(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau





(10) International Publication Number WO 2014/174504 A1

(43) International Publication Date 30 October 2014 (30.10.2014)

(51) International Patent Classification: *H01R 13/62* (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/IL2013/050718

(22) International Filing Date:

26 August 2013 (26.08.2013)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

61/815,298 24 April 2013 (24.04.2013) US 61/816,826 29 April 2013 (29.04.2013) US

- (71) Applicant: ACTIVOCAL LTD. [—/IL]; 4 Hayarden Street, 8122804 Yavne (IL).
- (72) Inventor: Nir, Dvash; Ramat Hagolan, 1249500 Aniam (IL).
- (74) Agent: RECHES, Oren; Hamenofim 11, POB 2148, 46120 Herzeliya (IL).
- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: A REMOTLY CONTROLLED BULB ADAPTOR

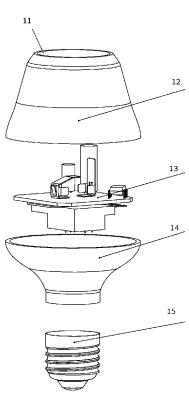


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: A bulb adaptor that may include a housing that comprises an input adaptor and an output adaptor; wherein the input adaptor is shaped and sized to match a bulb socket and wherein the output adaptor is shaped and sized to match a base of a bulb; and circuitry, located within the housing, that is electrically coupled between the input adaptor and the output adaptor and is arranged to control a provision of electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor in response to a reception of sound waves are associated with a command to be executed by the circuitry.



Published:

— with international search report (Art. 21(3))

A REMOTLY CONTROLLED BULB ADAPTOR RELATED APPLICATIONS

[001] This application claims the priority of US provisional patent serial number 61/815,298 filing date April 24 2013, and of US provisional patent serial number 61/816,826 filing date April 29 2013, both are being incorporated herein in their entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[002] Voice activated bulbs include dedicated control circuits that are embedded in the bulb. The inclusion of the dedicated control circuits increases the cost of such blubs. Furthermore – at the end of the life span of the bulb the dedicated control circuits is thrown away.

[003] There is a growing need to provide an efficient solution for remotely controlling bulbs, especially when using so called "normal" or "dumb" bulbs that do not include dedicated control circuitry.

SUMMARY

[004] According to an embodiment of the invention there is provided a bulb adaptor. The bulb adaptor may include a housing and circuitry. The housing may include an input adaptor and an output adaptor. The input adaptor is shaped and sized to match a bulb socket and wherein the output adaptor is shaped and sized to match a base of a bulb. The circuitry is located within the housing and is electrically coupled between the input adaptor and the output adaptor. The circuitry is arranged to control a provision of electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor in response to a reception of sound waves that represent a command to be executed by the circuitry.

[005] The predefined parameters may include frequency, amplitude characteristics, phase characteristics, vocal content and the like.

[006] The circuitry may be arranged to search for ultrasonic sound waves that represent a command of a first set of commands and to search for human perceptible sound waves (within the frequency range of about 20 to 20000 Hertz) that represent a command of a second set of command.

[007] The first set of commands may equal the second set of commands. Thus- the same commands can be sent using ultrasonic sound waves or using human perceivable sound waves.

[008] The first set of commands may differ from the second set of commands. Thus – at least one command can be sent using only one out of ultrasonic sound waves or human perceivable sound waves.

[009] The first set of commands may include more or less commands than the second set of commands.

[0010] The first set of commands may include at least one command that is more complex than each command of the second set of commands. This may simplify the speech recognition process that will be aimed to detect simpler instructions (such as turn on and turn off), and may also reduce the cost and/or increase the robustness of the speech recognition process.

[0011] For example, the second set of commands may consist of commands that do not exceed two words (such as turn on, turn off, reduce intensity or increase intensity). Yet for another example the first set of commands may include commands that do not exceed two words (such as turn on, turn off, reduce intensity or increase intensity).

[0012] The second set of commands consists of commands that consist of a bulb adaptor identifier and up to two additional words. Each bulb adaptor can be associated with a bulb adaptor identifier and the circuitry may be arranged to ignore any command of the second set of commands that does not may include a bulb adaptor identifier that matches a bulb adaptor identifier associated with the bulb adaptor. The bulb adaptor identifier can be programmed in advance (for example – during the manufacturing of the bulb adaptor) but may, additionally or alternatively, be set by a device that controls the bulb adaptor. Yet for another example the first set of commands may include commands that consist of a bulb adaptor identifier and up to two additional words

[0013] The first set of commands may include at least one command that lacks a bulb identifier and wherein the circuitry may be arranged to respond to the at least one command that lacks the bulb identifier. Thus — a device may send a "general" command to a group of bulb adaptors in order to control the group of bulb adaptors — without the need of sending a separate command to each bulb adaptor. The second set of commands may also include at least one command that lacks a bulb identifier.

[0014] The second set of commands may consist of a turn on command and a turn off command.

[0015] The first set of commands may include a turn on command, a turn off command, at least one time related command, and a dimmer command. The time related command can indicate when to activate or deactivate a bulb, can indicate how do activate the bulb (for example- apply on/off and even dimmer commands) during different periods and the like.

[0016] The first set of commands may include a circuit configuration command. This circuit configuration command may, for example, assign a bulb adaptor identifier to the bulb adaptor, sending a set of instructions to be included in the first and/or second sets of commands.

[0017] The circuitry may be arranged to apply a signature seeking process on ultrasonic sound waves received by the circuitry to search for one or more commands. Commands may be represented by ultrasonic sound waves — each ultrasonic sound wave may have a signature that identifies it. The signature seeking process searches for these signatures—for example by extracting signatures from received ultrasonic sound waves and comparing them to previously stored signatures or otherwise determined if the extracted signature fulfill other conditions (such as a compliance with a predefined mathematical formula).

[0018] The circuitry may be arranged to apply a speech recognition process to human perceptible sound waves to detect one or more commands. Commands may be represented by human perceivable sound words – that can be identified by speech recognition processes.

[0019] According to an embodiment of the invention the circuitry may include a microphone; a controller; an interfacing circuit and a power converter. The controller is coupled to the microphone and to the interfacing circuit and is fed by the power converter. The power converter is arranged to receive electricity supplied from the input adaptor and to output a controller power supply.

[0020] The interfacing circuit is coupled to the input and output adaptors. The microphone may be arranged to sense sound signals including human perceivable sound waves and ultrasonic sound waves. The interfacing circuit may be arranged to selectively provide the electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor under the control of the controller. The controller may be arranged to control the interfacing circuit in response to at least a detection of sound signals that represent a command

such as a detection of an ultrasonic sound wave command and a human perceivable sound wave command.

[0021] The bulb adaptor may include a memory unit for storing representations of multiple commands (signatures). The controller may be arranged to compare sound signals to the representations of the multiple commands.

[0022] The input adaptor may differ by diameter from the output adaptor. Thus is can bridge between a gap between a diameter of a base of a light bulb and a diameter of the light bulb socket.

[0023] The housing may exhibits a radial symmetry.

[0024] The input adaptor and the output adaptor may be Edison adaptors of other types of adaptors (such as a bayonet mount adaptors, a bi-pin adaptors and the like).

[0025] The input adaptor and the output adaptor may be threaded.

[0026] The input adaptor may differ by diameter from the output adaptor.

[0027] The height of the housing may be smaller than one half of a width of the housing.

[0028] The height of the housing may be smaller than one third of a width of the housing.

[0029] The height housing may be smaller than ten centimeters.

[0030] The input adaptor and the output adaptor may be Edison adaptors and may even be Edison E-27 adaptors.

[0031] A method for controlling a provision of electricity to a blub, the method may include receiving, by circuitry that is electrically coupled between an input adaptor and an output adaptor, sound signals; determining whether the sound signals represent a command to be executed by the circuitry; and controlling, by the circuitry, a provision of electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor in response to a detection of the command; wherein the circuitry is at least partially surrounded by a housing that may include the input adaptor and the output adaptor; wherein the input adaptor is shaped and sized to match a bulb socket and wherein the output adaptor is shaped and sized to match a base of a bulb.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0032] The subject matter regarded as the invention is particularly pointed out and distinctly claimed in the concluding portion of the specification. The invention,

however, both as to organization and method of operation, together with objects, features, and advantages thereof, may best be understood by reference to the following detailed description when read with the accompanying drawings in which: [0033] FIG. 1 is an exploded view of a bulb adaptor according to an embodiment of the invention:

[0034] FIG. 2 is a side view of a bulb adaptor according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0035] FIG. 3 is a cross sectional view of a bulb adaptor according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0036] FIG. 4 illustrates the circuitry of the bulb adaptor according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0037] FIG. 5 illustrates a device that remotely controlls the bulb adaptor, the bulb adaptor and ultrasonic tokens sent from the device to the bulb adaptor according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0038] FIG. 6 illustrates a screen shot of a device that remotely controlls the bulb adaptor according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0039] FIG. 7 illustrates a method according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0040] FIG. 8 illustrates a device that remotely controlls an array of multiple (J) bulb adaptors, and ultrasonic sound waves that represent commands that are sent from the device to the bulb adaptors according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0041] FIG. 9 is an exploded view of a bulb adaptor according to an embodiment of the invention; and

[0042] FIG. 10 illustrates a blub according to an embodiment of the invention.

[0043] It will be appreciated that for simplicity and clarity of illustration, elements shown in the figures have not necessarily been drawn to scale. For example, the dimensions of some of the elements may be exaggerated relative to other elements for clarity. Further, where considered appropriate, reference numerals may be repeated among the figures to indicate corresponding or analogous elements.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0044] In the following detailed description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the invention. However, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known methods, procedures,

and components have not been described in detail so as not to obscure the present invention.

