



US 20070269811A1

(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication****Bhardwaj et al.**(10) **Pub. No.: US 2007/0269811 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Nov. 22, 2007**(54) **SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE  
AND A METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND  
CLONING THEREOF**(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Mar. 31, 2006 (IN)..... 0928/DEL/2006

**Publication Classification**(76) Inventors: **Pardeep K. Bhardwaj**, Palampur (IN);  
**Rashita Sahoo**, Palampur (IN); **Sanjay  
Kumar**, Palampur (IN); **Paramvir S.  
Ahuja**, Palampur (IN)

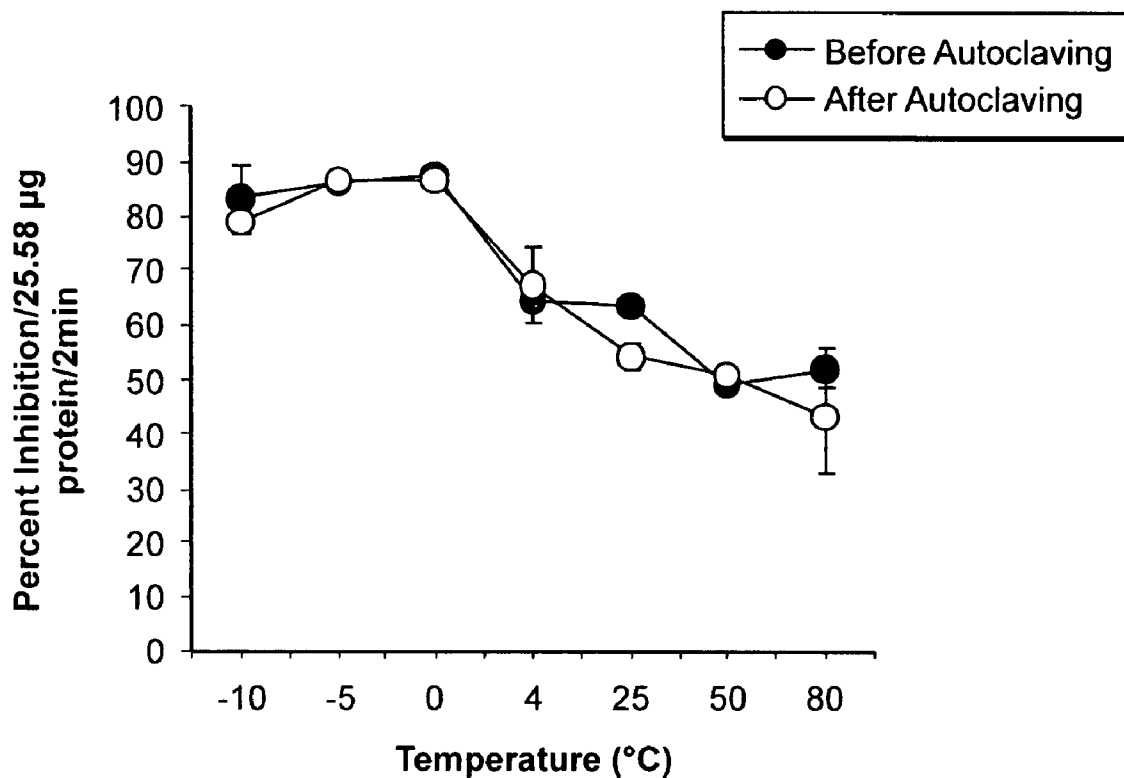
Correspondence Address:

**EDWARDS ANGELL PALMER & DODGE  
LLP****P.O. BOX 55874****BOSTON, MA 02205 (US)**(51) **Int. Cl.****C12Q 1/68** (2006.01)**C07H 21/04** (2006.01)**C07K 14/415** (2006.01)**C12N 15/00** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **435/6**; 435/320.1; 530/370;  
536/23.2; 536/24.33

(57)

**ABSTRACT**

The present invention provides a superoxide dismutase gene from *Potentilla atrosanguinea*, a construct containing the gene coding for superoxide dismutase and transformed *E.coli* producing the SOD protein.

(21) Appl. No.: **11/499,505**(22) Filed: **Aug. 4, 2006**

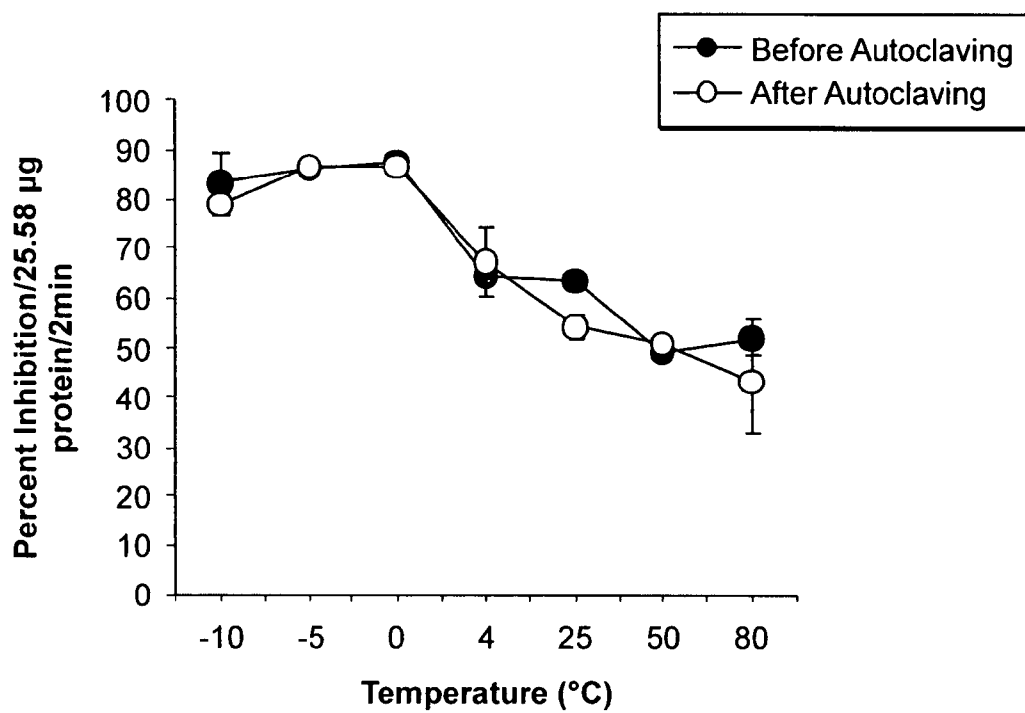


FIG. 1

FIG. 2A

FIG. 2B

FIG. 2C

FIG. 2

Comparison of the nucleotide sequence of the *Potentilla* Cu/Zn SOD with sequences from other plant species.  
Regions of complete homology are indicated with asterisks.

Malus	ATGGTGAAGGGTGTGCTGTTCTCGGCTCCAGTGAGGGCGTTAAAGGAACCATCAGCTTT
Potentilla	ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTAATACTAGCTCCAGTGAGGGTGTGCTGGAACATATCCCTCTTT
Populus	ATGGTGAAGGCTGTAGCTGTTCTTAATAGCAGTGAAGGTGTGAGTGGCACCATCTTCTTTT
Pea	ATGGTGAAGGCTGTGGCAGTTCTTAGTAACAGTAACGAAGTCTCGGGTACTATTAACCTTC
Arabidopsis	ATGGCGAAAGGAGTTGCAGTTTGAACAGCAGTGAGGGTGTACGGGGACTATCTTTTTC
Oryza	ATGGTGAAGGCTGTTGCTGTGCTTGTAGCAGTGAGGGTGTCAAGGGCACCATCTTTTTC
	**** ** * ** ** ** * **** * * * ** ** ** **
Malus	GTCCAGGAGGAGATGCCCCAACTACTGTGACTGGAAGTGTCTTGGCCTCAAGCCTGGA
Potentilla	ACCCAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCCTGGG
Populus	ACCCAAGAAGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTAAATTGAAACCTTTCTGGTCTTAAGCCAGGC
Pea	AGTCAGGAGGGAATGGTCCCAACCACCTGTAACTGGAACCTTGTGGTCTTAAGCCTGGC
Arabidopsis	ACCCAGGAAGGCGATGGTGTGACCACTGTGAGTGAACAGTTTCTGGCCTTAAGCCTGGT
Oryza	TCCCAAGAGGAGATGGTCCGACCTCTGTGACGGGAAGTGTCTCTGGGCTCAAGCCAGGG
	** ** ** ** **** ** ** **** * **** * **** ** **** **

FIG. 2A

Malus	CTTCATGGTTTCCATGTCCATGCTCTTTGGAGACACAACAACGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGG
Potentilla	CTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTCATGCTCTTTGGGACACAACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGA
Populus	CTTCATGGCTTCCACGTCCTCATGCCCTTTGGAGACACCAACAATGGCTGCATGTCAACTGGG
Pea	CTCCACGGCTTCCATATCCATGCCCTTTGGGAGACACCAACAACGGTTGCATTTCAACTGGA
Arabidopsis	CTTCATGGTTTCCATGTCCATGCTCTTTGGTGACACCACTAACGGTTGCATGTCTACTGGT
Oryza	CTCCATGGATTCATGTGCACGCGCTCGGTGACACCACTAATGGCTGCATGTCAACTGGA ** ** ** ***** * ** ** * ** ***** ** ** *****
Malus	CCACACTTCAATCCTGCTGGAAGAGCATGGTGCCCTGAAGATGAGCTTCGCCATGCT
Potentilla	CCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAGAGCATGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCT
Populus	CCGCATTTTAATCCTGTAGGCAAGAGCATGGTGCCCTGAGGATGAGAAATCGTCATGCT
Pea	CCACATTTCAATCCTAATGGGAAGAAACATGGTGCCCTGAGGATGAGACTAGACATGCT
Arabidopsis	CCACATTTCAACCCCGATGGTAAACACACGCTGCCCTGAGGATGCTAATCGACATGCT
Oryza	CCACACTTCAATCCTACTGGGAAGGAACATGGGGCACCAAGATGAGAACC GCCATGCC ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **  ** **  * **  * **  * *****
Malus	GGCGATCTTGAAACATCACTGCTGGGACGATGGAACCTTCACGATGTTGAC
Potentilla	GGTGATCTTGGAATAATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGTTCACAATTGTTGAC
Populus	GGTGATCTGGGAAATGTCACTGTTGGTGATGATGGCAGCTGCTTTTCACAATCATTGAC
Pea	GGTGATCTTGGAATAATCAATGTTGGTGATGATGGAACCTGTAAGCTTCACCAATACTGAC
Arabidopsis	GGTGATCTAGGAACATCACTGTTGGAGATGATGGAACCTGCCACCTTCACAATCACTGAT
Oryza	GGTGATCTTGGAATAATAACAGCTGGAGCAGATGGTGTGCTAATGTCAATGTCTCTGAC ** ***** * * * * * ** * ** * ** * **

FIG. 2B

Species	Sequence
Malus	AAGCAGATTCCCTCTCGCTGGACCACACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCGGTTGTTGTCCACGCA
Potentilla	AAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCATGCA
Populus	AAACAGATTCCCTCTTACTGACCCACATTCCTATTATTTGGTTGGCGTGTTGTTGTTTCATGGA
Pea	AACCATATCCCTCTCACTGGAAACAACCTCCATCATAGGAAGGCGTGTTGTTGTCCATGCC
Arabidopsis	TGCCAGATTCCCTCTTACTGGACCACAACTCTATTGTTGTTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCATGCA
Oryza	AGCCAGATCCCCCTTACTGGAGCACACTCCATCATTTGGCCGAGCGTGTTGTTGTCCATGCT

Malus  
Potentilla  
Populus  
Pea  
Arabidopsis  
Oryza

Species	Sequence
Malus	GGCAGGGTGGCTTGGGTAATTATTGGTCTGCAAGGATGA
Potentilla	GGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGCCTTCAAGGATGA
Populus	GGCAGAGTAGCATGCGGTATTATTGGTCTGCAAGGTTGA
Pea	GGCAGAGTAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGGTTGCAAGGATAG
Arabidopsis	GGCCGTGTTGCTTGGCGCATCATTTGGTCTCCAGGGCTAA
Oryza	GGCCGAGTTGCTTGGCGGAATCATCGGACTCCAGGGTTAG

FIG. 2C



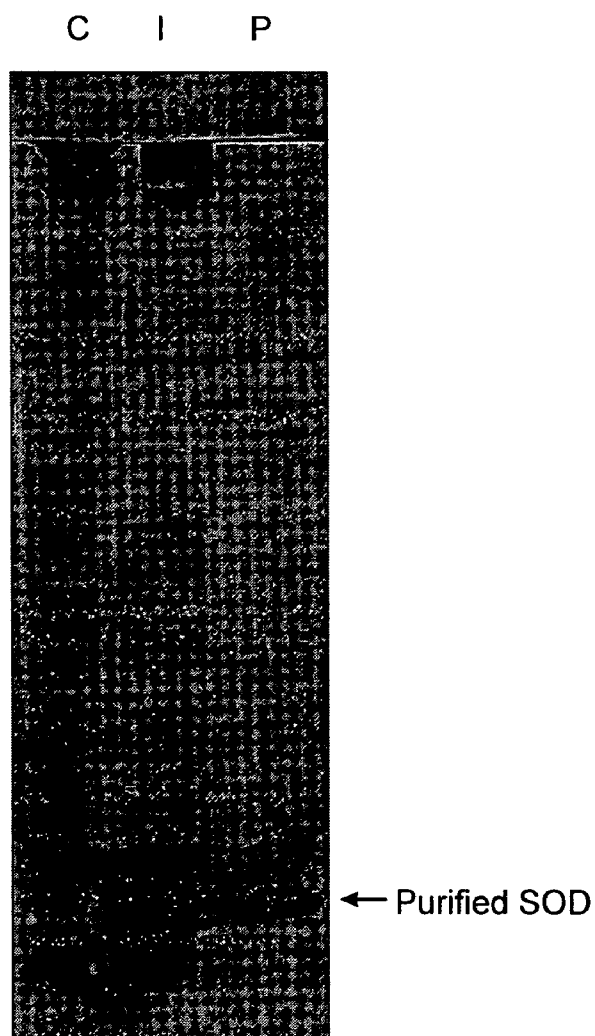
Malus	PHFNPAGKEHGAPEDELRHAGDLGNITAGDDGTATFTIVDKQIPLAGPHSIIIGRAVVVHA
Potentilla	PHFNPAGKEHGSPEDETRHAGDLGNITVGDDGTACFTIVDKQIPLTGPHSIIIGRAVVVHA
Arabidopsis	PHFNPDCKTHGAPEDANRHAGDLGNITVGDDGTATFTITDCQIPLTGPNSIVGRAVVVHA
Populus	PHFNPVGKEHGAPEDENRHAGDLGNITVGDDGTAAFTIIDFQIPLTGPHSIIIGRAVVVHG
Oryza	PHYNPAGKEHGAPEDETRHAGDLGNVTAGEDGVANIHVDSQIPLTGPNSIIIGRAVVVHA
Zea	PHYNPASKEHGAPEDENRHAGDLGNVTAGADGVANINVTDSQIPLTGPNSIIIGRAVVVHA
Gossypium	PHFNPAGKEHGAPEDENRHAGDLGNVTVGDDGCASFITDKQIPLTGPNSIIIGRAVVVHA
Pisum	PHFNPNGKEHGAPEDETRHAGDLGNINVGDDGTVSFTITDNHIPLTGTNSIIIGRAVVVHA
Soybean	AHFNPNNNEHGAPEDENRHAGDLGNVNVGDDGTVSFSITDSQIPLTGPNSIIIGRAVVVHA

.\*: \*\* .: \*\*: \*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*: ...\* \*\* .: ; \* : \*\*\*: \*: \*\* : \*\*\*\*\*.

Malus	DPDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG
Potentilla	DPDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRIACGIIIGLQG
Arabidopsis	DPDDLKGKGHELKSLATGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG
Populus	DPDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG
Oryza	DPDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG
Zea	DPDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG
Gossypium	DPDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG
Pisum	DPDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG
Soybean	DSDDLKGKGHELKSTGNAGGRVACGIIIGLQG

\*. \*\*\*\*\*: \*\*\*\*\*: \*\*\*\*\*

FIG. 3B



Expression and purification of  
*Potentilla* SOD in *E. coli*.

C, Control;  
I, Protein induced by IPTG;  
P, Purified SOD.

The gel was stained by silver staining.

FIG. 4A

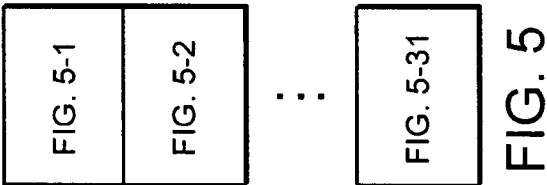


Activity staining  
of the gel to depict  
the activity of  
purified SOD.

P, Purified SOD.

