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(54) Title: ANTI-INFECTIVE COMPOUNDS

#### Lungs CFU results after 3 days treatment

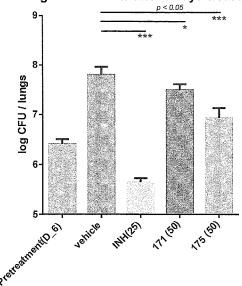
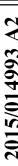


Figure 1

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to small molecule compounds and their use in the treatment of bacterial infections, in particular Tuberculosis.





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# Anti-infective compounds

The present invention relates to small molecule compounds and their use in the treatment of bacterial infections, in particular Tuberculosis.

# **Background of the Invention**

Tuberculosis (TB) still claims the life of more than 1.8 million people each year. Inadequate use of chemotherapy has led to an increasing number in multi-drug resistant (MDR) TB, and the situation is likely to worsen with the emergence and spread of exensively drug resistant form of the disease (Chaisson R.E.&Nuermberger E.L., N Engl J Med 2012; Zhao Y. et al., N Engl J Med 2012). The most urgent clinical need is to discover potent agents capable of reducing the time of M-XDR tuberculosis therapy with a success rate comparable to susceptible tuberculosis. The last decade has seen the discovery of promising new agent classes for the management of tuberculosis (Stover C.K. et al. Nature 2000; Andreis K. et al. Science 2005; Makarov V. et al. Science 2009), several of which are currently under clinical development (Diacon A.H. et al. Antimicrob Agents Chemother 2010; Diacon A.H. et al. Antimicrob Agents Chemother 2012; Gler M.T. et al. N Engl J Med 2012). However, given the high attrition rate during clinical development and emergence of resistance, the discovery of additional clinical candidates is clearly needed.

Current chemotherapy consists of compounds that directly target *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* bacillus, by targeting either the synthesis of macromolecules such as DNA, RNA or protein synthesis, or key components of the cell-wall. The most widely used dedicated anti-tubercular drugs isoniazid, ethionamide and pyrazinamide are pro-drugs that first require activation. As active forms, they demonstrate inhibitory activity on primarily cell-wall synthesis and/or on a wide range of mycobacterial targets, which have not yet been fully characterized.

One of the most challenging obstacle in the discovery of new anti-TB drugs is the lack of predictive *in vitro* screening methods that reproduce critical features found *in vivo*. Although there is still a lack of understanding of the biological mechanisms behind tubercle bacillus persistence, i.e. the location and state of latent bacteria in humans, *M. tuberculosis* is thought to persists in primary granulomas (Lenaerts *et al.*, 2007) and within various cell types (Houben *et al.*, 2006; Neyrolles *et al.*, 2006). The bacillus mainly localizes inside phagocytic

cells, such as macrophages and dendritic cells, where it adapts drastically its metabolism to survive the harsh environment found in professional phagocytic cells (Rohde *et al.*, 2007; Schnappinger *et al.*, 2003). Therefore, we developed and used a phenotypic high-content screening technology in infected macrophages to identify novel antitubercular compounds (WO2010003533A2), overcoming many of the numerous and burdensome steps involved with other methodologies (Arain *et al.*, 1996). The technology has several advantages compared to traditional phenotypic screening approaches since it allows i) screening under physiologically relevant conditions, which is notoriously challenging in the field (Pethe K. *et al.* Nat Commun 2010; Stanley S.A. *et al.*, ACS Chem Biol 2012), ii) selection of noncytotoxic compounds that penetrate effectively inside macrophages, and iii) selection of compounds that are poor substrates for macrophage-induced efflux mechanisms (Adams K.N. *et al.* Cell 2011), thereby compressing the discovery and optimization time of new lead molecules.

It was an object of the present invention to identify compounds effective against bacterial infections, in particular compounds that would prevent *M. tuberculosis* multiplication inside the host macrophage.

# **Description of the Invention**

In one aspect, the present invention relates to compounds having the general formula I:

$$R^4 \xrightarrow{N} R^3 \xrightarrow{Y} R^2$$

wherein

X is CH or N;

Y is CH, O or N;

m is 0 or 1;

n is 0 or 1;

 $R^1$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, ethyl, t-butyl, phenyl,  $-NC(O)R^5$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-C(O)R^5$ ,  $-C(O)OR^5$ , any of which is optionally substituted;

 $R^2$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and hydroxyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkylhetorocycle, phenyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is O and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro, 6-methyl, 6-methoxy, 6-bromo, 6-trifluoromethyl, 6-fluoro, 7-chloro, 7-methyl, 7-methoxy, 7-trifluoromethyl, 7-bromo, 8-fluoro, 8-trifluoromethyl, 8-methoxy, or 8-bromo;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N and Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is H, R<sup>2</sup> is H, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N and Y is N, R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxyl, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>4</sup> is 7-chloro, then R<sup>1</sup> is not hydrogen;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-fluorobenzyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-chlorophenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-fluorophenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro, 6-trifluoromethyl or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6- chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 0, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6- chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 1, n is 1, X is N, Y is N,  $R^1$  is 4-(butyramidomethyl)phenyl and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is N,  $R^1$  is 4-fluorophenyl and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not hydrogen, 6-fluoro, 6-methyl, 6-methoxy, 6-bromo, 7-bromo, 7-chloro, 7-methyl, 7-methoxy, 8-methoxy, 8-bromo or 8-fluoro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is N,  $R^1$  is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C,  $R^1$  is 4-fluorophenyl,  $R^2$  is hydrogen and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C,  $R^1$  is 4-chlorophenyl,  $R^2$  is hydrogen and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is 4-fluorophenyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is N, R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 7-chloro.

In one embodiment, m is 0. In one embodiment, m is 0, and  $R^1$  is at each occurrence, independently, selected from the group consisting of halogen, methyl, ethyl, t-butyl, phenyl, -  $NC(O)R^5$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-C(O)OR^5$ , any of which is optionally substituted,  $R^5$  being as defined further above.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a compound which has the general formula II:

$$R^8$$
 $N$ 
 $R^7$ 
 $N$ 
 $R^7$ 

wherein

X is CH or N

 $R^6$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl and  $C(O)R^9$ , any of which is optionally substituted;

R<sup>7</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>8</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>9</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if X is N, R<sup>6</sup> is phenyl and R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>8</sup> is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is N,  $R^6$  is 4-fluorophenyl and  $R^7$  is ethyl, then  $R^8$  is not hydrogen, 6-fluoro, 6-chloro, 6-methyl, 6-methoxy, 6-bromo, 7-chloro, 7-methyl, 7-methoxy, 8-methoxy, 8-bromo or 8-fluoro;

wherein, if X is N, R<sup>6</sup> is 4-(butyramidomethyl)phenyl and R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>8</sup> is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is N,  $R^6$  is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl and  $R^7$  is ethyl, then  $R^8$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a compound which has the general formula III:

$$R^{12} \xrightarrow{N} R^{11}$$

wherein

X is S, O or NR<sup>13</sup>

Y is CH or N

R<sup>10</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of halogen and phenyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

 $R^{11}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

 $R^{12}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>13</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a compound which has the general formula IV:

wherein

X is S, O or NR<sup>17</sup>

Y is CH or N

 $R^{14}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkylheterocycle, phenyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

R<sup>15</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>16</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>17</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if X is NR<sup>17</sup>, Y is N, R<sup>14</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, R<sup>15</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>17</sup> is hydrogen, then R<sup>16</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is  $NR^{17}$ , Y is N,  $R^{14}$  is morpholinomethyl,  $R^{15}$  is ethyl and  $R^{17}$  is hydrogen, then  $R^{16}$  is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is O, Y is N, R<sup>14</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, and R<sup>15</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>16</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

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wherein, if X is O, Y is N, R<sup>14</sup> is 4-fluorophenyl, and R<sup>15</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>16</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is O, Y is N,  $R^{14}$  is cyclohexyl, and  $R^{15}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{16}$  is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro.

In one aspect, the present invention relates to a compound which has the general formula V:

wherein

X is S, O or NH

Y is CH or N

 $R^{18}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkylheterocycle, phenyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

 $R^{19}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>20</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a compound which has the general formula VI:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & H & O & R^{24} \\
R^{23} & N & R^{22}
\end{array}$$

wherein

R<sup>21</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl and O-phenyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

 $R^{22}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>23</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a compound which has the general formula VII:

$$R^{26} \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R^{25} \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R^{24}$$

VII

wherein

X is CH or N

 $R^{24}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogens,  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl, -methoxy, -CF<sub>3</sub> and -OCF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>25</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

 $R^{26}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, –methoxy and –CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a compound which has the general formula VIII:

$$R^{28} \xrightarrow{N} R^{27} (X)_{n}$$
VIII

wherein

X is CH<sub>2</sub> or NH

n is 0 or 1

R<sup>27</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>28</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a compound which has the general formula IX:

$$R^{31} \longrightarrow R^{30} \qquad (X)_{m} \longrightarrow R^{29}$$

wherein

X is CH<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>32</sup>, O, C(O)NH or -HC=CH-

Y is CH<sub>2</sub>, or C(O)NH,

m is 0 or 1

n is 0 or 1

R<sup>29</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogens, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl, -methoxy, COOH, -CF<sub>3</sub> and -OCF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>30</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

 $R^{31}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>32</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if X is para-O, m is 1, n is 0,  $R^{29}$  is hydrogen and  $R^{30}$  is methyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen;

wherein, if X is *para*-C, m is 0, n is 0, R<sup>29</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>30</sup> is methyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is para-C, m is 0, n is 0,  $R^{29}$  is hydrogen and  $R^{30}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 6-methyl;

wherein, if X is para-O, m is 1, n is 0,  $R^{29}$  is hydrogen and  $R^{30}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen, 6-methyl or 6-chloro;

wherein, if X is *para*-C, m is 0, n is 0, R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>31</sup> is 6-chloro, then R<sup>29</sup> is not 2-chloro, 4-chloro, 2-methyl, 3-methyl, 2-trifluoromethyl or 4-methyl;

wherein, if X is *para*-C, m is 0, n is 0, R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, R<sup>31</sup> is 7-chloro, then R<sup>29</sup> is not hydrogen, 2-chloro, 4-chloro, 2-methyl, 3-methyl, 4-methyl, 4-fluoro, 4-methoxy, 4-trifluoromethyl or 2-trifluoromethyl;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, m is 1, n is 0, R<sup>29</sup> is 4-trifluoromethoxy and R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro, 6-fluoro, 6-bromo, 6-methyl, 7-methyl or 8-fluoro;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, m is 1, n is 0,  $R^{29}$  is 4-fluoro and  $R^{30}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not 6-chloro, 6-bromo or 7-chloro:

Wherein, if X is *para*-O, m is 1, n is 0, R<sup>29</sup> is 4-chloro and R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro.

wherein, if X is *para*-N, Y is C, m is 1,  $R^{29}$  is 4-trifluoromethoxy,  $R^{30}$  is ethyl,  $R^{31}$  is 7-chloro and  $R^{32}$  is hydrogen, then n is not 0 or 1;

wherein, if X is para-O, Y is C, m is 1, n is 1,  $R^{29}$  is 4-trifluoromethoxy and  $R^{30}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro, 6-fluoro, 6-bormo or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, Y is C, m is 1, n is 1, R<sup>29</sup> is 4-fluoro and R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is *meta*-C, m is 0, n is 0,  $R^{30}$  is ethyl and  $R^{31}$  is 7-chloro, then  $R^{29}$  is not 4-trifluoromethoxy;

wherein, if X is *para*-N, Y is C, m is 1, n is 1,  $R^{29}$  is 4-trifluoromethoxy,  $R^{30}$  is ethyl and  $R^{31}$  is hydrogen, then  $R^{32}$  is not methyl.

The term "optionally substituted" as used herein is meant to indicate that a hydrogen atom attached to a member atom within a group, or several such hydrogen atoms, is replaced by a group, such as halogen including fluorine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, methylhydroxyl, COOMe, C(O)H, COOH, OMe, or OCF<sub>3</sub>;

In one embodiment, the present invention also relates to pharmeceutically acceptable salts of the compounds according to the present invention.

The term "alkyl" refers to a monovalent straight or branched chain, saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon radical having a number of carbon atoms in the specified range. Thus, for example, "C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl" refers to any of the hexyl alkyl and pentyl alkyl isomers as well as n-, iso-, sec-, and t-butyl, n- and isopropyl, ethyl and methyl.

The term "alkenyl" refers to a monovalent straight or branched chain aliphatic hydrocarbon radical containing one carbon-carbon double bond and having a number of carbon atoms in the specified range. Thus, for example, "C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl" refers to all of the hexenyl and

pentenyl isomers as well as 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-butenyl, isobutenyl, 1-propenyl, 2-propenyl, and ethenyl (or vinyl).

The term "cycloalkyl", alone or in combination with any other term, refers to a group, such as optionally substituted or non-substituted cyclic hydrocarbon, having from three to eight carbon atoms, unless otherwise defined. Thus, for example, "C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl" refers to cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, and cyclooctyl.

The term "haloalkyl" refers to an alkyl group, as defined herein that is substituted with at least one halogen. Examples of straight or branched chained "haloalkyl" groups useful in the present invention include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, *n*-butyl, and *t*-butyl substituted independently with one or more halogens. The term "haloalkyl" should be interpreted to include such substituents such as -CHF<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-F, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, and the like.

The term "heteroalkyl" refers to an alkyl group where one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with a heteroatom, such as, O, N, or S. For example, if the carbon atom of alkyl group which is attached to the parent molecule is replaced with a heteroatom (*e.g.*, O, N, or S) the resulting heteroalkyl groups are, respectively, an alkoxy group (*e.g.*, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, etc.), an amine (*e.g.*, -NHCH<sub>3</sub>, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, etc.), or thioalkyl group (*e.g.*, -SCH<sub>3</sub>, etc.). If a non-terminal carbon atom of the alkyl group which is not attached to the parent molecule is replaced with a heteroatom (*e.g.*, O, N, or S) and the resulting heteroalkyl groups are, respectively, an alkyl ether (*e.g.*, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>3</sub>, etc.), alkyl amine (*e.g.*, -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, etc.), or thioalkyl ether (*e.g.*, -CH<sub>2</sub>-S-CH<sub>3</sub>).

The term "halogen" refers to fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine.

The term "phenyl" as used herein is meant to indicate that optionally substituted or non-substituted phenyl group.

The term "benzyl" as used herein is meant to indicate that optionally substituted or non-substituted benzyl group.

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The term "heteroaryl" refers to (i) optionally substituted 5- and 6-membered heteroaromatic rings and (ii) optionally substituted 9- and 10-membered bicyclic, fused ring systems in which at least one ring is aromatic, wherein the heteroaromatic ring or the bicyclic, fused ring system contains from 1 to 4 heteroatoms independently selected from N, O, and S, where each N is optionally in the form of an oxide and each S in a ring which is not aromatic is optionally S(O) or S(O)<sub>2</sub>. Suitable 5- and 6-membered heteroaromatic rings include, for example, pyridyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, triazinyl, thienyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, oxazolyl, isooxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, and thiadiazolyl. Suitable 9-and 10-membered heterobicyclic, fused ring systems include, for example, benzofuranyl, indolyl, indazolyl, naphthyridinyl, isobenzofuranyl, benzopiperidinyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, chromenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, cinnolinyl, quinazolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, isoindolyl, benzodioxolyl, benzofuranyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinyl, benzotriazolyl, dihydroindolyl, dihydroisoindolyl, indazolyl. indolinyl, isoindolinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl, and 2,3dihydrobenzo-1,4-dioxinyl.

The term "heterocyclyl" refers to (i) optionally substituted 4- to 8-membered, saturated and unsaturated but non-aromatic monocyclic rings containing at least one carbon atom and from 1 to 4 heteroatoms, (ii) optionally substituted bicyclic ring systems containing from 1 to 6 heteroatoms, and (iii) optionally substituted tricyclic ring systems, wherein each ring in (ii) or (iii) is independent of fused to, or bridged with the other ring or rings and each ring is saturated or unsaturated but nonaromatic, and wherein each heteroatom in (i), (ii), and (iii) is independently selected from N, O, and S, wherein each N is optionally in the form of an oxide and each S is optionally oxidized to S(O) or S(O)<sub>2</sub>. Suitable 4- to 8-membered saturated heterocyclyls include, for example, azetidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, thiazolidinyl, isothiazolidinyl, oxazolidinyl, isoxazolidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperazinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, pyrazolidinyl, hexahydropyrimidinyl, thiazinanyl, thiazepanyl, azepanyl, diazepanyl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, dioxanyl, and azacyclooctyl. Suitable unsaturated heterocyclic rings include those corresponding to the saturated heterocyclic rings listed in the above sentence in which a single bond is replaced with a double bond. It is understood that the specific rings and ring systems suitable for use in the present invention are not limited to those listed in this and the preceding paragraphs. These rings and ring systems are merely representative.

The term "MIC<sub>80</sub>" refers to the concentration of compound which inhibits bacterial growth, preferably growth of M. tuberculosis, in comparison to a control without any drug after five days by 80%.

In another aspect, the present invention relates to compounds having one of the formulae 1-350 as shown in Tables 1 and 2, preferably one of the formulae 1-21, 23-24, 26, 28-33, 35-57, 59-77, 79-83, 85-87, 90-98, 100-102, 106-111, 113-116 118-124, 126-128, 130-142, 144-150, 153, 155-167, 169-184, 186-188, 190-197, 199, 201, 203-208, 210-211, 213-214, 216, 218-231, 233, 235-246, 252-254, 256-259, 261, 267-270, 273, 279-280, 284-303, 307-316, 319-328, 333-338, 340-350 as shown in Tables 1 and 2, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. Particularly preferred compounds are compounds having one of the formulae 55, 171, 175 and 325 as shown in Tables 1 and 2. Their pharmaceutical acitivity is also shown in Figure 1.

Preferably, the compounds as defined above have an inhibitory activity on bacterial growth, preferably on the growth of M. tuberculosis, inside a host cell, preferably a macrophage, at a concentration between 1-20  $\mu$ M, preferably less than 1  $\mu$ M. Preferably, the compounds as defined above have a MIC<sub>80</sub> of less than 1  $\mu$ M.

In one aspect, the present invention relates to compounds as defined above for use in the treatment of a bacterial infection, e.g. tuberculosis.

In one aspect, the present invention relates to compounds as defined above for use in the treatment of Tuberculosis.

In one aspect, the present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as defined above, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In one aspect, the present invention relates to a method of treatment of a bacterial infection, in particular Tuberculosis, comprising the application of a suitable amount of a compound as defined above or of a pharmaceutical composition as defined above to a person in need thereof.

In one embodiment, a "suitable amount", as used herein, is meant to refer to an amount in the range of from 0.01 mg/kg body weight to 1 g/kg body weight.

The objects of the present invention are also solved by a compound that competitively inhibits the specific binding of a compound according to the present invention. Preferably, such specific binding is with respect to a target protein of said compound according to the present invention.

The objects of the present invention are also solved by a method of treatment of a bacterial infection, in particular tuberculosis comprising the application of a suitable amount of a compound which compound is characterized by an ability to competitively inhibit the specific binding of a compound according to the present invention or a pharmaceutical composition according to the present invention, to a target protein, to a person in need thereof.

# Pharmaceutical compositions

# Pharmaceutically acceptable salts

Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts include, without limitation, the nontoxic inorganic and organic acid addition salts such as the acetate derived from acetic acid, the aconate derived from aconitic acid, the ascorbate derived from ascorbic acid, the benzenesulfonate derived from benzensulfonic acid, the benzoate derived from benzoic acid, the cinnamate derived from cinnamic acid, the citrate derived from citric acid, the embonate derived from embonic acid, the enantate derived from enanthic acid, the formate derived from formic acid, the fumarate derived from fumaric acid, the glutamate derived from glutamic acid, the glycolate derived from glycolic acid, the hydrochloride derived from hydrochloric acid, the hydrobromide derived from hydrobromic acid, the lactate derived from lactic acid, the maleate derived from maleic acid, the malonate derived from malonic acid, the mandelate derived from mandelic acid, the methanesulfonate derived from methane sulphonic acid, the naphthalene-2-sulphonate derived from naphtalene-2-sulphonic acid, the nitrate derived from nitric acid, the perchlorate derived from perchloric acid, the phosphate derived from phosphoric acid, the phthalate derived from phthalic acid, the salicylate derived from salicylic acid, the sorbate derived from sorbic acid, the stearate derived from stearic acid, the succinate derived from succinic acid, the sulphate derived from sulphuric acid, the tartrate derived from tartaric acid, the toluene-p-sulphonate derived from p-toluene sulphonic acid, and the like. Such salts may be formed by procedures well known and described in the art.

Other acids such as oxalic acid, which may not be considered pharmaceutically acceptable, may be useful in the preparation of salts useful as intermediates in obtaining a chemical compound of the invention and its pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt.

In another embodiment, the compounds of the invention are used in their respective free base form according to the present invention.

Metal salts of a chemical compound of the invention include alkali metal salts, such as the sodium salt of a chemical compound of the invention containing a carboxy group.

The chemical compounds of the invention may be provided in unsolvated or solvated forms together with a pharmaceutically acceptable solvent(s) such as water, ethanol, and the like. Solvated forms may also include hydrated forms such as the monohydrate, the dihydrate, the hemihydrate, the trihydrate, the tetrahydrate, and the like. In general, solvated forms are considered equivalent to unsolvated forms for the purposes of this invention.

## Administration and Formulation

The production of medicaments containing the compounds of the invention, its active metabolites or isomers and salts according to the invention and their application can be performed according to well-known pharmaceutical methods.

While the compounds of the invention, useable according to the invention for use in therapy, may be administered in the form of the raw chemical compound, it is preferred to introduce the active ingredient, optionally in the form of a physiologically acceptable salt in a pharmaceutical composition together with one or more adjuvants, excipients, carriers, buffers, diluents, and/or other customary pharmaceutical auxiliaries. Such salts of the compounds of the invention may be anhydrous or solvated.

In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides medicaments comprising a compound useable according to the invention, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers therefor, and, optionally, other therapeutic and/or prophylactic ingredients. The carrier(s) must be "acceptable" in the sense

of being compatible with the other ingredients of the formulation and not harmful to the recipient thereof.

A medicament of the invention may be those suitable for oral, rectal, bronchial, nasal, topical, buccal, sub-lingual, transdermal, vaginal or parenteral (including cutaneous, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intravenous, intraarterial, intracerebral, intraocular injection or infusion) administration, or those in a form suitable for administration by inhalation or insufflation, including powders and liquid aerosol administration, or by sustained release systems. Suitable examples of sustained release systems include semipermeable matrices of solid hydrophobic polymers containing the compound of the invention, which matrices may be in form of shaped articles, e.g. films or microcapsules.

The compounds useable according to the invention, together with a conventional adjuvant, carrier, or diluent, may thus be placed into the form of medicament and unit dosages thereof. Such forms include solids, and in particular tablets, filled capsules, powder and pellet forms, and liquids, in particular aqueous or non-aqueous solutions, suspensions, emulsions, elixirs, and capsules filled with the same, all for oral use, suppositories for rectal administration, and sterile injectable solutions for parenteral use. Such medicament and unit dosage forms thereof may comprise conventional ingredients in conventional proportions, with or without additional active compounds or principles, and such unit dosage forms may contain any suitable effective amount of the active ingredient commensurate with the intended daily dosage range to be employed.

The compounds useable according to the invention can be administered in a wide variety of oral and parenteral dosage forms. It will be obvious to those skilled in the art that the following dosage forms may comprise, as the active component, either a compound(s) useable according to the invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of a compound(s) useable according to the invention.

For preparing a medicament from a compound useable according to the invention, pharmaceutically acceptable carriers can be either solid or liquid. Solid form preparations include powders, tablets, pills, capsules, cachets, suppositories, and dispersible granules. A solid carrier can be one or more substances which may also act as diluents, flavouring agents,

solubilizers, lubricants, suspending agents, binders, preservatives, tablet disintegrating agents, or an encapsulating material.

In powders, the carrier is a finely divided solid which is in a mixture with the finely divided active component. In tablets, the active component is mixed with the carrier having the necessary binding capacity in suitable proportions and compacted in the shape and size desired. Suitable carriers are magnesium carbonate, magnesium stearate, talc, sugar, lactose, pectin, dextrin, starch, gelatin, tragacanth, methylcellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, a low melting wax, cocoa butter, and the like. The term "preparation" is intended to include the formulation of the active compound with encapsulating material as carrier providing a capsule in which the active component, with or without carriers, is surrounded by a carrier, which is thus in association with it. Similarly, cachets and lozenges are included. Tablets, powders, capsules, pills, cachets, and lozenges can be used as solid forms suitable for oral administration.

