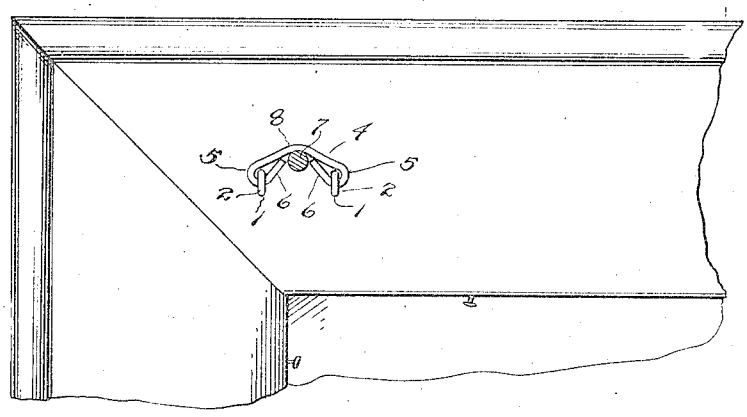
A. L. ROGERS.

PICTURE FRAME ATTACHMENT.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 26, 1917.

1,242,868. Patented Oct. 9, 1917.

Fig. 1.



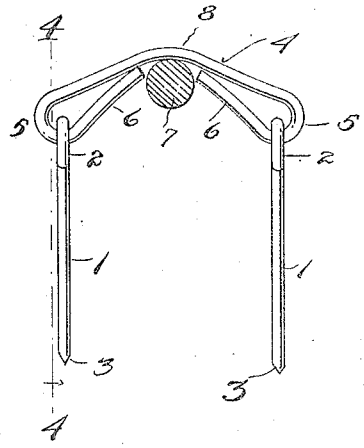


Fig. 2

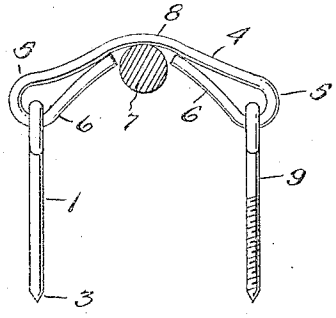


Fig. 3.

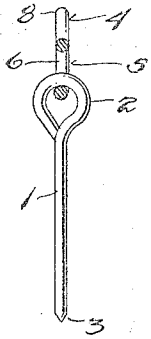


Fig. 4.

Witnesses.

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ADA L. ROGERS, OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

PICTURE-FRAME ATTACHMENT.

1,242,868. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Oct. 9, 1917.

Application filed February 26, 1917. Serial No. 150,981.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ADA L. ROGERS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Memphis, in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Picture-Frame Attachments; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to new and useful improvements in picture frame attachments, and has for its primary object to provide a device of this character which is both cheap to manufacture and simple in construction.

A further object of the invention is to provide a device which is adapted for attachment to the top rail of the picture frame centrally thereof thus eliminating the use of tacks or screws with a connecting wire or the like as is the common practice.

A further object of the invention is to provide means which is secured to the frame in such a manner that it is invisible from the front thereof.

A further object of the invention is to so construct a device of such character that movement of the frame is reduced to a minimum thus maintaining the picture in vertical position at all times.

Referring to the drawings:

Figure 1 is a rear view of a portion of a picture frame showing the invention as applied thereto.

Fig. 2 is a detail view of the device.

Fig. 3 is a detail view of a modified form of the device, and

Fig. 4 is a sectional view on the line 4—4 of Fig. 2.

Referring more particularly to the drawings the device comprises two tack members 1 each of which is formed of a single strand of wire, one end of which is bent to form a loop 2, the other end being tapered to provide a penetrating point 3.

Connecting said tack members 1 is a loop 14 of non-resilient wire, each end of which is looped as at 5, said loops lying in the same plane as the body portion of the member 4. The ends 6 of the loops 5 are bent upwardly into engagement with the body portion 4 and are arranged in relatively closely spaced relation for the reception of a suitable supporting nail or the like 7. Intermediate its ends, the body member 4 is bent as at 8, this bent portion 8 acting in conjunction with the ends 6 of the loops 5 to form a receiving pocket for the supporting member 7.

As shown in Fig. 3, in lieu of one of the tack members 1 a screw eye 9 may be employed.

The device is used in the following manner:

The tack members 1 are driven int the top rail of the picture frame and the member 4 is engaged over a supporting nail which is received within the bent portion 8 thereof as shown in Fig. 1. When the member 4 has been passed over the supporting member 7 the ends 6 of the loop members 5 engage the opposite sides of the supporting member 7 thus preventing lateral movement of the member 4 with respect thereto and serving to maintain the proper vertical position of the picture frame.

In attaching the device as shown in Fig. 4 the screw threaded member 9 is first driven into the picture frame and after the same has been properly positioned the member 1 is driven in the proper distance.

It is to be understood that the connection between the attaching members 1 and the looped member 4 is loose to permit the loop to be dropped into engagement with the attaching members 1 in order that they may be driven into the frame by any suitable driving means.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed is:—

A picture hanger comprising an elongated member having its ends curved and turned upon the member to produce elongated terminal loops, the extremities of said member lying against the member and in relatively close spaced relation, said member

being curved longitudinally between the loops to bring the portions of the member adjacent to its extremities into divergent relation, the extremities of the member being arranged for the reception of a supporting device therebetween, and attaching devices engaged with the loops.

In testimony whereof, I affix my signature, in the presence of two witnesses.

ADA L. ROGERS.

Witnesses:
H. W. HYMAN,
C. L. MASSILLIOT.