggtcggagg cgtgctggcc tgctacagcc tgctggtcac cgtggccttc      600
atcatctttt gggtcgcgag caagcggagc agaggcggcc acagcgacta catgaacatg      660
acccttagac ggcctggccc caccagaaa cactaccagc cctacgcccc tccccgggac      720
tttgccgcct acagaagc

```

<210> 86
 <211> 246
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huFAS-7aas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 86
Met Leu Gly Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala
  1      5      10      15
Arg Leu Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Ser
      20      25      30
Lys Gly Leu Glu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Val Glu Thr Gln Asn
      35      40      45
Leu Glu Gly Leu His His Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys His Lys Pro Cys Pro
      50      55      60
Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Glu Pro
      65      70      75      80
Asp Cys Val Pro Cys Gln Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Thr Asp Lys Ala His
      85      90      95

```


360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Phe Ser Ser Lys Cys Arg Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Gly His Gly
100 105 110
Leu Glu Val Glu Ile Asn Cys Thr Arg Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Arg
115 120 125
Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
130 135 140
Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
145 150 155 160
Ser Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser
165 170 175
Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr
180 185 190
Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys
195 200 205
Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg
210 215 220
Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp
225 230 235 240
Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
245

<210> 87
<211> 723
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> FAS-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 87
atgctgggca tctggaccct gctgcctctg gtgctgacaa gcgtggccag actgagcagc 60
aagagcgtga acgccaagt gaccgacatc aacagcaagg gcctggaact gagaaagacc 120
gtgaccaccg tggaaaacca gaacctggaa ggcctgcacc acgacggcca gttctgccac 180
aagccttgtc cccctggcga gcggaaggcc agagactgta ctgtgaacgg cgacgagccc 240
gactgcgtgc cctgtcagga aggcaaagag tacaccgaca aggccactt cagcagcaag 300
tgccggcggt gcagactgtg tgatgagggc cacggcctgg aagtggaaat caactgcacc 360
cggacccaga acaccaagtg cagatgcaag cccaacttct tctgcaacag caccgtgtgc 420
gagcactgcg acccctgtac caagtgcgaa cacggcatca tcaaagagtg caccctgacc 480
tcctgtccca gccctctgtt tcccggccct agcaagcctt tctgggtgct ggtgggtggtc 540
ggaggcgtgc tggcctgcta cagcctgctg gtcaccgtgg ccttcatcat cttttgggtc 600
cgcagcaagc ggagcagagg cggccacagc gactacatga acatgacccc tagacggcct 660
ggccccacca gaaagcacta ccagccctac gcccctcccc gggactttgc cgcctacaga 720
agc 723

<210> 88
<211> 241
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> FAS-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 88
Met Leu Gly Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala
1 5 10 15
Arg Leu Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Ser
20 25 30
Lys Gly Leu Glu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Val Glu Thr Gln Asn
35 40 45
Leu Glu Gly Leu His His Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys His Lys Pro Cys Pro
50 55 60
Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Glu Pro
65 70 75 80

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Asp Cys Val Pro Cys Gln Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Thr Asp Lys Ala His
      85      90
Phe Ser Ser Lys Cys Arg Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Gly His Gly
      100      105      110
Leu Glu Val Glu Ile Asn Cys Thr Arg Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Arg
      115      120      125
Cys Lys Pro Asn Phe Phe Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Cys Glu His Cys Asp
      130      135      140
Pro Cys Thr Lys Cys Glu His Gly Ile Ile Lys Glu Cys Thr Leu Thr
      145      150      155
Ser Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val
      165      170      175
Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr
      180      185      190
Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly
      195      200      205
His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg
      210      215      220
Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg
      225      230      235      240
Ser

```

<210> 89
 <211> 510
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1 entire extracellular domain 2

```

<400> 89
atgcagatcc ctcaggcccc ttggcctgtc gtgtgggctg tgctgcagct gggatggcgg      60
cctggctggt ttctggacag ccccgacaga ccctggaacc cccctacatt ttcccctgcc      120
ctgctgggtc tgaccgaggg cgacaatgcc accttcacct gtagcttcag caacaccagc      180
gagagcttcg tgctgaactg gtacagaatg agccccagca accagaccga caagctggcc      240
gccttccccg aggatagatc tcagcccggc caggactgcc ggttcagagt gaccagctg      300
cccaacggcc gggacttcca catgtctgtc gtgcgggcca gacggaacga cagcggcaca      360
tatctgtgcg gcgcatcag cctggccccc aaggcccaga tcaaagagag cctgagagcc      420
gagctgagag tgaccgagag aagggccgaa gtgcctaccg cccaccctag cccatctcca      480
agacctgccg gccagttcca gacactggtc

```

<210> 90
 <211> 170
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1 entire extracellular domain 2

```

<400> 90
Met Gln Ile Pro Gln Ala Pro Trp Pro Val Val Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
  1      5      10      15
Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Gly Trp Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Trp
      20      25      30
Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Val Thr Glu Gly Asp
      35      40      45
Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Ser Phe Val
      50      55      60
Leu Asn Trp Tyr Arg Met Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Asp Lys Leu Ala
      65      70      75      80
Ala Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg
      85      90      95

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg
 100 105 110
 Ala Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
 115 120 125
 Ala Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val
 130 135 140
 Thr Glu Arg Arg Ala Glu Val Pro Thr Ala His Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Pro Ala Gly Gln Phe Gln Thr Leu Val
 165 170

<210> 91
 <211> 474
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1 2 -12aas

<400> 91
 atgcagatcc ctcaggcccc ttggcctgtc gtgtgggctg tgctgcagct gggatggcgg 60
 cctggctggt ttctggacag ccccgacaga ccctggaacc cccctacatt ttcccctgcc 120
 ctgctggtcg tgaccgaggg cgacaatgcc accttcacct gtagcttcag caacaccagc 180
 gagagcttcg tgctgaactg gtacagaatg agccccagca accagaccga caagctggcc 240
 gccttccccg aggatagatc tcagcccggc caggactgcc ggttcagagt gaccagctg 300
 cccaacggcc gggacttcca catgtctgtc gtgcgggcca gacggaacga cagcggcaca 360
 tatctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctggccccc aaggcccaga tcaaagagag cctgagagcc 420
 gagctgagag tgaccgagag aagggccgaa gtgcctaccg cccaccctag ccca 474

<210> 92
 <211> 158
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1 2 -12aas

<400> 92
 Met Gln Ile Pro Gln Ala Pro Trp Pro Val Val Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Gly Trp Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Trp
 20 25 30
 Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Val Thr Glu Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Ser Phe Val
 50 55 60
 Leu Asn Trp Tyr Arg Met Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Asp Lys Leu Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg
 85 90 95
 Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg
 100 105 110
 Ala Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
 115 120 125
 Ala Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val
 130 135 140
 Thr Glu Arg Arg Ala Glu Val Pro Thr Ala His Pro Ser Pro
 145 150 155

<210> 93
 <211> 465
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<220>

<223> huPD1 2 -15aas

<400> 93

atgcagatcc	ctcaggcccc	ttggcctgtc	gtgtgggctg	tgctgcagct	gggatggcgg	60
cctggctggt	ttctggacag	ccccgacaga	ccctggaacc	cccctacatt	ttcccctgcc	120
ctgctggtcg	tgaccgaggg	cgacaatgcc	accttcacct	gtagcttcag	caacaccagc	180
gagagcttcg	tgctgaactg	gtacagaatg	agccccagca	accagaccga	caagctggcc	240
gccttccccg	aggatagatc	tcagcccggc	caggactgcc	ggttcagagt	gacccagctg	300
cccaacggcc	gggacttcca	catgtctgtc	gtgcgggcca	gacggaacga	cagcggcaca	360
tatctgtgcg	gcgccatcag	cctggccccc	aaggcccaga	tcaaagagag	cctgagagcc	420
gagctgagag	tgaccgagag	aagggccgaa	gtgcctaccg	cccac		465

<210> 94

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huPD1 2 -15aas

<400> 94

Met	Gln	Ile	Pro	Gln	Ala	Pro	Trp	Pro	Val	Val	Trp	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Gly	Trp	Arg	Pro	Gly	Trp	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ser	Pro	Asp	Arg	Pro	Trp
			20					25					30		
Asn	Pro	Pro	Thr	Phe	Ser	Pro	Ala	Leu	Leu	Val	Val	Thr	Glu	Gly	Asp
		35					40					45			
Asn	Ala	Thr	Phe	Thr	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser	Asn	Thr	Ser	Glu	Ser	Phe	Val
	50					55					60				
Leu	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Arg	Met	Ser	Pro	Ser	Asn	Gln	Thr	Asp	Lys	Leu	Ala
65				70						75				80	
Ala	Phe	Pro	Glu	Asp	Arg	Ser	Gln	Pro	Gly	Gln	Asp	Cys	Arg	Phe	Arg
			85					90					95		
Val	Thr	Gln	Leu	Pro	Asn	Gly	Arg	Asp	Phe	His	Met	Ser	Val	Val	Arg
		100					105						110		
Ala	Arg	Arg	Asn	Asp	Ser	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Cys	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Leu
	115					120					125				
Ala	Pro	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ile	Lys	Glu	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ala	Glu	Leu	Arg	Val
	130				135						140				
Thr	Glu	Arg	Arg	Ala	Glu	Val	Pro	Thr	Ala	His					
145					150					155					

<210> 95

<211> 447

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huPD1 2 -21aas

<400> 95

atgcagatcc	ctcaggcccc	ttggcctgtc	gtgtgggctg	tgctgcagct	gggatggcgg	60
cctggctggt	ttctggacag	ccccgacaga	ccctggaacc	cccctacatt	ttcccctgcc	120
ctgctggtcg	tgaccgaggg	cgacaatgcc	accttcacct	gtagcttcag	caacaccagc	180
gagagcttcg	tgctgaactg	gtacagaatg	agccccagca	accagaccga	caagctggcc	240
gccttccccg	aggatagatc	tcagcccggc	caggactgcc	ggttcagagt	gacccagctg	300
cccaacggcc	gggacttcca	catgtctgtc	gtgcgggcca	gacggaacga	cagcggcaca	360
tatctgtgcg	gcgccatcag	cctggccccc	aaggcccaga	tcaaagagag	cctgagagcc	420
gagctgagag	tgaccgagag	aagggcc				447

<210> 96

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<211> 149
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1 2 -21aas

<400> 96
 Met Gln Ile Pro Gln Ala Pro Trp Pro Val Val Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Gly Trp Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Trp
 20 25 30
 Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Val Thr Glu Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Ser Phe Val
 50 55 60
 Leu Asn Trp Tyr Arg Met Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Asp Lys Leu Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg
 85 90 95
 Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg
 100 105 110
 Ala Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
 115 120 125
 Ala Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val
 130 135 140
 Thr Glu Arg Arg Ala
 145

<210> 97
 <211> 750
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1-CD28Cys

<400> 97
 atgcagatcc ctcaggcccc ttggcctgtc gtgtgggctg tgctgcagct gggatggcgg 60
 cctggctggg ttctggacag ccccgacaga ccctggaacc cccctacatt ttcccctgcc 120
 ctgctgggtc tgaccgaggg cgacaatgcc accttcacct gtagcttcag caacaccagc 180
 gagagcttcg tgctgaactg gtacagaatg agccccagca accagaccga caagctggcc 240
 gccttccccg aggatagatc tcagcccggc caggactgcc ggttcagagt gaccagctg 300
 cccaacgggc gggacttcca catgtctgtc gtgcgggcca gacggaacga cagcggcaca 360
 tatctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctggccccc aaggcccaga tcaaagagag cctgagagcc 420
 gagctgagag tgaccgagag aagggccgaa gtgcctaccg cccaccctag cccatctcca 480
 agacctgccg gccagttcca gacactggtc tgtcccagcc ctctgtttcc cggcccctagc 540
 aagcctttct ggggtgctgg ggtggtcgga ggctgtctgg cctgctacag cctgctggtc 600
 accgtggcct tcatcatctt ttgggtccgc agcaagcgga gcagaggcgg ccacagcgac 660
 tacatgaaca tgacccttag acggcctggc cccaccagaa agcactacca gccctacgcc 720
 cctccccggg actttgccgc ctacagaagc 750

<210> 98
 <211> 250
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1-CD28Cys

<400> 98
 Met Gln Ile Pro Gln Ala Pro Trp Pro Val Val Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
 1 5 10 15

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Gly Trp Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Trp
 20 25 30
 Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Val Thr Glu Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Ser Phe Val
 50 55 60
 Leu Asn Trp Tyr Arg Met Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Asp Lys Leu Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg
 85 90 95
 Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg
 100 105 110
 Ala Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
 115 120 125
 Ala Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val
 130 135 140
 Thr Glu Arg Arg Ala Glu Val Pro Thr Ala His Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Pro Ala Gly Gln Phe Gln Thr Leu Val Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe
 165 170 175
 Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val
 180 185 190
 Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp
 195 200 205
 Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met
 210 215 220
 Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
 245 250

<210> 99
 <211> 714
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 99
 atgcagatcc ctcaggcccc ttggcctgtc gtgtgggctg tgctgcagct gggatggcgg 60
 cctggctggg ttctggacag ccccgacaga ccctggaacc cccctacatt ttcccctgcc 120
 ctgctggtcg tgaccgaggg cgacaatgcc accttcacct gtagcttcag caacaccagc 180
 gagagcttcg tgctgaactg gtacagaatg agccccagca accagaccga caagctggcc 240
 gccttccccg aggatagatc tcagcccgcc caggactgcc ggttcagagt gacccagctg 300
 cccaacggcc gggacttcca catgtctgtc gtgcgggcca gacggaacga cagcggcaca 360
 tatctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctggccccc aaggcccaga tcaaagagag cctgagagcc 420
 gagctgagag tgaccgagag aaggggccgaa gtgcctaccg cccaccctag cccatgtccc 480
 agccctctgt ttcccggccc tagcaagcct ttctgggtgc tgggtgggtg cggaggcgtg 540
 ctggcctgct acagcctgct ggtcaccgtg gccttcacat tcttttgggt ccgcagcaag 600
 cggagcagag gcggccacag cgactacatg aacatgaccc ctagacggcc tggccccacc 660
 agaaagcact accagcccta cgcccctccc cgggactttg ccgcctacag aagc 714

<210> 100
 <211> 238
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 100
 Met Gln Ile Pro Gln Ala Pro Trp Pro Val Val Trp Ala Val Leu Gln

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

1           5           10           15
Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Gly Trp Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Trp
20           25           30
Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Val Thr Glu Gly Asp
35           40           45
Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Ser Phe Val
50           55           60
Leu Asn Trp Tyr Arg Met Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Asp Lys Leu Ala
65           70           75           80
Ala Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg
85           90           95
Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg
100          105          110
Ala Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
115          120          125
Ala Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val
130          135          140
Thr Glu Arg Arg Ala Glu Val Pro Thr Ala His Pro Ser Pro Cys Pro
145          150          155          160
Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val
165          170          175
Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe
180          185          190
Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp
195          200          205
Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr
210          215          220
Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
225          230          235

```

<210> 101

<211> 705

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huPD1-15aas-CD28Cys

<400> 101

```

atgcagatcc ctcaggcccc ttggcctgtc gtgtgggctg tgctgcagct gggatggcgg      60
cctggctggt ttctggacag ccccgacaga ccctggaacc cccctacatt ttcccctgcc      120
ctgctgggtcg tgaccgaggg cgacaatgcc accttcacct gtagcttcag caacaccagc      180
gagagcttcg tgctgaactg gtacagaatg agccccagca accagaccga caagctggcc      240
gccttccccg aggatagatc tcagcccggc caggactgcc ggttcagagt gacccagctg      300
cccaacggcc gggacttcca catgtctgtc gtgcgggcca gacggaacga cagcggcaca      360
tatctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctggccccc aaggcccaga tcaaagagag cctgagagcc      420
gagctgagag tgaccgagag aagggccgaa gtgcctaccg cccactgtcc cagcccctctg      480
tttcccggcc ctagcaagcc ttcttgggtg ctggtgggtg tcggaggcgt gctggcctgc      540
tacagcctgc tggtcaccgt ggccttcac atcttttggg tccgcagcaa gcggagcaga      600
ggcgggccaca gcgactacat gaacatgacc cctagacggc ctggcccccac cagaaagcac      660
taccagccct acgcccctcc ccgggacttt gccgcctaca gaagc      705

```

<210> 102

<211> 235

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huPD1-15aas-CD28Cys

<400> 102

```

Met Gln Ile Pro Gln Ala Pro Trp Pro Val Val Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
1           5           10           15

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Gly Trp Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Trp
      20      25      30
Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Val Thr Glu Gly Asp
      35      40      45
Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Ser Phe Val
      50      55      60
Leu Asn Trp Tyr Arg Met Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Asp Lys Leu Ala
      65      70      75      80
Ala Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg
      85      90      95
Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg
      100      105      110
Ala Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
      115      120      125
Ala Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val
      130      135      140
Thr Glu Arg Arg Ala Glu Val Pro Thr Ala His Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu
      145      150      155      160
Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly
      165      170      175
Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe
      180      185      190
Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn
      195      200      205
Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr
      210      215      220
Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
      225      230      235

```

<210> 103
 <211> 687
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1-21aas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 103
atgcagatcc ctcaggcccc ttggcctgtc gtgtgggctg tgctgcagct gggatggcgg      60
cctggctggt ttctggacag ccccgacaga ccctggaacc cccctacatt ttcccctgcc      120
ctgctgggtcg tgaccgaggg cgacaatgcc accttcacct gtagcttcag caacaccagc      180
gagagcttcg tgctgaactg gtacagaatg agccccagca accagaccga caagctggcc      240
gccttccccg aggatagatc tcagcccggc caggactgcc gggttcagagt gaccagctg      300
cccaacgggc gggacttcca catgtctgtc gtgcgggcca gacggaacga cagcggcaca      360
tatctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctggccccc aaggcccaga tcaaagagag cctgagagcc      420
gagctgagag tgaccgagag aagggcctgt cccagccctc tgtttcccgg ccctagcaag      480
cctttctggg tgctggtggt ggtcggaggc gtgctggcct gctacagcct gctggtcacc      540
gtggccttca tcatctttt ggtccgcagc aagcggagca gaggcggcca cagcgactac      600
atgaacatga cccctagacg gcctggcccc accagaaagc actaccagcc ctacgccct      660
ccccgggact ttgccgccta cagaagc

```

<210> 104
 <211> 229
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huPD1-21aas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 104
Met Gln Ile Pro Gln Ala Pro Trp Pro Val Val Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
1      5      10      15
Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Gly Trp Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Arg Pro Trp

```


360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      20      25      30
Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Val Thr Glu Gly Asp
      35      40      45
Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Ser Phe Val
      50      55      60
Leu Asn Trp Tyr Arg Met Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Asp Lys Leu Ala
      65      70      75      80
Ala Phe Pro Glu Asp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asp Cys Arg Phe Arg
      85      90      95
Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Arg Asp Phe His Met Ser Val Val Arg
      100      105      110
Ala Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
      115      120      125
Ala Pro Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Val
      130      135      140
Thr Glu Arg Arg Ala Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys
      145      150      155      160
Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser
      165      170      175
Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg
      180      185      190
Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro
      195      200      205
Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe
      210      215      220
Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
225

