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DESCRIPTION

[0001] This disclosure relates to the isolation and sequencing of a nucleic acid molecule that includes a gene cluster comprising 10 genes from a noscapine producing *Papaver somniferum* [opium poppy] cultivar; transgenic cells transformed with said nucleic acid molecule, sequence variants of the genes; the use of said genes/proteins in the production of opiate alkaloids; and the use of the genes as a marker of *P. somniferum* plants that synthesize opiate alkaloids, in particular noscapine.

Background to Disclosure

[0002] Noscapine belongs to the phthalideisoquinoline subclass of the structurally diverse isoquinoline alkaloids whereas codeine, morphine, thebaine and oripavine belong to the morphinan subclass. While the biosynthesis of morphinans has been elucidated at the molecular level our knowledge of noscapine biosynthesis has not advanced significantly since the demonstration using isotope labeling in the 1960s, that it is derived from scoulerine. Understanding the biochemical genetics underpinning noscapine biosynthesis should enable improved production of noscapine and related molecules both in poppy and other expression systems.

[0003] *P. somniferum* is the plant from which opium is extracted. The opium poppy is the only commercially exploited poppy of the family *Papaveraceae* and is the principal source of natural opiates. The opium is extracted from latex harvested from the green seed pods. A further source of opiate alkaloids is the poppy straw which is the dried mature plant. *P. somniferum* is a source of clinically useful opiate alkaloids such as morphine, codeine, thebaine, noscapine [also known as narcotine] and papaverine. The clinical application of these opiate alkaloids and their derivatives is broad having use as analgesics, cough suppressants and anti-spasmodics. Although not used as a pharmacological agent in its own right, thebaine is a particularly useful opiate which can be converted into a range of compounds such as hydrocodone, oxycodone, oxymorphone, nalbuphine naltrexone, buprenorphine and etorphine. These intermediates also have broad pharmaceutical applications. For example, oxycodone, oxymorphone and etorphine are widely used as an analgesic for moderate to severe pain and are often combined with other analgesics such as ibuprofen. Buprenorphine is used in the treatment of heroin addiction and chronic pain. Naltrexone is used in the treatment of alcohol and opiate addiction.

[0004] This disclosure relates to transcriptomic analysis of *P. somniferum* noscapine producing cultivars compared to *P. somniferum* cultivars that are non-noscapine producing. The analysis has revealed the exclusive expression of a group of mostly cytochrome P450 and methyltransferase genes in a poppy variety that produces noscapine. These genes are surprisingly absent from the genomes of two non-noscapine producing varieties. Analysis of an F2 mapping population indicated the genes are tightly linked in the noscapine variety and bacterial artificial chromosome sequencing confirmed they exist as a novel gene cluster for the biosynthesis of opiate alkaloids.

Statements of Invention

[0005] According to an aspect of the invention there is provided an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising or consisting of a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

1. i) a nucleotide sequence as represented by the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 8;
2. ii) a nucleotide sequence wherein said sequence is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to the nucleotide sequence defined in (i);
3. iii) a nucleic acid molecule that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 8 which encodes a polypeptide that has carboxyltransferase activity;;
4. iv) a nucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence as represented in SEQ ID NO: 18 or a nucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide a polypeptide that has at least 75% amino acid sequence identity across the full length amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 18 wherein said polypeptide has carboxylesterase activity.

[0006] In a preferred aspect or embodiment of the invention said nucleic acid molecule comprises or consists of a nucleotide sequence as represented SEQ ID NO: 8 wherein said nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide with carboxylesterase activity.

[0007] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said nucleic acid molecule further includes one or more nucleotide sequences selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 or 10.

[0008] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said nucleic acid molecule includes 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 nucleotide sequences selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 or 10.

[0009] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said nucleic acid molecule includes each of the nucleotide sequences as represented in SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

[0010] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided an isolated polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

1. i) a polypeptide comprising or consisting of an amino acid sequence as represented in SEQ ID NO:18; or
2. ii) a modified polypeptide comprising or consisting of a modified amino acid sequence wherein said polypeptide is modified by addition deletion or substitution of at least one amino acid residue of the sequence presented in SEQ ID NO: 18 and which has at least 75% sequence identity to the full length amino acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 18 and has carboxylesterase activity.

[0011] A modified polypeptide as herein disclosed may differ in amino acid sequence by one or more substitutions, additions, deletions, truncations that may be present in any combination. Among preferred variants are those that vary from a reference polypeptide by conservative amino acid substitutions. Such substitutions are those that substitute a given amino acid by another amino acid of like characteristics. The following non-limiting list of amino acids are considered conservative replacements (similar): a) alanine, serine, and threonine; b) glutamic acid and aspartic acid; c) asparagine and glutamine d) arginine and lysine; e) isoleucine, leucine, methionine and valine and f) phenylalanine, tyrosine and tryptophan. Most highly preferred are variants that retain or enhance the same biological function and activity as the reference polypeptide from which it varies.

[0012] In one embodiment, the modified polypeptides have at least at least 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95% identity, and at least 99% identity with most or the full length amino acid sequence illustrated herein.

[0013] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to the invention.

[0014] Preferably the nucleic acid molecule in the vector is under the control of, and operably linked to, an appropriate promoter or other regulatory elements for transcription in a host cell such as a microbial, (e.g. bacterial, yeast), or plant cell. The vector may be a bifunctional expression vector which functions in multiple hosts. In the case of genomic DNA this may contain its own promoter or other regulatory elements and in the case of cDNA this may be under the control of an appropriate promoter or other regulatory elements for expression in the host cell.

[0015] By "promoter" is meant a nucleotide sequence upstream from the transcriptional initiation site and which contains all the regulatory regions required for transcription. Suitable promoters include constitutive, tissue-specific, inducible, developmental or other promoters for expression in plant cells comprised in plants depending on design. Such promoters include viral, fungal, bacterial, animal and plant-derived promoters capable of functioning in plant cells.

[0016] Constitutive promoters include, for example CaMV 35S promoter (Odell et al. (1985) Nature 313, 9810-812); rice actin (McElroy et al. (1990) Plant Cell 2: 163-171); ubiquitin (Christian et al. (1989) Plant Mol. Biol. 18 (675-689); pEMU (Last et al. (1991) Theor Appl. Genet. 81: 581-588); MAS (Velten et al. (1984) EMBO J. 3. 2723-2730); ALS promoter (U.S. Application Serial No. 08/409,297), and the like. Other constitutive promoters include those in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,608,149; 5,608,144; 5,604,121; 5,569,597; 5,466,785; 5,399,680, 5,268,463; and 5,608,142.

[0017] Chemical-regulated promoters can be used to modulate the expression of a gene in a plant through the application of an exogenous chemical regulator. Depending upon the objective, the promoter may be a chemical-inducible promoter, where application of the chemical induced gene expression, or a chemical-repressible promoter, where application of the chemical represses gene expression. Chemical-inducible promoters are known in the art and include, but are not limited to, the maize In2-2 promoter, which is activated by benzenesulfonamide herbicide

safeners, the maize GST promoter, which is activated by hydrophobic electrophilic compounds that are used as pre-emergent herbicides, and the tobacco PR-1a promoter, which is activated by salicylic acid. Other chemical-regulated promoters of interest include steroid-responsive promoters (see, for example, the glucocorticoid-inducible promoter in Schena et al. (1991) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88: 10421-10425 and McNellis et al. (1998) Plant J. 14(2): 247-257) and tetracycline-inducible and tetracycline-repressible promoters (see, for example, Gatz et al. (1991) Mol. Gen. Genet. 227: 229-237, and US Patent Nos. 5,814,618 and 5,789,156).

[0018] Where enhanced expression in particular tissues is desired, tissue-specific promoters can be utilised. Tissue-specific promoters include those described by Yamamoto et al. (1997) Plant J. 12(2): 255-265; Kawamata et al. (1997) Plant Cell Physiol. 38(7): 792-803; Hansen et al. (1997) Mol. Gen. Genet. 254(3): 337-343; Russell et al. (1997) Transgenic Res. 6(2): 157-168; Rinehart et al. (1996) Plant Physiol. 112(3): 1331-1341; Van Camp et al. (1996) Plant Physiol. 112(2): 525-535; Canevascni et al. (1996) Plant Physiol. 112(2): 513-524; Yamamoto et al. (1994) Plant Cell Physiol. 35(5): 773-778; Lam (1994) Results Probl. Cell Differ. 20: 181-196; Orozco et al. (1993) Plant Mol. Biol. 23(6): 1129-1138; Mutsuoka et al. (1993) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90 (20): 9586-9590; and Guevara-Garcia et al (1993) Plant J. 4(3): 495-50.

[0019] "Operably linked" means joined as part of the same nucleic acid molecule, suitably positioned and oriented for transcription to be initiated from the promoter. DNA operably linked to a promoter is "under transcriptional initiation regulation" of the promoter. In a preferred aspect, the promoter is a tissue specific promoter, an inducible promoter or a developmentally regulated promoter.

[0020] Particular of interest in the present context are nucleic acid constructs which operate as plant vectors. Specific procedures and vectors previously used with wide success in plants are described by Guerineau and Mullineaux (1993) (Plant transformation and expression vectors. In: Plant Molecular Biology Labfax (Croy RRD ed) Oxford, BIOS Scientific Publishers, pp 121-148. Suitable vectors may include plant viral-derived vectors (see e.g. EP194809). If desired, selectable genetic markers may be included in the construct, such as those that confer selectable phenotypes such as resistance to herbicides (e.g. kanamycin, hygromycin, phosphinotricin, chlorsulfuron, methotrexate, gentamycin, spectinomycin, imidazolinones and glyphosate).

[0021] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said vector is a bacterial artificial chromosome [BACS].

[0022] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a transgenic cell transformed or transfected with a nucleic acid molecule or vector according to the invention.

[0023] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said cell is a plant cell.

[0024] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said plant cell is from the genus *Papaver*.

[0025] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said plant cell is a *Papaver somniferum* cell.

[0026] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a plant comprising a plant cell according to the invention.

[0027] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said plant is from the genus *Papaver*; preferably *Papaver somniferum*.

[0028] In an alternative preferred embodiment of the invention said cell is a microbial cell; preferably a bacterial or fungal cell [e.g. yeast, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*].

[0029] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said cell is adapted such that the nucleic acid molecule encoding one or more polypeptides according to the invention is over-expressed when compared to a non-transgenic cell of the same species.

[0030] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a nucleic acid molecule comprising a transcription cassette wherein said cassette includes the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8, and is adapted for expression by provision of at least one promoter operably linked to said nucleotide sequence such that both sense and antisense molecules are transcribed from said cassette.

[0031] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said cassette is adapted such that both sense and antisense ribonucleic acid molecules are transcribed from said cassette wherein said sense and antisense nucleic acid molecules are adapted to anneal over at least part or all of their length to form an inhibitory RNA or short hairpin RNA.

[0032] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said cassette is provided with at least two promoters adapted to transcribe both sense and antisense strands of said ribonucleic acid molecule.

[0033] In an alternative preferred embodiment of the invention said cassette comprises a nucleic acid molecule wherein said molecule comprises a first part linked to a second part wherein said first and second parts are complementary over at least part of their sequence and further wherein transcription of said nucleic acid molecule produces a ribonucleic acid molecule which forms a double stranded region by complementary base pairing of said first and second parts thereby forming a short hairpin RNA.

[0034] A technique to specifically ablate gene function is through the introduction of double stranded RNA, also referred to as small inhibitory/interfering RNA (siRNA) or short hairpin RNA [shRNA], into a cell which results in the destruction of mRNA complementary to the sequence included in the siRNA/shRNA molecule. The siRNA molecule comprises two complementary strands of RNA (a sense strand and an antisense strand) annealed to each other to form a double stranded RNA molecule. The siRNA molecule is typically derived from exons of the gene which is to be ablated. The mechanism of RNA interference is being elucidated. Many organisms respond to the presence of double stranded RNA by activating a cascade that leads to the formation of siRNA. The presence of double stranded RNA activates a protein complex comprising RNase III which processes the double stranded RNA into smaller fragments (siRNAs,

approximately 21-29 nucleotides in length) which become part of a ribonucleoprotein complex. The siRNA acts as a guide for the RNase complex to cleave mRNA complementary to the antisense strand of the siRNA thereby resulting in destruction of the mRNA.

[0035] In a preferred embodiment of the invention said nucleic acid molecule is part of a vector adapted for expression in a plant cell.

[0036] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a plant cell transfected with a nucleic acid molecule or vector according to the invention wherein said cell has reduced expression of a polypeptide according to the invention.

[0037] According to an aspect of the invention there is provided a process for the modification of papaveroxine and desmethylpapaveroxine comprising:

- i) providing a transgenic Papaver plant cell according to the invention;
- ii) cultivating said Papaver plant cell to produce a transgenic Papaver plant; and optionally
- i) harvesting said transgenic Papaver plant, or part thereof.

[0038] In a preferred method of the invention said harvested plant material is dried and opiate alkaloid is extracted.

[0039] According to an alternative aspect of the invention there is provided a process for the modification of papaveroxine or desmethylpapaveroxine comprising :

1. i) providing a transgenic microbial cell according to the invention that expresses one or more nucleic acid molecules according to the invention in culture with at least papaveroxine or desmethylpapaveroxine ;
2. ii) cultivating the microbial cell under conditions that modify papaveroxine or desmethylpapaveroxine; and optionally
3. iii) isolating narcotinehemiacetal or narceotolinehemiacetal from the microbial cell or cell culture.

[0040] In a preferred method of the invention said microbial cell is a bacterial cell or fungal/yeast cell.

[0041] If microbial cells are used as organisms in the process according to the invention they are grown or cultured in the manner with which the skilled worker is familiar, depending on the host organism. As a rule, microorganisms are grown in a liquid medium comprising a carbon source, usually in the form of sugars, a nitrogen source, usually in the form of organic nitrogen sources such as yeast extract or salts such as ammonium sulfate, trace elements such as salts of iron, manganese and magnesium and, if appropriate, vitamins, at temperatures of between 0°C and

100°C, preferably between 10°C and 60°C, while gassing in oxygen.

[0042] The pH of the liquid medium can either be kept constant, that is to say regulated during the culturing period, or not. The cultures can be grown batchwise, semi-batchwise or continuously. Nutrients can be provided at the beginning of the fermentation or fed in semi-continuously or continuously. The methylated opiate alkaloids produced can be isolated from the organisms as described above by processes known to the skilled worker, for example by extraction, distillation, crystallization, if appropriate precipitation with salt, and/or chromatography. To this end, the organisms can advantageously be disrupted beforehand. In this process, the pH value is advantageously kept between pH 4 and 12, preferably between pH 6 and 9, especially preferably between pH 7 and 8.

[0043] The culture medium to be used must suitably meet the requirements of the strains in question. Descriptions of culture media for various microorganisms can be found in the textbook "Manual of Methods for General Bacteriology" of the American Society for Bacteriology (Washington D.C., USA, 1981).

[0044] As described above, these media which can be employed in accordance with the invention usually comprise one or more carbon sources, nitrogen sources, inorganic salts, vitamins and/or trace elements.

[0045] Preferred carbon sources are sugars, such as mono-, di- or polysaccharides. Examples of carbon sources are glucose, fructose, mannose, galactose, ribose, sorbose, ribulose, lactose, maltose, sucrose, raffinose, starch or cellulose. Sugars can also be added to the media via complex compounds such as molasses or other by-products from sugar refining. The addition of mixtures of a variety of carbon sources may also be advantageous. Other possible carbon sources are oils and fats such as, for example, soya oil, sunflower oil, peanut oil and/or coconut fat, fatty acids such as, for example, palmitic acid, stearic acid and/or linoleic acid, alcohols and/or polyalcohols such as, for example, glycerol, methanol and/or ethanol, and/or organic acids such as, for example, acetic acid and/or lactic acid.

[0046] Nitrogen sources are usually organic or inorganic nitrogen compounds or materials comprising these compounds. Examples of nitrogen sources comprise ammonia in liquid or gaseous form or ammonium salts such as ammonium sulfate, ammonium chloride, ammonium phosphate, ammonium carbonate or ammonium nitrate, nitrates, urea, amino acids or complex nitrogen sources such as cornsteep liquor, soya meal, soya protein, yeast extract, meat extract and others. The nitrogen sources can be used individually or as a mixture.

[0047] Inorganic salt compounds which may be present in the media comprise the chloride, phosphorus and sulfate salts of calcium, magnesium, sodium, cobalt, molybdenum, potassium, manganese, zinc, copper and iron.

[0048] Inorganic sulfur-containing compounds such as, for example, sulfates, sulfites, dithionites, tetrathionates, thiosulfates, sulfides, or else organic sulfur compounds such as mercaptans and thiols may be used as sources of sulfur for the production of sulfur-containing fine chemicals, in

particular of methionine.

[0049] Phosphoric acid, potassium dihydrogenphosphate or dipotassium hydrogenphosphate or the corresponding sodium-containing salts may be used as sources of phosphorus.

[0050] Chelating agents may be added to the medium in order to keep the metal ions in solution. Particularly suitable chelating agents comprise dihydroxyphenols such as catechol or protocatechuate and organic acids such as citric acid.

[0051] The fermentation media used according to the invention for culturing microorganisms usually also comprise other growth factors such as vitamins or growth promoters, which include, for example, biotin, riboflavin, thiamine, folic acid, nicotinic acid, panthothenate and pyridoxine. Growth factors and salts are frequently derived from complex media components such as yeast extract, molasses, cornsteep liquor and the like. It is moreover possible to add suitable precursors to the culture medium. The exact composition of the media compounds heavily depends on the particular experiment and is decided upon individually for each specific case. Information on the optimization of media can be found in the textbook "Applied Microbiol. Physiology, A Practical Approach" (Editors P.M. Rhodes, P.F. Stanbury, IRL Press (1997) pp. 53-73, ISBN 0 19 963577 3). Growth media can also be obtained from commercial suppliers, for example Standard 1 (Merck) or BHI (brain heart infusion, DIFCO) and the like.

[0052] All media components are sterilized, either by heat (20 min at 1.5 bar and 121°C) or by filter sterilization. The components may be sterilized either together or, if required, separately. All media components may be present at the start of the cultivation or added continuously or batchwise, as desired.

[0053] The culture temperature is normally between 15°C and 45°C, preferably at from 25°C to 40°C, and may be kept constant or may be altered during the experiment. The pH of the medium should be in the range from 5 to 8.5, preferably around 7.0. The pH for cultivation can be controlled during cultivation by adding basic compounds such as sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, ammonia and aqueous ammonia or acidic compounds such as phosphoric acid or sulfuric acid. Foaming can be controlled by employing antifoams such as, for example, fatty acid polyglycol esters. To maintain the stability of plasmids it is possible to add to the medium suitable substances having a selective effect, for example antibiotics. Aerobic conditions are maintained by introducing oxygen or oxygen-containing gas mixtures such as, for example, ambient air into the culture. The temperature of the culture is normally 20°C to 45°C and preferably 25°C to 40°C. The culture is continued until formation of the desired product is at a maximum. This aim is normally achieved within 10 to 160 hours.

[0054] The fermentation broth can then be processed further. The biomass may, according to requirement, be removed completely or partially from the fermentation broth by separation methods such as, for example, centrifugation, filtration, decanting or a combination of these methods or be left completely in said broth. It is advantageous to process the biomass after its separation.

[0055] However, the fermentation broth can also be thickened or concentrated without separating the cells, using known methods such as, for example, with the aid of a rotary evaporator, thin-film evaporator, falling-film evaporator, by reverse osmosis or by nanofiltration. Finally, this concentrated fermentation broth can be processed to obtain the opiate alkaloids present therein.

[0056] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided the use of a gene encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as represented by the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 8, or a nucleic acid molecule that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 8 and encodes a polypeptide with carboxylesterase activity as a means to identify a locus wherein said locus is associated with altered expression or activity of said carboxylesterase activity.

[0057] Mutagenesis as a means to induce phenotypic changes in organisms is well known in the art and includes but is not limited to the use of mutagenic agents such as chemical mutagens [e.g. base analogues, deaminating agents, DNA intercalating agents, alkylating agents, transposons, bromine, sodium azide] and physical mutagens [e.g. ionizing radiation, psoralen exposure combined with UV irradiation].

[0058] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a *P. somniferum* plant that has altered expression of a carboxylesterase polypeptide obtainable by a process comprising the steps of:

1. i) mutagenesis of wild-type seed from a *P. somniferum* plant that does express said polypeptide;
2. ii) cultivation of the seed in i) to produce first and subsequent generations of plants;
3. iii) obtaining seed from the first generation plant and subsequent generations of plants;
4. iv) determining if the seed from said first and subsequent generations of plants has altered nucleotide sequence and/or altered expression of said carboxylesterase polypeptide;
5. v) obtaining the seed or plants with an altered nucleotide sequence encoding an altered carboxylesterase polypeptide wherein the enzyme activity in the modification of papaveroxine or desmethylnpapaveroxine is altered when compared to a wild-type *P. somniferum*.

[0059] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a method for the analysis of a plant

1. i) obtaining a sample a mutated plant and analysing the nucleic acid sequence of a nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of:
 1. a) a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence as represented in 8;
 2. b) a nucleic acid molecule that has at least 80% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 8 encodes a polypeptide with carboxylesterase activity;
2. ii) comparing the nucleotide sequence of the nucleic acid molecule in said sample to a nucleotide sequence of a nucleic acid molecule of the original wild-type plant; and optionally wherein the nucleic acid molecule is analysed by a method comprising the steps of:
3. iii) extracting nucleic acid from said mutated plants;

4. iv) amplification of a part of said nucleic acid molecule by a polymerase chain reaction;
5. v) forming a preparation comprising the amplified nucleic acid and nucleic acid extracted from wild-type seed to form heteroduplex nucleic acid;
6. vi) incubating said preparation with a single stranded nuclease that cuts at a region of heteroduplex nucleic acid to identify the mismatch in said heteroduplex; and
7. vii) determining the site of the mismatch in said nucleic acid heteroduplex; and
8. viii) obtaining a plant with a mutation in the nucleic acid encoding said carboxylesterase polypeptide.

[0060] According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a viral vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to the invention.

[0061] Virus induced gene silencing [VIGS] is known in the art and exploits a RNA mediated antiviral defence mechanism. Plants that are infected with an unmodified virus induces a mechanism that specifically targets the viral genome. However, viral vectors which are engineered to include nucleic acid molecules derived from host plant genes also induce specific inhibition of viral vector expression and additionally target host mRNA. This allows gene specific gene silencing without genetic modification of the plant genome and is essentially a non-transgenic modification.

