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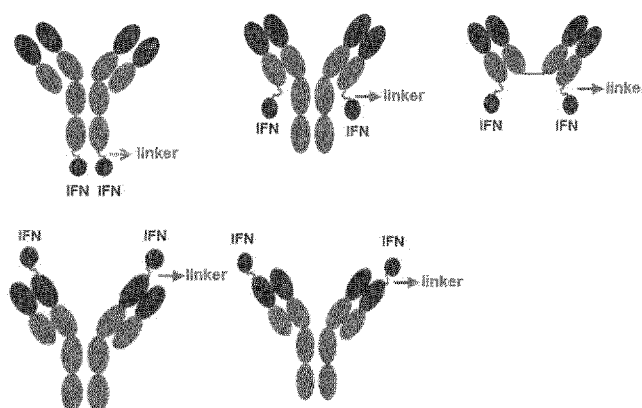
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(54) Title: INTERFERON-ASSOCIATED ANTIGEN BINDING PROTEINS FOR USE IN TREATING HEPATITIS B INFECTION

Fig.1



(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to novel interferon-associated antigen binding proteins as well as nucleic acids and expression vectors encoding such interferon-associated antigen binding proteins for use in therapy, more particularly for use in treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection. The present invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising such interferon-associated antigen binding proteins or nucleic acids or expression vectors for use in therapy, more particularly for use in treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection. The present invention further provides methods of treatment using such interferon-associated antigen binding proteins or nucleic acids or expression vectors or pharmaceutical compositions. Said novel interferon-associated antigen binding proteins afford beneficial improvements over the current state of the art, for example in that they effectively disrupt viral replication and thereby reduce HBV viral load.



**Interferon-associated antigen binding proteins for use in treating hepatitis B infection.**

**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

5        [0001] The present invention relates to novel interferon-associated antigen binding proteins as well as nucleic acids and expression vectors encoding such interferon-associated antigen binding proteins for use in therapy, more particularly for use in treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection. The present invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising such interferon-associated antigen binding  
10        proteins or nucleic acids or expression vectors for use in therapy, more particularly for use in treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection. The present invention further provides methods of treatment using such interferon-associated antigen binding proteins or nucleic acids or expression vectors or pharmaceutical compositions. Said novel interferon-associated antigen binding proteins afford beneficial improvements  
15        over the current state of the art, for example in that they effectively disrupt viral replication and thereby reduce HBV viral load.

**BACKGROUND**

20        [0002] HBV infects more than 300 million people worldwide and is a common cause of liver disease and liver cancer (Liang (2009) Hepatology 49:S13). HBV is a small DNA virus with unusual features similar to retroviruses, which replicates through an RNA intermediate (pre-genomic RNA, pgRNA) and can integrate into the host genome. The unique features of the HBV replication cycle confer a distinct ability of the virus to persist in infected cells. HBV infection leads to a wide spectrum of liver  
25        disease ranging from acute (including fulminant hepatic failure) to chronic hepatitis, cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma. Acute HBV infection can be either asymptomatic or present with symptomatic acute hepatitis. 90-95% of children and 5-10% of adults infected with HBV are unable to clear the virus and become chronically infected. Many chronically infected persons have mild liver disease with  
30        little or no long-term morbidity or mortality. Other individuals with chronic HBV

infection develop active disease, which can progress to cirrhosis and liver cancer. These patients require careful monitoring and warrant therapeutic intervention.

[0003] Novel methods for treating HBV infection by modulating HBV infection in a cell are needed. In particular, methods for effectively disrupting viral replication, reducing HBV viral load of HBV-infected cells, reducing transcription of covalently closed circular HBV DNA in HBV-infected cells, and/or reducing the amount of pre-genomic HBV RNA in HBV-infected cells are needed.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] The invention relates to an interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprising (I) an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, and (II) an Interferon (IFN) or a functional fragment thereof for use in treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection.

[0005] According to this aspect of the invention, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof may comprise (a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 56, a CDRH2 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a CDRH3 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 58; and (b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 53, and a CDRL3 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 54. Alternatively, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof may comprise (a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 56, a CDRH2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a CDRH3 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 58; and (b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 53, and a CDRL3 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 54.

[0006] According to one embodiment, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a light chain variable region  $V_L$  comprising the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 51, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain variable region  $V_H$  comprising the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 55, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

[0007] According to another embodiment, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49 and SEQ ID NO 48, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

[0008] According to a further embodiment, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof may be selected from the group consisting of a Type I IFN, a Type II IFN and a Type III IFN, or a functional fragment thereof. Preferably, the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof.

[0009] According to another embodiment, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ 2a, or a functional fragment thereof. According to a preferred embodiment, the IFN $\alpha$ 2a comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

[0010] According to another embodiment, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In a preferred embodiment, the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

[0011] According to another embodiment, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, preferably to the C-terminus.

[0012] According to a further embodiment, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, preferably to the C-terminus.

[0013] According to another embodiment, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, and the IFN or the functional fragment thereof, are fused to each other via a linker. In a preferred embodiment, the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 20, SEQ ID NO 21, SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO 26.

[0014] According to another embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising one of the sequence combinations disclosed in Table 9.

[0015] According to another embodiment, the use comprises administering the interferon-associated antigen binding protein to a subject in need thereof by means of genetic delivery with RNA or DNA sequences encoding the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a vector or vector system encoding the interferon-associated antigen binding protein.

[0016] According to yet another embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is comprised in a pharmaceutical composition.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0017] **Fig. 1:** This schematic drawing depicts exemplary interferon-associated antigen binding protein formats. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. IFNs are associated via linkers to different positions on the antibody or the antigen binding fragment thereof: N-terminal or C-terminal part of the light chain (LC) or the heavy chain (HC). In particular, IFNs are chosen from Type I, Type II and Type III interferon families.

[0018] **Fig. 2A** depicts an exemplary map of a pcDNA3.1 plasmid encoding SEQ ID NO 32 under the control of the pCMV promoter. The nucleic acid sequence encoding for SEQ ID NO 32 (SEQ ID NO 78) is also shown on the right. *Italic*: signal peptide sequence; **black color**: CP870,893 heavy chain coding sequence; underlined: HL linker coding sequence; **bold**: IFN $\beta$  coding sequence.

[0019] **Fig. 2B** shows examples of SDS PAGE in reduced conditions of some IFAs, with IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$  fused either at the heavy chain or the light chain. Migration of the parental CP870,893 is also shown on the left.

5 [0020] **Fig. 3A-3B** graphically depict a dose dependent effect of a number of IFA molecules with IFN $\beta$  fusions on activating the CD40-mediated NF $\kappa$ B pathway reporter assay in HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells. **Fig. 3A** shows examples of anti-CD40 activities for IFAs with IFN $\beta$  fused to the C-terminal part of the heavy chain (HC). **Fig. 3B** shows examples of anti-CD40 activities for IFAs with IFN $\beta$  fused to the N-terminal part of the LC (IFA34) or the HC (IFA36) and the corresponding fusions on  
10 the C-terminal part (IFA35 and IFA37). Purification yield of the latter group of IFAs was very low, thus to test their activity, the supernatants from HEK transfected cells were used and serially diluted to evaluate the anti-CD40 activity on HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells.

15 [0021] **Fig. 3C-3D** graphically depict a dose dependent effect of a number of IFA molecules with IFN $\beta$  fusions on activating the Type I IFN- pathway in reporter HEK-Blue-IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells. **Fig. 3C** shows examples of IFN activity for IFAs with IFN $\beta$  fused to the C-terminal part of the HC. **Fig. 3D** shows examples of IFN activity for IFAs with IFN $\beta$  fused to the N-terminal part of the LC (IFA34) or the HC (IFA36) and the corresponding fusions on the C-terminal part (IFA35 and IFA37). The same  
20 supernatants from HEK transfected cells as in Fig. 3B were used and serially diluted to evaluate the IFN activity. Parental antibody CP870,893 was used as negative control and recombinant human IFN $\beta$  was used as positive control. NS: Non Stimulated.

25 [0022] **Fig. 4A** graphically depicts a dose effect of a number of IFA molecules with IFN $\alpha$  fusions on activating the CD40-mediated NF $\kappa$ B pathway reporter assay in HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells.

30 [0023] **Fig. 4B** graphically depicts a dose effect of a number of IFA molecules with IFN $\alpha$  fusions on activating the Type I IFN-mediated pathway in reporter HEK-Blue-IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells. The activity of Pegasys is indicated in the insert in the lower right corner.

[0024] **Fig. 4C** graphically depicts the effect of IFA molecules with IFN $\alpha$  fusions and HL linker on HC (IFA38) or LC (IFA39) on activating the CD40-mediated NF $\kappa$ B pathway reporter assay in HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells.

5 [0025] **Fig. 4D** graphically depicts the effect of IFA38 and IFA39 on activation of the Type I IFN-pathway in reporter HEK-Blue-IFN $\alpha/\beta$  cells.

[0026] **Fig. 5** depicts the effect of IFN $\beta$  based IFAs in a dose dependent manner on HBeAg release from primary hepatocytes infected with HBV. IFA1, IFA12: fusion of IFN $\beta$  to the C-terminus of LC via HL or RL linkers, respectively. IFA2 and IFA13: fusion of IFN $\beta$ \_C17S to the C-terminus of the LC via HL or RL linkers, respectively.

10 [0027] **Fig. 6A** depicts the effect of IFA25, IFA26 and IFA27 in a dose dependent manner on HBeAg release from primary human hepatocytes infected by HBV.

[0028] **Fig. 6B** depicts the effect of IFA28, IFA29 and IFA30 in a dose dependent manner on HBeAg release from primary human hepatocytes infected by HBV.

15 [0029] **Fig. 6C** depicts a dose response anti-viral activity (HBeAg release) of IFAs with HL linker (IFA38 and IFA39) on HBV-infected PHHs.

[0030] **Figs. 6D-6H** depict a dose response anti-viral activity of 4 IFAmolecules with fusion to IFN $\alpha$  via a peptide linker on primary human hepatocytes infected with HBV. **Fig. 6D**: Cartoon illustrating the study design. **Fig. 6E**: Effect of IFAs on HBeAg release in comparison to Pegasys. **Fig. 6F**: Effect of IFAs on HBsAg release  
20 in comparison to Pegasys. **Fig. 6G**: Effect of IFAs on pgRNA levels in comparison to Pegasys. **Fig. 6H**: Effect of IFAs on CXCL10 release in comparison to Pegasys.

[0031] **Fig. 7** depicts results from an *in vitro* Cytokines Release Assay of Human Whole Blood Cells (WBCs): Example of data obtained after stimulation of WBCs from 4 healthy volunteer donors. WBC were left Non-Stimulated (NS), treated with  
25 LPS (10 ng/mL) or with IFA1 (1  $\mu$ g/mL) for 24 h. Supernatants were collected and submitted to cytokines release quantification using the MSD u-Plex kit for human cytokines. Results represent the mean of two independent stimulations from each donor. The profile of CXCL10 (IP10), IL6, IL1 $\beta$  and TNF $\alpha$  are shown.

[0032] **Tables 11a-b**: These tables summarize data obtained after *in vitro* stimulation  
30 of whole blood cells (WBCs) obtained from healthy volunteers. Each IFA was tested

on WBCs from four different donors. WBCs were left Non-Treated (NT), treated with LPS (10 ng/mL) or with IFAs (1 µg/mL) for 24 h. Supernatants were collected and submitted to cytokines release quantification using the MSD u-Plex kit for human cytokines. Results represent the mean of two independent stimulations from each donor and are expressed in pg/mL (nd: not detected).

[0033] **Fig. 8:** Pharmacokinetic profile of IFA25, IFA26, IFA27, IFA28, IFA29, and IFA30 after 0.5 mg/kg (IFAs) or 0.3 mg/kg (Pegasys) intravenous bolus injection to mice. Data expressed as mean +/- SD on semi-logarithmic scale. Samples were collected up to 10 days after administration. ELISA assay using anti-IFN $\alpha$  as secondary antibody for quantification method was used for IFA27, IFA29 and IFA30 (**Fig. 8A**) and for IFA25, IFA26 and IFA28 (**Fig. 8B**). ELISA assay using anti-IgG2 as secondary antibody for quantification method was used for IFA25 and IFA27 (**Fig. 8C**). **Fig. 8D:** Pegasys quantification was done using human IFN $\alpha$  matched antibody pairs. The marked line (LLOQ) denotes the limit of detection for the Pegasys assay.

[0034] **Table 12A:** PK Report Summary: PK parameters for CP870,893, IFA27, IFA29 and IFA30 following single intravenous administration of 0.5 mg/kg to male CD1 Swiss mice. PK parameters for CP870,893 were explored in a 7-day experiment and those for IFA27, IFA29 and IFA30 in 10-day experiments (quantification for IFA27 was performed using 2 different ELISA approaches).

[0035] **Table 12B:** PK Report Summary: PK parameters for CP870,893, Pegasys and for three different IFAs (IFA25, IFA26 and IFA28) following single intravenous bolus administration of 0.5 mg/kg to male CD1 Swiss mice. PK parameters for CP870,893 and IFA25, IFA26, IFA28 and Pegasys were explored in 21-day experiments (quantification for IFA25 was performed using 2 different ELISA approaches).

[0036] **Fig. 9A** depicts CD40 agonistic activity in a dose dependent manner of IFA50 and IFA51 with no Fc region in comparison to the parental anti-CD40 antibody in reporter HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells. **Fig. 9B** depicts the IFN $\alpha$  activity in a dose dependent manner of IFA50 and IFA51 in reporter HEK-Blue™ hIFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells. **Fig. 9C:** Effect of IFA50 and IFA51 on HBeAg release from HBV-infected PHHs.

[0037] **Fig. 10A** depicts CD40 agonistic activity in a dose dependent manner of IFN $\epsilon$  based IFA49, in comparison to parental anti-CD40 antibody, in HEK-Blue™ CD40L reporter cells. IFA49 corresponds to fusion of IFN $\epsilon$  to the HC via a peptide linker. **Fig. 10B** depicts the IFN activity in a dose dependent manner of IFA49 on reporter HEK-Blue™ hIFN- $\alpha/\beta$  reporter cells which are activated by Type I interferons. **Fig. 10C**: Effect of IFA49 on HbeAg release from HBV-infected PHHs.

[0038] **Fig. 11A** depicts CD40 agonistic activity in a dose dependent manner of IFN $\omega$  based IFA46, in comparison to parental anti-CD40 antibody, in HEK-Blue™ CD40L reporter cells. IFA46 correspond to fusion of IFN $\omega$  to the LC via a peptide linker. **Fig. 11B** depicts the IFN activity in a dose dependent manner of IFA46 on reporter HEK-Blue™ hIFN- $\alpha/\beta$  reporter cells which are activated by Type I interferons. **Fig. 11C**: Effect of IFA46 on HbeAg release from HBV-infected PHHs.

[0039] **Fig. 12A** depicts CD40 agonistic activity in a dose dependent manner of IFN $\gamma$  based IFAs (IFA42 and IFA43), in comparison to parental anti-CD40 antibody, in HEK-Blue™ CD40L reporter cells. IFA42 corresponds to fusion of IFN $\gamma$  to the LC via a peptide linker and IFA43 corresponds to fusion of IFN $\gamma$  to the HC via a peptide linker. **Fig. 12B** depicts the IFN activity in a dose dependent manner of IFA42 and IFA43 in reporter HEK-Blue-hIFN $\gamma$  cells; **Fig. 12C**: Effect of IFA42 and IFA43 on HbeAg release from HBV-infected PHHs.

[0040] **Fig. 13A** depicts CD40 agonistic activity in a dose dependent manner of IFN $\lambda$  based IFAs (IFA44 and IFA45), in comparison to parental anti-CD40 antibody, in HEK-Blue™ CD40L reporter cells. IFA44 corresponds to fusion of IFN $\lambda$  to the LC via a peptide linker and IFA45 correspond to fusion of IFN $\lambda$  to the HC via a peptide linker. **Fig. 13B** depicts the IFN activity in a dose dependent manner of IFA44 and IFA45 in reporter HEK-Blue-hIFN $\lambda$  cells. **Fig. 13C**: Effect of the IFN $\lambda$  based IFAs (IFA44 and IFA45) on HbeAg release from HBV-infected PHHs.

[0041] **Fig. 14** shows examples of SDS PAGE in reduced conditions of some IFAs, with IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$  fused on the heavy chain of 3G5-antiCD40 antibody. Migration of the parental 3G5 antiCD40 antibody is also shown on the left.

[0042] **Figs. 15A-B** graphically show a dose dependent effect of a number of 3G5-based IFA molecules with IFN $\beta$  fusions on activating the CD40-mediated NF $\kappa$ B

pathway reporter assay in HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells. Comparison to the parental antibody 3G5 (designated in this figure as CDX-3G5) is likewise shown. **Fig. 15A** shows examples of anti-CD40 activities for IFAs with fusion of IFN $\beta$  to the C-terminal part of the heavy chain (HC). Purification yield of IFAs with fusions of IFN $\beta$  on the light chain was very low, thus to test their activity, supernatants from HEK transfected cells were used and serially diluted to evaluate the anti-CD40 activity on HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells; an example of activity is shown in **Fig. 15B** and 3G5 containing supernatant was used as control.

[0043] **Figs. 15C-D** graphically show a dose dependent effect of a number of IFA molecules with IFN $\beta$  fusions on activating the Type I IFN-pathway in reporter HEK-Blue-IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells. **Fig. 15C** shows examples of IFN activity for IFAs with fusion of IFN $\beta$  to the C-terminal part of the HC. **Fig. 15D** shows IFN activity of IFAs with IFN $\beta$  fused on the light chain; the production level of these proteins was very low and thus an example of activity for two IFAs is shown in **Fig. 15D** using the same supernatant as in Fig. 15B.

[0044] **Fig. 16A** graphically shows a dose effect of four IFAs molecules with IFN $\alpha$  fusions on activating the CD40-mediated NF $\kappa$ B pathway reporter assay in HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells. Comparison to the parental antibody 3G5 (designated in this figure as CDX-3G5) is likewise shown.

[0045] **Fig. 16B** graphically shows a dose effect of a number of IFAs molecules with IFN $\alpha$  fusions on activating the Type I IFN-mediated pathway in reporter HEK-Blue-IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells.

[0046] **Fig. 17** shows the effect of Type-I IFN based IFAs in a dose dependent manner on HBeAg release from PHHs infected by HBV. **Fig. 17A** shows results obtained with IFN $\beta$  based IFAs (IFA106, IFA107, IFA108 and IFA109) with fusion of IFN $\beta$  to the C-terminal part of the HC. **Fig. 17B** shows results obtained with four IFN $\alpha$  based IFAs (IFA121, IFA122, IFA123 and IFA124) with fusion of IFN $\alpha$  to the C-terminal part of the HC. NI-NT: non-infected, non-treated. MOI: multiplicity of infection.

[0047] **Fig. 18:** In vitro Cytokines Release Assay of Human Whole Blood Cells (WBCs): Example of data obtained after stimulation of WBCs from 4 healthy

volunteer donors. WBCs were left non-treated (NT), treated with LPS (10 ng/mL) or with IFA109 (1 µg/mL) for 24 h. Supernatants were collected and submitted to cytokines release quantification using the MSD u-Plex kit for human cytokines. Results represent the mean of two independent stimulations from each donor. The profile of CXCL10 (IP10), IL6, IL1β and TNFα are shown.

[0048] **Table 13** This table summarizes data obtained after in vitro stimulation of whole blood cells obtained from healthy volunteers. IFA109 was tested on WBCs from four different donors. WBCs were left Non-Treated (NT), treated with LPS (10 ng/mL) or with IFA109 (1 µg/mL) for 24 h. Supernatants were collected and submitted to cytokines release quantification using the MSD u-Plex kit for human cytokines. Results represent the mean of two independent stimulations from each donor and are expressed in pg/mL (nd: not detected).

[0049] The foregoing and other features and advantages of the present invention will be more fully understood from the following detailed description of illustrative embodiments taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0050] The present invention is based in part on the discovery of a therapy that is based on the use of “interferon-associated antigen-binding proteins”, variants or derivatives thereof comprising (I) an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, and (II) an interferon (IFN) or a functional fragment thereof in hepatitis B virus (HBV) therapy. Said interferon-associated antigen-binding proteins inhibit transcription of hepatitis B virus covalently closed circular DNA (cccDNA) into pre-genomic HBV RNA (pgRNA) in HBV-infected cells, inhibit release of hepatitis B e-antigen (HBeAg) from HBV-infected cells, and enhance the IFN pathway in uninfected and HBV infected hepatocytes, in particular in uninfected and HBV infected primary human hepatocytes and in a synergistic fashion. HBV therapy comprising administering an interferon-associated antigen-binding protein to an HBV-infected cell, or a subject infected with HBV, is provided.

[0051] The invention may be more readily understood in the light of the selected terms defined below.

[0052] As used herein, the term “**CD40**” refers to “Cluster of differentiation 40”, a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR) superfamily. CD40 is a costimulatory protein found on antigen presenting cells (e.g., B cells, dendritic cells, monocytes), hematopoietic precursors, endothelial cells, smooth muscle cells, epithelial cells, as well as the majority of human tumors (Grewal & Flavell, Ann. Rev. Immunol., 1996, 16: 111-35; Toes & Schoenberger, Seminars in Immunology, 1998, 10(6): 443-8). The binding of the natural ligand CD154 (CD40L) on T<sub>H</sub> cells to CD40 activates antigen presenting cells and induces a variety of downstream effects. The TNF-receptor associated factor adaptor proteins TRAF1, TRAF2, TRAF6 and TRAF5 interact with CD40 and serve as mediators of the signal transduction. Ultimately, CD40 signaling activates both the canonical and the noncanonical NF-κB pathways.

#### Agonistic anti-CD40 antibodies and antigen binding fragments thereof

[0053] As used herein, the term “**antibody**” refers to immunoglobulin molecules comprising four polypeptide chains, two heavy (H) chains and two light (L) chains inter-connected by disulfide bonds, as well as multimers thereof (e.g., IgM). Each heavy chain comprises a heavy chain variable region (abbreviated V<sub>H</sub> or V<sub>H</sub>) and a heavy chain constant region (C<sub>H</sub> or C<sub>H</sub>). The heavy chain constant region comprises three domains, CH1, CH2 and CH3. Each light chain comprises a light chain variable region (abbreviated V<sub>L</sub> or V<sub>L</sub>) and a light chain constant region (C<sub>L</sub> or C<sub>L</sub>). The light chain constant region comprises one domain (CL1). The V<sub>H</sub> and V<sub>L</sub> regions can be further subdivided into regions of hypervariability, termed “**complementarity determining regions (CDRs)**”, interspersed with regions that are more conserved, termed “**framework regions**” (FR). Each V<sub>H</sub> and V<sub>L</sub> is composed of three CDRs and four FRs, arranged from amino-terminus to carboxy-terminus in the following order: FR1, CDR1, FR2, CDR2, FR3, CDR3, FR4. Framework regions can aid in maintaining the proper conformation of the CDRs to promote binding between the antigen binding region and an antigen.

[0054] The most commonly used immunoglobulin for therapeutic applications is immunoglobulin G (or IgG), a tetrameric glycoprotein. In a naturally-occurring immunoglobulin, each tetramer is composed of two identical pairs of polypeptide

chains, each pair having one light (about 25 kDa) and one heavy chain (about 50-70 kDa). The amino-terminal portion of each chain includes a variable region of about 100 to 110 or more amino acids primarily responsible for antigen recognition. The carboxy-terminal portion of each chain defines a constant region primarily responsible for effector function. Immunoglobulins can be assigned to different classes depending on the amino acid sequence of the constant domain of their heavy chains.

[0055] Heavy chains are classified as mu ( $\mu$ ), delta ( $\delta$ ), gamma ( $\gamma$ ), alpha ( $\alpha$ ), and epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ), and define the antibody's isotype as IgM, IgD, IgG, IgA, and IgE, respectively. Several of these may be further divided into subclasses or isotypes, e.g. IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgA1 and IgA2. Different isotypes have different effector functions; for example, IgG1 and IgG3 isotypes have antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) activity. In preferred embodiments, the agonistic antiCD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding fragments thereof comprised in the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention are of the IgG class. In more preferred embodiments, the agonistic antiCD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding fragments thereof comprised in the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention are of the IgG1 or IgG3 subclasses. In specifically preferred embodiments, the agonistic antiCD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding fragments thereof comprised in the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention are of the IgG1 subclass. In other more preferred embodiments, the agonistic antiCD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding fragments thereof comprised in the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention are of the IgG2 or IgG4 subclasses. In specifically preferred embodiments, the agonistic antiCD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding fragments thereof comprised in the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention are of the IgG2 subclass.

[0056] Human light chains are classified as kappa ( $\kappa$ ) and lambda ( $\lambda$ ) light chains. Accordingly, in some embodiments, the agonistic antiCD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding fragments thereof comprised in the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention comprise a light chain of the  $\kappa$  class. In other embodiments, the agonistic antiCD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding

fragments thereof comprised in the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention comprise a light chain of the  $\lambda$  class. Within light and heavy chains, the variable and constant regions are joined by a "J" region of about 12 or more amino acids, wherein the heavy chain additionally includes a "D" region of about 10 more amino acids. See generally, Fundamental Immunology, Ch. 7 (Paul, W., ed., 2nd ed. Raven Press, N.Y. (1989)).

[0057] The term "antibody" further includes, but is not limited to, monoclonal antibodies, bispecific antibodies, minibodies, domain antibodies, synthetic antibodies (sometimes referred to as "antibody mimetics"), chimeric antibodies, humanized antibodies, human antibodies, and fragments thereof, respectively. Unless otherwise indicated, the term "antibody" includes, in addition to antibodies comprising two full-length heavy chains and two full-length light chains, derivatives, variants, antigen binding fragments, and muteins thereof, examples of which are described below.

[0058] As used herein, the term "**agonistic CD40 antibody**" or "**agonistic anti-CD40 antibody**" refers to an antibody that binds to CD40 and mediates CD40 signaling. In a preferred embodiment, it binds to human CD40. As described below, binding to CD40 may be determined using surface plasmon resonance, preferably using the BIAcore® system. The agonistic anti-CD40 antibody may increase one or more CD40 activities by at least about 20% when added to a cell, tissue or organism expressing CD40. In some embodiments, the antibody activates CD40 activity by at least 40%, at least 50%, at least 60%, at least 70%, at least 80%, or at least 85%. **CD40 activity** of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody may be measured using a whole blood surface molecule upregulation assay or using an *in vitro* reporter cell assay, e.g., using HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells (InvivoGen Cat. #: hkb-cd40), as described in greater detail in Example I. These reporter cells were generated by stable transfection of HEK293 cells with the human CD40 gene and an NFκB-inducible secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) construct to measure the activity of CD40 agonists. Stimulation of CD40 leads to NFκB activation and thus to production of SEAP, which can be detected in the supernatant using chromogenic substrates such as QUANTI-Blue™.

[0059] In the context of the present invention, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins activate both the CD40 and an IFN pathway. In certain embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the CD40 pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 400, 300, 200, 150, 100, 70, 60, 50, 40, 30, 25, 20, or 15 ng/mL. In more specific embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the CD40 pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> ranging from 10 to 200 ng/mL. In even more specific embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the CD40 pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> ranging from 10 to 50 ng/mL, preferably 10 to 30 ng/mL.

[0060] Examples of suitable agonistic anti-CD40 antibodies include, but are not limited to, CP870,893 (Pfizer / Roche), SGN-40 (Seattle Genetics), ADC-1013 (Janssen / Alligator BioSciences), Chi Lob 7/4 (University of Southampton), dacetumumab (Seattle Genetics), APX005M (Apexigen, Inc.), 3G5 (Celldex) and CDX-1140 (Celldex). Exemplary light and heavy chain sequences of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody CP870,893 are shown in **Table 7**. Exemplary light and heavy chain sequences of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody 3G5 are shown in **Table 8**.

[0061] As used herein, the term “**agonistic antigen binding fragment**” of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody refers to a fragment of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody that retains one or more functional activities of the original antibody, such as the ability to bind to and act as an agonist of CD40 signaling in a cell, e.g., it mediates CD40 pathway signaling. Such fragment may compete with the intact antibody for binding to CD40.

[0062] Agonistic antigen binding fragments of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody can be produced by recombinant DNA techniques, or can be produced by enzymatic or chemical cleavage of an anti-CD40 antibody. Agonistic antigen binding fragments include, but are not limited to, a Fab fragment, a diabody (heavy chain variable domain on the same polypeptide as a light chain variable domain, connected via a short peptide linker that is too short to permit pairing between the two domains on the same chain), a Fab' fragment, a F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragment, a Fv fragment, domain antibodies and single-chain antibodies, and can be derived from any mammalian source, including but not limited to human, mouse, rat, camelid or rabbit.

[0063] The term “**variable region**” or “**variable domain**” refers to a portion of the light and/or heavy chains of an antibody, typically including approximately the amino-terminal 120 to 130 amino acids in the heavy chain and about 100 to 110 amino terminal amino acids in the light chain. Variable regions of different antibodies differ extensively in amino acid sequence even among antibodies derived from the same species or of the same class. Exemplary V<sub>L</sub> and V<sub>H</sub> domain sequences of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody CP870,893 are shown in **Table 1**. The variable region of an antibody typically determines specificity of a particular antibody for its target as it contains the CDRs. **Table 1** also shows exemplary CDR sequences of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody CP870,893.

**Table 1.** Anti-CD40 antibody heavy/light chain variable regions and CDRs of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody CP870,893. Bold italic sequences correspond to CDR regions according to the Kabat definition.

Anti-CD40 antibody regions	Sequence
antiCD40 Antibody V <sub>L</sub> domain (SEQ ID NO 51)	DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRAS <b><i>QGIYSWLA</i></b> WY QQKPGKAPNLLIY <b><i>TASTLQ</i></b> SGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTL TISSLQPEDFATYYC <b><i>QQANIFPLT</i></b> FGGGTKVEIK
antiCD40 Antibody CDRL1 (SEQ ID NO 52)	RAS <b><i>QGIYSWLA</i></b>
antiCD40 Antibody CDRL2 (SEQ ID NO 53)	<b><i>TASTLQ</i></b> S
antiCD40 Antibody CDRL3 (SEQ ID NO 54)	<b><i>QQANIFPLT</i></b>

antiCD40 Antibody V <sub>H</sub> domain (SEQ ID NO 55)	QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYYMH WVRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVT MTRDTSISTAYMELNRLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGY CTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLVTVSS
antiCD40 Antibody CDRH1 (SEQ ID NO 56)	TGYMH
antiCD40 Antibody CDRH2 (SEQ ID NO 57)	WINPDSGGTNYAQKFQG
antiCD40 Antibody CDRH3 (SEQ ID NO 58)	DQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDY

[0064] Delineation of a CDR and identification of residues comprising the binding site of an antibody may be accomplished by solving the structure of the antibody and/or solving the structure of the antibody-ligand complex. This can be accomplished by any of a variety of techniques known to those skilled in the art, such as X-ray crystallography. Various methods of analysis can be employed to identify or approximate the CDR regions. Examples of such methods include, but are not limited to, the Kabat definition, the Chothia definition, the AbM definition and the contact definition.

[0065] The Kabat definition is a standard for numbering the residues in an antibody and is typically used to identify CDR regions. *See, e.g.,* Johnson & Wu, *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 28: 214-8 (2000). The Chothia definition is similar to the Kabat definition, but the Chothia definition takes into account positions of certain structural loop regions. *See, e.g.,* Chothia *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.*, 196: 901-17 (1986); Chothia *et al.*, *Nature*, 342: 877-83 (1989). The AbM definition uses an integrated suite of computer programs produced by Oxford Molecular Group that model antibody structure. *See, e.g.,* Martin *et al.*, *Proc Natl Acad Sci (USA)*, 86:9268-9272 (1989); “AbM™, A Computer Program for Modeling Variable Regions of Antibodies,”

Oxford, UK; Oxford Molecular, Ltd. The AbM definition models the tertiary structure of an antibody from primary sequence using a combination of knowledge databases and *ab initio* methods, such as those described by Samudrala *et al.*, “*Ab Initio* Protein Structure Prediction Using a Combined Hierarchical Approach,” in PROTEINS, Structure, Function and Genetics Suppl., 3:194-198 (1999). The contact definition is based on an analysis of the available complex crystal structures. *See, e.g.*, MacCallum *et al.*, J. Mol. Biol., 5:732-45 (1996).

[0066] In certain embodiments, the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) of the light and heavy chain variable regions of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, can be grafted to framework regions (FRs) from the same, or another, species. In certain embodiments, the CDRs of the light and heavy chain variable regions of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, can be grafted to consensus human FRs. To create consensus human FRs, in certain embodiments, FRs from several human heavy chain or light chain amino acid sequences are aligned to identify a consensus amino acid sequence. In certain embodiments, the FRs of the heavy chain or light chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, are replaced with the FRs from a different heavy chain or light chain. In certain embodiments, rare amino acids in the FRs of the heavy and light chains of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, are not replaced, while the rest of the FR amino acids are replaced. Rare amino acids are specific amino acids that are in positions in which they are not usually found in FRs. In certain embodiments, the grafted variable regions from an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, can be used with a constant region that is different from the constant region of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In certain embodiments, the grafted variable regions are part of a single chain Fv antibody. CDR grafting is described, e.g., in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,180,370, 6,054,297, 5,693,762, 5,859,205, 5,693,761, 5,565,332, 5,585,089, and 5,530,101, and in Jones *et al.*, Nature, 321: 522-525 (1986); Riechmann *et al.*, Nature, 332: 323-327 (1988); Verhoeyen *et al.*, Science, 239:1534-1536 (1988), Winter, FEBS Letts., 430:92-94 (1998), which are hereby incorporated by reference for any purpose.

[0067] An “Fc” region typically comprises two heavy chain fragments comprising the C<sub>H2</sub> and C<sub>H3</sub> domains of an antibody. The two heavy chain fragments are held together by two or more disulfide bonds and by hydrophobic interactions of the C<sub>H3</sub> domains.

5 [0068] A “**Fab fragment**” comprises one full-length light chain as well as the C<sub>H1</sub> and variable regions of one heavy chain (the combination of the V<sub>H</sub> and C<sub>H1</sub> regions is referred to herein as “**fab region heavy chain**”).

10 [0069] A “**Fab’ fragment**” comprises one light chain and a portion of one heavy chain that contains the V<sub>H</sub> domain and the C<sub>H1</sub> domain and also the region between the C<sub>H1</sub> and C<sub>H2</sub> domains, such that an interchain disulfide bond can be formed between the two heavy chains of two Fab’ fragments to form an F(ab’)<sub>2</sub> molecule.

15 [0070] A “**F(ab’)<sub>2</sub> fragment**” contains two light chains and two heavy chains containing a portion of the constant region between the C<sub>H1</sub> and C<sub>H2</sub> domains, such that an interchain disulfide bond is formed between the two heavy chains. A F(ab’)<sub>2</sub> fragment thus is composed of two Fab’ fragments that are held together by a disulfide bond between the two heavy chains.

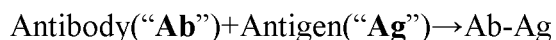
[0071] The “**Fv region**” comprises the variable regions from both the heavy and light chains, but lacks the constant regions.

20 [0072] “**Single-chain antibodies**” are Fv molecules in which the heavy and light chain variable regions have been connected by a flexible linker to form a single polypeptide chain, which forms an antigen binding region. Single chain antibodies are discussed in detail in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 88/01649 and United States Patent Nos. 4,946,778 and No. 5,260,203, the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference.

25 [0073] A “**domain antibody**” is an immunologically functional immunoglobulin fragment containing only the variable region of a heavy chain or the variable region of a light chain. In some instances, two or more V<sub>H</sub> regions are covalently joined with a peptide linker to create a bivalent domain antibody. The two V<sub>H</sub> regions of a bivalent domain antibody can target the same or different antigens.

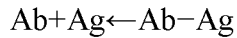
[0074] An antibody or antigen binding protein, such as an interferon-associated antigen binding protein according to the invention, preferably binds to its target antigen with a dissociation constant ( $K_d$ ) of  $\leq 10^{-7}$  M. The antibody or antigen binding protein binds its antigen with “high affinity” when the  $K_d$  is  $\leq 5 \times 10^{-9}$  M, and with “very high affinity” when the  $K_d$  is  $\leq 5 \times 10^{-10}$  M. More preferably, the antibody or antigen binding protein has a  $K_d$  of  $\leq 10^{-9}$  M. In some embodiment, the off-rate is  $< 1 \times 10^{-5}$ . In other embodiments, the antibody or antigen binding protein will bind to human CD40 with a  $K_d$  of between about  $10^{-9}$  M and  $10^{-13}$  M, and in yet another embodiment the antibody or antigen binding protein will bind with a  $K_d \leq 5 \times 10^{-10}$ . As will be appreciated by one of skill in the art, in some embodiments, any or all of the antigen binding fragments can bind to CD40. Preferably, said constants are determined using surface plasmon resonance, more preferably using the BIAcore® system.

[0075] The term “**surface plasmon resonance**” means an optical phenomenon that allows for the analysis of real-time biospecific interactions by detection of alterations in protein concentrations within a biosensor matrix, for example using the BIAcore® system (BIAcore International AB, a GE Healthcare company, Uppsala, Sweden and Piscataway, N.J.). For further descriptions, see Jönsson et al. (1993) Ann. Biol. Clin. 51:19-26. The term “ **$K_{on}$** ” means the on rate constant for association of a binding protein (e.g., an antibody or antigen binding protein) to the antigen to form the, e.g., antigen binding protein/antigen complex. The term “ **$K_{on}$** ”, or “**on-rate**” also means “**association rate constant**”, or “**ka**”, as is used interchangeably herein. This value indicating the binding rate of a binding protein to its target antigen or the rate of complex formation between a binding protein, e.g., an antibody or an antigen binding protein, and antigen also is shown by the equation below:



[0076] The term “ **$K_{off}$** ”, or “**off-rate**”, means the off rate constant for dissociation, or “**dissociation rate constant**”, of a binding protein (e.g., an antibody or antigen binding protein) from the, e.g., antigen binding protein/antigen complex as is known in the art. This value indicates the dissociation rate of a binding protein, e.g., an antibody or an antigen binding protein, from its target antigen or separation of Ab-

Ag complex over time into free antibody and antigen as shown by the equation below:



5 [0077] The terms “ $K_d$ ” and “**equilibrium dissociation constant**” means the value obtained in a titration measurement at equilibrium, or by dividing the dissociation rate constant ( $K_{\text{off}}$ ) by the association rate constant ( $K_{\text{on}}$ ). The association rate constant, the dissociation rate constant and the equilibrium dissociation constant, are used to represent the binding affinity of a binding protein (e.g., an antibody or an antigen binding protein) to an antigen. Methods for determining association and  
10 dissociation rate constants are well known in the art. Using fluorescence-based techniques offers high sensitivity and the ability to examine samples in physiological buffers at equilibrium. Other experimental approaches and instruments such as a BIAcore® (biomolecular interaction analysis) assay, can be used (e.g., instrument available from BIAcore International AB, a GE Healthcare company, Uppsala,  
15 Sweden). Additionally, a KinExA® (Kinetic Exclusion Assay) assay, available from Sapidyne Instruments (Boise, Id.), can also be used.

[0078] An antigen binding protein according to the invention may bind to one target with an affinity at least one order of magnitude, preferably at least two orders of magnitude higher than for a second target.

20 [0079] The term “**target**” refers to a molecule or a portion of a molecule capable of being bound by an antigen binding protein. In certain embodiments, a target can have one or more epitopes. It will therefore be understood that the target may serve as “antigen” for the “antigen binding protein” of the present invention.

25 [0080] The term “**epitope**” includes any determinant capable of being bound by an antigen binding protein, such as an antibody. An epitope is a region of an antigen that is bound by an antigen binding protein that targets that antigen, and when the antigen is a protein, includes specific amino acids that directly contact the antigen binding protein. Most often, epitopes reside on proteins, but in some instances can reside on other kinds of molecules, such as nucleic acids. Epitope determinants can include  
30 chemically active surface groupings of molecules such as amino acids, sugar side

chains, phosphoryl or sulfonyl groups, and can have specific three-dimensional structural characteristics, and/or specific charge characteristics. Generally, antibodies specific for a particular target antigen will preferentially/specifically recognize an epitope on the target antigen in a complex mixture of proteins and/or macromolecules.

[0081] In exemplary embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof forming part (I) of the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises three light chain complementarity determining regions (CDRs) that are at least 90% identical to the CDRL1, CDRL2 and CDRL3 sequences within SEQ ID NO 3; and three heavy chain CDRs that are at least 90% identical to the CDRH1, CDRH2 and CDRH3 sequences within SEQ ID NO 6. The agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, may also comprise three light chain complementarity determining regions (CDRs) that are identical to the CDRL1, CDRL2 and CDRL3 sequences within SEQ ID NO 3; and three heavy chain CDRs that are identical to the CDRH1, CDRH2 and CDRH3 sequences within SEQ ID NO 6. In such embodiments, each CDR is defined in accordance with the Kabat definition, the Chothia definition, the AbM definition, or the contact definition of CDR; preferably wherein each CDR is defined in accordance with the CDR definition of Kabat or the CDR definition of Chothia. In particular embodiments, each CDR is defined in accordance with the Kabat definition. In other particular embodiments, each CDR is defined in accordance with the Chothia definition.

[0082] Alternatively, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof forming part (I) of the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise (a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to SEQ ID NO 56, a CDRH2 that is at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a CDRH3 that is at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to SEQ ID NO 58; and (b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least

99% identical to SEQ ID NO 53, and a CDRL3 that is at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to SEQ ID NO 54.

[0083] In some embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises (a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 56, a CDRH2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a CDRH3 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 58; and (b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 53, and a CDRL3 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 54.

[0084] More specifically the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a light chain variable region  $V_L$  comprising the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 51, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain variable region  $V_H$  comprising the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 55, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0085] The interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention may also comprise an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprising a Fab region heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 12, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0086] In some embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 12 and SEQ ID NO 50, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0087] In more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC)

that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

5 [0088] In more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 9, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

10 [0089] In other more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 49, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

15 [0090] In other more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 12, or a sequence at least 90%,  
20 at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0091] In other more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC)  
25 that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 50, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0092] In some embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises  
30 a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO 61, SEQ ID NO 63 and

SEQ ID NO 65, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0093] In more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that  
5 comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 61, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0094] In other more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the  
10 agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 63, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

[0095] In other more specific embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the  
15 agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59, or a sequence at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 65, or a sequence at least 90%,  
20 at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical thereto.

Variants and derivatives of interferon-associated antigen binding protein or components thereof

[0096] A “variant” of a polypeptide (*e.g.*, an interferon-associated antigen binding  
25 protein, an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, an antibody, an antigen binding protein, or an IFN, or components thereof) comprises an amino acid sequence wherein one, two, three, four, five or more amino acid residues are inserted into, deleted from and/or substituted into the amino acid sequence relative to another polypeptide sequence. Preferably, the variant comprises up to ten insertions, deletions and/or  
30 substitutions, more preferably up to eight insertions, deletions and/or substitutions.

More specifically, the variant may comprise up to ten, more preferably up to eight insertions. The variant may also comprise up to ten, more preferably up to eight deletions. In even more preferred embodiments, the variant comprises up to ten substitutions, most preferably up to eight substitutions. In some embodiments, these  
5 substitutions are conservative amino acid substitution as described below.

[0097] A "**variant**" of a polynucleotide sequence (e.g., RNA or DNA) comprises one or more mutations within the polynucleotide sequence relative to another polynucleotide sequence, wherein one, two, three, four, five or more nucleic acid residues are inserted into, deleted from and/or substituted into the nucleic acid  
10 sequence. Preferably, the variant comprises up to ten insertions, deletions and/or substitutions, more preferably up to eight insertions, deletions and/or substitutions. More specifically, the variant may comprise up to ten, more preferably up to eight insertions. The variant may also comprise up to ten, more preferably up to eight deletions. In even more preferred embodiments, the variant comprises up to ten  
15 substitutions, most preferably up to eight substitutions. Said one, two, three, four, five or more mutations can cause one, two, three, four, five or more amino acid exchanges within the amino acid sequence the variant encodes for as compared to another amino acid sequence (i.e. a "*non-silent mutation*"). Variants also include nucleic acid sequences wherein one, two, three, four, five or more codons have been  
20 replaced by their synonyms which does not cause an amino acid exchange and is thus called a "*silent mutation*".

