July 7, 1942. H. M. HERBENER 2,288,704

BILL FOLDER OR THE LIKE

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Fig. 1.

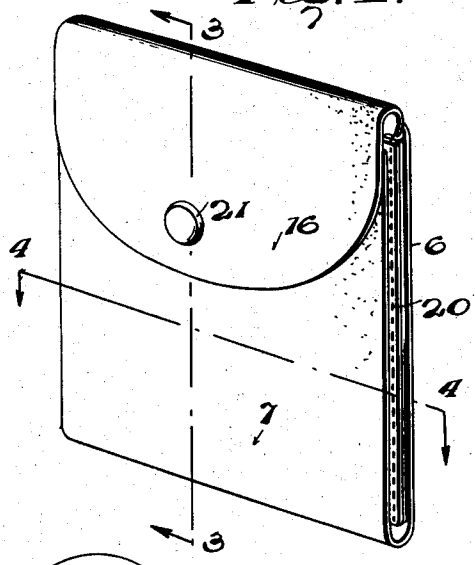


Fig. 2.

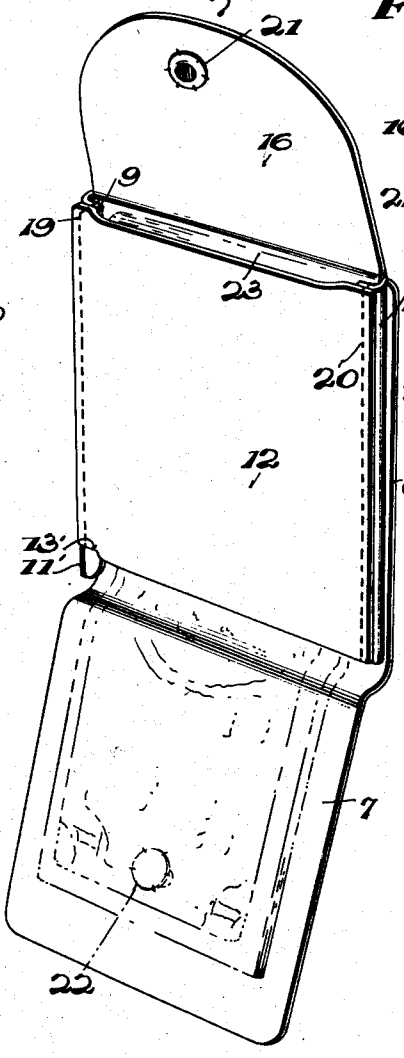
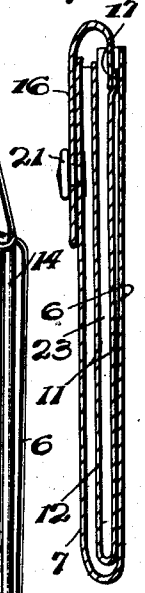


Fig. 3.



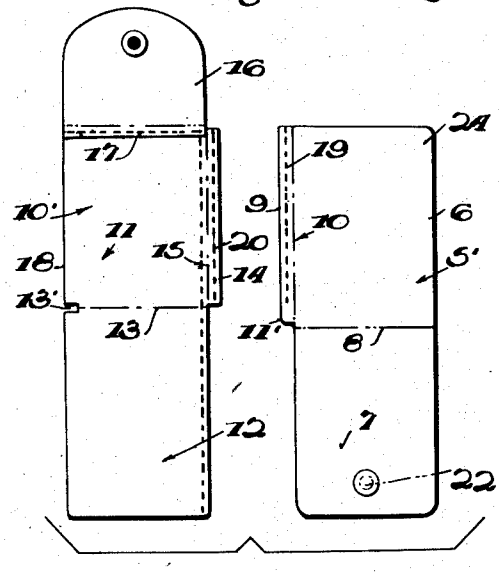


Fig. 5

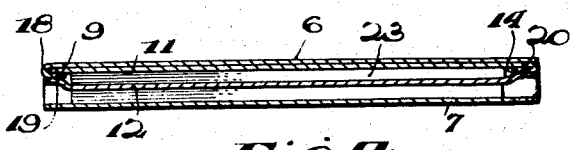


Fig. 4.

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Attorney

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Fig. 6.

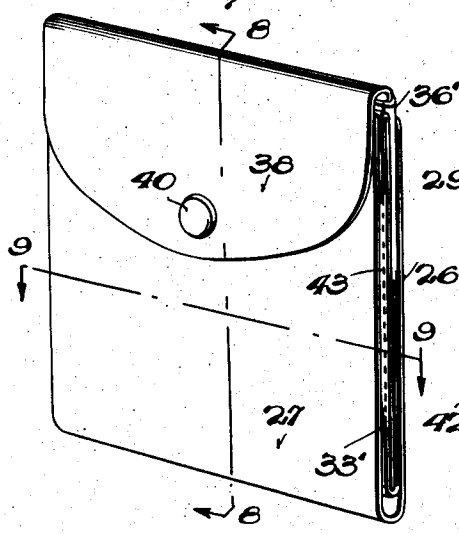


Fig. 7.

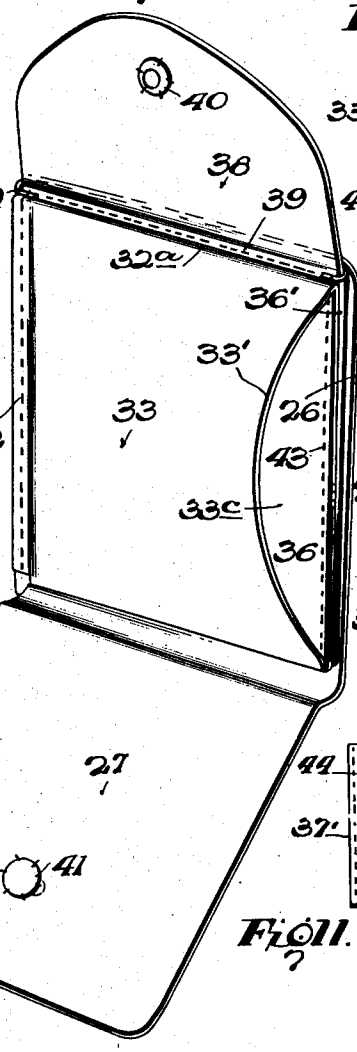


Fig. 8.

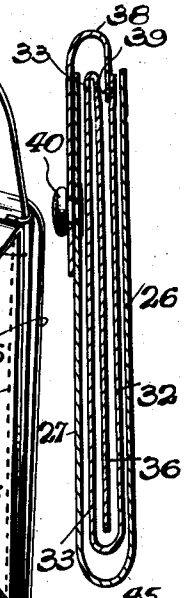


Fig. 10.