```

<210> 105

<211> 810

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD2tm-CD28

<400> 105

```

atgaagtgca agttcctggg ctcattcttc ctgctgttca gcctgagcgg caagggcgcc      60
gactgcagag acaacgagac aatctggggc gtgctggggc acggcatcac cctgaacatc      120
cccaacttcc agatgaccga cgacatcgac gaagtgcgct ggggtgcgaag aggcacactg      180
gtggccgagt tcaagagaaa gaagcccca ttcctgatca gcgagacata cgaggtgctg      240
gccaacggca gcctgaagat caagaaaccc atgatgagaa acgacagcgg cacctacaac      300
gtgatggtgt acggcaccaa cggcatgacc agactggaaa aggacctgga cgtgcggatc      360
ctggaaaagg tgtccaagcc catgatccac tgggagtgcc ccaacaccac cctgacctgt      420
gctgtgctgc agggcaccga cttcgagctg aagctgtacc agggcgagac actgctgaac      480
tccctgcccc agaaaaacat gagctaccag tggaccaacc tgaacgcccc cttcaagtgc      540
gaggccatca accccgtgtc caaagaaagc aagatggaag tcgtgaactg ccccgagaag      600
ggcctgagct tctacgtgac agtgggcgtg ggagctggcg gactgctgct ggtgctgctg      660
gtggccctgt tcatcttctg catctgcaac agcagacgga acagaggcgg ccagagcgac      720
tacatgaaca tgacccccag aaggcctggc ctgaccagaa agccctacca gccttacgcc      780
cctgccagag acttcgccgc ctacagacct
810

```

<210> 106

<211> 270

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD2tm-CD28

<400> 106

```

Met Lys Cys Lys Phe Leu Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Ser
  1           5           10           15

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Gly Lys Gly Ala Asp Cys Arg Asp Asn Glu Thr Ile Trp Gly Val Leu
 20 25 30
 Gly His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asn Ile Pro Asn Phe Gln Met Thr Asp Asp
 35 40 45
 Ile Asp Glu Val Arg Trp Val Arg Arg Gly Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Phe
 50 55 60
 Lys Arg Lys Lys Pro Pro Phe Leu Ile Ser Glu Thr Tyr Glu Val Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Asn Gly Ser Leu Lys Ile Lys Lys Pro Met Met Arg Asn Asp Ser
 85 90 95
 Gly Thr Tyr Asn Val Met Val Tyr Gly Thr Asn Gly Met Thr Arg Leu
 100 105 110
 Glu Lys Asp Leu Asp Val Arg Ile Leu Glu Arg Val Ser Lys Pro Met
 115 120 125
 Ile His Trp Glu Cys Pro Asn Thr Thr Leu Thr Cys Ala Val Leu Gln
 130 135 140
 Gly Thr Asp Phe Glu Leu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Gly Glu Thr Leu Leu Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Leu Pro Gln Lys Asn Met Ser Tyr Gln Trp Thr Asn Leu Asn Ala
 165 170 175
 Pro Phe Lys Cys Glu Ala Ile Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Glu Ser Lys Met
 180 185 190
 Glu Val Val Asn Cys Pro Glu Lys Gly Leu Ser Phe Tyr Val Thr Val
 195 200 205
 Gly Val Gly Ala Gly Gly Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Phe
 210 215 220
 Ile Phe Cys Ile Cys Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr
 245 250 255
 Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
 260 265 270

<210> 107
 <211> 813
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD2-CD28tm

<400> 107
 atgaagtgcag agttcctggg ctcattcttc ctgctgttca gcctgagcgg caagggcgcc 60
 gactgcagag acaacgagac aatctggggc gtgctgggcc acggcatcac cctgaacatc 120
 cccaacttcc agatgaccga cgacatcgac gaagtgcgct ggggtgcgaag aggcacactg 180
 gtggccgagt tcaagagaaa gaagcccca ttcctgatca gcgagacata cgaggtgctg 240
 gccaacggca gcctgaagat caagaaaacc atgatgagaa acgacagcgg cactacaac 300
 gtgatgggtg acggcaccaa cggcatgacc agactggaaa aggacctgga cgtgcggatc 360
 ctggaaaggg tgtccaagcc catgatccac tgggagtgcc ccaacaccac cctgacctgt 420
 gctgtgctgc agggcaccga cttcgagctg aagctgtacc agggcgagac actgctgaac 480
 tccctgcccc agaaaaacat gagctaccag tggaccaacc tgaacgcccc cttcaagtgc 540
 gaggccatca accccgtgtc caaagaaagc aagatggaag tcgtgaactg ccccgagaag 600
 ggcctgagct tctgggccct ggtggtggtg gccggcgtgc tgitttgta cggcctgctc 660
 gtgaccgtgg ccctgtgcgt gatctggacc aacagcagaa gaaacagagg cggccagagc 720
 gactacatga acatgacccc cagaaggcct ggctgacca gaaagcccta ccagccttac 780
 gccctgcca gagacttcgc cgccctacga ccc 813

<210> 108
 <211> 271
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD2-CD28tm

<400> 108

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Met Lys Cys Lys Phe Leu Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Ser
 1      5      10     15
Gly Lys Gly Ala Asp Cys Arg Asp Asn Glu Thr Ile Trp Gly Val Leu
 20     25     30
Gly His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asn Ile Pro Asn Phe Gln Met Thr Asp Asp
 35     40     45
Ile Asp Glu Val Arg Trp Val Arg Arg Gly Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Phe
 50     55     60
Lys Arg Lys Lys Pro Pro Phe Leu Ile Ser Glu Thr Tyr Glu Val Leu
 65     70     75
Ala Asn Gly Ser Leu Lys Ile Lys Lys Pro Met Met Arg Asn Asp Ser
 85     90     95
Gly Thr Tyr Asn Val Met Val Tyr Gly Thr Asn Gly Met Thr Arg Leu
100    105    110
Glu Lys Asp Leu Asp Val Arg Ile Leu Glu Arg Val Ser Lys Pro Met
115    120    125
Ile His Trp Glu Cys Pro Asn Thr Thr Leu Thr Cys Ala Val Leu Gln
130    135    140
Gly Thr Asp Phe Glu Leu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Gly Glu Thr Leu Leu Asn
145    150    155
Ser Leu Pro Gln Lys Asn Met Ser Tyr Gln Trp Thr Asn Leu Asn Ala
165    170    175
Pro Phe Lys Cys Glu Ala Ile Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Glu Ser Lys Met
180    185    190
Glu Val Val Asn Cys Pro Glu Lys Gly Leu Ser Phe Trp Ala Leu Val
195    200    205
Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala
210    215    220
Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser
225    230    235
Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro
245    250    255
Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
260    265    270

```

<210> 109

<211> 840

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD2-CD28Cys

<400> 109

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atgaagtgca agttcctggg ctcattcttc ctgctgttca gcctgagcgg caagggcgcc      60
gactgcagag acaacgagac aatctggggc gtgctgggcc acggcatcac cctgaacatc      120
cccaacttcc agatgaccga cgacatcgac gaagtgcgct gggcgcaag aggcacactg      180
gtggccgagt tcaagagaaa gaagccccc ttcctgatca gcgagacata cgagggtgctg      240
gccaacggca gcctgaagat caagaaaccc atgatgagaa acgacagcgg cacctacaac      300
gtgatgggtg acggcaccaa cggcatgacc agactggaaa aggacctgga cgtgcggatc      360
ctggaaaagg tgtccaagcc catgatccac tgggagtgcc ccaacaccac cctgacctgt      420
gctgtgctgc agggcaccga cttcgagctg aagctgtacc agggcgagac actgctgaac      480
tccctgcccc agaaaaacat gagctaccag tggaccaacc tgaacgcccc cttcaagtgc      540
gaggccatca accccgtgtc caaagaaagc aagatggaag tcgtgaactg ccccgagaag      600
ggcctgagct gccacacca gagcagcccc aagctgttct gggccctggt ggtggtggcc      660
ggcgtgctgt tttgttacgg cctgctcgtg accgtggccc tgtgcgtgat ctggaccaac      720
agcagaagaa acagaggcgg ccagagcgac tacatgaaca tgacccccag aaggcctggc      780
ctgaccagaa agccctacca gccctacgcc cctgccagag acttcgccgc ctacagacct      840

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<210> 110

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<211> 280
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD2-CD28Cys

<400> 110
 Met Lys Cys Lys Phe Leu Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Lys Gly Ala Asp Cys Arg Asp Asn Glu Thr Ile Trp Gly Val Leu
 20 25 30
 Gly His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asn Ile Pro Asn Phe Gln Met Thr Asp Asp
 35 40 45
 Ile Asp Glu Val Arg Trp Val Arg Arg Gly Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Phe
 50 55 60
 Lys Arg Lys Lys Pro Pro Phe Leu Ile Ser Glu Thr Tyr Glu Val Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Asn Gly Ser Leu Lys Ile Lys Lys Pro Met Met Arg Asn Asp Ser
 85 90 95
 Gly Thr Tyr Asn Val Met Val Tyr Gly Thr Asn Gly Met Thr Arg Leu
 100 105 110
 Glu Lys Asp Leu Asp Val Arg Ile Leu Glu Arg Val Ser Lys Pro Met
 115 120 125
 Ile His Trp Glu Cys Pro Asn Thr Thr Leu Thr Cys Ala Val Leu Gln
 130 135 140
 Gly Thr Asp Phe Glu Leu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Gly Glu Thr Leu Leu Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Leu Pro Gln Lys Asn Met Ser Tyr Gln Trp Thr Asn Leu Asn Ala
 165 170 175
 Pro Phe Lys Cys Glu Ala Ile Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Glu Ser Lys Met
 180 185 190
 Glu Val Val Asn Cys Pro Glu Lys Gly Leu Ser Cys His Thr Gln Ser
 195 200 205
 Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe
 210 215 220
 Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro
 245 250 255
 Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala
 260 265 270
 Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
 275 280

<210> 111
 <211> 861
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD2-CD28Cys-41BBic

<400> 111
 atgaagtgc agttcctggg ctcatctctc ctgctgttca gcctgagcgg caagggcgcc 60
 gactgcagag acaacgagac aatctggggc gtgctggggc acggcatcac cctgaacatc 120
 cccaacttcc agatgaccga cgacatcgac gaagtgcgct gggcgcgaag aggcacactg 180
 gtggccgagt tcaagagaaa gaagcccca ttcctgatca gcgagacata cgaggtgctg 240
 gccaacggca gcctgaagat caagaaaacc atgatgagaa acgacagcgg cacctacaac 300
 gtgatgggtg acggcaccaa cggcatgacc agactggaaa aggacctgga cgtgcggatc 360
 ctggaaaggg tgtccaagcc catgatccac tgggagtgcc ccaacaccac cctgacctgt 420
 cgtgtgctgc agggcaccga cttcgagctg aagctgtacc agggcgagac actgctgaac 480
 tccctgcccc agaaaaacat gagctaccag tggaccaacc tgaacgcccc cttcaagtgc 540

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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gaggccatca accccgtgtc caaagaaagc aagatggaag tcgtgaactg ccccgagaag 600
ggcctgagct gccacaccca gagcagcccc aagctgttct gggccctggt ggtggtggcc 660
ggcgtgctgt ttgtttacgg cctgctcgtg accgtggccc tgtgcgtgat ctggaccagc 720
gtgctgaagt ggatcagaaa gaagttcccc cacatcttca agcagccctt caagaaaacc 780
accggcgctg cccaggaaga ggacgcctgc agctgtagat gccctcagga agaagaaggc 840
ggcggaggcg gctacgagct g                                     861

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<210> 112
 <211> 287
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD2-CD28Cys-41BBic

```

<400> 112
Met Lys Cys Lys Phe Leu Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Ser
 1          5          10          15
Gly Lys Gly Ala Asp Cys Arg Asp Asn Glu Thr Ile Trp Gly Val Leu
 20          25          30
Gly His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asn Ile Pro Asn Phe Gln Met Thr Asp Asp
 35          40          45
Ile Asp Glu Val Arg Trp Val Arg Arg Gly Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Phe
 50          55          60
Lys Arg Lys Lys Pro Phe Leu Ile Ser Glu Thr Tyr Glu Val Leu
 65          70          75          80
Ala Asn Gly Ser Leu Lys Ile Lys Lys Pro Met Met Arg Asn Asp Ser
 85          90          95
Gly Thr Tyr Asn Val Met Val Tyr Gly Thr Asn Gly Met Thr Arg Leu
100          105          110
Glu Lys Asp Leu Asp Val Arg Ile Leu Glu Arg Val Ser Lys Pro Met
115          120          125
Ile His Trp Glu Cys Pro Asn Thr Thr Leu Thr Cys Ala Val Leu Gln
130          135          140
Gly Thr Asp Phe Glu Leu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Gly Glu Thr Leu Leu Asn
145          150          155          160
Ser Leu Pro Gln Lys Asn Met Ser Tyr Gln Trp Thr Asn Leu Asn Ala
165          170          175
Pro Phe Lys Cys Glu Ala Ile Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Glu Ser Lys Met
180          185          190
Glu Val Val Asn Cys Pro Glu Lys Gly Leu Ser Cys His Thr Gln Ser
195          200          205
Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe
210          215          220
Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Ser
225          230          235          240
Val Leu Lys Trp Ile Arg Lys Lys Phe Pro His Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro
245          250          255
Phe Lys Lys Thr Thr Gly Ala Ala Gln Glu Glu Asp Ala Cys Ser Cys
260          265          270
Arg Cys Pro Gln Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Tyr Glu Leu
275          280          285

```

<210> 113
 <211> 1080
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD200R-3aas-CD28Cys tm ic-41BB

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<400> 113
atgttctgct tctggcggac aagcgccctg gccgtgctgc tgatctgggg agtgtttgtg 60