FIG. 4B





result of alignment of present sod gene with the sod gene of other plant species

**Sequence 1:** gi|311970|gi|311970I.batatas mRNA for superoxide dismutase  
Length = 459 (1 .. 459)

**Sequence 2:** lcl|IHBT-potentilla  
Length = 459 (1 .. 459)

FIG. 5-1

Score = 348 bits (181), Expect = 8e-93  
 Identities = 323/394 (81%), Gaps = 0/394 (0%)  
 Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	56	TCTTCAGCCCAAGAAGGAGATGGTCCAACCACAGTCACTGGAAACGTTTCGGGCCCTCAAAC	115
Sbjct	56	TCTTTACCCAAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGC	115
Query	116	CTGGTCTTCATGGCTTCCATGTCCATGCCCTAGGTGACACAACAATAATGGATGCATGTCTA	175
Sbjct	116	CTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAA	175
Query	176	CTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGAAAGGAGCATGGAGCTCCTGGAGACGATAACCGCC	235
Sbjct	176	CTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTC	235
Query	236	ATGCCGGTGATCTTGGAAACATCACGGTTGGAGAAGATGGTACTGCTTCATTCAACCATCA	295
Sbjct	236	ATGCTGGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTTGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGCTTCACAATTG	295
Query	296	CTGACAAAGCAGATTCCGCTTACTGGAGCAAATCTGTATTGGGAAGAGCTGTTGTTGTTTC	355
Sbjct	296	TTGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCC	355

FIG. 5-2



Query	121	CTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGA	180
Sbjct	163	CTCCATGGCTTCCACGTGCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACAAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGA	222
Query	181	CCACATTTCAATCCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCT	240
Sbjct	223	CCACATTTCAATCCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGTGCTCCTGAGGATGCGAATCGTCATGCT	282
Query	241	GGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGCTTCACAATTGTTGAC	300
Sbjct	283	GGTGATCTGGGAAATGTCAATGTTGGTGATGATGGCACAGTCAGTTTCACAATAATTGAC	342
Query	301	AAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTGTCCATGCA	360
Sbjct	343	AAACAGATTCCACTTTGTGGTCCAAATTCCATTTATCGGAAAGGGCTGTTGTGTCCATGGA	402
Query	361	GATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAATCCACTGGAAATGCTGGT	420
Sbjct	403	GATCCAGATGATCTTGGCAAGGGGGGACATGAACTTAGCAAGAGCAGTGGAAATGCTGGT	462
Query	421	GGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGCCCTTCAAGGATGA	459
Sbjct	463	GGCCGTATAGCTTGTGGTATCATTTGGTCTCTCCAAGGATGA	501

FIG. 5-4

> [gi|4102858|gb|AF016892.1|AF016892](#) Populus tremuloides cytoplasmic  
 superoxide dismutase 1 (SODcyt1)  
 mRNA, complete cds  
 Length=787  
  
 Score = 333 bits (168), Expect = 3e-88  
 Identities = 342/400 (85%), Gaps = 0/400 (0%)  
 Strand=Plus/Plus  
  

Query	56	TCTTTACCCCAAGAGGAGATGGCCCCAACTACTGTGACCCGGAACATTTC	TCTGGCCTCAAGC	115
Sbjct	134	TCTTTACCCCAAGAGGAGATGGCCCCAACTACTGTAATTGGAACCTTTC	TGGTCTTAAGC	193
Query	116	CTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACCAACCAATGGT	TGCATGTCAA	175
Sbjct	194	CAGGCCCTTCATGGCTTCCACGTCCATGCCCTTGGAGACACCAAAATGGCT	GCATGTCAA	253
Query	176	CTGGACCACATTTCATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACT	CGTC	235
Sbjct	254	CTGGCCCGCATTTAATCCTGTAGGCAAGGAGCATGGTGCCCTGAGGATGAGAA	TCCGTC	313

**FIG. 5-5**

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Query 236 ATGCTGGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTGGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGCTTCACAAATTG 295
      ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Sbjct 314 ATGCTGGTGATCTGGGAAATGTCACCTGTTGGTGATGATGGCACTGCTGCTTTCACAAATCA 373

Query 296 TTGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTGTCC 355
      ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Sbjct 374 TTGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTTACTGGACCACATTCCATTATTGGTTGGGCTGTTGTGTTC 433

Query 356 ATGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAATCCACTGGAAATG 415
      ||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Sbjct 434 ATGGAGATCCTGATGATCTTGGCAAGGGAGGACATGAACTCAGCAAACCCTGGTAATG 493

Query 416 CTGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGCCCTTCAAGG 455
      |||| ||||| |||| || ||||| ||||| || |||||
Sbjct 494 CTGGCGGCAGAGTAGCATGCGGTATTATTGGTCTGCAAGG 533
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> [gi|50540928|gb|AY642137.1|](#) Manihot esculenta copper/zinc superoxide  
dismutase mRNA, complete cds

FIG. 5-6

Length=774

Score = 333 bits (168), Expect = 3e-88  
Identities = 354/416 (85%), Gaps = 0/416 (0%)  
Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	31	AGTGAGGGTGTGCTGGAACTATCCTCTTTACCCAAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTG	90
Sbjct	44	AGTGAGGGTGTGCTGGGACAAATCTTCTTACCCCAAGAAGGAGATGGTCCAACCAACCGTC	103
Query	91	ACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCCTCAAGCCTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGG	150
Sbjct	104	ACTGGAAGTGTTCCTGGCCCTTAAGCCAGGGCTTCATGGATTCCATGTTTCATGCCCTTGA	163
Query	151	GACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCAT	210
Sbjct	164	GACACAACAAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGGCCACATTTCAACCCCTGGTGGCAAAGAGCAT	223
Query	211	GGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCTGGTGATCTTGGAATAATCACTGTTGGGGAT	270
Sbjct	224	GGTGCCCCCTGAGGACGACATTCGTTCATGCTGGTGATCTGGGAATGTCACTGCTGGTGAT	283

FIG. 5-7





Query	49	ACTATCCTCTTTACCCAAGAGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACAATTTCTGGC	108
Sbjct	25	ACTATCCACTTTACCCAAGAAGCTGATGGCCCAACTACAGTAACCTGGAAATATTTCTGGC	84
Query	109	CTCAAGCCTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGC	168
Sbjct	85	CTTAAGCCTGGGCTCCATGGGTTCCATGTCCATGCACCTGGGGACACAACAATGGTTGC	144
Query	169	ATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAG	228
Sbjct	145	ATGTCAACTGGGCCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAGGATGAG	204
Query	229	ACTCGTCATGCTGGTGATCTTGAAATATCACTGTTGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGCTTC	288
Sbjct	205	AATCGTCATGCCGGTGATCTGGGAAATGTCACCGTTGGTGATGATGGTACTGCCAGTTTC	264
Query	289	ACAATTGTTGACAAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTT	348
Sbjct	265	ACAATAGTTGACAAGCAGATTCCACTTTCCTGGACCACACTTCTATTATTGGAAGGCTGTT	324
Query	349	GTTGTCCATGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCA	379
Sbjct	325	GTTGTCCACGGGATCCAGATGATCTTGGCA	355

FIG. 5-9

□ > gi|13274149|emb|AJ278669.1|PTR278669 [U] Populus tremula x Populus tremuloides mRNA for putative cytosolic CuZn-superoxide dismutase (cyt-SOD1 gene)  
Length=851

Score = 305 bits (154), Expect = 6e-80  
Identities = 331/390 (84%), Gaps = 0/390 (0%)  
Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	57	CTTTACCCAAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCCAACTACTGTGACCCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCC	116
Sbjct	135	CTTTACCCAAAGAGGAGATGGTCCAACTACTGTAACTGGAAGCCCTCTGTGGTCTTAAAGCC	194
Query	117	TGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAAC	176
Sbjct	195	AGGCCTTCATGGCTTCCATGTTTCATGCCCTTGGAGACACCAACAATGGCTGCATGTCAAC	254
Query	177	TGGACCAACATTTCATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCA	236
Sbjct	255	TGGCCCGCATTTTAATCCTGTAGGCAAAGAGCATGGTGCCCTGAGGATGAGAATCGTCA	314

FIG. 5-10

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Query 237 TGCTGGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTTGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGCTTCACAATTGT 296
      |||||  |  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |
Sbjct 315 TGCTGGTGATTTGGGAAATGTCACCTGTTGGTGATGATGGCACCGCTACTGTCTCAATCAT 374

Query 297 TGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCA 356
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  ||
Sbjct 375 TGACAAACCAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACAAATTCATCGTTGGAAGGGCTGTTGTTGTTC 434

Query 357 TGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAATCCACTGGAAATGC 416
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  ||
Sbjct 435 TGCAGATCCTGATGATCTTGGCAAGGGAGGACATGAACCTTAGCAAAGCACTGGTAATGC 494

Query 417 TGGTGGCAGAGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGG 446
      |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||  |||||
Sbjct 495 TGGTGGCAGAGTAGCATGTGGTATTATTGG 524

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> gi|53748478|emb|AJ844003.1| Plantago major mRNA for copper-zinc  
 superoxide dismutase (csd1 gene)  
 Length=779

Score = 305 bits (154), Expect = 6e-80  
 Identities = 373/446 (83%), Gaps = 0/446 (0%)  
 Strand=Plus/Plus

FIG. 5-11

Query	7	AAGGCGTTGCTGTA	66
Sbjct	70	AAGGTGTTGCAGT	129
Query	67	GAGGAGATGGCCCA	126
Sbjct	130	GAAGGAGAGGACCC	189
Query	127	GGTTTCCATGTTCA	186
Sbjct	190	GGCTTCCATGTTCA	249
Query	187	TTCAATCCTGCTGG	246
Sbjct	250	TTCAATCCGGCTGC	309
Query	247	CTTGGAATAATAC	306
Sbjct	310	CTTGTAATGTCAC	369
Query	307	ATTCCTCTCAC	366
Sbjct	370	ATTCGCTGACTG	429

FIG. 5-12



Query	166	TGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGAT	225
Sbjct	220	TGCATGTCAACTGGGCCACACTTTAAACCTTCTGGCAAAGATCATGGTGCCCTGAGGAT	279
Query	226	GAGACTCGTCAATGCTGGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGC	285
Sbjct	280	GAGATTCGTCAATGCTGGTGATCTGGGAAATGTCACTGCTGGTGATGATGGCACTGCTAGT	339
Query	286	TTCACAATTGTTGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCT	345
Sbjct	340	TTCACAATTATTGACAAGCATATTCCCTCTTCTGGTCAAAATTCAATCATAGGAAGGGCA	399
Query	346	GTTGTTGTCCATGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAATCC	405
Sbjct	400	GTTGTTGTTCAATGCAGATCCTGATGATCTTGGCAGGGGAGGACATGAACCTCAGTAAACC	459
Query	406	ACTGGAAATGCTGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGG	446
Sbjct	460	ACCGGAAATGCTGGTGGCAGAGTAGCATGCGGTATTATTGG	500

FIG. 5-14

□ > gi|56549630|gb|AY833718.1| Codonopsis lanceolata CuZn superoxide  
dismutase (SODCc) mRNA, complete cds  
Length=799

Score = 289 bits (146), Expect = 4e-75  
Identities = 335/398 (84%), Gaps = 0/398 (0%)  
Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	58	TTTACCCAAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCCT	117
Sbjct	212	TTTACCCAAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTAAAGTTACTGGAAGCCTTTCTGGCCTTCAACCT	271
Query	118	GGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACT	177
Sbjct	272	GGACCTCACGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCCCTTGGTGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACT	331
Query	178	GGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCAT	237
Sbjct	332	GGTCCCTCATTAATCCTGCTGTGAAAAGAACATGGTGCTCCAGAGGACGAGATTTCGTCAT	391

FIG. 5-15





Query	62	CCCAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCCTGGGC	121
Sbjct	62	CCCAAGAAGGAGATGGTCCAACTACCGTGACTGGGAACCTTTCTGGTCTTAAGCCGGGAC	121
Query	122	TTCATGGTTTCCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGAC	181
Sbjct	122	TCCATGGCTTCCCATGTTTCATGCCCTTGGGGACACAACTAACGGGTGCATGTCAACTGGAC	181
Query	182	CACATTTCAAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCTG	241
Sbjct	182	CCCATTTTAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGTGCTCCNGAAGATGAGAAACCGCCATGCTG	241
Query	242	GTGATCTTGGAAAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACTGCTTGCTTCACAAATTGTTGACA	301
Sbjct	242	GTGATCTAGGNAATGTCACCTGTTGGTGATGATGGCTGTGCNAGCTTCTCCATCACCCGACA	301
Query	302	AACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCATGCAG	361
Sbjct	302	AACAGATTCNCTCACAGGCCCAAACCTCCATTATCGGAAGAGCTGTAGTTGTCCATGCAG	361
Query	362	ATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAATCCACTGGAAATGCTGGTG	421
Sbjct	362	ATCCCGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGCGGCCATGAGCTCAGCAAAAGCACAGGAAATGCTGGCG	421

FIG. 5-17

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Query 422 GCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGCCCTTCAAGG 455
      |||| ||||| ||||| ||||| || |||||
Sbjct 422 GCAGAGTAGCTTGCGGTATTATTGGTCTGCAAGG 455

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□ > gi|73665954|gb|D0124227.1| Fagus sylvatica putative  
 copper/zinc-superoxide dismutase mRNA, partial cds  
 Length=388

Score = 283 bits (143), Expect = 2e-73  
 Identities = 284/331 (85%), Gaps = 0/331 (0%)  
 Strand=Plus/Plus

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Query 57 CTTTACCCAAAGAGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCCTCAAGCC 116
      |||| ||||| ||||| ||||| || ||||| ||||| || ||
Sbjct 58 CTTTGCCCAAGAAGGAGATGGCCCAACTACAGTAACTGAAATATTTCTGGCCCTTAAACC 117

Query 117 TGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAAC 176
      ||| || ||||| ||||| || ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Sbjct 118 TGGACTCCATGGCTTCCACGTGCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACAAATGGTTGCATGTCAAC 177

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FIG. 5-18

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Query 177 TGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCA 236
          |||||
Sbjct 178 TGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGGCGATGGTGTCTCCTGAGGATCGAATCGTCA 237

Query 237 TGCTGGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTGCCTTCACAAATTGT 296
          |||||
Sbjct 238 TGCTGGTGATCTGGGAAATGTCAATGTTGGTGATGATGGCACAGTCAGTTTCACAAATAAT 297

Query 297 TGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCA 356
          |||||
Sbjct 298 TGACAAACAGATTCCACTTTGTGGTCCAAATTCATTTATCGGAAGGCTGTTGTTGTCCA 357

Query 357 TGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGA 387
          ||
Sbjct 358 TGGAGATCCAGATGATCTTGGCAAGGGTGGA 388

```

□ > gi|33340235|gb|AF318938.1| Citrus limon copper/zinc superoxide  
 dismutase mRNA, complete cds  
 Length=744

FIG. 5-19

Score = 283 bits (143), Expect = 2e-73  
 Identities = 335/399 (83%), Gaps = 0/399 (0%)  
 Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	57	CTTTACCCAAGAGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCC	116
Sbjct	184	CTTTACCCAGGAAGGAGATGGTCCAACTGTTTCAGGAAGCCTCTCTGGTCTCAAGCC	243
Query	117	TGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAAC	176
Sbjct	244	TGGTCCTCATGGATTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGAGACACAACAAATGGTTGCATGTCTAC	303
Query	177	TGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCA	236
Sbjct	304	TGGACCCCACTTTAACCCCTGCTGGAAAAGAACATGGAGCTCCAGAGGATGATAATCGTCA	363
Query	237	TGCTGGTGATCTTGGAATAATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTCACAAATTGT	296
Sbjct	364	TGCTGGTGATTTAGGAAATGTCAATGTTAGTGATGATGGTACTGCTACTTTTACAGTTGT	423
Query	297	TGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTGTCCA	356
Sbjct	424	TGACAAATCAGATTCCCTCTTTCTGGACCACAAATTCATTATTGGAAAGGCTGTTGTAGTCCA	483

FIG. 5-20



Query	123	TCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAAACCAATGGTTGTCATGTCAACTGGACC	182
Sbjct	262	TCATGGCTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACTACAAATGGTTGTCATGTCAACTGGGCC	321
Query	183	ACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCTGG	242
Sbjct	322	GCACTTCAATCCAGGTAGCAAAGAGCATGGTGCCCTGAAGACGAGAACCGTCATGCCCGG	381
Query	243	TGATCTTGGAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAAC TGCTTGCTTCACAATTGTTGACAA	302
Sbjct	382	TGACCTAGGAAATGTAAATGTTGCGGATGATGGCACTGCAACATTCACAATCACTGACAA	441
		- - -	
Query	303	ACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGCCATGCAGA	362
Sbjct	442	TCAGATTCCCTCTTACTGGACCCCAATTCCCATTTGTTGGAAGGGCTGTTGTTTCATGCTGA	501
Query	363	TCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAAATCCACTGGAAATGCTGGTGG	422
Sbjct	502	TCCTGATGATCTGGGCAAGGGAGGGCATGAACTTAGCAAAAGCACTGGAAATGCTGGTGG	561
Query	423	CAGGATAGCTTGTTGG	437
Sbjct	562	CAGGGTAGCATGTGG	576

FIG. 5-22

□ > gi|52313439|dbj|AB190501.1| Populus alba x Populus tremula var.  
glandulosa CuZn-SOD mRNA for CuZn-superoxide dismutase, complete cds,  
clone: P03024C12  
Length=730

Score = 281 bits (142), Expect = 9e-73  
Identities = 328/390 (84%), Gaps = 0/390 (0%)  
Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	57	CTTACCCAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCCTCAAGCC	116
Sbjct	134	CTTACCCAGAAGGAGATGGTCCAACACTGTAACTGGAAGCCTCTGTGGTCTTAAGCC	193
Query	117	TGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAAC	176
Sbjct	194	AGGCCTTCATGGCTTCCATGTTTCATGCCCTTGGAGACACCACAAATGGCTGCATGTCAAC	253
Query	177	TGGACCCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCA	236
Sbjct	254	TGGCCCGCATTTTAATCCTGTAGGCAAAGAGCATGGTGCCCTGAGGATGAGAATCGTCA	313

FIG. 5-23

Query	237	TGCTGGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAAC	296
Sbjct	314	TGCTGGTGATTTGGGAAATGTCAC	373
Query	297	TGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCA	356
Sbjct	374	TGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTTACTGGACCAAAATCCATTGTTGGAAGGGCAGTTGTTGTTCA	433
Query	357	TGCAGATCCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAAATCCACTGGAAATGC	416
Sbjct	434	TGCAGATCCCTGATGATCTTGGCAAGGGAGGACATGAACCTTAGCAAAAGCACTGGTAATGC	493
Query	417	TGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGG	446
Sbjct	494	TGGTGGCAGAGTAGCATGTGGTATTATTGG	523

> gi|52313437|dbj|AB190500.1| Populus alba x Populus tremula var.  
 glandulosa CuZn-SOD mRNA for CuZn-superoxide dismutase, complete cds,  
 clone: PO3023E02  
 Length=725

FIG. 5-24



Score = 281 bits (142), Expect = 9e-73  
 Identities = 328/390 (84%), Gaps = 0/390 (0%)  
 Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	57	CTTTACCCAAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCCTCAAGCC	116
Sbjct	154	CTTTACCCAAAGAGGAGATGGTCCAACTACTGTAACTGGAAGCCTCTGTGGTCTTAAGCC	213
Query	117	TGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAAACCAATGGTTGTCATGTCAAC	176
Sbjct	214	AGGCCTTCATGGCTTCATGTTTCATGCCCCCTTGAGAGACACACAAATGGCTGTCATGTCAAC	273
Query	177	TGGACCAACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAAGATGAGACTCGTCA	236
Sbjct	274	TGGCCCGCATTTTAATCCTGTAGSCAAAGAGCATGGTGCCCCCTGAGGATGAGAATCGTCA	333
Query	237	TGCTGGTGATCTTGGAAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACTGCTTGCATTCACAATTGT	296
Sbjct	334	TGCTGGTGATTTGGGAAATGTCACCTGTTGGTGATGATGGCACCCGCTACTGTCTCAATCAT	393
Query	297	TGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCA	356
Sbjct	394	TGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTTACTGGACCACAAATTCATTTGTTGGAAGGCAGTTGTTGTTCA	453

FIG. 5-25

Query 357 TGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAAATCCCACTGGAAATGC 416  
 |||||  
 Sbjct 454 TGCAGATCCTGATGATCTTGGCAAGGGAGGACATGAACCTTAGCAAAAGCACTGGTAATGC 513

Query 417 TGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGG 446  
 |||||  
 Sbjct 514 TGGTGGCAGAGTAGCATGTGGTGTATTGG 543

□ > gi|2708805|gb|AF037359.1|AF037359 Paulownia kawakamii superoxide  
 dismutase (SOD5) mRNA, complete cds  
 Length=794

Score = 276 bits (139), Expect = 6e-71  
 Identities = 352/423 (83%), Gaps = 0/423 (0%)  
 Strand=Plus/Plus

Query 30 CAGTGAGGGTGTGCTGGAACCTATCCTCTTTACCCAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGT 89  
 |||||  
 Sbjct 117 CAGTGAGGGTGTAGTGGCACCATCTACTTCACCCAGGAAGGAGATGGTCCCAACTACTGT 176

FIG. 5-26

Query	90	GACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCCTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTCATGCTCTTGG	149
Sbjct	177	TACTGGAAACGTTTCTGGCCTTAAGCCTGGACCCCATGGCTTTCATGTGCATGCCCTTGG	236
Query	150	GGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCA	209
Sbjct	237	TGACACCAACCAATGGTTGTTGTCAACTGGACCTCACTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCA	296
Query	210	TGGGTCCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCTGGTGATCTTGGAATATCACTGTTGGGA	269
Sbjct	297	TGGAGCTCCTGATGATGAGGTTCGCCCATGCTGGTGACCTTGGGAATGTCACAGTTGGAGA	356
Query	270	TGACGGAACTGCTTGCTTCACAAATTGTTGACAAAACAGATTCTCTCACTGGACCACACTC	329
Sbjct	357	AGATGGCACTGCTGCTTTCACTATTGTTGACAAGCAGATACCACTTACAGGACCACATTC	416
Query	330	TATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCCATGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACA	389
Sbjct	417	CATAATTGGAAGAGCTGTAGTTGTTCAATGCTGATCCTGATGATCTTGGAAAGGGTGGACA	476
Query	390	TGAGCTTAGCAAATCCACTGGAAATGCTGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGCCT	449
Sbjct	477	TGAACTGAGCAAAACCACTGGAAATACTGGTGGAGAGAGTTGCTTGTGGTATCAATGGCCT	536

FIG. 5-27