[0098] The term "**identity**" or "**homology**", in the context of variants of polypeptide or nucleotide sequences, refers to a relationship between the sequences of two or more polypeptide molecules or two or more nucleic acid molecules, as determined  
25 by aligning and comparing the sequences. "**Percent identity**" means the percent of identical residues between the amino acids or nucleotides in the compared molecules and is calculated based on the size of the smallest of the molecules being compared. Preferably, identity is determined over the full length of a sequence. It is understood that the expression "at least 80% identical", includes embodiments wherein the  
30 claimed sequence is at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to the reference sequence. The expression "at least 90% identical" includes embodiments wherein the claimed sequence is at least 90%, at least 91%,

at least 92 %, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95 %, at least 96 %, at least 97 %, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to the reference sequence.

[0099] For the calculation of percent identity, gaps in alignments (if any) are preferably addressed by a particular mathematical model or computer program (*i.e.*, an “algorithm”). Methods that can be used to calculate the identity of the aligned nucleic acids or polypeptides include those described in *Computational Molecular Biology*, (Lesk, A. M., ed.), 1988, New York: Oxford University Press; *Biocomputing Informatics and Genome Projects*, (Smith, D. W., ed.), 1993, New York: Academic Press; *Computer Analysis of Sequence Data, Part I*, (Griffin, A. M., and Griffin, H. G., eds.), 1994, New Jersey: Humana Press; von Heinje, G., 1987, *Sequence Analysis in Molecular Biology*, New York: Academic Press; *Sequence Analysis Primer*, (Gribskov, M. and Devereux, J., eds.), 1991, New York: M. Stockton Press; and Carillo *et al.*, 1988, *SIAM J. Applied Math.* 48:1073.

[00100] In calculating percent identity, the sequences being compared are typically aligned in a way that gives the largest match between the sequences. One example of a computer program that can be used to determine percent identity is the GCG program package, which includes GAP (Devereux *et al.*, 1984, *Nucl. Acid Res.* 12:387; Genetics Computer Group, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI). The computer algorithm GAP is used to align the two polypeptides or polynucleotides for which the percent sequence identity is to be determined. The sequences are aligned for optimal matching of their respective amino acid or nucleotide (the “matched span”, as determined by the algorithm). A gap opening penalty (which is calculated as 3x the average diagonal, wherein the “average diagonal” is the average of the diagonal of the comparison matrix being used; the “diagonal” is the score or number assigned to each perfect amino acid match by the particular comparison matrix) and a gap extension penalty (which is usually 1/10 times the gap opening penalty), as well as a comparison matrix such as PAM 250 or BLOSum 62 are used in conjunction with the algorithm. In certain embodiments, a standard comparison matrix (*see*, Dayhoff *et al.*, 1978, *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure* 5:345-352 for the PAM 250 comparison matrix; Henikoff *et al.*, 1992, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 89:10915-10919 for the BLOSum 62 comparison matrix) is also used by the algorithm.

[00101] Examples of parameters that can be employed in determining percent identity for polypeptides or nucleotide sequences using the GAP program are the following:

- Algorithm: Needleman *et al.*, 1970, *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443-453
- Comparison matrix: BLOSum 62 from Henikoff *et al.*, 1992, *supra*
- 5     • Gap Penalty: 12 (but with no penalty for end gaps)
- Gap Length Penalty: 4
- Threshold of Similarity: 0

[00102] Certain alignment schemes for aligning two amino acid sequences may result in matching of only a short region of the two sequences, and this small aligned region  
10     may have very high sequence identity even though there is no significant relationship between the two full-length sequences. Accordingly, the selected alignment method (GAP program) can be adjusted if so desired to result in an alignment that spans at least 50 or at least 100, preferably the entire length, of contiguous amino acids of the target polypeptide.

[00103] Conservative amino acid substitutions can encompass non-naturally occurring amino acid residues, which are typically incorporated by chemical peptide synthesis rather than by synthesis in biological systems. These include peptidomimetics and other reversed or inverted forms of amino acid moieties.

[00104] Naturally occurring residues can be divided into classes based on  
20     common side chain properties:

- 1) hydrophobic: Norleucine, Met, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile;
- 2) neutral hydrophilic: Cys, Ser, Thr, Asn, Gln;
- 3) acidic: Asp, Glu;
- 4) basic: His, Lys, Arg;
- 25     5) residues that influence chain orientation: Gly, Pro; and
- 6) aromatic: Trp, Tyr, Phe.

[00105] For example, non-conservative substitutions can involve the exchange of a member of one of these classes for a member from another class. Such substituted residues can be introduced, for example, into regions of a human antibody that are  
30     homologous with non-human antibodies, or into the non-homologous regions of the molecule.

[00106] In making changes to the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, according to certain embodiments, the hydrophobic index of amino acids can be considered. Each amino acid has been assigned a hydrophobic index on the basis of its hydrophobicity and charge characteristics. They are: isoleucine (+4.5); valine (+4.2); leucine (+3.8); phenylalanine (+2.8); cysteine/cystine (+2.5); methionine (+1.9); alanine (+1.8); glycine (-0.4); threonine (-0.7); serine (-0.8); tryptophan (-0.9); tyrosine (-1.3); proline (-1.6); histidine (-3.2); glutamate (-3.5); glutamine (-3.5); aspartate (-3.5); asparagine (-3.5); lysine (-3.9); and arginine (-4.5).

[00107] The importance of the hydrophobic amino acid index in conferring interactive biological function on a protein is understood in the art. Kyte *et al.*, J. Mol. Biol., 157:105-131 (1982). It is known that certain amino acids can be substituted for other amino acids having a similar hydrophobic index or score and still retain a similar biological activity. In making changes based upon the hydrophobic index, in certain embodiments, the substitution of amino acids whose hydrophobic indices are within  $\pm 2$  is included. In certain embodiments, those which are within  $\pm 1$  are included, and in certain embodiments, those within  $\pm 0.5$  are included.

[00108] It is also understood in the art that the substitution of like amino acids can be made effectively on the basis of hydrophilicity. In certain embodiments, the greatest local average hydrophilicity of a protein, as governed by the hydrophilicity of its adjacent amino acids, correlates with its immunogenicity and antigenicity, i.e., with a biological property of the protein.

[00109] The following hydrophilicity values have been assigned to these amino acid residues: arginine (+3.0); lysine (+3.0); aspartate ( $+3.0 \pm 1$ ); glutamate ( $+3.0 \pm 1$ ); serine (+0.3); asparagine (+0.2); glutamine (+0.2); glycine (0); threonine (-0.4); proline ( $-0.5 \pm 1$ ); alanine (-0.5); histidine (-0.5); cysteine (-1.0); methionine (-1.3); valine (-1.5); leucine (-1.8); isoleucine (-1.8); tyrosine (-2.3); phenylalanine (-2.5) and tryptophan (-3.4). In making changes based upon similar hydrophilicity values, in certain embodiments, the substitution of amino acids whose hydrophilicity values are within  $\pm 2$  is included, in certain embodiments, those which are within  $\pm 1$  are included, and in certain embodiments, those within  $\pm 0.5$  are included.

[00110] Exemplary amino acid substitutions are set forth in **Table 2**.

**Table 2.** Amino Acid Substitutions.

<b>Original Residues</b>	<b>Exemplary Substitutions</b>	<b>Preferred Substitutions</b>
Ala	Val, Leu, Ile	Val
Arg	Lys, Gln, Asn	Lys
Asn	Gln	Gln
Asp	Glu	Glu
Cys	Ser, Ala	Ser
Gln	Asn	Asn
Glu	Asp	Asp
Gly	Pro, Ala	Ala
His	Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg	Arg
Ile	Leu, Val, Met, Ala, Phe, Norleucine	Leu
Leu	Norleucine, Ile, Val, Met, Ala, Phe	Ile
Lys	Arg, 1,4 Diamino-butyric Acid, Gln, Asn	Arg
Met	Leu, Phe, Ile	Leu
Phe	Leu, Val, Ile, Ala, Tyr	Leu
Pro	Ala, Gly	Ala
Ser	Thr, Ala, Cys	Thr
Thr	Ser	Ser
Trp	Tyr, Phe	Tyr
Tyr	Trp, Phe, Thr, Ser	Phe
Val	Ile, Met, Leu, Phe, Ala, Norleucine	Leu

[00111] In light of the present invention, a skilled artisan will be able to determine suitable variants of the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins as set forth herein using well-known techniques. In certain embodiments, one skilled in the art

can identify suitable areas of the molecule that may be changed without destroying activity by targeting regions not believed to be important for activity. In certain embodiments, one can identify residues and portions of the molecules that are conserved among similar polypeptides. In certain embodiments, even areas that can be important for biological activity or for structure can be subject to conservative amino acid substitutions without destroying the biological activity or without adversely affecting the polypeptide structure.

[00112] Additionally, one skilled in the art can review structure-function studies identifying residues in similar polypeptides that are important for activity or structure. In view of such a comparison, one can predict the importance of amino acid residues in a protein that correspond to amino acid residues which are important for activity or structure in similar proteins. One skilled in the art can opt for chemically similar amino acid substitutions for such predicted important amino acid residues.

[00113] One skilled in the art can also analyze the three-dimensional structure and amino acid sequence in relation to that structure in similar proteins or protein domains. In view of such information, one skilled in the art can predict the alignment of amino acid residues of interferon-associated antigen binding protein, an antibody or an antigen binding fragment thereof or an interferon or a functional fragment thereof as described herein with respect to its three dimensional structure. In certain embodiments, one skilled in the art can choose not to make radical changes to amino acid residues predicted to be on the surface of the protein, since such residues can be involved in important interactions with other molecules. Moreover, one skilled in the art can generate test variants containing a single amino acid substitution at each desired amino acid residue. The variants can then be screened using activity assays known to those skilled in the art. Such variants can be used to gather information about suitable variants. For example, if one discovered that a change to a particular amino acid residue resulted in destroyed, undesirably reduced, or unsuitable activity, variants with such a change can be avoided. In other words, based on information gathered from such experiments, one skilled in the art can readily determine the amino acids where further substitutions should be avoided either alone or in combination with other mutations.

[00114] According to certain embodiments, amino acid substitutions are those which: (1) reduce susceptibility to proteolysis, (2) reduce susceptibility to oxidation, (3) alter binding affinity for forming protein complexes, (4) alter binding affinities, and/or (5) confer or modify other physicochemical or functional properties on such polypeptides. According to certain embodiments, single or multiple amino acid substitutions (in certain embodiments, conservative amino acid substitutions) can be made in the naturally-occurring sequence (in certain embodiments, in the portion of the polypeptide outside the domain(s) forming intermolecular contacts). In certain embodiments, a conservative amino acid substitution typically may not substantially change the structural characteristics of the parent sequence (e.g., a replacement amino acid should not tend to break a helix that occurs in the parent sequence, or disrupt other types of secondary structure that characterizes the parent sequence). Examples of art-recognized polypeptide secondary and tertiary structures are described in *Proteins, Structures and Molecular Principles* (Creighton, Ed., W. H. Freeman and Company, New York (1984)); *Introduction to Protein Structure* (C. Branden & J. Tooze, eds., Garland Publishing, New York, N.Y. (1991)); and Thornton *et al.*, *Nature*, 354:105 (1991), which are each incorporated herein by reference.

[00115] The term “**derivative**” refers to a molecule that includes a chemical modification other than an insertion, deletion, or substitution of amino acids (or nucleic acids). In certain embodiments, derivatives comprise covalent modifications, including, but not limited to, chemical bonding with polymers, lipids, or other organic or inorganic moieties. In certain embodiments, a chemically modified interferon-associated antigen binding protein can have a greater circulating half-life than an interferon-associated antigen binding protein that is not chemically modified. In certain embodiments, a chemically modified interferon-associated antigen binding protein can have improved targeting capacity for desired cells, tissues, and/or organs. In some embodiments, a derivative interferon-associated antigen binding protein is covalently modified to include one or more water-soluble polymer attachments, including, but not limited to, polyethylene glycol, polyoxyethylene glycol, or polypropylene glycol. *See, e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos: 4,640,835, 4,496,689, 4,301,144, 4,670,417, 4,791,192 and 4,179,337. In certain embodiments, a derivative interferon-

associated antigen binding protein comprises one or more polymer, including, but not limited to, monomethoxy-polyethylene glycol, dextran, cellulose, or other carbohydrate based polymers, poly-(N-vinyl pyrrolidone)-polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol homopolymers, a polypropylene oxide/ethylene oxide co-polymer, polyoxyethylated polyols (e.g., glycerol) and polyvinyl alcohol, as well as mixtures of such polymers.

[00116] In certain embodiments, a derivative of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein as described herein is covalently modified with polyethylene glycol (PEG) subunits. In certain embodiments, one or more water-soluble polymer is bonded at one or more specific position, for example at the amino terminus, of a derivative. In certain embodiments, one or more water-soluble polymer is randomly attached to one or more side chains of a derivative. In certain embodiments, PEG is used to improve the therapeutic capacity of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein. Certain such methods are discussed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 6,133,426, which is hereby incorporated by reference for any purpose.

[00117] In certain embodiments, interferon-associated antigen binding protein variants include glycosylation variants wherein the number and/or type of glycosylation site has been altered compared to the amino acid sequences of a parent polypeptide. In certain embodiments, protein variants comprise a greater number of N-linked glycosylation sites than the native protein. In other embodiments, protein variants comprise a lesser number of N-linked glycosylation sites than the native protein. An N-linked glycosylation site is characterized by the sequence: Asn-X-Ser or Asn-X-Thr, wherein the amino acid residue designated as X can be any amino acid residue except proline. The substitution of amino acid residues to create this sequence provides a potential new site for the addition of an N-linked carbohydrate chain. Alternatively, substitutions which eliminate this sequence will remove an existing N-linked carbohydrate chain. Also provided is a rearrangement of N-linked carbohydrate chains wherein one, two, three, four, five or more N-linked glycosylation sites (typically those that are naturally occurring) are eliminated and one or more new N-linked sites are created. Additional preferred variants include cysteine variants wherein one or more cysteine residues are deleted from or substituted for another amino acid (e.g., serine) as compared to the parent amino acid

sequence. Cysteine variants can be useful when antibodies must be refolded into a biologically active conformation such as after the isolation of insoluble inclusion bodies. Cysteine variants generally have fewer cysteine residues than the native protein, and typically have an even number to minimize interactions resulting from unpaired cysteines.

#### HBV and HBV marker

[00118] As used herein, “**hepatitis B virus**” or “**HBV**” refers to the double stranded DNA virus that causes hepatitis B, which belongs to a family of closely related DNA viruses called the Hepadnaviruses. Hepadnaviruses have a strong preference for infecting liver cells, but small amounts of hepadnaviral DNA can be found in kidney, pancreas, and mononuclear cells. However, infection at these sites is not linked to extra hepatic disease.

[00119] The **HBV virion**, i.e., the *Dane particle*, consists of an outer lipid envelope and an icosahedral nucleocapsid core composed of protein. The nucleocapsid encloses the viral DNA and a DNA polymerase that has reverse transcriptase activity similar to retroviruses. The outer envelope contains embedded proteins, which are involved in viral binding of, and entry into, susceptible cells. The virus is one of the smallest enveloped animal viruses with a virion diameter of 42 nm, but pleomorphic forms exist, including filamentous and spherical bodies lacking a core. These particles are not infectious and are composed of the lipid and protein that forms part of the surface of the virion, which is called the surface antigen (HBsAg), and is produced in excess during the life cycle of the virus. HBV comprises HBsAg, HBcAg (and its splice variant HBeAg), DNA polymerase and Hbx. HBV is one of a few known non-retroviral viruses which employ reverse transcription as a part of its replication process.

[00120] The HBV nucleocapsid contains a relatively small and partially duplex 3.2 kb circular DNA, viral polymerase and core protein. The genome has only four long open reading frames. The pre-S-S (pre-surface-surface) region of the genome encodes the three viral surface antigens by differential initiation of translation at each of three in-frame initiation codons.

[00121] The most abundant protein of HBV is the 24 kD S protein (which is known as HBsAg). The pre-C-C (pre-core-core) region encodes HBcAg (HBV core Antigen) and HBeAg (HBV e Antigen). HBeAg is not required for viral replication and plays no role in viral assembly but is nevertheless a useful indicator of active viral replication. Since HBeAg is secreted by HBV-infected hepatocytes, it can be detected in the blood via standard diagnostic tests (such as ELISA) and is thus used as a laboratory marker for a viremic HBV infection (Testoni et al., Serum hepatitis B core-related antigen (HBcrAg) correlates with covalently closed circular DNA. *J. Hepatol.* 2019, 70, 615–625. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jhep.2018.11.030>).

[00122] The P-coding region is specific for the viral polymerase, a multifunctional enzyme involved in DNA synthesis and RNA encapsidation. The X open reading frame encodes the viral X protein (HBx), which modulates host-cell signal transduction and can directly and indirectly affect host and viral gene expression.

[00123] The life cycle of HBV is believed to begin when the virus attaches to the host cell membrane via its envelope proteins. It has been suggested that HBV binds to a receptor on the plasma membrane that is predominantly expressed on human hepatocytes via the pre-S1 domain of the large envelope protein as an initial step in HBV infection. However, the nature of the receptor remains controversial. Then, the viral membrane fuses with the cell membrane and the viral genome is released into the cells.

[00124] Replication of HBV can be regulated by a variety of factors, including hormones, growth factors, and cytokines. After the viral genome reaches the nucleus, the cellular DNA repair machinery convert the partial double-stranded DNA (dsDNA; also called relaxed circular HBV DNA (rcDNA)), genome into covalently closed circular DNA (cccDNA). The resulting cccDNA is the template for host RNA Pol-II for further transcription of pre-genomic RNA and sub-genomic RNA (Allweiss L and Dandri M, The Role of cccDNA in HBV Maintenance. *Viruses* 2017, 9(6):156; doi:10.3390/v9060156; Nur K. Mohd-Ismail , Zijie Lim, Jayantha Gunaratne and Yee-Joo Tan, Mapping the Interactions of HBV cccDNA with Host Factors. *Int. J. Mol. Sci.* 2019, 20(17):4276; doi:10.3390/ijms20174276).

[00125] The pre-genomic RNA is bifunctional, serving as both the template for viral DNA synthesis and as the messenger for pre-C, C, and P translation. The sub-genomic RNAs function exclusively for translation of the envelope and X protein. All viral RNA is transported to the cytoplasm, where its translation yields the viral envelope, core, and polymerase proteins, as well as HBx and HBcAg.

[00126] HBV core particles are assembled in the cytosol and during this process, a single molecule of pre-genomic RNA is incorporated into the assembling viral core. Once the viral RNA is encapsidated, reverse transcription begins. The synthesis of the two viral DNA strands is sequential. The first DNA strand is made from the encapsidated RNA template; during or after the synthesis of this strand, the RNA template is degraded and the synthesis of the second DNA strand proceeds, with the use of the newly made first DNA strand as a template. Some cores bearing the mature genome are transported back to the nucleus, where their newly minted DNA genomes can be converted to cccDNA to maintain a stable intranuclear pool of transcriptional templates.

[00127] HBV surface antigen (HBsAg) proteins are initially synthesized and polymerized in the rough endoplasmic reticulum. These proteins are transported to the post-ER and pre-Golgi compartments, where budding of the nucleocapsid follows. The assembled HBV virion and sub-viral particles are transported to the Golgi for further modification of glycans of the surface proteins, and then are secreted out of the host cell to finish the life cycle.

[00128] The interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, the nucleic acids, vectors, vector systems, methods and compositions described herein can be used to treat HBV infection. As used herein, “**treat HBV infection**” and “**treatment of HBV infection**” refers to one or more of: (i) reducing HBV viral load / viral titer; (ii) reducing the transcription of cccDNA; (iii) reducing the level of pre-genomic RNA in cells; (iv) decreasing one or more HBV-related disorders; and (v) decreasing one or more HBV-related symptoms in a subject.

[00129] The terms “**viral load**” and “**viral titer**” refer to the number of viral particles in a cell, an organ or a bodily fluid such as blood or serum. Viral load or viral titer is often expressed as viral particles, or infectious particles per mL depending on the

type of assay. Today, viral load is usually measured using international units per milliliter (IU/mL). Viral load or viral titer may alternatively be determined as so-called viral genome equivalent. A higher viral burden, titer, or viral load often correlates with the severity of an active viral infection. Accordingly, reducing the viral load or viral titer correlates with a reduced number of infectious viral particles, e.g., in the serum. Viral load is usually determined using nucleic acid amplification based tests (NATs or NAATs). NAT/NAAT tests utilize, for example, PCR, (quantitative) reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR or qRT-PCR), nucleic acid sequence based amplification (NASBA) or probe-based assays. Real-time PCR assays for hepatitis B virus DNA quantification are described, e.g., in Liu et al., *Virol J* **14**, 94 (2017) doi:10.1186/s12985-017-0759-8. Due to the ease of detection of viral DNA using PCR, the viral load is useful in clinical settings to monitor success during treatment. A viral load of >10.000 copies/mL (2.000 IU/mL) is a strong risk predictor of hepatocellular carcinoma, independent of HBeAg status.

[00130] The terms “**patient**” and “**subject**” are used interchangeably and include human and non-human animal subjects, preferably human subjects, as well as those with formally diagnosed disorders, those without formally recognized disorders, those receiving medical attention, those at risk of developing the disorders, etc.

[00131] In particular embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, the nucleic acids, vectors, vector systems, methods and compositions described herein can be used to reduce the HBV viral load / viral titer in an HBV-infected cell (such as in a cell culture, in an HBV-infected organ or in an HBV-infected patient). HBV viral load / viral titer may be reduced by about 20%, 25%, 30%, 35%, 40%, 45%, 50%, 55%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, or 100% compared to an untreated HBV-infected cell culture or to the same patient before treatment. In some embodiments, HBV viral load / viral titer is reduced by at least 20%, at least 25%, at least 30%, at least 35%, at least 40%, at least 45%, at least 50%, at least 55%, at least 60%, at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90% or at least 95%. Preferably, HBV viral load / viral titer is reduced by at least 35%, more preferably by at least 50%. In some embodiments, viral load / viral titer is determined by PCR or qRT-PCR.

[00132] In particular embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, the nucleic acids, vectors, vector systems, methods and compositions described herein can be used to reduce transcription of HBV cccDNA in an HBV-infected cell (such as in a cell culture, in an HBV-infected organ or in an HBV-infected patient).  
5 cccDNA transcription may be reduced by about 20%, 25%, 30%, 35%, 40%, 45%, 50%, 55%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, or 100% compared to an untreated HBV-infected cell culture or to the same patient before treatment. In some embodiments, transcription of HBV cccDNA is reduced by at least 20%, at least 25%, at least 30%, at least 35%, at least 40%, at least 45%, at least 50%, at least 55%,  
10 at least 60%, at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90% or at least 95%. Preferably, transcription of HBV cccDNA is reduced by at least 35%, more preferably by at least 50%. In some embodiments, transcription of HBV cccDNA is determined by PCR or qPCR.

[00133] In particular embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, the nucleic acids, vectors, vector systems, methods and compositions described  
15 herein can be used to reduce the level of pre-genomic HBV RNA in an HBV-infected cell (such as in a cell culture, in an HBV-infected organ or in an HBV-infected patient). Pre-genomic HBV RNA levels may be reduced by about 20%, 25%, 30%, 35%, 40%, 45%, 50%, 55%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, or 100%  
20 compared to an untreated HBV-infected cell culture or to the same patient before treatment. In some embodiments, the level of pre-genomic HBV RNA is reduced by at least 20%, at least 25%, at least 30%, at least 35%, at least 40%, at least 45%, at least 50%, at least 55%, at least 60%, at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90% or at least 95%. Preferably, the level of pre-genomic  
25 HBV RNA is reduced by at least 35%, more preferably by at least 50%. In some embodiments, the level of pre-genomic HBV RNA is determined by qRT-PCR.

[00134] As used herein, an “**HBV-related disorder**” refers to a disorder that results from infection of a subject by HBV. HBV-related disorders include, but are not limited to acute hepatitis, chronic hepatitis, icteric hepatitis, fulminant hepatitis, sub-  
30 fulminant hepatitis, and symptoms and/or complications arising from any of these disorders.

[00135] As used herein, an “**HBV-related symptom**,” a “**symptom of HBV infection**” or an “**HBV-related complication**” includes one or more physical dysfunctions related to HBV infection. HBV symptoms and complications include, but are not limited to, cirrhosis, hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC), membranous glomerulonephritis (MGN), death, acute necrotizing vasculitis (polyarteritis nodosa),  
5 membranous glomerulonephritis, papular acrodermatitis of childhood (Gianotti–Crosti syndrome), HBV-associated nephropathy (e.g., membranous glomerulonephritis), immune-mediated hematological disorders (e.g., essential mixed cryoglobulinemia, aplastic anemia), portal hypertension, ascites,  
10 encephalopathy, jaundice, pruritus, pale stools, steatorrhea, polyarteritis nodosa, glomerular disease, abnormal ALT levels, abnormal AST levels, abnormal alkaline phosphatase levels, increased bilirubin levels, anorexia, malaise, fever, nausea, vomiting and the like.

#### Interferons

[00136] As used herein, an “**interferon**” or “**IFN**” refers to a cytokine, or derivative thereof, that is typically produced and released by cells in response to the presence of a pathogen or a tumor cell. IFNs include type I IFNs (e.g., IFN $\alpha$ , IFN $\beta$ , IFN $\epsilon$ , IFN $\kappa$ , IFN $\tau$ , IFN $\zeta$  and IFN $\omega$ ), type II IFNs (e.g., IFN $\gamma$ ) and type III IFNs (e.g., IFN $\lambda$ 1, IFN $\lambda$ 2 and IFN $\lambda$ 3). The term “interferon” or “IFN” includes without  
20 limitation full-length IFN, a variant or a derivative thereof (e.g., a chemically (e.g., PEGylated) modified derivative or mutein), or a functionally active fragment thereof, that retains one or more signaling activities of a full-length IFN.

[00137] As used herein, the term “**functional fragment**” refers to a fragment of a substance that retains one or more functional activities of the original substance. For  
25 example, a functional fragment of an interferon refers to a fragment of an interferon that retains an IFN function as described herein, e.g., it mediates IFN pathway signaling.

[00138] The IFN may increase one or more IFN receptor activities by at least about 20% when added to a cell, tissue or organism expressing a cognate IFN receptor  
30 (IFNAR for IFN $\alpha$ , IFNBR for IFN $\beta$ , etc). In some embodiments, the interferon

activates IFN receptor activity by at least 40%, at least 50%, at least 60%, at least 70%, at least 80%, or at least 85%. The activity of the IFN (i.e., the “IFN activity”) may be measured, e.g., using an *in vitro* reporter cell assay, e.g., using HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (InvivoGen, Cat. #: hkb-ifn $\alpha\beta$ ), HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\lambda$  (InvivoGen, Cat. #: hkb-ifnl) or HEK-Blue™ Dual IFN- $\gamma$  cells (InvivoGen, Cat. #: hkb-ifng), as described in greater detail in Example I. These reporter cells were generated by stable transfection of HEK293 cells with human IFN receptor genes and an *IFN-stimulated response element*-controlled secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) construct to measure the activity of IFNs. HEK-Blue™ IFN-cells are designed to monitor the activation of the JAK/STAT/ISGF3 pathways induced by type I, type II or type III interferons. Activation of these pathways induces the production and release of SEAP.

[00139] In the context of the present invention, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins activate both the CD40 and an IFN pathway. In certain embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the IFN pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 100, 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10, or 1 ng/mL, preferably with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 11 ng/mL, more preferably with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 6 ng/mL. In some of these embodiments, the IFN pathway is the IFN $\alpha$  (interferon alpha), IFN $\beta$  (interferon beta), IFN $\epsilon$  (interferon epsilon), IFN $\omega$  (interferon omega), IFN $\gamma$  (interferon gamma), or IFN $\lambda$  (interferon lambda) pathway.

[00140] According to certain exemplary embodiments, an interferon-associated antigen binding protein as described herein comprises full-length IFN, a variant or a derivative thereof (e.g., a chemically (e.g., PEGylated) modified derivative or mutein), or a functionally active fragment thereof, that retains one or more signaling activities of a full-length IFN. In certain embodiments, the IFN is a human IFN.

[00141] In certain embodiments, an interferon-associated antigen binding protein as described herein comprises an IFN or a functional fragment thereof selected from the group consisting of a Type I IFN, a Type II IFN and a Type III IFN, or a functional fragment thereof.

[00142] In particular embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is a Type I IFN, or a functional fragment thereof. In specific embodiments, the type I IFN

or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ , IFN $\beta$ , IFN $\omega$  or IFN $\epsilon$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In other more specific embodiments, the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN  $\alpha$ , or  
5 a functional fragment thereof. In other more specific embodiments, the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN  $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In other more specific embodiments, the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\omega$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In other more specific embodiments, the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\epsilon$ , or a functional fragment thereof.

10 [00143] In particular embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ , IFN $\beta$ , IFN $\gamma$ , IFN $\lambda$ , IFN $\epsilon$  or IFN $\omega$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In specific embodiments, the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof.

15 [00144] In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, the IFN or functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ 2a, or a functional fragment thereof. The IFN $\alpha$ 2a may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

20 [00145] In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto. The IFN $\beta$  or the functional fragment thereof may comprise one or two amino acid substitution(s) relative to SEQ ID NO 14, selected from C17S and N80Q. In some embodiments, the IFN $\beta$  or the functional fragment thereof comprises the amino acid substitution  
25 C17S relative to SEQ ID NO 14. In some embodiments, the IFN $\beta$  comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15. In other embodiments, the IFN $\beta$  comprises the amino acid substitutions C17S and N80Q relative to SEQ ID NO 14. In yet other embodiments, the IFN $\beta$  comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16.

30 [00146] In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\gamma$  or IFN $\lambda$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In specific embodiments, the IFN or

functional fragment thereof is IFN $\gamma$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, the IFN $\gamma$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto. In other specific embodiments, the IFN or functional fragment thereof is IFN $\lambda$ , or a functional fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, the IFN $\lambda$  or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\lambda$ 2, or a functional fragment thereof. The IFN $\lambda$ 2 may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

[00147] In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\epsilon$ , or a functional fragment thereof. The IFN $\epsilon$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 80, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

[00148] In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\omega$ , or a functional fragment thereof. The IFN $\omega$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 79, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

[00149] In certain embodiments, the expression level of one or more IFN signaling pathway biomarkers is altered, i.e., upregulated or downregulated, in an HBV-infected cell **treated** with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein described herein. According to certain exemplary embodiments, the expression level of one or more IFN pathway biomarkers is upregulated in an HBV-infected cell treated with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein described herein. In this context, a “**biomarker**” is to be understood as a characteristic that is objectively measured and evaluated as an indicator of normal biological processes, pathogenic processes, or pharmacologic responses to a therapeutic intervention.

[00150] According to certain embodiments, a suitable IFN pathway biomarker featured herein is a chemokine, e.g., a C-X-C chemokine, selected from the group consisting of CXCL9, CXCL10 and CXCL11. In certain exemplary embodiments, a suitable biomarker induced by the IFN pathway is CXCL9, CXCL10 and/or CXCL11, and also the interferon stimulated gene ISG20. Cytokine induction or release may be quantified using techniques known in the art, such as ELISA. Alternatively, induction may also be determined using RNA-based assays such as RNAseq or qRT-PCR. In certain embodiments, upregulation may refer to an at least

at 1.5-fold, at least 2-fold, at least 2.5-fold, at least 3-fold, at least 4-fold, at least 5-fold or at least 10-fold increased expression or secretion of these cytokines.

[00151] In these or in other exemplary embodiments, the expression level of pro-inflammatory cytokines, e.g., IL10, IL1 $\beta$  and/or IL2 is not significantly upregulated in human Whole Blood cells upon treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention. In some embodiments, the expression level of IL10 is not significantly upregulated in human Whole Blood cells upon treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention. In some embodiments, the expression level of IL1 $\beta$  is not significantly upregulated in human Whole Blood cells upon treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention. In some embodiments, the expression levels of IL10 and IL1 $\beta$  are not significantly upregulated in an HBV-infected cell upon treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention. In some embodiments, the expression levels of IL10 and IL2 are not significantly upregulated in an HBV-infected cell upon treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention. In some embodiments, the expression levels of IL1 $\beta$  and IL2 are not significantly upregulated in an HBV-infected cell upon treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention. In some embodiments, the expression levels of IL10, IL1 $\beta$  and IL2 are not significantly upregulated in an HBV-infected cell upon treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention.

#### Interferon-associated antigen binding proteins

[00152] The term “**associated**”, as used herein, generally refers to a covalent or non-covalent linkage of two (or more) molecules. Associated proteins are created by joining two or more distinct peptides or proteins, resulting in a protein with one or more functional properties derived from each of the original proteins. In the context of the present invention, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins activate both the CD40 and an IFN pathway. An associated protein encompasses monomeric and multimeric, e.g., dimeric, trimeric, tetrameric or the like, complexes of distinct

associated or fused proteins. In this context, non-covalent linkage results from strong interactions between two protein surface regions, usually via ionic, Van-der-Waals, and/or hydrogen bond interactions. Covalent linkage, on the other hand, requires the presence of actual chemical bonds, such as peptide bonds, disulphide bridges, etc.

5 The term “**fused**” as used herein, generally refers to the joining of two or more distinct peptides or proteins in a covalent fashion via a peptide bond. Thus, a “**fused protein**” refers to single protein created by joining two or more distinct peptides or proteins via a peptide bond with one or more functional properties derived from each of the original proteins. In certain embodiments, two or more distinct peptides or  
10 proteins may be fused to one another via one or more peptide linkers (“L”).

[00153] In all aspects of the invention, an interferon-associated antigen binding protein is a protein comprising an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof and an IFN or a functional fragment thereof.

[00154] In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is non-covalently associated with the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is non-covalently associated with the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof via ionic, Van-der-Waals, and/or hydrogen bond interactions.

15 [00155] In other embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is covalently associated with the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In preferred embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. The IFN or the functional fragment thereof may be fused  
20 to a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the N-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In other embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the C-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic  
25 anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. The IFN or the functional fragment thereof may be also be fused to a heavy chain of the agonistic  
30

anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In some embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the N-terminus of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In other embodiments, the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the C-terminus of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In any of these embodiments, the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, and the IFN or the functional fragment thereof may be fused to each other via a linker.

[00156] The term “**linker**” or “**L**,” as used herein, refers to any moiety that covalently joins one or more agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof to one or more interferon, or a functional fragment thereof. In exemplary embodiments, a linker is a peptide linker. The term “**peptide linker**”, as used herein, refers to a peptide adapted to link two or more moieties. A peptide linker referred to herein may have one or more of the properties outlined in the following. The sequences of peptide linker according to certain exemplary embodiments are set forth in **Table 7**.

[00157] A peptide linker may have any length, i.e., comprise any number of amino acid residues. In exemplary embodiments, the linker comprises at least 1, at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, at least 5 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 4 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 11 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 12 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 13 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 15 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 20 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 21 amino acids. The linker may comprise at least 24 amino acids.

[00158] A linker is typically long enough to provide an adequate degree of flexibility to prevent the linked moieties from interfering with each other’s activity, e.g., the ability of a moiety to bind to a receptor. In exemplary embodiments, the linker comprises up to 10, up to 20, up to 30, up to 40, up to 50, up to 60, up to 70, up to 80, up to 90, or up to 100 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 80 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 40 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 24 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 21 amino acids. The linker may

comprise up to 20 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 15 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 13 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 12 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 11 amino acids. The linker may comprise up to 4 amino acids.

5 [00159] In some embodiments, the linker is selected from the group comprising rigid, flexible and/or helix-forming linkers. It is understood that helix-forming linkers can also be rigid linkers, since an  $\alpha$ -helix has less degrees of freedom than a peptide assuming a more random-coil conformation. In some embodiments, the linker is a rigid linker. An exemplary rigid linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID  
10 NO 20. Further exemplary rigid linkers comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 22 or SEQ ID NO 23. In related embodiments, the linker is a helix-forming linker. Exemplary helix-forming linkers comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 22 or SEQ ID NO 23. In other embodiments, the linker is a flexible linker. Exemplary flexible linkers comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 21, SEQ  
15 ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO 26.

[00160] The linker can also have different chemical properties. A linker can be selected from acidic, basic or neutral linkers. Typically, acidic linkers contain one or more acidic amino acid, such as Asp or Glu. Basic linkers typically contain one or more basic amino acids, such as Arg, His and Lys. Both types of amino acids are  
20 very hydrophilic. In some embodiments, the linker is an acidic linker. Exemplary acidic linkers comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 22 or SEQ ID NO 23. In other embodiments, the linker is a basic linker. In yet other embodiments, the linker is a neutral linker. Exemplary neutral linkers comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 20, SEQ ID NO 21, SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO  
25 26.

[00161] In preferred embodiments, the linker is Gly-Ser or a Gly-Ser-Thr linker composed of multiple glycine, serine and, where applicable, threonine residues. In some of these embodiments, the linker comprises the amino acids glycine and serine. In more specific embodiments, the linker comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ  
30 ID NO 21, SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25, SEQ ID NO 26. In some embodiments,

the linker further comprises the amino acid threonine. In a more specific embodiment, the linker comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 21.

[00162] In exemplary embodiments of the present invention, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises a linker comprising a sequence selected from the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NOs 20 to 26, preferably from the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO 26. In a preferred embodiment, the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 24. In another preferred embodiment, the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 25. In another preferred embodiment, the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 26.

[00163] In various embodiments of any one of the aspects of the invention, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises no amino acids other than those forming (I) said agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof and (II) said IFN or functional fragment thereof. In related embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises no amino acids other than those forming (I) said agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, (II) said IFN or functional fragment thereof and (III) said linker.

[00164] Exemplary embodiments representing the various different configurations of (I) the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, (II) the interferon (IFN) or the functional fragment thereof and (III) the linker are outlined in the following.

[00165] In certain preferred embodiments, the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is fused to the C-terminus of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, via the linker, as set forth in **Table 3A** or **Table 3B**. In these embodiments, the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, may comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 48 or SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 61, or SEQ ID NO 63. The IFN $\alpha$ 2a may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\beta$  may

comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S,N80Q may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\gamma$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19. The IFN $\lambda$ 2 may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18. The IFN $\epsilon$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 80. The IFN $\omega$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 79. The linkers referred to are those listed in **Table 7**.

[00166] In the embodiments where the IFN is fused to the C-terminus of the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein further comprises a light chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 48, or SEQ ID NO 49 and a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3. In other more specific embodiments, a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID 61 or SEQ ID 63 and a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59.

**Table 3.** Interferon or a functional fragment thereof fused to the C-terminus of a heavy chain of the anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.

<b>A</b>	<b>IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S,N80Q</b>	<b>IFN<math>\gamma</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\lambda</math>2</b>
<b>RL linker</b>	antiCD40_HC--RL--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_HC--RL--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_HC--RL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_HC--RL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_HC--RL--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_HC--RL--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>GST linker</b>	antiCD40_HC--GST--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_HC--GST--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_HC--GST--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_HC--GST--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_HC--GST--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_HC--GST--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>HL linker</b>	antiCD40_HC--HL--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_HC--HL--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_HC--HL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_HC--HL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_HC--HL--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_HC--HL--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>HL2 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC--HL2--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_HC--HL2--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_HC--HL2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_HC--HL2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_HC--HL2--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_HC--HL2--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)2--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)2--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)2--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)2--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)3--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)3--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)3--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)3--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)3--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)3--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)4--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)4--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)4--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)4--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)4--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_HC--(G4S)4--IFN $\lambda$ 2

<b>B</b>	<b>IFN<math>\epsilon</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\omega</math></b>
<b>RL linker</b>	antiCD40_HC-- RL--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_HC-- RL--IFN $\omega$
<b>GST linker</b>	antiCD40_HC-- GST--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_HC-- GST--IFN $\omega$
<b>HL linker</b>	antiCD40_HC-- HL--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_HC-- HL--IFN $\omega$
<b>HL2 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC-- HL2--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_HC-- HL2--IFN $\omega$
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC-- (G4S)2--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_HC-- (G4S)2--IFN $\omega$
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC-- (G4S)3--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_HC-- (G4S)3--IFN $\omega$
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	antiCD40_HC-- (G4S)4--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_HC-- (G4S)4--IFN $\omega$

[00167] In certain preferred embodiments, the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is fused to the N-terminus of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, via the linker, as set forth in **Table 4A** or **Table 4B**. In these embodiments, the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, may comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 48, SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 50, SEQ ID NO 61, SEQ ID NO 63 or SEQ ID NO 65. The IFN $\alpha$ 2a may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S,N80Q may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\gamma$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19. The IFN $\lambda$ 2 may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18. The IFN $\epsilon$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 80. The IFN $\omega$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 79. The linkers referred to are those listed in **Table 7**.

[00168] In the embodiments where the IFN is fused to the N-terminus of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein further comprises a light chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 48, SEQ ID NO

49 or SEQ ID NO 50 and a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3. In other more specific embodiments, a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID 61, SEQ ID 63 or SEQ ID 65 and a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59.

5 **Table 4.** *Interferon or a functional fragment thereof fused to the N-terminus of a heavy chain of the anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.*

<b>A</b>	<b>IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S,N80Q</b>	<b>IFN<math>\gamma</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\lambda</math>2</b>
<b>RL linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--RL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ --RL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--RL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--RL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\gamma$ --RL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--RL--antiCD40_HC
<b>GST linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--GST--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ --GST--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--GST--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--GST--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\gamma$ --GST--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--GST--antiCD40_HC
<b>HL linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--HL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ --HL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--HL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--HL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\gamma$ --HL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--HL--antiCD40_HC
<b>HL2 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--HL2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ --HL2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--HL2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--HL2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\gamma$ --HL2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--HL2--antiCD40_HC
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ --(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\gamma$ --(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ --(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\gamma$ --(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ --(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\gamma$ --(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC

<b>B</b>	<b>IFN<math>\epsilon</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\omega</math></b>
<b>RL linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --RL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\omega$ --RL--antiCD40_HC
<b>GST linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --GST--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\omega$ --GST--antiCD40_HC
<b>HL linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --HL--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\omega$ --HL--antiCD40_HC
<b>HL2 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --HL2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\omega$ --HL2--antiCD40_HC
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\omega$ --(G4S)2--antiCD40_HC
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\omega$ --(G4S)3--antiCD40_HC
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC	IFN $\omega$ --(G4S)4--antiCD40_HC

[00169] In certain preferred embodiments, the IFN is fused to the C-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding

fragment thereof, via the linker, as set forth in **Table 5A or Table 5B**. In these embodiments, the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, may comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3. In other embodiments, the light chain may comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59. The IFN $\alpha$ 2a may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S,N80Q may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\gamma$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19. The IFN $\lambda$ 2 may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18. The IFN $\epsilon$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 80. The IFN $\omega$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 79. The linkers referred to are those listed in **Table 7**.

[00170] In the embodiments where the IFN is fused to the C-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein further comprises a heavy chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3 and a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 48, SEQ ID NO 50 or SEQ ID NO 12. In other more specific embodiments, a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59 and a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 61, SEQ ID NO 63 or SEQ ID NO 65.