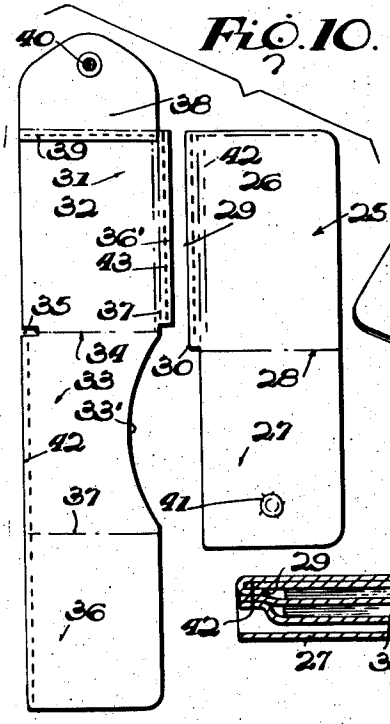


Fig. 11.

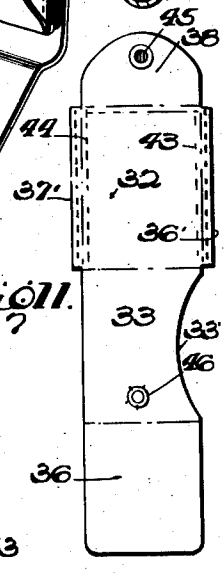
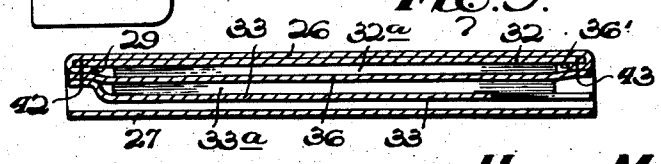


Fig. 9.



Inventor

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July 7, 1942. H. M. HERBENER 2,288,704

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Fig. 12.

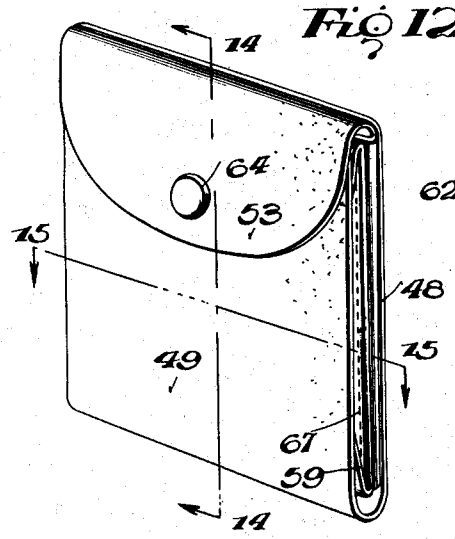


Fig. 14.

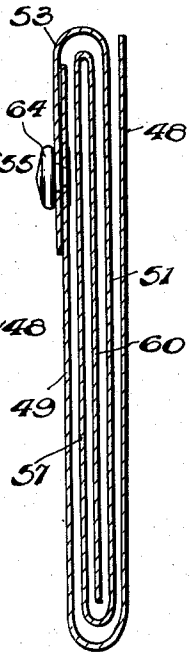


Fig. 13.

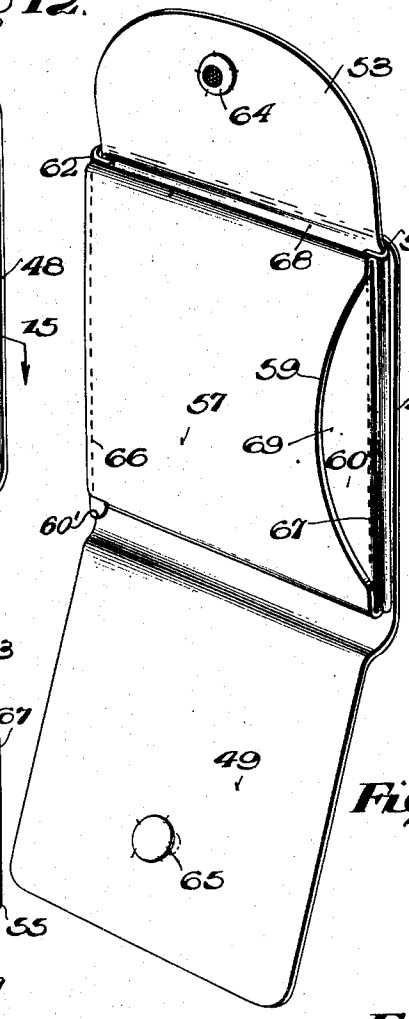


Fig. 16.

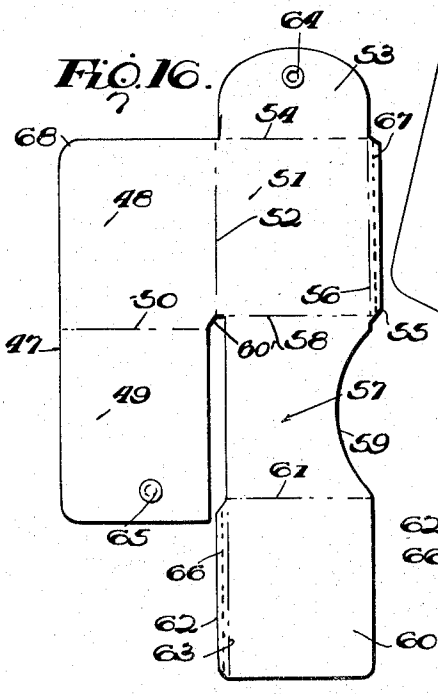
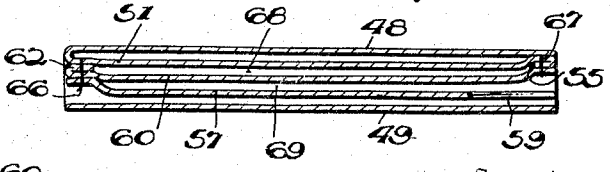


Fig. 15.



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July 7, 1942. H. M. HERBENER 2,288,704

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Fig. 17.

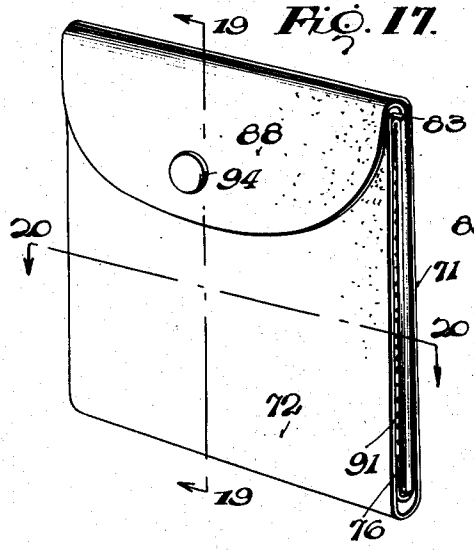


Fig. 20.

