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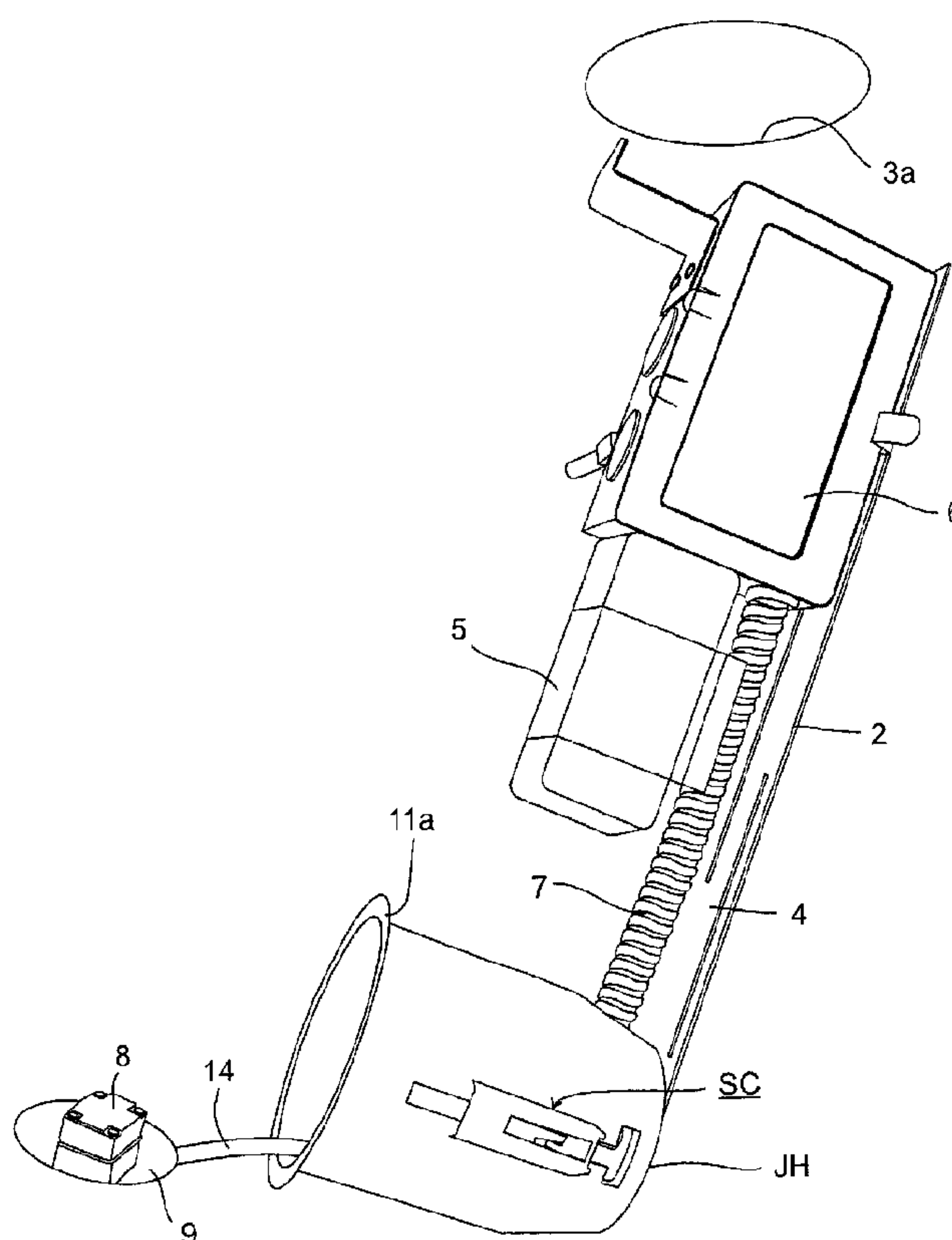
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(54) Titre : ENSEMBLES ET DISPOSITIFS DE FIXATION DE BOITIER

(54) Title: HOUSING ATTACHING DEVICES AND ASSEMBLIES



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

An assembly for releasably attaching a junction housing to a ceiling panel for a recessed lighting fixture. The assembly is in the form of a spring clamp and includes an outer section located over and movable along an outer surface of the housing when the housing is received within an opening in the panel, and an inner section movable along an inner surface of the housing when the housing is received within the opening in the panel. The inner section includes a finger-engageable element spring-biased to a locking position for locking the housing onto the panel, engageable by a user's finger to move the spring clamp to a releasing position releasing the housing for movement within the panel to a locking or releasing position with respect to the housing.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

An assembly for releasably attaching a junction housing to a ceiling panel for a recessed lighting fixture. The assembly is in the form of a spring clamp and includes an outer section located over and movable along an outer surface of the housing when the housing is received within an opening in the panel, and an inner section movable along an inner surface of the housing when the housing is received within the opening in the panel. The inner section includes a finger-engageable element spring-biased to a locking position for locking the housing onto the panel, engageable by a user's finger to move the spring clamp to a releasing position releasing the housing for movement within the panel to a locking or releasing position with respect to the housing.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT

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Title: HOUSING ATTACHING DEVICES AND ASSEMBLIES

5 FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to housing attaching devices and assemblies. The invention is particularly useful for attaching junction housings for recessed lighting fixtures to ceiling panels, and is therefore described below with respect to such an application, but it will be appreciated the invention could be used in other applications as well.

Junction boxes for recessed lighting fixtures are frequently attached to ceiling panels using screws, bolts, or other fastening devices, but are generally characterized by one or more of the following drawbacks: They require time, skill and experience for properly aligning the lighting fixture to the junction box and for properly aligning the fasteners with respect to the junction box and the ceiling panel. They generally also require significant time to remove the junction box from the ceiling panel for purposes of inspection, cleaning, repair or replacement. In addition, they severely limit the design and configuration of the junction box and/or lighting fixture, in order to accommodate them for application to the ceiling panel. Still further, the appearance of fasteners, when used, also detracts from the appearance of the lighting fixture particularly when it is a recessed lighting fixture in a ceiling panel.

Various constructions have been developed for overcoming or reducing these drawbacks, as shown for example in US Patent application 2011/0110106, and patents 7,331,555, 6,554,458, 6,827,471 and 7,456,357. However, none of these known constructions has been found entirely satisfactory in one or more of the above respects.

OBJECTS AND BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to provide an attaching device, and also a junction assembly including such attaching devices, having advantages in one or more of the above respects.

5 According to one broad aspect of the invention, there is provided junction assembly for releasably attaching electrical devices to a wall panel in a recessed manner, the said wall panel being formed with an opening sized for receiving the junction assembly, said junction assembly comprising: a housing being formed with an open end circumscribed by an outwardly projecting flange, where said outwardly projecting flange would engage the outer
10 surface of the wall panel; said housing having an outer housing surface and an inner housing surface; said housing being further formed with a slot in at least one side thereof; said housing being further formed with a plurality of rib-like detents on the outer housing surface and a similar plurality of rib-like detents on the inner housing surface; an attaching device serving as a spring clamp, having: an outer section to be located over, and to be movable
15 along, the outer housing surface when the housing is received, with the spring clamp attached thereto, within said opening in the panel; said outer section is formed with at least one locking tooth engageable with one of the plurality of locking detents on the outer housing surface; an inner section to be located proximate to, and to be moveable along, an inner surface of the housing when the housing is received, with the spring clamp attached
20 thereto, within said opening in the panel; said inner section is formed with at least one spring arm engageable with one of the plurality of locking detents on the inner housing surface; an elastic arm, integrally joined to the outer section at one end, the opposite end of the elastic arm integrally hinged to one end of said inner section; said elastic arm is dimensioned to fit into said slot in the housing; a finger-engageable element, attached to the inner section; a
25 clamping element, formed by an outer edge of the outer section, engageable with the inner surface of the panel adjacent to said panel opening therein; wherein said slot in the housing is capable of receiving the spring clamp such that the elastic arm guides the movement of the spring clamp within the slot; wherein plurality of said rib-like detents on the outer

2a

housing surface engageable by said outer section locking tooth, and similar plurality of rib-like detents on the inner housing surface engageable by said inner section spring arm, creating a plurality of locking positions used for locking the attaching device in its locking or releasing conditions; wherein the finger-engageable element is spring-biased to one of the plurality of locking positions, but engageable by a user's finger to move the spring clamp to a releasing position releasing the housing for movement within the panel to a locking or releasing position with respect to the housing; wherein when the finger-engageable element is in the releasing position, the spring clamp may move towards the panel opening, causing the clamping element to engage with inner surface of the wall panel and fixedly clamp onto the inner surface of the wall panel when the finger-engageable element is released back to spring-biased locking position. Also described is a juncture assembly including two of such spring clamps for releasably attaching, to a ceiling panel, a lighting fixture in a recessed manner. This can be done without the use of screws, bolts or other fastening, and in a manner that does not require aligning the junction box to the ceiling or the lighting fixture to the junction box, and which does not detract from the neat external appearance of the recessed lighting fixture.