[0062] Throughout the description and claims of this specification, the words "comprise" and "contain" and variations of the words, for example "comprising" and "comprises", means "including but not limited to", and is not intended to (and does not) exclude other moieties, additives, components, integers or steps. "Consisting essentially" means having the essential integers but including integers which do not materially affect the function of the essential integers.

[0063] Throughout the description and claims of this specification, the singular encompasses the plural unless the context otherwise requires. In particular, where the indefinite article is used, the specification is to be understood as contemplating plurality as well as singularity, unless the context requires otherwise.

[0064] Features, integers, characteristics, compounds, chemical moieties or groups described in conjunction with a particular aspect, embodiment or example of the invention are to be understood to be applicable to any other aspect, embodiment or example described herein unless incompatible therewith.

[0065] An embodiment of the invention will now be described by example only and with reference to the following figures:

Figure 1: Identification of genes exclusively present in the genome of a noscapine producing poppy variety, HN1 (High Noscapine 1). (A) Relative abundance of the major alkaloids extracted from the capsules of three commercial varieties of poppy, HM1 (High Morphine 1), HT1 (High Thebaine 1) and HN1. M = morphine, C = codeine, T = thebaine, O = oripavine and N = Noscapine. (B) EST libraries from stem and capsule were generated by pyrosequencing and unique contiguous sequences assembled as described in material and methods . Ten genes

(*PSMT1*, *PSMT2*, *PSMT3*, *CYP82X1*, *CYP82X2*, *CYP82Y1*, *CYP719A21*, *PSAT1*, *PSSDR1* and *PSCXE1*) as defined in the text, were represented only in EST libraries from the HN1 variety. EST abundance of five other functionally characterized *P. somniferum* genes (*BBE*, *TNMT*, *SalR*, *SalAT* and *T6DM*) show them to be expressed in all three varieties and at consistently higher levels in stem compared to capsule as is also the case for the HN1 specific genes as shown in colour code (Fig 1). PCR on genomic DNA from all three varieties revealed that the ten HN1 specific genes are absent from the genomes of the HM1 and HT1 varieties (Fig 5);

Figure 2: Segregation analysis of noscapine content in an F2 mapping population demonstrates requirement for the noscapine gene cluster. **(A)** Box plot depiction of noscapine levels as percentage dry weight (DW) in glasshouse grown parental lines HN1 and HM1 and the F1 generation. **(B)** The field grown F2 generation segregated into three classes of zero, low and high noscapine. F2 GC- and F2 GC+ indicate the absence and presence respectively of the noscapine gene cluster. Numbers in brackets indicate number of individuals in each class;

Figure 3: The HN1 gene cluster. The structure and position of the ten HN1 specific genes expressed in stems and capsule tissues is shown above the central black line which represents 401 Kb of genomic sequence. Exons are represented by filled grey boxes and introns by fine black lines. Arrows indicate the 5' to 3' orientation of each gene. Additional open reading frames depicted below the central black line are as defined by the key. None of these ORFs are represented in the stem and capsule EST libraries;

Figure 4: Functional characterisation using virus induced gene silencing of 6 genes from the HN1 gene cluster. Results from both leaf latex and capsules are consistent with each of these genes encoding enzymes involved in noscapine biosynthesis (A-F). All compounds that accumulate, apart from scoulerine, have been putatively identified on the basis of mass spectra as detailed in Fig. 6. The mass-to-charge (m/z) value (M) followed by retention time (T) in seconds is shown for each compound on the horizontal axis. (G) Proposed pathway for noscapine biosynthesis based on VIGS data. Solid arrows depict steps supported by VIGS data, dotted arrows depict additional proposed steps. For the secoberberine intermediates, R1 = H or OH, R2 = H or OH and R3 = CH₂OH or CHO or COOH (Fig. 6). The noscapine structure is numbered according to the IUPAC convention;

Figure 5: The ten genes exclusively expressed in the HN1 variety occur in the genome of HN1 but are absent from that of varieties HT1 and HM1. **(A)** Amplification of fragments from the ten genes exclusively expressed in HN1 using two different primer pairs. **(B)** Amplification of fragments of genes from the protoberberine and morphinan branch pathways that are expressed in all three varieties. Primers used are detailed in Table 3; HyperLadder I (Biolone Reagents, London, UK) was used as molecular size standard;

Figure 6. Evidence for putative identities of intermediates from VIGS experiments. All panels show the mass spectra of the pseudomolecular parent ion at the chromatographic peak apex in black and corresponding MS2 fragmentation spectra in red, scaled to relative abundance. MS2 spectra were generated by targeting the parent ion with a isolation width of 3 m/z and using collisional isolation dissociation energy set to 35%. All mass spectra were obtained at a resolution setting of 7500. Text printed above selected diagnostic ions indicate the exact monoisotopic mass of the ion, the calculated formula within limits C=1:100, O=0:200, N=0:3 and H=1:200, and the number/total number of formulae returned within a 5ppm error window. Fragments were reconciled against theoretical fragments generated by submitting candidate parent structures to Mass Frontier software (version 5.01.2; HighChem, Bratislava, Slovakia). Candidate parent

structures were derived from PubChem searches and the comprehensive review of *Papaver* spp. alkaloids (Sariyar (2002) Pure Appl. Chem. 74, 557-574). (A) Tetrahydrocolumbamine; this compound was characterized from a peak eluting at 174s from VIGS-silenced CYP719A21. Eight out of ten observed MS2 fragments were calculated as feasible by Mass Frontier; only the two most abundant diagnostic fragments are shown. (B) Secoberbine intermediate 1 (C₂₁H₂₅NO₆); this compound was characterized from a peak eluting at 147s from VIGS-silenced CYP82X2. If R₁=OH, R₂=H, and R₃=CH₂OH, then this compound is narcotolinol which is consistent with both annotated fragments. Another candidate formula fit would be demethoxylated narcotindiol (R₁=H, R₂=OH, R₃=CH₂OH); however this structure would not form the observed fragment at 206.0816. (C) Secoberbine intermediate 2 (C₂₁H₂₃NO₆); this compound was characterized from a peak eluting at 103s from VIGS-silenced CYP82X2. If R₁=OH, R₂=H, and R₃=CHO, then this compound would be a desmethylated derivative of macrantaldehyde. (D) Papaveroxine; this compound was characterized from a peak eluting at 214s from VIGS-silenced PSCXE1. The 398.1600 fragment observed is consistent with deacetylation. (E) Narcotinehemiacetal; this compound was characterized from a peak eluting at 121s from VIGS-silenced PSSDR1. (F) Narcotoline (4'-desmethylnoscapine); this compound was characterized from a peak eluting at 208s from VIGS-silenced PSMT2. Other isobaric possibilities were 6- or 7-desmethylnoscapine. However, the 206.0816 fragment observed is consistent with a hydroxylated 4' position. Alternative structures could be discounted by comparing the candidate fragmentation spectra with that from synthetic 7-desmethylnoscapine, which eluted at a different retention time and lacked the characteristic 206.0816 fragment;

Table 1 Illustrates the % identity of CYP82Y1, PSCXE1, PSDFR1 and PSAT1 (SEQ ID 17-20) with their respective closest functionally characterised homologues. Accession numbers given are from GenBank, Swiss-Prot or PDB databases;

Table 2. Genotyping of F3 families derived from two F2 phenotypic classes: low noscapine and high noscapine. The observed versus expected segregation ratios strongly support the hypothesis that individuals in the low noscapine F2 class are heterozygous for the HN1 gene cluster and individuals in the high noscapine class are homozygous;

Table 3. Primer sequences and associated information.

Table 1

Protein	% Identity	Accession number	Annotation
CYP82Y1	54		CYP82X1 from <i>Papaver somniferum</i>
	48		CYP82X2 from <i>Papaver somniferum</i>
	39	ABM46919.1	CYP82E3, nicotine demethylase from <i>Nicotiana tomentosiformis</i>
PSCXE1	45	207R_A	AeCXE1, Carboxyl esterase from <i>Actinidia eriantha</i>
PSSDR1	46	AAB41550.1	Vestitone reductase from <i>Medicago sativa</i>
	45	ABQ97018.1	Dihydroflavonol 4-reductase from <i>Saussurea medusa</i>
PSAT1	66	Q94FT4.1	Salutaridinol 7-O-acetyltransferase from <i>Papaver somniferum</i>

Table 2

Noscapine class and genotyping result of F2 individual	F3 seed family (obtained through self-pollination of F2 individual)	Number of F3 individuals genotyped	Observed segregation of gene cluster in F3 progeny		Expected segregation in F3 if F2 low noscapine class is heterozygous and the high noscapine class is homozygous		Chi-Square	
			GC+	GC-	GC+	GC-	squared	p-value
low noscapine/GC+	S-111809	28	18	10	21	7	1.714	0.190
low noscapine/GC+	S-111835	26	18	8	19.5	6.5	0.462	0.497
high noscapine/GC-	S-111714	28	28		28			
high noscapine/GC-	S-111854	54	54		54			

Primer sequences (5' to 3')	Reverse	Notes	Application
	AACACAAAATACGATTACTTACTTTTGTCC GCATGAAATGGATGTAGTATCTTGG ATTCCTGTTCAAGTAAACATGCCG CAGTAAATCCACACATTCGGTATCTTCCC GAGGTAAGCCCTCAATAACAGACTGG TCGTTCCATTCGTGAAGATGC TGCAATTTGAAATTTAGCTCATCTCC ATTCATGATTGGACCTTTTGTAAATCC ACGATTCGTGATCATCATTTTTCGG CCCAAGATTTTCATATCCCTTTACAA GCTCCGTAAGTCTCTCTGTG CCCTTCACATCTACCATCCCTT CGAGTGGCCATGSCAGTGG CACTCCATCAGACACACAAGACC AAATGGGAGTTCCACCGC CACTGCTGACTTCCATATCAAAGC AGCTGAAATTTGTCGATCAAATAGTGG ACTGGCATGATGCCAACATTAGC GATACACTGGGAGGAGGATGGG CGGCAAAAATCATTCCTTGAGC CATTCCGTCGCTAAATTCATCTGC GCTTCACACTTCTCTTGAAAAG CATTATAATTCCTCAATGCCGTAGTTC CATTGCTGTTGTTGCTGGTAAAG CATGCTCATTGCTTGTGTCC	primer pair 1 primer pair 2 primer pair 1 primer pair 2 primer pair 1 primer pair 2 primer pair 1 primer pair 2 primer pair 1 primer pair 2 primer pair 1 primer pair 2 primer pair 1 primer pair 2 primer pair 1 primer pair 2 sequencing primer sequencing primer sequencing primer sequencing primer sequencing primer	Primers for the amplification of fragments from genomic DNA of HM1, H11 and H11 as shown in Figure 5 Primers used as sequencing primers to obtain genomic DNA sequence from H11
ATGG			
C			
CC			
C			
TCC			

Table 3

	Gene	Forward
TGCCTCATGTTATTTCTGTGGC GCATGAATGGATGAGTATCTTGG AAATCGTTCGCTCTTTACCGC	PSMT1	GATTCGGATTTACTCTGATG TGCCTCATGTTATTTCTGTGGC ATTGATGTCGGTGGTGCACG GCAACTGTTTCAATTAACAGGCACATC GCTTACAGCATTTGGTTAACAGGTGCG AGACCGTTGTACCGAATCTGTG GAACCATTAACACTTGATCATGCG TTGATGAACGACAAAGAACCG ATGTGAAAACGGTAAGCAAGTGG CAACTCAATCTAGCTAGAGTCC CAATAATTGAGTAAATTCAGTTCAATC GAAATTGGTAAAAAAATTAGATGCAG CAAAGAGTCAATCTGACTCAAGCTAGI TCAAACCGCTGCTACTAADACTTACTTG TTTTATCGACCTTGAGGAACAAATTAGC GACTTCATGATGAAATCAGATGCGAC ATGCTGTTGATGCTTTAAACTGGG AATAAAAATCCAAATGGCAGATCC GGAAGATGTAGCCACCCTTAAAGC GAGAGTAACCACATCTTTTGTGTGGG
CACACCAACTTGCATGTC ATTGTTGATTTGAATCAGAAATTTT TCAATACCAGTACTGTTAGTTTCCG GCAAATGTTTCAATTAACAGGCACATCC ATTGATGTCGGTGGTGCACG GCACACTGCTTTTTTCTTCCACC ACCGAATGGAATGCATAAAGTAAAGG CCAAATACCCTCAATTAACACTC CAGTAAATTACACATTCCTGATCTTCCG ATTGTAAGCCAAAGTTCGAGGTAGGG AGACCGTTTTGTACCGAAATCTGCG GCAGTGAAGCCATA TCCAAAGC AACCGTCCCAAGATGATTCG TCGTTCCATTGTTGAAGAAATGC GAGGTAAGCCTCAATAACAGACTGG GAACCATTAACACTTTGAGTCAATGC TTGATGAACGACAAAGAACCG TCGACAGCGTTACGAAACG CAATTATCAAAGAAATCAATGC TGCAATTTGAAATTTAGGCTCATCT ATTCATGTTGTGACCTTTTGTAAATCC GACAGAGGCCCAAGTTAAGG AGCAAACCATTCGTTCAATCC TAGCACAGTTGCTAGCTTGG AATAATGGATCAGTACAGGCTTCC AATCCATCAGATTTTCAACCAGAGGG TGTACGCAACCATTCGTCATCCTAAC GGCTTCGGGAGATGACCCAGATTTTAT TTGTTATTTTCATGACTATTACCACAGCTTCTCTTTA AGTGGAGGAGGCACAAAAGTTAGGATGGAC CCATGCTGATAAATACGGGTCGGTGTTC TTGTTGATAAGGACGACTAAGAAATAAGCAGAAGATA ACGATTCGTCAATCATTTTTCCG AGTGGTGTATCGTTTCCGTTAAATGC CATGCTATCTATTTCTCCCTTGGCCCTC	PSMT1 PSMT1 PSMT2 PSMT2 PSMT3 PSMT3 CYP82X1 CYP82X1 CYP82X2 CYP82X2 CYP82Y1 CYP82Y1 CYP719A21 CYP719A21 PSAT1 PSAT1 PSCXE1 PSCXE1 PSSDR1 PSSDR1 BBE 7NMT SaiR SaiR T6ODM PSMT1 PSMT1 PSMT1 PSMT1 PSMT1	

CYP719A21	VIC@-TGA AATGCC TGAGATC AACTAAAATCG	GGAATGGTTAAACCCACTTTGATCATCTC	30 cycles, 30 s extension at 72°	
PSXE1	VIC@-ATGCCAGTTTAAAGAGCAATAGAAATGG	GGGAAC TGGCGTTGGCG	30 cycles, 30 s extension at 72°	
PSDDR1	VIC@-GAAGATGTGAGCCACCTTAAAGC	GCTCAAGGAATGAATTTTGGCG	30 cycles, 30 s extension at 72°	
CYP82X2	GTTACCCAGGAAAGCTTTTCC	GCAACATAAGATTTAACTCCGCCCTC	Primer pair for PCR amplification of t screening probe	
PSM71	aaadcgagaagcdTTGGTCAATAATCATCAATCAG	aaaggTaccCATGTGTACTACTACATGATCTCC		
PSM72	aaadcgagaagcdTTGGTCAATAATCAATCAG	aaaggTaccAC TTGAAATATATCAACCGC		
CYP82X1	aaaggTaccTTTGGAGTAA TGGTGA AAGC	aaaggTaccAACATCTACTCTCGAGGATTG		
CYP82X2	aaadcgagaagcdTTAGGAGGGTATGTCCGGC	aaaggTaccTTAACTCCGGCTCGGCTCC		
CYP82Y1	aaaggTaccTTCCAGTTTCATTCATGGCG	aaaggTaccGTTTCATAGTAAATAAATAACAGGGG		
CYP719A21	aaadcgagaagcdHATGATCATGAGTAACTTATGGA	aaaggTaccCCAACAGGCCCATTCGGTTG		
PSXE1	aaaggTaccTGCGAGATCCTTATGAAATCC	aaaggTaccTTATGATAGGAAGCAGCTTATTC		
PSDDR1	aaaggTaccGAAATTCACGAGACAAATATGG	aaaggTaccCATTCAAAACCGAAATATGTGTC		
PSA71	aaaggTaccCCTAAGAGAGATCCCTCCAACTG	aaaggTaccAATACAAAGTATGAAAACAAGAGAAATAA		
PSFDS	GAGGTGTTCAITGGCATGTCAA	GTTTCGCAAGGCTCCTGTCATAGT		

Materials and Methods

[0066] Plant Material Three GSK Australia poppy varieties that predominantly accumulate either noscapine (High Noscapine, HN1), morphine (High Morphine, HM1) or thebaine (High Thebaine HT1), were grown in Maxi (Fleet) Rootainers™ (Haxnicks, Mere, UK) under glass in 16 hour days at the University of York horticulture facilities. The growth substrate consisted of 4 parts John Innes No. 2, 1 part Perlite and 2 parts Vermiculite. The HM1×HN1 F2 mapping population was grown at the GlaxoSmithKline Australia field-trial site, Latrobe, Tasmania from September 2009 to February 2010.

[0067] Crossing and selfing Crosses were carried out between HN1 and HM1 individuals to generate F1 hybrid seed. At the hook stage of inflorescence development, immature stamens were removed from selected HN1 flower buds. HN1 stigmas were fertilized with pollen from synchronously developing HM1 flowers shortly after onset of anthesis. To prevent contaminating pollen from reaching the receptive stigmas, emasculated flowers were covered with a muslin bag for four days after pollination. Both the F1 and F2 generations were self-pollinated to produce F2 and F3 seed, respectively. Self-pollination was ensured by covering the flowers shortly before onset of anthesis with a muslin bag.

[0068] RNA isolation and cDNA synthesis Upper stems (defined as the 2 cm section immediately underneath the capsule) and whole capsules were harvested at two developmental stages represented by 1-3 days and 4-6 days, after petal fall. Five plants were used per developmental stage and cultivar. The material was ground to a fine powder in liquid nitrogen using a mortar and pestle. RNA was isolated from the powder using a CTAB-based extraction method (Chang et al (1993) *Plant Mol. Biol. Rep.* 11, 113-116) with small modifications: (i) three sequential extractions with chloroform:isoamylalcohol (24:1) were performed and (ii) the RNA was precipitated overnight with lithium chloride at 4°C. After spectrophotometric quantification, equal amounts of RNA were pooled from five plants per cultivar, development stage and organ. The pooled samples underwent a final purification step using an RNeasy Plus MicroKit (Qiagen, Crawley, UK). RNA was typically eluted in 30-100 µl water. cDNA was prepared with the SMART cDNA Library Construction Kit (Clontech, Saint-Germainen-Laye, France) according to the manufacturer's instructions but using SuperScript II Reverse Transcriptase (Invitrogen, Paisley, UK) for first strand synthesis. The CDSIII/3'PCR primer was modified to: 5' ATT CTA GAT CCR ACA TGT TTT TTT TTT TTT TTT TVN 3' where R = A or G, V = A, C or G; N = A/T or C/G. Following digestion with MmeI (New England Biolabs, Hitchin, UK) the cDNA was finally purified using a QIAquick PCR Purification kit (Qiagen, Crawley, UK).

[0069] cDNA Pyrosequencing: Pyrosequencing was performed on the Roche 454 GS-FLX sequencing platform (Branford, CT) using cDNA prepared from the following four samples of each of the three varieties:

1. i. upper stem, 1-3 days after petal fall
2. ii. upper stem, 4 -6 days after petal fall
3. iii. capsule, 1-3 days after petal fall
4. iv. capsule, 4 -6 days after petal fall

[0070] Raw sequence analysis, contiguous sequence assembly and annotation The raw sequence datasets were derived from parallel tagged sequencing on the 454 sequencing platform (Meyer et al (2008) *Nature Prot.* 3, 267-78). Primer and tag sequences were first removed from all individual sequence reads. Contiguous sequence assembly was only performed on sequences longer than 40 nucleotides and containing less than 3% unknown (N) residues. Those high quality Expressed Sequence Tag (EST) sequences were assembled into unique contiguous sequences with the CAP3 Sequence Assembly Program (Huang and Madan (1999) *Genome Res.* 9, 868-877), and the resulting contigs were annotated locally using the BLAST2 program (Altschul et al.

(1997) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25, 3389-3402) against the non-redundant peptide database downloaded from the NCBI.

[0071] Expression profiling: The number of ESTs associated with a specific consensus sequence representing each of the candidate genes detailed in Figure 1 was counted for each EST library. EST numbers were normalised on the basis of total number of ESTs obtained per library. For each variety, EST counts were combined for the two developmental stages from both stems and capsules. Differences in candidate gene expression levels between organs and varieties were visualised as a heat map using Microsoft Excel.

Preparation of genomic DNA from glasshouse grown plants

[0072] In order to amplify and obtain genomic sequences of the candidate genes 30-50 mgs of leaf material was collected from 4-6 week old glasshouse-grown seedlings from each of the three varieties. Genomic DNA was extracted using the BioSprint 96 Plant kit on the BioSprint 96 Workstation (Qiagen, Crawley, UK) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Extracted DNA was quantified using Hoescht 33258 and normalized to 10 ng/ul.

Amplification and sequencing of candidate genes from genomic DNA

[0073] Primers for amplification and Sanger-sequencing of the candidate genes from genomic DNA were based on the respective contiguous sequences assembled from the ESTs or on BAC sequences. The primer sequences are shown in Table 3. PCR amplifications were performed on pools of genomic DNA comprising DNA from four individuals. Amplification was typically carried out on 10 ng genomic DNA in 1× Phusion High Fidelity Buffer supplemented with 200 nM forward and reverse primers, 0.2 mM dNTPs, 0.02 units/μl Phusion Hot Start DNA Polymerase (Finnzymes, Vantaa, Finland). Standard PCR conditions were used throughout with annealing temperatures and times dependent on primers and PCR equipment.

DNA extraction from the field-grown F2 mapping population

[0074] 40-50 mg of leaf tissue was harvested from F2 plants at the 'small rosette' growth stage (~10 leaves present on each plant) into 1.2 ml sample tubes. A 3 mm tungsten carbide bead was added to each tube and samples were kept at -80°C for a minimum of two hours prior to freeze-drying for 18 hours. Following freeze drying, samples were powdered by bead-milling (Model TissueLyser, Qiagen, Hilden, Germany) at 30 Hz for two 60 s cycles separated by plate inversion. DNA extraction was performed with the Nucleospin Plant II kit (Macherey-Nagel, Düren, Germany) using the supplied Buffer Set PL2/3 following the manufacturer's protocol for centrifugal extraction. DNA was quantified by UV- spectroscopy.

