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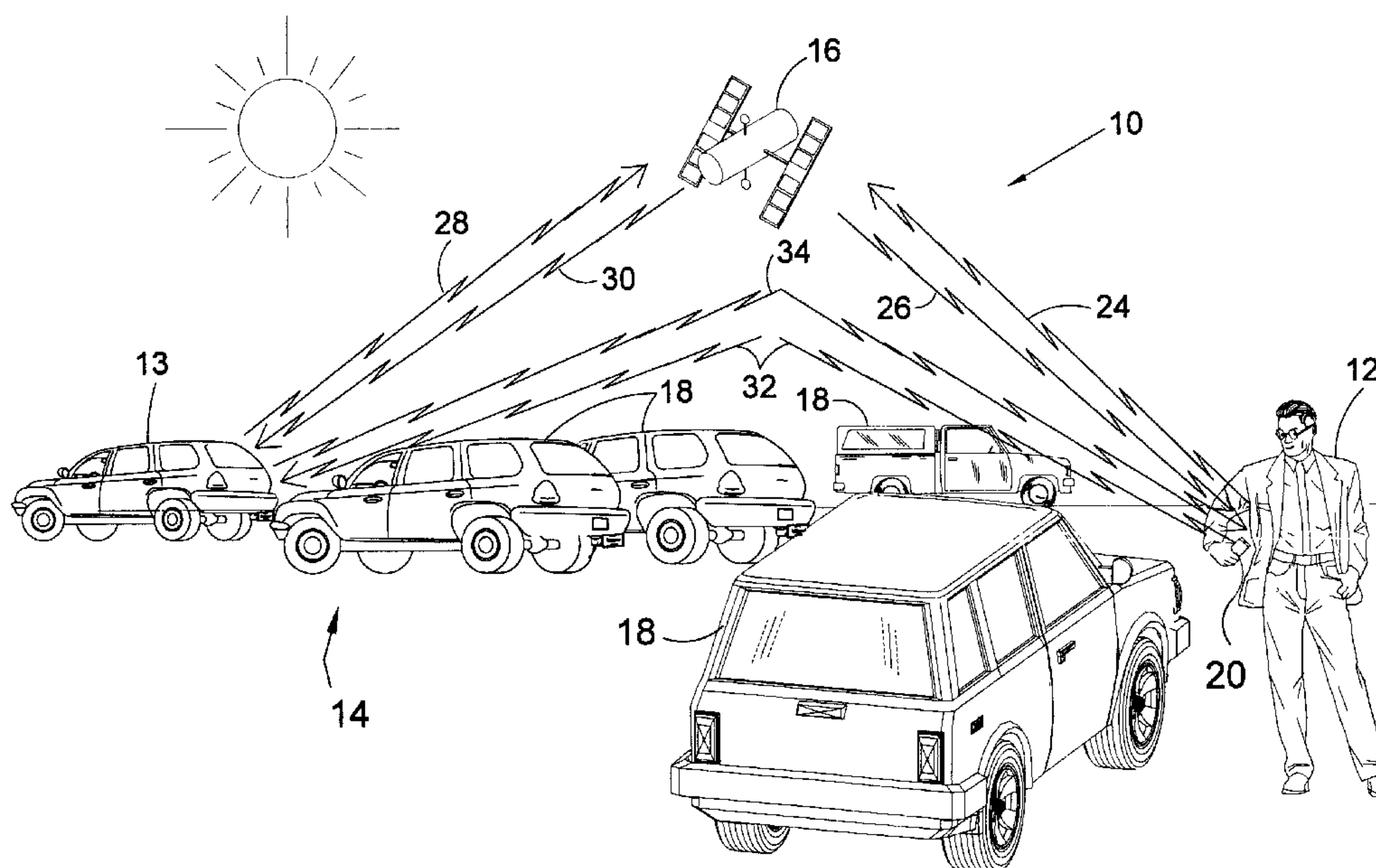
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(54) **SYSTEME DE LOCALISATION DE VEHICULE**

(54) **VEHICLE LOCATION SYSTEM**



(57) A system for locating a vehicle using the Global Positioning Satellite System (GPS). The system includes a locator unit and a remote unit. The locator unit is connected to the vehicle and includes a processor; a transmitter for obtaining a location from the GPS indicating the location of the vehicle; and a receiver for receiving the location signal from the GPS for storage in the processor. The remote unit includes a processor; a transmitter for obtaining a location from the GPS indicating the location of the remote unit; and a receiver for receiving the position signal from the GPS for storage in the processor. A device, connected to the processor, generates a request signal requesting the location of the locator unit; and a signal device relays a relative position of the locator unit to a user. Upon activation of the generating device the transmitter transmits the request signal to the locator unit. The locator unit retrieves and transmits the location signal to the remote unit in response thereto. Upon receipt of the location signal the processor of the remote unit compares the location signal to the position signal to determine a relative position of the locator unit with respect to the remote unit. The processor then controls the signal device to indicate the relative position of the locator unit. The signal device provides both an audible and visual indication to the user as to the longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A system for locating a vehicle using the Global Positioning Satellite System (GPS). The system includes a locator unit and a remote unit. The locator unit is connected to the vehicle and includes a processor; a transmitter for obtaining a location from the GPS indicating the location of the vehicle; and a receiver for receiving the location signal from the GPS for storage in the processor. The remote unit includes a processor; a transmitter for obtaining a location from the GPS indicating the location of the remote unit; and a receiver for receiving the position signal from the GPS for storage in the processor. A device, connected to the processor, generates a request signal requesting the location of the locator unit; and a signal device relays a relative position of the locator unit to a user. Upon activation of the generating device the transmitter transmits the request signal to the locator unit. The locator unit retrieves and transmits the location signal to the remote unit in response thereto. Upon receipt of the location signal the processor of the remote unit compares the location signal to the position signal to determine a relative position of the locator unit with respect to the remote unit. The processor then controls the signal device to indicate the relative position of the locator unit. The signal device provides both an audible and visual indication to the user as to the longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit.