[0045] The subject matter regarded as the invention is particularly pointed out and distinctly claimed in the concluding portion of the specification. The invention, however, both as to organization and method of operation, together with objects, features, and advantages thereof, may best be understood by reference to the following detailed description when read with the accompanying drawings.

[0046] Because the illustrated embodiments of the present invention may for the most part, be implemented using electronic components and circuits known to those skilled in the art, details will not be explained in any greater extent than that considered necessary as illustrated above, for the understanding and appreciation of the underlying concepts of the present invention and in order not to obfuscate or distract from the teachings of the present invention.

[0047] Bulb adaptor mechanics and circuitry

operations of the interfacing circuit.

[0048] Figure 1 is an exploded view of a bulb adaptor 10 according to an embodiment of the invention. Figure 9 is an exploded view of bulk adaptor 10' according to an embodiment of the invention. Figure 3 is a cross sectional view of a bulb adaptor 10 according to an embodiment of the invention. Figure 2 is a side view of a bulb adaptor 10 according to an embodiment of the invention.

[0049] According to an embodiment of the invention there is provided a bulb adaptor. The bulb adaptor may include a housing and circuitry. The housing may include an input adaptor and an output adaptor. The input adaptor is shaped and sized to match a bulb socket and wherein the output adaptor is shaped and sized to match a base of a bulb. The circuitry is located within the housing and is electrically coupled between the input adaptor and the output adaptor. The circuitry is arranged to control a provision of electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor in response to a reception of sound waves that represent a command to be executed by the circuitry.

[0050] The term "command" refers to request, instruction, or any type of information that may affect the operation of the circuitry – and especially may affect the

[0051] Figures 1, 2, 3 and 9 provide examples of various embodiments. Bulb adaptor 10' differs from bulb adaptor 10 by the shape of its housing.

[0052] The exploded view of figure 1 and the cross sectional view of figure 3 illustrate the following components – starting from the highest component to the lowest component:

- a. Output adaptor such as threaded female adaptor 11;
- b. Top part 12 of a housing.
- c. Circuitry 13.
- d. Bottom part 14 of housing.
- e. Input adaptor such as threaded male adaptor 15.

[0053] The exploded view of figure 9 illustrates the following components – starting from the highest component to the lowest component:

- a. Output adaptor such as threaded female adaptor 11;
- b. Top part 12' of a housing.
- c. Circuitry 13.
- d. Bottom part 14' of housing.
- e. Input adaptor such as threaded male adaptor 15.

[0054] Referring to figures 1-3 and 9 - the threaded female adaptor 11 should be positioned within the top part 12 of the housing – it may be located within a space defined by the circuiar opening 12" (of figure 9) formed at the top part 12' (of figure 9) of the housing 10'. The upper rim can be proximate to the circular opening 12" – either at the same level, slightly (for example few millimeters) above it or slightly below it. Figure 2 illustrates a side view of the bulb adaptor 10 – illustrating top part 12 of the housing, botom part of the housing 14 and the input adaptor 15. [0055] In figures 1-3 and 9 the input adaptor 15 and output adaptor 11 may virtually fit to each other – if one of these adaptors is disconnected from the bulb adaptor it can be fit the other adaptor – the input adaptor can be screwed in the output adaptor. [0056] This is not necessarily so and the input adaptor 15 and output adaptor 11 may not virtually fit to each other. This configuration can be useful if the bulb adaptor is to be connected between a bulb and a bulb socket that do not match each other. For example - the input adaptor 15 may differ by diameter from the output adaptor 11.

[0057] The housing may exhibits a radial symmetry.

of the light bulb socket.

[0058] The input adaptor and the output adaptor may be Edison adaptors or other types of adaptors (such as a bayonet mount adaptors, a bi-pin adaptors and the like).

Thus is can bridge a gap between a diameter of a base of a light bulb and a diameter

[0059] The input adaptor and the output adaptor may be threaded (as illustrated in figure 1).

[0060] The height of the housing may be a fraction (for example, smaller than one half, one third of one quarter) of a width of the housing.

[0061] Figure 4 illustrates the circuitry 13 of the bulb adaptor and its environment according to an embodiment of the invention.

[0062] Referring to the example set forth in figure 4 - circuitry 13 may include a microphone 24, a controller (such as a microprocessor) 22, an interfacing circuit 25 (such as load switch) and a power converter 21 (such as an AC to DC converter). The controller 22 may include an internal memory unit but may be, additionally or alternatively, coupled to memory unit 24. The controller 22 is coupled to the microphone 24 and to the interfacing circuit 25 and is fed by the power converter 21. The power converter 21 may be an AC to DC converter that is arranged to receive electricity supplied from the input adaptor 15 and to output a controller power supply. [0063] The interfacing circuit 25 is coupled to the input and output adaptors 15 and 11. The microphone 24 may be arranged to sense sound signals including human perceivable sound waves and ultrasonic sound waves. The interfacing circuit 25 may be arranged to selectively provide the electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor under the control of the controller 22. The controller 22 may be arranged to control the interfacing circuit 25 in response to at least a detection of sound signals that represent a command such as a detection of an ultrasonic sound wave command and a human perceivable sound wave command.

[0064] Figure 4 illustrates the memory unit 23 as storing representations of multiple commands (signatures) – signatures 28(1) - 28(n) of multiple (n) human perceivable sound wave commands and signature 29(1) - 29(k) of multiple (n) ultrasonic sound wave commands. The controller 22 may be arranged to compare sound signals to the representations of the multiple commands.

[0065] Ultrasonic sound waves and human perceivable sound wave control based scheme

[0066] The circuitry 13 may be arranged to search for ultrasonic sound waves that represent a command of a first set of commands and to search for human perceptible sound waves with a command of a second set of command.

[0067] The first set of commands may equal the second set of commands. Thus- the same commands can be sent using ultrasonic sound waves or using human perceivable sound waves.

[0068] The first set of commands may differ from the second set of commands. Thus – at least one command can be sent using only one out of ultrasonic sound waves or human perceivable sound waves.

[0069] The first set of commands may include more or less commands than the second set of commands.

[0070] The first set of commands may include at least one command that is more complex than each command of the second set of commands. This may simplify the speech recognition process that will be aimed to detect simpler instructions (such as turn on and turn off), and may also reduce the cost and/or increase the robustness of the speech recognition process.

[0071] For example, the second set of commands may consist of commands that do not exceed two words (such as turn on, turn off, reduce intensity or increase intensity):

First word	Optional second word

[0072] The second set of commands may consist of commands that consist of a bulb adaptor identifier and up to two additional words:

Bulb adaptor identifier	Additional word	Optional additional word
[0073] Each bulb adaptor of	can be associated with a bul	b adaptor identifier and the
circuitry may be arranged to	ignore any command of the	second set of commands that
does not may include a bull	adaptor identifier that mate	hes a bulb adaptor identifier
associated with the bulb ad	aptor. The bulb adaptor ident	tifier can be programmed in
advance (for example - du	uring the manufacturing of	the bulb adaptor) but may,
additionally or alternatively,	be set by a device that contro	ols the bulb adaptor.

[0074] The first set of commands may include at least one command that lacks a bulb identifier and wherein the circuitry may be arranged to respond to at least one command that lacks the bulb identifier. Thus — a device may send a "general" command to a group of bulb adaptors in order to control the group of bulb adaptors — without the need of sending a separate command to each bulb adaptor.

[0075] The second set of commands may consist of a turn on command and a turn off command.

[0076] The first set of commands may include a turn on command, a turn off command, at least one time related command, and a dimmer command. The time related command can indicate when to activate or deactivate a bulb, can indicate how do activate the bulb (for example- apply on/off and even dimmer commands) during different periods and the like.

[0077] The first set of commands may include a circuit configuration command. This circuit configuration command may, for example, assigning a bulb adaptor identifier to the bulb adaptor, sending a set of instructions to be included in the first and/or second sets of commands.

[0078] The circuitry may be arranged to apply a signature seeking process on ultrasonic sound waves received by the circuitry to search for one or more command. Commands may be represented by ultrasonic sound waves — each ultrasonic sound wave may have a signature (for example- signatures 28(1)-28(n)) that identifies is. The signature seeking process searches for these signatures- for example by extracting signatures from receive ultrasonic sound waves and comparing them to previously stored signatures or otherwise determined if the extracted signature fulfill other conditions (such as a compliance with a predefined mathematical formula).

[0079] The circuitry may be arranged to apply a speech recognition process to human perceptible sound waves to detect one or more command. Commands may be represented by human perceivable sound words (identified by signatures such as signatures 29(1)-29(k) of figure 3) – that can be identified by speech recognition processes.

[0080] Figure 5 illustrates a device 100 that remotely controlls the bulb adaptor, the bulb adaptor 10, bulb 70, ceiling connected element that includes a blub socket, and ultrasonic sound waves 130 that represent commands that are sent from the device 100 to the bulb adaptor 10 according to an embodiment of the invention. The bulb adaptor 10 may also receive human perceivable sound waves 140 from the device 100 or from a user 160.

[0081] The device 100 can be a smartphone, a laptop computer, a game console or any device that can transmit ultrasnoic sound waves and may include an itreface for allowing a user to control the transmission of commands from the device.

[0082] The ultrasonic sound waves can include tokens 130 that can represent commands of the first set of commands. The device 100 can also send human perceivable sound waves that represent commands of the second set of commands. [0083] The device can allows a user to send commands aimed to one or more bulb adaptors that are within the range of the device. The user can select, for example, to controll multiple bulb adaptors at once. For examlple- shut down, power up, set an intensity of, perform a time related operation relating to bulbs connected to all of the bulb adaptors within the range of the device.

[0084] Figure 8 illustrates a device 100 that remotely controlls an array of multiple (J) bulb adaptors 10(1)-10(J), and ultrasonic sound waves 130 that represent commands that are sent from the device 100 to the bulb adaptors according to an embodiment of the invention. These bulb adaptors may also be controlled by human [erceived sound waves 140.