Genotyping of the HN1×HM1 F2 mapping population for the presence or absence of the HN1-specific candidate genes

[0075] Plants of the F2 mapping population were genotyped for the presence or absence of eight candidate genes. The gene primer pairs (Table 3) were designed with fluorescent tags (5'-VIC[®]-labeled) for use on the ABI 3730xl capillary apparatus (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA). PCR amplifications were typically carried out on 10 ng genomic DNA in 1x GoTaq buffer supplemented with 1 mM MgCl₂, 500 nM forward and reverse primer, 0.125 mM dNTPs, 0.1 U GoTaq (Promega, Southampton, UK). The amplification conditions were: 1 min 94°C, 30-36 cycles of 30 s denaturation at 94°C, 30 s annealing at 62°C and 20-50 s extension at 72°C, followed by a final extension for 5 min at 72°C. Cycle number and extension times depended on the candidate gene (Table 3). Amplification products were diluted 1:20 in H₂O and fractionated on an ABI 3730xl capillary sequencer (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA). Data were scored using GeneMarker[™] software (Softgenetics, State College, PA).

Poppy straw analysis from field grown F2 plants

[0076] Poppy capsules were harvested by hand from the mapping population once capsules had dried to approximately 10% moisture on the plant. After manually separating the seed from the capsule, the capsule straw samples (Poppy Straw) were then ground in a ball mill (Model MM04, Retsch, Haan, Germany) into a fine powder. Samples of ground poppy straw were then weighed accurately to 2 ± 0.003 g and extracted in 50 ml of a 10% acetic acid solution. The extraction suspension was shaken on an orbital shaker at 200 rpm for a minimum of 10 min, then filtered to provide a clear filtrate. The final filtrate was passed through a 0.22 µm filter prior to analysis. The loss on drying (LOD) of the straw was determined by drying in an oven at 105°C for 3 hours.

[0077] All solutions were analysed using a Waters Acquity UPLC system (Waters Ltd., Elstree, UK). fitted with a Waters Acquity BEH C18 column, 2.1 mm × 100 mm with 1.7 micron packing. The mobile phase used a gradient profile with eluent A consisting of 10 mM ammonium bicarbonate of pH 10.2 and eluent B methanol. The mobile phase gradient conditions used are as listed in the table below with a linear gradient. The flow rate was 0.5 ml per minute and the column maintained at 60°C. The injection volume was 2 µl and eluted peaks were ionised in positive APCI mode and detected within 5 ppm mass accuracy using a Thermo LTQ-Orbitrap. The runs were controlled by Thermo Xcalibur software (Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., Hemel Hempstead, UK).

- Gradient Flow Program:

[0078]

TIME (minutes)	% Eluent A	% Eluent B	Flow (ml/min)
0.0	98.	2.0	0.50
0.2	98.0	2.0	0.50

TIME (minutes)	% Eluent A	% Eluent B	Flow (ml/min)
0.5	60.0	40	0.50
4.0	20.0	80.0	0.50
4.5	20.0	80.0	0.50

[0079] Mass spectra were collected over the 150-900 m/z range at a resolution setting of 7500. All data analysis was carried out in the R programming language in a 64-bit Linux environment (R 2.11). Peak-picking was performed using the Bioconductor package, XCMS (Smith et al (2006) Anal. Chem. 78, 779-787), employing the centWave algorithm (Tautenhahn et al (2008) BMC Bioinformatics 9, 504). Redundancy in peak lists was reduced using the CAMERA package (Kuhl et al (2012) Anal. Chem. 84, 283-289). Alkaloids were identified by comparing exact mass and retention time values to those of standards and quantified by their pseudomolecular ion areas using custom R scripts.

Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (BAC) library construction

[0080] The HN1 BAC library was constructed from high molecular weight (HMW) genomic DNA processed at Amplicon Express, Inc. (Pullman, WA) from four week old seedlings using the method described (Tao et al (2002) Theor. Appl. Genet. 105, 1058-1066). The HMW DNA was partially digested with the restriction enzyme HindIII and size selected prior to ligation of fragments into the pCC1BAC vector (Epicentre Biotechnologies, Madison, WI) and transformation of DH10B *E. coli* cells, which were then plated on Luria-Bertani (LB) agar with chloramphenicol, X-gal and IPTG at appropriate concentrations. Clones were robotically picked with a Genetix QPIX (Molecular Devices, Sunnyvale, CA) into 240 384-well plates containing LB freezing media. Plates were incubated for 16 hours, replicated and then frozen at -80°C. The replicated copy was used as a source plate for nylon filters that were made and used for screening using the PCR DIG Probe Synthesis Kit (Roche Applied Science, Indianapolis, IN). To estimate insert sizes, DNA aliquots of 10 BAC minipreps were digested with 5U of NotI enzyme for 3 hours at 37°C. The digestion products were separated by pulsed-field gel electrophoresis (CHEF-DRIII system, Bio-Rad, Hercules, CA) in a 1% agarose gel in TBE. Insert sizes were compared to those of the Lambda Ladder MidRange I PFG Marker (New England Biolabs, Ipswich, MA). Electrophoresis was carried out for 18 hours at 14°C with an initial switch time of 5 s, a final switch time of 15 s, in a voltage gradient of 6 V/cm. The average BAC clone size for the library was found to be 150 Kb.

Filter construction and screening

[0081] Filter design and screening was carried out at Amplicon Express, Inc. (Pullman, WA). Bioassay dishes containing LB agar plate media and 12.5 µg/mL chloramphenicol were prepared. Positively charged nylon Amersham Hybond-N⁺ membrane (GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences, Piscataway, NJ) was applied to the media surface and the GeneMachines G3 (Genomics

Solutions, Bath, UK) was used to robotically grid 18,432 clones in duplicate on filters. The filters were incubated at 37°C for 12 to 14 hours. The filters were processed using the nylon filter lysis method (Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual* (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 2001, ed. 3, vol.1, chap. 1) with slight modifications. Following processing, the DNA was linked to the hybridization membrane filters according to the Hybond N+ manual by baking at 80°C for 2 hours. To screen the library a 643 bp digoxigenin (DIG)-labeled probe representing position 2161-2803 in the genomic sequence of *CYP82X2* (SEQ ID NO 6) was generated from 1.5 ng gDNA by PCR reaction using the primers shown in Table 3 and the PCR DIG synthesis kit (Roche Applied Science, Indianapolis, IN) according to the manufacturer's instructions. A non-labeled probe was amplified, diluted and spotted to each filter in the following dilutions of 2 ng, 1 ng, 0.1 ng and 0.0 ng as a positive control. The controls were baked at 80°C for 30 min. Following a 30 min prehybridizing wash in DIG EasyHyb solution at 45°C approximately 0.5 µl of denatured DIG labeled PCR product was added per ml of hybridization solution with the nylon filters and incubated with gentle shaking overnight at 45°C. The nylon filters were washed twice in a 2x standard sodium citrate (SSC), 0.1% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) buffer at room temperature for 5 min each, and twice with a 0.5x SSC, 0.1% SDS buffer at 65°C for 15 minutes each. The hybridized probe was detected using NBT/BCIP stock solution according to the manufacturer's instructions (Roche Applied Science, Indianapolis, IN) and was found to hybridize to six BAC clones.

[0082] BAC sequencing and automated sequence assembly: The six positive BAC clones from the BAC library were sequenced at Amplicon Express, Inc. (Pullman, WA) by Focused Genome Sequencing (FGS) with an average depth of 100x coverage. FGS is a Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) method developed at Amplicon Express that allows very high quality assembly of BAC clone sequence data using the Illumina HiSeq platform (Illumina, Inc, San Diego, CA). The proprietary FGS process makes NGS tagged libraries of BAC clones and generates a consensus sequence of the BAC clones with all reads assembled at 80 bp overlap and 98% identity. The gapped contiguous sequences were ordered and orientated manually based on mate pair sequences from four libraries of insert size 5000, 2000, 500 and 170 bp. Overlapping BAC clones, PS_BAC193L09, PS_BAC179L19, PS_BAC150A23 and PS_BAC164F07, which together encoded all 10 genes from the HN1 cluster, were selected for further sequence assembly. Where possible, gaps and ambiguous regions on both BAC clones were covered by primer walking with traditional Sanger sequencing to validate the assembly. Combination of the four overlapping BAC sequences gave a single continuous consensus sequence assembly of 401 Kb. The sequences of the 10 genes from the HN1 cluster were determined independently by Sanger sequencing and the 100% agreement of the Sanger determined gene sequences with the assembly from FGS provided quality assurance for the whole assembly.

[0083] Annotation of the assembled sequence: The sequences of the four BAC clones were annotated with an automated gene prediction program FGENESH (Salamov and Solovyev (2002) *Genome Res.* 10, 516-522). The gene structure including exon-intron arrangement for the 10 genes in the HN1 cluster was validated by comparison with cDNA sequence for each gene. cDNA sequence was not available for any of the remaining ORFs detailed in Fig. 3 since they are not represented in any of the EST libraries. The predicted function of all ORFs was evaluated by BLAST analysis (Altschul et al (1997) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25, 3389-3402) and those ORFs with

significant hits (e-value less than $1e^{-8}$) were included in Fig.3.

Generation of plasmid constructs for Virus Induced Gene Silencing (VIGS)

[0084] The tobacco rattle virus (TRV) based gene silencing system (Liu et al (2002) Plant J. 30, 415-422) was used to investigate the gene function of *PSMT1*, *PSMT2*, *CYP719A21*, *CYP82X2*, *PSSDR1* and *PSCXE1*. DNA fragments selected for silencing were amplified by PCR and cloned into the silencing vector pTRV2 (GenBank accession no: AF406991). They were linked to a 129 bp-long fragment (SEQ ID NO: 30) of the *P. somniferum* *PHYTOENE DESATURASE* gene (*PSPDS*) in order to simultaneously silence the respective candidate genes and *PSPDS*. Plants displaying the photo-bleaching phenotype resulting from *PSPDS* silencing (Hileman et al (2005) Plant J. 44, 334-341) were identified as plants successfully infected with the respective silencing constructs and selected for further analysis.

[0085] Generation of the pTRV2:PDS construct: A 622 bp fragment of *PSPDS* was amplified from cDNA prepared from HN1 using primers shown in Table 3. Sau3AI digestion of the 622 bp PCR product yielded among others a fragment of 129 bp (SEQ ID NO: 30) which was cloned into the BamHI site of the pTRV2 vector. The orientation and fidelity was confirmed by sequencing and the resulting pTRV2:PDS vector was used in the generation of the VIGS construct for each candidate gene. The pTRV2:PDS construct also served as the control in the VIGS experiments.

[0086] DNA fragments selected for silencing the respective candidate genes were amplified from either HN1 genomic or cDNA. Primers used for amplification as well as the positions of the selected sequences within the respective open reading frames are shown in Table 3. The *PSMT1*, *CYP719A21* and *CYP82X2* fragments were first cloned into pTV00 (Ratcliff et al (2001) Plant J., 237-245) using HindIII and KpnI and then subcloned into pTRV2:PDS using BamHI and KpnI. *PSMT2*, *PSCXE1* and *PSSDR1* fragments were cloned directly into pTRV2:PDS using BamHI and KpnI. The orientation and fidelity of all constructs was confirmed by sequencing.

[0087] Transformation of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* with VIGS constructs: VIGS constructs were propagated in *E. coli* strain DH5 α and transformed into electrocompetent *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* (strain GV3101) by electroporation.

[0088] Infiltration of plants: Separate overnight liquid cultures of *A. tumefaciens* containing individual VIGS constructs (each consisting of a selected DNA fragment from the target gene linked to the 129 bp-long fragment from the *P. somniferum* *PHYTOENE DESATURASE* gene) were used to inoculate LB medium containing 10 mM MES, 20 μ M acetosyringone and 50 μ g/ml kanamycin. Cultures were maintained at 28°C for 24 hours, harvested by centrifugation at 3000xg for 20 min, and resuspended in infiltration solution (10 mM MES, 200 μ M acetosyringone, 10 mM MgCl₂) to an OD₆₀₀ of 2.5. *A. tumefaciens* harbouring the individual VIGS constructs including the control, pTRV2:PDS, were each mixed 1:1 (v/v) with *A. tumefaciens* containing pTRV1 (GenBank accession no: AF406990), and incubated for two hours at 22°C prior to infiltration. Two week old seedlings of HN1 grown under standard greenhouse conditions (22°C, 16h photoperiod), with emerging first leaves, were infiltrated as described (Hagel and Facchini (2010) Nat. Chem. Biol. 6,

273-275).

[0089] Latex and capsule analysis of silenced plants: Leaf latex of infiltrated plants displaying photo-bleaching as a visual marker for successful infection and silencing was analyzed when the first flower buds emerged (~7 week old plants). Latex was collected from cut petioles, with a single drop dispersed into 500 μ l of 10% acetic acid. This was diluted 10x in 1% acetic acid to give an alkaloid solution in 2% acetic acid for further analysis. Capsules were harvested from the same plants used for latex analysis and single capsules were ground to a fine powder in a ball mill (Model MM04, Retsch, Haan, Germany). Samples of ground poppy straw were then weighed accurately to 10 ± 0.1 mg and extracted in 0.5 ml of a 10% acetic acid solution with gentle shaking for 1h at room temperature. Samples were then clarified by centrifugation and a 50 μ l subsample diluted 10x in 1% acetic acid to give an alkaloid solution in 2% acetic acid for further analysis. All solutions were analyzed as described for the poppy straw analysis from field grown F2 plants. Likewise, all data analysis was carried out using the R programming language. Putative alkaloid peaks were quantified by their pseudomolecular ion areas using custom scripts. Peak lists were compiled and any peak-wise significant differences between samples were identified using 1-way ANOVA with p-values adjusted using the Bonferroni correction for the number of unique peaks in the data set. For any peak-wise comparisons with adjusted p-values < 0.05, Tukey's HSD test was used to identify peaks that were significantly different between any given sample and the control. Alkaloids were identified by comparing exact mass and retention time values to those of standards. Where standards were not available, the Bioconductor rcdk package (Smith et al (2006) Anal. Chem. 78, 779-787) was used to generate pseudomolecular formulae from exact masses within elemental constraints C = 1 100, H = 1 200, O = 0 200, N = 0 3 and mass accuracy < 5ppm. The hit with the lowest ppm error within these constraints was used to assign a putative formula.

Example 1

Transcriptomic analysis reveals the exclusive expression of 10 genes encoding five distinct enzyme classes in a high noscapine producing poppy variety, HN1. These genes are absent from the genome of two noscapine non-producing varieties.

[0090] Capsule extract from three opium poppy varieties developed in Tasmania for alkaloid production designated as High Morphine 1 (HM1), High Thebaine 1 (HT1) and High Noscapine 1 (HN1) on the basis of the most abundant alkaloid in each case (Fig. 1A) underwent metabolite profiling. Noscapine was found to be unique to HN1 relative to HM1 and HT1. Roche 454 pyrosequencing was performed on cDNA libraries derived from stem and capsule tissue from all three varieties. Analysis of Expressed Sequence Tag (EST) abundance led to the discovery of a number of previously uncharacterized genes that are expressed in the HN1 variety but are completely absent from the HM1 and HT1 EST libraries (Fig. 1B). The corresponding genes were putatively identified as three O-methyltransferases (*PSMT1*, *PSMT2*, *PSMT3*), four cytochrome P450s (*CYP82X1*, *CYP82X2*, *CYP82X3* and *CYP719A21*), an acetyltransferase (*PSAT1*), a carboxylesterase (*PSCXE1*) and a short-chain dehydrogenase/reductase (*PSSDR1*). In contrast a

number of other functionally characterized genes associated with benzyloquinoline alkaloid synthesis, including *Berberine Bridge Enzyme (BBE)*, *Tetrahydroprotoberberine cis-N-MethylTransferase (TNMT)*, *Salutaridine Reductase (SalR)*, *Salutaridinol 7-O-AcetylTransferase (SalAT)* and *Thebaine 6-O-demethylase (T6ODM)* were expressed in all three varieties (Fig. 1B). PCR analysis on genomic DNA from all three varieties revealed that the genes exclusively expressed in the HN1 variety are present as expected in the genome of HN1 but absent from the genomes of the HM1 and HT1 varieties (Fig.1B and Fig. 5).

Example 2

Analysis of an F2 mapping population shows the genes are tightly linked in HN1 and their presence is associated with the production of noscapine.

[0091] An F2 mapping population of 271 individuals was generated using HN1 and HM1 as parents. Genotyping of the field grown F2 population revealed that the HN1 specific genes are tightly linked and associated with the presence of noscapine suggesting they occur as a gene cluster involved in noscapine biosynthesis (Fig. 2B). Analysis of noscapine levels in field grown F2 capsules revealed that individuals containing this putative gene cluster fall into two classes. The first class containing 150 individuals, have relatively low levels of noscapine and the second class containing 63 individuals exhibit the high noscapine trait of the parental HN1 variety (Fig. 2B). The 58 F2 individuals that lack the putative gene cluster contain undetectable levels of noscapine (Fig. 2B). F3 family analysis confirmed that F2 individuals exhibiting the high noscapine trait were homozygous for the gene cluster while those exhibiting the low noscapine trait were heterozygous (Table 2). Noscapine levels in both the F1 population (Fig. 2A) and the heterozygous F2 class are much lower than the intermediate levels expected for a semi-dominant trait, suggesting involvement of some form of repression. The step change to high noscapine in homozygous F2 class suggests this trait is linked to the gene cluster locus rather than spread quantitatively among other loci.

Example 3

Bacterial artificial chromosome sequencing confirms that the 10 genes exist as a complex gene cluster

[0092] To further characterize the putative noscapine gene cluster, a Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (BAC) library was prepared from genomic DNA isolated from HN1 and six overlapping BACs containing genes from the cluster were identified. Next generation and Sanger sequencing was used to generate a high quality assembly of 401 Kb confirming the arrangement of the 10 genes in a cluster spanning 221 Kb (Fig 3). Only one other homologous gene, a carboxylesterase (*PSCXE2*), was found in the genomic sequence flanking the gene

cluster (Fig 3) but *PSCXE2* was not represented in any of our EST libraries. Interspersed among the ten genes are both retrotransposon and DNA transposable element (TE) sequences (Fig 3), which may have some function in gene rearrangement for cluster formation as thought to be the case for the thalianol and marneral clusters from *A. thaliana* (Field et al (2011) PNAS 108, 16116-16121).

Example 4

Virus induced gene silencing results in accumulation of pathway intermediates allowing gene function to be linked to noscapine synthesis and a novel bifurcated biosynthetic pathway to be proposed

[0093] In order to functionally characterize the genes in the HN1 cluster Virus Induced Gene Silencing (VIGS) was performed on poppy seedlings. VIGS in poppy seedlings persists through to mature plant stages (Hileman et al (2005) Plant J. 44, 334-341), and therefore both leaf latex and capsule extracts were routinely assayed (Fig. 4). Silencing *PSMT1* resulted in accumulation of scoulerine in capsules and also low levels of reticuline in latex, indicating that this gene product is responsible for the first committed step in the pathway to noscapine synthesis (Fig 4A). The predicted product of *PSMT1* is tetrahydrocolumbamine (Fig. 6), which accumulated in seedlings and capsules that were silenced for *CYP719A21* (Fig 4B). *CYP719A21* shows high homology to cytochrome P450 oxidases that act as methylenedioxy bridge-forming enzymes (Diaz Chávez et al (2011) Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 507, 186193; Ikezawa et al (2009) Plant Cell Rep. 28, 123-133). Therefore *CYP719A21* may encode a canadine synthase (Fig. 6). Silencing of a second cytochrome P450 gene, *CYP82X2*, resulted in accumulation of several secoberbine intermediates some of which may represent side products to the main synthetic pathway (Fig. 4C, Fig. 6). Silencing of the carboxylesterase gene *PSCXE1* resulted in accumulation of up to 20% total alkaloid content of putative papaveroxine (Fig. 6) implying acetylation of a secoberbine intermediate as depicted in Fig. 4G. The *PSAT1* gene from the HN1 cluster is an obvious candidate for this reaction. Silencing of *PSSDR1* resulted in accumulation of what was putatively identified as narcotinehemiacetal (Fig. 6), an immediate precursor of noscapine (Fig 4G). These data support a biosynthetic route to noscapine that involves early O-methylation of a secoberbine intermediate at the position equivalent to the C4' hydroxyl group of noscapine (Fig. 4G). However, silencing *PSMT2*, resulted in accumulation of up to 20% narcotoline, indicating that O-methylation at the C4' hydroxyl group can also occur as a final step in noscapine production (Fig. 4F). These results imply bifurcation of the main pathway at the secoberbine intermediate stage with *PSMT2* being responsible for both the O-methylation of a secoberbine intermediate and narcotoline. Silencing *PSMT2* results in accumulation of high levels of narcotoline as flux is directed down the desmethyl branch of the pathway (Fig. 4F).