VEHICLE LOCATION SYSTEM

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to location systems and, more specifically, to a system utilizing the global positioning satellite network to locate a vehicle when left in a parking lot or other crowded area.

Description of the Prior Art

Numerous types of location systems have been provided in the prior art. For example, U.S. patents numbered 5,280,293; 5,289,163; 5,594,425 and 5,612,866 all are illustrative of such prior art. While these units may be suitable for the particular purpose to which they address, they would not be as suitable for the purposes of the present invention as heretofore described.

U.S. Patent Number 5,280,293

Inventor: David A. Tong

Issued: January 18, 1994

A mobile direction finder for tracking a remote transmitter computes the transmitter direction relative to the direction finder and time-averages with reference to a datum derived from a predetermined orientation independent of the direction finder orientation.

U.S. Patent Number 5,289,163

Inventor: Carla D. Perez et al.

Issued: February 22, 1994

A child position monitoring device monitors the position of a child by detecting the signal strength of a radio frequency carrier from a transmitter attached to the child. If the signal of the radio frequency carrier is too weak, the child is too far away from the adult who has the child positioning monitoring device. When this happens, the adult is informed that the child has wandered too far away through the use of an audio tone or through the use of vibrations coming from the device. Once the adult is notified that the child is too far away, the device also has a locating display for indicating the relative direction of the child with respect to the adult. The display uses eight LED's arranged around an emblem used to represent the position of the adult. The LED which lights up indicates the relative direction of the child.

U.S. Patent Number 5,594,425

Inventor: David L. Ladner et al.

Issued: January 14, 1997

A locator apparatus includes a receiver for receiving location information indicative of a location of the receiver. A memory is coupled to the receiver and stores the location information. A cellular transmitter is coupled to the memory and the receiver and transmits the location information to a second receiver. A data processing station processes the location information to determine the location of the receiver.

U.S. Patent Number 5,612,688

Inventor: Hideki Masudaya

Issued: March 18, 1997

An apparatus for searching for a sensed object which is capable of immediately finding the direction in which a movable sensed object is present, from the contents displayed on an operation unit at hand. The searching apparatus includes a portable operation unit, an absolute direction sensor contained in the operation unit and generating an absolute direction signal which indicates an absolute direction, a removal sensor for automatically sensing a removal of the operation unit from the sensed object, a displacement sensor for sensing the state of displacement of the operation unit to generate displacement information, a controller generating direction indicating information which indicates the direction in which the sensed object is present, based on the displacement information and the absolute direction signal, a display for displaying contents of the direction indicating information; and a manual operation element for controlling the contents displayed on the display through the controller.

SUMMARY OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to location systems and, more specifically, to a system utilizing the global positioning satellite network to locate a vehicle when left in a parking lot or other crowded area.

A primary object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system that will overcome the shortcomings of prior art devices.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system which is able to alert a user as to the location of a vehicle by providing a direction and relative altitude of the vehicle.

A further object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system which is able to utilize the Global Positioning Satellite System to obtain a location for the vehicle which, when compared to the location of the user holding a remote unit, provides a direction of travel for locating the vehicle.

A yet further object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system wherein the vehicle is equipped with a transmitter and receiver able to communicate with

the Global Positioning Satellite System to determine a location for the vehicle.

A still further object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system including a remote unit able to utilize the Global Positioning Satellite System to determine a location for the remote unit and communicate with the transmitter in the vehicle to determine a position for the vehicle relative to the remote unit.

A further object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system wherein the remote unit includes a plurality of indicator lights for indicating a direction in which the vehicle can be found.

A further object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system wherein the remote unit includes an indicator light for indicating an altitude level relative to the altitude of the remote unit at which the vehicle can be found such as when the vehicle is located on a different story of a parking lot from the user.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system that is simple and easy to use.

A still further object of the present invention is to provide a vehicle locator system

that is economical in cost to manufacture.

Additional objects of the present invention will appear as the description proceeds.

A system for locating a vehicle using the Global Positioning Satellite System (GPS). The system includes a locator unit and a remote unit. The locator unit is connected to the vehicle and includes a processor; a transmitter for obtaining a location from the GPS indicating the location of the vehicle; and a receiver for receiving the location signal from the GPS for storage in the processor. The remote unit includes a processor; a transmitter for obtaining a location from the GPS indicating the location of the remote unit; and a receiver for receiving the position signal from the GPS for storage in the processor. A device, connected to the processor, generates a request signal requesting the location of the locator unit; and a signal device relays a relative position of the locator unit to a user. Upon activation of the generating device the transmitter transmits the request signal to the locator unit. The locator unit retrieves and transmits the location signal to the remote unit in response thereto. Upon receipt of the location signal the processor of the remote unit compares the location signal to the position signal to determine a relative position of the locator unit with respect to the remote unit. The processor then controls the signal device to indicate the relative position of the locator unit. The signal device provides both an audible and visual indication to the user as to the longitude, latitude and altitude of the

locator unit.

To the accomplishment of the above and related objects, this invention may be embodied in the form illustrated in the accompanying drawings, attention being called to the fact, however, that the drawings are illustrative only, and that changes may be made in the specific construction illustrated and described within the scope of the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING FIGURES

Various other objects, features and attendant advantages of the present invention will become more fully appreciated as the same becomes better understood when considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference characters designate the same or similar parts throughout the several views.

FIGURE 1 is a top perspective view of a parking lot in which a user is attempting to locate a vehicle using the vehicle locator system of the present invention;

FIGURE 2 is an enlarged top perspective view of the remote unit used with the vehicle locator system of the present invention;

FIGURE 3 is an enlarged top perspective view of the locator unit positioned within the vehicle of the vehicle locator system of the present invention;

FIGURE 4 is a enlarged perspective view of the remote unit and locator unit of the vehicle locator system of the present invention; and

FIGURE 5 is a block diagram of the vehicle locator system of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE REFERENCED NUMERALS

Turning now descriptively to the drawings, in which similar reference characters denote similar elements throughout the several views, the Figures illustrate the vehicle locator system of the present invention. With regard to the reference numerals used, the following numbering is used throughout the various drawing figures.