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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gccggcagca gctgcaccga caagaaccag accacccaga acaacagcag cagccccctg 120
acccaagtga acaccaccgt gtccgtgcag atcggcacca aggccctgct gtgctgtttc 180
agcatccctc tgaccaaggc tgtgctgata acctggatca tcaagctgag aggcctgccc 240
agctgcacaa tcgcctacaa ggtggacacc aagaccaacg agacaagctg cctgggcaga 300
aacatcacct gggccagcac cccagaccac agccctgagc tgcagatcag cgccgtgaca 360
ctgcagcacg agggcaccta cacatgcgag acagtgaccc ccgagggcaa cttcgagaag 420
aactacgata tgcaggtgct ggtgcccccc gaagtgcact acttccccga gaagaataga 480
agcgccgtgt gcgaggccat ggctggcaaa cctgccgccc agatctcttg gagccctgac 540
ggcgactgtg tgaccaccag cgagagccac agcaacggca cagtgaccgt gcggagcacc 600
tgtactggg agcagaacaa cgtgtccgac gtgtcctgca tcgtgtccca cctgaccggc 660
aaccagagcc tgagcatcga gctgagcaga ggcggaaacc agtcctgcca caccagagc 720
agccccaagc tgttctgggc cctggtgggt gtggccggcg tgctgttttg ttacggcctg 780
ctcgtgaccg tggccctgtg cgtgatctgg accaacagca gaagaaacag aggcggccag 840
agcgactaca tgaacatgac cccagaagg cctggcctga ccagaaagcc ctaccagcct 900
tacgcccctg ccagagactt cgccgcctac agacctagcg tgctgaagtg gatcagaaag 960
aagttccccc acatcttcaa gcagcccttc aagaaaacca ccggcgctgc ccaggaagag 1020
gacgcctgca gctgtagatg ccttcaggaa gaagaaggcg gcggaggcgg ctacgagctg 1080

```

<210> 114

<211> 360

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD200R-3aas-CD28Cys tm ic-41BB

<400> 114

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Met Phe Cys Phe Trp Arg Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Val Leu Leu Ile Trp
 1          5          10          15
Gly Val Phe Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Cys Thr Asp Lys Asn Gln Thr Thr
 20          25          30
Gln Asn Asn Ser Ser Ser Pro Leu Thr Gln Val Asn Thr Thr Val Ser
 35          40          45
Val Gln Ile Gly Thr Lys Ala Leu Leu Cys Cys Phe Ser Ile Pro Leu
 50          55          60
Thr Lys Ala Val Leu Ile Thr Trp Ile Ile Lys Leu Arg Gly Leu Pro
 65          70          75          80
Ser Cys Thr Ile Ala Tyr Lys Val Asp Thr Lys Thr Asn Glu Thr Ser
 85          90          95
Cys Leu Gly Arg Asn Ile Thr Trp Ala Ser Thr Pro Asp His Ser Pro
100          105          110
Glu Leu Gln Ile Ser Ala Val Thr Leu Gln His Glu Gly Thr Tyr Thr
115          120          125
Cys Glu Thr Val Thr Pro Glu Gly Asn Phe Glu Lys Asn Tyr Asp Leu
130          135          140
Gln Val Leu Val Pro Pro Glu Val Thr Tyr Phe Pro Glu Lys Asn Arg
145          150          155          160
Ser Ala Val Cys Glu Ala Met Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala Gln Ile Ser
165          170          175
Trp Ser Pro Asp Gly Asp Cys Val Thr Thr Ser Glu Ser His Ser Asn
180          185          190
Gly Thr Val Thr Val Arg Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Gln Asn Asn Val
195          200          205
Ser Asp Val Ser Cys Ile Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn Gln Ser Leu
210          215          220
Ser Ile Glu Leu Ser Arg Gly Gly Asn Gln Ser Cys His Thr Gln Ser
225          230          235          240
Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe
245          250          255
Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn
260          265          270
Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro
275          280          285

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala
 290 295 300
 Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro Ser Val Leu Lys Trp Ile Arg Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Phe Pro His Ile Phe Lys Gln Pro Phe Lys Lys Thr Thr Gly Ala
 325 330 335
 Ala Gln Glu Glu Asp Ala Cys Ser Cys Arg Cys Pro Gln Glu Glu Glu
 340 345 350
 Gly Gly Gly Gly Tyr Glu Leu
 355 360

<210> 115

<211> 966

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD200R-CD28Cys tm ic-41BB

<400> 115

atgttctgct	tctggcggac	aagcgccctg	gccgtgctgc	tgatctgggg	agtgtttgtg	60
gccggcagca	gctgcaccga	caagaaccag	accacccaga	acaacagcag	cagccccctg	120
acccaagtga	acaccaccgt	gtccgtgcag	atcggcacca	aggccctgct	gtgctgtttc	180
agcatccctc	tgaccaaggc	tgtgctgatc	acctggatca	tcaagctgag	aggcctgccc	240
agctgcacaa	tcgcctacaa	ggtggacacc	aagaccaacg	agacaagctg	cctgggcaga	300
aacatcacct	gggccagcac	cccagaccac	agccctgagc	tgcatatcag	cgccgtgaca	360
ctgcagcacg	agggcaccta	cacatgcgag	acagtgaccc	ccgagggcaa	cttcgagaag	420
aactacgatc	tgtaggtgct	ggtgcccccc	gaagtgacct	acttccccga	gaagaataga	480
agcgccgtgt	gcgaggccat	ggctggcaaa	cctgccgccc	agatctcttg	gagccctgac	540
ggcgactgtg	tgaccaccag	cgagagccac	agcaacggca	cagtgaccgt	gctggagcacc	600
tgtaactggg	agcagaacaa	cgtgtccgac	gtgtcctgca	tcgtgtccca	cctgaccggc	660
aaccagagcc	tgagcatcga	gctgagcaga	ggcggaaacc	agtccttgag	gccctgccc	720
acccagagca	gccccaaagt	gttctggggc	ctggtggtgg	tggccggcgt	gctgttttgt	780
tacggcctgc	tcgtgaccgt	ggccctgtgc	gtgatctgga	ccagcgtgct	gaagtggatc	840
agaaagaagt	tccccacat	cttcaagcag	cccttcaaga	aaaccaccgg	cgctgcccag	900
gaagaggacg	cctgcagctg	tagatgccct	caggaagaag	aaggcggcgg	aggcggtac	960
gagctg						966

<210> 116

<211> 322

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD200R-CD28Cys tm ic-41BB

<400> 116

Met	Phe	Cys	Phe	Trp	Arg	Thr	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Trp
1				5					10					15	
Gly	Val	Phe	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ser	Cys	Thr	Asp	Lys	Asn	Gln	Thr	Thr
			20					25					30		
Gln	Asn	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ser	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gln	Val	Asn	Thr	Thr	Val	Ser
			35				40					45			
Val	Gln	Ile	Gly	Thr	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Phe	Ser	Ile	Pro	Leu
	50				55						60				
Thr	Lys	Ala	Val	Leu	Ile	Thr	Trp	Ile	Ile	Lys	Leu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Pro
65					70				75						80
Ser	Cys	Thr	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Val	Asp	Thr	Lys	Thr	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser
			85					90						95	
Cys	Leu	Gly	Arg	Asn	Ile	Thr	Trp	Ala	Ser	Thr	Pro	Asp	His	Ser	Pro
			100					105					110		
Glu	Leu	Gln	Ile	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Leu	Gln	His	Glu	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Thr
		115					120					125			

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Cys Glu Thr Val Thr Pro Glu Gly Asn Phe Glu Lys Asn Tyr Asp Leu
 130 135 140
 Gln Val Leu Val Pro Pro Glu Val Thr Tyr Phe Pro Glu Lys Asn Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Ala Val Cys Glu Ala Met Ala Gly Lys Pro Ala Ala Gln Ile Ser
 165 170 175
 Trp Ser Pro Asp Gly Asp Cys Val Thr Thr Ser Glu Ser His Ser Asn
 180 185 190
 Gly Thr Val Thr Val Arg Ser Thr Cys His Trp Glu Gln Asn Asn Val
 195 200 205
 Ser Asp Val Ser Cys Ile Val Ser His Leu Thr Gly Asn Gln Ser Leu
 210 215 220
 Ser Ile Glu Leu Ser Arg Gly Gly Asn Gln Ser Leu Arg Pro Cys His
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Gln Ser Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly
 245 250 255
 Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile
 260 265 270
 Trp Thr Ser Val Leu Lys Trp Ile Arg Lys Lys Phe Pro His Ile Phe
 275 280 285
 Lys Gln Pro Phe Lys Lys Thr Thr Gly Ala Ala Gln Glu Glu Asp Ala
 290 295 300
 Cys Ser Cys Arg Cys Pro Gln Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Gly Gly Tyr
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Leu

<210> 117
 <211> 681
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas tm-CD28

<400> 117
 atgctgtgga tctggggccgt gctgcctctg gtgctggctg gatcacagct gagagtgcac 60
 acccagggca ccaacagcat cagcgagagc ctgaagctga gaagaagagt gcgcgagaca 120
 gacaagaact gcagcgaggg cctgtaccag ggcggaacct tctgctgtca gccttgccag 180
 cccggcaaga aaaaagggtga agattgcaag atgaacggcg gcacccctac ctgcgcccct 240
 tgtacagagg gcaaagagta catggacaag aaccactacg ccgacaagtg cagacggtgc 300
 accctgtgcg acgaggaaca cggcctggaa gtggaaacaa actgcaccct gacccagaac 360
 accaagtgca agtgcaaac cgacttctac tgcgacagcc ccggctgcga gcactgcgtc 420
 agatgtgcct cttgcgagca cggcaccctg gaaccttgta ccgccaccag caacaccaac 480
 tgccggaagc agagccccag aaacagactg tggctgctga ccatcctggt gctgctgac 540
 cccctggtgt tcatctacaa cagcagaaga aacagaggcg gccagagcga ctacatgaac 600
 atgaccccca gaaggcctgg cctgaccaga aagccctacc agccttacgc ccctgccaga 660
 gacttcgccg cctacagacc t 681

<210> 118
 <211> 227
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas tm-CD28

<400> 118
 Met Leu Trp Ile Trp Ala Val Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Ala Gly Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Arg Val His Thr Gln Gly Thr Asn Ser Ile Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys
 20 25 30
 Leu Arg Arg Arg Val Arg Glu Thr Asp Lys Asn Cys Ser Glu Gly Leu

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      35      40      45
Tyr Gln Gly Gly Pro Phe Cys Cys Gln Pro Cys Gln Pro Gly Lys Lys
      50      55      60
Lys Val Glu Asp Cys Lys Met Asn Gly Gly Thr Pro Thr Cys Ala Pro
      65      70      75      80
Cys Thr Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Met Asp Lys Asn His Tyr Ala Asp Lys
      85      90      95
Cys Arg Arg Cys Thr Leu Cys Asp Glu Glu His Gly Leu Glu Val Glu
      100      105      110
Thr Asn Cys Thr Leu Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Cys Lys Pro Asp
      115      120      125
Phe Tyr Cys Asp Ser Pro Gly Cys Glu His Cys Val Arg Cys Ala Ser
      130      135      140
Cys Glu His Gly Thr Leu Glu Pro Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Asn Thr Asn
      145      150      155      160
Cys Arg Lys Gln Ser Pro Arg Asn Arg Leu Trp Leu Leu Thr Ile Leu
      165      170      175
Val Leu Leu Ile Pro Leu Val Phe Ile Tyr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg
      180      185      190
Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu
      195      200      205
Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala
      210      215      220
Tyr Arg Pro
      225

```

<210> 119
 <211> 711
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas-CD28tm

```

<400> 119
atgctgtgga tctggggccgt gctgcctctg gtgctggctg gatcacagct gagagtgcac      60
acccagggca ccaacagcat cagcgagagc ctgaagctga gaagaagagt gcgcgagaca      120
gacaagaact gcagcgaggg cctgtaccag ggcggaccct tctgctgtca gccttgccag      180
cccggaaga aaaaggtgga agattgcaag atgaacggcg gcaccctac ctgcgccct      240
tgtacagagg gcaaagagta catggacaag aaccactacg ccgacaagtg cagacggtgc      300
accctgtgcg acgaggaaca cggcctggaa gtggaaacaa actgcaccct gaccagaac      360
accaagtgc aagtcaaac cgacttctac tgcgacagcc ccggctgcga gcactgcgtc      420
agatgtgcct cttgcgagca cggcaccctg gaaccttcta ccgccaccag caacaccaac      480
tgccggaagc agagccccc aaacagattc tgggccctgg tgggtggtgg cggcgtgctg      540
ttttgttacg gcctgctcgt gaccgtggcc ctgtgcgtga tctggaccaa cagcagaaga      600
aacagaggcg gccagagcga ctacatgaac atgaccccca gaaggcctgg cctgaccaga      660
aagccctacc agccttacgc cctgccaga gacttcgccg cctacagacc t      711

```

<210> 120
 <211> 237
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas-CD28tm

```

<400> 120
Met Leu Trp Ile Trp Ala Val Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Ala Gly Ser Gln
      1      5      10      15
Leu Arg Val His Thr Gln Gly Thr Asn Ser Ile Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys
      20      25      30
Leu Arg Arg Arg Val Arg Glu Thr Asp Lys Asn Cys Ser Glu Gly Leu
      35      40      45

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Tyr Gln Gly Gly Pro Phe Cys Cys Gln Pro Cys Gln Pro Gly Lys Lys
50 55 60
Lys Val Glu Asp Cys Lys Met Asn Gly Gly Thr Pro Thr Cys Ala Pro
65 70 75 80
Cys Thr Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Met Asp Lys Asn His Tyr Ala Asp Lys
85 90 95
Cys Arg Arg Cys Thr Leu Cys Asp Glu Glu His Gly Leu Glu Val Glu
100 105 110
Thr Asn Cys Thr Leu Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Cys Lys Pro Asp
115 120 125
Phe Tyr Cys Asp Ser Pro Gly Cys Glu His Cys Val Arg Cys Ala Ser
130 135 140
Cys Glu His Gly Thr Leu Glu Pro Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Asn Thr Asn
145 150 155 160
Cys Arg Lys Gln Ser Pro Arg Asn Arg Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val
165 170 175
Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys
180 185 190
Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr
195 200 205
Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln
210 215 220
Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
225 230 235

```

<210> 121
 <211> 738
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 121
atgctgtgga tctggggccgt gctgcctctg gtgctggctg gatcacagct gagagtgcac 60
accaggggca ccaacagcat cagcgagagc ctgaagctga gaagaagagt gcgcgagaca 120
gacaagaact gcagcgaggg cctgtaccag ggcggaacct tctgctgtca gccttgccag 180
cccggaaga aaaagggtga agattgcaag atgaacggcg gcacccctac ctgcgcccct 240
tgtacagagg gcaaagagta catggacaag aaccactacg ccgacaagtg cagacgggtgc 300
accctgtgcg acgaggaaca cggcctggaa gtggaaacaa actgcaccct gaccagaac 360
accaagtgc aagtcaaacc cgacttctac tgcgacagcc ccggctgcga gcactgcgtc 420
agatgtgcct cttgcgagca cggcaccctg gaaccttcta ccgccaccag caacaccaac 480
tgccggaagc agagccccag aaacagatgc cacaccaga gcagcccaa gctgttctgg 540
gccctggtgg tgggtggccgg cgtgctgttt tgttacggcc tgctcgtgac cgtggccctg 600
tgcgatgatc ggaccaacag cagaagaaac agaggcgccc agagcgacta catgaacatg 660
acccccagaa ggcctggcct gaccagaaa ccctaccagc cttacgcccc tgccagagac 720
ttcggcgctt acagacct
738

```

<210> 122
 <211> 246
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 122
Met Leu Trp Ile Trp Ala Val Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Ala Gly Ser Gln
1 5 10 15
Leu Arg Val His Thr Gln Gly Thr Asn Ser Ile Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys
20 25 30
Leu Arg Arg Arg Val Arg Glu Thr Asp Lys Asn Cys Ser Glu Gly Leu
35 40 45

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Tyr Gln Gly Gly Pro Phe Cys Cys Gln Pro Cys Gln Pro Gly Lys Lys
50 55 60
Lys Val Glu Asp Cys Lys Met Asn Gly Gly Thr Pro Thr Cys Ala Pro
65 70 75 80
Cys Thr Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Met Asp Lys Asn His Tyr Ala Asp Lys
85 90 95
Cys Arg Arg Cys Thr Leu Cys Asp Glu Glu His Gly Leu Glu Val Glu
100 105 110
Thr Asn Cys Thr Leu Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Cys Lys Pro Asp
115 120 125
Phe Tyr Cys Asp Ser Pro Gly Cys Glu His Cys Val Arg Cys Ala Ser
130 135 140
Cys Glu His Gly Thr Leu Glu Pro Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Asn Thr Asn
145 150 155 160
Cys Arg Lys Gln Ser Pro Arg Asn Arg Cys His Thr Gln Ser Ser Pro
165 170 175
Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr
180 185 190
Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg
195 200 205
Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg
210 215 220
Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp
225 230 235 240
Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
245

```

<210> 123
 <211> 711
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas-9aas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 123
atgctgtgga tctggggccgt gctgcctctg gtgctggctg gatcacagct gagagtgcac 60
acccagggca ccaacagcat cagcgagagc ctgaagctga gaagaagagt gcgcgagaca 120
gacaagaact gcagcgaggg cctgtaccag ggcggaccct tctgctgtca gccttgccag 180
cccggaaga aaaaagggtga agattgcaag atgaacggcg gcacccctac ctgcgcccct 240
tgtacagagg gcaaagagta catggacaag aaccactacg ccgacaagtg cagacggtgc 300
accctgtgcg acgaggaaca cggcctggaa gtggaaacaa actgcaccct gaccagaac 360
accaagtgca agtgcaaac cgacttctac tgcgacagcc ccggtgcga gactgcgtc 420
agatgtgcct cttgcgagca cggcaccctg gaacctgtga ccgccaccag caacaccaac 480
tgccacaccc agagcagccc caagctgttc tgggccctgg tgggtggtggc cggcgtgctg 540
ttttgttacg gcctgctcgt gaccgtggcc ctgtgcgtga tctggaccaa cagcagaaga 600
aacagaggcg gccagagcga ctacatgaac atgaccccca gaaggcctgg cctgaccaga 660
aagccctacc agccttacgc ccctgccaga gacttcgccg cctacagacc t 711

```

<210> 124
 <211> 237
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muFas-9aas-CD28Cys

```

<400> 124
Met Leu Trp Ile Trp Ala Val Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Ala Gly Ser Gln
1 5 10 15
Leu Arg Val His Thr Gln Gly Thr Asn Ser Ile Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys
20 25 30
Leu Arg Arg Arg Val Arg Glu Thr Asp Lys Asn Cys Ser Glu Gly Leu

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      35      40      45
Tyr Gln Gly Gly Pro Phe Cys Cys Gln Pro Cys Gln Pro Gly Lys Lys
      50      55      60
Lys Val Glu Asp Cys Lys Met Asn Gly Gly Thr Pro Thr Cys Ala Pro
      65      70      75      80
Cys Thr Glu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Met Asp Lys Asn His Tyr Ala Asp Lys
      85      90      95
Cys Arg Arg Cys Thr Leu Cys Asp Glu Glu His Gly Leu Glu Val Glu
      100      105      110
Thr Asn Cys Thr Leu Thr Gln Asn Thr Lys Cys Lys Cys Lys Pro Asp
      115      120      125
Phe Tyr Cys Asp Ser Pro Gly Cys Glu His Cys Val Arg Cys Ala Ser
      130      135      140
Cys Glu His Gly Thr Leu Glu Pro Cys Thr Ala Thr Ser Asn Thr Asn
      145      150      155      160
Cys His Thr Gln Ser Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val
      165      170      175
Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys
      180      185      190
Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr
      195      200      205
Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln
      210      215      220
Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
      225      230      235

```

<210> 125
 <211> 693
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1tm-CD28

```

<400> 125
atgtgggtgc gacaggtgcc ctggtctttc acctgggctg tgctgcagct gagctggcag      60
tctggctggc tgctggaagt gcctaacggc ccttgagaaa gcctgacctt ctaccccgct      120
tggctgaccg tgtctgaggg cgccaacgcc accttcacct gtagcctgag caattggagc      180
gaggacctga tgctgaactg gaacagactg agccccagca accagaccga gaagcaggcc      240
gccttctgca acggcctgtc tcagcctgtg caggacgcca gattccagat catccagctg      300
cccaacagac acgacttcca catgaacatc ctggacacca gaagaaacga cagcggcatc      360
tacctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctgcacccc aaggccaaga tcgaggaatc tcctggcgcc      420
gagctggtcg tgaccgagag aatcctggaa acctccacca gataccccag ccccagccct      480
aagcccaggg gcagatttca gggcatggtc atcggcatca tgagcggcct cgtgggcatc      540
ccagtgttgc tgctgctggc ctggggccctg aacagcagaa gaaacagagg cggccagagc      600
gactacatga acatgacccc cagaaggcct ggcctgacca gaaagcccta ccagccttac      660
gccctgcca gagacttcgc cgcctacaga cct                                     693

```

<210> 126
 <211> 231
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1tm-CD28

```

<400> 126
Met Trp Val Arg Gln Val Pro Trp Ser Phe Thr Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
      1      5      10      15
Leu Ser Trp Gln Ser Gly Trp Leu Leu Glu Val Pro Asn Gly Pro Trp
      20      25      30
Arg Ser Leu Thr Phe Tyr Pro Ala Trp Leu Thr Val Ser Glu Gly Ala
      35      40      45

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Leu Ser Asn Trp Ser Glu Asp Leu Met
 50      55      60
Leu Asn Trp Asn Arg Leu Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Glu Lys Gln Ala
65      70      75      80
Ala Phe Cys Asn Gly Leu Ser Gln Pro Val Gln Asp Ala Arg Phe Gln
      85      90      95
Ile Ile Gln Leu Pro Asn Arg His Asp Phe His Met Asn Ile Leu Asp
      100      105      110
Thr Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
      115      120      125
His Pro Lys Ala Lys Ile Glu Glu Ser Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Val
      130      135      140
Thr Glu Arg Ile Leu Glu Thr Ser Thr Arg Tyr Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro
145      150      155      160
Lys Pro Glu Gly Arg Phe Gln Gly Met Val Ile Gly Ile Met Ser Ala
      165      170      175
Leu Val Gly Ile Pro Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Trp Ala Leu Asn Ser
      180      185      190
Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg
      195      200      205
Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg
      210      215      220
Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
225      230

```

<210> 127
 <211> 711
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1-CD28tm

```

<400> 127
atgtgggtgc gacaggtgcc ctgggtctttc acctgggctg tgctgcagct gagctggcag      60
tctggctggc tgctggaagt gcctaacggc ccttggagaa gcctgacctt ctaccccgt      120
tggtgaccg tgtctgaggg cgccaacgcc accttcacct gtagcctgag caattggagc      180
gaggacctga tgctgaactg gaacagactg agccccagca accagaccga gaagcaggcc      240
gccttctgca acggcctgtc tcagcctgtg caggacgcca gattccagat catccagctg      300
cccaacagac acgacttcca catgaacatc ctggacacca gaagaaacga cagcggcatc      360
tacctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctgcacccc aaggccaaga tcgaggaatc tcctggcgcc      420
gagctggtcg tgaccgagag aatcctggaa acctccacca gataccccag ccccagccct      480
aagcccagag gcagatttca gggcatgttc tgggccctgg tgggtggtggc cggcgtgctg      540
ttttgttacg gctgtctcgt gaccgtggcc ctgtgcgtga tctggaccaa cagcagaaga      600
aacagaggcg gccagagcga ctacatgaac atgaccccca gaaggcctgg cctgaccaga      660
aagccctacc agccttacgc ccctgccaga gacttcgccg cctacagacc t      711

```

<210> 128
 <211> 237
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1-CD28tm

```

<400> 128
Met Trp Val Arg Gln Val Pro Trp Ser Phe Thr Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
 1      5      10      15
Leu Ser Trp Gln Ser Gly Trp Leu Leu Glu Val Pro Asn Gly Pro Trp
      20      25      30
Arg Ser Leu Thr Phe Tyr Pro Ala Trp Leu Thr Val Ser Glu Gly Ala
      35      40      45
Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Leu Ser Asn Trp Ser Glu Asp Leu Met