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<210> 6

<211> 2918

<212> DNA

<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 6

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<210> 7

<211> 1915

<212> DNA

<213> Papaver somniferum

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<210> 8

<211> 1133

<212> DNA

<213> Papaver somniferum

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<210> 9

<211> 2488

<212> DNA

<213> Papaver somniferum

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<211> 1572

<212> DNA

<213> Papaver somniferum

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<210> 11

<211> 390

<212> PRT

<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 11

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 20 25 30

Val Cys Tyr Leu Ser Glu Thr Ala Asn Leu Gly Lys Leu Ile Cys Ile
 35 40 45

Pro Met Ala Leu Arg Ala Ala Met Glu Leu Asn Val Phe Gln Leu Ile
 50 55 60

Ser Lys Phe Gly Thr Asp Ala Lys Val Ser Ala Ser Glu Ile Ala Ser
 65 70 75 80

Lys Met Pro Asn Ala Lys Asn Asn Pro Glu Ala Ala Met Tyr Leu Asp
 85 90 95

Arg Ile Leu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ala Ser Ser Ile Leu Ser Val Ser Thr
 100 105 110

Thr Lys Lys Ser Ile Asn Arg Gly Gly Asp Asp Val Val Val His Glu
 115 120 125

Lys Leu Tyr Gly Leu Thr Asn Ser Ser Cys Cys Leu Val Pro Arg Gln
 130 135 140

Glu Asp Gly Val Ser Leu Val Glu Glu Leu Leu Phe Thr Ser Asp Lys
 145 150 155 160

Val Val Val Asp Ser Phe Phe Lys Leu Lys Cys Val Val Glu Glu Lys
 165 170 175

Asp Ser Val Pro Phe Glu Val Ala His Gly Ala Lys Ile Phe Glu Tyr
 180 185 190

Ala Ala Thr Glu Pro Arg Met Asn Gln Val Phe Asn Asp Gly Met Ala
 195 200 205

Val Phe Ser Ile Val Val Phe Glu Ala Val Phe Arg Val Tyr Asp Gly
 210 215 220

Phe Leu Asp Met Lys Glu Leu Leu Asp Val Gly Gly Gly Ile Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240

Ser Val Ser Lys Ile Val Ala Lys Tyr Pro Leu Ile Arg Gly Val Asn
 245 250 255

Phe Asp Leu Pro His Val Ile Ser Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Pro Gly Val
 260 265 270

Glu His Val Ala Gly Asp Met Phe Glu Glu Val Pro Lys Gly Gln Asn
 275 280 285

Met Leu Leu Lys Trp Val Leu His Asp Trp Gly Asp Glu Arg Cys Val
 290 295 300

Lys Leu Leu Lys Asn Cys Trp Asn Ser Leu Pro Val Gly Gly Lys Val
 305 310 315 320

Leu Ile Ile Glu Phe Val Leu Pro Asn Glu Leu Gly Asn Asn Ala Glu
 325 330 335

Ser Phe Asn Ala Leu Ile Pro Asp Leu Leu Leu Met Ala Leu Asn Pro
 340 345 350

Gly Gly Lys Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Glu Tyr Asp Asp Leu Gly Lys Ala
 355 360 365

Ala Gly Phe Ile Lys Thr Ile Pro Ile Pro Ile Ser Asn Gly Leu His
 370 375 380

Val Ile Glu Phe His Lys
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<210> 12

<211> 356

<212> PRT

<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 12

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Cys Ala Ile Gln Leu Gly Ile Phe Asp Ala Ile His Asn Ser Gly Lys
 35 40 45

Pro Met Ile Thr Leu Thr Glu Leu Ser Ser Ile Val Ser Ser Pro Ser
 50 55 60

Ser Ser Ser Ile Glu Pro Cys Asn Leu Tyr Arg Leu Val Arg Tyr Leu
 65 70 75 80

Ser Gln Met Asp Leu Ile Ser Ile Gly Glu Cys Leu Asn Glu Ala Thr
 85 90 95

Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Thr Ser Lys Leu Leu Leu Arg Asn Gln Glu Lys
 100 105 110

Ser Leu Ile Asp Trp Val Leu Ala Ile Ser Cys Glu Met Met Val Val
 115 120 125

Val Trp His Glu Leu Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Thr Pro Ala Asp Glu Pro
 130 135 140

Pro Ile Phe Gln Lys Val His Gly Lys Asn Ala Leu Glu Leu Ala Glu

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Thr Ser Val Thr Lys Pro Ala Leu Ile Gln Gly Cys Gly Lys Ile Leu
      180          185          190
Asn Gly Val Thr Ser Leu Ile Asp Val Gly Gly Gly His Gly Ala Thr
      195          200          205
Met Ala Tyr Ile Val Glu Ala Phe Pro His Ile Lys Gly Ala Val Ile
      210          215          220
Asp Leu Pro His Val Val Glu Ala Ala Pro Glu Arg Pro Gly Val Glu
      225          230          235
Phe Ile Ser Gly Asp Ile Phe Lys Ser Ile Ser Asn Ala Asp Ala Val
      245          250          255
Leu Leu Lys Tyr Val Leu His Asn Trp Glu Asp Thr Glu Cys Val Asn
      260          265          270
Leu Leu Lys Arg Cys Lys Glu Ala Val Pro Ala Asp Lys Gly Lys Val
      275          280          285
Ile Ile Met Asp Leu Val Ile Asp Asp Asp Asp Asn Ser Ile Leu Thr
      290          295          300
Gln Ala Lys Leu Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Val Met Asn His Gly Gly Gly
      305          310          315
Arg Glu Arg Thr Lys Glu Asp Trp Arg Asn Leu Ile Glu Met Ser Gly
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Val Ala Tyr Pro
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<210> 13
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Gln Leu Glu Ile Ala Glu Thr Leu His Asn Asn Val Lys Pro Met Ser
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Leu Ser Glu Leu Ala Ser Lys Leu Pro Ala Gln Pro Val Asn Glu Asp

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<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 14

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 Ile Ile Leu Val Thr Thr Val Ser Ile Val Leu Leu Tyr Ser Val Phe
 20 25 30
 Phe Trp Val Thr Asp Lys Lys Lys Lys Arg Lys Lys Ala Pro Asn Ala
 35 40 45
 Ala Gly Ala Trp Pro Leu Ile Gly His Leu Arg Leu Leu Met Asn Asp
 50 55 60
 Lys Glu Pro Leu Tyr Arg Ala Leu Gly Ser Met Ala Asp Lys Tyr Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Ala Phe Asn Ile Arg Leu Gly Asn Gln Glu Val Leu Val Val Ser
 85 90 95
 Asn Trp Glu Met Val Lys Gln Cys Phe Gly Asn Gln Asn Asp Lys Leu
 100 105 110
 Phe Ser Asn Arg Gln Thr Thr Leu Ala Ala Lys Tyr Met Leu Asn Gln
 115 120 125
 Thr Thr Ser Ser Gly Phe Ala Pro Tyr Gly Pro Tyr Trp Arg Glu Leu
 130 135 140
 Arg Lys Ile Met Val Gln Gln Leu Leu Ser Lys Gln Ser Leu Glu Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Trp Lys His Leu Lys Ile Lys Glu Met Asp Ala Ser Phe Ser Lys Leu
 165 170 175
 Asn Glu Leu Cys Asn Asn Asn Gly Thr Gly Thr Ala Thr Leu Ile Arg
 180 185 190
 Met Asp Glu Trp Phe Ala Glu Leu Thr Phe Asn Val Ile Ala Arg Asn
 195 200 205
 Val Phe Gly Tyr Gln Ser Gly Gly Arg Ser Thr Ala Leu Thr Asn Gly
 210 215 220
 Asp Thr Glu Ser Lys Gly Glu Arg Tyr Lys Lys Thr Leu Glu Glu Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Leu His Leu Met Ser Ile Phe Ala Val Ser Asp Ile Phe Pro Ser Leu
 245 250 255
 Glu Trp Val Asp Arg Leu Arg Gly Leu Ile Arg Asn Met Lys Arg Phe
 260 265 270
 Gly Asp Glu Leu Asn Ser Ile Ala Gly Cys Leu Ile Glu Glu His Arg
 275 280 285

Gln Lys Arg Leu Gln Ser Val Ser Lys Ser Asp Lys Gly Val Gly Asp
 290 295 300

Glu Gln Asp Phe Val Asp Val Leu Leu Ser Val Ala Glu Lys Ser Gln
 305 310 315 320

Leu Pro Gly Asp Asp Pro Asp Leu Val Ile Lys Ser Met Ile Leu Glu
 325 330 335

Ile Val Ser Gly Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Trp Ala
 340 345 350

Leu Cys Leu Leu Leu Asn His Pro His Val Leu Lys Lys Ala Lys Glu
 355 360 365

Glu Leu Asp Thr His Val Gly Lys Asp Arg His Val Glu Glu Ser Asp
 370 375 380

Thr Pro Lys Leu Val Tyr Ile Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Glu Ser Met Arg
 385 390 395 400

Leu Tyr Pro Asn Gly Ala Met Leu Asp Arg Leu Ala Leu Glu Glu Cys
 405 410 415

Glu Val Gly Gly Phe His Val Pro Ala Gly Gly Arg Leu Phe Val Asn
 420 425 430

Val Trp Lys Ile Gln Arg Asp Pro Ser Val Trp Glu Asn Pro Leu Glu
 435 440 445

Phe Lys Pro Glu Arg Trp Phe Leu Ser Asn Gly Glu Lys Met Asp Val
 450 455 460

Asp Tyr Lys Gly His Asn His Glu Phe Ile Pro Phe Gly Ile Gly Arg
 465 470 475 480

Arg Met Cys Ala Gly Met Leu Trp Ala Ser Glu Val Ile His Leu Val
 485 490 495

Leu Pro Arg Leu Ile His Gly Phe Asp Met Lys Ala Ala Ser Ala Asn
 500 505 510

Gly Lys Val Asp Met Ala Glu Met Ala Gly Met Val Ile Cys Phe Lys
 515 520 525

Lys Thr Pro Leu Glu Val Met Val Asn Pro Arg Glu
 530 535 540

<210> 15

<211> 486

<212> PRT

<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 15

Met Ile Met Ser Asn Leu Trp Ile Leu Thr Leu Ile Ser Thr Ile Leu
 1 5 10 15

Ala Val Phe Ala Ala Val Leu Ile Ile Phe Arg Arg Arg Ile Ser Ala
 20 25 30

Ser Thr Thr Glu Trp Pro Val Gly Pro Lys Thr Leu Pro Ile Ile Gly
 35 40 45

Asn Leu His Ile Leu Gly Gly Thr Ala Leu His Val Val Leu His Lys
 50 55 60

Leu Ala Glu Val Tyr Gly Ser Val Met Thr Ile Trp Ile Gly Ser Trp
 65 70 75 80

Lys Pro Val Ile Ile Val Ser Asp Phe Asp Arg Ala Trp Glu Val Leu
 85 90 95

Val Asn Lys Ser Ser Asp Tyr Ser Ala Arg Glu Met Pro Glu Ile Thr
 100 105 110

Lys Ile Gly Thr Ala Asn Trp Arg Thr Ile Ser Ser Ser Asp Ser Gly
 115 120 125

Pro Phe Trp Ala Thr Leu Arg Lys Gly Leu Gln Ser Val Ala Leu Ser
 130 135 140

Pro Gln His Leu Ala Ser Gln Thr Ala His Gln Glu Arg Asp Ile Ile
 145 150 155 160

Lys Leu Ile Lys Asn Leu Lys Asp Glu Ala Ala Ser Gly Met Val Lys
 165 170 175

Pro Leu Asp His Leu Lys Lys Ala Thr Val Arg Leu Ile Ser Arg Leu
 180 185 190

Ile Tyr Gly Gln Asp Phe Asp Asp Asp Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Met His
 195 200 205

Asp Val Ile Glu Phe Leu Ile Arg Ile Ser Gly Tyr Ala Gln Leu Ala
 210 215 220

Glu Val Phe Tyr Tyr Ala Lys Tyr Leu Pro Gly His Lys Arg Ala Val
 225 230 235 240

Thr Gly Ala Glu Glu Ala Lys Arg Arg Val Ile Ala Leu Val Arg Pro
 245 250 255

Phe Leu Gln Ser Asn Pro Ala Thr Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Phe Leu Lys
 260 265 270

Ser Gln Leu Tyr Pro Glu Glu Val Ile Ile Phe Ala Ile Phe Glu Ala
 275 280 285

Tyr Leu Leu Gly Val Asp Ser Thr Ser Ser Thr Thr Ala Trp Ala Leu
 290 295 300

Ala Phe Leu Ile Arg Glu Pro Ser Val Gln Glu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Glu

Leu Gly Tyr Ile Asp Ala Ile Ile Lys Glu Thr Met Arg Leu Tyr Pro
 405 410 415

Val Gly Ala Leu Ser Glu Arg Tyr Thr Thr Glu Glu Cys Glu Val Gly
 420 425 430

Arg Phe Asn Val Pro Ala Gly Thr Arg Leu Leu Val Asn Ile Trp Lys
 435 440 445

Ile His Arg Asp Pro Ser Val Trp Glu Asn Pro Ser Asp Phe Gln Pro
 450 455 460

Glu Arg Phe Leu Cys Ser Asp Lys Val Gly Val Asp Leu Tyr Gly Gln
 465 470 475 480

Asn Tyr Glu Leu Ile Pro Phe Gly Ala Gly Arg Arg Val Cys Pro Ala
 485 490 495

Ile Val Ser Ser Leu Gln Thr Met His Tyr Ala Leu Ala Arg Leu Ile
 500 505 510

Gln Gly Tyr Glu Met Lys Ser Ala Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys Val Asn Met
 515 520 525

Glu Glu Met Ile Ala Met Ser Cys His Lys Met Ser Pro Leu Glu Val
 530 535 540

Ile Ile Ser Pro Arg Glu Pro Arg Arg Ser
 545 550

<210> 17

<211> 556

<212> PRT

<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 17

Met Ala Tyr Leu Met Ile Lys Lys Ser Ile Tyr Leu Phe Phe Asp Gln
 1 5 10 15

Pro Thr Ala Val Gly Thr Leu Ile Leu Ala Phe Leu Leu Thr Leu Ser
 20 25 30

Pro Val Ile Ile Tyr Tyr Glu Gln Lys Lys Arg Gly Leu Arg Arg Asn
 35 40 45

Arg Thr Ala Ile Thr Thr Thr Pro Leu Pro Glu Ala Ser Gly Ala Trp
 50 55 60

Pro Val Ile Gly His Leu Leu Leu Phe Met Asn Glu Asn Asp Leu Asn
 65 70 75 80

His Val Thr Leu Gly His Met Ala Asp Lys Tyr Gly Pro Ile Phe Ser
 85 90 95

Leu Arg Phe Gly Arg His Arg Thr Leu Val Val Ser Ser Trp Glu Met
 100 105 110

Val Lys Glu Cys Phe Thr Gly Thr Asn Asp Lys Leu Phe Ser Asn Arg
 115 120 125

Pro Ser Ser Leu Ala Val Lys Leu Met Phe Tyr Asp Thr Glu Ser Tyr
 130 135 140

Gly Phe Ala Pro Tyr Gly Lys Tyr Trp Arg Glu Leu Arg Lys Ile Ser
 145 150 155 160

Thr His Lys Leu Leu Ser Asn Gln Gln Leu Glu Lys Phe Lys His Leu
 165 170 175

Arg Ile Ser Glu Val Asp Asn Ser Phe Lys Lys Leu His Glu Leu Cys
 180 185 190

Ser Asn Asn Lys Gln Gly Gly Asp Thr Thr Tyr Val Ala Ser Leu Val
 195 200 205

Arg Met Asp Asp Trp Phe Ala Tyr Leu Thr Phe Asn Val Ile Gly Arg
 210 215 220

Ile Val Ser Gly Phe Gln Ser Asn Ala Val Ala Gly Ala Thr Asn Ser
 225 230 235 240

Gln Glu Lys Tyr Lys Leu Ala Ile Asp Glu Val Ser Asn Leu Met Ala
 245 250 255

Thr Phe Ala Val Ser Asp Val Val Pro Arg Leu Gly Trp Ile Asp Arg
 260 265 270

Leu Thr Gly Leu Thr Gly Lys Met Lys Asn Cys Gly Lys Lys Leu Asp
 275 280 285

Ala Val Val Gly Asp Ala Val Glu Asp His Arg Gln Lys Lys Leu Lys
 290 295 300

Ile Ser Arg Asn Asn Thr Gly Ala Leu Thr Glu His Glu Glu Glu Asp
 305 310 315 320

Phe Ile Asp Val Cys Leu Ser Ile Met Glu Gln Ser Gln Ile Pro Gly
 325 330 335

Asn His Pro Glu Ile Ser Val Lys Ser Ile Ala Leu Asp Met Leu Ser
 340 345 350

Gly Gly Ser Asp Thr Thr Lys Leu Ile Met Thr Trp Thr Leu Ser Leu
 355 360 365

Leu Leu Asn His Pro Asp Ile Leu Asp Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Val Asp
 370 375 380

Thr Tyr Phe Gly Lys Lys Lys Ile Ser Asp Asn Thr Pro Val Val Asp
 385 390 395 400

Ala Ala Asp Val Pro Asn Leu Val Tyr Ile Gln Ala Ile Ile Lys Glu
 405 410 415

Ser Met Arg Leu Tyr Pro Ala Ser Thr Leu Met Glu Arg Met Thr Ser
 420 425 430

Asp Asp Cys Asp Val Gly Gly Phe His Val Pro Ala Gly Thr Arg Leu
435 440 445

Trp Val Asn Val Trp Lys Met Gln Arg Asp Pro Arg Val Trp Lys Asp
450 455 460

Pro Leu Val Phe Leu Pro Glu Arg Phe Leu Ser Asn Asp Lys Gly Met
465 470 475 480

Val Asp Val Lys Gly Gln Asn Tyr Glu Leu Ile Pro Phe Gly Thr Gly
485 490 495

Arg Arg Ile Cys Pro Gly Ala Ser Phe Ala Leu Glu Val Leu His Leu
500 505 510

Val Leu Thr Arg Leu Ile Leu Glu Phe Glu Met Lys Ala Pro Glu Gly
515 520 525

Lys Ile Asp Met Arg Ala Arg Pro Gly Phe Phe His Asn Lys Val Val
530 535 540

Pro Leu Asp Val Gln Leu Thr Pro Arg Thr Leu Asp
545 550 555

<210> 18

<211> 320

<212> PRT

<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 18

Met Ala Asp Pro Tyr Glu Phe Leu Met Cys Ile His Asn Pro Glu Glu
1 5 10 15

Asp Thr Leu Thr Arg Asn Phe Pro Ile Pro Ala Thr Pro Leu Asp Gln
20 25 30

Asn Thr Lys Asp Ile Ser Leu Asn Pro Asp Arg Lys Thr Ser Leu Arg
35 40 45

Ile Phe Arg Pro Pro Thr Lys Glu Pro Pro Val Thr Lys Asn Lys Leu
50 55 60

Leu Pro Ile Ile Ile Tyr Phe His Gly Gly Gly Phe Ile Leu Phe Asn
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Thr Met Asn His Asp Phe Cys Gln Ser Ile Ala Thr His
85 90 95

Ile Pro Ala Leu Val Val Ser Val Asp Tyr Arg Leu Ala Pro Glu Asn
100 105 110

Arg Leu Pro Ala Ala Tyr Asp Asp Ala Val Asp Ala Leu Asn Trp Val
115 120 125

Lys Asp Gln Gly Leu Gly Lys Leu Asn Asn Ser Glu Val Trp Leu Lys
 130 135 140

Glu Tyr Gly Asp Phe Ser Lys Cys Phe Ile Met Gly Cys Ser Ser Gly
 145 150 155 160

Ala Asn Val Ala Tyr His Ala Ser Leu Arg Ala Ile Glu Met Asp Leu
 165 170 175

Glu Pro Ala Lys Ile Asn Gly Leu Ile Leu His Cys Pro Phe Phe Gly
 180 185 190

Ser Leu Glu Arg Thr Glu Ser Asp Ser Lys Val Ile Asn Asn Gln Asp
 195 200 205

Leu Pro Leu Ala Val Arg Asp Val Met Trp Glu Leu Ala Leu Pro Leu
 210 215 220

Gly Ser Thr Arg Asp His Val Tyr Cys Asn Pro Asn Ile Asp His Asp
 225 230 235 240

Gly Ser Ser Ser Gly Asn Met Val Gly Leu Ile Glu Arg Cys Phe Val
 245 250 255

Val Gly Phe Tyr Gly Asp Pro Leu Ile Asp Arg Gln Ile Gln Leu Val
 260 265 270

Lys Met Leu Glu Glu Lys Gly Val Lys Val Glu Thr Trp Ile Glu Gln
 275 280 285

Gly Gly Tyr His Gly Val Leu Cys Phe Asp Pro Met Ile Arg Glu Thr
 290 295 300

Phe Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys His Phe Ile Leu Asn Asp Glu Phe Ile Tyr
 305 310 315 320

<210> 19

<211> 348

<212> PRT

<213> Papaver somniferum

<400> 19

Met His Gly Gln Lys Asn Ile Ser Glu Arg Tyr Gln Lys Phe Lys Glu
 1 5 10 15

Met Glu Gly Thr Gly Lys Ile Val Cys Val Thr Gly Gly Ala Gly Tyr
 20 25 30

Leu Ala Ser Trp Leu Ile Met Arg Leu Leu Glu Arg Gly Tyr Ser Val
 35 40 45

Arg Thr Thr Val Arg Ser Asp Pro Lys Phe Arg Glu Asp Val Ser His
 50 55 60

Leu Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Ala Thr Glu Lys Leu Gln Ile Phe Glu Ala

<400> 20

Met Ala Thr Met Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Glu Val Ile Ser Lys Glu Thr
1 5 10 15

Ile Lys Pro Arg Asn Pro Thr Pro Tyr Gln Leu Arg Asn Tyr Asn Met
20 25 30

Ser Leu Leu Asp Gln Tyr Ser Ser Leu Val Tyr Val Pro Ile Ile Leu
35 40 45

Phe Tyr Pro Ala Ala Ser Asp Ala Asn Ser Thr Gly Ser Lys His His
50 55 60

Asp Asp Leu His Leu Leu Lys Arg Ser Leu Ser Glu Thr Leu Val His
65 70 75 80

Phe Tyr Pro Met Ala Gly Arg Met Lys Asp Asn Met Thr Val Asp Cys
85 90 95

Asn Asp Glu Gly Ile Asp Phe Phe Glu Val Arg Ile Lys Gly Arg Met
100 105 110

Cys Asp Phe Met Met Lys Ser Asp Ala His Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Pro
115 120 125

Ser Glu Val Ala Ser Thr Asn Phe Val Lys Glu Ala Gln Val Ile Val
130 135 140

Gln Val Asn Met Phe Asp Cys Gly Gly Thr Ala Ile Cys Phe Cys Ile
145 150 155 160

Ser Asn Lys Ile Ala Asp Ala Cys Thr Met Ile Thr Phe Ile Arg Ser
165 170 175

Leu Ala Gly Thr Thr Asn Ile Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Ser Ile Ala Ala
180 185 190