```

Query    450  TCA    452
          |||
Sbjct    537  TCA    539

□
> gi|39840778|emb|AJ428575.2|OEU428575 Olea europaea Cu/Zn super-oxide
dismutase (ole e 5 allergen)
Length=714
Score = 272 bits (137), Expect = 9e-70
Identities = 331/393 (84%), Gaps = 2/393 (0%)
Strand=Plus/Plus

Query    61  ACCCAAGAGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAAACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCCTGGG    120
          ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Sbjct    61  ACCCAAGAAGGAGATGGTCCAACTACTGTGTAAGAAACCTTTCTGGCCTTAAGCCTGGA    120

Query    121  CTTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGA    180
          ||||| || ||||| || ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Sbjct    121  CTTTCATGGCTTTTCATGTTCCACGCCCTTGGTGACACCAACCAATGGCTGTATGTCAACTGGA    180

```

FIG. 5-28



□ > gi|13751865|gb|AF355460.1|AF355460 [U] Solanum tuberosum Cu/Zn-superoxide  
dismutase mRNA, partial cds  
Length=617

Score = 268 bits (135), Expect = 1e-68  
Identities = 330/395 (83%), Gaps = 0/395 (0%)  
Strand=Plus/Plus

Query	52	ATCCTCTTTACCCAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCCGGAACATTTCTGGCCTC	111
Sbjct	30	ATCCTCTTCACTCAAGATGGAGATGCTCCAACCACACAGTTAATGGAAATATTTCTGGCCTA	89
Query	112	AAGCCTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGGACACAACCAATGTTGCATG	171
Sbjct	90	AAACCTGGACTTCATGGCTTCCATGTCCATGCCCTTGGTGATACCCACAAATGGCTGCATG	149
Query	172	TCAACTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACT	231
Sbjct	150	TCAACAGGACCACATTACAATCCTGCTGGTAAGGAGCATGGTGCTCCTGAAGATGAGGTG	209
Query	232	CGTCATGCTGGTGATCTTGGAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAAGTCTTGCTTCACA	291
Sbjct	210	CGTCATGCTGGTGATCTTGGTAACATCACAGTTGGAGAAGATGGTACTGCATCTTTTACT	269

FIG. 5-30

Query	292	ATTGTTGACAAACAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTT	351
Sbjct	270	ATTACCGACAAGCAGATTCCCTCTCACTGGTTCACAAATCCATCATTTGGAAAGAGCTGTTGTT	329
Query	352	GTCCATGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAAAATCCACTGGA	411
Sbjct	330	GTTCATGCTGATCCTGATGATCTTGGAAAGGAGGACATGAGCTCAGTAAAAGCACTGGA	389
Query	412	AATGCTGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGG	446
Sbjct	390	AATGCTGGCGGAAGGATTGCTTGTGGTATTATTGG	424

FIG. 5-31

FIG. 6

FIG. 6A
FIG. 6B

Detail of SEQ ID No. 1  
Organization Applicant  
-----  
  
Street : Rafi marg,  
City : New Delhi  
State : Delhi  
Country : India  
PostalCode : -110001  
PhoneNumber :  
FaxNumber :  
EmailAddress :  
  
<110> OrganizationName : COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL  
RESEARCH  
  
Application Project  
-----  
  
<120> Title : SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE AND A METHOD OF  
IDENTIFYING AND CLONING THEREOF  
<130> AppFileReference : 0038NF2006  
<140> CurrentAppNumber :  
<141> CurrentFilingDate : 2006-03-31

FIG. 6A



Sequence  
-----

<213> OrganismName : *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> PreSequenceString :

MAKGVAVLSS SEGVA GTILF TQEGD GPTTV TGNISGLKPG LHGFHVHALG DTTNGCMSTG 60  
PHFNPA GKEH GSPEDETRHA GDLGNITVGD DGTACFTIVD KQIPLTGPHS IIGRAVVVHA 120  
DPDDLKGKGGH ELSKSTGNAG GRIACGIIGL QG 152

<212> Type : PRT

<211> Length : 152

SequenceName : Polypeptide sequence of SOD gene SEQ ID NO. 1

SequenceDescription :

FIG. 6B

FIG. 7A
FIG. 7B

FIG. 7

Detail of SEQ ID No. 2  
Organization Applicant

-----

Street : Rafi marg,  
City : New Delhi  
State : Delhi  
Country : India  
PostalCode : -110001  
PhoneNumber :  
FaxNumber :  
EmailAddress :

<110> OrganizationName : COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

Application Project

-----

<120> Title : SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE AND A METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND  
CLONING THEREOF  
<130> AppFileReference : 0038NF2006  
<140> CurrentAppNumber :  
<141> CurrentFilingDate : 2006-03-31

FIG. 7A

```

Sequence
-----
<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea
<400> PreSequenceString :
acggggggggg gactgaaata aatagagagg gtcatagica cattgcatt taggtatctg 60
attccattca caaacctcca actccacct ctctctctat ttctcttcac ctctcatc 120
ttagggtgca ctgagatcac ttgaaacat ggcaaagggc gttgctgtac ttagctccag 180
tgagggtgtt gctggaacta toctctttac ccaagaggga gatggcccaa ctactgtgac 240
cggaaacatt ttgggcctca agcctgggct teatggtttc catgttcacg ctcttgggga 300
cacaaccaat ggttgcattg caactggacc acatttcaat cctgctggca aagagcatgg 360
gtctcctgaa gatgagactc gtcatgctgg tgatcttgga aatatcactg ttggggatga 420
cggaactgct tgcctcaca ttgttgaca acagattcct ctacctggac cacactctat 480
catggtaggg gctgtgttig tccatgcaga tccatgacac ctggccaagg gtggacatga 540
gcttagcaaa tccactggaa atgctggagg caggatagct tgtggtatta ttggccttca 600
aggatgaact ggaccaggga gcgaaacaca ggcatcttgt tgaattaaaa ctgagatat 660
tagcgaactc ttcggaattg agtattgaaa caagggaatac attgtcatt accaatacgt 720
ttggcttaga cctgtattct gtatctcaat agtttctgt gtggtgttt gacagttatt 780
tgtgtcagg ctatttcaaa gggataaaca cagtaacttt ctgtcttga caaaaaaaaa 840
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 856
<212> Type : DNA
<211> Length : 856
SequenceName : Full length cDNA SOD gene of SEQ ID No. 2
SequenceDescription :

```

FIG. 7B

FIG. 8A
FIG. 8B

FIG. 8

detail of SEQ ID No. 3  
Organization Applicant

-----

Street : Rafi marg,  
City : New Delhi  
State : Delhi  
Country : India  
PostalCode : -110001  
PhoneNumber :  
FaxNumber :  
EmailAddress :

<110> OrganizationName : COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

Application Project

-----

<120> Title : SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE AND A METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND  
CLONING THEREOF  
<130> AppFileReference : 0038NF2006  
<140> CurrentAppNumber :  
<141> CurrentFilingDate : 2006-03-31

FIG. 8A

Sequence

-----

<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> PreSequenceString :