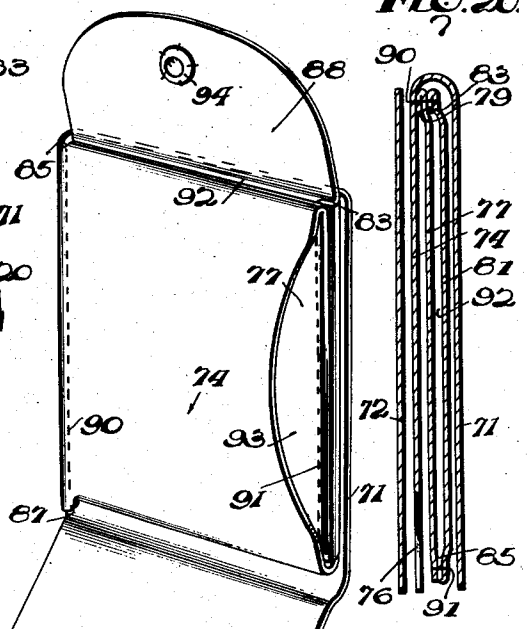


Fig. 19.

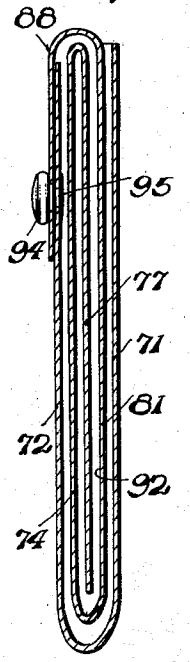


Fig. 18.

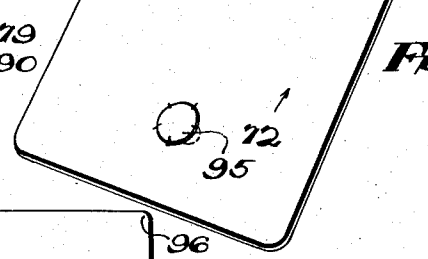


Fig. 21.

Inventor

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Fig. 22.

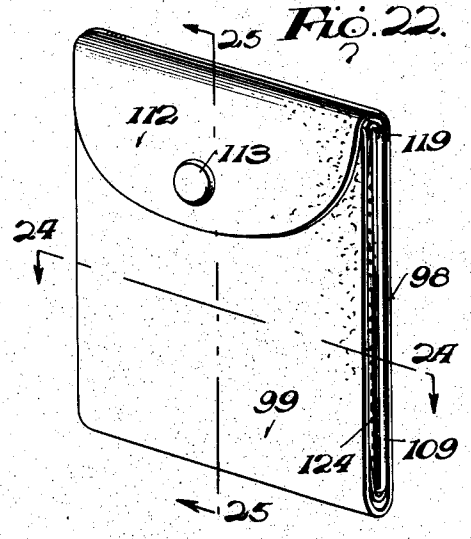
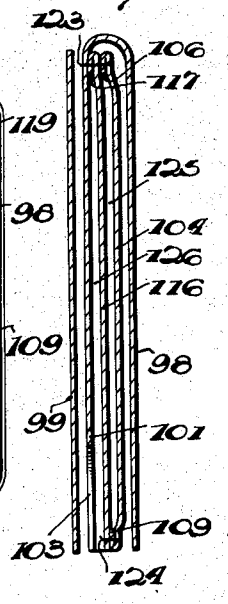


Fig. 24.



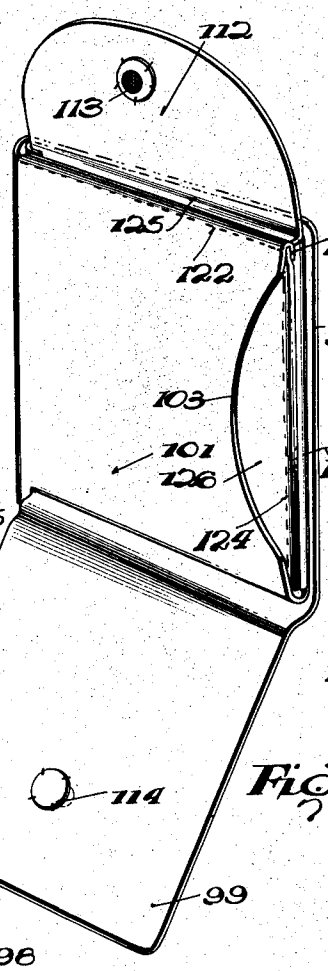


Fig. 23.

Fig. 25.

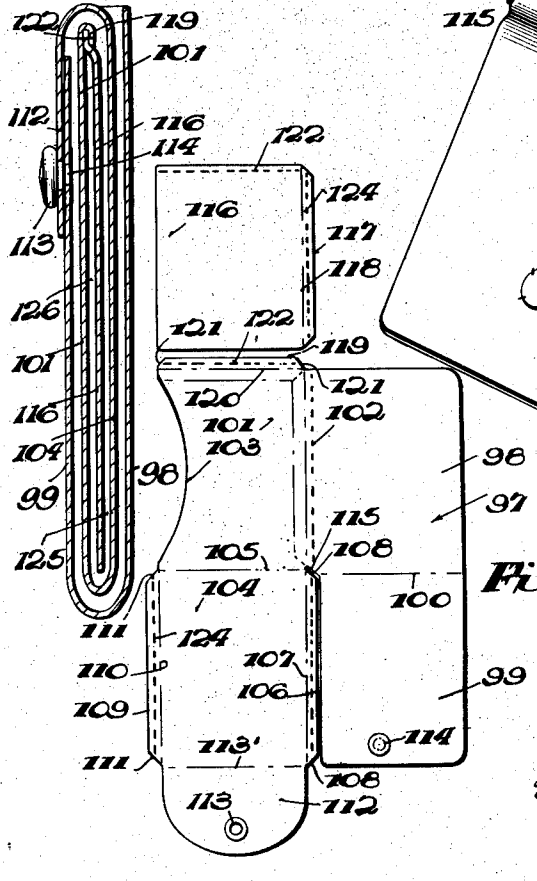


Fig. 26.

Inventor

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Fig. 27.

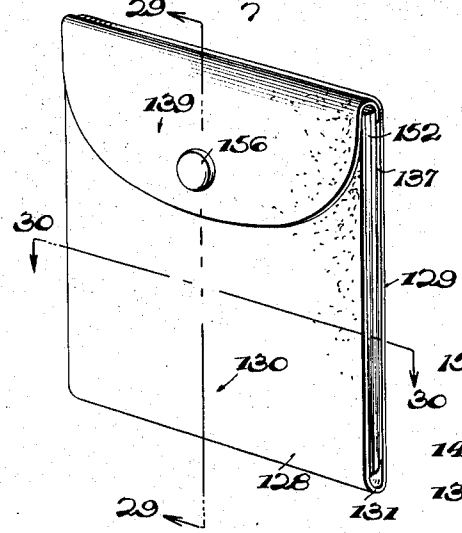


Fig. 28.