Further features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the description below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention is herein described, by way of example only, with respect to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

FIG. 1 is a top perspective view of an overall junction assembly constructed in accordance with the present invention particularly useful for receiving a recessed lighting fixture;

FIG. 2 is a side view of the junction assembly of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a side view of the junction housing in the assembly of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a bottom view of the junction housing of FIG. 3;

FIG. 5 is a perspective view of one of the attaching devices, namely the spring clamps, used for attaching the junction housing to the ceiling panel in FIG. 1;

FIG. 6 is an underside view of the attaching device, that is the spring clamp, of FIG. 5;

FIG. 7 illustrates the manner of introducing the junction assembly into an opening in the ceiling panel;

FIG. 8 illustrates the final movement of the junction assembly into the ceiling panel;

FIG. 9 illustrates the manner of actuating the spring clamp by a user's finger within the junction housing;

FIG. 10 illustrates the attaching of a trim member after the junction assembly has been introduced into the opening in the ceiling panel; and

FIG. 11 illustrates the final appearance of the recessed lighting fixture when attached to the ceiling panel.

It is to be understood that the foregoing drawings, and the description below, are provided primarily for purposes of facilitating understanding the conceptual aspects of the invention and possible embodiments thereof, including what is presently considered to be a preferred embodiment. In the interest of clarity and brevity, no attempt is made to provide more details than necessary to enable one skilled in the art, using routine skill and design, to understand and practice the described invention. It is to be further understood that the embodiments described are for purposes of example only, and that the

invention is capable of being embodied in other forms and applications than described herein.

DESCRIPTION OF A PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

5 Overall Construction

The enclosed drawings illustrate a preferred embodiment of the invention including a junction assembly, generally designated 2, for mounting a junction housing JH in an opening 3a (e.g., Fig. 7) in a wall panel 3 by the use of a pair of attaching devices, serving as spring clamps, each generally designated SC and shown particularly
10 in Figs. 5 and 6. Junction assembly 2 further includes a mounting member 4 carrying a transformer 5. The transformer 5 is connected on one side to a power supply cable (not shown) within a connection box 6 carried at one end of mounting member 4, and on the opposite side to a junction cable 14 (e.g., see Fig. 4) within an armored jacket 7 to be electrically connected to the electrical device (not shown) to be mounted within the
15 junction housing JH. As one preferred example, wall panel 3 may be a ceiling panel, and the electrical device to be mounted within it may be a recessed lighting figure (RL, Figs. 10 and 11) to be connected to the power supply cable via junction cable 7 (Fig. 7) and a socket 8 (Fig. 8) carried by a circular disk 9 within the junction housing JH.

As will be described more particularly below, the junction housing JH is mounted
20 within opening 3a of ceiling panel 3 by the pair of spring clamps SC in a manner which obviates the use of screws or bolt-type fasteners, and which therefore provides the many of the advantages described above.

Junction Housing Construction

The construction of the junction housing is best seen in Figs. 3 and 4. It includes a
25 side wall 10 of circular cross-section, open at one end 11 and closed at the opposite end 12. The open end 11 is formed with an outwardly-projection flange 11a, which when the housing is received within opening 3a in the ceiling panel 3, engages the outer surface of the ceiling panel. As will be described below, the two spring clamps SC carried by the junction housing engage flange 11a of the junction housing JH, and press it against the

outer surface of the ceiling panel, and thereby firmly clamp the housing within opening 3a of the ceiling panel.

The junction housing JH is formed with an opening 13 (Fig. 3) adjacent to its closed end 12 through which the junction cable 7, within the armored jacket 14, passes
5 into the interior of the housing where it is connected to socket 8 for receiving the lighting fixture.

The spring clamps SC are each mounted within a slot 15 formed in side wall 10 of the junction housing JH. Slot 15 is of a T-configuration, including a longitudinal (long) section extending perpendicularly to the open end 11 of the housing, and a transverse
10 (short) section 15b at one end and extending perpendicularly to slot section 15a. As will be described more fully below, the slot sections are dimensioned so as to permit the respective spring clamp SC to be inserted into the slot and to be moved along it by a user's finger either to a locking position or a releasing position with respect to the ceiling panel 3.

15 Housing side wall 10 is further formed on each of its opposite side with rib-like projections 16 on its inner surface, and corresponding projections 17 on its outer surface. These projections serve as locking detents for locking the respective spring clamp in position with respect to the junction housing JH, as will be described more particularly below.

20 Spring Clamp Construction

Each spring clamp SC, as particularly illustrated in Figs. 5 and 6, includes two sections, generally designated 20 and 30 respectively, integrally formed in one piece from an elastic metal sheet punched out, and bent into, the configuration illustrated in those figures. Each spring clamp is adapted to be inserted into slot 15 formed in junction
25 housing JH such that the outer section 20 overlies the outer surface of the housing wall, and the inner section 30 underlies its inner surface, and such that both sections are movable either to a normal locking position (as illustrated in Figs. 5 and 6), or to an actuated releasing position for releasing the junction housing from the opening within the ceiling for purposes of inspection, cleaning, repair or replacement.

30 The outer section 20 of each spring clamp SC includes two spaced strips 21, 22, closed at their opposite ends 23, 24, to define a closed slot between them. Outer section

20 is further formed with an elastic arm 25 integrally hinged at 26 to end 23 of the outer section, and integrally hinged at 27 to one end (32) of the inner section 30. End 23 of the outer section 20 is formed with an edge 23a which serves as a clamping element engageable with the inner side of the ceiling wall 3 and presses it against the outwardly-
5 projecting flange 11a of the junction housing JH. Edge 23a, preferably is formed with a tooth at each of its opposite ends to maintain housing JH in place. In addition, the spaced strips 21, 22 are formed with tabs 28, 29 at their opposite ends, to be aligned with spring arms (36, 37) integrally formed in the inner section 30. Tabs 28, 29 are also aligned with the outer rib-like detents 17 formed on the outer surface of the junction housing JH, and
10 serve as locking teeth for the spring clamp.

Inner section 30 of each spring clamp SC includes a wall 31 having an outwardly-extending extension on the end 32 of the wall joined by integral hinge 27 to elastic arm 25. The opposite end of wall 31 is integrally formed with an arm 33 extending toward the two strips 21 and 22, and terminating in a hook 34 enclosing end 23 of the outer section
15 20. Wall 31 of the inner section 30 is further formed with a slot 35 which increases the elasticity or deformability of integral hinge 27 with elastic arm 25.

Inner section 30 is further integrally formed with a pair of the previously-mentioned spring arms 36, 37, on its opposite sides, each having an out-turned tip 38, 39, biasing the spring clamp to its normal position as shown in Figs. 5 and 6. Tips 38, 39 of
20 the spring arms are aligned with the inner rib-like detents 16 and aid the locating action produced by the locking teeth 28, 29.

As described earlier the outer and inner sections 20, 30 of each spring clamp SC are integrally formed of elastic sheet material stamped and bent to the configuration illustrated in Figs. 5 and 6. In this configuration, wall 31 of the inner section 30 assumes
25 an obtuse angle (i.e., over 90°) with respect to elastic arm 25 of the outer section 20. In addition, slot section 15b of the T-slot 15 in each side of the junction housing JH is dimensioned in length and width to permit end 32 of the inner section 30 to be passed through it to thereby locate wall 31 adjacent to the inner surface of the junction housing JH, with extension 32 spaced away from the inner surface of the junction housing. Such
30 an arrangement thus produces a mono-stable clamp in which the locking teeth 28, 29 of the outer section 20 are biased into locking position with respect to the rib-like detents 17

formed on the outer surface on each side wall 11 of the junction housing JH. In addition, slot section 15a is of a width equal to the width of elastic arm 25 to guide the movements of the spring clamp within slot 15. Slot section 15a is of a length to permit the spring clamp to be moved in one direction to its locking position with respect to the ceiling panel 3 wherein it is locked by detents 16 and 17, or in the opposite direction to a released position wherein it is released from detents 16 and 17. In its released position, it permits removal of the junction housing JH, i.e., for inspection, cleaning, repair or replacement purposes.

