

W. H. BROWNING.
 HUMIDOR.
 APPLICATION FILED MAY 10, 1911.

1,017,379.

Patented Feb. 13, 1912.

Fig. 1

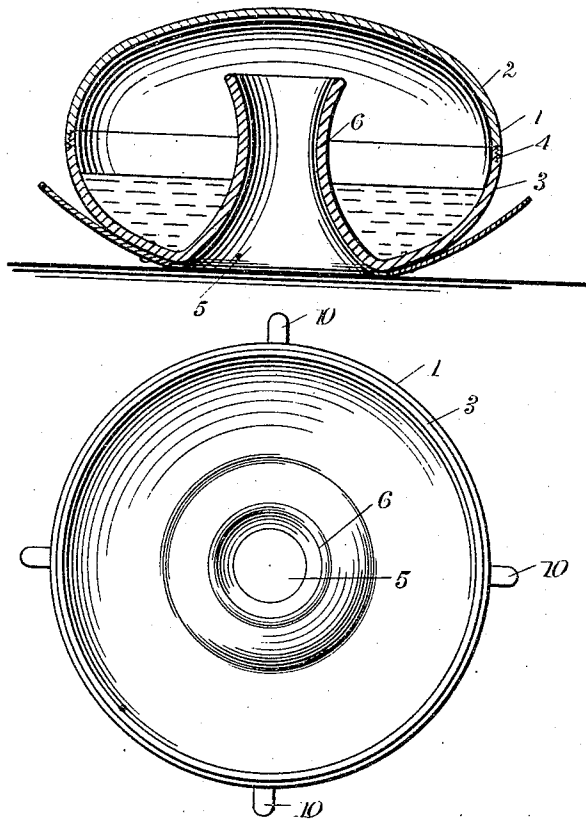


Fig. 2

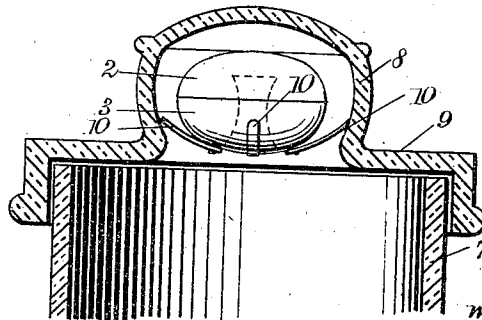


Fig. 3

WITNESSES
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM HULL BROWNING, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

HUMIDOR.

1,017,379.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 13, 1912.

Application filed May 10, 1911. Serial No. 626,305.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM H. BROWNING, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, borough of Manhattan, in the county and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Humidor, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to a new and improved humidor adapted to be used to contain water for moistening cigars in cigar jars and the like, and also adapted to contain cologne, perfume or the like, to be placed in a chiffonnier with apparel, to impart thereto a delicate scent, and is an improvement of the construction disclosed in a Patent No. 839,720, granted to me December 25, 1906.

An object of this invention is to provide a new and improved humidor, preferably composed of a plurality of sections of any suitable material, such as sheet metal, detachably connected together and so formed that when liquid is once inserted therein, it will not readily come out by accident, and yet will have a sufficient outlet passage whereby any of the liquid evaporating can pass from the receptacle and moisten cigars or perfume clothing.

A further object of this invention is to provide a humidor of a simple and inexpensive structure, which will be strong and durable, and which may be provided with means for retaining it in position in the cover of a cigar jar.

These and further objects, together with the construction and combination of parts, will be more fully described hereinafter and particularly set forth in the claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the views, and in which—

Figure 1 is a vertical section through the container; Fig. 2 is a top plan view, with one section removed; and Fig. 3 is a vertical section through a cigar jar, showing my container in position.

Referring more particularly to the separate parts of this invention as embodied in the form shown in the drawings, 1 indicates a container, which may be of any suitable material, but preferably is formed of sheet-metal, and comprises a plurality of sections 2 and 3 detachably secured together in any

suitable manner, as by means of a screw-threaded connection 4. The container as a whole may be oval or spherical in shape. One of the sections in this case, indicated at 3, is provided with a passage 5, whereby a liquid may be poured into the container, and further, whereby the moisture from the liquid in the container, or the perfume therefrom, can come out gradually. A peculiar thing to be noted about this passage is that it is formed from a spool-shaped tube 6, which flares in both directions from an intermediate point and extends well up into the other section 2 of the container. It will be seen from this structure that when a relatively small quantity of liquid is once poured into the container, it will be very difficult for it to pass bodily out through the passage 5, no matter in what position the container is laid, as the open end of the tube 6 located within the container, is disposed out of contact with the sides of the container, and suspended, so to speak, in space within the container.

The container as thus described can be utilized to perfume the clothing in a chiffonnier, by simply putting some perfume into the container and allowing it to roll about or remain stationary, as may happen, within one of the drawers of the chiffonnier. The device can be further used, as illustrated in Fig. 3, to moisten the contents of a tobacco or cigar jar, indicated at 7, by supporting the same in the dome 8 usually found on the cover 9 of such jars. In this instance, the container may be held in position in the dome 8 by providing one or more springs 10, which in this case are shown in the form of radiating spring arms, for engaging the inner sides of the dome 8 and supporting the container removably in position.

As will be seen by reference to the drawings, the construction illustrated wherein the tube 6 is projected above the edge of the section 3 insures against the accident of overfilling or filling the section 3, when the cover section 2 is removed, to a point where it is in danger of overflowing through the tube 6. In a container of the character described, where the sides are not transparent, the advantage of such a construction, is obvious.

It will thus be seen that there is provided a simple and efficient container which will hold a liquid without danger of its coming out bodily, no matter in what position the

container is placed, and which will still permit the evaporations from the liquid to pass from the container gradually, either for the purpose of scenting garments, or for the purpose of moistening cigars, tobacco, or the like.

While I have shown one embodiment of my invention, I do not wish to be limited to the specific details thereof, but desire to be protected in various changes, alterations and modifications which may come within the scope of the appended claims.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent:—

1. A humidor of the character described, comprising a shallow saucer-like section having a centrally disposed upturned open-ended tubular extension, the end of said extension being above the edge of said saucer-like section; a separable cover section for said saucer-like section; and yielding supports for said humidor permanently attached thereto and extended from the periphery thereof.

2. A humidor of the character described, comprising a shallow saucer-like section having a centrally disposed upturned open-

ended tubular extension, the end of said extension being above the edge of said saucer-like section; a separable cover section for said saucer-like section; and a plurality of supporting springs rigidly connected with said humidor and extended beyond the periphery thereof to engage in holding relation the walls of a receptacle in which the humidor is to be placed.

3. A humidor of the character described, comprising a saucer-like section having an upturned open-ended tubular extension to form an open passage in said section opening above and below the liquid contained therein; a removable solid cover section to seal said saucer-like section; and means for supporting said saucer-like section to permit the passage of air from within the said sections downward through the passage of said tubular extension.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

WILLIAM HULL BROWNING.

Witnesses:

HENRY C. STEIN,
C. C. BENEDICT.