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      50      55      60
Leu Asn Trp Asn Arg Leu Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Glu Lys Gln Ala
65      70      75      80
Ala Phe Cys Asn Gly Leu Ser Gln Pro Val Gln Asp Ala Arg Phe Gln
      85      90      95
Ile Ile Gln Leu Pro Asn Arg His Asp Phe His Met Asn Ile Leu Asp
100      105      110
Thr Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
115      120      125
His Pro Lys Ala Lys Ile Glu Glu Ser Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Val
130      135      140
Thr Glu Arg Ile Leu Glu Thr Ser Thr Arg Tyr Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro
145      150      155      160
Lys Pro Glu Gly Arg Phe Gln Gly Met Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val
165      170      175
Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys
180      185      190
Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr
195      200      205
Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln
210      215      220
Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
225      230      235

```

<210> 129
 <211> 738
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1-CD28Cys

```

<400> 129
atgtgggtgc gacaggtgcc ctggtctttc acctgggctg tgctgcagct gagctggcag      60
tctggctggc tgctggaagt gcctaacggc ccttggagaa gcctgacctt ctaccccgt      120
tggttgaccg tgtctgaggg cgccaacgcc accttcacct gtagcctgag caattggagc      180
gaggacctga tgctgaactg gaacagactg agccccagca accagaccga gaagcaggcc      240
gccctctgca acggcctgtc tcagcctgtg caggacgcca gattccagat catccagctg      300
cccaacagac acgacttcca catgaacatc ctggacacca gaagaaacga cagcggcatc      360
tacctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctgcacccc aaggccaaga tcgaggaatc tcctggcgcc      420
gagctgggtcg tgaccgagag aatcctggaa acctccacca gataccccag cccagccct      480
aagcccagagg gcagatttca gggcatgtgc cacaccaga gcagcccca gctgttctgg      540
gctctggtgg tgggtggccgg cgtgctgttt tgttacggcc tgctcgtgac cgtggccctg      600
tgcgtgatct ggaccaacag cagacggaac agagcgagcc agagcgacta catgaatatg      660
acccccagaa ggcctggcct gaccagaaa ccctaccagc cttacgcccc tgccagagac      720
ttcgccgcct acagacct
738

```

<210> 130
 <211> 246
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1-CD28Cys

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<400> 130
Met Trp Val Arg Gln Val Pro Trp Ser Phe Thr Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
1      5      10      15
Leu Ser Trp Gln Ser Gly Trp Leu Leu Glu Val Pro Asn Gly Pro Trp
20      25      30
Arg Ser Leu Thr Phe Tyr Pro Ala Trp Leu Thr Val Ser Glu Gly Ala
35      40      45
Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Leu Ser Asn Trp Ser Glu Asp Leu Met

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      50      55      60
Leu Asn Trp Asn Arg Leu Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Glu Lys Gln Ala
65      70      75      80
Ala Phe Cys Asn Gly Leu Ser Gln Pro Val Gln Asp Ala Arg Phe Gln
      85      90      95
Ile Ile Gln Leu Pro Asn Arg His Asp Phe His Met Asn Ile Leu Asp
100      105      110
Thr Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
115      120      125
His Pro Lys Ala Lys Ile Glu Glu Ser Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Val
130      135      140
Thr Glu Arg Ile Leu Glu Thr Ser Thr Arg Tyr Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro
145      150      155      160
Lys Pro Glu Gly Arg Phe Gln Gly Met Cys His Thr Gln Ser Ser Pro
165      170      175
Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr
180      185      190
Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg
195      200      205
Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg
210      215      220
Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp
225      230      235      240
Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
      245

```

<210> 131

<211> 711

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muPD1-9aas-CD28Cys

<400> 131

```

atgtgggtgc gacaggtgcc ctggtctttc acctgggctg tgctgcagct gagctggcag      60
tctggctggc tgctggaagt gcctaacggc ccttgagaaa gcctgacctt ctaccccgct      120
tggctgaccg tgtctgaggg cgccaacgcc accttcacct gtagcctgag caattggagc      180
gaggacctga tgctgaactg gaacagactg agccccagca accagaccga gaagcaggcc      240
gccttctgca acggcctgtc tcagcctgtg caggacgcca gattccagat catccagctg      300
cccaacagac acgacttcca catgaacatc ctggacacca gaagaaacga cagcggcatc      360
tacctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctgcacccc aaggccaaga tcgaggaatc tcctggcgcc      420
gagctggtcg tgaccgagag aatcctggaa acctccacca gataccccag ccccagccct      480
tgccacaccg agagcagccc caagctgttc tgggctctgg tgggtggtgg cggcgtgctg      540
ttttgttacg gcctgctcgt gaccgtggcc ctgtgctgta tctggaccaa cagcagacgg      600
aacagaggcg gccagagcga ctacatgaat atgaccccca gaaggcctgg cctgaccaga      660
aagccctacc agccttacgc ccctgccaga gacttcgccg cctacagacc t      711

```

<210> 132

<211> 237

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muPD1-9aas-CD28Cys

<400> 132

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Met Trp Val Arg Gln Val Pro Trp Ser Phe Thr Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
1      5      10      15
Leu Ser Trp Gln Ser Gly Trp Leu Leu Glu Val Pro Asn Gly Pro Trp
20      25      30
Arg Ser Leu Thr Phe Tyr Pro Ala Trp Leu Thr Val Ser Glu Gly Ala
35      40      45

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Leu Ser Asn Trp Ser Glu Asp Leu Met
 50      55      60
Leu Asn Trp Asn Arg Leu Ser Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Glu Lys Gln Ala
 65      70      75      80
Ala Phe Cys Asn Gly Leu Ser Gln Pro Val Gln Asp Ala Arg Phe Gln
      85      90      95
Ile Ile Gln Leu Pro Asn Arg His Asp Phe His Met Asn Ile Leu Asp
      100      105      110
Thr Arg Arg Asn Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu
      115      120      125
His Pro Lys Ala Lys Ile Glu Glu Ser Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Val
      130      135      140
Thr Glu Arg Ile Leu Glu Thr Ser Thr Arg Tyr Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro
      145      150      155      160
Cys His Thr Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val
      165      170      175
Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys
      180      185      190
Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr
      195      200      205
Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln
      210      215      220
Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
      225      230      235

```

<210> 133
 <211> 675
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1-21aas-CD28Cys

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<400> 133
atgtgggtgc gacaggtgcc ctgggtctttc acctgggctg tgctgcagct gagctggcag      60
tctggctggc tgctggaagt gcctaacggc ccttgagagaa gcctgacctt ctaccccgct      120
tggtgaccg tgtctgaggg cgccaacgcc accttcacct gtagcctgag caattggagc      180
gaggacctga tgctgaactg gaacagactg agccccagca accagaccga gaagcaggcc      240
gccttctgca acggcctgtc tcagcctgtg caggacgcca gattccagat catccagctg      300
cccaacagac acgacttcca catgaacatc ctggacacca gaagaaacga cagcggcatc      360
tacctgtgcg gcgccatcag cctgcacccc aaggccaaga tcgaggaatc tcctggcgcc      420
gagctgggtcg tgaccgagag aatctgccac acccagagca gccccaagct gttctgggct      480
ctgggtggtgg tggccggcgt gctgttttgt tacggcctgc tcgtgaccgt ggccctgtgc      540
gtgatctgga ccaacagcag acggaacaga ggcggccaga gcgactacat gaatatgacc      600
cccagaaggg ctggcctgac cagaaaagccc taccagccctt acgcccctgc cagagacttc      660
gccgcctaca gacct

```

<210> 134
 <211> 225
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muPD1-21aas-CD28Cys

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<400> 134
Met Trp Val Arg Gln Val Pro Trp Ser Phe Thr Trp Ala Val Leu Gln
 1      5      10      15
Leu Ser Trp Gln Ser Gly Trp Leu Leu Glu Val Pro Asn Gly Pro Trp
      20      25      30
Arg Ser Leu Thr Phe Tyr Pro Ala Trp Leu Thr Val Ser Glu Gly Ala
      35      40      45
Asn Ala Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Leu Ser Asn Trp Ser Glu Asp Leu Met

```


	50					55					60								
Leu 65	Asn	Trp	Asn	Arg	Leu 70	Ser	Pro	Ser	Asn	Gln	Thr	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ala				
Ala	Phe	Cys	Asn	Gly 85	Leu	Ser	Gln	Pro	Val	Gln	Asp	Ala	Arg	Phe	Gln				
Ile	Ile	Gln	Leu	Pro	Asn	Arg	His	Asp	Phe	His	Met	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asp				
Thr	Arg	Arg	Asn	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Cys	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Leu				
His	Pro	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ile	Glu	Glu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ala	Glu	Leu	Val	Val				
Thr	Glu	Arg	Ile	Cys	His	Thr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Pro	Lys	Leu	Phe	Trp	Ala				
Leu	Val	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Leu	Phe	Cys	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Leu	Val	Thr				
Val	Ala	Leu	Cys	Val	Ile	Trp	Thr	Asn	Ser	Arg	Arg	Asn	Arg	Gly	Gly				
Gln	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Met	Asn	Met	Thr	Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Gly	Leu	Thr	Arg				
Lys	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Ala	Arg	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg				

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muLag3tm-CD28

<400> 136

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Met Arg Glu Asp Leu Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Trp
 1      5      10      15
Glu Ala Pro Val Ser Ser Gly Pro Gly Lys Glu Leu Pro Val Val
 20      25      30
Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Val His Leu Pro Cys Ser Leu Lys Ser
 35      40      45
Pro Asn Leu Asp Pro Asn Phe Leu Arg Arg Gly Gly Val Ile Trp Gln
 50      55      60
His Gln Pro Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Thr Pro Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Leu
 65      70      75
His Gln Gly Met Pro Ser Pro Arg Gln Pro Ala Pro Gly Arg Tyr Thr
 85      90      95
Val Leu Ser Val Ala Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg Ser Gly Arg Gln Pro Leu
100     105     110
His Pro His Val Gln Leu Glu Glu Arg Gly Leu Gln Arg Gly Asp Phe
115     120     125
Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Pro Ala Leu Arg Thr Asp Ala Gly Glu Tyr His
130     135     140
Ala Thr Val Arg Leu Pro Asn Arg Ala Leu Ser Cys Ser Leu Arg Leu
145     150     155
Arg Val Gly Gln Ala Ser Met Ile Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Val Leu Lys
165     170     175
Leu Ser Asp Trp Val Leu Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Ser Arg Pro Asp Arg
180     185     190
Pro Val Ser Val His Trp Phe Gln Gly Gln Asn Arg Val Pro Val Tyr
195     200     205
Asn Ser Pro Arg His Phe Leu Ala Glu Thr Phe Leu Leu Leu Pro Gln
210     215     220
Val Ser Pro Leu Asp Ser Gly Thr Trp Gly Cys Val Leu Thr Tyr Arg
225     230     235
Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Thr Tyr Asn Leu Lys Val Leu Gly Leu
245     250     255
Glu Pro Val Ala Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala Ala Glu Gly Ser Arg Val
260     265     270
Glu Leu Pro Cys His Leu Pro Pro Gly Val Gly Thr Pro Ser Leu Leu
275     280     285
Ile Ala Lys Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Pro Glu Leu Pro Val Ala
290     295     300
Gly Lys Ser Gly Asn Phe Thr Leu His Leu Glu Ala Val Gly Leu Ala
305     310     315
Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys Ser Ile His Leu Gln Gly Gln Gln Leu
325     330     335
Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Val Ile Thr Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe
340     345     350
Gly Leu Pro Gly Ser Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Ala
355     360     365
Ser Gly Lys Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Arg Pro Leu Asn Asn Leu Ser Arg
370     375     380
Ser Cys Pro Gly Pro Val Leu Glu Ile Gln Glu Ala Arg Leu Leu Ala
385     390     395
Glu Arg Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Glu Gly Gln Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala
405     410     415
Thr Val Tyr Ala Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala His Ser Ala Arg Arg
420     425     430
Ile Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Gly Gly His Leu Val Leu Val Leu Ile Leu
435     440     445
Gly Ala Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Leu Val Ala Gly Ala Phe Gly Phe Asn

```

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

450
 Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro
 465
 Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala
 485
 Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
 500

<210> 137
 <211> 1530
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muLag3-CD28tm

<400> 137
 atgagagagg acctgctgct gggctttctg ctgctgggac tgctgtggga ggcccctgtg 60
 gtgtcatctg gccctggcaa agaactgccc gtcgtgtggg ctcaggaagg cgctcctgtg 120
 catctgccct gcagcctgaa gtccccaac ctggaccca acttcctgag aagaggcggc 180
 gtgatctggc agcaccagcc tgattctggc cagcccacac ctatccctgc cctggatctg 240
 caccagggca tgcctagccc tagacagcct gcccctggca gatacaccgt gctgtctgtg 300
 gctcctggcg gcctgagaag tggcagacag cctctgcacc ctcacgtgca gctggaagag 360
 aggggactgc agaggggcca ctccagcctg tggctgaggc ctgccctgag aacagatgcc 420
 ggcgagtacc acgctaccgt gcggctgcct aacagagccc tgagctgctc cctgagactg 480
 agagtgggca aggccagcat gatcgctctt ccatctggcg tgctgaagct gagcgactgg 540
 gtgctgctga actgcagctt ctccagaccc gacagacccg tgtccgtgca ctggttccag 600
 ggacagaaca gagtggccgt gtacaacagc cccagacact tcctggccga gacattcctg 660
 ctgctgcccc aggtgtcccc tctggactct ggcacatggg gctgcgtgct gacatacagg 720
 gacggcttca acgtgtccat cacctacaac ctgaagggtg tgggcctgga acccgctggc 780
 cctctgacag tgtacgccgc cgagggcagc agagtggaaac tgccttgta tctgccaccc 840
 ggcggtggga caccttctct gctgatcgcc aagtggaccc ctccaggcgg aggacctgaa 900
 ctgccagtgg ctggcaagag cggcaacttc accctgcacc tggaaagcagt gggcctggct 960
 caggccggca cctacacctg tagcatccat ctgcagggcc agcagctgaa cgccaccgtg 1020
 acactggccg tgatcaccgt gacccccaa agctttggcc tgcctggctc cagaggcaag 1080
 ctgctgtgtg aagtgaaccc cgccagcggc aaagaaagat tctgtggcg gcctctgaac 1140
 aacctgagca gatcctgccc aggccccgtg ctggaaatcc aggaagccag actgctggcc 1200
 gagcgggtggc agtgccagct gtatgaggga cagcgactgc tgggcgccac tgtgtacgt 1260
 gctgagtcta gctctggcgc ccacagcgcc agaagaatca gcggcgatct gaaggcggc 1320
 cacctgttct gggccctggg ggtggtggcc ggctgtctgt tttgttacgg cctgctcgtg 1380
 accgtggccc tgtgcgtgat ctggaccaac agcagaagaa acagaggcgg ccagagcgac 1440
 tacatgaaca tgacccccag aaggcctggc ctgaccagaa agccctacca gccttacgcc 1500
 cctgccagag acttcgccgc ctacagacct

<210> 138
 <211> 510
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muLag3-CD28tm

<400> 138
 Met Arg Glu Asp Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Ala Pro Val Ser Ser Gly Pro Gly Lys Glu Leu Pro Val Val
 20 25 30
 Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Val His Leu Pro Cys Ser Leu Lys Ser
 35 40 45
 Pro Asn Leu Asp Pro Asn Phe Leu Arg Arg Gly Gly Val Ile Trp Gln
 50 55 60
 His Gln Pro Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Thr Pro Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Leu
 65 70 75 80

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

His	Gln	Gly	Met	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Gln	Pro	Ala	Pro	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Thr
			85						90					95	
Val	Leu	Ser	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Gly	Arg	Gln	Pro	Leu
			100					105					110		
His	Pro	His	Val	Gln	Leu	Glu	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Gln	Arg	Gly	Asp	Phe
		115				120						125			
Ser	Leu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Pro	Ala	Leu	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Gly	Glu	Tyr	His
	130					135					140				
Ala	Thr	Val	Arg	Leu	Pro	Asn	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ser	Cys	Ser	Leu	Arg	Leu
145					150					155					160
Arg	Val	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ser	Met	Ile	Ala	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gly	Val	Leu	Lys
			165						170					175	
Leu	Ser	Asp	Trp	Val	Leu	Leu	Asn	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser	Arg	Pro	Asp	Arg
		180						185					190		
Pro	Val	Ser	Val	His	Trp	Phe	Gln	Gly	Gln	Asn	Arg	Val	Pro	Val	Tyr
		195					200					205			
Asn	Ser	Pro	Arg	His	Phe	Leu	Ala	Glu	Thr	Phe	Leu	Leu	Leu	Pro	Gln
	210					215					220				
Val	Ser	Pro	Leu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Thr	Trp	Gly	Cys	Val	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Arg
225					230					235					240
Asp	Gly	Phe	Asn	Val	Ser	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Lys	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu
			245						250					255	
Glu	Pro	Val	Ala	Pro	Leu	Thr	Val	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Glu	Gly	Ser	Arg	Val
			260					265					270		
Glu	Leu	Pro	Cys	His	Leu	Pro	Pro	Gly	Val	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Leu	Leu
		275					280					285			
Ile	Ala	Lys	Trp	Thr	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gly	Pro	Glu	Leu	Pro	Val	Ala
	290					295					300				
Gly	Lys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Phe	Thr	Leu	His	Leu	Glu	Ala	Val	Gly	Leu	Ala
305					310					315					320
Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Cys	Ser	Ile	His	Leu	Gln	Gly	Gln	Gln	Leu
			325						330					335	
Asn	Ala	Thr	Val	Thr	Leu	Ala	Val	Ile	Thr	Val	Thr	Pro	Lys	Ser	Phe
			340					345					350		
Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Arg	Gly	Lys	Leu	Leu	Cys	Glu	Val	Thr	Pro	Ala
		355					360					365			
Ser	Gly	Lys	Glu	Arg	Phe	Val	Trp	Arg	Pro	Leu	Asn	Asn	Leu	Ser	Arg
	370					375					380				
Ser	Cys	Pro	Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	Glu	Ile	Gln	Glu	Ala	Arg	Leu	Leu	Ala
385					390					395					400
Glu	Arg	Trp	Gln	Cys	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ala
			405						410					415	
Thr	Val	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ala	His	Ser	Ala	Arg	Arg
			420					425					430		
Ile	Ser	Gly	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gly	Gly	His	Leu	Phe	Trp	Ala	Leu	Val	Val
		435				440						445			
Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Leu	Phe	Cys	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ala	Leu
	450					455					460				
Cys	Val	Ile	Trp	Thr	Asn	Ser	Arg	Arg	Asn	Arg	Gly	Gly	Gln	Ser	Asp
465					470					475					480
Tyr	Met	Asn	Met	Thr	Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Gly	Leu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Pro	Tyr
			485						490					495	
Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Ala	Arg	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Pro		
			500					505					510		