For preparing suppositories, a low melting wax, such as a mixture of fatty acid glyceride or cocoa butter, is first melted and the active component is dispersed homogeneously therein, as by stirring. The molten homogeneous mixture is then poured into convenient sized moulds, allowed to cool, and thereby to solidify. Compositions suitable for vaginal administration may be presented as pessaries, tampons, creams, gels, pastes, foams or sprays containing in addition to the active ingredient such carriers as are known in the art to be appropriate. Liquid preparations include solutions, suspensions, and emulsions, for example, water or water-propylene glycol solutions. For example, parenteral injection liquid preparations can be formulated as solutions in aqueous polyethylene glycol solution.

The chemical compounds according to the present invention may thus be formulated for parenteral administration (e.g. by injection, for example bolus injection or continuous infusion) and may be presented in unit dose form in ampoules, pre-filled syringes, small volume infusion or in multi-dose containers with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions, or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulation agents such as suspending, stabilising and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be in powder form, obtained by aseptic isolation of sterile solid or by lyophilization from solution, for constitution with a suitable vehicle, e.g. sterile, pyrogen-free water, before use.

Aqueous solutions suitable for oral use can be prepared by dissolving the active component in water and adding suitable colorants, flavours, stabilising and thickening agents, as desired. Aqueous suspensions suitable for oral use can be made by dispersing the finely divided active component in water with viscous material, such as natural or synthetic gums, resins, methylcellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, or other well known suspending agents.

Also included are solid form preparations which are intended to be converted, shortly before use, to liquid form preparations for oral administration. Such liquid forms include solutions, suspensions, and emulsions. These preparations may contain, in addition to the active component, colorants, flavours, stabilisers, buffers, artificial and natural sweeteners, dispersants, thickeners, solubilizing agents, and the like.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the medicament is applied topically or systemically or via a combination of the two routes.

For administration, the compounds of the present invention may, in one embodiment, be administered in a formulation containing 0,001% to 70% per weight of the compound, preferably between 0,01% to 70% per weight of the compound, even more preferred between 0,1% and 70% per weight of the compound. In one embodiment, a suitable amount of compound administered is in the range of from 0.01 mg/kg body weight to 1 g/kg body weight.

Compositions suitable for administration also include lozenges comprising the active agent in a flavoured base, usually sucrose and acacia or tragacanth; pastilles comprising the active ingredient in an inert base such as gelatin and glycerol or sucrose and acacia; and mouthwashes comprising the active ingredient in a suitable liquid carrier.

Solutions or suspensions are applied directly to the nasal cavity by conventional means, for example with a dropper, pipette or spray. The compositions may be provided in single or multi-dose form. In the latter case of a dropper or pipette, this may be achieved by the patient administering an appropriate, predetermined volume of the solution or suspension. In the case of a spray, this may be achieved for example by means of a metering atomising spray pump.

Administration to the respiratory tract may also be achieved by means of an aerosol formulation in which the active ingredient is provided in a pressurised pack with a suitable propellant such as a chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) for example dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, or dichlorotetrafluoroethane, carbon dioxide, or other suitable gas. The aerosol may conveniently also contain a surfactant such as lecithin. The dose of drug may be controlled by provision of a metered valve.

Alternatively the active ingredients may be provided in the form of a dry powder, for example a powder mix of the compound in a suitable powder base such as lactose, starch, starch derivatives such as hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose and polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP). Conveniently the powder carrier will form a gel in the nasal cavity. The powder composition may be presented in unit dose form for example in capsules or cartridges of, e.g., gelatin, or blister packs from which the powder may be administered by means of an inhaler.

In compositions intended for administration to the respiratory tract, including intranasal compositions, the compound will generally have a small particle size for example of the order of 5 microns or less. Such a particle size may be obtained by means known in the art, for example by micronization.

When desired, compositions adapted to give sustained release of the active ingredient may be employed.

The pharmaceutical preparations are preferably in unit dosage forms. In such form, the preparation is subdivided into unit doses containing appropriate quantities of the active component. The unit dosage form can be a packaged preparation, the package containing discrete quantities of preparation, such as packaged tablets, capsules, and powders in vials or ampoules. Also, the unit dosage form can be a capsule, tablet, cachet, or lozenge itself, or it can be the appropriate number of any of these in packaged form. Tablets or capsules for oral administration and liquids for intravenous administration and continuous infusion are preferred compositions.

Further details on techniques for formulation and administration may be found in the latest edition of Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (Maack Publishing Co. Easton, Pa.).

# Figures and Tables

Reference is now made to the figures and tables, wherein

**Figure 1** shows the in vivo efficacy of compounds 171 and 175 in a murine model of acute tuberculosis infection.

**Table 1** summarizes imidazopyridine derivatives (general scaffolds I-VId) with their respective inhibitory activities.

**Table 2** summarizes compounds 1-350 in terms of their structures and corresponding characteristics.

## Examples

The invention is now further described by reference to the following examples which are intended to illustrate, not to limit the scope of the invention.

Example 1: Determination the Minimum Inhibitory Concentration 80% (MIC $_{80}$ ) of new chemical entities against M. tuberculosis

Cell-based assays are key tools in lead finding and optimization of new chemical entities for *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. The availability of a robust *in vitro* assay for testing the Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of a new chemical entity is an absolute requirement for the success of a program. The microplate broth dilution assay using a *M. tuberculosis* strain expressing the green-fluorescent protein (GFP) was selected as this method i) delivers highly reproducible results, ii) allows screening of large number of compounds, and iii) can be partially automated if required.

Breiefly, a starting culture of M. tuberculosis was prepared by diluting a frozen aliquot in 50mL of 7H9 medium supplemented with glycerol, to an optical density at 600nM (OD<sub>600</sub>) of 0.02. The culture was incubated for 3 days at 37°C to an OD<sub>600</sub> of 0.2-0.3. The bacteria were the harvested by centrifugation at 3000 rpm, washed once and resuspended to an OD<sub>600</sub> of 0.1 in 7H9 medium without glycerol. The OD<sub>600</sub> was finally adjusted to 0.02 and the culture was kept at room temperature before dispensing to the assay plate.

The assay was carried out in 384-well flat bottom microplates in a final volume of 50µl. 25µl of the prepared bacterial working culture was added to the compound test plate containing 0.5µl of serial diluted test compounds.

The plates were incubated at 37°C for 5 days. Bacterial growth was determined after 5 days of incubation by measuring fluorescence intensity at 488nm after 5 days of incubation using the plate reader SPECTRA MAX plus (Molecular Devices®). MIC<sub>80</sub>, the concentration of the compound that inhibits growth compared to the drug free control after 5 days by 80%, were determined using Graph Pad PRISM® software.

# Example 2: Derivatization of the imidazopyridine general scaffold

The imidazopyridine compounds (scaffolds I - IX; see **Table 1**) underwent derivatization according to the methods outlined below (**Schemes 1-22**). Resulting derivatives were examined for inhibitory activity (MIC) using the assays described above (Example 1) and the results are summarized in **Table 1**. The synthesized compounds 1-350 are shown in **Table 2**.

#### Scheme 1

## General procedure for the synthesis of A1

To a solution of methyl 3-oxopentanoate (200 g, 1.55 mol) in anhydrous DCM (500 mL) was added SO<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (220 g, 1.63 mol) dropwise at 0 °C, then the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (500 mL). The organic layer was separated and washed with water (500 mL×3), brine (500 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford compound A1 (245 g, yield: 96%) as a colorless oil which was used for next step without further purification.

#### General procedure for the synthesis of A2

To a solution of 5-bromopyridin-2-amine (10.0 g, 57.8 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) was added compound A1 (10.5 g, 63.6 mmol) dropwise at 25 °C, then the mixture was stirred at reflux for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc (100 mL) and water (100 mL). The organic layer was separated and washed with water (100 mL x 3), brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by combi flash (PE: EtOAc = 4: 1) to afford compound A2 (4.00 g, yield: 25%) as a yellow powder.

# General procedure for the synthesis of A3

To a solution of compound A2 (3.00 g, 10.6 mmol) in THF (40 mL) and MeOH (20 mL) was added 2N NaOH (40 mL) at 25 °C, then the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 16 hours. Most of the MeOH and THF were evaporated under reduced pressure. The mixture was then washed with DCM (40 mL x 2). The aqueous layer was then acidified with HCl to pH = 6, No solid was precipitated. The aqueous phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and suspended in DCM/ MeOH= 5: 1 (40 mL) under stirring. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford compound A3 (2.60 g, yield: 91%) as a white powder.

## General procedure for the synthesis of A4

To a solution of compound A3 (60 mg, 0.224 mmol), HOBt (45 mg, 0.336 mmol), EDCI (86 mg, 0.448 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF was added NMM (136 mg, 1.34mmol). The mixture was stirred at 20°C for 10 minutes. Then (4-(4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (40 mg, 0.212 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred at 30°C for 18 hours. 15 mL of water was added into the mixture and the solid was formed. The mixture was filtered and the filter cake was dissolved in 20 mL DCM and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude product A4, which was triturated with 3 mL x 2 of CH<sub>3</sub>OH twice and 3 mL of CH<sub>3</sub>CN in sequence and then filtered and the filter cake was dried to give the pure product A4 (12 mg, 12%) as a white solid.

$$F_3C$$
 $NH$ 
 $K_2CO_3$ , DMSO
 $F_3C$ 
 $E_3C$ 
 $E_3C$ 

#### Scheme 2

# General procedure for the synthesis of B1

To a suspension of compound 1-bromo-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene (20.0 g, 89.3 mmol), compound tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-5,6-dihydropyridine-1(2H)-carboxylate (33.1 g, 107 mmol) in DMF (200 mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (30.3 g, 223 mmol) and PdCl<sub>2</sub>(dppf) (1.33 g, 1.79 mmol) under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C under nitrogen for 16 hours. TLC and LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between water (200 mL) and EtOAc (400 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (400 mL×2). The combined extracts were washed with water (100 mL×2), dried over anhydrous Na2SO4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue pressure was purified by combi flash (Eluents: PE : THF = 19 : 1) to afford compound Y05 1A (16.0 g, 54.6%yield) as a yellow oil.

## General procedure for the synthesis of B2

To a solution of **B1** (16.0 g, 48.8 mmol) in MeOH (250 mL) was added Pd/C (10%, 2.50 g) under Ar atmosphere. The suspension was degassed under vacuum and purged with H<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C under H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (40 psi) for 24 hours. LCMS showed that the reaction was finished. The mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and the filter cake was washed with MeOH (50 mL×3). The combined filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure to dryness to give compound **B2** (14.0 g, 86.9% yield) as a colorless oil.

#### General procedure for the synthesis of B3

A solution of compound **B2** (14.0 g, 42.4 mmol) in HCl/dioxane (4N, 140 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for 3 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was concentrated to dryness to give compound **B3** (14.0 g 92.1% yield) as a white solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of B4

To a solution of compound B3 (8.98 g, 39.0 mmol) and 4-fluorobenzonitrile (5.20 g, 43.0 mmol) in anhydrous DMSO (100 mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (26.9 g, 195 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 16 hours. LCMS indicated the reaction was finished. The mixture was poured into water (200 mL) and collected by filtration. The solid was dissolved in EtOAc (600 mL) which was washed with water (200 mL×3) and washed with brine (200 mL×3), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with n-hexane (100 mL) to afford compound **B4** (11.0 g, 85.5% yield) as a white solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of B5

To a suspension of compound **B4** (7.00 g, 21.2 mmol) in anhydrous THF (120 mL) was added LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (4.10 g, 108 mmol) at 0~10 °C. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. TLC and LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, and quenched with water (4.1 mL), NaOH (10%, 4.1 mL) and THF (120 mL) carefully. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with n-hexane (100 mL) to afford compound Y05 (5.60 g, crude) as white solid. To a solution of **B5** (5.60 g, crude), in MeOH (150 mL) was added Boc<sub>2</sub>O (9.42 g, 42.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred at about 18 °C for 2 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The solution was concentrated in *vacuo* and the residue was purified by combi flash (Eluents: THF/PE = 1/20) to give compound Y05\_Boc (5.80 g, crude). A mixture of **B5**\_Boc in HCl/dioxane (4N, 80 mL) was stirred at 18 °C for 3 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give compound **B5** (5.10 g 72.0% yield) as a white solid.

## Scheme 3

# General procedure for the synthesis of C1

To a suspension of 1-bromo-4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene (20.0 g, 83.0 mmol), compound tert-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate (18.6 g, 99.6 mmol) in dioxane (100 mL) was added Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (37.8 g, 166 mmol) and Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (1.20 g), Xantphos (1.20 g) under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C under nitrogen for 16 hours. TLC and LCMS showed the reaction was finished. Water (200 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (100 mL×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL×2), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with MTBE (50 mL) to afford compound c1 (18.8 g, 65% yield) as a red solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of C2

A solution of compound C1 (18.8 g, 54.0 mmol) in HCl/dioxane (4N, 250 mmol) was stirred at 25 °C for 3 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give compound C2 (13.3 g, crude), which was used to next step directly.

# General procedure for the synthesis of C3

To a solution of compound C2 (13.3 g, 54.0 mmol) and 4-fluorobenzonitrile (7.20 g, 59.4 mmol) in anhydrous DMSO (150 mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (30.0 g, 216 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 16 hours. LCMS indicated the reaction was finished. The mixture was poured into water (600 mL) and collected by filtration. The solid was dissolved in EtOAc (500 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with n-Hexane/MTBE to afford compound C3 (11.8 g, 62.9% yield) as brown solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of C4

To a suspension of compound C3 (11.8 g, 34.0 mmol) in anhydrous THF (150 mL) was added LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (6.50 g, 170 mmol) at 0~10 °C. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. TLC and LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, and quenched with water (6.5 mL), NaOH (10%, 6.5 mL), and THF (100 mL) carefully. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with n-Hexane/MTBE to afford compound C4 (5.37 g, 45 %yield) as yellow solid.

#### Scheme 4

# General procedure for the synthesis of D1

To a solution of compound 4-(4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)benzonitrile (500 mg, 2.48 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5 mL) was added TEA (754 mg, 7.45 mmol) followed by (4-Fluoro-phenyl)-acetyl chloride (514 mg, 2.98 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirring at the temperature for 0.5 hour, the mixture was allowed to warm to 20 °C and stirred for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3). The extracts was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EA = 4/1 to 1/2) to afford 380 mg (yield: 45%) of **D1** as a white solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of D2

To a solution of compound **D1** (380 mg, 1.13 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) was added Raney-Ni (50 mg). After stirring at 20 °C for 2 hours, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to give crude product which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: DCM/MeOH = 30/1 to 10/1) to afford 150 mg (yield: 39%) of **D2** as a white solid.

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#### Scheme 5

# General procedure for the synthesis of E1

A mixture of 4-fluoro-benzonitrile (5.00 g, 41.3 mmol), piperidin-4-ol (8.35 g, 82.6 mmol) and  $K_2CO_3$  (5.71 g, 41.3 mmol) in DMSO (50 mL) was stirred at 120 °C for 16 hours. The mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (100 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with water (100 mL) and brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 5/1 to 1/1) to afford 4.70 g (yield: 57%) of E1 as a white solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of E2

To a solution of compound E1 (1.00 g, 4.94 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 237 mg, 5.93 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirring at 0 °C for 0.5 hour, Bromomethyl-benzene (930 mg, 5.4 mmol) was added to the mixture at 0 °C. Then the mixture was allowed to warm to 20°C and stirred for 16 hours. The reaction was quenched with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with water (100 mL) and brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 4/1 to 1/1) to afford 1.10 g (yield: 78%) of E2 as a white solid.

## General procedure for the synthesis of E3

To a solution of compound **E2** (1.00 g, 3.42 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was added LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (390 mg, 10.2 mmol) at 0  $^{\circ}$ C. After stirring at 0  $^{\circ}$ C for 0.5 hour, the mixture was allowed to warm to 20  $^{\circ}$ C and stirred for 0.5 hour. The reaction was quenched with NaOH solution (0.5 mL), diluted with water (50 mL), extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3). The extracts was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: DCM/MeOH = 20/1) to afford 350 mg (yield: 35%) of **E3** as a white solid.

## Scheme 6

#### General procedure for the synthesis of F1

A mixture of 4-fluoro benzonitrile (10.0 g, 82.0 mmol), 1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane (11.8 g, 82.0 mmol) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (11.4 g, 82.0 mmol) in DMSO (100 mL) was stirred at 100 °C 16 hours. The mixture was diluted with water (200 mL), extracted with EtOAc (250 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with water (200 mL) and brine (200 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford 18.0 g (yield: 90%) of F1 as a yellow solid.

#### General procedure for the synthesis of F2

A solution of compound **F1** (5.00 g, 20.0 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) was added Raney-Ni (1.0 g). After stirring at the temperature for 4 hours, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to afford **F2** (5.00 g, yield: 98%) as a yellow solid.

## General procedure for the synthesis of F3

A mixture of compound **F2** (1.10 g, 4.50 mmol), 6-chloro-2-ethylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1.00 g, 4.50 mmol), EDCI (955 mg, 4.90 mmol), HOBt (661 mg, 4.90 mmol) and TEA (1.30 g, 13.3 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. Then the mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3). The extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated to give a residue which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: DCM/MeOH = 20/1 to 15/1) to afford 1.50 g (yield: 75%) of **F3** as a yellow solid.

#### General procedure for the synthesis of F4

A solution of compound F3 (1.40 g, 3.08 mmol) in THF/HCl (5 mL/5 mL, HCl: 2M) was refluxed for 16 hours. The mixture was diluted with water (80 mL) and basified with NaOH aqueous solution (2M, 5 mL) to pH = 8. Then the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3). The extracts were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give 1.00 g (yield: 79%) of compound F4 as a brown solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of F5

To a solution of compound F4 (100 mg, 0.24 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5 mL) was added MeMgBr (0.16 mL, 0.48 mmol, 3.0 M in diethyl ether) dropwise at -78°C. The mixture was stirred at the temperature for 0.5 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH (1 mL), diluted with water (30 mL), extracted with EtOAc (20 mL×3). The extracts were combined, washed with brine (30 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue which was purified by Prep-HPLC (0.1% TFA as additive). Most of MeCN was removed under reduced pressure, the remaining solvent was removed by lyophilization to give 27 mg (as TFA salt, yield: 21%) of compound F5 as pale yellow oil.

Scheme 7

# General procedure for the synthesis of G1

To a solution of 4-fluoro-benzonitrile (7.80 g, 63.9 mmol) and 1-Boc-piperazine (10.0 g, 53.7 mmol) in DMSO (200 mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (14.8 g, 107 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 16 hours. TLC and LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The DMSO solvent was removed in vacuum, and the residue was suspended in water (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (100 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with water (100 mL) and brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue. The residue

was purified by re-crystallization from MeOH (150 mL) to afford 7.08 g (yield: 43%) of compound G1 as a white powder.

# General procedure for the synthesis of G2

To a solution of G1 (1.00 g, 3.50 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) was added Raney-Ni (0.50 g). The suspension was degassed under vacuum and purged with  $H_2$  for three times. The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 4 hours under  $H_2$  atmosphere (45 psi). LCMS showed the reaction was completed. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column (eluent: EtOAc/PE = 3/1 to EtOAc, 1% TEA as additive) to afford 1.00 g (yield: 100%) of compound G2 as a white powder.

# General procedure for the synthesis of G3

A mixture of compound 6-chloro-2-ethylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (140 mg, 0.48 mmol), G2 (90 mg, 0.40 mmol), EDCI (234 mg, 1.20 mmol), HOBt (162 mg, 1.20 mmol) and TEA (121 mg, 2.00 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was poured into water (30 mL), extracted with EtOAc (20 mL $\times$ 3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 8/1 to 4/1) to afford 120 mg (yield: 47%) of compound G3 as a white powder.

### General procedure for the synthesis of G4

To a solution of G3 (120 mg, 0.24 mmol) in DCM (5mL) was added TFA (1.5 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 20 °C for 6 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The solvent was removed by concentration to afford 92 mg TFA Salt (yield: 87%) of compound G4 as a white powder, without further purification for next step.

# General procedure for the synthesis of G5

To a solution of compound G4 (45 mg, 0.11 mmol) and TEA (40 mg, 0.55 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added dropwise 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride (21 mg, 0.13 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 1.5 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by Prep-HPLC (0.1% TFA as additive), most of CH<sub>3</sub>CN was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure, and the remaining solvent was removed by lyophilization to afford 35 mg TFA salt (yield: 71%)

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of G5 as a white powder.

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#### Scheme 8

# General procedure for the synthesis of H1

A mixture of compound ethyl piperidine-4-carboxylate (10.0 g, 63.6 mmol), 4-fluorobenzonitrile (8.10 g, 65.5 mmol),  $K_2CO_3$  (14.4 g, 104 mmol) in DMSO (150 mL) were stirred at 120 °C for 16 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. After removal of solvent under vacuum, the residue was poured into water (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (50 mL $\times$ 3), the combined extracts were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 4/1) to afford 9.50 g (yield: 51%) of compound H1 as a dark oil.

# General procedure for the synthesis of H2

A mixture of compound H1 (8.50 g, 33.0 mmol), Raney Ni (1.00 g) in MeOH (300 mL) was stirred at 20 °C under H<sub>2</sub> ballon for 4 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: EtOAc, 0.5% TEA as additive) to afford 6.08 g (yield: 71%) of compound H2 as a white solid.

## General procedure for the synthesis of H3

A mixture of compound **H2** (6.08 g, 26.0 mmol), Boc<sub>2</sub>O (6.83 g, 32.8 mmol) and TEA (2.55 g, 25.7 mmol) in THF (150 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. After removal of the solvent, the mixture was poured into water (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3), the combined extracts were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified by

silica gel column (eluent: PE/ EtOAc = 4/1) to afford 6.80 g of crude compound H3 as a white solid, which was used for the next step without further purification.

# General procedure for the synthesis of H4

A mixture of compound **H3** (crude, 6.80 g) and 2M KOH (20 mL) in MeOH (100 mL) was stirred at 30 °C for 3 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. After removal of the solvent by concentration, the residue was poured into water (100 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL×2) and discarded, the aqueous layer was acidified to pH = 4 with 2M HCl carefully and extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (40 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated to afford 5.50 g of crude compound **H4** as a white solid, which was used for the next step without further purification.

# General procedure for the synthesis of H5

A mixture of compound H4 (crude, 5.50 g), N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (4.76 g, 49.0 mmol), EDCI (9.55 g, 49.0 mmol), HOBt (6.62 g, 49.0 mmol) and TEA (10.3 g, 82.0 mmol) in THF (150 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 12 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. After removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the mixture was poured into water (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (70 mL $\times$ 3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 4/1) to afford 5.80 g (3-step yield: 63%) of compound H5 as a red solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of H6

A mixture of Mg (99.6 mg, 4.15 mmol) and 4-(trifluoromethoxy)-phenyl bromide (1.00 g, 4.15 mmol) in anhydrous THF (15 mL) was stirred at 50 °C until Mg almost disappeared. Then a solution of compound **H5** (400 mg, 1.06 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was added into the above solution at 0 °C dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred at 20 °C for another 3 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was finished. After the reaction was quenched with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous solution (20 mL), the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL $\times$ 3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 4/1) to afford 100 mg (yield: 21%) of compound **H6** as a white solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of H7

To a solution of compound H6 (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) was added TFA (4 mL), then the mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 5 hours. After removal of the solvent under vacuum, the mixture was poured into water (20 mL), extracted with EtOAc (10 mL), the extract was discarded. The aqueous layer was basified to pH = 9.0 with 1M NaOH aqueous solution, extracted with EtOAc (20 mL $\times$ 3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue, which was used directly in next step without further purification.

#### Scheme 9

## General procedure for the synthesis of I1

A mixture of 4-bromobenzonitrile (1.40 g, 7.80 mmol), tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-5,6-dihydropyridine-1(2H)-carboxylate (2.00 g, 6.48 mmol), anhydrous potassium carbonate (2.68 g, 19.5mmol) and  $PdCl_2(dppf)$  (0.95 g, 1.30 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (30 mL) was stirred at 80 °C under nitrogen atmosphere for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (50 mL $\times$ 3). The combined extracts were washed with water (50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 8/1) to afford 1.50 g (yield: 83%) of compound I1 as a yellow oil.

#### General procedure for the synthesis of I2

A mixture of II (1.50 g, 5.00 mmol) and Raney Ni (500 mg) in MeOH (40 mL) was hydrogenated at 25°C under 45 psi of hydrogen pressure for 3 hours. The mixture was filtered

and the **filtrate** was concentrated to give crude product. The crude product was purified by silica gel column (elutent: DCM/MeOH = 10/1, 1% TEA as additive) to afford 635 mg (yield: 42%) of **I2** as a yellow powder.