Manner of Use

10 The manner of using the junction assembly, and particularly the two spring clamps SC, for mounting a junction housing JH within opening 3a in ceiling panel 3, will now be more particularly described below with respect to Figs. 7–11.

Thus, as shown in Fig. 7, the assembly is inserted through opening 3a in the ceiling panel 3 by first passing the connection box 6 through the opening, and then
15 passing the junction housing JH through the opening as shown in Fig. 8. During this operation, each spring clamp is in its normal, stable locking position, with its locking teeth 28, 29 and spring-arm tips 38, 39 locked within their rib-like detents 17, and 16, respectively.

After the junction housing has been completely inserted through ceiling opening
20 3a, the user inserts a finger into the open end of the junction housing JH, as seen in Fig. 9, and engages end 32 of the inner section 30. As described above, end 32 serves as a finger-engageable element which is spring-biased away from the inner surface of the junction housing wall with the locking teeth 28, 29 and spring-arm tips 38, 39 pressed into locking engagement with the rib-like detents 17 and 16, respectively. The mono-
25 stable condition of each spring clamp is thus a locking position.

As further shown in Fig. 9, when finger-engageable element 32 is pressed towards the inner surface of the junction housing wall, the two spring arms 36, 37 are rocked away from the junction housing wall. This causes spring-arm tips 38, 39 to be withdrawn from their respective inner-surface detents 16, and also causes locking teeth
30 28, 29 to be withdrawn from their respective outer-surface detents 17. The respective spring clamp SC is thus released for movement in either direction. That is, it may be

5 moved in the direction of the housing open end 11, to cause clamping teeth 23a to engage the inner surface of ceiling wall 3 and to clamp the junction housing JS to the ceiling wall 3, or it may be moved in the opposite direction to disengage clamping teeth 23a from the junction housing, thereby permitting the junction housing to be removed for inspection, cleaning, repair or replacement purposes.

10 It will thus be seen that each spring clamp SC acts as a mono-stable clamp, in which it has one stable position, namely the clamping position. It will also be seen that in this mono-stable clamping position, clamping teeth 23a dig into this inner surface of the ceiling panel, and thereby hold the junction housing JH against removal or turning therein.

15 After the housing fixture has been clamped within the ceiling panel as described above, a conventional trim member, such as shown at 40 in Figs. 10 and 11, may then be applied to provide an attractive trim around the light fixture RL, and also to hold the light fixture within the junction housing. Various types of trim members 40 are known and usable for this purpose.

Variations and Other Applications

20 While the invention has been described with respect to one preferred embodiment, namely for use in mounting a recessed lighting fixture in a ceiling panel, it will be appreciated that the invention could be used in many other applications. For example, it could be used for mounting another type of electrical device, e.g., a socket for an electrical fan, a ventilator outlet, or the like, in a ceiling panel, a sidewall panel, or the like. It can also be used with various types of trim members. Many other variations, modifications and applications of the invention will be apparent.

What is claimed is:

1. A junction assembly for releasably attaching electrical devices to a wall panel in a recessed manner, the said wall panel being formed with an opening sized for receiving the junction assembly, said junction assembly comprising:

- a housing being formed with an open end circumscribed by an outwardly projecting flange, where said outwardly projecting flange would engage the outer surface of the wall panel; said housing having an outer housing surface and an inner housing surface; said housing being further formed with a slot in at least one side thereof; said housing being further formed with a plurality of rib-like detents on the outer housing surface and a similar plurality of rib-like detents on the inner housing surface;

- an attaching device serving as a spring clamp, having:

- an outer section to be located over, and to be movable along, the outer housing surface when the housing is received, with the spring clamp attached thereto, within said opening in the panel; said outer section is formed with at least one locking tooth engageable with one of the plurality of locking detents on the outer housing surface;

- an inner section to be located proximate to, and to be moveable along, the inner housing surface when the housing is received, with the spring clamp attached thereto, within said opening in the panel; said inner section is formed with at least one spring arm engageable with one of the plurality of locking detents on the inner housing surface;

- an elastic arm, integrally joined to the outer section at one end, the opposite end of the elastic arm integrally hinged to one end of said inner section; said elastic arm is dimensioned to fit into said slot in the housing;

- a finger-engageable element, attached to the inner section;

- a clamping element, formed by an outer edge of the outer section, engageable with the inner surface of the panel adjacent to said panel opening therein;

wherein said slot in the housing is capable of receiving the spring clamp such that the elastic arm guides the movement of the spring clamp within the slot;

wherein said plurality of rib-like detents on the outer housing surface engageable by said outer section locking tooth, and similar plurality of rib-like detents on the inner housing surface engageable by said inner section spring arm, creating a plurality of locking positions used for locking the attaching device in its locking or releasing conditions;

wherein the finger-engageable element is spring-biased to one of the plurality of locking positions, but engageable by a user's finger to move the spring clamp to a releasing position releasing the housing for movement within the panel to a locking or releasing position with respect to the housing;

wherein when the finger-engageable element is in the releasing position, the spring clamp may move towards the panel opening, causing the clamping element to engage with inner surface of the wall panel and fixedly clamp onto the inner surface of the wall panel when the finger-engageable element is released back to spring-biased locking position.

2. The attaching device according to claim 1, wherein said attaching device includes two of said spring clamps, one on each side of said housing.

3. The attaching device according to claim 1, wherein said finger-engageable element is located spaced from the outer surface of the housing when the attaching device is attached thereto, and is depressible towards said inner housing surface to define a monostable clamp for releasably attaching the housing within said opening in the wall panel.