[0085] Remote control device

[0086] Figure 6 illustrates a screenshot of a screen 150 of a device 100 that remotely controlls the bulb adaptor 10 according to an embodiment of the invention.

[0087] The device 100 has a human interface such as a screen 150 that can be used to display information to the user. One of these screens may display to the user one or more bulb adaptors that are within the range of the device and/or can be potentially controlled by the device 100 and allow the user to control one, al of a part of the bulb adaptors.

[0088] The screenshot 150 shows eight icons 151(1)-151(8) and a command window 152. The eight icons 151(1)-151(8) that represent up to eight bulb adaptors that can be controlled by the device 100, these iocns 151(1)-151(8) can be elected by the user that can apply a command (for example – "shut down") listed within the command window 152 on any of these eight bulb adaptors.

[0089] Figure 7 illustrates method 200 according to an embodiment of the invention.

[0090] Method 200 is for controlling a provision of electricity to a blub.

[0091] The method may start by stage 210 of initialization. The initialization may include configuring the bulb adaptor – for example sending one or more configurations command to a circuitry. This may include assigning a bulb adaptor identifier to the bulb adaptor, sending a set of instructions to be included in the first and/or second sets of commands.

[0092] Stage 210 may be followed by stage 220 of waiting to receive sound signals.

[0093] Stage 220 is followed by stage 230 of receiving, by the circuitry that is electrically coupled between an input adaptor and an output adaptor, sound signals. The sound signals may include ultrasonic sound signals and human perceivable sound signals.

[0094] Stage 230 may be followed by stage 240 of determining whether the sound signals represent a command.

[0095] If yes - jumping to stage 250 of executing the command by the circuitry. Else – jumping to stage 220.

[0096] The execution of stage 210-250 results in controlling, by the circuitry, the provision of electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor.

[0097] Stage 230 may include determining whether (a) the sound signals are ultrasonic sound waves that are associated with a command of a first set of commands or (b) whether and sound signals are human perceivable sounds waves that match a command of a second set of commands.

[0098] If both (a) and (b) fail (no match to any command of the first and second sets of commands) then stage 230 is followed by stage 220.

[0099] Each set of commands may include one or more commands.

[00100] The first set of commands may equal the second set of commands. Thus- the same commands can be sent using ultrasonic sound waves or using human perceivable sound waves.

[00101] The first set of commands may differ from the second set of commands. Thus – at least one command can be sent using only one out of ultrasonic sound waves or human perceivable sound waves.

[00102] The first set of commands may include more or less commands than the second set of commands.

[00103] The first set of commands may include at least one command that is more complex than each command of the second set of commands. This may simplify the speech recognition process that will be aimed to detect simpler instructions (such as turn on and turn off), and may also reduce the cost and/or increase the robustness of the speech recognition process.

[00104] For example, the second set of commands may consist of commands that do not exceed two words (such as turn on, turn off, reduce intensity or increase intensity).

[00105] The second set of commands consists of commands that consist of a bulb adaptor identifier and up to two additional words.

[00106] Each bulb adaptor can be associated with a bulb adaptor identifier.

[00107] Stage 240 may also include checking if the bulb adaptor that executes method 200 should execute the command.

- a. If the execution of the command requires a match between the bulb adaptor identifier included in the command and the bulb adaptor identifier of the bulb adaptor itself then a mismatch can cause the method to proceed to stage 220. If there is a match between these bulb adaptor identifiers that the command can be executed.
- b. If the execution of the command does not require a match between the bulb adaptor identifier included in the command (of such exists) and the bulb adaptor identifier of the bulb adaptor itself then even mismatch will not cause the method to proceed to stage 220 before completing the execution of the command.

[00108] The first set of commands may include at least one command that lacks a bulb identifier and stage 240 may include responding to the at least one command that lacks the bulb identifier. Thus – a device may send a "general" command to a group of bulb adaptors in order to control the group of bulb adaptors – without the need of sending a separate command to each bulb adaptor.

[00109] The second set of commands may consist of a turn on command and a turn off command.

[00110] The first set of commands may include a turn on command, a turn off command, at least one time related command, and a dimmer command. The time related command can indicate when to activate or deactivate a bulb, can indicate how do activate the bulb (for example- apply on/off and even dimmer commands) during different periods and the like.

[00111] The first set of commands may include a circuit configuration command. This circuit configuration command may, for example, assigning a bulb adaptor identifier to the bulb adaptor, sending a set of instructions to be included in the first and/or second sets of commands.

[00112] Stage 240 may include applying a signature seeking process on ultrasonic sound waves received by the circuitry to search for one or more command. Commands may be represented by ultrasonic sound waves – each ultrasonic sound

wave may have a signature (for example- signatures 28(1)-28(n)) that identifies is. The signature seeking process searches for these signatures- for example by extracting signatures from receive ultrasonic sound waves and comparing them to previously stored signatures or otherwise determined if the extracted signature fulfill other conditions (such as a compliance with a predefined mathematical formula).

[00113] Stage 240 may include applying a speech recognition process to human perceptible sound waves to detect one or more command. Commands may be represented by human perceivable sound words (identified by signatures such as signatures 29(1)-29(k) of figure 3) – that can be identified by speech recognition processes.

[00114] Method 200 can be executed by any bulb adaptors illustrated in the specification.

[00115] Bulb embodiment

[00116] According to an embodiment of the invention there may be provided a bulb that includes the circuitry disclosed in the specification. Referring to figure 10, there may be provided a bulb 1000 that includes circuitry 13, located within the bulb, that is electrically coupled between the bulb base 1015 and the bulb light source 1011 and is arranged to control a provision of electricity from the bulb base to the bulb light source in response to a reception of sound waves are associated with a command to be executed by the circuitry.

[00117] For example, the circuitry may include a controller and an interfacing circuit; wherein the controller is coupled to the microphone and to the interfacing circuit; wherein the interfacing circuit is coupled to the bulb base and to the bulb light source; wherein the microphone is arranged to sense sound signals; wherein the interfacing circuit is arranged to selectively provide the electricity from the bulb base to the light source under the control of the controller; and wherein the controller is arranged to control the interfacing circuit in response to at least a detection of sound signals that represent a command. The circuitry may include a power converter for receiving electricity supplied from the bulb base (or any other bulb input port) and outputting a controller power supply.

[00118] The circuitry may include a memory unit for storing representations of multiple commands; wherein the controller is arranged to compare sound signals to the representations of the multiple commands.

[00119] In the foregoing specification, the invention has been described with reference to specific examples of embodiments of the invention. It will, however, be evident that various modifications and changes may be made therein without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

[00120] Moreover, the terms "front," "back," "top," "bottom," "over," "under" and the like in the description and in the claims, if any, are used for descriptive purposes and not necessarily for describing permanent relative positions. It is understood that the terms so used are interchangeable under appropriate circumstances such that the embodiments of the invention described herein are, for example, capable of operation in other orientations than those illustrated or otherwise described herein.

[00121] The connections as discussed herein may be any type of connection suitable to transfer signals from or to the respective nodes, units or devices, for example via intermediate devices. Accordingly, unless implied or stated otherwise, the connections may for example be direct connections or indirect connections. The connections may be illustrated or described in reference to being a single connection, a plurality of connections, unidirectional connections, or bidirectional connections. However, different embodiments may vary the implementation of the connections. For example, separate unidirectional connections may be used rather than bidirectional connections and vice versa. Also, plurality of connections may be replaced with a single connection that transfers multiple signals serially or in a time multiplexed manner. Likewise, single connections carrying multiple signals may be separated out into various different connections carrying subsets of these signals. Therefore, many options exist for transferring signals.

[00122] Although specific conductivity types or polarity of potentials have been described in the examples, it will be appreciated that conductivity types and polarities of potentials may be reversed.

[00123] Each signal described herein may be designed as positive or negative logic. In the case of a negative logic signal, the signal is active low where the logically true state corresponds to a logic level zero. In the case of a positive logic signal, the signal is active high where the logically true state corresponds to a logic

level one. Note that any of the signals described herein may be designed as either negative or positive logic signals. Therefore, in alternate embodiments, those signals described as positive logic signals may be implemented as negative logic signals, and those signals described as negative logic signals may be implemented as positive logic signals.

[00124] Furthermore, the terms "assert" or "set" and "negate" (or "deassert" or "clear") are used herein when referring to the rendering of a signal, status bit, or similar apparatus into its logically true or logically false state, respectively. If the logically true state is a logic level one, the logically false state is a logic level zero. And if the logically true state is a logic level zero, the logically false state is a logic level one.

Those skilled in the art will recognize that the boundaries between logic blocks are merely illustrative and that alternative embodiments may merge logic blocks or circuit elements or impose an alternate decomposition of functionality upon various logic blocks or circuit elements. Thus, it is to be understood that the architectures depicted herein are merely exemplary, and that in fact many other architectures may be implemented which achieve the same functionality.

[00126] Any arrangement of components to achieve the same functionality is effectively "associated" such that the desired functionality is achieved. Hence, any two components herein combined to achieve a particular functionality may be seen as "associated with" each other such that the desired functionality is achieved, irrespective of architectures or intermedial components. Likewise, any two components so associated can also be viewed as being "operably connected," or "operably coupled," to each other to achieve the desired functionality.

[00127] Furthermore, those skilled in the art will recognize that boundaries between the above described operations merely illustrative. The multiple operations may be combined into a single operation, a single operation may be distributed in additional operations and operations may be executed at least partially overlapping in time. Moreover, alternative embodiments may include multiple instances of a particular operation, and the order of operations may be altered in various other embodiments.

[00128] However, other modifications, variations and alternatives are also possible. The specifications and drawings are, accordingly, to be regarded in an illustrative rather than in a restrictive sense.