### General procedure for the synthesis of I3

A mixture of compound 6-chloro-2-ethylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (278 mg, 1.24 mmol), **I2** (300 mg, 1.03 mmol), EDCI (242 mg, 3.10 mmol) and HOBT (167 mg, 3.10 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 8 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (30 mL), extracted with EtOAc (20 mL $\times$ 3). The combined extracts were washed with water (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel column (eluent: DCM/MeOH = 10/1, 0.5% TEA as additive) to afford 500 mg (yield: 97%) of **I3** as a yellow power.

## General procedure for the synthesis of I4

To a solution of I3 (500 mg, 1.00 mmol) in DCM (16 mL) was added TFA (4 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 5 hours. TLC showed the reaction was finished. The reaction mixture was concentrated to afford 300 mg (as TFA salt, yield: 75%) of crude I4 as yellow oil, which was used for next step without further purification.

# General procedure for the synthesis of I5

To a mixture of I4 (100 mg, 0.25 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (76 mg, 0.75 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was added 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride (48 mg, 0.30 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 30 minutes. LCMS indicated the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was poured into H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) extracted with EtOAc (10 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (0.1% TFA as additive), most of MeCN was removed by concentration, then 0.5 mL conc. HCl was added and the water was removed by lyophilization to afford 26 mg (as HCl salt, yield: 20%) of I5 as a white power.

Scheme 10

## General procedure for the synthesis of J1

A mixture of compound 6-chloro-2-ethylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (300 mg, 1.34 mmol, 4-Bromo-benzylamine (248 mg, 1.34 mmol), EDCI (286 mg, 1.47 mmol), HOBt (198 mg, 1.47 mmol) and TEA (405 mg, 4.01 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. Then the mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (40 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford 450 mg (yield: 86%) of compound J1 which was used directly in next step.

## General procedure for the synthesis of J2

A mixture of compound J1 (100 mg, 0.25 mmol), 1-Fluoro-4-vinyl-benzene (46 mg, 0.38 mmol), Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (23 mg, 0.025 mmol), P(o-toly)<sub>3</sub> (8 mg, 0.025 mmol) and TEA (129 mg, 1.27 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 16 hours under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (40 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with water (100 mL) and brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give crude product which was purified by prep-HPLC (0.1% NH<sub>3</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O as additive). Most of MeCN was removed under reduced pressure, the remaining solvent was removed by lyophilization to afford 14 mg (yield: 13%) of **J2** as a white amorphous.

#### Scheme 11

## General procedure for the synthesis of K1

A solution of 3-aminobenzonitrile (4.12 g, 34.9 mmol), 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde (8.38 g, 44.1 mmol) and HOAc (2.43 g, 40.5 mmol) in DCE (100 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for 3 hours, then the NaBH(OAc)<sub>3</sub> (12.7 g, 60.0 mmol) was added into the reaction mixture and the resulting mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 16 hours, TLC showed the reaction was

complete. The reaction mixture was basified with aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> till pH = 8, extracted with EtOAc (30 mL  $\times$  3), the combined extracts was dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 11.4 g (yield: 98%) of compound K1 as a yellow solid. LCMS purity: 93%, without further purification for next step.

## General procedure for the synthesis of K2

A solution of compound K1 (2.00 g, 6.85 mmol ) in DMF (10 mL ) was added dropwise in portions into the suspension of NaH (0.328 g, 8.20 mmol, 60% dispersion in paraffin oil) in anhydrous DMF (5 mL) with syringe during a period of 10 minutes under  $N_2$  while keeping inner temperature between 0 °C to 10 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 25 °C for 10 minutes. Then MeI (1.06 g, 7.47 mmol) was added dropwise in portions into the reaction mixture during a period of 10 minutes with syringe while keeping inner temperature between 0 °C and 10 °C and then stirred at 25 °C for 14 hours. the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracted with EtOAc (30 mL  $\times$  3), The combined extracts was dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure, The residue was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 12:1) to afford 350 mg (yield: 17%) of compound K2 as a yellow oil.

## General procedure for the synthesis of K3

A solution of LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (300 mg, 7.89 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was stirred at 0 °C for 5 minutes, then a solution of compound **K2** (350 mg, 1.14 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was added dropwise in portions into the mixture during a period of 10 minutes and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 3.5 hours, the reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) and 15% aqueous NaOH (3 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) in turn, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (15 mL × 3), the combined extracts was dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 300 mg (yield: 85%) of compound **K3** as a colorless oil.

NC 
$$\longrightarrow$$
 + Br  $\longrightarrow$  OCF<sub>3</sub>  $\longrightarrow$  NC- $\bigcirc$  LiAlH<sub>4</sub>  $\longrightarrow$  OFF<sub>3</sub>  $\longrightarrow$  OCF<sub>3</sub>  $\longrightarrow$  OCF<sub>4</sub>  $\longrightarrow$  OCF<sub>4</sub>

#### Scheme 12

## General procedure for the synthesis of L1

A solution of 3-cyanophenol (1.40 g, 11.8 mmol), 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl bromide (3.29 g , 13.0 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (3.23 g , 23.4 mmol) in acetone (100 mL) was stirred while maintaining gentle reflux for 15 hours, the TLC showed that the reaction was completed. The reaction mixture was filtered to remove the precipitate. The solution was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL  $\times$  3), the combined extracts was dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to dryness, then the crude product was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 12/1) to give 3.01 g (yield: 87%) of compound L1 as a colourless oil.

## General procedure for the synthesis of L2

A solution of LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (325 mg, 8.55 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was stirred at 0 °C for 5 minutes, then a solution of 3-3 (500 mg, 1.71 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added dropwise in portions into the mixture during a period of 10 minutes, and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 3.5 hours, the TLC showed that the reaction was completed. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (3 mL), 15% aqueous NaOH (3 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (9 mL) in turn, extracted with EtOAc (20 mL × 3), the combined extracts was dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 480 mg (yield: 96%) of compound L2 as a colourless oil.

### Scheme 13

# General procedure for the synthesis of M1

TFA (50 mL) was added dropwise into the solution of compound tert-butyl 4-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (12.5 g, 36.2 mmol) in DCM (100 mL) while keep inner temperature between 0 and 5 °C during a period of 30 minutes, then the reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 17 hours. The reaction mixture was extracted with DCM (20 mL × 3), the combined extracts was dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 8.50 g (yield: 96%) of compound M1 as a yellow power.

## General procedure for the synthesis of M2

A solution of compound M1 (1.00 g, 4.08 mmol), compound 3-bromophenylisocyanide (890 mg, 4.92 mmol), Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (750 mg, 0.819 mmol), Xantphos (720 mg, 1.24 mmol) and t-BuONa (1.70 g, 12.3 mmol) in toluene (30 mL) was stirred under N<sub>2</sub> at 110 °C for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with water (20 mL) at 0 °C, then filtered through celite pad. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL × 3). The combined extracts was dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the crude product. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (eluted: PE: EtOAc = 7 : 1) to give 1.00 g (yield: 69%) of compound M2 as a yellow solid.

## General procedure for the synthesis of M3

LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (280 mg, 7.36 mmol) was added into the THF (5 mL) and stirred under N<sub>2</sub> at 0 °C for 30 minutes. Then the solution of compound M2 (500 mg, 1.44 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added dropwise into the suspension while keep inner temperature between 0 and 5 °C during a period of 30 minutes. Then the reaction mixture was refluxed for 3.5 hours, TLC showed that the reaction was completed. The reaction was quenched with (3 mL) H<sub>2</sub>O, 15% aqueous NaOH (3 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (9 mL) in turn. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL × 3), the combined extracts were dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 390 mg (yield: 83%) of compound M3 as a yellow oil.

#### Scheme 14

#### General procedure for the synthesis of N1

A solution of 4-bromo benzyl bromide (10.0 g, 40.0 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (10.5 g, 40.0 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was heated to reflux for 12 hours. After cooled to room temperature, the mixture was filtrated and the filter cake was washed with toluene (200 mL), dried over high vacuum to give compound N1 (19.5 g, yield: 95%) as a white powder which was used to next step directly.

## General procedure for the synthesis of N2

To a suspension of compound N1 (14.4 g, 28.1 mmol) in anhydrous THF (120 mL) was dropwise added *n*-BuLi (11.8 mL, 29.5 mmol, 2.5 M in hexane) at -70 °C, the mixture was stirred at -70 °C for 30 minutes. Then the mixture was warmed to 0 °C, and a solution of tetrahydro-4H-pyran-4-one (2.95 g, 29.5 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was dropwise added at 0 - 10 °C. Then the reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 12 hours. Saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (100 mL) was added at 0 - 10 °C, then diluted with water (200 mL), extracted with EtOAc (100 mL x 2). The combined organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 8/1) to give compound N2 (4.90 g, yield: 69%) as a yellow oil.

## General procedure for the synthesis of N3

A mixture of compound N2 (4.90 g, 19.3 mmol),  $Zn(CN)_2$  (2.38 g, 20.3 mmol) and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (2.24 g, 1.94 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) was heated to reflux for 1 hour under N<sub>2</sub>. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and EtOAc (100 mL). After filtration, the organic layer was separated and washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude oil, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 10/1) to give compound N3 (5.50 g, yield: 69%) as light yellow oil.

## General procedure for the synthesis of N4

A mixture of compound N3 (500 mg, 2.51 mmol) and Pd/C (100 mg, 10%) in MeOH (20 mL) was stirred under H<sub>2</sub> (balloon) at 20 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was filtrated and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude compound N4 (420 mg) as a light yellow oil, which was used to next step directly

## General procedure for the synthesis of N5

To a solution of compound N4 (400 mg, from above) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was added LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (378 mg, 9.94 mmol) at at 20 °C, the reaction mixture was heated at 70 °C for 12 hours. Water (0.4 mL) and 2M NaOH (0.4 mL) was dropwise added to the reaction mixture at 20 °C to quench the reaction. Then the mixture was filtrated and the cake was washed with THF (20 mL x 2). The combined filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude residue (440 mg) as a light yellow oil. The residue was dissolved in DCM (30 mL) and 1M HCl (30 mL), then extracted with DCM (30 mL x 2). The aqueous layer was adjust to pH = 8 by saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, then extracted with DCM (40 mL x 3), the combined organic phase

was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give compound N5 (310 mg, 2 steps yield: 60%) as gum.

#### Scheme 15

# General procedure for the synthesis of O1

To a mixture of 4-chlorothiophenol (10.0 g, 69.5 mmol) and  $K_2CO_3$  (29.0 g, 210 mmol) in acetone (110 mL) was added 2,3-dichloro-1-propene (9.90 g, 90.0 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 5 hours. After cooled to room temperature, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 10.0 g (yield: 65%) of compound  $\mathbf{O1}$  as a yellow power.

### General procedure for the synthesis of O2

A solution of compound O1 (10.0 g, 45.9 mmol) in PhNMe<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) was stirred at 190 °C for 20 hours. After cooled to room temperature, the mixture was extracted with TBME (30 mL×3). The combined extracts was washed by brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 20/1) to afford 8.00 g (yield: 96%) of compound O2 as a white power.

### General procedure for the synthesis of O3

A solution of AIBN (300 mg, 1.83 mmol) and NBS (1.95 g, 11.0 mmol) in CCl<sub>4</sub> (10 mL) was stirred at 80 °C for 10 minutes, then a solution of compound **O2** (2.00 g, 11.0 mmol) in CCl<sub>4</sub> (20 mL) was added into the above solution. The resulting mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 17 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc= 15/1) to afford 2.17 g (yield: 76%) of compound **O3** as a yellow power.

## General procedure for the synthesis of O4

To a mixture of NaH (120 mg, 3.00 mmol, 60% dispersion in mineral oil) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was added a solution of Boc<sub>2</sub>NH (454 mg, 1.09 mmol) in anhydrous THF (15 mL) at 0 °C under N<sub>2</sub> dropwise. After stirred at 0 °C for 30 minutes, a solution of compound **O3** (500 mg, 1.93 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was added at 0 °C dropwise. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at 25 °C for 15 hours. The reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (30 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a yellow power, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc= 12/1) to afford 400 mg (yield: 53%) of compound **O4** as a yellow power.

# General procedure for the synthesis of O5

A solution of compound **O4** (400 mg, 1.05 mmol) and TFA (15 mL) in DCM (30 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for 15 hours. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was suspended in saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (20 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 164 mg (yield: 79%) of compound **O5** as a yellow powder.

Scheme 16

#### General procedure for the synthesis of P1

To a solution of compound 1-bromo-4-iodobenzene (5.00 g, 17.7 mmol) in anhydrous THF (20 mL) was dropwise added *i*-PrMgCl (10 mL, 20.0 mmol, 2M in THF) at -40 °C. After being stirred at this temperature for 1 hour, a solution of tetrahydro-4H-pyran-4-one (1.77 g, 17.7 mmol) in anhydrous THF (2 mL) was dropwise added at -40 °C. Then the mixture was allowed to warm to 20 °C and stirred for 2 hours. Saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (50 mL) was dropwise added at 10 - 25 °C, to quench the reaction followed by water (50 mL). The mixture was

extracted with EtOAc (50 mL x 2). The combined organic layer was concentrated and purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 20/1) to give compound P1(1.58 g, yield: 35%) as a white powder.

## General procedure for the synthesis of P2

A solution of compound P1 (1.57 g, 6.11 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (5 mg) in toluene (40 mL) was heated to reflux for 8 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude compound P2 (1.62 g, quant.) which was used to next step directly.

# General procedure for the synthesis of P3

A mixture of compound **P2** (1.62 g, from above),  $Zn(CN)_2$  (835 mg, 7.11 mmol) and  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (783 mg, 0.678 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) was heated to reflux for 1 hour under  $N_2$ . Then the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and EtOAc (30 mL x 3), the EtOAc layer was separated and washed with brine, dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/EtOAc = 20/1) to give compound **P3** (930 mg, 2 steps yield: 82%) as a light yellow oil.

## General procedure for the synthesis of P4

A mixture of compound **P3** (930 mg, 5.02 mmol) and Pd/C (150 mg, 10%) in MeOH (20 mL) was stirred at 20 °C under H<sub>2</sub> (1 atm) for 48 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated to give a crude compound **P4** which was used to next step directly.

#### General procedure for the synthesis of P5

To a solution of compound P4 (710 mg, 3.79 mmol) in anhydrous THF (30 mL) was added LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (720 mg, 19.0 mmol) at at 20 °C for 48 hours. Water (0.7 mL) and 2M NaOH (0.7 mL) was dropwise added to the reaction mixture at 20 °C to quench the reaction, then the mixture was filtrated and the filter cake was washed with THF (30 mL x 2). The combined filtrate was concentrated to give a crude residue, which was diluted with DCM (50 mL) and 1M HCl (40 mL), then extracted with DCM (30 mL x 2). The aqueous layer was adjust to pH = 8 by saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, then extracted with DCM (50 mL x 3), the combined DCM phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give compound P5 (210 mg, yield: 29%) as light oil.

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#### Scheme 17

## General procedure for the synthesis of R1

A mixture of 4-chloro-2-iodophenol (1.00 g, 3.94 mmol), propargylamine (1.08 g, 19.6 mmol), CuI (75 mg, 0.40 mmol), PdCl<sub>2</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (278 mg, 0.40 mmol) and TMG (4.21 g, 36.6 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (20 mL) was stirred at 50 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 5 hours. After cooled to room temperature, the mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (30 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was purified by prep-HPLC (0.1% NH<sub>3</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O). Most of CH<sub>3</sub>CN was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure, and the remaining solvent was removed by lyophilization to afford 300 mg (yield: 41%) of compound R1 as a yellow powder.

## Scheme 18

## General procedure for the synthesis of R1

A solution of 4-chloro-1,2-phenylenediamine (3.00 g, 21.1 mmol) and glycine (2.00 g, 26.0 mmol) in 6N HCl (16 mL) was stirred under N<sub>2</sub> at 100 °C for 72 hours. After cooled to room temperature, the mixture was suspended in concentrated NH<sub>3</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O solution (18 mL) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (30 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 1.21 g (yield: 32%) of compound **R1** as a yellow powder.

# General procedure for the synthesis of R2

To a solution of compound **R1** (3.62 g, 20.0 mmol) and TEA (4.04 g, 40 mmol) in THF (70 mL) was added Boc<sub>2</sub>O (4.32 g, 20 mmol) at 0 °C dropwise and the resulting solution was stirred at 25 °C for 15 hours. The mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), extracted with EtOAc (30 mL×3). The combined extracts were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (eluent: PE/ EtOAc= 1/5) to afford 900 mg (yield: 16%) of compound **R2** as a yellow powder.

## General procedure for the synthesis of R3 & R3'

To a suspension of compound **R2** (600 mg, 2.14 mmol) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (588 mg, 4.26 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) was added CH<sub>3</sub>I (420 mg, 2.96 mmol) dropwise at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 16 hours. The mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (30 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give residue, which was purified by silica gel column (elutant: PE/EtOAc= 5/1) to afford 350 mg (yield: 56%) of a mixture compound **R3** and compound **R3** as a yellow power.

## General procedure for the synthesis of R4 & R4'

To a solution of compound **R3** and compound **R3'** (500 mg, 1.69 mmol) in DCM (25 mL) was added TFA (12 mL) dropwise at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred at 25 °C for 15 hours, the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was suspended in saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (15 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (20 mL×3). The combined extracts were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 289 mg (yield: 88%) of a mixture of compound **R4** and compound **R4'** as a yellow power, used directly for next step without further purification.

#### Scheme 19

#### General procedure for the synthesis of S1

To a solution of Boc-GLY-OH (18.6 g, 106 mmol) and TEA (10.6 g, 105 mmol) in anhydrous THF (200 mL) was added isobutyl chloroformate (12.0 g, 87.9 mmol) at -20 °C dropwise. After the resulting solution was stirred at -20 °C for 1.5 hours, a solution of 2-amino-5-chlorophenol (20.0 g, 106 mmol) in anhydrous THF (50 mL) was added dropwise into above solution and the resulting mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 17 hours. The reaction was quenched with water (50 mL), and the mixture was suspended in saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (20 mL), extracted with EtOAc (50 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (elutent: PE/EtOAc= 4/1) to afford 12.0 g (yield: 32.6%) of compound S1 as a yellow powder.

# General procedure for the synthesis of S2

A solution of compound S1 (5.00 g , 14.5 mmol) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (8.45 g, 32.2 mmol) in anhydrous THF (70 mL) was stirred at 0  $^{\circ}$ C for 30 minutes, then DEAD (5.0 mL, 31.7 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred at 25  $^{\circ}$ C for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (30 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was purified by silica gel column (elutent: PE/EtOAc= 9/1) to afford 2.40 g (yield: 51%) of compound S2 as a yellow powder

## General procedure for the synthesis of S3

The solution of compound S2 (1.00 g, 3.06 mmol), 4-( trifluoromethoxy) phenylboronic acid (800 mg, 3.88 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, (600 mg, 0.519 mmol) and aqueous 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL) in DME (35 mL)was stirred at 80 °C for 17 hours. The mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), extracted with EtOAc (20 mL×3), washed with brine (10 mL). The combined extracts was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was purified by column (elutent: PE/EtOAc= 9:1) to afford 1.00 g (yield: 80%) of compound S3 as a white power.

## General procedure for the synthesis of S4

A solution of compound S3 (400 mg, 0.980 mmol) and TFA (7 mL) in DCM (12 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for 2.5 hours. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, the residue was suspended in saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (15 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (20 mL × 3). The combined extracts was washed with brine (15 mL), dried over

anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 230 mg (yield: 76%) of compound \$4 as a yellow oil.

#### Scheme 20

#### General procedure for the synthesis of T1

To a mixture of tert-butyl-2-amino-2-thioxoethylcarbamate (450 mg, 2.37 mmol), CaO (165 mg, 2.94 mmol),  $Pd_2(dba)_3$  (365 mg, 0.400 mmol) and dppf (885 mg, 1.60 mmol) in MeCN (7 mL) was added a mixture of 2-chloro-4-iodoaniline (500 mg, 1.97 mmol) in MeCN (3 mL) at 20 °C, the resulting mixture was stirred at 60 °C under  $N_2$  atmosphere for 8 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), extracted with EtOAc (30 mL  $\times$  3), washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was purified by column (eluted: PE/EtOAc=6/1) to afford 500 mg (yield: 87%) of compound T1 as a yellow powder.

## General procedure for the synthesis of T2

A solution of compound T1 (300 mg, 1.00 mmol) and TFA (5 mL) in DCM (8 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for 3 hours. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, which was suspended in saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (20 mL×3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 182 mg (yield: 91%) of compound T2 as a yellow powder.

Scheme 21

#### General procedure for the synthesis of U1

A mixture of epichlorohydrin (4.00 g, 43.2 mmol), 4-fluorophenol (5.34 g, 47.6 mmol) and Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (14.1 g, 43.3 mmol) in MeCN (50 mL) was stirred at 80 °C for 17 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), extracted with EtOAc (50 mL x3), washed with brine (30 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, the residue was purified by silica gel column (eluted: EtOAc/PE =1: 10) to afford 2.10 g (yield: 29%) of compound U1 as a colorless oil.

## General procedure for the synthesis of U2

A mixture of compound U1 (1.00 g, 5.95 mmol), 4-cyanophenyl isocyanate (1.03 g, 7.15 mmol) and MgI<sub>2</sub> (825 mg, 2.98 mmol) in anhydrous THF (25 mL) was stirred at 60 °C for 17 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was diluted with water (35 mL), extracted with EtOAc (30 mL x3), washed with brine (30 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a residue, the residue was washed with EtOAc/PE (1/4, 15 mL) to afford 800 mg (yield: 43%) of compound T2 as a dark powder.

## General procedure for the synthesis of U3

The mixture of compound U2 (400 mg, 1.28 mmol) and Raney Ni (100 mg) in MeOH (20 mL) was stirred under H<sub>2</sub> (50 psi) at 30 °C for 17 hours. The mixture was filtered and the filtration was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 320 mg (yield: 78%) of compound U3 as a yellow oil.

#### Scheme 22

## General procedure for the synthesis of V1

A mixture of 2-amno-4-fluoropyridine (0.41 g, 3.66 mmol) and ethyl-2-chloroacetoacetate (0.66g, 4.02 mmol) in EtOH (7 mL) was stirred at reflux temperature for overnight. The

reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 3 : 1 ratio) to give V1.

# General procedure for the synthesis of V2

To a suspension of V1 (0.20 g, 0.90 mmol) in MeOH (6 mL) was added aqueous LiOH (0.11 g, 4.5 mmol in 2mL  $H_2O$ ) and then the resulting mixture was stirred at 50°C. After 2h, the organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure, the resulting aqueous suspension was acidified with 1M HCl (aq.) and then the resulting precipitate was filtered and dried in *vacuo* to give V2 (0.10 g, 60 %) as a white solid.

# General procedure for the synthesis of V3

To a stirred solution of **V2** (0.030 g, 0.16 mmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide (0.044 g, 0.23 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.010 g, 0.078 mmol) and triethylamine (0.043 mL, 0.31 mmol) in anhydrous DMF was added substituted benzylamine (0.17 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred for 4h at 80°C. The organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was purified by flash column chromatography (n-hexane: ethyl acetate = 2:1 ratio) to give **V3**.

# Example 3: In vivo activity in a murine model

The effect of compounds 171 and 175 on the bacterial load of TB-infected mice was compared to that of the reference compound Isoniazid (INH). 8-week old female BalbC mice were infected with  $8\times10^6$  *M. tuberculosis* H37Rv via intranasal inoculation. Mice were sacrificed at day 1 to control the number of CFU in the lungs. In the acute model of infection, mice were treated for 3 days, starting at day 6. Compounds were freshly dissolved in a 20% *d*- $\alpha$ -tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate (ETPGS) solution and administered by oral gavage as single dose per day. Bacterial load was assessed in lungs after homogenizing the organs in 1X PBS. Serial dilutions of organs homogenates were spread on Middlebrook 7H11 plates and CFU were determined after 3 weeks incubation at 37°C under 5% CO2.

In the acute model of infection (after 3 days of treatment; Figure 3), a reduction of CFU compared to untreated mice was observed in the lungs of mice treated with 50 mg/kg of either compound 171 or compound 175 administered orally. Overall both compound 171 and compound 175, demonstrated effect in the acute mouse model of infection.

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Investigation of bacillus growth inhibitors within macrophages has long been limited due to cumbersome CFU plating, slow bacillus growth, safety requirements and difficulties in setting-up appropriate infection conditions. As a consequence, this approach was always used as a secondary assay after the initial selection of compounds that are active on *in vitro* extracellular growth. With the advent of automated confocal microscopy, the above mentioned limitations could be readdressed and the methodology employed herein demonstrates the feasibility of large scale compound screening.

