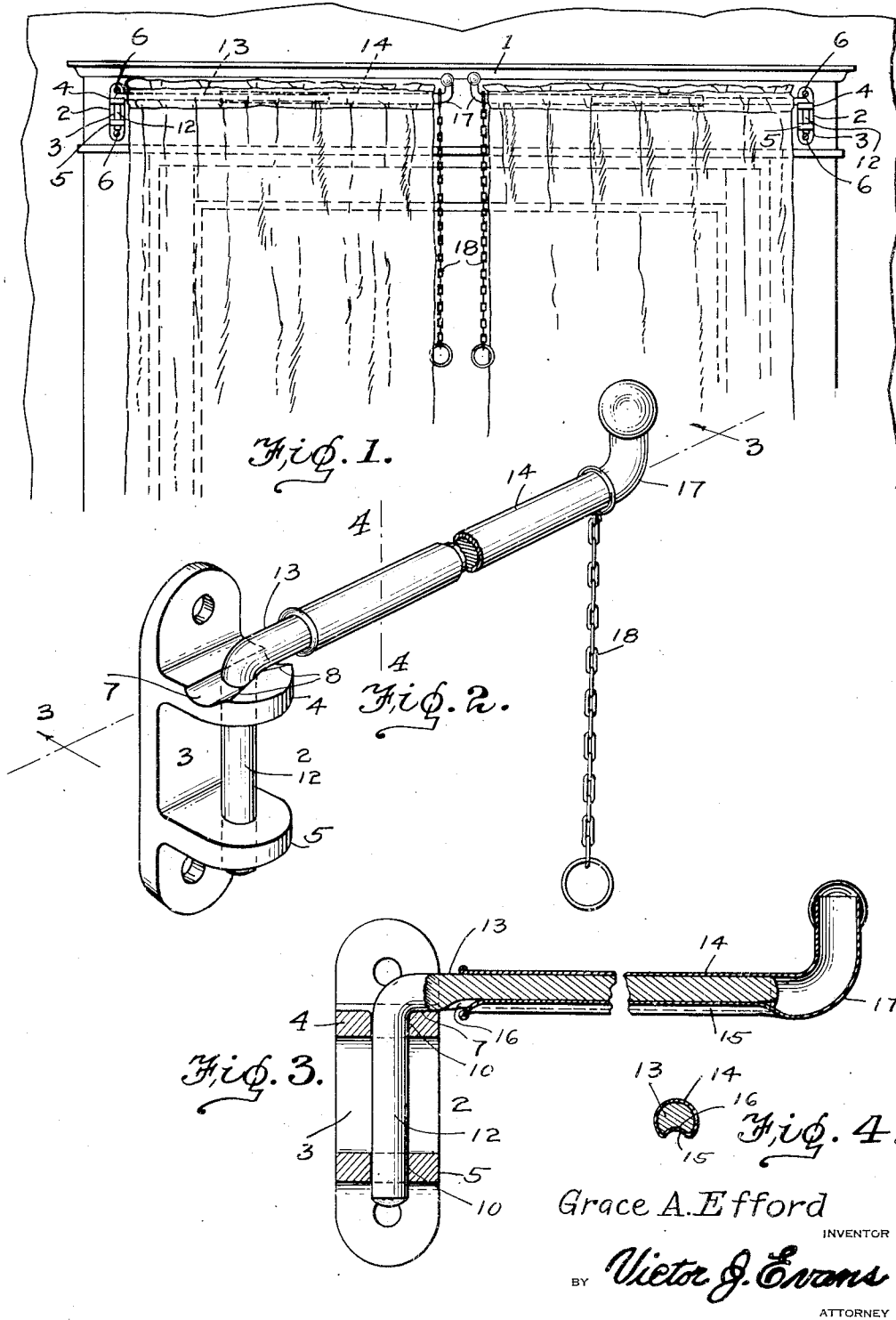


1,435,110.

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Grace A. Efford

INVENTOR

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GRACE A. EFFORD, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

CURTAIN HOLDER.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GRACE A. EFFORD, a subject of the King of Great Britain, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented new and useful Improvements in Curtain Holders, of which the following is a specification.

This invention has reference to drapery supporting means for window casings.

