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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **OY M. HALOILA AB** [FI/FI]; Ruskontie 16, FI-21250 Masku (FI).

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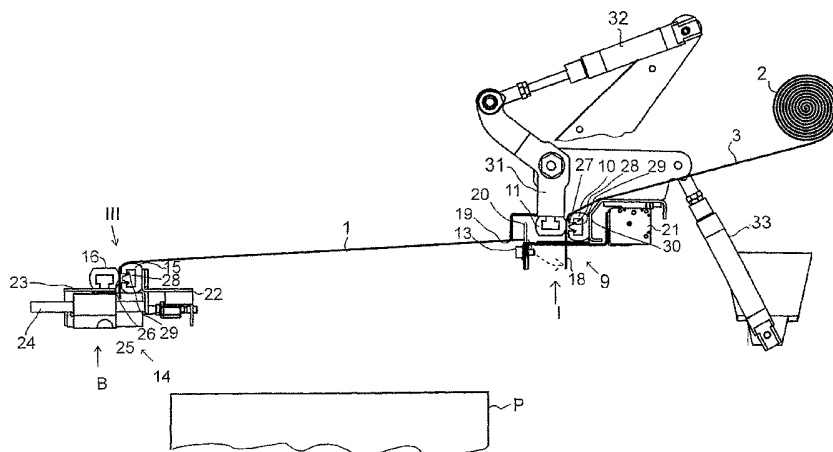
(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): **SUOLAHTI, Yrjö** [FI/FI]; Hiittöntie 7, FI-23100 Mynämäki (FI).

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(54) Title: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR FORMING A TOP FILM SHEET FROM A FILM WEB



(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a method and a device for forming a top film sheet from a film web wound on a roll and for setting it onto an object to be packaged. In the method, the end of the film web is gripped over the entire width of the film web to pull it over the object to be packaged. In addition, the film web is gripped before and after the pulling action at a point located at a distance from the cutting line such that, after the cutting has been performed, there remains hanging freely downwards a length of film web that can be gripped for the aforesaid pulling action. In the pulling device (14) performing the pulling of the film web (3), the motion of the pulling jaws (15, 16) between a closed position and an opened position is substantially horizontal. The pulling jaws (15, 16) have been arranged to grip the end of the film web over the entire width of the web. The gripping line of the holding jaws (10, 11) of the holding device (9) is at a distance from the cutting line of the cutting device (13) such that near the free end of the film web there remains hanging freely downwards a length (18) of film web that the pulling jaws (15, 16) can grip to pull the web.

WO 2006/085197 A1

METHOD AND DEVICE FOR FORMING A TOP FILM SHEET FROM A FILM WEB**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

[0001] The present invention relates to a method as defined in the preamble of claim 1. Further, the invention relates to a device as defined in the preamble of claim 8.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Referring to figures 1 and 1A - 1E, a prior-art device for forming a top film sheet 1 from a film web 3 wound on a roll 2 and setting it onto an object to be packaged (not shown) is known from specification EP 0 336 517 B1 and from a prior-art wrapping machine marketed under the trademark "Octopus". This prior-art device for setting a sheet comprises a machine frame 4 supported on a fixed base. The machine frame 4 comprises vertical upright columns 5, which are outlined in Fig. 1 in dotted broken lines.

[0003] The device further comprises a frame 6, which comprises two parallel guide beams 7 disposed at a distance from each other and secured by their ends to each other with transverse bars 8 to form a rectangular horizontal frame structure. The frame 6, guided by the upright columns 5, is arranged to be movable upwards and downwards in the vertical direction.

[0004] Such a device is normally used in conjunction with a prior-art wrapping machine, where a top film sheet is first set onto an object to be wrapped, usually a loaded pallet, whereupon the object is wrapped around with film web in a spiralling fashion. For this purpose, a wrapping frame may be attached to the aforesaid frame 6 to guide a film dispenser delivering the film (as in Fig. 2). Alternatively, the film dispenser may be connected to a crank that turns about a vertical axis, as in specification EP 0 336 517 B1.

[0005] The device further comprises a holding device fixedly mounted on the guide beams 7 and extending transversely between them. The holding device 9 comprises a pair of holding jaws 10, 11, which are movable relative to each other between a closed position I and an opened position II. In the closed

position I (see Fig. 1A, 1B, 1D and 1E), the holding jaws 10 and 11 are pressed together from opposite sides of the film web to grip the film web between the holding jaws 10 and 11. In the opened position II (see Fig. 1C), the holding jaws 10 and 11 have a first gap 12 between them to allow the film web 3 to move between the holding jaws.

[0006] The device further comprises a cutting device 13, which is disposed in the vicinity of the holding device 9 for severing the film web 3.

[0007] The device additionally comprises a pulling device 14, which extends transversely between the guide beams 7 and is mounted on the guide beams so as to be movable between a first position A (see Fig. 1B) located near the holding device 9 and a second position B located at a distance from the holding device 9 (see Fig. 1A, 1C-1E).

[0008] As shown in Fig. 1A, the pulling device 14 comprises a pair of pulling jaws 15, 16, which are movable relative to each other between a closed position III and an opened position IV. In the closed position III (see Fig. 1A, 1C and 1D), the pulling jaws 15, 16 are pressed together from opposite sides of the film web to grip the film web between the pulling jaws. In the opened position IV (see Fig. 1B and 1E), the pulling jaws 15, 16 have a second gap 17 between them to release the film web 3 from the grip of the pulling jaws.

[0009] As can be seen from Fig. 1, the pulling jaws 15 and 16 are claws which have a point-like grip on the film. 'Point-like grip' here means a grip over a very small surface area. The claws 15, 16 hold the film web with a point-like grip. The device has several pairs of claws 15, 16 at a distance from each other over the width of the film web. Several pairs of claws 15, 16 are provided to enable the pulling device to pull webs of different widths so that the claws always engage the film by its edges and additionally between the edges. The thinner the film used, the more pairs of claws 15, 16 are needed in the pulling device to distribute the pulling force over the film. For the claws 15, 16 to be able to grip the end of the film web, the support 19 included in the holding device 9 and serving as a counter-element for the cutting blade must

be provided with notches 34 corresponding to the claws to receive the claws when the pulling device 14 fetches the end of the film web from the holding device 9.

[00010] Referring to figures 1A - 1E, the device in Fig. 1 is operated according to the prior-art method in the following steps.

[00011] Fig. 1A visualizes that, at the beginning of the cycle, the holding device 9 engages the film web 3 with a first grip near its free end on a first side of the object to be packaged.

[00012] As shown in Fig. 1B, the pulling device 14 engages the free end of the film web with a second grip.

[00013] As shown in Fig. 1C, the first grip of the holding device 9 is released and, maintaining the second grip of the pulling device 14 on the end of the film web, the free end of the film web is pulled horizontally to a distance from the point of the first grip onto the object to be packaged, to its second side, said distance corresponding to the length of the top film sheet to be formed.

[00014] As shown in Fig. 1D, the film web is held fast with a third grip by the holding device 9 on the first side of the object to be packaged.

[00015] As shown in Fig. 1E, the film web is severed by means of a cutting device 13 along a cutting line near the third grip to form a top film sheet 1 and the second grip on the end of the film web is released, thus allowing the top film sheet 1 to fall freely onto the object to be packaged. The third grip taken by the holding device 9 constitutes the first grip on the end of the film web for a new sheet forming cycle. To form the next sheet, the steps of Figs. 1A-1E are performed again.

[00016] A problem with the prior-art device and method is that all the pairs of claws 15, 16 must be made to grip the film web with equal force and that a sufficient pressing power must be available to allow the film web to be pulled from the roll 2, which does not necessarily always turn very easily and therefore pulling the film requires the use of force. In the case of thin film, a large number of claw pairs 15, 16 must be

available and the claws and notches 34 have to be fitted to the width of the film to be used. In accordance with the positions of the claw pairs, the counter-support 19 has to be provided with many different arrays of notches 34 because, depending on the user's needs, it may sometimes be necessary to use a narrow film and sometimes a wide film. These have to be fitted in such a way that the device will work properly. The outermost notch and claw pair have to be very close to the side edge of the film web. Such individual fitting work is time-consuming and difficult. Due to the notches 34 in the cutting counter-support 19, problems also appear when the film is being severed, because in the area of the notch 34 the film web may not be severed completely because in the region of the notch the film can withdraw before the cutting blade. In the prior-art device, problems occur especially when the film is very thin, e.g. of the order of 15 μm .

OBJECT OF THE INVENTION

[00017] The object of the present invention is to overcome the above-mentioned drawbacks.

[00018] A specific object of the invention is to disclose a method and a device that will make it possible to use in the device a very thin film, even of a thickness of the order of 15 μm , to form a top film sheet. A further object is to disclose a device in which the width of the film web to be used is not limited but may be a freely selectable width narrower than a predetermined maximum width in the device. A further object is to disclose a device and a method that will always guarantee complete severing of the film web. An additional object is to disclose a device that is simpler, more reliable and cheaper than earlier devices. Yet another object is to disclose a device the manufacture of which requires no customer-specific fitting and is therefore cheaper than before.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[00019] The method of the invention is characterized by what is disclosed in claim 1. Further, the device of the invention is characterized by what is disclosed in claim 8.