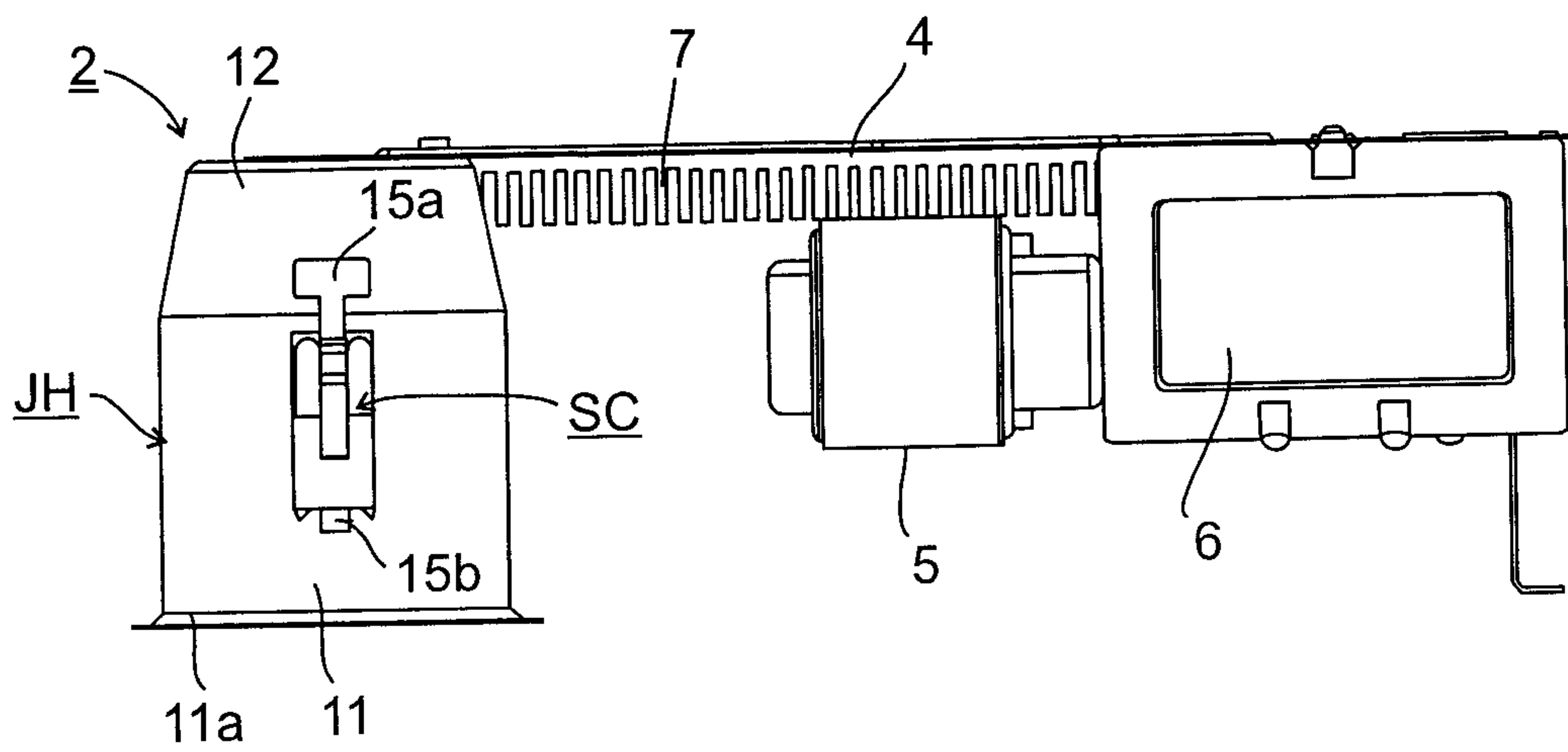
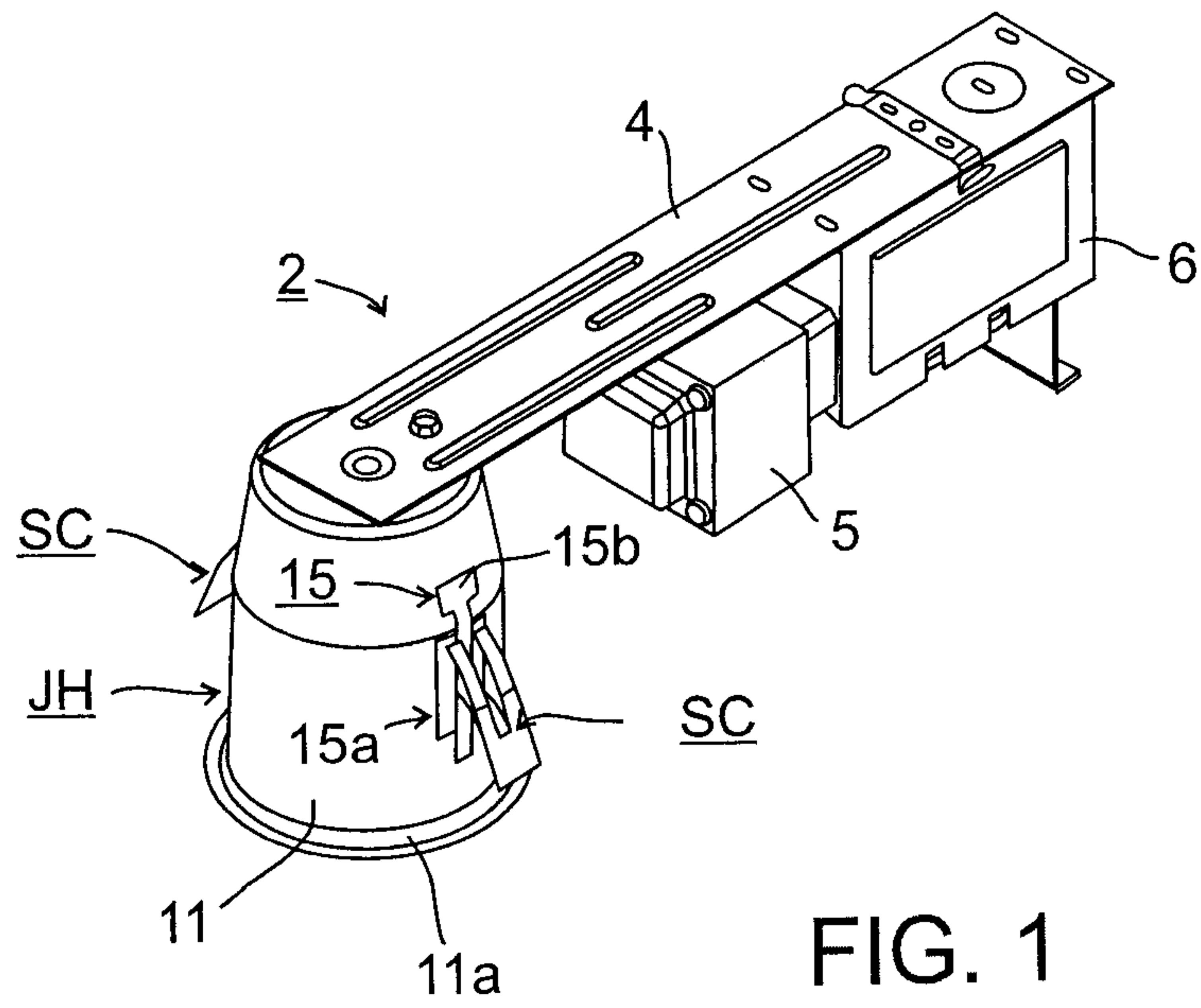
4. The attaching device according to claim 3, wherein said outer section includes: an outer wall formed with a pair of parallel, spaced arms joined together at their opposite ends to define a closed slot; said elastic arm integrally joined at one end to one end of said outer section and of the same width as said closed slot; a first coupling the opposite end of said elastic arm to one end of said inner section; and a second coupling the opposite end of said inner section to the opposite end of said outer section.

5. The attaching device according to claim 4, wherein said inner section includes an inner wall elastically coupled at said one end by said first coupling to said elastic arm at an obtuse angle to said elastic arm, to thereby produce said monostable clamping action.
6. The attaching device according to claim 5, wherein said spring arm includes an out-turned spring arm tip engageable with the plurality of rib-like detents on the inner housing surface biasing the finger-engageable element to its locking position.
7. The attaching device according to claim 6, wherein said inner section is integrally formed with a pair of said spring arms.
8. The attaching device according to claim 7, wherein said outer section is integrally formed at its opposite ends with a pair of said locking teeth.
9. The attaching device according to claim 8, wherein said inner and outer sections are integrally formed as a single integral unit.
10. The junction assembly according to claim 1, wherein said slot is of a T-configuration, including a longitudinal section extending perpendicularly to said open end of the housing and terminating short of said housing side wall, and a transverse section extending perpendicularly to said longitudinal section.
11. The junction assembly according to claim 10, wherein said longitudinal section of said slot in the housing is of a width equal to that of the elastic arm of said outer section of the attaching device to guide the movement of the attaching device.
12. The junction assembly according to claim 11, wherein said transverse section of said slot is of a length at least equal to that of said inner section of the attaching device to permit the attaching device to be movably received within said slot.

13. The junction assembly according to claim 10, wherein said housing is closed at the end thereof opposite to said open end.

14. The junction assembly according to claim 10, wherein said housing is formed with one of said slots in each of two opposite side walls of the housing for receiving one of said attaching devices.

15. The junction assembly according to claim 10, wherein said housing is carried at one end of a mounting member; and wherein said mounting member further carries: an armored cable enclosing a junction cable; a connection box carried at the opposite end of said mounting member; and a transformer connected at one side to a power supply cable, and at the opposite side to an electrical socket within said housing.