Obviously compounds tested to be active against *in vitro M. tuberculosis* growth are the most promising. The best inhibitors isolated from this library have an inhibitory activity. Further structure activity relationship studies will contribute to determine if their activity can be additionally improved. Taken together, the above results show that monitoring *M. tuberculosis* growth with automated fluorescence microscopy is highly robust and reliable and that this method enables fast selection of potent anti-TB compounds.

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Table 1

# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)
1	+++	27	++	53	+++
2	+++	28	++++	54	+++
3	+++	29	+++	55	+++
4	+++	30	+++	56	+++
5	+++	31	+++	57	+++
6	+++	32	+++	58	++
7	+++	33	+++	59	+++
8	+++	34	++	60	+++
9	+++	35	+++	61	+++
10	-+-++	36	+++	62	+++
11	+++	37	+++	63	+++
12	+++	38	+++	64	+++
13	+++	39	+++	65	+-+-
14	+++	40	+++	66	1-1-1-
15	+++	41	+++	67	+++
16	+++	42	+++	68	+++
17	+++	43	+++	69	+++
18	<del> - - -</del>	44	+++	70	+++
19	+++	45	+++	71	+++
20	+++	46	+++	72	+++
21	+++	47	+++	73	+++
22	++	48	-+	74	+++
23	+++	49	+-+-	75	+++
24		50		76	+++
25	+	51	+++	77	+++
26		52	1-1-	78	++

# Table 1 continue

# epd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)
79	+++	105	++-	131	+++
80	+++	106	+++	132	+++
81	+++	107	+++	133	+++
82	+++	108	+++	134	+++
83		109	+++	135	+++
84	++	110	+++	136	+++
85	+++	111	- <del></del>	137	+++
86	+++	112	++	138	+++
87	+++	113	+++	139	+++
88	++	114	+++	140	1-1-
89	++	115	+++	141	+++
90	+++	116	+++	142	+++
91	+++	117	++	143	++
92	+++	118	+++	144	1-1-
93	+++	119	+++	145	+++
94	++-	120	+++	146	+1+
95	+++	121	+++	147	+++
96	+++	122	++-	148	+++
97	+++	123	+++	149	+++
98	+++	124	+++	150	+++
99	++	125	++	151	+
100	+++	126	+++	152	++
101	+++	127	+++	153	+++
102	+++	128	+++	154	++
103	++	129	++	155	+++
104	++	130	+++	156	

## Table 1 continue

# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# epd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)
157	+++	183	+++	209	++
158	+++	184	+++	210	+++
159	who when when	185	++	211	+++
160	+++	186	- frants	212	++
161	+++	187	+++	213	+++
162	+++	188		214	+++
163	+++	189	++	215	++
164	1-1-1-	190	+++	216	1-1-1
165		191	+++	217	++
166	+++	192		218	+++
167	+++	193	+++	219	+++
168	++	194		220	+++
169	+-+-+	195		221	+++
170		196	+++	222	+++
171	+++	197		223	+++
172	+++	198	++	224	+++
173	+++	199		225	+++
174	1-1-1-	200	++	226	+-+-
175	+++	201	-+-+-	227	+++
176	+++	202	+-+-	228	+++
177	+++	203	+++	229	+++
178	+++	204	+++	230	+++
179	+++	205	+++	231	+++
180	+++	206	+++	232	+
181	+++	207	+++	233	+++
182	+++	208	1-1-1	234	+

Table 1 continue

# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# epd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)
235	+++	261	+++	287	+++
236	+++	262	+	288	+++
237	+++	263	+	289	
238	+++	264	++	290	+++
239	+++	265	++	291	+++
240	+++	266	++	292	+++
241		267	+++	293	+++
242	+++	268		294	+++
243		269	+++	295	+++
244	+++	270	4-4-4	296	+++
245	+++	271	++	297	+++
246	+++	272	++	298	
247	++	273	+++	299	+++
248	+++	274	++	300	
249	+	275	+	301	
250	+	276	+	302	+++
251	++	277	+	303	+++
252	+++	278	++	304	++
253	+++	279	+++	305	++-
254	+++	280	+++	306	++
255	+	281	++	307	
256	+++	282	++	308	++-
257	+++	283		309	+++
258	+++	284	+++	310	+++
259	+++	285	+++	311	+++
260	+	286		312	+++

Table 1 continue

anue					
# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)	# cpd	QUM (MIC <sub>80</sub> , uM)
313	+++	328	+++	343	+++
314	+++	329	++	344	+++
315	+++	330	++	345	+++
316	+++	331	+-+	346	+++
317		332	++	347	+++
318	++	333	+++	348	+++
319	+++	334	+++	349	+++
320	+++	335	+++	350	+++
321	+++	336	+++		
322	· <del>     </del>	337	+++		
323		338	+++		
324	+++	339	++		
325	+++	340	+++		
326	+++	341	+++		
327	+++	342	+++		

cpd	Structure	Characterization Data
1	Br NH NH	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.21-7.60 (9H, m), 7.02 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.79-3.93 (2H, m), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.94 (2H, m), 2.61-2.75 (1H, m), 1.87-2.05 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 519.0[M+ H]+.
2	Br NHI	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.65 (1H, s), 7.51 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz ), 7.43 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.27-7.33 (2H, m), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.89 (2H. d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.76-3.90 (5H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.60-2.73 (1H, m), 1.80-2.03 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 549.1[M+ H]+.
3	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.55 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, s), 7.22-7.37 (10H, m), 7.11-7.13 (1H, m), 7.02 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz), 3.85 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 12.4 Hz), 3.02 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 2.83-2.91 (2H, m), 2.66-2.70 (1H, m), 1.90-2.02 (4H, m), 1.44 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 507.1[M+ H]+.
4	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.55 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 8.04 (1H, s), 7.28-7.30 (3H, m), 7.20-7.24 (2H, m), 7.12 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.00-7.10 (4H, m), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.90-3.05 (2H, m), 2.82-2.89 (2H, m), 2.63-2.71 (1H, m), 1.82-1.99 (4H, m), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.0[M+ H]+.
5	F N NH NH	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.44(1H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 6.0 Hz), 7.28(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 7.21-7.26(1H, m), 7.14-7.16.01(4H, m), 6.98(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 6.77-6.81(1H, m), 5.99(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz), 3.80-3.87(2H, m), 2.92-2.98(2H, m), 2.80-2.86(2H, m), 2.59-2.67(2H, m), 2.92-2.98(1H, m), 2.34(3H, s), 1.83-1.97(2H, m), 1.39(3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 493.0[M+ Na]+.
6	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.20 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.20-7.10 (4H, m), 7.09-7.01 (3H, m), 6.86-6.81(1H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.83-3.80 (2H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.90-2.83 (2H, m), 2.68-2.60 (1H, m), 2.33 (1H, s), 1.97-1.86 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 471.1[M+H]+.
7	CI CINH ON ON	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.54 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.54 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.26-7.30 (3H, m), 7.12-7.17 (4H, m), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.87 (2H, m), 2.60-2.66 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 1.83-1.97 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.1[M+H]+.
8	TN NH ON ON	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.01 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.5 Hz), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.2 Hz), 3.60 (3H, s), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.2, 2.5 Hz), 2.57-2.66 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.7 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 483.1[M+ H]+.

9		white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.16 - 9.29 (1 H, m), 7.46 - 7.56 (1 H, m), 7.28 - 7.37 (4 H, m), 7.12 - 7.21 (1 H, m), 6.96 - 7.05 (4 H, m), 6.84 - 6.95 (1 H, m), 5.93 - 6.09 (1 H, m), 4.56 - 4.69 (2 H, m), 3.35 (8 H, s), 2.90 - 3.02 (2 H, m), 2.37 (3 H, s), 1.32 - 1.45 (3 H, m); LCMS:100%, MS (ESI): m/z 453.2[M+ H]+.
10	O NH NH PFF	pink solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.91-7.01 (4H, m), 6.88 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 6.61 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 5.95 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.86 (3H, s), 3.33 (8H, s), 2.91 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 554.1[M+ H]+.
11	F NH NH FF	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 5.2, 2.4 Hz), 7.50-7.65 (3H, m), 7.37 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.20-7.35 (3H, m overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.04 (1H, bra), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.65-2.80 (1H, m), 1.85-2.05 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.1[M+ H]+.
12	F N NH NH F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.21 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.59 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.37 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.06-6.99 (3H, m), 6.85-6.83 (1H, m), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.86-3.82 (2H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.90-2.83 (2H, m), 2.80-2.67 (1H, m), 2.02-1.85 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.1[M+H]+.
13	CI CI NH NH FF	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.37 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.58 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.37 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.25-7.35 (3H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.91 (1H, dd, $J_{1}$ = 2.0 Hz, $J_{2}$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.70-2.90 (2H, m), 2.65-2.79 (1H, m), 1.85-2.02 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.0 [M+ H]+.
14	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.44(1H, t, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz), 7.17-7.30(6H, m), 6.99(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 6.87(2H, d, J= 8.8 Hz), 6.87(1H, m), 6.00(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz), 3.81-3.87(5H, m), 2.93-2.98(2H, m), 2.80-2.86(2H, m), 2.54-2.57(1H, m), 1.18-1.97(4H, m), 1.40(3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.1[M+ H]+.
15	F N NH O NH	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.21 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.18 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.04-6.98 (3H, m), 6.89-6.84 (3H, m), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.84-3.80 (5H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.86-2.80 (2H, m), 2.64-2.56 (1H, m), 1.97-1.84 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.1[M+ H]+.
16	CI NH ON ON	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.54 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 1.2 Hz), 7.54 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 9.2 Hz), 7.27-7.31 (4H, m), 7.18 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 6.87 (2H, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz), 3.79-3.85 (5H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.88 (2H, m), 2.58-2.68 (1H, m), 1.84-1.97 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.1[M+ Na]+.

17	F N N N N N C CI	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.44(1H, t, $J$ = 6.4 Hz, $J$ <sub>2</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 7.18-7.30(7H, m), 6.98(2H, d, $J$ = 8 Hz), 6.78-6.80(1H, m), 6.01(1H, brs), 4.62(2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.81-3.84(2H, m), 2.93-2.98(2H, m), 2.80-2.86(2H, m), 2.52-2.55(1H, m), 1.84-1.96(4H, m), 1.40(3H, t, $J$ =7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 491.1[M+H]+.
18		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.15-7.36 (9H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.89 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 6.61 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 5.93 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.75-2.95 (4H, m), 2.60-2.72 (1H, m), 1.80-2.02 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 469.1[M+H]+.
19	NH NH NH	pink solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.19 - 9.30 (1 H, m), 7.53 (1 H, d, <i>J</i> =9.03 Hz), 7.28 - 7.33 (2 H, t), 7.18 - 7.24 (3 H, m), 6.95 - 7.07 (4 H, m), 5.96 - 6.10 (1 H, m), 4.65 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.52 Hz), 3.84 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =12.30 Hz), 2.98 (2 H, q, <i>J</i> =7.57 Hz), 2.77 - 2.93 (2 H, m), 2.67 (1 H, s), 2.39 (3 H, s), 1.94 - 2.01 (2 H, m), 1.82 - 1.94 (2 H, m), 1.42 (3 H, t, <i>J</i> =7.59 Hz); LCMS: 98.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 471.1[M+ H]+.
20		yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.15-7.35 (4H, m), 6.93-7.05 (4H, m), 6.89 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 6.61 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz),5.94 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.92 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.4 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.55-2.70 (1H, m), 1.75-2.02 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.1[M+ H]+.
21		off-white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.22-7.35 (5H, m), 7.18 (2H, 2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.88 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 6.61 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 5.94 (1H, m), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.92 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.58-2.68 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 503.1[M+H]+.
22	F F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	pink solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.20-7.40 (4H, m), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.95-7.05 (3H, m), 6.12 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.80-3.90 (2H, m), 3.05 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.0[M + H]+.
23		white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.08-7.20 (4H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.88 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 6.61 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 5.93 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.80 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.92 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0 Hz, 2.8 Hz), 2.55-2.68 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 483.2[M+H]+.
24	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	pink solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.52 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.90 (1H, s), 7.26-7.29 (2H, m), 7.10-7.15 (4H, m), 7.07 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.79-2.87 (2H, m), 2.60-2.68 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 1.85-1.96 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 521.1[M+ H]+.

25	F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.20-7.40 (2H, m), 7.10-7.20 (4H, m), 6.95-7.05 (3H, m), 6.12 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.80-3.90 (2H, m), 3.05 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.55-2.70 (1H, m), 2.36 (3H, s), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 521.0[M + H]+.
26	F F N N N N N N F F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.55 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.93 (1H, s), 7.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.28-7.34 (2H, m), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.86 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85-2.91 (2H, m), 2.72-2.79 (1H, m), 1.88-2.04 (4H, m), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6Hz); LCMS: 99.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 575.0[M+ H]+.
27	F F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.65 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.90-7.00 (3H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), , 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.75-3.85 (2H, m), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.03 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.55-2.65 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.0[M + H]+.
28		yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.28-7.40 (3H, m), 7.10 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.80-6.95 (3H, m), 6.01 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.20-3.41 (8H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.28 (3H, s), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 454.0[M+H]+.
29		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.27-7.38 (3H, m), 6.95-7.04 (4H, m), 6.92 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.39-3.50 (4H, m), 3.29-3.39 (4H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 508.1 [M+ H]+.
30	ON NH ON NO	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.44 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.31-7.42 (2H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 6.85-7.08 (8H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.38 (4H, t, $J$ = 4.4 Hz), 3.26 (4H, t, $J$ = 4.4 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 492.3 [M+ Na]+.
31	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	off-white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.23 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.08-6.99 (3H, m), 6.93 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.88-6.83 (1H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.39-3.30 (8H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 494.1[M+ Na]+.
32	F N N N O N N N O N N N O N N N O N N N O N N N O N N N N N O N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.23 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.08-6.96 (5H, m), 6.91-6.83 (3H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.39-3.36 (4H, m), 3.27-3.24 (4H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.1[M+H]+.

33	CI NH NH NO O	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.30-7.35 (3H, m), 6.97-7.05 (4H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.35-3.40 (4H, m), 3.23-3.29 (4H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.1[M+ Na]+.
34	Br NH NH	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.42 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.25-7.35 (2H, m), 7.12-7.20 (4H, m), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 3.04 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85 (2H, t, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.85-2.00 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 531.1/533.1 [M+H].
35	CI CI N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.61 (1H, s), 7.25-7.32 (2H, m), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.90-7.05 (5H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.30-3.40 (8H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.31(1H, s), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.1 [M+H]+.
36	CI NH NH	off-white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.27-7.35 (3H, m), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.29-3.40 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 510.1[M+ Na]+.
37	CN NH ON NO CI	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.43 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.31-7.42 (3H, m), 7.20-7.30 (2H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.85-6.98 (3H, m), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.20-3.45 (8H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 474.1[M+ H]+.
38	The Charles of the Ch	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.97 (4H, t, $J$ = 8.7 Hz), 6.84-6.90 (2H, m), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.0 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.4 Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.18-3.38 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.7 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 484.1[M+ H]+.
39	NH NH NN N-O	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.7 Hz), 7.07-7.15 (3H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 7 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.5 Hz), 3.25-3.38 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.29 (3H, s), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 490.1[M+ H]+.
40	N N N F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.7 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 6.98 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.5 Hz), 3.30-3.48 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.7 Hz), 2.62 (3H, s), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.7 Hz); LCMS: 98.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.1[M+ H]+.
41		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 7.26-7.35 (4H, m), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.96-7.03 (4H, m), 6.90 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.3 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.0 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.4 Hz), 3.35 (8H, s), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 476.1[M+H]+.

42	F NH N N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.48 (1H, dd, $J$ = 4.8, 2.0 Hz), 7.59 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 5.2 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.24-7.30 (1H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.90-7.08 (4H, m), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.36 (8H, s), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS(ESI): m/z 542.1 [M+H]+.
43	ONII ON NOCICI	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 7.23 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.9 Hz),7.12 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.7 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.9 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.5 Hz), 3.28-3.38 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.7 Hz), 2.62 (3H, s), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.7 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.1[M+H]+.
44	NH NN N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.7 Hz), 7.08-7.17 (3H, m), 6.91-7.03 (4H, m), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.5 Hz), 3.30-3.38 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.62 (3H, s), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.7 Hz); LCMS: 98.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 538.1[M+ H]+.
45	CI NH NN N-CI	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.30-7.40 (3H, m), 7.23-7.29 (2H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.92 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.25-3.40 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 530.0[M+ Na]+.
46	CI N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.38 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.99 (4H, t, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.85-6.95 (3H, m), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.20-3. 30 (4H, m), 3.32-3.40 (4H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.0 [M+ Na]+.
47	CI NN NN NN CI	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.37 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.4 Hz) , 7.42 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.25 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.82-6.93 (3H, m), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.34 (8H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 3.03 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 508.0[M+ H]+.
48	CI NH N N F F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.53-7.59 (3H, m), 7.29-7.35 (3H, m), 7.00 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.43-3.49 (4H, m), 3.35-3.40 (4H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 542.0[M+H]+.
49	CI NN NH NN FF	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.37 (1H, dd, $JI$ = 0.8 Hz, $J2$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.54 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.42 (1H, dd, $JI$ = 0.8 Hz, $J2$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.00 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.88 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.47 (4H, dd, $JI$ = 4.4 Hz, $J2$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.38 (4H, dd, $JI$ = 7.2 Hz, $J2$ = 10 Hz), 3.04 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 542.0[M+ H]+.

50	CI NNH ONH	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.37 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.42 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.4 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.00 (4H, t, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 6.86-6.90 (3H, m), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.38 (4H, t, $J$ = 5 Hz), 3.25 (4H, t, $J$ = 5 Hz), 3.04 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.1[M+ Na]+.
51	NH PFF	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.31 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.38 (3H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.33-7.28 (2H, m), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.0 Hz), 6.01 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.78-2.72 (1H, m), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.02-1.91 (4H, m), 1.28 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 521.1[M+H]+.
52	NH NH CICI	yellow solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.30 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.38 (1H, s), 7.32-7.29 (4H, m), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.77 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz), 6.0 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.84 (2H, td, $J$ = 12 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.70-2.60 (1H, m), 2.42 (3H, s), 2.01-1.82 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.1[M+ H]+.
53	CI N NH ONH ONH	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.37 (1H, dd, $J$ = 0.8 Hz, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.42 (1H, dd, $J$ = 0.8 Hz, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.31 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.88 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 3.04 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85 (2H, td, $J$ = 2.4, 12.4 Hz), 2.62-2.70 (1H, m), 1.83-1.98 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 507.0[M+H]+.
54	CN NH CN NCO	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.35-7.29 (3H, m), 6.99-6.95 (4H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.74 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 5.99 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.36-3.22 (8H, m), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.17 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 484.1[M+ H]+.
55	NH NN N FF	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.14 - 9.31 (1H, m), 7.45 - 7.56 (1H, m), 7.29 - 7.38 (2H, m), 7.08 - 7.22 (3H, m), 6.96 (4H, s), 5.95 - 6.09 (1H, m), 4.57 - 4.73 (2H, m), 3.34 (8H, s), 2.89 - 3.04 (2H, m), 2.37 (3H, s), 1.40 (3H, s); LCMS: 98.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 538.1[M+ H]+.
56	CN NH CN N CO	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.13 - 9.25 (1H, m), 7.46 - 7.54 (1H, m), 7.27 - 7.36 (2H, m), 7.09 - 7.21 (1H, m), 6.96 (4H, d, <i>J</i> =9.54 Hz), 6.88 (2H, s), 5.96 - 6.06 (1H, m), 4.59 - 4.67 (2H, m), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.35 (4H, d, <i>J</i> =5.27 Hz), 3.23 (4H, brs), 2.90 - 3.01 (2H, m), 2.36 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz); LCMS: 98.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 484.0[M+ H]+.
57	O NH NH NH FF	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.92-7.03 (4H, m),6.89 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz) 6.61 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 5.96 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.25-3.49 (8H, m), 2.92 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 538.1[M+ H]+, 560.0 [M+Na]+.

58	ON NH ON NHO	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 8.99 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.97 (4H, t, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.81 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.62 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.02 (3H, s). 3.78 (3H, s), 3.35 (4H, t, $J$ = 4.8 Hz), 3.23 (4H, t, $J$ = 4.8 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.1[M+Na] +.
59	TN NH ON NOCICI	white solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.36 (1H, s), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.23 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.75 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.4 Hz), 6.00 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.33-3.31 (8H, m), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.42 (3H, s), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.1[M+H]+.
60	O NH P F F	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.13 - 9.25 (1H, m), 7.46 - 7.54 (1H, m), 7.27 - 7.36 (2H, m), 7.09 - 7.21 (1H, m), 6.96 (4H, d, <i>J</i> =9.54 Hz), 6.88 (2H, s), 5.96 - 6.06 (1H, m), 4.59 - 4.67 (2H, m), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.35 (4H, d, <i>J</i> =5.27 Hz), 3.23 (4H, brs), 2.90 - 3.01 (2H, m), 2.36 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz); LCMS: 99.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.1[M+ H]+.
61	NH NH FF	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.36-7.30 (3H, m), 6.98 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.76 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.45-3.34 (8H, m), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.42 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.1[M+ H]+.
62		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.25-7.36 (5H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 6.95-7.04 (m, 4H), 6.86-6.94 (2H, m), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.35 (8H, s), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 440.1 [M+ H]+.
63	F N N N C CI	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.21 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.24 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.06-6.97 (3H, m), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 6.86-6.81 (1H, m), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.35-3.30 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 491.9[M+ Na]+.
64	CI N NH NH NH	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.35 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz) , 7.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.28-7.32 (4H, m), 6.99 (4H, d, $J$ = 8 Hz), 6.83-6.92 (2H, m), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.35 (8H, s), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.8 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z474.0[M+H]+.
65	NN	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.12 - 9.29 (1 H, m), 7.48 - 7.53 (1 H, m), 7.29 - 7.34 (2 H, m), 7.15 - 7.20 (1 H, m), 7.07 - 7.14 (2 H, m), 6.94 - 7.01 (2 H, m,), 6.85 - 6.94 (2 H, m), 5.95 - 6.04 (1 H, m), 4.63 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.52 Hz,), 3.34 (4 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.77 Hz), 3.30 (4 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.77 Hz), 2.96 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz), 2.36 (3 H, s), 2.29 (3 H, s), 1.39 (3 H, t, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 467.2[M+H]+.