- 10 vehicle locator system of the present invention
- 12 user attempting to locate a vehicle using vehicle locator system
- 13 vehicle desired to be located
- 14 parking lot in which vehicle is located
- 16 Global Positioning Satellite
- 18 vehicles in parking lot
- 20 remote unit of vehicle locator system

- 22 vehicle locator unit of vehicle locator system
- 24 arrow indicating request signal from remote unit to the GPS satellite
- 26 arrow indicating position signal of remote unit from GPS satellite
- 28 arrow indicating request signal from locator unit to the GPS satellite
- 30 arrow indicating position signal of locator unit from GPS satellite
- 32 arrow indicating location signal from remote unit to locator unit
- 34 arrow indicating location response signal from locator unit to the remote unit
- 36 front side of remote unit
- 37 power switch
- 38 visual direction indicator

- 40 visual altitude indicator
- 42 speaker
- 44 first button
- 46 second button
- 48 hood of vehicle
- 50 vehicle battery
- 52 vehicle ignition system
- 54 antenna of locator unit
- 56 processor of remote unit
- 57 power source of remote unit

- 58 transmitter of remote unit
- 60 receiver of remote unit
- 62 processor of locator unit
- 64 transmitter of locator unit
- 66 receiver of locator unit
- 68 sensor of locator unit
- 70 display of locator unit

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Turning now descriptively to the drawings, in which similar reference characters denote similar elements throughout the several views, Figures 1 through 5 illustrate the vehicle locator system of the present invention indicated generally by the numeral 10.

The vehicle locator system 10 is illustrated in Figure 1 for use by a person 12 to locate a particular vehicle 13 within a parking lot 14. This figure illustrates the parking lot 14 including a plurality of vehicles 18 parked therein. When parking a vehicle in such a parking lot 14 it is easy to forget where the vehicle was parked. When the parking lot is full, the person 12 who parked the vehicle 13 will have a very difficult time locating the vehicle 13 if the location of the vehicle is forgotten. The vehicle locator system 10 of the present invention utilizes the Global Positioning Satellite Network, illustrated by the satellite 16 orbiting the earth for aiding the person 12 in determining the location of the vehicle 18.

The vehicle locator system 10 includes a remote unit 20 and a vehicle locator unit 22, see Figures 3-5 for an illustration and description of the vehicle locator unit 22. The remote unit 20 is retained by the user 12 and can be in the form of a key ring or other unobtrusive form which is not burdensome to the user 12. The vehicle locator unit 22 is positioned within the vehicle 13.

The remote unit 20 communicates with the GPS satellite 16 when activated to determine a location thereof in terms of longitude, latitude and altitude. Upon activation of a location key, the remote unit 20 transmits a request signal to the GPS satellite 16 as indicated by the arrow labeled with the numeral 24. The GPS satellite 16 receives this signal 24 and determines the longitude, latitude and altitude of the remote unit 20. The GPS satellite 16 then transmits a signal indicative of the determined longitude, latitude and altitude of the remote unit 20 to the remote unit 20 as indicated by the arrow labeled with the numeral 26.

The locator unit 22 also communicates with the GPS satellite 16 to determine a location thereof in terms of longitude, latitude and altitude. When the vehicle 13 ceases movement and the ignition is switched off, the locator unit 22 preferably automatically transmits a request signal to the GPS satellite 16 as indicated by the arrow labeled with the numeral 28. The GPS satellite 16 receives this signal 24 and determines the longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit 22. The GPS satellite 16 then transmits a signal indicative of the longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit 22 to the locator unit 22 as indicated by the arrow labeled with the numeral 30. The longitude, latitude and altitude signal received by the locator unit 22 is stored therein.

The remote unit 20 also communicates directly with the locator unit 22. When a locate button on the remote unit 20 is activated, the remote unit 20 sends a location signal as indicated by the arrow labeled with the numeral 32 to the locator unit 22 requesting the location of the locator unit 22 in terms of longitude, latitude and altitude. In response to receipt of this signal 32, the locator unit 22 retrieves the location information from memory and transmits a location response signal including the retrieved information to the remote unit 20 as indicated by the arrow labeled with the numeral 34. The received location response signal 34 includes the longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit 22 and is compared with the longitude, latitude and altitude of the remote unit 20. Based upon this comparison, the remote unit 20 is able to determine the relative direction the user 12 must travel to locate the vehicle 13.

The locator unit 22 may alternatively or additionally request location information including the current longitude, latitude and altitude from the GPS satellite 16 upon receipt of the location request signal 32 from the remote unit 20. The locator unit 22 can thus also be used to determine an approximate direction and possibly a location of the vehicle 13 in the event the vehicle is stolen or in motion at the time of the request.

A perspective view of the front side 36 of the remote unit 20 is shown in Figure 2. The remote unit 20 is shown in the shape of a key ring. However the remote unit 20 may

be provided in any shape desired. The shape of the remote unit 20 being preferred in a form which is unobtrusive to the user 12. As can be seen from this figure, the remote unit 20 includes a power switch 37 for turning the remote unit 20 on and off. The remote unit 20 also includes a visual direction indicator 38 and a visual altitude indicator 40. The visual direction indicator 38 includes a plurality of arrow indicators each pointing in a different direction. Upon determining a relative direction of travel to locate the vehicle 13, the visual direction indicator 38 illuminates an arrow indicating the determined direction. The visual altitude indicator 40 indicates whether the vehicle 24 is located at the same or a different altitude than the user 12. When the user 12 and the vehicle 24 are at the same altitude the visual indicator 40 will remain in an unilluminated state. When the vehicle 13 is located at a different altitude than the remote unit 20, the visual altitude indicator 40 will become illuminated. The color of illumination is indicative of the relative altitude of the vehicle, one color for a lower altitude than the remote unit 20 and a second color indicating a higher altitude.