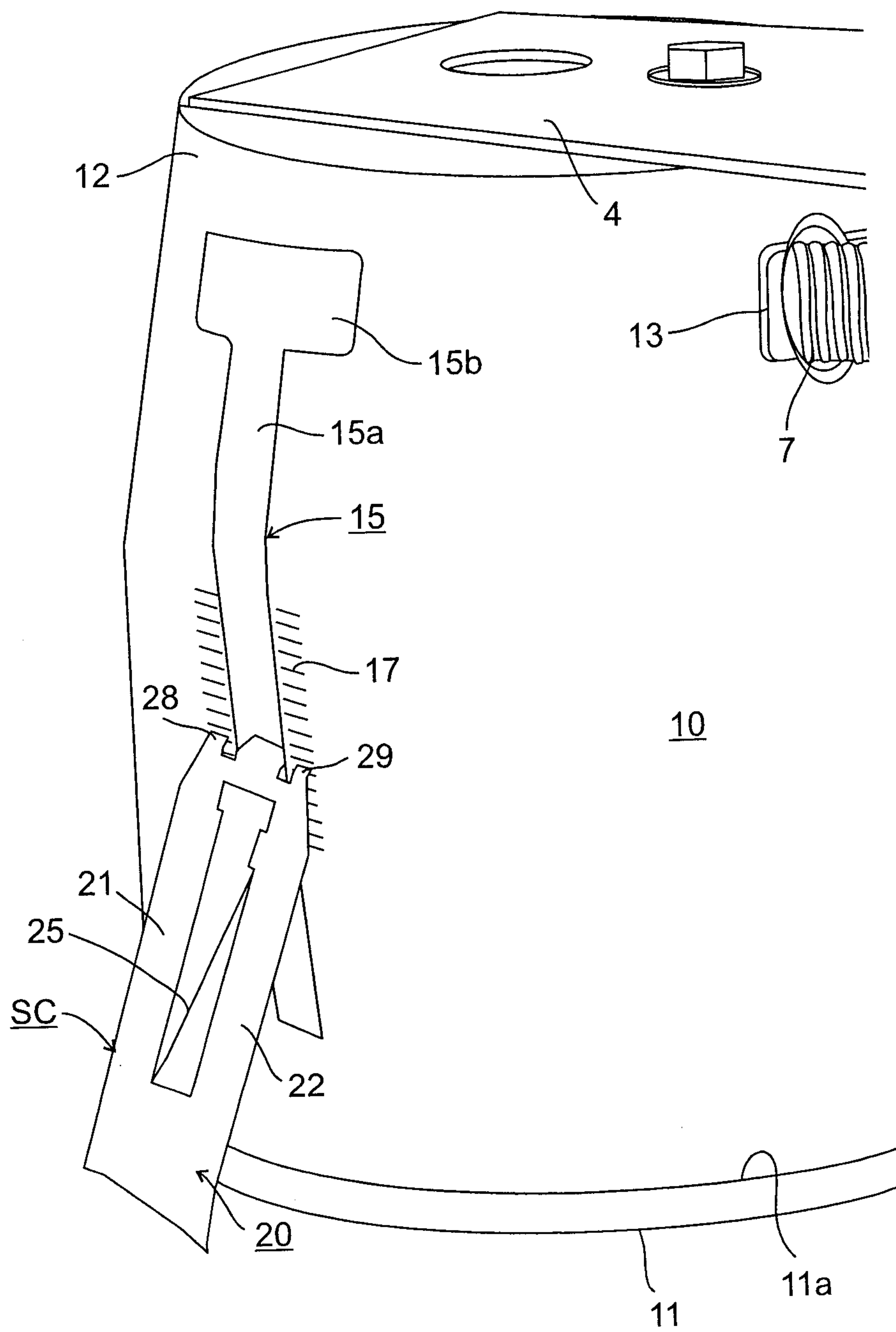


FIG. 3

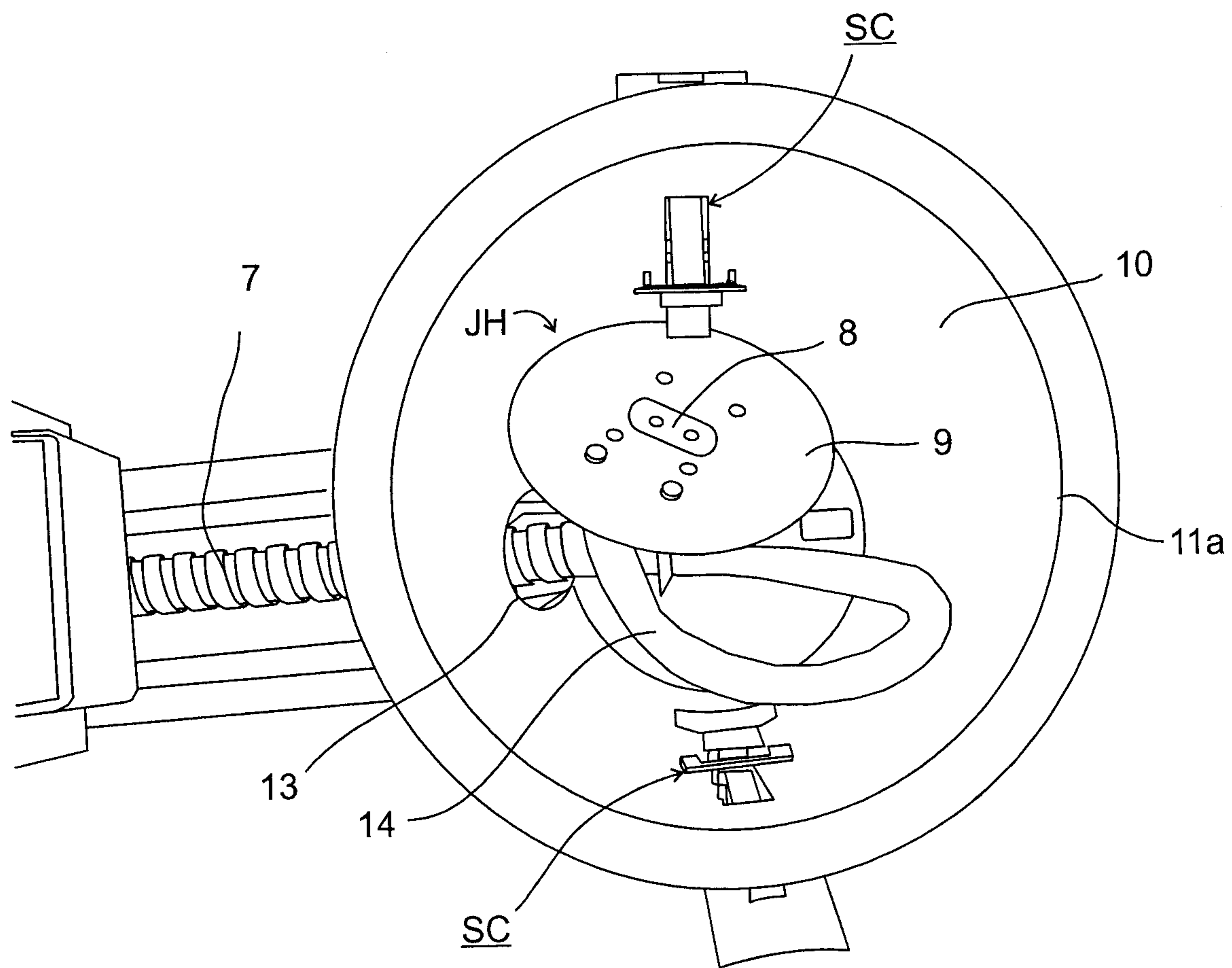


FIG. 4