[00020] In the method according to the invention, the end of the film web is gripped by a second grip over the entire width of the film web. The film web is gripped by a first grip and a third grip at a point located at a distance from the cutting line such that near the free end there remains a length of film web hanging freely downwards so that this length of film web can be gripped by the second grip.

[00021] In an embodiment of the method, the film web is supported in the area near the cutting line from the top side of the film web over the entire width of the film web on the other side of the cutting line in relation to the third grip.

[00022] In an embodiment of the method, the second grip is formed as a substantially continuous unbroken grip extending over the entire width of the film web.

[00023] In an embodiment of the method, the film web is severed by slitting.

[00024] In an embodiment of the method, the film web is gripped by the first and third grips over the entire width of the film web.

[00025] In an embodiment of the method, the first and the third grips are formed as substantially continuous unbroken grips extending over the entire width of the film web. A substantially continuous unbroken grip may be e.g. a line-like grip or a succession of point-like gripping points very close to each other, which in practice correspond to a line-like grip.

[00026] In an embodiment of the method, the first, the second and the third grips are formed by pressing the film web between two jaws.

[00027] According to the invention, in the device the motion of the pulling jaws between the closed position and the open position takes place in a substantially horizontal direction. The pulling jaws have been arranged to grip the end of the film web over the entire width of the film web. The gripping line of the holding jaws is at a distance from the cutting

line of the cutting device, so that near the free end of the film web there remains a length of film web hanging freely downwards that can be gripped by the pulling jaws.

[00028] In an embodiment of the device, the device comprises a support arranged near the cutting device to support the film web from the top side over the entire width of the film web along a supporting line located on the other side relative to the cutting line of the cutting device than the gripping line of the holding jaws.

[00029] In an embodiment of the device, the cutting device comprises a slitting blade controlled to be movable in the transverse direction of the film web to slit the film web so as to sever it, and a first power means for moving the slitting blade.

[00030] In an embodiment of the device, the pulling device comprises a first frame, which extends between the guide beams and is controlled to be movable on the guide beams so that it is guided and supported by these. Further, the pulling device comprises a first pulling jaw, which is secured to the first frame. Further, the pulling device comprises a second frame, which is movable in relation to the first frame. Further, the pulling device comprises substantially horizontal guide bars for controlling the mutual motion of the first frame and the second frame. Further, the pulling device comprises a second pulling jaw, which is secured to the second frame. In addition, the pulling device comprises a second power means for moving the second frame with respect to the first frame to move the first and the second pulling jaws between a closed position and an opened position.

[00031] In an embodiment of the device, the device has a first elastic element connected to at least one of the pulling jaws to achieve an elastic grip when the pulling jaws are pressed against each other.

[00032] In an embodiment of the device, a second elastic element is connected to at least one of the holding jaws to achieve an elastic grip when the holding jaws are pressed against each other.

[00033] In an embodiment of the device, the pulling jaw and/or the holding jaw is an elongated profiled bar.

[00034] In an embodiment of the device, the profiled bar forming the pulling jaw and/or the holding jaw has a longitudinal mounting slot. The first elastic element and/or the second elastic element is an elongated profiled strip formed from elastic material and provided with fastening elements for fastening to the mounting slot.

[00035] In an embodiment of the device, the second power means is a compression cylinder or the like, arranged to act in a point-like manner on the middle part of the first frame and the second frame. The profiled bar forming the second pulling jaw is secured to the second frame in a curved shape such that, when being moved from the opened position to the closed position, both ends of the profiled bar of the second pulling jaw touch the first pulling jaw first and in the closed position the middle part of the profiled bar of the second pulling jaw also touches the first pulling jaw, a constant compression force thus acting between the pulling jaws over the entire width of the film web.

[00036] In an embodiment of the device, the holding device comprises a third frame, which extends between the guide beams and is connected to the guide beams. Further, the holding device comprises a first holding jaw, which is secured to the third frame. Further, the holding device comprises a fourth frame, which is pivotally connected to the third frame. Further, the holding device comprises a second holding jaw, which is secured to the fourth frame. In addition, the holding device comprises a third power means for turning the fourth frame in relation to the third frame to move the first and the second holding jaws between the closed position and the opened position.

[00037] In an embodiment of the device, the cutting device is secured to the third frame.

[00038] In an embodiment of the device, the third frame is pivotally mounted so as to be turnable in relation to the guide beams. The device comprises a fourth power means for tilting the third frame.

LIST OF FIGURES

[00039] In the following, the invention will be described in detail with reference to embodiment examples and the attached drawing, wherein

Fig. 1 presents a diagrammatic axonometric oblique top view of a prior-art apparatus for setting a top film sheet,

Figures 1A - 1E present diagrammatic side views of the holding device, pulling device and cutting device of the prior-art apparatus at different stages of the prior-art method,

Fig. 2 presents a diagrammatic axonometric oblique top view of an embodiment of the apparatus of the invention,

Fig. 3 presents a diagrammatic axonometric oblique top view of the holding device and pulling device of the apparatus in Fig. 2, separated from the rest of the apparatus, and

Figs. 4 - 11 present diagrammatic side views of the holding and pulling devices of Fig. 3 at different stages of the method of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[00040] Fig. 2 presents a device which can be used to form a top film sheet 1 from a film web 3 wound on a roll 2 and to set it onto an object P to be packaged (presented diagrammatically in dotted broken lines). The object P to be packaged may be e.g. a loaded pallet. The device comprises a machine frame 4 supported on a solid floor base. The machine frame 4 comprises vertical upright columns 5, depicted in dotted broken lines in the figure. The device further comprises a frame 6. The frame 6 comprises two parallel guide beams 7 disposed at a distance from each other and secured by their ends to each other with transverse bars 8 to form a rectangular horizontal frame structure. The frame 6, guided by the upright columns 5, has been arranged to be movable upwards and downwards in the

vertical direction using known arrangements not shown. If the device is connected to a conventional wrapping machine, a wrapping frame 35 may be connected to the frame 6 to guide a film dispenser 36 from which a wrapping film web is delivered to wrap the sides of the object to be packaged in a spiralling or collar-like fashion or in some other conventional manner. Alternatively, the film dispenser may be connected in a second conventional manner to a crank revolving about a vertical axis.

[00041] The device comprises a holding device 9 fixedly mounted on the guide beams 7 and extending transversely between them. As shown in Figs. 4-10, the holding device 9 comprises a pair of holding jaws 10, 11, which are movable relative to each other between a closed position I (see Fig. 4, 5, 7) and an opened position II (see Fig. 6). In the closed position I, the holding jaws 10 and 11 are pressed together from opposite sides of the film web to grip the film web between the holding jaws. In the opened position II, the holding jaws 10, 11 have a first gap 12 between them 12 to allow the film web to move between the holding jaws 10, 11.

[00042] As can be best seen from Figs. 4 - 10, the holding device 9 comprises a third frame 30, which extends between the guide beams 7 and is connected to the guide beams. A first holding jaw 10 is secured to the third frame 30. A fourth frame 31 is pivotally connected to the third frame 30. A second pulling jaw 11 is secured to the fourth frame 31. A third power means 32 is arranged for turning the fourth frame 31 in relation to the third frame 30 to move the first and the second holding jaws 10, 11 between the closed position I and the opened position II. The third frame 30 is pivotally mounted so as to be turnable in relation to the guide beams 7. The device comprises a fourth power means 33 for tilting the third frame 33.

[00043] A cutting device 13, secured to the third frame 30, is provided near the holding device 9 for severing the film web 3. The cutting device 13 comprises a slitting blade 20, which is guided to be movable in the transverse direction of the film web 3 from one longitudinal edge of the film web to

the other to slit the film web apart. The blade 20 is moved by a first power means 21.

[00044] The gripping line of the holding jaws 10, 11 is at a distance from the cutting line of the cutting device 13 so that near the free end of the film web 3 there remains a length 18 of film web hanging freely downwards that can be gripped by the pulling jaws 15, 16 of the pulling device 14 (see Figs. 4, 5, 8-10).

[00045] The holding jaws 10, 11 are elongated profiled bars, which are preferably formed from aluminum profiles of identical cross-section. Connected to holding jaw 10 is a second elastic element 27 to achieve an elastic grip when the holding jaws 10 and 11 are pressed against each other. The profiled bar forming holding jaw 10 is provided with a longitudinal mounting slot 28. The second elastic element 27 is an elongated profiled strip formed from an elastic material, such as rubber or elastic plastic, and provided with fastening elements 29 for fastening to the mounting slot 28.

[00046] Further referring to Fig. 1, the device comprises a pulling device 14, which extends transversely between the guide beams 7 and is mounted on the guide beams 7 so as to be movable between a first position A located near the holding device 9 and a second position B located at a distance from the holding device. The pulling device 14 comprises a pair of pulling jaws 15, 16, which are movable relative to each other between a closed position III (see Figs. 5-8, 11) and an opened position IV (see Figs. 4, 9, 10). In the closed position III, the pulling jaws 15, 16 are pressed together from opposite sides of the film web to grip the film web between the pulling jaws. In the opened position IV, the pulling jaws 15, 16 have a second gap 17 between them to release the film web from the grip of the pulling jaws. The pulling jaws 15, 16 have been arranged to grip the end of the film web over the entire width of the film web, and the motion of the pulling jaws 15, 16 between the closed position III and the opened position IV takes place horizontally so that the pulling jaws can grip the downwards hanging part 18 of the film web below the holding jaws 10, 11 (see Figs. 4 and 5).