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66	O NH O N O CI	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.14 - 9.31 (1 H, m), 7.45 - 7.56 (1 H, m), 7.28 - 7.40 (2 H, m), 7.19 - 7.30 (2 H, m), 7.15 - 7.20 (1 H, m), 6.94 - 7.02 (2 H, m), 6.85 - 6.94 (2 H, m), 5.97 - 6.06 (1 H, m), 4.63 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.27 Hz), 3.32 (8 H, q, <i>J</i> =5.94 Hz), 2.96 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz), 2.36 (3 H, s), 1.39 (3 H, t, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.0[M+ H]+.
67	NH ON NH	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.30 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.38-7.28 (5H, m), 7.01 (4H, dd, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz), 6.92 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.76 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.37 (8H, s), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.44 (3H, s), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 476.1[M+ H]+.
68	CI CIN NH ON NH	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR(CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta$ 9.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.57 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.29-7.35 (5H, m), 7.01 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.93 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.38 (8H, s), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 496.0[M+Na]+.
69	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.44-9.48(1H, m), 7.33-7.28(3H, m), 7.25-7.23(1H, m), 7.01(4H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 6.92(4H, d, <i>J</i> =7.2Hz), 6.83-6.78(1H, m), 6.02(1H, brs), 4.64(2H, d, <i>J</i> =5.6Hz), 3.37(8H, s), 2.99-2.94(2H, m), 1.41(3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 480.1[M+ Na]+.
70	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.23 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.34-7.28 (4H, m), 7.08-7.00 (5H, m), 6.92 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.88-6.83 (1H, m), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.38 (8H, s), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 480.1[M+Na]+.
71	F NH NH	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.48 (1H, dd, $J$ = 4.8, 2.0 Hz), 7.59 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 5.2 Hz), 7.24-7.35 (5H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.01 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.93 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.38 (8H, s), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 480.1[M+ Na]+.
72	Br NH NH	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.40-7.49 (1H, m), 7.29-7.37 (1H, m), 7.05-7.29 (4H. m), 6.84-7.01 (4H, m), 5.95 (1H, brs), 4.48-4.62 (2H, m), 3.65-3.81 (2H, m), 2.89 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.69-2.81 (2H, m), 2.50-2.61 (1H, m), 1.71-1.95 (4H, m), 1.33 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 535.0[M+ H]+.
73		white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.18-7.36 (7H, m), 7.1 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.81 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62(2H, d, $J$ = 5.5 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.3 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.7 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12, 2.8 Hz), 2.62-2.71 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.83-2.01 (4H, m), 1.36 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.5 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 475.2[M+H]+.
74	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.41-9.45(1H, m), 7.29(2H, d, J= 8.4 Hz), 7.20-7.22(1H, m), 6.93-6.99(4H, m), 6.85-6.88(2H, m), 6.75-6.80(1H, m), 5.99(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, $J$ =5.2Hz), 3.78(3H, s), 3.33-3.36(4H, m), 3.21-3.24(4H, m), 2.91-2.97(2H, m), 1.38(3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 98.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.1[M+ H]+, 510.1[M+ H]+

75	F NH NN N	white solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.40-9.48 (1H, m), 7.52-7.60 (1H, m), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.20-7.28 (1H, m, overlapped with CDCl <sub>3</sub> ), 7.10 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.20-3.40 (8H, m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.28 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 494.1[M+ Na]+.
76	F NH NN N F F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta$ 9.40-9.51 (1H, m), 7.42-7.62 (3H, m), 7.26-7.40 (3H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 6.89-7.10 (4H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (1H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.20-3.50 (8H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.0[M+H]+.
77	F N N N CI	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.40-9.52 (1H, m), 7.52-7.62 (1H, m), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.15-7.28 (3H, m, overlapped with CDCl <sub>3</sub> ), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.20-3.45 (8H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 492.0[M+ H]+.
78	F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.65 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.25-7.40 (2H, m), 7.10-7.25 (2H, m), 6.90-7.10 (5H, m), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.70-3.90 (2H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.75-2.90 (2H, m), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.05 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.0[M + H]+.
79	Br NH NH	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.63 (1H, s), 7.49 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz ), 7.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.29-7.35 (2H, m), 7.05-7.20 (4H, m), 6.90-7.05 (2H, m), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.71-3.91 (2H, m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.75-2.90 (2H, m), 2.55-2.70 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 1.80-2.05 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 531.1[M+ H]+.
80	F N NH	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.86 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.47 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.28-7.40 (4H, m), 6.95-7.10 (4H, m), 6.87-6.95 (1H, m), 6.07 (1H, s), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.36 (8H, s), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 530.1[M+H]+.
81	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.53 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.91 (1H, s), 7.26-7.33 (4H, m), 7.09 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.96-7.05 (4H,m), 6.89-6.92 (1H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.39-3.41 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 508.1[M+ H]+.
82	F NH NN NF	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.42-9.46(1H, m), 7.31-7.13(3H, m), 7.01-6.86(6H, m), 6.80-6.77(1H, m), 6.00(1H, brs), 4.62(2H, d, <i>J</i> =5.2Hz), 3.35(4H, d, <i>J</i> =4.4Hz), 3.27(4H, d, <i>J</i> =4.4Hz), 2.97-2.92(2H, m), 1.39(3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 476.1[M+ H]+.

83		white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.3 Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.3 Hz), 6.89-7.04 (6H, m), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.3 Hz), 3.20-3.44 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.4 Hz), 2.62 (3H, s,), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.7 Hz); LCMS: 99.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 494.1[M+ H]+.
84	F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.25-7.35 (4H, m), 6.95-7.05 (5H, m), 6.91 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.36 (8H, s), 3.03 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 508.0[M + H]+.
85	CI NH ONH ONH NN NF	yellow solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.35 (1H, d, $J$ =6.8 Hz), 7.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8 Hz), 6.89-7.19 (6H, m), 6.85 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.35 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.27 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS:100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 492.0[M+ H]+.
86	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.53 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.91 (1H, s), 7.45 (2H, d, $J$ = 10.0 Hz), 7.09 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.94-7.00 (6H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 4.8 Hz), 3.32-3.40 (4H, m), 3.27-3.30 (4H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.0[M+ H]+.
87	F N NH N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.86 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.48 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.28-7.41 (2H, m), 6.83-7.12 (6H, m), 6.08 (1H, s), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.36 (4H, s), 3.26 (4H, s), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.0[M+H]+.
88	F F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.58 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.90-7.05 (3H, m), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.75-3.90 (2H, m), 3.05 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.65-2.75 (1H, m), 1.80-2.05 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 575.0[M + H]+.
89	Br NH ONH ON	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.20-7.40 (2H, m), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.79 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.70-3.90 (5H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, t, $J$ = 11.6 Hz), 2.61 (2H, t, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 569.0/571.0 [M+23]
90	F NH NN N-CICI	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.43(1H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.22-7.63(5H, m), 6.97(2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.89(2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.61-6.81(1H, m), 6.00(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, $J$ = 4.8 Hz), 3.48-3.55(8H, m), 2.91-2.95(2H, m), 1.39(3H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 492.0[M+H]+.

91		white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.35-7.22 (9H, m), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.75 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 5.98 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 4.4 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 11.2 Hz), 2.66 (1H, brs), 2.42 (3H, s), 1.95-1.83 (4H, m), 1.40-1.30 (3H, m); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 453.1[M+H]+.
92		white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.80-6.90 (3H, m), 6.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.4 Hz), 5.94 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.86 (3H, s), 3.70-3.82 (5H, m), 2.92 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, t, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.55-2.70 (1H, m), 1.85-2.02 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 499.1 [M+H]+, 521.1 [M+Na]+.
93	F CN NH ON N N	yellow solid : <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.44(1H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz), 7.30(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8 Hz), 7.21-7.24(1H, m), 7.10(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 6.98(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 6.90(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz), 6.77-6.81(1H, m), 5.97(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz), 3.19-3.46(8H, m), 2.92-2.97(2H, m), 2.89(3H, s), 1.39(3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 494.0[M+ Na]+.
94	Br NH N N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.05 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.85-7.05 (4H, m), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.18-3.44 (8H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS(ESI):m/z 601.8/603.8 [M+H]+
95	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.90-7.05 (4H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 6.79 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.96 (3H, s), 3.28-3.50 (4H, m), 3.15-3.28 (4H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 571.6/573.6 [M+23]
96	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.53 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.91 (1H, s), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.09 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.81-7.01 (4H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 6.11 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.35-3.40 (4H, m), 3.28-3.32 (4H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 538.1[M+ H]+.
97	Br NH NN N	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.20-3.40 (8H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.29 (3H, s), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 532.1/534.1 [M+H]+
98	CI N NH NH	grey solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.34 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz) , 7.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.27 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.83-6.87 (3H, m), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.80-3.82 (5H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.82 (2H, t, $J$ = 11.2 Hz), 2.61 (1H, t, $J$ = 11.6 Hz), 1.81-1.95 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.1[M+ Na]+.

99	F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.98-7.03 (3H, m), 6.92 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.12 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.31-3.38 (8H, m), 3.05 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.31 (3H, s), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.1[M + H]+.
100		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.13 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.25-3.40 (8H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.31 (3H, s), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 484.1 [M+H]+
101	Br NH NN N	white solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.65 (1H, s), 7.51 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz ), 7.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.26-3.42 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 534.0[M+H]+.
102	F NH NN	yellow solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.88 (1H, s), 7.71 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.49 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, $J$ = 4.8 Hz), 6.09 (1H, s), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.35-3.45 (4H, m), 3.25-3.35 (4H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.31 (3H, s), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.1[M+H]+.
103	O NH NH CI	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.01 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.92 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 6.83 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.4 Hz), 6.64 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.04 (3H, s). 3.36 (4H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.33 (4H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.1[M+ Na]+.
104		yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 8.99 (1H, dd, $J$ = 0.8 Hz, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, $J$ = 10.0 Hz), 6.81 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.4 Hz), 6.62 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 4.02 (3H, s). 3.28-3.84 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.29 (3H, s), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 484.1[M+H]+.
105	F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.59 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.94-7.06 (5H, m), 6.85-6.90 (2H, m), 6.13 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.34-3.37 (4H, m), 3.19-3.30 (4H, m), 3.03 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 538.1[M + H]+.
106	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.55 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.93 (1H, s), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.10-7.15 (3H, m), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.92 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.36-3.40 (4H, m), 3.27-3.38 (4H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.31 (3H, s), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.0[M+H]+.

107	O NH NH N N N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.13 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.10-7.20 (3H, m), 6.92-7.04 (4H, m), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.26-3.40 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.0%, MS(ESI):m/z 554.1 [M+H]+
108		yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz),6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.89-6.96 (3H, m), 6.61 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz,2.4 Hz), 5.95 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.52-3.71 (8H, m), 2.92 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.29 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 484.1[M+H]+, 506.1 [M+Na]+.
109	F N N N O O	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.88 (1H, s), 7.72 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.50 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.95-7.08 (4H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 6.10 (1H, s), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.35-3.52 (4H, m), 3.21-3.30 (4H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 538.1[M+H]+.
110		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.27 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.95-7.04 (4H, m), 6.85-6.94 (3H, m), 6.32 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.4 Hz), 5.97 (1H, t, $J$ = 4.4 Hz), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.89 (3H, s), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.30-3.40 (4H, m), 3.20-3.29 (4H, m), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 522.1[M+Na]+.
111		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.13 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 7.51 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.12 (2H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.4 Hz), 6.92-7.08 (4H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.89 (3H, s), 3.30-3.40 (4H, m), 3.20-3.30 (4H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 522.1 [M+23].
112	F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.20-7.40 (7H, m), 6.95-7.10 (3H, m), 6.12 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.80-3.90 (2H, m), 3.06 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.60-2.75 (1H, m), 1.85-2.05 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 507.0[M + H]+.
113	Br NH NH	yellow solid: H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.29 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 7.76 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 2.0 Hz), 7.15-7.36 (7H, m), 6.93-7.05 (3H, m), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz), 4.52-4.63 (2H. m), 2.94 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 2.77-2.89 (2H, m), 2.60-2.71 (1H. m), 1.81-2.02 (4H. m), 1.38 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 517.0[M+ H]+.
114		white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.16 - 9.27 (1 H, m), 7.44 - 7.54 (1 H, m), 7.23 - 7.31 (3 H, m), 7.09 - 7.20 (4 H, m), 6.98 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =8.60 Hz), 5.98 (1 H, br. s.), 4.61 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.51 Hz), 3.80 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =12.35 Hz), 2.95 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =7.72 Hz), 2.77 - 2.86 (2 H, m), 2.62 (1 H, s), 2.34 (6 H, d, <i>J</i> =12.35 Hz), 1.81 - 1.98 (4 H, m), 1.38 (3 H, t, <i>J</i> =7.50 Hz,); LCMS: 98.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 453.0[M+ H]+.

115	F NH NH	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.45 (1H, dd, $J = 5.2$ , 2.4 Hz), 7.55 (1H, dd, $J = 10.0$ , 5.2 Hz), 7.20-7.30 (3H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signa), 7.10-7.20 (4H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 6.01 (1H, brs), 4.55-4.65 (2H, m), 3.81 (2H, d, $J = 12.0$ Hz), 2.96 (2H, q, $J = 7.6$ Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J = 12.0$ , 2.8 Hz), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J = 7.6$ Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 493.0[M+ Na]+.
116	F N N N F F F	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.41-9.45(1H, m), 7.29(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 7.19-7.22(1H, m), 7.12(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 6.92-6.98(5H, m), 6.75-6.80(1H, m), 5.99(1H, brs), 4.60(2H, d, <i>J</i> =5.2Hz), 3.30-3.35(8H, m), 2.91-2.97(2H, m), 1.38(3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 542.1[M+H]+.
117		red solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 8.98 (1H, dd, $J$ = 0.8 Hz, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.24-7.29 (4H, m), 7.15 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.97 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.2 Hz), 6.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 4.01 (3H, s). 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, t, $J$ = 11.4 Hz), 2.62-2.69 (1H, m), 1.82-1.96 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 553.1[M+ H]+.
118		pink solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.10 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.48 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.17-7.35 (7H, m), 7.08 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.86 (3H, s), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, t, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 469.1 [M+H]+
119	CI NH NH F	red solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.34 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.57 (2H, d, $J$ = 8 Hz), 7.34-7.39 (3H, m), 7.28 (2H, d, $J$ = 8. 8 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.85 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.84 (2H, td, $J$ = 2.8, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.68-2.76 (1H, m), 1.84-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.1[M+H]+.
120	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.70-9.80 (1H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.46 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.16 (2H, dd, $J$ = 4.8 2.0 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.86 (2H, dd, $J$ = 4.8 2.0 Hz), 6.06 (1H, m), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.82 (2H, s), 3.79 (3H, s), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.75-2.89 (2H, m), 2.53-2.69 (1H, m), 1.78-2.01 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.0[M+H]+.
121	F N NH N N CI	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.85 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.18-7.24 (2H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 6.02-6.11 (1H, m), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.30-3.35 (8H, m), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.8[M+H]+.
122	N NH NH CI	red solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.15 - 9.27 (1 H, m), 7.49 (1 H, d, <i>J</i> =9.04 Hz), 7.22 - 7.33 (4 H, m), 7.17 (3 H, d, <i>J</i> =8.38 Hz), 6.97 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =8.60 Hz), 5.94 - 6.06 (1 H, m), 4.61 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.51 Hz), 3.80 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =12.35 Hz), 2.95 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =7.50 Hz), 2.81 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =2.43 Hz), 2.57 - 2.69 (1 H, m), 2.35 (3 H, s), 1.92 (2 H, br. s.), 1.85 (2 H, dd, <i>J</i> =12.46, 3.42 Hz), 1.38 (3 H, t, <i>J</i> =7.50 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.0[M+ H]+.

123		pink solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.13 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.4 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.76-3.88 (5H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.87 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 521.1 [M+23]
124	F F N NH NH O	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.55 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.93 (1H, s), 7.30-7.32 (2H, m), 7.19 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.10 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.2, 1.6 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.86 (2H, s), 3.82 (3H, s), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.81-2.89 (2H, m), 2.61-2.67 (1H, m), 1.86-2.00 (4H, m), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.0[M+ H]+.
125	O NH O NH FF	pink solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.02 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.83 (1 H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.63 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.04 (3H, s), 3.85 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.86 (2H, dt, $J$ = 2.8 Hz, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.73 (1H, m), 1.87-2.00 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.1[M+H]+.
126	ON NH FF	red solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.14 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 7.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.39 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.15 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.02 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.86 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.87 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.70-2.80 (1H, m), 1.88-2.05 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.40%, MS(ESI):m/z 537.1 [M+H]+
127		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.13 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz),7.08-7.21 (5H, m), 7.02 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.85 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.8 Hz), 2.61-2.70 (1H, m), 2.36 (3H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.40%, MS(ESI):m/z 483.1 [M+H]+
128	ON NH ON NO CI	gray solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.13 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 7.51 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.4 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.92 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.25-3.40 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 504.1 [M+H]+
129	O NH N N F F F	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.01 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.00 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.83 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.4 Hz), 6.64 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.04 (3H, s). 3.36-3.47 (8H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 538.0[M+ H] +.

130	F NH NN F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.88 (1H, s), 7.72 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.48-7.59 (3H, m), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.95-7.08 (4H, m), 6.10 (1H, s), 4.67 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.41-3.52 (4H, m), 3.32-3.51 (4H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 576.0[M+ H]+.
131	Br NH NH	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.32 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.23-7.34 (2H, m), 6.95-7.08 (3H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.78-3.89 (5H. m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.79-2.90 (2H, m), 2.56-2.69 (1H. m), 1.80-2.02 (4H. m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 517.0[M+ H]+.
132	Br N N P F F F	red solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.33 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.39 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.29-7.34 (2H, m), 6.97-7.09 (3H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 4.56-4.68 (2H. m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.93 (2H, m), 2.68-2.80 (1H. m), 1.83-2.02 (4H. m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 585.0[M+ H]+.
133	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.32 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.28-7.37 (2H, m), 7.20-7.26 (2H, m), 6.94-7.09 (5H. m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.57-4.66 (2H. m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.79-2.90 (2H, m), 2.59-2.73 (1H. m), 1.80-2.01 (4H. m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz)
134	Br N N N N CI	gray solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.33 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.28-7.35 (6H, m), 7.17-7.25 (2H, m), 6.97-7.08 (3H. m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.57-4.68 (2H. m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.78-2.89 (2H, m), 2.60-2.71 (1H. m), 1.81-2.00 (4H. m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 552.6[M+H]+.
135	Br NH O NH CI	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.33 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.21-7.31 (2H, m), 6.96-7.08 (3H, m), 6.88-6.95 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.27-3.41 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 553.6[M+ H]+.
136	Br NH PF F	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz ), 7.52 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.35-7.45 (3H, m), 7.29-7.35 (2H, m), 7.02 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.80-3.91 (2H, m), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.81-2.91 (2H, m), 2.70-2.80 (1H, m), 1.86-2.06 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 585.0[M+ H]+.
137	F N NH O NH O F	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.43(1H, t, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz), 7.19-7.30(5H, m), 6.99-7.02(4H, m), 6.75-6.81(1H, m), 5.99(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz), 3.73-3.83(2H, m), 2.92-2.98(2H, m), 2.80-2.86(2H, m), 2.62-2.68(1H, m), 1.78-1.96(4H, m), 1.39(3H, t, <i>J</i> =7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 475.0[M+ H]+.
138	Br NH NN N	gray solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.63 (1H, s), 7.49 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz ), 7.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.90-7.17 (4H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.14-3.45 (8H. m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 548.0[M+ H]+.

139		yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.41 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 7.20-7.40 (5H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.18 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 6.82-7.05 (3H, m), 6.01 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, t, <i>J</i> = 11.2 Hz), 2.53-2.70 (1H, m), 1.72-2.03 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 473.0[M+ H]+.
140	NH PF	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.16 - 9.29 (m, 1 H), 7.58 (br. s., 3 H), 7.12 - 7.41 (m, 6 H) 6.99 (br. s, 2 H), 5.94 - 6.10 (m, 1 H), 4.62 (br. s, 2 H), 3.83 (d, <i>J</i> =10.54 Hz, 2 H), 2.95 (d, <i>J</i> =6.53 Hz, 2 H), 2.84 (br. s, 2 H), 2.72 (br. s, 1 H), 2.36 (d, <i>J</i> =4.27 Hz, 3 H), 1.85 - 2.04 (m, 4 H), 1.31 - 1.47 (m, 3 H); LCMS: 99.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 521.0[M+ H]+.
141		white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.35-7.29 (3H, m), 7.10 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.75 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 5.99 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.35-3.29 (8H, m), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.42 (3H, s), 2.29 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 490.1[M+ H]+.
142	CI NH ONH NN NF F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.35 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.4 Hz), 7.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.94-7.00 (4H, m), 6.86-6.88 (1H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, s), 3.34 (8H, s), 3.02 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 474.0[M+ H]+.
143	Br N N F F F	yellow solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.45-7.65 (3H, m), 7.30-7.45 (2H, m), 7.20-7.30 (2H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85 (2H, t, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.73 (2H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.75-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.6%, MS(ESI):m/z 584.9/586.9 [M+H]
144		yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 7.07-7.20 (5H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.01 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.3 Hz), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 11.7, 2.0 Hz), 2.55-2.68 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.33 (3H, s), 1.82-1.98 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.5 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 489.1[M+H]+.
145	NH NH NH NH FF	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.58 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.2 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.2 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.6 Hz), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.6 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.6 Hz) 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.5 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.3 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.84 (2H, td, $J$ = 12, 2.5 Hz), 2.68-2.78 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.84-2.02 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.5 Hz); LCMS: 98.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 521.1[M+H]+.
146	F F NH NH	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.86 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 0.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 9.6 Hz), 7.56 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz), 7.46 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 9.2 Hz), 7.35 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 6.06 (1H, m), 4.63 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 12.4 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.91 (2H, m), 2.57-2.79 (1H, m), 1.82-2.03 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 575.0[M+ H]+.

147	CI NH NH	red solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.34 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8 Hz), 7.38 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8 Hz), 7.27 (2H, m) 7.07-7.17 (4H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.40 Hz), 6.84 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 2.8, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.62 (1H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 1.85-1.96 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 8 Hz); LCMS:100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.1[M+ H]+.
148	F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.20 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.29-7.17 (4H, m), 7.04-6.96 (5H, m), 6.85-6.80 (1H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.82-3.79 (2H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85-2.78 (2H, m), 2.67-2.60 (1H, m), 1.95-1.79 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 475.0[M+ H]+.
149	F NH NH	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.40-9.49 (1H, m), 7.55 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 4.8 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.19-7.28 (2H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 6.90-7.00 (4H, m), 6.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.03 (1H, t, $J$ = 4.4 Hz), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.77 (3H, s), 3.30-3.40 (4H, m), 3.15-3.25 (4H, m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.1[M+ H]+.
150	F N NH NH N NO	pink solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.45 (1H, dd, $J$ = 4.8, 2.0 Hz), 7.56 (1H, dd, $J$ = 10.0, 5.6 Hz), 7.20-7.31 (3H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.16 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 5.95-6.05 (1H, m), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.76-3.88 (5H, m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.77-2.87 (2H, m), 2.53-2.66 (1H, m), 1.78-1.99 (4H, m), $\delta$ 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI): m/z 487.0 [M+H]+.
151		pink solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 8.97 (1H, dd, $J$ = 0.4 Hz, $J$ = 6.8 Hz) 7.25-7.29 (2H, m), 7.17-7.20 (2H, m), 6.96-7.01 (4H, m), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.00 (3H, s), 3.80 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.66-2.60 (1H, m), 1.95-1.82 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.1[M+H]+.
152		pink solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 8.97 (1H, dd, $J$ = 0.8 Hz, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.25-7.28 (2H, m), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 7.15 (2H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 6.96-6.98 (2H, m), 6.84-6.87 (2H, m), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.0 (3H, s), 3.78-3.81 (5H, m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80 (2H, td, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, $J$ = 12Hz) 2.60 (1H, m), 1.82-1.99 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 521.1[M+ Na]+.
153	F NH NH	yellow solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.45 (1H, dd, $J$ = 5.2, 2.4 Hz) , 7.56 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 5.2 Hz) , 7.15-7.32 (5H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal) , 6.90-7.05 (4H, m) , 6.01 (1H, brs) , 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz) , 3.80 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz) , 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz) , 2.78-2.86 (2H, m) , 2.60-2.70 (1H, m) , 1.78-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 457.1[M+ H]+.

154	F F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.57 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.64 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.20-7.30 (4H, m), 7.15 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.95-7.00 (3H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.68-3.85 (2H, m), 3.03 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.78-2.88 (2H, m), 2.65-2.72 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 591.0[M + H]+.
155	CN NH ON NH	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.27 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.35 (1H, s), 7.28 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.16 (2H, dd, $J$ = 6.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz), 6.97 (2H, dd, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2.0 Hz), 6.86 (2H, dd, $J$ = 6.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz), 6.73 (1H, dd, $J$ = 6.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz), 5.96 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 2.8 Hz), 3.81-3.78 (5H, m), 2.93 (2H, q, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.66-2.56 (1H, m), 2.41 (3H, d, $J$ = 0.4 Hz), 1.98-1.82 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 483.1[M+H]+.
156	Br NH NH FF	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.56 (1H, s), 7.40-7.50 (3H, m), 7.29-7.37 (1H. m), 7.21-7.29 (2H, m), 6.81-6.97 (4H, m), 5.98 (1H, brs), 4.56 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.41-3.51 (4H, m), 3.22-3.41 (4H, m), 2.89 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.33 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 586.0[M+H]+.
157		yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.26-7.35 (3H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.10-7.17 (4H, m), 6.95-7.03 (2H, m), 6.91 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 5.96-6.05 (1H, m), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.75-3.85 (2H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.76-2.88 (2H, m), 2.56-2.68 (1H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 1.80-1.99 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 475.1[M+ Na]+.
158	CI NH NH FF	yellow solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.54 (1H, dd, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, $J$ = 0.8 Hz), 7.50-7.60 (3H, m), 7.36-7.40 (2H, m), 7.27-7.32 (3H, m), 6.93-7.00 (2H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.78-3.86 (2H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82-2.89 (2H, m), 2.69-2.80 (1H, m), 1.82-2.00 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.1[M+H]+.
159	Br NH Cl	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.65 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.51 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.41 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.2, 2.0 Hz), 7.28-7.35 (4H, m), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.76-3.90 (2H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.60-2.73 (1H, m), 1.80-2.03 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 553.0[M+ H]+.
160	CI NH NH NH	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.37 (1H, dd, $JI$ = 0.8 Hz, $J2$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.42 (1H, dd, $JI$ = 0.8 Hz, $J2$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.13 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.86-6.94 (3H, m), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.37 (4H, dd, $JI$ = 3.6 Hz, $J2$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.31 (4H, dd, $JI$ = 2.4 Hz, $J2$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.04 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 488.1[M+ H]+.
161	F NH NH NH F F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.23 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.08-6.99 (5H, m), 6.88-6.83 (1H, m), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.48-3.36 (8H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.1[M+H]+.