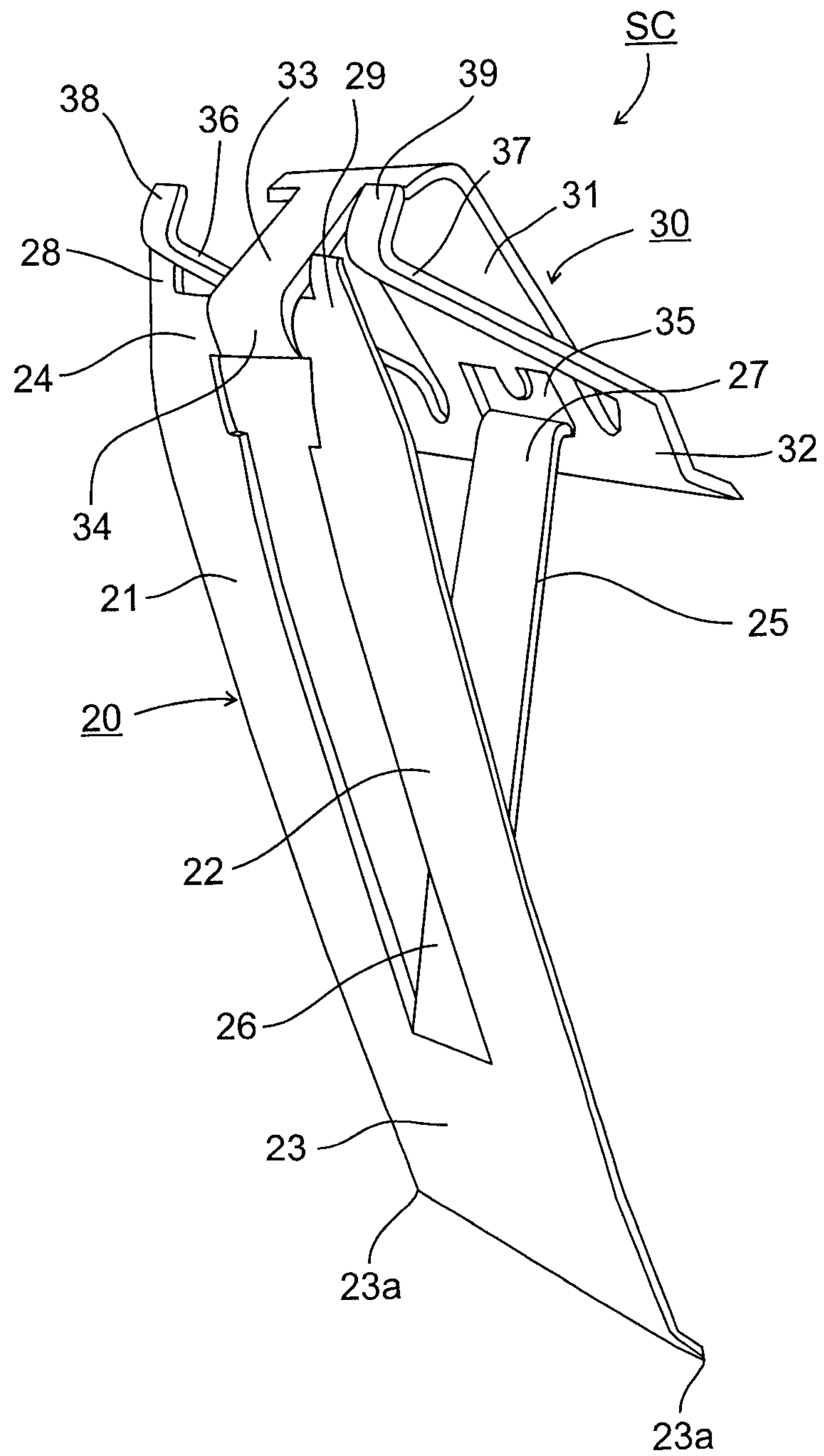


FIG. 5

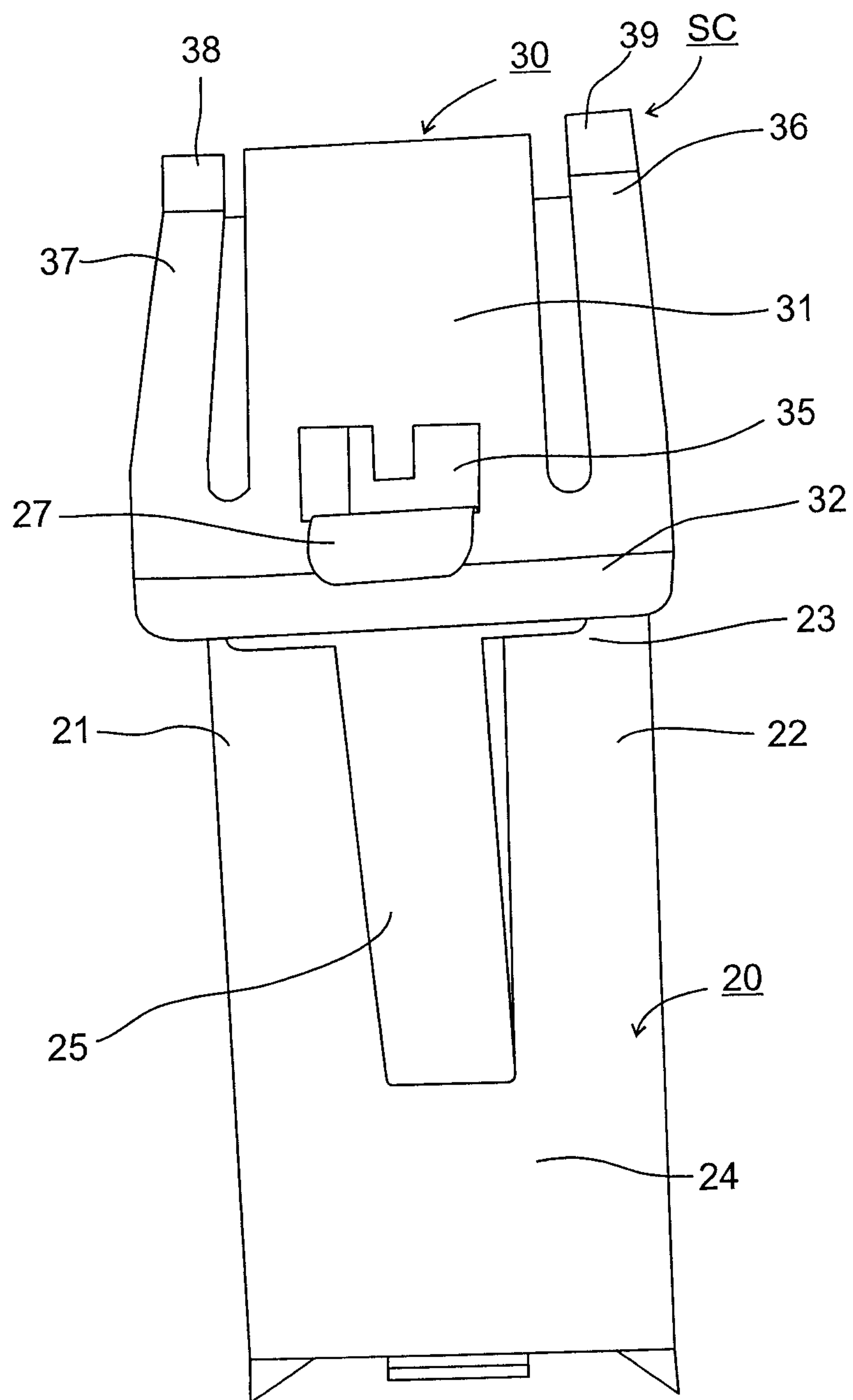


FIG. 6

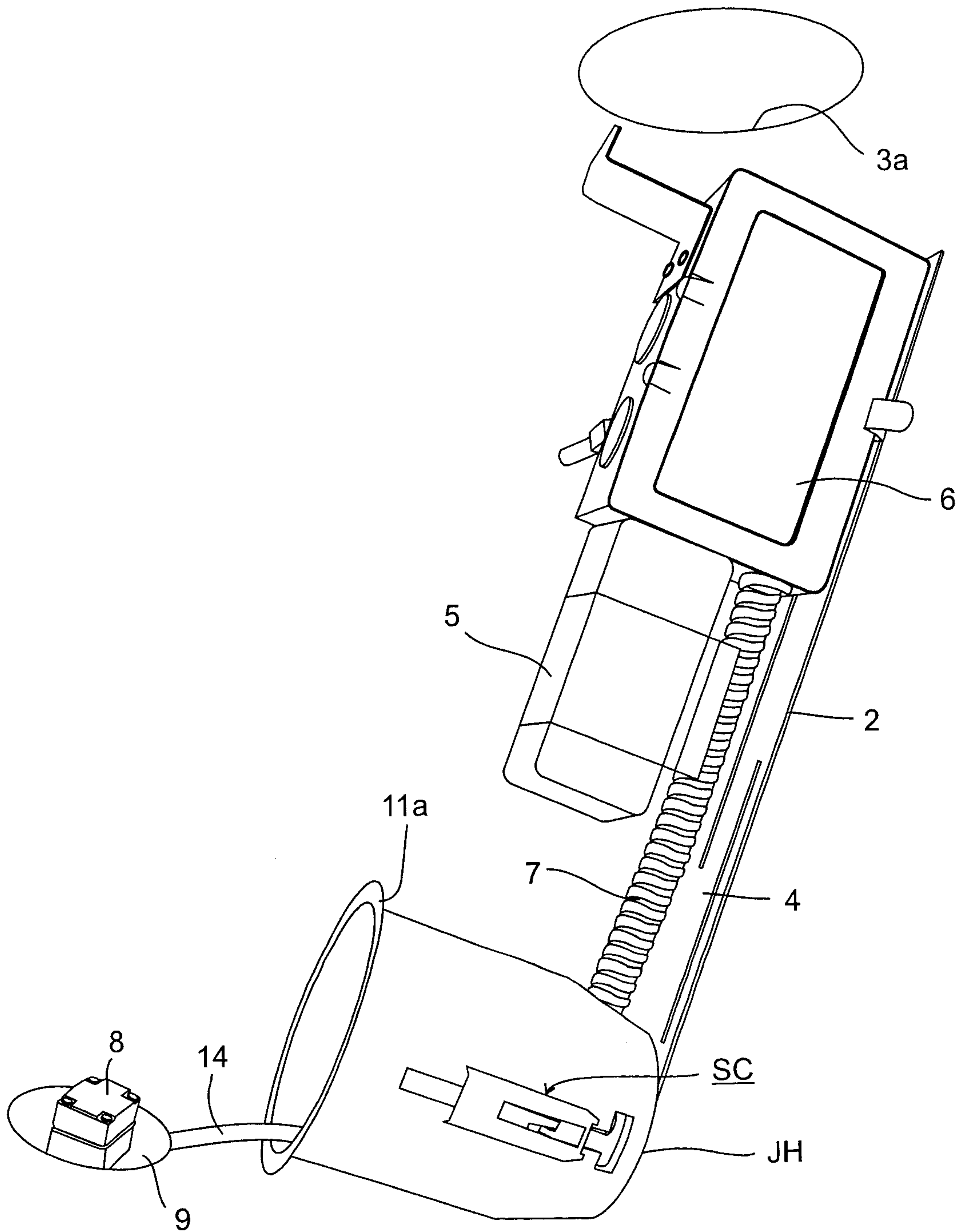