**Table 5.** *Interferon or a functional fragment thereof fused to the C-terminus of a light chain of the anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.*

<b>A</b>	<b>IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S,N80Q</b>	<b>IFN<math>\gamma</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\lambda</math>2</b>
<b>RL linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>GST linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>HL linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\lambda$ 2

<b>HL2 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\lambda$ 2
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\alpha$ 2a	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\beta$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\beta$ _C17S	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\gamma$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\lambda$ 2

<b>B</b>	<b>IFN<math>\epsilon</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\omega</math></b>
<b>RL linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_LC--RL--IFN $\omega$
<b>GST linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_LC--GST--IFN $\omega$
<b>HL linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_LC--HL--IFN $\omega$
<b>HL2 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_LC--HL2--IFN $\omega$
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)2--IFN $\omega$
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)3--IFN $\omega$
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\epsilon$	antiCD40_LC--(G4S)4--IFN $\omega$

[00171] In certain preferred embodiments, the IFN is fused to the N-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, via the linker, as set forth in **Table 6A or Table 6B**. In these  
 5  
 embodiments, the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, may comprise a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3 or SEQ ID NO 59. The IFN $\alpha$ 2a may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ  
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 ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\beta$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15. The IFN $\beta$ \_C17S,N80Q may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16. The IFN $\gamma$  may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19. The IFN $\lambda$ 2 may comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18. The IFN $\epsilon$  may  
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 comprise the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 80. The IFN $\omega$  may comprise the

sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 79. The linkers referred to are those listed in **Table 7**.

[00172] In the embodiments where the IFN is fused to the N-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein further comprises a heavy chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3 and a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 48, SEQ ID NO 12 or SEQ ID NO 50. In other more specific embodiments, a light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59 and a heavy chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 61, SEQ ID NO 63 or SEQ ID NO 65.

**Table 6.** *Interferon or a functional fragment thereof fused to the N-terminus of a light chain of the anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.*

<b>A</b>	<b>IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S</b>	<b>IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S,N80Q</b>	<b>IFN<math>\gamma</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\lambda</math>2</b>
<b>RL linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--RL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ --RL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--RL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--RL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\gamma$ --RL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--RL--antiCD40_LC
<b>GST linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--GST--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ --GST--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--GST--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--GST--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\gamma$ --GST--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--GST--antiCD40_LC
<b>HL linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--HL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ --HL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--HL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--HL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\gamma$ --HL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--HL--antiCD40_LC
<b>HL2 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--HL2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ --HL2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--HL2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--HL2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\gamma$ --HL2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--HL2--antiCD40_LC
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--(G4S)2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ --(G4S)2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--(G4S)2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--(G4S)2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\gamma$ --(G4S)2--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--(G4S)2--antiCD40_LC
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--(G4S)3--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ --(G4S)3--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--(G4S)3--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--(G4S)3--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\gamma$ --(G4S)3--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--(G4S)3--antiCD40_LC
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	IFN $\alpha$ 2a--(G4S)4--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ --(G4S)4--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S--(G4S)4--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\beta$ _C17S,N80Q--(G4S)4--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\gamma$ --(G4S)4--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\lambda$ 2--(G4S)4--antiCD40_LC

<b>B</b>	<b>IFN<math>\epsilon</math></b>	<b>IFN<math>\omega</math></b>
<b>RL linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --RL--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\omega$ --RL--antiCD40_LC
<b>GST linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --GST--antiCD40_LC	IFN $\omega$ --GST--antiCD40_LC

<b>HL linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --HL-- antiCD40_LC	IFN $\omega$ --HL-- antiCD40_LC
<b>HL2 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --HL2-- antiCD40_LC	IFN $\omega$ --HL2-- antiCD40_LC
<b>(G4S)2 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --(G4S)2-- antiCD40_LC	IFN $\omega$ --(G4S)2-- antiCD40_LC
<b>(G4S)3 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --(G4S)3-- antiCD40_LC	IFN $\omega$ --(G4S)3-- antiCD40_LC
<b>(G4S)4 linker</b>	IFN $\epsilon$ --(G4S)4-- antiCD40_LC	IFN $\omega$ --(G4S)4-- antiCD40_LC

[00173] Exemplary sequences comprised in interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention or precursors thereof are listed in **Table 7**.

[00174] In exemplary preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs 28-47 or SEQ ID NOs 66-75. In other exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs 81-88. In exemplary preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs 28-47 or SEQ ID NOs 66-75. In other exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs 81-88.

[00175] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 81. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 81.

[00176] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 82. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 82.

[00177] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 83. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 83.

[00178] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 84. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 84.

[00179] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 85. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 85.

[00180] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ

ID NO 86. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 86.

5 [00181] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 87. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 87.

10 [00182] In certain exemplary embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 88. In another exemplary embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 88.

15 [00183] In more preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO 38, SEQ ID NO 39, SEQ ID NO 40, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42 or SEQ ID NO 43. In more preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO 38, SEQ ID NO 39, SEQ ID NO 40, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42 or SEQ ID NO 43. In other more preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO 72, SEQ ID NO 73, SEQ ID NO 74 and SEQ ID NO 75. In still other more preferred embodiments, the interferon-

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associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO 72, SEQ ID NO 73, SEQ ID NO 74 and SEQ ID NO 75.

5       **[00184]** In an even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 38. In still another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-  
10       CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 38.

**[00185]** In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as  
15       set forth in SEQ ID NO 39. In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 39.

**[00186]** In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as  
20       set forth in SEQ ID NO 40. In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising  
25       a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 40.

**[00187]** In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as  
30       set forth in SEQ ID NO 41. In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-

CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 41.

5 [00188] In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 42. In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 42.

10 [00189] In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 43. In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 43.

15 [00190] In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 72. In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 72.

20 [00191] In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 73. In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 73.

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[00192] In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 74. In another even more preferred embodiment, the

5 interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 74.

[00193] In another even more preferred embodiment, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 75. In another even more preferred embodiment, the

10 interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic binding fragment thereof comprising a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 75.

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**Table 7.** *Sequences of exemplary interferon-associated antigen binding protein and components thereof based on the antiCD40 antibody CP870,893. Italic sequences correspond to signal peptides. Bold italic sequences in SEQ ID NOs 3 and 6 correspond to CDR regions. Bold non-italic sequences correspond to linkers. Mutated amino acids are underlined.*

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Name / SEQ ID Number	Sequence
Signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 1)	<i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVHS</i>
Signal peptide 2 (SEQ ID NO 2)	<i>MDMRVPAQLLGLLLLWLRGARC</i>

<p>antiCD40 antibody light chain (SEQ ID NO 3)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITC<i>RASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP</i> NLLIY<i>TASTLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDF</i>TLTISLQPEDFATYYC<i>QQ</i> <i>ANIFPLTFGGG</i>TKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSLT LSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC</p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody light chain with signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 4)</p>	<p><i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVHSD</i>IQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITC<i>RASQ</i> GIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAPNLLIY<i>TASTLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDF</i> TLTISLQPEDFATYYC<i>QQANIFPLTFGGG</i>TKVEIKRTVAAPSVFI FPPSDEQLKSGTASVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQ ESVTEQDSKDYSLSSLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSP VTKSFNRGEC</p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody light chain with signal peptide 2 (SEQ ID NO 5)</p>	<p><i>MDMRVPAQLLGLLLLWLRGARCD</i>IQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITC RASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAPNLLIY<i>TASTLQSGVPSRFSGSGS</i> GTDFTLTISLQPEDFATYYC<i>QQANIFPLTFGGG</i>TKVEIKRTVAAP SVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSG NSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGL SSPVTKSFNRGEC</p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody heavy chain hIgG2 dK (SEQ ID NO 6)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTF<i>TGYIMHWV</i>RQAPG QGLEWMG<i>WINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGR</i>VTMTRDTSISTAYMELNR LRSDDTAVYYCARD<i>QPLGYCTNGVCSYFDY</i>WGQGTLVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSNFGTQTYTCNVDPHKPSNT KVDKTKVERKCCVECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFR VVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPRE PQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPEN NYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVDFCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPG</p>

<p>antiCD40 antibody heavy chain hIgG2 dK with signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 7)</p>	<p><i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVHSQVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASG YTFTGYMHVVRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGR VTMTRDTSISTAYMELNRLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVC SYFDYWGQGLTLTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLV KDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSS NFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPS VFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVE VHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVK GFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG</i></p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody heavy chain hIgG2 dK with signal peptide 2 (SEQ ID NO 8)</p>	<p><i>MDMRVPAQLLGLLLLWLRGARCQVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSC KASGYTFTGYMHVVRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQK FQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELNRLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCT NGVCSYFDYWGQGLTLTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAA LGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV VTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVECPCPAP PVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNW YVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEY KCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVS LTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPMLDSDGSFFLYS KLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG</i></p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody heavy chain hIgG2 (SEQ ID NO 9)</p>	<p><i>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYMHVVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLTLTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSN TKVDKTKVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR</i></p>

	<p>EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE                  NNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA                  LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK</p>
<p>antiCD40                  antibody heavy                  chain hIgG2 with                  signal peptide 1                  (SEQ ID NO 10)</p>	<p><i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVHSQVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASG                  YTFTGYMHWRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGR                  VTMTRDTSISTAYMELNRLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVC                  SYFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLV                  KDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSS                  NFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVECPAPPVAGPS                  VLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVE                  VHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN                  KGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVK                  GFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDK                  SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK</i></p>
<p>antiCD40                  antibody heavy                  chain hIgG2 with                  signal peptide 2                  (SEQ ID NO 11)</p>	<p><i>MDMRVPAQLLGLLLLWLRGARCQVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSC                  KASGYTFTGYMHWRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQK                  FQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELNRLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCT                  NGVCSYFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTA                  LGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV                  TVPSSNFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVECPAPP                  PVAGPSVLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNW                  YVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEY                  KCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQV                  LTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYS                  KLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK</i></p>
<p>antiCD40                  antibody hIgG1                  heavy chain -                  NNAS                  (SEQ ID NO 48)</p>	<p><i>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYMHWRQAPG                  QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN                  RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLVTVSSA                  STKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL                  TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSN</i></p>

	TKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQY <u>NNASRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKA</u> KGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWES NGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSV MHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
antiCD40 antibody hIgG1 heavy chain - NNAS-dK (SEQ ID NO 49)	QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSN TKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQY <u>NNASRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKA</u> KGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWES NGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSV MHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG
antiCD40 antibody hIgG2 Fab region heavy chain (SEQ ID NO 12)	QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSN TKVDKTVERKCCVE
antiCD40 antibody hIgG2 Fab region heavy chain with signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 13)	<i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVHSQVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASG</i> YTFTGYYMHWVRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGR VTMTRDTSISTAYMELNRLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVC SYFDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLV KDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSS NFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSNTKVDKTVERKCCVE

<p>antiCD40 antibody hIgG2 Fab region heavy chain --TEV--6His tag (SEQ ID NO 50)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKV SCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSN TKVDKTV ERKCCVEENLYFQSHHHHHH</p>
<p>IFN<math>\beta</math> dM (SEQ ID NO 76)</p>	<p>SYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIK QLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAI FRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLAN VYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRY YGRILHYLK AKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRN</p>
<p>IFN<math>\beta</math> dM C17S (SEQ ID NO 77)</p>	<p>SYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIK QLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAI FRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLAN VYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRY YGRILHYLK AKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRN</p>
<p>IFN<math>\beta</math> (SEQ ID NO 14)</p>	<p>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEI KQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAI FRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLA NVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRY YGRILHYL KAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRN</p>
<p>IFN<math>\beta</math> C17S (SEQ ID NO 15)</p>	<p>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEI KQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAI FRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLA NVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRY YGRILHYL KAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRN</p>
<p>IFN<math>\beta</math> C17S,N80Q (SEQ ID NO 16)</p>	<p>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEI KQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAI FRQDSSSTGWQETIVENLLA NVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRY YGRILHYL KAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRN</p>

IFN $\alpha$ 2a (SEQ ID NO 17)	CDLPQTHSLGSRRTLMLLAQMRKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFG NQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETL LDKFYTELY QQLNDLEACVIQGVGVTE TPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEK KYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE
IFN $\lambda$ 2 (SEQ ID NO 18)	VPVARLHGALPDARGCHIAQFKSLSPQELQAFKRAKDALEESLL LKDCRCHSRLFPRTWDLRQLQVRERPMALAEAL TLKVLEAT ADTDPALVDVLDQPLHTLHHILSQFRACIQPQPTAGPRTRGRLLH WLYRLQEAPKKESPGCLEASVTFNLFRLLTRDLNCVASGDLCV
IFN $\gamma$ (SEQ ID NO 19)	QDPYVKEAENLKKYFNAGHSDVADNGTLFLGILKNWKEESDRK IMQSQIVSFYFKLFKNFKDDQSIQKSVETIKEDMNVKFFNSNKKK RDDFEKLTNYSVTDLNVQRKAHELIVMAELSPA AKTGKRKRS QMLFRGRRASQ
IFN $\omega$ (SEQ ID NO 79)	LGCDLPQNHGLLSRNTLVLLHQMRRISPFLCLKDRRDFRFPQEM VKGSQ LQKAHVMSVLHEMLQQIFSLFHTERS SAAWNMTLLDQL HTGLHQQLQHLETCLLQVVGESESAGAISSPALTRRYFQGIRV YLKEKKYSDCAWEVVRMEIMKSLFLSTNMQERLRSKDRDLGSS
IFN $\epsilon$ (SEQ ID NO 80)	LDLKLIFQQRQVNQESLKLLNKLQTL SIQQCLPHRKNFLLPQKSL SPQQYQKGHTLAILHEMLQQIFSLFRANISLDGWEENHTEKFLIQ LHQQLEYLEALMGLEAEKLSGTLGSDNLR LQVKMYFRRIHDYL ENQDYSTCAWAI VQVEISRCLFFVFSLTEKLSKQGRPLNDMKQE LTTEFRSPR
RL linker (SEQ ID NO 20)	<b>PAPA</b>
GST linker (SEQ ID NO 21)	<b>SGGTSGSTSGTGS</b>
HL linker	<b>AEAAAKEAAKA</b>

(SEQ ID NO 22)	
HL2 linker (SEQ ID NO 23)	<b>AEEAAKEAAAKAAEAAAKEAAAKA</b>
(G4S)2 linker (SEQ ID NO 24)	<b>GGGGSGGGGS</b>
(G4S)3 linker (SEQ ID NO 25)	<b>GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS</b>
(G4S)4 linker (SEQ ID NO 26)	<b>GGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS</b>
TEV-6His tag (SEQ ID NO 27)	ENLYFQSHHHHHH
antiCD40_LC-- HL--IFN $\beta$ (SEQ ID NO 28)	DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYTA $\beta$ STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS $\beta$ SLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYSLSS $\beta$ TLT LSKADYEEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC <b>AEEAAKEAA</b> <b>AK</b> AMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDI PEEIKQLQQFQKED AALTIYEMLQNIFAIFRQDSSSTGWN $\beta$ ETIVEN LLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRY $\beta$ YGRIL HYLK <b>AKEY</b> SHCAWTIVRVEILRNFYFINRLTGYLRN
antiCD40_LC-- HL--IFN $\beta$ _C17S (SEQ ID NO 29)	DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYTA $\beta$ STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS $\beta$ SLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYSLSS $\beta$ TLT LSKADYEEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC <b>AEEAAKEAA</b> <b>AK</b> AMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDI

	<p>PEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAIFRQDSSSTGWNETIVEN                  LLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYYGRIL                  HYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRLTGYLNRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2_                  dK_HC--RL--                  IFN<math>\beta</math>                  (SEQ ID NO 30)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG                  QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN                  RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGGQGLTVTVSSA                  STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL                  TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSNFGTQTYTCNVDPKPSN                  TKVDKTVRKCCECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE                  VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF                  RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR                  EPQVYITLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE                  NNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVDFCSVMHEA                  LHNHYTQKSLSLSPG<b>PAP</b>AMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQL                  NGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAI                  FRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTR                  GKLMSSLHLKRYYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFI                  NRLTGYLNRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2_                  dK_HC--RL--                  IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S                  (SEQ ID NO 31)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG                  QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN                  RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGGQGLTVTVSSA                  STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL                  TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSNFGTQTYTCNVDPKPSN                  TKVDKTVRKCCECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE                  VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF                  RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR                  EPQVYITLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE                  NNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVDFCSVMHEA                  LHNHYTQKSLSLSPG<b>PAP</b>AMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLN                  GRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAI                  FRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRG</p>

	<p>KLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINR LTGYLRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2_ dK_HC--HL-- IFNβ (SEQ ID NO 32)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKV SCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSN TKVDKTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMIS RTP EVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPMLDS DGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNV FSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGAEAAAKEAAAKAMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQ CQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIY EMLQNIFAIFRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEK LEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVE ILRNIFYFINRLTGYLRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2_ dK_HC--HL-- IFNβ_C17S (SEQ ID NO 33)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKV SCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSN TKVDKTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMIS RTP EVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPMLDS DGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNV FSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGAEAAAKEAAAKAMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQ SQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIY EMLQNIFAIFRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEK</p>

	<p>LEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN ILRNIFYFINRLTGYLRLN</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-- RL--IFNβ  (SEQ ID NO 34)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYASTLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSSTLT LSKADYEEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>PAP</b>AMSYNL LGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQ FQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAIQRDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQ INHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEY SHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRLTGYLRLN</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-- RL--IFNβ_C17S  (SEQ ID NO 35)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYASTLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSSTLT LSKADYEEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>PAP</b>AMSYNL LGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQ FQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAIQRDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQ INHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEY SHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRLTGYLRLN</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-- GST--IFNβ_C17S  (SEQ ID NO 36)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYASTLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSSTLT LSKADYEEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>SGGTS</b> <b>GTGS</b>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFD IPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLNIFAIQRDSSSTGWNETIVE NLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRI LHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRLTGYLRLN</p>

<p>antiCD40_LC-- HL2--IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S  (SEQ ID NO 37)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYASTLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKSTYSLSSSTLT LSKADYEEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGECAEAAAKEAA AKAAEAAAKEAAAKAMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGR LEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKLQQLQFQKED AALTIYEMLQNIFAFRQ DSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKL MSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRLT GYLRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2_ dK_HC--(G4S)2-- IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a  (SEQ ID NO 38)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSNFGTQTYTCNVDPKPSN TKVDKTVRKKCCVECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTIKTKGQPR EPQVYITLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGSCDLPQTHSLGSRRTLMLL AQMRKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQI FNLFSKDSAAWDETLLDKFYTELYQQLNDLEACVIQGVGVTE TPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSFS LSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2_ dK_HC--(G4S)3-- IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a  (SEQ ID NO 39)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSNFGTQTYTCNVDPKPSN</p>

	<p>TKVDKTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMIS RTP  EVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF  RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR  EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE  NNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA  LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSCDLPQTHSLGSRR  TLMMLAQM RKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHE  MIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETL LDKFYTELYQQ LNDLEACVIQG  VGV TETPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAE  IMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2_  dK_HC--(G4S)4--  IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a  (SEQ ID NO 40)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKV SCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG  QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN  RLRSSDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGGQTLVTVSSA  STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL  TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTV PSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSN  TKVDKTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMIS RTP  EVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF  RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR  EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE  NNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA  LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSCDLPQTH  SLGSRR TLMMLAQM RKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAE  TIPVLHEMIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETL LDKFYTELYQQ LNDLE  ACVIQG VGV TETPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAW  EVVRAEIMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC--  (G4S)2--IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a  (SEQ ID NO 41)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGD RVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP  NLLIYTA STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ  ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASV VCLL  NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYLSSTLT  LSKADY EKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGECGGGGSGGG  GSCDLPQTHSLGSRR TLMMLAQM RKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEF</p>

	<p>GNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETLLDKFYTEL YQQLNDLEACVIQGVGVTTETPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKE KKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-- (G4S)3--IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a (SEQ ID NO 42)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYTA STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPS VFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYLSSTLT LSKADY EKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>GGGGSGGG</b> <b>GSGGGG</b>SCDLPQTHSLGSRRTLMLLAQMRKISLFSCLKDRHDFG FPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETLLD KFYTELYQQLNDLEACVIQGVGVTTETPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRI TLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-- (G4S)4--IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a (SEQ ID NO 43)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYTA STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPS VFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYLSSTLT LSKADY EKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>GGGGSGGG</b> <b>GSGGGGSGGGG</b>SCDLPQTHSLGSRRTLMLLAQMRKISLFSCLK DRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAW DETLLDKFYTEL YQQLNDLEACVIQGVGVTTETPLMKEDSILAVR KYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>IFN<math>\beta</math>--(G4S)3-- antiCD40_LC) (SEQ ID NO 44)</p>	<p>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEI KQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNI FAIFRQDSSSTGWN ETIVENLLA NVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSHLKRY YGRILHYL KAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRNGGGGSGGGGS <b>GGGG</b>SDIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQ KPGKAPNLLIYTA STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFA TYYCQQANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPS VFIFPPSDEQLKSGTA SVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTY SLSSTLTLSKADY EKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC</p>

<p>antiCD40_LC-- (G4S)4--IFN<math>\beta</math> (SEQ ID NO 45)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYTA<del>STL</del>QSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLT<del>ISS</del>LQPEDFATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGG<del>TK</del>VEIKRTVAAPS<del>V</del>FIFPPSDEQLKSGTASV<del>V</del>CLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSK<del>D</del>STYSL<del>S</del>SSTLT LSKADY<del>E</del>KHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>GGGGSGGG</b> <b>GSGGGGSGGGGS</b>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEY CLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQ<del>N</del>IFAI<del>F</del>RQDSS TGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSL HLKRY<del>Y</del>GRILHYLKAKE<del>Y</del>SHCAWTIVRVEILRN<del>F</del>YFINRLTGYLR N</p>
<p>IFN<math>\beta</math>--(G4S)3-- antiCD40_HC_Ig G1_NNAS_dK (SEQ ID NO 46)</p>	<p>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEI KQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQ<del>N</del>IFAI<del>F</del>RQDSSSTG<del>W</del>NETIVENLLA NVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRY<del>Y</del>GRILHYL KAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN<del>F</del>YFINRLTGYLR<b>NGGGGSGGGGS</b> <b>GGGGS</b>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGY<del>Y</del>MHW VRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELNRLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGT LTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVS WNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNV NHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKP KDTLMISRTP<del>E</del>VT<del>C</del>VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTK PREEQY<del>N</del><u>NAS</u>RVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYK<del>T</del>TPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGN VFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG</p>
<p>antiCD40_HC_Ig G1_NNAS_dK-- (G4S)4--IFN<math>\beta</math> (SEQ ID NO 47)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGY<del>Y</del>MHWVRQAPG QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGT<del>L</del>VTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSN</p>

	<p>TKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI  SRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQY  <u>NNASRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKA</u>  KGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWES  NGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSV  MHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSSMS  YNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQ  LQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAIFRQDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANV  YHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKA  KEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRLTGYLRLN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2  dK_HC--HL--  IFN<math>\alpha</math>2A    (SEQ ID NO 81)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG  QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTA YMELN  RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGGTLVTVSSA  STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL  TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSDFNGTQTYTCNVDPKPSN  TKVDKTVRKCCECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE  VTCVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF  RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR  EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE  NNYKTTTPMLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA  LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGAEAAAKEAAAKACDLPQTHSLGSRRTLM  LLAQMRKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQ  QIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETLLDKFYTELYQQLNDLEACVIQGVGV  TETPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMR  SFSLSSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-  derivative--HL--  IFN<math>\alpha</math>2A    (SEQ ID NO 82)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP  NLLIYTA STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ  ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL  NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKSTYLSSTLT  LSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEKSLSLSPGAEA  AAAKEAAAKACDLPQTHSLGSRRTLMLLAQMRKISLFSCLKDRH</p>

	<p>DFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDET          LLDKFYTELYQQLNDLEACVIQGVGTETPLMKEDSILAVRKYF          QRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC--          (G4S)4--IFN<math>\gamma</math>          (SEQ ID NO 83)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVITTCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP          NLLIYTA STLQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCQQ          ANIFPLTFGGGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL          NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSLT          LSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>GGGGSGGG</b>  <b>GSGGGGSGGGGS</b>QDPYVKEAENLKKYFNAGHSDVADNGTLFL          GILKNWKEESDRKIMQSQIVSFYFKLFKNFKDDQSIQKSVETIKE          DMNVKFFNSNKKKRDDFEKLTNYSVTDLNVQRKAIHELIVMA          ELSPA AKTGKRKRSQMLFRGRRASQ</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2          dK_HC--(G4S)4--          IFN<math>\gamma</math>          (SEQ ID NO 84)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG          QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN          RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLVTVSSA          STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL          TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSNFGTQTYTCNVDPKPSN          TKVDKTVKCCVECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE          VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF          RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTIKTKGQPR          EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE          NNYKTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVDFCSVMHEA          LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGGSGGGGGSGGGGSQDPYVKE          AENLKKYFNAGHSDVADNGTLFLGILKNWKEESDRKIMQSQIVS          FYFKLFKNFKDDQSIQKSVETIKEDMNVKFFNSNKKKRDDFEKLT          TNYSVTDLNVQRKAIHELIVMAELSPA AKTGKRKRSQMLFRG          RRASQ</p>

<p>antiCD40_LC-- (G4S)4--IFNλ2  (SEQ ID NO 85)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYTA<sup>ST</sup>LQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISS<sup>LQ</sup>PE<sup>DF</sup>FATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGG<sup>TK</sup>VEIKRTVAAPS<sup>VF</sup>FPPSDEQLKSGTASV<sup>V</sup>CLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSK<sup>D</sup>STYSL<sup>S</sup>SSTLT LSKADY<sup>E</sup>KHKVYACEVTHQGLSSP<sup>V</sup>TKSFNRGEC<b>GGGGSGGG</b> <b>GSGGGGSGGGGS</b>VPVARLHGALPDARGCHIAQFKSLSPQELQA FKRAKDALEESLLLKDCRCHSRLFPRTWDLRQLQVRERPMALE AELALTLKVLEATADTDPALVDVLDQPLHTLHHILSQFRACIQPQ PTAGPRTRGRLHHWLYRLQEAPKKESPGCLEASVTFNLFRLLTR DLNCVASGDLCV</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2 dK_HC--(G4S)4-- IFNλ2  (SEQ ID NO 86)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKV<sup>S</sup>CKASGYTFTGYYMHWVRQAPG QGLEW<sup>M</sup>GWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGQGLVTVSSA STKGPSV<sup>F</sup>PLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV<sup>V</sup>TPSSNFGTQTYTCNV<sup>D</sup>HKPSN TKVDKTVERKCCVECP<sup>P</sup>CPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT<sup>P</sup> EVT<sup>C</sup>VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNST<sup>F</sup> RVVSVLTVVHQD<sup>W</sup>LNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTI<sup>S</sup>KTGQPR EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTT<sup>P</sup>PMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSVPVARLH GALPDARGCHIAQFKSLSPQELQAFKRAKDALEESLLLKDCRCH SRLFPRTWDLRQLQVRERPMALEAELALTLKVLEATADTDPALV DVLDQPLHTLHHILSQFRACIQPQPTAGPRTRGRLHHWLYRLQE APKKESPGCLEASVTFNLFRLLTRDLNCVASGDLCV</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-- (G4S)4--IFNω  (SEQ ID NO 87)</p>	<p>DIQMTQSPSSVSASVGDRVTITCRASQGIYSWLAWYQQKPGKAP NLLIYTA<sup>ST</sup>LQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISS<sup>LQ</sup>PE<sup>DF</sup>FATYYCQQ ANIFPLTFGGG<sup>TK</sup>VEIKRTVAAPS<sup>VF</sup>FPPSDEQLKSGTASV<sup>V</sup>CLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSK<sup>D</sup>STYSL<sup>S</sup>SSTLT LSKADY<sup>E</sup>KHKVYACEVTHQGLSSP<sup>V</sup>TKSFNRGEC<b>GGGGSGGG</b></p>

	<p>GSGGGGSGGGGSLGCDLPQNHGLLSRNTLVLLHQMRRIISPFLC          LKDRRDFRFPQEMVKGSQQLQKAHVMSVLHEMLQQIFSLFHTERS          SAAWNMTLLDQLHTGLHQQLQHLETCLLQVVGEGESAGAISSP          ALTLRRYFQGIRVYLKEKKYSDCAWEVVRMEIMKSLFLSTNMQ          ERLRSKDRDLGSS</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2          dK_HC--(G4S)4--          IFNε          (SEQ ID NO 88)</p>	<p>QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTGYMHVWRQAPG          QGLEWMGWINPDSGGTNYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSISTAYMELN          RLRSDDTAVYYCARDQPLGYCTNGVCSYFDYWGGQTLVTVSSA          STKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL          TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSDFNGTQTYTCNVDPKPSN          TKVDKTVKCCVECPPEAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE          EVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTF          RVVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPR          EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE          NNYKTTTPMLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVDFCSVMHEA          LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSLDLKLIIF          QQRQVNQESLKLNLKLTLSIQQLPHRKNFLLPQKSLSPQQYQ          KGHTLAILHEMLQQIFSLFRANISLDGWEENHTEKFLIQLHQQL          YLEALMGLEAEKLSGTLGSDNLRQLQVKMYFRRIHDYLENQDYS          TCAWAIVQVEISRCLFFVFSLTEKLSKQGRPLNDMKQELTTEFRS          PR</p>

**Table 8.** Sequences of exemplary interferon-associated antigen binding protein and components thereof based on the antiCD40 antibody 3G5. *Italic sequences correspond to signal peptides. Bold non-italic sequences correspond to linkers. Mutated amino acids are underlined.*

Name / SEQ ID Number	Sequence
antiCD40_light chain (SEQ ID NO 59)	EIVMTQSPATLSVSPGERATLSCRASQSVRSNLAWYQQKPGQAP RLLIYGASTRATGIPARFSGSGSGTEFTLTINSLQSEDFAVYYCQQ HNKWITFGQGRLEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTL TLISKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC
antiCD40_light chain with signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 60)	<i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVH</i> EIVMTQSPATLSVSPGERATLSCRASQ SVRSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPARFSGSGSGTEFT LTINSLQSEDFAVYYCQQHNKWITFGQGRLEIKRTVAAPSVFIF PPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQE SVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLISKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPV TKSFNRGEC
antiCD40_heavy chain hIgG2 dK (SEQ ID NO 61)	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVIWSGDSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH TTPAVLQSSGLYSLSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVD KTVRKCCVECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS VLTIVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY KTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNV FSCSVMHEALHN HYTQKSLSLSPG

<p>antiCD40_heavy chain hIgG2 dK with Signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 62)</p>	<p><i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVHSQVQLVESGGGVVQPGKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVECPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS VLTVVHQQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPMLDS DGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG</i></p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody Fab region heavy chain hIgG2 (SEQ ID NO 63)</p>	<p><i>QVQLVESGGGVVQPGKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVE</i></p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody Fab region heavy chain hIgG2 with signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 64)</p>	<p><i>MGWSCILFLVATATGVHSQVQLVESGGGVVQPGKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVE</i></p>
<p>antiCD40 antibody Fab region heavy chain hIgG2 --TEV--6His tag (SEQ ID NO 65)</p>	<p><i>QVQLVESGGGVVQPGKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVDKTKVERKCCVEENLYFQSHHHHHH</i></p>

<p>antiCD40_hIgG2 dK_HC--RL-- IFNβdM (SEQ ID NO 66)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPQKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVIWSDGSKNFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH TFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVD KTVERKCCVECPCAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY KTPPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHN HYTQKSLSLSPGPAPASYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKLLWQLNGRLE YCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAI FRQDS SSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMS SLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTGY LRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2 dK_HC--RL-- IFNβdM_C17S (SEQ ID NO 67)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPQKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVIWSDGSKNFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH TFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVD KTVERKCCVECPCAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY KTPPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHN HYTQKSLSLSPGPAPASYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLE YCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAI FRQDS SSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMS SLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTGY LRN</p>

<p>antiCD40_hIgG2 dK_HC--HL-- IFNβdM (SEQ ID NO 68)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPQKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVIWSDGSKNFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH TFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVD KTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY KTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHN HYTQKSLSLSPGAEAAAKEAAAKASYNLLGFLQRSSNFQCQKL LWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQ NIFAIQRDSSSTGWN ETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKE DFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2 dK_HC--HL-- IFNβdM_C17S (SEQ ID NO 69)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPQKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVIWSDGSKNFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH TFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVD KTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY KTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHN HYTQKSLSLSPGAEAAAKEAAAKASYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKL LWQLNGRLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQ NIFAIQRDSSSTGWN ETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKE DFTRGKLMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRN FYFINRLTG YLRN</p>

<p>antiCD40_LC-- HL2--IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S  (SEQ ID NO 70)</p>	<p>EIVMTQSPATLSVSPGERATLSCRASQSVRSNLAWYQQKPGQAP RLLIYGASTRATGIPARFSGSGSGTEFTLTINSLQSEDFAVYYCQQ HNKWITFGQGTRLEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYLSSTL TLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>AEEAAKEA</b> <b>AAKAAEAAAKEAAAK</b>AMSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNG RLEYCLKDRMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAIFR QDSSSTGWNETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGK LMSSLHLKRYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRL TGYLRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_LC-- (G4S)3-- IFN<math>\beta</math>_C17S  (SEQ ID NO 71)</p>	<p>EIVMTQSPATLSVSPGERATLSCRASQSVRSNLAWYQQKPGQAP RLLIYGASTRATGIPARFSGSGSGTEFTLTINSLQSEDFAVYYCQQ HNKWITFGQGTRLEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLL NNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYLSSTL TLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC<b>GGGGSGG</b> <b>GGSGGGGS</b>MSYNLLGFLQRSSNFQSQKLLWQLNGRLEYCLKD RMNFDIPEEIKQLQQFQKEDAALTIYEMLQNIFAIFRQDSSSTGW NETIVENLLANVYHQINHLKTVLEEKLEKEDFTRGKLMSSLHLK RYYGRILHYLKAKEYSHCAWTIVRVEILRNIFYFINRLTGYLRN</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2 dK_HC--(G4S)2-- IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a  (SEQ ID NO 72)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPQKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH TFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVD KTVERKCCVECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY KTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNV FSCSVMHEALHN HYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGGSGGGGGSCDLPQTHSLGSRRTLMLLAQM</p>

	<p>RKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQIFNLF                  STKDSSAAWDETLDDKIFYTELYQQLNDLEACVIQGVGVTTETPL                  MKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSFSL                  TNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2                  dK_HC--(G4S)3--                  IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a                  (SEQ ID NO 73)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPGKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK                  GLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL                  RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS                  VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH                  TFPVAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV D HKPSNTKVD                  KTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC                  VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS                  VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ                  VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY                  KTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHN                  HYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGCDLPQTHSLGSRRTL                  MLLAQMRKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMI                  QQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETLDDKIFYTELYQQLNDLEACVIQGVG                  VTETPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIM                  RSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2                  dK_HC--(G4S)4--                  IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a                  (SEQ ID NO 74)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPGKSLRLSCAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK                  GLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL                  RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLVTVSSASTKGPS                  VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH                  TFPVAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV D HKPSNTKVD                  KTVERKCCVECPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC                  VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS                  VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ                  VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY                  KTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHN                  HYTQKSLSLSPGGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGCDLPQTHSLG                  SRRTLMLLAQMRKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPV</p>

	<p>LHEMIQQIFNLFSTKDSSAAWDETL LDKFYTELYQQ LNDLEACV              IQGVGV TETPLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVV              RAEIMRSFSLSTNLQESLRSKE</p>
<p>antiCD40_hIgG2              dK_HC--HL--              IFN<math>\alpha</math>2a              (SEQ ID NO 75)</p>	<p>QVQLVESGGGVVQPGKSLRLS CAASGFTFSSNGIHWVRQAPGK              GLEWVAVIWSDGSNKFYADSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL              RAEDTAVYYCARASGSGSYNFFDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTKGPS              VFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVH              TFP AVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV D HKPSNTKVD              KTVERKCCVECP P PAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC              VVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVVS              VLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ              VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY              KTTTPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNV FSCSVMHEALHN              HYTQKSLSLSPGAEAAAKEAAAKACDLPQTHSLGSRRTLMLLA              QMRKISLFSCLKDRHDFGFPQEEFGNQFQKAETIPVLHEMIQQIF              NLFSTKDSSAAWDETL LDKFYTELYQQ LNDLEACVIQGVGV TET              PLMKEDSILAVRKYFQRITLYLKEKKYSPCAWEVVRAEIMRSF S              LSTNLQESLRSKE</p>

[00194] In preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins described herein are interferon-fused antigen binding proteins comprising polypeptides derived from those specified in **Table 9**, in particular **Table 9A** or **Table 9B**, more particularly **Table 9A** below, and especially from the polypeptides of SEQ ID NO 38, SEQ ID NO 39, SEQ ID NO 40, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42 or SEQ ID NO 43 above. In preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins described herein are interferon-fused antigen binding proteins consisting of polypeptides derived from those specified in **Table 9**, in particular **Table 9A** or **Table 9B**, more particularly **Table 9A** below, and especially from the polypeptides of SEQ ID NO 38, SEQ ID NO 39, SEQ ID NO 40, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42 or SEQ ID NO 43 above. In more preferred embodiments, the interferon-fused antibody comprises the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 38 and

SEQ ID NO 3. In other more preferred embodiments, the interferon-fused antibody comprises the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 39 and SEQ ID NO 3. In other more preferred embodiments, the interferon-fused antibody comprises the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 40 and SEQ ID NO 3. In other more preferred  
 5 embodiments, the interferon-fused antibody comprises the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 41 and SEQ ID NO 9. In other more preferred embodiments, the interferon-fused antibody comprises the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 42 and SEQ ID NO 9. In other more preferred embodiments, the interferon-fused antibody comprises the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 43 and SEQ ID NO 9.

10

**Table 9.** Polypeptide combinations found in preferred interferon-fused antigen binding proteins of the invention based on the antiCD40 antibody CP870,893, their mean EC<sub>50</sub> values with regard to the activation of CD40 and IFN-pathways and their productivity (i.e., yield per liter culture). Each sequence combination as indicated is comprised twice in the  
 15 respective IFA. SN: supernatant.

A

Interferon-fused Antibody (IFA)	Sequence combination	CD40 EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\beta$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\alpha$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	productivity (mg/L)
IFA1	(SEQ ID NO 28) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	74,1	1,64		16,7
IFA2	(SEQ ID NO 29) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	111	0,14		17,8
IFA8	(SEQ ID NO 30) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	39,7	2,9		6,45
IFA9	(SEQ ID NO 31) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	42,6	0,7		3,4
IFA10	(SEQ ID NO 32) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	26,5	4,5		6,9
IFA11	(SEQ ID NO 33) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	42,8	1,78		5,1
IFA12	(SEQ ID NO 34) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	105	3,64		21,2
IFA13	(SEQ ID NO 35) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	192	0,7		11,5

IFA19	(SEQ ID NO 36) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	110	1,3		5,6
IFA20	(SEQ ID NO 37) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	182	2,34		4,2
IFA25	(SEQ ID NO 38) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	13,3		5,1	21
IFA26	(SEQ ID NO 39) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	15,35		4	8,6
IFA27	(SEQ ID NO 40) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	17		2,4	9,3
IFA28	(SEQ ID NO 41) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	12,8		4,5	75
IFA29	(SEQ ID NO 42) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	11,1		2	56,6
IFA30	(SEQ ID NO 43) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	11,3		1,6	46,6
IFA34	(SEQ ID NO 44) + (SEQ ID NO 49)	active (SN)	active (SN)		no significant production
IFA35	(SEQ ID NO 45) + (SEQ ID NO 49)	active (SN)	active (SN)		no significant production
IFA36	(SEQ ID NO 46) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	active (SN)	active (SN)		no significant production
IFA37	(SEQ ID NO 47) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	active (SN)	active (SN)		no significant production

## B

Interferon-fused Antibody (IFA)	Sequence combination	CD40 EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\alpha$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\lambda$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\gamma$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\epsilon$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\omega$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	productivity (mg/L)
IFA38	(SEQ ID NO 81) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	22.7	3.77					1.32
IFA39	(SEQ ID NO 82) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	17.5	2.95					1.25
IFA42	(SEQ ID NO 83) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	65.6			15.4			0.72
IFA43	(SEQ ID NO 84) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	50.8			<0.001			0.55
IFA44	(SEQ ID NO 85) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	41.4		0.153				0.91

IFA45	(SEQ ID NO 86) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	25.8		<0.001				1.09
IFA46	(SEQ ID NO 87) + (SEQ ID NO 9)	86.3					0.493	0.89
IFA49	(SEQ ID NO 88) + (SEQ ID NO 3)	65.8				78.2		0.61
IFA50	(SEQ ID NO 41) + (SEQ ID NO 50)	128	1.36					0.57
IFA51	(SEQ ID NO 42) + (SEQ ID NO 50)	123	1.43					0.48

[00195] In other preferred embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins described herein are interferon-fused antigen binding proteins comprising polypeptides derived from those specified in **Table 10** below. In preferred  
5       embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins described herein are interferon-fused antigen binding proteins consisting of polypeptides derived from those specified in **Table 10** below.

**Table 10.** Polypeptide combinations found in preferred interferon-fused antigen binding  
10       proteins of the invention based on the antiCD40 antibody 3G5, their mean EC<sub>50</sub> values with regard to the activation of CD40 and IFN-pathways. Each sequence combination as indicated is comprised twice in the respective IFA. SN: supernatant.

Interferon - fused Antibody (IFA)	Sequence combination	CD40 EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\beta$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	IFN $\alpha$ EC <sub>50</sub> (ng/mL)	productivity mg/L
IFA106	(seq ID NO 66) + (seq ID NO 59)	190,5	10,30		0,36
IFA107	(seq ID NO 67) + (seq ID NO 59)	141,5	2,03		0,28
IFA108	(seq ID NO 68) + (seq ID NO 59)	37,3	1,27		0,59
IFA109	(seq ID NO 69) + (seq ID NO 59)	30	0,45		0,4
IFA114	(seq ID NO 70) + (seq ID NO 61)	active (SN)	active (SN)		no significant production

IFA115	(seq ID NO 71) + (seq ID NO 61)	active (SN)	active (SN)		no significant production
IFA121	(seq ID NO 72) + (seq ID NO 59)	14,2		0,12	22,6
IFA122	(seq ID NO 73) + (seq ID NO 59)	11,74		0,07	16,8
IFA123	(seq ID NO 74) + (seq ID NO 59)	12,85		0,05	17,2
IFA124	(seq ID NO 75) + (seq ID NO 59)	12,14		0,04	21,6

### Nucleic Acids and Expression Vectors

[00196] In one aspect, a combination of polynucleotides encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein is provided. Methods of making an interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprising expressing these polynucleotides are also provided.

[00197] In some embodiments, a nucleic acid encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof being fused to an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, as disclosed herein is provided. In certain exemplary embodiments, the nucleic acid is encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof fused to an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof according to any of the sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOs 81 to 88, or a nucleic acid sequence at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of these sequences. In certain exemplary embodiments, said nucleic acid is at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of SEQ ID NOs 81 to 88. In preferred embodiments, the nucleic acid is encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof fused to an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof according to any of the sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOs 28 to 47, or a nucleic acid sequence at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of these sequences. In even more specific embodiments, said nucleic acid is at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of SEQ ID NOs 28

to 47. In other preferred embodiments, the nucleic acid is encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof fused to an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof according to any of the sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOs 66 to 75, or a nucleic acid sequence at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%,  
5 at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of these sequences. In even more specific embodiments, said nucleic acid is at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of SEQ ID NOs 66 to 75.

[00198] In those embodiments wherein a nucleic acid encodes an IFN or a functional  
10 fragment thereof being fused to a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, the nucleic acid may further encode a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a  
15 sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 7, SEQ ID NO 8, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 10, SEQ ID NO 11, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 13, SEQ ID NO 48, SEQ ID NO 49, or SEQ ID NO 50, or a nucleic acid sequence at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of these sequences. In even more specific embodiments, said  
20 nucleic acid is at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 7, SEQ ID NO 8, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 10, SEQ ID NO 11, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 13, SEQ ID NO 48, SEQ ID NO 49, or SEQ ID NO 50. In other more specific embodiments, the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof  
25 comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 61, SEQ ID NO 62, SEQ ID NO 63, SEQ ID NO 64 or SEQ ID NO 65, or a nucleic acid sequence at least at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of these sequences. In such other even more specific  
30 embodiments, said nucleic acid is at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding SEQ ID NO 61, SEQ ID NO 62, SEQ ID NO 63, SEQ ID NO 64 or SEQ ID NO 65.