An audio speaker 42 is also provided for generating an audible signal which is able to indicate the distance of the remote unit 20 from the vehicle 24. As the user approaches the position of the vehicle 13, the tone of the audible signal changes to indicate the proximity of the user 12 to the vehicle 13. A first button 44 is provided on the face side 36 for providing a location request signal to the GPS satellite 16. Activation of the first button

44 allows the remote unit 20 to obtain a longitude, latitude and altitude position used for determining the relative position of the vehicle therefrom. A second button 46 is provided to cause generation and transmission of a location request signal to the locator unit 22. In response to receipt of this signal the locator unit 22 will transmit a response signal to the remote unit 20 indicating the longitude, latitude and altitude of the vehicle 13. The remote unit 20 uses the response signal to determine the relative position of the vehicle 13 with respect to the remote unit 20. Once activated, the remote unit 20 may be controlled to continually transmit a location request signal from the GPS satellite 16 and from the locator unit 22 at periodic intervals to continually update the visual direction indicator 38, the visual altitude indicator 40 and adjust the audible signal to indicate proximity to the vehicle 13.

A perspective view of a vehicle 13 having the locator unit 22 installed therein is illustrated in Figure 3. The locator unit 22 is installed in the vehicle 13, preferably under the hood 48. The locator unit 22 is preferably connected to the vehicle battery 50, receiving power therefrom and may also be connected to the ignition system 52 of the vehicle 13. The locator unit 22 is thus able to detect when the vehicle 13 has been turned off and is stationary. The locator unit 22 may be programmed to contact the GPS satellite 16 upon detecting the turning off of the ignition to receive a signal indicative of the longitude, latitude and altitude for its present position. This value is stored by the locator unit 22 and transmitted to the remote unit 20 upon receipt of the location request signal 32.

Alternatively, the locator unit 22 may contact the GPS satellite 16 only upon receipt of the request signal 32 from the remote unit 20 or at both when the request signal 32 is received and upon detecting the ignition has been turned off. By controlling the locator unit 22 to communicate with the GPS satellite 16 upon receipt of the request signal 32, a determination of a direction to travel to find the vehicle 13 can be obtained if the vehicle 13 was stolen and is currently moving.

An enlarged perspective view of the remote unit 20 and locator unit 22 showing communication therebetween is illustrated in Figure 4. This view shows the remote unit 20 and the locator unit 22 communicating via the location request signal 32 and the location response signal 34. Upon activation of the first button 42, the remote unit 20 generates and transmits the location request signal 32. The locator unit 22 receives the location request signal 32 through a receiver antenna 54 and in response thereto generates the location response signal 34. The location response signal 34 is generated based upon a longitude, latitude and altitude signal received from the GPS satellite 16. The location response signal 34 is transmitted back to the remote unit 20. The remote unit 20 compares the location response signal 34 with a position signal indicating the longitude, latitude and altitude of the remote unit 20 received from the GPS satellite 16 to determine the relative position and distance of the vehicle 13 from the remote unit 20. Upon determining the position and distance of the vehicle 13 from the remote unit 20, the remote unit 20 illuminates the

appropriate arrow of the visual direction indicator 38 to point in the direction of the vehicle from the current location of the remote unit 20 as well as the visual altitude indicator 40 to alert the user 12 as to the altitude of the vehicle 13. Should the remote unit 20 determine that the vehicle 13 is at a different altitude than the remote unit 20, the remote unit illuminates the visual altitude indicator 40 to indicate the difference in altitude. The color of illumination of the visual altitude indicator 40 is dependent upon whether the vehicle 13 is at a higher or lower altitude. The remote unit 20 also activates the speaker 42 to generate an audible signal indicative of the distance of the vehicle 13 from the remote unit 20. As the user 12 approaches the vehicle 13 with the remote unit 20, the audible signal changes to indicate the proximity to the vehicle 13.

A block diagram illustrating the components of the remote unit 20 and locator unit 22 is provided in Figure 5. As can be seen from this figure, the remote unit 20 includes a processor 56 for controlling operation of the remote unit 20. The processor 56 is connected to a power source 57 via the power switch 37. Activation of the power switch 37 connects the processor 56 to a source of power 57 thus turning on the remote unit 20. Also connected to the processor are the first and second activation buttons 44 and 46, respectively. The first activation button 44 causes the processor to generate a location request signal 24 to be transmitted to the GPS satellite 16 and the second activation button 46 causes the transmitter 56 to generate a request signal for transmission to the locator unit

22. The visual direction indicator 38, the visual altitude indicator 40 and the speaker 42 are also connected to and controlled by the processor 56. A transmitter 58 is connected to the processor 56 for transmitting location request signals to both the GPS satellite 16 and the locator unit 22. The transmitter is able to transmit at a plurality of frequencies including the frequency to which the GPS satellite 16 is tuned and the frequency at which the locator unit 22 is tuned. A receiver 60 able to receive signals transmitted at a plurality of frequencies is also connected to the processor 56. The receiver 60 is specifically tuned to receive signals transmitted by the GPS satellite 16 and the locator unit 22. The processor 56 is provided to control generation and transmission of the location request signal 24 to the GPS satellite upon activation of the first activation button 44 and generation and transmission of the request signal 32 to the locator unit 22 upon activation of the second activation button 46. Upon receipt of the response signal 26 from the GPS satellite 16 and the response signal 34 from the locator unit 22, the processor 56 analyzes the signals to determine the relative location of the locator unit 22 and thus the vehicle 13 in which it is installed. Based upon the determined position of the locator unit 22, the processor 56 then controls the visual direction indicator 38, the visual altitude indicator 40 and the speaker 42 to direct the user 12 to the locator unit 22.