Pro Thr Thr Asn Gln Asn Leu Val Pro Ser Phe Asp Ser Thr Ser Leu
195 200 205

Phe Pro Pro Ser Glu Gln Leu Ala Ser Gln Val Ser Tyr Pro Thr Gln
210 215 220

Asp Ser Thr Ser Val Asp Lys Leu Val Ser Lys Arg Phe Val Phe Asp
225 230 235 240

Ala Ala Lys Ile Thr Ser Ala Arg Glu Lys Leu Gln Ser Leu Met His
245 250 255

Asp Lys Tyr Lys Cys His Arg Pro Thr Arg Val Glu Val Val Ser Ala
260 265 270

Leu Ile Trp Lys Ser Ala Val Lys Ser Ala Pro Pro Gly Ser Ile Ser
275 280 285

Thr Val Thr His Ala Met Asn Phe Arg Lys Lys Met Asp Pro Pro Leu
290 295 300

Gln Asp Ala Ser Phe Gly Asn Leu Cys Val Val Val Thr Ala Val Leu
 305 310 315 320

Pro Ala Thr Thr Ala Thr Thr Thr Asn Pro Ala Thr Lys Lys Val Ser
 325 330 335

Ser Thr Ser Asn Glu Glu Gln Val Ala Leu Asp Glu Leu Ser Asp Phe
 340 345 350

Val Ala Leu Leu Arg Arg Glu Ile Asp Lys Val Lys Gly Asp Lys Gly
 355 360 365

Cys Met Glu Lys Ile Ile Gln Lys Phe Ile Tyr Gly His Asp Ala Ser
 370 375 380

Val Ala Lys Asp Ser Asp Val Glu Asp Lys Val Thr Ala Leu Phe Met
 385 390 395 400

Thr Ser Trp Cys Lys Phe Gly Phe Tyr Glu Ala Asp Phe Gly Trp Gly
 405 410 415

Thr Pro Val Trp Val Thr Thr Val Pro Leu Ile Glu Pro Lys Tyr Lys
 420 425 430

Asn Met Val Phe Met Asn Asp Met Lys Cys Gly Glu Gly Ile Glu Val
 435 440 445

Trp Val Asn Phe Leu Glu Asp Asp Met Thr Lys Phe Glu His His Leu
 450 455 460

Arg Glu Ile Leu Gln Leu Phe
 465 470

<210> 21

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 21

tggtcataat catcaatcag ccacagtcac taaaatcact gcttctaatag aaagcagcaa	60
tggtgtctgt tatctttcag aaacggctaa cttggggaag ttaatatgca ttccaatggc	120
actaagagct gcgatggagc taaatgtggt ccaacttatac tcaaagttcg gaactgacgc	180
aaaagtttcg gcttctgaaa ttgcctctaa aatgccaaac gcgaagaata atcctgaagc	240
agctatgtat ttggatagaa ttcttcgact gctcggggca agttctattc tttctgtttc	300
tactacaaaa aaatcaatca acagaggagg agatgatgta gtagtacatg	350

<210> 22

<211> 213

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 22

gtgtaactaa gccagcgcta atacaaggat gtggcaaaat cctgaacgga gttacatcgt	60
taattgatgt cggtggtggt cacggtgccca ctatggccta catagttgaa gcttttcctc	120
acataaaagg tgcggtaatc gatttaccac atgttgttga agccgctccg gagcgtccag	180
gtgttgagtt catcagcggg gatataattca agt	213

<210> 23

<211> 264

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 23

tttgagtaat ggtgaaaaga tggatgtgga ttacaaaggc cacaatcatg aattcatacc	60
atctgggata ggtoggagga tgtgcgctgg tatgctttgg gcatcggagg tgattcattt	120
ggtgctgccc cgtcttattc atgggtttga tatgaaagca gcaagtgccca atgggaaagt	180
agatatggca gaaatggcag gcatggtgat ttgttttaag aagacacctc ttgaagttat	240
ggtcaatcct cgagagtaga tggt	264

<210> 24

<211> 119

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 24

atgatcatga gtaacttatg gattcttacg ctcatttcta ccatattagc agtctttgct	60
gctgtgttaa tcattttcag gagaagaata tcagcatcca caacggaatg gcctgttg	119

<210> 25

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 25

taggagggta tgtccggcta tagtttcatc actgcagacg atgcattatg cgttggcgcg	60
tcttattcaa ggatatgaaa tgaatcagc cagcctcgat gggaaggtga atatggaaga	120

aatgatagcc atgtcgtgcc acaagatgag ccctcttgaa gttattatca gtcctcggga 180
gccgagggcg agttaa 196

<210> 26

<211> 186

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 26

tcctatatat gctaattaat tagatgaata aaatctgtgg tcgagtaaat ctaattaatg 60

ctaataaaca agatgaataa aaaatcttct ttctgctttt gctttgggta gggttatttg 120

accctcattt ggttgatttc gttggcgcac aactttgtg cttcttaata taattccttt 180

tggtgg 186

<210> 27

<211> 204

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 27

tggcagatcc ttatgaattc ctaatgtgca ttcacaatcc tgaagaagat accctaaca 60

gaaatcttcc gattcctgct actcccttag atcaaaacac caaagacatt tctttaaatc 120

ctgataggaa aacctcactt cgaatctttc ggccaccaac caaagaacct cctgtaacaa 180

agaataagct gcttcctatc ataa 204

<210> 28

<211> 323

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VIGS

<400> 28

gaaattgacg agacaatatg gtcagaagtt gacaatttca ttagcaaacc ggaacaagtt 60

attcctggat tgccctcata tgtggtttca aaggactga cagaaagagc ttgcctaaag 120

ttttctgaag aacatggttt ggatgttgtt actatacttc ctccgttgggt tgttggacct 180

tttatcactc cccatcctcc tcccagtgta tctatagctc tttcgataat ttcaggtgat 240

gtgtcgatga tgcttgggtg tagacttgaa aatgcggtac atatagatga tgttgcttta 300

gcacacatat tcgtttttga atg 323

<210> 29
 <211> 117
 <212> DNA
 <213> artificial sequence

<220>
 <223> VIGS

<400> 29
 cctaagagag atcctccaac tgttttgatt ttcaaccggt tccctaatag aggtcaattg 60
 togtgtttgt ccatcttaac taccatcttt attctcttgt ttccatactt gtatttg 117

<210> 30
 <211> 129
 <212> DNA
 <213> artificial sequence

<220>
 <223> VIGS

<400> 30
 gatcatcttc tcttcagcag aagtcccctc ttaagcgtat acgctgacat gtcagtgaca 60
 tgcaaggaat attatgaccc aaacaaatcc atgcttgagt tggatattgc acccgctgag 120
 gaatggatc 129

<210> 31
 <211> 22
 <212> DNA
 <213> artificial sequence

<220>
 <223> Primer

<400> 31
 gattcccgat ttactcctga tg 22

<210> 32
 <211> 30
 <212> DNA
 <213> artificial sequence

<220>
 <223> Primer

<400> 32
 aacacaaaat acgattactt actttgtcc 30

<210> 33
 <211> 23

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 33

tgccatcatgt tatttctggt gcc 23

<210> 34

<211> 26

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 34

gcatgaaatg gatgtagtta tcttgg 26

<210> 35

<211> 22

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 35

attgatgtcg gtggtgtca cg 22

<210> 36

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 36

attcccgctc aagtaaacad gcgg 24

<210> 37

<211> 27

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 37

gcaactgttt cattaacagg cacatcc 27

<210> 38

<211> 29

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 38

cagtaaattc acacattccg tatcttccc 29

<210> 39

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 39

gcttcagcat tggtaacga gtgc 24

<210> 40

<211> 26

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 40

gagggtaagc ctcaataaca gactgg 26

<210> 41

<211> 23

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 41

agaccgtttg taccgaattc tgc 23

<210> 42

<211> 22

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 42

tcgttcatt cgtgaagaat gc 22

<210> 43

<211> 25

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 43

gaaccattaa aacttgagt catgc 25

<210> 44

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 44

tgcaattgaa ttagctcat ctcc 24

<210> 45

<211> 21

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 45

ttgatgaacg acaaggaacc g 21

<210> 46

<211> 26

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 46

attcatgatt gtagccttg taatcc 26

<210> 47

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 47

atgtggaaaa cggtaagcaa gtgg 24

<210> 48

<211> 25

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 48

acgattctgt catcatcatt ttcgc 25

<210> 49

<211> 23

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 49

caacctcaat cttagctagag tcg 23

<210> 50

<211> 25

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 50

ccaagattt tcatatcctt taaa 25

<210> 51

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 51

caataattga gtaattcag ttcattcatg g 31

<210> 52

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 52

gctccgtaag tgctcctgtg 20

<210> 53

<211> 26

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 53

gaattgtggt aaaaaattag atgcag 26

<210> 54

<211> 22

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 54

ccctcacat ctaccatccc tt 22

<210> 55

<211> 27

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 55

caaagagtca atctgactca agctagc 27

<210> 56
<211> 18
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>
<223> Primer

<400> 56
cgagtgccca tgcagtgg 18

<210> 57
<211> 28
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>
<223> Primer

<400> 57
tcaaaccctg ctactaacac ttactgc 28

<210> 58
<211> 23
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>
<223> Primer

<400> 58
cactccatca gacacacaag acc 23

<210> 59
<211> 27
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>
<223> Primer

<400> 59
tttatcgac ctgaggaac aattagg 27

<210> 60
<211> 18
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 60

aaatggcagt tccaccgc 18

<210> 61

<211> 25

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 61

gacttcatga tgaaatcaga tgcac 25

<210> 62

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 62

cactgctgac ttccatatca aagc 24

<210> 63

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 63

atgctgttga tgctttaaac tggg 24

<210> 64

<211> 26

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> Primer

<400> 64

agctgaattt gtcgatcaat aagtgg 26

<210> 65
<211> 26
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>
<223> Primer

<400> 65
aataaaaaatc caacaatggc agatcc 26

<210> 66
<211> 24
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>
<223> Primer

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PATENTKRAV

1. Et isoleret nukleinsyremolekyle omfattende eller bestående af en nukleotidsekvens udvalgt fra gruppen:

- 5 i) en nukleotidsekvens som angivet i SEQ ID-NR.: 8;
- ii) en nukleotidsekvens, hvori den førnævnte sekvens er degenereret som et resultat af den genetiske kode til nukleotidsekvensen, der er defineret i (i);
- iii) et nukleinsyremolekyle, der har mindst 80 % sekvensidentitet med SEQ ID-NR.: 8 og koder et carboxylesterasepolypeptid med aktivitet;
- 10 iv) en nukleotidsekvens, der koder for et polypeptid, omfattende en aminosyresekvens, som angivet i SEQ ID-NR.: 18, eller en nukleotidsekvens, der koder for et polypeptid, som har mindst 75 % aminosyresekvensidentitet hen over den fulde længde af aminosyresekvensen, der er angivet i SEQ ID-NR.: 18, hvori det førnævnte polypeptid har carboxylesteraseaktivitet.

15

2. Et isoleret polypeptid udvalgt fra gruppen bestående af:

- i) et polypeptid omfattende eller bestående af en aminosyresekvens, som repræsenteret i SEQ ID-NR.:18;
- 20 ii) et modificeret polypeptid omfattende eller bestående af en modificeret aminosyresekvens, hvori det førnævnte polypeptid er modificeret ved tilføjelse, sletning eller substitution af mindst én aminosyrerest af sekvensen, der er præsenteret i SEQ ID NR.: 18, og som har mindst 75 % sekvensidentitet med den fulde længde af aminosyresekvensen i SEQ
- ID-NR.: 18 og har carboxylesteraseaktivitet;
- 25 iii) et modificeret polypeptid omfattende eller bestående af en aminosyresekvens, der er mindst 75 % identisk med den fulde længde af aminosyresekvensen i SEQ ID-NR.: 18, og som koder for et polypeptid med carboxylesteraseaktivitet.

30

3. Isoleret nukleinsyremolekyle ifølge patentkrav 1, hvori nukleinsyremolekylet yderligere omfatter en eller flere nukleotidsekvenser, der er valgt fra gruppen bestående af:

- i) en nukleotidsekvens som repræsenteret ved sekvensen i SEQ ID-NR.: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 eller 10;
- ii) en nukleotidsekvens, hvori den førnævnte sekvens er degenereret som et resultat af den genetiske kode til nukleotidsekvensen, der er defineret i (i);

- iii) et nukleinsyremolekyle, der er mindst 80 % identisk med sekvensen i SEQ ID-NR.: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 eller 10, hvori det førnævnte nukleinsyremolekyle koder polypeptider, der er involveret i biosyntesen af noscapin af *P. somniferum*;
- iv) en nukleotidsekvens, der koder et polypeptid, omfattende en aminosyresekvens, som repræsenteret i SEQ ID-NR.: 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19 eller 20; og
- v) en nukleotidsekvens, der koder et polypeptid, omfattende en aminosyresekvens, hvori den førnævnte aminosyresekvens modificeres ved tilføjelse, sletning eller substitution af mindst én aminosyrerest, som repræsenteret i iv) ovenfor, og som er mindst 75 % identisk med aminosyresekvenserne, der er repræsenteret i SEQ ID-NR.: 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19 eller 20, der er involveret i biosyntesen af noscapin.
4. Nukleinsyremolekylet ifølge et af patentkravene 1 eller 3, hvori det førnævnte nukleinsyremolekyle inkluderer SEQ ID-NR.: 9 yderligere omfatter en eller flere nukleotidsekvenser, der er valgt fra gruppen bestående af: SEQ ID-NR.: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 og 10.
5. Nukleinsyremolekylet ifølge patentkravene 1 eller 3, hvori det førnævnte nukleinsyremolekyle inkluderer 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 eller 10 nukleotidsekvenser, der er valgt fra gruppen bestående af: SEQ ID-NR.: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 og 10.
6. En vektor omfattende et nukleinsyremolekyle ifølge et hvilket som helst af patentkravene 1, 3, 4 eller 5.
7. En transgenisk celle, omfattende en vektor ifølge patentkrav 6.
8. Den transgeniske celle ifølge patentkrav 7, hvori den førnævnte celle er en plantecelle.
9. Den transgeniske celle ifølge patentkrav 7, hvori den førnævnte celle er en mikrobiel celle.
10. Et nukleinsyremolekyle, omfattende en transskriptionskassette, hvori kassetten omfatter nukleotidsekvensen af SEQ ID-NR.: 8 og er tilpasset til ekspresion ved tilvejebringelse af mindst én promotor, der er operativt forbundet til førnævnte nukleotidsekvens, således at både sanse- og anti-sanse-molekyler transskriberes fra den førnævnte kassette.

11. En fremgangsmåde til modifikation af papaveroxin og desmethylpapaveroxin omfattende:

- i) at tilvejebringe en transgen papaverplante celle ifølge 8;
- ii) at dyrke den førnævnte plante celle til at producere en transgenisk papaverplante; og eventuelt
- iii) høst af den førnævnte papavertransgenplante eller en del deraf.

5

12. En fremgangsmåde til modifikation af papaveroxin eller desmethylpapaveroxin omfattende:

- i) at tilvejebringe en transgen mikrobiel celle ifølge patentkrav 9, der udtrykker et eller flere nukleinsyremolekyler, der koder for et polypeptid med carboxylesteraseaktivitet og papaveroxin eller desmethylpapaveroxin;
- ii) dyrkning af den mikrobielle celle under forhold, der modificerer papaveroxin eller desmethylpapaveroxin og eventuelt
- iii) isolering af narkotinhemiacetat eller narcotolinhemiacetat fra den mikrobielle celle eller cellekultur.

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13. Anvendelsen af et gen kodet af nukleinsyremolekylet af SEQ ID-NR.: 8 eller et nukleinsyremolekyle, der er mindst 80 % identisk med SEQ ID-NR.: 8 og koder et polypeptid med carboxylesteraseaktivitet som et middel til at identificere et sted, hvori det førnævnte sted er forbundet med ændret ekspresion eller aktivitet af carboxylesterase.

20

14. En *P. somniferum*-plante, der har ændret udtrykket af et carboxylesterasepolypeptid ifølge patentkrav 2, som kan opnås ved hjælp af en fremgangsmåde, omfattende trinnene med:

- i) mutagenese af vildtypefrø fra en *P. somniferum*-plante, der udtrykker det førnævnte polypeptid;
- ii) dyrkning af frøet i i) til fremstilling af første og efterfølgende generationer af planter;
- iii) at få frø fra første generation af planter og efterfølgende generationer af planter;
- iv) at bestemme, om frøet fra førnævnte første og efterfølgende generation af planter har ændret nukleotidsekvens og/eller ændret udtryk af det førnævnte carboxylesterasepolypeptid; og
- v) at opnå frø eller planter med en ændret nukleotidsekvens, der koder for et ændret carboxylesterasepolypeptid, hvori enzymaktiviteten i modifikationen af papaveroxin eller desmethylpapaveroxin ændres sammenlignet med en vildtype *P. somniferum*-

25

30

plante.

15. En fremgangsmåde til analyse af en plante, omfattende:

5 i) opnåelse af en prøve fra en plante ifølge patentkrav 14 og analyse af nukleinsyresekvensen af et nukleinsyremolekyle udvalgt fra gruppen bestående af:

a) et nukleinsyremolekyle omfattende en sekvens i SEQ ID-NR.: 8; og

b) et nukleinsyremolekyle, der har mindst 80 % sekvensidentitet med SEQ ID-NR.:

8 og koder et carboxylesterasepolypeptid med aktivitet;

10 ii) sammenligning af nukleotidsekvensen af nukleinsyremolekylet i den førnævnte prøve med en nukleotidsekvens af et nukleinsyremolekyle af den originale vildtypeplante; og eventuelt hvori nukleinsyremolekylet analyseres ved hjælp af en fremgangsmåde omfattende trinnene med:

iii) at ekstrahere nukleinsyre fra de førnævnte, muterede planter;

iv) amplifikation af en del af det førnævnte nukleinsyremolekyle ved en

15 polymerasekædereaktion;

v) at danne et præparat omfattende den amplificerede nukleinsyre og nukleinsyre, der er ekstraheret fra vildtypefrø til at danne heteroduplexnukleinsyre;

20 vi) at inkubere det førnævnte præparat med en enkeltstrenget nuklease, der skærer i et område med heteroduplexnukleinsyre for at identificere uoverensstemmelsen i førnævnte heteroduplex;

vii) bestemmelse af stedet for uoverensstemmelse i det førnævnte nukleinsyreheteroduplex; og

viii) at opnå en plante med en mutation i nukleinsyren, der koder det førnævnte carboxylesterasepolypeptid

25 16. En vektor omfattende et nukleinsyremolekyle ifølge patentkrav 1.

DRAWINGS

Figure 1

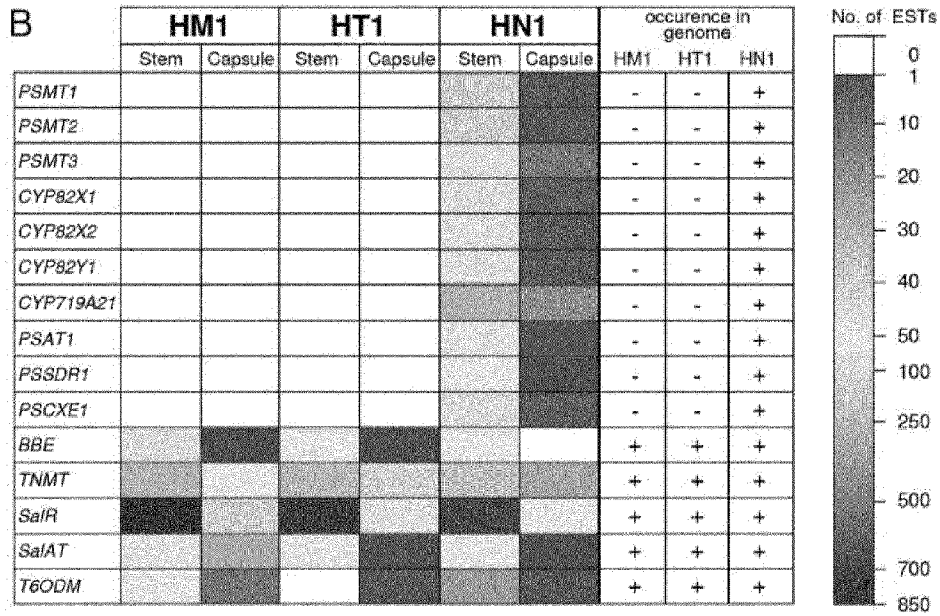
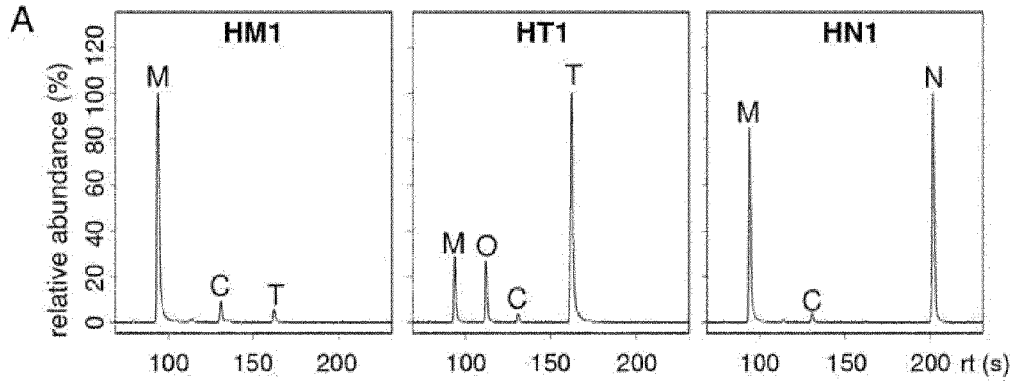


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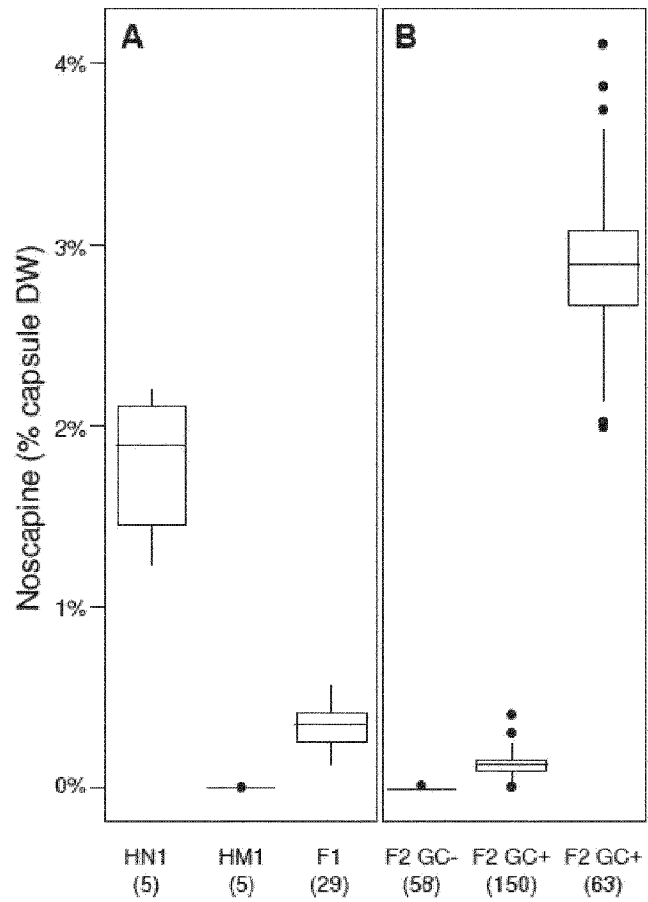