```

atggcaaaagg gcggtgctgt acttagctcc agtgagggtg ttgctggaac tatectctt 60
accaagagg gagatggccc aactactgtg accggaaca ttctggcct caagcctggg 120
cttcattggt tccatgttca tgctcttggg gacacaacca atggttgcat gtcaactgga 180
ccacattca atcctgctgg caaagageat gggctctctg aagatgagac tegtcatgct 240
gggtgatcttg gaaatatac tgttggggat gacggaactg ctgtcttcac aattgttgac 300
aaacagattc ctctcactgg accacactct atcattgta gggctgttgt tgtccatgca 360
gatcctgatg acctggcaa gggtggaacat gagcttagca aatccactgg aaatgctggt 420
ggcaggatag ctgtgggtat tattggcctt caaggatga 459

```

<212> Type : DNA

<211> Length : 459

SequenceName : Coding sequence of potentialia SOD gene of SEQ ID NO. 3

SequenceDescription :

FIG. 8B

FIG. 9A
FIG. 9B

FIG. 9

Detail of SEQ ID No. 4  
Organization Applicant  
-----  
Street : Rafi marg,  
City : New Delhi  
State : Delhi  
Country : India  
PostalCode : -110001  
PhoneNumber :  
FaxNumber :  
EmailAddress :  
<110> OrganizationName : COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH  
  
Application Project  
-----  
<120> Title : SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE AND A METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND  
CLONING THEREOF  
<130> AppFileReference : 0038NF2006  
<140> CurrentAppNumber :  
<141> CurrentFilingDate : 2006-03-31

FIG. 9A

Sequence  
 -----  
 <213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea  
 <400> PreSequenceString :  
 caagaggag atggcccaac tacttgacc ggaaacattt ctggcctcaa gcctgggctt 60  
 catggtttcc atgttcatgc tcttggggac acaaccaatg gttgcatgtc aactggacca 120  
 cattcaatc ctgctggcaa agagcatggg tctctgaag algagactcg tcatgctggt 180  
 gatcttggaa atatcactgt tggggatgac ggaactgctt gcttcacaat tgttgacaaa 240  
 cagattcttc tcacttgacc acactctatc attggtaggg ctgttgttgt ccatgcagat 300  
 cctgatgacc ttggcaaggg tggacatgag cttagcaaat ccactggaaa tgctggtggc 360  
 aggat  
 <212> Type : DNA  
 <211> Length : 365  
 SequenceName : Positive cDNA clone of SEQ ID No. 4  
 SequenceDescription :

FIG. 9B

FIG. 10A
FIG. 10B

FIG. 10

Detail of SEQ ID No. 4

Organization Applicant

-----

Street : Rafi marg,  
City : New Delhi  
State : Delhi  
Country : India  
PostalCode : -110001  
PhoneNumber :  
FaxNumber :  
EmailAddress :  
<110> OrganizationName : COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

Application Project

-----

<120> Title : SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE AND A METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND  
CLONING THEREOF  
<130> AppFileReference : 0038NF2006  
<140> CurrentAppNumber :  
<141> CurrentFilingDate : 2006-03-31

FIG. 10A



Sequence  
-----  
<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea  
<400> PreSequenceString : 24  
atggcaaagg gcgttgctgt actt  
<212> Type : DNA  
<211> Length : 24  
SequenceName : Primer Sequence SEQ ID No. 5(a) Forward Primer  
SequenceDescription :  
  
Sequence  
-----  
<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea  
<400> PreSequenceString : 25  
tcatccttga aggccaataa tacca  
<212> Type : DNA  
<211> Length : 25  
SequenceName : Primer sequence SEQ ID No. 5(b) : Reverse primer  
SequenceDescription :

FIG. 10B

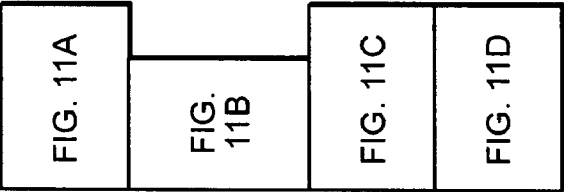


FIG. 11

SEQ ID No. 6  
Organization Applicant  
-----  
Street : Rafi marg,  
City : New Delhi  
State : Delhi  
Country : India  
PostalCode : -110001  
PhoneNumber :  
FaxNumber :  
EmailAddress :  
<110> OrganizationName : COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH  
  
Application Project  
-----  
<120> Title : SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE AND A METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND  
CLONING THEREOF  
<130> AppFileReference : 0038NF2006  
<140> CurrentAppNumber :  
<141> CurrentFilingDate : 2006-03-31

FIG. 11A

Sequence

-----

<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> PreSequenceString :

ccagtggatt tgctaagctc atgtcca 27

<212> Type : DNA

<211> Length : 27

SequenceName : Primer Sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(a) GSP1:Forward primer

SequenceDescription :

Sequence

-----

<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> PreSequenceString :

gtcatcaggg tctgcatgga caacaac 27

<212> Type : DNA

<211> Length : 27

SequenceName : Primer sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(b) NES1: Reverse Primer

SequenceDescription :

Sequence

-----

<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> PreSequenceString :

atggttgcatt gtcaactgga ccacatt 27

<212> Type : DNA

<211> Length : 27

SequenceName : Primer Sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(c) GSP2: Forward Primer

SequenceDescription :

Sequence

-----

<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> PreSequenceString :

ttgcatgtca actggaccac atttcaa 27

<212> Type : DNA

<211> Length : 27

SequenceName : Primer sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(d) NES2: Reverse Primer

SequenceDescription :

FIG. 11B

Sequence

-----

<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> PreSequenceString :

aagcagtggt atcaacgcag agtacgctggg30

<212> Type : DNA

<211> Length : 30

SequenceName : Primer Sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(e): SMART II A Oligonucleotide

SequenceDescription :

Sequence

-----

<213> OrganismName : Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> PreSequenceString :

aagcagtggt atcaacgcag agtactnn28

<212> Type : DNA

<211> Length : 28

SequenceName : Primer sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(f): 3` - RACE CDS Primer A (3` - CDS):

SequenceDescription :

FIG. 11C

SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE GENE FROM POTENTILLA ATROSANGUINEA AND ITS EXPRESSION IN  
HETEROLOGOUS SYSTEM

Abstract:

The present invention provides a superoxide dismutase gene from *Potentilla atrosanguinea*, a construct containing the gene coding for superoxide dismutase and transformed *E. coli* producing the SOD protein.

FIG. 11D

# SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE (SOD) GENE AND A METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND CLONING THEREOF

## FIELD OF INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a Superoxide dismutase (SOD). Superoxide dismutase (SOD) cDNA of SEQ ID No. 2 obtained from *Potentilla atrosanguinea* containing coding gene sequence of SEQ ID No. 3 which codes for a polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 1 having Superoxide dismutase enzyme activity.

[0002] Further, it also relates to a set of primers useful for the amplification of Superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3, wherein

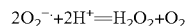
Forward primer 5'-ATGGCAAAGGCGTTGCTGTACTT-3' and;

Reverse primer 5'-TCATCCTTGAAGCCAATAATACCA-3'

[0003] More particularly, it relates to a method of identifying and cloning of Superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene of SEQ ID NO 3, which on expression gives a Superoxide dismutase enzyme (EC 1.15.1.1) with the characteristics disclose in U.S. Pat. No. 6,485,950.

## BACKGROUND AND PRIOR ART REFERENCES TO THE INVENTION

[0004] SOD is a ubiquitous enzyme present in plants, animals and microbes, which protects them against oxidative damage caused by superoxide radical (hereinafter, referred to  $O_2^-$ ). The enzyme dismutates superoxide radical into hydrogen peroxide and oxygen as per the following redox reaction:



[0005] Thus, SOD has implications in all those reactions, wherein  $O_2^-$  is produced in the amount leading to cellular injury. According to the U.S. Pat. No. 6,485,950, we have extracted an autoclavable superoxide dismutase from *Potentilla* that could be autoclaved and shows activity at sub-zero temperature. Due to prevalence of *Potentilla* at difficult to access location of high altitude, and industrial implications of SOD as mentioned in our U.S. Pat. No. 6,485,950, it was essential to develop a system for the production of SOD of *Potentilla* in *E.coli* so as to obtain the SOD when desired.

[0006] Below is given state of the art knowledge in relation to isolation of SOD genes from various sources and their expression in *E.coli*, to produce SOD in recoverable quantities.

[0007] Reference may be made to document (1) by Wang, Z., He, Z., Shen, Q., Gu, Y., Li, S. and Yuan, Q. (J. of Chromatography B, 2005. 826: 114-121) wherein Cu/Zn SOD gene from *Cordyceps militaris* was overexpressed in *E. coli*.

[0008] Yet another reference may be made to document (2) by Liu, W., Zhu, R. H., Li, G. P., and Wang, D. C. (Protein Expr. Purif. 2002. 25: 379-388) wherein production of high yield of recombinant duck Cu/Zn SOD was achieved in *E. coli*.

[0009] Reference may be made to yet another document (3) by Pan, S. M., Hwang, G. B., and Liu, H. C. (Bot. Bull. Acad. Sin. 1999. 40: 275-281) wherein over-expression and characterization of cytosolic Cu/Zn SOD from rice in *E. coli* was achieved.

[0010] Reference may be made to document (4) by Hartman, J. R., Geller, T., Yavin, Z., Bartfeld, D., Kanner, D., Aviv, H., and Gorecki, M. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 1986. 83: 7142-7146) wherein high-level expression of enzymatically active human Cu/Zn SOD was reported in *E. coli*.

[0011] Reference may be made to document (5) by Ken, C. F., Lin, C. T., Shaw, J. F., and Wu, J. L. (Marine Biotech. 2003. 5: 167-173) wherein the Cu/Zn SOD from zebrafish was over-expressed in *E. coli* and the active enzyme was purified.

[0012] Reference may be made to document (6) by Kim, T. S., Jung, Y., Na, B. K., Kim, K. S., and Chung, P. R. (Infect. Immun. 2000. 68: 3941-3948) wherein the Cu/Zn SOD gene from *Fasciola hepatica* was cloned and expressed in *E. coli*.

[0013] The drawbacks are:

[0014] 1. There is no SOD gene that is isolated from *Potentilla*, a source of Cu/ZnSOD that is autoclavable and functions at sub-zero temperature.

[0015] 2. There is no SOD gene that is isolated from *Potentilla* and made to express in *E. coli*.

[0016] 3. There is no SOD gene that is made to express in *E.coli* leading to SOD protein that is shown to be autoclavable.

[0017] 4. There is no SOD gene that is made to express in *E.coli* leading to SOD protein that is shown to function at sub-zero temperature.

## Comparative data of present SOD with other known SOD

Present invention	Prior art
The maximum thermostability of SOD described so far is at 80° C.	The maximum thermostability of SOD is 37° C. to 50° C. reference from Bueno P., Verla, J., Gallego, G. G., and Rio del A. L. (Plant Physiol. 1995. 108: 1151-1160) wherein the thermostability of Cu/Zn SOD

-continued

<u>Comparative data of present SOD with other known SOD</u>	
Present invention	Prior art
	isolated from the cotyledon of water melon has been shown, SOD activity reduced: (a) by 40% after 4 hour of incubation at 50° C.; (b) by 50% after 15 minute of incubation at 70° C.; (c) by 80% after 60 minute of incubation at 80° C.; and (d) by 100% after 15 minute of incubation at 100° C. Reference may be made to Document by Miyata, K., Maejima, K., and Tomoda, K. (U.S. Pat. No. 4,563,349; Jan. 7, 1986) wherein SOD has been reported from a microorganism belonging to genus <i>Serratia</i> having the thermostability characters as follows: (a) Stable at 37° C. for 60 minutes; Inactivated by 50% when incubated at 50-60° C. for 60 minutes; and Inactivated by 100% when incubated at 80° C. for 5 minutes.
stability without adding an external stabilizer [the addition of hydrogen peroxide trapping agent, polyols, and sugars etc. are required to stabilise the enzyme from other sources such as germinated plant seeds	External stabilizer is required to enhance the stability of the product contains this enzyme. Reported SODs do not retain their activity at ambient temperature unless stabilized by the addition of polyols, sugars or any other stabilizing agent (Bresson-Rival; Delphine; Boivin; Patrick; Linden; Guy; Perrier; Erric; Humbert; Gerard; 1999; U. S. Pat. No. Temperature range for SOD activity has been reported between 5 to 45. degree. C. Hakam, N. and Simon, J. P. 1996. Physiol. Plant. 97: 209-216). However, thermostability and lower temperature for catalyzing dismutation of O.sub.2.sup.-. are not reported for the same enzyme.
Wide range of temperature functionality from sub-zero to above 50.degree. C. temperature which would immensely enhance the utility of the enzyme and its products and be safer for use for humans.	There is no report for autoclavable SOD.
Present enzyme is autoclavable. When SOD is to be injected in the body, a sterile composition would be needed and for that an autoclavable SOD would be an ideal one. Moreover, in reperfusion applications and storage of organs at low temperature, an autoclavable SOD would be required which can function efficiently at low temperature as well. Apart from the use of autoclaved SOD in Pharmaceuticals and medical fields, sterile SOD will also be a choice in the cosmetic and food industry.	

## OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION

[0018] The main object of the invention is to provide a superoxide dismutase (SOD) Superoxide dismutase (SOD) cDNA of SEQ ID No. 2 obtained from *Potentilla atrosanguinea* containing coding gene sequence of SEQ ID No. 3 which codes for a polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 1 having Superoxide dismutase enzyme activity

[0019] Another object of the present invention is to provide a set of primers useful for the amplification of Superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3, wherein

Forward primer 5'-ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTACTT-3' and;

Reverse primer 5'-TCATCCTTGAAGGCCAATAATACCA-3'

[0020] Further, another object of the present invention is to provide a method of identifying and cloning of superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene of SEQ ID NO 3, which on expression gives a superoxide dismutase enzyme (EC 1.15.1.1) with the characteristics disclose in U.S. Pat. No. 6,485,950.

[0021] Yet another object of the present invention is to provide a gene responsible for autoclavable superoxide dismutase from *Potentilla*.

[0022] Still another object of the present invention is to provide a gene responsible for autoclavable superoxide dismutase from *Potentilla* that is also functional at sub-zero temperature.

[0023] Still another object of the present invention is to provide a recombinant gene of SOD, which shows activity upon autoclaving and also shows activity at low temperature, in a plasmid vector leading to a new vector which carries the nucleotide sequence synthesizing the said SOD.

[0024] Still another object of the present invention is to transform bacterial host *E. coli* with the above said recombinant plasmid vector for expression of the SOD gene in the bacterial host.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF FIGURES

[0025] FIG. 1 represents effect of assay temperature on SOD activity. *Potentilla* SOD expressing in *E. coli* was purified and assayed before and after autoclaving at different temperatures.

[0026] FIG. 2 represents comparison of the nucleotide sequence of the *Potentilla* Cu/Zn SOD with sequences from other plant species. Regions of complete homology are indicated with asterisks.

[0027] FIG. 3 represents comparison of the deduced amino acid sequence of the *Potentilla* Cu/Zn SOD with sequences from other plant species. Regions of complete homology are indicated with asterisks.

[0028] FIG. 4(A) represents expression and purification of *Potentilla* SOD in *E. coli*. C, Control; I, Protein induced by IPTG; P, Purified SOD. The gel was stained by silver staining. (B). Activity staining of the gel to depict the activity of purified SOD. P, Purified SOD.

[0029] FIG. 5 represents the result of alignment of present sod gene with the sod gene of other plant species

[0030] FIG. 6 represents the details of Polypeptide sequence of SOD gene SEQ ID NO. 1.

[0031] FIG. 7 represents the details of full length cDNA SOD gene of SEQ ID No. 2

[0032] FIG. 8 represents the details of coding sequence of potential SOD gene of SEQ ID NO. 3

[0033] FIG. 9 represents the details of positive cDNA clone of SEQ ID No. 4

[0034] FIG. 10 represents primer Sequence SEQ ID No. 5(a) Forward Primer and Primer sequence SEQ ID No. 5(b): Reverse primer.

[0035] FIG. 10 represents Details of primers used for RACE

[0036] (a) Primer Sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(a) GSP1:Forward primer.

[0037] (b) Primer sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(b) NES1: Reverse Primer

[0038] (c) Primer Sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(c) GSP2: Forward Primer

[0039] (d) Primer sequence of SEQ ID No. 6(d) NES2: Reverse Primer

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0040] The present invention provides superoxide dismutase gene from *Potentilla atrosanguinea* and its expression in heterologous system and comprises of a construct which carries the coding nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID 3 which is responsible for synthesis of said SOD and transformed *E. coli* producing the SOD protein. This SOD protein is autoclavable and also functions at sub-zero temperature.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0041] Accordingly, the present invention provides a superoxide dismutase (SOD) cDNA of SEQ ID No. 2 obtained from *Potentilla atrosanguinea*, wherein the said cDNA comprises 856 nucleotide bases.

[0042] In an embodiment of the present invention, the said cDNA has entire coding sequence along with pre- and post-coding sequences.

[0043] The present invention also provides a superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3, wherein the said coding cDNA comprises 459 nucleotide bases.

[0044] Further, it also provides a superoxide dismutase (SOD) polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 1, wherein the said polypeptide comprises 152 amino acids.

[0045] In an embodiment of the present invention, the said polypeptide is autoclavable.

[0046] In another embodiment of the present invention, the said polypeptide is functional at temperature range of  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$ . to  $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

[0047] The present invention further provides a set of primers useful for the amplification of Superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3, wherein

Forward primer 5'-ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTACTT-3' and;

Reverse primer 5'-TCATCCTTGAAGGCCAATAATACCA-3'

[0048] 1. Further, it provides A method of identifying and cloning of superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene of SEQ ID NO 3 which codes for a polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 1 having Superoxide dismutase enzyme activity, wherein the said method comprising the steps of:

[0049] a) isolating the mRNA from leaves of *potentilla*;

[0050] b) synthesizing the cDNA from mRNA as obtained from step (a);

[0051] c) constructing a cDNA library of the DNA of *potentilla* followed by the cloning of the cDNA obtained from step (b) in a suitable vector preferably in bacteriophage;

[0052] d) screening the said library obtained from step (c) followed by the primary, secondary and tertiary screening for identification of positive cDNA clones;



[0053] e) isolating the DNA from positive cDNA clones obtained from step (d);

[0054] f) amplifying the said DNA using the primers comprising:

Forward Primer: 5'-GTTGTAAACGACGTGCCAGT-3'

Reverse Primer: 5'-CACAGGAACAGCTATGACC-3';

[0055] g) amplifying the ends of cDNA obtained from step (e) through rapid amplification of cDNA ends technique (RACE) using two set of primers to get the full length desired Superoxide dismutase (SOD) DNA of SEQ ID NO. 2 wherein the said primers comprising:

Forward Primer: 5'-CCAGTGGATTGCTAAGCTCATGTCCA-3'

Reverse Primer: 5'-GTCATCAGGTCTGCATGGACAACAAC-3'

Forward Primer: 5'-ATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATT-3'

Reverse Primer: 5'-TTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAA-3'

[0056] g) amplifying the ends of cDNA obtained from step (e) through rapid amplification of cDNA ends technique (RACE) using different set of primers to get the full length desired Superoxide dismutase (SOD) DNA of SEQ ID NO. 2 wherein the said primers comprising:

Forward Primer (GSP1):  
5'-CCAGTGGATTGCTAAGCTCATGTCCA-3'

Reverse Primer (NES1):  
5'-GTCATCAGGTCTGCATGGACAACAAC-3'

Forward Primer (GSP2):  
5'-ATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATT-3'

Reverse Primer (NES2):  
5'-TTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAA-3'

SMART II A Oligonucleotide:  
5'AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGTACGCGGG-3'

3'-RACE CDS Primer A (3'-CDS):  
5'AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGTAC(T)<sub>30</sub>N<sub>1</sub>N-3'

5'-RACE CDS Primer (5'-CDS)  
5'-(T)<sub>25</sub>N<sub>1</sub>N-3'

Universal Primer Mix A (UPM):Long:  
5'TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCAAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT-3'

Universal Primer Mix A (UPM):Short:  
5'-CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGCG-3'

Nested Universal Primer A (NUP):  
5'-AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT-3'

[0057] h) amplifying the coding sequence of Superoxide dismutase (SOD) of SEQ ID No. 3 using a set of primers designed from start and stop codon of full length desired Superoxide dismutase (SOD) DNA of SEQ ID NO. 2 wherein the said primers have the following sequences:

Forward Primer: 5'-ATGGCAAAGGGCGTGTCTGTACTT-3'

Reverse Primer: 5'-TCATCCTTGAAGGCCAATAATACCA-3'

[0058] i) cloning the amplified product obtained from step (g) into pQE 30 expression vector followed by the transformation it into competent *E.coli* cells to get an expression construct;

[0059] j) isolating the plasmid DNA by conventional method followed by sequencing to confirm the said SOD gene.

[0060] In an embodiment of the present invention, the polyclonal antibodies were raised against the purified SOD and used for cDNA library screening synthesized from young leaf mRNA.

[0061] In another embodiment of the present invention, library was screened and positive cDNA clones were amplified by polymerase chain reaction (hereinafter called as PCR) and two PCR products were obtained. These were sequenced and approximately 85% of the gene encoding SOD was obtained.

[0062] Further, in another embodiment of the present invention, the sequences of the said cDNA clones does not have the start and end codon and smaller by 21%.

[0063] In yet another embodiment of the present invention, primers were designed based on the sequences of positive cDNA clones and the rapid amplification of cDNA ends technique (hereinafter called as RACE) was employed to amplify the SOD full length gene.

[0064] In still another embodiment of the present invention, the said SOD gene is sequenced and analyzed comprising the sequences set forth in SEQ ID No. 2.

[0065] In still another embodiment of the present invention, the said full length SOD gene contains 856 nucleotide bases.

[0066] In still another embodiment of the present invention, the said full length SOD gene has entire coding sequence along with pre- and post-coding sequences.

[0067] In still another embodiment of the present invention, a set of primers are designed based on the full length SOD gene to amplify the superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3.

[0068] In still another embodiment of the present invention, the said coding cDNA comprises 459 nucleotide bases.

[0069] In still another embodiment of the present invention, said SOD gene is ligated into a vector to yield a recombinant plasmid which upon transformation into a suitable *E. coli* host resulted into a clone.

[0070] In still another embodiment of the present invention, the said coding sequence of SOD gene of SEQ ID No. 3 corresponding to polynucleotides encoding Superoxide dismutase (SOD) enzyme.

[0071] Further, the present invention also provides an expression construct included sequences encoding a selectable marker and a terminator sequence.

[0072] In the present invention, leaves of *Potentilla* plant growing at Kunzum Pass (altitude 4517 m; 32° 24' N; 077° 38' E) in Lahaul and Spiti district of Himachal Pradesh in Western Himalaya of India were collected and stored in liquid nitrogen. We had earlier reported in our U.S. Pat. NO. 6,485,950 that the leaves of this plant has SOD that is autoclavable and functions at sub-zero temperature. Thus the gene encoding such a SOD was identified, isolated and cloned in *E.coli* by techniques well known and routinely practiced in the art. The present SOD gene was sequenced and analyzed for its sense orientation, comprising the sequences set forth in SEQ ID No;2. The term "sense" as used herein, refers to a substantial run of RNA bases having essentially the same bases as a specific RNA sequence (e.g., mRNA). The invention also embraced polynucleotides encoding the amino acid sequences set out in SEQ ID No. 1. The invention also provided host cells, comprising a polynucleotide of the invention in a manner that permits expression of the encoded SOD polypeptide. Suitable host cells for transformation with the SOD gene of the invention include bacterial cells e.g. *E. coli*. Polynucleotides of the invention may be introduced into the host cell as a part of a circular plasmid using the well known methods for introducing DNA into the host cell and routinely practiced in the art. Host cells of the invention are a valuable source for industrial scale production of recombinant SOD.

[0073] Polyclonal antibody, in the present invention refers to an antibody produced in the normal immune system in response to an antigen consists of a number of closely related, but not identical proteins).

[0074] Vector, in the present invention refers to the sequence of DNA capable of accepting foreign DNA and take the form of a circular plasmid DNA that shows resistance to a given antibiotic. The gene sequence of the invention was compared with the SOD reported from other plants to figure out the uniqueness of the gene (FIG. 2). Sequences unique to the polypeptides of the invention are recognizable through sequence comparison to other known polypeptides, and can be identified through use of alignment programs routinely utilized in the art, e.g., those made available in public sequence databases (FIG. 3). This suggested that the sequence obtained were incomplete. SEQ ID No;3 however, shared at least 80%, at least 82%, at least 83%, at least 85%, at least 86% sequence homology with SOD genes reported from other plants. Percent sequence "homology" with respect to polynucleotides of the invention is defined herein as the percentage of nucleotide bases in the candidate sequence that are identical to the nucleotides in the SOD coding sequence after aligning the sequences, if necessary, to achieve the maximum percent sequence identity.

[0075] It is cumulative effect/combination of amino acids for the entire 100% amino acid composition that this property is observed. This entire composition provides this protein the effect that protein has this effect.

[0076] The following examples are given by way of illustration of the present invention and should not be construed to limit the scope of the present invention.

#### EXAMPLE-1

[0077] Raising Antibodies Against SOD in Rabbit

[0078] Polyclonal antibodies against purified protein were raised in one-year-old male rabbit (New Zealand type).

Purified SOD protein (100 µg in 500 µl of potassium phosphate buffer; pH, 7.0) was emulsified in 1 ml of Freund's complete adjuvant and administered intramuscularly using disposable syringe. Complete Freund's adjuvant was obtained from Bangalore Genei, India that contained paraffin oil, mannide monooleate as an emulsifier and heat killed *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. After 7<sup>th</sup> days of primary injection, a booster dose (1 ml, containing 60 µg of purified protein emulsified in 1 ml of incomplete adjuvant) was administered. Adjuvant (500 µl) was thoroughly emulsified with the purified enzyme (500 µl: 100 µg) to obtain a stable antigen-adjuvant emulsion by rapidly withdrawing and expelling the antigen-adjuvant mix using a 22 gauge needle fitted to a sterile syringe. Complete emulsification was tested by placing a drop of the mixture onto a still surface of distilled water. The intactness of the droplet assures complete mixing. Antigen-adjuvant mixture (800 µl) was injected in thigh muscles of rabbit using a 22 gauge needle. Blood was collected from heart of the rabbit and allowed to clot for 2 hours at room temperature. After overnight storage at 4° C., the edges of the clot were rimmed using a Pasture pipette and centrifuged at 150×g for 5 min. Supernatant was collected and centrifuged for 15 min at 350×g to remove cell debris. Sodium azide was added to a concentration of 0.025% and the serum was stored at 4° C. After second booster dose, a small amount of blood was collected to test for the presence of the antibody using Ouchterlony Double Diffusion (hereinafter known as ODD) as described by Kanematsu, S. and Asada, K. (1990) Plant Cell Physiol. 31: 99-112. Thus, in a 85 mm petri plate, 1.5% agar prepared in 0.15 M NaCl, 20 mM potassium phosphate of pH 7.0 and 0.02% sodium azide was poured to a thickness of 3 mm. Antigen (20 µl containing 4 µg of protein) and antibody were loaded into the 3 mm diameter well cut with the help of cork-borer. Petri plate was covered and kept in a humid environment for 16-24 hour at 37° C. and examined for line of immune precipitation.

#### EXAMPLE-2

[0079] RNA Isolation, Quantification of RNA, Gel-Electrophoresis and Purification of Poly A<sup>+</sup> mRNA from Total RNA

[0080] Ribonucleic acid (hereinafter known as, RNA) from young leaf tissue of *Potentilla* was isolated using the modified guanidine hydrochloride procedure (Lal. L., Sahoo. R., Gupta. R. K., Sharma. P. and kumar. S. Plant Molecular Biology Reporter 19: 181a-181f.). Leaf tissue (500 mg) was ground in liquid nitrogen to fine powder. Powder was transferred into a new mortar containing 5 ml of the GH buffer (8M guanidine hydrochloride, 20 mM EDTA, 20 mM MES, 100 mM βME) and was ground further. Resulting homogenate was transferred to an oak-ridge tube containing equal volume of phenol:chloroform:isoamylalcohol (25:24:1). Phases were emulsified by vortexing and separated by centrifugation at 10,000 rpm for 20 min (7° C.). Upper aqueous phase was transferred to a fresh oak-ridge tube and extracted with the equal volume of chloroform:isoamylalcohol (24:1). Resulting upper aqueous phase was transferred to a corex tube and RNA was precipitated by adding 0.2 volume of 1 M acetic acid and 0.7 volume of chilled ethanol. The tubes were kept at -72° C. for 3 h. Precipitate was pelleted by centrifugation at 10,000 rpm for 10 min at 4° C. Pellet was washed thrice using 5 ml of 3 M sodium acetate (pH 5.2) followed by final washing

with 70% chilled ethanol. Pellet was dried and dissolved in minimum volume of DEPC-treated autoclaved water. RNA was quantified by measuring absorbance at 260 nm and the purity was monitored by calculating the ratio of absorbance measured at 260 and 280 nm. A value >1.8 at 260/280 nm was considered ideal for the purity of RNA used in the present investigation. The formula used to calculate RNA concentration and yield was as follows:

Concentration of RNA ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) =  $A_{260}$  (absorbance at 260 nm)  $\times 40 \times$  dilution factor

Total yield ( $\mu\text{g}$ ) = concentration  $\times$  volume of stock RNA sample

**[0081]** To check the integrity of RNA, 5-6  $\mu\text{g}$  of RNA in 4.5  $\mu\text{l}$  of DEPC treated autoclaved water was diluted with 15.5  $\mu\text{l}$  of M1 solution (2  $\mu\text{l}$  of 5 $\times$  MOPS buffer, 3.5  $\mu\text{l}$  of formaldehyde, and 10  $\mu\text{l}$  of formamide [5 $\times$  MOPS buffer: 300 mM sodium acetate, 10 mM MOPS (3-[N-morpholino] propanesulfonic acid), 0.5 mM ethylene diamine tetra-acetic acid (EDTA)] and incubated for 15 minutes at 65° C. RNA was loaded onto 1.0% formaldehyde agarose-gel after adding 2  $\mu\text{l}$  of formaldehyde-gel loading buffer [50% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA (pH, 8.0), 0.25% bromophenol blue, 0.25% xylene cyanol FF], and electrophoresed at 72 volts in 1 $\times$  MOPS buffer (60 mM sodium acetate, 2 mM MOPS, 0.1 mM EDTA), (Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F. and Maniatis, T. 1989. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Plainview, N.Y.).

**[0082]** Poly-A mRNA was purified from the total RNA using dC<sub>10</sub>T<sub>30</sub> oligonucleotides attached covalently to polystyrene-latex particles (Oligotex™, Qiagen Inc). Oligotex selectively binds mRNA with poly-A tail to allow purification leaving all other RNA species that lack poly-A tail. 1 mg of total RNA was used as the starting material for the isolation of the mRNA and manufacturer's instructions were followed during the procedure.

#### EXAMPLE-3

**[0083]** Construction of a Directional Complementary DNA Library (Hereinafter Referred to cDNA Library)

**[0084]** Poly-A<sup>+</sup> mRNA was used to synthesize cDNA using TimeSaver™ cDNA synthesis kit (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech. USA). First strand was synthesized using MMLV-reverse transcriptase in the presence of a bifunctional primer [5'-d(AAC TGG AAG AAT TCG CGG CCG CAG GAA T<sub>18</sub>)p 3'] having an oligo (dT<sub>18</sub>) tract at the 3'-end of a restriction site for Not I. Second strand synthesis is initiated by DNA polymerase I after RNase H has nicked the RNA strand of the RNA:cDNA hybrid. The cDNA produced is extracted with phenol/chloroform and purified on a Sepharose CL-4B spun column. An Eco RI adaptor (5'-d[AATTCGGCAGG]-3', [GCCGTGCTCC]p-5') is ligated to other end of the cDNA. cDNA was digested with Not I to release site on oligo (dT<sub>18</sub>-Not I) primer. cDNA's with Eco RI and Not I overhangs were phosphorylated to disallow self-ligation but ligation to the dephosphorylated vector.

**[0085]** Bacteriophage  $\lambda$  vector ( $\lambda$  ExCell Not I/Eco RI/CIP) was selected for cloning of cDNA's with Eco RI and Not I overhang generated as above.  $\lambda$  ExCell is derived from a  $\lambda$  Charon vector engineered to contain an internal, linearized copy of pExCell. Following the construction and screening using the lawn cells (*E. coli* strain NM522), the

bacteriophage containing the clone of interest were used to infect a special *E. coli* strain (NP66) that enables the in vivo release of pExCell, a circular, autonomously replicating pUC-based phagemid. In vivo excision of pExCell is accomplished by site-specific recombination between attL and attR sites that flank the phagemid within the  $\lambda$  ExCell DNA. NP66 carries the accessory proteins require for excision under the control of a thermo-inducible promoter. In vivo excision is accomplished by infection of NP66 with  $\lambda$  ExCell followed by growth at 39° C., which enables the expression of these accessory proteins.

**[0086]** The ligated vector and the cDNA fragments were packaged in an in vitro packaging system (Ready to Go Lambda packaging kit, Amersham Pharmacia Biotech. USA). In vitro packaging system for lambda DNA uses single lysogen, which codes for all necessary packaging proteins. The extract was prepared from *E. coli* lysogen in which the prophage carries a cos mutation. The cos mutation is a deletion in the cos site which prevents the endogenous prophage from being packaged; the exogenous recombinant DNA is, however, efficiently packaged. Packaging extracts also lack Eco K and other DNA restriction systems that recognize methylated DNA, which results in the efficient packaging of methylated and unmethylated cDNA.

#### EXAMPLE-4

**[0087]** Library Screening and Identification, Amplification and Purification of Positive Phage

**[0088]** Library was screened using polyclonal antibodies raised against purified SOD as probe. Immobilized antibodies were detected using chemiluminescence based detection method (ECL™ western blotting analysis system, Amersham Inc.). The library was plated by making the serial dilutions of packaging reaction in SM buffer (100 mM NaCl, 8 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>, 50 mM Tris-HCl and 0.01% gelatin). Autoclaved and dried nitrocellulose filter membranes fitting to the size of petri plate (82 mm) were used. Membranes were soaked in 10 mM isopropyl  $\beta$ -D-thiogalactopyranoside (hereinafter referred to IPTG) for 5 min, air-dried and used for screening. After 6 h incubation of the plated library or as the plaques started appearing, the plates were overlaid with IPTG-soaked nitrocellulose filters. The filters were overlaid by gently holding filters with blunt ended forceps at opposite edges and centering filter over plate, without trapping any air bubble. Filter was not moved once contact is made with the plate. The plates-filters (inverted) were incubated for another 4 h at 37° C. After incubation, the plates were marked with 18-gauge needle by puncturing asymmetrically for future alignment. Filters were removed from plates with protein side up. Positive plaques were selected using the correct orientation of the developed X-ray, filter and the plate. After marking plaques were cored out and placed in 300  $\mu\text{l}$  of SM buffer for incubation at room temperature. After 2 h, it was centrifuged at 13,000 $\times$ g for 10 min. The supernatant was collected in a fresh sterile tube followed by addition of 30  $\mu\text{l}$  chloroform. The amplified phage was replated for secondary and tertiary screening. After tertiary screening the positive plaques were cored for in vivo phagemid release. For primary screening 10<sup>5</sup> plaque forming unit (pfu) were taken and transferred to membrane. Membranes were hybridized with polyclonal antibody and developed as ECL instruction. Three strong positive clones were obtained and further taken for secondary screening which

gave 70% positive signal. A few clones were taken for tertiary screening and this time all the clones gave 100% positive signal after tertiary screening. All the positive plaques were used to release the vector pExCell containing the cloned fragment.

#### EXAMPLE-5

[0089] In Vivo Release of Phagemid pExcell from Selected Clones

[0090] Host cells were prepared from released strain of *E.coli* NP66 in 2× YT medium (2× YT medium: 12 g trypton, 24 g yeast extract and 5 g glycerol in 1 litre of final volume in distilled/deionized water) containing 50 µg/ml spectinomycin, 30 µg/ml of chloramphenicol and 0.2% maltose. The culture was grown overnight at 32° C. 5ml of 2× YT containing 50 µg/ml spectinomycin, 30 µg/ml of chloramphenicol and 0.2% maltose was incubated with 50 µl of the overnight culture. This culture was grown at 32° C. with shaking to an A<sub>600</sub> of 0.5-0.8. and cells were harvested by centrifugation at 3000×g. The pellet was re-suspended NZCYM broth (NZCYM broth: 10 g casein hydrolysate, 5 g yeast extract, 5 g NaCl, 1 g casamino acid and 2 g MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O in 1 litre of final volume in distilled/deionized water) containing 50 µg/ml spectinomycin to a final A<sub>600</sub> of 2.0. Cells were used within 1 h. To release the pExCell, 100 µl of the prepared NP66 cells were placed in a 15 ml sterile glass tube and incubated at 39° C. for 20 min to allow for expression of the His proteins required for site-specific recombination between attL and attR sites. 100 µl of the phage SM solution was added from to the cells and incubated at 39° C. for an additional 20 min. To this NP66/phage mixture, 200 µl of 1 M sodium citrate was added to terminate the infection of NP66 with λ ExCell and 5 ml of pre-warmed (32° C.) 2× YT broth containing 50 µg/ml spectinomycin was added. The culture was incubated at 32° C. with moderate shaking for 1.5 h to yield 'released culture'. To prepare overnight cultures for subsequent isolation of pEx-Cell DNA, 50 µl of the released culture was incubated at 37° C. in 5 ml of LB medium (LB medium: 10 g trypton, 5 g yeast extract, 10 g sodium chloride in 1 litre of final volume in distilled/deionized water) containing 100 µg/ml ampicillin.

#### EXAMPLE-6

[0091] Analysis and Sequencing of Cloned cDNA

[0092] The cultures were streaked and the colonies were randomly picked up using a pipette tip. The colony was suspended in 50 µl of lysis buffer (colony lysis buffer: TE (Tris-Cl 10 mM, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) with 0.1% tween 20), boiled for 10 min in a water bath followed by snap cooling on ice. Plasmid released in the colony lysate was amplified using 0.2 µM of each 'forward' (5'-GTTGTAAAACGACG-GCCAGT-3') and 'reverse' (5'-CACAGGAAACAGCTAT-GACC-3') flanking primer, 20 µM of dNTPs and 1 Units of *Thermus aquaticus* (hereinafter referred to Taq) DNA polymerase (purchased from M/S. Qiagen, Germany) in 1× PCR buffer (20 mM Tris-Cl (pH, 8.4), 50 mM KCl, 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>). In the present invention, dNTPs refer to deoxy nucleoside triphosphate which comprises of deoxyadenosine triphosphate (hereinafter referred to dATP), deoxyguanosine triphosphate (hereinafter referred to dGTP), deoxycytidine triphosphate (hereinafter referred to dCTP) and deoxythymine

triphosphate (hereinafter referred to dTTP). Thermocycler program consisted of 30 cycles of 94° C. for 40 sec, 52° C. for 1 min and 72° C. for 2 min. This was followed by a 5 min extension at 72° C. Amplified products were run on 1.2% agarose gel in 1× TAE buffer (TAE buffer: 0.04 M Tris-acetate, 0.002 M EDTA, pH 8.5) containing ethidium bromide (final concentration of 0.5 µg/ml) and analyzed for correct size of insert by comparing with standard DNA molecular weight marker. Plasmids were isolated using QIAGEN plasmid mini kit (Cat#12125). These were quantified, checked on 1% agarose gel and sequencing was performed using the BigDye terminator (version 3.1) cycle sequencing mix (Applied Biosystems, USA) on automated DNA sequencer (ABI Prism 310, Genetic Analyzer, Applied Biosystems, USA). Protocols were followed essentially as described by respective manufacturers. Sequencing primers used were 'forward' 5'-

#### INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 365 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: circular

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4

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5'CAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCAACTACTGTGACCGGAACATTTCTGGCCTC
AAGCCTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGGACACAACCAA
TGTTGTCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGCTGGCAAAGAGCATG
GGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCTGGTGATCTTGGAATATCACT
GTTGGGGATGACGGAACGCTTGCTTCACAATTGTTGACAAACAGATTCC
TCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTGGTAGGGCTGTTGTTGTCATGCAG
ATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCAATCCACTGGA
AATGCTGGTGGCAGGAT 3'
```