[00047] As shown in Figs. 3, 4 - 11, the pulling device 14 comprises a first frame 22, which extends between the guide beams 7 and is controlled to be movable on the guide beams so that it is guided and supported by these. The first pulling jaw 15 is secured to the first frame 22. A second frame 23 is movable in relation to the first frame 22. Two horizontal guide bars 24 are arranged for controlling the mutual motion of the first frame 22 and the second frame 23. The second pulling jaw 16 is secured to the movable second frame 23. A second power means 25 is arranged for moving the second frame 23 with respect to the first frame 22 to move the first and the second pulling jaws 15, 16 between the closed position III and the opened position IV.

[00048] The pulling jaws 15, 16 are elongated profiled bars, which are preferably formed from aluminum profiles of identical cross-section. Connected to pulling jaw 15 is a first elastic element 26 to achieve an elastic grip when the pulling jaws 15 and 16 are pressed against each other. The profiled bar forming pulling jaw 5 has a longitudinal mounting slot 28. The first elastic element 26 is an elongated profiled strip formed from an elastic material, such as rubber or elastic plastic, and provided with fastening elements 29 for fastening to the mounting slot 28.

[00049] As can be seen from Fig. 3, the second power means 25 in the pulling device 14 is a power cylinder or the like, arranged to act in a point-like manner on the middle part of the first frame 22 and the second frame 23. The profiled bar forming the second pulling jaw 16 is secured to the second frame 23 in a curved shape in a horizontal plane so that, when being moved from the opened position IV to the closed position III, both ends of the profiled bar of the second pulling jaw 16 touch the first pulling jaw 15 first and in the closed position the middle part of the profiled bar of the second pulling jaw 16 also touches the first pulling jaw 15, a constant compression force thus acting between the pulling jaws 15, 16 over the entire width of the film web.

[00050] As the third power means 32 of the holding device 9 acts on the end of the fourth frame 31, the profiled bar form-

ing the second holding jaw 11 in the holding device 9 is secured to the fourth frame 31 in a curved shape such that, when being moved from the opened position II to the closed position I, the middle part of the profiled bar of the first holding jaw 11 touches the first holding jaw 10 first and in the closed position I the ends of the profiled bar of the second holding jaw 11 also touch the first holding jaw 10, a constant compression force thus acting between the holding jaws 10, 11 over the entire width of the film web.

[00051] As shown in Figs. 3 and 4-11, the device further comprises a support 19 secured to the third frame 30 near the cutting device 13 to support the film web from the top side over the entire width of the film web 3 along a supporting line located on the other side relative to the cutting line of the cutting device 13 than the gripping line of the holding jaws 10, 11.

[00052] In the following, the operation of the device will be described with reference to Figs. 4 - 11.

[00053] In Fig. 4, the holding jaws 10 and 11 of the holding device 9 are in the closed position I, pressed together so that the film web 3 is in their grip, which is here referred to as a first grip. At the free end of the film web 3 drawn from the roll 2, a length 18 of film web hangs freely downwards below the holding jaws 10, 11. In Fig. 4, the pulling device 14 is in the opened position IV and moved to the first position A near the holding device 9, in which position its pulling jaws 15 and 16 are below the holding jaws 10, 11. A second gap 17 remains between the pulling jaws 15, 16, and the length 18 of film web hangs down into this gap 17.

[00054] In Fig. 5, the holding device 9 is still in the position of Fig. 4, but the pulling jaws 15, 16 of the pulling device 14 engage the aforesaid downwards hanging length 18 of film web by a grip which is here referred to as a second grip, in other words, the pulling device 14 is in the closed position III.

[00055] In Fig. 6, the holding jaws 10, 11 of the holding device 9 are in the opened position II so that they have a first gap 12 between them, the aforesaid first grip being thus re-

leased, and the film web 3 can run between the holding jaws 10, 11. The pulling jaws 15, 16 of the pulling device 14 continue holding the end of the film web 3 when the pulling device 14 has been moved over the object P to be packaged to the second position B, in which it is at a distance from the holding line of the holding device 14 and the cutting line of the cutting device 13 that substantially corresponds to the length of the top film sheet to be formed.

[00056] In Fig. 7, the pulling device 14 is still in the same position as in Fig. 6. The holding device 9 again engages the film web 3 by a grip which is here referred to as a third grip. The support 19 supports the film web in the area near the cutting device 13 from the top side of the film web over the entire width of the film web.

[00057] In Fig. 8, the slitting blade 10 of the cutting device 13 has slit the film web 3 apart, leaving on the side of the roll 2 a length 18 of film web hanging below the holding jaws 10, 11 so that it can be gripped by the pulling device 14, i.e. engaged again by a first grip to form the next top film sheet 1. A top film sheet 1 has now been formed. Immediately after the cutting, the pulling jaws 15, 16 of the pulling device 14 are opened into the opened position IV, in other words, the second grip is released, thereby releasing the top film sheet 1 so that it will fall down onto the object to be packaged below, as illustrated in Fig. 10.

[00058] Fig. 11 additionally presents an alternative for the stage shown in Fig. 7 when a presser 37 is used to press the film web 3 against the upper surface of the object to be packaged. The presser 37 is used to ensure that the top film sheet will be set in a controlled manner on the object P. The presser 37 can be used e.g. when the upper surface of the object P to be packaged is at a very low level. In that case, the film web is at an angle α relative to the horizontal direction. In this situation, to bring the holding device 9, support 19, cutting blade 20 and film web 3 to an advantageous position where the web will be reliably severed, in respect of the direction of the film web, the entire holding device 9 is tilted by the fourth power means 33.

[00059] The invention is not limited to the embodiment examples described above; instead, many variations are possible within the scope of the inventive concept defined in the claims.

CLAIMS

1. A method for forming a top film sheet from a film web wound on a roll and for setting the sheet onto an object to be packaged, in which method
 - a) the film web is gripped by a first grip at a point near the free end of the film web on a first side of the object to be packaged,
 - b) the free end of the film web is gripped by a second grip,
 - c) the first grip is released,
 - d) maintaining the second grip on the end of the film web, the free end of the film web is drawn substantially horizontally to a distance from the point of the first grip onto the object to be packaged, to its other side, said distance corresponding to the length of the top film sheet to be formed.
 - e) the top film sheet is held by a third grip on the first side of the object to be packaged,
 - f) the film web is severed at a cutting line near the third grip to form the top film sheet, and
 - g) the second grip on the end of the film web is released, so that the top film sheet can fall freely onto the object to be packaged and the third grip forms a first grip for a new sheet forming cycle according to items a) - g), characterized in that the end of the film web is gripped by the second grip over the entire width of the film web; and that the film web is gripped by the first and the third grips at a point located at a distance from the cutting line such that near the free end there remains a length of film web hanging freely downwards so that this length of film web can be gripped by the second grip.
2. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the film web is supported in the area near the cutting line from the top side of the film web over the en-

- tire width of the film web on the other side of the cutting line in relation to the third grip.
3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the second grip is formed as a substantially continuous unbroken grip extending over the entire width of the film web.
 4. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 3, characterized in that the film web is severed by slitting.
 5. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 4, characterized in that the film web is gripped by the first and third grips over the entire width of the film web.
 6. A method according to claim 5, characterized in that the first and the third grips are formed as substantially continuous unbroken grips extending over the entire width of the film web.
 7. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 6, characterized in that the first, the second and the third grips are formed by pressing the film web between two jaws.
 8. A device for forming a top film sheet (1) from a film web (3) wound on a roll (2) and for setting said sheet onto an object to be packaged (P), which device comprises
 - a machine frame (4) supported on a fixed base and comprising vertical upright columns (5),
 - a frame (6), which comprises two parallel guide beams (7) placed at a distance from each other and secured together by their ends with transverse members (8) to form a rectangular horizontal frame structure, and which frame has been arranged to be vertically movable upwards and downwards along the upright columns (5),
 - a holding device (9) fixedly mounted on the guide beams (7) and extending transversely between them, said holding device comprising a pair of holding jaws (10, 11) movable relative to each other between a closed position (I), in which the holding jaws are pressed against each other from opposite sides of the film web to clamp the

film web between the holding jaws, and an opened position (II), in which the holding jaws have a first gap (12) between them to allow the film web to move between the holding jaws,

a cutting device (13) arranged near the holding device (9) for severing the film web (3), and

a pulling device (14), which extends transversely between the guide beams (7) and secured to the guide beams so as to be movable between a first position (A) located near the holding device (9) and a second position (B) located at a distance from the holding device, and which pulling device comprises a pair of pulling jaws (15, 16) that are movable relative to each other between a closed position (III), in which the pulling jaws are pressed together from opposite sides of the film web to clamp the film web between the pulling jaws, and an open position (IV), in which the pulling jaws have second gap (17) between them to release the film web from the grip of the pulling jaws, characterized in that the motion of the pulling jaws (15, 16) between the closed position (III) and the open position (IV) takes place in a substantially horizontal direction; that the pulling jaws (15, 16) have been arranged to grip the end of the film web over the entire width of the film web; and that the gripping line of the holding jaws (10, 11) is at a distance from the cutting line of the cutting device (13) so that near the free end of the film web (3) there remains a length (18) of film web hanging freely downwards that can be gripped by the pulling jaws (15, 16).