The locator unit 22 also includes a processor 56 for controlling operation thereof. The processor 62 is preferably connected to the vehicle power source 50. However, the

processor 62 may be connected to any other power source provided. The processor 62 may also be connected to the ignition system 52 of the vehicle 13 to determine when the vehicle 13 has been turned off. A transmitter 64 is connected to the processor 62 for transmitting the location request signal 28 to the GPS satellite 16 and transmitting a location response signal 34 to the remote unit 20. A receiver 66 is connected to the processor 62 for receiving the location signal 30 from the GPS satellite 16 and receiving the location request signal 32 from the remote unit 20. The processor 62 is able to store the location signal 30 received from the GPS satellite 16 until requested by the remote unit 20. A sensor 68 may be provided to detect when the ignition system 52 has been turned off and thus control the processor 62 to generate the location request signal to be transmitted to the GPS satellite 16. A display 70 may also be provided connected to the processor 62 for displaying the determined latitude, longitude and altitude of the vehicle 13 thereon.

The operation of the vehicle locator system 10 will now be described with reference to the figures. In operation, the vehicle locator system 10 is installed by connecting the locator unit 22 in a desired vehicle 13. The locator unit 22 is preferably connected to the vehicle battery 50 and also to the ignition system 52 of the vehicle 13. Once the locator unit 22 is installed, the vehicle locator system 10 is ready for use.

Upon use, the user 12 will drive the vehicle 13 as conventionally done and park the

vehicle 13 in a lot 14 when a desired destination is reached. Upon parking the vehicle 13, the locator unit 22 will sense when the vehicle is turned off via the sensor 68 connected to the ignition system 52. Upon sensing the vehicle 13 has been turned off and thus parked, the processor 62 will control the transmitter 64 to transmit the location request signal to the GPS satellite 16. The GPS satellite 16 determines the location in longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit 22 and transmits the location signal 30 indicative of the longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit 22 back to the locator unit 22. The locator unit 22 receives this signal 30 via the receiver 66 and the processor 62 stores the signal until requested by the remote unit 20.

When the user 12 completes the desired tasks and is returning to the vehicle 13, the location of the vehicle may have been forgotten. At this time the user 12 will activate the remote unit 20 by pressing the first activation button 44. Pressing of the first activation button causes the processor 56 to generate the location request signal 24 to be transmitted to the GPS satellite 16 via the transmitter 58. The GPS satellite 16 determines the location in longitude, latitude and altitude of the remote unit 20 and transmits the location signal 26 indicative of the longitude, latitude and altitude of the remote unit 20 back to the remote unit 20. The remote unit 20 receives this signal via the receiver 60 and provides the signal to the processor 56 for analysis. The user 12 then activates the second activation button 46 controlling the processor 56 to generate the location request signal 32 and transmit the

location request signal 32 to the locator unit 22 via the transmitter 58. The locator unit 22 receives this signal 32 via the receiver 66 and retrieves the location signal 28 from the processor 62. The processor 62 then transmits a response signal 34 to the remote unit 20 via the transmitter 64. The response signal 34 is received by the receiver 60 and provided to the processor 56 for analysis.

The processor 56, upon receipt of the response signal 34, compares the response signal 34 to the location signal 26 received from the GPS satellite 16. Based upon this comparison, the processor 56 determines the relative direction and distance of the locator unit 22 from the remote unit 20. Upon determining the relative location of the locator unit 22, the processor 56 controls the visual direction indicator 38, the visual altitude indicator 40 and the speaker 42 to direct the user 12 towards the vehicle. The visual direction indicator 38 will illuminate an arrow pointing in the direction of the vehicle 13. The visual altitude indicator 40 will illuminate if the vehicle 13 is located at a different altitude than the remote unit 20 such as when the vehicle is parked in a multilevel parking facility. The speaker 42 is controlled to generate an audible signal, the signal changing as the remote unit approaches the location of the locator unit 22.

The remote unit 20 will continually transmit a location request signal to the GPS satellite to continually update its location signal for comparison with the location of the

vehicle 13. The remote unit 20 will also continually transmit a location request signal 32 to the locator unit 22 for updating the location of the locator unit 22. The locator unit 22 will continually transmit a location request signal 28 to the GPS satellite 16 to continually update its location. Should the sensor 68 determine that the ignition of the vehicle 13 has not been activated, the location unit 22 need not continually transmit the location request signal to the GPS satellite 16, instead continually transmitting the stored location signal to the remote unit 20. The processor 56 will continually analyze the location signals of the locator unit and remote unit and control the visual direction indicator 38, the visual altitude indicator 40 and the speaker 42 to update the relative position of the locator unit 22 and vehicle 13 with respect to the remote unit 20. Upon finding the vehicle 13, the user 12 can activate either of the first or second activation buttons 44 and 46 to cease monitoring of the locations. Alternatively, the user 12 can activate the power switch 37 to turn the remote unit off.

From the above description it can be seen that the vehicle locator system of the present invention is able to overcome the shortcomings of prior art devices by providing a vehicle locator system which is able to alert a user as to the location of a vehicle by providing a direction and relative altitude of the vehicle. The vehicle locator system utilizes the Global Positioning Satellite System to obtain a location for the vehicle which, when compared to the location of the user holding a remote unit, provides a direction of travel for

locating the vehicle. The vehicle locator system includes a transmitter installed within a desired vehicle, the locator unit including a receiver able to communicate with the Global Positioning Satellite System to determine a location for the vehicle. The vehicle locator system also includes a remote unit able to utilize the Global Positioning Satellite System to determine a location therefor and communicate with the locator unit in the vehicle to determine a position for the vehicle relative to the remote unit. The remote unit includes a plurality of indicator lights for indicating a direction in which the vehicle can be found, an indicator light for indicating an altitude level relative to the altitude of the remote unit at which the vehicle can be found such as when the vehicle is located on a different story of a parking lot from the user and a speaker to provide an audible signal indicating the proximity of the remote unit from the locator unit. Furthermore, the vehicle locator system of the present invention is simple and easy to use and economical in cost to manufacture.

It will be understood that each of the elements described above, or two or more together may also find a useful application in other types of methods differing from the type described above.

While certain novel features of this invention have been shown and described and are pointed out in the annexed claims, it is not intended to be limited to the details above, since it will be understood that various omissions, modifications, substitutions and changes

in the forms and details of the device illustrated and in its operation can be made by those skilled in the art without departing in any way from the spirit of the present invention.