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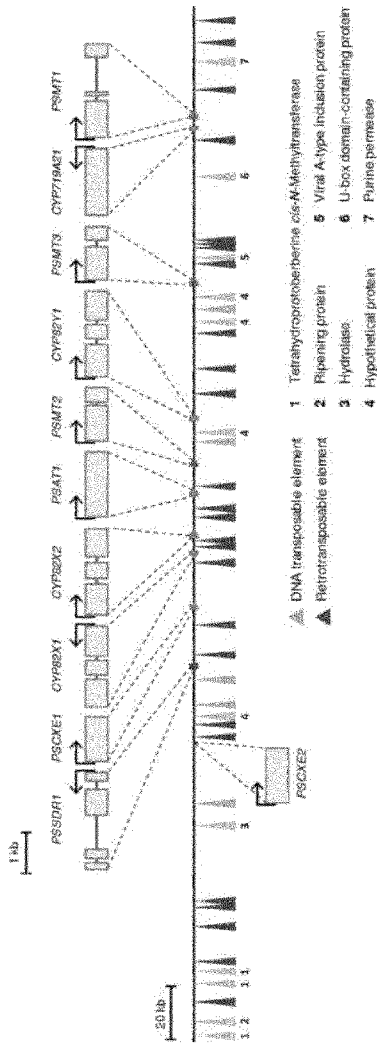
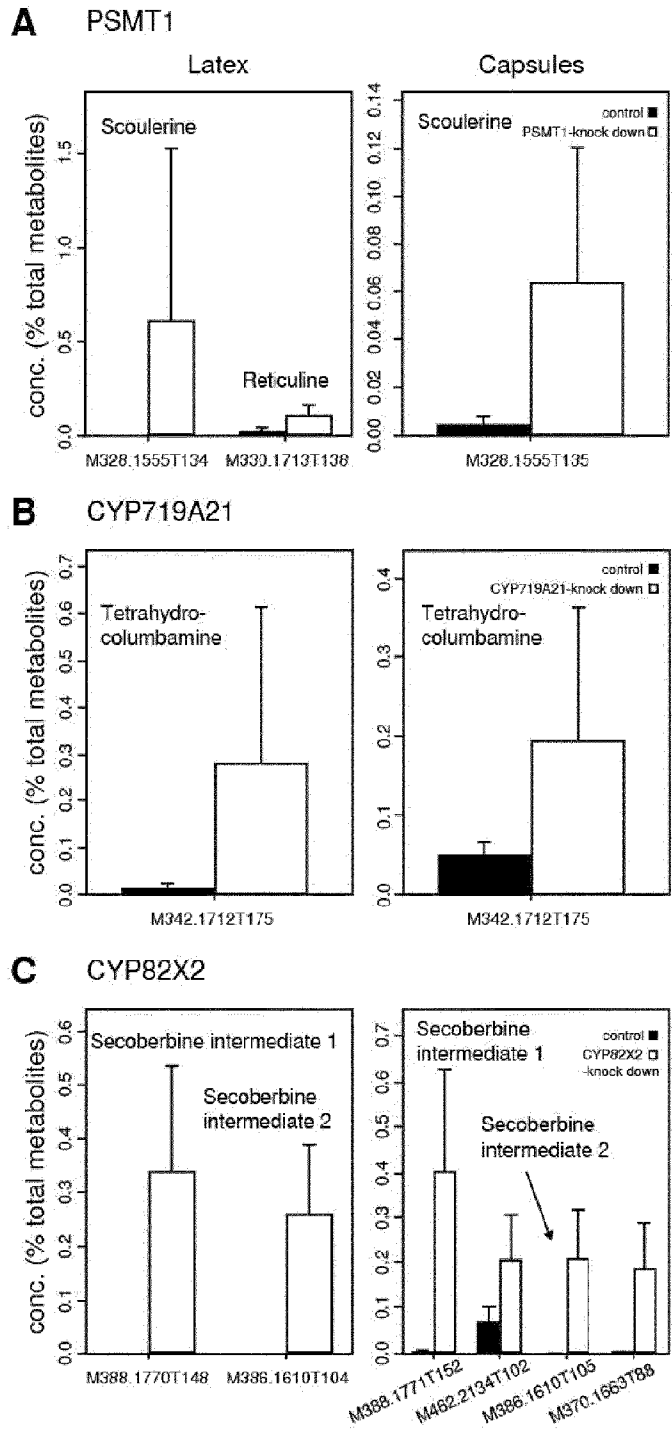
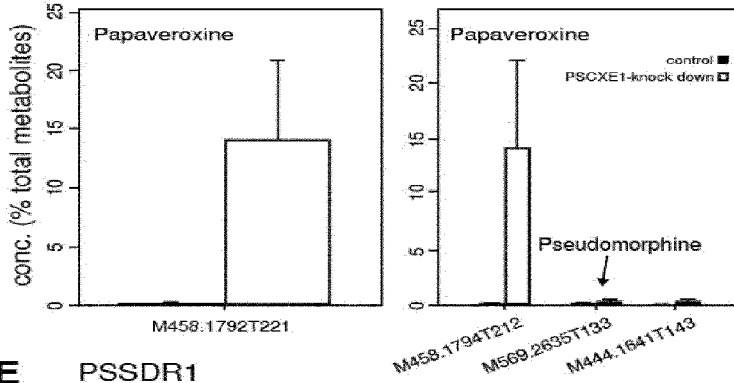


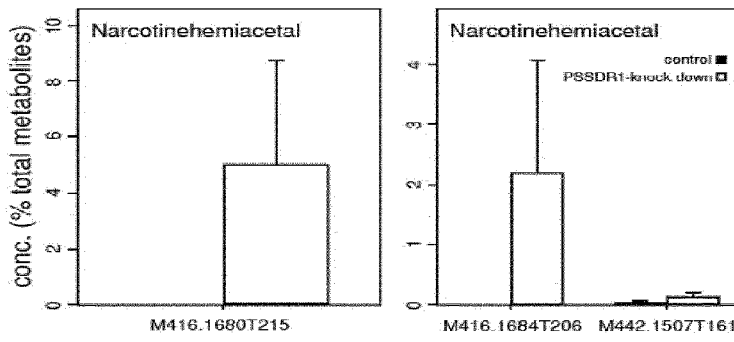
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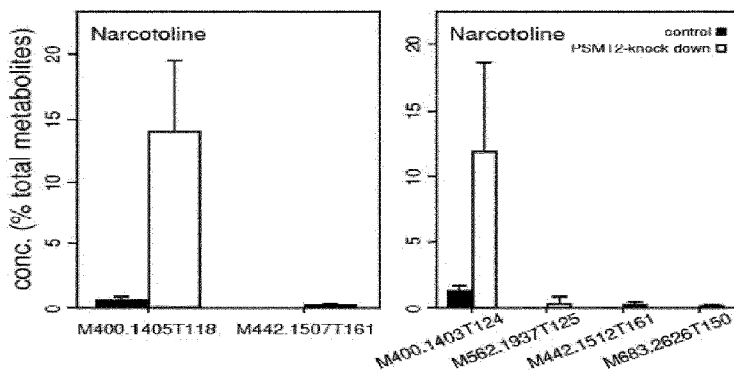
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E PSSDR1



F PSMT2



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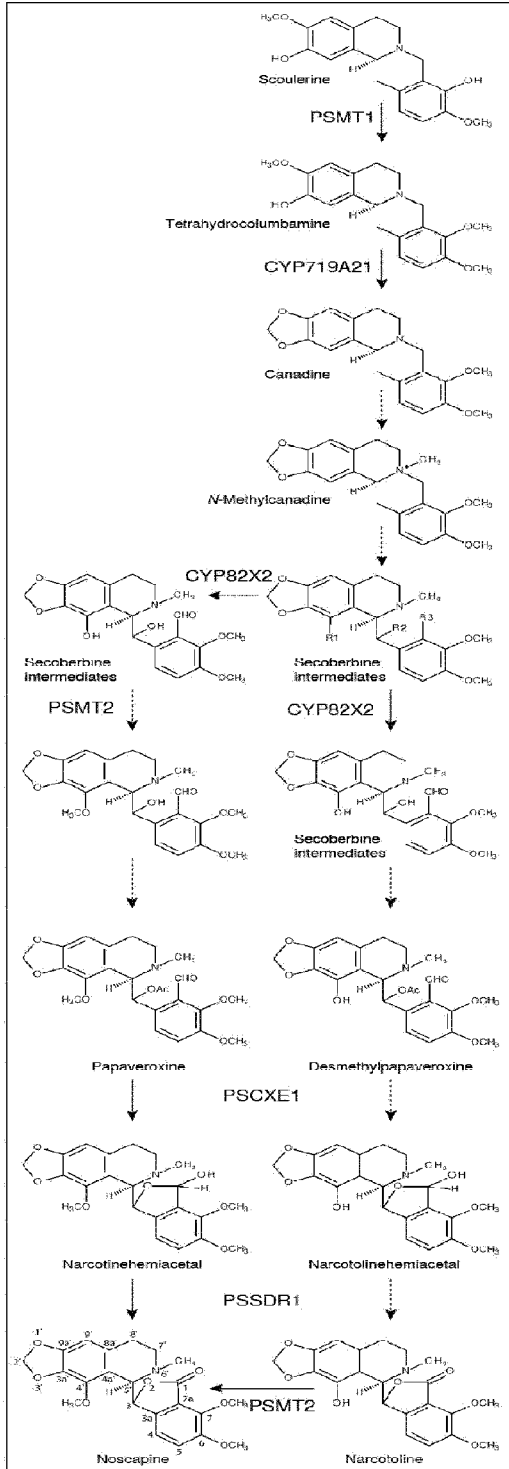


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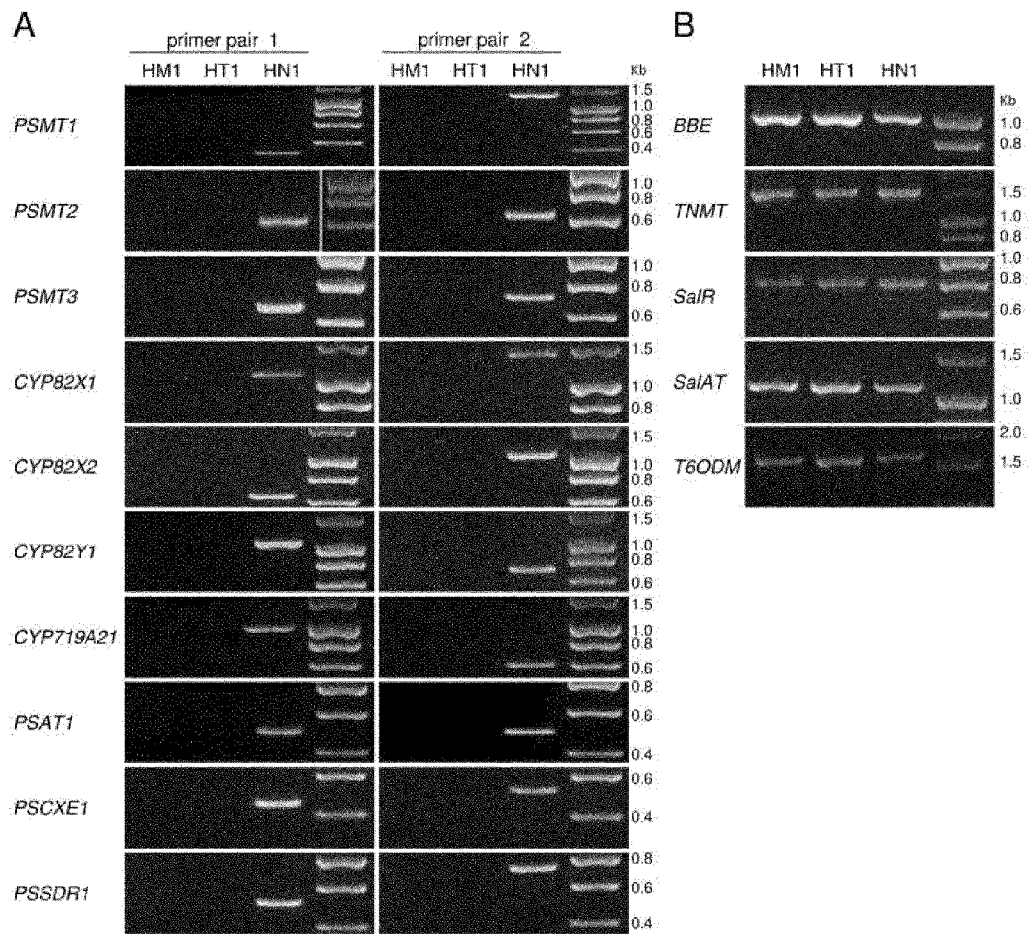
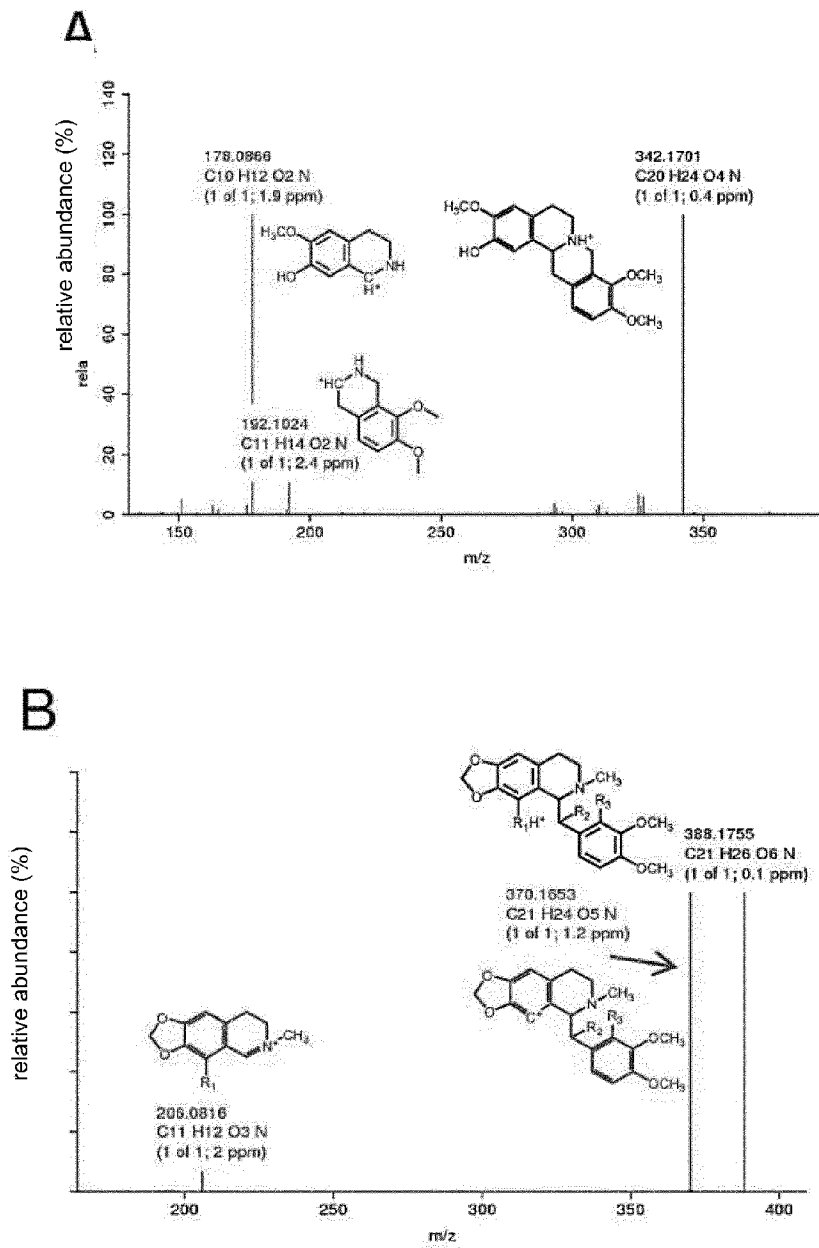
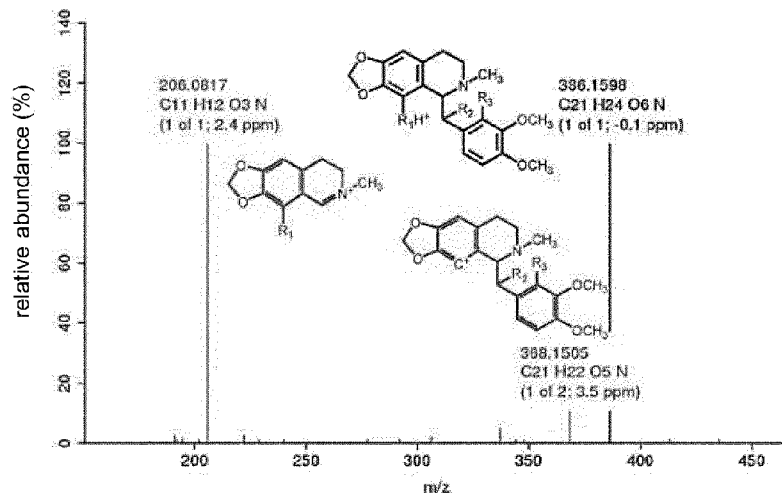


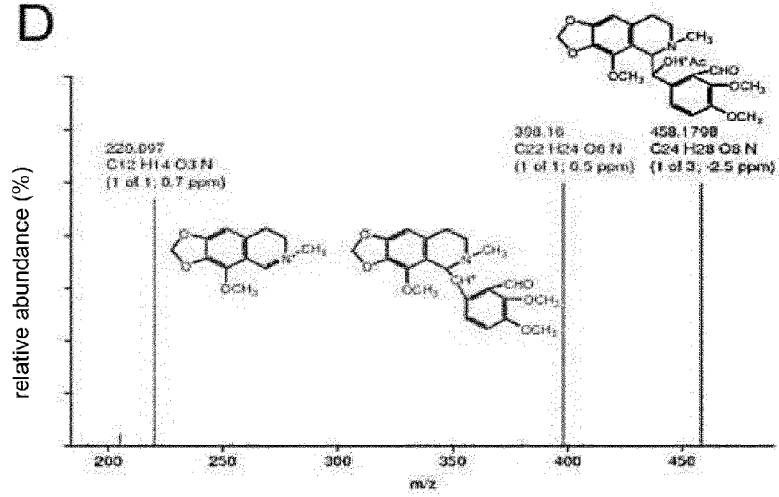
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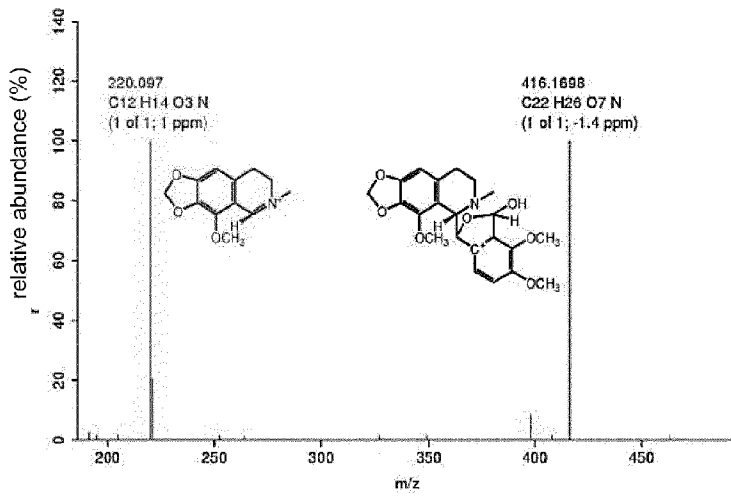
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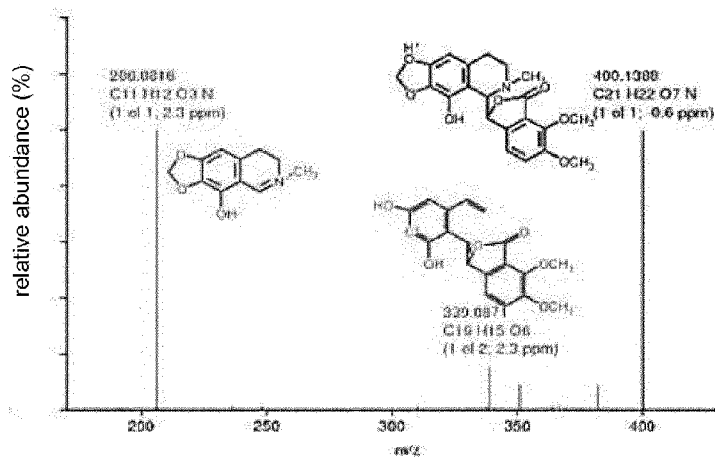
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1917	1921	3' untranslated region