[00129] In the claims, any reference signs placed between parentheses shall not be construed as limiting the claim. The word 'comprising' does not exclude the presence of other elements or steps then those listed in a claim. Furthermore, the terms "a" or "an," as used herein, are defined as one or more than one. Also, the use of introductory phrases such as "at least one" and "one or more" in the claims should not be construed to imply that the introduction of another claim element by the indefinite articles "a" or "an" limits any particular claim containing such introduced claim element to inventions containing only one such element, even when the same claim includes the introductory phrases "one or more" or "at least one" and indefinite articles such as "a" or "an." The same holds true for the use of definite articles. Unless stated otherwise, terms such as "first" and "second" are used to arbitrarily distinguish between the elements such terms describe. Thus, these terms are not necessarily intended to indicate temporal or other prioritization of such elements The mere fact that certain measures are recited in mutually different claims does not indicate that a combination of these measures cannot be used to advantage.

[00130] While certain features of the invention have been illustrated and described herein, many modifications, substitutions, changes, and equivalents will now occur to those of ordinary skill in the art. It is, therefore, to be understood that the appended claims are intended to cover all such modifications and changes as fall within the true spirit of the invention.

WE CLAIM

1. A bulb adaptor, comprising:

a housing that comprises an input adaptor and an output adaptor; wherein the input adaptor is shaped and sized to match a bulb socket and wherein the output adaptor is shaped and sized to match a base of a bulb; and

circuitry, located within the housing, that is electrically coupled between the input adaptor and the output adaptor and is arranged to control a provision of electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor in response to a reception of sound waves are associated with a command to be executed by the circuitry.

- 2. The bulb adaptor according to claim 1 wherein the circuitry is arranged to search for ultrasonic sound waves that represent a command of a first set of commands and to search for human perceptible sound waves that represent a command of a second set of command.
- 3. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the first set of commands equals the second set of command.
- 4. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the first set of commands differs from the second set of commands.
- 5. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the first set of commands comprises more commands than the second set of commands.
- 6. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the first set of commands comprises at least one command that is more complex than each command of the second set of commands.
- 7. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the second set of commands consists of commands that do not exceed two words.
- 8. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the second set of commands consists of commands that consist of a bulb adaptor identifier and up to two additional words; wherein the circuitry is arranged to ignore any command of the second set of commands that does not comprise a bulb adaptor identifier that matches a bulb adaptor identifier associated with the bulb adaptor.
- 9. The bulb adaptor according to claim 8 wherein the first set of commands comprises at least one command that lacks a bulb identifier and wherein the circuitry is arranged to respond to the at least one command that lacks the bulb identifier.

10. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the second set of commands consists of a turn on command and a turn off command.

- 11. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the first set of commands comprises a turn on command, a turn off command, at least one time related command, and a dimmer command.
- 12. The blub adaptor according to claim 1, wherein the first set of commands comprises a circuit configuration command.
- 13. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the circuitry is arranged to apply a signature seeking process on ultrasonic sound waves received by the circuitry to search for one or more command.
- 14. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the circuitry is arranged to apply a speech recognition process to human perceptible sound waves to detect one or more command.
- 15. The bulb adaptor according to claim 1 wherein the circuitry comprises:

a microphone;

a controller;

an interfacing circuit;

wherein the controller is coupled to the microphone and to the interfacing circuit;

wherein the interfacing circuit is coupled to the input and output adaptors; wherein the microphone is arranged to sense sound signals;

wherein the interfacing circuit is arranged to selectively provide the electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor under the control of the controller; and

wherein the controller is arranged to control the interfacing circuit in response to at least a detection of sound signals that represent a command.

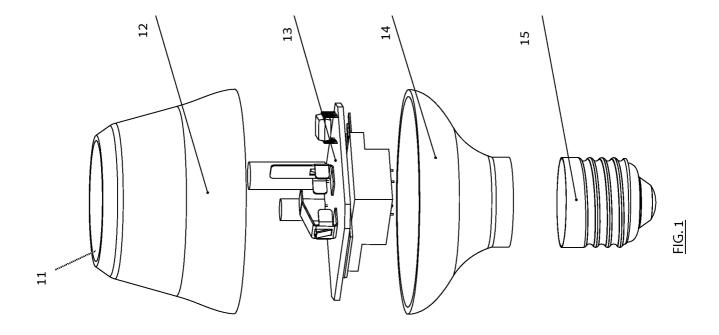
- 16. The bulb adaptor according to claim 15 wherein the circuitry comprises a power converter for receiving electricity supplied from the input adaptor and outputting a controller power supply.
- 17. The bulb adaptor according to claim 15 comprising a memory unit for storing representations of multiple commands; wherein the controller is arranged to compare sound signals to the representations of the multiple commands.
- 18. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the input adaptor differs by diameter from the output adaptor.

19. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the housing exhibits a radial symmetry.

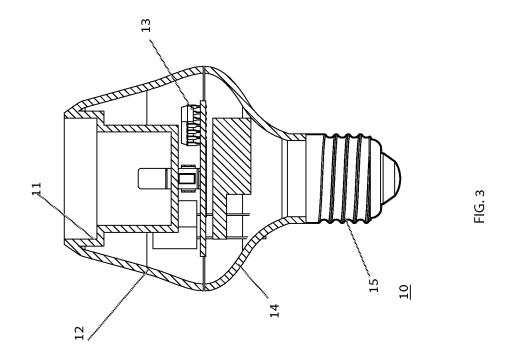
- 20. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the input adaptor and the output adaptor are Edison adaptors.
- 21. The bulb adaptor according to claim 2 wherein the input adaptor and the output adaptor are Edison E-27 adaptors.
- 22. A method for controlling a provision of electricity to a blub, the method comprises: receiving, by circuitry that is electrically coupled between an input adaptor and an output adaptor, sound signals; determining whether the sound signals represent a command; and controlling, by the circuitry, a provision of electricity from the input adaptor to the output adaptor in response to a detection of the command; wherein the circuitry is at least partially surrounded by a housing that comprises the input adaptor and the output adaptor; wherein the input adaptor is shaped and sized to match a bulb socket and wherein the output adaptor is shaped and sized to match a base of a bulb.
- 23. A bulb, comprising:
 - a bulb base for receiving electricity,
 a bulb light source for outputting light; and
 circuitry, located within the housing, that is electrically coupled between the
 bulb base and the bulb light source and is arranged to control a provision of
 electricity from the bulb base to the bulb light source in response to a
 reception of sound waves are associated with a command to be executed by
 the circuitry.
 - 24. The bulb according to claim 23 wherein the circuitry comprises a controller, a microphone and an interfacing circuit; wherein the controller is coupled to the microphone and to the interfacing circuit; wherein the interfacing circuit is coupled to the bulb base and to the bulb light source; wherein the microphone is arranged to sense sound signals; wherein the interfacing circuit is arranged to selectively provide electricity from the bulb base to the bulb light source under the control of the controller; and wherein the controller is arranged to control the interfacing circuit in response to at least a detection of sound signals that represent a command.
- 25. A method for controlling a provision of electricity to a blub light source, the method comprises: receiving, by circuitry of a blub that is electrically coupled between a blub base and the bulb light source, sound signals; determining whether the

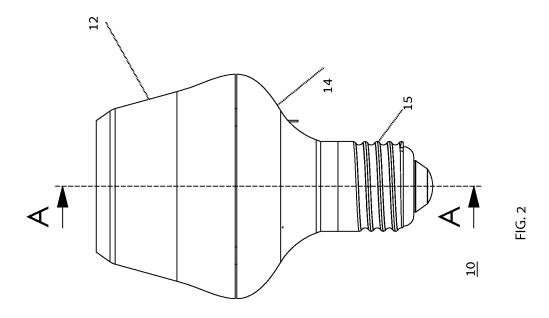
WO 2014/174504 PCT/IL2013/050718 21

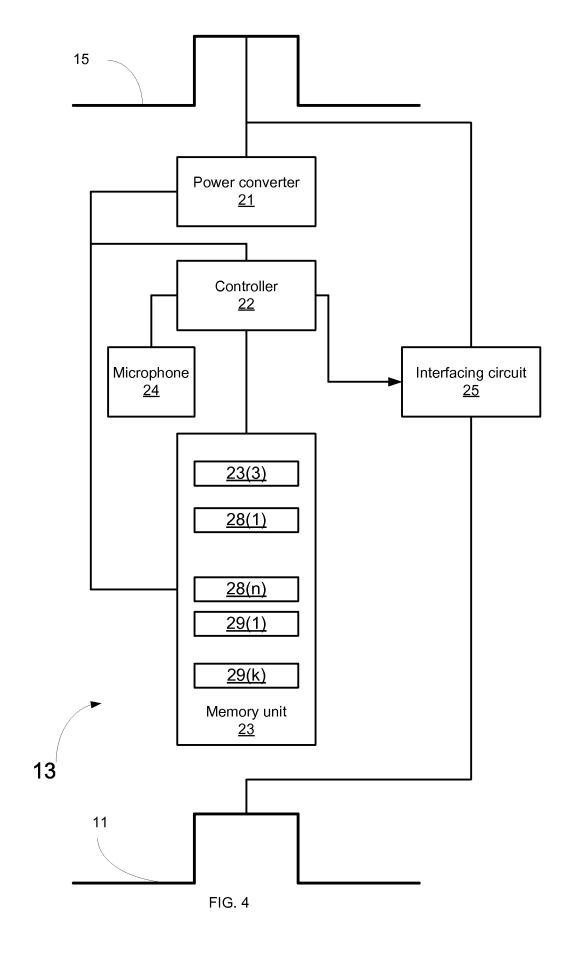
sound signals represent a command; and controlling, by the circuitry, a provision of electricity from the bulb base to the bulb light source in response to a detection of the command.