10 An object is to produce a drapery support comprising two independent members, each supporting one half or section of a drapery or curtain, and each being pivoted to one side of the window casing whereby either or
15 both of said members may be independently swung away from the casing so that free access may be obtained to the casing and sashes proclaiming the same.

A further object is to provide swinging
20 drapery supports, each comprising a longitudinally adjustable member, and each having means for sustaining both members in confronting alignment as well as means for sustaining the same when swung away from
25 each other to allow free access to the casing and sashes.

A still further object of the invention is to produce a drapery support for window casings that shall be of a simple construction, cheap to manufacture, easily applied to the
30 window casing, and one which will effectively support a drapery in align with the window casing to bring the drapery there-against, and in align with the said window
35 casing to bring the drapery away from the casing and permit free access to the casing and sashes carried thereby.

The foregoing objects, and others which will appear as the nature of the invention
40 is better understood, may be accomplished by a construction, combination and operative arrangement of parts such as is disclosed by the drawings.

In the drawings:—

45 Figure 1 is a perspective view illustrating the application of the improvement.

Figure 2 is a similar view of one of the parts constituting the improvement removed from the casing.

50 Figure 3 is a detail sectional view approximately on the line 3—3 of Figure 2.

Figure 4 is a similar sectional view approximately on the line 4—4 of Figure 2.

It will be understood from the following
55 description that two of my improved drapery supporting devices may be applied

to each side of the window casing, the same being so proportioned that one will be disposed outward of the other, whereby two draperies, such as a lace curtain, and an
60 outer drapery may be attached to the same casing. However, in the drawings I have disclosed but one of my devices, applied to each side of the casing 1.

My improvement contemplates the em-
65 ployment of brackets 2, one as stated, to be attached to each side of the casing 1. Each of the brackets 2 includes a body plate 3 having upper and lower outstanding lugs 4 and 5 respectively. The plate 3, outward
70 of the lugs has transverse openings there-through for the reception of securing elements 6. Both of the lugs 4 and 5 have aligned openings and the said openings are round. The upper lug 4 is provided with a
75 transverse concaved depression or channel 7 which intersets the referred to round opening. Preferably, but not necessarily, the outer wall of the channel 7 at the sides of the lug 4 is beveled as at 8.
80

The round openings in the lugs, indicated by the numerals 10 are designed to receive
therethrough and provide guide bearings for the inner angle arms 12 of the rods 13. The rods are round in cross-section and are of a
85 size to be snugly received in the channels 7 of the brackets. It will be apparent that when the rods 13 are swung over the face of the casing the said rods will be supported by the bearings afforded by the channels in
90 align with the inner casing and with the sashes carried thereby. It will be further apparent that the rods 13 are susceptible to the outward swinging and that when the same are brought into the opposite portion
95 of the channel 7 than that occupied when arranged against the inner casing the said rods will be supported in such position. The bevelled corners 8 permit of the outward movement of the rods, as will, that to be
100 understood.

On the outer ends of the rods 13 are telescopic extensions 14. The members 14 are provided with notches that form in-
turned lugs 15 which are received in grooves
105 16 in the rods 13. The outer ends of the sections 14 are upturned or may be provided with notches as indicated by the numerals 17, and preferably said ends of the extensions have depending ornamented chain elements
110 18 secured thereto.

It is, of course to be understood that the

drapery is arranged over the rods 13 and their extensions 14. Each of the rods having the telescopic extensions permits of the arrangement of my device upon window casings of varying widths. The chains 18 allow the operator to swing the rods on the brackets and when the same are positioned in the channels 7, as heretofore mentioned, free access may be obtained to the casing and to the sashes carried thereby so that the casing and sashes may be cleaned.

Having thus described the invention, what I claim is:—

A curtain holder comprising a bracket, an

angle rod rotatably supported by said bracket and comprising a horizontally disposed supporting arm having a groove extending longitudinally thereof, and a tubular extension member presenting a smooth exterior telescoping on said arm and provided with a longitudinally extending in-
struck portion fitting in said groove to prevent relative rotary movement of the extension member and arm, the free end of said extension member being angularly disposed to the main portion thereof.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

GRACE A. EFFORD.