Without further analysis, the foregoing will so fully reveal the gist of the present invention that others can, by applying current knowledge, readily adapt it for various applications without omitting features that, from the standpoint of prior art, fairly constitute essential characteristics of the generic or specific aspects of this invention.

I CLAIM:

1. A system for locating an object using the Global Positioning Satellite System (GPS), said system comprising:

a) a locator unit connected to the object, said locator unit including:

i) a first processor;

ii) a first transmitter for transmitting a location request signal to the GPS; and

iii) a first receiver for receiving a location signal from the GPS indicative of the location of the locator unit and providing the location signal to said first processor for storage; and

- b) a remote unit for determining a position of said locator unit relative to a position of said remote unit, said remote unit including:
- i) a second processor;
 - ii) a second transmitter for transmitting a position request signal to the GPS;
 - iii) a second receiver for receiving a position signal from the GPS generated in response to receipt of the position request signal by the GPS, said position signal being provided to said second processor for storage;
 - iv) means connected to said processor for generating a request signal requesting said location signal from said locator unit; and
 - v) a signal device connected to said second processor, wherein upon activation of said generating means, said

second transmitter transmits said request signal to said locator unit, said locator unit retrieving said location signal from said first processor upon receipt of said request signal and transmitting said location signal to said remote unit, whereby upon receipt of said location signal said second processor compares said location signal to said position signal to determine a relative position of said locator unit with respect to said remote unit and controls said signal device to indicate the relative position of said locator unit to a user.

2. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 1, wherein said signal device provides both an audible and visual indication to the user.

3. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 2, wherein said location signal includes data representative of a longitude, latitude and altitude of said locator unit and said position signal includes data representative of a longitude, latitude and altitude of said remote unit.

4. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 3, wherein said signal device

includes a visual direction indicator, said visual direction indicator including a plurality of arrows, each arrow indicative of a potential direction of said locator unit relative to said remote unit.

5. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 4, wherein said signal device further includes an altitude indicator indicative of an altitude of said locator unit with respect to an altitude of said remote unit.

6. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 5, wherein said signal device further includes a speaker for generating an audible signal, said audible signal being altered by said second processor with respect to a proximity of said remote unit to said locator unit.

7. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 1, wherein said object is a vehicle and said first processor is connected to an ignition system of said vehicle, said first processor controlling said first transmitter to transmit said location request signal upon detecting the ignition system has been turned off.

8. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 7, wherein said locator unit is connected to a power source of the vehicle.

9. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 1, wherein said remote unit is in the shape of a key ring.

10. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 5, wherein said altitude indicator is an LED, said LED being illuminated in a first color when said second processor determines said remote unit is at a higher altitude than said locator unit and said LED being illuminated in a second color when said second processor determines said remote unit is at a lower altitude than said locator unit.

11. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 10, wherein said altitude indicator remains unilluminated when said second processor determines said remote unit is at a same altitude as said locator unit.

12. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 1, wherein said remote unit transmits said request signal at predetermined intervals to said locator unit after activation of said generating means for updating the position of said locator unit with respect to the remote unit.

13. The vehicle locator system as recited in Claim 3, wherein said locator unit

includes a display screen for providing a visual display of at least one of the longitude, latitude and altitude of the locator unit.