#### EXAMPLE-7

[0093] Sequence mentioned in example 6 was searched for homology in the gene databases available at URL [www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov) using Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (hereinafter called as BLAST). It was clear from the results that the sequence had a homology between 80-90% with the SOD sequences submitted in the databases.

#### EXAMPLE-8

[0094] Cloning of Full Length Gene Using Rapid Amplification of cDNA Ends (Hereinafter Referred to RACE)

[0095] Rapid amplification of cDNA ends (RACE) was used to isolate full length SOD gene from *Potentilla atrosanguinea*. RACE amplifies DNA sequences from a messenger RNA template between a defined internal site and unknown sequences of either the 3' or 5' end (Frohman, M. A., Dush, M. K. and Martin, G. R. (1988) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 8998-9002; U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,962,271 and 5,962,272). A set of gene specific primers were used to

generate 5' and 3' ends of the gene separately. The partial cDNA sequence (SEQ ID No: 1) was used to design two sets of primers. Primers were designed such that the amplified 5' and 3' ends overlap each other over a small stretch of nucleotides. For 5' RACE, a gene specific primer (hereinafter referred to GSP1), 5'-CCAGTGGATTGCTAAGCTCATGTCCA-3' for primary PCR and one nested gene specific primer (hereinafter referred to NES1), 5'-GTCATCAGGGTCTGCATGGACAACAAC-3' for secondary PCR (RACE). It has been used 1 µl of 10 µM nested primers stock for secondary PCR. For 3' RACE a gene specific primer (hereinafter referred to GSP2), 5'-ATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATT-3' for primary PCR and one nested primer (hereinafter referred to NES2), 5'-TTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTCAA-3' were designed. Primers were designed such that the amplified 5' and 3' ends overlap each other over a small stretch of nucleotides.

[0096] The cDNA for 5'-RACE was synthesized using a modified lock-docking oligo(dT) primer and SMART II A oligo (dT) primer. The modified oligo (dT) primer, termed the 5'-RACE CDS Primer (5'-CDS) has two degenerate nucleotide positions at the 3' end.

[0097] 1 µg of total RNA was reverse transcribed in separate reactions to yield 5' and 3' RACE ready cDNA using an enzyme known as reverse transcriptase. For 5' cDNA synthesis, the reaction was carried out using 1 µM of 5'-CDS primer in a reaction mixture containing RNA and 1 µM SMART II oligo (dT) primer. The 3'-RACE cDNA is synthesized using a traditional reverse transcription procedure, but with a special oligo (dT) primer. This 3'-RACE CDS Primer A (3'-CDS) primer includes the lock-docking nucleotide positions as in the 5'-CDS and also has a portion of the smart sequence at its 5' end. Sterile H<sub>2</sub>O was added to a final volume of 5 µl for each reaction, mixed and centrifuged. The reaction mix was incubated at 70° C. for 2 min and cooled on ice for 2 min. First-strand buffer (50 mM Tris-Cl (pH, 8.3), 75 mM KCl and 6 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>), 1 mM dNTPs, 2mM DTT and reverse transcriptase were added to each reaction and incubated at 42° C. for 1.5 hr in an air incubator. Diluted the first-strand reaction product with 100 µl of Tricine-EDTA buffer (10 mM Tricine-KOH (pH 8.5), 1.0 mM EDTA) and heated tubes at 72° C. for 7 min. (Reverse transcription system was a component of SMART RACE cDNA amplification kit from BD Biosciences, USA).

[0098] Sequences of Primers Used for RACE Were as Follows (Purchased from BD Biosciences, USA as a Part of RACE Kit).

Primer	Primer Sequence
SMART II A Oligonucleotide	5'-AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGA GTACGCGGG-3'
3'-RACE CDS Primer A (3'-CDS)	5'-AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGA GTAC(T) <sub>30</sub> N <sub>1</sub> N-3'
5'-RACE CDS Primer (5'-CDS)	5'-(T) <sub>25</sub> N <sub>1</sub> N-3'
10X Universal Primer Mix A (UPM)	Long: 5'-TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGC AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT-3'

## -continued

Primer	Primer Sequence
	Short: 5'-CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGG C-3'
Nested Universal Primer A (NUP)	5'-AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGA GT-3'

[0099] 5' and 3' RACE cDNA were amplified using 0.2 µM GSP1, GSP2 primer and 1× universal primer (UPM), 0.2 mM dNTP and 1× BD polymerase mix. Thermocycler program consisted of 30 cycles of 94° C. for 30 sec, 68° C. for 30 sec and 72° C. for 3 min. The reaction was up-scaled to 50 µl and after the completion of PCR, 45 µl of PCR sample was run on 1.2% agarose gel in TAE buffer containing ethidium bromide (final concentration of 0.5 µg/ml) Rest of the amplified product was stored at -20° C. for secondary PCR if needed. Amplicons were cut from the gel and DNA was eluted from the gel using QIAEX II gel extraction kit from M/S Qiagen, Germany following the manufacturer's instructions. The purified DNA was cloned in pGEM-T easy vector (Promega, USA), plasmids were isolated using the Qiagen plasmid mini-isolation kit, and sequencing was performed using the BigDye terminator (version 3.1) cycle sequencing mix (Applied Biosystems, USA) on an automated DNA sequencer (ABI Prism 310, Genetic Analyzer, Applied Biosystems). Protocols were followed essentially as described by respective manufacturers. The RACE products were analyzed by BLAST.