<210> 139

<211> 1557

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muLag3-CD28Cys

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<400> 139

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atgagagagg acctgctgct gggctttctg ctgctgggac tgctgtggga ggcccctgtg      60
gtgtcatctg gccctggcaa agaactgccc gtcgtgtggg ctcaggaagg cgctcctgtg      120
catctgccct gcagcctgaa gtccccaac ctggaccca acttcctgag aagaggcggc      180
gtgatctggc agcaccagcc tgattctggc cagcccacac ctatccctgc cctggatctg      240
caccagggca tgcctagccc tagacagcct gcccctggca gatacaccgt gctgtctgtg      300
gctcctggcg gcctgagaag tggcagacag cctctgcacc ctcacgtgca gctggaagag      360
aggggactgc agaggggcca cttcagcctg tggctgaggg ctgccctgag aacagatgcc      420
ggcgagtacc acgctaccgt gcggctgcct aacagagccc tgagctgctc cctgagactg      480
agagtgggcc aggccagcat gatcgccctt ccatctggcg tgctgaagct gagcgactgg      540
gtgctgctga actgcagctt ctccagaccc gacagacccg tgtccgtgca ctggttccag      600
ggacagaaca gagtgtcccgt gtacaacagc cccagacact tcctggccga gacattcctg      660
ctgctgtccc aggtgtcccc tctggactct ggcacatggg gctgcgtgct gacatacagg      720
gacggcttca acgtgtccat cacctacaac ctgaagggtg tgggcctgga acccgtggct      780
cctctgacag tgtacggccg cgagggcagc agagtggaa tgccttgtca tctgccaccc      840
ggcgtgggca caccttctct gctgatcgcc aagtggaccc ctccaggcgg aggacctgaa      900
ctgccagtgg ctggcaagag cggcaacttc accctgcacc tggaaagcag gggcctggct      960
caggccggca cctacacctg tagcatccat ctgcagggcc agcagctgaa cgccaccgtg     1020
acactggccg tgatcacctg gacccccaag agctttggcc tgccctggctc cagaggcaag     1080
ctgctgtgtg aagtgaacct cgccagcggc aaagaaagat tcgtgtggcg gcctctgaac     1140
aacctgagca gatcctgccc aggcccggtg ctggaaatcc aggaagccag actgctggcc     1200
gagcgggtggc agtgccagct gtatgaggga cagcgactgc tgggcgccac tgtgtacgct     1260
gctgagtcta gctctggcgc ccacagcgcc agaagaatca gcggcgatct gaagggcggc     1320
cacctgtgcc acaccagag cagccccaag ctgttctggg ccctgggtgt ggtggccggc     1380
gtgctgtttt gttacggcct gctcgtgacc gtggccctgt gcgtgatctg gaccaacagc     1440
agaagaaaca gaggcggcca gagcgactac atgaacatga ccccagaag gcctggcctg     1500
accagaaagc cctaccagcc ttacgcccct gccagagact tcgccgccta cagacct      1557

```

<210> 140

<211> 519

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muLag3-CD28Cys

<400> 140

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Met Arg Glu Asp Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Trp
 1          5          10          15
Glu Ala Pro Val Val Ser Ser Gly Pro Gly Lys Glu Leu Pro Val Val
          20          25          30
Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Val His Leu Pro Cys Ser Leu Lys Ser
          35          40          45
Pro Asn Leu Asp Pro Asn Phe Leu Arg Arg Gly Gly Val Ile Trp Gln
          50          55          60
His Gln Pro Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Thr Pro Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Leu
          65          70          75          80
His Gln Gly Met Pro Ser Pro Arg Gln Pro Ala Pro Gly Arg Tyr Thr
          85          90          95
Val Leu Ser Val Ala Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg Ser Gly Arg Gln Pro Leu
          100          105          110
His Pro His Val Gln Leu Glu Glu Arg Gly Leu Gln Arg Gly Asp Phe
          115          120          125
Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Pro Ala Leu Arg Thr Asp Ala Gly Glu Tyr His
          130          135          140
Ala Thr Val Arg Leu Pro Asn Arg Ala Leu Ser Cys Ser Leu Arg Leu
          145          150          155          160
Arg Val Gly Gln Ala Ser Met Ile Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Val Leu Lys
          165          170          175
Leu Ser Asp Trp Val Leu Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Ser Arg Pro Asp Arg
          180          185          190
Pro Val Ser Val His Trp Phe Gln Gly Gln Asn Arg Val Pro Val Tyr
          195          200          205

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Asn Ser Pro Arg His Phe Leu Ala Glu Thr Phe Leu Leu Leu Pro Gln
 210 215 220
 Val Ser Pro Leu Asp Ser Gly Thr Trp Gly Cys Val Leu Thr Tyr Arg
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Thr Tyr Asn Leu Lys Val Leu Gly Leu
 245 250 255
 Glu Pro Val Ala Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala Ala Glu Gly Ser Arg Val
 260 265 270
 Glu Leu Pro Cys His Leu Pro Pro Gly Val Gly Thr Pro Ser Leu Leu
 275 280 285
 Ile Ala Lys Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Pro Glu Leu Pro Val Ala
 290 295 300
 Gly Lys Ser Gly Asn Phe Thr Leu His Leu Glu Ala Val Gly Leu Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys Ser Ile His Leu Gln Gly Gln Gln Leu
 325 330 335
 Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Val Ile Thr Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe
 340 345 350
 Gly Leu Pro Gly Ser Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Ala
 355 360 365
 Ser Gly Lys Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Arg Pro Leu Asn Asn Leu Ser Arg
 370 375 380
 Ser Cys Pro Gly Pro Val Leu Glu Ile Gln Glu Ala Arg Leu Leu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Glu Arg Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Glu Gly Gln Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala
 405 410 415
 Thr Val Tyr Ala Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala His Ser Ala Arg Arg
 420 425 430
 Ile Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Gly Gly His Leu Cys His Thr Gln Ser Ser
 435 440 445
 Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys
 450 455 460
 Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg
 485 490 495
 Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg
 500 505 510
 Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
 515

<210> 141

<211> 1530

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muLag3-9aas-CD28Cys

<400> 141

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gtgtcatctg	gccctggcaa	agaactgccc	gtcgtgtggg	ctcaggaagg	cgctcctgtg	120
catctgccct	gcagcctgaa	gtcccccaac	ctggacccca	acttcctgag	aagaggcggc	180
gtgatctggc	agcaccagcc	tgattctggc	cagcccacac	ctatccctgc	cctggatctg	240
caccagggca	tgcctagccc	tagacagcct	gcccctggca	gatacaccgt	gctgtctgtg	300
gctcctggcg	gcctgagaag	tggcagacag	cctctgcacc	ctcacgtgca	gctggaagag	360
aggggactgc	agaggggcga	cttcagcctg	tggctgaggc	ctgccctgag	aacagatgcc	420
ggcgagtacc	acgctaccgt	gcggctgcct	aacagagccc	tgagctgctc	cctgagactg	480
agagtggggc	aggccagcat	gatcgccctc	ccatctggcg	tgctgaagct	gagcgactgg	540
gtgctgctga	actgcagctt	ctccagaccc	gacagacccg	tgtccgtgca	ctggttccag	600
ggacagaaca	gagtgtcccgt	gtacaacagc	cccagacact	tcctggccga	gacattcctg	660
ctgctgcccc	aggtgtcccc	tctggactct	ggcacatggg	gctgcgtgct	gacatacagg	720
gacgggcttca	acgtgtccat	cacctacaac	ctgaagggtgc	tgggcctgga	acccgtggct	780

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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cctctgacag tgtacgccgc cgagggcagc agagtggaaac tgccttgtca tctgccaccc 840
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ctgccagtgg ctggcaagag cggcaacttc accctgcacc tggaagcagt gggcctggct 960
caggccggga cctacacctg tagcatccat ctgcagggcc agcagctgaa cgccaccgtg 1020
acactggccg tgatcacctg gacccccaaag agctttggcc tgcctggctc cagaggcaag 1080
ctgctgtgtg aagtgacccc cgccagcggc aaagaaagat tctgtgtggc gcctctgaac 1140
aacctgagca gatcctgccc aggccccgtg ctggaaaatcc aggaagccag actgctggcc 1200
gagcgggtggc agtgccagct gtatgaggga cagcgactgc tgggcgccac tgtgtacgct 1260
gctgagtgta gctctggcgc ccacagcgcc agaagaatct gccacacca gagcagcccc 1320
aagctgttct gggccctggg ggtggtggcc ggcgtgctgt tttgttacgg cctgctcgtg 1380
accgtggccc tgtgcgtgat ctggaccaac agcagaagaa acagaggcgg ccagagcgac 1440
tacatgaaca tgacccccag aaggcctggc ctgaccagaa agccctacca gccttacgcc 1500
cctgccagag acttcgccgc ctacagacct                                     1530

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<210> 142

<211> 510

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muLag3-9aas-CD28Cys

<400> 142

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Met Arg Glu Asp Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Trp
 1      5      10      15
Glu Ala Pro Val Ser Ser Gly Pro Gly Lys Glu Leu Pro Val Val
 20      25      30
Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Val His Leu Pro Cys Ser Leu Lys Ser
 35      40      45
Pro Asn Leu Asp Pro Asn Phe Leu Arg Arg Gly Gly Val Ile Trp Gln
 50      55      60
His Gln Pro Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Thr Pro Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Leu
 65      70      75      80
His Gln Gly Met Pro Ser Pro Arg Gln Pro Ala Pro Gly Arg Tyr Thr
 85      90      95
Val Leu Ser Val Ala Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg Ser Gly Arg Gln Pro Leu
100      105      110
His Pro His Val Gln Leu Glu Glu Arg Gly Leu Gln Arg Gly Asp Phe
115      120      125
Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Pro Ala Leu Arg Thr Asp Ala Gly Glu Tyr His
130      135      140
Ala Thr Val Arg Leu Pro Asn Arg Ala Leu Ser Cys Ser Leu Arg Leu
145      150      155      160
Arg Val Gly Gln Ala Ser Met Ile Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Val Leu Lys
165      170      175
Leu Ser Asp Trp Val Leu Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Ser Arg Pro Asp Arg
180      185      190
Pro Val Ser Val His Trp Phe Gln Gly Gln Asn Arg Val Pro Val Tyr
195      200      205
Asn Ser Pro Arg His Phe Leu Ala Glu Thr Phe Leu Leu Pro Gln
210      215      220
Val Ser Pro Leu Asp Ser Gly Thr Trp Gly Cys Val Leu Thr Tyr Arg
225      230      235      240
Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Thr Tyr Asn Leu Lys Val Leu Gly Leu
245      250      255
Glu Pro Val Ala Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala Ala Glu Gly Ser Arg Val
260      265      270
Glu Leu Pro Cys His Leu Pro Pro Gly Val Gly Thr Pro Ser Leu Leu
275      280      285
Ile Ala Lys Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Pro Glu Leu Pro Val Ala
290      295      300
Gly Lys Ser Gly Asn Phe Thr Leu His Leu Glu Ala Val Gly Leu Ala
305      310      315      320

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys Ser Ile His Leu Gln Gly Gln Gln Leu
 325 330 335
 Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Val Ile Thr Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe
 340 345 350
 Gly Leu Pro Gly Ser Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Ala
 355 360 365
 Ser Gly Lys Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Arg Pro Leu Asn Asn Leu Ser Arg
 370 375 380
 Ser Cys Pro Gly Pro Val Leu Glu Ile Gln Glu Ala Arg Leu Leu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Glu Arg Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Glu Gly Gln Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala
 405 410 415
 Thr Val Tyr Ala Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala His Ser Ala Arg Arg
 420 425 430
 Ile Cys His Thr Gln Ser Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val
 435 440 445
 Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu
 450 455 460
 Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp
 465 470 475 480
 Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr
 485 490 495
 Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
 500 505 510

<210> 143
 <211> 765
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muTim3tm-CD28

<400> 143
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 agcctggaaa acgcctacgt gtctgaagtg ggcaagaacg cctacctgcc ctgcagctac 120
 accctgtcta cacctggcgc cctggtgcct atgtgttggg gcaagggctt ctgcccttgg 180
 agccagtga ccaacgagct gctgagaacc gacgagagaa acgtgacctt ccagaagtcc 240
 agcagatacc agctgaaggc cgacctgaac aaggggcgacg tgtccctgat catcaagaac 300
 gtgaccctgg acgaccacgg cacctactgc tgcagaatcc agttccccgg cctgatgaac 360
 gacaagaagc tggaaactgaa gctggacatc aaggccgcca aagtgacccc tgcccagaca 420
 gccacaggcg actctacaac agccagcccc agaaccctga ccaccgagag gaacggcagc 480
 gagacacaga ccctcgtgac actgcacaac aacaacggca ccaagatcag cacctggggc 540
 gacgagatca aggacagcgg cgagacaatc agaaccgcca tccacatcgg cgtgggcgtg 600
 tccgctggac tgacactggc tctgatcatc ggagtgtgta tcaacagcag aagaaacaga 660
 ggcgggccaga gcgactacat gaacatgacc cccagaaggc ctggcctgac cagaaagccc 720
 taccagccctt acgcccctgc cagagacttc gccgcctaca gacct 765

<210> 144
 <211> 255
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muTim3tm-CD28

<400> 144
 Met Phe Ser Gly Leu Thr Leu Asn Cys Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Gln Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Ala Arg Ser Leu Glu Asn Ala Tyr Val Phe Glu Val Gly Lys
 20 25 30
 Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ser Thr Pro Gly Ala Leu
 35 40 45

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Val	Pro	Met	Cys	Trp	Gly	Lys	Gly	Phe	Cys	Pro	Trp	Ser	Gln	Cys	Thr
50						55				60					
Asn	Glu	Leu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Asp	Glu	Arg	Asn	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Ser
65					70				75					80	
Ser	Arg	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Asp	Leu	Asn	Lys	Gly	Asp	Val	Ser	Leu
			85						90					95	
Ile	Ile	Lys	Asn	Val	Thr	Leu	Asp	Asp	His	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Cys	Cys	Arg
			100					105					110		
Ile	Gln	Phe	Pro	Gly	Leu	Met	Asn	Asp	Lys	Lys	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Leu
		115					120					125			
Asp	Ile	Lys	Ala	Ala	Lys	Val	Thr	Pro	Ala	Gln	Thr	Ala	His	Gly	Asp
	130					135					140				
Ser	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser	Pro	Arg	Thr	Leu	Thr	Thr	Glu	Arg	Asn	Gly	Ser
145					150					155				160	
Glu	Thr	Gln	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Leu	His	Asn	Asn	Asn	Gly	Thr	Lys	Ile
			165						170					175	
Ser	Thr	Trp	Ala	Asp	Glu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Ser	Gly	Glu	Thr	Ile	Arg	Thr
			180					185					190		
Ala	Ile	His	Ile	Gly	Val	Gly	Val	Ser	Ala	Gly	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Leu
		195					200					205			
Ile	Ile	Gly	Val	Leu	Ile	Asn	Ser	Arg	Arg	Asn	Arg	Gly	Gly	Gln	Ser
	210					215					220				
Asp	Tyr	Met	Asn	Met	Thr	Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Gly	Leu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Pro
225					230					235				240	
Tyr	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Ala	Arg	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Pro	
				245					250					255	

<210> 145

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muTim3-CD28tm

<400> 145

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agcctggaaa	acgcctacgt	gttcgaagtg	ggcaagaacg	cctacctgcc	ctgcagctac	120
accctgtcta	cacctggcgc	cctgggtgcct	atgtgttggg	gcaagggctt	ctgcccttgg	180
agccagtgca	ccaacgagct	gctgagaacc	gacgagagaa	acgtgacctt	ccagaagtcc	240
agcagatacc	agctgaaggg	cgacctgaac	aaggggcgacg	tgtccctgat	catcaagaac	300
gtgacccttg	acgaccacgg	cacctactgc	tgcagaatcc	agttccccgg	cctgatgaac	360
gacaagaagc	tggaaactgaa	gctggacatc	aaggccgcca	aagtgacccc	tgcccagaca	420
gcccacggcg	actctacaac	agccagcccc	agaaccctga	ccaccgagag	gaacggcagc	480
gagacacaga	ccctcgtgac	actgcacaac	aacaacggca	ccaagatcag	cacctgggccc	540
gacgagatca	aggacagcgg	cgagacaatc	agaaccgcct	tctgggcccct	ggtgggtggtg	600
gccggcgctg	tgttttggtt	cggcctgctc	gtgaccgtgg	ccctgtgcgt	gatctggacc	660
aacagcagaa	gaaacagagg	cggccagagc	gactacatga	acatgacccc	cagaaggcct	720
ggcctgacca	gaaagcccta	ccagcccttac	gcccctgcca	gagacttcgc	cgcctacaga	780
cct						783

<210> 146

<211> 261

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muTim3-CD28tm

<400> 146

Met	Phe	Ser	Gly	Leu	Thr	Leu	Asn	Cys	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gln	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Ser	Leu	Glu	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Val	Phe	Glu	Val	Gly	Lys

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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      20      25      30
Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ser Thr Pro Gly Ala Leu
      35      40      45
Val Pro Met Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Phe Cys Pro Trp Ser Gln Cys Thr
      50      55      60
Asn Glu Leu Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asn Val Thr Tyr Gln Lys Ser
65      70      75      80
Ser Arg Tyr Gln Leu Lys Gly Asp Leu Asn Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu
      85      90      95
Ile Ile Lys Asn Val Thr Leu Asp Asp His Gly Thr Tyr Cys Cys Arg
      100      105      110
Ile Gln Phe Pro Gly Leu Met Asn Asp Lys Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Leu
      115      120      125
Asp Ile Lys Ala Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Gln Thr Ala His Gly Asp
      130      135      140
Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Pro Arg Thr Leu Thr Thr Glu Arg Asn Gly Ser
145      150      155      160
Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Val Thr Leu His Asn Asn Asn Gly Thr Lys Ile
      165      170      175
Ser Thr Trp Ala Asp Glu Ile Lys Asp Ser Gly Glu Thr Ile Arg Thr
      180      185      190
Ala Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly
      195      200      205
Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg
      210      215      220
Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro
225      230      235      240
Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe
      245      250      255
Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
      260

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<210> 147

<211> 810

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muTim3-CD28Cys

<400> 147

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agcctggaaa acgcctacgt gttcgaagtg ggcaagaacg cctacctgcc ctgcagctac      120
accctgtcta cacctggcgc cctgggtgcct atgtgttggg gcaagggtt ctgcccttg      180
agccagtgc ccaacgagct gctgagaacc gacgagagaa acgtgacctt ccagaagtcc      240
agcagatacc agctgaaggg cgacctgaac aaggggcgacg tgtccctgat catcaagaac      300
gtgaccctgg acgaccacgg cacctactgc tgcagaatcc agttccccgg cctgatgaac      360
gacaagaagc tggaaactgaa gctggacatc aaggccgcca aagtgacccc tgcccagaca      420
gccacggcg actctacaac agccagcccc agaaccctga ccaccgagag gaacggcagc      480
gagacacaga ccctcgtgac actgcacaac aacaacggca ccaagatcag cacctgggccc      540
gacgagatca aggacagcgg cgagacaatc agaaccgcct gccacaccca gagcagcccc      600
aagctgttct gggccctggt ggtggtggcc ggcgtgctgt tttgttacgg cctgctcgtg      660
accgtggccc tgtgctgat ctggaccaac agcagaagaa acagaggcgg ccagagcgac      720
tacatgaaca tgacccccag aaggcctggc ctgaccagaa agccctacca gccttacgcc      780
cctgccagag acttcgccgc ctacagacct

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<210> 148

<211> 270

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muTim3-CD28Cys

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<400> 148

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Met Phe Ser Gly Leu Thr Leu Asn Cys Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Gln Leu
 1      5      10      15
Leu Leu Ala Arg Ser Leu Glu Asn Ala Tyr Val Phe Glu Val Gly Lys
 20      25      30
Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ser Thr Pro Gly Ala Leu
 35      40      45
Val Pro Met Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Phe Cys Pro Trp Ser Gln Cys Thr
 50      55      60
Asn Glu Leu Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asn Val Thr Tyr Gln Lys Ser
 65      70      75      80
Ser Arg Tyr Gln Leu Lys Gly Asp Leu Asn Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu
 85      90      95
Ile Ile Lys Asn Val Thr Leu Asp Asp His Gly Thr Tyr Cys Cys Arg
100      105      110
Ile Gln Phe Pro Gly Leu Met Asn Asp Lys Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Leu
115      120      125
Asp Ile Lys Ala Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Gln Thr Ala His Gly Asp
130      135      140
Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Pro Arg Thr Leu Thr Thr Glu Arg Asn Gly Ser
145      150      155      160
Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Val Thr Leu His Asn Asn Asn Gly Thr Lys Ile
165      170      175
Ser Thr Trp Ala Asp Glu Ile Lys Asp Ser Gly Glu Thr Ile Arg Thr
180      185      190
Ala Cys His Thr Gln Ser Ser Pro Lys Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val
195      200      205
Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu
210      215      220
Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp
225      230      235      240
Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr
245      250      255
Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
260      265      270

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<210> 149

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muTim3-9aas-CD28Cys

<400> 149

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accctgtcta cacctggcgc cctggtgcct atgtgttggg gcaagggctt ctgcccttgg 180
agccagtgc ccaacgagct gctgagaacc gacgagagaa acgtgacctt ccagaagtcc 240
agcagatacc agctgaaggg cgacctgaac aaggggcgacg tgtccctgat catcaagaac 300
gtgaccctgg acgaccacgg cacctactgc tgcagaatcc agttccccgg cctgatgaac 360
gacaagaagc tgggaactgaa gctggacatc aaggccgcca aagtgacccc tgcccagaca 420
gccacaggcg actctacaac agccagcccc agaaccctga ccaccgagag gaacggcagc 480
gagacacaga ccctcgtgac actgcacaac aacaacggca ccaagatcag cacctggggc 540
gacgagatca agtgccacac ccagagcagc cccaagctgt tctggggcct ggtggtggtg 600
gccggcgtgc tgttttgta cggcctgctc gtgaccgtgg ccctgtgcgt gatctggacc 660
aacagcagaa gaaacagagg cggccagagc gactacatga acatgacccc cagaaggcct 720
ggcctgacca gaaagcccta ccagccctac gcccctgcca gagacttcgc cgcctacaga 780
cct

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<210> 150

<211> 261

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muTim3-9aas-CD28Cys

<400> 150

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Met Phe Ser Gly Leu Thr Leu Asn Cys Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Gln Leu
 1           5           10           15
Leu Leu Ala Arg Ser Leu Glu Asn Ala Tyr Val Phe Glu Val Gly Lys
          20          25          30
Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ser Thr Pro Gly Ala Leu
          35          40          45
Val Pro Met Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Phe Cys Pro Trp Ser Gln Cys Thr
          50          55          60
Asn Glu Leu Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asn Val Thr Tyr Gln Lys Ser
65          70          75          80
Ser Arg Tyr Gln Leu Lys Gly Asp Leu Asn Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu
          85          90          95
Ile Ile Lys Asn Val Thr Leu Asp Asp His Gly Thr Tyr Cys Cys Arg
          100         105         110
Ile Gln Phe Pro Gly Leu Met Asn Asp Lys Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Leu
          115         120         125
Asp Ile Lys Ala Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Gln Thr Ala His Gly Asp
130         135         140
Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Pro Arg Thr Leu Thr Thr Glu Arg Asn Gly Ser
145         150         155         160
Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Val Thr Leu His Asn Asn Asn Gly Thr Lys Ile
          165         170         175
Ser Thr Trp Ala Asp Glu Ile Lys Cys His Thr Gln Ser Ser Pro Lys
          180         185         190
Leu Phe Trp Ala Leu Val Val Val Ala Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Tyr Gly
          195         200         205
Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Leu Cys Val Ile Trp Thr Asn Ser Arg Arg
210         215         220
Asn Arg Gly Gly Gln Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro
225         230         235         240
Gly Leu Thr Arg Lys Pro Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ala Arg Asp Phe
          245         250         255
Ala Ala Tyr Arg Pro
          260

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<210> 151

<211> 1536

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huLag3tm-CD28

<400> 151

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aagccgctcc aaccgcgtgc agaggttccg gtagtggtgg cgcaagaggg tgcaccagcg      120
cagctccctc gcagtcgcgac gattccgctg caagatttgt cactgcttag aagggcgggc      180
gtaacgtggc agcaccaacc ggatagtggc cctccggctg cagcaccagg gcaccactc      240
gccccgggcc ctcatcccgc agcaccgagc agctggggtc ctagaccacg cagatatata      300
gtactctcag taggtcccgg cggcctgcgg tccggctcgt tgccccttca acctagagta      360
cagctggatg aaagaggtcg acaacggggg gatttctccc tctggttgag gcctgcacga      420
cgagcagatg ctgggggagta tagggctgcc gtacacctgc gagaccgcgc acttagttgt      480
agactccggc tccggctggg acaggcctct atgacagcgt cccccctgg gtccctgcga      540
gcctctgatt gggtaatatc caactgctca ttttctcggc cagatcgccc cgctagtgtt      600
cattgggttc gaaatcgcg ccaaggctcg gtgcctgttc gagaatctcc acaccacat      660
ttggcggagt cttttctttt tctgcctcag gtctccccta tggactctgg accgtggggc      720

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

tgtattttga	catatcgggg	tgggtttaac	gtgagtataa	tgtataatct	cactgtcttg	780
ggctcttgagc	cacctacgcc	gctgacgggtg	tacgcgggag	ccggcagccg	ggttggctctg	840
ccctgcaggc	tgccctgcagg	agtcgggaca	aggtcattcc	ttacagcaaa	gtggacccc	900
ccagggtgggg	ggcccgcacct	ccttgtaacg	ggagataatg	gagatttcac	tctgagactt	960
gaggatgtct	ctcaagctca	ggctgggact	tatacatgtc	acattcactt	gcaagaacag	1020
cagttgaatg	cgacgggttac	cctggctatc	ataacagtaa	cacctaaatc	tttcggtagt	1080
ccgggtagcc	tgggcaaaact	gttgtgtgag	gtaacccccg	tgtcagggtca	agagcgggtc	1140
gtctggagct	cattggacac	tccctcacag	cgatccttta	gcggaccctg	gctcgaagcc	1200
caagaagccc	agctgctttc	ccaaccatgg	cagtgtcaac	tctatcaggg	tgagcgcctt	1260
ctcgggtgcgg	ctgtctactt	caccgaattg	tcctctccgg	gagcgcaaa	aagtggacgc	1320
gccccagggg	ccctcccggc	aggacacctt	ctgctgtttt	tgattttggg	ggtacttagt	1380
ttgctgtctgc	ttgtcacagg	cgctttcggg	ttccgcagca	agcggagcag	aggcggccac	1440
agcgactaca	tgaacatgac	ccctagacgg	cctggcccca	ccagaaaagca	ctaccagccc	1500
tacgcccctc	cccgggactt	tgccgcctac	agaagc			1536

<210> 152

<211> 512

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huLag3tm-CD28

<400> 152

Met	Trp	Glu	Ala	Gln	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Trp
1				5					10					15	
Val	Ala	Pro	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Pro	Val	Val
			20					25					30		
Trp	Ala	Gln	Glu	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Leu	Pro	Cys	Ser	Pro	Thr	Ile
		35					40					45			
Pro	Leu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gly	Val	Thr	Trp	Gln
	50					55					60				
His	Gln	Pro	Asp	Ser	Gly	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ala	Pro	Gly	His	Pro	Leu
65					70				75						80
Ala	Pro	Gly	Pro	His	Pro	Ala	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Trp	Gly	Pro	Arg	Pro
				85					90					95	
Arg	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Val	Leu	Ser	Val	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Gly
			100					105					110		
Arg	Leu	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Arg	Val	Gln	Leu	Asp	Glu	Arg	Gly	Arg	Gln
		115					120					125			
Arg	Gly	Asp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Pro	Ala	Arg	Arg	Ala	Asp	Ala
	130					135					140				
Gly	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Ala	Val	His	Leu	Arg	Asp	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ser	Cys
145					150					155					160
Arg	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ser	Met	Thr	Ala	Ser	Pro	Pro
			165						170					175	
Gly	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asp	Trp	Val	Ile	Leu	Asn	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser
			180					185					190		
Arg	Pro	Asp	Arg	Pro	Ala	Ser	Val	His	Trp	Phe	Arg	Asn	Arg	Gly	Gln
		195					200					205			
Gly	Arg	Val	Pro	Val	Arg	Glu	Ser	Pro	His	His	His	Leu	Ala	Glu	Ser
	210					215					220				
Phe	Leu	Phe	Leu	Pro	Gln	Val	Ser	Pro	Met	Asp	Ser	Gly	Pro	Trp	Gly
225					230					235					240
Cys	Ile	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Gly	Phe	Asn	Val	Ser	Ile	Met	Tyr	Asn
				245					250					255	
Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	Leu	Thr	Val	Tyr	Ala
			260					265					270		
Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Arg	Val	Gly	Leu	Pro	Cys	Arg	Leu	Pro	Ala	Gly	Val
	275						280					285			
Gly	Thr	Arg	Ser	Phe	Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Thr	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gly
	290					295					300				
Pro	Asp	Leu	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Asp	Phe	Thr	Leu	Arg	Leu

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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305          310          315          320
Glu Asp Val Ser Gln Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys His Ile His
          325          330          335
Leu Gln Glu Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr
          340          345          350
Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe Gly Ser Pro Gly Ser Leu Gly Lys Leu Leu
          355          360          365
Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Val Ser Gly Gln Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Ser Ser
          370          375          380
Leu Asp Thr Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Phe Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Ala
385          390          395          400
Gln Glu Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Gln
          405          410          415
Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Tyr Phe Thr Glu Leu Ser Ser
          420          425          430
Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Ser Gly Arg Ala Pro Gly Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly
          435          440          445
His Leu Leu Leu Phe Leu Ile Leu Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu
          450          455          460
Val Thr Gly Ala Phe Gly Phe Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His
465          470          475          480
Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys
          485          490          495
His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
          500          505          510