10







PCT/IL2013/050718

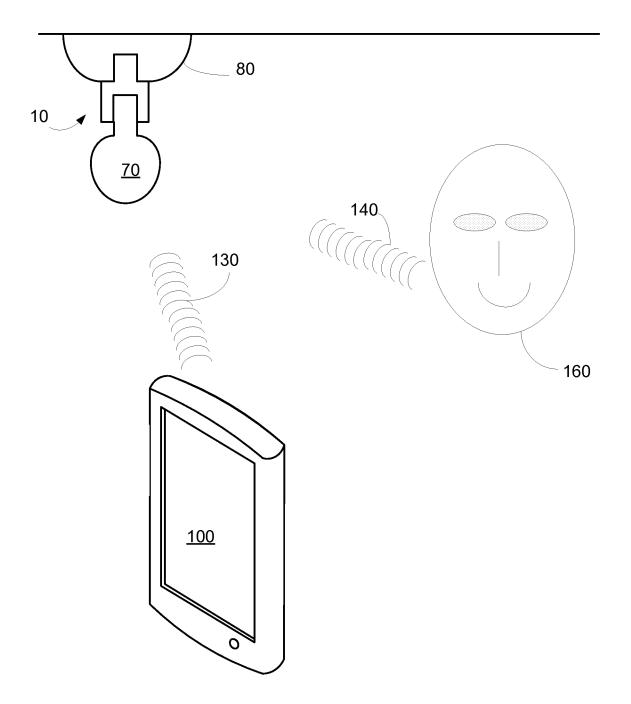
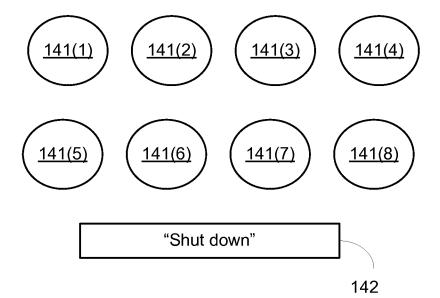


FIG. 5



<u>140</u>

FIG. 6

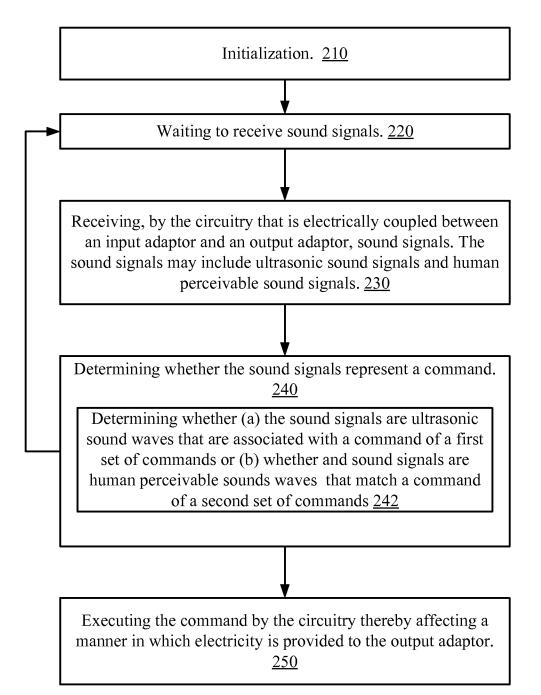


FIG. 7

200

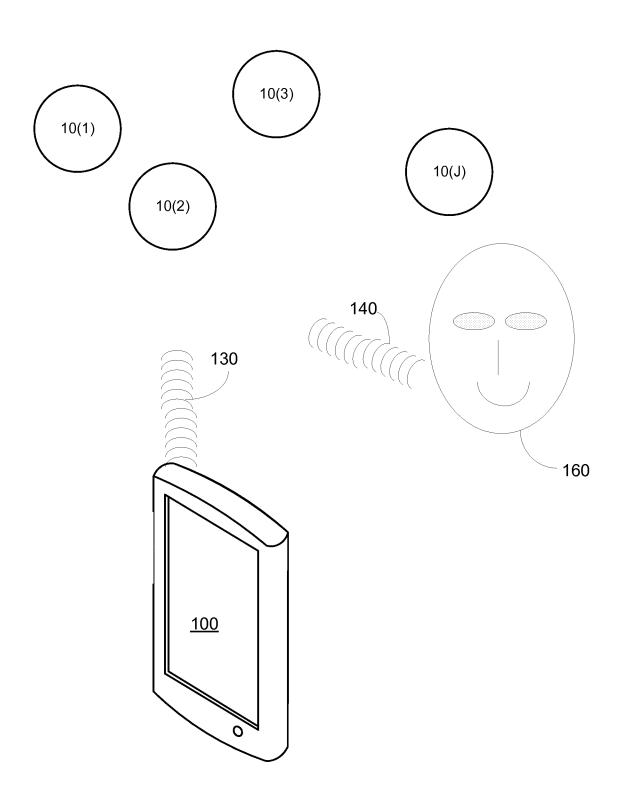
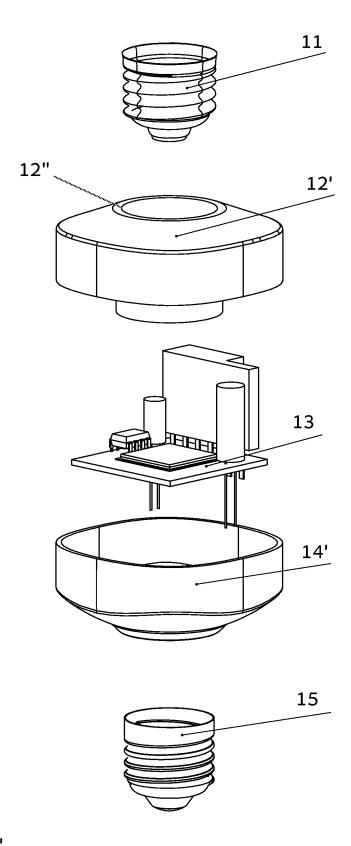


FIG. 8



<u>10'</u>

FIG. 9

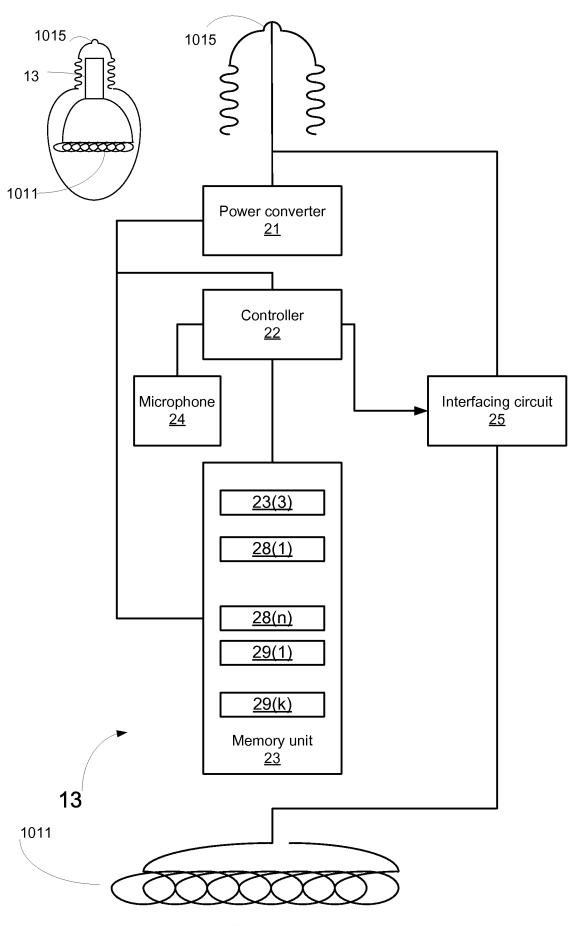


FIG. 10

International application No.

PCT/IL2013/050718

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC (2013.01) H01R 13/62

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC (2013.01) H01R 13/62

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) Databases consulted: Esp@cenet, Google Patents

Search terms used: control+ and speech+ and (particular OR specific OR Individual)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 2012148383 A1 MCGUIRE, Kenneth, Stephen et al. 01 Nov 2012 (2012/11/01) Abstract, ¶¶ 146, 215, 226,262, 315	1,12,15-17,22-25
Y	WO 2012148383 A1 MCGUIRE, Kenneth, Stephen et al. 01 Nov 2012 (2012/11/01) abstract, ¶¶ 146, 215, 226,262, 315	2-7,9-11,13,14, 18-21
Y	US 2008262849 A1 Buck et al. 23 Oct 2008 (2008/10/23) abstract,¶41	2-7,9-11,13,14, 18-21
A	US 2004264187 A1 Vanderschuit 30 Dec 2004 (2004/12/30) all document	1,12,15-17,22-25
A	US 2004148174 A1 Ullman et al. 29 Jul 2004 (2004/07/29) all document	2-7,9-11,13,14, 18-21

X X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. Special categories of cited documents: later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance earlier application or patent but published on or after the "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be international filing date considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be special reason (as specified) considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other being obvious to a person skilled in the art document published prior to the international filing date but later "&" document member of the same patent family than the priority date claimed Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 31 Dec 2013 31 Dec 2013 Name and mailing address of the ISA: Authorized officer Israel Patent Office MAUDA Nissim Technology Park, Bldg.5, Malcha, Jerusalem, 9695101, Israel

Telephone No. 972-2-5651733

Facsimile No. 972-2-5651616

International application No.
PCT/IL2013/050718

Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. A US 200204406 At Dowling et al. 18 Apr 2002 (2002-04/18) abstract, 714 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
18 Apr 2002 (2002/04/18)	Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.				
		Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages US 2002044066 A1 Dowling et al. 18 Apr 2002 (2002/04/18)					