(3) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 856 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: circular

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2

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ATTTCTCTTCATCTTCATCATCTTAGGGTGCAGTATGATCACTTTGAAAC  
ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTACTTAGCTCCAGTGAGGGTGTGCTGGAAC  
TATCTCTTTTACCAAGAGGGAGATGGCCCACTACTGTGACCGGAAACA  
TTTCTGGCCTCAAGCCTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTTGGG  
GACACAACCAATGGTGTGATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAATCTGCTGG  
CAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCTGGTGATCTTG  
GAAATATCACTGTTGGGGATGACGGAACCTGCTTTCACAATTGTTGAC  
AAACAGATTCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTGGTAGGGCTGTTGT  
TGTCCATGCAGATCCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGGACATGAGCTTAGCA

## -continued

AATCCACTGGAAATGCTGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGCCTT  
 CAAGGATGAACTGGACCAGGAGCGAAACACAGGCATCTTGTGAATTAA  
 AACTTGAGATATTAGCGAACTCTTCGGAATTGAGTATTGAAACAAGGAAT  
 ACATTTGTCTATTACCAATACGTTTGGCTTAGACCTGTATTCTGTATCTCA  
 ATAGTTTCTGTGTGGTTGTTGACAGTTATTTGTGCTCAGGCTATTTC  
 AAGGGATAAACACAGTAACTTTCTTGCTTTGACAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA  
 AAAAAAAAA 3'

## EXAMPLE-9

[0100] Amplification of Coding Sequence (Hereinafter Known as CDS) of SOD and Cloning into an Expression Vector

[0101] CDS of SOD was amplified by PCR using the forward primer 5'-ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTACTT-3' and reverse primer 5'-TCATCCTTGAAGGC-CAATAATACCA-3' designed from start codon and stop codon. The amplified product was cloned into pQE 30 expression vector and transformed into competent *E. coli* cells. The plasmid was isolated using the standard plasmid isolation protocol (Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F. and Maniatis, T. 1989. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Plainview, N.Y.) and sequencing was performed using the BigDye terminator (version 3.1) cycle sequencing mix (Applied Biosystems, USA) on an automated DNA sequencer (ABI Prism 310, Genetic Analyzer, Applied Biosystems) to confirm cloning of insert. Protocols were followed essentially as described by the manufacturer.

- (4) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 459 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: circular
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (iii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3

5' ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTACTTAGCTCCAGTGAGGGTGTGCTGG  
 AACTATCTCTTTACCCAAGAGGAGATGGCCCACTACTGTGACCGGAA  
 ACATTTCTGGCCTCAAGCCTGGGCTTCATGGTTTCCATGTTTCATGCTCTT  
 GGGGACACAACCAATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAATCCTGC  
 TGGCAAAGAGCATGGGTCTCTGAAGATGAGACTCGTCATGCTGGTGATC  
 TTGGAATATCACTGTGTGGGGATGACGGAAGTCTGCTTACCAATTGTT  
 GACAAACAGATTCTCTCACTGGACCACACTCTATCATTTGGTAGGGCTGT  
 TGTGTCCATGCAGATCTGATGACCTTGGCAAGGGTGACATGAGCTTA

## -continued

GCAAATCCACTGGAAATGCTGGTGGCAGGATAGCTTGTGGTATTATTGGC  
 CTTC AAGGATGA 3'

(5) INFORMATION FOR Pro SEQ ID NO: 1

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 152 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: polypeptide

(iii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: Pro SEQ ID NO: 1

MAKGVAVLSSSEGVAGTILFTQEGDPTTGTGNISGLKPLHGFHVHALG  
 DTTNGCMSTGPHFNPAGKEHGSPEDETRHAGDLGNITVGDDGTACFTIVD  
 KQIPLTGPHSIIGRAVVHADPDDLKGGHLSKSTGNAGGRIACGIIGL  
 QG

## EXAMPLE-10

[0102] Induction and Purification of Expressed Protein

[0103] *E. coli* containing SOD gene from *Potentilla* was grown at 37° C. in 100 ml of LB medium with 100 µg ml<sup>-1</sup> and 25 µg ml<sup>-1</sup> kanamycin. When that culture had grown to an absorbance of 0.6 at 600 nm, IPTG was added to a final concentration of 1 mM. CuSO<sub>4</sub> and ZnSO<sub>4</sub> were added to a final concentration of 100 ppm and 2 ppm, respectively. After inducing the expression of the SOD protein for 5 h at 37° C., cells were harvested, washed and resuspended in 4 ml of lysis buffer (50 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> buffer, pH 8.0, containing 300 mM NaCl and 10 mM imidazole). The cell suspension was sonicated, and the lysate was cleared by centrifugation at 12000 g and 4° C. for 20 min. The supernatant was then poured into the column loaded with nickel-nitrilotriacetic acid (Ni-NTA) agarose, washed with wash buffer (50 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> buffer, pH 8.0, containing 300 mM NaCl and 20 mM imidazole), and SOD protein was eluted with elution buffer (50 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> buffer, pH 8.0, containing 300 mM NaCl and 250 mM imidazole). The purified SOD was evaluated by 10% SDS-PAGE using silver staining to visualize the protein (FIG. 4A).

[0104] The protein estimation was performed before and after autoclaving purified SOD that shows ±25% loss of protein. Since 50 µl of protein sample was used for assaying SOD activity, the loss in protein was calculated while calculating the enzyme activity. Reaction medium contained 0.05 M potassium phosphate buffer (pH, 7.0), 5.7×10<sup>-5</sup> M nitroblue tetrazolium (hereinafter referred to NBT), 9.9×10<sup>-3</sup> M methionine, 1.17×10<sup>-6</sup> M riboflavin and 0.025% Triton X-100 in a total volume of 3.0 ml. Reaction (performed in a 30 ml glass vial) was initiated by illuminating the reaction with light intensity of 1000 µ Einstein/m<sup>2</sup>/second using a fiber optic light source (Nikon). The reaction was terminated after 2 min and the absorbance was read at 560 nm.

[0105] A control reaction was always performed wherein all the steps and components were exactly the same as described above except that purified enzyme was replaced with equal volume of homogenizing buffer. Activity of SOD is expressed as per cent inhibition in color development as compared to the control reaction (higher the inhibition, higher the SOD activity). Activity data was shown in FIG. 1.

#### EXAMPLE-11

[0106] SOD Activity at Different Temperatures in Purified SOD

[0107] The purified SOD enzyme was assayed at temperatures ranging between  $-10$  to  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ . in the buffer composition as described in Example 10 except that 50% glycerol was added in the reaction mixture to avoid freezing at low temperature. A glass beaker of 100 ml capacity was filled with either alcohol (for working at temperatures of  $-10$ ,  $-5$ ,  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ .) or distilled water (for working at rest of the temperatures) was used to maintain the temperature of the reaction medium while assaying SOD. Reaction medium along with the enzyme was pre-equilibrated at desired temperature to avoid time lag in attaining the required temperature. As can be seen from FIG. 1 that the enzyme showed highest activity (87.5% inhibition) at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The enzyme was functional even up to  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$ . (82% inhibition). The enzyme is expected at temperature lower than  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

[0108] Control reactions, as mentioned in Example 10, were always performed at all the temperatures.

#### EXAMPLE-12

[0109] Localization of SOD by Activity Staining of Native Gel

[0110] The purified SOD was localized on 10% polyacrylamide gel by activity staining as described by Beauchamp and Fridovich (Anal. Biochem. 1971; 44: 246-287). After electrophoresis, the gel was rinsed with distilled water followed by 30 min incubation in 50 ml phosphate buffer (50 mM; pH 7.0) containing 2.5 mM NBT in dark at room temperature. Gel was then immersed in  $1.17 \times 10^{-6}$  M riboflavin for 20 min, followed by exposure to light source (Nikon). Light exposure led to photogeneration of  $\text{O}_2^-$ , which converts NBT into insoluble purple colored formazan. The purple color was developed throughout the gel except for the location where SOD was localized as shown in FIG. 4B.

#### ADVANTAGES

[0111] The main advantages of the present invention are:

[0112] 1. SOD gene has been cloned from *Potentilla* that is autoclavable and functions at sub-zero temperature.

[0113] 2. SOD gene that is isolated from *Potentilla* has been made to express in *E. coli*.

[0114] 3. SOD gene from *Potentilla* that is made to express in *E.coli* leading to synthesis of SOD protein that is autoclavable.

[0115] 4. SOD gene from *Potentilla* that is made to express in *E.coli* leading to synthesis of SOD protein that is autoclavable, also functions at sub-zero temperature.

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#### SEQUENCE LISTING

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<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

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Asn Ile Ser Gly Leu Lys Pro Gly Leu His Gly Phe His Val His Ala
 35           40           45
Leu Gly Asp Thr Thr Asn Gly Cys Met Ser Thr Gly Pro His Phe Asn
 50           55           60
Pro Ala Gly Lys Glu His Gly Ser Pro Glu Asp Glu Thr Arg His Ala
 65           70           75           80
Gly Asp Leu Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Gly Asp Asp Gly Thr Ala Cys Phe
 85           90           95
Thr Ile Val Asp Lys Gln Ile Pro Leu Thr Gly Pro His Ser Ile Ile
 100          105          110
Gly Arg Ala Val Val Val His Ala Asp Pro Asp Asp Leu Gly Lys Gly

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ttaggggtgca ctgagatcac ttgaaacat ggcaaagggc gttgctgtac ttagctccag	180		
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gatcttgga atactactgt tggggatgac ggaactgctt gcttcacaat tgttgacaaa 240  
cagattcctc tcaactggac aactctatc attggtaggg ctgttgttgt ccatgcagat 300  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic primer

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&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

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&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic primer

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30

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&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: a, c, g, t, unknown or other

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28

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21

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 14

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 20

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&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic primer

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 14

cacaggaaac agctatgacc

20

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 15

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-continued

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<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
oligonucleotide  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: modified\_base  
<222> LOCATION: (26)..(27)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: a, c, g, t, unknown or other  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 15  
  
tttttttttt tttttttttt ttttttnn 27  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 16  
<211> LENGTH: 44  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
oligonucleotide  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 16  
  
taatacgact cactataggg caagcagtg tatcaacgca gagt 44  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 17  
<211> LENGTH: 22  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
oligonucleotide  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 17  
  
ctaatacgac tcactatagg gc 22  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 18  
<211> LENGTH: 45  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
primer  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 18  
  
aactggaaga attcgcggcc gcaggaattt tttttttttt ttttt 45  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 19  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
oligonucleotide  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 19  
  
tttttttttt tttttttt 18  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 20  
<211> LENGTH: 14  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
oligonucleotide

-continued

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 20

aattcggcac gagg 14

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 21

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 10

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
oligonucleotide

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 21

gccgtgctcc 10

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 22

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 20

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
primer

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 22

gttgtaaaac gacggccagt 20

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 23

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 23

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
primer

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 23

aagcagtggt atcaacgcag agt 23

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 24

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 459

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Malus sp.

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 24

atggtgaagg gtgttgctgt tctcggtcc agtgaggcg ttaaaggaac catcagcttt 60

gtccaggagg gagatggccc aactactgtg actggaagtg tctctggcct caagcctgga 120

cttcattggt tccatgtcca tgctcttgga gacacaacaa acggttgcat gtcaactggg 180

ccacacttca atcctgctgg aaaagagcat ggtgcccctg aagatgagct tcgccatgct 240

ggcgatcttg gaaacatcac tgctggggac gatggaactg caaccttcac gattgttgac 300

aagcagattc ctctcgctgg accacactct atcattggtg gggcggttgt tgtccacgca 360

gaccctgatg accttggaac ggggtggacat gagcttagca aatccacagg aaatgctggt 420

ggcaggggtg cttgcggtat tattggtctg caaggatga 459

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 25

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 459

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Populus sp.

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 25

atggtgaagg ctgtagctgt tcttaatagc agtgaagggtg tgagtggcac catcttcttt 60

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```

acccaagaag gagatggccc aactactgta attggaaacc tttctggtct taagccaggc 120
cttcattggt tccacgtcca tgccttgga gacaccacaa atggctgcat gtcaactggg 180
ccgcatttta atcctgtagg caaggagcat ggtgcccctg aggatgagaa tcgtcatgct 240
ggtgatctgg gaaatgtcac tgttggtgat gatggcactg ctgctttcac aatcattgac 300
aaacagattc ctcttactgg accacattcc attattggtt gggctgttgt tgttcattgga 360
gatcctgatg atcttggcaa gggaggacat gaactcagca aaaccactgg taatgctggc 420
ggcagagtag catgcggtat tattggtctg caaggttga 459

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 26
<211> LENGTH: 459
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Zea sp.

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

```

```

atggtgaagg ctgtggcagt tcttagtaac agtaacgaag tctcgggtac tattaacttc 60
agtacaggagg gaaatggtcc aaccactgta actggaactc ttgctggtct taagcctggc 120
ctccacggct tccatatcca tgccttgga gacaccacaa acggttgcat ttcaactgga 180
ccacatttca atcctaattg gaaggaacat ggtgcccctg aggatgagac tagacatgct 240
ggtgatcttg gaaatatcaa tgttggtgat gatggaactg taagcttcac cattactgac 300
aaccatatcc ctctcactgg aacaaactcc atcataggaa gggctgttgt tgtccatgcc 360
gatcctgatg atcttgggaa aggtggtcac gagcttagca aaactactgg aaatgctggt 420
ggcagagtag cttgtggtat tattgggttg caaggatag 459

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 27
<211> LENGTH: 459
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Arabidopsis sp.

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

```

```

atggcgaaag gagttgcagt tttgaacagc agtgagggtg ttacggggac tatctttttc 60
acccaggaag gcgatggtgt gaccactgtg agtggaacag tttctggcct taagcctggt 120
cttcattggt tccatgtcca tgccttggt gacaccacta acggttgcat gtctactggt 180
ccacatttca accccgatgg taaaacacac ggtgcccctg aggatgctaa tcgacatgct 240
ggtgatctag gaaacatcac tgttgagat gatggaactg ccaccttcac aatcactgat 300
tgccagattc ctcttactgg accaaactct attgttggtt gggctgttgt tgtccatgca 360
gaccctgatg acctcggaag gggaggccat gaactcagcc tggctactgg aaacgcaggc 420
ggcgtgttg cttgcggcat cattggtctc cagggctaa 459

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 28
<211> LENGTH: 459
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Oryza sp.

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

```

```

atggtgaagg ctgttgctgt gcttgctagc agtgagggtg tcaagggcac catctttttc 60
tcccagagg gagatggtcc gacctctgtg acgggaagtg tctctgggct caagccaggg 120
ctccatggat tccatgtgca cgcgctcggg gacaccacta atggctgcat gtcaactgga 180

```

## -continued

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```

ccacacttca atcctactgg gaaggaacat ggggcaccac aagatgagaa ccgccatgcc 240
ggtgatcttg gaaatataac agctggagca gatggtgttg ctaatgtcaa tgtctctgac 300
agccagatcc cccttactgg agcacactcc atcattggcc gagctgttgt tgtccatgct 360
gatcctgatg atcttggcaa ggggtggacat gagcttagca agaccactgg aaatgctggg 420
ggccgagttg cttgcggaat catcggaactc cagggttag 459

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 29
<211> LENGTH: 152
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Malus sp.

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

```

```

Met Val Lys Gly Val Ala Val Leu Gly Ser Ser Glu Gly Val Lys Gly
 1           5           10          15
Thr Ile Ser Phe Val Gln Glu Gly Asp Gly Pro Thr Thr Val Thr Gly
 20          25          30
Ser Val Ser Gly Leu Lys Pro Gly Leu His Gly Phe His Val His Ala
 35          40          45
Leu Gly Asp Thr Thr Asn Gly Cys Met Ser Thr Gly Pro His Phe Asn
 50          55          60
Pro Ala Gly Lys Glu His Gly Ala Pro Glu Asp Glu Leu Arg His Ala
 65          70          75          80
Gly Asp Leu Gly Asn Ile Thr Ala Gly Asp Asp Gly Thr Ala Thr Phe
 85          90          95
Thr Ile Val Asp Lys Gln Ile Pro Leu Ala Gly Pro His Ser Ile Ile
100         105         110
Gly Arg Ala Val Val Val His Ala Asp Pro Asp Asp Leu Gly Lys Gly
115         120         125
Gly His Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr Gly Asn Ala Gly Gly Arg Val Ala
130         135         140
Cys Gly Ile Ile Gly Leu Gln Gly
145         150

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
<211> LENGTH: 152
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Arabidopsis sp.

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

```

```

Met Ala Lys Gly Val Ala Val Leu Asn Ser Ser Glu Gly Val Thr Gly
 1           5           10          15
Thr Ile Phe Phe Thr Gln Glu Gly Asp Gly Val Thr Thr Val Ser Gly
 20          25          30
Thr Val Ser Gly Leu Lys Pro Gly Leu His Gly Phe His Val His Ala
 35          40          45
Leu Gly Asp Thr Thr Asn Gly Cys Met Ser Thr Gly Pro His Phe Asn
 50          55          60
Pro Asp Gly Lys Thr His Gly Ala Pro Glu Asp Ala Asn Arg His Ala
 65          70          75          80
Gly Asp Leu Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Gly Asp Asp Gly Thr Ala Thr Phe
 85          90          95
Thr Ile Thr Asp Cys Gln Ile Pro Leu Thr Gly Pro Asn Ser Ile Val

```

```
<210> SEQ ID NO 31
<211> LENGTH: 152
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Populus sp.

<400> SEQUENCE: 31
```

```
<210> SEQ ID NO 32
<211> LENGTH: 152
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Oryza sp.

<400> SEQUENCE: 32
```

Met	Val	Lys	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ile	Val	Lys	Gly
1				5					10					15	
Thr	Ile	His	Phe	Val	Gln	Glu	Gly	Asp	Gly	Pro	Thr	Thr	Val	Thr	Gly
			20					25					30		
Ser	Val	Ser	Gly	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gly	Leu	His	Gly	Phe	His	Ile	His	Ala
		35					40					45			
Leu	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Asn	Gly	Cys	Met	Ser	Thr	Gly	Pro	His	Tyr	Asn
	50					55					60				
Pro	Ala	Gly	Lys	Glu	His	Gly	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asp	Glu	Thr	Arg	His	Ala
65					70					75				80	
Gly	Asp	Leu	Gly	Asn	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Glu	Asp	Gly	Val	Ala	Asn	Ile
				85					90					95	
His	Val	Val	Asp	Ser	Gln	Ile	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ile

<210> SEQ ID NO 33  
<211> LENGTH: 152  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Zea sp.