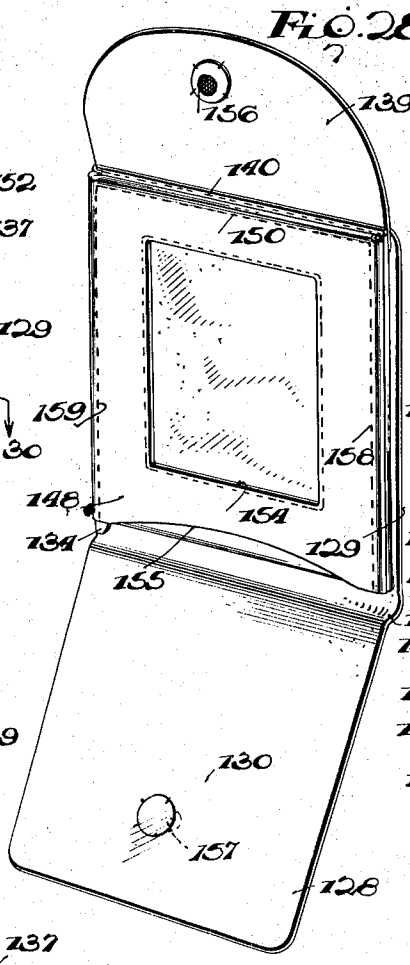


Fig. 29.

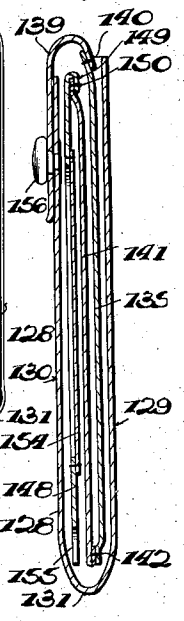


Fig. 31.

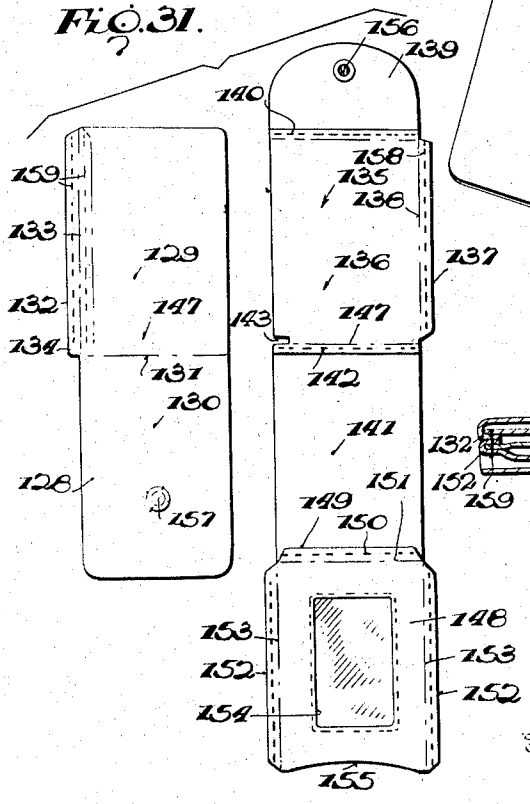
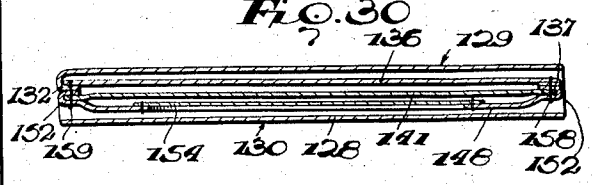


Fig. 30.



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By B. P. Fahlberg

Attorney

Patented July 7, 1942 2,288,704

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,288,704

BILL FOLDER OR THE LIKE

Henry M. Herbener, Thomasville, Ga.

Application February 15, 1941, Serial No. 379,117

10 Claims. (Cl. 150—35)

My invention relates to a folder for carrying bills, money, papers or the like.

An important object of the invention is to provide means whereby the outer or exposed portions of the folder may be formed of a different or more expensive material than the inner or concealed portions.

A further object of the invention is to provide means whereby the folder may be stamped from a single blank of material and the outer or exposed portions of the folder will have the same side of the blank arranged outermost.

A further object of the invention is to provide a folder having pockets arranged at an angle to each other so that the stitching of the sides of the pockets is simplified.

A further object of the invention is to provide a folder of the above-mentioned character so constructed that bills may be stripped from the folder while the flap of the folder is retained in the closed position.

A further object of the invention is to provide a stop to limit the movement of the bills toward the closed edge of the partition.

Other objects and advantages of the invention will be apparent during the course of the following description.

In the accompanying drawings forming a part of this application and in which like numerals are employed to designate like parts throughout the same:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a bill folder embodying my invention, showing the same closed,

Figure 2 is a similar view showing the same opened,

Figure 3 is a vertical transverse section taken on line 3—3 of Figure 1,

Figure 4 is a horizontal transverse section taken on line 4—4 of Figure 1.

Figure 5 is a plan view of the blanks from which the folder is formed,

Figure 6 is a perspective view of a modified form of bill folder, showing the same closed,

Figure 7 is a similar view showing the same opened,

Figure 8 is a vertical transverse section taken on line 8—8 of Figure 6,

Figure 9 is a horizontal transverse section taken on line 9—9 of Figure 6,

Figure 10 is a plan view of the blanks from which the folder is formed,

Figure 11 is a plan view of a blank for forming a further modified form of pocket book or folder,

Figure 12 is a perspective view of a further modified form of bill folder, showing the same closed,

Figure 13 is a similar view showing the same opened,

Figure 14 is a vertical transverse section taken on line 14—14 of Figure 12,

Figure 15 is a horizontal transverse section taken on line 15—15 of Figure 12,

Figure 16 is a plan view of the blank from which the folder is made,

Figure 17 is a perspective view of a further modified form of folder, showing the same closed,

Figure 18 is a similar view showing the same opened,

Figure 19 is a vertical transverse section taken on line 19—19 of Figure 17,

Figure 20 is a horizontal transverse section taken on line 20—20 of Figure 17,

Figure 21 is a plan view of the blank from which the folder is formed,

Figure 22 is a perspective view of a still further modified form of bill folder, showing the same closed,

Figure 23 is a similar view, showing the same opened,

Figure 24 is a horizontal transverse section taken on line 24—24 of Figure 22,

Figure 25 is a horizontal transverse section taken on line 25—25 of Figure 22,

Figure 26 is a plan view of the blank from which the folder is formed,

Figure 27 is a perspective view of a further form of bill folder, showing the same closed,

Figure 28 is a similar view showing the same opened,

Figure 29 is a vertical section taken on line 29—29 of Figure 27,

Figure 30 is a horizontal section taken on line 30—30 of Figure 27, and,

Figure 31 is a plan view of the blanks from which the folder is made.

In Figures 1 to 5 inclusive, I have shown a blank 5', including sides 6 and 7 foldable upon a transverse line 8. The side 6 is provided at one longitudinal edge with a longitudinal tongue or extension 9, foldable inwardly upon a longitudinal line 10. The extension 9 terminates in a stop element 11'.

The numeral 10' is a separate blank, comprising integral sides 11 and 12, foldable upon a transverse line 13, and the folding portion having a notch 13'. The side 11 is provided upon its right longitudinal edge with a longitudinal extension

or tongue 14, foldable inwardly upon a longitudinal line 15 to be arranged upon the inner face of the side 11. The side 11 carries at its upper end, Figure 5, a flap 16, preferably formed separate from the side 11 and secured thereto by a line of stitching 17.