162	F N NH C CI	yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.48 (1H, dd, $J$ = 4.8, 2.4 Hz), 7.59 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 5.2 Hz), 7.25-7.35 (5H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signa), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 491.0[M+ H]+.
163		yellow solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.35 (1H, s), 7.30-7.26 (2H, m), 7.21-7.18 (2H, m), 7.02-6.97 (4H, m), 6.75 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz), 5.98 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.80 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 12 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.68-2.61 (1H, m), 2.42 (3H, s), 1.98-1.80 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 471.1[M+ H]+.
164	F N N N F F F	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.44(1H, t, $J_{1}$ = 7.6 Hz, 6.0 Hz), 7.53(2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.34(2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.27(2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.21-7.23(1H, m), 7.95(2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.75-6.81(1H, m), 6.76-6.81(1H, m), 6.03(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.49-3.88(2H, m), 2.93-2.98(2H, m), 2.82-2.88(2H, m), 2.70-2.77(1H, m), 1.63-1.99(4H, m), 1.23(3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.0[M+H]+.490.1[M+Na]+
165	F NH NH	white solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.45 (1H, dd, $J$ = 5.2, 2.4 Hz) , 7.56 (1H, dd, $J$ = 10.0, 5.2 Hz) , 7.18-7.40 (8H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal) , 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz) , 6.02 (1H, brs) , 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz) , 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz) , 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz) , 2.80-2.90 (2H, m) , 2.60-2.71 (1H, m) , 1.80-2.05 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 457.0[M+H]+
166	F N NH	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.44(1H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz), 7.21-7.35(7H, m), 7.00(2H, d, J= 8.4 Hz), 6.77-6.81(1H, m), 5.60(1H, brs), 4.61(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz), 3.81-3.84(2H, m), 2.92-2.98(1H, m), 2.81-2.88(2H, m), 2.62-2.70(1H, m), 1.86-2.01(4H, m), 1.39(3H, t, <i>J</i> =7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 457.0[M+ H]+.
167	F N NH NH	red solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.20 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.35-7.20 (6H, m), 7.05-6.98 (3H, m), 6.86-6.81 (1H, m), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.84-3.81 (2H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.87-2.81 (2H, m), 2.71-2.63 (1H, m), 2.01-1.86 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 457.0[M+ H]+.
168	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.18-7.38 (8H, m), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.84 (2H, t, $J$ = 11.6 Hz), 2.60-2.75 (1H, m), 1.85-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 516.8/518.8 [M+H].
169	F NH NH	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.86 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.28 (2H, t, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.12 (4H, s), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.06 (1H, m), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.81-2.86 (2H, m), 2.58-2.70 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 1.82-2.02 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 521.0[M+ H]+.

170		white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.15-7.36 (8H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.92 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.72-2.90 (2H, m), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.81-2.04 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 439.1[M+H]+.
171	NH NH FFF	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.38 (1H, s), 7.30-7.25 (3H, m), 7.17-7.15 (2H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.77 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 5.98 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 10.8 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.70-2.62 (1H, m), 2.43 (3H, s), 2.03-1.75 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 8.4 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.1[M+ H]+.
172		white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 7.49 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.26-7.35 (4H, m), 7.18 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.11 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.4 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.88 (3H, s), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.58-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 503.0 [M+H]+
173		white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 7.26-7.31 (4H, m), 7.15-7.20 (2H, m), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 6.98(2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62(2H, d, $J$ = 5.3 Hz), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.5 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.2, 2.5 Hz), 2.62-2.69 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.79-1.98 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.5 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 487.0[M+ H]+.
174	NH NH F F F	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.19 - 9.27 (m, 1 H) 7.46 - 7.55 (m, 1 H), 7.25 - 7.32 (m, 4 H), 7.14 - 7.21 (m, 3 H), 6.92 - 7.07 (m, 2 H), 5.96 - 6.12 (m, 1 H), 4.59 - 4.65 (m, 2 H), 3.77 - 3.89 (m, 2 H), 2.91 - 3.00 (m, 2 H), 2.77 - 2.90 (m, 2 H), 2.61 - 2.75 (m, 1 H), 2.37 (s, 3 H), 1.80 - 2.00 (m, 4 H), 1.40 (s, 3 H); LCMS:100%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.0[M+ H]+.
175	F N N F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.42-9.46 (1H, m), 7.30-7.21 (3H, m), 7.17-7.15 (2H, m), 6.99 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 6.81-6.77 (1H, m), 5.99 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz), 2.97-2.92 (2H, m), 2.86-2.80 (2H, m), 2.67 (1H, m), 1.97-1.89 (4H, m), 1.41-1.37 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.0[M+ H]+.
176	F N N O CI	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.20 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.30-7.26 (4H, m), 7.18 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.06-6.97 (3H, m), 6.86-6.81(1H, m), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.83-3.80 (2H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.86-2.80 (2H, m), 2.68-2.60 (1H, m), 1.96-1.83 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 491.0[M+ H]+.
177		yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 8.99 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz) 7.20-7.35 (7H, m), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.81 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.01 (3H, s), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, t, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 2.63-2.69 (1H, m), 1.89-1.98 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 469.0[M+ H]+.

178	F NH	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.86 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.18-7.36 (7H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.07 (1H, m), 4.63 (1H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.71-2.88 (2 H, m), 2.57-2.63 (1H, m), 1.81-2.03 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 507.0[M+H]+.
179		yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.10 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 7.49 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.15-7.25 (2H, m), 7.11 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 2.4 Hz), 7.00 (1H, t, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.55-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 487.0 [M+H]+.
180		red solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.60 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.25-7.35 (3H, m, overlap with CDCl <sub>3</sub> signal), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.89-6.91 (1H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.72-3.84 (5H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.77-2.87 (2H, m), 2.56-2.67 (1H, m), 1.63-1.98 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 99.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 491.1 [M+ Na]+.
181	NH PFF	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.23-7.32 (4H, m), 7.16 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.3 Hz), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.3 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.0 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.84 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.1, 2.4 Hz), 2.627-2.72 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.81-2.00 (4H, m), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.7 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.1[M+ H]+.
182	ON NH ON F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 7.50 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.22-7.32 (4H, m), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.10 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.4 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.02 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.88 (3H, s), 3.82 (2H, q, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.62-2.74 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 553.1 [M+H]+.
183	CI N N NH O NH	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.35 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.20 (2H, dd, $J$ = 8.8, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 6.98-7.03 (4H, m), 6.86 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, t, $J$ = 11. 2 Hz), 2.64-2.65 (1H, m), 1.84-1.96 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.65 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z491.0[M+ H]+.
184	O NH O NH F F	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.25 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.22-7.32 (4H, m), 7.16 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.89 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz), 6.60 (1H, dd, $J$ = 6.4 Hz, 2.8 Hz), 5.94 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.92 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.60-2.72 (1H, m), 1.70-2.02 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 553.1 [M+H]+.
185	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.20-7.32 (4H, m), 7.19 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.79 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.04 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.60-2.72 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 601.0/603.0 [M+H]+

186	F F N N CI	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.53 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.91 (1H, s), 7.24-7.38 (4H, m), 7.18 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.09 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.2, 1.6 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.11 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.81-3.86 (2H, m), 3.10 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.86 (2H, m), 2.61-2.68 (1H, m), 1.80-2.08 (4H, m), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.1[M+ H]+.
187	Br NH NH NH F F	white solid : $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.63 (1H, s), 7.49 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz ), 7.43 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.21-7.32 (3H, m), 7.13-7.20 (2H, m), 6.92-7.04 (2H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.54-4.67 (2H, m), 3.76-3.89 (2H, m), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.76-2.89 (2H, m), 2.59-2.71 (1H, m), 1.77-2.00 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 602.8[M+ H]+.
188	F F N N N N N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.82 (1H, d, $J$ = 15.2 Hz), 7.70 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.45-7.52 (2H, m), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.88-7.08 (4H, m), 6.02-6.15 (1H, m), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.23-3.42 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 98.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 592.0[M+ H]+.
189	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.4 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.22-7.30 (2H, m), 7.15-7.21 (2H, m), 6.90-7.03 (4H, m), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.12 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.4, 2.8 Hz), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.80-2.00 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.0%, MS(ESI):m/z 535.0/537.0 [M+H]
190	CI NH NH	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.35 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.28-7.37 (4H, m), 7.21-7.25 (3H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.86 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12 Hz), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.82-2.87 (2H, m), 2.63-2.70 (1H, m), 1.86-2.01 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 473.0[M+ H]+.
191	Br NH NH FF	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.33 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.28-7.36 (3H, m), 7.15-7.26 (2H, m), 6.97-7.12 (3H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.73-3.92 (2H. m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.79-2.91 (2H, m), 2.63-2.78 (1H. m), 1.81-2.03 (4H. m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 603.0[M+ H]+.
192	Br NH NH N N F F	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.30 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.87-7.05 (5H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.22-3.40 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 602.0[M+H]+.
193	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.23 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.08-6.96 (5H, m), 6.88-6.83 (1H, m), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.40-3.30 (8H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 96.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 542.1[M+H]+.

194	CI NH NH CI	white solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.88-9.95 (3H, m), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.34 (8H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 507.9 [M+ H]+.
195	O C N NH O NH F F F F	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.25 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 7.57 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz), 7.37 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz), 6.89 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 2.0 Hz), 6.61 (1H, dd, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 5.95 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz), 3.87(3H, s),3.83 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 12.4 Hz), 2.92 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 2.84 (2H, td, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.55-2.70 (1H, m), 1.85-2.02 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 537.1 [M+H]+, 559.1 [M+Na]+.
196	N N N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.36-7.31 (3H, m), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.99-6.94 (4H, m), 6.75 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 5.30 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.34 (8H, brs), 2.95 (1H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.42 (3H, s), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 454.1[M+ H]+.
197	Br NH N N N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.63 (1H, s), 7.49 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz ), 7.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.14 (2H. d. $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.87-7.05 (4H, m), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.21-3.45 (8H. m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 95.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 603.8[M+ H]+.
198	F F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.90-7.10 (7H, m), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.30-3.42 (4H, m), 3.20-3.30 (4H, m), 3.03 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 97.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.0[M + H]+.
199	Br N N Ccl	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 9.40 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.42 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.24 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.80 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.20-3.40 (8H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.5%, MS(ESI):m/z 552.0/554.0 [M+H]+
200	O NH O NH O FF	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3): $\delta$ 8.99 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.94-6.99 (4H, m), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.62 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.02 (3H, s). 3.34 (8H, s), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 96.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 554.1[M+ H]+.
201	Br N N N CI	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.63 (1H, s), 7.49 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz ), 7.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.19-7.26 (2H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.15-3.40 (8H, m), 2.96 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 552.0[M+ H]+.

202	F F F N N N N F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.59 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.92-7.01 (5H, m), 6.12 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.17-3.54 (8H, m), 3.03 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 592.0[M + H]+.
203	F F N N N N N N F F	white solid : ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.55 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.93 (1H, s), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.16 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.11 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz), 6.96-7.03 (4H, m), 6.11 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.29-3.38 (8H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 592.0[M+ H]+.
204	CI NH NH F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.62 (1H, s), 7.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.00 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.93 (1H, dd, $J_{1}$ = 2.0 Hz, $J_{2}$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J_{2}$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.30-3.50 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 95.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 542.1 [M+ H]+.
205	CI CI NH ONH	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.39 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.25-7.33 (2H, m), 7.20 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.85-6.95 (3H, m), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.75-3.90 (5H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m), 1.83-2.02 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.1 [M+ Na]+.
206	F F N N N F F F F	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.55 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.93 (1H, s), 7.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.11 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.2, 1.6 Hz), 6.97-7.04 (4H, m), 6.11 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.46-3.50 (4H, m), 3.31-3.40 (4H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 576.0[M+ H]+.
207	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.32 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.13 (2H. d. $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.97-7.10 (3H, m), 6.89-7.00 (2H. m), 6.05 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.25-3.43 (8H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 532.0[M+ H]+.
208	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.33 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.94-7.07 (5H, m), 6.90 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.31-3.42 (4H, m), 3.20-3.30 (4H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 95.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 548.0[M+ H]+.
209	F F F N N N CI	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.57 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.64 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.20-7.26 (2H, m), 6.94-6.98 (3H, m), 6.86-6.91 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.28-3.35 (8H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 542.0[M + H]+.

210	ON NH NN NH FF	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.13 (1H, s), 7.45-7.60 (3H, m), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.00 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.90 (3H, s), 3.40-3.50 (4H, m), 3.30-3.40 (4H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS(ESI):m/z 538.0 [M+H]+.
211	F F N N C CI	gray solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.51 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.89 (1H, s), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 15.2 Hz), 7.24-7.30 (2H, m), 7.07 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.00 (2H, dd, $J$ = 12.0, 11.6 Hz), 6.89 (2H, m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.31-3.48 (4H, m), 3.25-3.30 (4H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.8[M+H]+.
212		white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 8.99 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.26-7.30 (4H, m), 7.17 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.81 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 4.02 (3H, s), 3.80 (2H, d, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.67-2.60 (1H, m), 2.01-1.80 (4H, m), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 503.0[M+ H]+.
213	Br N NH O NH CI	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.38 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.20-7.35 (4H, m), 7.16 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.97 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.78 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.07 (1H, brs), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.80 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.02 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.81 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.0, 2.4 Hz), 2.55-2.70 (1H, m), 1.75-2.00 (4H, m), 1.36 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 550.8/552.8 [M+H]
214	Br NH N N F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.31 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.78 (1H, s), 7.12 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.81-7.09 (5H, m), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.26-3.53 (8H, m), 2.87-3.05 (2H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 588.0[M+ H]+.
215		yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.01 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.28-7.32 (2H, m), 7.14-7.18 (4H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.83 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.63 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.06 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.04 (3H, s), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.85 (2H, td, $J$ = 2.8 Hz, $J$ = 12 Hz), 2.61-2.68 (1H, m), 2.35 (3H, s), 1.85-1.98 (4H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.8%, MS (ESI): m/z 483.1[M+H]+.
216		yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.19 - 9.29 (1 H, m), 7.52 (1 H, d, <i>J</i> =9.16 Hz), 7.14 - 7.41 (8 H, m), 7.01 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =8.66 Hz), 5.97 - 6.11 (1 H, m), 4.64 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =5.40 Hz), 3.85 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =12.30 Hz), 2.91 - 3.04 (2 H, m), 2.86 (2 H, d, <i>J</i> =2.76 Hz), 2.60 - 2.73 (1 H, m), 2.39 (3 H, s), 1.98 (4 H, br. s.) , 1.41 (3 H, t, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 453.1[M+H]+.
217	F F F	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.99-7.02 (5H, m), 6.13 (1H, brs), 4.66 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.31-3.49 (8H, m), 3.05 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 576.0[M + H]+.

218	Br NH N N F F F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.42 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.00 (4H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.10 (1H, brs), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.30-3.50 (8H, m), 3.04 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS(ESI):m/z 585.8/587.8 [M+H]+
219	Br N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.32 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.28-7.33 (2H, m), 7.13-7.20 (4H, m), 6.93-7.06 (3H. m), 6.04 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.56-4.67 (2H. m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.76-2.92 (2H, m), 2.60-2.70 (1H. m), 1.83-2.02 (4H. m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 95.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 533.0[M+ H]+.
220	O NH NH CI	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.27 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.25 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.91 (3H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.63 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 5.97 (1H, m), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.89 (3H, s), 3.20-3.40 (8H, m), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.0%, MS (ESI): m/z 504.0[M+ H]+.
221	CI N NH NH	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.38 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.24-7.33 (2H, m), 7.13-7.20 (4H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.92 (1H, dd, $J_{1}$ = 2.4 Hz, $J_{2}$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.59-2.72 (1H, m), 2.35 (3H, s), 1.85-2.02 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 97.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 486.8 [M+ H]+.
222	N NH ONH	yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.18 - 9.34 (m, 1 H), 7.48 - 7.58 (m, 1 H), 7.28 (s, 2 H) 7.17 - 7.23 (m, 3 H), 6.98 - 7.03 (m, 2 H), 6.90 (s, 2 H), 5.96 - 6.06 (m, 1 H), 4.64 (d, <i>J</i> =5.52 Hz, 2 H), 3.83 - 3.88 (m, 1 H), 3.82 (s, 4 H), 2.94 - 3.03 (m, 2 H), 2.79 - 2.90 (m, 2 H), 2.59 - 2.69 (m, 1 H), 2.39 (s, 3 H), 1.82 - 2.01 (m, 4 H), 1.42 (t, <i>J</i> =7.53 Hz, 3 H); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 483.0[M+ H]+.
223	F F NH NH F F	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.86 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.46 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.25-7.32 (4H, m), 7.16 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 6.00-6.16 (1H, m), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.83 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.79-2.89 (2H, m), 2.51-2.73 (1H, m), 1.78-2.02 (4H, m), 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 591.0[M+ H]+.
224	CI NH NH NH F	yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.37 (1H, dd, $J_{I}$ = 0.8 Hz, $J_{2}$ = 6.8 Hz) , 7.41 (1H, dd, $J_{I}$ = 1.2 Hz, $J_{2}$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.27-7.32 (4H, m), 7.18(2H, d, $J$ = 8 Hz ), 7.01 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.87 (1H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.09 (1H, brs), 4.64 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.05 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz,), 2.86 (2H, t, $J$ = 11.6 Hz), 2.70 (1H, t, $J$ = 12 Hz), 1.88-1.99 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100.00%, MS (ESI): m/z 556.9[M+H]+.
225	NH ON OF	yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.5 Hz), 7.16-7.23 (2H, m), 7.11 (1H, d, $J$ = 7 Hz), 6.95-7.03 (4H, m), 6.81 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.3 Hz), 3.81 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.3 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.83 (2H, td, $J$ = 12.2, 2.6 Hz), 2.62-2.69 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 1.79-1.98 (4H, m), 1.36 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.5 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 471.1[M+H]+.

226	F F NH	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.86 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.28-7.33 (4H, m), 7.18 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.07 (1H, m), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.81 (2H, m), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.77-2.90 (2H, m), 2.58-2.70 (1H, m), 1.79-2.00 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.0[M+ H]+.
227	F F NH NH	yellow solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.86 (1H, s), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.25-7.38 (2H, m), 7.15-7.25 (2H, m), 6.91-7.09 (4H, m), 6.13 (1H, m), 4.63 (1H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.8 Hz), 2.78-2.90 (2H, m), 2.49-2.73 (1H, m), 1.78-2.03 (4H, m), 1.43 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 525.0[M+H]+.
228	F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.53 (1H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 7.91 (1H, s), 7.29-7.52 (3H, m), 7.28 (1H, s), 7.16 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz), 7.10 (1H, dd, <i>J</i> = 7.6, 1.6 Hz), 6.96 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 22.0 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 4.63 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz), 3.82 (2H, d, <i>J</i> = 12.4 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 2.79-2.82 (2H, m), 2.63-2.70 (1H, m), 1.84-1.89 (4H, m), 1.35 (3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 590.8[M+ H]+.
229	F NH NH F F F	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): δ 9.46(1H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz), 7.53(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz), 7.33(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 8.4Hz), 7.23-7.25(1H, m), 6.99-7.01(4H, m), 6.79-6.83(1H, m), 6.04(1H, brs), 4.64(2H, d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz), 3.36-3.48(8H, m), 2.94-3.00(2H, m), 1.41(3H, t, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 526.0[M+ H]+.
230	NH PF	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.53-7.65 (3H, m), 7.28-7.40 (5H, m), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.89-6.96 (1H, m), 5.97-6.09 (1H, m), 4.63 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.75-3.90 (2H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.80-2.90 (2H, m), 2.65-2.79 (1H, m), 1.85-2.01 (4H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 507.0[M+ H]+.
231		white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ): $\delta$ 9.28 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.36 (1H, s), 7.30-7.26 (2H, m), 7.17-7.12 (4H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 6.75 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz), 4.61 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 3.73 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.81 (2H, td, $J$ = 12 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 2.67-2.57 (1H, m), 2.42 (3H, s), 2.01-1.81 (4H, m), 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz).
232	CI CIN NH ON NH ON NH	white solid; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.26 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.65-1.63 (2H, m), 1.92-1.89 (2H, m), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.17 (1H, brs), 3.39 (2H, s), 3.62-3.59 (2H, m), 3.82 (1H, m), 4.49 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.10 (2H, t, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.29-7.25 (4H, m), 7.38-7.36 (2H, m), 7.65 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.2, 1.6 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 8.19 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 8.70 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.11 (1H, s); LCMS: 99.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 548.2[M+ H]+.
233	CI NH ON	yellow solid; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (MeOD, 300 MHz): $\delta$ 1.37 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.15-2.23 (4H, m), 3.10 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 3.51-3.57 (2H, m), 3.77-3.87 (3H, m), 4.63 (2H, s), 4.68 (2H, s), 7.29-7.41 (5H, m), 7.57-7.64 (4H, m), 7.76-7.81 (2H, m), 9.22 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.0 Hz); LCMS: 98.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 503.2[M+H]+.

234	CI NH ON NH	white solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta 1.29$ (3H, t, $J = 7.6$ Hz), 1.79-1.81 (2H, m), 1.97-1.99 (2H, m), 3.02 (2H, q, $J = 7.6$ Hz), 3.15 (1H, m), 3.70-3.73 (2H, m), 4.05 (1H, m), 4.50 (2H, d, $J = 5.6$ Hz), 7.25-7.33 (4H, m), 7.36-7.38 (2H, m), 7.64 (1H, dd, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 9.6 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz), 7.92-7.96 (2H, m), 8.42 (1H, d, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 8.65 (1H, t, $J = 5.6$ Hz), 9.12 (1H, d, $J = 1.6$ Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 534.1[M+H]+.
235	CI NH NN NF	white solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, Bruker Avance 300 MHz): $\delta$ 1.25 (3H, t, $J=7.5$ Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J=7.5$ Hz), 3.08-3.28 (4H, m), 3.31-3.91 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, d, $J=5.7$ Hz), 6.95 (2H, d, $J=8.7$ Hz), 7.20-7.33 (4H, m), 7.49 (2H, dd, $J=8.4$ , 5.4 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, $J=9.2$ , 1.8 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, $J=9.2$ Hz), 8.70 (1H, t, $J=5.7$ Hz), 9.10 (1H, s); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 520.0 [M+ H]+.
236	CI NH NN N-	white solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, Bruker Advance 300 MHz): $\delta$ 1.24 (3H, t, J= 7.5Hz), 2.91-3.12 (6H, m), 3.51-3.65 (4H, m), 3.74 (2H, s), 4.42-4.44 (2H, m), 6.92 (2H, d, $J=8.7$ Hz), 7.10 (2H, t, $J=8.8$ Hz), 7.19-7.31 (4H, m), 7.69 (1H, dd, $J=9.6$ , 1.8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, $J=9.6$ Hz), 8.66 (1H, t, $J=5.7$ Hz), 9.10 (1H, s). LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 534.0 [M+ H]+.
237	CI NH OH	pale yellow oil; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CD3OD, 300 MHz): δ1.32-1.41 (6H, m), 1.91-1.96 (2H, m), 2.02-2.13 (2H, m), 3.12 (2H, q, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz), 3.51-3.55 (2H, m), 3.82-3.91 (2H, m), 4.70 (2H, s), 7.66 (4H, s), 7.80-7.90 (2H, m), 9.24 (1H, s); LCMS: 98.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 427.1[M+ H]+.
238	CI N N OH	pale yellow oil; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CD3OD, 300 MHz): $80.99$ (3H, t, $J = 7.5$ Hz), $1.39$ (3H, t, $J = 7.5$ Hz), $1.62$ (2H, q, $J = 7.5$ Hz), $1.90$ - $2.08$ (4H, m), $3.12$ (2H, q, $J = 7.5$ Hz), $3.53$ - $3.59$ (2H, m), $3.83$ - $3.91$ (2H, m), $4.70$ (2H, s), $7.66$ (4H, s), $7.80$ - $7.90$ (2H, m), $9.25$ (1H, s); LCMS: $99.0\%$ , MS (ESI): m/z $440.2$ [M+ H]+.
239	CI NH OH	white solid; ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CD3OD, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.40 (2H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.11 (2H, d, $J$ = 13.6 Hz), 2.50-2.61 (2H, m), 3.13 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.67 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 4.02-4.09 (2H, m), 4.72 (2H, s), 7.29 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.39 (2H, t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.57 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 7.67-7.73 (4H, m), 7.81-7.89 (2H, m), 9.26 (1H, d, $J$ = 0.8 Hz); LCMS: 99.9%, MS (ESI): m/z 489.2[M+ H]+.
240	CI NH ON NH	white amorphous (powder); <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, Bruker Avance 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.33 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.00-2.12 (2H, m), 2.13-2.30 (2H, m), 3.11 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.55-3.70 (5H, m), 4.59 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.43 (2H, t, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.57 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.65-7.78 (2H, m), 7.88-7.95 (2H, m), 8.12 (2H, dd, $J$ = 8.8, 5.6 Hz), 9.11 (1H, brs), 9.19 (1H, s); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 519 [M+H]+.
241	CI NH OFF	white amorphous (powder); <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (MeOD, Bruker Avance 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.43 (3H, t, $J=7.6$ Hz), 2.16-2.38 (4H, m), 3.17 (2H, q, $J=7.6$ Hz), 3.75-3.88 (4H, m), 3.90-4.01 (1H, m), 4.74 (2H, d, $J=4.4$ Hz), 7.48 (2H, d, $J=8.4$ Hz), 7.70 (4H, s), 7.89 (1H, d, $J=9.6$ Hz), 8.00 (1H, dd, $J=9.6$ , 2.0 Hz), 8.22 (2H, d, $J=8.8$ Hz), 8.95 (1H, t, $J=5.6$ Hz), 9.31 (1H, s); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 584.8 [M+H]+.