[illegible]

```
<210> SEQ ID NO 34
<211> LENGTH: 152
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Gossypium sp.
```

Met	Val	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Val	Leu	Gly	Ser	Asn	Glu	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly
1				5					10					15	
Thr	Val	Phe	Phe	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gly	Asp	Gly	Pro	Thr	Thr	Val	Thr	Gly
			20					25					30		
Asn	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gly	Leu	His	Gly	Phe	His	Val	His	Ala
		35					40					45			
Leu	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Asn	Gly	Cys	Met	Ser	Thr	Gly	Pro	His	Phe	Asn
	50					55					60				
Pro	Ala	Gly	Lys	Glu	His	Gly	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asp	Glu	Asn	Arg	His	Ala
65					70					75				80	
Gly	Asp	Leu	Gly	Asn	Val	Thr	Val	Gly	Asp	Asp	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ser	Phe
				85					90					95	
Ser	Ile	Thr	Asp	Lys	Gln	Ile	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ile



<400> SEQUENCE: 35

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

Met	Val	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Val	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ser	Glu	Gly	Val	Thr	Gly
1				5					10					15	
Thr	Ile	Phe	Phe	Thr	Gln	Glu	Gly	Asn	Gly	Pro	Thr	Thr	Val	Thr	Gly
			20					25					30		
Ser	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gly	Leu	His	Gly	Phe	His	Val	His	Ala
		35					40					45			
Leu	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Asn	Gly	Cys	Leu	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ala	His	Phe	Asn
	50					55					60				
Pro	Asn	Asn	Asn	Glu	His	Gly	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asp	Glu	Asn	Arg	His	Ala
65					70					75				80	
Gly	Asp	Leu	Gly	Asn	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp	Asp	Gly	Thr	Val	Ser	Phe
				85					90					95	
Ser	Ile	Thr	Asp	Ser	Gln	Ile	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ile

## -continued

	100	105	110	
Gly Arg Ala Val Val Val His Ala Asp Ser Asp Asp Leu Gly Lys Gly	115	120	125	
Gly His Glu Leu Ser Lys Thr Thr Gly Asn Ala Gly Gly Arg Val Ala	130	135	140	
Cys Gly Ile Ile Gly Leu Gln Gly	145	150		
<210> SEQ ID NO 37				
<211> LENGTH: 394				
<212> TYPE: DNA				
<213> ORGANISM: Ipomoea batatas				
<400> SEQUENCE: 37				
tcttcagcca agaaggagat ggtccaacca cagtcactgg aaacgtttcg ggcctcaaac				60
ctgggtcttca tggtttccat gtccatgccc taggtgacac aacaaatgga tgcattgtcta				120
ctggaccaca tttcaatcct gctggaaagg agcatggagc tcctggagac gataaccgcc				180
atgccggtga tcttgaaaac atcacggttg gagaagatgg tactgcttca ttcaccatca				240
ctgacaagca gattccgctt actggagcaa attctgttat tggaagagct gttgttgttc				300
atggtgatcc cgatgatcct ggtaaagggt gccatgagct cagcaaaagc actggaaatg				360
ctggcgggag ggttgccctgc ggtatcattg gcct				394
<210> SEQ ID NO 38				
<211> LENGTH: 394				
<212> TYPE: DNA				
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea				
<400> SEQUENCE: 38				
tctttaccba agaggagat ggcccaacta ctgtgaccgg aaacatttct ggcctcaagc				60
ctgggcttca tggtttccat gttcatgctc ttggggacac aaccaatggt tgcattgtcaa				120
ctggaccaca tttcaatcct gctggcaaaag agcatgggtc tcctgaagat gagactcgtc				180
atgctggtga tcttggaat atcactgttg gggatgacgg aactgcttgc ttcacaattg				240
ttgacaaaca gattcctctc actggaccac actctatcat tggtagggct gttgttgtcc				300
atgcagatcc tgatgacctt ggcaagggtg gacatgagct tagcaaatcc actggaaatg				360
ctggtggcag gatagcttgt ggtattattg gcct				394
<210> SEQ ID NO 39				
<211> LENGTH: 459				
<212> TYPE: DNA				
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea				
<400> SEQUENCE: 39				
atggcaaagg gcgttgctgt acttagctcc agtgagggtg ttgctggaac tatectcttt				60
acccaagagg gagatggccc aactactgtg accggaaaca tttctggcct caagcctggg				120
cttcattggtt tccatgttca tgctcttggg gacacaacca atggttgcatt gtcaactgga				180
ccacatttca atcctgctgg caaagagcat gggctctctg aagatgagac tcgtcatgct				240
ggtgatcttg gaaatatcac tgttggggat gacggaactg cttgcttcac aattgttgac				300
aaacagattc ctctcactgg accacactct atcattggta gggctgttgt tgtccatgca				360
gacctgatg accttggcaa ggggtggacat gagcttagca aatccactgg aatgctggt				420

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ggcaggatag cttgtggtat tattggcctt caaggatga 459

<210> SEQ ID NO 40  
<211> LENGTH: 459  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: *Fagus sylvatica*

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

atggccaagg gtgtggctgt tcttagctcg aatgaggggtg tttgtggcac tatctacttt 60  
gccaagaag gagatggccc aactacagta actggaaata tttctggcct taaacctgga 120  
ctccatggct tccacgtgca tgctcttggg gacacaacaa atggttgcat gtcaactgga 180  
ccacatttca atcctgctgg caaagagcat ggtgctcctg aggatgcgaa tcgtcatgct 240  
ggtgatctgg gaaatgtcaa tgttggtgat gatggcacag tcagtttcac aataattgac 300  
aaacagattc cactttgttg tccaaattcc attatcgga gggctgttgt tgtccatgga 360  
gatccagatg atcttggcaa ggggggacat gaacttagca agagcactgg aaatgctggt 420  
ggcgtatag cttgtggtat cattggtctc caaggatga 459

<210> SEQ ID NO 41  
<211> LENGTH: 400  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

tctttaccca agaggagat ggcccaacta ctgtgaccgg aaacatttct ggcctcaagc 60  
ctgggcttca tggtttccat gttcatgctc ttggggacac aaccaatggt tgcattgtcaa 120  
ctggaccaca tttcaatcct gctggcaaag agcatgggtc tcctgaagat gagactcgtc 180  
atgctggtga tcttggaat atcactgttg gggatgacgg aactgcttgc ttcacaattg 240  
ttgacaaaca gattcctctc actggaccac actctatcat tggtagggct gttgttgtcc 300  
atgcagatcc tgatgacctt ggcaagggtg gacatgagct tagcaaatcc actggaaatg 360  
ctggtggcag gatagcttgt ggtattattg gccttcaagg 400

<210> SEQ ID NO 42  
<211> LENGTH: 400  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: *Populus tremuloides*

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

tctttaccca agaaggagat ggcccaacta ctgtaattgg aaacctttct ggtcttaagc 60  
caggccttca tggcttcac gtccatgccc ttggagacac cacaatggc tgcattgtcaa 120  
ctgggcgcga ttttaatcct gtaggcaagg agcatggtgc ccctgaggat gagaatcgtc 180  
atgctggtga tctgggaat gtcactgttg gtgatgatgg cactgctgct ttcacaatca 240  
ttgacaaaca gattcctctt actggaccac attccattat tggttgggct gttgttgttc 300  
atggagatcc tgatgatctt ggcaagggag gacatgaact cagcaaaacc actggtaatg 360  
ctggcggcag agtagcatgc ggtattattg gtctgcaagg 400

<210> SEQ ID NO 43  
<211> LENGTH: 416  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atosanguinea*

-continued

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<400> SEQUENCE: 43

```

agtgagggtg ttgctggaac tatcctcttt acccaagagg gagatggccc aactactgtg    60
accggaacaa tttctggcct caagcctggg cttcatgggt tccatgttca tgctcttggg    120
gacacaacca atggttgcat gtcaactgga ccacatttca atcctgctgg caaagagcat    180
gggtctcctg aagatgagac tcgtcatgct ggtgatcttg gaaatatcac tgttggggat    240
gacggaactg cttgcttcac aattgttgac aaacagattc ctctcactgg accacactct    300
atcattggta gggctgttgt tgtccatgca gatcctgatg accttggcaa gggtgacat    360
gagcttagca aatccactgg aaatgctggt ggcaggatag cttgtggtat tattgg    416

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 44

<211> LENGTH: 416

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Manihot esculenta

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

```

agtgagggtg ttgctgggac aatcttcttc acccaagaag gagatggtcc aaccaccgtc    60
actggaagtg tttctggcct taagccaggg cttcatggat tccatgttca tgcccttgga    120
gacacaacaa atggttgcat gtcaactggg ccacatttca accctggtgg caaagagcat    180
ggtgcccctg aggacgacat tcgtcatgct ggtgatcttg gaaatgtcac tgctggtgat    240
gatggcactg ctagtttcac aatcgttgac aaggatatcc ctctttcttg tccgcattcc    300
attgtaggaa gggcagtcgt tgttcatgca gatcctgatg atcttgaaa ggggggacat    360
gaacttagca aaaccactgg aaatgctggt ggcagggtag catgtggtgt tattgg    416

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<210> SEQ ID NO 45

<211> LENGTH: 331

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

```

actatcctct ttaccaaga gggagatggc ccaactactg tgaccggaaa catttctggc    60
ctcaagcctg ggcttcatgg tttccatggt catgctcttg gggacacaac caatggttgc    120
atgtcaactg gaccacattt caatcctgct ggcaaagagc atgggtctcc tgaagatgag    180
actcgtcatg ctggtgatct tggaaatata actgttgggg atgacggaac tgcttgcttc    240
acaattgttg acaaacagat tcctctcact ggaccacact ctatcatttg tagggctggt    300
gttgctcatg cagatcctga tgaccttggc a                                331

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 46

<211> LENGTH: 331

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Betula pendula

<400> SEQUENCE: 46

```

actatccact ttaccaaga agctgatggc ccaactacag taactggaaa tatttctggc    60
cttaagcctg ggctccatgg gttccatgtc catgcacttg gggacacaac aaatggttgc    120
atgtcaactg ggccacattt caatcctgct ggcaaagagc atgggtctcc tgaggatgag    180
aatcgtcatg ccggtgatct gggaaatgtc accgttgggt atgatggtac tgccagtttc    240
acaatagttg acaagcagat tccactttct ggaccacatt ctattatttg aagggtggtt    300

```

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gttgtccacg gggatccaga tgatcttggc a 331

<210> SEQ ID NO 47

<211> LENGTH: 390

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

ctttacccaa gagggagatg gcccaactac tgtgaccgga aacattttctg gcctcaagcc 60  
 tgggcttcat ggtttccatg ttcattgctct tggggacaca accaatgggt gcatgtcaac 120  
 tggaccacat ttcaatcctg ctggcaaaga gcatgggtct cctgaagatg agactcgtca 180  
 tgctggtgat cttggaaata tcaactgttg ggatgacgga actgcttgct tcacaattgt 240  
 tgacaaacag attcctctca ctggaccaca ctctatcatt ggtagggctg ttgttgtcca 300  
 tgcatgcct gatgacctg gcaaggggtg acatgagctt agcaaatacca ctggaaatgc 360  
 tgggtggcagg atagcttctg gtattattgg 390

<210> SEQ ID NO 48

<211> LENGTH: 390

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Populus tremula* x *Populus tremuloides*

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

ctttacccaa gaaggagatg gtccaactac tgtaactgga agcctctgtg gtcttaagcc 60  
 aggccttcat ggcttccatg ttcattgcct tggagacacc acaaatggct gcatgtcaac 120  
 tggcccgcatt ttaattcctg taggcaaaga gcatgggtgcc cctgaggatg agaactcgtca 180  
 tgctggtgat ttgggaaatg tcaactgttg tgatgatggc accgctactg tctcaatcat 240  
 tgacaaccag attcctctca ctggacaaaa ttccatcggt ggaagggctg ttgttgttca 300  
 tgcatgcct gatgacctg gcaagggagg acatgaactt agcaaaagca ctggtaatgc 360  
 tgggtggcaga gtagcatgtg gtgttattgg 390

<210> SEQ ID NO 49

<211> LENGTH: 446

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

aagggcggtt ctgtacttag ctccagttag ggtgttgctg gaactatcct ctttacccaa 60  
 gagggagatg gcccaactac tgtgaccgga aacattttctg gcctcaagcc tgggcttcat 120  
 ggtttccatg ttcattgctct tggggacaca accaatgggt gcatgtcaac tggaccacat 180  
 ttcaatcctg ctggcaaaga gcatgggtct cctgaagatg agactcgtca tgctggtgat 240  
 cttggaaata tcaactgttg ggatgacgga actgcttgct tcacaattgt tgacaaacag 300  
 attcctctca ctggaccaca ctctatcatt ggtagggctg ttgttgtcca tgcatgcct 360  
 gatgacctg gcaaggggtg acatgagctt agcaaatacca ctggaaatgc tgggtggcagg 420  
 atagcttctg gtattattgg ccttca 446

<210> SEQ ID NO 50

<211> LENGTH: 446

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Plantago major*

-continued

---

<400> SEQUENCE: 50

```

aagggtgttg cagtgccttag cagcagtgag ggtgttagtg gcaccgtcct cttttcccaa    60
gaaggagaag gaccaccac tgtaactgga aacctttctg gccttaagcc tggacttcac    120
ggcttccatg ttcagtctct tggtgacact accaacggtt gcatgtcaac aggaccacat    180
ttcaatccgg ctgcaaaaga gcatgggtgct cctgatgatg aggttcgccca tgctggtgac    240
cttggtaatg tcacagtggg agatgatgga actgcaagtt tcaccattgt tgacaagctg    300
attccgctga ctggaccaca ttccatcatt ggaagggctg ttgttgcca tgctgacccc    360
gatgatttgg gaaggggtgg acatgaactc agcaaaacta ccggaaatgc tggtggaaga    420
gttgcttgtg gtatcattgg tcttca                                         446

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 51

<211> LENGTH: 401

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

```

ggaactatcc tctttaccca agagggagat ggcccaacta ctgtgaccgg aaacatttct    60
ggcctcaagc ctgggcttca tggtttccat gttcatgctc ttggggacac aaccaatggt    120
tgcatgtcaa ctggaccaca tttcaatcct gctggcaaag agcatgggtc tcctgaagat    180
gagactcgtc atgctggtga tcttggaat atcactgttg gggatgacgg aactgcttgc    240
ttcacaattg ttgacaaaca gattcctctc actggaccac actctatcat tggtagggct    300
gttgttgtcc atgcagatcc tgatgacctt ggcaaggtg gacatgagct tagcaaatcc    360
actggaaatg ctggtggcag gatagcttgt ggtattattg g                                         401

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 52

<211> LENGTH: 401

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Manihot esculenta*

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

```

ggaacaatct tctttaccca agaaggagat ggtcctacca ctgtaactgg aaacatttcc    60
ggccttaagc cagggcttca tgggttccac gtccatgcc ttggagacac aacaaacggt    120
tgcatgtcaa ctgggccaca ctttaaccct tctggcaaag atcatggtgc ccctgaggat    180
gagattcgtc atgctggtga tctgggaaat gtcactgctg gtgatgatgg cactgctagt    240
ttcacaatta ttgacaagca tattcctctt tctgggtcaaa attcaatcat aggaagggca    300
gttggtgttc atgcagatcc tgatgatctt ggcaggggag gacatgaact cagtaaaacc    360
accggaaatg ctggtggcag agtagcatgc ggtattattg g                                         401

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 53

<211> LENGTH: 398

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

```

tttacccaag agggagatgg cccaactact gtgaccggaa acattttctgg cctcaagcct    60
ggggttcatt gtttccatgt tcattgctctt ggggacacaa ccaatggttg catgtcaact    120
ggaccacatt tcaatcctgc tggcaaagag catgggtctc ctgaagatga gactcgtcat    180

```

## -continued

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```

gctggtgatc ttggaatat cactgttggg gatgacggaa ctgcttgctt cacaattggt 240
gacaaacaga ttcctctcac tggaccacac tctatcattg gtagggctgt tgtgtccat 300
gcagatcctg atgaccttgg caaggggtga catgagctta gcaaatccac tggaaatgct 360
ggtggcagga tagcttgtgg tattattggc cttcaagg 398

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 398
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Condonopsis lanceolata

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

```

```

tttaccgaag agggagatgg cccaactaaa gttactggaa gcctttcttg ccttcaacct 60
ggacctcacg gtttccatgt tcatgccctt ggtgacacaa ccaatggttg catgtcaact 120
ggtcctcatt ataactctgc tggaaaagaa catggtgctc cagaggacga gattcgtcat 180
gctggtgacc tcgggaatgt tacagtaggc gaagacggta ctgcaaattt caccatcggt 240
gacaaccaga ttccactatc tggacctcat tctatcattg gaagggctgt agttgtccat 300
gctgatcctg atgatcttgg aaaggggtgg catgaactca gcaaaagcac tggaaatgct 360
ggtggcagga ttgcctgtgg tatcattgga ctgcaagg 398

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 394
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 55

```

```

cccaagaggg agatggccca actactgtga cgggaaacat ttctggcctc aagcctgggc 60
ttcatggttt ccatgttcat gctcttgggg acacaaccaa tggttgcatg tcaactggac 120
cacatttcaa tcctgctggc aaagagcatg ggtctcctga agatgagact cgtcatgctg 180
gtgatcttgg aaatatcact gttggggatg acggaactgc ttgcttcaca attgttgaca 240
aacagattcc tctcactgga ccacactcta tcattggtag ggctgttgtt gtccatgcag 300
atcctgatga ccttggaag ggtggacatg agcttagcaa atccactgga aatgctggtg 360
gcaggatagc ttgtggtatt attggccttc aagg 394

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 56
<211> LENGTH: 394
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Gossypium hirsutum
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: modified_base
<222> LOCATION: (158)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: a, c, g, t, unknown or other
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: modified_base
<222> LOCATION: (191)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: a, c, g, t, unknown or other
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: modified_base
<222> LOCATION: (221)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: a, c, g, t, unknown or other
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: modified_base
<222> LOCATION: (251)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: a, c, g, t, unknown or other