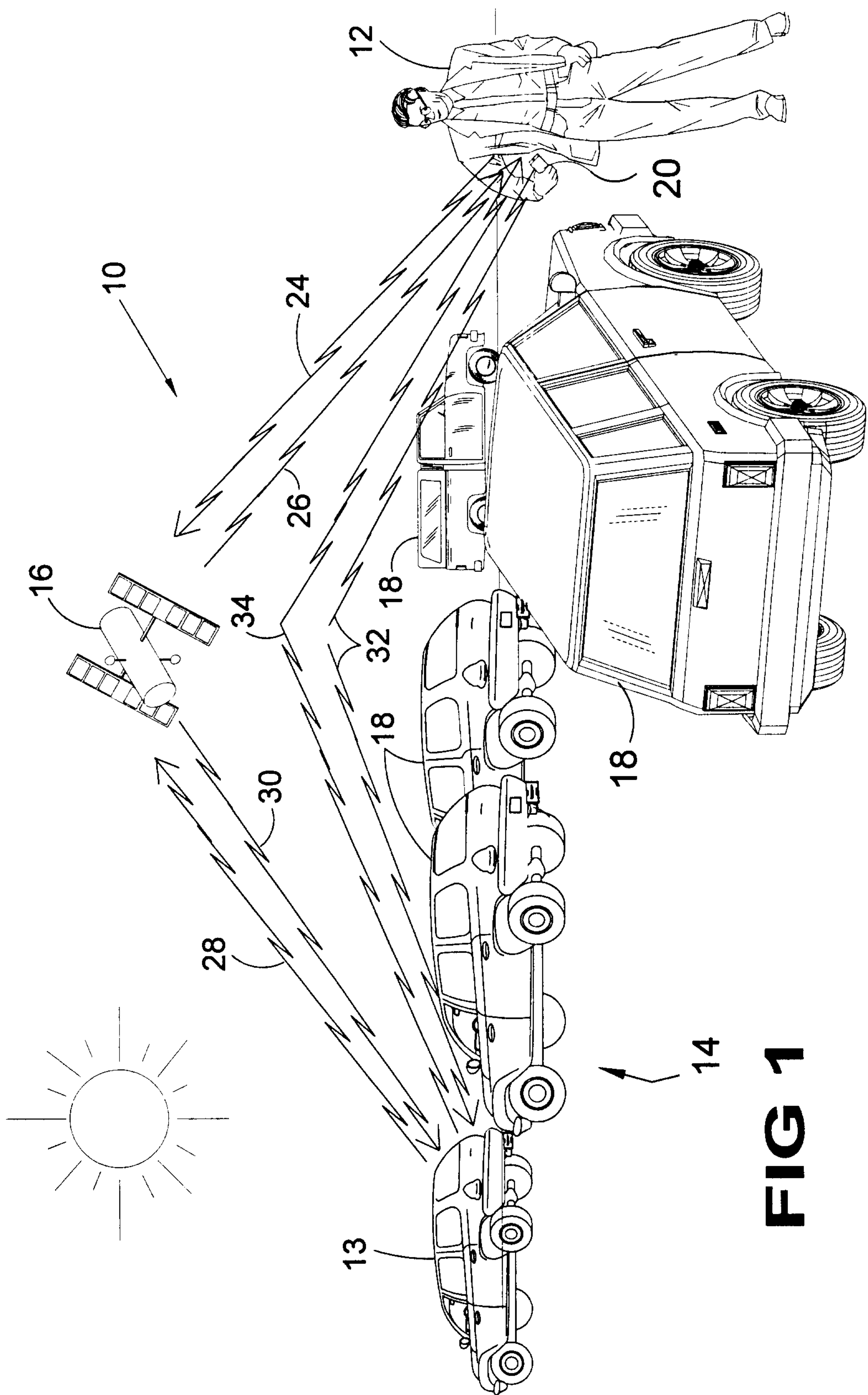


FIG 1

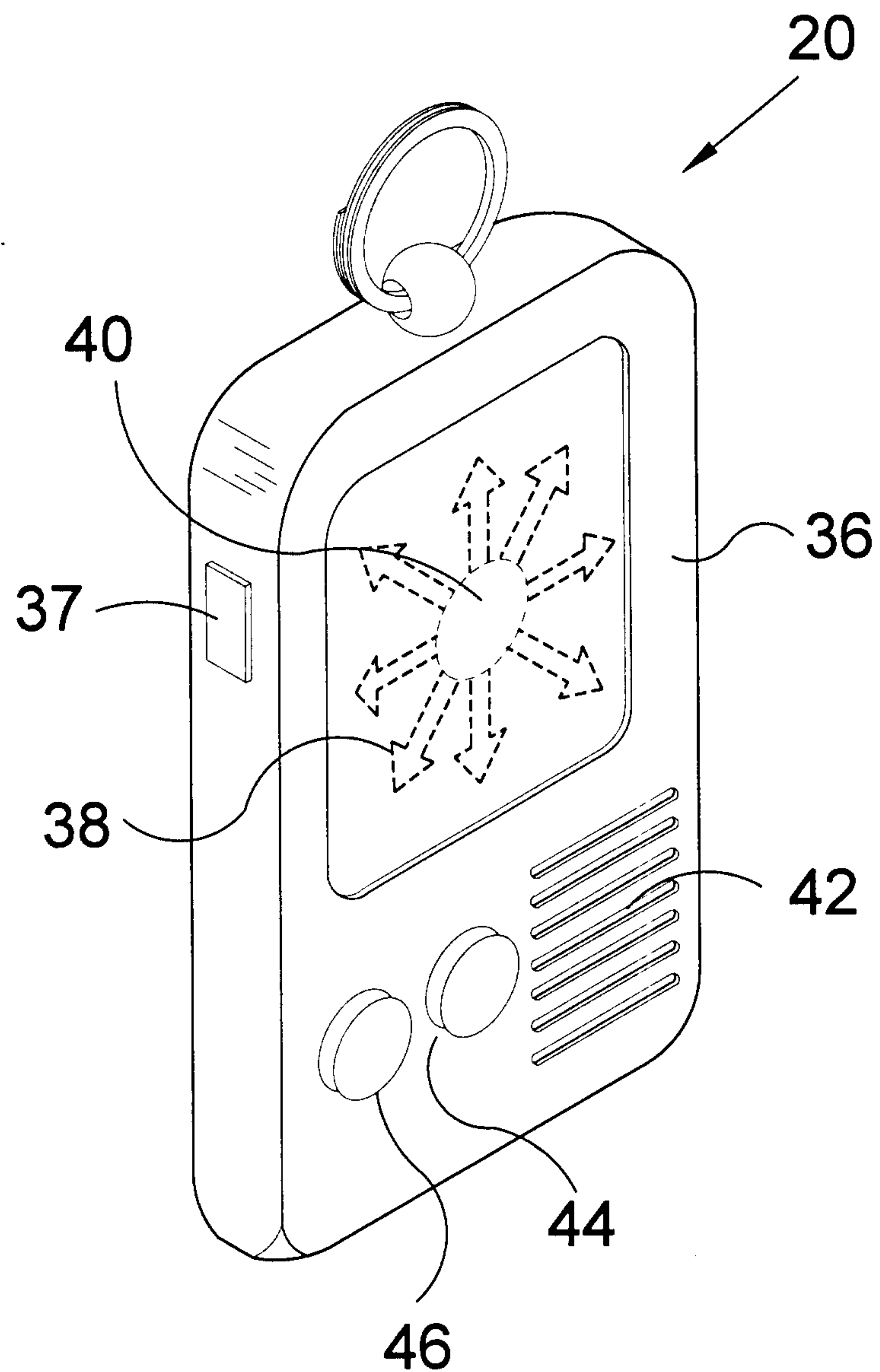


FIG 2

