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**Kristiansen**

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(54) **ASTER PLANT NAMED ‘VICTORIA FANNY’**

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **Plt./355**

(75) **Inventor:** **Kell Kristiansen, Årslev (DK)**

(58) **Field of Search** ..... **Plt./355**

(73) **Assignee:** **Asterklubben, Aarslev (DK)**

*Primary Examiner*—Kent L. Bell

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—C. A. Whealy

(\*) **Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A distinct cultivar of Aster plant named ‘Victoria Fanny’, characterized by its upright and outwardly spreading plant habit; dark green foliage; freely flowering habit; and decorative-type inflorescences with light purple-colored ray florets.

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**1 Drawing Sheet**

**1**

**2**

**BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION/CULTIVAR DESIGNATION**

*Aster novi-belgii* cultivar ‘Victoria Fanny’.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of Aster plant, botanically known as *Aster novi-belgii* and hereinafter referred to by the name ‘Victoria Fanny’.

The new Aster is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Årslev, Denmark. The objective of the breeding program is to create new potted Aster cultivars with uniform plant growth habit, desirable floret colors, and good postproduction longevity.

The new Aster originated from a cross made by the Inventor in Årslev, Denmark, of a proprietary Aster selection identified as code number F1, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with the Aster cultivar ‘Thyra Viking’, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 10,361, as the male, or pollen, parent. The new Aster was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross grown in a controlled environment in Årslev, Denmark. The selection of this plant was based on its uniform plant growth habit and desirable inflorescence form and ray floret color.

Asexual reproduction of the new Aster by vegetative tip cuttings was first conducted in Årslev, Denmark during the Summer of 1999. Asexual reproduction by cuttings has shown that the unique features of this new Aster are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The cultivar ‘Victoria Fanny’ has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature, daylength, and/or light level, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of ‘Victoria Fanny’. These characteristics in combination distinguish ‘Victoria Fanny’ as a new and distinct Aster:

1. Upright and outwardly spreading plant habit.
2. Dark green foliage.
3. Freely flowering habit.

4. Decorative-type inflorescences with light purple-colored ray florets.

Plants of the new Aster are more compact than plants of the female parent selection. In addition, plants of the new Aster differ from plants of the female parent selection in ray floret coloration.

Plants of the new Aster have more ray florets per inflorescence and have better postproduction longevity than plants of the male parent, the cultivar ‘Thyra Viking’. In addition, plants of the new Aster differ from plants of the cultivar ‘Thyra Viking’ in ray floret coloration.

Plants of the new Aster can be compared to plants of the cultivar ‘Purple Viking’, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 10,357. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Broby, Denmark, plants of the new Aster differed from plants of the cultivar ‘Purple Viking’ in the following characteristics:

1. Plants of the new Aster were not as compact as plants of the cultivar ‘Purple Viking’.
2. Inflorescences of the new Aster had more ray florets than inflorescences of the cultivar ‘Purple Viking’.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS**

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new Aster showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new Aster.

The photograph at the top of the sheet comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering plant of ‘Victoria Fanny’.

The photograph at the bottom of the sheet comprises a close-up view of typical inflorescences and leaves of ‘Victoria Fanny’.

**DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION**

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used. The aforementioned photographs, following observations and measurements describe plants grown and flowered during the summer in Broby, Denmark, in a glass-covered greenhouse and under conditions which approximate those generally used in commercial potted Aster pro-

duction. During the production of these plants, day and night temperatures averaged 21° C. One cutting was planted in 10-cm containers and pinched once. Plants were about 12 weeks old when the photographs and the botanical description were taken. Measurements and numerical values represent averages of typical flowering plants.

Botanical classification: *Aster novi-belgii* cultivar 'Victoria Fanny'.

Parentage:

*Female, or seed, parent.*—Proprietary *Aster novi-belgii* selection identified as code number F1, not patented.

*Male, or pollen, parent.*—*Aster novi-belgii* cultivar 'Thyra Viking', disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 10,361.

Propagation:

*Type.*—Terminal tip cuttings.

*Time to initiate roots.*—Summer: About 12 days at 21° C. Winter: About 13 days at 21° C.

*Root description.*—White, close to 155D; fine; fibrous.

*Rooting habit.*—Freely branching.

Plant description:

*Appearance.*—Herbaceous decorative-type potted Aster. Stems upright and outwardly spreading. Appropriate for 10 to 15-cm containers.

*Plant height.*—About 22.5 cm.

*Plant width.*—About 25 cm.

*Lateral branches (peduncles).*—Length: About 17.5 cm. Diameter: About 3 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 45° from vertical. Texture: Slightly pubescent. Color: 137C.

*Foliage description.*—Arrangement: Alternate; sessile. Length: About 4.25 cm. Width: About 1.2 cm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Apiculate. Base: Cuneate. Margin: Slightly serrate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Glabrous, smooth; leathery. Color: Young and mature foliage, upper surface: 147A; venation, close to 147A. Young and mature foliage, lower surface: 137C; venation, close to 137C.

Inflorescence description:

*Appearance.*—Decorative-type inflorescence form with narrowly obovate-shaped ray florets. Inflorescences terminal or axillary. Disc and ray florets arranged acropetally on a capitulum. Not fragrant. Inflorescences persistent.

*Flowering response.*—Under natural conditions, plants flower in the summer in Broby, Denmark.

*Postproduction longevity.*—Inflorescences maintain good color and substance for about three weeks on the plant in an interior environment. Quantity of inflorescences: About seven to ten inflorescences develop per lateral branch.

*Inflorescence bud.*—Length: About 5 mm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: Close to 147A.

*Inflorescence size.*—Diameter: About 3.25 cm. Depth (height): About 1.25 cm. Diameter of disc: About 5 mm.

*Ray florets.*—Shape: Narrowly obovate. Orientation: Initially upright, then semi-erect. Aspect: Straight to slightly concave. Length: About 1.4 cm. Width: About 1.5 mm. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Number of ray florets per inflorescence: About 190 arranged in more than six rows. Color: When opening, upper and lower surfaces: 88B to 88C. Fully expanded, upper surface: 88C fading to 88D with development. Fully expanded, lower surface: 88D.

*Disc florets.*—Arrangement: Massed at center of receptacle. Shape: Tubular, elongated. Apex: Acute. Length: About 3.5 mm. Width: Less than 1 mm. Number of disc florets per inflorescence: About 25 to 35. Color: Close to 151B.

*Phyllaries.*—Quantity per inflorescence: About 20 to 25. Length: About 2 mm. Width: Less than 1 mm. Shape: Narrowly obovate. Apex: Acuminate. Base: Truncate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 137B.

*Reproductive organs.*—Androecium: Present on disc florets only. Quantity per disc floret: One. Anther shape: Narrowly obovate. Anther length: About 2 mm. Anther color: 12A. Pollen amount: Moderate. Pollen color: 12A. Gynoecium: Present on both ray and disc florets. Pistil quantity per floret: One. Stigma shape: Bifurcate. Stigma color: 149D.

*Seed.*—Seed production has not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Resistance to pathogens and pests common to Asters has not been observed on plants grown under commercial greenhouse conditions.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of Aster plant named 'Victoria Fanny', as illustrated and described.

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