Information on patent family members

International application No.
PCT/IL2013/050718

Pate	ent document cit report	ed search	Publication date	P	atent family mem	ber(s)	Publication Date
WO	2012148383	Al	01 Nov 2012	WO	2012148383	A1	01 Nov 2012
wo	2012148383	Al	01 Nov 2012	WO	2012148383	Al	01 Nov 2012
US	2008262849	Al	23 Oct 2008	AT	454692	T	15 Jan 2010
				DE	602007004185	D1	25 Feb 2010
				EP	1953735	Al	06 Aug 2008
				EP	1953735	B1	06 Jan 2010
				JP	2008191662	A	21 Aug 2008
				US	2008262849	A1	23 Oct 2008
US	2004264187	A1	30 Dec 2004	CN	1833136	Α	13 Sep 2006
				EP	1639293	Al	29 Mar 2006
				EP	1639293	A4	31 Dec 2008
				US	2004264187	Al	30 Dec 2004
				US	2006146527	Al	06 Jul 2006
				WO	2005045312	A1	19 May 2005
US	2004148174	A1	29 Jul 2004	EP	1370927	A1	17 Dec 2003
				SE	0100897	D0	15 Mar 2001
				SE	0100897	A	16 Sep 2002
				SE	0100897	L	16 Sep 2002
				SE	519254	C2	04 Feb 2003
				US	2004148174	Al	29 Jul 2004
				US	7259748	B2	21 Aug 2007
				WO	02075515	Al	26 Sep 2002
us	2002044066	A1	18 Apr 2002	US	2002044066	A1	18 Apr 2002
				AT	222013	T	15 Aug 2002
				AT	301802	Т	15 Aug 2005
				AT	308869	T	15 Nov 2005

Information on patent family members

International application No.
PCT/IL2013/050718

					PC1/IL2013/030/18	
Patent document cited search report	Publication date	P	atent family me	mber(s)	Publication Date	
		AT	416597	T	15 Dec 2008	
		AT	431065	T	15 May 2009	
		AT	434152	T	15 Jul 2009	
		AT	455451	T	15 Jan 2010	
		AT	464771	T	15 Apr 2010	
		AT	466309	T	15 May 2010	
		AT	467332	T	15 May 2010	
		AT	500714	T	15 Mar 2011	
		AT	520284	T	15 Aug 2011	
		AT	539593	T	15 Jan 2012	
		AT	548887	T	15 Mar 2012	
		AU	757000	B2	30 Jan 2003	
		AU	1782501	A	30 May 2001	
		AU	1924199	A	05 Jul 1999	
		AU	3947002	A	27 May 2002	
		AU	4148402	A	11 Jun 2002	
		AU	5312999	A	17 Jan 2000	
		AU	5913401	A	07 Nov 2001	
		AU	6347300	A	30 Jan 2001	
		AU	7001801	A	02 Jan 2002	
		AU	7369401	A	13 Feb 2002	
		AU	7718501	A	13 Feb 2002	
		AU	7730800	A	30 Apr 2001	
		AU	8539801	A	18 Feb 2002	
		AU	8540801	A	18 Feb 2002	
		AU	8865901	A	13 Mar 2002	
		AU	9111101	A	02 Apr 2002	
		AU	9206098	A	16 Mar 1999	
		AU	2002238113	A1	12 Sep 2002	
		AU	2002310434	A1	23 Dec 2002	
		AU	2002346802	Al	16 Dec 2002	

Information on patent family members

				L	
Patent document cited search report	Publication date	P	atent family mer	mber(s)	Publication Date
		AU	2002360721	A1	09 Jul 2003
		AU	2003203584	B2	16 Mar 2006
		AU	2003210890	A1	02 Sep 2003
		AU	2003210890	A8	02 Sep 2003
		AU	2003237827	A1	11 Nov 2003
		AU	2003265764	A1	19 Mar 2004
		AU	2003268540	A1	29 Mar 2004
		AU	2003279157	A1	23 Apr 2004
		AU	2003279157	A8	23 Apr 2004
		AU	2004200183	Al	12 Feb 2004
		AU	2004200183	B2	21 Jun 2007
		AU	2004300444	A1	30 Jun 2005
		AU	2004300444	B2	11 Jun 2009
		AU	2005222987	A1	29 Sep 2005
		AU	2005222987	B2	23 Jul 2009
		AU	2005222987	В9	22 Oct 2009
		AU	2006202217	A1	15 Jun 2006
		AU	2006202217	B2	09 Oct 2008
		AU	2007216901	A1	11 Oct 2007
		AU	2007216901	B2	17 Jul 2008
		CA	2302227	Al	04 Mar 1999
		CA	2302227	C	27 Jul 2004
		CA	2314163	Al	24 Jun 1999
		CA	2314163	C	23 Sep 2008
		CA	2336184	A1	06 Jan 2000
		CA	2466717	Al	04 Mar 1999
		CA	2466717	C	26 Jan 2010
		CA	2552683	Al	30 Jun 2005
		CA	2552683	C	03 May 2011
		CA	2559718	Al	29 Sep 2005
		CA	2559718	C	22 May 2012

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	P	atent family mem	ber(s)	Publication Date
		CA	2579196	A1	23 Mar 2006
		CA	2579196	C	22 Jun 2010
		CA	2591133	A1	29 Jun 2006
		CA	2591205	A1	06 Jul 2006
		CA	2730210	A1	29 Sep 2005
		CN	1809867	A	26 Jul 2006
		CN	103017017	A	03 Apr 2013
		DE	60021911	DI	15 Sep 2005
		DE	60021911	T2	18 May 2006
		DE	60023730	DI	08 Dec 2005
		DE	60023730	T2	06 Jul 2006
		DE	60042177	D1	18 Jun 2009
		DE	60045697	DI	14 Apr 2011
		DE	60139022	D1	30 Jul 2009
		DE	60141857	DI	27 May 2010
		DE	60236280	D1	17 Jun 2010
		DE	60325042	D1	15 Jan 2009
		DE	60330967	DI	04 Mar 2010
		DE	69807092	D1	12 Sep 2002
		DE	69807092	T2	08 May 2003
		DE	602004026908	D1	10 Jun 2010
		DK	1337784	Т3	19 Oct 2009
		DK	1422975	Т3	02 Aug 2010
		DK	1502483	Т3	23 Mar 2009
		DK	1535495	Т3	11 Oct 2010
		DK	1887836	Т3	18 Jun 2012
		EP	1016062	A1	05 Jul 2000
		EP	1016062	Bl	07 Aug 2002
		EP	1040398	A2	04 Oct 2000
		EP	1090459	A2	11 Apr 2001
		EP	1172748	A2	16 Jan 2002

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	Patent family n	nember(s)	Publication Date
		EP	1172748	A3	10 Mar 2004
		EP	1195740	A2	10 Apr 2002
		EP	1195740	A3	22 Jan 2003
		EP	1224843	Al	24 Jul 2002
		EP	1224845	Al	24 Jul 2002
		EP	1224845	В1	02 Nov 2005
		EP	1234140	A2	28 Aug 2002
		EP	1234140	ВІ	10 Aug 2005
		EP	1287724	Al	05 Mar 2003
		EP	1295515	Al	26 Mar 2003
		EP	1295515	В1	28 Dec 2011
		EP	1337784	A2	27 Aug 2003
		EP	1337784	ВІ	17 Jun 2009
		EP	1340412	A2	03 Sep 2003
		EP	1356610	A2	29 Oct 2003
		EP	1388276	A2	11 Feb 2004
		EP	1388276	В1	10 Aug 2011
		EP	1393599	A2	03 Mar 2004
		EP	1393599	В1	05 May 2010
		EP	1395975	A2	10 Mar 2004
		EP	1422975	Al	26 May 2004
		EP	1422975	A8	16 Jan 2008
		EP	1422975	ВІ	14 Apr 2010
		EP	1422975	В9	30 Mar 2011
		EP	1428415	Al	16 Jun 2004
		EP	1428415	ВІ	18 Jul 2012
		EP	1459600	A2	22 Sep 2004
		EP	1474633	A2	10 Nov 2004
		EP	1501763	A2	02 Feb 2005
		EP	1502483	Al	02 Feb 2005
		EP	1502483	Bl	03 Dec 2008

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	Patent family mo	ember(s)	Publication Date
		EP	1535495	A2	01 Jun 2005
		EP	1535495	В1	13 Jan 2010
		EP	1610593	A2	28 Dec 2005
		EP	1610593	A3	23 May 2007
		EP	1620843	A2	01 Feb 2006
		EP	1620843	A4	21 Aug 2013
		EP	1624728	A1	08 Feb 2006
		EP	1624728	B1	06 May 2009
		EP	1687692	A2	09 Aug 2006
		EP	1687692	A4	22 Apr 2009
		EP	1687692	B1	28 Apr 2010
		EP	1704752	A2	27 Sep 2006
		EP	1704752	A4	23 Sep 2009
		EP	1729615	A2	13 Dec 2006
		EP	1729615	A4	20 Nov 2013
		EP	1731004	A2	13 Dec 2006
		EP	1731004	A4	10 Jul 2013
		EP	1754121	A2	21 Feb 2007
		EP	1800054	A2	27 Jun 2007
		EP	1831866	A2	12 Sep 2007
		EP	1849152	A2	31 Oct 2007
		EP	1849152	A4	02 May 2012
		EP	1887836	A2	13 Feb 2008
		EP	1887836	A3	28 Apr 2010
		EP	1887836	B1	07 Mar 2012
		EP	2139299	A2	30 Dec 2009
		EP	2139299	A3	20 Jan 2010
		EP	2139299	B1	02 Mar 2011
		EP	2203032	A2	30 Jun 2010
		EP	2203032	A3	03 Nov 2010
		EP	2364067	A2	07 Sep 2011

