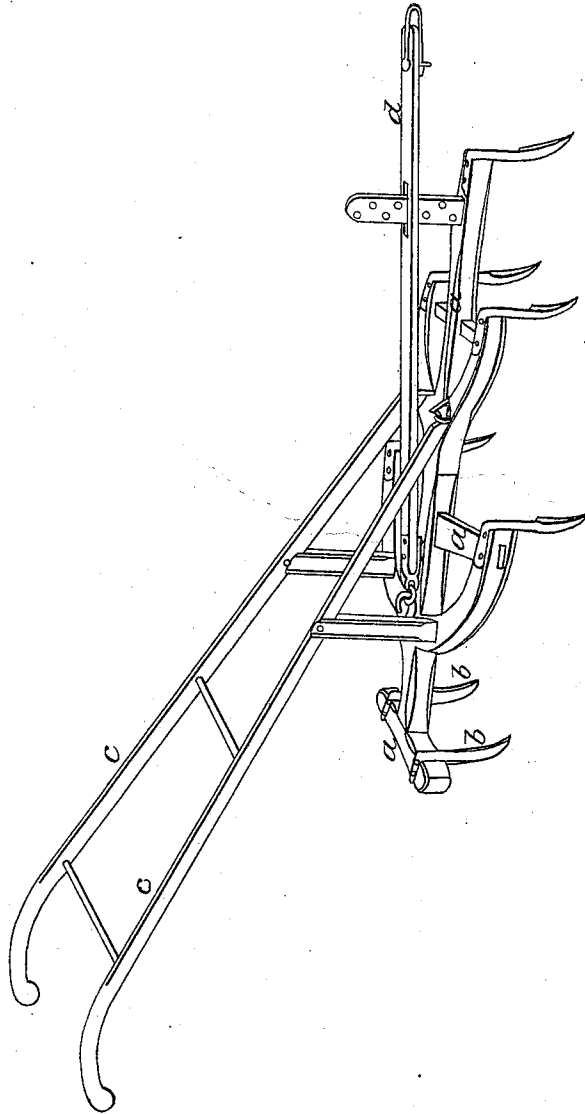


N. I. SHULL.

Cultivator.

Patented Nov. 26, 1836.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

NOAH J. SHULL, OF BENSALEM TOWNSHIP, BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

CULTIVATOR OR HOE-HARROW.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 88, dated November 26, 1836.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, NOAH J. SHULL, of Bensalem township, in the county of Bucks, in the State of Pennsylvania, farmer, have
5 invented or discovered a new and useful Improvement in Cultivators or Hoe-Harrows to Prevent them from Clogging or Choking; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full and exact description of
10 the same as invented or improved by me.

The cultivator or hoe-harrow as improved by me is so constructed, by attaching the
15 hoes or teeth to the front ends or sides of the beams, or other parts of the cultivator or harrow (to which they are secured) that any straw, stones, or other substance which would otherwise choke, or clog up in front
20 of the hoes or teeth will pass up over the upper ends thereof, and fall off from the cultivator or harrow. To effect this object the shanks or teeth are made so as to extend
25 up across the front part of the frame to which they are attached, and the upper ends of said shanks are bent back over on to the top of the wood work or frame, to which
30 they are secured by small bolts passed through the ends of the shanks of the hoes or teeth, and through the frame of the cultivator or harrow.

The front ends, or sides of the frame where the hoes or teeth are attached is so
35 shaped, and the hoes or teeth so attached, that the front of the upright part or shank will incline back, so that straw, stones, or other substance will more readily pass over
40 on to the top, to prevent the choking of the harrow.

The frame of the cultivator or hoe-harrow may be made in any convenient shape or
45 form, provided it is so constructed that the hoes or teeth may be attached as above mentioned to the front end or sides of the different parts of the frame, that is, so that the frame or woodwork shall not extend in
50 front, over the hoes, or teeth to render it liable to choke. It may be made as follows—let there be a sill or beam extending longitudinally through the center of the frame from the front end to the back, with
a hoe or tooth attached to the front end in

the manner above described. Passing
through, or attached, and secured to said
sill or beam, there will be cross pieces ex-
tending out a suitable distance each way
therefrom. The cross pieces may be straight, 55
with a hoe or tooth attached to the front
side of the ends thereof in the manner
aforesaid or the ends of said cross pieces
may be bent or curved toward the front of
the cultivator or harrow so that the hoes 60
or teeth may be attached to the ends thereof,
the same as the hoe or tooth on the front
end of the main sill or beam. Such slats
or braces as may be necessary to give the
work sufficient strength will be placed in 65
such places as the particular form, and construction of the other parts of the frame
may render necessary. The hoes, or teeth
may all be of the same size or dimensions;
or for tilling corn, and for other similar 70
purposes a part of them may be made large
to act as small plows, and the other of the
usual size. The stilts or handles, and the
lever, and other appendages for regulating
the draft may be fixed in the usual or in 75
any other convenient manner.

The part claimed as an invention, discovery, or improvement is not the particular
form or construction of the frame as that
may be made in any manner which will 80
admit of the above mode of attaching the
hoes or teeth—but it is the above described
form and made of constructing and attaching
the hoes or teeth (whether large or of
the common size, to act as plows or as 85
cultivators) to the front ends or sides of
the different parts of the frame, so that the
frame or woodwork shall not extend in front,
over said hoes or teeth.

The object intended to be attained by the 90
plan above described is to prevent the liability
to clog or choke, by straw, sticks,
stones, or other substances gathering or
catching on the front of the hoes or teeth
under the frame or woodwork of the culti- 95
vator or hoe-harrow.

NOAH J. SHULL.

Witnesses:

DAVID B. LEE,
M. G. BRYANT.