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 AAAACTCATCATCATTCAAGAGAGATACAAATACCTTGATATCCTTTIATCATCAATGGAGTTATTCATAAAGTT
 ACCATTTATCCAACCAATTCCTTTTCAGTATATTCCTTGTACTACAGITTCGATTGTTCTATTATACAGTGTCTT
 CTTCTGGGTTACTGATAAGAAAAGAAGAGGAAAGACCAAAATGCTGCAGGGGCATGGCCGTTAATAGGTCA
 TCTCCGTCTATTGATGAACGACAAGGAACCGTTGTATAGAGCACTAGGGAGCATGGCTGATAAGTACGGACCTGC
 ATTC AACATCCGATTAGGTAACCAAGAAGTCTTGTGTGAGTAAGTGGAGATGGTAAAACAGTGTTTTGGTAA
 TC AAAATGATAAGCTATTTTCGAATCGTCAAACACTACATAGCTGCAAAAATACATGCTTAATCAAACAATCTAG
 CGGATTCGCACCATATGGACCATATTTGGACAGAGCTACGAAAGATAAATGGTGCAGCAATTAATCTCTAAACAATC
 TTTAGAAATCGTGGAAACATCTGAAAATCAAAGAGATGGATGCTTCATTTAGTAAACTTAACGAGTTATGCAACAA
 CAAACGGTACTGGACAGCTAACCTAATTAAGGATGGACGAAATGGTTTGTCTGAGTTGACGTTCAACGTGATCGCAG
 AAATGTCTTTGGCTACCAAATGGCGGAAGCTGACAGCGCTTACGAACGGTAATATGATCATACTCCCTCAATC
 TGTATCAATTTAAGGAAATCAATTTTGGTCTTGTATTAACTTGAATTTCTATTAGSAGATACGGAAATCAAAGGG
 CGAGAGGTACAAGAAAACATTTGGAAGAAGCACTTCATCTTATGTCAATTTTTCAGTTCAGACATATTTCCAAG
 TCTAGAGTGGGTAGATCGGTTAAGAGGCCTTATAAGGAATATGAACGCTTTGGAGATGAGCTAAATTTCAATTC
 AGGGTGTCTTATTTGAAGAGCACCGCCAAAAGAGATTACAATCCGTTATCTAAAAGTGTATAAAGGAGTTGGTGTATGA
 ACAAGACTTCGTTGATGCTTCTTTATCGGTTGCTGAAAATCGCAACTTCCTGGAGATGACCCGATTTGGTCAAT
 CAAGTCTATGATTCGTTTGGTATTTGATACCAAGTCTATTGCAATTTTGGTTTATGTGCTTGTCTAACTTTT
 GTTTACTGCATATGGATGTGCAGGAAATCCTATCAGGTGGGAGTGCAGCCACATCGTCAACCTTAACCTGGGCC
 TCTGTCTGTTACTGAACCTCCGCATGTGTTAAGAAAGGCAAAAGAGGAATAGATACGCACGTAGGAAAAGATA
 GGCATGTAGAAGAGT CAGATACCCCTAAGCTCGTGTACATTAATGCAATTTATCAAAGAAATCAATGCGATTGTATC
 CAAACGGGGCAATGCTTGATCGGTTGGCGTTAGAAGAGTGCAGAGTTGGTGGATTTATGTACC GGCCGGGGGAC
 GCTTATTTGTCAATGTTTGGAAAGATT CAGAGAGATCCGAGTGTTTGGGAGAAATCCTCTGGAGTTTAAACCAGAGA
 GGTGGTTTTGGAGTAATGGTGAAGAGATGCATGTGGATTACAAAGGTACAAATCATGAATTCATACCATTGGGA
 TAGGTCCGAGGATGTGCGCTGGTATGCTTTGGGCATCGGAGGTGATTCATTTGGTGTGCCCCGCTTTATTCATG
 GGTTTGATATGAAGCAGCAAGTGC CAATCGGAAAGTAGATATGCCAGAAATGGCAGGCATGGTGATTTGTTTTA
 AGAAGACACCTCTTGAAGTTATGGTCAATCCTCGAGAGTAGATGTT

SEQ ID NO: 5 CYP719A21

Start	End	Feature
1	69	5' untranslated region
70	1530	ORF
1531	1688	3' untranslated region

CATGAAATCTTTTATGCAAAGAGTCAATCTGACTCAAGCTAGCTAGAATATATACCAATCATAAAAGAAATGATC
 ATGAGTAACTTATGGATTCTTACGCTCATTTCTACCATATAGCAGTCTTTGCTGCTGTGTTAATCATTTTCAGG
 AGAAGAATATCAGCATCCACAACGGAAATGGCCGTTGGCCAAAACATTAACCAATCATAGGTAACCTGCACATT
 CTTGGAGGCACTGCTCTCCATGTCTGTTTACATAAACTTGTGAAGTTTACGGCAGTGTAAATGACGATATGGATT
 GGTAGTTGGAAACCTGTTATTATTGTTTCCGACTTTGATCGAGCCTGGGAAGTTCTTGTAAACAAATCGTCAGAT
 TATTCAGCTCGTGAATGCCTGAGATCACTAAAATCGGCACTGCAAATTTGGAGAACAATTTCAAGTTCTGATTCT
 GGTCCGTTTGGGCCACTCTTCGAAAAGGTTCTCAGAGTGTAGCATTATCGCCTCAGCATTTAGCATCGCAAACCT
 GCACACCAAGAGAGAGATATAATAAAGTTGATCAAAAATTTGAAAGACGAAGCAGCTTCTGGAATGGTTAAACCA
 CTTGATCATCTCAAGAAAGCAACTGTAAGATTAATCAGTCGGTTAATCTATGGTCAGGATTTTGGATGACGATAAG
 TATGTTGAAGATATGCATGACGTGATCGAGTTTGTATTGATTAGTGGTTATGCTCAACTTGGTGGGATTTT
 TATTATGCTAAATATCTACCAGGTCATAACAGAGCTGTAACCTGGCGCCGAAGAGCAAAAAGAGAGTAATAGCT
 CTGGTGGCTCCTTTCTTCAGTCAAACCTGCTACTAACACTTACTTGCATTTTCTCAAATCGCAACTGTATCCT
 GAAGAGGTTATCATATTCGCTATATTCGAAGCTTATCTTTAGGTGTGATAGCACTTCTTCAACCACTGCATGG
 CACTCGCATCTTAATACGGCAACCATCTGTTCAAGAGAACTTTATCAAGAGCTTAAGAAATTTACAGCCAAAT

AACAATCGCACAAATGCTGAAAGTCAAGACGTCAACAAATTACCATATTTACAAGCTGTTGTTAAAGAAACAATG
 AGGATGAAACCATTGCACCCTGGCGATTCCTCATAAAGCTTGTAAGACACTTCATGATGGGCAAGAAAGTT
 GATAAGGGAACATAAGTTATGGTTAACATTCATGCTTTACATCATACTGAAAAGGTTTGGAAAGAACCTTACAAA
 TTCATACCAGAGAGGTTCTGCAGAAGCACGATAAAGCGATGGAACAATCCTATATACCATTTAGTCAGGTATG
 AGAATTTGTGCAGGAATGGAATTAGGAAAACCTCAGTTTAGTTTTCTCTTGCCTAATCTGTTAATCCTTTTAAA
 TGGTCTGTGTCTGATGGAGTGCTTCTGATATGAGTGATTTACTGGGGTTTGTTCGTTCATGAAAACCCCA
 CTCGAAGCACGTATAGTTCTCGTTTGTAGTGATGGAAATTCATCTCATGTTGTGTTTCTCTTCATGTTTACT
 ATTTCCGTAATCGTTGGTTTGGTGTAAAAAATAAGATCTAAACTTCCAATATCATTAAATGTTTACACAATCG
 AAATCAATCAACTAIGTTATGAAAATTAGTGTTTCTC

SEQ ID NO: 6 CYP82X2

Start	End	Feature
1	783	promoter sequence
784	893	5' untranslated region
894	1581	exon 1
1582	1694	intron 1
1695	2050	exon 2
2051	2170	intron 2
2171	2791	exon 3
2792	2918	3' untranslated region

>CYP82X2

AAGTGTGCCACTAAICTACTGCTAGTGCTACTGCTCACTGACACTTACACATATGATTGATTTATGGCTAAACAG
 GATGACCCTAAATTTATTTTGGAAAGCGGAGTGAATTAATTAAGTGGCACATTTCCATGAGAATTTATGATGG
 CATGCATTTAGATGAACAAGATACACCAAATGTAGTGACTGAACAAGATGCTCGATCCTAACCCACCTGCAACT
 TTAGCTAAAACCTTAATAATTACATGTCCTTATCTTTTATTGAAATCATTTTATCTATCAATGGATGCTGATCAATA
 ATATCATATATCTTTGCTTTTCTTCAATCATTTAGATGAACAAAAACACAATAAGTGTAGTGGTTGTTCAATA
 CCCACCTTCAACTCATCTTCCCTTTAATAACAAATATCTTTGCTTTTCTCCAATCATTTACTTGAACAACCA
 ACCTAGTAAGTGTAGTGGTTTCTCATAACCCACCTGCAATTTTGTCTTACCTTTAATAACATATATCTTTGAT
 TTTCTTCGATCATTTTAGCTACCAATGGATGCTGATCCAAAAAGTTATGGCAAAAAGAGACAACGTCATCGAACA
 CGAGCCTCTCGTGCACCACAGCATCAAGGTTTGTGGAAATTAACCGCTTGTAAAAAATGGAGTGGCTGATCATAA
 TGAGGTATTTGCTAAGATATAGTATCAACTTTAGTGAAGTGGCCAAACAAAACCTCACGAGTTGTTGAAAATTTGGAG
 ATTTATAPTTATAAGATAAAAAGGTCACCTCCCTACACAACGACTTGCCTGCAAGTGA AAAAAGAAAAAACAAC
 AACCTCAATCTAGCTAGAGTCTGTA AAAAAGTTTGTGCGACTGTATTTAGTTAATTTATAAAAATTTCAATGAAGT
 CGTTAATGATGAACAAGTTATTTATTTCTCCAACGGATTACTGATTCTCCTTCGACCACCATATCAGTACTTTTA
 TTGTTACAATAATATCCATTTGTTTCTCTACACGCTTGTGTTGATAAGGACGACTAAGATAAGCAGAGATAG
 CAGCACCAAAAGCATCGGGGGCGTGGCCGTTCATAGGTCATCTCAAATATTGATGAAACAAGATACTCAGTTTT
 ACAGAAGCTTAGGAACCATGTCTGATAAATACGGGTGGTGTTCACACTTCGATTAGGAACCAAGCAATCCTAG
 TTGTGAGCAACTGGGAGATGGTAAAAGAATGTTTCAACAACAACGACAAGTCATTCTCGAATCGTCCAAGTACGT
 TAAGCACTAAATACATGCTGAATGACACTAATTCGTGCTGTTTTCACCTTACGGAACGTATTGGACAGAAATGC
 GGAAGATATTGGTGC AAAAAGTACTGATCTCTAACCAAGATCAGAGGCATTGAAAATCTGAAAACGAAAGAAA
 TCGACAACCTCGTTTGTAAAGCTTAATGATTTATGCAACAACGATGTGAGTGGAGGAGGCACAAAAGT TAGGATGG
 ACGAATGGTTGGCTGCATGATGTTCAACATTAATGCTAGGATACATTTGGTTACCAAAGCGGAGGAGGCGATG
 CACCTGGTATGTGATCATCAAATTTCTGTTAAAACCAAATTAACCTGTACTATATCTTATGTTTACATGTTATAT
 TGATCACTTTGACACGTTCTGATCATTTTCACAAATCGAATTAGGCGCTTCTACAACATCCAAGAAATGTCGAGAG
 ATACAAGAAAACGTTGGACGAGATGTTTGTGTTTGTAGCGACGAGGTTTGCAGTTTCAGATATATTTCCATCTCT
 GGAGTTTATAGACCATTGAGAGGCTTGTAAAGGATATGAAAATCTTGGGAGACGAATAAAACCTCATTGCTGG
 ATGTTTATTGAAGAATCGTCAAAAGAGACGAGAATCATTTATCCTCATTTGTTATCTTTGTCAAAI GAATCCGT
 TGGTGTGAACAAGATTTTATTGATGTTCTCTTGTCAATAATGGATCAGTCACGGCTTCCCGGAGATGACCCAGA
 TTTTATATCAAAATATGATCCTGGTAACATATATTACAACAGTATTTCTTTAAGTTATGGATTAATGGATGTC
 GTAACCATGAATATTTTCTGATCTGGATAAATGTAATCCGGAACATAATATGAATATTTGTTGACCCAGGAAGC
 TTTTGGAGGTGGGACGGACGATTTAAGTGAACCTTAACTTGGGTCTCTCTACTGCTGAACCACCCAAACGT
 GTTAAAGAGGGCAAGGGAGGAAATAGATAGGCATGTGGAAAACGGTAAGCAAGTGGAAAGTGTCTGATATCCGAA
 GCTCGGATACATTTGATGCAATAATCAAAGAGACGATGAGATTTGATCCAGTCCGGAGCATTAAGCGAACGATACAC
 GACTGAAGAATCGGAGGTTGGTGGTTTAACTGACCCGCTGGCACACGCTTACTGGTGAATATATGCAAGATCCA
 CAGAGACCCAACTGTGTGGGAAATCCATCAGATTTTCAACCAGAGAGGTTTTTGTGACCGATAGGTTGGTGT

GGATTTATATGGCCAGAATTATGAGCTGATACCATTGGGGCCGGTAGGAGGGTATGTCCGGCTATAGTTTCATC
 ACTGCAGACGATGCATTATGCSTGGCGCGTCTTATTCAAGGATATGAAATGAAATCAGCCAGCCTCGATGGGAA
 GGTGAATATGGAAGAAATGATAGCCATGTCGTGCCACAAGATGAGCCCTCTTGAAGTTATTATCAGTCTCGGGAA
 GCCGAGGCGGAGTTAAATCTTATGTTCCAATTTTACATTAGCATCTTTGATTATGAAATGTATTGCTCTTAAGTT
 TCTTTTTTGTTTTTTATATTTTTAAGCTTGTATGTGATCATCAGCGAAAATGATGATGACAGAATCGT

SEQ ID NO: 7 **CYP82Y1**

Start	End	Feature
1	12	5' untranslated region
13	718	exon 1
719	815	intron 1
816	1153	exon 2
1154	1237	intron 2
1238	1864	exon 3
1865	1915	3' untranslated region

> CYP82Y1

TTCAAGTTTCAATTCATGGCGTATTTGATGATCAAGAAGTCTATCTATTTGTTTTTGGATCAACCAACTGCAGTTGGC
 ACTCTTATACTTGGCTTTCTGCTGACACTTTGCGCTGTTATTATTACTATGAACAGAAGAGGGGTTTGAGG
 CGAAATCGCACCGCAATTACAACGACTCCATTTACCAGAGGCATCAGGTGCATGGCCAGTGATAGGTCATCTTCTT
 CTTTTCATGAACGAAAACGATCTAAATCATGTAACCTCTTGGTCACATGGCTGATAAATATGGACCTATTTTCAGC
 TTAAGATTCGGTAGACATAGAACCTAGTTGTTAGTAGTTGGGAGATGGTAAAGGAGTGTTTTACAGGTACCAAT
 GACAAGTTGTTCTCAAATCGTCTTCTCCTTGGCGGTTAAACTTATGTTTTATGACACTGAATCTTATGGTTTTT
 GCACCTTATGGGAAATACTGGAGAGAGTTGCCAAAGATATCTACACACAACTCCTCTCTAATCAGCAATTAGAG
 AAGTTCAAGCACTTGGCGATTTCTGAAGTCGATAAATCCTTTAAAAAGCTTCATGAGTTATGCAGCAACAACAAA
 CAGGGAGGTGATACTACATATGTGGCTAGTCTTGTGAGAATGGATGATTGGTTCGCGTACTTGACATTTAACGTA
 ATAGGACGGATCGTCAGCGGATCCAAATCAAATGCAGTGGCAGGTGAGCTCATATAGCTAGGTTTTTATATGTTT
 GGTGTTGACACACACAGCTCATTATATCTTAACTGAATATA'GT'ATAAT'GAACAACATAGGTGCCACAAA
 CAGCCAGGAAAAATACAAGCTTGAATCGATGAAGTGTCAAATCTTATGGCAACGTTTGGCGTTTCAGATGTGGT
 TCCACGGCTTGGGTGGATTGATCGATTGACTGGTCTTACAGGAAAGATGAAGAATTGGTAAAAAATTAGATGC
 AGTAGTTGGGGATGCAGTGGAGGATCATCGCCAAAAGAACTCAAATTTCTAGAAATAACACAGGAGCACTTAC
 GGAGCACGAAGAAGAACTTTATCGATGTTTGTGCTGATTATGGAGCAGTCACAGATTCCGGGAAACCACCC
 CGAAATCTCTGTCAAATCTATTGCTTGGTAAACGTCCTCATAAGCATGTTAGCAGATTTACCTCTATATATAC
 TTACATAT'AT'TTTT'ATCAATCACACATAT'GTGCAGGACAT'GT'ATCGGGTGGGAGTGACACTACAAAAT'GAT
 AATGACATGGACCCCTTTCTTTGCTGTTGAACCATCCAGACATATGGACAAGGCTAAAGAAGAAGTAGATACATA
 CTTCGGGAAGAAAAAGATATCGGATAACACACCTGTGGTTGATGCTGCCGATGTTCCCTAACCTCGTCTACATCCA
 AGCAATCATCAAAGAATCAATGCGGTTATACCTGCTAGCACAT'GATGGAGCGAATGACAAGT'GATGAT'GTGA
 TGTGGTGGCTTCCACGTACCAGCTGGGACACGATTATGGGTTAACGTATGGAGATGCAACGGGACCCAAAGGGT
 GTGGAAAGATCCACTGGTATTTCTACCTGAGAGATTCTTGAGCAATGACAAAGGGATGGTAGATGTGAAGGGTCA
 GAATTATGAACTGATACCATTGGAACAGGCAGGCGGATATGTCTTGGTGCATCTTTTGCCTTGGAAAGTCTTGCA
 TTTGGTTCTTACTCGTCTTATTCTTGAAGTTCGAGATGAAGGCACCAAGGGGAAAAATGACATGAGGGCAAGACC
 AGGTTTTTTCCACAACAAGGTGGTGCCTAGATGTTCAACTCACCCACGCACACTAGATTAAGATTCCTATAT
 ATGCTAATTAATTAGATGAATAAAATCTGTGGTCGAGTAA

SEQ ID NO: 8 PSCXE1

Start	End	Feature
1	15	5' untranslated region
16	978	ORF
979	1333	3' untranslated region

>PSCXE1

AATAAAAATCCAACAATGGCAGATCCTTATGAATTCCTAATGTGCATTACAATCCTGAAGAAGATACCCCTAACA
 ACAAATTTTCCCATTCCTGCTACTCCCTTACATCAAAACACCAAACACATTTCTTTAAATCCTCATACCAAAC
 TCACCTCGAATCTTTCCGCCACCAACCAAAGAACCTCCTGTAAACAAAGATAAGCTGCTTCCATCATAATTTAT
 TTCCATGGTGGAGGTTTCATTTCTTTCAATGCAGATTCAACTATGAACCATGACTTTTGTCAATCGATTGCTACA
 CATATACCCCGCGCTGGTCTGTTCTGTAGACTACCGTCTTGCTCCTGAAAACCGACTTCCCGCTGCCTATGATGAT
 GCTGTTGATGCTTTAAACTGGGTCAAAGACCAAGGTTTAGGCAAACTAAATAATAGTGAAGTATGGTAAAGAG
 TATGGTGACTTCTCAAAGTGTTCATTATGGGGTGCAGCTCAGGTGCTAATGTTGCATATCATGCCAGTTTAAAG
 GCAATAGAATGGATCTTGAACCACTAAGATTAATGGATTAATATTACACTGCCCTTTTTTGGTAGTCTTGAG
 AGAATGAAATCAGATTCAAAAGTGCATCAACAATCAGGACTTCCCGCTTCCCGTAAGGGATGTCATGTGGGAACTG
 GCGTTGCCGCTTGGCTCTACTCGTGATCACGTTTATTTGTAATCCGAATATTGATCATGATGGATCATCATCTGGA
 AATATGGTGGGTTAATCGAGAGATGTTTGTGGTAGGATTTATGGGATCCACTTATGATCGACAAATTCAG
 CTGGTGAAGTCTCGAGGAAAAGGTGTGAAGGTTGAACTTGGATTGAACAAGGAGGGTATCATCGGGTGCTA
 TGCTTTGACCCCTATGATACGTGAAACCTTTTGGAAAAACTAAAACATTTTATTTTAAACGACGAATTTATATAC
 TAAAATATATTTATAGTATTTAAACAATGAAATTCCTATTTTTTCTAAAATGAGCTTTTGGACGAAACATTTGTGTA
 CGAATAGCTGATGTAATTTTTCGTTTACCGGATTTTTCATTTTTTTGCTTCTTTTCTGCTCTCTTTTATAAG
 TCGTTCTT

SEQ ID NO: 9 PSSDR1

Start	End	Feature
1	254	5' untranslated region
255	423	exon 1
424	635	intron 1
636	1178	exon 2
1179	1953	intron 2
1954	2146	exon 3
2147	2236	intron 3
2237	2378	exon 4
2379	2488	3' untranslated region

>PSSDR1

CTAACAGGCAAAACAATAACAGGTTGCACCTACAACATTCAATTTTTATTTTGGTAAATGAAGTTCAGTGGAGAGTAACCACA
 TCTTTGTTGTCGGCATTGCCCCACAATACTGAGTGTGTTGGCTGAGTGTAGTCTGACTGTAGGTAAGCTACAACATGCATGTT
 GCAGATAATAATCACTAACTGATTATTCATGCATACCTAACAGTCATATTGTTATAGTTCCCAAAAAAATTCCTCGAATATA
 AAGGCATGCATGGACAGAAAAATATATCAGAGAGATATCAGAAATCAAAGAGATGGAAGGAACAGGGAAGATAGTATGTGTA
 ACAGGTGGAGCTGGTACTTGGCATCTTGGCTGATCATGAGATTGCTTGAACGTGGTTACTCTGTTCCGACACCCTTCGGTC
 TGACCCAGTACGTAATAAATAAATTTCCCTGGCATCATTTCTTCAATATAAATTTCTTATATCTAGTTCATCATCTTTA
 TTGTTCCAATCATGTCCTCCCAAGCTAAAAGAAGTAGTAATCTAAAATAGCTAATTTATGTACGAAATGTAACAATGATC
 TCCTAGCTTATGAGGCTCACCTAATTTCTGTTCTATCATTGTTGTCTTGAAGAATTTAGGGAAGATGTGAGCCACCTTAAA
 GCTCTTCCCTGAAGCTACAGAGAAGCTTCAAATTTTTGAAGCAGATCTTGAACCCAGAAAGTTTCGACGATGCGATCAACGG
 TTGTCTCGGTGCTTTCTCTGCTCAAGGAATGAATTTTGGCCGAAGAAATATACTCTTGAATAAATAATCAAACATCGCTGG
 AAGGAACCTTAGAATCTACAGTCATGCTTGAATCTAAAACAGTGAAAAGGTTGTGTACACATCTTCTGCTGATGCAGCA
 ATGATGATAAGTAATCTCAAAGCTGTAAAAGAATTGACGAGACAATATGGTCAGAAGTTGACAATTTTATTAGCAAACCGGA
 ACAAGTTATCTCGGATCGCCCTCATATGTGGTTTCAAAGGTACTGACAGAAAAGAGCTTGCCCTAAAGTTTCTGAAAGACATG
 GTTTGGATGTTGTTACTATACTTCCCTCCGTTGGTGTGGTGTGGACCTTTTATCACCTCCCATCTCTCCAGTGTATCTATAGCT
 CTTTCGATAATTTTCAGGATCCTCTCCATCCGAAAAATATGCCAATCTCTAAACTTAAAAGGCATATTGATATTTAATAATAC
 CTCCATACCTAAAAAAGAGTTGCTATAAACAATTTTAAATTTTCGCCCATTTTTCAGCCCTAATGAAAAGTTATAATTAACA
 TTTTAGGAAGGAGGGAGAATGATTTTGGACAAACCTTAGAATCTGTGTGGTGGATTTGTCCTTATCATTTGTTGATTAATCT
 GTGATATCATGTTTTTAAAAGCGCCGCTCACGCTACGCTTCTGACGGTTCCGCTAGATTTTTTAAATTCGCTCCGAGCG
 TAGTTATGAAGCTACCATGAAGCGCCGCTCACGCTACGTTCTGACGCTTCCGCTCAGATTTTTTCAAATTCGCTCCGAGCGG
 AATCTACCATGAAGTGAAGATTCCTTTAATTTGATTCACTTTTTACTTAGTCAAGTCTTTTTTAGGGGGTTTCGAAAACATA
 AGTGAACCACTGGCCCTCGCTACTGTTTTGAAATTAACCTAGACTATATTAATGATACAATTTATATATCTTCTCTAATA

