No. 725,637.

PATENTED APR. 14, 1903.

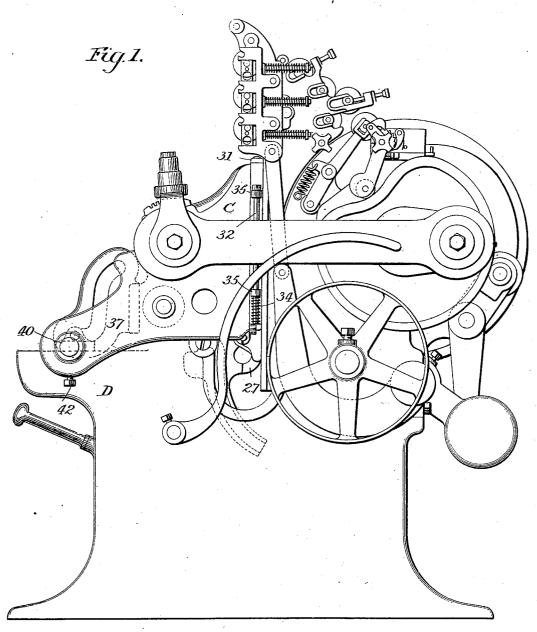
### J. THOMSON.

### PLATEN FOR PRINTING PRESSES.

APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 27, 1902.

NO MODEL.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 1.



Witnesses

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John Thomson

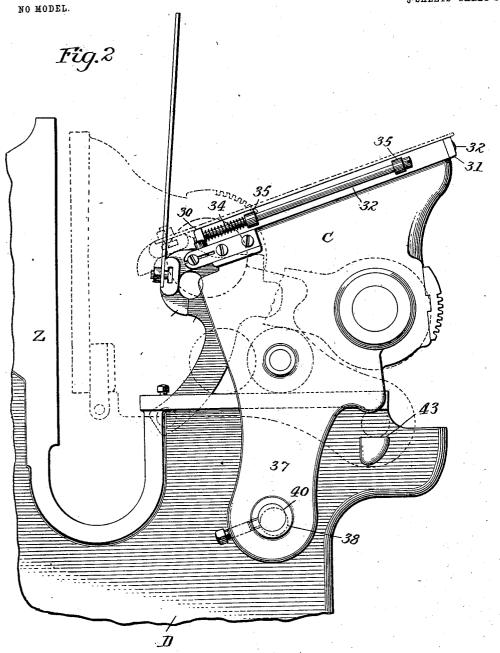
Altorneys

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3 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



Inventor

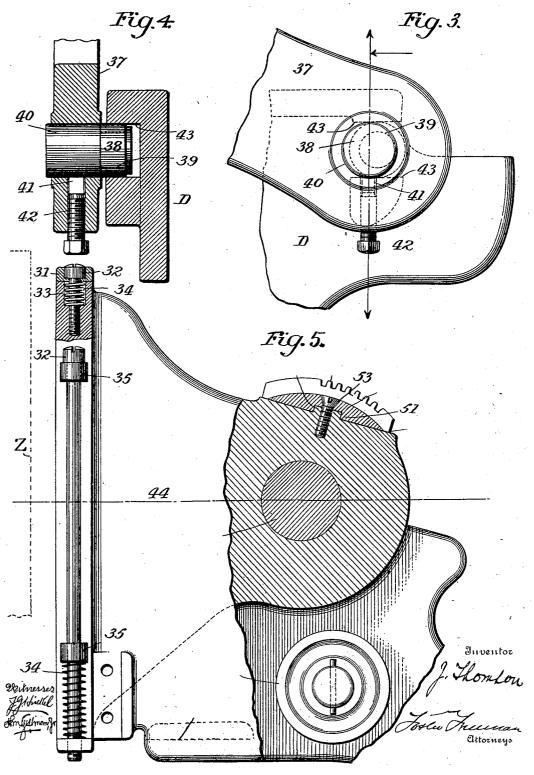
Attorneys

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APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 27, 1902.

NO MODEL.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 3.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN THOMSON, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK, ASSIGNOR TO JOHN THOMSON PRESS COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., A CORPORATION OF NEW JERSEY.

## PLATEN FOR PRINTING-PRESSES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 725,637, dated April 14, 1903.

Application filed September 27, 1902. Serial No. 125,079. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Thomson, a citizen of the United States, residing at Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Platens for Printing-Presses, of which the following is a specifica-

This invention relates to the platens of 10 platen printing-presses; and the object thereof is to increase the convenience and durability of operation and to facilitate the construction of the platen and the parts connect-

In the drawings, Figure 1 represents an embodiment of the invention in side elevation. Fig. 2 is a side view of details. Figs. 3 and 4 are detached side and sectional views, respectively, of the ears of the platen; and Fig. 20 5 is a part side and sectional view of the platen, showing details of the improved con-

struction. One feature of invention herein claimed consists in a convenient and effective appli-25 cation of clamps for securing the tympan to the face of the platen C, which platen is shown pivotally mounted on the frame D. This has heretofore been accomplished by means of bails swung over the upper and lower edges 30 of the platen, which are fixedly adjusted to a uniform thickness of tympan and necessarily clamp more tightly at the ends than along the center. These objections are obviated by applying plain strips or bars 30 31 to the 35 lower and upper edges of the platen and clamped thereto by screws, as 32, at the ends. The bearings for the screws of the upper bar are counterbored at 33 to receive springs 34, acting to thrust the bar upwardly; but the 40 thrust upon the lower bar is downward, and the spring is more advantageously applied on the outside. Thus by loosening the screws

space between it and the edge of the platen 45 for the ready insertion, change, stretch, or removal of the tympan. The bars are to be formed or sprung so as to first make contact along the center of the platen, producing a uniform clamping pressure. The screws for

32 the bar is caused to follow, leaving a free

50 the lower bar are elongated, as shown, mounted in side pieces 35, so that both the upper and the lower sets may be quickly operated

to produce free spaces for the ready insertion

of the tympan. Another feature consists of the application 55 to the right and left hand "ears" 37 of the platen of studs or rollers 38, mounted upon bearings 39, whose centers are eccentric to those of the main bodies 40, secured to the ears with the desired intensity of pressure to 60 resist rotation, as by the bearing-pieces 41 and bolts 42. The rollers act in slots 43, formed in the sides of the frame, when the platen is sliding to or from the impression, and their normal function is to cause the face of 65 the platen to impinge squarely against the form; but in event of an abnormal strain being applied above or below the center, as 44, of the platen the eccentric bearings of the rollers will be caused to partially rotate against 70 the friction of the bolts, thus relieving the strain and avoiding fracture of the ears or the walls of the slot. Then, after, by simply loosening the bolts the platen may be reset to parallelism, when the friction may again 75 be applied as before.

I claim-

1. In a platen printing-press, the combination with a platen of tympan-clamps secured to the upper and lower edges of the platen by 80 screws and springs arranged to cause the clamps to leave their seats when the said screws are loosened, substantially as de-

2. The combination with the frame and bed 85 of a platen-press of a vibrating and sliding platen having studs or rollers mounted on eccentric bearings frictionally secured in the "ears" thereof and adapted to enter slots in the frame when the impression is being 90 taken, the arrangement and construction being such that an excess of pressure applied above or below the horizontal center of the platen will cause the eccentric bearings to partially revolve and relieve the strain upon 95 the walls of the slots, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

JOHN THOMSON.

Witnesses:

L. S. FOLGER. WM. THOMSON.