[00199] In those embodiments where a nucleic acid encodes an IFN or a functional fragment thereof being fused to the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, the nucleic acid may further encode a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. In more specific embodiments, the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, SEQ ID NO 4 or SEQ ID NO 5, or a nucleic acid sequence at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of these sequences. In even more specific embodiments, said nucleic acid is at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding SEQ ID NO 3, SEQ ID NO 4 or SEQ ID NO 5. In other more specific embodiments, the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 59 or SEQ ID NO 60, or a nucleic acid sequence at least at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding any of these sequences. In even more specific embodiments, said nucleic acid is at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% identical to a nucleic acid encoding SEQ ID NO 59 or SEQ ID NO 60.

[00200] In certain embodiments, the nucleic acids described herein may comprise a sequence encoding a sequence to increase the yield (e.g. a solubility tag) or facilitate purification of the expressed proteins (i.e., a purification tag). Purification tags are known to a person skilled in the art and may be selected from glutathione *S*-transferase (GST) tags, maltose binding protein (MBP) tags, calmodulin binding peptide (CBP) tags, intein-chitin binding domain (intein-CBD) tags, Streptavidin/Biotin-based tags (such as biotinylation signal peptide (BCCP) tags, Streptavidin-binding peptide (SBP) tags, His-patch ThioFusion tags, tandem affinity purification (TAP) tags, Small ubiquitin-like modifier (SUMO) tags, HaloTag® (Promega), Profinity eXact™ system (Bio-Rad). In some embodiments, the purification tag may be a polyhistidine tag (e.g., a His<sub>6</sub>-, His<sub>7</sub>-, His<sub>8</sub>-, His<sub>9</sub>- or His<sub>10</sub>-tag). In other embodiments, the purification tag may be a Strep-tag (e.g., a Strep-tag® or a Strep-tag II®; IBA Life Sciences). In yet other embodiments, the purification tag may be a maltose binding protein (MBP) tag.

[00201] In some embodiments, the nucleic acid sequence may further comprise a sequence encoding a cleavage site for removal of the purification tag. Such cleavage sequences are known to a person skilled in the art and may be selected from a sequence recognized and cleaved by an endoprotease or an exoprotease. In some  
5 embodiments, an endoprotease for the removal of a purification tag may be selected from: Enteropeptidase, Thrombin, Factor Xa, TEV protease or Rhinovirus 3C protease. In some embodiments, an exoprotease for the removal of a purification tag may be selected from: Carboxypeptidase A, Carboxypeptidase B or DAPase. In preferred embodiments, the protease for the removal of a purification tag is TEV  
10 protease. In a more specific preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid comprises a sequence encoding a His<sub>6</sub>-tag and a TEV cleavage site. In an even more specific preferred embodiment, said nucleic acid comprises a sequence encoding a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 27.

[00202] The nucleic acid molecules of the invention may also comprise a sequence  
15 encoding a signal peptide. The skilled person is aware of the various signal peptides available to direct the expressed protein to the desired site of folding, assembly and/or maturation as well as to effect secretion of the final protein into the medium to facilitate downstream processing. Thus, in some embodiments, the signal peptide is a secretory signal peptide. The encoded signal peptide may comprise a sequence as  
20 set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 2. In some embodiments, the signal peptide comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1. In other embodiments, the signal peptide comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2.

[00203] Signal peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO 1) was used for synthesis of the polypeptide sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 28, SEQ ID NO 29, SEQ ID NO 30, SEQ ID  
25 NO 31, SEQ ID NO 32, SEQ ID NO 33, SEQ ID NO 34, SEQ ID NO 35, SEQ ID NO 36, SEQ ID NO 37, SEQ ID NO 44, SEQ ID NO 45, SEQ ID NO 46, SEQ ID NO 47, SEQ ID NO 50, SEQ ID NO 65, SEQ ID NO 66, SEQ ID NO 67, SEQ ID NO 68, SEQ ID NO 69, SEQ ID NO 70, SEQ ID NO 71, SEQ ID NO 72, SEQ ID NO 73, SEQ ID NO 74 and SEQ ID NO 75. Such signal peptide that is initially present  
30 at the N-terminus of the respective sequence of the polypeptide is cleaved during synthesis.

[00204] Signal peptide 2 (SEQ ID NO 2) was used for synthesis of the polypeptide sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 38, SEQ ID NO 39, SEQ ID NO 40, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42 and SEQ ID NO 43. Such signal peptide that is initially present at the N-terminus of the respective sequence of the polypeptide is cleaved during synthesis.

[00205] For the synthesis of the polypeptide sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 81, SEQ ID NO 82, SEQ ID NO 83, SEQ ID NO 84, SEQ ID NO 85, SEQ ID NO 86, SEQ ID NO 87 and SEQ ID NO 88 the signal peptide MGWSCILFLVATATGVHS (SEQ ID NO 1) was used. Such signal peptide that is initially present at the N-terminus of the respective sequence of the polypeptide is cleaved during synthesis.

[00206] Polynucleotides encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof being fused to the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof as disclosed herein are typically inserted in an expression vector for introduction into host cells that may be used to produce the desired quantity of the claimed interferon-associated antigen binding proteins. Accordingly, in certain aspects, the invention provides expression vectors comprising polynucleotides disclosed herein and host cells comprising these vectors and polynucleotides.

[00207] The term “**vector**” or “**expression vector**” is used herein for the purposes of the specification and claims, to mean vectors used in accordance with the present invention as a vehicle for introducing into and expressing a desired gene in a cell. As known to those skilled in the art, such vectors may easily be selected from the group consisting of plasmids, phages, viruses and retroviruses. In general, vectors compatible with the present invention will comprise a selection marker, appropriate restriction sites to facilitate cloning of the desired gene and the ability to enter and/or replicate in eukaryotic or prokaryotic cells.

[00208] Numerous expression **vector systems** may be employed for the purposes of this invention. For example, one class of vector utilizes DNA elements which are derived from animal viruses such as bovine papilloma virus, polyoma virus, adenovirus, vaccinia virus, baculovirus, retroviruses (RSV, MMTV or MOMLV), or SV40 virus. Others involve the use of polycistronic systems with internal ribosome binding sites. Additionally, cells which have integrated the DNA into their chromosomes may be selected by introducing one or more markers which allow

selection of transfected host cells. The marker may provide for prototrophy to an auxotrophic host, biocide resistance (e.g., antibiotics) or resistance to heavy metals such as copper. The selectable marker gene can either be directly linked to the DNA sequences to be expressed, or introduced into the same cell by co-transformation.

5 Additional elements may also be needed for optimal synthesis of mRNA. These elements may include signal sequences, splice signals, as well as transcriptional promoters, enhancers, and termination signals. In some embodiments the cloned variable region genes, one of them fused with a gene encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof, are inserted into an expression vector along with the heavy and

10 light chain constant region genes (such as human genes) synthesized as discussed above.

**[00209]** In other embodiments, a vector system of the invention may comprise more than one vector. In some embodiments, a vector system may comprise a first vector for the expression of an IFN or a functional fragment thereof fused to a light chain

15 of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof and a second vector for expression of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof. Alternatively, such a vector system may comprise a first vector for the expression of an IFN or a functional fragment thereof fused to a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the

20 agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof and a second vector for expression of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.

**[00210]** In other embodiments, an interferon-associated antigen binding protein as described herein may be expressed using polycistronic constructs. In such expression

25 systems, multiple gene products of interest such as those encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof being fused to a heavy chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof and encoding a light chain of said antibody, or those encoding an IFN or a functional fragment thereof being

30 fused to a light chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof and encoding a heavy chain of said antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof may be produced from a single polycistronic construct. These systems advantageously use an internal ribosome entry site (IRES)

to provide relatively high levels of polypeptides in eukaryotic host cells. Compatible IRES sequences are disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 6,193,980, which is incorporated by reference herein. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that such expression systems may be used to effectively produce the full range of polypeptides disclosed in the instant application.

[00211] More generally, once a vector or a DNA sequence encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the present invention has been prepared, the expression vector may be introduced into an appropriate host cell. That is, the host cell may be transformed. Introduction of a plasmid into the host cell can be accomplished by various techniques well known to those of skill in the art. These include, but are not limited to, transfection (including electrophoresis and electroporation), protoplast fusion, calcium phosphate precipitation, cell fusion with enveloped DNA, microinjection, and infection with intact virus. See, e.g., Ridgway, A. A. G. "Mammalian Expression Vectors" Chapter 24.2, pp. 470-472 Vectors, Rodriguez and Denhardt, Eds. (Butterworths, Boston, MA 1988). The transformed cells are grown under conditions appropriate to the production of the light chains and heavy chains, and assayed for heavy and/or light chain protein synthesis. Exemplary assay techniques include enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), radioimmunoassay (RIA), or fluorescence-activated cell sorter analysis (FACS), immunohistochemistry and the like.

[00212] As used herein, the term "**transformation**" shall be used in a broad sense to refer to the introduction of DNA into a recipient host cell that changes the genotype and consequently results in a change in the recipient cell.

[00213] Along those same lines, "**host cells**" refer to cells that have been transformed with vectors constructed using recombinant DNA techniques and encoding at least one heterologous gene. In descriptions of processes for isolation of polypeptides from recombinant hosts, the terms "**cell**" and "**cell culture**" are used interchangeably to denote the source of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein unless it is clearly specified otherwise. In other words, recovery of polypeptide from the "**cells**" may mean either from spun down whole cells, or from the cell culture containing both the medium and the suspended cells.

[00214] In one embodiment, the **host cell line** used for expression of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein is of eukaryotic or prokaryotic origin. As used herein, the term “expression” may include the transcription and translation of more than one polypeptide chain (such as a heavy and a light chain of the antibody moiety of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein), which associate to form the final interferon-associated antigen binding protein. In one embodiment, the host cell line used for expression of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein is of bacterial origin. In one embodiment, the host cell line used for expression of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein is of mammalian origin; those skilled in the art can determine particular host cell lines which are best suited for the desired gene product to be expressed therein. Exemplary host cell lines include, but are not limited to, CHO K1 GS knockout from Horizon, DG44 and DUXB11 (Chinese Hamster Ovary lines, DHFR minus), HELA (human cervical carcinoma), CVI (monkey kidney line), COS (a derivative of CVI with SV40 T antigen), R1610 (Chinese hamster fibroblast) BALBC/3T3 (mouse fibroblast), HAK (hamster kidney line), SP2/O (mouse myeloma), BFA-1c1BPT (bovine endothelial cells), RAJI (human lymphocyte), HEK 293 (human kidney). In a preferred embodiment, HEK FS S11/254 cells may be used. In another preferred embodiment, CHO K1 GS from Horizon may be used. In one embodiment, the cell line provides for altered glycosylation, e.g., afucosylation, of the antibody expressed therefrom (e.g., PER.C6® (Crucell) or FUT8-knock-out CHO cell lines (POTELLIGENT™ cells) (Biowa, Princeton, NJ)). In one embodiment NS0 cells may be used. Host cell lines are typically available from commercial services, the American Tissue Culture Collection or from published literature.

[00215] In one embodiment, the **host** used for expression of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein is a non-human transgenic animal or transgenic plant.

[00216] Interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention can also be produced transgenically through the generation of a non-human animal (e.g., mammal) or plant that is transgenic for the sequences of interest and production of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein in a recoverable form therefrom. In connection with the transgenic production in mammals, interferon-associated antigen binding proteins can be produced in, and recovered from, the milk of goats, cows, or

other mammals. See, e.g., US. Patent Nos 5,827,690, 5,756,687, 5,750,172, and 5,741,957. Exemplary plant hosts are *Nicotiana*, *Arabidopsis*, duckweed, corn, wheat, potato, etc. Methods for expressing antibodies in plants, including a description of promoters and vectors, as well as transformation of plants is known in the art. See, e.g., United States Patent 6,517,529, herein incorporated by reference. In some embodiments, non-human transgenic animals or plants are produced by introducing one or more nucleic acid molecules encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention into the animal or plant by standard transgenic techniques. See Hogan and United States Patent 6,417,429. The transgenic cells used for making the transgenic animal can be embryonic stem cells or somatic cells. The transgenic non-human organisms can be chimeric, nonchimeric heterozygotes, and nonchimeric homozygotes. See, e.g., Hogan et al., *Manipulating the Mouse Embryo: A Laboratory Manual* 2nd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Press (1999); Jackson et al., *Mouse Genetics and Transgenics: A Practical Approach*, Oxford University Press (2000); and Pinkert, *Transgenic Animal Technology: A Laboratory Handbook*, Academic Press (1999). In some embodiments, the transgenic non-human animals have a targeted disruption and replacement by a targeting construct that encodes the sequence(s) of interest. The interferon-associated antigen binding proteins may be made in any transgenic animal. In a preferred embodiment, the non-human animals are mice, rats, sheep, pigs, goats, cattle or horses. The non-human transgenic animal expresses said interferon-associated antigen binding proteins in blood, milk, urine, saliva, tears, mucus and other bodily fluids.

[00217] *In vitro* production allows scale-up to give large amounts of the desired interferon-associated antigen binding proteins. Techniques for mammalian cell cultivation under tissue culture conditions are known in the art and include homogeneous suspension culture, e.g., in an airlift reactor or in a continuous stirrer reactor, or immobilized or entrapped cell culture, e.g., in hollow fibers, microcapsules, on agarose microbeads or ceramic cartridges. If necessary and/or desired, a solution of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, can be purified by the customary chromatography methods, for example gel filtration, ion-exchange chromatography, chromatography over DEAE-cellulose and/or (immuno-) affinity chromatography.

[00218] One or more genes encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein can also be expressed in non-mammalian cells such as bacteria or yeast or plant cells. In this regard it will be appreciated that various unicellular non-mammalian microorganisms such as bacteria can also be transformed; i.e. those capable of being grown in cultures or fermentation. Bacteria, which are susceptible to transformation, include members of the enterobacteriaceae, such as strains of *Escherichia coli* or *Salmonella*; *Bacillaceae*, such as *Bacillus subtilis*; *Pneumococcus*; *Streptococcus*, and *Haemophilus influenzae*. It will further be appreciated that, when expressed in bacteria, interferon-associated antigen binding proteins according to the invention or components thereof (i.e., agonistic anti-CD40 antibodies or agonistic antigen binding fragments thereof, and IFNs or functional fragments of IFNs) can become part of inclusion bodies. The desired interferon-associated antigen binding proteins may then need to be isolated, optionally also refolded, and purified.

[00219] In addition to prokaryotes, eukaryotic microbes may also be used. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, or common baker's yeast, is the most commonly used among eukaryotic microorganisms although a number of other strains are commonly available. For expression in *Saccharomyces*, the plasmid YRp7, for example, (Stinchcomb *et al.*, Nature, 282:39 (1979); Kingsman *et al.*, Gene, 7:141 (1979); Tschemper *et al.*, Gene, 10:157 (1980)) is commonly used. This plasmid already contains the TRP1 gene, which provides a selection marker for a mutant strain of yeast lacking the ability to grow in tryptophan, for example ATCC No. 44076 or PEP4-1 (Jones, Genetics, 85:12 (1977)). The presence of the *trp1* lesion as a characteristic of the yeast host cell genome then provides an effective environment for detecting transformation by growth in the absence of tryptophan.

### Therapeutic Vectors

[00220] A nucleic acid sequence encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein can be inserted into a vector and used as a therapeutic vector, e.g., a vector that expresses an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention. The construction of suitable, functional expression constructs and therapeutic expression vectors is known to one of ordinary skill in the art. Thus, in certain embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding protein may be administered to a subject by

means of genetic delivery with RNA or DNA sequences, a vector or vector system encoding the interferon-associated antigen binding protein.

[00221] Therapeutic vectors can be delivered to a subject by, for example, intravenous injection, local administration (see U.S. Pat. No. 5,328,470) or by stereotactic injection (see, e.g., Chen et al., PNAS 91:3054-3057 (1994)). The pharmaceutical preparation of a therapeutic vector can include the vector in an acceptable diluent.

[00222] An interferon-associated antigen binding protein encoding nucleic acid, or nucleic acids, can be incorporated into a gene construct to be used as a part of a therapy protocol to deliver nucleic acids encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein. Expression vectors for *in vivo* transfection and expression of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein are provided.

[00223] Expression constructs of such components may be administered in any biologically effective carrier, e.g., any formulation or composition capable of effectively delivering the component nucleic acid sequence to cells *in vivo*, as are known to one of ordinary skill in the art. Approaches include, but are not limited to, insertion of the subject nucleic acid sequence(s) in viral vectors including, but not limited to, recombinant retroviruses, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus and herpes simplex virus-1, recombinant bacterial or eukaryotic plasmids and the like.

[00224] Retrovirus vectors and adeno-associated viral vectors can be used as a recombinant delivery system for the transfer of exogenous nucleic acid sequences *in vivo*, particularly into humans. Such vectors provide efficient delivery of genes into cells, and the transferred nucleic acids can be stably integrated into the chromosomal DNA of the host.

[00225] The development of specialized cell lines (termed “**packaging cells**”) which produce only replication-defective retroviruses has increased the utility of retroviruses for gene therapy, and defective retroviruses are characterized for use in gene transfer for gene therapy purposes (for a review see, e.g., Miller, Blood 76:271-78 (1990)). A replication-defective retrovirus can be packaged into virions, which can be used to infect a target cell through the use of a helper virus by standard techniques. Protocols for producing recombinant retroviruses and for infecting cells *in vitro* or *in vivo* with such viruses can be found in Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Ausubel, et al., (eds.) Greene Publishing Associates, (1989), Sections 9.10-

9.14, and other standard laboratory manuals. Non-limiting examples of suitable retroviruses include pLJ, pZIP, pWE and pEM, which are known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Examples of suitable packaging virus lines include \*Crip, \*Cre, \*2 and \*Am. (See, for example, Eglitis, et al., Science 230:1395-1398 (1985); Danos and Mulligan, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:6460-6464 (1988); Wilson, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:3014-3018 (1988); Armentano, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:6141-6145 (1990); Huber, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:8039-8043 (1991); Ferry, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:8377-8381 (1991); Chowdhury, et al., Science 254:1802-1805 (1991); van Beusechem, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:7640-7644 (1992); Kay, et al., Human Gene Therapy 3:641-647 (1992); Dai, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:10892-10895 (1992); Hwu, et al., J. Immunol. 150:4104-4115 (1993); U.S. Pat. No. 4,868,116; U.S. Pat. No. 4,980,286; PCT Application WO 89/07136; PCT Application WO 89/02468; PCT Application WO 89/05345; and PCT Application WO 92/07573).

[00226] In another embodiment, adenovirus-derived delivery vectors are provided. The genome of an adenovirus can be manipulated such that it encodes and expresses a gene product of interest but is inactivated in terms of its ability to replicate in a normal lytic viral life cycle. See, for example, Berkner, et al., BioTechniques 6:616 (1988); Rosenfeld, et al., Science 252:431-434 (1991); and Rosenfeld, et al., Cell 68:143-155 (1992). Suitable adenoviral vectors derived from the adenovirus strain Ad type 5 d1324 or other strains of adenovirus (e.g., Ad2, Ad3, Ad7 etc.) are known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Recombinant adenoviruses can be advantageous in certain circumstances in that they are not capable of infecting non-dividing cells and can be used to infect a wide variety of cell types, including epithelial cells (Rosenfeld, et al. (1992), supra). Furthermore, the virus particle is relatively stable and amenable to purification and concentration and, as above, can be modified so as to affect the spectrum of infectivity. Additionally, introduced adenoviral DNA (and foreign DNA contained therein) is not integrated into the genome of a host cell, but remains episomal, thereby avoiding potential problems that can occur as a result of insertional mutagenesis *in situ* where introduced DNA becomes integrated into the host genome (e.g., retroviral DNA). Moreover, the carrying capacity of the adenoviral genome for foreign DNA is large (up to 8 kilobases) relative to other

delivery vectors (Berkner, et al. (1998), supra; Haj-Ahmand and Graham, J. Virol. 57:267 (1986)).

[00227] Yet another viral vector system useful for delivery of a nucleic acid sequence encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, is the adeno-associated virus (AAV). AAV is a naturally occurring defective virus that requires another virus, such as an adenovirus or a herpes virus, as a helper virus for efficient replication and a productive life cycle. (For a review see Muzyczka, et al., Curr. Topics in Micro. and Immunol. 158:97-129 (1992)). It is also one of the few viruses that may integrate its DNA into non-dividing cells, and exhibits a high frequency of stable integration (see for example Flotte, et al., Am. J. Respir. Cell. Mol. Biol. 7:349-356 (1992); Samulski, et al., J. Virol. 63:3822-3828 (1989); and McLaughlin, et al., J. Virol. 62:1963-1973 (1989)). Vectors containing as little as 300 base pairs of AAV can be packaged and can integrate. Space for exogenous DNA is limited to about 4.5 kb. An AAV vector such as that described in Tratschin, et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 5:3251-3260 (1985) can be used to introduce DNA into cells. A variety of nucleic acids have been introduced into different cell types using AAV vectors (see for example Hermonat, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81:6466-6470 (1984); Tratschin, et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 4:2072-2081 (1985); Wondisford, et al., Mol. Endocrinol. 2:32-39 (1988); Tratschin, et al., J. Virol. 51:611-619 (1984); and Flotte, et al., J. Biol. Chem. 268:3781-3790 (1993)).

[00228] In addition to viral transfer methods, non-viral methods can also be employed to cause expression of a nucleic acid sequence encoding an interferon-associated antigen binding protein in the tissue of a subject. Most non-viral methods of gene transfer rely on normal mechanisms used by mammalian cells for the uptake and intracellular transport of macromolecules. In some embodiments, non-viral delivery systems rely on endocytic pathways for the uptake of the subject gene by the targeted cell. Exemplary delivery systems of this type include liposomal derived systems, poly-lysine conjugates, and artificial viral envelopes. Other embodiments include plasmid injection systems such as are described in Meuli, et al., J. Invest. Dermatol. 116 (1):131-135 (2001); Cohen, et al., Gene Ther 7 (22):1896-905 (2000); or Tam, et al., Gene Ther. 7 (21):1867-74 (2000).

[00229] In clinical settings, the delivery systems can be introduced into a subject by any of a number of methods, each of which is familiar in the art. For instance, a pharmaceutical preparation of the delivery system can be introduced systemically, e.g., by intravenous injection. Specific transduction of the protein in the target cells occurs predominantly from specificity of transfection provided by the delivery vehicle, cell-type or tissue-type expression due to the transcriptional regulatory sequences controlling expression of the receptor gene, or a combination thereof. In other embodiments, initial delivery of the recombinant gene is more limited with introduction into the animal being quite localized. For example, the delivery vehicle can be introduced by catheter (see, U.S. Pat. No. 5,328,470) or by stereotactic injection (e.g., Chen, et al., PNAS 91: 3054-3057 (1994)).

[00230] The pharmaceutical preparation of the **therapeutic construct** can consist essentially of the delivery system in an acceptable diluent, or can comprise a slow release matrix in which the delivery vehicle is imbedded. Alternatively, where the complete delivery system can be produced intact from recombinant cells, e.g., retroviral vectors, the pharmaceutical preparation can comprise one or more cells, which produce the delivery system.

### **Methods of Treatment**

[00231] In one aspect, the invention provides methods of treating a patient in need thereof (e.g., a patient infected with HBV) comprising administering an effective amount of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a nucleic acid sequence (e.g., mRNA) that encodes an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, as disclosed herein. The invention also provides for a use of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a nucleic acid sequence (e.g., mRNA) that encodes an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, as disclosed herein, in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of HBV. In certain embodiments, the present invention provides kits and methods for the treatment of disorders and/or symptoms, e.g., HBV-related disorders and/or HBV-related symptoms, in a mammalian subject in need of such treatment. In certain exemplary embodiments, the subject is a human.

[00232] The interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, of the present invention are useful in a number of different applications. For example, in one embodiment, the subject interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, are useful for reducing HBeAg release from an HBV-infected cell. In some embodiments, the  
5       interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention reduce HBeAg release by primary hepatocytes *in vitro* by at least 10% at 1 ng/mL, at least 20% at 1 ng/mL, at least 30 % at 1 ng/mL, at least 40% at 1 ng/mL, at least 50% at 1 ng/mL, at least 60 % at 1 ng/mL, at least 70% at 1 ng/mL, at least 80% at 1 ng/mL, or at least 85%  
10       at 1 ng/mL. In some embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention reduce HBeAg release by primary hepatocytes *in vitro* by at least 12% at 1 ng/mL. In some embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention reduce HBeAg release by primary hepatocytes *in vitro* by up to 90% at 1 ng/mL. In related embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen  
15       binding protein reduces HBeAg release with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 30 ng/mL, preferably with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 10 ng/mL, more preferably with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 1 ng/mL.

[00233] In another embodiment, the subject interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, are useful for reducing pgRNA transcription of cccDNA in an HBV-infected cell.  
20

[00234] In another embodiment, the subject interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, are useful for reducing one or more symptoms and/or complications associated with HBV infection, as described herein (*infra*).

[00235] In certain embodiments, the subject interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, are useful for reducing one or more disorders, symptoms and/or complications associated with chronic HBV infection, e.g., chronic inflammation of the liver (chronic hepatitis), leading to cirrhosis over a period of several years; hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC);  
25       development of membranous glomerulonephritis (MGN); risk of death; acute necrotizing vasculitis (polyarteritis nodosa), membranous glomerulonephritis, and  
30       papular acrodermatitis of childhood (Gianotti–Crosti syndrome); HBV-associated

nephropathy (e.g., membranous glomerulonephritis); immune-mediated hematological disorders (e.g., essential mixed cryoglobulinemia, aplastic anemia); and the like.

5 [00236] In certain embodiments, the subject interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, are useful for reducing one or more symptoms and/or complications associated with acute HBV infection, e.g., acute viral hepatitis (which begins with general ill-health, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, body aches, mild fever, and dark urine, and then progresses to development of jaundice, fulminant hepatic failure, and/or serum-sickness-like syndrome); loss of  
10 appetite; joint and muscle pain; low-grade fever; stomach pain; nausea; vomiting; jaundice; bloated stomach; and the like.

[00237] Accordingly, this invention also relates to a method of treating one or more disorders, symptoms and/or complications associated with HBV infection in a human or other animal by administering to such human or animal an effective, non-toxic  
15 amount of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a nucleic acid sequence that encodes it. One skilled in the art would be able, by routine experimentation, to determine what an effective, non-toxic amount of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a nucleic acid sequence that encodes it, would be for the purpose of treating HBV infection.

20 [00238] For example, a “**therapeutically active amount**” of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the present invention may vary according to factors such as the disease stage (e.g., acute vs. chronic), age, sex, medical complications (e.g., HIV co-infection, immunosuppressed conditions or diseases) and weight of the subject, and the ability of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein to elicit a  
25 desired response in the subject. The dosage regimen may be adjusted to provide the optimum therapeutic response. For example, several divided doses may be administered daily, or the dose may be proportionally reduced as indicated by the exigencies of the therapeutic situation.

[00239] In general, the compositions provided in the current invention may be used  
30 to prophylactically treat non-infected cells or therapeutically treat any HBV-infected cells comprising an antigenic marker that allows for the targeting of the HBV-infected cells by an interferon-associated antigen binding protein.

**Pharmaceutical Compositions and Administration Thereof**

5 [00240] In certain embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention or nucleic acid sequences (including vectors or vector systems) that encode them are comprised in a pharmaceutical composition. Methods of preparing and administering interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, of the current invention to a subject are well known to or can be readily determined by those skilled in the art using this specification and the knowledge in the art as a guide. The route of administration of the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, of the current invention may be oral, parenteral, by inhalation or topical. The term “parenteral”, as used herein, includes intravenous, intraarterial, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, rectal or vaginal administration. While all these forms of administration are clearly contemplated as being within the scope of the current invention, a form for administration would be a solution for injection, in particular for intravenous or intraarterial injection or drip. Usually, a suitable pharmaceutical composition for injection may comprise a buffering agent (e.g. acetate, phosphate or citrate buffer), a surfactant (e.g. polysorbate), optionally a stabilizing agent (e.g. human albumin), etc. In some embodiments, the buffering agent is acetate. In another embodiment, the buffering agent is formate. In yet another embodiment, the buffering agent is citrate. In related embodiments, the surfactant may be selected from the list comprising pluronics, PEG, sorbitan esters, polysorbates, triton, tromethamine, lecithin, cholesterol and tyloxapal. In preferred embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate. In more preferred embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate 20, polysorbate 40, polysorbate 60, polysorbate 80 or polysorbate 100, preferably polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

25 [00241] In some embodiments, the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences that encode them, can be delivered directly to the site of the adverse cellular population (e.g., the liver) thereby increasing the exposure of the diseased tissue to the therapeutic agent.

[00242] Preparations for parenteral administration include sterile aqueous or non-aqueous solutions, suspensions, and emulsions. Examples of non-aqueous solvents are propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, vegetable oils such as olive oil, and injectable organic esters such as ethyl oleate. Aqueous carriers include water, alcoholic/aqueous solutions, emulsions or suspensions, including saline and buffered media. In the compositions and methods of the current invention, pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include, but are not limited to, 0.01-0.1 M, e.g., 0.05 M phosphate buffer, or 0.8% saline. Other common parenteral vehicles include sodium phosphate solutions, Ringer's dextrose, dextrose and sodium chloride, lactated Ringer's, or fixed oils. Intravenous vehicles include fluid and nutrient replenishers, electrolyte replenishers, such as those based on Ringer's dextrose, and the like. Preservatives and other additives may also be present such as for example, antimicrobials, antioxidants, chelating agents, and inert gases and the like. More particularly, pharmaceutical compositions suitable for injectable use include sterile aqueous solutions (where water-soluble) or dispersions and sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions or dispersions. In such cases, the composition must be sterile and should be fluid to the extent that easy syringability exists. It should be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and will typically be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms, such as bacteria and fungi. The carrier can be a solvent or dispersion medium containing, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (e.g., glycerol, propylene glycol, and liquid polyethylene glycol, and the like), and suitable mixtures thereof. The proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the use of a coating such as lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersion and by the use of surfactants.

[00243] Prevention of the action of microorganisms can be achieved by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, ascorbic acid, thimerosal and the like. In many cases, isotonic agents will be included, for example, sugars, polyalcohols, such as mannitol, sorbitol, or sodium chloride in the composition. Prolonged absorption of the injectable compositions can be brought about by including in the composition an agent which delays absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

[00244] In any case, sterile injectable solutions can be prepared by incorporating an active compound such as an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a nucleic acid sequence encoding said interferon-associated antigen binding protein, of the present invention by itself or in combination with other active agents in the required amount in an appropriate solvent with one or a combination of ingredients enumerated herein, as required, followed by filtered sterilization. Generally, dispersions are prepared by incorporating the active compound into a sterile vehicle, which contains a basic dispersion medium and the required other ingredients from those enumerated above. In the case of sterile powders for the preparation of sterile injectable solutions, exemplary methods of preparation include vacuum drying and freeze-drying, which yields a powder of an active ingredient plus any additional desired ingredient from a previously sterile-filtered solution thereof. The preparations for injections are processed, filled into containers such as ampules, bags, bottles, syringes or vials, and sealed under aseptic conditions according to methods known in the art. Further, the preparations may be packaged and sold in the form of a kit. Such articles of manufacture will typically have labels or package inserts indicating that the associated compositions are useful for treating a subject suffering from HBV infection.

[00245] Effective doses of the compositions of the present invention, for the treatment of the above described HBV infection-related conditions vary depending upon many different factors, including means of administration, target site, physiological state of the patient, whether the patient is human or an animal, other medications administered, and whether treatment is prophylactic or therapeutic. Usually, the patient is a human, but non-human mammals including transgenic mammals, in particular non-human primates, can also be treated. Treatment dosages may be titrated using routine methods known to those of skill in the art to optimize safety and efficacy.

[00246] For treatment with an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, the dosage can range, e.g., from about 0.0001 to about 100 mg/kg, and more usually about 0.01 to about 5 mg/kg (e.g., about 0.02 mg/kg, about 0.25 mg/kg, about 0.5 mg/kg, about 0.75 mg/kg, about 1 mg/kg, about 2 mg/kg, etc.), of the host body weight. For example, dosages can be about 1 mg/kg body weight or about 10 mg/kg

body weight or within the range of about 1 to about 10 mg/kg, e.g., at least about 1 mg/kg. Doses intermediate in the above ranges are also intended to be within the scope of the current invention. Subjects can be administered such doses daily, on alternative days, weekly or according to any other schedule determined by empirical analysis. An exemplary treatment entails administration in multiple dosages over a prolonged period, for example, of at least six months. Additional exemplary treatment regimens entail administration about once per every two weeks or about once a month or about once every 3 to 6 months. Exemplary dosage schedules include about 1 to about 10 mg/kg or about 15 mg/kg on consecutive days, about 30 mg/kg on alternate days or about 60 mg/kg weekly.

[00247] Interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences expressing any of these, can be administered on multiple occasions. Intervals between single dosages can be weekly, monthly or yearly. Intervals can also be irregular as indicated by measuring blood levels of interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of components thereof in the patient. Alternatively, interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences expressing any of these can be administered as a sustained release formulation, in which case less frequent administration is required. Dosage and frequency vary depending on the half-life of the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins in the patient.

[00248] The term “**half-life**” or “ $t_{1/2}$ ”, as referred to herein, relates to the stability and/or the rate of excretion of a compound, such as the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention. In practice, the half-life of a compound is usually measured in the serum and denotes the time after administration that the serum concentration is 50% of the serum concentration at the time of administration. The interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention are characterized by a long serum half-life in mice. In some embodiments, the half-life of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is at least 50 h, at least 60 h, at least 70 h, at least 80 h, at least 90 h or at least 100 h. In some embodiments, the half-life of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is at least 100 h. In preferred embodiments, the half-life of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein in mice ranges from 116 to 158 h.

[00249] The half-life of a protein is related to its clearance. The term “**clearance**” or “**clearance rate**”, as used herein, refers to the volume of plasma cleared of the protein per unit time. Clearance of the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention is low. In some embodiments, clearance of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is below 10 mL/h/kg, below 5 mL/h/kg, below 2.5 mL/h/kg, below 1 mL/h/kg, or below 0.5 mL/h/kg. In some embodiments, clearance of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is below 5 mL/h/kg. In some embodiments, clearance of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is below 1 mL/h/kg. In some embodiments, clearance of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein in mice ranges from 0.28 to 0.49 mL/h/kg.

[00250] The terms “**volume of distribution**”, “**V<sub>D</sub>**”, “**V<sub>SS</sub>**” or “**apparent volume of distribution**” as used herein refer to the theoretical volume that would be necessary to contain the total amount of an administered compound such as the interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the invention at the same concentration that it is observed in the blood plasma and relates to the distribution of said compound between plasma and the rest of the body after oral or parenteral dosing. In certain embodiments, the volume of distribution V<sub>SS</sub> of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is below 500 mL/kg, below 400 mL/kg, below 300 mL/kg, below 200 mL/kg, or below 100 mL/kg. In some embodiments, the volume of distribution V<sub>SS</sub> of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is below 100 mL/kg. In some embodiments, the volume of distribution V<sub>SS</sub> of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein in mice ranges from 50 to 98 mL/kg.

[00251] Another related pharmacokinetic parameter is the systemic exposure. As used herein, the terms “**systemic exposure**”, “**AUC**” or “**area under the curve**” refer to the integral of the concentration-time curve. Systemic exposure might be represented by plasma (serum or blood) concentrations or the AUCs of parent compound and/or metabolite(s). The interferon-associated antigen binding proteins of the invention circulate in the blood with higher systemic exposure (AUC (0-inf)) than their parental antibody. In some embodiments, the parental antibody is CP870,893. In other embodiments, the parental antibody is 3G5. In some embodiments, the systemic exposure of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is at least 600 µg\*h/mL, at least 700 µg\*h/mL, at least 800 µg\*h/mL, at least 900 µg\*h/mL or at

least 1000  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$ , preferably at least 1000  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$ . In some embodiments, the systemic exposure of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein in mice ranges from 1033  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$  to 1793  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$ .

[00252] As previously discussed, an interferon-associated antigen binding protein of the present invention may be administered in a pharmaceutically effective amount for the *in vivo* treatment of mammalian disorders. In this regard, it will be appreciated that as disclosed an interferon-associated antigen binding protein, will be formulated to facilitate administration and promote stability of the active agent.

[00253] A pharmaceutical composition in accordance with the present invention can comprise a pharmaceutically acceptable, non-toxic, sterile carrier such as physiological saline, nontoxic buffers, preservatives and the like. A pharmaceutically effective amount of an interferon-associated antigen binding protein typically is an amount sufficient to mediate one or more of: a reduction of HBeAg release from an HBV-infected cell; a reduction of pgRNA transcription in an HBV-infected cell; and a stimulation of the IFN signaling pathway in an infected cell. Of course, the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention may be administered in single or multiple doses to provide for a pharmaceutically effective amount of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein.

[00254] In keeping with the scope of the present invention, interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences expressing any of them, may be administered to a human or other animal in accordance with the aforementioned methods of treatment in an amount sufficient to produce a therapeutic effect. The interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences expressing any of them, can be administered to such human or other animal in a conventional dosage form prepared by combining the interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or nucleic acid sequences expressing any of them, with a conventional pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent according to known techniques. It will be recognized by one of skill in the art that the form and character of the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent is dictated by the amount of active ingredient with which it is to be combined, the route of administration and other well-known variables. Those skilled in the art will further appreciate that a cocktail comprising one or more species of interferon-associated antigen binding proteins, or

nucleic acid sequences expressing any of them, described in the current invention may prove to be effective.

[00255] It is to be understood that the methods described in this invention are not limited to particular methods and experimental conditions disclosed herein as such methods and conditions may vary. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only, and is not intended to be limiting.

[00256] Furthermore, the experiments described herein, unless otherwise indicated, use conventional molecular and cellular biological and immunological techniques within the skill of the art. Such techniques are well known to the skilled worker, and are explained fully in the literature. See, e.g., Ausubel, et al., ed., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., NY, N.Y. (1987-2008), including all supplements, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (Fourth Edition) by MR Green and J. Sambrook and Harlow et al., Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Chapter 14, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor (2013, 2nd edition).

[00257] Unless otherwise defined, scientific and technical terms used herein have the meanings that are commonly understood by those of ordinary skill in the art. In the event of any latent ambiguity, definitions provided herein take precedent over any dictionary or extrinsic definition. Unless otherwise required by context, singular terms shall include pluralities and plural terms shall include the singular. The use of “or” means “and/or” unless stated otherwise. The use of the term “including”, as well as other forms, such as “includes” and “included,” is not limiting. The use of the term “comprising” shall include the term “consisting of” unless stated otherwise.

[00258] Generally, nomenclature used in connection with cell and tissue culture, molecular biology, immunology, microbiology, genetics and protein and nucleic acid chemistry and hybridization described herein is well-known and commonly used in the art. The methods and techniques provided herein are generally performed according to conventional methods well known in the art and as described in various general and more specific references that are cited and discussed throughout the present specification unless otherwise indicated. Enzymatic reactions and purification techniques are performed according to manufacturer’s specifications, as commonly accomplished in the art or as described herein. The nomenclatures used

in connection with, and the laboratory procedures and techniques of, analytical chemistry, synthetic organic chemistry, and medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry described herein are those well-known and commonly used in the art. Standard techniques are used for chemical syntheses, chemical analyses, pharmaceutical preparation, formulation, and delivery, and treatment of patients.

[00259] The section headings used herein are for organizational purposes only and are not to be construed as limiting the subject matter described. The contents of the articles, patents, and patent applications, and all other documents and electronically available information mentioned or cited herein, are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety to the same extent as if each individual publication was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. Applicants reserve the right to physically incorporate into this application any and all materials and information from any such articles, patents, patent applications, or other physical and electronic documents.

[00260] While the present invention has been described with reference to the specific embodiments thereof, it should be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes may be made and equivalents may be substituted without departing from the true spirit and scope of the invention using this disclosure as a guide. Having now described certain embodiments in detail, the same will be more clearly understood by reference to the following examples, which are included for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to be limiting.

## EXAMPLES

### EXAMPLE I

#### Generation of Interferon-Fused Antibodies (IFA) based on agonistic anti-CD40 antibody CP870,893 and characterization on reporter cells

##### 5 *I.a - IFA design*

[00261] The sequence combinations of exemplary IFAs, designed with CP870,893 agonistic anti-CD40 antibody as backbone antibody, with the location of IFNs and the nature of the linkers are listed in **Table 7** and **Table 9**. IFN was fused via a linker at the N- or the C-terminal part of the Light Chain (LC) or the Heavy Chain (HC), as indicated in **Table 7**. Nucleic acids encoding the HC, the LC or the fusions were synthesized with optimized mammalian expression codons and cloned into a eukaryotic expression vector such as pcDNA3.1 (Invitrogen). **Fig. 2A** depicts an exemplary map of a pcDNA3.1 plasmid encoding Seq ID NO 32 under the control of the pCMV promoter.

##### 15 *I.b - IFA production*

[00262] The Freestyle 293-F cells (Invitrogen) were transiently cotransfected with plasmids encoding both HC and LC at a HC/LC ratio of 4/6. Six days after transfection, the supernatant was collected, centrifuged and filtered through 0.22 µm filters. Purification process was performed in two purification steps, on AktaExpress chromatography system (GE Healthcare) using Protein A MabSelect Sure 5mL 1.6/2.5 cm column (GE Healthcare) at a Flow rate of 5 mL/min. Sample binding was done in D-PBS1X pH 7.5 buffer, and elution with Glycine/HCl 0.1 M pH 3.0 buffer. Elution peak was stored in a loop then injected on HiTrap desalting 26/10 column (GE Healthcare) with a flow rate of 10 mL/min in D-PBS1XpH 7.5 buffer. Elution peak was collected on a 96-well microplate (2 mL fractions). Pool was performed according to the UV peak profile. After filtration on 0.22 µm filters (Sartorius MiniSart), quality control was performed including Bacterial Endotoxins using

Endosafe® nexgen-PTS™ (Charles River), size exclusion Chromatography: using SEC 200 Increase 10/300 column (GE Healthcare) to determine purity and oligomers and SDS-PAGE under reducing and non-reducing conditions on NuPAGE gel System (Invitrogen) in MES SDS running buffer. The production yield is indicated in **Table 9**. For some IFAs, the production yield was very low. In that case, the agonistic CD40 activity and the IFN activity were assessed directly using the supernatant containing IFAs without any further purification.

[00263] Reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of purified IFAs indicated the presence of two major bands corresponding to the HC and the LC. When the IFN (whatever the IFN family member) was fused to the HC, a shift of its molecular weight was observed and the same phenomenon was observed for the LCs fused with any IFN (**Fig. 2B**).

*I.c - IFA characterization on reporter cells*

[00264] HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells (InvivoGen Cat. #: hkb-cd40) or HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (InvivoGen, Cat. #: hkb-ifn $\alpha\beta$ ), were used to monitor, respectively, the activation of the NF $\kappa$ B pathway by CD40 agonists or of the IFN pathway induced by type I-IFN.

[00265] HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells were generated by stable transfection of HEK293 cells with the human CD40 gene and a NF $\kappa$ B-inducible Secreted Embryonic Alkaline Phosphatase (SEAP) construct (Invivogen) to measure the bioactivity of CD40 agonists. Stimulation of CD40 leads to NF $\kappa$ B induction and then production of SEAP, which is detected in the supernatant using QUANTI-Blue™ (Invivogen, Cat. # rep-qbs2).

[00266] HEK-Blue™ IFN-cells are designed to monitor the activation of the JAK/STAT/ISGF3 pathways induced by type I-IFNs. Activation of this pathway induces the production and release of SEAP. Levels of SEAP are readily assessable in the supernatant using QUANTI-Blue™.