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	Patent family me	ember(s)	Publication Date
		EP	2364067	A3	14 Dec 2011
		EP	2364067	Bl	11 Dec 2013
		EP	2572932	A1	27 Mar 2013
		ES	2182358	Т3	01 Mar 2003
		ES	2251396	Т3	01 May 2006
		ES	2253274	Т3	01 Jun 2006
		ES	2320644	Т3	27 May 2009
		ES	2326744	Т3	19 Oct 2009
		ES	2327612	Т3	02 Nov 2009
		ES	2339243	Т3	18 May 2010
		ES	2343964	Т3	13 Aug 2010
		ES	2344257	Т3	23 Aug 2010
		ES	2345540	Т3	27 Sep 2010
		ES	2361969	Т3	24 Jun 2011
		ES	2371237	Т3	28 Dec 2011
		ES	2380075	Т3	08 May 2012
		ES	2383968	Т3	27 Jun 2012
		ES	2390215	Т3	07 Nov 2012
		НК	1025416	A1	01 Nov 2002
		НК	1054839	A1	05 Oct 2012
		НК	1112153	A1	27 Jul 2012
		JP	2004534355	A	11 Nov 2004
		JP	4173091	B2	29 Oct 2008
		JP	2005509245	A	07 Apr 2005
		JP	4208576	B2	14 Jan 2009
		JP	2003504829	A	04 Feb 2003
		JP	4230145	B2	25 Feb 2009
		JP	2004006253	A	08 Jan 2004
		JP	4230236	B2	25 Feb 2009
		JP	2005524960	A	18 Aug 2005
		JP	4347794	B2	21 Oct 2009

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date		Patent family men	nber(s)	Publication Date
		JР	2005510007	A	14 Apr 2005
		JР	4351040	B2	28 Oct 2009
		JP	2008034385	A	14 Feb 2008
		JР	4451899	B2	14 Apr 2010
		JP	2008078162	A	03 Apr 2008
		JР	4474457	B2	02 Jun 2010
		JР	2005504411	A	10 Feb 2005
		JР	4518793	B2	04 Aug 2010
		JР	2005537613	A	08 Dec 2005
		JP	4625697	B2	02 Feb 2011
		JР	2005517278	A	09 Jun 2005
		JР	4652691	B2	16 Mar 2011
		JР	2004511878	A	15 Apr 2004
		JР	4718008	B2	06 Jul 2011
		JР	2004501497	A	15 Jan 2004
		JР	4773673	B2	14 Sep 2011
		JР	2009200046	A	03 Sep 2009
		JР	5081181	B2	21 Nov 2012
		JР	2012039648	A	23 Feb 2012
		JР	5124795	B2	23 Jan 2013
		JР	2004529455	A	24 Sep 2004
		JР	5160013	B2	13 Mar 2013
		JР	2007529872	A	25 Oct 2007
		JP	5198057	B2	15 May 2013
		JР	2009187951	A	20 Aug 2009
		JP	5198310	B2	15 May 2013
		JР	2001514432	A	11 Sep 2001
		JР	2002519989	A	02 Jul 2002
		JP	2003510856	A	18 Mar 2003
		JР	2003517705	A	27 May 2003
		JP	2003531467	A	21 Oct 2003

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	Patent family men	nber(s)	Publication Date
		JP	2004508162	A	18 Mar 2004
		JP	2004524650	A	12 Aug 2004
		JP	2004534356	A	11 Nov 2004
		JP	2005528733	A	22 Sep 2005
		JP	2007525690	A	06 Sep 2007
		JP	2009070832	A	02 Apr 2009
		JP	2009152213	A	09 Jul 2009
		JP	2011175976	A	08 Sep 2011
		JP	2011181507	A	15 Sep 2011
		JP	2011188738	A	22 Sep 2011
		KR	20060131985	A	20 Dec 2006
		KR	101182674	В1	14 Sep 2012
		KR	20060108757	A	18 Oct 2006
		KR	20080099352	A	12 Nov 2008
		PT	1422975	Е	09 Jul 2010
		PT	1502483	Е	10 Mar 2009
		PT	1887836	Е	10 May 2012
		US	6016038	A	18 Jan 2000
		US	6150774	A	21 Nov 2000
		US	6166496	A	26 Dec 2000
		US	6211626	B1	03 Apr 2001
		US	6292901	В1	18 Sep 2001
		US	6340868	B1	22 Jan 2002
		US	6459919	B1	01 Oct 2002
		US	6528954	В1	04 Mar 2003
		US	6548967	В1	15 Apr 2003
		US	2002047646	A1	25 Apr 2002
		US	6577080	B2	10 Jun 2003
		US	2002047628	Al	25 Apr 2002
		US	6608453	B2	19 Aug 2003
		US	2002101200	Al	01 Aug 2002

Information on patent family members

······································					U13/U3U/18
Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	Patent family men	nber(s)	Publication Date
		US	6624597	B2	23 Sep 2003
		US	2002158583	Al	31 Oct 2002
		US	6717376	B2	06 Apr 2004
		US	2001028227	A1	11 Oct 2001
		US	6720745	B2	13 Apr 2004
		US	6774584	B2	10 Aug 2004
		US	2003057886	Al	27 Mar 2003
		US	6777891	B2	17 Aug 2004
		US	6781329	B2	24 Aug 2004
		US	2002057061	Al	16 May 2002
		US	6788011	B2	07 Sep 2004
		US	2002195975	A1	26 Dec 2002
		US	6801003	B2	05 Oct 2004
		US	6806659	B1	19 Oct 2004
		US	2002171365	Al	21 Nov 2002
		US	6869204	B2	22 Mar 2005
		US	2002047569	A1	25 Apr 2002
		US	6888322	B2	03 May 2005
		US	6897624	B2	24 May 2005
		US	6936978	B2	30 Aug 2005
		US	2003137258	Al	24 Jul 2003
		US	6965205	B2	15 Nov 2005
		US	6967448	B2	22 Nov 2005
		US	2004032226	A1	19 Feb 2004
		US	6969954	B2	29 Nov 2005
		US	6975079	B2	13 Dec 2005
		US	7014336	B1	21 Mar 2006
		US	7031920	B2	18 Apr 2006
		US	7038398	В1	02 May 2006
		US	2004212321	A1	28 Oct 2004
		US	7038399	B2	02 May 2006

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	atent family men	nber(s)	Publication Date
		US	2004113568	A1	17 Jun 2004
		US	7042172	B2	09 May 2006
		US	2002070688	A1	13 Jun 2002
		US	2003214259	A9	20 Nov 2003
		US	7064498	B2	20 Jun 2006
		US	7113541	B1	26 Sep 2006
		US	2005041424	Al	24 Feb 2005
		US	7132785	B2	07 Nov 2006
		US	2004155609	A1	12 Aug 2004
		US	7132804	B2	07 Nov 2006
		US	2005062440	A1	24 Mar 2005
		US	7135824	B2	14 Nov 2006
		US	7139617	В1	21 Nov 2006
		US	2004090191	A1	13 May 2004
		US	7161311	B2	09 Jan 2007
		US	7161313	B2	09 Jan 2007
		US	2002145394	A1	10 Oct 2002
		US	7161556	B2	09 Jan 2007
		US	2004257007	A1	23 Dec 2004
		US	7180252	B2	20 Feb 2007
		US	7186003	B2	06 Mar 2007
		US	7187141	B2	06 Mar 2007
		US	2004160199	Al	19 Aug 2004
		US	7202613	B2	10 Apr 2007
		US	2004090787	A1	13 May 2004
		US	7204622	B2	17 Apr 2007
		US	2003011538	A1	16 Jan 2003
		US	7221104	B2	22 May 2007
		US	2002038157	Al	28 Mar 2002
		US	7228190	B2	05 Jun 2007
		US	2004212320	Al	28 Oct 2004

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	Patent family men	nber(s)	Publication Date
		US	7231060	B2	12 Jun 2007
		US	2005218838	Al	06 Oct 2005
		US	7233115	B2	19 Jun 2007
		US	2003028260	A1	06 Feb 2003
		US	7233831	B2	19 Jun 2007
		US	2003057887	A1	27 Mar 2003
		US	7242152	B2	10 Jul 2007
		US	2005047132	Al	03 Mar 2005
		US	7248239	B2	24 Jul 2007
		US	2004240890	Al	02 Dec 2004
		US	7253566	B2	07 Aug 2007
		US	2005030744	A1	10 Feb 2005
		US	7255457	B2	14 Aug 2007
		US	2005231133	A1	20 Oct 2005
		US	7256554	B2	14 Aug 2007
		US	2004178751	Al	16 Sep 2004
		US	7274160	B2	25 Sep 2007
		US	2004130909	Al	08 Jul 2004
		US	7300192	B2	27 Nov 2007
		US	2005036300	Al	17 Feb 2005
		US	2006262516	A9	23 Nov 2006
		US	7303300	B2	04 Dec 2007
		US	2003100837	Al	29 May 2003
		US	7308296	B2	11 Dec 2007
		US	2003222587	A1	04 Dec 2003
		US	7309965	B2	18 Dec 2007
		US	2005276053	A1	15 Dec 2005
		US	7344279	B2	18 Mar 2008
		US	2006285325	A1	21 Dec 2006
		US	7350936	B2	01 Apr 2008
		US	2006208667	Al	21 Sep 2006