```

<210> 153
 <211> 1350
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huLag3 ectodomain

```

<400> 153
atgtgggaag cgcagtttct tggacttctt tttctccagc cgctgtgggt tgcgccagta 60
aagccgctcc aacccgggtg agaggttccg gtagtgtggg cgcaagaggg tgcaccagcg 120
cagctccccct gcagtccgac gattccgctg caagatttgt cactgcttag aagggcgggc 180
gtaacgtggc agcaccaacc ggatagtggc cctccggctg cagcaccagg gcacccactc 240
gccccgggcc ctcatcccg cagcaccgagc agctggggtc ctagaccacg cagatataca 300
gtactctcag taggtcccgg cggcctgcgg tccggctcgt tgccccttca acctagagta 360
cagctggatg aaagagggtc acaacggggg gatttctccc tctggttgag gcctgcacga 420
cgagcagatg ctggggagta tagggctgcc gtacacctgc gagaccgcgc acttagttgt 480
agactccggc tccggctggg acaggcctct atgacagcgt cccccctgg gtccctgcga 540
gcctctgatt gggtaatact caactgctca ttttctcggc cagatcgccc cgctagtgtt 600
cattggttcc gaaatcgcg ccaaggctgc gtgcctgttc gagaatctcc acaccaccat 660
ttggcggagt cttttctttt tctgcctcag gtctccccta tggactctgg accgtggggc 720
tgtattttga catatcgggg tgggtttaac gtgagtataa tgtataatct cactgtcttg 780
ggtcttgagc cacctacgcc gctgacgggt tacgcgggag ccggcagccg ggttggtctg 840
ccctgcaggc tgcctgcagg agtcgggaca aggtcattcc ttacagcaaa gtggaccccg 900
ccagggtggg ggcccgaact ccttgtaacg ggagataatg gagatttcac tctgagactt 960
gaggatgtct ctcaagctca ggctgggact tatacatgtc acattcactt gcaagaacag 1020
cagttgaatg cgacggttac cctggctatc ataacagtaa cacctaaatc tttcggtagt 1080
ccgggtagcc tgggcaaaact gttgtgtgag gtaacccccg tgtcaggcca agagcgggtc 1140
gtctggagct cattggacac tccctcacag cgatccttta gcggaccctg gctcgaagcc 1200
caagaagccc agctgctttc ccaaccatgg cagtgtcaac tctatcagg tgagcgcctt 1260
ctcgggtcgg ctgtctactt caccgaattg tcctctccgg gagcgcaaa aagtggacgc 1320
gccccaggg ccctcccgcc aggacacctt

```

<210> 154
 <211> 450
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<220>

<223> huLag3 ectodomain

<400> 154

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Met Trp Glu Ala Gln Phe Leu Gly Leu Leu Phe Leu Gln Pro Leu Trp
 1      5      10      15
Val Ala Pro Val Lys Pro Leu Gln Pro Gly Ala Glu Val Pro Val Val
 20      25      30
Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Ala Gln Leu Pro Cys Ser Pro Thr Ile
 35      40      45
Pro Leu Gln Asp Leu Ser Leu Leu Arg Arg Ala Gly Val Thr Trp Gln
 50      55      60
His Gln Pro Asp Ser Gly Pro Pro Ala Ala Ala Pro Gly His Pro Leu
 65      70      75      80
Ala Pro Gly Pro His Pro Ala Ala Pro Ser Ser Trp Gly Pro Arg Pro
 85      90      95
Arg Arg Tyr Thr Val Leu Ser Val Gly Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg Ser Gly
100      105      110
Arg Leu Pro Leu Gln Pro Arg Val Gln Leu Asp Glu Arg Gly Arg Gln
115      120      125
Arg Gly Asp Phe Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Pro Ala Arg Arg Ala Asp Ala
130      135      140
Gly Glu Tyr Arg Ala Ala Val His Leu Arg Asp Arg Ala Leu Ser Cys
145      150      155      160
Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Leu Gly Gln Ala Ser Met Thr Ala Ser Pro Pro
165      170      175
Gly Ser Leu Arg Ala Ser Asp Trp Val Ile Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Ser
180      185      190
Arg Pro Asp Arg Pro Ala Ser Val His Trp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly Gln
195      200      205
Gly Arg Val Pro Val Arg Glu Ser Pro His His His Leu Ala Glu Ser
210      215      220
Phe Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Val Ser Pro Met Asp Ser Gly Pro Trp Gly
225      230      235      240
Cys Ile Leu Thr Tyr Arg Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Met Tyr Asn
245      250      255
Leu Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Glu Pro Pro Thr Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala
260      265      270
Gly Ala Gly Ser Arg Val Gly Leu Pro Cys Arg Leu Pro Ala Gly Val
275      280      285
Gly Thr Arg Ser Phe Leu Thr Ala Lys Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly
290      295      300
Pro Asp Leu Leu Val Thr Gly Asp Asn Gly Asp Phe Thr Leu Arg Leu
305      310      315      320
Glu Asp Val Ser Gln Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys His Ile His
325      330      335
Leu Gln Glu Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr
340      345      350
Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe Gly Ser Pro Gly Ser Leu Gly Lys Leu Leu
355      360      365
Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Val Ser Gly Gln Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Ser Ser
370      375      380
Leu Asp Thr Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Phe Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Ala
385      390      395      400
Gln Glu Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Gln
405      410      415
Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Tyr Phe Thr Glu Leu Ser Ser
420      425      430
Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Ser Gly Arg Ala Pro Gly Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly
435      440      445
His Leu
450

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<210> 155
 <211> 63
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huLag3 transmembrane domain

<400> 155
 ctgctgtttt tgattttggg ggtacttagt ttgctgctgc ttgtcacagg cgctttcggg 60
 ttc 63

<210> 156
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huLag3 transmembrane domain

<400> 156
 Leu Leu Phe Leu Ile Leu Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Ala Phe Gly Phe
 20

<210> 157
 <211> 1554
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huLag3-CD28tm

<400> 157
 atgtgggaag cgcagtttct tggacttctt tttctccagc cgctgtgggt tgcgccagta 60
 aagccgctcc aacccgggtg agaggttccg gtagtgtggg cgcaagaggg tgcaccagcg 120
 cagctccctc gcagtcggac gattccgctg caagatttgt cactgcttag aagggcgggc 180
 gtaacgtggc agcaccaacc ggatagtggc cctccggctg cagcaccagg gcacccactc 240
 gccccgggcc ctcatcccg cgcaccgagc agctgggggt ctagaccacg cagatataca 300
 gtactctcag taggtcccg cggcctgcgg tccgggtcgt tgccccctca acctagagta 360
 cagctggatg aaagaggtcg acaacggggg gatttctccc tctggttgag gcctgcacga 420
 cgagcagatg ctggggagta tagggctgcc gtacacctgc gagaccgcgc acttagttgt 480
 agactccggc tccggctggg acaggcctct atgacagcgt cccccctgg gtccctgcga 540
 gcctctgatt gggtactact caactgctca ttttctcggc cagatcgccc cgctagtgtt 600
 cattgggtcc gaaatcgcg ccaaggctgc gtgcctgttc gagaatctcc acaccacat 660
 ttggcggagt cttttctttt tctgcctcag gtctccccta tggactctgg accgtggggc 720
 tgtattttga catatcggga tgggtttaac gtgagtataa tgtataatct cactgtcttg 780
 ggtcttgagc cacctacgcc gctgacgggt tacgcgggag ccggcagccg ggttggtctg 840
 ccctgcaggc tgcctgcagg agtcgggaca aggtcattcc ttacagcaaa gtggacccccg 900
 ccaggtgggg ggcccgacct ccttgaacg ggagataatg gagatttcac tctgagactt 960
 gaggatgtct ctcaagctca ggctgggact tatacatgtc acattcactt gcaagaacag 1020
 cagttgaatg cgacgggtac cctggctatc ataacagtaa cacctaaatc tttcggtagt 1080
 ccgggtagcc tgggcaaac gttgtgtgag gtaacccccg tgtcaggta agagcggttc 1140
 gtctggagct cattggacac tccctcacag cgatccttta gcggaccctg gctcgaagcc 1200
 caagaagccc agctgctttc ccaacctatg cagtgtcaac tctatcaggg tgagcgctt 1260
 ctggtgcgg ctgtctactt caccgaattg tcctctccgg gagcgcaaa aagtggacgc 1320
 gccccagggg ccctcccggc aggacacctt ttctgggtgc tgggtgggtg cgagggcgtg 1380
 ctggcctgct acagcctgct ggtcaccgtg gccttcatca tcttttgggt ccgcagcaag 1440
 cggagcagag gcggccacag cgactacatg aacatgaccc ctagacggcc tggccccacc 1500
 agaaaagcat accagcccta cgccccctcc cgggactttg ccgcctacag aagc 1554