[00267] HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  are used to monitor the activity of human IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$ .

[00268] Cells were seeded in 96-well plates (50,000 cells per well) and stimulated with the indicated concentration for each IFA or controls and incubated at 37 °C for

24 h. Supernatants were then collected and levels of SEAP were quantified after incubation of the supernatant for about 30 min with QuantiBlue™ and Optical Density (O.D.) assessment at 620 nm on an Ensign plate reader or PheraStar (Lab Biotech).

5 [00269] HEK-Blue™ Dual IFN- $\gamma$  cells (InvivoGen, Cat. #: hkb-ifng) or HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\lambda$  (InvivoGen, Cat. #: hkb-ifnl) may be used to respectively monitor the activity of type II- and type III-IFNs. HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\lambda$  cells are designed to monitor the activity of IFN $\lambda$ . HEK-Blue™ Dual IFN- $\gamma$  cells allow the detection of bioactive human IFN $\gamma$ .

10 *I.d - Functional activities of IFN $\alpha/\beta$ -based IFAs on reporter cells*

[00270] Fig. 3 shows examples of dose responses of IFAs, where IFN $\beta$  or a mutated version thereof as specified in Tables 7 was fused to the HC as indicated in Table 7, on HEK-Blue™ CD40L (Figs. 3A-3B) and HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (Figs. 3C-3D). Agonistic anti-CD40 activities of IFAs are summarized in Table 9 and examples are shown in Fig. 3A and Fig. 3B. Results indicate that all tested IFAs are functional to activate both the CD40 pathway and the IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  pathway in a dose dependent manner. For fusions to the C-terminus of the HC or LC, the EC<sub>50</sub> values for agonistic CD40 are ranging from 11.1 ng/mL to 192 ng/mL (Table 9). The mean EC<sub>50</sub> value for the parental antibody is 48ng/mL and 57ng/mL in the experiment shown in Fig. 3. IFAs with the IFN fused to the N-terminus of the HC or the LC were also able to activate the CD40 pathway, but the precise EC<sub>50</sub> values could not be determined for these IFAs since the activity was directly determined from the supernatant and not using purified proteins (Fig. 3B).

[00271] The IFN activity of various IFAs is summarized in Table 9 and examples are shown in Figs. 3C to 3D. For fusions of IFN $\beta$  or mutated IFN $\beta$  (as specified in Table 7) to the C-terminus of the HC or LC, the IFN activity is variable depending on the linker sequence with EC<sub>50</sub> values ranging from 0.14 ng/mL to 4.5 ng/mL (Fig. 3C and Table 9). Fig. 3D shows that IFAs with IFN $\beta$  fused to the N-terminal part exhibit high IFN activity. The parental antibody used as negative control did not show any activity, whereas recombinant IFN $\beta$  did show a strong dose-dependent response.

Altogether, these results demonstrate that fusion of IFN $\beta$  or a mutated version thereof as specified in **Table 7** to an antibody, regardless the location, maintain both biological functions, although with differences in terms of potencies.

[00272] **Fig. 4** shows examples of dose responses of IFAs, where IFN $\alpha$  was fused to the HC or the LC as indicated in **Table 7**, on HEK-Blue<sup>TM</sup> CD40L (**Fig. 4A** and **Fig. 4C**) and HEK-Blue<sup>TM</sup> IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (**Fig. 4B** and **Fig. 4D**). Results indicate that all tested IFAs are functional to activate both the CD40 pathway and the IFN $\alpha/\beta$  pathway in a dose-dependent manner. Surprisingly, for all the IFN $\alpha$ -based IFAs, the potency on CD40 pathway was reproducibly higher than that of the parental antibody. The EC<sub>50</sub> values for IFN $\alpha$ -based IFAs ranged from 11.1 ng/mL to 22.7 ng/mL and the EC<sub>50</sub> for CP870,893 ranged from 30 ng/mL to 80 ng/mL (mean EC<sub>50</sub> value: 48 ng/mL).

[00273] The IFN activity of IFAs is variable depending on the linker sequence with EC<sub>50</sub> values ranging from 1.6 ng/mL to 5.1 ng/mL. In the same assay, PEGylated IFN $\alpha$ 2a (Pegasys®) was also active in a dose-dependent manner with an EC<sub>50</sub> value of around 1 ng/mL.

*I.e – Generation and characterization of IFAs without the Fc region*

[00274] Suitable constructs according to the invention can also be interferon-associated antigen binding proteins without an Fc region. A construct encoding the heavy chain of the fab fragment of CP870,893 fused to a TEV-His tag was designed (SEQ ID NO 50) and cloned into the expression plasmid pcDNA3.1. This construct is cotransfected in HEK cells as described earlier, with LCs fused via different linkers to different IFNs such as SEQ ID NO 28, SEQ ID NO 29, SEQ ID NO 34, SEQ ID NO 35, SEQ ID NO 36, SEQ ID NO 37, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42, or SEQ ID NO 43. Proteins and/or supernatants are evaluated in reporter cells and/or their effect on HBV infection in PHHs. It will be understood by one of skill in the art that constructs for use in therapy will no longer contain the TEV-His tag. These constructs are likewise embodiments of the invention. Interferon-associated antigen binding proteins without the Fc part will be active against HBV infection. Two IFAs were then produced and their functional characterization is described in Example V:

IFA50: (SEQ ID NO 41) + (SEQ ID NO 50) and IFA51: (SEQ ID NO 42) + (SEQ ID NO 50).

## EXAMPLE II

### 5 Effect of IFAs on HBV infected primary hepatocytes

#### *II.a - Effect of IFAs on HBV infection in primary human hepatocytes*

[00275] The effect of IFAs on HBV infection in primary human hepatocytes (PHHs) was investigated. PHH cells were plated in 96-well plates (70,000 cells/well) in William's E GlutaMAX media (32551-020, Gibco) supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum (FCS) (SH30066.02, Hyclone), insulin (19278-5ML, Sigma), hydrocortisone (H2270-100MG, Sigma) and Penicillin/Streptomycin (15140, Gibco). Four hours later, cells were rinsed and media was replaced. The next day, media was replaced by matrigel-containing media (0.25mg/mL; 356231, Corning). Cells were infected 48 hours after plating with a MOI (Multiplicity Of Infection) of 500 to 1,000 vge/cell (viral genome equivalent) in InVitroGRO HI medium (Z99009, Bioreclamation IVT) supplemented with 5% FCS, 4% PEG 8000 (81268, Sigma), 2% DMSO (DMSO-100ML, Sigma) and 1% Penicillin/Streptomycin. Sixteen hours post-infection, cells were washed three times with PBS. Four days after infection, cells were kept untreated or treated with serially diluted IFAs as indicated in the figures. Three days after treatment, culture supernatants were collected and kept at -80 °C for further protein detection.

#### *II.b. - HBV e-antigen (HBeAg) release Assessment*

[00276] HBV e-antigen (HBeAg) levels in the cell culture supernatant were measured using ELISA as described by the manufacturer and results expressed in PEI Units (HBeAg CLIA 96T/K: CL0312-2; Autobio) or in luminescence.

*II.c. - HBV s-antigen (HBsAg) release Assessment*

[00277] Quantification of the HBsAg in the supernatant was carried out by following the protocol of the AutoBio HBsAg CLIA kit (# CL0310-2), the main steps were: first the samples were diluted 1/5 in 1X PBS. Then 50  $\mu$ L of standards, controls, and diluted samples were placed in the wells. 50  $\mu$ L of "Enzyme conjugate" solution were added to each well, followed by an incubation of one hour at 37 °C. Subsequently, the plates were washed 6 times with 300  $\mu$ L of washing solution from the kit using the plate washer. Then 50  $\mu$ L of "Substrate Solution" (volume-to-volume mix in reagents A and B) was added in each well and an incubation of 10 minutes in the dark was carried out. The plates were then read on a PHERASTAR microplate reader (BMG Labtech) in Luminescence mode.

*II.d. - pgRNA quantification*

[00278] The qPCR technique was used to compare the level of expression of pgRNA from infected cells treated with test compounds. pgRNA quantification from infected cells was done in 96-well plates with the QuantStudio 12K Flex. The cDNA was obtained by RT, followed by qPCR with TaqMan Fast Virus assay in one step (ThermoFisher cat# 4444434). The results were processed by the  $\Delta\Delta C_t$  method and normalized with the housekeeping gene GUSB in duplex. The pgRNA was amplified using the following primers and probe: (forward: CCTCACCATACTGCACTCA, reverse: GAGGGAGTTCTTCTTAGG, AGTGTGGATTTCGCACTCCTCCAGC as a probe). The GUSB gene was amplified using the TaqMan assay from Thermo Fisher (Hs99999908-m1).

*II.e. - CXCL10 release*

[00279] CXCL10 release was assessed using an ELISA kit according to the manufacturer's instruction (BioLegend 439904). Samples were diluted 1/50 and luminescence was assessed on an EnSight microplate reader at 450nm.

*II.f - Effect of IFN $\alpha$ / $\beta$  based IFAs on HBV infection*

[00280] Several IFAs were tested for their abilities to reduce HBeAg secretion after infection of PHH with HBV. In **Fig. 5**, IFAs with IFN $\beta$  or a mutated version thereof fused at the C-terminus of the LC were used. Results indicate that all the tested IFAs strongly reduce HBeAg release. Indeed, even at the lowest concentration tested (1 ng/mL), depending on the IFA, 70% to 90% inhibition of HBeAg release was observed, demonstrating that they are endowed with potent anti-viral effect. It is noteworthy that 100% inhibition could not be reached in this experiment, since treatment started four days after infection and at that time an existing pool of HBeAg (mRNA and protein) is already present in the cell and continue to be produced thereafter.

[00281] The effect of IFAs fused to IFN $\alpha$  were also tested in HBV-infected PHHs. **Fig. 6** shows that these IFAs are very potent on HBV infection with EC<sub>50</sub> values ranging from 0.06 ng/mL to 0.2 ng/mL for IFAs with IFN $\alpha$ 2a fused at the C-terminus of the HC (IFA25: 0.16 ng/mL, IFA26: 0.1 ng/mL; IFA27: 0.06 ng/mL; and IFA38: ~0.2 ng/mL (~2.2 pM); **Fig. 6A** and **Fig. 6C**) and from 0.15 ng/mL to 0.36 ng/mL for IFAs with IFN $\alpha$ 2a fused at the C-terminus of the LC (IFA28: 0.36 ng/mL; IFA29: 0.15 ng/mL; IFA30: 0.31 ng/mL; and IFA39: ~0.3 ng/mL (~3 pM); **Fig. 6B** and **Fig. 6C**). To compare the antiviral effect of Pegasys to IFA38 and IFA39, results are expressed in pM and indicate that EC<sub>50</sub> for Pegasys is ~250 pM in comparison to ~2.2 pM for IFA38 and ~3 pM for IFA39, indicating that IFAs are much more potent than Pegasys.

*II.g - Short terms treatment is sufficient to induce potent anti-viral activity*

[00282] To assess the effect of short term IFA treatment of primary hepatocytes infected with HBV, cells were infected and incubated for 4 days, treated with IFA25, IFA27, IFA28, IFA30 or with Pegasys in a dose dependent manner for 24h, washed and then incubated with fresh medium without any treatment. After 3 days, supernatants were collected to assess the level of HBeAG (**Fig. 6E**), HBsAG (**Fig. 6F**) and CXCL10 (**Fig. 6H**) release and cells were lysed and RNA extracted for the quantification of pgRNA (**Fig. 6G**). Results indicate that all tested IFAs were able to

inhibit HBeAG and HBsAG release as well as pgRNA expression in a dose dependent manner. Pegasys alone was only able to inhibit HBeAG release and reduce pgRNA levels. In this respect, IFAs are at least 2 logs more active than Pegasys on viral parameters. Surprisingly, although all tested IFAs showed a dose dependent inhibition of HBsAg release, no reduction was observed with Pegasys even at the highest concentration. Analysis of CXCL10, a biomarker of the IFN pathway, showed that IFAs are also much more potent than Pegasys.

### EXAMPLE III

#### Cytokine Release

*III.a - Cytokine Release Assessment (CRA) from human Whole blood cells*

[00283] Whole blood cells (WBC) *ex vivo* stimulation assay was used to investigate release of cytokines following IFA stimulation. WBC were collected from four healthy donors, diluted 1/3 in RPMI1640 (72400-021, Gibco) and distributed in sterile reaction tubes (300  $\mu$ l). Cells were left unstimulated, stimulated with LPS (LipoPolySaccharide) K12 (tlrl-eklps, Invivogen) at 10 ng/mL as a positive control or with IFAs at 1  $\mu$ g/mL and incubated for 24 h at 37 °C. Supernatants were then collected and frozen at -20 °C until the day of analysis.

[00284] Human pro-inflammatory cytokines were analyzed using multiplexing MSD assay (K15067L-4) which measures Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF)- $\alpha$ , Interleukin (IL)-1 $\beta$ , IL-2, IL-6, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12/IL-23p40 and IFN $\gamma$ . MSD plates were analyzed on the 1300 MESO QuickPlex SQ120 apparatus (MSD).

[00285] Fig. 7 depicts exemplary results from an *in vitro* Cytokine Release Assessment of Human WBC either non-stimulated, treated with LPS or with IFA1.

[00286] [0021] Further results from testing IFN $\beta$ - /mutated IFN $\beta$ - and IFN $\alpha$ - based IFAs are summarized in **Tables 11a and 11b**. Results show that for all donors, LPS induces very high level of the inflammatory cytokines (IL-1 $\beta$ , TNF- $\alpha$ , IL-6, IL-12p40 and IFN $\gamma$ ). It also induced IP10 (CXCL10) which is a biomarker of the IFN pathway and moderate level of IL-10. Two IFN $\beta$ - (**Table 11a**) and six IFN $\alpha$ - (**Table 11b**)

based IFAs were tested. All of them induced the biomarker IP10. However, they did not induce IL-10, IL-1 $\beta$  and IL-2, and they induced only very low to moderate level of IFN $\gamma$ , IL-6 and TNF- $\alpha$ , thus suggesting a favorable safety profile with regard to the induction of inflammatory cytokines.

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## EXAMPLE IV

### Pharmacokinetic studies

#### *IV.a - ELISA assay development for IFA quantifications*

[00287] For the ELISA quantification 96-wells plates (PLATES 96 wells Maxisorp, THERMO Scientifique; 442404) were coated overnight at 4 °C with 100  $\mu$ l of recombinant human CD40/TNFRSF5 Fc Chimera Protein, consisting of the extracellular domain of human CD40 fused to the Fc part of human IgG1 (CD40-Fc; R&D Systems; 1493-CDB-050) at 0.5  $\mu$ g/mL in Sodium Carbonate (0.05 M, pH 9.6, C-3041, Sigma). After emptying by flipping, plates were then incubated for 1 hour at 37 °C with PBS - 0.05% Tween20 – 1% Milk (SIGMA; 70166-500g) followed by washing with PBS-0.05% Tween20. Samples and controls (100  $\mu$ l of 1/2 serial dilutions) were then incubated for 90 minutes at 37 °C followed by three washes (PBS - 0.05% Tween20) and incubation with a secondary anti-IgG2-conjugate HRP (1/5000, ab99779, Abcam) antibody or anti-IFN $\alpha$  conjugate HRP (1/1000, eBIOSCIENCE/ Invitrogen; BMS216MST) in PBS - 0.05% Tween20 - 1% Milk. After three washes with PBS, 0.05% Tween2, TMB (Tetramethylbenzidin, Tebu Bio; TMBW-1000-01) was added and the plates incubated for 20 minutes in the dark. The reaction was stopped by adding 1M HCl. Plates were read at 450-650 nm with an Ensign plate reader (Perkin Elmer). Quantification of Pegasys was assessed using similar protocol steps but using human IFN $\alpha$  matched antibody pairs from eBioscience/Invitrogen. Capture was performed using 100  $\mu$ L of human anti-IFN $\alpha$  antibody (eBioscience/Invitrogen; BMS216MST), at 1  $\mu$ g/mL in sodium carbonate (0.05 M, pH 9.6, C-3041, Sigma). For the detection, a secondary anti-IFN $\alpha$  conjugate

HRP antibody (1/1000, Affymetrix eBioscience/BMS216MST; 15501707) in PBS - 0.05% Tween20 - 1% Milk was applied.

*IV.b - in vivo Bioavailability in mice*

[00288] To determine the PK parameters, CP870,893, IFA25, IFA26, IFA27, IFA28, IFA29 and IFA30 were administrated at 0.5 mg/kg and Pegasys at 0.3 mg/kg i.v. bolus to male CD1-Swiss mice and blood samples were collected at different time points. Examples of quantification of circulating molecules using the ELISA approach described above and revealed with anti-IFN $\alpha$ -conjugated HRP are shown in **Fig. 8A** and **8B**, while examples of quantification revealed with anti-IgG2-conjugated HRP are shown in **Fig. 8C**; Pegasys quantification is shown in **Fig. 8D**. In one set of experiments summarized in **Table 12A**, PK parameters for CP870,893 were explored in a 7-day experiment and those for IFA27, IFA29 and IFA30 in 10-day experiments (quantification for IFA27 was performed using 2 different ELISA approaches). In another set of experiments summarized in **Table 12B**, the PK parameters for CP870,893 and IFA25, IFA26, IFA28 and Pegasys were explored in 21-day experiments (quantification for IFA25 was performed using 2 different ELISA approaches).

[00289] After a short distribution phase, the pharmacokinetic profiles of IFAs are characterized by a long serum half-life ranging from 116 to 218 h (**Table 12A and Table 12B**). Very similar PK profiles were obtained for the 6 tested IFAs with high circulating level even ten days after single dose administration. The pharmacokinetic parameters summarized in **Table 12A/B** indicate that these IFAs surprisingly circulate in the blood with higher systemic exposure (AUC (0-inf)) ranging from 1033  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$  to 2552  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$  for IFAs in comparison to 590 or 797  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$ , respectively, for the parental antibody CP870,893 (up to 3.2 fold), also reflecting lower clearance values for IFAs. The volume of distribution  $V_{ss}$  was low and ranked from 50 to 105 mL/kg, slightly higher than the plasma vascular volume (50 mL/kg) in this species. For all IFAs, the clearance was ranked as low (0.28 to 0.49 mL/h/kg). Interestingly, the clearance of Pegasys (1.4 mL/hr/kg) is up to 7 fold higher than clearance of IFAs (e.g., 0.2 mL/hr/kg for IFA27) demonstrating a higher systemic exposure of IFAs.

## Example V

### *V.a - Functional activities of IFAs without Fc region on reporter cells and HBV infection*

[00290] To determine whether the Fc part of IFAs is needed for activity, fusions of IFN $\alpha$  to the C-terminal part of the LC associated with a Fab fragment of the HC were designed and produced. IFN $\alpha$  was linked to the LC part with a (G4S)<sub>2</sub> (IFA50) or (G4S)<sub>3</sub> (IFA51) linker.

[00291] Evaluation on HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells demonstrated that such IFAs still exhibit agonistic CD40 activity (**Fig. 9A**) and activate the CD40 pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> value of about 128 ng/ml (IFA 50) and 123 ng/mL (IFA51), respectively.

[00292] Evaluation of the IFN activity on HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells showed that both tested IFAs exhibit IFN activity (**Fig. 9B**). EC<sub>50</sub> values are reported in **Table 9B** and are about 1.36 ng/ml for IFA50 and 1.43 ng/mL for IFA51.

[00293] Both IFAs were tested on HBV infection as described earlier and both IFAs exhibit potent anti-viral activity with EC<sub>50</sub> values of about 4.1 pM (IFA50) and 2.7 pM (IFA51), respectively.

### *V.b - Functional activities of IFN $\epsilon$ based IFAs on reporter cells and on HBV infection*

[00294] Fusions of CP870,893 to a third type I interferon (IFN epsilon; IFN $\epsilon$ ) have also been designed and produced. Such IFAs were tested on HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells and it could be demonstrated that they maintain agonistic CD40 activity. Results for one such IFA (IFA49) are shown in **Fig. 10A**. Evaluation on HEK-Blue™ hIFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (which are in fact activated by any type I interferon) showed that IFA49 is also able to activate the IFN-I-pathways (**Fig. 10B**). EC<sub>50</sub> values are reported in **Table 9B**. In addition, IFA49 was also tested on HBV infection in primary hepatocytes and showed similar activity to Pegasys (**Fig. 10C**).

[00295] These results demonstrate that IFAs with IFN $\epsilon$  maintain both IFN and agonistic CD40 activity (i.e., are bifunctional) and have antiviral activity.

*V.c - Functional activities of IFN $\omega$  based IFAs on reporter cells and on HBV infection*

[00296] Fusions of CP870,893 to a fourth type I interferon (IFN omega; IFN $\omega$ ) have also been designed and produced. Such IFAs were tested on HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells and results demonstrated that they maintain agonistic CD40 activity. Results for one such IFA (IFA46) are shown in **Fig. 11A**. Evaluation on HEK-Blue™ hIFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (which are in fact activated by any type I interferon) showed that IFA46 is also able to activate the IFN-I-pathways (**Fig. 11B**). EC<sub>50</sub> values are reported in **Table 9B**. In addition, IFA46 was also tested on HBV infection in primary hepatocytes and showed similar activity to Pegasys (**Fig. 11C**).

[00297] These results demonstrate that IFAs with IFN $\omega$  maintain both IFN and agonistic CD40 activity (i.e., are bifunctional) and have antiviral activity.

*V.d - Functional activities of IFN $\gamma$  based IFAs on reporter cells on HBV infection*

[00298] Fusions of CP870,893 to type II Interferon (IFN gamma; IFN $\gamma$ ) have also been designed and produced. Evaluation of these IFAs on HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells demonstrate that they maintain agonistic CD40 activity, regardless of whether IFN $\gamma$  is linked to the C-terminal part of the LC (IFA42) or of the HC (IFA43) (**Fig. 12A**). Evaluation of these IFAs on HEK-Blue™-IFN $\gamma$  cells (**Fig. 12B**) showed that they are also able to activate the IFN $\gamma$ -pathway. IFN $\gamma$  activity differed somewhat between IFA42 (EC<sub>50</sub>: 15 ng/ml) and IFA43 (EC<sub>50</sub>: < 0.01 ng/ml). EC<sub>50</sub> values are reported in **Table 9B**. In addition, IFA42 and IFA43 were tested in a dose dependent manner on HBV infection in primary hepatocytes as described earlier. Results indicate that both IFAs reduce HbeAg release in a dose dependent manner (**Fig. 12C**), indicating that IFAs with type II-IFN are active on HBV infection.

[00299] Taken together, these results demonstrate that IFAs with IFN $\gamma$  maintain both IFN and agonistic CD40 activity (i.e., are bifunctional) and have anti-viral activity.

*V.e - Functional activities of IFN $\lambda$  based IFAs on reporter cells and on HBV infection*

[00300] Fusions of CP870,893 to type III Interferon (IFN lambda; IFN $\lambda$ ) have also been designed and produced. These IFAs were tested on HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells and results demonstrated that they also maintain agonistic CD40 activity, regardless

of whether IFN $\lambda$  is linked to the C-terminal part of the LC (IFA44) or of the HC (IFA45) (**Fig. 13A**). Evaluation of these IFAs on HEK-Blue<sup>TM</sup>-IFN $\lambda$  cells showed that they are also able to activate the IFN $\lambda$ -pathway (**Fig. 13B**). EC<sub>50</sub> values are reported in **Table 9B**. These results also demonstrate that IFAs with IFN $\lambda$  maintain both IFN and agonistic CD40 activity (i.e., are bifunctional).

[00301] IFA44 and IFA45 were tested in a single dose in comparison to Pegasys on HBV infection in primary hepatocytes as described earlier. Results indicate that both types of IFAs reduce HbeAg release by 65% and 78%, respectively. Under these condition Pegasys inhibited HbeAg release by 81%. These results indicate that IFAs with type III IFN are active on HBV infection with EC<sub>50</sub> values for both tested IFAs < 10 nM (**Fig. 13C**).

## Example VI

### Generation of Interferon-Fused Antibodies (IFA) based on anti-CD40 antibody 3G5 and characterization on reporter cells

#### *VI.a - IFA design*

[00302] The sequence combinations of exemplary IFAs, designed with 3G5 anti-CD40 antibody (Celldex) as backbone antibody, with the location of IFNs and the nature of the linkers are listed in **Table 7** and **Table 10**. IFN was fused via a linker at the C-terminal part of the Light Chain (LC) or the Heavy Chain (HC), as indicated in **Table 7**. Nucleic acids encoding the HC, the LC or the fusions were synthesized with optimized mammalian expression codons and cloned into a eukaryotic expression vector such as pcDNA3.1 (Invitrogen).

#### *VI.b - IFA production*

[00303] IFA production was performed as described earlier and the production yield is indicated in **Table 10**. For some IFAs, the production yield was very low, mainly for the fusion of IFN $\beta$  to the C-terminal part of the LC. For these IFAs, the agonistic

CD40 and the IFN activities were assessed directly using the supernatant containing IFAs without any further purification. Reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of purified IFAs indicated the presence of two major bands corresponding to the HC and LC. When IFN was fused to the HC, a shift of its molecular weight was observed. (**Fig. 14**).

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*VI.c- Functional activities of IFN $\alpha/\beta$ -based IFAs on reporter cells*

[00304] Characterization of 3G5 IFAs on reporter cells was done on HEK-Blue™ CD40L (**Fig. 15A-B, and Fig. 16A**) and HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (**Fig. 15C-D, and Fig. 16B**) as previously described (**see I.c**).

10

*VI.c.1. IFN $\beta$  based IFAs*

[00305] **Fig. 15-** shows examples of dose responses of IFAs, where IFN $\beta$  was fused to the HC or the LC of 3G5, on HEK-Blue™ CD40L and HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells (**Fig. 15**). Results summarized in **Table 10** indicate that all tested IFN $\beta$ -based IFAs are functional and able to activate both the CD40 pathway and the IFN $\alpha/\beta$  pathway in a dose-dependent manner.

15

[00306] Examples of CD40 activity are shown in **Fig. 15A and Fig. 15B**. Fusion of IFN $\beta$  to the C-terminal part of the HC demonstrates high variable anti-CD40 activity and in all cases lower than the parental antibody with EC<sub>50</sub> values ranging from 30 ng/mL to 190.5 ng/mL (**Fig. 15A and Table 10**). The mean EC<sub>50</sub> value for the parental 3G5 antibody is 9.3 ng/mL.

20

[00307] For fusions on the C-terminal part the LC, the production yield was very low and the activity was assessed using supernatant-containing IFAs after overexpression in HEK-cells. Evaluation of these supernatants on HEK-Blue™ CD40L (**Fig. 15B**) demonstrates that these IFAs are active on CD40 pathway. For 3G5, the agonistic anti-CD40 activity is still detected when supernatant was diluted 300 times. Conversely, a 1/10 dilution was needed for the IFAs-containing supernatants to observe an activity (**Fig. 15B**).

25

[00308] The IFN activity of IFAs were tested on HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells and results are summarized in **Table 10**. Examples are shown in **Fig. 15C-D**. For fusions of IFN $\beta$  at the C-terminal part of the HC, the IFN activity is variable depending on the linker sequence with EC<sub>50</sub> values ranging from 0.45 ng/mL to 10,3 ng/mL (**Fig. 15C**). For IFAs with IFN $\beta$  fusion at C-terminal part of the LC-containing supernatant, IFN activity is still detected even after a 10000-fold dilution of the supernatant (**Fig. 15D**).

*VI.c.2. IFN $\alpha$  based IFAs*

[00309] **Fig. 16** shows examples of dose responses of IFAs, where IFN $\alpha$  was fused to the HC of 3G5, on HEK-Blue™ CD40L (**Fig. 16A**) and HEK-Blue™ IFN $\alpha/\beta$  cells (**Fig. 16B**).

[00310] Results indicate that all IFAs display a functional activation of both the CD40 pathway and the IFN $\alpha/\beta$  pathway in a dose-dependent manner (mean EC<sub>50</sub> values are reported in **Table 10**).

[00311] For all the IFN $\alpha$ -based IFAs, the potency on CD40 pathway was similar to the parental antibody with the mean EC<sub>50</sub> values ranging from 11.74 ng/mL to 14.2 ng/mL (**Fig. 16A and Table 10**). The mean EC<sub>50</sub> value for the parental 3G5 antibody is 9.3ng/mL.

[00312] The IFN activities of IFN $\alpha$ -based IFAs were tested on HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells and demonstrate very high activity. The mean EC<sub>50</sub> values for the IFN activity of these IFAs ranged from 0.04 ng/mL to 0.12 ng/mL (**Fig. 16B and Table 10**).

*VI.d – Generation and characterization of IFAs without the Fc region*

[00313] Suitable constructs according to the invention can also be interferon-associated antigen binding proteins without an Fc region. A construct encoding the heavy chain of the Fab fragment of 3G5 fused to a TEV-His tag was designed (SEQ ID NO 65) and cloned into the expression plasmid pcDNA3.1. This construct is cotransfected in HEK cells as described earlier, with LCs fused via different linkers to IFNs such as SEQ ID NO 70, or SEQ ID NO 71. Proteins and/or supernatants are evaluated in reporter cells and/or their effect on HBV infection in PHHs. It will be

understood by one of skill in the art that constructs for use in therapy will no longer contain the TEV-His tag. These constructs are likewise embodiments of the invention. Interferon-associated antigen binding proteins without the Fc part will be active against HBV infection.

5

## Example VII

### VII.a - Effect of IFN $\alpha$ / $\beta$ based IFAs on HBV infection

#### *VII.a.1. IFN $\beta$ based IFAs*

10 [00314] IFAs fused to IFN $\beta$  were tested for their ability to reduce HBeAg release after infection of PHHs with HBV as described earlier and examples are shown in **Fig. 17A**. Results indicate that these IFAs are active on HBV infection. For all tested IFAs, a dose-dependent inhibition is observed with 12% to 52% of reduction obtained at 1 ng/mL and a maximum reduction of about 85% observed with IFA109 at 100 ng/mL. 100% inhibition could not be reached since treatment started four days after infection and at that time, an existing pool of HBeAg (mRNA and protein) is  
15 already present in the cell and continue to be produced thereafter.

#### *VII.a.2. IFN $\alpha$ based IFAs*

20 [00315] IFAs fused to IFN $\alpha$  were also tested for their ability to reduce HBeAg release after infection of PHH with HBV as described earlier and examples are shown in **Fig. 17B**. Results indicate that these IFN $\alpha$ -based IFAs are very potent on HBV infection. For all tested IFAs, a dose-dependent inhibition was also observed with a 61% to 80% reduction obtained at 1 ng/mL and a maximal reduction (between 85% and 92%) was almost reached at 100 ng/mL for all IFAs. These demonstrate that IFN $\alpha$ -based IFAs are very potent anti-HBV antiviral molecules.

25

### Example VIII

#### Cytokine Release Assay (CRA) from human Whole blood cells

5 [00316] A WBC ex vivo stimulation assay was used to investigate release of cytokines following IFA stimulation as described previously (**see III.a**). An example with IFA109 is shown in **Fig. 18** and **Table 13**. The results indicate that all IFAs induce CXCL10 release. They did not induce IL-10, IL-1 $\beta$  and IL-2, and they induced only very low to moderate level of IFN $\gamma$ , IL-6 and TNF- $\alpha$ , thus suggesting a favorable safety profile with regard to the induction of inflammatory cytokines.

### 10 **Equivalents**

[00317] The invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof. The foregoing embodiments are therefore to be considered in all respects illustrative rather than limiting of the invention. Scope of the invention is thus indicated by the appended claims rather than 15 by the foregoing description, and all changes that come within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are therefore intended to be embraced herein.

**Items**

[00318] In view of the above, it will be appreciated that the present invention also relates to the following **items**:

- 5 1. An interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprising  
(I) an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, and  
(II) an Interferon (IFN) or a functional fragment thereof  
for use in treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection.
- 10 2. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 1,  
wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding  
fragment thereof, comprises three light chain complementarity determining  
regions (CDRs) that are at least 90% identical to the CDRL1, CDRL2 and  
CDRL3 sequences within SEQ ID NO 3; and three heavy chain CDRs that  
15 are at least 90% identical to the CDRH1, CDRH2 and CDRH3 sequences  
within SEQ ID NO 6.
- 20 3. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 1 or 2,  
wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding  
fragment thereof, comprises three light chain complementarity determining  
regions (CDRs) that are identical to the CDRL1, CDRL2 and CDRL3  
sequences within SEQ ID NO 3; and three heavy chain CDRs that are identical  
to the CDRH1, CDRH2 and CDRH3 sequences within SEQ ID NO 6.
- 25 4. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 2 or 3,  
wherein each CDR is defined in accordance with the Kabat definition, the  
Chothia definition, the AbM definition, or the contact definition of CDR;  
preferably wherein each CDR is defined in accordance with the CDR definition  
of Kabat or the CDR definition of Chothia.
- 30 5. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 1,  
wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding  
fragment thereof comprises  
(a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity  
determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID  
NO 56, a CDRH2 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a  
CDRH3 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 58; and

(b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 53, and a CDRL3 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 54.

- 5           6.    The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 1, wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises
- 10           (a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 56, a CDRH2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a CDRH3 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 58; and
- (b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 53, and a CDRL3 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 54.
- 15           7.    The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a light chain variable region  $V_L$  comprising the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 51, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain variable region  $V_H$  comprising
- 20           the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 55, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
8.    The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a Fab region
- 25           heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 12, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
9.    The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises
- 30           a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49 and SEQ ID NO 48, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.

10. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 9, wherein the HC comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
- 5 11. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 9, wherein the HC comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 9, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
12. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 9, wherein the HC comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 49, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
- 10 13. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 9, wherein the HC comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 48, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
- 15 14. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is a human interferon.
15. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is selected from the group consisting of a Type I IFN, a Type II IFN and a Type III IFN, or a functional fragment thereof.
- 20 16. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is a Type I IFN, or a functional fragment thereof.
- 25 17. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 16, wherein the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ , IFN $\beta$ , IFN $\omega$ , or IFN $\epsilon$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
18. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 16, wherein the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
- 30 19. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 16, wherein the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\omega$ , or a functional fragment thereof.

20. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 16, wherein the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\epsilon$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
- 5 21. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any of the items 1 to 14, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ , IFN $\beta$ , IFN $\gamma$ , IFN $\lambda$ , IFN $\omega$  or IFN $\epsilon$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
22. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 21, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
- 10 23. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 22, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
24. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 23, wherein the IFN or functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ 2a, or a functional  
15 fragment thereof.
25. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 24, wherein the IFN $\alpha$ 2a comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
26. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 22,  
20 wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
27. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 26, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
- 25 28. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 26, wherein the IFN $\beta$  or the functional fragment thereof comprises one or two amino acid substitution(s) relative to SEQ ID NO 14, selected from C17S and N80Q.
- 30 29. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 28, wherein the IFN $\beta$  or the functional fragment thereof comprises the amino acid substitution C17S relative to SEQ ID NO 14.

30. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 29, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15.
- 5 31. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 28, wherein the IFN $\beta$  or the functional fragment thereof comprises the amino acid substitutions C17S and N80Q relative to SEQ ID NO 14.
32. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 31, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16.
- 10 33. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 21, wherein the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is IFN $\gamma$  or IFN $\lambda$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
34. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 33, wherein the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is IFN $\gamma$ , or a functional  
15 fragment thereof.
35. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 34, wherein the IFN $\gamma$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
36. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 33, wherein the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is IFN $\lambda$ , or a functional  
20 fragment thereof.
37. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 36, wherein the IFN $\lambda$  or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\lambda$ 2, or a functional fragment thereof.
- 25 38. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 37, wherein the IFN $\lambda$ 2 comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
39. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is non-covalently associated with the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic  
30 antigen binding fragment thereof.

- 5 40. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 39, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is non-covalently associated with the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof via ionic, Van-der-Waal, and/or hydrogen bond interactions.
41. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 1 to 38, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is covalently associated with the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 10 42. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 41, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 15 43. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 42, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 20 44. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 43, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the N-terminus of the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 25 45. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 43, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the C-terminus of the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 30 46. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 42, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
47. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 46, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the N-terminus of the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.

48. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 46, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to the C-terminus of the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 5 49. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 42 to 48, wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, and the IFN or the functional fragment thereof are fused to each other via a linker.
- 10 50. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 49, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises no amino acids other than those forming (I) said agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, (II) said IFN or functional fragment thereof and (III) said linker.
- 15 51. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 1 to 49, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises no amino acids other than those forming (I) said agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof and (II) said IFN or functional fragment thereof.
- 20 52. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 49 to 50, wherein the linker is a peptide linker.
53. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 52, wherein the linker comprises at least 1, at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, or at least 5 amino acids.
- 25 54. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 4 amino acids.
55. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 11 amino acids.
56. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 12 amino acids.
- 30 57. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 13 amino acids.

58. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 15 amino acids.
59. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 20 amino acids.
- 5 60. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 21 amino acids.
61. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 53, wherein the linker comprises at least 24 amino acids.
- 10 62. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 52, wherein the linker comprises up to 10, up to 20, up to 30, up to 40, up to 50, up to 60, up to 70, up to 80, up to 90, or up to 100 amino acids.
63. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 80 amino acids.
- 15 64. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 40 amino acids.
65. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 24 amino acids.
66. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 21 amino acids.
- 20 67. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 20 amino acids.
68. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 15 amino acids.
- 25 69. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 13 amino acids.
70. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 12 amino acids.

71. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 11 amino acids.
72. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 62, wherein the linker comprises up to 4 amino acids.
- 5 73. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 52 to 72, wherein the linker is selected from the group comprising acidic, basic and neutral linkers.
74. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 73, wherein the linker is an acidic linker.
- 10 75. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 73 or 74, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 22 or SEQ ID NO 23.
76. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 73, wherein the linker is a basic linker.
- 15 77. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 73, wherein the linker is a neutral linker.
78. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 73 or 77, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 20, SEQ ID NO 21, SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO 26.
- 20 79. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 52 to 78, wherein the linker is selected from the group comprising rigid, flexible and helix-forming linkers.
80. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 79, wherein the linker is a rigid linker.
- 25 81. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 79 or 80, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 20, SEQ ID NO 22 or SEQ ID NO 23.
82. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 79, wherein the linker is a flexible linker.

83. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 79 or 82, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 21, SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO 26.
- 5 84. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 79, wherein the linker is a helix-forming linker.
85. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 79 or 84, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 22 or SEQ ID NO 23.
- 10 86. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 52 to 74, 76, 77, 79, 80, 82 or 84, wherein the linker comprises the amino acids glycine and serine.
87. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 86, wherein the linker comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 21, SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25, or SEQ ID NO 26.
- 15 88. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 86, wherein the linker further comprises the amino acid threonine.
89. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 88, wherein the linker comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 21.
- 20 90. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 52, wherein the linker comprises a sequence selected from the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NOs 20 to 26.
91. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 90, wherein the linker comprises a sequence selected from the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO 26.
- 25 92. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 91, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 24.
93. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 91, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 25.

94. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 91, wherein the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 26.
- 5 95. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 49, 50 or 52 to 94, wherein the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is fused to the C-terminus of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, via the linker as set forth in Table 3, in particular Table 3A or Table 3B, more particularly Table 3A.
- 10 96. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 95, wherein the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 48 or SEQ ID NO 49.
97. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 95 or 96, wherein the IFN $\alpha$ 2a comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17.
- 15 98. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 95 or 96, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16.
99. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 98, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14.
- 20 100. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 98, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15.
101. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 98, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16.
- 25 102. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 95 or 96, wherein the IFN $\gamma$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19.
103. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 95 or 96, wherein the IFN $\lambda$ 2 comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18.
104. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 95 to 103, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein

further comprises a light chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.

105. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 104, wherein the light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3.
- 5 106. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 49, 50 or 52 to 94, wherein the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is fused to the N-terminus of a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, via the linker as set forth in Table 4, in particular Table 4A or Table 4B, more particularly Table 4A.
- 10 107. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 106, wherein the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 48, or SEQ ID NO 12.
- 15 108. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 106 or 107, wherein the IFN $\alpha$ 2a comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17.
109. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 106 or 107, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16.
- 20 110. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 109, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14.
111. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 109, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15.
- 25 112. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 109, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16.
113. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 106 or 107, wherein the IFN $\gamma$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19.
- 30 114. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 106 or 107, wherein the IFN $\lambda$ 2 comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18.

115. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 106 to 114, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein further comprises a light chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 5 116. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 115, wherein the light chain comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3.
117. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 49, 50 or 52 to 94, wherein the IFN or a functional fragment thereof is fused to the C-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, via the linker as set forth in  
10 Table 5, in particular Table 5A or Table 5B, more particularly Table 5A.
118. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 117, wherein the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ  
15 ID NO 3.
119. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 117 or 118, wherein the IFN $\alpha$ 2a comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17.
120. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 117 or  
20 118, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16.
121. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 120, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14.
122. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 120,  
25 wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15.
123. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 120, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16.
124. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 117 or 118, wherein the IFN $\gamma$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19.

125. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 117 or 118, wherein the IFN $\lambda$ 2 comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18.
- 5 126. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 117 to 125, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein further comprises a heavy chain of an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 10 127. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 126, wherein the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 48, or SEQ ID NO 12.
- 15 128. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 49, 50 or 52 to 94, wherein the IFN is fused to the N-terminus of a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, via the linker as set forth in Table 6, in particular Table 6A or Table 6B, more particularly Table 6A.
- 20 129. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 128, wherein the light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3.
130. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 128 or 129, wherein the IFN $\alpha$ 2a comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17.
- 25 131. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 128 or 129, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, SEQ ID NO 15 or SEQ ID NO 16.
132. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 131, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14.
- 30 133. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 131, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 15.

134. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 131, wherein the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 16.
135. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 128 or 129, wherein the IFN $\gamma$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 19.
- 5 136. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 128 or 129, wherein the IFN $\lambda$ 2 comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 18.
137. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 128 to 136, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein  
10 further comprises a heavy chain of an anti-CD40 antibody, or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof.
138. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 137, wherein the heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody comprises a  
15 sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 49, SEQ ID NO 48, or SEQ ID NO 12.
139. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 1 to 138, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein  
20 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO 28, SEQ ID NO 29, SEQ ID NO 30, SEQ ID NO 31, SEQ ID NO 32, SEQ ID NO 33, SEQ ID NO 34, SEQ ID NO 35, SEQ ID NO 36, SEQ ID NO 37, SEQ ID NO 38, SEQ ID NO 39, SEQ ID NO 40, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42, SEQ ID NO 43, SEQ ID NO 44, SEQ ID NO 45, SEQ ID NO 46 and SEQ ID NO 47.
140. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 139,  
25 wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO 38, SEQ ID NO 39, SEQ ID NO 40, SEQ ID NO 41, SEQ ID NO 42 or SEQ ID NO 43.
141. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of items 139 or 140, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an  
30 interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising one of the sequence combinations disclosed in Table 9, in particular Table 9A or Table 9B, more particularly Table 9A.

- 5 142. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 141, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 38 and SEQ ID NO 3.
- 10 143. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 141, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 39 and SEQ ID NO 3.
- 15 144. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 141, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 40 and SEQ ID NO 3.
- 20 145. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 141, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 41 and SEQ ID NO 9.
- 25 146. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 141, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 42 and SEQ ID NO 9.
- 30 147. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 141, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO 43 and SEQ ID NO 9.
148. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 1 to 147, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates both the CD40 and an IFN pathway.

149. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 148, wherein CD40 activity is determined using a whole blood surface molecule upregulation assay or an in vitro reporter cell assay.
- 5 150. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 149, wherein CD40 activity is determined using an in vitro reporter cell assay, optionally using HEK-Blue™ CD40L cells.
- 10 151. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 148 to 150, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the CD40 pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 400, 300, 200, 150, 100, 70, 60, 50, 40, 30, 25, 20, or 15 ng/mL.
- 15 152. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 151, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the CD40 pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> ranging from 10 to 200 ng/mL.
- 15 153. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 152, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the CD40 pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> ranging from 10 to 50 ng/mL, preferably 10 to 30 ng/mL.
- 20 154. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 148 to 153, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the IFN pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 100, 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10, or 1 ng/mL.
- 25 155. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 148 to 154, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein activates the IFN pathway with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 11 ng/mL, preferably less than 6 ng/mL.
156. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 148 to 155, wherein the IFN pathway is the IFN $\alpha$ , IFN $\beta$ , IFN $\epsilon$ , IFN $\gamma$ , IFN $\omega$  or IFN $\lambda$  pathway.
- 30 157. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 156, wherein IFN $\beta$  activity is determined using an in vitro reporter cell assay, optionally using HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells.

158. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 156, wherein IFN $\alpha$  activity is determined using an *in vitro* reporter cell assay, optionally using HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\alpha/\beta$  cells.
- 5 159. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 156, wherein IFN $\gamma$  activity is determined using an *in vitro* reporter cell assay, optionally using HEK-Blue™ Dual IFN- $\gamma$  cells.
160. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 156, wherein IFN $\lambda$  activity is determined using an *in vitro* reporter cell assay, optionally using HEK-Blue™ IFN- $\lambda$  cells.
- 10 161. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein reduces HBeAg release by primary hepatocytes *in vitro* by at least 12% at 1 ng/mL.
- 15 162. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 161, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein reduces HBeAg release by primary hepatocytes *in vitro* by up to 90% at 1 ng/mL.
163. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 161, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein reduces HBeAg release with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 30 ng/mL.
- 20 164. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 163, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein reduces HBeAg release with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 10 ng/mL.
- 25 165. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 164, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein reduces HBeAg release with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 1 ng/mL.
166. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 164, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein reduces HBeAg release with an EC<sub>50</sub> of less than 0.1 ng/mL.
- 30 167. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, in particular items 148 to 165, wherein the expression level of one or more IFN pathway biomarkers is upregulated in an HBV-infected

cell upon treatment with the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, preferably at least 1.5-fold, more preferably at least 2-fold, most preferably at least 3-fold.

- 5 168. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 167, wherein the IFN pathway biomarker is a chemokine.
169. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 168, wherein the IFN pathway biomarker is the interferon stimulated gene ISG20.
- 10 170. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 168, wherein the IFN pathway biomarker is a C-X-C chemokine, selected from the group consisting of CXCL9, CXCL10 and CXCL11.
171. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 170, wherein the IFN pathway biomarker is CXCL10.
- 15 172. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, in particular items 148 to 171, wherein the expression level of one or more of IL10, IL1 $\beta$  and IL2 is not significantly upregulated in an HBV-infected cell upon treatment with the interferon-associated antigen binding protein.
- 20 173. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the systemic exposure of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is increased compared to antibody CP870,893, preferably by at least 10%, more preferably by at least 15%, most preferably by at least 25%.
- 25 174. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the systemic exposure of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is at least 1000  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$ .
175. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 174, wherein the systemic exposure of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein ranges from 1033  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$  to 1793  $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$ .
- 30 176. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the half-life of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is at least 100 h.

177. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 176, wherein the half-life of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein ranges from 116 to 158 h.
- 5 178. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the clearance rate of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is below 0.5 mL/h/kg.
179. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 178, wherein the clearance of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein ranges from 0.28 to 0.49 mL/h/kg.
- 10 180. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 1 to 179, wherein the volume of distribution  $V_{ss}$  of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is below 100 mL/kg.
- 15 181. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 180, wherein the volume of distribution  $V_{ss}$  of the interferon-associated antigen binding protein ranges from 50 to 98 mL/kg.
182. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding items, wherein the use comprises administering the interferon-associated antigen binding protein to a subject in need thereof by means of genetic delivery with RNA or DNA sequences encoding the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a vector or vector system encoding the  
20 interferon-associated antigen binding protein.
183. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 1 to 182, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is comprised in a pharmaceutical composition.
- 25 184. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 183, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for oral, parenteral, or topical administration or for administration by inhalation.
185. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 184, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for oral administration.
- 30 186. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 184, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for topical administration.

187. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 184, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for administration by inhalation.
- 5 188. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 184, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for parenteral administration.
- 10 189. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 188, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for intravenous, intraarterial, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, rectal or vaginal administration.
- 15 190. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 189, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for injection, preferably for intravenous or intraarterial injection or drip.
191. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 183 to 190, wherein the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least one buffering agent.
- 20 192. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 191, wherein the buffering agent is acetate, formate or citrate.
193. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 192, wherein the buffering agent is acetate.
- 25 194. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 192, wherein the buffering agent is formate.
195. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 192, wherein the buffering agent is citrate.
196. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 183 to 195, wherein the pharmaceutical composition comprises a surfactant.
197. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 196, wherein the surfactant is selected from the list comprising pluronics, PEG,

sorbitan esters, polysorbates, triton, tromethamine, lecithin, cholesterol and tyloxapal.

198. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 197, wherein the surfactant is polysorbate.
- 5 199. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 198, wherein the surfactant is polysorbate 20, polysorbate 40, polysorbate 60, polysorbate 80 or polysorbate 100.
200. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 199, wherein the surfactant is polysorbate 20.
- 10 201. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of item 199, wherein the surfactant is polysorbate 80.
202. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of items 183 to 201, wherein the pharmaceutical composition comprises a stabilizing agent, optionally wherein the stabilizing agent is albumin

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Table 11a: IFN- $\beta$ -based IFAs		IFN- $\gamma$	IL10	IL12p40	IL1 $\beta$	IL2	IL6	IP10	TFN $\alpha$
NT	donor 1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	457.0	nd
	donor 2	nd	nd	101.4	nd	nd	nd	672.7	4.6
	donor 3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	302.3	nd
	donor 4	nd	nd	104.0	nd	nd	nd	648.2	nd
LPS	donor 1	2023.0	148.0	7757.1	5116.0	nd	20709.6	6646.7	1706.3
	donor 2	4675.6	57.2	6265.6	6263.7	20.7	11070.1	39539.4	2987.1
	donor 3	1537.3	192.9	1750.0	3137.6	nd	16837.7	6141.0	944.9
	donor 4	2360.7	299.7	1676.5	6423.0	18.6	20654.0	22848.2	1107.2
IFA1	donor 1	98.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	16.3	46033.6	43.7
	donor 2	nd	nd	118.8	nd	nd	11.8	43545.5	36.6
	donor 3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	23562.1	34.0
	donor 4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	31922.5	57.1
IFA2	donor 1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	18.6	43382.3	41.0
	donor 2	nd	nd	114.2	nd	nd	17.4	43283.4	33.8
	donor 3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	25961.4	32.2
	donor 4	109.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	38445.0	66.0

Table 11b: IFN- $\alpha$ -based IFAs		IFN- $\gamma$	IL10	IL12p40	IL1 $\beta$	IL2	IL6	IP10	TFN $\alpha$
NT	donor 5	12,6	0,6	91,6	0,9	0,9	3,9	270,3	2,1
	donor 6	5,0	1,1	129,9	19,9	#DIV/0!	423,2	1052,7	16,0
	donor 7	16,5	2,0	143,7	22,1	2,1	426,9	1025,0	12,6
	donor 8	9,7	0,1	58,3	1,8	#DIV/0!	2,6	594,2	2,2
LPS	donor 5	10848,1	46,6	8463,3	8712,3	10,5	30713,2	20538,9	1738,3
	donor 6	2467,1	175,6	5364,9	6557,9	3,3	31735,5	17262,6	2583,3
	donor 7	3310,1	248,6	6814,8	9123,9	16,6	39139,8	59939,2	6270,1
	donor 8	2555,6	138,5	2942,9	6767,5	9,6	31756,7	20062,7	1265,5
IFA25	donor 5	495,5	1,5	99,5	1,9	5,5	30,5	39637,5	30,4
	donor 6	312,2	2,0	129,8	16,5	4,0	51,8	61963,8	71,4
	donor 7	271,2	2,9	130,3	9,1	4,4	75,0	133442,5	30,3
	donor 8	441,6	1,9	74,8	6,8	3,2	44,3	95647,9	87,4
IFA26	donor 5	330,4	2,0	98,1	2,1	6,4	29,3	37880,2	32,1
	donor 6	303,7	3,3	150,8	17,1	3,1	53,0	72944,8	45,7
	donor 7	180,3	2,0	135,6	9,2	4,9	75,2	154696,3	29,7
	donor 8	421,4	2,8	95,7	6,8	4,1	42,1	79768,5	89,1
IFA27	donor 5	430,7	2,2	127,8	3,1	7,1	32,9	40214,1	61,3
	donor 6	286,5	2,0	148,5	16,8	2,1	66,0	83445,0	70,1
	donor 7	350,3	4,7	117,6	9,3	4,4	73,5	195844,6	105,6
	donor 8	440,1	2,6	68,6	8,9	0,6	46,9	102676,8	43,4
IFA28	donor 5	620,1	2,7	127,3	3,4	8,7	35,0	40958,5	24,6
	donor 6	264,7	2,0	170,3	13,6	2,4	45,7	62333,3	33,0
	donor 7	289,6	2,7	144,8	13,7	3,9	77,1	176521,8	59,6
	donor 8	436,2	2,5	74,4	4,9	2,3	36,8	79217,6	37,6
IFA29	donor 5	692,7	1,3	108,7	2,3	3,7	33,9	55062,8	30,3
	donor 6	183,1	2,2	158,8	11,6	0,4	44,4	58665,4	44,3
	donor 7	235,5	2,6	127,6	9,6	2,0	65,6	136893,2	90,5
	donor 8	301,1	3,0	77,7	5,8	0,6	33,8	69226,3	48,0
IFA30	donor 5	709,7	1,2	110,6	2,9	5,5	38,0	63040,7	36,5
	donor 6	122,9	2,0	153,0	14,9	1,7	46,1	67861,2	37,4
	donor 7	64,6	1,0	114,0	10,0	2,9	75,5	149093,0	32,7
	donor 8	206,0	1,9	71,1	6,8	1,8	37,9	85986,9	40,5

Table 12A

Matrix	Compound	Dose In-life period	Method	C <sub>0</sub> (µg/mL)	AUC (0-last) (µg.h/mL)	T <sub>last</sub> (h)	AUC (0-inf) (µg.h/mL)	% extrapolation	T <sub>1/2t</sub> (h)	Cl (mL/hr/kg)	V <sub>D</sub> (mL/kg)
Serum	CP870,893	0,5 mg/kg 168h	ELISA-IgG2	7,15	241	168	590	59	264 (long)	0,35 (Low)	296 (Low)
Serum	IFA27	0,5 mg/kg 240h	ELISA-IgG2	14,7	1501	240	2552	41	218 (long)	0,20 (Low)	55 (Low)
Serum	IFA27	0,5 mg/kg 240h	ELISA-IFN	16,9	1318	240	1793	26	125 (long)	0,28 (Low)	50 (Low)
Serum	IFA29	0,5 mg/kg 240h	ELISA-IFN	11,6	804	240	1033	22	116 (long)	0,49 (Low)	78 (Low)
Serum	IFA30	0,5 mg/kg 240h	ELISA-IFN	8,12	741	240	1089	31	158 (long)	0,46 (Low)	98 (Low)

Table 12B

Matrix	Compound	Dose In-life period	Method	C <sub>0</sub> (µg/mL)	AUC (0-last) (µg.h/mL)	T <sub>last</sub> (h)	AUC (0-inf) (µg.h/mL)	% extrapolation	T <sub>1/2t</sub> (h)	Cl (mL/hr/kg)	V <sub>D</sub> (mL/kg)
Serum	IFA25	0,5 mg/kg 504h	ELISA-IFN	7,45	1328	504	1500	11	154 (long)	0,34 (Low)	73 (Low)
Serum	IFA26	0,5 mg/kg 504h	ELISA-IFN	8,20	988	336	1027	3,8	59 (long)	0,49 (Low)	57 (Low)
Serum	IFA28	0,5 mg/kg 504h	ELISA-IFN	9,38	1048	504	1264	17	213 (long)	0,40 (Low)	105 (Low)
Serum	Pegasys	0,3 mg/kg 504h	ELISA-IFN <sub>a</sub> specific	8,3	210	168	215	2	30 (moderate)	1,4 (Low)	62 (Low)
Serum	CP870,893	0,5 mg/kg 504h	ELISA-IgG2	11,9	527	168	797	34	116 (long)	0,63 (Low)	96 (Low)
Serum	IFA25	0,5 mg/kg 504h	ELISA-IgG2	11,8	1292	240	1971	34	155 (long)	0,26 (Low)	56 (Low)

TABLE 13

Condition	donor	IFNg	IL10	IL12p40	IL1b	IL2	IL6	IP10	TFNa
NT	D1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	457,0	nd
	D2	nd	nd	101,4	nd	nd	nd	672,7	4,63
	D3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	302,3	nd
	D4	nd	nd	104,0	nd	nd	nd	648,2	nd
LPS	D1	2023	148	7757	5116	nd	20710	6647	1706
	D2	4676	57	6266	6264	21	11070	39539	2987
	D3	1537	193	1750	3138	nd	16838	6141	945
	D4	2361	300	1677	6423	19	20654	22848	1107
IFA109	D1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	13,48	44495,49	43,63
	D2	nd	nd	116,29	nd	nd	10,6	44030,74	37,52
	D3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	31506,88	62,17
	D4	nd	nd	103,45	nd	nd	nd	45005,31	133,02

## CLAIMS

1. An interferon-associated antigen binding protein comprising  
(I) an agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, and  
(II) an Interferon (IFN) or a functional fragment thereof  
for use in treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection.
2. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of claim 1,  
wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding  
fragment thereof comprises  
(a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity  
determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO  
56, a CDRH2 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a CDRH3  
that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 58; and  
(b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is at least 90%  
identical to SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID  
NO 53, and a CDRL3 that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO 54.
3. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of claim 1,  
wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding  
fragment thereof comprises  
(a) a heavy chain or a fragment thereof comprising a complementarity  
determining region (CDR) CDRH1 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 56, a  
CDRH2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 57, and a CDRH3 that is identical to  
SEQ ID NO 58; and  
(b) a light chain or a fragment thereof comprising a CDRL1 that is identical to  
SEQ ID NO 52, a CDRL2 that is identical to SEQ ID NO 53, and a CDRL3 that  
is identical to SEQ ID NO 54.
4. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the  
preceding claims, wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody, or the agonistic  
antigen binding fragment thereof, comprises a light chain variable region V<sub>L</sub>  
comprising the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 51, or a sequence at least  
90% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain variable region V<sub>H</sub> comprising the  
sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 55, or a sequence at least 90% identical  
thereto.

5. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain (LC) that comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 3, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto; and/or a heavy chain (HC) that comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO 6, SEQ ID NO 9, SEQ ID NO 12, SEQ ID NO 49 and SEQ ID NO 48, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
6. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is selected from the group consisting of a Type I IFN, a Type II IFN and a Type III IFN, or a functional fragment thereof.
7. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of claim 6, wherein the type I IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$  or IFN $\beta$ , or a functional fragment thereof.
8. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any of the preceding claims, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\alpha$ 2a, or a functional fragment thereof, and wherein preferably the IFN $\alpha$ 2a comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 17, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
9. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any of claims 1 to 7, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is IFN $\beta$  or a functional fragment thereof, and wherein preferably the IFN $\beta$  comprises the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 14, or a sequence at least 90% identical thereto.
10. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any of the preceding claims, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to a light chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, preferably to the C-terminus.
11. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any of claims 1 to 9, wherein the IFN or the functional fragment thereof is fused to a heavy chain of the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or the agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof, preferably to the C-terminus.
12. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any of the preceding claims, wherein the agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an agonistic

antigen binding fragment thereof, and the IFN or the functional fragment thereof, are fused to each other via a linker, and wherein preferably the linker comprises a sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO 20, SEQ ID NO 21, SEQ ID NO 24, SEQ ID NO 25 or SEQ ID NO 26.

13. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any of the preceding claims, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is an interferon-fused agonistic anti-CD40 antibody or an interferon-fused agonistic antigen binding fragment thereof comprising one of the sequence combinations disclosed in Table 9, in particular Table 9A or Table 9B, more particularly Table 9A.
14. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the use comprises administering the interferon-associated antigen binding protein to a subject in need thereof by means of genetic delivery with RNA or DNA sequences encoding the interferon-associated antigen binding protein, or a vector or vector system encoding the interferon-associated antigen binding protein.
15. The interferon-associated antigen binding protein for the use of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the interferon-associated antigen binding protein is comprised in a pharmaceutical composition.

**Fig.1**

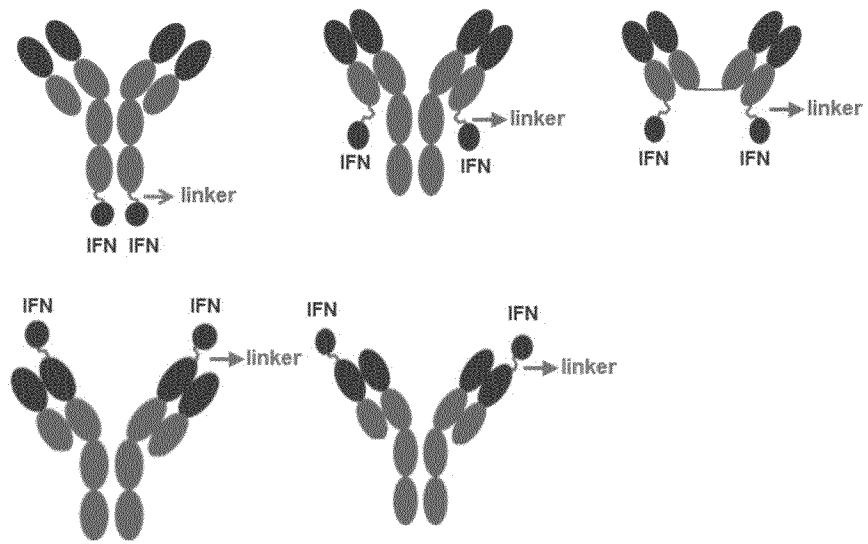
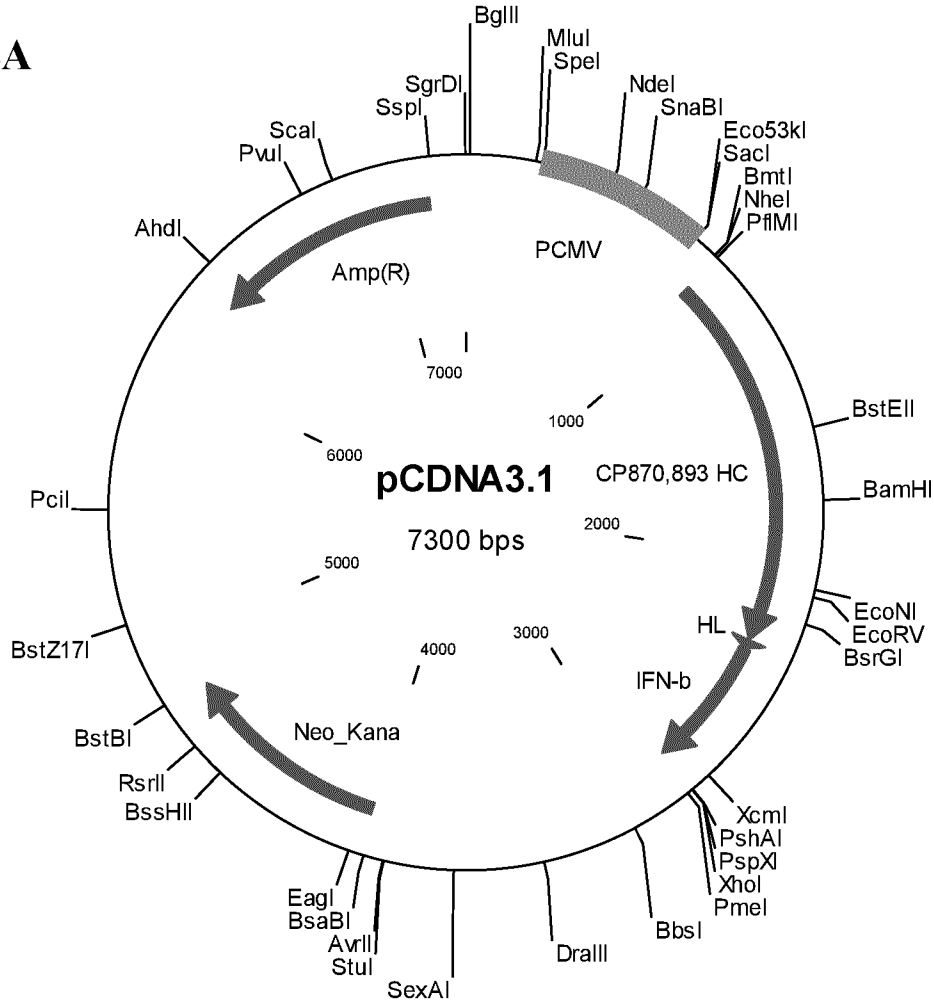


Fig. 2A



**Nucleic acid sequence encoding seq ID NO 32**

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**Fig.2B**

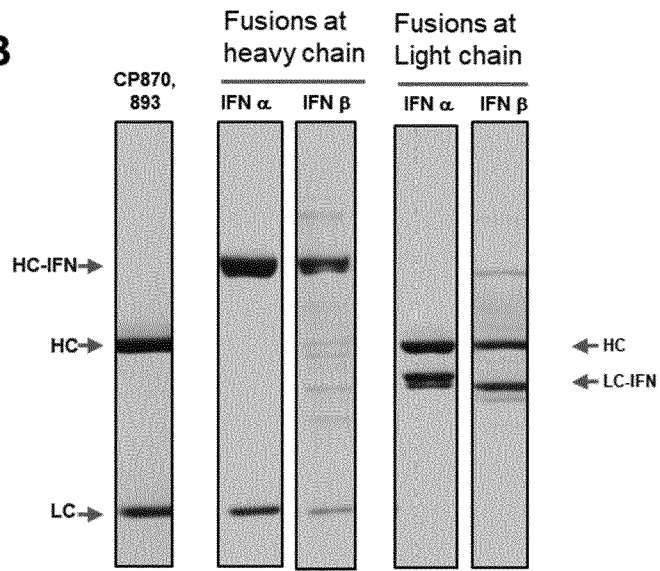


Fig. 3A

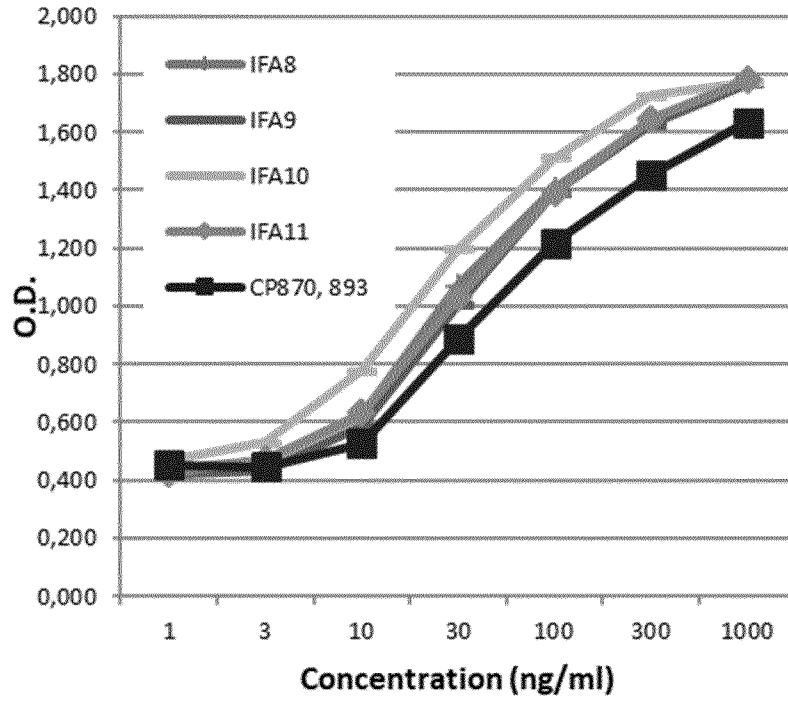


Fig. 3B

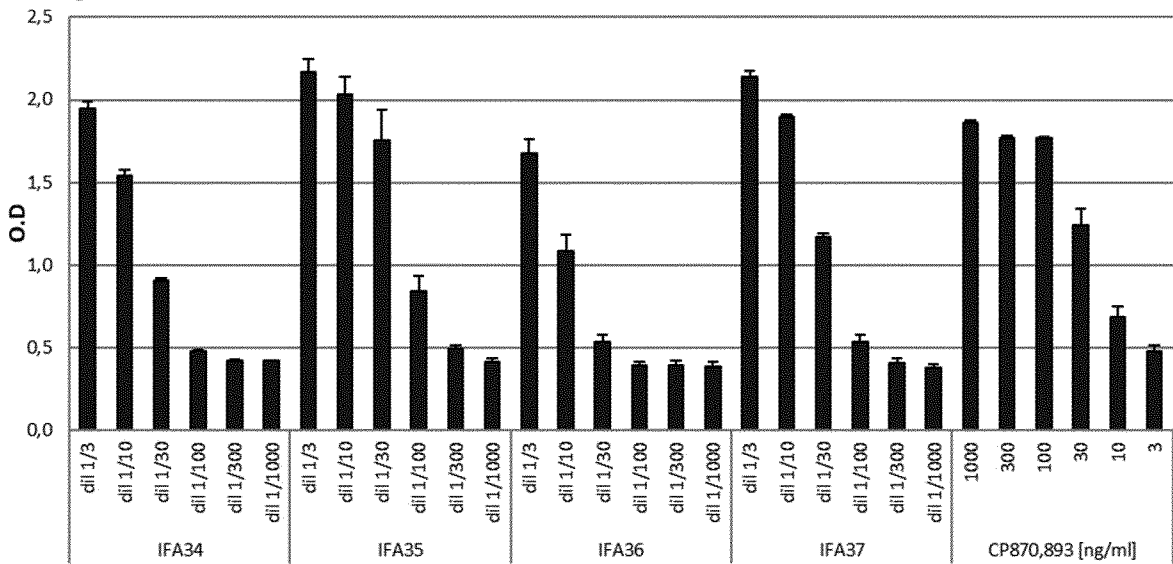


Fig. 3C

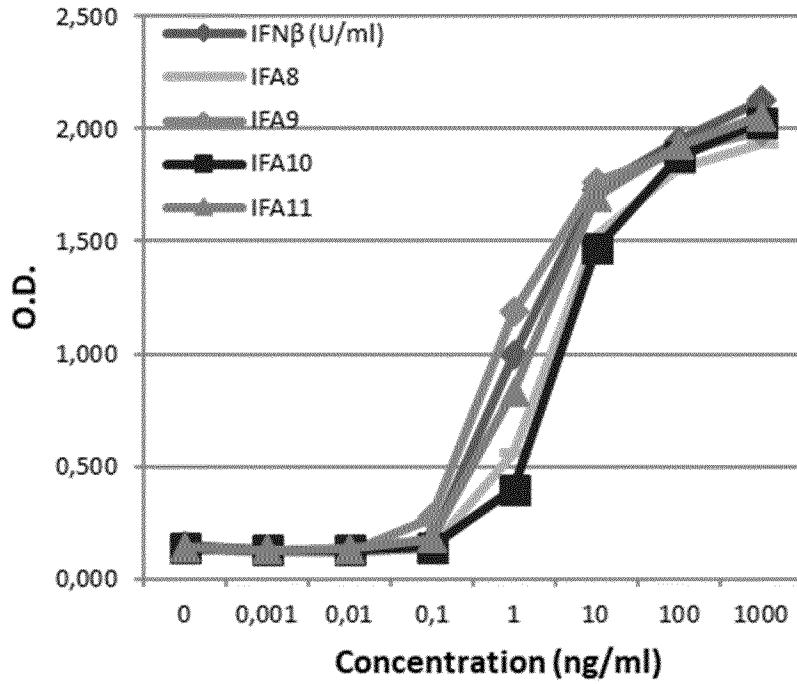
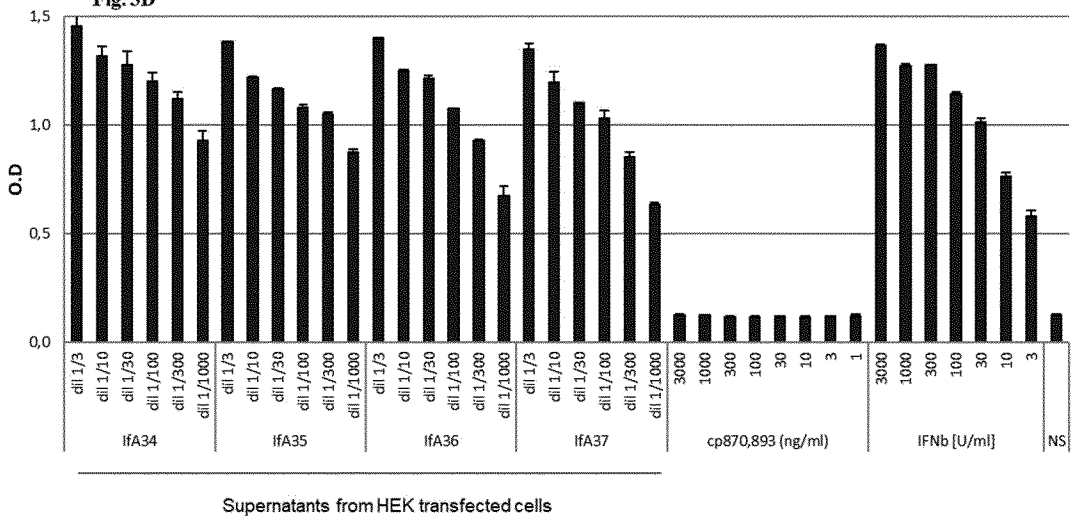


Fig. 3D



Supernatants from HEK transfected cells

Fig. 4A

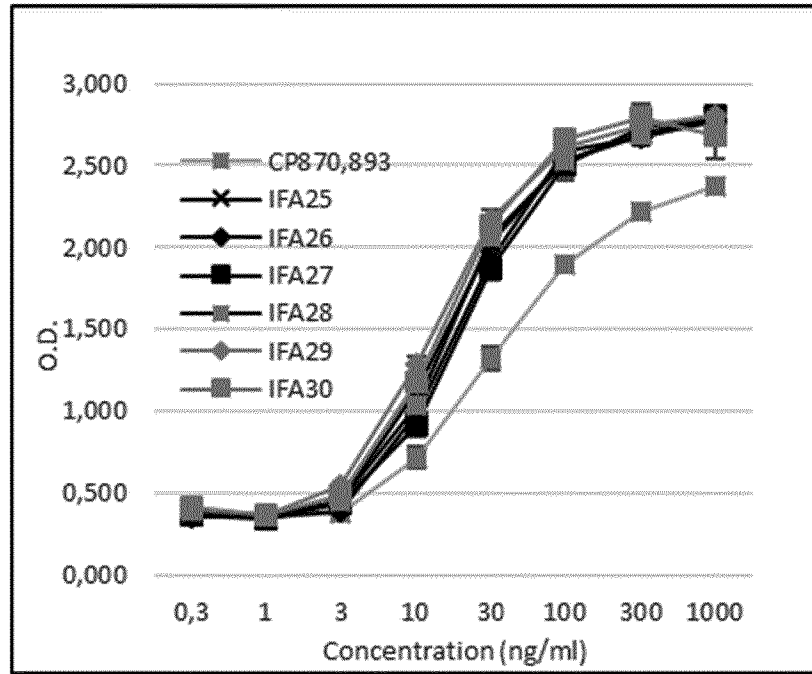
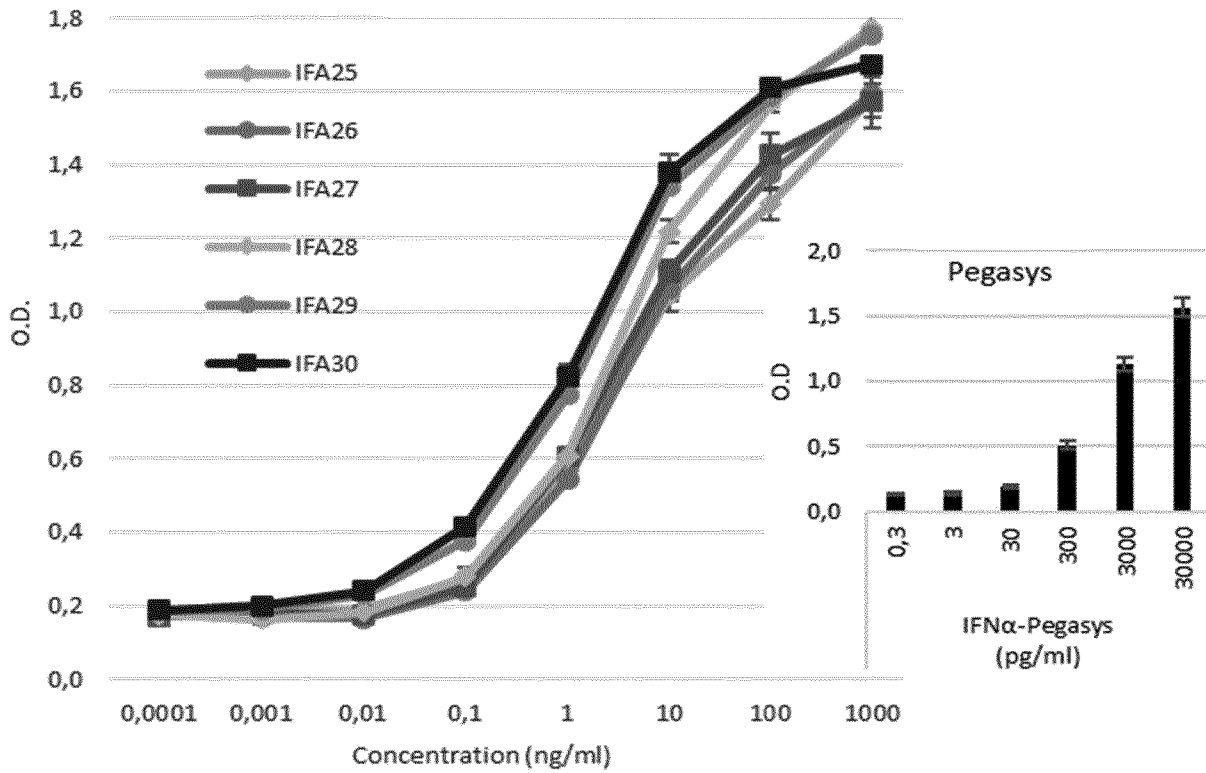
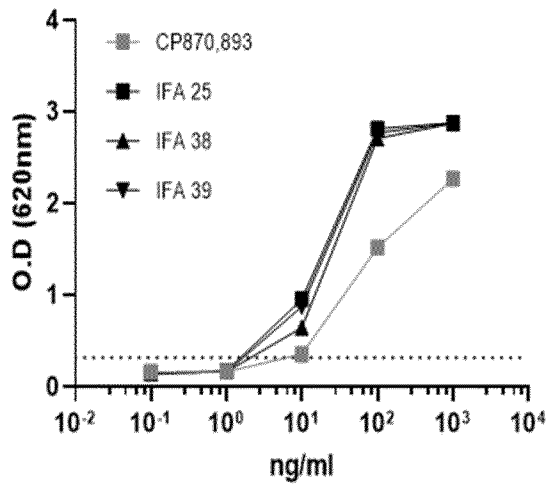


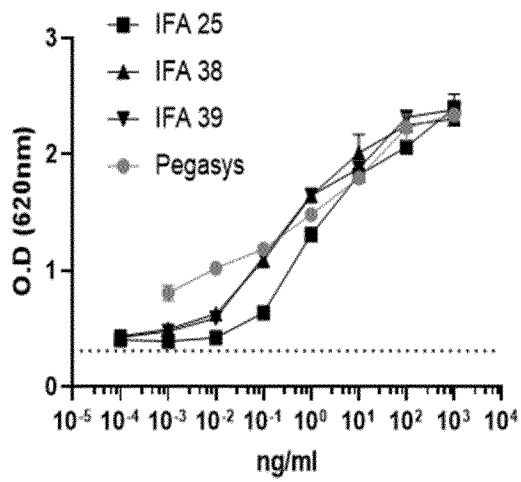
Fig. 4B



**Fig. 4C**



**Fig. 4D**



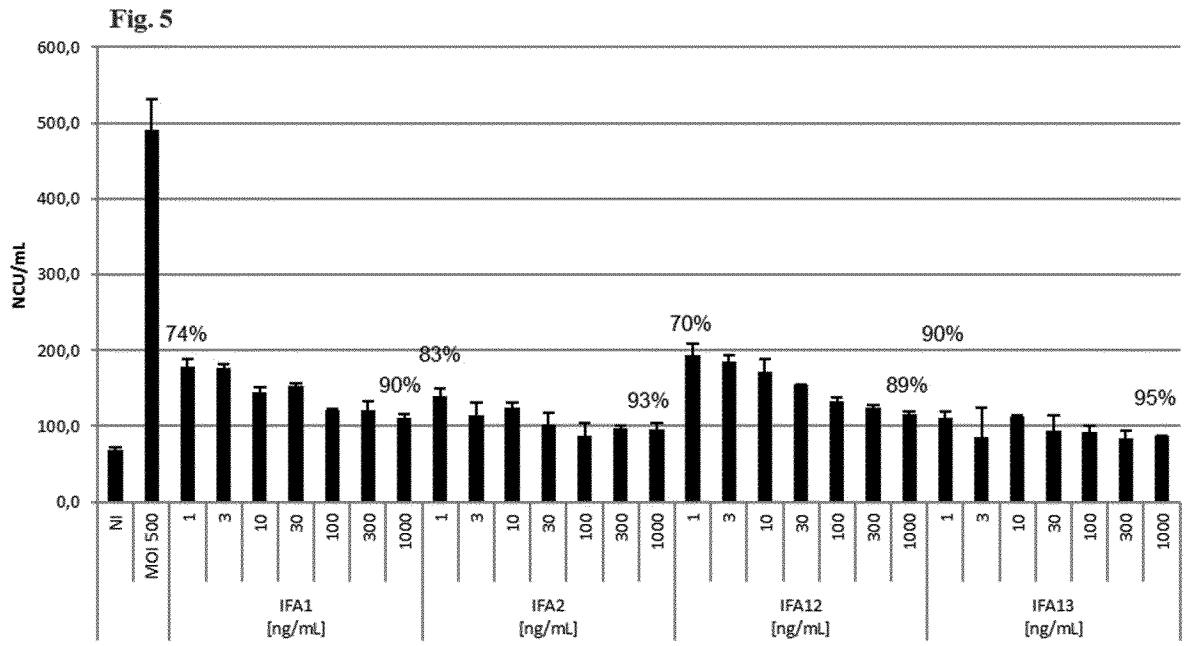


Fig. 6A

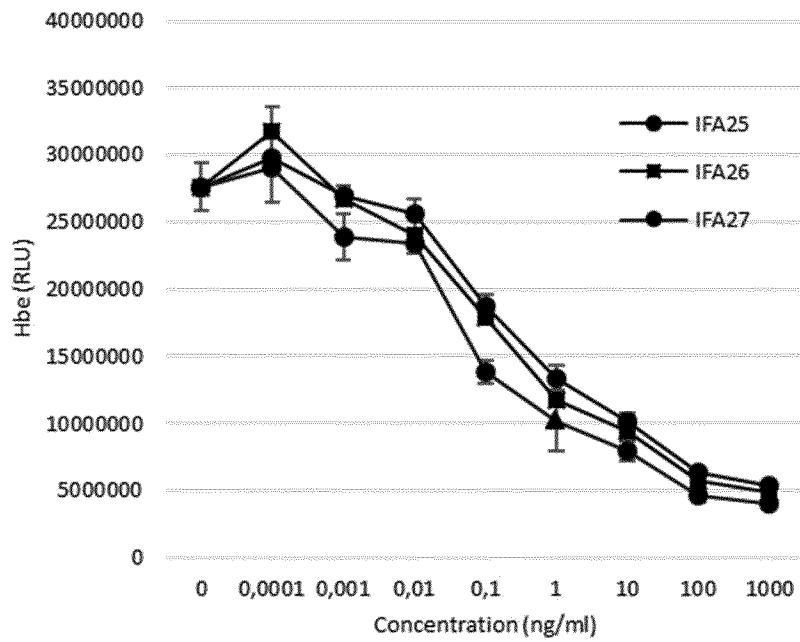


Fig. 6B

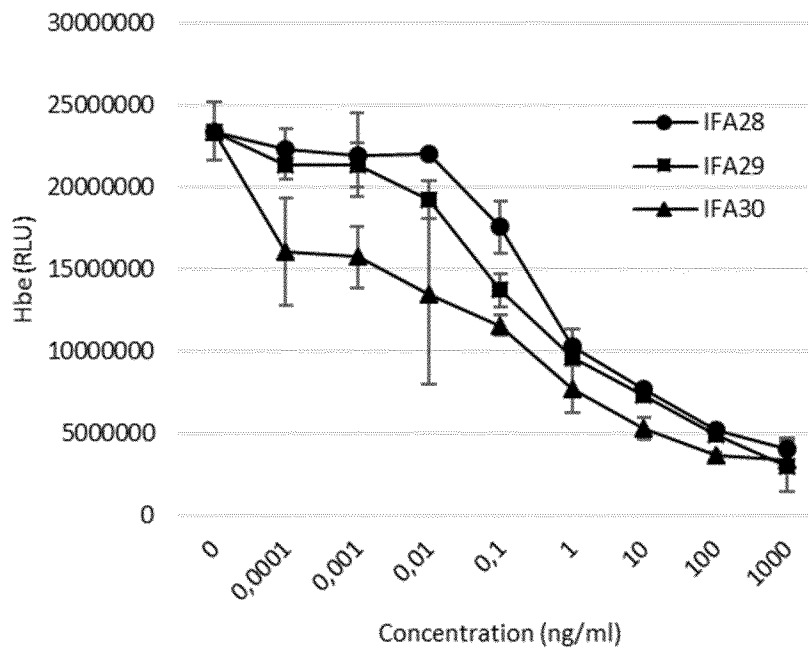
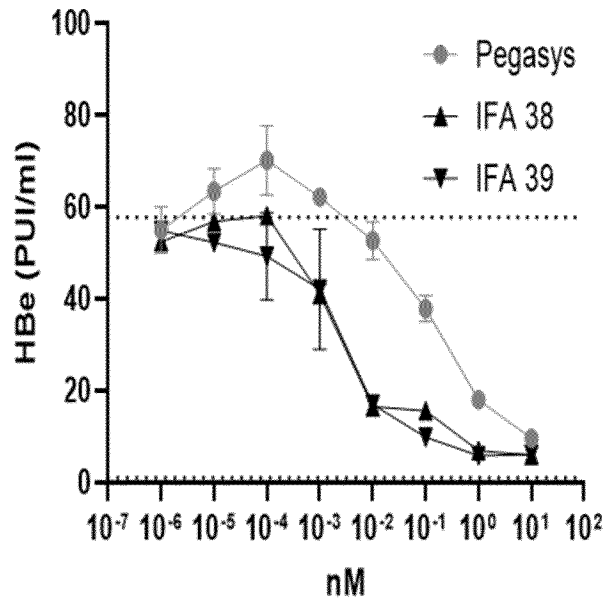
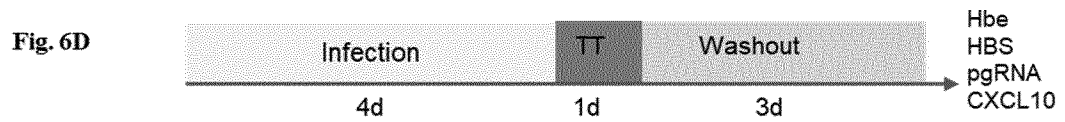
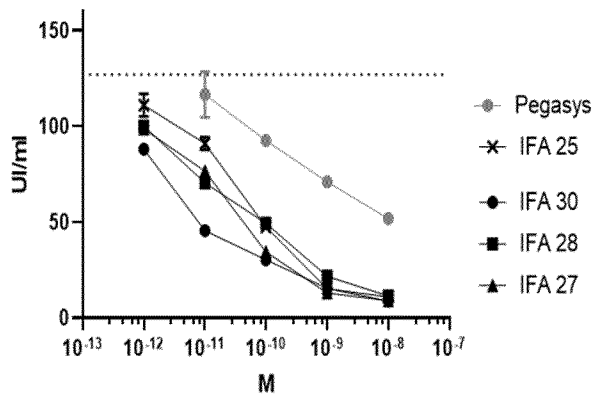