In assembling the parts of the folder the side 11 is moved over and is superposed upon the side 6, Figure 4, and the edge 18 of the side 11 is inserted within the in-turned tongue 9 and the side 12 is folded over the side 11, and the notch 13' receives the stop 11', which projects downwardly below the inner edge of the folded over sides 11 and 12, which folded over edge is represented by the line 13, and the folded over sides 11 and 12 constitute a partition. The side 11, tongue 9, and side 12 are all secured together by a line of stitching 19, and the stop 11' extends down below the stitching 19. The side 12 is also arranged upon the folded over tongue or extension 14, and side 11, extension 14, and side 12 are secured together by a line of stitching 20.

The flap 16 which is carried by the partition is provided with a socket element 21 of a snap fastener to engage with the stud element 22 of the fastener which is secured to the side 7.

The sides 11 and 12 of the partition form a pocket 23, opening outwardly and the open end is covered by the flap 16. The bills are arranged upon the sides 6 and 7 and the partition placed upon the bills and the side 7 folded over the partition and the companion side 6, and the side 7 is retained closed by the snap fastener connecting the tongue 16 with the side 7. This leaves the free corner 24 of the side 6 free to be bent back so that the bills can be stripped from the folder without disconnecting the tongue 16 from the side 12. The advantage in constructing the folder in separate blanks 5' and 10' is that the sides 6 and 7 which are visible when the folder is closed may be made of more attractive or expensive material than the parts formed from the blank 10', and the tongue 16 is also preferably separate from the blank 10' so that the tongue may be made of the same material as the sides 6 and 7.

The stop 11' limits the movement of the bills in that direction.

In Figures 6 to 10 inclusive, I have shown a modification of a bill folder embodying my invention. This bill folder comprises a blank 25 including sides 26 and 27 foldable upon a transverse line 28. The side 26 is provided at its left edge, Figure 10, with a longitudinal tongue or extension 29, which is bent inwardly over the inner face of the side 26. The extension 29 projects downwardly to the folding line 28, to form a stop 30.

A partition is provided to cooperate with the sides 26 and 27, which partition is formed from a blank 31, comprising a side 32 carrying a side 33, integral therewith, and foldable upon a transverse line 34. The folding portion has a notch 35, at the left edge, Figure 10. The side 33 carries a side 36, foldable upon a transverse line 37. The side 32 is provided upon its right edge, Figure 10, with a longitudinal tongue or extension 36', foldable inwardly upon a longitudinal line so that the tongue is disposed upon the inner face of the side 32.

The side 32 is provided with a flap 38, preferably separate from the side 32 and secured thereto by a line of stitching 39. The flap 38 carries the socket element 40 of a snap clasp to receive the stud 41 which is secured to the side 27.

In assembling the parts of the folder, the side 32 is positioned upon the inner face of the side 26 and its edge is inserted within the bent over tongue 29, while the notch 35 receives the stop 30 extending downwardly to the folding line 34. The side 32, tongue 29, side 33, and side 36 are all arranged in superposed relation, Figure 9, and these parts are secured together by a line of stitching 42, and the stop 30 extends down below the stitching 42. The side 36 is folded over the side 33 and is arranged between the side 33 and the side 32. The side 36 which engages the tongue 29 also engages the bent in tongue 36', and side 32, tongue 36', and side 36 are secured together by a line of stitching 43. This line of stitching does not pass through the side 33, which is cut away at 33', at its free longitudinal edge. As a result of this arrangement there is a pocket 32^a inwardly of and next to the side 32 and this pocket has its open end next to the flap 38 to be covered by this flap. This pocket may serve to hold coins or the like. There is a second pocket 33^a between the sides 36 and 33, and this second pocket is closed at its top and bottom and closed at one edge and is open at the edge 33'. This pocket may be employed for holding small papers or the like.

The advantage in forming the folder of separate blanks 25 and 31 and a separate flap 38 is that the sides 26 and 27 and the flap 38 which are visible when the folder is closed, may be formed of more attractive or expensive material. I contemplate forming the side 26 integral with the side 32, instead of having these parts stitched together, as shown in Figure 9, and I also contemplate forming the flap 38 integral with the side 32.

The partition including the side 32 may be arranged over the side 26 and the bills placed upon the sides 26 and 27 and beneath this partition. The side 27 with the bills is then folded over the partition and the side 27 held closed by attaching the flap 38 to the side 27 by the snap fastener. The free corner of the side 26 may be bent back and the bills stripped from the folder without opening the flap 38.

In Figure 11, I have shown a modification of the blank 31 which produces a pocket book without the use of the blank 25. In Figure 11, the blank does not have the notch 35 and the side 32 has a longitudinal tongue or extension 37', corresponding to the tongue 36'. Both of these tongues are folded inwardly upon the inner face of the side 32. The side 36 is folded upon the inner face of the side 33 and the side 32, tongue 37', side 33, and side 36 are secured together by a line of stitching 44. The opposite longitudinal edges of the sides 32 and side 36 and tongue 36' are secured together by the line of stitching 43. The flap 38 is secured to the side 33 by a snap fastener including elements 45 and 46. The same pocket 32^a is provided which opens at the top beneath the flap 38 and the same pocket 33^a is provided opening at its side edge 33'.

The side 33 is cut away at one longitudinal edge providing the inwardly off-set longitudinal edge 33' and this edge is spaced from the line of stitching 43. The side 33 is disposed upon the face of the side 36 remote from the side 32. The inwardly off-set edge 33' extends throughout substantially the entire length of the side 33 and the pocket formed by the sides 33 and 36 therefore extends throughout substantially the entire

length of the side 33. The same arrangement is shown in Figure 10. The blank shown and described in Figure 11 is otherwise identical with that shown and described in Figure 10.

In Figures 12 to 16 inclusive, I have shown a further modification of bill folder. All parts of this folder are produced from an integral blank 47. This blank comprises sides 48 and 49 having a transverse folding line 50. Formed integral with the side 48 is a side 51 having a longitudinal folding line 52. The side 51 has a flap 53 integral therewith, foldable upon a transverse line 54. The side 51 has a longitudinal tongue 55 foldable upon the inner face of the side 51 upon a longitudinal line 56. Arranged at the end of the side 51 is a side 57, foldable upon a transverse line 58. The side 57 is separate from the side 49, there being a longitudinal slit between these sides. The side 57 is provided at one longitudinal edge with a cut-out portion 59. Arranged at the outer end of the side 57 and formed integral therewith is a side 60, foldable upon a transverse line 61. The side 60 is provided with a longitudinal extension or tongue 62, foldable upon a longitudinal line 63. The flap 53 has a stud element 64 for engagement within a socket element 65, carried by the side 49. The numeral 60' designates a stop formed upon the side 46. This stop has one end adjacent to the transverse folding line 58 and its opposite end adjacent to the transverse folding line 50. The stop projects laterally outwardly with respect to the sides 48 and 49 of the bill holding unit, Figure 16. The inner end of the stop 60' is adjacent to the longitudinal folding line 52 and its outer end adjacent to the inner edge of the side 49, Figure 16. The opposite ends of the stop are spaced longitudinally of the bill holding unit. The stop serves to retain the bills spaced from the longitudinal edge of the side which carries the partition.