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

```

## -continued

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```

ccaagaagg agatggtcca actaccgtga ctgggaacct ttctggtcct aagccgggac    60
tccatggcct ccatgttcat gcccttgggg acacaactaa cgggtgcatg tcaactggac    120
cccattttaa tcctgctggc aaagagcatg gtgctccnga agatgagaac cgccatgctg    180
gtgatctagg naatgtcact gttggtgatg atggctgtgc nagcttctcc atcaccgaca    240
aacagattcc nctcacaggc ccaaactcca ttatcggaag agctgtagtt gtccatgcag    300
atcccgatga ccttggaag ggcgccatg agctcagcaa aagcacagga aatgctggcg    360
gcagagtagc ttgcggtatt attggtctgc aagg                                394

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 57
<211> LENGTH: 331
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

```

```

ctttacccaa gagggagatg gcccaactac tgtgaccgga aacatttctg gcctcaagcc    60
tgggcttcat ggtttccatg ttcattgctct tggggacaca accaatgggt gcatgtcaac    120
tggaccacat ttcaatcctg ctggcaaaga gcatgggtct cctgaagatg agactcgtca    180
tgctggtgat cttggaata tcaactgttg ggatgacgga actgcttctc tcacaattgt    240
tgacaaacag attcctctca ctggaccaca ctctatcatt ggtagggctg ttgttgtcca    300
tgcagatcct gatgaccttg gcaaggggtg a                                331

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 58
<211> LENGTH: 331
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Fagus sylvatica

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

```

```

ctttgccaa gaaggagatg gcccaactac agtaactgga aatatttctg gccttaaac    60
tggactccat ggcttccacg tgcattgctct tggggacaca acaaatgggt gcatgtcaac    120
tggaccacat ttcaatcctg ctggcaaagg gcatgggtct cctgaggatg cgaatcgtca    180
tgctggtgat ctgggaaatg tcaatgttgg tgatgatggc acagtcagtt tcacaataat    240
tgacaaacag attccacttt gtggtccaaa ttccattatc ggaagggctg ttgttgtcca    300
tggagatcca gatgatcttg gcaaggggtg a                                331

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 59
<211> LENGTH: 399
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

```

```

ctttacccaa gagggagatg gcccaactac tgtgaccgga aacatttctg gcctcaagcc    60
tgggcttcat ggtttccatg ttcattgctct tggggacaca accaatgggt gcatgtcaac    120
tggaccacat ttcaatcctg ctggcaaaga gcatgggtct cctgaagatg agactcgtca    180
tgctggtgat cttggaata tcaactgttg ggatgacgga actgcttctc tcacaattgt    240
tgacaaacag attcctctca ctggaccaca ctctatcatt ggtagggctg ttgttgtcca    300
tgagatcct gatgaccttg gcaaggggtg acatgagctt agcaaatcca ctggaaatgc    360
tggtggcagg atagcttgtg gtattatttg ccttcaagg                                399

```



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<210> SEQ ID NO 60  
<211> LENGTH: 399  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Citrus limon

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

```
ctttacccag gaaggagatg gtccaacaac tgtttcagga agcctctctg gtctcaagcc    60
tggtcctcat ggattccatg ttcattgctt tggagacaca acaaatgggt gcatgtctac    120
tggacccac ttaaccctg ctggaaaaga acatggagct ccagaggatg ataatcgtca    180
tgctggtgat ttaggaaatg tcaatgtag tgatgatggt actgctactt ttacagttgt    240
tgacaatcag attcctcttt ctggacaaaa ttccattatt ggaagggtg ttgtagtcca    300
cgcatatccc gatgatcttg gcaagggcgg tcatgagctg agcaaaacca ctggaaatgc    360
tggtggcaga gtagcttgcg gcataattgg cctccaagg    399
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 61  
<211> LENGTH: 375  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

```
ccaagagga gatggccaa ctactgtgac cggaacatt tctggcctca agcctgggt    60
tcatggtttc catgttcatt ctcttgggga cacaaccaat ggttgcatt caactggacc    120
acatttcaat cctgctggca aagagcatgg gtctcctgaa gatgagactc gtcattgctg    180
tgatcttga aatatcactg ttggggatga cggaactgct tgcttcacaa ttgttgacaa    240
acagattcct ctactggac cacactctat cattggtagg gctgttgttg tccatgcaga    300
tcctgatgac ctgggcaagg gtggacatga gcttagcaaa tccactggaa atgctggtgg    360
caggatagct tgtgg    375
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 62  
<211> LENGTH: 375  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Bruguiera gymnorhiza

<400> SEQUENCE: 62

```
ccaagagga gatggccaa ctactgtaac tggaaatggt tctggcctta agtcagggt    60
tcatggcttc catgttcatt ctcttgggga cactacaaat ggttgcatt caactgggcc    120
gcacttcaat ccaggtagca aagagcatgg tgccctgaa gacgagaacc gtcattgccg    180
tgacctagga aatgtaaatg ttgcggatga tggcactgca acattcacia tcaactgaaa    240
tcagattcct ctactggac ccaattccat tgttggaagg gctgttgttg ttcattgctga    300
tcctgatgat ctgggcaagg gagggcatga acttagcaaa agcactggaa atgctggtgg    360
cagggtagca tgtgg    375
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 63  
<211> LENGTH: 390  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

```
ctttacccaa gaggagatg gcccaactac tgtgaccgga aacatttctg gcctcaagcc    60
```

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```

tgggcttcat ggtttccatg ttcattgctt tggggacaca accaatgggt gcatgtcaac 120
tggaccacat ttcaatcctg ctggcaaaga gcatgggtct cctgaagatg agactcgtca 180
tgctggtgat ctggaaata tcaactgttg ggatgacgga actgcttgct tcacaattgt 240
tgacaaacag attcctctca ctggaccaca ctctatcatt ggtagggctg ttgttgtcca 300
tgcagatcct gatgaccttg gcaaggggtg acatgagctt agcaaatcca ctggaaatgc 360
tggtaggcagg atagcttgtg gtattattgg 390

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 64
<211> LENGTH: 390
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Populus alba

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 64
ctttacccaa gaaggagatg gtccaactac tgtaactgga agcctctgtg gtcttaagcc 60
aggccttcat ggcttccatg ttcattgcct tggagacacc acaaatggct gcatgtcaac 120
tggcccgcat tttaatcctg taggcaaaga gcatgggtgc cctgaggatg agaatcgtca 180
tgctggtgat ttgggaaatg tcaactgttg tgatgatggc accgctactg tctcaatcat 240
tgacaaccag attcctctta ctggacccaa ttccattggt ggaagggcag ttgttgttca 300
tgcagatcct gatgatcttg gcaagggagg acatgaactt agcaaaagca ctggtaatgc 360
tggtaggcaga gtagcatgtg gtgttattgg 390

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 65
<211> LENGTH: 390
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 65
ctttacccaa gagggagatg gcccactac tgtgaccgga aacatttctg gcctcaagcc 60
tgggcttcat ggtttccatg ttcattgctt tggggacaca accaatgggt gcatgtcaac 120
tggaccacat ttcaatcctg ctggcaaaga gcatgggtct cctgaagatg agactcgtca 180
tgctggtgat ctggaaata tcaactgttg ggatgacgga actgcttgct tcacaattgt 240
tgacaaacag attcctctca ctggaccaca ctctatcatt ggtagggctg ttgttgtcca 300
tgcagatcct gatgaccttg gcaaggggtg acatgagctt agcaaatcca ctggaaatgc 360
tggtaggcagg atagcttgtg gtattattgg 390

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 66
<211> LENGTH: 390
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Potentilla atrosanguinea

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 66
ctttacccaa gaaggagatg gtccaactac tgtaactgga agcctctgtg gtcttaagcc 60
aggccttcat ggcttccatg ttcattgcct tggagacacc acaaatggct gcatgtcaac 120
tggcccgcat tttaatcctg taggcaaaga gcatgggtgc cctgaggatg agaatcgtca 180
tgctggtgat ttgggaaatg tcaactgttg tgatgatggc accgctactg tctcaatcat 240
tgacaaccag attcctctta ctggacccaa ttccattggt ggaagggcag ttgttgttca 300
tgcagatcct gatgatcttg gcaagggagg acatgaactt agcaaaagca ctggtaatgc 360

```

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tggtggcaga gtagcatgtg gtgttattgg 390

<210> SEQ ID NO 67

<211> LENGTH: 423

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 67

cagtgagggg gttgctggaa ctatcctctt tacccaagag ggagatggcc caactactgt 60  
gaccggaaac atttctggcc tcaagcctgg gcttcatggt ttccatgttc atgctcttgg 120  
ggacacaacc aatggttgca tgtcaactgg accacatttc aatcctgctg gcaaagagca 180  
tgggtctcct gaagatgaga ctcgcatgc tggatgctt ggaaatatca ctgttgggga 240  
tgacggaact gcttgcttca caattgttga caaacagatt cctctcactg gaccacactc 300  
tatcattggt agggctgttg ttgtccatgc agatcctgat gaccttggca aggggtggaca 360  
tgagcttagc aaatccactg gaaatgctgg tggcaggata gcttgtggta ttattggcct 420  
tca 423

<210> SEQ ID NO 68

<211> LENGTH: 423

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Populus alba*

<400> SEQUENCE: 68

cagtgagggg gttagtggca ccatctactt caccagga ggagatggtc caacaactgt 60  
tactggaac gtttctggcc ttaagcctgg acccatggc ttccatgtgc atgcccttgg 120  
tgacaccacc aatggttgtt tgtcaactgg acctcacttc aatcctgctg gcaaagagca 180  
tggagctcct gatgatgagg ttcgccatgc tggtagcctt gggaatgtca cagttggaga 240  
agatggcact gctgcttca ctattgttga caagcagata ccacttacag gaccacattc 300  
cataattgga agagctgtag ttgttcatgc tgatcctgat gatcttggaa aggggtggaca 360  
tgaactgagc aaaaccactg gaaatactgg tggaagagtt gcttgtggta tcaatggcct 420  
tca 423

<210> SEQ ID NO 69

<211> LENGTH: 392

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 69

accaagagg gagatggccc aactactgtg accggaaaca tttctggcct caagcctggg 60  
cttcatggtt tccatgttca tgctcttggg gacacaacca atggttgcac gtcaactgga 120  
ccacatttca atcctgctgg caaagagcat gggctcctg aagatgagac tcgtcatgct 180  
ggatgcttgg gaaatatcac tgttggggat gacggaactg cttgcttcac aattgttgac 240  
aaacagattc ctctcactgg accacactct atcattggta gggctgttgt tgtccatgca 300  
gatcctgatg accttggcaa ggggtggacat gagcttagca aatccactgg aaatgctggt 360  
ggcaggatag cttgtgggat tattggcctt ca 392

<210> SEQ ID NO 70

<211> LENGTH: 392

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<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: *Olea europaea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 70

```
acccaagaag gagatggtcc aactactgtt actggaaacc tttctggcct taagcctgga    60
cttcattggct ttcattgtcca cggccttggt gacaccacca atggctgtat gtcaactgga    120
cctcatttca atcctgttgg gaaagagcat ggtgcacctg gagatgagaa ccgtcatgct    180
ggtgatcttg gtaatatcac agttggcgaa gatggcaccg ctgctatcaa cattgttgac    240
aagcagatac ctcttacagg accacattcc ataattgaa gagcagtagt tgtccattca    300
gacctgatg atcttggaa ggggtggtcat gaactgagca agagcactgg aaatgctggg    360
ggaagagttg cttgtggtat cattggcctt ca                                392
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 71  
<211> LENGTH: 395  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: *Potentilla atrosanguinea*

<400> SEQUENCE: 71

```
atcctcttta cccaagaggg agatggccca actactgtga ccgaaacat ttctggcctc    60
aagcctgggc ttcattggtt ccatgttcat gctcttgggg acacaacaa tggttgcatg    120
tcaactggac cacatttcaa tcctgctggc aaagagcatg ggtctcctga agatgagact    180
cgtcatgctg gtgatcttgg aaatatcact gttggggatg acggaactgc ttgcttcaca    240
attgttgaca aacagattcc tctcactgga ccacactcta tcattggtag ggctgttggt    300
gtccatgcag atcctgatga ccttggcaag ggtggacatg agcttagcaa atccactgga    360
aatgctgggt gcaggatagc ttgtggtatt attgg                                395
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 72  
<211> LENGTH: 395  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: *Solanum tuberosum*

<400> SEQUENCE: 72

```
atcctcttca ctcaagatgg agatgctcca accacagtta atggaaatat ttctggccta    60
aaacctggac ttcattggtt ccatgtccat gcccttggtg ataccacaaa tggtgcatg    120
tcaacaggac cacattacaa tcctgctggt aaggagcatg gtgctcctga agatgaggtg    180
cgtcatgctg gtgatcttgg taacatcaca gttggagaag atggtactgc atcttttact    240
attaccgaca agcagattcc tctcactggt tcacaatcca tcattggaag agctgttggt    300
gttcatgctg atcctgatga tcttggaaag ggaggacatg agctcagtaa aagcactgga    360
aatgctggcg gaaggattgc ttgtggtatt attgg                                395
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 73  
<211> LENGTH: 57  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
oligonucleotide  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: modified\_base  
<222> LOCATION: (56)..(57)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: a, c, g, t, unknown or other

-continued

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 73

aagcagtggat atcaacgcag agtacttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttttttnn

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We claim:

1. Superoxide dismutase (SOD) cDNA of SEQ ID No. 2 obtained from *Potentilla atrosanguinea*, wherein the said cDNA comprising of 856 nucleotide bases.

2. Superoxide dismutase (SOD) cDNA as claimed in claim 1, wherein the said cDNA has entire coding sequence along with pre- and post-coding sequences.

3. Superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3, wherein the said coding cDNA comprising of 459 nucleotide bases.

4. Superoxide dismutase (SOD) polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 1, wherein the said polypeptide comprising of 152 amino acids.

5. Superoxide dismutase (SOD) polypeptide as claimed in claim 4, wherein the said polypeptide is autoclavable.

6. Superoxide dismutase (SOD) polypeptide as claimed in claim 4, wherein the said polypeptide is functional at temperature range of <-10° C. to +80° C.

7. A set of primers useful for the amplification of Superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3, wherein

Forward primer 5'-ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTACTT-3' (SEQ ID NO: 5) and;

Reverse primer 5'-TCATCCTTGMGGCCMT-MTACCA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 6)

8. A method of identifying and cloning of superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene of SEQ ID NO 3 which codes for a polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 1 having Superoxide dismutase enzyme activity, wherein the said method comprising the steps of:

- isolating the mRNA from leaves of *potentilla*;
- synthesizing the cDNA from mRNA as obtained from step (a);
- constructing a cDNA library of the DNA of *potentilla* followed by the cloning of the cDNA obtained from step (b) in a suitable vector preferably in bacteriophage;
- screening the said library obtained from step (c) followed by the primary, secondary and tertiary screening for identification of positive cDNA clones;
- isolating the DNA from positive cDNA clones obtained from step (d);
- amplifying the said DNA using the primers comprising:

Forward Primer:  
5'-GTTGTAAACGACGTGCCAGT-3' (SEQ ID NO: 13)

Reverse Primer:  
5'-CACAGGAAACAGCTATGACC-3'; (SEQ ID NO: 14)

- amplifying the ends of cDNA obtained from step (e) through rapid amplification of cDNA ends technique (RACE) using different set of primers to get the full

length desired Superoxide dismutase (SOD) DNA of SEQ ID NO. 2 wherein the said primers comprising:

Forward Primer (GSP1):  
(SEQ ID NO: 7)  
5'-CCAGTGGATTTGCTAAGCTCATGTCCA-3'

Reverse Primer (NES1):  
(SEQ ID NO: 8)  
5'-GTCATCAGGGTCTGCATGGACAACAAC-3'

Forward Primer (GSP2):  
(SEQ ID NO: 9)  
5'-ATGGTTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATT-3'

Reverse Primer (NES2):  
(SEQ ID NO: 10)  
5'-TTGCATGTCAACTGGACCACATTTCAA-3'

SMART II A Oligonucleotide:  
(SEQ ID NO: 11)  
5'AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGTAC GCGGG-3'

3'- RACE CDS Primer A (3'- CDS):  
(SEQ ID NO: 73)  
5'AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGA  
GTAC (T)<sub>30</sub> N<sub>1</sub>N-3'

5'- RACE CDS Primer (5'- CDS)  
(SEQ ID NO: 15)  
5'- (T)<sub>25</sub> N<sub>1</sub>N- 3'

Universal Primer Mix A (UPM): Long:  
(SEQ ID NO: 16)  
5'TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGC  
AAGCAGTG GTATCAACGCAGAGT-3'

Universal Primer Mix A (UPM): Short:  
(SEQ ID NO: 17)  
5'-CTAATACGACTCACTATAGG  
GC-3'

Nested Universal Primer A (NUP):  
(SEQ ID NO: 23)  
5'-AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT-3'

- amplifying the coding sequence of Superoxide dismutase (SOD) of SEQ ID No. 3 using a set of primers designed from start and stop codon of full length desired Superoxide dismutase (SOD) DNA of SEQ ID NO. 2 wherein the said primers have the following sequences:

Forward Primer:  
5'-ATGGCAAAGGGCGTTGCTGTACTT-3' (SEQ ID NO: 5)

Reverse Primer:  
5'-TCATCCTTGAAGGCCAATAATACCA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 6)

- cloning the amplified product obtained from step (g) into pQE 30 expression vector followed by the transformation it into competent *E.coli* cells to get an expression construct;

k) isolating the plasmid DNA by conventional method followed by sequencing to confirm the said SOD gene.

9. A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the polyclonal antibodies were raised against the purified SOD and used for cDNA library screening synthesized from young leaf mRNA.

10. A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the  $10^5$  plaque forming units (pfu) are taken for primary screening.

11. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein three strong positive clones are obtained from the primary cloning.

12. A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the said positive clones are taken for secondary screening which gives about 70% positive clones.

13. A method as claimed in claim 13, wherein the said positive clones are randomly taken for tertiary screening which gives 100% positive signal after tertiary screening.

14. A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the said RACE Primers are designed such that the amplified 5' and 3' end overlap each other over a small stretch of nucleotides.

15. A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the said full length SOD gene of SEQ ID No. 2 contains 856 nucleotide bases.

16. A method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the said full length SOD gene of SEQ ID No. 2 has entire coding sequence along with pre- and post-coding sequences

17. A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the said coding cDNA of SEQ ID No. 3 comprises 459 nucleotide bases.

18. A method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the said coding sequence of SOD gene of SEQ ID No. 3 corresponding to polynucleotides encoding Superoxide dismutase (SOD) enzyme.

19. An expression construct comprises a nucleotide sequence of superoxide dismutase (SOD) gene of SEQ ID NO 3 which codes for a polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 1 having Superoxide dismutase enzyme activity, a selectable marker and a terminator sequence.

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