FIG. 7

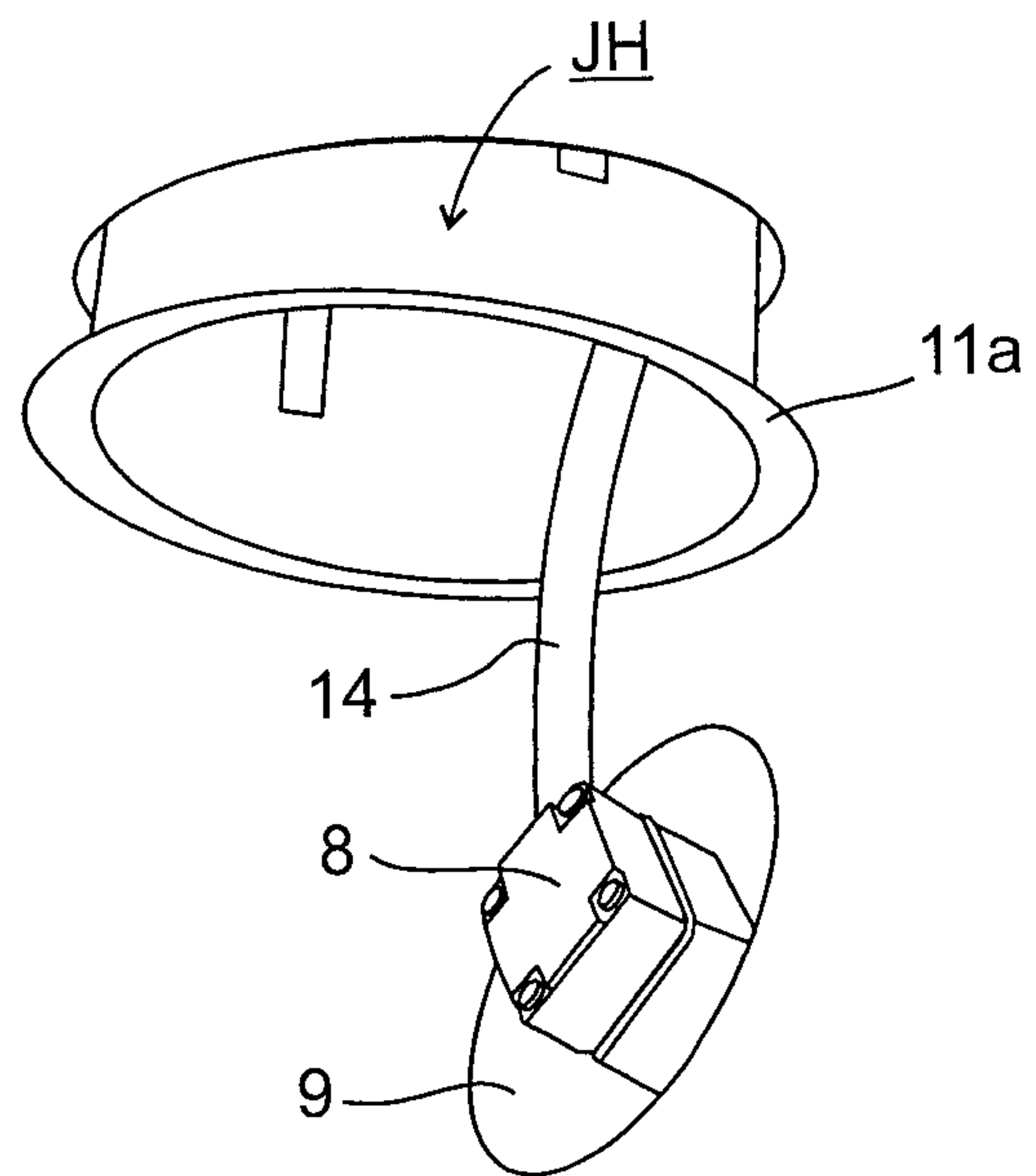


FIG. 8

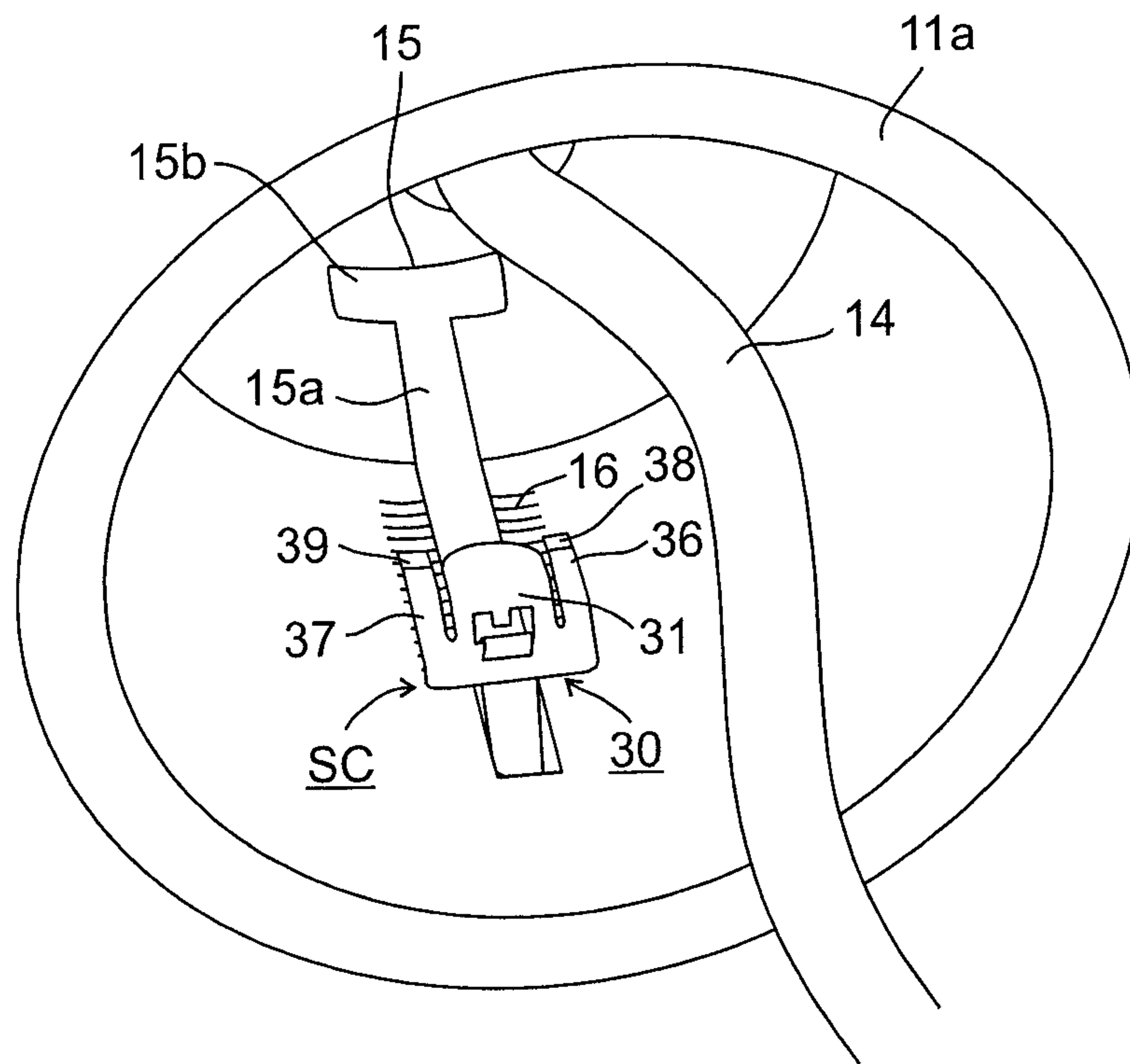