In assembling the various portions of the folder, the extension or tongue 62 is folded outwardly upon the outer face, Figure 16, of the side 60 and the side 60 is folded inwardly upon the side 57 and the folded sides 60 and 57 then folded upon the inner face of the side 51. This brings the side 51, tongue 62, side 60, and side 57 in superposed relation, with the outwardly folding tongue 62 between the sides 51 and 60, Figure 15, and these superposed elements are all secured together by a line of stitching 66. The tongue 55, Figure 16, which is folded inwardly upon the inner face of the side 51 is arranged between this side and the side 60 and the superposed elements 51, 55, and 60 are secured together by a line of stitching 67. This arrangement provides a pocket 68 between the sides 51 and 60 and this pocket is open at the top and its open end is covered by the flap 53. A pocket 69 is provided between the side 60 and the side 57 and this pocket is open at the vertical edge 59 only. The side 48 is folded outwardly upon the line 52 to be arranged upon the outer face of the side 51, Figure 13.

The bills are arranged upon the sides 48 and 49 beneath the partition formed by the side 51 and sides carried thereby. The side 49 is folded over the side 48, enclosing the partition and the flap 53 is attached to the side 49 by the snap fastener. When the bill folder is closed, the side 48 has its free corner 68, adapted to be bent back so that the bills may be stripped from the folder without opening the flap 53.

In Figures 17 to 21 inclusive, I have shown a further modification of bill folder formed from an integral blank 70 so folded that the bill holding sides and the flap carried by the partition have the same face of the blank disposed upon the outer side of the closed assembled folder. The blank comprises a side 71, integral with the side 72 and foldable upon a transverse line 73 to provide a bill folding portion. The inner face of the sides 71 and 72 are shown in Figure 21 and these inner faces are also the inner faces of these sides in the assembled folder, Figure 18. Formed integral with the side 71 is a side 74, foldable upon a longitudinal line 75. The side 74 has a cut-away portion or edge 76. The side 74 has a side 77 integral therewith and foldable upon a transverse line 78. The side 77 is provided upon its inner edge or upon the edge next to the side 71 with a tongue or longitudinal extension 79 foldable upon the inner face, Figure 21, of the side 77 upon a longitudinal line 80. The side 74 also has a side 81 integral therewith and foldable upon a transverse line 82. Upon its inner edge or the edge adjacent to the side 72, Figure 21, side 81 has a longitudinal extension or tongue 83, foldable upon a longitudinal line 84 so that the tongue 83 is arranged upon the inner face of the side 81, Figure 21. At its opposite edge, side 81 has a companion longitudinal extension or tongue 85, foldable upon a longitudinal line 86 to be arranged upon the inner face of the side 81, Figure 21. The side 74 is provided at its lower end, Figure 21, with a stop element 87, separate from the tongue 83 and extending downwardly below the folding line 82 and terminating adjacent to the folding line 73, Figure 21. The side 81 has a flap 88 formed integral therewith and foldable upon a transverse line 89 toward the inner face of the side 81, Figure 21.

In assembling the various sides of the folder, the side 77 having the tongue 79 folded upon its inner face, with respect to Figure 21, is folded inwardly upon the side 74. The tongue 79 is now between sides 74 and 77, Figure 20. The side 81 is folded upwardly and inwardly, Figure 21, and is arranged opposite side 74 and its in-turned tongue 83 is disposed between the side 81 and the side 77. Hence elements 74, 79, 77, 83, and 81, Figure 20, are superposed and they are all secured together by a line of stitching 90. The inwardly folded tongue 85 is arranged between side 81 and side 77, and elements 81, 85, and 77 are arranged in superposed relation and are secured together by a line of stitching 91. This line of stitching does not pass through the side 74 on account of the cut-out portion 76. This arrangement provides a vertical pocket 92, between the side 81 and the side 77. The upper end of this pocket is covered by the flap 88. There is also a horizontal pocket 93, formed between the sides 74 and 77, having its opening at the edge 76. The side 74 carries the stop 87 which projects downwardly below the folding edge 82 of the partition and this stop serves to limit the movement of the bills in that direction.

The flap 88 carries a socket element 94 to receive a stud element 95, secured to the side 72, these elements forming a snap fastener. In the use of this form of bill fold, the bills are arranged upon the inner face of the sides 71 and 72 and the partition including the side 74 is arranged over the bills. The stop 87 limits the movement of the folded bills in that direction. The side 72 is now folded over the partition and the flap 88 is secured to the side 72. With the folder closed, the free corner 96 of the side 71 may be bent back so that the bills may be stripped from the folder without opening the flap 88. A pecu-

liar advantage in this construction is that all parts are stamped from an integral blank and the sides 71 and 72 and the flap 88 have the same face arranged upon the outer side of the closed bill fold, Figures 17 and 18.

In Figures 22 to 26 inclusive, I have shown a further modification of the invention. In these figures the numeral 97 designates a blank including a side 98 integral with the side 99 and foldable upon a transverse line 100. Formed integral with the side 98 is a side 101 foldable upon a longitudinal line 102. The side 101 has its outer edge cut away as shown at 103. Formed integral with the side 101 is a side 104 foldable upon a transverse line 105. The side 104 is provided upon its right edge or next to the side 99 with a longitudinal extension or tongue 106 foldable inwardly upon the inner face of the side 104, Figure 26, along a longitudinal line 107. The opposite ends of the tongue 106 are beveled as shown at 108. The side 104 is provided at its opposite longitudinal edge with a longitudinal tongue or extension 109 foldable inwardly upon a longitudinal line 110 to be arranged upon the inner face of the side 104 with the tongue 106. The opposite ends of the tongue 109 are beveled as shown at 111. Formed integral with the side 104 is a flap 112, foldable upon a transverse line 113'. The flap 112 carries a socket element 113 to receive the stud element 114 which is secured to the side 99. A stop element 115 is formed integral with the side 101 and this stop element extends below the folding line 105 to the folding line 100.

The numeral 116 designates a side formed separate from the blank 97 and provided at its inner longitudinal edge next to the side 98 with a longitudinal extension or tongue 117 which is foldable outwardly upon a line 118 to be arranged upon the outer face of the side 116, Figure 26. The side 101 is provided at its upper end, Figure 26, with a transverse extension or tongue 119 foldable upon a transverse line 120 to be arranged upon the inner face of the side 101. The tongue 119 has its ends beveled, as shown at 121.

In assembling the various sides of the folder, the side 116 is placed upon the inner face of the side 101, Figure 26, and the tongue 119 is folded inwardly over the side 116. The inner face of the side 116 is on the same side with the inner face of the side 98. The elements 101, 119, and 116 are now arranged in superposed relation and are secured together by a transverse line of stitching 122, passing through these three elements. If desired, the line of stitching need only pass through elements 119 and 116. The inturned tonge 119 provides a folded over edge at the top of the vertical pocket, to be described. The tongue 117, being folded outwardly with respect to the side 116, is disposed between the side 116 and the side 101. The tongues 106 and 109 are arranged upon the inner face of the side 104 and the side 104 is folded over the side 116 and the tongue 106 is arranged between the sides 104 and 116. The side 101, tongue 117, side 116, tongue 106, and side 104 are arranged in superposed relation and are all secured together by a line of stitching 123. The tongue 109 is arranged between the side 104 and the side 116 and the side 104, tongue 109, and side 116 are all secured together by a line of stitching 124. Since the tongue 119 and the tongues 106 and 109 are all disposed upon the inner face of the side 116, the beveled ends 121 and 108 of these tongues register so that the tongues do not overlap and are arranged in the same plane.