Fig. 6C

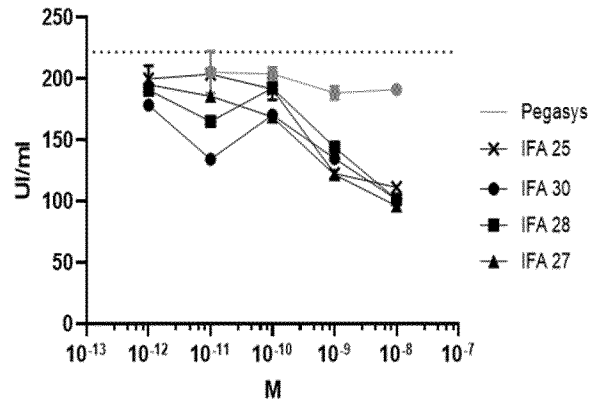




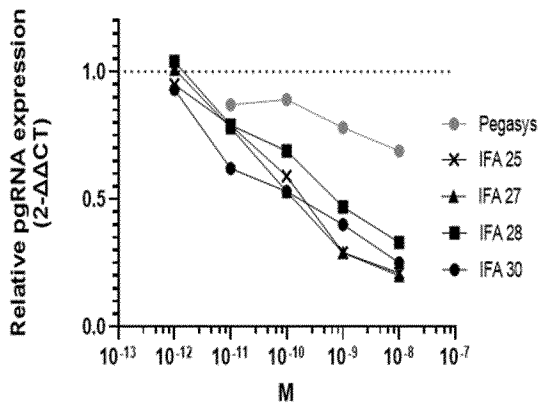
**Fig. 6E** HBeAg release



**Fig. 6F** HBsAg release



**Fig. 6G** pgRNA



**Fig. 6H** CXCL10 release

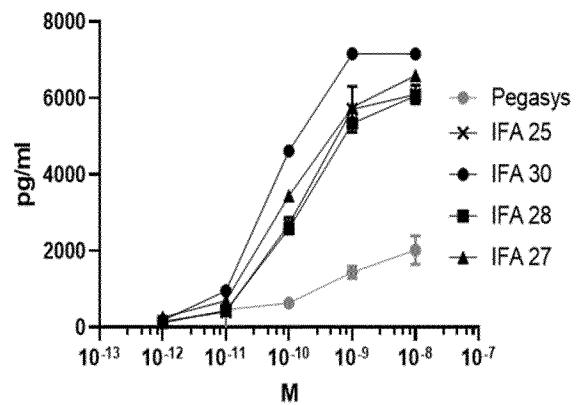
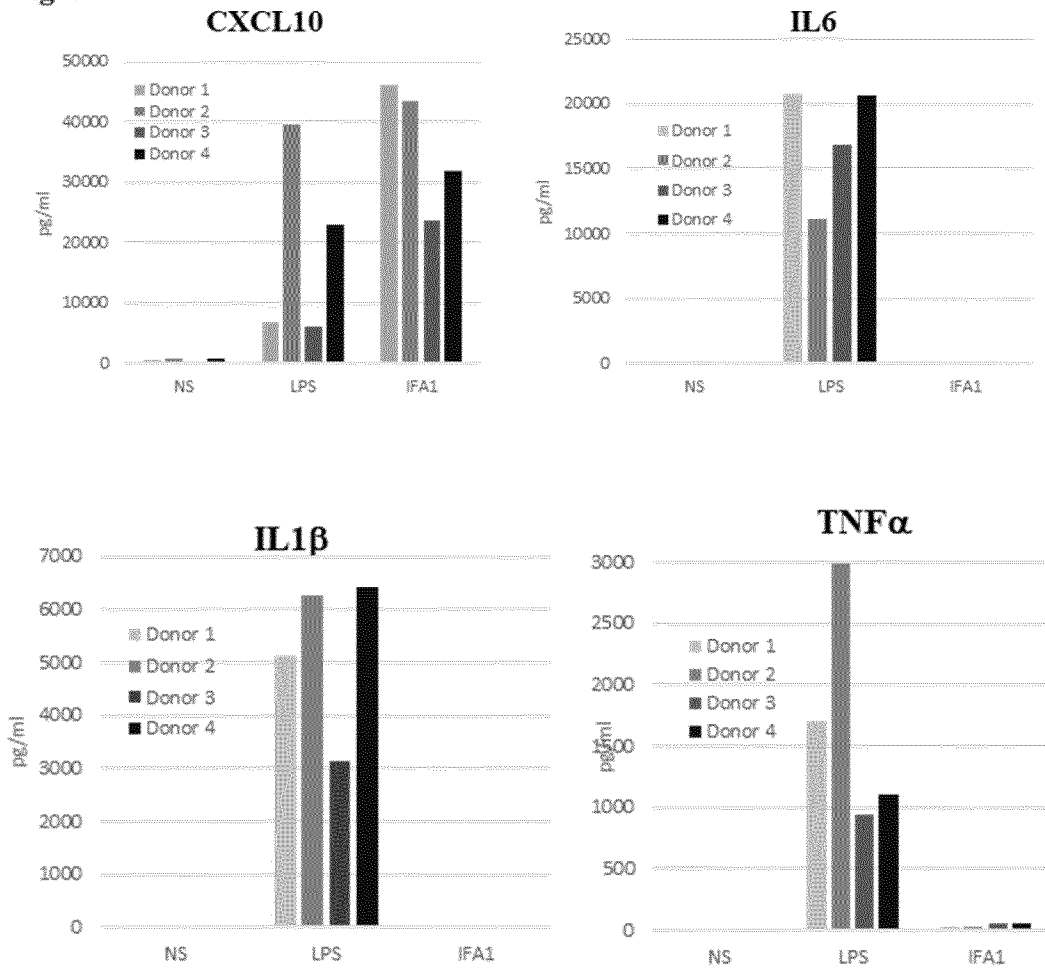
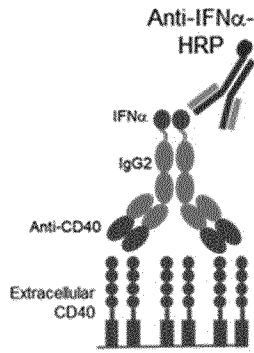
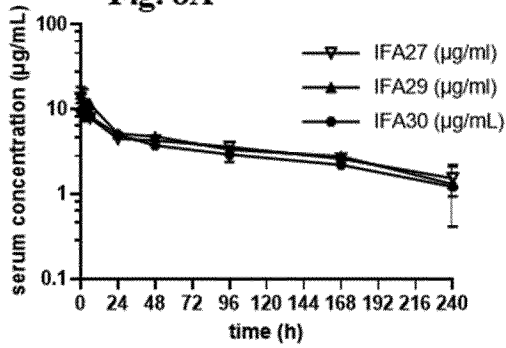


Fig. 7

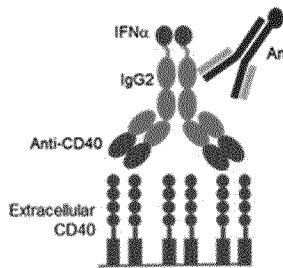
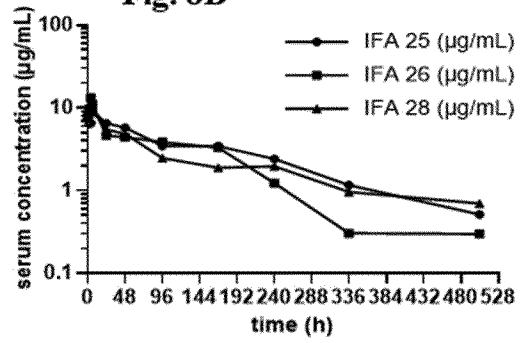




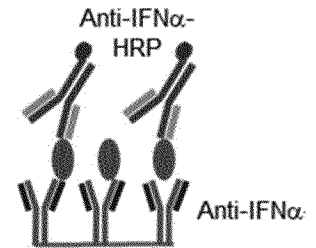
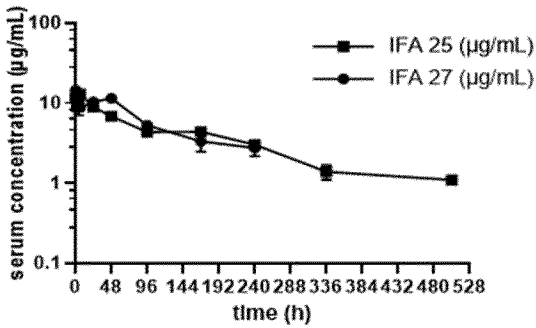
**Fig. 8A**



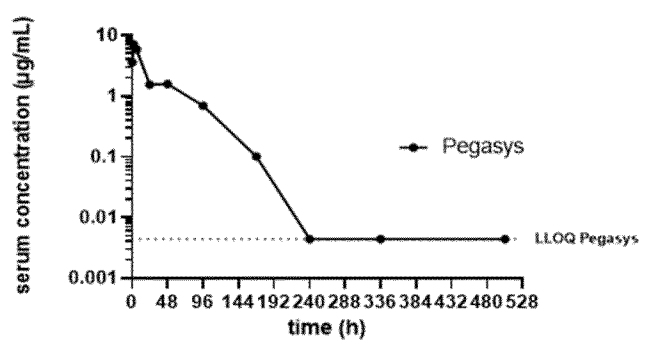
**Fig. 8B**

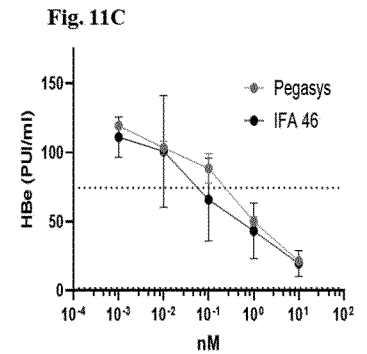
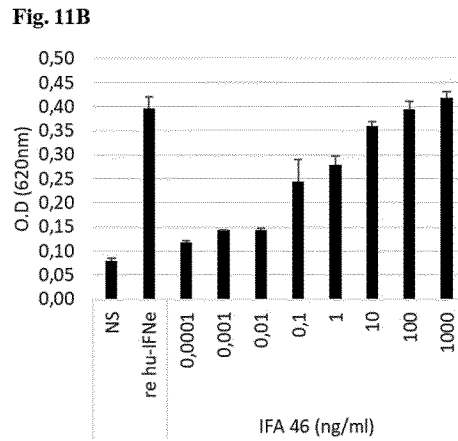
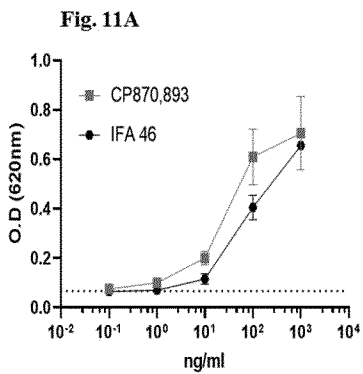
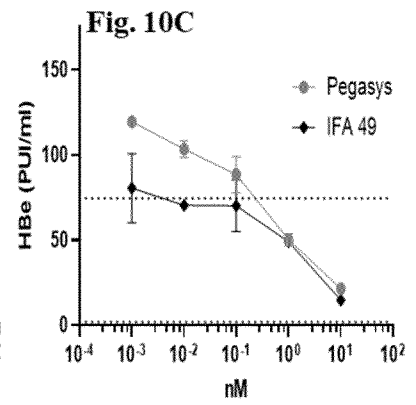
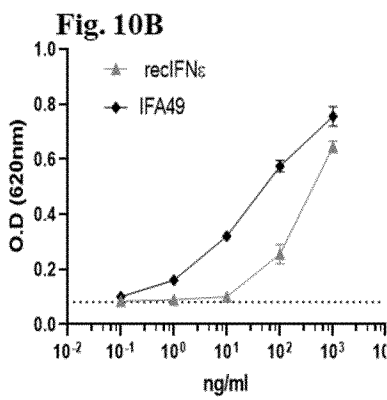
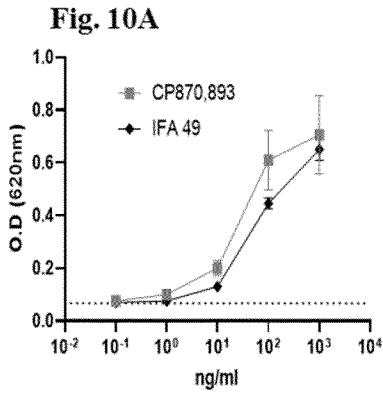
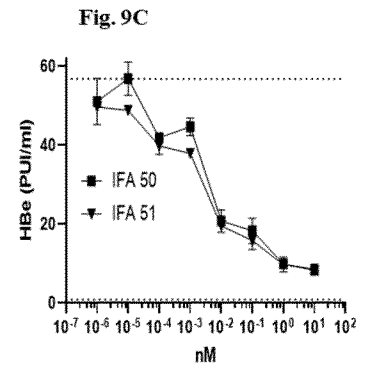
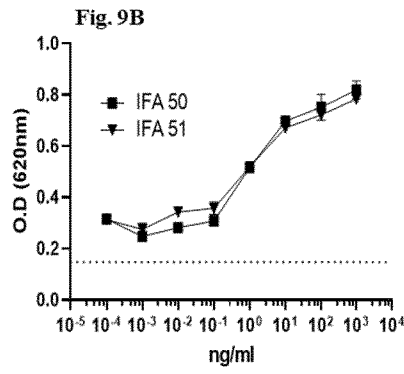
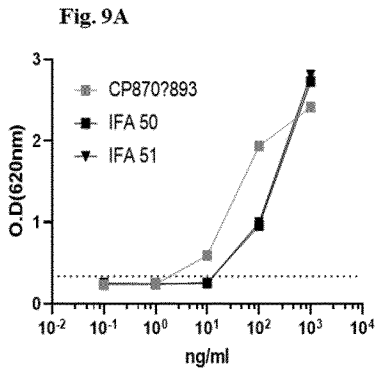


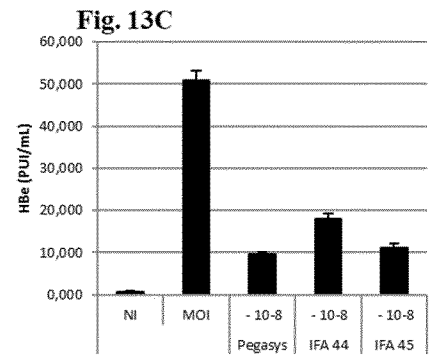
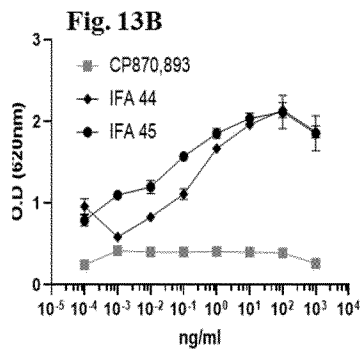
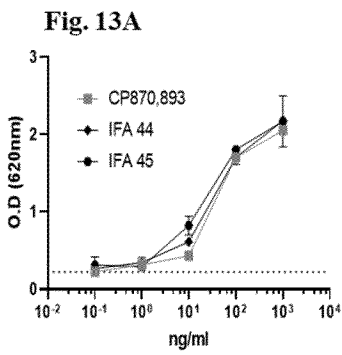
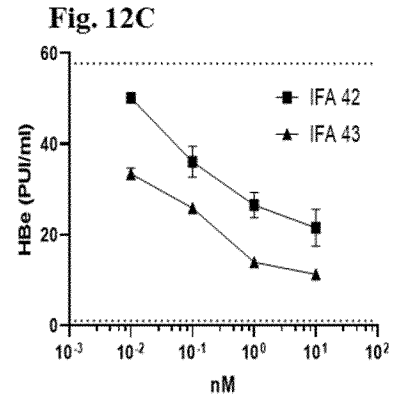
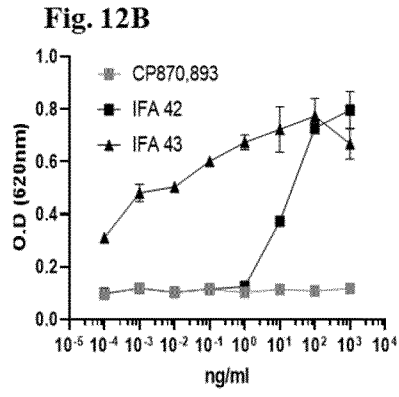
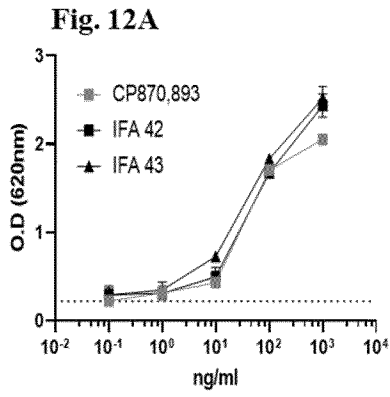
**Fig. 8C**



**Fig. 8D**







**Fig. 14**

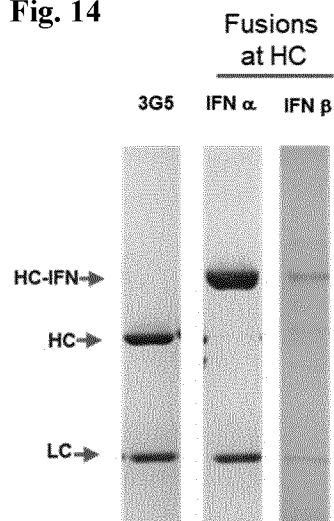


Fig. 15A

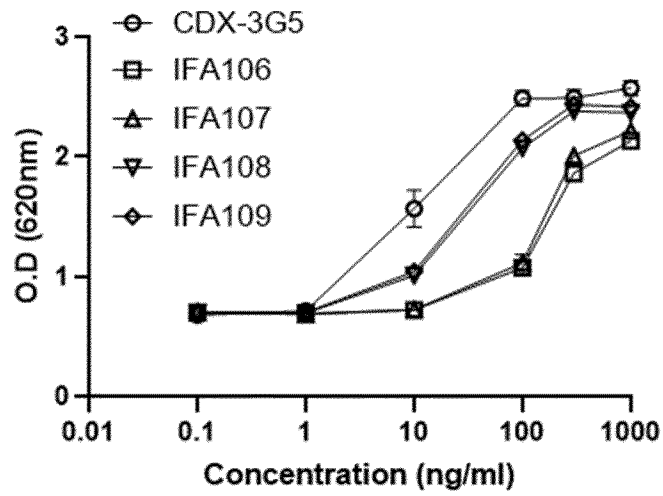


Fig. 15B

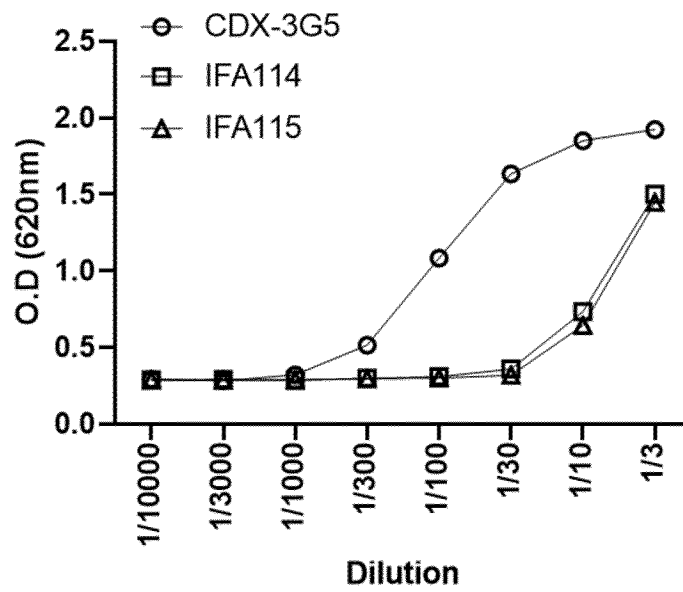


Fig. 15C

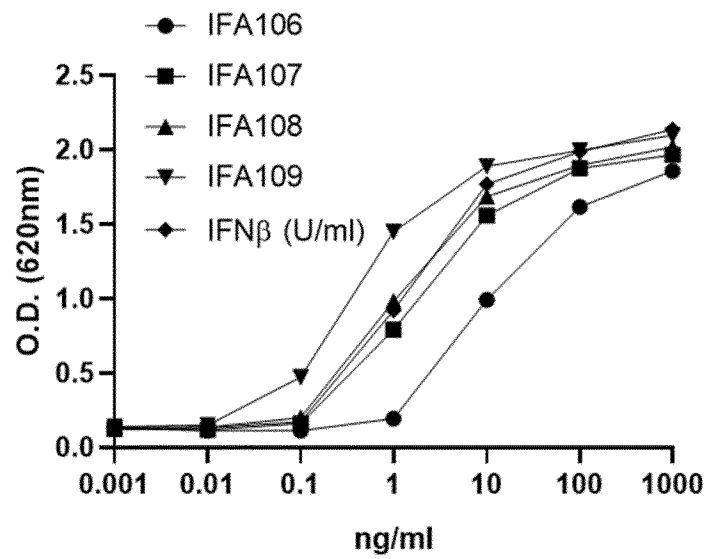


Fig. 15D

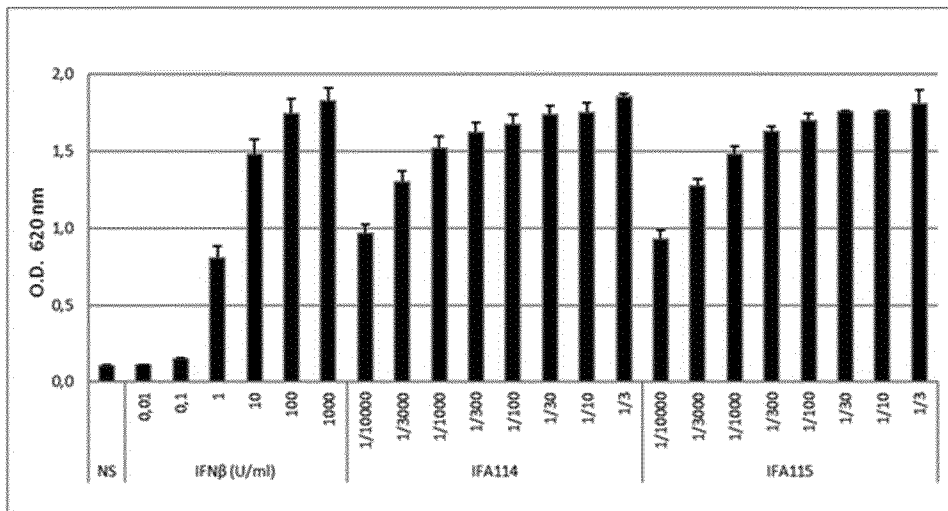


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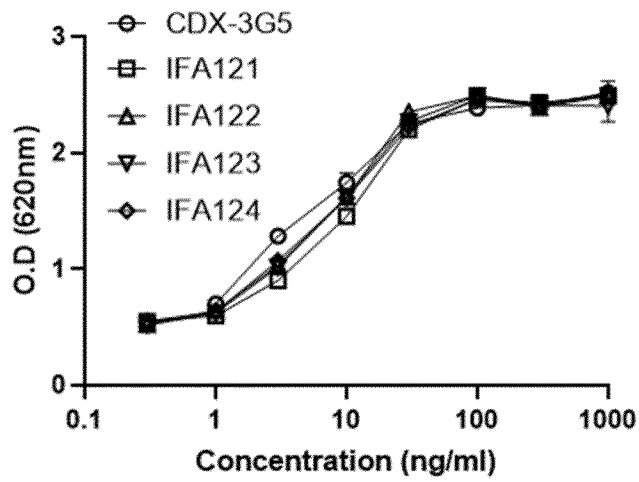


Fig. 16B

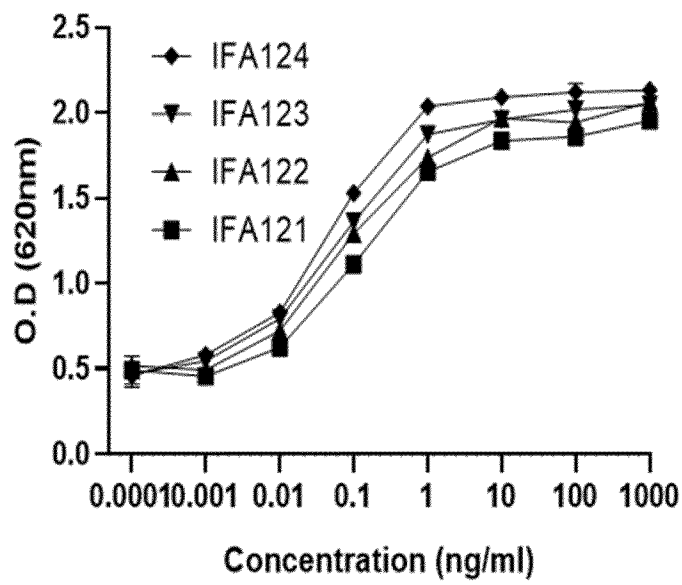


Fig. 17A

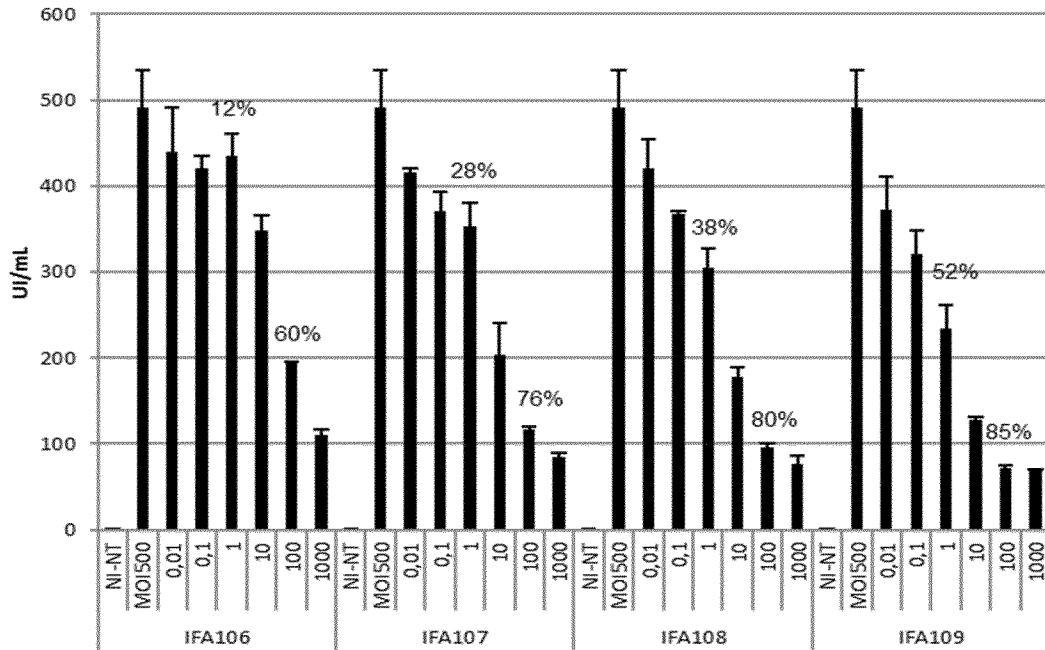


Fig. 17B

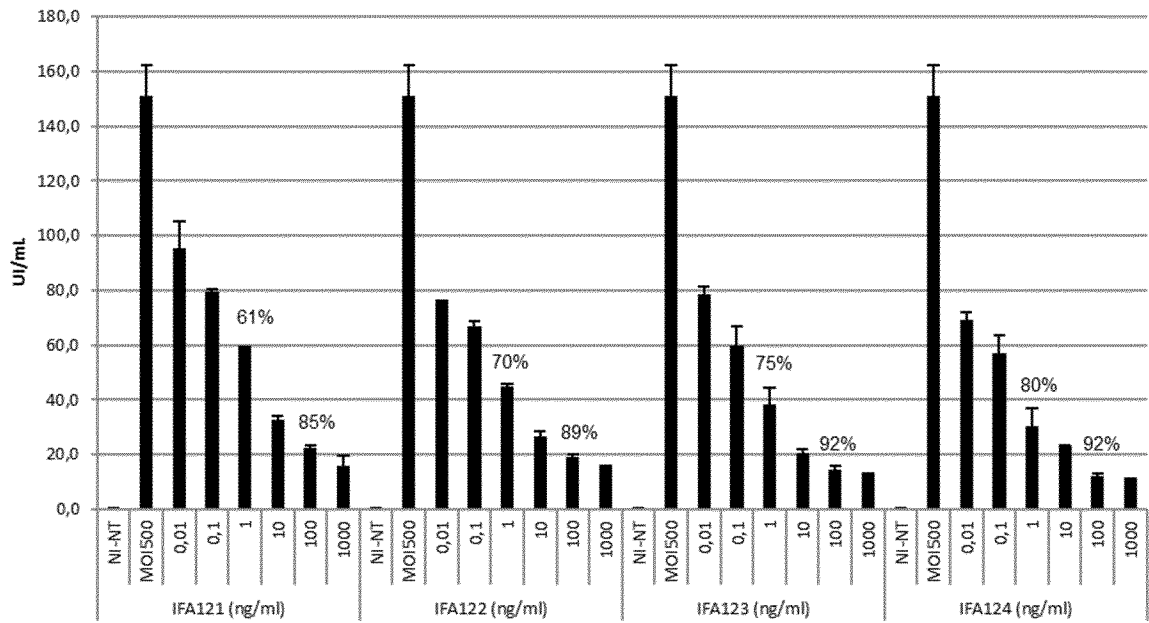
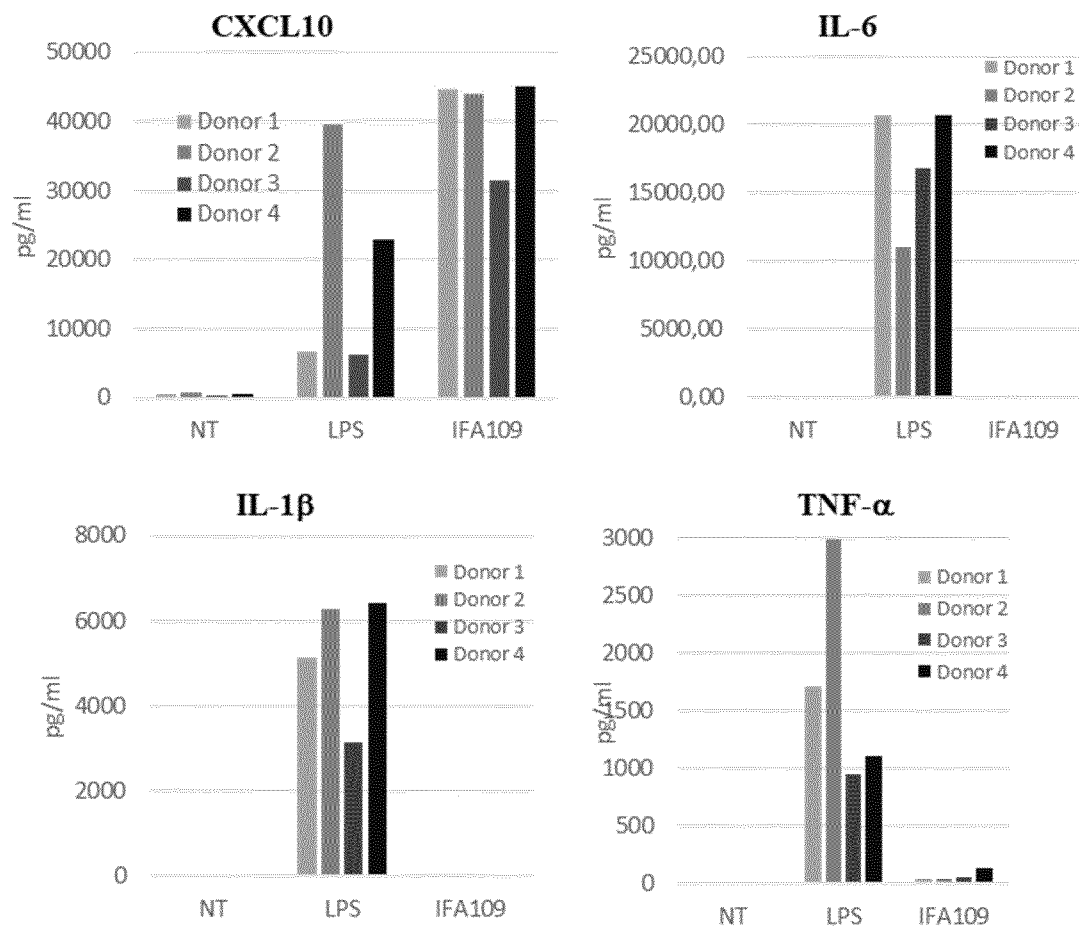


Fig. 18



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<110> Evotec International GmbH  
SANOFI

<120> Interferon-associated antigen binding proteins for use in treating hepatitis B infection.

<130> EV022745PCT-A

<150> EP19 306 572.9

<151> 2019-12-04

<150> EP19 306 551.3

<151> 2019-12-03

<160> 88

<170> BiSSAP 1.3.6

<210> 1

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

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1 5 10 15  
Val His Ser

<210> 2

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Signal peptide 2

<400> 2

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1 5 10 15  
Leu Arg Gly Ala Arg Cys  
20

<210> 3

<211> 214

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody light chain

<400> 3

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
20 25 30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45  
Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
                   85                                  90                  95  
 Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
                   100                                  105                  110  
 Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
                   115                                  120                  125  
 Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
                   130                                  135                  140  
 Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
                                   150                                  155                  160  
 Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
                                   165                                  170                  175  
 Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
                                   180                                  185                  190  
 Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
                                   195                                  200                  205  
 Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
                                   210

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 <211> 233  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40 antibody light chain with signal peptide 1

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 Val His Ser Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala  
                   20                                  25                  30  
 Ser Val Gly Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile  
                   35                                  40                  45  
 Tyr Ser Trp Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn  
                   50                                  55                  60  
 Leu Leu Ile Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg  
                                   70                                  75                  80  
 Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser  
                                   85                                  90                  95  
 Leu Gln Pro Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile  
                   100                                  105                  110  
 Phe Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr  
                   115                                  120                  125  
 Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu  
                   130                                  135                  140  
 Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro  
                                   150                                  155                  160  
 Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly  
                                   165                                  170                  175  
 Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr  
                                   180                                  185                  190  
 Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His  
                                   195                                  200                  205  
 Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val  
                   210                                  215                  220  
 Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
                                   225                  230

<210> 5  
 <211> 236  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40 antibody light chain with signal peptide 2

<400> 5

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1 5 10 15  
Leu Arg Gly Ala Arg Cys Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser  
20 25 30  
Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser  
35 40 45  
Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys  
50 55 60  
Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val  
65 70 75 80  
Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr  
85 90 95  
Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln  
100 105 110  
Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile  
115 120 125  
Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp  
130 135 140  
Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn  
145 150 155 160  
Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu  
165 170 175  
Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp  
180 185 190  
Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr  
195 200 205  
Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser  
210 215 220  
Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
225 230 235

<210> 6

<211> 451

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody heavy chain hIgG2 dK

<400> 6

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
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Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
20 25 30  
Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
35 40 45  
Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
50 55 60  
Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
100 105 110  
Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
115 120 125  
Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
165 170 175  
His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
180 185 190  
Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
195 200 205  
Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val









180 185 190  
 Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr  
 195 200 205  
 Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln  
 210 215 220  
 Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp  
 225 230 235 240  
 Lys Thr Val Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala  
 245 250 255  
 Pro Pro Val Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
 290 295 300  
 Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe  
 305 310 315 320  
 Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp  
 325 330 335  
 Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu  
 340 345 350  
 Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg  
 355 360 365  
 Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
 370 375 380  
 Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
 405 410 415  
 Thr Thr Pro Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
 420 425 430  
 Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
 435 440 445  
 Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser  
 450 455 460  
 Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 465 470

<210> 11  
 <211> 474  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40 antibody heavy chain hIgG2 with signal peptide 2

<400> 11  
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 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Arg Gly Ala Arg Cys Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr  
 85 90 95  
 Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr  
 115 120 125  
 Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val  
 130 135 140  
 Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu





20 25 30  
 Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn  
 85 90 95  
 His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr  
 100 105 110  
 Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg  
 115 120 125  
 Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 165

<210> 15  
 <211> 166  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> IFNÎ² C17S

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 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn  
 85 90 95  
 His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr  
 100 105 110  
 Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg  
 115 120 125  
 Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 165

<210> 16  
 <211> 166  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> IFNÎ² C17S,N80Q

<400> 16  
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 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln  
 35 40 45

Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Gln  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn  
 85 90 95  
 His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr  
 100 105 110  
 Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg  
 115 120 125  
 Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 165

<210> 17  
 <211> 165  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
 <223> IFNÎ±2a

<400> 17  
 Cys Asp Leu Pro Gln Thr His Ser Leu Gly Ser Arg Arg Thr Leu Met  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Leu Ala Gln Met Arg Lys Ile Ser Leu Phe Ser Cys Leu Lys Asp  
 20 25 30  
 Arg His Asp Phe Gly Phe Pro Gln Glu Glu Phe Gly Asn Gln Phe Gln  
 35 40 45  
 Lys Ala Glu Thr Ile Pro Val Leu His Glu Met Ile Gln Gln Ile Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Leu Phe Ser Thr Lys Asp Ser Ser Ala Ala Trp Asp Glu Thr Leu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Asp Lys Phe Tyr Thr Glu Leu Tyr Gln Gln Leu Asn Asp Leu Glu  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Cys Val Ile Gln Gly Val Gly Val Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Met Lys  
 100 105 110  
 Glu Asp Ser Ile Leu Ala Val Arg Lys Tyr Phe Gln Arg Ile Thr Leu  
 115 120 125  
 Tyr Leu Lys Glu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Pro Cys Ala Trp Glu Val Val Arg  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Glu Ile Met Arg Ser Phe Ser Leu Ser Thr Asn Leu Gln Glu Ser  
 145 150 155 160  
 Leu Arg Ser Lys Glu  
 165

<210> 18  
 <211> 175  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
 <223> IFNÎ»2

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 1 5 10 15  
 His Ile Ala Gln Phe Lys Ser Leu Ser Pro Gln Glu Leu Gln Ala Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Arg Ala Lys Asp Ala Leu Glu Glu Ser Leu Leu Leu Lys Asp Cys  
 35 40 45  
 Arg Cys His Ser Arg Leu Phe Pro Arg Thr Trp Asp Leu Arg Gln Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Val Arg Glu Arg Pro Met Ala Leu Glu Ala Glu Leu Ala Leu Thr



<210> 22  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> HL linker

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<210> 23  
<211> 24  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> HL2 linker

<400> 23  
Ala Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala  
1                   5                   10                   15  
Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala  
                  20

<210> 24  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> G4S2 linker

<400> 24  
Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser  
1                   5                   10

<210> 25  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> G4S3 linker

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<210> 26  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> G4S4 linker

<400> 26  
Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly  
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Gly Gly Gly Ser  
                  20



Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn  
370 375 380  
Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
385 390

<210> 29  
<211> 392  
<212> PRT  
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<223> antiCD40\_LC--HL--IFNÎ²\_C17S

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1 5 10 15  
Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
20 25 30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45  
Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
65 70 75 80  
Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
85 90 95  
Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
100 105 110  
Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
115 120 125  
Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
130 135 140  
Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
165 170 175  
Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
180 185 190  
Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
195 200 205  
Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Ala Glu Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala  
210 215 220  
Lys Ala Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn  
225 230 235 240  
Phe Gln Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr  
245 250 255  
Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln  
260 265 270  
Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met  
275 280 285  
Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly  
290 295 300  
Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln  
305 310 315 320  
Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp  
325 330 335  
Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr  
340 345 350  
Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala  
355 360 365  
Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn  
370 375 380  
Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
385 390

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<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--RL--IFNÎ²

<400> 30

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
20 25 30  
Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
35 40 45  
Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
50 55 60  
Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
100 105 110  
Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
115 120 125  
Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
165 170 175  
His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
180 185 190  
Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
195 200 205  
Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
210 215 220  
Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
225 230 235 240  
Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
245 250 255  
Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
260 265 270  
His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
275 280 285  
Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
290 295 300  
Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
305 310 315 320  
Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
325 330 335  
Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
340 345 350  
Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
355 360 365  
Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
370 375 380  
Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
385 390 395 400  
Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
405 410 415  
Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
420 425 430  
Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
435 440 445  
Ser Pro Gly Pro Ala Pro Ala Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu  
450 455 460  
Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Cys Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn  
465 470 475 480  
Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro  
485 490 495

Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu  
 500 505 510  
 Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp  
 515 520 525  
 Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala  
 530 535 540  
 Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys  
 545 550 555 560  
 Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His  
 565 570 575  
 Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu  
 580 585 590  
 Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn  
 595 600 605  
 Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 610 615 620

<210> 31

<211> 621

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--RL--IFNÎ<sup>2</sup>\_C17S

<400> 31

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
 260 265 270  
 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
 325 330 335

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
 340 345 350  
 Val Tyr Thr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
 405 410 415  
 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
 420 425 430  
 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Pro Gly Pro Ala Pro Ala Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu  
 450 455 460  
 Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro  
 485 490 495  
 Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu  
 500 505 510  
 Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp  
 515 520 525  
 Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala  
 530 535 540  
 Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys  
 545 550 555 560  
 Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His  
 565 570 575  
 Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu  
 580 585 590  
 Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn  
 595 600 605  
 Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 610 615 620

<210> 32  
 <211> 629  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--HL--IFNÎ²

<400> 32  
 Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175

His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
 260 265 270  
 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
 325 330 335  
 Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
 340 345 350  
 Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
 405 410 415  
 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
 420 425 430  
 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Pro Gly Ala Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Met  
 450 455 460  
 Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Cys  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys  
 485 490 495  
 Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln  
 500 505 510  
 Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn  
 515 520 525  
 Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu  
 530 535 540  
 Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His  
 545 550 555 560  
 Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg  
 565 570 575  
 Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile  
 580 585 590  
 Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile  
 595 600 605  
 Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr  
 610 615 620  
 Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 625

<210> 33

<211> 629

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--HL--IFNÎ²\_C17S

<400> 33

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
 260 265 270  
 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
 325 330 335  
 Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
 340 345 350  
 Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
 405 410 415  
 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
 420 425 430  
 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Pro Gly Ala Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Met  
 450 455 460  
 Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Ser  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys  
 485 490 495  
 Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln  
 500 505 510  
 Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn  
 515 520 525  
 Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu  
 530 535 540  
 Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His



<210> 35  
 <211> 384  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_LC--RL--IFNÎ<sup>2</sup>\_C17S

<400> 35  
 Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 165 170 175  
 Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
 180 185 190  
 Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Pro Ala Pro Ala Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu  
 210 215 220  
 Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp  
 225 230 235 240  
 Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe  
 245 250 255  
 Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp  
 260 265 270  
 Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe  
 275 280 285  
 Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn  
 290 295 300  
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu  
 305 310 315 320  
 Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys  
 340 345 350  
 Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile  
 355 360 365  
 Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 370 375 380

<210> 36  
 <211> 393  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_LC--GST--IFN $\gamma$ \_C17S

<400> 36

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
20 25 30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45  
Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
65 70 75 80  
Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
85 90 95  
Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
100 105 110  
Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
115 120 125  
Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
130 135 140  
Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
165 170 175  
Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
180 185 190  
Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
195 200 205  
Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Ser Gly Gly Thr Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Gly  
210 215 220  
Thr Gly Ser Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser  
225 230 235 240  
Asn Phe Gln Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu  
245 250 255  
Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys  
260 265 270  
Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu  
275 280 285  
Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr  
290 295 300  
Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His  
305 310 315 320  
Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu  
325 330 335  
Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr  
340 345 350  
Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys  
355 360 365  
Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile  
370 375 380  
Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
385 390

<210> 37

<211> 404

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_LC--HL2--IFN $\gamma$ \_C17S