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<210> 158

<211> 518

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huLag3-CD28tm

<400> 158

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Met Trp Glu Ala Gln Phe Leu Gly Leu Leu Phe Leu Gln Pro Leu Trp
 1      5      10      15
Val Ala Pro Val Lys Pro Leu Gln Pro Gly Ala Glu Val Pro Val Val
 20      25      30
Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Ala Gln Leu Pro Cys Ser Pro Thr Ile
 35      40      45
Pro Leu Gln Asp Leu Ser Leu Leu Arg Arg Ala Gly Val Thr Trp Gln
 50      55      60
His Gln Pro Asp Ser Gly Pro Pro Ala Ala Ala Pro Gly His Pro Leu
 65      70      75
Ala Pro Gly Pro His Pro Ala Ala Pro Ser Trp Gly Pro Arg Pro
 85      90      95
Arg Arg Tyr Thr Val Leu Ser Val Gly Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg Ser Gly
100     105     110
Arg Leu Pro Leu Gln Pro Arg Val Gln Leu Asp Glu Arg Gly Arg Gln
115     120     125
Arg Gly Asp Phe Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Pro Ala Arg Arg Ala Asp Ala
130     135     140
Gly Glu Tyr Arg Ala Ala Val His Leu Arg Asp Arg Ala Leu Ser Cys
145     150     155
Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Leu Gly Gln Ala Ser Met Thr Ala Ser Pro Pro
165     170     175
Gly Ser Leu Arg Ala Ser Asp Trp Val Ile Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Ser
180     185     190
Arg Pro Asp Arg Pro Ala Ser Val His Trp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly Gln
195     200     205
Gly Arg Val Pro Val Arg Glu Ser Pro His His His Leu Ala Glu Ser
210     215     220
Phe Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Val Ser Pro Met Asp Ser Gly Pro Trp Gly
225     230     235
Cys Ile Leu Thr Tyr Arg Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Met Tyr Asn
245     250     255
Leu Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Glu Pro Pro Thr Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala
260     265     270
Gly Ala Gly Ser Arg Val Gly Leu Pro Cys Arg Leu Pro Ala Gly Val
275     280     285
Gly Thr Arg Ser Phe Leu Thr Ala Lys Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly
290     295     300
Pro Asp Leu Leu Val Thr Gly Asp Asn Gly Asp Phe Thr Leu Arg Leu
305     310     315
Glu Asp Val Ser Gln Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys His Ile His
325     330     335
Leu Gln Glu Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr
340     345     350
Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe Gly Ser Pro Gly Ser Leu Gly Lys Leu Leu
355     360     365
Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Val Ser Gly Gln Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Ser Ser
370     375     380
Leu Asp Thr Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Phe Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Ala
385     390     395
Gln Glu Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Gln
405     410     415
Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Tyr Phe Thr Glu Leu Ser Ser
420     425     430

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Ser Gly Arg Ala Pro Gly Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly
 435 440 445
 His Leu Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr
 450 455 460
 Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg
 485 490 495
 Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp
 500 505 510
 Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
 515

<210> 159
 <211> 1554
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huLag3-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 159
 atgtgggaag cgcagtttct tggactttct tttctccagc cgctgtgggt tgcgccagta 60
 aagccgctcc aacccgggtgc agagggttccg gtagtgtggg cgcaagaggg tgcaccagcg 120
 cagctccctc gcagtcgcgac gattccgctg caagatttgt cactgcttag aagggcgggc 180
 gtaacgtggc agcaccaacc ggatagtggc cctccggctg cagcaccagg gcaccactc 240
 gccccgggcc ctcatcccg agcaccgagc agctggggtc ctagaccacg cagatatata 300
 gtactctcag taggtcccg cggcctgcgg tccgggtcgt tggcccttca acctagagta 360
 cagctggatg aaagaggtcg acaacggggg gatttctccc tctggttgag gcctgcacga 420
 cgagcagatg ctggggagta tagggctgcc gtacacctgc gagaccgcgc acttagttgt 480
 agactccggc tccggctggg acaggcctct atgacagcgt cccccctgg gtccctgcga 540
 gcctctgatt gggtataact caactgctca ttttctcggc cagatcgccc cgctagtgtt 600
 cattggttcc gaaatcgcg ccaaggctgc gtgcctgttc gagaatctcc acaccaccat 660
 ttggcggagt cttttctttt tctgcctcag gtctccccta tggactctgg accgtggggc 720
 tgtattttga catatcgagg tgggtttaac gtgagtataa tgtataatct cactgtcttg 780
 ggtcttgagc cacctacgcc gctgacgggt tacgcgggag ccggcagccg ggttggtctg 840
 ccctgcaggc tgcctgcagg agtcgggaca aggtcattcc ttacagcaaa gtggaccccg 900
 ccaggtaggg ggcccagcct ccttgtaacg ggagataatg gagatttcac tctgagactt 960
 gaggatgtct ctcaagctca ggctgggact tatacatgtc acattcactt gcaagaacag 1020
 cagttgaatg cgacggttac cctggctatc ataacagtaa cacctaaatc tttcggtagt 1080
 ccgggtagcc tgggcaaaact gttgtgtgag gtaaccccg tgtcagggtc agagcgggtc 1140
 gtctggagct cattggacac tccctcacag cgatccctta gcggaccctg gctcgaagcc 1200
 caagaagccc agctgctttc ccaaccatgg cagtgtcaac tctatcaggg tgagcgcctt 1260
 ctcggtgcgg ctgtctactt caccgaattg tcctctccgg gagcgcaaa agttgtccc 1320
 agccctctgt ttcccgcccc tagcaagcct ttctgggtgc tgggtgggtg cggaggcgtg 1380
 ctggcctgct acagcctgct ggtcaccgtg gccttcatca tcttttgggt ccgcagcaag 1440
 cggagcagag gcggccacag cgactacatg aacatgaccc ctagacggcc tggccccacc 1500
 agaaaagcact accagcccta cgcccctccc cgggactttg ccgcctacag aagc 1554

<210> 160
 <211> 518
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huLag3-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 160
 Met Trp Glu Ala Gln Phe Leu Gly Leu Leu Phe Leu Gln Pro Leu Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ala Pro Val Lys Pro Leu Gln Pro Gly Ala Glu Val Pro Val Val
 20 25 30
 Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Ala Gln Leu Pro Cys Ser Pro Thr Ile

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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      35      40      45
Pro Leu Gln Asp Leu Ser Leu Leu Arg Arg Ala Gly Val Thr Trp Gln
 50      55      60
His Gln Pro Asp Ser Gly Pro Pro Ala Ala Ala Pro Gly His Pro Leu
65      70      75      80
Ala Pro Gly Pro His Pro Ala Ala Pro Ser Ser Trp Gly Pro Arg Pro
      85      90      95
Arg Arg Tyr Thr Val Leu Ser Val Gly Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg Ser Gly
      100      105      110
Arg Leu Pro Leu Gln Pro Arg Val Gln Leu Asp Glu Arg Gly Arg Gln
      115      120      125
Arg Gly Asp Phe Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Pro Ala Arg Arg Ala Asp Ala
      130      135      140
Gly Glu Tyr Arg Ala Ala Val His Leu Arg Asp Arg Ala Leu Ser Cys
      145      150      155      160
Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Leu Gly Gln Ala Ser Met Thr Ala Ser Pro Pro
      165      170      175
Gly Ser Leu Arg Ala Ser Asp Trp Val Ile Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Ser
      180      185      190
Arg Pro Asp Arg Pro Ala Ser Val His Trp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly Gln
      195      200      205
Gly Arg Val Pro Val Arg Glu Ser Pro His His His Leu Ala Glu Ser
      210      215      220
Phe Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Val Ser Pro Met Asp Ser Gly Pro Trp Gly
      225      230      235      240
Cys Ile Leu Thr Tyr Arg Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Met Tyr Asn
      245      250      255
Leu Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Glu Pro Pro Thr Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala
      260      265      270
Gly Ala Gly Ser Arg Val Gly Leu Pro Cys Arg Leu Pro Ala Gly Val
      275      280      285
Gly Thr Arg Ser Phe Leu Thr Ala Lys Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly
      290      295      300
Pro Asp Leu Leu Val Thr Gly Asp Asn Gly Asp Phe Thr Leu Arg Leu
      305      310      315      320
Glu Asp Val Ser Gln Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys His Ile His
      325      330      335
Leu Gln Glu Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr
      340      345      350
Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe Gly Ser Pro Gly Ser Leu Gly Lys Leu Leu
      355      360      365
Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Val Ser Gly Gln Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Ser Ser
      370      375      380
Leu Asp Thr Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Phe Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Ala
      385      390      395      400
Gln Glu Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Gln
      405      410      415
Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Tyr Phe Thr Glu Leu Ser Ser
      420      425      430
Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Ser Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser
      435      440      445
Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr
      450      455      460
Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys
      465      470      475      480
Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg
      485      490      495
Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp
      500      505      510
Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
      515

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<210> 161

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

<211> 1314

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huLag3-12aas

<400> 161

atgtgggaag	cgcagtttct	tggacttctt	tttctccagc	cgctgtgggt	tgcgccagta	60
aagccgctcc	aaccgggtgc	agagggttccg	gtagtgtggg	cgcaagaggg	tgcaccagcg	120
cagctcccct	gcagtccgac	gattccgctg	caagatttgt	cactgcttag	aagggcgggc	180
gtaacgtggc	agcaccaacc	ggatagtggc	cctccggctg	cagcaccagg	gcacccactc	240
gcccccggcc	ctcatcccgc	agcaccgagc	agctgggggtc	ctagaccacg	cagatataca	300
gtactctcag	taggtcccgg	cggcctgcgg	tccggctcgt	tgccccttca	acctagagta	360
cagctggatg	aaagagggtcg	acaacgggggt	gatttctccc	tctgggtgag	gcctgcacga	420
cgagcagatg	ctggggagta	tagggctgcc	gtacacctgc	gagaccgcgc	acttagttgt	480
agactccggc	tccggctggg	acaggcctct	atgacagcgt	ccccccctgg	gtccctgcga	540
gcctctgatt	gggtaatact	caactgctca	ttttctcggc	cagatcgccc	cgctagtgtt	600
cattggttcc	gaaatcgcgg	ccaaggctgc	gtgcctgttc	gagaatctcc	acaccaccat	660
ttggcggagt	cttttctttt	tctgcctcag	gtctccccta	tggactctgg	accgtggggc	720
tgtattttga	catatcggga	tgggtttaac	gtgagtataa	tgtataatct	cactgtcttg	780
ggtcttgagc	cacctacgcc	gctgacgggtg	tacgcgggag	ccggcagccg	ggttggctctg	840
ccctgcaggc	tgctgcagg	agtcgggaca	aggtcattcc	ttacagcaaa	gtggaccccg	900
ccagggtgggg	ggcccagacct	ccttgtaacg	ggagataatg	gagatttcac	tctgagactt	960
gaggatgtct	ctcaagctca	ggctgggact	tatacatgtc	acattcactt	gcaagaacag	1020
cagttgaatg	cgacggttac	cctggctatc	ataacagtaa	cacctaaatc	tttcggtagt	1080
ccgggtagcc	tgggcaaaact	gttgtgtgag	gtaacccccg	tgtcagggtca	agagcggttc	1140
gtctggagct	cattggacac	tccctcacag	cgatccttta	gcggaccctg	gctcgaagcc	1200
caagaagccc	agctgctttc	ccaaccatgg	cagtgtcaac	tctatcaggg	tgagcgcctt	1260
ctcgggtgcgg	ctgtctactt	caccgaattg	tcctctccgg	gagcgcaaaag	aagt	1314

<210> 162

<211> 438

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huLag3-12aas

<400> 162

Met	Trp	Glu	Ala	Gln	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Trp
1				5					10					15	
Val	Ala	Pro	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Pro	Val	Val
			20					25					30		
Trp	Ala	Gln	Glu	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Leu	Pro	Cys	Ser	Pro	Thr	Ile
		35				40					45				
Pro	Leu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gly	Val	Thr	Trp	Gln
	50				55					60					
His	Gln	Pro	Asp	Ser	Gly	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ala	Pro	Gly	His	Pro	Leu
65				70				75						80	
Ala	Pro	Gly	Pro	His	Pro	Ala	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Trp	Gly	Pro	Arg	Pro
			85					90					95		
Arg	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Val	Leu	Ser	Val	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Gly
		100					105				110				
Arg	Leu	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Arg	Val	Gln	Leu	Asp	Glu	Arg	Gly	Arg	Gln
	115					120					125				
Arg	Gly	Asp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Pro	Ala	Arg	Arg	Ala	Asp	Ala
	130				135					140					
Gly	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Ala	Val	His	Leu	Arg	Asp	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ser	Cys
145				150				155						160	
Arg	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ser	Met	Thr	Ala	Ser	Pro	Pro
			165					170					175		
Gly	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asp	Trp	Val	Ile	Leu	Asn	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

```

      180      185      190
Arg Pro Asp Arg Pro Ala Ser Val His Trp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly Gln
      195      200      205
Gly Arg Val Pro Val Arg Glu Ser Pro His His His Leu Ala Glu Ser
      210      215      220
Phe Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Val Ser Pro Met Asp Ser Gly Pro Trp Gly
225      230      235
Cys Ile Leu Thr Tyr Arg Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Met Tyr Asn
      245      250      255
Leu Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Glu Pro Pro Thr Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala
      260      265      270
Gly Ala Gly Ser Arg Val Gly Leu Pro Cys Arg Leu Pro Ala Gly Val
      275      280      285
Gly Thr Arg Ser Phe Leu Thr Ala Lys Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly
      290      295      300
Pro Asp Leu Leu Val Thr Gly Asp Asn Gly Asp Phe Thr Leu Arg Leu
305      310      315
Glu Asp Val Ser Gln Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys His Ile His
      325      330      335
Leu Gln Glu Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr
      340      345      350
Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Phe Gly Ser Pro Gly Ser Leu Gly Lys Leu Leu
      355      360      365
Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Val Ser Gly Gln Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Ser Ser
      370      375      380
Leu Asp Thr Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Phe Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Ala
385      390      395
Gln Glu Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Gln
      405      410      415
Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Tyr Phe Thr Glu Leu Ser Ser
      420      425      430
Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Ser
      435

```

<210> 163

<211> 1590

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huLag3-CD28Cys

<400> 163

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atgtgggaag cgcagtttct tggacttctt tttctccagc cgctgtgggt tgcgccagta      60
aagccgctcc aaccgcgtgc agagggtccg gtagtgtagg cgcaagaggg tgcaccagcg      120
cagctcccct gcagtccgac gattccgctg caagatttgt cactgcttag aagggcgggc      180
gtaacgtggc agcaccaacc ggatagtggc cctccggctg cagcaccagg gcacccactc      240
gcccccggcc ctcatcccg cgcaccgagc agctgggggt ctagaccacg cagatataca      300
gtactctcag taggtcccg cggcctgcgg tccggctcgt tgccccttca acctagagta      360
cagctggatg aaagaggctg acaacggggg gatttctccc tctgggtgag gcctgcacga      420
cgagcagatg ctgggggagta tagggctgcc gtacacctgc gagaccgcgc acttagttgt      480
agactccggc tccggctggg acaggcctct atgacagcgt cccccctgg gtccctgcga      540
gcctctgatt gggtaatact caactgctca ttttctcggc cagatcgccc cgctagtgtt      600
cattgggtcc gaaatcgcg ccaaggctgc gtgcctgttc gagaatctcc acaccacat      660
ttggcggagt cttttctttt tctgcctcag gtctccccta tggactctgg accgtggggc      720
tgtattttga catatcggga tgggtttaac gtgagtataa tgtataatct cactgtcttg      780
ggtcttgagc cacctacgcc gctgacggtg tacgcgggag ccggcagccg ggttggtctg      840
ccctgcaggc tgcctgcagg agtcgggaca aggtcattcc ttacagcaaa gtggaccccg      900
ccagggtggg ggcccagact ccttgtaacg ggagataatg gagatttcac tctgagactt      960
gaggatgtct ctcaagctca ggctgggact tatacatgtc acattcactt gcaagaacag      1020
cagttgaatg cgacggttac cctggctatc ataacagtaa cacctaaatc tttcggtagt      1080
ccgggtagcc tgggcaaaact gttgtgtgag gtaaccccg tgcagggtca agagcggttc      1140
gtctggagct cattggacac tccctcacag cgatccttta gcggaccctg gctcgaagcc      1200

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

caagaagccc	agctgctttc	ccaacatgg	cagtgtcaac	tctatcaggg	tgagcgccctt	1260
ctcgggtg	ctgtctactt	caccgaattg	tcctctccgg	gagcgcaaag	aagtggacgc	1320
gccccagggg	ccctcccggc	aggacacctt	tgtcccagcc	ctctgtttcc	cggccctagc	1380
aagcctttct	gggtgctggg	gggtggtcgga	ggcgtgctgg	cctgctacag	cctgctgggc	1440
accgtggcct	tcatcatctt	ttgggtccgc	agcaagcgga	gcagaggcgg	ccacagcgac	1500
tacatgaaca	tgacccttag	acggcctggc	cccaccagaa	agcactacca	gccctacgcc	1560
cctccccggg	actttgccgc	ctacagaagc				1590