The assembled sides 116 and 104 provide a vertical pocket 125, opened at its top and this opened end is covered by the flap 112. The side 101 forms with the side 116 a horizontal pocket 126, opened at the edge 103.

In use, the bills are placed upon the sides 98 and 99, Figure 23, and the partition including the side 101 is arranged over the bills so that the bills may be folded about the edge 105. The stop 115 serves to limit the movement of the bills in that direction. The side 99 is then folded over the partition and the flap 112 is secured to the side 99 by the snap fastener, Figure 22. This arrangement leaves the outer corner of the side 98 free to be bent back so that the bills may be stripped from the folder without opening the flap. By virtue of the particular manner of folding the various sides, the sides 98 and 99 and the flap 112 have the same face upon the outer side of the closed folder. The side 116 which may be stamped from the same material as the blank 97 is stamped is reversed with respect to the side 101 so that the outer face of the side 116 will be visible from the outer side of the face 101. This permits the outer face of the side 116 to be visible at the edge of the closed folder with the outer face of the side 99. In the form of the invention shown in Figure 21, since the side 77 is folded upon the inner face of the side 74, the inner face of the side 77 is visible from the outer face of the side 74 and hence visible at the edge of the closed folder.

In Figures 27 to 31 inclusive, the numeral 128 designates a blank from which the bill holding unit of the folder is made. This blank comprises a side 129 carrying at its end a side 130, foldable upon a transverse line 131, upon the inner face of the side 129. The side 129 is provided at its left longitudinal edge, Figure 31, with a longitudinal extension or tongue 132 foldable inwardly upon a longitudinal line 133, to be arranged upon the inner face of the side 129. The inwardly folded tongue 132 extends downwardly to the folding line 131, affording a stop 134, to limit the movement of the bills in that direction, and to assist the leather in folding.

The numeral 135 designates a unit from which the pocket unit is formed. This unit comprises a side 136, provided at its right longitudinal edge with an extension or tongue 137 folded inwardly upon a longitudinal line 138 to be arranged upon the inner face of the side 136. The numeral 139 designates a flap, preferably formed separate from the side 136 and disposed upon the outer face of the side 136 at its free end, so that these parts are superposed and are secured together by a line of stitching 140. At its inner or opposite end the side 136 carries a side 141. The side 141 has its inner end arranged upon the outer face of the side 136, and these overlapping parts are secured together by a transverse line of stitching 142. The side 136 has a notch 143 to receive the stop 134, as will be explained. The side 141 is foldable upon the inner face of the side 136, the folding action occurring upon a transverse line 147. The numeral 148 designates a side having an extension or tongue 149 at its inner end and this tongue is arranged upon the inner face of the side 141 and is secured thereto by a transverse line of stitching 150. The side 148 is foldable outwardly with respect to the side 141 to be positioned upon the outer face of this side, the folding action occurring upon a transverse line 151 arranged at the end of the side 141. The side 148 is provided at its longitudinal edges with

longitudinal extensions or tongues 152 foldable upon longitudinal lines 153 in an outward direction with respect to the side 148 to be positioned upon the outer face of the side 148, Figure 31. The side 148 may be provided with an opening or window 154 and its free end may be cut away or recessed, as shown at 155. The flap 139 carries the stud element 156 to coact with the socket element 157 carried by the side 128, to provide a snap fastener.

In assembling the various sides of the folder the tongue 137 is folded inwardly over the inner face of the side 136. The side 148 is folded upon the line 151 outwardly with respect to the side 141 to be arranged upon the outer face of the side 141 and the tongues 152 are folded outwardly with respect to the side 148 and the tongues 152 therefore engage over the edges of the side 141 and are arranged upon the inner face of the side 141 while the face 148 is positioned upon the outer face of the side 141. The tongue 132 is folded inwardly over the inner face of the side 129 and the free longitudinal edge of the side 136 is inserted beneath this folded over tongue 132 with the notch 143 receiving the stop 134. The folding line 147 is arranged near and spaced from the folding line 131 to provide room for the folded bills. With the parts thus arranged the superposed sides 148 and 141 are moved over the inner face of the side 136. At the edge of the folder carrying the tongue 137, the side 148, side 141, tongue 152, tongue 137, and side 136 are all disposed in superposed relation and are all secured together by a line of stitching 158. At the opposite edge of the side 136, the side 148, side 141, tongue 152, tongue 132, side 135, and side 129 are disposed in superposed relation and are all secured together by a longitudinal line of stitching 159. If desired, this line of stitching need not pass through the side 129.

The bill holding unit is provided with a partition including the side 136 and this partition has a folding edge 147 about which the bills are folded when placed upon the sides 128 and 129, and the side 128 folded over the partition. The side 148 forms with the side 141 a pocket 160, having its open end arranged inwardly adjacent to the folding line 147. If the side 148 is equipped with the window, it may be advantageously employed for holding an identification card or the like. The side 141 forms with the side 136 a pocket 161, the open end of which is arranged beneath and adjacent to the flap 139, to be covered thereby. The tongues 132 and 137 and 152 provide folded edges at the edges of the folder, which improves the appearance of the folder and gives depth to the pocket.

All of the folders may be made of leather, artificial leather, or any other suitable flexible sheet material. The folders may be lined or unlined, in whole or in part.

It is to be understood that the forms of my invention herewith shown and described are to be taken as preferred examples of the same and that various changes in the shape, size, and arrangement of parts may be resorted to without departing from the spirit of my invention or the scope of the subjoined claims.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim is:

1. A bill folder comprising a first side having a longitudinal tongue folded upon the inner face of the first side, a second side carried by the first side and foldable over the same upon a transverse line, a third side separate from the first and second sides and having a longitudinal tongue foldable upon the inner face of the third side, a fourth side carried by the third side and foldable over the third side upon a transverse line, the third side having a notch in its longitudinal edge adjacent to the transverse folding line of the fourth side, the third side being positioned upon the inner face of the first side with its longitudinal edge arranged beneath the turned over tongue of the first side, both turned over tongues being positioned upon the inner face of the third side adjacent to its opposite longitudinal edges, the fourth side being folded over the third side and arranged in superposed relation with the tongues, lines of stitching securing together the superposed third side, folded over tongues and fourth side, the folded over tongue of the first side extending into the notch and projecting below the same to form a stop to limit the movement of the bills in that direction.