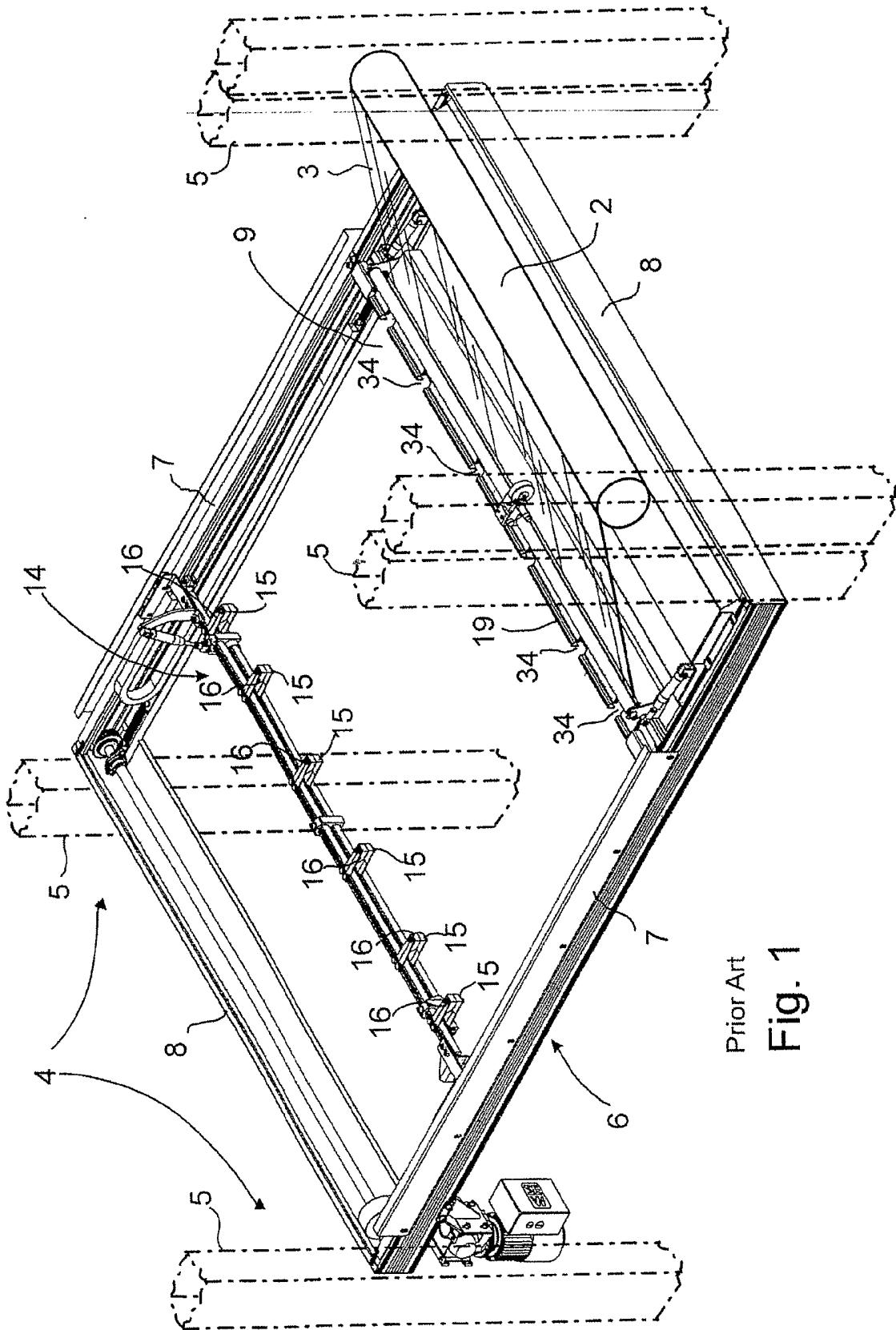
9. A device according to claim 8, characterized in that the device comprises a support (19) arranged near the cutting device (13) to support the film web (3) from the top side over the entire width of the film web along a supporting line located on the other side relative to cutting line of the cutting device (13) than the gripping line of the holding jaws (10, 11).
10. A device according to claim 8 or 9, characterized in that the cutting device (13) comprises a slitting

blade (20) controlled to be movable in the transverse direction of the film web (3) to slit the film web so as to sever it, and a first power means (21) for moving the slitting blade.

11. A device according to any one of claims 8 - 10, characterized in that the pulling device (14) comprises
 - a first frame (22), which extends between the guide beams (7) and is controlled to be movable on the guide beams so that it is guided and supported by these,
 - a first pulling jaw (15), which is secured to the first frame (22),
 - a second frame (23), which is movable in relation to the first frame (22),
 - substantially horizontal guide bars (24) for controlling the mutual motion of the first frame (22) and the second frame (23),
 - a second pulling jaw (16), which is secured to the second frame (23), and
 - a second power means (25) for moving the second frame (23) with respect to the first frame (22) to move the first and the second pulling jaws (15, 16) between a closed position (III) and an opened position (IV).
12. A device according to any one of claims 8 - 11, characterized in that it has a first elastic element (26) connected to at least one of the pulling jaws (15, 16) to achieve an elastic grip when the pulling jaws are pressed against each other.
13. A device according to any one of claims 8 - 12, characterized in that it has a second elastic element (27) connected to at least one of the holding jaws (10, 11) to achieve an elastic grip when the holding jaws are pressed against each other.
14. A device according to any one of claims 8 - 13, characterized in that the pulling jaw (15, 16) and/or the holding jaw (10, 11) is an elongated profiled bar.
15. A device according to claim 14, characterized in that the profiled bar (10, 11) forming the pulling jaw (15, 16) and/or the holding jaw (10, 11) has a longitudinal

- nal mounting slot (28), and that the first elastic element (26) and/or the second elastic element (27) is an elongated profiled strip formed from elastic material and provided with fastening elements (29) for fastening to the mounting slot (28).
16. A device according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that the second power means (25) is a compression cylinder or the like arranged to act in a point-like manner on the middle part of the first frame (22) and the second frame (23); and that the profiled bar forming the second pulling jaw (16) is secured to the second frame (23) in a curved shape such that when being moved from the opened position (IV) to the closed position (III) both ends of the profiled bar of the second pulling jaw (16) touch the first pulling jaw (15) first and in the closed position the middle part of the profiled bar of the second pulling jaw (16) also touches the first pulling jaw (15), a constant compression force thus acting between the pulling jaws (15, 16) over the entire width of the film web.
17. A device according to any one of claims 8 - 16, characterized in that the holding device (9) comprises
- a third frame (30), which extends between the guide beams (7) and is connected to the guide beams,
 - a first holding jaw (10), which is secured to the third frame (32),
 - a fourth frame (31), which is pivotally connected to the third frame (30),
 - a second holding jaw (11), which is secured to the fourth frame (31), and
 - a third power means (32) for turning the fourth frame (31) in relation to the third frame (30) to move the first and the second holding jaws (10, 11) between the closed position (I) and the opened position (II).
18. A device according to claim 17, characterized in that the cutting device (13) is secured to the third frame (30).

19. A device according to claim 17 or 18, characterized in that the third frame (30) is pivotally mounted so as to be turnable in relation to the guide beams (7), and that the device comprises a fourth power means (33) for tilting the third frame (30).