FIG. 9

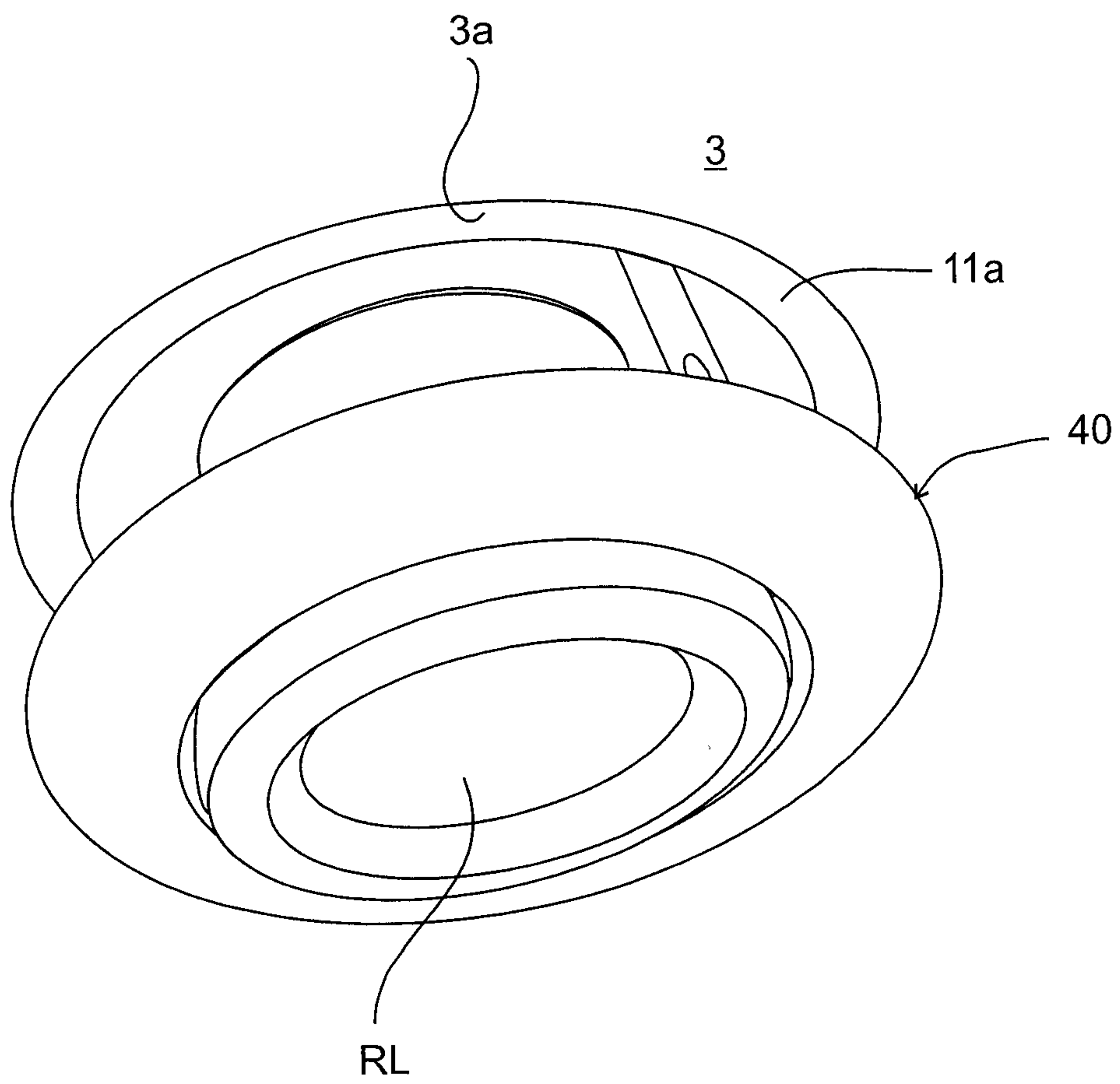


FIG. 10

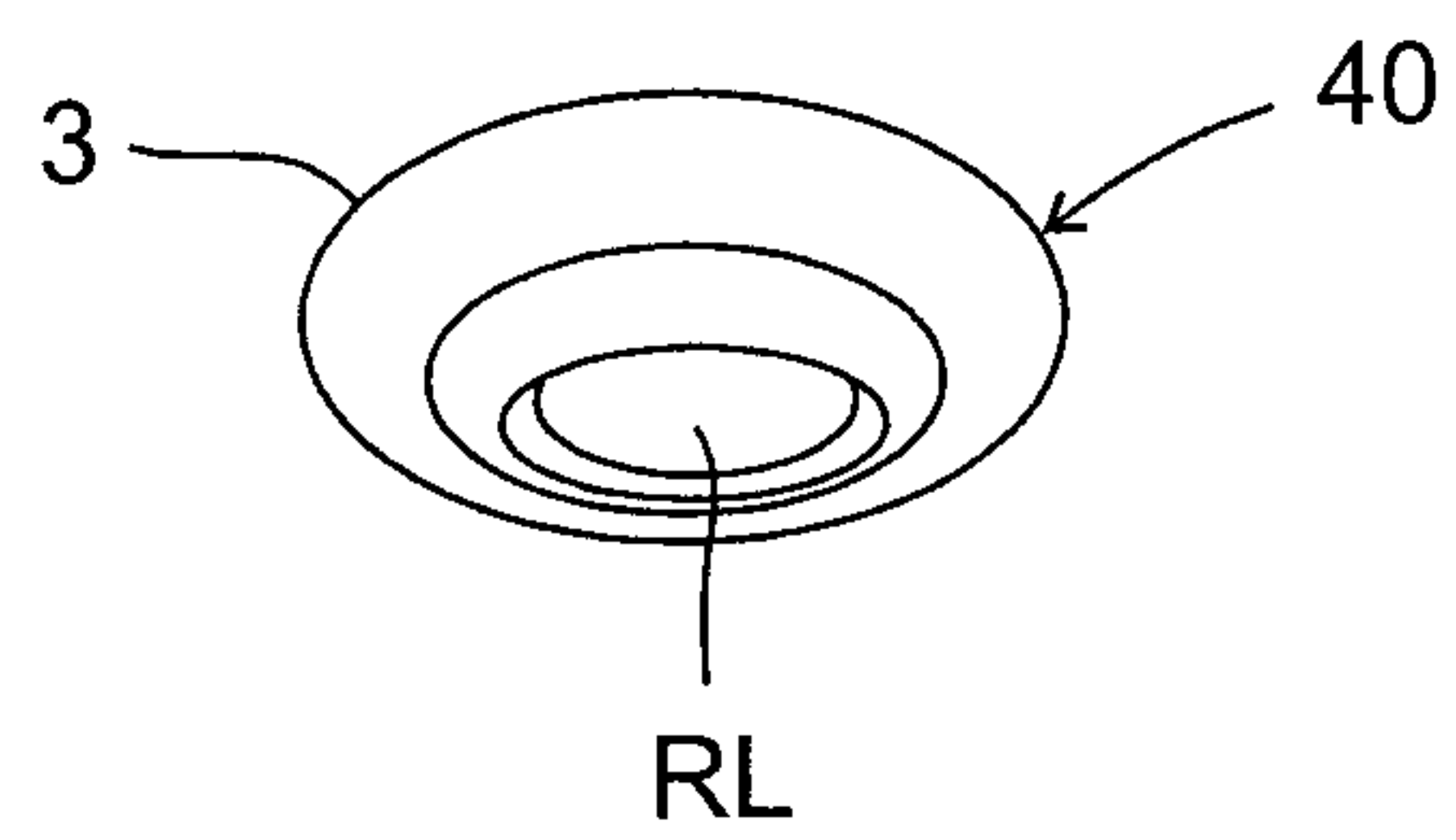


FIG. 11