2. A bill folder comprising a first side having a longitudinal tongue folded upon the inner face of the first side, a second side carried by the first side and foldable over the same upon a transverse line, the first and second sides forming a bill holding unit, a third side having a longitudinal tongue foldable upon the inner face of the third side, a fourth side carried by the third side and foldable over the third side upon a transverse line, the third and fourth sides being formed separate from the first and second sides, the third side being positioned upon the inner face of the first side with its longitudinal edge arranged beneath the turned over tongue of the first side, both turned over tongues being positioned upon the inner face of the third side adjacent to its opposite longitudinal edges, the fourth side being folded over the third side and arranged in superposed relation with the tongues, lines of stitching securing together the superposed third side and folded over tongues and fourth side, the fourth side and third side forming a partition to be arranged between the first and second sides and having a pocket opening at the outer end of the third side, a flap secured to the third side of the partition, and means to connect the flap with the second side of the bill folder and which does not carry the partition, the side of the bill folder which carries the partition having its outer corner free to be bent back without detaching the flap from the other side of the bill folder.

3. A bill folder comprising a first side having a longitudinal tongue folded over upon one face of the first side, a second side carried by the first side and foldable over the same upon a transverse line, the first and second sides forming a bill holding unit, a third side having a longitudinal tongue foldable over upon one face of the third side, a fourth side carried by the third side and foldable over the third side upon a transverse line, the third and fourth sides being formed separate from the first and second sides, the fourth side having one longitudinal edge cut away, a fifth side carried by the fourth side and foldable over the same upon a transverse line, the third side being positioned upon the face of the first side with its longitudinal edge arranged beneath the turned over tongue of the first side, both turned over tongues being positioned upon the same face of the third side adjacent to its opposite longitudinal edges, the fifth side being arranged upon the folded over tongues and disposed between the third side and the fourth side, lines of stitching securing together the third side, the tongue of the first side, the fifth side and the

fourth side at one longitudinal edge and a line of stitching securing together the third side, the tongue of the third side and the fifth side at the opposite longitudinal edge, the third side and the fifth side forming a vertical pocket open at the outer end of the third side and the fourth side and fifth side forming a horizontal pocket open at the cut away edge of the fourth side, a flap carried by the outer end of the third side to cover the open end of the vertical pocket, and means to connect the flap with the second side.

4. A bill folder comprising a first side, a second side carried by the first side and foldable over the same upon a transverse line, the first and second sides forming a bill holding unit, a third side carried by the first side and foldable upon a longitudinal line to be arranged over the first side, a fourth side carried by the third side and foldable over the third side upon a transverse line, the fourth side having one longitudinal edge cut away, a fifth side carried by the fourth side and foldable over the same upon a transverse line, the fifth side being arranged between the third side and fourth side, a line of stitching securing together the third side and the fifth side and the fourth side at one edge and a line of stitching securing together the third side and the fifth side at the opposite edge, the third side and fifth side forming a longitudinal pocket open at the outer end of the third side and the fifth side and the fourth side forming a transverse pocket open at the cut away edge of the fourth side, a flap carried by the third side to cover the open end of the longitudinal pocket, and means to attach the flap to the second side.

5. A bill folder comprising a bill holding unit including connected sides, one side being foldable upon a transverse line over the inner face of the first side, and a partition attached to the longitudinal edge of one side and foldable inwardly over the inner face of such side, said partition having a bill folding edge arranged near the transverse folding line of said sides, said partition also having a stop element extending beyond the folding edge of the partition and arranged adjacent to the attached edge of the partition to limit the movement of bills in that direction, a flap carried by the end of the partition remote from the inner bill folding edge, and means to secure the flap to the side of the bill holding unit which does not carry the partition, the arrangement being such that the outer corner of the side which carries the partition is free to be bent back.

6. A bill folder comprising first and second sides which are connected and foldable about a transverse line so that the sides assume an opposed closed position, a partition arranged between the opposed sides and carried by one side and foldable about a longitudinal line, the inner end of the partition being arranged adjacent to the transverse folding line, said partition having a longitudinal pocket, the outer end of the longitudinal pocket remote from the transverse folding line being open, said partition having a transverse pocket, the longitudinal edge of the transverse pocket being open, a flap carried by the outer end of the partition and foldable over the outer open end of the first named pocket, and means to attach the flap to the side which does not carry the partition, the side which carries the partition having its outer corner free to be bent back without detaching the flap from the other side.

7. A bill folder comprising first and second sides which are connected and foldable about a transverse line so that the sides assume an opposed closed position, a partition arranged between the opposed sides and carried by one side and foldable about a longitudinal line, the inner end of the partition being arranged adjacent to the transverse folding line, said partition having a longitudinal pocket, the outer end of the longitudinal pocket remote from the transverse folding line being open, said partition having a transverse pocket, the longitudinal edge of the transverse pocket remote from the longitudinal folding line of the partition being open, a flap carried by the outer end of the partition and foldable over the outer open end of the first named pocket, and means to attach the flap to the side which does not carry the partition, the side which carries the partition having its outer corner free to be bent back without detaching the flap from the other side.

8. A bill folder comprising first and second sides which are connected and foldable about a transverse line so that the sides assume an opposed closed position, a partition arranged between the opposed sides and carried by one side and foldable about a longitudinal line, the inner end of the partition being arranged adjacent to the transverse folding line, said partition having a longitudinal pocket disposed next to the side which carries the partition, the outer end of the longitudinal pocket remote from the transverse folding line being open, said partition having a transverse pocket disposed upon that side of the longitudinal pocket which is remote from the side which carries the partition, the longitudinal edge of the transverse pocket remote from the longitudinal folding line of the partition being open, the transverse pocket being closed at its transverse edges, a flap carried by the outer end of the partition and foldable over the outer end of the first named pocket, and means to attach the flap to the side which does not carry the partition, the side which carries the partition having its outer corner free to be bent back without detaching the flap from the other side.

9. A bill folder comprising a bill holding unit including sides, one side being foldable upon a transverse line over the inner face of the first side, a partition carried by the longitudinal edge of one side and foldable inwardly over a longitudinal line upon the inner face of such side, said partition having a transverse folding edge arranged near and spaced from said transverse folding line, and a stop carried by the bill holding unit and projecting laterally outwardly with respect to the bill holding unit beyond said longitudinal folding line, said stop element having its outer end terminating substantially at the transverse folding edge of the partition and its inner end terminating substantially at said transverse folding line, the ends of said stop element being spaced longitudinally of the bill holding unit, said stop element serving to retain the bills spaced from the longitudinal edge of the side which carries the partition.

10. A bill folder comprising a bill holding unit including connected sides, one side being foldable upon a transverse line over the inner face of the first side, a partition carried by the longitudinal edge of one side and foldable inwardly upon a longitudinal line over the inner face of such side, said partition having a pocket, the longitudinal edge of the pocket being spaced laterally outwardly from said longitudinal folding line, the pocket having a transverse edge forming a trans-

verse folding edge, the transverse folding edge being spaced longitudinally of the bill holding unit from said transverse line, and a stop element carried by the bill holding unit and projecting laterally outwardly beyond said longitudinal line, said stop element having its outer end terminating substantially at the transverse folding edge and its inner end terminating substantially at the transverse folding line, the ends of the stop element being spaced longitudinally of the bill holding unit, said stop element retaining the bills spaced from the longitudinal edge of the side of the bill holding unit which carries the partition.

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