Prior Art
Fig. 1

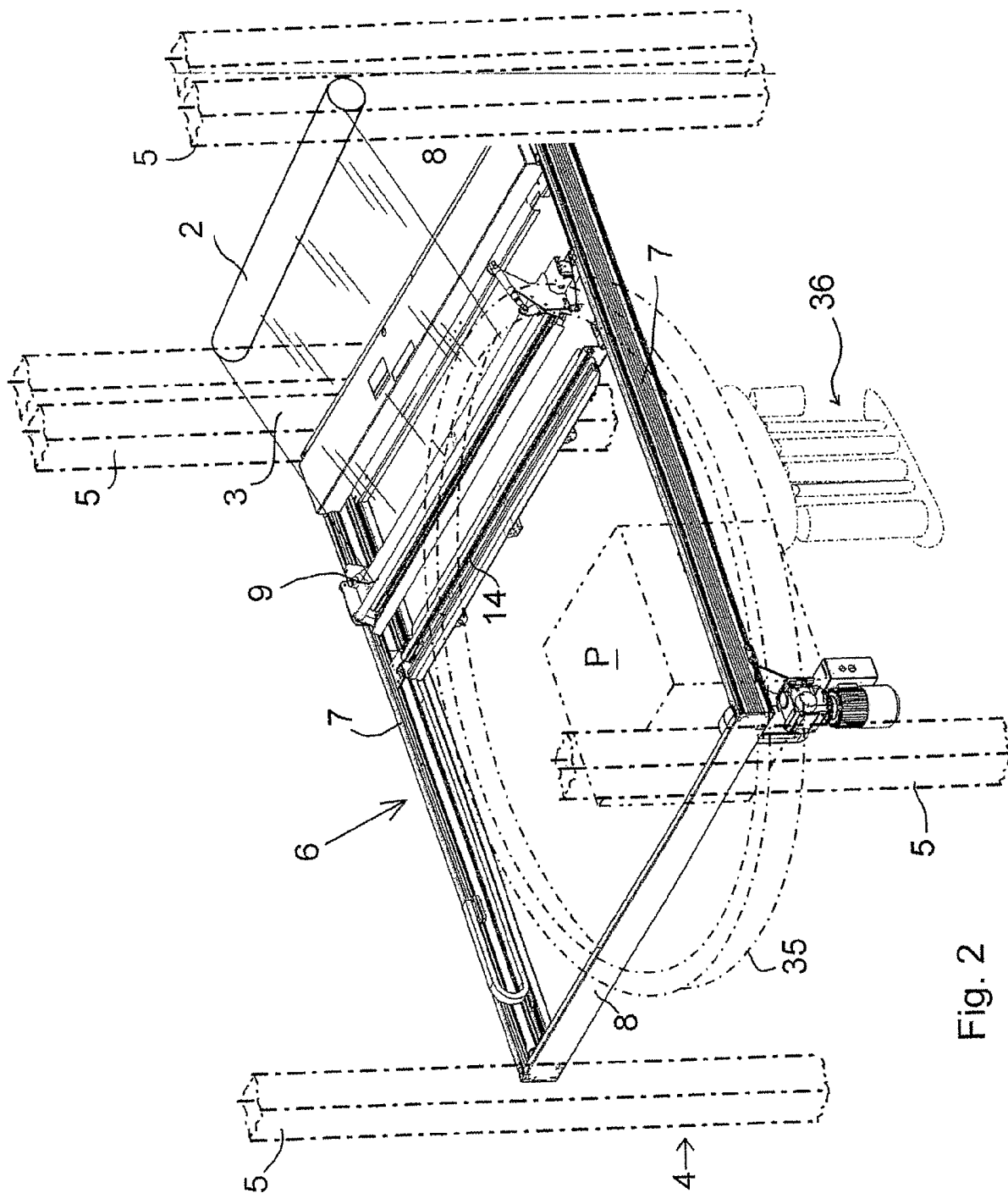


Fig. 2

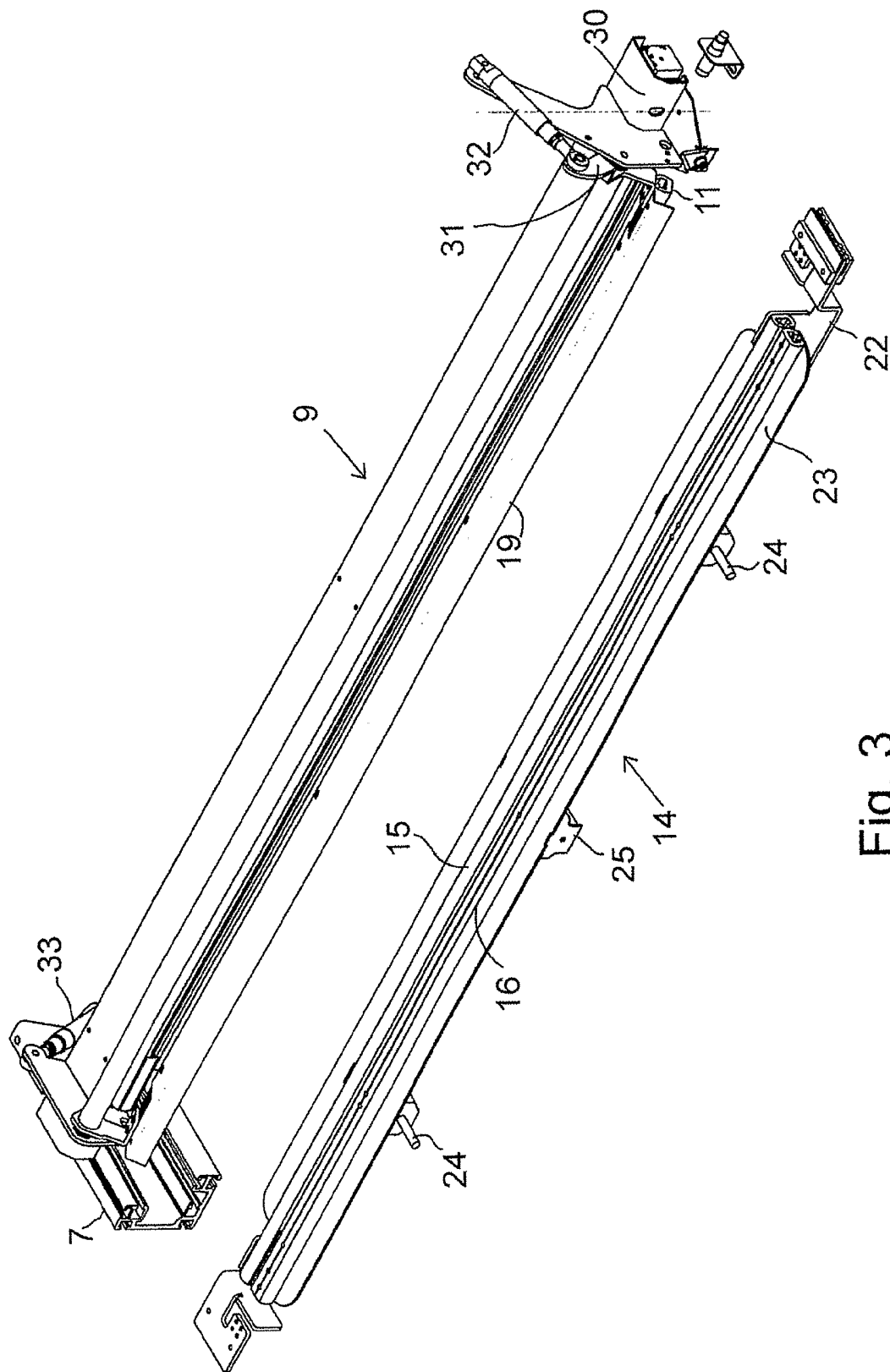


Fig. 3

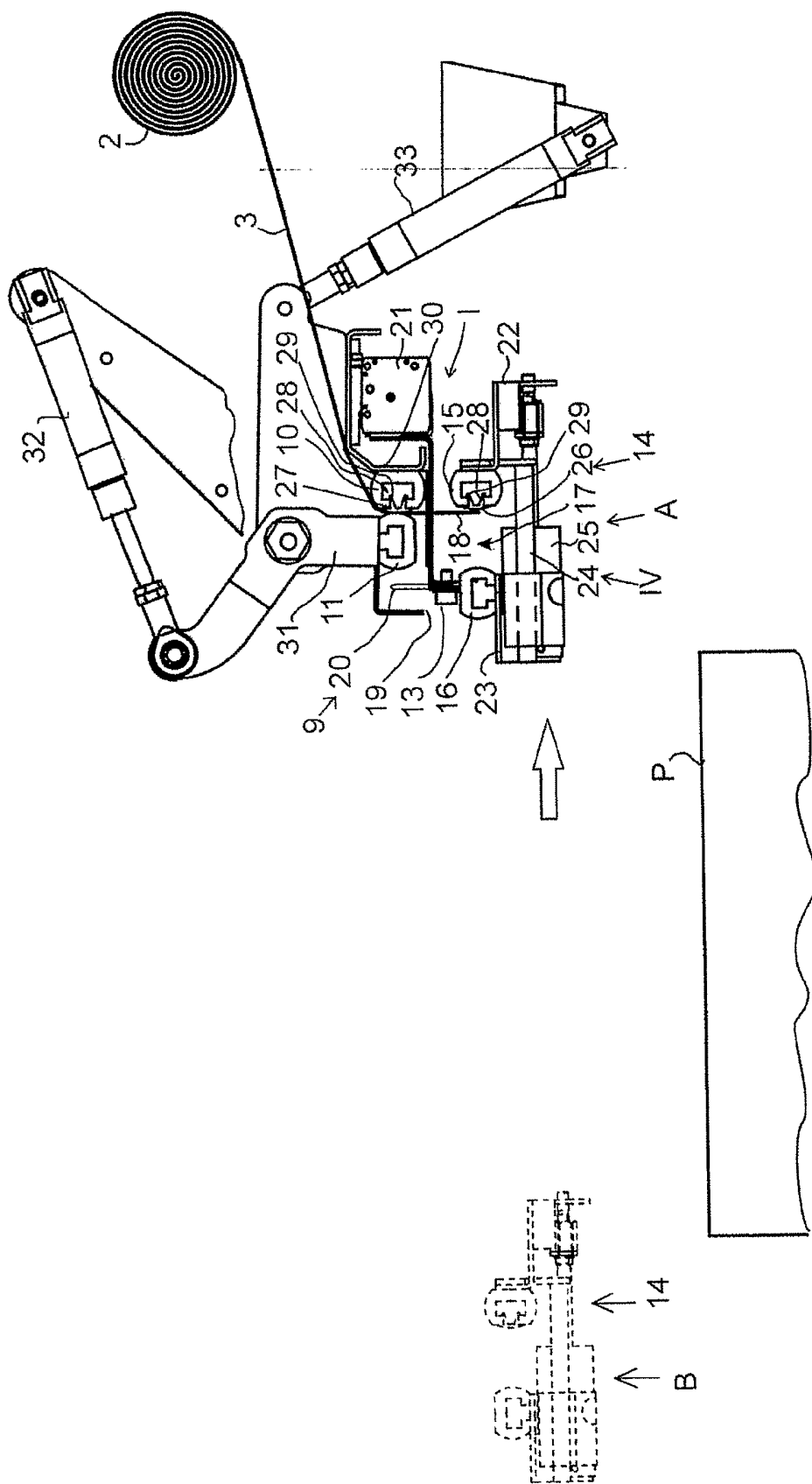


Fig. 4

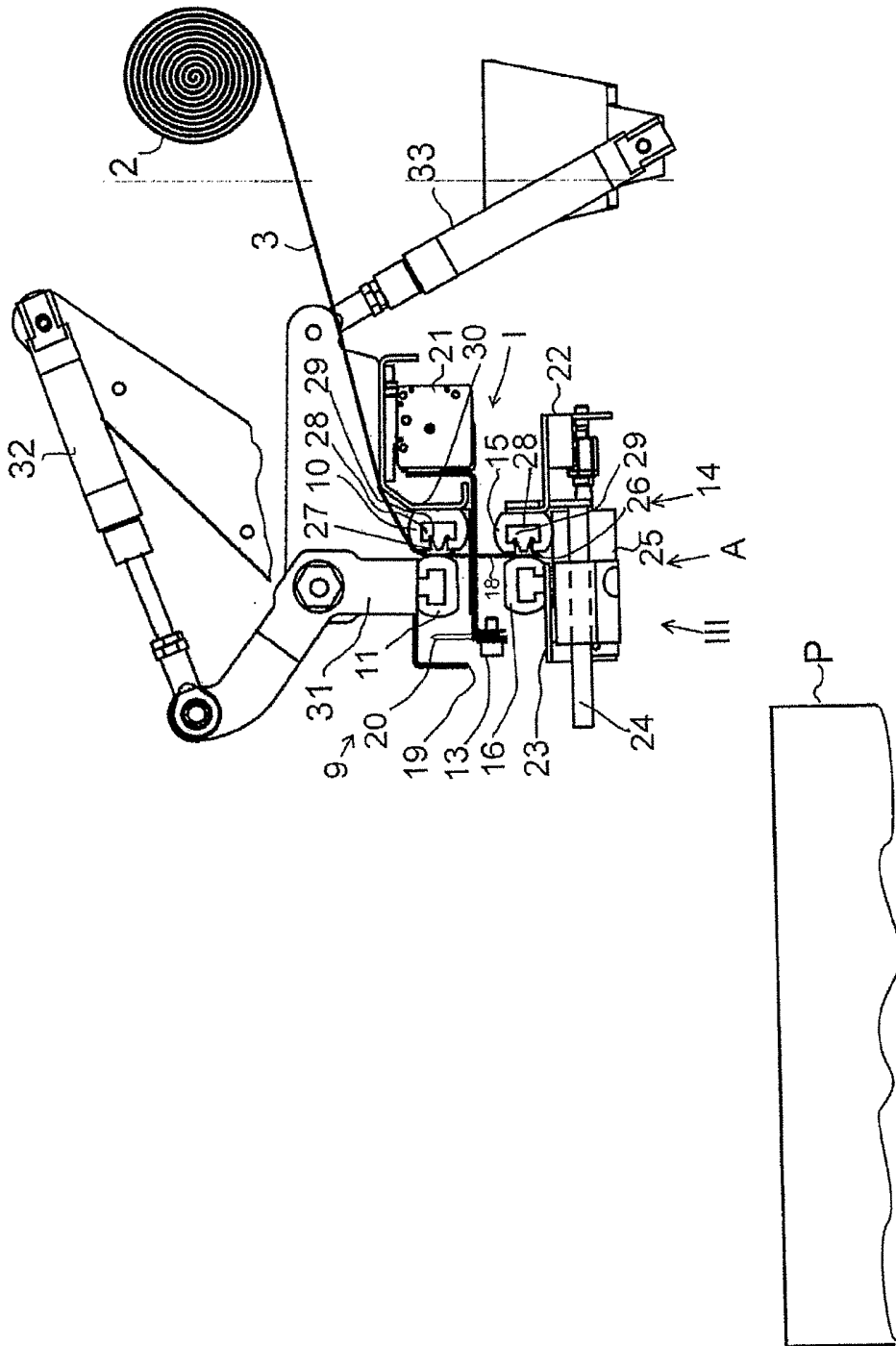


Fig. 5

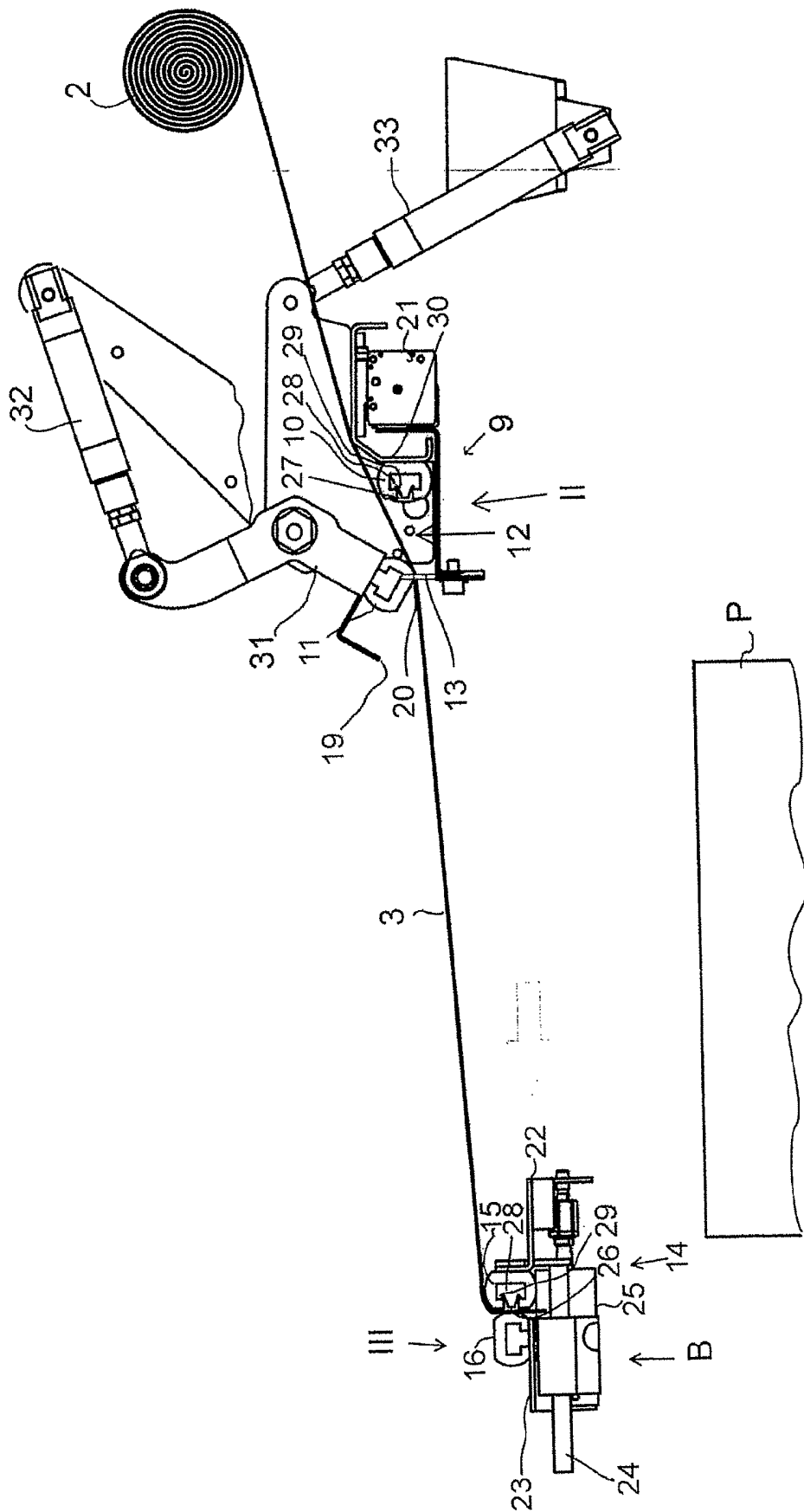


Fig. 6

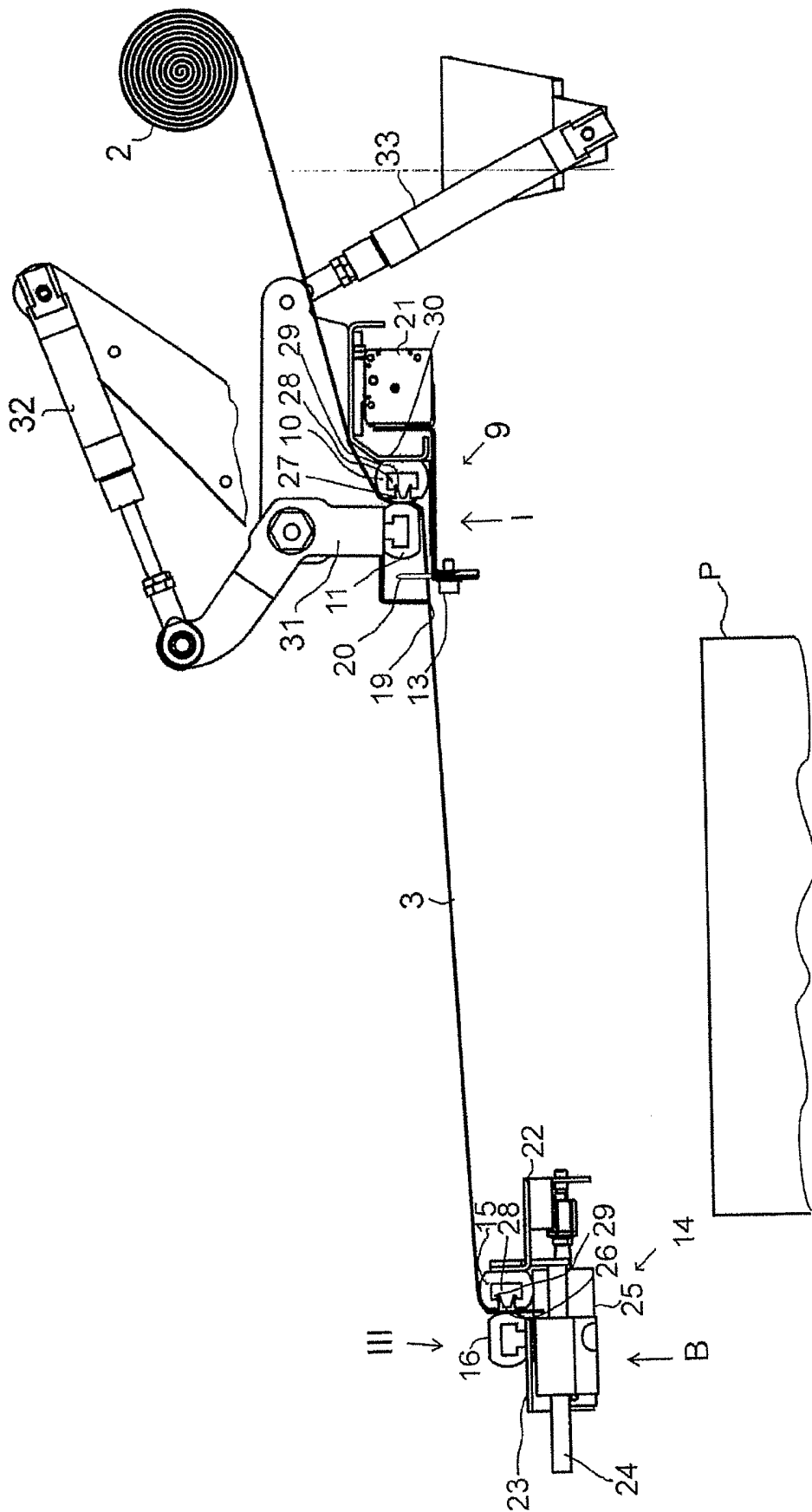


Fig. 7

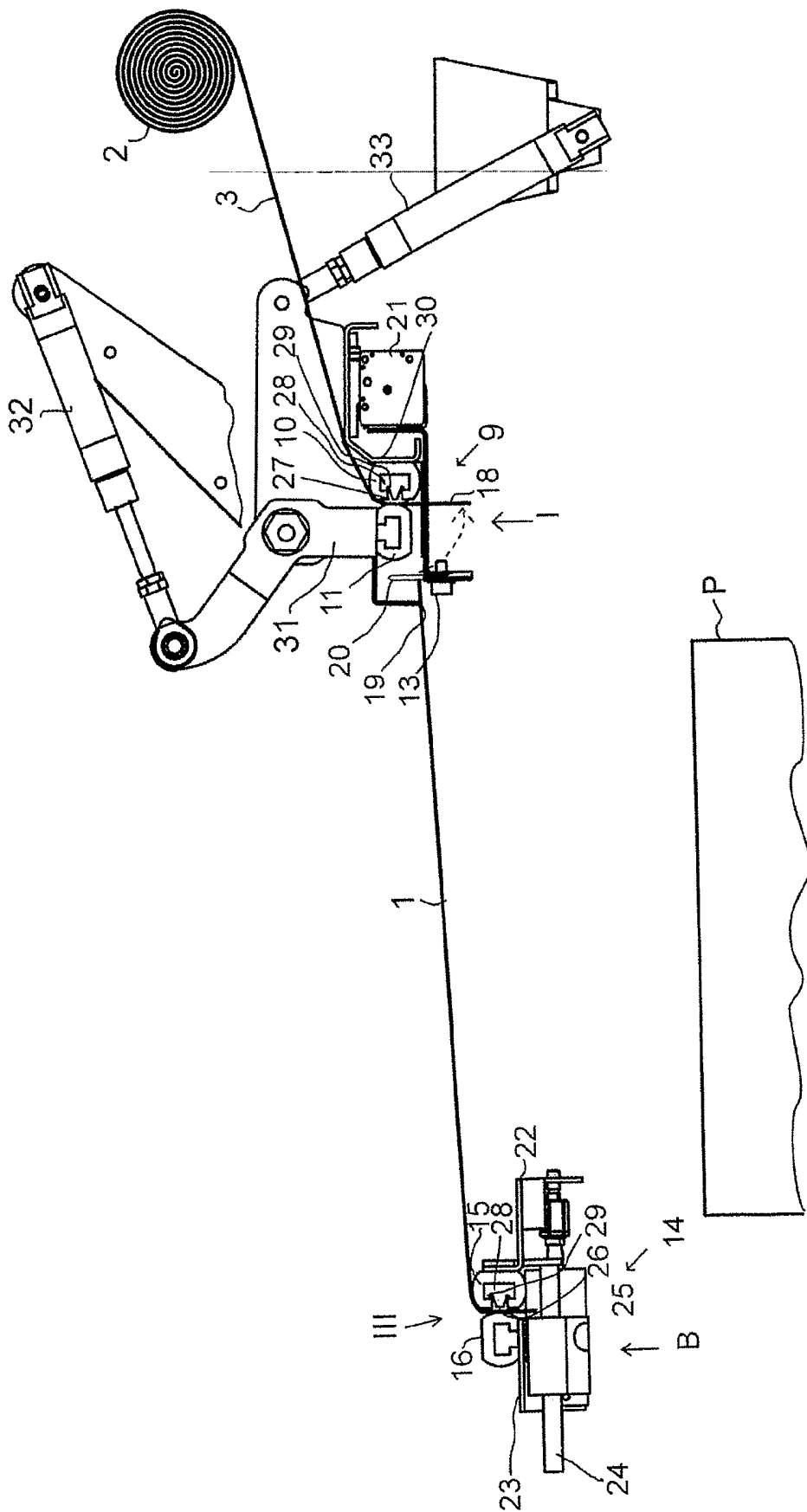


Fig. 8

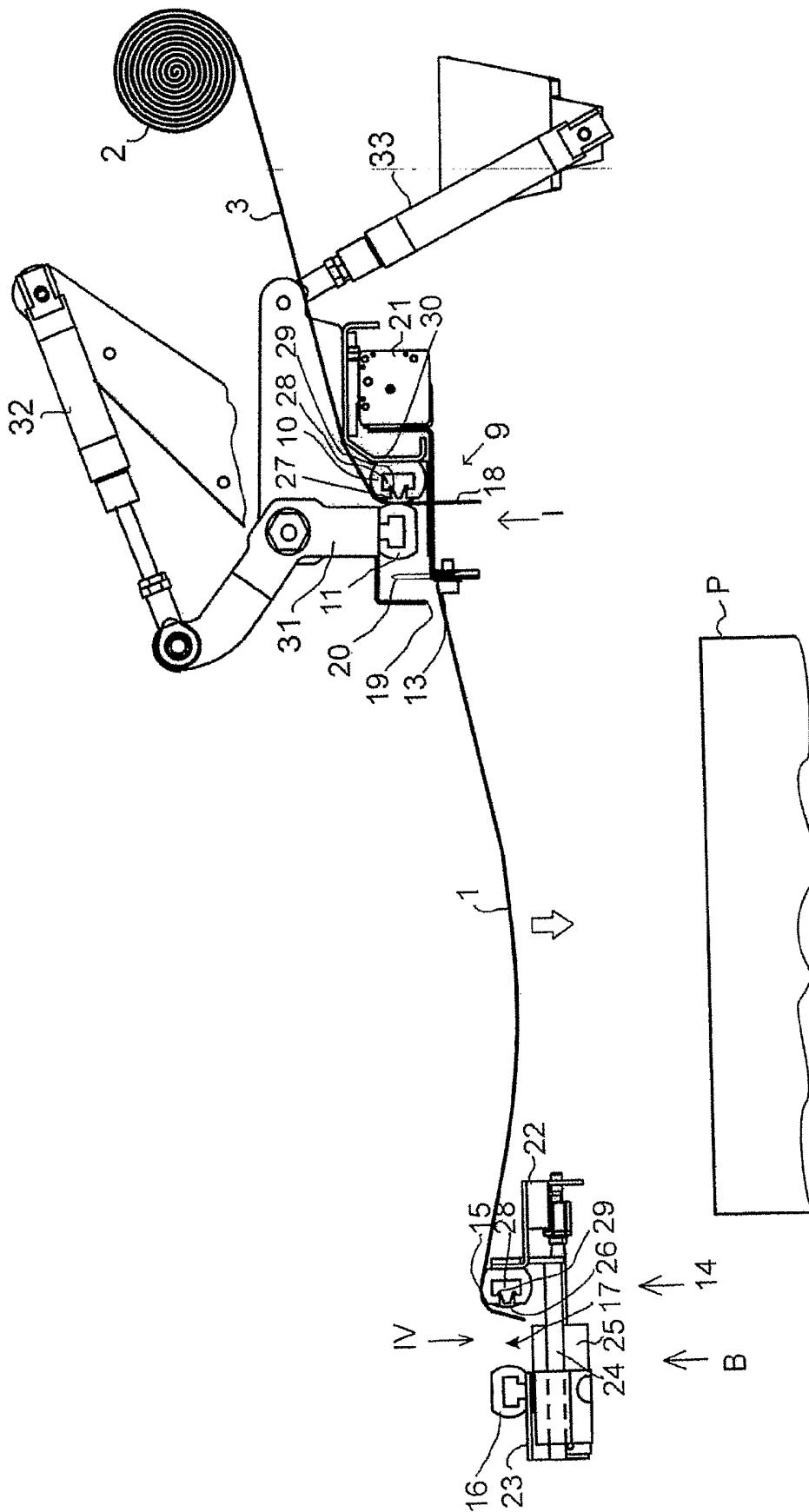