242	CI NH NH NH	white amorphous (powder); $^{1}$ H-NMR (MeOD, Bruker Avance 400 MHz): $81.42$ (3H, t, $J=7.6$ Hz), $2.03$ - $2.18$ (2H, m), $2.25$ - $2.35$ (2H, m), $3.04$ - $3.12$ (1H, m), $3.18$ (2H, q, $J=7.6$ Hz), $3.68$ - $3.70$ (4H, m), $3.93$ (2H, s), $4.72$ (2H, d, $J=2.8$ Hz), $7.06$ (2H, t, $J=8.8$ Hz), $7.23$ - $7.30$ (2H, dd, $J=8.4$ , $5.2$ Hz), $7.67$ (4H, s), $7.93$ (1H, d, $J=9.6$ Hz), $8.08$ (1H, dd, $J=9.6$ , $2.0$ Hz), $9.05$ (1H, t, $J=6.0$ Hz), $9.32$ (1H, d, $J=1.2$ Hz); LCMS: $100\%$ , MS (ESI): m/z $533.0$ [M+H]+.
243	CI NH O NH O F	white amorphous (gum); $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, Bruker Avance 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.32 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.52-1.91 (4H, m), 2.75-2.92 (2H, m), 3.08 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.10-3.25 (1H, m), 3.58-3.72 (1H, m), 4.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 7.26-7.38 (6H, m), 7.51 (2H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 5.6 Hz), 7.95 (2H, s), 9.09 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.19 (1H, s); LC-MS purity: 100%. MS (ESI): m/z 519.1 [M+H]+.
244	CI NH	white solid(sticky powder); mp = $216.2-220.7^{\circ}$ C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, Bruker Avance 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.32 (3H, t, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 1.37-1.50 (2H, m), 1.68-1.81 (2H, m), 2.58-2.82 (2H, m), 3.01-3.15 (3H, m), 3.74 (2H, s), 4.03-4.08 (1H, m), 4.51 (2H, d, $J = 5.6$ Hz), 4.54-4.58 (1H, m), 7.11-7.20 (4H, m), 7.24-7.40 (4H, m), 7.950 (2H, s), 9.06 (1H, brs), 9.19 (1H, s); LC-MS purity: 100%. MS (ESI): m/z 533.0 [M+H]+.
245	CI NH OH	white solid (powder); mp = 221.5-221.8°C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 0.85 (9H, s). 1.23 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.50 (2H, d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz), 1.61-1.69 (2H, m), 2.86-2.98 (4H, m), 3.45 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 3.92 (1H, s), 4.40 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.19 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.44 (1H, dd, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 9.2 Hz), 7.65 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 8.39 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.05 (1H, s); LCMS: 97.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 440.2[M+H]+.
246	CI NH O NH	white amorphous (powder); $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 300 MHz): $\delta$ 1.23 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.5 Hz), 4.50 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.7 Hz), 7.10-7.23 (4H, m), 7.34 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.1 Hz), 7.43 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 1.5 Hz), 7.50-7.70 (5H, m), 8.48 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.7 Hz), 9.04 (1H, s); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 433.9 [M+ H]+.
247	CI NH OFF	white power; mp >142.3 °C: decomposed; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.23 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.94 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.97 (3H, s), 4.45 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 4.59 (2H, s), 6.60-6.70 (2H, m), 6.76 (1H, s), 7.12 (1H, t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.24 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.45 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.2, 2.0 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 8.43 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 9.04 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz); LCMS: 98.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 517.0 [M+H]+. °C
248	CI NH CI FF	white powder; mp >142.7°C: decomposed; $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.26 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 4.51 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 5.14 (2H, s), 6.90 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 6.94 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 7.03 (1H, s), 7.27 (1H, t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.35 (2 H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.45 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.2, 2.0 H, 7.56 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.67 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 8.47 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.07 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz); LCMS: 96.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 504.1[M+ H]+.

249	CI NH	white solid; mp = $135.5-136.4^{\circ}$ C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.26 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.69-1.79 (2H, m), 1.80-1.90 (2H, m), 2.70-2.80 (3H, m), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.75-3.85 (2H, m), 4.49 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.88 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.01 (1H, s), 7.19 (1H, t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.39-7.47 (3H, m), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 8.51 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 9.03 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 557.0 [M+ H]+.
250	CI N N NH NH	white amorophous; mp >198.8 °C: decomposed; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.24 (3 H, t- $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.62 (2H, s), 4.53 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 7.09 (2H, t, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.10-7.35 (4H, m), 7.46 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.2, 2.0 Hz), 7.58 (2H, dd, $J$ = 9.5, 5.2 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 8.50 (1H, brs, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 9.07(1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 10.21 (1H, brs); LCMS: 99%, MS (ESI): m/z 465.1 [M+H]+.
251	CI NH PE	white amorophous; mp >168.0 °C: decomposed; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.27 (3 H, t- $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.20-3.30 (8H, m), 4.50 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 4.50 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 6.83 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 6.91 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.02 (1 H, s), 7.07 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.20-7.26 (3H, m), 7.45 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz), 8.50 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 9.04 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 95.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 580.1 [M+ Na]+.
252	NH O	Gum; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.20-1.40 (2H, m), 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 1.50-1.59 (2H, m), 1.68-1.82 (1H, m), 2.55 (2 H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 2.99 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.28-3.38 (2H, m), 3.90-4.00 (2H, m), 4.68 (2 H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 6.92 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.8 Hz), 7.15 (2 H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.26-7.40 (3H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 9.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz); LCMS: 98.96%, MS (ESI): m/z 377.8 [M+ H]+.
253	CI N NH	white solid; mp = $132.2-133.0^{\circ}$ C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.25-1.40 (2H, m), 1.44 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.52-1.59 (2H, m), 1.70-1.85 (1H, m), 2.57 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.30-3.40 (2H, m), 3.90-4.00 (2H, m), 4.69 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 6.11 (1H, brs), 7.18 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.30-7.40 (3H, m), 7.57 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 9.56 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 411.8 [M+ H]+.
254	CI CI N	white amorphous; mp >125.9°C: decomposed; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.20-1.40 (2H, m), 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 1.50-1.60 (2H, m), 1.68-1.83 (1H, m), 2.56 (2H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.28-3.40 (2H, m), 3.90-4.00 (2H, m), 4.67 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 6.08 (1H, brs), 6.91 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.15 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.26-7.38 (2H, m), 7.59 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz), 9.36 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 99.86%, MS (ESI): m/z 411.7 [M+H]+.
255	CI NH	yellow solid; mp = $126.3-127.2^{\circ}$ C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.24 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.65-1.73 (2H, m), 1.95-2.05 (2H, m), 2.97 (2H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.00-3.07 (2H, m), 3.45-3.55 (2H, m), 4.47 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 4.55-4.59 (1H, m), 6.76 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 6.84-6.86 (1H, m), 6.97 (1H, s), 7.06 (2H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.17 (1H, t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.41-7.44 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.64 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 8.49 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.01 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 96.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 573.1[M+ H]+.

256	CI NH S	white solid; mp >220 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.28 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 4.79 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.33 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 7.37 (1H, s), 7.48 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 7.90 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 7.96(1H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 8.70 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.12 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 95.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 404.0 [M+ H]+.
257	NH CO	White amorphous; mp >133.7°C: decomposed; $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.42 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.72-1.90 (4H, m), 2.70-2.82 (1H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.53 (2H, td, $J$ = 11.6, 2.8 Hz), 3.93 (2H, dd, $J$ = 10.8, 2.8 Hz), 4.68 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 6.09 (1H, brs), 6.90-6.95 (1H, m), 7.21-7.30 (2H, m), 7.30-7.40 (3H, m),7.61 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz), 9.41 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 99.27%, MS (ESI): m/z 364.1 [M+ H]+.
258	CI N NH	White amorphous; mp >195.5°C: decomposed; $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.41 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.71-1.90 (4H, m), 2.72-2.84 (1H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.53 (2H, td, $J$ = 11.6, 2.8 Hz), 4.08 (2H, dd, $J$ = 11.2, 3.6 Hz), 4.68 (2 H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 6.10 (1H, brs), 7.20-7.28 (2H, m), 7.28-7.49 (3H, m), 7.54 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 9.54 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 398.1 [M+ H]+.
259	CI CIN NHONH	White amorphous; mp >156.6°C: decomposed; $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.71-1.90 (4H, m), 2.72-2.84 (1H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.53 (2H, td, $J$ = 11.6, 2.8 Hz), 4.05-4.15 (2H, m), 4.67 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 6.09 (1H, brs), 6.91 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.4 Hz), 7.23-7.26 (2H, m), 7.33 (2H, ,d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 9.36 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 398.1 [M+H]+.
260	CI H HN O CI	yellow amorphous; $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MH $^{\circ}$ Cz): $\delta$ 1.31 (3H, t, $J=7.6$ Hz), 3.03 (2H, q, $J=7.6$ Hz), 4.76 (2H, s), 7.18 (1H, dd, $J=8.4$ , 2.0 Hz), 7.45-7.55 (2H, m), 7.56 (1H, d, $J=2.0$ Hz), 7.68-7.70 (1H, m), 8.57 (1H, brs), 9.24 (1H, d, $J=1.6$ Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 388.1[M+H]+.
261	CI NHO CI	white solid; mp = 223.5-225.6°C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.27 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 4.70 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 6.81 (1H, s), 7.29 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.8, 2.4 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.68 (2H, dd, $J$ = 5.6, 3.6 Hz), 8.59 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 9.08 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 99.3%, MS (ESI): m/z 387.8[M+H]+.
262	CI N HN CI	white solid; mp >220 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.29 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.85 (3H, s), 4.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.21 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.2, 2.0 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.74 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 8.65 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.26 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 402.0[M+ H]+.

263	CI N HN CI	white solid; mp >220 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.28 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.01 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.86 (3H, s), 4.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.28 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 7.47 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.2, 2.0 Hz), 7.59-7.71 (3H, m), 8.66 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 401.9[M+ H]+.
264	CI CI CI	white solid; mp = 201.1-201.8 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.31 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.05 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 4.84 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.43 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 7.49 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.69 (1H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.71 (1H, d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz), 7.74 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.95 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 8.68 (1H, t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 9.13 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.6%, MS (ESI): m/z 389.0[M+ H]+.
265	F F F	white solid; mp >220 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.32 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.06 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 4.86 (2H, d, $J$ = 4.4 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.4 Hz), 7.46 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.69 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.79-7.86 (4H, m), 8.02 (1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 8.70 (1H, brs), 9.01 (1H, d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz); LCMS: 98.2%, MS (ESI): m/z 515.1[M+H]+.
266	CI S HN O CI	white solid; mp >220 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.33 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.07 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 4.93 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 7.50 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz), 7.55 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.8, 2.4 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, $J$ = 9.6, 0.8 Hz), 7.97 (1H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 8.24 (1H, d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz), 8.88 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 9.15 (1H, dd, $J$ = 2.4, 0.8 Hz); LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 405.0 [M+H]+.
267	F N NH NH NH NH F F	yellow amorphous; mp >167.9°C: decomposed; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDC13, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.40 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.80-1.99 (4H, m), 2.65-2.72 (1H, m), 2.75-2.87 (2H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.75-3.85 (2H, m), 4.62 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 6.03 (1H, brs), 6.99 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.16 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz), 7.25-7.32 (5H, m), 7.56 (1H, dd, $J$ = 10.0, 5.2 Hz), 9.46 (1H, dd, $J$ = 5.2, 2.4 Hz); LCMS: 98.7%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.3 [M+ H]+.
268	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	white amorphous; mp >177.7°C: decomposed; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.39 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 1.83-1.96 (4H, m), 2.63-2.69 (1H, m), 2.70-2.90 (2H, m), 2.97 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.75-3.85 (2H, m), 4.60 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz), 6.04 (1H, brs), 6.78-6.84 (1H, m), 6.95-6.99 (3H, m), 7.14 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.23-7.29 (4H, m), 9.18 (1H, dd, $J$ = 6.8, 0.8 Hz); LCMS: 99.5%, MS (ESI): m/z 541.3 [M+ H]+.
269	F F O HN O HN O	white solid; mp >220 °C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.32 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 3.07 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz), 4.86 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.4 Hz), 7.46-7.50 (2H, m), 7.69 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.4, 0.8 Hz), 7.79-7.80 (4H, m), 8.06(1H, d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz), 8.69 (1H, t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 9.01 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 0.8 Hz); LCMS: 99.4%, MS (ESI): m/z 515.2 [M+H]+.
270	CI CI NH NH NH	white amorphous; mp > 96.9°C: decomposed; $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.38 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 2.95 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, $J$ = 14.4, 6.4 Hz), 3.15 (1H, dd, $J$ = 14.0, 6.0 Hz), 3.70 (1H, dd, $J$ = 8.8, 6.8 Hz), 4.02 (1H, t, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 4.65 (2H, d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz), 4.82-4.90 (1H, m), 6.05 (1H, t, $J$ = 2.8 Hz), 6.89 (1H, dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.4 Hz), 6.99-7.05 (2H, m), 7.21-7.26 (2H, m), 7.36 (2H, dd, $J$ = 6.8, 2.0 Hz), 7.46 (2H, dd, $J$ = 6.4, 2.0 Hz), 7.58 (1H, dd, $J$ = 2.0, 0.8 Hz), 9.36 (1H, d, $J$ = 0.8 Hz);

		LCMS: 100%, MS (ESI): m/z 507.0 [M+ H]+.
271	CI NH F	white amorphous; mp > 97.10°C: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl3, 400 MHz): $\delta$ 1.27 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.00 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz), 3.89-3.94 (1H, m), 4.19-4.30 (3H, m), 4.51 (2H, d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz), 5.0106 (1H, m), 6.95-7.00 (2H, m), 7.08-7.22 (3H, m), 7.40 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz), 7.56 (2H, d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz),
		7.85 (1H, s), 8.58 (1H, t, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 8.97 (1H, dd, $J = 7.2$ , 0.4 Hz); LCMS: 97.1%, MS (ESI): m/z 523.3 [M+ H]+.
272	CI NH N	Brown solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 8.96 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.56 - 8.50 (m, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.62 (t, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.10 - 7.07 (m, 1H), 4.65 (dd, $J$ = 13.2, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.02 - 2.94 (m, 2H), 1.28 - 1.23 (m, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+
273	CI NH NH	Brown solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 11.03 (s, 1H), 9.08 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.50 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, $J$ = 9.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.30 (t, $J$ = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, $J$ = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (t, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.99 (q, $J$ = 14.4, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+
274	CI NH OCF3	White solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 9.06 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.51 -8.43 (m, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.68 - 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.50 -7.43 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (t, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (s, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.00 -2.93 (m, 2H), 1.26 -1.19 (m, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 528.26
275	CI NH NOCF3	White solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 8.95 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.60 -8.41 (m, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.78 (t, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.37 -7.31 (m, 1H), 7.29 -7.25 (m, 2H), 7.09 -7.06 (m, 1H), 5.34 (s, 2H), 4.61 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.99 -2.91 (m, 2H), 1.25 -1.09 (m, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 528.26
276	CI NH H	Brown solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 12.40 (s, 1H), 8.96 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (t, $J$ = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (brs, 2H), 7.23 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.98 (q, $J$ = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), ; LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 354.16.
277	CI NH O NH	White solid: ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 8.94 (d, $J$ = 7.2, 1H), 8.41 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (brs, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, $J$ = 7.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (brs, 1H), 4.43 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.96 (q, $J$ = 14.8, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), ; LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 428.15

278	CI NH H H	White solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 9.06 (d, $J$ = 2.0, 1H), 8.42 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.95 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.97 (q, $J$ = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), ; LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 428.24
279	CI NH NOCF3	Brown solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 8.98 (d, $J$ = 7.2, 1H), 8.55 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (dd, $J$ = 7.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (q, $J$ = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 481.09
280	CI NH OCF3	Brown solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 9.09 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (q, $J$ = 14.8, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.29 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 481.08
281	O NH NO PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	White solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): $\delta$ 8.74 (d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.57 (t, $J=6.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, $J=10.8$ , 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.00 -6.97 (m, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.83 (t, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.49 (d, $J=6.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.73 (t, $J=4.4$ Hz, 4H), 3.09 (t, $J=4.7$ Hz,, 4H), 3.00 (q, $J=14.8$ , 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, $J=7.6$ Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 383.31
282	CI CI NH	White solid; mp = 179°C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.25 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.98 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.24 (t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.06 (s, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 413.
283	CI NH	White solid; mp = $172^{\circ}$ C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.25 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.97 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.24 (t, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 8.46 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.95 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 413.
284	CI NH NO	White solid; mp = 133 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.24 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.31 (brs, 4H), 2.97 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.42 (s, 2H), 3.54 (brs, 4H), 4.50 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.06 (s, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 413.
285	CI NH NO	White solid; mp = $107^{\circ}$ C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.25 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.32 (brs, 4H), 2.97 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (s, 2H), 3.55 (brs, 4H), 4.50 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 8.45 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.95 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 413.

286	CI N F <sub>3</sub> C	White solid; mp = 138 °C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.26 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 3.00 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 4.50 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.09 (s, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 503.
287	CI NH F3C	White solid; mp = $134^{\circ}$ C: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.26 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.97 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.24 (s, 3H), 4.50 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 8.45 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.97 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 503.
288	NH Page 1	White solid; mp = $120^{\circ}\text{C}$ : $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.27 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.99 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 4.50 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.98-7.02 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.59 (d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.98 (d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 469.
289	O NH	Ivory solid; mp = $192^{\circ}\text{C}$ : $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.69-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.84 (m, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.63-2.74 (m, 3H), 3.74-3.78 (m, 5H), 4.42 (d, $J = 5.6\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.8\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.07-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.16 (dd, $J = 2.4\text{Hz}$ , 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 8.8\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.27-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, $J = 9.6\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 8.17 (t, $J = 5.6\text{Hz}$ , 1H, NH), 8.70 (d, $J = 2.4\text{Hz}$ , 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 473.
290		Ivory solid; mp = $178^{\circ}\text{C}$ : $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.68-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.82 (m, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.56-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.67-2.74 (m, 2H), 3.73-3.77 (m, 5H), 4.42 (d, $J = 6.0\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.8\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.8\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.8\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.16 (dd, $J = 2.4\text{Hz}$ , 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 8.8\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.48 (d, $J = 9.6\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 8.18 (t, $J = 6.0\text{Hz}$ , 1H, NH), 8.70 (d, $J = 2.4\text{Hz}$ , 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 469.
291	ON NH	Ivory solid; mp = $207^{\circ}$ C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.74-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.88 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.70-2.78 (m, 3H), 3.77-3.80 (m, 5H), 4.42 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (dd, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.18 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.70 (d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 523.
292	O NH	White solid; mp = $183 ^{\circ}$ C: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.71-1.77 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.87 (m, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.69-2.75 (m, 3H), 3.75-3.79 (m, 5H), 4.42 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (dd, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.70 (d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 539.
293	O NH	Ivory solid; mp = $181^{\circ}$ C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.69-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.84 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 2.64-2.74 (m, 3H), 3.74-3.77 (m, 2H), 4.41 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.07-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.45 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 8.83 (s, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 457.

294	O NH	Ivory solid; mp = $188^{\circ}$ C <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.68-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.84 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 2.63-2.74 (m, 3H), 3.75-3.78 (m, 2H), 4.41 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 8.82 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 473.
295	O NH	Ivory solid; mp = $184^{\circ}$ C: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.67-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.82 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 2.54-2.59 (m, 1H), 2.67-2.73 (m, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.74-3.77 (m, 2H), 4.41 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.45 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 8.82 (d, $J = 0.8$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 469.
296	O NH	Ivory solid; mp = $184^{\circ}\text{C}$ : $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.71-1.78 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.86 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 2.69-2.75 (m, 3H), 3.76-3.79 (m, 2H), 4.41 (d, $J=6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.27 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 (t, $J=6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 8.82 (s, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 523.
297	CI NH	Pale yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.69-1.76(m, 2H), 1.82-1.85(m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.61-2.75(m, 3H), 3.75-3.78 (m, 2H), 4.43 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.08-7.13 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.74 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.35 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 9.00 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 477.
298	CI NH	Pale yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.75-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.89 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.72-2.82 (m, 3H), 3.79 (d, $J$ = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0, 1H), 7.24 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (t, $J$ = 5.8 Hz), 9.00 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 527.
299	CI NH NH	Yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ 1.67-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.81 (m, 2H), 2.24(s, 3H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.56-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.67-2.73 (m, 2H), 3.75 (d, $J = 12.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.41(d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.93(d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.07(dd, $J = 7.6$ , 2.0 Hz, 3H), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.72(d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.33 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.98 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 473.
300	O_NH OCF3	Pale pink solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.70-1.74(m, 2H), 1.83-1.86 (m, 2H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.68-2.74(m, 3H), 3.76 (d, $J$ = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (dd, $J$ = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32(t, $J$ = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.99 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 543
301	CI NH H	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3 + CD3OD): δ 9.22 -9.23 (m, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.59 -7.63 (m, 2H), 7.50 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 2.98 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 451.

302	O NH H	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3 + CD3OD): δ 9.06 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 -7.62 (m, 2H), 7.54 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, $J$ = 8.8, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (dd, $J$ = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 2.7 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 451.
303	CI NH	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 9.51 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.31 -7.41 (m, 4H), 7.29 (dd, $J = 9.6$ , 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.68 -3.80 (m, 4H), 2.97 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.42 -2.52 (m, 4H), 1.39 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 441
304	CI NH	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 9.35 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 -7.38 (m, 4H), 6.90 (dd, $J = 7.4$ , 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.09 (t, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.68 -3.80 (m, 4H), 2.96 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.42 -2.52 (m, 4H), 1.39 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 441.
305	CI NH	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 9.48 -9.49 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 -7.31 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.00 -7.03 (m, 2H), 6.92 (dd, $J = 8.8$ , 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.07 (m, 1H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.46 (s, 3H), 2.93 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 465.
306	O NH N F	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 9.28 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.98 -7.01 (m, 2H), 6.86 -6.93 (m, 3H), 6.92 (dd, $J$ = 8.8, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.15 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 2.89 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 465.
307	CI NH F	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 9.53 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.05 -7.10 (m, 2H), 6.93 (dd, $J$ = 9.2, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.08 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.85 -3.88 (m, 4H), 3.07 -3.10 (m, 4H), 2.98 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.42 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 417.
308	O NH F	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 9.36 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.05 -7.10 (m, 2H), 6.90 -6.95 (m, 2H), 6.07 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.85 -3.88 (m, 4H), 3.08 -3.09 (m, 4H), 3.00 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.41 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 417.
309	O NH	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ 8.80 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.42 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, $J = 8.0$ , 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.95 -6.98 (m, 4H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.41 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.70 -3.80 (m, 2H), 3.40 -3.48 (m, 3H), 2.67 -2.73 (m, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.78 -1.84 (m, 2H), 1.50 -1.76 (m, 2H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 457.
310	O_NH CF3	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ 8.80 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.42 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.27 (dd, $J = 7.6$ , 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.96 -6.99 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.42 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.70 -3.80 (m, 2H), 3.30 -3.40 (m, 3H), 2.70 -2.80 (m, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 1.84 -1.90 (m, 2H), 1.70 -1.80 (m, 2H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 511.