<400> 37

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 165 170 175  
 Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
 180 185 190  
 Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Ala Glu Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala  
 210 215 220  
 Lys Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Met Ser  
 225 230 235 240  
 Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Ser Gln  
 245 250 255  
 Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp  
 260 265 270  
 Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Phe  
 275 280 285  
 Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly  
 340 345 350  
 Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu  
 355 360 365  
 His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val  
 370 375 380  
 Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly  
 385 390 395 400  
 Tyr Leu Arg Asn

<210> 38  
 <211> 626  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--(G4S)2--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 38  
 Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60

Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
 260 265 270  
 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
 325 330 335  
 Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
 340 345 350  
 Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
 405 410 415  
 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
 420 425 430  
 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Cys Asp Leu  
 450 455 460  
 Pro Gln Thr His Ser Leu Gly Ser Arg Arg Thr Leu Met Leu Leu Ala  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gln Met Arg Lys Ile Ser Leu Phe Ser Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg His Asp  
 485 490 495  
 Phe Gly Phe Pro Gln Glu Glu Phe Gly Asn Gln Phe Gln Lys Ala Glu  
 500 505 510  
 Thr Ile Pro Val Leu His Glu Met Ile Gln Gln Ile Phe Asn Leu Phe  
 515 520 525  
 Ser Thr Lys Asp Ser Ser Ala Ala Trp Asp Glu Thr Leu Leu Asp Lys  
 530 535 540  
 Phe Tyr Thr Glu Leu Tyr Gln Gln Leu Asn Asp Leu Glu Ala Cys Val  
 545 550 555 560  
 Ile Gln Gly Val Gly Val Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Met Lys Glu Asp Ser  
 565 570 575  
 Ile Leu Ala Val Arg Lys Tyr Phe Gln Arg Ile Thr Leu Tyr Leu Lys  
 580 585 590  
 Glu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Pro Cys Ala Trp Glu Val Val Arg Ala Glu Ile  
 595 600 605  
 Met Arg Ser Phe Ser Leu Ser Thr Asn Leu Gln Glu Ser Leu Arg Ser

610  
Lys Glu  
625

615

620

<210> 39  
<211> 631  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--(G4S)3--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 39  
Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
20 25 30  
Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
35 40 45  
Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
50 55 60  
Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
100 105 110  
Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
115 120 125  
Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
165 170 175  
His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
180 185 190  
Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
195 200 205  
Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
210 215 220  
Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
225 230 235 240  
Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
245 250 255  
Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
260 265 270  
His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
275 280 285  
Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
290 295 300  
Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
305 310 315 320  
Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
325 330 335  
Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
340 345 350  
Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
355 360 365  
Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
370 375 380  
Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
385 390 395 400  
Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
405 410 415  
Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
420 425 430  
Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu



260 265 270  
 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
 325 330 335  
 Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
 340 345 350  
 Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
 405 410 415  
 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
 420 425 430  
 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Cys Asp Leu Pro Gln Thr His Ser Leu  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gly Ser Arg Arg Thr Leu Met Leu Leu Ala Gln Met Arg Lys Ile Ser  
 485 490 495  
 Leu Phe Ser Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg His Asp Phe Gly Phe Pro Gln Glu  
 500 505 510  
 Glu Phe Gly Asn Gln Phe Gln Lys Ala Glu Thr Ile Pro Val Leu His  
 515 520 525  
 Glu Met Ile Gln Gln Ile Phe Asn Leu Phe Ser Thr Lys Asp Ser Ser  
 530 535 540  
 Ala Ala Trp Asp Glu Thr Leu Leu Asp Lys Phe Tyr Thr Glu Leu Tyr  
 545 550 555 560  
 Gln Gln Leu Asn Asp Leu Glu Ala Cys Val Ile Gln Gly Val Gly Val  
 565 570 575  
 Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Met Lys Glu Asp Ser Ile Leu Ala Val Arg Lys  
 580 585 590  
 Tyr Phe Gln Arg Ile Thr Leu Tyr Leu Lys Glu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Pro  
 595 600 605  
 Cys Ala Trp Glu Val Val Arg Ala Glu Ile Met Arg Ser Phe Ser Leu  
 610 615 620  
 Ser Thr Asn Leu Gln Glu Ser Leu Arg Ser Lys Glu  
 625 630 635

<210> 41

<211> 389

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_LC--G4S2--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 41

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu

85 90 95  
 Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 165 170 175  
 Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
 180 185 190  
 Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Cys Asp Leu Pro Gln Thr His Ser Leu Gly Ser Arg Arg Thr Leu Met  
 225 230 235 240  
 Leu Leu Ala Gln Met Arg Lys Ile Ser Leu Phe Ser Cys Leu Lys Asp  
 245 250 255  
 Arg His Asp Phe Gly Phe Pro Gln Glu Glu Phe Gly Asn Gln Phe Gln  
 260 265 270  
 Lys Ala Glu Thr Ile Pro Val Leu His Glu Met Ile Gln Gln Ile Phe  
 275 280 285  
 Asn Leu Phe Ser Thr Lys Asp Ser Ser Ala Ala Trp Asp Glu Thr Leu  
 290 295 300  
 Leu Asp Lys Phe Tyr Thr Glu Leu Tyr Gln Gln Leu Asn Asp Leu Glu  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ala Cys Val Ile Gln Gly Val Gly Val Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Met Lys  
 325 330 335  
 Glu Asp Ser Ile Leu Ala Val Arg Lys Tyr Phe Gln Arg Ile Thr Leu  
 340 345 350  
 Tyr Leu Lys Glu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Pro Cys Ala Trp Glu Val Val Arg  
 355 360 365  
 Ala Glu Ile Met Arg Ser Phe Ser Leu Ser Thr Asn Leu Gln Glu Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Leu Arg Ser Lys Glu  
 385

<210> 42  
 <211> 394  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_LC--G4S3--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 42  
 Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln





275 280 285  
 Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu  
 290 295 300  
 Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe  
 305 310 315 320  
 Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser  
 340 345 350  
 Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu  
 355 360 365  
 Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
 385 390 395

<210> 45

<211> 400

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_LC--G4S4--IFNÎ²

<400> 45

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 165 170 175  
 Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
 180 185 190  
 Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu  
 225 230 235 240  
 Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Cys Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp  
 245 250 255  
 Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe  
 260 265 270  
 Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp  
 275 280 285  
 Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe  
 290 295 300  
 Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu  
 325 330 335  
 Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser



385                    390                    395                    400  
 Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys  
                                  405                    410                    415  
 Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu  
                                  420                    425                    430  
 Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu  
                                  435                    440                    445  
 Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys  
                                  450                    455                    460  
 Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys  
 465                    470                    475                    480  
 Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Asn Ala Ser Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu  
                                  485                    490                    495  
 Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys  
                                  500                    505                    510  
 Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys  
                                  515                    520                    525  
 Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser  
 530                    535                    540  
 Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys  
 545                    550                    555                    560  
 Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln  
                                  565                    570                    575  
 Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly  
                                  580                    585                    590  
 Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln  
                                  595                    600                    605  
 Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn  
 610                    615                    620  
 His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly  
 625                    630                    635

<210> 47

<211> 641

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_HC\_IgG1\_NNAS\_dK--(G4S)4--IFNÎ²

<400> 47

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1                    5                    10                    15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
                                  20                    25                    30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
                                  35                    40                    45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
                                  50                    55                    60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65                    70                    75                    80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
                                  85                    90                    95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
                                  100                    105                    110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
                                  115                    120                    125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr  
                                  130                    135                    140  
 Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145                    150                    155                    160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
                                  165                    170                    175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
                                  180                    185                    190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile  
                                  195                    200                    205  
 Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val

210 215 220  
 Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala  
 225 230 235 240  
 Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro  
 245 250 255  
 Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val  
 260 265 270  
 Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln  
 290 295 300  
 Tyr Asn Asn Ala Ser Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro  
 340 345 350  
 Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe  
 420 425 430  
 Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu  
 465 470 475 480  
 Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Cys Gln Lys Leu Leu  
 485 490 495  
 Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn  
 500 505 510  
 Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu  
 515 520 525  
 Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile  
 530 535 540  
 Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu  
 545 550 555 560  
 Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val  
 565 570 575  
 Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met  
 580 585 590  
 Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu  
 595 600 605  
 Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu  
 610 615 620  
 Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg  
 625 630 635 640  
 Asn

<210> 48  
 <211> 456  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40 antibody hIgG1 heavy chain NNAS

<400> 48  
 Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr

Tyr Met His 20 Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala  
 225 230 235 240  
 Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro  
 245 250 255  
 Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val  
 260 265 270  
 Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln  
 290 295 300  
 Tyr Asn Asn Ala Ser Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro  
 340 345 350  
 Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe  
 420 425 430  
 Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 450 455

<210> 49

<211> 455

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody hIgG1 heavy chain -NNAS-dK

<400> 49

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr

Tyr Met His 20 Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala  
 225 230 235 240  
 Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro  
 245 250 255  
 Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val  
 260 265 270  
 Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln  
 290 295 300  
 Tyr Asn Asn Ala Ser Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro  
 340 345 350  
 Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe  
 420 425 430  
 Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly  
 450 455

<210> 50

<211> 244

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody hIgG2 Fab region heavy chain--TEV--6His tag

<400> 50

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr

20 25 30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Glu Asn Leu Tyr Phe Gln Ser His His  
 225 230 235 240  
 His His His His

<210> 51  
 <211> 107  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40 antibody VL domain

<400> 51  
 Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys  
 100 105

<210> 52  
 <211> 11  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40 antibody CDRL1

<400> 52  
 Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp Leu Ala  
 1 5 10

<210> 53

<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40 antibody CDRL2

<400> 53  
Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser  
1 5

<210> 54  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40 antibody CDRL3

<400> 54  
Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu Thr  
1 5

<210> 55  
<211> 126  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40 antibody VH domain

<400> 55  
Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
20 25 30  
Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
35 40 45  
Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
50 55 60  
Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
100 105 110  
Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser  
115 120 125

<210> 56  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40 antibody CDRH1

<400> 56  
Thr Gly Tyr Tyr Met His  
1 5

<210> 57  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody CDRH2

<400> 57

Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe Gln  
1                   5                   10                   15  
Gly

<210> 58

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody CDRH3

<400> 58

Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr Phe Asp  
1                   5                   10                   15  
Tyr

<210> 59

<211> 213

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody\_light chain

<400> 59

Glu Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Val Ser Pro Gly  
1                   5                   10                   15  
Glu Arg Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Arg Ser Asn  
                  20                   25                   30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro Arg Leu Leu Ile  
                  35                   40                   45  
Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Ala Thr Gly Ile Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly  
                  50                   55                   60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser  
65                   70                   75                   80  
Glu Asp Phe Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Lys Trp Ile Thr  
                  85                   90                   95  
Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Arg Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro  
                  100                   105                   110  
Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr  
                  115                   120                   125  
Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys  
                  130                   135                   140  
Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu  
145                   150                   155                   160  
Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
                  165                   170                   175  
Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala  
                  180                   185                   190  
Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe  
                  195                   200                   205  
Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
210

<210> 60

<211> 232

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody\_light chain with signal peptide 1

<400> 60

Met Gly Trp Ser Cys Ile Ile Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Thr Ala Thr Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Val His Ser Glu Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Val  
20 25 30  
Ser Pro Gly Glu Arg Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val  
35 40 45  
Arg Ser Asn Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro Arg  
50 55 60  
Leu Leu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Ala Thr Gly Ile Pro Ala Arg  
65 70 75 80  
Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Asn Ser  
85 90 95  
Leu Gln Ser Glu Asp Phe Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Lys  
100 105 110  
Trp Ile Thr Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Arg Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val  
115 120 125  
Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys  
130 135 140  
Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn  
165 170 175  
Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser  
180 185 190  
Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys  
195 200 205  
Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr  
210 215 220  
Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
225 230

<210> 61

<211> 447

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40 antibody\_heavy chain hIgG2 dK

<400> 61

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
20 25 30  
Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
35 40 45  
Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
50 55 60  
Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe Asp Tyr Trp  
100 105 110  
Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro  
115 120 125  
Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr  
145 150 155 160  
Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro  
165 170 175

Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr  
180 185 190  
Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp  
195 200 205  
His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu Arg Lys Cys  
210 215 220  
Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala Gly Pro Ser  
225 230 235 240  
Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg  
245 250 255  
Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
260 265 270  
Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
275 280 285  
Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val  
290 295 300  
Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320  
Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
325 330 335  
Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu  
340 345 350  
Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
355 360 365  
Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
370 375 380  
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Met Leu Asp  
385 390 395 400  
Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
405 410 415  
Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
420 425 430  
Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly  
435 440 445

<210> 62  
<211> 466  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40 antibody\_heavy chain hIgG2 dK with Signal peptide 1

<400> 62  
Met Gly Trp Ser Cys Ile Ile Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Thr Ala Thr Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Val His Ser Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln  
20 25 30  
Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe  
35 40 45  
Ser Ser Asn Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu  
50 55 60  
Glu Trp Val Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala  
65 70 75 80  
Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn  
85 90 95  
Thr Leu Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val  
100 105 110  
Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe  
115 120 125  
Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175  
Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys  
 210 215 220  
 Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu  
 225 230 235 240  
 Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala  
 245 250 255  
 Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met  
 260 265 270  
 Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His  
 275 280 285  
 Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val  
 290 295 300  
 His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe  
 305 310 315 320  
 Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile  
 340 345 350  
 Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val  
 355 360 365  
 Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu  
 385 390 395 400  
 Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro  
 405 410 415  
 Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val  
 420 425 430  
 Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met  
 435 440 445  
 His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser  
 450 455 460  
 Pro Gly  
 465

<210> 63  
 <211> 227  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40 antibody Fab region heavy chain hIgG2

<400> 63  
 Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
 50 55 60  
 Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe Asp Tyr Trp  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro  
 165 170 175

Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr  
180 185 190  
Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp  
195 200 205  
His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu Arg Lys Cys  
210 215 220  
Cys Val Glu  
225

<210> 64  
<211> 246  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40 antibody Fab region heavy chain hIgG2 with signal  
peptide 1

<400> 64  
Met Gly Trp Ser Cys Ile Ile Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Thr Ala Thr Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Val His Ser Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln  
20 25 30  
Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe  
35 40 45  
Ser Ser Asn Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu  
50 55 60  
Glu Trp Val Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala  
65 70 75 80  
Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn  
85 90 95  
Thr Leu Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val  
100 105 110  
Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe  
115 120 125  
Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175  
Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190  
Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205  
Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys  
210 215 220  
Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu  
225 230 235 240  
Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu  
245

<210> 65  
<211> 240  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40 antibody Fab region region heavy chain hIgG2--TEV--6His  
tag

<400> 65  
Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
20 25 30  
Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val



245 250 255  
 Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val  
 290 295 300  
 Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu  
 340 345 350  
 Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
 355 360 365  
 Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Met Leu Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
 405 410 415  
 Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
 420 425 430  
 Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Pro  
 435 440 445  
 Ala Pro Ala Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn  
 450 455 460  
 Phe Gln Cys Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr  
 465 470 475 480  
 Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln  
 485 490 495  
 Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met  
 500 505 510  
 Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly  
 515 520 525  
 Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln  
 530 535 540  
 Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp  
 545 550 555 560  
 Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr  
 565 570 575  
 Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala  
 580 585 590  
 Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn  
 595 600 605  
 Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 610 615

<210> 67

<211> 616

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--RL--IFNÎ²dM\_C17S

<400> 67

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
 50 55 60  
 Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys



<211> 624  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--HL--IFNÎ²dM

<400> 68  
Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
20 25 30  
Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
35 40 45  
Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
50 55 60  
Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe Asp Tyr Trp  
100 105 110  
Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro  
115 120 125  
Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr  
145 150 155 160  
Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro  
165 170 175  
Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr  
180 185 190  
Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp  
195 200 205  
His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu Arg Lys Cys  
210 215 220  
Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala Gly Pro Ser  
225 230 235 240  
Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg  
245 250 255  
Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
260 265 270  
Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
275 280 285  
Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val  
290 295 300  
Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320  
Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
325 330 335  
Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu  
340 345 350  
Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
355 360 365  
Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
370 375 380  
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Met Leu Asp  
385 390 395 400  
Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
405 410 415  
Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
420 425 430  
Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala  
435 440 445  
Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu  
450 455 460  
Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Cys Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp  
465 470 475 480

Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe  
 485 490 495  
 Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp  
 500 505 510  
 Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe  
 515 520 525  
 Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn  
 530 535 540  
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu  
 545 550 555 560  
 Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser  
 565 570 575  
 Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys  
 580 585 590  
 Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile  
 595 600 605  
 Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 610 615 620

<210> 69  
 <211> 624  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--HL--IFNÎ²dM\_C17S

<400> 69  
 Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
 50 55 60  
 Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe Asp Tyr Trp  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr  
 180 185 190  
 Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp  
 195 200 205  
 His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu Arg Lys Cys  
 210 215 220  
 Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala Gly Pro Ser  
 225 230 235 240  
 Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg  
 245 250 255  
 Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val  
 290 295 300

Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu  
 340 345 350  
 Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
 355 360 365  
 Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Met Leu Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
 405 410 415  
 Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
 420 425 430  
 Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala  
 435 440 445  
 Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu  
 450 455 460  
 Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe  
 485 490 495  
 Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp  
 500 505 510  
 Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe  
 515 520 525  
 Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn  
 530 535 540  
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu  
 545 550 555 560  
 Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser  
 565 570 575  
 Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys  
 580 585 590  
 Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile  
 595 600 605  
 Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 610 615 620

<210> 70  
 <211> 403  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_LC--HL2--IFNÎ²\_C17S

<400> 70  
 Glu Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Val Ser Pro Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Glu Arg Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Arg Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro Arg Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Ala Thr Gly Ile Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Phe Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Lys Trp Ile Thr  
 85 90 95  
 Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Arg Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro  
 100 105 110  
 Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr  
 115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys  
130 135 140  
Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu  
145 150 155 160  
Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
165 170 175  
Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala  
180 185 190  
Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe  
195 200 205  
Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Ala Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys  
210 215 220  
Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Met Ser Tyr  
225 230 235 240  
Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Ser Asn Phe Gln Ser Gln Lys  
245 250 255  
Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg  
260 265 270  
Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln  
275 280 285  
Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe  
290 295 300  
Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile  
305 310 315 320  
Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys  
325 330 335  
Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys  
340 345 350  
Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His  
355 360 365  
Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg  
370 375 380  
Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr  
385 390 395 400  
Leu Arg Asn

<210> 71  
<211> 394  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40\_LC--G4S3--IFNÎ²\_C17S

<400> 71  
Glu Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Val Ser Pro Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Glu Arg Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Arg Ser Asn  
20 25 30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro Arg Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45  
Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Ala Thr Gly Ile Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser  
65 70 75 80  
Glu Asp Phe Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Lys Trp Ile Thr  
85 90 95  
Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Arg Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro  
100 105 110  
Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr  
115 120 125  
Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys  
130 135 140  
Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu  
145 150 155 160  
Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala  
 180 185 190  
 Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe  
 195 200 205  
 Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly  
 210 215 220  
 Gly Gly Gly Ser Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ser Asn Phe Gln Ser Gln Lys Leu Leu Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Glu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Phe Asp Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile  
 260 265 270  
 Lys Gln Leu Gln Gln Phe Gln Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Tyr  
 275 280 285  
 Glu Met Leu Gln Asn Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Ser Ser  
 290 295 300  
 Thr Gly Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr  
 305 310 315 320  
 His Gln Ile Asn His Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys  
 325 330 335  
 Glu Asp Phe Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Met Ser Ser Leu His Leu Lys Arg  
 340 345 350  
 Tyr Tyr Gly Arg Ile Leu His Tyr Leu Lys Ala Lys Glu Tyr Ser His  
 355 360 365  
 Cys Ala Trp Thr Ile Val Arg Val Glu Ile Leu Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe  
 370 375 380  
 Ile Asn Arg Leu Thr Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn  
 385 390

<210> 72  
 <211> 622  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--G4S2--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 72  
 Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
 50 55 60  
 Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe Asp Tyr Trp  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr  
 180 185 190  
 Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp  
 195 200 205  
 His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu Arg Lys Cys  
 210 215 220  
 Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala Gly Pro Ser  
 225 230 235 240

Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg  
 245 250 255  
 Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val  
 290 295 300  
 Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu  
 340 345 350  
 Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
 355 360 365  
 Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Met Leu Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
 405 410 415  
 Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
 420 425 430  
 Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly  
 435 440 445  
 Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Cys Asp Leu Pro Gln Thr His  
 450 455 460  
 Ser Leu Gly Ser Arg Arg Thr Leu Met Leu Leu Ala Gln Met Arg Lys  
 465 470 475 480  
 Ile Ser Leu Phe Ser Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg His Asp Phe Gly Phe Pro  
 485 490 495  
 Gln Glu Glu Phe Gly Asn Gln Phe Gln Lys Ala Glu Thr Ile Pro Val  
 500 505 510  
 Leu His Glu Met Ile Gln Gln Ile Phe Asn Leu Phe Ser Thr Lys Asp  
 515 520 525  
 Ser Ser Ala Ala Trp Asp Glu Thr Leu Leu Asp Lys Phe Tyr Thr Glu  
 530 535 540  
 Leu Tyr Gln Gln Leu Asn Asp Leu Glu Ala Cys Val Ile Gln Gly Val  
 545 550 555 560  
 Gly Val Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Met Lys Glu Asp Ser Ile Leu Ala Val  
 565 570 575  
 Arg Lys Tyr Phe Gln Arg Ile Thr Leu Tyr Leu Lys Glu Lys Lys Tyr  
 580 585 590  
 Ser Pro Cys Ala Trp Glu Val Val Arg Ala Glu Ile Met Arg Ser Phe  
 595 600 605  
 Ser Leu Ser Thr Asn Leu Gln Glu Ser Leu Arg Ser Lys Glu  
 610 615 620

<210> 73

<211> 627

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--G4S3--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 73

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
 50 55 60  
 Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
 65 70 75 80



625

<210> 74

<211> 632

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--G4S4--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 74

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Asn  
20 25 30  
Gly Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
35 40 45  
Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Phe Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
50 55 60  
Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Asn Phe Phe Asp Tyr Trp  
100 105 110  
Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro  
115 120 125  
Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr  
145 150 155 160  
Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro  
165 170 175  
Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr  
180 185 190  
Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp  
195 200 205  
His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Glu Arg Lys Cys  
210 215 220  
Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala Gly Pro Ser  
225 230 235 240  
Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg  
245 250 255  
Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
260 265 270  
Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
275 280 285  
Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val  
290 295 300  
Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320  
Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
325 330 335  
Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu  
340 345 350  
Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
355 360 365  
Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
370 375 380  
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Met Leu Asp  
385 390 395 400  
Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
405 410 415  
Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
420 425 430  
Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly  
435 440 445  
Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly

450					455					460					
Gly	Gly	Ser	Cys	Asp	Leu	Pro	Gln	Thr	His	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Arg	Arg
465					470					475				480	
Thr	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu	Ala	Gln	Met	Arg	Lys	Ile	Ser	Leu	Phe	Ser	Cys
				485					490					495	
Leu	Lys	Asp	Arg	His	Asp	Phe	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gln	Glu	Glu	Phe	Gly	Asn
			500					505					510		
Gln	Phe	Gln	Lys	Ala	Glu	Thr	Ile	Pro	Val	Leu	His	Glu	Met	Ile	Gln
		515					520					525			
Gln	Ile	Phe	Asn	Leu	Phe	Ser	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ala	Trp	Asp
	530					535					540				
Glu	Thr	Leu	Leu	Asp	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Asn
545					550					555					560
Asp	Leu	Glu	Ala	Cys	Val	Ile	Gln	Gly	Val	Gly	Val	Thr	Glu	Thr	Pro
				565					570						575
Leu	Met	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Arg
			580						585					590	
Ile	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Cys	Ala	Trp	Glu
		595					600						605		
Val	Val	Arg	Ala	Glu	Ile	Met	Arg	Ser	Phe	Ser	Leu	Ser	Thr	Asn	Leu
	610					615					620				
Gln	Glu	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Glu								
625					630										

<210> 75  
 <211> 624  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_hIgG2\_dK\_HC--HL--IFNÎ±2a

<400> 75															
Gln	Val	Gln	Leu	Val	Glu	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Pro	Gly	Lys
1				5					10					15	
Ser	Leu	Arg	Leu	Ser	Cys	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Phe	Thr	Phe	Ser	Ser	Asn
			20					25				30			
Gly	Ile	His	Trp	Val	Arg	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp	Val
		35				40						45			
Ala	Val	Ile	Trp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Asn	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Ser	Val
	50				55					60					
Lys	Gly	Arg	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Tyr
65					70				75						80
Leu	Gln	Met	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ala	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
			85						90					95	
Ala	Arg	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Trp
			100					105					110		
Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro
	115					120						125			
Ser	Val	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Cys	Ser	Arg	Ser	Thr	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr
	130				135						140				
Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr
145					150					155					160
Val	Ser	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro
			165					170						175	
Ala	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr
	180						185						190		
Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Asn	Phe	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Asp
	195					200						205			
His	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val	Glu	Arg	Lys	Cys
210						215						220			
Cys	Val	Glu	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Pro	Val	Ala	Gly	Pro	Ser
225					230					235					240
Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg
				245					250					255	
Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	Pro
			260					265					270		
Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	Ala





agaagcacca gcgagtctac agccgctctg ggctgtctgg tcaaggacta ctttcctgag 540  
 cctgtgaccg tgtcctggaa tagcggagca ctgacatccg gcgtgcacac atttcagct 600  
 gtgctgcaga gcagcggcct gtactctctg tctagcgtgg tcaccgtgcc tagcagcaat 660  
 ttcggcacc agacctacac ctgtaacgtg gaccacaagc ctagcaacac caaggtggac 720  
 aagaccgtgg aacggaagtg ctgcgtggaa tgccctcctt gtcctgctcc tccagtggcc 780  
 ggaccttccg tgtttctgtt ccctccaaag cctaaggaca ccctgatgat cagcagaacc 840  
 cctgaagtga cctgcgtggg ggtggatgtg tctcacgagg atcccagagt gcagttcaat 900  
 tggtagctgg acggcgtgga agtgcacaac gccaaagacca agcctagaga ggaacagttc 960  
 aacagcacct tcagagtggg gtccgtgctg accgtggtgc atcaggactg gctgaacggc 1020  
 aaagagtaca agtgcaaggt gtccaacaag ggccctgcctg ctcctatcga gaaaaccatc 1080  
 agcaagacca aaggccagcc tcgcgagcct caggtttaca cactgcctcc aagccgggaa 1140  
 gagatgacca agaatcaggt gtccctgacc tgccctgtga agggcttcta cccttccgat 1200  
 atgccgtgg aatgggagag caatggccag cctgagaaca actacaagac cacacctcct 1260  
 atgctggaca gcgacggctc attcttcctg tacagcaagc tgacagtgga caagtccaga 1320  
 tggcagcagg gcaacgtggt cagctgttct gtgatgcacg aggccctgca caaccactac 1380  
 acccagaagt ctctgtctct gagccctggc gctgaagccg ctgctaaaga agctgccgcc 1440  
 aaggccatga gctacaacct gctgggcttt ctgcagcggg gcagcaactt ccagtgccag 1500  
 aaactgctgt ggacagctgaa tggccggctg gaatactgcc tgaaggaccg gatgaacttc 1560  
 gacatccccg aggaaatcaa gcagctgcag cagttccaga aagaggacgc cgctctgacc 1620  
 atctacgaga tgctgcagaa catcttcgcc atcttcggc aggatagcag cagcaccgga 1680  
 tggaacgaga caatcgtgga aatctgctg gccaacgtgt accaccagat caaccactg 1740  
 aaaaccgtgc tggaagagaa gctggaaaaa gaggacttca cccggggcaa gctgatgagc 1800  
 agcctgcacc tgaagcggta ctacggcaga atcctgcact acctcaaggc caaagagtat 1860  
 agccactgcg cctggacat cgtagcgtg gaaatcctgc ggaacttcta cttcatcaac 1920  
 agactgaccg gctacctgcg caactga 1947

<210> 79  
 <211> 174  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> IFNw

<400> 79  
 Leu Gly Cys Asp Leu Pro Gln Asn His Gly Leu Leu Ser Arg Asn Thr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Val Leu Leu His Gln Met Arg Arg Ile Ser Pro Phe Leu Cys Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Asp Arg Arg Asp Phe Arg Phe Pro Gln Glu Met Val Lys Gly Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Leu Gln Lys Ala His Val Met Ser Val Leu His Glu Met Leu Gln  
 50 55 60

Gln Ile Phe Ser Leu Phe His Thr Glu Arg Ser Ser Ala Ala Trp Asn  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Thr Leu Leu Asp Gln Leu His Thr Gly Leu His Gln Gln Leu Gln  
 85 90 95  
 His Leu Glu Thr Cys Leu Leu Gln Val Val Gly Glu Gly Glu Ser Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Ala Ile Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Thr Leu Arg Arg Tyr Phe Gln Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Ile Arg Val Tyr Leu Lys Glu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Asp Cys Ala Trp Glu  
 130 135 140  
 Val Val Arg Met Glu Ile Met Lys Ser Leu Phe Leu Ser Thr Asn Met  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gln Glu Arg Leu Arg Ser Lys Asp Arg Asp Leu Gly Ser Ser  
 165 170

<210> 80  
 <211> 187  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> IFNε

<400> 80  
 Leu Asp Leu Lys Leu Ile Ile Phe Gln Gln Arg Gln Val Asn Gln Glu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Leu Lys Leu Leu Asn Lys Leu Gln Thr Leu Ser Ile Gln Gln Cys  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Pro His Arg Lys Asn Phe Leu Pro Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Pro  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Gln Tyr Gln Lys Gly His Thr Leu Ala Ile Leu His Glu Met Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gln Ile Phe Ser Leu Phe Arg Ala Asn Ile Ser Leu Asp Gly Trp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Glu Asn His Thr Glu Lys Phe Leu Ile Gln Leu His Gln Gln Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Glu Tyr Leu Glu Ala Leu Met Gly Leu Glu Ala Glu Lys Leu Ser Gly  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Leu Gly Ser Asp Asn Leu Arg Leu Gln Val Lys Met Tyr Phe Arg  
 115 120 125  
 Arg Ile His Asp Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gln Asp Tyr Ser Thr Cys Ala Trp  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Ile Val Gln Val Glu Ile Ser Arg Cys Leu Phe Phe Val Phe Ser  
 145 150 155 160  
 Leu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Lys Gln Gly Arg Pro Leu Asn Asp Met Lys  
 165 170 175  
 Gln Glu Leu Thr Thr Glu Phe Arg Ser Pro Arg  
 180 185

<210> 81  
 <211> 628  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> antiCD40\_hIgG2 dK\_HC--HL--IFNα2A

<400> 81  
 Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr

65					70					75					80
Met	Glu	Leu	Asn	Arg	Leu	Arg	Ser	Asp	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
				85					90					95	
Ala	Arg	Asp	Gln	Pro	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Cys	Ser	Tyr
			100					105					110		
Phe	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser
		115					120					125			
Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Cys	Ser	Arg	Ser	Thr
		130				135					140				
Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro
145				150						155					160
Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val
				165					170					175	
His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser
		180						185					190		
Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Asn	Phe	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Thr
		195					200					205			
Cys	Asn	Val	Asp	His	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val
	210				215						220				
Glu	Arg	Lys	Cys	Cys	Val	Glu	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Pro	Val
225					230					235					240
Ala	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu
				245					250					255	
Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser
			260					265					270		
His	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu
		275					280					285			
Val	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr
	290					295					300				
Phe	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Val	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn
305					310					315					320
Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro
				325					330					335	
Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Thr	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln
			340					345					350		
Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val
		355					360					365			
Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val
	370					375					380				
Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro
385					390					395					400
Pro	Met	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr
			405					410						415	
Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val
			420					425					430		
Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu
	435						440					445			
Ser	Pro	Gly	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Cys	
	450					455				460					
Asp	Leu	Pro	Gln	Thr	His	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Arg	Arg	Thr	Leu	Met	Leu
465					470					475					480
Leu	Ala	Gln	Met	Arg	Lys	Ile	Ser	Leu	Phe	Ser	Cys	Leu	Lys	Asp	Arg
				485					490					495	
His	Asp	Phe	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gln	Glu	Glu	Phe	Gly	Asn	Gln	Phe	Gln	Lys
			500					505					510		
Ala	Glu	Thr	Ile	Pro	Val	Leu	His	Glu	Met	Ile	Gln	Gln	Ile	Phe	Asn
		515					520					525			
Leu	Phe	Ser	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ala	Trp	Asp	Glu	Thr	Leu	Leu
	530					535					540				
Asp	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Asn	Asp	Leu	Glu	Ala
545					550				555						560
Cys	Val	Ile	Gln	Gly	Val	Gly	Val	Thr	Glu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Met	Lys	Glu
				565					570					575	
Asp	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Arg	Ile	Thr	Leu	Tyr
			580					585					590		
Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Cys	Ala	Trp	Glu	Val	Val	Arg	Ala
		595				600						605			
Glu	Ile	Met	Arg	Ser	Phe	Ser	Leu	Ser	Thr	Asn	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ser	Leu
	610					615					620				

Arg Ser Lys Glu  
625

<210> 82

<211> 398

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_LC-derivative--HL--IFN $\alpha$ 2A

<400> 82

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
20 25 30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45  
Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
65 70 75 80  
Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
85 90 95  
Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
100 105 110  
Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
115 120 125  
Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
130 135 140  
Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
165 170 175  
Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
180 185 190  
Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
195 200 205  
Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala Glu Ala  
210 215 220  
Ala Ala Lys Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Cys Asp Leu Pro Gln Thr His  
225 230 235 240  
Ser Leu Gly Ser Arg Arg Thr Leu Met Leu Leu Ala Gln Met Arg Lys  
245 250 255  
Ile Ser Leu Phe Ser Cys Leu Lys Asp Arg His Asp Phe Gly Phe Pro  
260 265 270  
Gln Glu Glu Phe Gly Asn Gln Phe Gln Lys Ala Glu Thr Ile Pro Val  
275 280 285  
Leu His Glu Met Ile Gln Gln Ile Phe Asn Leu Phe Ser Thr Lys Asp  
290 295 300  
Ser Ser Ala Ala Trp Asp Glu Thr Leu Leu Asp Lys Phe Tyr Thr Glu  
305 310 315 320  
Leu Tyr Gln Gln Leu Asn Asp Leu Glu Ala Cys Val Ile Gln Gly Val  
325 330 335  
Gly Val Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Met Lys Glu Asp Ser Ile Leu Ala Val  
340 345 350  
Arg Lys Tyr Phe Gln Arg Ile Thr Leu Tyr Leu Lys Glu Lys Lys Tyr  
355 360 365  
Ser Pro Cys Ala Trp Glu Val Val Arg Ala Glu Ile Met Arg Ser Phe  
370 375 380  
Ser Leu Ser Thr Asn Leu Gln Glu Ser Leu Arg Ser Lys Glu  
385 390 395

<210> 83

<211> 377

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_LC--(G4S)4--IFNy

<400> 83

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
20 25 30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45  
Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
65 70 75 80  
Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
85 90 95  
Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
100 105 110  
Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
115 120 125  
Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
130 135 140  
Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
165 170 175  
Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
180 185 190  
Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
195 200 205  
Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser  
210 215 220  
Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gln Asp Pro Tyr Val Lys  
225 230 235 240  
Glu Ala Glu Asn Leu Lys Lys Tyr Phe Asn Ala Gly His Ser Asp Val  
245 250 255  
Ala Asp Asn Gly Thr Leu Phe Leu Gly Ile Leu Lys Asn Trp Lys Glu  
260 265 270  
Glu Ser Asp Arg Lys Ile Met Gln Ser Gln Ile Val Ser Phe Tyr Phe  
275 280 285  
Lys Leu Phe Lys Asn Phe Lys Asp Asp Gln Ser Ile Gln Lys Ser Val  
290 295 300  
Glu Thr Ile Lys Glu Asp Met Asn Val Lys Phe Phe Asn Ser Asn Lys  
305 310 315 320  
Lys Lys Arg Asp Asp Phe Glu Lys Leu Thr Asn Tyr Ser Val Thr Asp  
325 330 335  
Leu Asn Val Gln Arg Lys Ala Ile His Glu Leu Ile Gln Val Met Ala  
340 345 350  
Glu Leu Ser Pro Ala Ala Lys Thr Gly Lys Arg Lys Arg Ser Gln Met  
355 360 365  
Leu Phe Arg Gly Arg Arg Ala Ser Gln  
370 375

<210> 84

<211> 614

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2 dK\_HC--(G4S)4--IFNy

<400> 84

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
20 25 30  
Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met

	35					40					45				
Gly	Trp	Ile	Asn	Pro	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Gln	Lys	Phe
	50					55					60				
Gln	Gly	Arg	Val	Thr	Met	Thr	Arg	Asp	Thr	Ser	Ile	Ser	Thr	Ala	Tyr
65					70						75				80
Met	Glu	Leu	Asn	Arg	Leu	Arg	Ser	Asp	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
				85						90				95	
Ala	Arg	Asp	Gln	Pro	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Cys	Ser	Tyr
			100					105					110		
Phe	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser
	115						120					125			
Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Cys	Ser	Arg	Ser	Thr
	130					135					140				
Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro
145					150						155				160
Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val
				165						170				175	
His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser
			180					185					190		
Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Asn	Phe	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Thr
	195						200					205			
Cys	Asn	Val	Asp	His	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val
	210				215						220				
Glu	Arg	Lys	Cys	Cys	Val	Glu	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Pro	Val
225					230					235					240
Ala	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu
				245					250					255	
Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser
			260					265					270		
His	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu
	275						280					285			
Val	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr
	290					295					300				
Phe	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Val	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn
305					310					315					320
Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro
				325						330				335	
Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Thr	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln
			340					345					350		
Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val
	355						360					365			
Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val
	370					375					380				
Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro
385					390					395					400
Pro	Met	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr
				405					410					415	
Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val
			420					425					430		
Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu
	435					440						445			
Ser	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly
	450					455					460				
Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gln	Asp	Pro	Tyr	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Glu
465					470					475					480
Asn	Leu	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Ala	Gly	His	Ser	Asp	Val	Ala	Asp	Asn
				485					490					495	
Gly	Thr	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gly	Ile	Leu	Lys	Asn	Trp	Lys	Glu	Glu	Ser	Asp
		500						505					510		
Arg	Lys	Ile	Met	Gln	Ser	Gln	Ile	Val	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Phe	Lys	Leu	Phe
	515						520					525			
Lys	Asn	Phe	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Ser	Ile	Gln	Lys	Ser	Val	Glu	Thr	Ile
	530					535					540				
Lys	Glu	Asp	Met	Asn	Val	Lys	Phe	Phe	Asn	Ser	Asn	Lys	Lys	Lys	Arg
545					550					555					560
Asp	Asp	Phe	Glu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Val	Thr	Asp	Leu	Asn	Val
				565						570				575	
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ala	Ile	His	Glu	Leu	Ile	Gln	Val	Met	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ser
			580					585					590		

Pro Ala Ala Lys Thr Gly Lys Arg Lys Arg Ser Gln Met Leu Phe Arg  
595 600 605  
Gly Arg Arg Ala Ser Gln  
610

<210> 85  
<211> 409  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40\_LC--(G4S)4--IFNλ2

<400> 85  
Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Val Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Gly Ile Tyr Ser Trp  
20 25 30  
Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45  
Tyr Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60  
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
65 70 75 80  
Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ala Asn Ile Phe Pro Leu  
85 90 95  
Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
100 105 110  
Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly  
115 120 125  
Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala  
130 135 140  
Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
165 170 175  
Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
180 185 190  
Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
195 200 205  
Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser  
210 215 220  
Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Val Pro Val Ala Arg Leu  
225 230 235 240  
His Gly Ala Leu Pro Asp Ala Arg Gly Cys His Ile Ala Gln Phe Lys  
245 250 255  
Ser Leu Ser Pro Gln Glu Leu Gln Ala Phe Lys Arg Ala Lys Asp Ala  
260 265 270  
Leu Glu Glu Ser Leu Leu Leu Lys Asp Cys Arg Cys His Ser Arg Leu  
275 280 285  
Phe Pro Arg Thr Trp Asp Leu Arg Gln Leu Gln Val Arg Glu Arg Pro  
290 295 300  
Met Ala Leu Glu Ala Glu Leu Ala Leu Thr Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Ala  
305 310 315 320  
Thr Ala Asp Thr Asp Pro Ala Leu Val Asp Val Leu Asp Gln Pro Leu  
325 330 335  
His Thr Leu His His Ile Leu Ser Gln Phe Arg Ala Cys Ile Gln Pro  
340 345 350  
Gln Pro Thr Ala Gly Pro Arg Thr Arg Gly Arg Leu His His Trp Leu  
355 360 365  
Tyr Arg Leu Gln Glu Ala Pro Lys Lys Glu Ser Pro Gly Cys Leu Glu  
370 375 380  
Ala Ser Val Thr Phe Asn Leu Phe Arg Leu Leu Thr Arg Asp Leu Asn  
385 390 395 400  
Cys Val Ala Ser Gly Asp Leu Cys Val  
405

<210> 86

<211> 646  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2 dK\_HC--(G4S)4--IFNλ2

<400> 86  
Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
20 25 30  
Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
35 40 45  
Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
50 55 60  
Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95  
Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
100 105 110  
Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
115 120 125  
Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
130 135 140  
Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
165 170 175  
His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
180 185 190  
Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
195 200 205  
Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
210 215 220  
Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
225 230 235 240  
Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
245 250 255  
Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
260 265 270  
His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
275 280 285  
Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
290 295 300  
Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
305 310 315 320  
Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
325 330 335  
Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
340 345 350  
Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
355 360 365  
Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
370 375 380  
Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
385 390 395 400  
Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
405 410 415  
Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
420 425 430  
Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
435 440 445  
Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly  
450 455 460  
Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Val Pro Val Ala Arg Leu His Gly Ala  
465 470 475 480



Val Met Ser Val Leu His Glu Met Leu Gln Gln Ile Phe Ser Leu Phe  
 290 295 300  
 His Thr Glu Arg Ser Ser Ala Ala Trp Asn Met Thr Leu Leu Asp Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Leu His Thr Gly Leu His Gln Gln Leu Gln His Leu Glu Thr Cys Leu  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Gln Val Val Gly Glu Gly Glu Ser Ala Gly Ala Ile Ser Ser Pro  
 340 345 350  
 Ala Leu Thr Leu Arg Arg Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ile Arg Val Tyr Leu Lys  
 355 360 365  
 Glu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Asp Cys Ala Trp Glu Val Val Arg Met Glu Ile  
 370 375 380  
 Met Lys Ser Leu Phe Leu Ser Thr Asn Met Gln Glu Arg Leu Arg Ser  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Asp Arg Asp Leu Gly Ser Ser  
 405

<210> 88

<211> 658

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> antiCD40\_hIgG2 dK\_HC--(G4S)4--IFNε

<400> 88

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Tyr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Trp Ile Asn Pro Asp Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ala Gln Lys Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Met Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Met Glu Leu Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Arg Asp Gln Pro Leu Gly Tyr Cys Thr Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val  
 165 170 175  
 His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Val  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro Val  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
 260 265 270  
 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro  
 325 330 335

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
 340 345 350  
 Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
 405 410 415  
 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
 420 425 430  
 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Leu Asp Leu Lys Leu Ile Ile Phe Gln  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gln Arg Gln Val Asn Gln Glu Ser Leu Lys Leu Leu Asn Lys Leu Gln  
 485 490 495  
 Thr Leu Ser Ile Gln Gln Cys Leu Pro His Arg Lys Asn Phe Leu Leu  
 500 505 510  
 Pro Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Pro Gln Gln Tyr Gln Lys Gly His Thr Leu  
 515 520 525  
 Ala Ile Leu His Glu Met Leu Gln Gln Ile Phe Ser Leu Phe Arg Ala  
 530 535 540  
 Asn Ile Ser Leu Asp Gly Trp Glu Glu Asn His Thr Glu Lys Phe Leu  
 545 550 555 560  
 Ile Gln Leu His Gln Gln Leu Glu Tyr Leu Glu Ala Leu Met Gly Leu  
 565 570 575  
 Glu Ala Glu Lys Leu Ser Gly Thr Leu Gly Ser Asp Asn Leu Arg Leu  
 580 585 590  
 Gln Val Lys Met Tyr Phe Arg Arg Ile His Asp Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gln  
 595 600 605  
 Asp Tyr Ser Thr Cys Ala Trp Ala Ile Val Gln Val Glu Ile Ser Arg  
 610 615 620  
 Cys Leu Phe Phe Val Phe Ser Leu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Lys Gln Gly  
 625 630 635 640  
 Arg Pro Leu Asn Asp Met Lys Gln Glu Leu Thr Thr Glu Phe Arg Ser  
 645 650 655  
 Pro Arg