Fig. 9

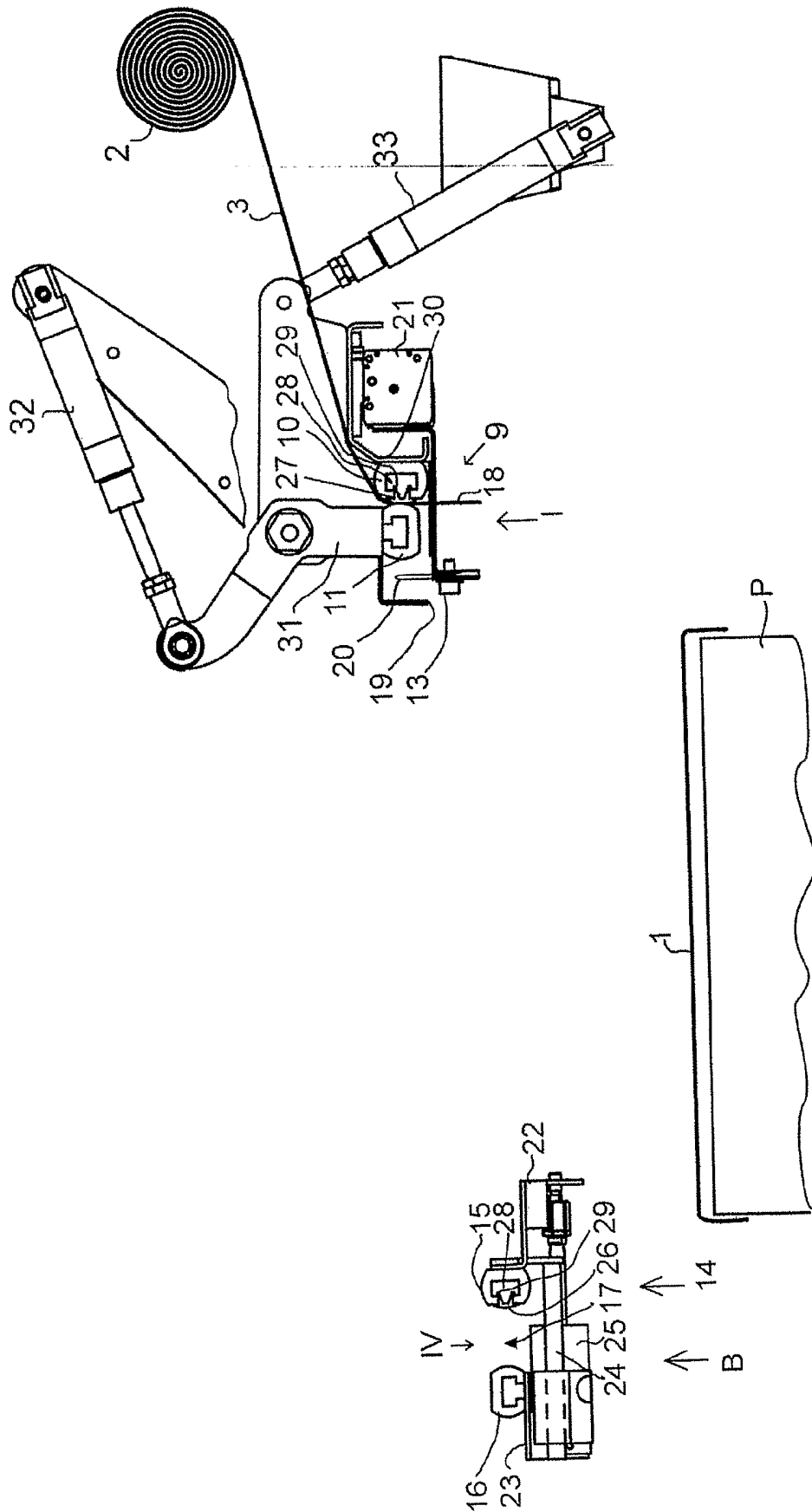


Fig. 10

12/12

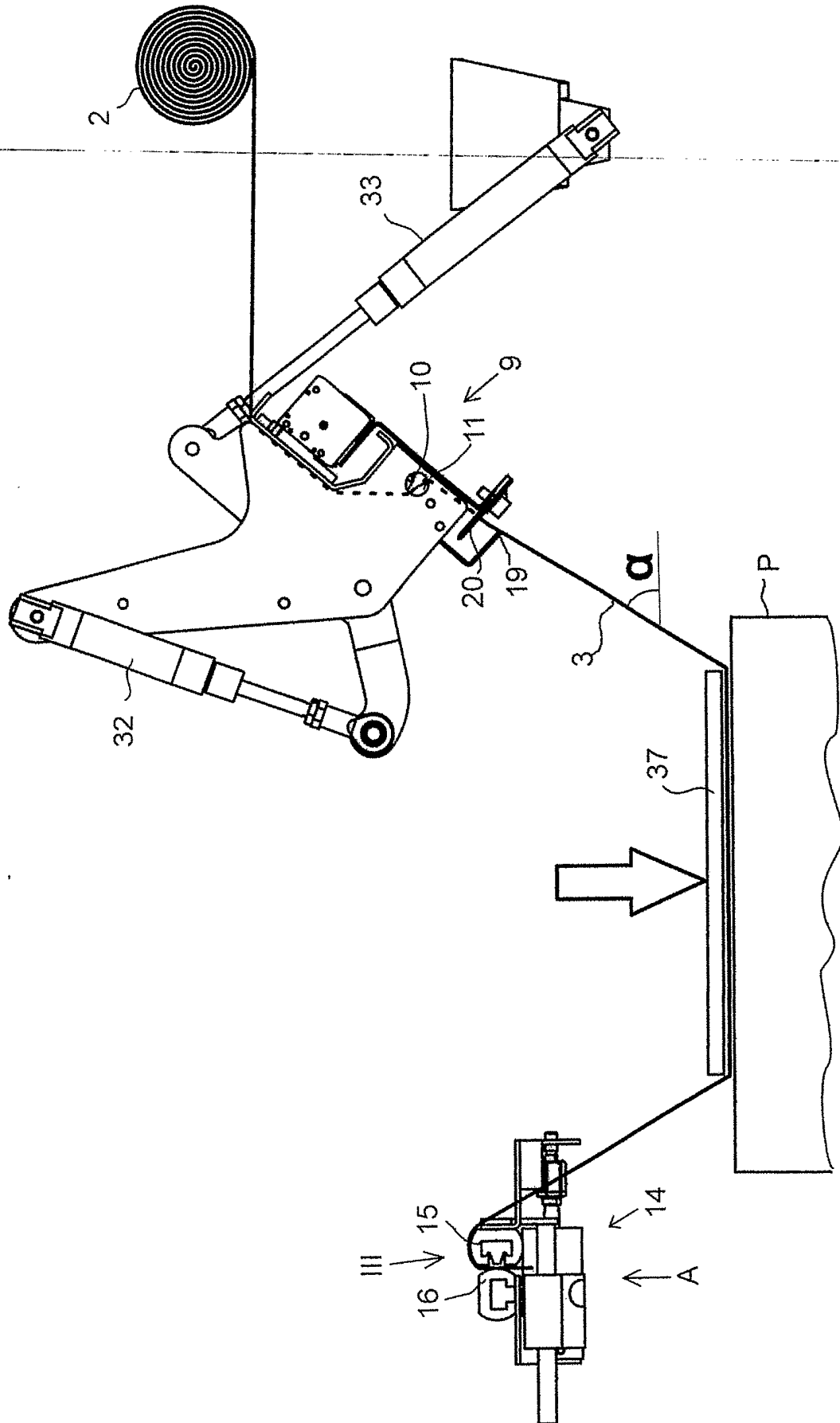


Fig. 11

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/IB2006/000253

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
INV. B65B11/04 B65B41/14 B65H20/18

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
B65B B65H

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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A	EP 0 336 517 A (OY M. HALOILA AB; NEWTEC INTERNATIONAL) 11 October 1989 (1989-10-11) cited in the application figures 2a,2b,2c,2d abstract	1-19
A	EP 1 452 445 A (OY M. HALOILA AB) 1 September 2004 (2004-09-01) figure 5 column 4, paragraph 20 - column 5, paragraph 23	1-19
A	US 6 247 292 B1 (WHITBY MICHAEL A ET AL) 19 June 2001 (2001-06-19) figures 2,4-8 column 6, line 62 - column 7, line 9	1-19
	-/--	

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

See patent family annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

20 June 2006

04/07/2006

Name and mailing address of the ISA/
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/IB2006/000253

C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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