311	O NH	H-NMR (400 MHz, CDC13): $\delta$ 9.24 (d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.15 -7.24 (m, 3H), 6.97 -7.06 (m, 4H), 6.81 -6.97 (m, 1H), 6.05 (br s, 1H), 4.62 (d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.76 -3.85 (m, 2H), 2.80 -2.90 (m, 2H), 2.69 (s, 3H),2.60 -2.68 (m, 1H), 1.60 -2.00 (m, 4H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 461.
312	O NH OCF3	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 8.80 (d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 -7.29 (m, 2H), 7.22 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.96 -6.99 (m, 1H), 6.94 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.70 -3.80 (m, 2H), 3.30 -3.40 (m, 3H), 2.70 -2.80 (m, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 1.82 -1.90 (m, 2H), 1.68 -1.80 (m, 2H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 527.
313	F NH	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ-1.68 -1.75 (m, 2H), 1.79 -1.85 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.62 -2.73 (m, 3H), 3.74 -3.77 (m, 2H), 4.43 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 -7.11 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.27 -7.30 (m, 2H), 7.44 -7.49 (m, 1H), 7.61 -7.64 (m, 1H), 8.28 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H, NH), 9.06 -9.07 (m, 1H), ; LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 461.
314	O NH P	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ-1.68 -1.75 (m, 2H), 1.79 -1.83 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.58 -2.62 (m, 1H), 2.68 -2.73 (m, 1H), 3.74 -3.77 (m, 2H), 4.42 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.07 -7.13 (m, 4H), 7.23 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.44 -7.49 (m, 2H), 7.61 -7.64 (m, 1H), 8.27 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 9.05 -9.07 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 456.
315	CF <sub>3</sub>	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ-1.71 -1.80 (m, 2H), 1.83 -1.88 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.71 -2.80 (m, 3H), 3.77 -3.80 (m, 2H), 4.43 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.44 -7.50 (m, 3H), 7.61 -7.65 (m, 3H), 8.28 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 9.05 -9.07 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 511.
316	O_NH OCF3	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d6): δ-1.82 -1.89 (m, 2H), 1.92 -1.96 (m, 2H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 2.76 -2.84 (m, 3H), 3.82 -3.86 (m, 2H), 4.58 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.26 -7.31 (m, 4H), 7.37 -7.44 (m, 4H), 7.55 -7.59 (m, 1H), 9.34 -9.36 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 527.
317	CI C	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.40 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.86 -3.00 (m, 5H), 4.70 -4.47 (m, 4H), 6.20 (brs, 1H), 7.45 -7.01 (m, 9H), 7.53 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 9.50 (s, 1H).
318	CI N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.39 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.86 -2.99 (m, 5H), 4.48 (m, 2H), 4.71 -4.69 (m, 2H), 6.16 (brs, 1H), 6.89 (dd, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 -7.45 (m, 8H), 7.59 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 9.34 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H)

319	CI N TO CI	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.37 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.02 -1.64 (m, 15H), 2.93 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 4.60 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.05 (brs, 1H), 6.88 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.25 -7.27 (m, 3H), 7.51 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 9.50 (s, 1H); ); 13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) d 13.4, 23.6, 28.4, 28.5, 34.0, 37.3, 39.7, 43.4, 76.9, 77.2, 77.5, 78.6, 115.1, 117.0, 121.6, 126.3, 128.3, 129.2, 129.7, 144.6, 151.5, 159.6, 161.2, 199.8
320	CI N N O O	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.36 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.00 -1.64 (m, 15H), 2.92 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 4.59 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.05 (brs, 1H), 6.89 -6.85 (m, 3H), 7.25 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 9.32 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H); 13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) d 13.4, 23.6, 28.4, 28.6, 34.0, 37.3, 39.7, 43.4, 76.9, 77.2, 77.5, 78.6, 114.7, 115.1, 115.8, 128.6, 129.2, 129.7, 133.6, 146.2, 151.7, 159.6, 161.2, 199.8
321	CI N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.36 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.10 -1.63 (m, 15H), 2.94 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.56 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.99 (brs, 1H), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.20 -7.29 (m, 1H), 7.52 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 9.51 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H); ; LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 463.
322	CI N H	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.37 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.10 -1.63 (m, 15H), 2.94 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.54 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.95 (brs, 1H), 6.59 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.88 (dd, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.58(d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 9.35 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 463
323	CI C	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.38 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.04 -1.61 (m, 15H), 2.94 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.54 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.98 (brs, 1H), 6.59 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.8$ , 1H), 7.27 (dd, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 9.51 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 463.
324	CI N N H	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.37 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 2.02 -1.61 (m, 15H), 2.93 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.56 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.97 (brs, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.88 (dd, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.58(d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 9.34 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H)+ 463.
325	CI NH	White solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.78-1.95 (m, 4H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.72-2.82 (m, 1H), 2.92-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.73-3.76 (m, 2H), 4.48 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.11-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.54 (dd, $J = 9.6$ , 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.48 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 9.15 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 477.
326	CI NH	Beige solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.66-1.86 (m, 4H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.70-2.75 (m, 3H), 3.76-3.79 (m, 2H), 4.43 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.09-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.24 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.12 (d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 473.

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327	CI NH	Beige solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.72-1.92 (m, 4H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.73-2.79 (m, 3H), 3.79-3.82 (m, 2H), 4.44 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd, $J = 9.4$ , 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.67 (m, 3H), 8.37 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, NH), 9.13 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H) ); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 527.
328	O_NH OCF3	Beige solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.78-1.90 (m, 4H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 2.71-2.76 (m, 3H), 3.77-3.81 (m, 2H), 4.44 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd, $J$ = 9.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (t, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.13 (d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z (M+H) + 543.
329	CI NH O H	White solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.38 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.95 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.61 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.73 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.16 (brs, 1H), 6.37 (brs, 1H), 6.89 (dd, $J$ = 2.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99 - 7.06 (m, 2H), 7.30 -7.36 (m, 2H), 7.42 (dd, $J$ = 7.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 - 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.59 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 -7.68 (m, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 9.33 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 465, 467 (M+H)+, Clisotope pattern.
330	CI NH NH F	Pale brown solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.35 (t, $J$ = 7.6Hz, 3H), 2.76 -2.97 (m, 2H), 2.86 & 2.94 (s, 3H), 4.45 & 4.68 (s, 2H), 6.31 (brs, 1H), 6.87 (dd, $J$ = 2.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 -7.08 (m, 3H), 7.26 -7.43 (m, 5H), 7.57 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 9.28 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 479, 481 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
331	CI NH	Pale yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.37 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.62 -2.64 (m, 4H), 2.94 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.74 -3.76 (m, 4H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 4.78 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.18 (brt, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, $J$ = 2.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, $J$ = 1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 -7.54 (m, 2H), 7.70 (d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 9.51 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 454, 456 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
332	CI NH	Pale brown solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.37 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.63 -2.65 (m, 4H), 2.94 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.75 -3.77 (m, 4H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 4.79 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.13 (brt, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, $J$ = 2.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, $J$ = 1.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 9.36 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 454, 456 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
333	CI NH CI	Pale red solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.37 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.98 -2.04 (m, 2H), 2.18 -2.29 (m, 2H), 2.93 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.05 -3.11 (m, 2H), 3.49 -3.55 (m, 2H), 4.19 -4.24 (m, 1H), 4.60 (d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 6.01 (brs, 1H), 6.92 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 -7.31 (m, 3H), 7.52 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 9.53 (d, $J$ = 2.1 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 431 (M+H)+.
334	O NH CI	Pale red solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.36(t, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.99 -2.04 (m, 2H), 2.17 -2.20 (m, 2H), 2.92 (q, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.05 -3.10 (m, 2H), 3.50 -3.52 (m, 2H), 4.20 -4.23 (m, 1H), 4.59 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 5.99 (brs, 1H), 6.89 -6.94 (m, 3H), 7.26 -7.27 (m, 2H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 9.35 (d, $J$ = 6.8 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 431 (M+H)+.

335	CI NH	White solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): $\delta$ 1.26 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.98 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.58 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, $J$ = 2.4, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, $J$ = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.78 -7.80 (m, 3H), 8.00 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.51 (brt, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.97 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 434, 436 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
336	CI NH	Pale yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.36 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.71 -2.03 (m, 8H), 2.47 -2.55 (m, 2H), 2.62 -2.65 (m, 1H), 2.72 -2.84 (m, 2H), 2.87 -2.97 (m, 3H), 3.30 -3.40 (m, 2H), 3.62 -3.77 (m, 4H), 4.23 -4.26 (m, 1H), 4.58 (d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 6.02 (brs, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.24 -7.29 (m, 3H), 7.51 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 9.51 (d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 554, 556 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
337	CI N N O N O N O N O N O N O N O N O N O	Pale pink solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.36 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.82 -1.92 (m, 2H), 2.00 -2.04 (m, 2H), 2.44 -2.51 (m, 5H), 2.61 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.77 -2.84 (m, 2H), 2.91 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.91 -2.97 (m, 1H), 3.62 -3.70 (m, 5H), 4.22 (t, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.58 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 5.97 (brt, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 -6.94 (m, 3H), 7.25 -7.27 (m, 2H), 7.58 -7.59 (m, 1H), 9.35 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 554, 556 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
338	CI NH N	White solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.38 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.95 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.78 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.15 (brt, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 -7.35 (m, 2H), 7.46 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 9.54 (s, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 369, 371 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
339	O NH N	White solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.36 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.93 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.77 (d, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.14 (brt, $J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, $J$ = 2.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, $J$ = 2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, $J$ = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 9.36 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 369, 371 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
340	CI NH CI	Pale yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3 + CD3OD): $\delta$ 1.24 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.19 -2.25 (m, 2H), 2.81 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.33 -3.45 (m, 3H), 3.58 -3.62 (m, 1H), 4.46 (d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.93 -4.94 (m, 1H), 6.34 (brs, 1H), 6.48 (d, $J$ = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.72 -6.75 (m, 2H), 7.13 -7.17 (m, 4H), 7.23 -7.26 (m, 1H), 7.42 -7.44 (m, 1H), 9.30 -9.31 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 509, 511 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
341	CI NH CI	Pale yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.35 (t, $J$ = 7.6Hz, 3H), 2.27 -2.33 (m, 2H), 2.90 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.41 -3.54 (m, 3H), 3.66 -3.70 (m, 1H), 4.56 (d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.99 -5.02 (m, 1H), 5.95 (brs, 1H), 6.56 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.79 -6.83 (m, 2H), 6.88 (dd, $J$ = 2.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 -7.25 (m, 4H), 7.58 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 9.34 (d, $J$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 509, 511 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
342	CI NH CI	Pale yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3 + CD3OD): $\delta$ 1.28 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.23 -2.28 (m, 2H), 2.85 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.37 -3.49 (m, 3H), 3.61 -3.65 (m, 1H), 4.50 (d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.96 -4.97 (m, 1H), 6.22 (brs, 1H), 6.52 (d, $J$ = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.75 -6.79 (m, 2H), 7.17 -7.20 (m, 4H), 7.28 (d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 9.37 -9.38 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 509, 511 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.

343	CI NH	Pale yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.34 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.26 -2.33 (m, 2H), 2.89 (q, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.41 -3.53 (m, 3H), 3.66 -3.70 (m, 1H), 4.56 (d, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.99 -5.01 (m, 1H), 5.97 (brt, $J$ = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, $J$ = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.78 -6.82 (m, 2H), 6.87 (dd, $J$ = 2.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 -7.25 (m, 4H), 7.57 (d, $J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 9.34 (d, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 509, 511 (M+H)+, Clisotope pattern.
344	ONH OME	Pale yellow solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.39 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.99 -2.19 (m, 4H), 2.77 -2.80 (m, 1H), 2.95 -3.05 (m, 4H), 3.79 -3.82 (m, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 4.64 (d, $J$ = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.41 (brs, 1H), 7.31 -7.39 (m, 7H), 7.61 (d, $J$ = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 -8.00 (m, 2H), 9.49 (d, $J$ = 1.2 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 531, 533 (M+H)+ , Cl- isotope pattern.
345	CI CN OH	Yellow solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3 + CD3OD): $\delta$ 1.32 (t, $J$ = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.97 -2.03 (m, 2H), 2.65 -2.80 (m, 1H), 2.95 -3.01 (m, 6H), 3.71 -3.74 (m, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 4.57 (d, $J$ = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 -7.28 (m, 6H), 7.40 -7.43 (m, 3H), 7.62 (d, $J$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 9.28 (d, $J$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 503, 505 (M+H)+ , Cl- isotope pattern.
346	CI (N)	Violet solid: <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 1.39 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 1.99 -2.09 (m, 4H), 2.79 -3.02 (m, 4H), 3.47 -3.50 (m, 1H), 3.81 -3.84 (m, 2H), 4.63 (s, 2H), 6.16 (brs, 1H), 7.00 -7.10 (m, 2H), 7.27 -7.45 (m, 5H), 7.57 -7.59 (m, 1H), 7.84 -7.85 (m, 2H), 9.52 (s, 1H), 9.99 (s, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 501, 503 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern.
347	O NH	Pale pink solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.94 -2.04 (m, 4H), 2.61 -2.71 (m, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 3.78 -3.81 (m, 2H), 4.61 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.15 (brs, 1H), 6.79 -6.83 (m, 1H), 6.98 -7.16 (m, 4H), 7.19 -7.24 (m, 3H), 7.31 -7.33 (m, 2H), 9.43 -9.47 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 461 (M+H)+.
348	O NH CI	White solid: $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.96 -2.02 (m, 4H), 2.65 -2.75 (m, 1H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.95 -2.99 (m, 2H), 3.77 -3.80 (m, 2H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.42 (brs, 1H), 6.84 -6.88 (m, 1H), 7.19 -7.24 (m, 2H), 7.26 -7.33 (m, 5H), 7.37 -7.41 (m, 2H), 9.42 -9.45 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 477, 479 (M+H)+, Cl- isotope pattern .
349	CF <sub>3</sub>	Pale pink solid: ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): $\delta$ 1.97 -2.05 (m, 4H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 2.73 -2.82 (m, 1H), 2.83 -2.96 (m, 2H), 3.80 -3.83 (m, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.25 (brs, 1H), 6.81 -6.85 (m, 1H), 7.00 -7.18 (m, 2H), 7.24 -7.27 (m, 1H), 7.31 -7.41 (m, 4H), 7.56 -7.58 (m, 2H), 9.43 -9.47 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 511 (M+H)+.

White solid:  ${}^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, 3H), 2.69 -2.74 (m, 1H), 2.85 -2.9 J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.31 (brs, 1H), 6.20 -7.30 (m, 5H), 7.35 -7.41 (electrospray) m/z 527 (M+H)+.

White solid:  $^{1}$ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3):  $\delta$  1.96 -2.05 (m, 4H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 2.69 -2.74 (m, 1H), 2.85 -2.96 (m, 2H), 3.78 -3.81 (m, 2H), 4.62 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.31 (brs, 1H), 6.82 -6.87 (m, 1H), 7.15 -7.17 (m, 2H), 7.20 -7.30 (m, 5H), 7.35 -7.41 (m, 2H), 9.43 -9.46 (m, 1H); LCMS (electrospray) m/z 527 (M+H)+.

### **Claims**

1. A compound having the general formula I:

$$R^4 \xrightarrow{N} R^3 \xrightarrow{Y} R^2$$

wherein

X is CH or N;

Y is CH, O or N;

m is 0 or 1;

n is 0 or 1;

 $R^1$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, ethyl, t-butyl, phenyl,  $-NC(O)R^5$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-C(O)R^5$ ,  $-C(O)OR^5$ , any of which is optionally substituted;

 $R^2$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and hydroxyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkylhetorocycle, phenyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is O and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro, 6-methyl, 6-methoxy, 6-bromo, 6-trifluoromethyl, 6-fluoro, 7-chloro, 7-methyl, 7-methoxy, 7-trifluoromethyl, 7-bromo, 8-fluoro, 8-trifluoromethyl, 8-methoxy, or 8-bromo;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N and Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is H, R<sup>2</sup> is H, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N and Y is N, R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C,  $R^2$  is hydroxyl,  $R^3$  is ethyl and  $R^4$  is 7-chloro, then  $R^1$  is not hydrogen;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-fluorobenzyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-chlorophenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-fluorophenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is OR<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>5</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6-chloro, 6-trifluoromethyl or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6- chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 0, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 6- chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 1, n is 1, X is N, Y is N,  $R^1$  is 4-(butyramidomethyl)phenyl and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is N, R<sup>1</sup> is 4-fluorophenyl and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-fluoro, 6-chloro, 6-methyl, 6-methoxy, 6-bromo, 7-bromo, 7-chloro, 7-methyl, 7-methoxy, 8-methoxy, 8-bromo or 8-fluoro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is N, R<sup>1</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is 4-fluorophenyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C,  $R^1$  is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl,  $R^2$  is hydrogen and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C,  $R^1$  is 4-chlorophenyl,  $R^2$  is hydrogen and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C,  $R^1$  is 4-fluorophenyl,  $R^2$  is hydroxy and  $R^3$  is ethyl, then  $R^4$  is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is C, R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if m is 0, n is 1, X is N, Y is N, R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl and R<sup>3</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>4</sup> is not 7-chloro.

2. The Compound according to claim 1, wherein m = 0.

- 3. The compound according to any of claims 1 and 2, wherein m = 0 and  $R^1$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, methyl, ethyl, t-butyl, phenyl, -NC(O) $R^5$ , -C(O) $R^5$ , -C(O)O $R^5$ , any of which is optionally substituted.
- 4. A compound having the general formula II:

$$R^8$$
 $N$ 
 $R^7$ 
 $N$ 
 $R^7$ 

wherein

X is CH or N

 $R^6$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl and  $C(O)R^9$ , any of which is optionally substituted;

R<sup>7</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>8</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>9</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if X is N, R<sup>6</sup> is phenyl and R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>8</sup> is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is N,  $R^6$  is 4-fluorophenyl and  $R^7$  is ethyl, then  $R^8$  is not hydrogen, 6-fluoro, 6-chloro, 6-methyl, 6-methoxy, 6-bromo, 7-chloro, 7-methyl, 7-methoxy, 8-methoxy, 8-bromo or 8-fluoro;

wherein, if X is N, R<sup>6</sup> is 4-(butyramidomethyl)phenyl and R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>8</sup> is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is N, R<sup>6</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl and R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>8</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro.

### 5. A compound having the general formula III:

$$R^{12} \xrightarrow{N} R^{11}$$

wherein

X is S, O or NR<sup>13</sup>

Y is CH or N

R<sup>10</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of halogen and phenyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

R<sup>11</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>12</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>13</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

### 6. A compound having the general formula IV:

$$R^{16} \xrightarrow{N} R^{15}$$

$$R^{16} \xrightarrow{N} R^{15}$$

wherein

X is S, O or NR<sup>17</sup>

Y is CH or N

R<sup>14</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkylheterocycle, phenyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

R<sup>15</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

 $R^{16}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and  $-CF_3$ ;

R<sup>17</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if X is  $NR^{17}$ , Y is N,  $R^{14}$  is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl,  $R^{15}$  is ethyl and  $R^{17}$  is hydrogen, then  $R^{16}$  is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is  $NR^{17}$ , Y is N,  $R^{14}$  is morpholinomethyl,  $R^{15}$  is ethyl and  $R^{17}$  is hydrogen, then  $R^{16}$  is not 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is O, Y is N, R<sup>14</sup> is 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, and R<sup>15</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>16</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is O, Y is N,  $R^{14}$  is 4-fluorophenyl, and  $R^{15}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{16}$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is O, Y is N, R<sup>14</sup> is cyclohexyl, and R<sup>15</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>16</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro.

# 7. A compound having the general formula V:

wherein

X is S, O or NH

Y is CH or N

R<sup>18</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkylheterocycle, phenyl and benzyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

R<sup>19</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>20</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

## 8. A compound having the general formula VI:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & H & O \\
N & N & R^{21}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{23} & N & R^{22}
\end{array}$$

VI

wherein

R<sup>21</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl and Ophenyl, any of which is optionally substituted;

 $R^{22}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>23</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

## 9. A compound having the general formula VII:

$$R^{26} \xrightarrow{N} R^{25} \xrightarrow{N} X$$

VII

X is CH or N

wherein

 $R^{24}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl, -methoxy,  $-CF_3$  and  $-OCF_3$ ;

R<sup>25</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>26</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, –methoxy and –CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

10. A compound having the general formula VIII:

$$R^{28} \xrightarrow{N} R^{27} C$$

wherein

X is CH<sub>2</sub> or NH

n is 0 or 1

R<sup>27</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

R<sup>28</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, methyl, -methoxy and -CF<sub>3</sub>;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

#### 11. A compound having the general formula IX:

$$R^{31} \longrightarrow R^{30} \qquad (X)_{m}^{(Y)_{n}} \longrightarrow R^{29}$$

wherein

X is CH<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>32</sup>, O, C(O)NH or -HC=CH-

Y is  $CH_2$ , or C(O)NH,

m is 0 or 1

n is 0 or 1

 $R^{29}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogens,  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl, -methoxy, COOH, -CF<sub>3</sub> and -OCF<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^{30}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl;

 $R^{31}$  is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogens, methyl, -methoxy and  $-CF_3$ ;

R<sup>32</sup> is, at each occurrence, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, m is 1, n is 0, R<sup>29</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>30</sup> is methyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not hydrogen;

wherein, if X is para-C, m is 0, n is 0,  $R^{29}$  is hydrogen and  $R^{30}$  is methyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is *para*-C, m is 0, n is 0,  $R^{29}$  is hydrogen and  $R^{30}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 6-methyl;

wherein, if X is para-O, m is 1, n is 0,  $R^{29}$  is hydrogen and  $R^{30}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen, 6-methyl or 6-chloro;

wherein, if X is para-C, m is 0, n is 0,  $R^{30}$  is ethyl and  $R^{31}$  is 6-chloro, then  $R^{29}$  is not 2-chloro, 4-chloro, 2-methyl, 3-methyl, 2-trifluoromethyl or 4-methyl;

wherein, if X is *para*-C, m is 0, n is 0, R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, R<sup>31</sup> is 7-chloro, then R<sup>29</sup> is not hydrogen, 2-chloro, 4-chloro, 2-methyl, 3-methyl, 4-methyl, 4-fluoro, 4-methoxy, 4-trifluoromethyl or 2-trifluoromethyl;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, m is 1, n is 0, R<sup>29</sup> is 4-trifluoromethoxy and R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not hydrogen, 6-chloro or 7-chloro, 6-fluoro, 6-bromo, 6-methyl, 7-methyl or 8-fluoro;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, m is 1, n is 0, R<sup>29</sup> is 4-fluoro and R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not 6-chloro, 6-bromo or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, m is 1, n is 0, R<sup>29</sup> is 4-chloro and R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is *para*-N, Y is C, m is 1,  $R^{29}$  is 4-trifluoromethoxy,  $R^{30}$  is ethyl,  $R^{31}$  is 7-chloro and  $R^{32}$  is hydrogen, then n is not 0 or 1;

wherein, if X is para-O, Y is C, m is 1, n is 1,  $R^{29}$  is 4-trifluoromethoxy and  $R^{30}$  is ethyl, then  $R^{31}$  is not hydrogen, 6-chloro, 6-fluoro, 6-bormo or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is *para*-O, Y is C, m is 1, n is 1, R<sup>29</sup> is 4-fluoro and R<sup>30</sup> is ethyl, then R<sup>31</sup> is not 6-chloro or 7-chloro;

wherein, if X is meta-C, m is 0, n is 0,  $R^{30}$  is ethyl and  $R^{31}$  is 7-chloro, then  $R^{29}$  is not 4-trifluoromethoxy;

wherein, if X is *para*-N, Y is C, m is 1, n is 1,  $R^{29}$  is 4-trifluoromethoxy,  $R^{30}$  is ethyl and  $R^{31}$  is hydrogen, then  $R^{32}$  is not methyl.

- 12. The compound according to any of claims 1-11, having one of the formulae 1-350 as shown in Tables 1 and 2, preferably one of the formulae 1-21, 23-24, 26, 28-33, 35-57, 59-77, 79-83, 85-87, 90-98, 100-102, 106-111, 113-116 118-124, 126-128, 130-142, 144-150, 153, 155-167, 169-184, 186-188, 190-197, 199, 201, 203-208, 210-211, 213-214, 216, 218-231, 233, 235-246, 252-254, 256-259, 261, 267-270, 273, 279-280, 284-303, 307-316, 319-328, 333-338, 340-350 as shown in Tables 1 and 2.
- 13. The compound according to any of claims 1 12, having one of the formulae 55, 171, 175 and 325 as shown in Tables 1 and 2,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

14. The compound according to any of claims 1 - 13, for use in the treatment of a bacterial infection.

- 15. The compound according to claim 14, wherein said bacterial infection is Tuberculosis.
- 16. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any of claims 1-15, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 17. A method of treatment of a bacterial infection, in particular Tuberculosis, comprising the application of a suitable amount of a compound according to any of claims 1 15 or a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 16, to a person in need thereof.
- 18. A compound that competitively inhibits the specific binding of a compound according to any of claims 1-15.
- 19. A method of treatment of a bacterial infection, in particular Tuberculosis, comprising the application of a suitable amount of a compound, which compound is characterized by an ability to competitively inhibit the specific binding of a compound according to any of claims 1-15 or a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 18, to its target protein, to a person in need thereof.

Figure 1