<210> 164

<211> 530

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huLag3-CD28Cys

<400> 164

Met	Trp	Glu	Ala	Gln	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Trp
1				5				10					15		
Val	Ala	Pro	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Pro	Val	Val
			20					25					30		
Trp	Ala	Gln	Glu	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Leu	Pro	Cys	Ser	Pro	Thr	Ile
		35				40					45				
Pro	Leu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gly	Val	Thr	Trp	Gln
	50				55					60					
His	Gln	Pro	Asp	Ser	Gly	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ala	Pro	Gly	His	Pro	Leu
65					70				75						80
Ala	Pro	Gly	Pro	His	Pro	Ala	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Trp	Gly	Pro	Arg	Pro
				85				90						95	
Arg	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Val	Leu	Ser	Val	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Gly
			100					105					110		
Arg	Leu	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Arg	Val	Gln	Leu	Asp	Glu	Arg	Gly	Arg	Gln
	115					120					125				
Arg	Gly	Asp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Pro	Ala	Arg	Arg	Ala	Asp	Ala
	130					135					140				
Gly	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Ala	Val	His	Leu	Arg	Asp	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ser	Cys
145					150					155					160
Arg	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ser	Met	Thr	Ala	Ser	Pro	Pro
			165					170						175	
Gly	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asp	Trp	Val	Ile	Leu	Asn	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser
		180						185					190		
Arg	Pro	Asp	Arg	Pro	Ala	Ser	Val	His	Trp	Phe	Arg	Asn	Arg	Gly	Gln
	195						200					205			
Gly	Arg	Val	Pro	Val	Arg	Glu	Ser	Pro	His	His	His	Leu	Ala	Glu	Ser
	210					215					220				
Phe	Leu	Phe	Leu	Pro	Gln	Val	Ser	Pro	Met	Asp	Ser	Gly	Pro	Trp	Gly
225					230					235					240
Cys	Ile	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Gly	Phe	Asn	Val	Ser	Ile	Met	Tyr	Asn
			245						250					255	
Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	Leu	Thr	Val	Tyr	Ala
		260						265					270		
Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Arg	Val	Gly	Leu	Pro	Cys	Arg	Leu	Pro	Ala	Gly	Val
		275					280					285			
Gly	Thr	Arg	Ser	Phe	Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Thr	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gly
	290					295					300				
Pro	Asp	Leu	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Asp	Phe	Thr	Leu	Arg	Leu
305					310					315					320
Glu	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Ile	His
				325					330					335	
Leu	Gln	Glu	Gln	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ala	Thr	Val	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ile	Ile	Thr
			340					345					350		
Val	Thr	Pro	Lys	Ser	Phe	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Leu
		355					360					365			

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Val Ser Gly Gln Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Ser Ser
 370 375 380
 Leu Asp Thr Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Phe Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Gln Glu Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Cys Gln Leu Tyr Gln
 405 410 415
 Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Tyr Phe Thr Glu Leu Ser Ser
 420 425 430
 Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Ser Gly Arg Ala Pro Gly Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly
 435 440 445
 His Leu Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp
 450 455 460
 Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val
 465 470 475 480
 Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly
 485 490 495
 Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr
 500 505 510
 Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr
 515 520 525
 Arg Ser
 530

<210> 165
 <211> 792
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huTim3tm-CD28

<400> 165
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 tcaagcgaag tagagtaccg ggcggaagta ggtcagaacg catatctccc ctgtttttac 120
 acaccgctg cgccgggaaa cctgggtccc gtgtgttggg gaaagggggc atgccctgtt 180
 ttcgagtgtg gcaacgtggt cctccggacg gatgagcgag acgtgaatta ttggacgagc 240
 agatattggt tgaatggcga ttttagaaaag ggtgatgtga gcttgaccat tgagaatgta 300
 acgcttgctg atagcgggat atattgctgt agaattcaaa tccctggtat aatgaacgac 360
 gaaaaattca atctgaagct ggtaattaag ccggccaagg tgacacccgc cccgacacga 420
 cagcgcgact tcacggctgc ctttccacgc atgttgacca caagggggaca tgggtccagcg 480
 gagacccaga cacttggtag cctcccggac ataaacctca cacaaatatt cactgtggcg 540
 aacgagctcc gagattccag gcttgcgaaat gacctgaggg attctggagc taccatcaga 600
 atcggtatct acataggtgc cgggatatgc gccggtctcg cacttgccctt gattttcggg 660
 gcactgattc gcagcaagcg gagcagagcg ggccacagcg actacatgaa catgaccctt 720
 agacggcctg gccccaccag aaagcactac cagccctacg cccctccccg ggactttgcc 780
 gcctacagaa gc 792

<210> 166
 <211> 264
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huTim3tm-CD28

<400> 166
 Met Phe Ser His Leu Pro Phe Asp Cys Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Arg Ala Glu Val Gly Gln
 20 25 30
 Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Phe Tyr Thr Pro Ala Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu
 35 40 45
 Val Pro Val Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Ala Cys Pro Val Phe Glu Cys Gly

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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50      55      60
Asn Val Val Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asp Val Asn Tyr Trp Thr Ser
65      70      75      80
Arg Tyr Trp Leu Asn Gly Asp Phe Arg Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu Thr
85      90      95
Ile Glu Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Cys Cys Arg Ile
100     105     110
Gln Ile Pro Gly Ile Met Asn Asp Glu Lys Phe Asn Leu Lys Leu Val
115     120     125
Ile Lys Pro Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Arg Gln Arg Asp Phe
130     135     140
Thr Ala Ala Phe Pro Arg Met Leu Thr Thr Arg Gly His Gly Pro Ala
145     150     155     160
Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Gly Ser Leu Pro Asp Ile Asn Leu Thr Gln Ile
165     170     175
Ser Thr Leu Ala Asn Glu Leu Arg Asp Ser Arg Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu
180     185     190
Arg Asp Ser Gly Ala Thr Ile Arg Ile Gly Ile Tyr Ile Gly Ala Gly
195     200     205
Ile Cys Ala Gly Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ile Phe Gly Ala Leu Ile Arg
210     215     220
Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro
225     230     235     240
Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro
245     250     255
Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
260

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<210> 167

<211> 606

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huTim3 ectodomain

<400> 167

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atgttctccc atcttccctt cgactgtgtg ttgctccttc tcctcctgct tctcaccggt      60
tcaagcgaag tagagtaccg ggcggaagta ggtcagaacg catatctccc ctgtttttac      120
acacccgctg cgccgggaaa cctggttccc gtgtgttggg gaaagggggc atgccctgtt      180
ttcgagtgtg gcaacgtggt cctccggacg gatgagcgag acgtgaatta ttggacgagc      240
agatatgtgt tgaatggcga ttttagaaaag ggtgatgtga gcttgaccat tgagaaatga      300
acgcttgctg atagcgggat atattgctgt agaattcaaa tccctggtat aatgaacgac      360
gaaaaattca atctgaagct ggtaattaag ccggccaagg tgacacccgc cccgacacga      420
cagcgcgact tcacggctgc ctttccacgc atgttgacca caagggggaca tgggtccagcg      480
gagacccaga cacttggtag cctcccggac ataaacctca cacaaatatc cacgttggcg      540
aacgagctcc gagattccag gcttgcgaat gacctgaggg attctggagc taccatcaga      600
atcgggt
606

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<210> 168

<211> 202

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huTim3 ectodomain

<400> 168

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Met Phe Ser His Leu Pro Phe Asp Cys Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu
1      5      10      15
Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Arg Ala Glu Val Gly Gln
20      25      30
Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Phe Tyr Thr Pro Ala Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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      35      40      45
Val Pro Val Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Ala Cys Pro Val Phe Glu Cys Gly
      50      55      60
Asn Val Val Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asp Val Asn Tyr Trp Thr Ser
      65      70      75      80
Arg Tyr Trp Leu Asn Gly Asp Phe Arg Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu Thr
      85      90      95
Ile Glu Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Cys Cys Arg Ile
      100      105      110
Gln Ile Pro Gly Ile Met Asn Asp Glu Lys Phe Asn Leu Lys Leu Val
      115      120      125
Ile Lys Pro Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Arg Gln Arg Asp Phe
      130      135      140
Thr Ala Ala Phe Pro Arg Met Leu Thr Thr Arg Gly His Gly Pro Ala
      145      150      155      160
Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Gly Ser Leu Pro Asp Ile Asn Leu Thr Gln Ile
      165      170      175
Ser Thr Leu Ala Asn Glu Leu Arg Asp Ser Arg Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu
      180      185      190
Arg Asp Ser Gly Ala Thr Ile Arg Ile Gly
      195      200

```

<210> 169
 <211> 63
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huTim3 transmembrane

<400> 169
 atctacatag gtgccgggat atgcgccggt ctcgcacttg ccttgatttt cggggcactg 60
 att 63

<210> 170
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huTim3 transmembrane

<400> 170
 Ile Tyr Ile Gly Ala Gly Ile Cys Ala Gly Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Phe Gly Ala Leu Ile
 20

<210> 171
 <211> 810
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huTim3-CD28tm

<400> 171
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 tcaagcgaag tagagtaccg ggcggaagta ggtcagaacg catactctcc ctgtttttac 120
 acacccgctg cgccgggaaa cctgggttccc gtgtgttggg gaaagggggc atgccctgtt 180
 ttcgagtgtg gcaacgtggt cctccggacg gatgagcgag acgtgaatta ttggacgagc 240
 agatattggt tgaatggcga ttttagaaaag ggtgatgtga gcttgaccat tgagaatgta 300
 acgcttgctg atagcgggat atattgctgt agaattcaaa tccctgggtat aatgaacgac 360

360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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gaaaaattca atctgaagct ggtaattaag ccggccaagg tgacacccgc cccgacacga 420
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gagacccaga cacttggttag cctcccggac ataaacctca cacaaatatc cacgttggcg 540
aacgagctcc gagattccag gcttgcgaaat gacctgaggg attctggagc taccatcaga 600
atcggtttct ggggtgctgg ggtggtcgga ggcgtgctgg cctgctacag cctgctggtc 660
accgtggcct tcatcatctt ttgggtccgc agcaagcgga gcagaggcgg ccacagcgac 720
tacatgaaca tgacccttag acggcctggc cccaccagaa agcactacca gccctacgcc 780
cctccccggg actttgccgc ctacagaagc 810

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<210> 172

<211> 270

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huTim3-CD28tm

<400> 172

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Met Phe Ser His Leu Pro Phe Asp Cys Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu
1      5      10      15
Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Arg Ala Glu Val Gly Gln
20     25     30
Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Phe Tyr Thr Pro Ala Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu
35     40     45
Val Pro Val Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Ala Cys Pro Val Phe Glu Cys Gly
50     55     60
Asn Val Val Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asp Val Asn Tyr Trp Thr Ser
65     70     75     80
Arg Tyr Trp Leu Asn Gly Asp Phe Arg Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu Thr
85     90     95
Ile Glu Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Cys Cys Arg Ile
100    105    110
Gln Ile Pro Gly Ile Met Asn Asp Glu Lys Phe Asn Leu Lys Leu Val
115    120    125
Ile Lys Pro Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Arg Gln Arg Asp Phe
130    135    140
Thr Ala Ala Phe Pro Arg Met Leu Thr Thr Arg Gly His Gly Pro Ala
145    150    155    160
Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Gly Ser Leu Pro Asp Ile Asn Leu Thr Gln Ile
165    170    175
Ser Thr Leu Ala Asn Glu Leu Arg Asp Ser Arg Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu
180    185    190
Arg Asp Ser Gly Ala Thr Ile Arg Ile Gly Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val
195    200    205
Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe
210    215    220
Ile Ile Phe Trp Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp
225    230    235    240
Tyr Met Asn Met Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr
245    250    255
Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
260    265    270

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<210> 173

<211> 846

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huTim3-CD28Cys

<400> 173

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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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acacccgctg cgccgggaaa cctgggtccc gtgtgttggg gaaagggggc atgccctgtt 180
ttcgagtgtg gcaacgtggt cctccggacg gatgagcgag acgtgaatta ttggacgagc 240
agataattggt tgaatggcga ttttagaaaag ggtgatgtga gcttgaccat tgagaatgta 300
acgcttgctg atagcgggat atattgctgt agaattcaaa tccctggtat aatgaacgac 360
gaaaaaattca atctgaagct ggtaattaag ccggccaagg tgacacccgc cccgacacga 420
cagcgcgact tcacggctgc ctttccacgc atgttgacca caagggggaca tgggccagcg 480
gagacccaga cacttggtag cctcccggac ataaacctca cacaaatata cacgttggcg 540
aacgagctcc gagattccag gcttgcgaaat gacctgaggg attctggagc taccatcaga 600
atcggttgtc ccagccctct gtttcccggc cctagcaagc ctttctgggt gctggtggtg 660
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gtccgcagca agcggagcag aggcggccac agcgactaca tgaacatgac ccctagacgg 780
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<210> 174

<211> 282

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huTim3-CD28Cys

<400> 174

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 20      25      30
Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Phe Tyr Thr Pro Ala Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu
 35      40      45
Val Pro Val Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Ala Cys Pro Val Phe Glu Cys Gly
 50      55      60
Asn Val Val Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asp Val Asn Tyr Trp Thr Ser
 65      70      75      80
Arg Tyr Trp Leu Asn Gly Asp Phe Arg Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu Thr
 85      90      95
Ile Glu Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Cys Cys Arg Ile
100      105      110
Gln Ile Pro Gly Ile Met Asn Asp Glu Lys Phe Asn Leu Lys Leu Val
115      120      125
Ile Lys Pro Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Arg Gln Arg Asp Phe
130      135      140
Thr Ala Ala Phe Pro Arg Met Leu Thr Thr Arg Gly His Gly Pro Ala
145      150      155      160
Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Gly Ser Leu Pro Asp Ile Asn Leu Thr Gln Ile
165      170      175
Ser Thr Leu Ala Asn Glu Leu Arg Asp Ser Arg Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu
180      185      190
Arg Asp Ser Gly Ala Thr Ile Arg Ile Gly Cys Pro Ser Pro Leu Phe
195      200      205
Pro Gly Pro Ser Lys Pro Phe Trp Val Leu Val Val Val Gly Gly Val
210      215      220
Leu Ala Cys Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Thr Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Phe Trp
225      230      235      240
Val Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly His Ser Asp Tyr Met Asn Met
245      250      255
Thr Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Pro Thr Arg Lys His Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala
260      265      270
Pro Pro Arg Asp Phe Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ser
275      280

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<210> 175

<211> 810

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<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huTim3-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 175

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acacccgctg	cgccgggaaa	cctgggtccc	gtgtgttggg	gaaagggggc	atgccctgtt	180
ttcgagtgtg	gcaacgtggt	cctccggacg	gatgagcgag	acgtgaatta	ttggacgagc	240
agatattggt	tgaatggcga	ttttagaaaag	ggatgatgtga	gcttgaccat	tgagaatgta	300
acgcttgctg	atagcgggat	atattgctgt	agaattcaaa	tccctgggat	aatgaacgac	360
gaaaaattca	atctgaagct	ggtaattaag	ccggccaagg	tgacacccgc	cccgcacaga	420
cagcgcgact	tcacggctgc	ctttccacgc	atgttgacca	caaggggaca	tggtccagcg	480
gagacccaga	cacttggtag	cctcccgac	ataaacctca	cacaaatata	cacgttggcg	540
aacgagctcc	gagattccag	gcttgcgaat	tgtcccagcc	ctctgtttcc	cggccctagc	600
aagcctttct	gggtgctggt	ggtggtcggg	ggcgtgctgg	cctgctacag	cctgctggtc	660
accgtggcct	tcatcatcct	ttgggtccgc	agcaagcgga	gcagaggcgg	ccacagcgac	720
tacatgaaca	tgacccttag	acggcctggc	cccaccagaa	agcactacca	gccctacgcc	780
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<210> 176

<211> 270

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huTim3-12aas-CD28Cys

<400> 176

Met	Phe	Ser	His	Leu	Pro	Phe	Asp	Cys	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	
1				5					10					15		
Leu	Leu	Thr	Arg	Ser	Ser	Glu	Val	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Glu	Val	Gly	Gln	
			20					25					30			
Asn	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Cys	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ala	Pro	Gly	Asn	Leu	
		35					40					45				
Val	Pro	Val	Cys	Trp	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ala	Cys	Pro	Val	Phe	Glu	Cys	Gly	
	50					55					60					
Asn	Val	Val	Leu	Arg	Thr	Asp	Glu	Arg	Asp	Val	Asn	Tyr	Trp	Thr	Ser	
65				70					75					80		
Arg	Tyr	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Phe	Arg	Lys	Gly	Asp	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	
			85					90					95			
Ile	Glu	Asn	Val	Thr	Leu	Ala	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Cys	Cys	Arg	Ile	
		100					105					110				
Gln	Ile	Pro	Gly	Ile	Met	Asn	Asp	Glu	Lys	Phe	Asn	Leu	Lys	Leu	Val	
		115				120					125					
Ile	Lys	Pro	Ala	Lys	Val	Thr	Pro	Ala	Pro	Thr	Arg	Gln	Arg	Asp	Phe	
	130				135						140					
Thr	Ala	Ala	Phe	Pro	Arg	Met	Leu	Thr	Thr	Arg	Gly	His	Gly	Pro	Ala	
145				150					155					160		
Glu	Thr	Gln	Thr	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Pro	Asp	Ile	Asn	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ile	
			165					170						175		
Ser	Thr	Leu	Ala	Asn	Glu	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ser	Arg	Leu	Ala	Asn	Cys	Pro	
		180					185					190				
Ser	Pro	Leu	Phe	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ser	Lys	Pro	Phe	Trp	Val	Leu	Val	Val	
		195				200						205				
Val	Gly	Gly	Val	Leu	Ala	Cys	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ala	Phe	
	210				215					220						
Ile	Ile	Phe	Trp	Val	Arg	Ser	Lys	Arg	Ser	Arg	Gly	Gly	His	Ser	Asp	
225				230				235						240		
Tyr	Met	Asn	Met	Thr	Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Gly	Pro	Thr	Arg	Lys	His	Tyr	
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360056_433WO_SEQUENCE_LISTING.txt

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 260 265 270

<210> 177
 <211> 570
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

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 <223> huTim3-12aas

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 acacccgctg cgccgggaaa cctgggtccc gtgtgttggg gaaagggggc atgccctgtt 180
 ttcgagtgtg gcaacgtggt cctccggacg gatgagcgag acgtgaatta ttggacgagc 240
 agatattggt tgaatggcga ttttagaaag ggtgatgtga gcttgaccat tgagaatgta 300
 acgcttgctg atagcgggat atattgctgt agaattcaaa tccctgggat aatgaacgac 360
 gaaaaattca atctgaagct ggtaattaag ccggccaagg tgacacccgc cccgacacga 420
 cagcgcgact tcacggctgc cttccacgc atgttgacca caaggggaca tgggccagcg 480
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<210> 178
 <211> 190
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huTim3-12aas

<400> 178
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 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Arg Ala Glu Val Gly Gln
 20 25 30
 Asn Ala Tyr Leu Pro Cys Phe Tyr Thr Pro Ala Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu
 35 40 45
 Val Pro Val Cys Trp Gly Lys Gly Ala Cys Pro Val Phe Glu Cys Gly
 50 55 60
 Asn Val Val Leu Arg Thr Asp Glu Arg Asp Val Asn Tyr Trp Thr Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Tyr Trp Leu Asn Gly Asp Phe Arg Lys Gly Asp Val Ser Leu Thr
 85 90 95
 Ile Glu Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Ile Tyr Cys Cys Arg Ile
 100 105 110
 Gln Ile Pro Gly Ile Met Asn Asp Glu Lys Phe Asn Leu Lys Leu Val
 115 120 125
 Ile Lys Pro Ala Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Arg Gln Arg Asp Phe
 130 135 140
 Thr Ala Ala Phe Pro Arg Met Leu Thr Thr Arg Gly His Gly Pro Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Thr Gln Thr Leu Gly Ser Leu Pro Asp Ile Asn Leu Thr Gln Ile
 165 170 175
 Ser Thr Leu Ala Asn Glu Leu Arg Asp Ser Arg Leu Ala Asn
 180 185 190