TTAAATTATTAATAACAACTACTACTATTTATAGGAAAAATTCGCTTCAAATATCAATCATAAAACGACGCTTCACATTTCAACATGCGCATCGCTTCGTATAAAAAAACGCTTACGCTTTCACATACCTTGGTGTACATAGATTAAATACCTTCCCTCCTCTGCGTGGTGTAAACATTTCTGTGTTTCGTTTATATATATGACCAGGTGATGTGTCGATGATGCTTGGTGTAGACTTGAAAATGCGGTACATATAGATGATGTTGCTTTAGCACACATATTCGTTTTTGAATGTGAAAAAGCAAAGGAGACATATTTGTTCTTCA GTTGAATTTCCAAATGCATGATCTGCCTAAATTTATATCTGAGAATTATCCGGAATTCACCGTACCGACTGAGTGAGTTATCTTTCACCACCTTCTTTATTATTATTCATCAAGTCACTTTGGGTATTTAACCTTATTGTTTTTACTGAATTATCATCAGTTTAC TAAAGGATATTGAGGAACAAGAACCAGTTCATCTTTCTCAGATAAGCTGTTGAGTATGGGATTCAGTTCAAATATGATTTT GCAGAGATTTTCGGTGTATGCAATACGATGTGCCAAAGAGAAGGGTTTCTTTAGAGACCAACTATAGTTTGGTTCGGAGGAGA TGTGGGAGTAGCTAGCCCAAATGCCCTGCTCGCACTAGCTTATATTATTGTTATTGTTTTCAAATGAATAAACGGGCAG

SEQ ID NO: 10 PSAT1

Start	End	Feature
1	53	5' untranslated region
54	1469	ORF
1470	1572	3' untranslated region

> PSAT1

CGCATATAATCCAATTTGCATGTTTATCGACCTTGAGGAACAATTAGGGGATATG3CAACAATGTCTAGTGCCTG CTGTAGAAGTGATCTCGAAAGAAACGATTAACCAAGAATCCAACACCATATCAAATAGAAAACACTACAATATGT CACTTCTCGACCAATATTTCTTCTCTAGTTTATGTTCCGATCATTTCTTTCTACCCTGCTGCCCTCCGACGCTAATA GTACCGGAAGTAAGCACCATGATGATCTTCACTTGCCTTAAGAGGTCTCTTTCTGAAAACGCTAGTTCACTTTTATC CAATGGCTGGTAGGATGAAAGACAACATGACTGTTGACTGTAACGACGAAGGTATTGACTTTTTCGAAGTAAGAA TCAAAGGTAGAATGTGTGACTTCATGATGAAATCAGATGCACACTTAAGTCTGCTTCTTCCGTCTGAAGTCCGCTT CCACGAACCTTCGTGAAGGAAGCACAGGTGATTTGTTCAAGTGAACATGTTTGATGTC3GTGGAACTGCCATTTGTT TCTGTATATCAAACAAGATTGCAGATGCATGCACCATGATTACCTTCATTTCGTAGTTTGGCAGGCACCCACPAACA TAGCTCGTTCGTGGGAGCTCTATTGCTGCACCAACCACAAATCAGAAATTTGGTTCCTTCTTTGATTTCGACATCAC TCTTTCCACCTAGTGAACAATTTGGCATCTCAAGTTCCTATCCTACACAGGATAGTACCAGCGTAGATAAACTTG TCAGCAAAGATTTGTGTTTGATGCGGGCAAAGATTACATCTGCACGTGAAAAATTCGAATCCTTGATGCATGATA AATACAAATGCCATAGGCCGACAAGGGTTGAGGTAGTTTCCGCTTTGATATGGAAGTCAGCAGTGAATCTGCTC CGCCCGGTTCTATATCCACTGTAAACCCATGCCATGAACTTTAGAAAGAAAATGGATCCACCATTACAAGATGCCGT CATTTCGGGAATCTTTGTGTGTTGTTACAGCAGTATTACCAGCAACAACGGCGACAACAACAATCCAGCAACCA AAAAAGTTAGTAGTACGAGTAATGAAGAGCAAGTGGCCTTGTATGAGTTAAGTGAATTTTGTAGCCCTATTGAGGC GCGAAATAGATAAGGTAAGGGTGATAAAGGTTGCATGGAGAAAATCATTCAAAAGTTTCATCTATGGTCATGATG CTTCCGTAGCGAAAGACAGTGTGTTGAAGATAAGGTGACAGCTTTGTTTATGACTAGCTGGTGAAGTTTGGAT TCTACGAAGCTGATTTTGGTTGGGGAACGCCAGTTTGGGTAACACTGTTCCATTAATTGAGCCAAAGTACAAGA ACATGGTTTTTCATGAACGATATGAAATGTGGTGAAGGAATTAAGTGTGGGTGAATTTTCTGGAGGATGATATGA CCAAGTTGGAACACCCTAAGAGAGATCCTCAACTGTTTTGATTTTCAACCGTTTCCCTAATAGAGGTCAATT GTCGTGTGTTGTCATCTTAACCTACCATCTTTATTCTCTGTTTTTCATACTTGTATTTGCTTACTCCGGTAA

SEQ ID NO: 11 PSMT1

MATNGEIFNTYGHNHQSATVTKITASNESNGVCYLSETANLGLKLCIPMALRAAMELNVFQLISKFGTDAKVSASEIASKMPNAKNNPEAAMYLDRI LRLLGASSILSVSTTKKINRGGDDVVVHEKLYGLTNSSCCLVPRQEDGVSLVEELLFTSDKVVVDSFFKCLKVVEEKDSVPFEVAHGAKIFEYAATEPRMNQVFNDGMVAFSIVVFEAVFRVYDGF LDMKELLDVGGGIGTSVSKIVAKYPLIRGVNFDLPHVISVAPQYPGVEHVAGDMFEEVPKGQNMLLKWVLDHWGDERCVKLLKNCWNSLPVGGKVLIEFVLPNELGNNAESFNALIPDLLMALNPGGKERTISEYDDLKGAAGFIKTIPIPI SNGLHVIEFHK.

SEQ ID NO: 12 PSMT2

MEIHLESQEEMKYQSQIWNQICGTVDTSVLRCAIQLGIFDAIHNSGKPMITLTELSSIVSSPSSSSIEPCNLVRLVRYLSQMDLISIGECLNEATVSLTGTSKLLLRNQEKSLLIDVWLAI SCEMMVVVWHELSSSVSTPADEPPIFQKVHGKNALELAGEFPEWNDLINNAMTSDTSVTKPALIQCGKILNGVTSLLIDVGGGHGATMAYIVEAFPHIKGAVIDLPHVVEAAPERPGVEFISGDI FKSISNADAVLLKYVLHNWEDTECVNLLKRCKEAVPADKGVIIIMDLVIDDDDN SILTQAKLSLDLTMNHGGGRERTKEDWRNLIEMSGFSRHEIIPISAMPSIIVAYP.

SEQ ID NO: 13 PSMT3

MEVVSKIDQENQAKIWKQIFGFAESLVLKCAVQLEIAETLHNNVKPMSLSELASKLPAQFVNEDRLYRILHFLVH
 MKLNFNDATTQKYSLAPPKAYLLKGWEKSMVPSILSVTDKDFTPAWNHLGDGLTGNCNAFEKALGKGRVYMREN
 PEKDQLFNEGMACDTRLFASALVNECKSIFSDGINTLAGVGRGTAVKAIKAFPPDIKCTIHDLEPVTSKNSKI
 PRDVFKSVPADAI FMKSI LHEWNEDEECIQILKRCKEAI PKGGKVI IADVV IDMDSTHPYSKSR LAMDLAMMLHT
 GPKERTEEDWKKLIDAAGFASCKITKLSALQSVIEAYPH.

SEQ ID NO: 14 CYP82X1

MELFIKLPFIQPI PFSI I LVTTVSIVLLYSVFFWVTDKKKRKKKAPNAGAWPLIGHLRLLMNDKEPLYRALGSM
 ADKYGPAFNIRLGNQEVLVVSNWEMVKQCFGNQNDKLF SNRQTT LAAKYMLNQTSSGFAPYGPYWRELKIMVQ
 QLLSKQSLSEWKHLKIKEMDASFSKLNELCNNNGTGTATLIRMDWEWFAELTFNVIARNVFGYQSGGRSTALTNGD
 TESKGERYKKTLEALHLMSIFAVSDIFPSLEWVDRLRGLIRNMKRFGDELNSIAGCLIEHRQKRLQSVKSKDK
 GVGDEQDFVDVLLSVAEKSQPLPGDDPDLV I KSMILEIVSGGSETTSSTLTWALCLLLHPHVLKKAKEELDTHVG
 KDRHVEESDTPKLVYINAI IKESMRLYPNGAMLDRLALEECEVGGFHVHPAGGRLEFVNWKIQRDPSPWENPLEFK
 PERWFLSNGEKMDVDYKGNHEFIPFGIGRRMCAGMLWASEVIELVLPRLIHGFDMKASANGKVDMAEMAGMVI
 CFKKTPELVMMVNP.

SEQ ID NO: 15 CYP719A21

MIMSNLWILTLISTILAVFAAVLIIFRRRISASTTEWVPGPKTLPIIGNLHILGGTALHVVLHKLAEVYGSVMTI
 WIGSWKPVIIIVSDFDRAWVLVNKSSDYSAREMPEITKI GTANWRTISSSDSGFFWATLRKGLQSVLSPQHLAS
 QTAHQERDIIKLIKLNKDEAASGMVKPLDHLKATVRLISRLIYGQDFDDDKYVEDMHVDVIEFLIRISGYAQLAE
 VFYYAKYLPGHKRAVGTAAEAKRRVIALVRPFLQSNPATNTYLEFLKSQLYPEEVII FAIFAYLLGVDSTSTT
 AWALAFIREPSVQEKLYQELKNFTANNRRTMLKVEDVNKLPYIQAUVKE TMRMKPIAFLAI PHKACKDTSIMGK
 KVDKGTKVMVNIHALHHTKVKWKEPYKFI PERFLQKHDKAMEQSLLPFSAGMRICAGMELGKQLQFSFSLANLVNA
 FKWSCVSDGVLDPMSDLLGFVLFMKTPEARIVPRL.

SEQ ID NO: 16 CYP82X2

MKSLMNNKLLFLQRI TDSPSTII STFIVTII SIVFLYTVLLIRTTKNKQKIAAPKASGAWPFI GHLKLFMKQDT
 QFYRTLGTMSDKYGSVFTLRLGNQAILVSNWEMVKECFTTNDKSF SNRPSTLSTKYMLNDTNSVVSFPGTYWR
 EMRKILVQKLLISNQRSEALKNLKTKEDNSFVKLNDLCNNDVSGGGTKVRMDEWLADMMFNIIARITFGYQSGG
 GDAPGASTTSKNVERYKKTLDDEMFFVLATREAVSDIFPSLEFIDRLRGLVKDMKILGDELNSIAGCFIEHRQKR
 RESLSSLLSLSNESVSGDEQDFIDVLLS IMDQSRPLPGDDPDI I KIMILEAFAGGTDLSATLTWVLSLLLHPNV
 LKRAREEIDRHVENGKQVEVSDI PKLGYIDAI IKETMRLYPVGALSERYTTEECEVGRFNVHPAGTRLLVNIWKIH
 RDPSPWENPDSDFQPERFLCSDKVGVDLYGQNYELIPFGAGRRCPAIVSSLQTMHYALARLIQGYEMKSASLDGK
 VNMEEMIAMSCHKMSPLEVIISPREPRS.

SEQ ID NO: 17 CYP82Y1

MAYLMIKKSIYLFDFDQPTAVGTLILAFLLLTSPVIIYYEQKRGRLRRNRTAITTTPLPEASGAWPVI GHLLLFMN
 ENDLNHVTLGHMADKYGPIFSLRFGRHRTL VVSSWEMVKECFTGTNDKLF SNRPSSLAVKLMFYDTE SYGFAPYG
 KYWRELKISTHKLNSQQLKFKHLRISEVDNSFKKLHELCSNNKQGGDTTYVASLVRMDDWFAYLTFNVI GRI
 VSGFQSNVAVAGATNSQEKYKLAIDEVSNLMAFVAVSDVVPRLGWIDRLTGLTGKMKNCGKLDVAVGDAVEDHRQ
 KKLKISRNTGALTEHEEEDFIDVCLSIMEQSQIPGNHPEISVKSIALDMLSGGSDTTKLMTWLTSLLLHPDI
 LDKAKEEVDTYFGKKKISDNTPVVDAADVNLVYIQAI IKESMRLYPASTLMERMTSDDCDVGGFHVHPAGTRLVV
 NVWKMQRDPRVWKDPLVFLPERFLSNDKGMVDVKGQNYELIPFGTRRICPGASFALEVHLVLRILILEFEMKA
 PEGKIDMRARPGFFHNKVVPLDVQLTPRTL.

SEQ ID NO: 18 PSCXE1

MADPYEFLMCIHNPEEDTLTRNFPI PATPLDQNTKDISLNPDRKTSLRIFRPPTKEPPVTKNKLLPIIYFHGGG
 FILFNADSTMNHFDCQSIATHIPALVVSVDYRLAPENRPAAYDDAVDALNWVKDQGLGKLNSEVWLKEYGDFS
 KCFIMGCSSGANVAYHASLRAIEMDLEPAKINGLILHCPFFGSLERTESDSKVINNQDLPLAVRDMWELALPLG
 STRDHVYCNPNIDHDGSSGNMGLIERCFVVGFGYDPLIDRQIQLVKMLEEKGVKVEWIEQGGYHGVLCFDFM
 IRETFLKLEKHFILNDEFIY.

SEQ ID NO: 19 PSSDR1

MHGQKNISERYQKFKEMEGTGKIVCVTGGAGYLASWLMRLLERGYSVRRTTVRSDPKFREDVSHLKALPEATEKL
 QIFEADLENPESEFDDAINGCVGVFLVAQGMNFAEYTYLEKI IKTCVEGTLRI LQSCCLKSKTVKKVYVYSSADAAM
 MISNLKAVKEIDETI WSEVDNFISKPEQVI PGLPSYVVSQVLTERRACLKFSSEHGLDVVTILPPLVVGPFITPHP
 PPSVSTALSII SGDVSMMLGVRL ENAVHIDDVALAHI FVFECEKAKGRHICSSVDFPMHDLPKFISENYPEFNVP
 TDLLKDIEEQEPVHLSDDKLLSMGFQFKYDFAEIFGDAIRCAKEKGF.

SEQ ID NO: 20 PSAT1

MATMSSAAVEVISKETIKPRNPTPYQLRNYNMSLLDQYSSLVYVPIILFYPAASDANSTGSKHDDLHLLKRSLS
 ETLVHFYPMAGRMKNMTVDCNDEGIDFFEVRIKGRMCDMMKSDAHL SLLLPSEVASTNFVKEAQVIVQVMFD
 CGGTAICFCISNKIADACTMITFIRSLACTNIARRGSSIAAPTNTQNLVPSFDSTSLFPPSEQLASQVSYPTQD
 STSVDKLVSKRFVFDAAKITSAREKLQSLMHDKYKCHRPTREVV SALIWKSAVKSAPPGSI STVTHAMNFRKKM
 DPPLQDASFGNLCVVVTAVLPATATTTNPATKKVSSSTNEEQVALDELSDFVALLRREIDKVKGDKGCMEKIIQ
 KFIYGHDA SVAKDSVVEDKVTALFMTSWCKFGFYEADFGWGTVPVWVTVPLIEPKYKNMVF MNMCKCGEGIEVWV
 NFLEDDMTKFEHHLREILQLF.

SEQ ID NO: 21 VIGS PSMT1

TGGTCATAATCATCAATCAGCCACAGTCACTAAAATCACTGCTTCTAATGAAAGCA3CAATGGTGTCTGTTATCT
 TTCAGAAACGGCTAACTTGGGGAAGTTAATATGCATTC CAATGGCACTAAGAGCTGCGATGGAGCTAAATGTGTT
 CCAACTTATCTCAAAGTTCGGAAGTGCAGC AAAAGTTTCGGCTTCTGAAATGCGCTCTAAAATGCCAAACGCGAA
 GAATAATCCTGAAGCAGCTATGTATTTGGATAGAATCTTCGACTGCTCGGGGCAAGTTCATTTCTTTCTGTTTC
 TACTACAAAAAATCAATCAACAGAGGAGGAGATGATGTAGTAGTACATG

SEQ ID NO: 22 VIGS PSMT2

GTGTAACTAAGCCAGCGCTAATACAAGGATGTGGCAAAATCCTGAACGGAGTTACATCGTTAATTGATGTGGTG
 GTGGTCACGGTGCCACTATGGCTACATAGTTGAAGCTTTTCTCACATAAAAGGTGCGGTAATCGATTTACCAG
 ATGTTGTTGAAGCCGCTCCGGAGGCTCCAGGTGTTGAGTTCATCAGCGGTGATATATTTCAAGT

SEQ ID NO: 23 VIGS CYP82X1

TTTGAGTAATGGTGAAAAGATGGATGTGGATTACAAAGGTCACAATCATGAATTCATACCATTGGGATAGGTCG
 GAGGATGTGCGCTGGTATGCTTTGGGCATCGGAGGTGATTCATTTGGTGCTGCCCC3TCTTATTTCATGGGTTTGA
 TATGAAAGCAGCAAGTGCCAATGGGAAAGTAGATATGGCAGAAATGGCAGGCATGGTGTATTTGTTTTAAGAAGC
 ACCTCTTGAAGTTATGGTCAATCCTCGAGAGTAGATGTT

SEQ ID NO: 24 VIGS CYP719A21

ATGATCATGAGTAAC TTATGGATTCTTACGCTCATTTCTACCATATTAGCAGTCTTTGCTGCTGTGTTAATCAT
 TTCAGGAGAAGAATATCAGCATCCACAACGGAATGGCCTGTTGG

SEQ ID NO: 25 VIGS CYP82X2

TAGGAGGGTATGTCGGCTATAGTTTCATCACTGCAGACGATGCATTATGCGTTGGCGCTCTTATTCAAGGATA
 TGAAATGAAATCAGCCAGCCTCGATGGGAAGGTGAATATGGAAGAAATGATAGCCATGTCGTGCCACAAGATGAG
 CCTCTTTGAAGTTATATCAGTCTCGGGAGCCGAGGCGAGTTAA

SEQ ID NO: 26 VIGS CYP82Y1

TCCTATATATGCTAATTAATTAGATGAATAAAATCTGTGGTCGAGTAAATCTAATTAATGCTAATGAACAAGATG
 AATAAAAAATTTCTTTCTGCTTTGCTTTGGTTAGGGTTATTTGACCCTCATTTG3TTGTATTGTTGGCGCAC
 AACTTTTGTGCTTCTTAATATAAATTCCTTTTGGTGG

SEQ ID NO: 27 VIGS PSCXE1

TGGCAGATCCTTATGAATTCCTAATGTGCATTCAACAATCCTGAAGAAGATACCCCTAACAAGAAATTTCCGATTC
CTGCTACTCCCTTAGATCAAAACACCAAAGACATTTCTTAAATCCTGATAGGAAAACCTCACTTCGAATCTTTC
GGCCACCAACCAAGAACCTCCTGTAACAAGAATAAGCTGCTTCCTATCATAA

SEQ ID NO: 28 VIGS PSSDR1

GAAATTGACGAGACAATATGGTCAGAAGTTGACAATTTCAATTAGCAAACCGGAACAAGTTATTCTGGATTGCC
TCATATGTGGTTTCAAAGGTAAGTACTGACAGAAAAGAGCTTGCTAAAGTTTCTGAAGAACATGGTTTGGATGTTGTT
ACTATACTTCCCTCCGTTGGTTGTTGGACCTTTTATCACTCCCCATCCTCCTCCCAGTGTATCTATAGCTCTTTCCG
ATAATTTCAAGGTGATGTGTCGATGATGCTTGGTGTAGACTTGAAAATGCGGTACATATAGATGATGTTGCTTTA
GCACACATATTCGTTTTTGAATG

SEQ ID NO: 29 VIGS PSAT1

CCTAAGAGAGATCCTCCAACGTGTTTTGATTTTCAACCGTTTCCCTAATAGAGGTCAATTGTCGTGTTTGTCCATC
TTAACTACCATCTTTATTTCTCTTGTGTTTTCACTACTTGTATTTG

SEQ ID NO: 30 VIGS PSPDS

GATCATCTTCTCTTCCAGCAGAAGTCCCCTCTTAAGCGTATACGCTGACATGTCAGTGACATGCAAGGAATATTAT
GACCCAAACAATCCATGCTTGAGTTGGTATTTGCACCCGCTGAGGAATGGATC