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	P	atent family mer	nber(s)	Publication Date
		US	7352138	В2	01 Apr 2008
		US	2003076281	Al	24 Apr 2003
		US	7352339	B2	01 Apr 2008
		US	2002078221	A1	20 Jun 2002
		US	7353071	B2	01 Apr 2008
		US	2006104058	Al	18 May 2006
		US	7354172	B2	08 Apr 2008
		US	2005253533	Al	17 Nov 2005
		US	7358679	B2	15 Apr 2008
		US	2005219872	Al	06 Oct 2005
		US	7358706	В2	15 Apr 2008
		US	2005116667	A1	02 Jun 2005
		US	7358929	B2	15 Apr 2008
		US	2002152045	Al	17 Oct 2002
		US	7385359	B2	10 Jun 2008
		US	2004105261	Al	03 Jun 2004
		US	2006012987	A9	19 Jan 2006
		US	7387405	B2	17 Jun 2008
		US	2004212993	Al	28 Oct 2004
		US	7427840	B2	23 Sep 2008
		US	2005035728	Al	17 Feb 2005
		US	7449847	B2	11 Nov 2008
		US	2005151489	Al	14 Jul 2005
		US	7453217	B2	18 Nov 2008
		US	2005213352	A1	29 Sep 2005
		US	7459864	В2	02 Dec 2008
		US	2008012506	A1	17 Jan 2008
		US	7462997	B2	09 Dec 2008
		US	2006016960	A1	26 Jan 2006
		US	7482565	B2	27 Jan 2009
		US	2002130627	Al	19 Sep 2002

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	Patent family mer	nber(s)	Publication Date
		US	7482764	B2	27 Jan 2009
		US	2007189026	Al	16 Aug 2007
		US	7495671	B2	24 Feb 2009
		US	2005248299	Al	10 Nov 2005
		US	7502034	B2	10 Mar 2009
		US	2006098077	Al	11 May 2006
		US	7515128	B2	07 Apr 2009
		US	2006109649	Al	25 May 2006
		US	7520634	B2	21 Apr 2009
		US	2005063194	Al	24 Mar 2005
		US	7525254	В2	28 Apr 2009
		US	2007291483	Al	20 Dec 2007
		US	7550931	B2	23 Jun 2009
		US	2007206375	Al	06 Sep 2007
		US	7550935	B2	23 Jun 2009
		US	2005213353	Al	29 Sep 2005
		US	7557521	B2	07 Jul 2009
		US	2007115665	Al	24 May 2007
		US	7572028	B2	11 Aug 2009
		US	2007236156	Al	11 Oct 2007
		US	7598681	B2	06 Oct 2009
		US	2007237284	Al	11 Oct 2007
		US	7598684	B2	06 Oct 2009
		US	2007188427	A1	16 Aug 2007
		US	7598686	B2	06 Oct 2009
		US	2008204268	Al	28 Aug 2008
		US	7642730	B2	05 Jan 2010
		US	2006022214	Al	02 Feb 2006
		US	7646029	B2	12 Jan 2010
		US	2008130267	Al	05 Jun 2008
		US	7652436	B2	26 Jan 2010

Information on patent family members

······································	***************************************	~~~~~		PC1/IL2013/030/18	
Patent document cited search report	Publication date	F	atent family men	nber(s)	Publication Date
		US	2005218870	A1	06 Oct 2005
		US	7659673	B2	09 Feb 2010
		US	2007195526	Al	23 Aug 2007
		US	7659674	B2	09 Feb 2010
		US	2006158881	Al	20 Jul 2006
		US	7710369	B2	04 May 2010
		US	2008012502	Al	17 Jan 2008
		US	7737643	B2	15 Jun 2010
		US	2003057884	A1	27 Mar 2003
		US	7764026	B2	27 Jul 2010
		US	2007086754	Al	19 Apr 2007
		US	7809448	B2	05 Oct 2010
		US	2005047134	Al	03 Mar 2005
		US	7845823	B2	07 Dec 2010
		US	2007115658	Al	24 May 2007
		US	7959320	B2	14 Jun 2011
		US	2010148689	A1	17 Jun 2010
		US	8013281	B2	06 Sep 2011
		US	2010171145	A1	08 Jul 2010
		US	8080819	B2	20 Dec 2011
		US	2007047227	Al	01 Mar 2007
		US	8142051	B2	27 Mar 2012
		US	2002043938	Al	18 Apr 2002
		US	2002048169	A1	25 Apr 2002
		US	2003206411	A9	06 Nov 2003
		US	2002074559	A1	20 Jun 2002
		US	2002101197	A1	01 Aug 2002
		US	2002113555	A1	22 Aug 2002
		US	2002153851	A1	24 Oct 2002
		US	2002163316	A1	07 Nov 2002
		US	2002171377	A1	21 Nov 2002

Information on patent family members

				10171120137030710	
Patent document cited search report	Publication date	P	atent family mer	nber(s)	Publication Date
		US	2002171378	A1	21 Nov 2002
		US	2002176259	Al	28 Nov 2002
		US	2003057890	Al	27 Mar 2003
		US	2003133292	Al	17 Jul 2003
		US	2004052076	Al	18 Mar 2004
		US	2005040774	Al	24 Feb 2005
		US	2005041161	Al	24 Feb 2005
		US	2005044617	Al	03 Mar 2005
		US	2005099824	A1	12 May 2005
		US	2005174473	Al	11 Aug 2005
		US	2005236998	Al	27 Oct 2005
		US	2005275626	A1	15 Dec 2005
		US	2005285547	Al	29 Dec 2005
		US	2006002110	Al	05 Jan 2006
		US	2006050509	A9	09 Mar 2006
		US	2006076908	Al	13 Apr 2006
		US	2006152172	A9	13 Jul 2006
		US	2006221606	Al	05 Oct 2006
		US	2007086912	Al	19 Apr 2007
		US	2007153514	Al	05 Jul 2007
		US	2007258240	Al	08 Nov 2007
		US	2008140231	A1	12 Jun 2008
		US	2008183081	Al	31 Jul 2008
		US	2008215391	Al	04 Sep 2008
		US	2010127634	Al	27 May 2010
		US	2012310703	Al	06 Dec 2012
		WO	0001067	A2	06 Jan 2000
		WO	0001067	A3	16 Mar 2000
		WO	0105195	A1	18 Jan 2001
		WO	0124584	A1	05 Apr 2001
		WO	0136864	A2	25 May 2001

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	Pa	ntent family me	mber(s)	Publication Date
		WO	0136864	A3	22 Nov 2001
		WO	0182657	Al	01 Nov 2001
		WO	0199475	A1	27 Dec 2001
		WO	0210847	A2	07 Feb 2002
		WO	0210847	A3	18 Sep 2003
		WO	0211497	A1	07 Feb 2002
		WO	0212127	A2	14 Feb 2002
		WO	0212127	A3	09 Dec 2004
		WO	0213490	A2	14 Feb 2002
		WO	0213490	A3	31 Oct 2002
		WO	0218913	A2	07 Mar 2002
		WO	0218913	A3	27 Feb 2003
		WO	0225842	A2	28 Mar 2002
		WO	0225842	A3	28 Aug 2003
		WO	0240921	A2	23 May 2002
		WO	0240921	A3	21 Nov 2002
		WO	0240921	A9	06 Feb 2003
		WO	0245467	A2	06 Jun 2002
		WO	0245467	A3	19 Sep 2002
		WO	0245467	A9	31 Jul 2003
		WO	9910867	Al	04 Mar 1999
		WO	9931560	A2	24 Jun 1999
		WO	9931560	A3	02 Sep 1999
		WO	9931560	A8	07 Oct 1999
		WO	02061330	A2	08 Aug 2002
		WO	02061330	A8	13 Feb 2003
		WO	02069306	A2	06 Sep 2002
		WO	02069306	A3	24 Apr 2003
		WO	02091805	A2	14 Nov 2002
		WO	02091805	A3	24 Apr 2003
		WO	02098182	A2	05 Dec 2002

Information on patent family members

				1 C1/112013/030/10	
Patent document cited search report	Publication date	Pa	atent family men	nber(s)	Publication Date
		WO	02098182	A3	08 May 2003
		WO	02098183	Al	05 Dec 2002
		WO	02099780	A2	12 Dec 2002
		WO	02099780	A3	31 Jul 2003
		WO	02101702	A2	19 Dec 2002
		WO	02101702	A3	01 May 2003
		WO	02101702	A9	10 Jul 2003
		WO	03024269	Al	27 Mar 2003
		WO	03026358	A1	27 Mar 2003
		WO	03055273	A2	03 Jul 2003
		WO	03055273	A3	04 Dec 2003
		WO	03067934	A2	14 Aug 2003
		WO	03067934	A3	05 Feb 2004
		WO	03096761	A1	20 Nov 2003
		WO	2004021747	A2	11 Mar 2004
		WO	2004021747	A3	01 Jul 2004
		WO	2004023850	A2	18 Mar 2004
		WO	2004032572	A2	15 Apr 2004
		WO	2004032572	A3	10 Jun 2004
		WO	2004080291	A2	23 Sep 2004
		WO	2004080291	A3	28 Jul 2005
		WO	2004094896	A2	04 Nov 2004
		WO	2004094896	A3	22 Sep 2005
		WO	2005012997	A2	10 Feb 2005
		WO	2005012997	A3	14 Jul 2005
		WO	2005052751	A2	09 Jun 2005
		WO	2005052751	A3	23 Nov 2006
		WO	2005060309	A2	30 Jun 2005
		WO	2005060309	A3	31 Dec 2008
		WO	2005084339	A2	15 Sep 2005
		WO	2005084339	A3	28 Dec 2006

Information on patent family members

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)			Publication Date
		wo	2005089293	A2	29 Sep 2005
		wo	2005089293	A3	14 Dec 2006
		WO	2005089309	A2	29 Sep 2005
		wo	2005089309	A3	22 Dec 2005
		WO	2006023149	A2	02 Mar 2006
		WO	2006023149	A3	30 Apr 2009
		WO	2006031753	A2	23 Mar 2006
		WO	2006031753	A3	19 Apr 2007
		WO	2006069002	A2	29 Jun 2006
		WO	2006069002	A3	26 Oct 2006
		WO	2006069117	A2	29 Jun 2006
		WO	2006069117	A3	12 Apr 2007
		wo	2006071628	A2	06 Jul 2006
		wo	2006071628	A3	03 May 2007