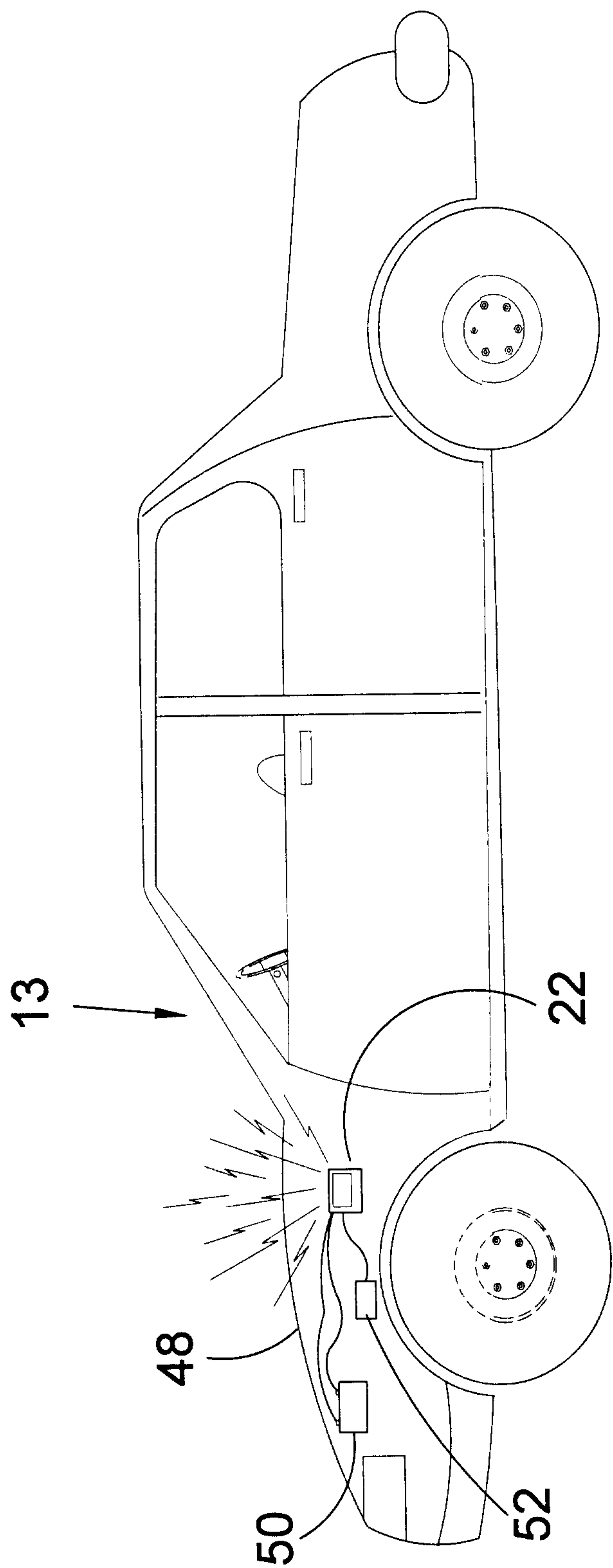


FIG 3

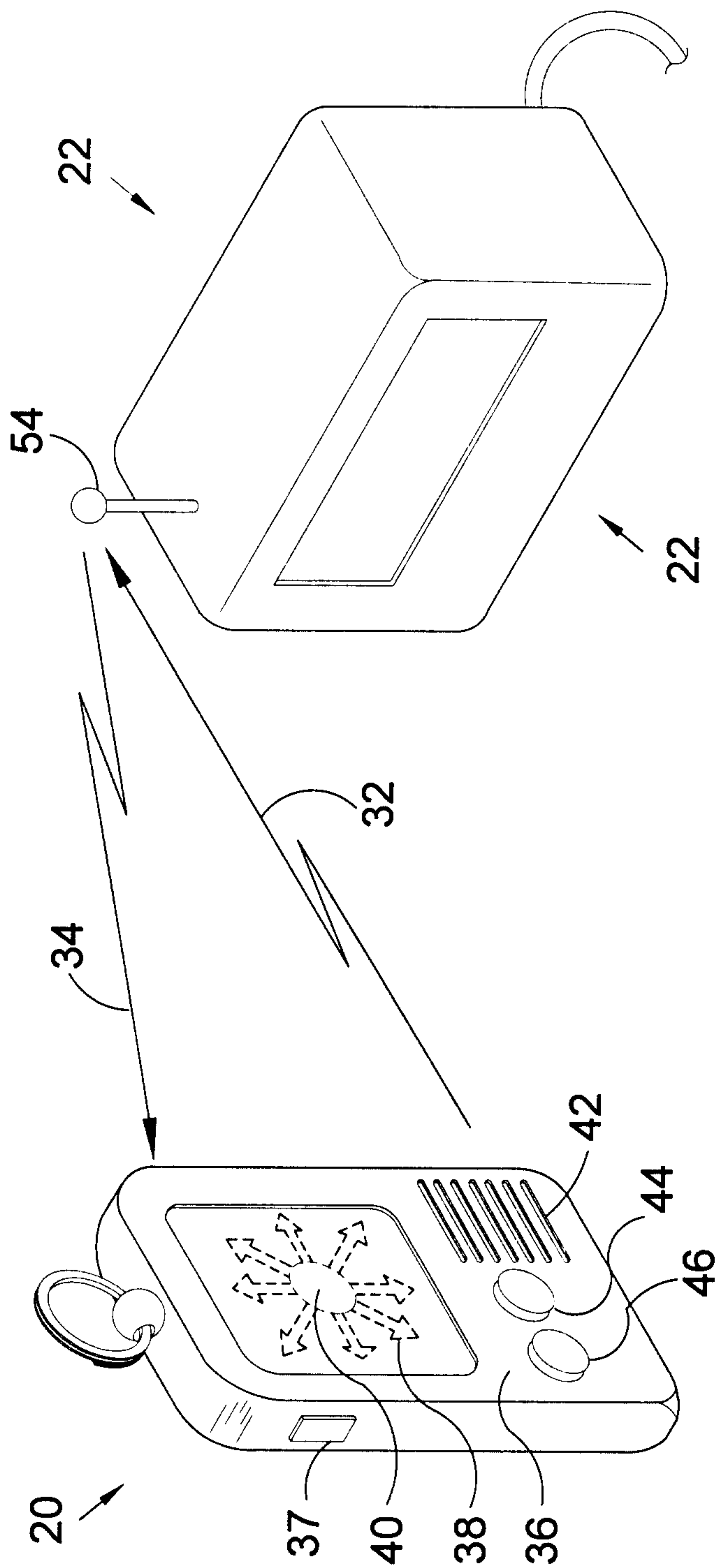


FIG 4

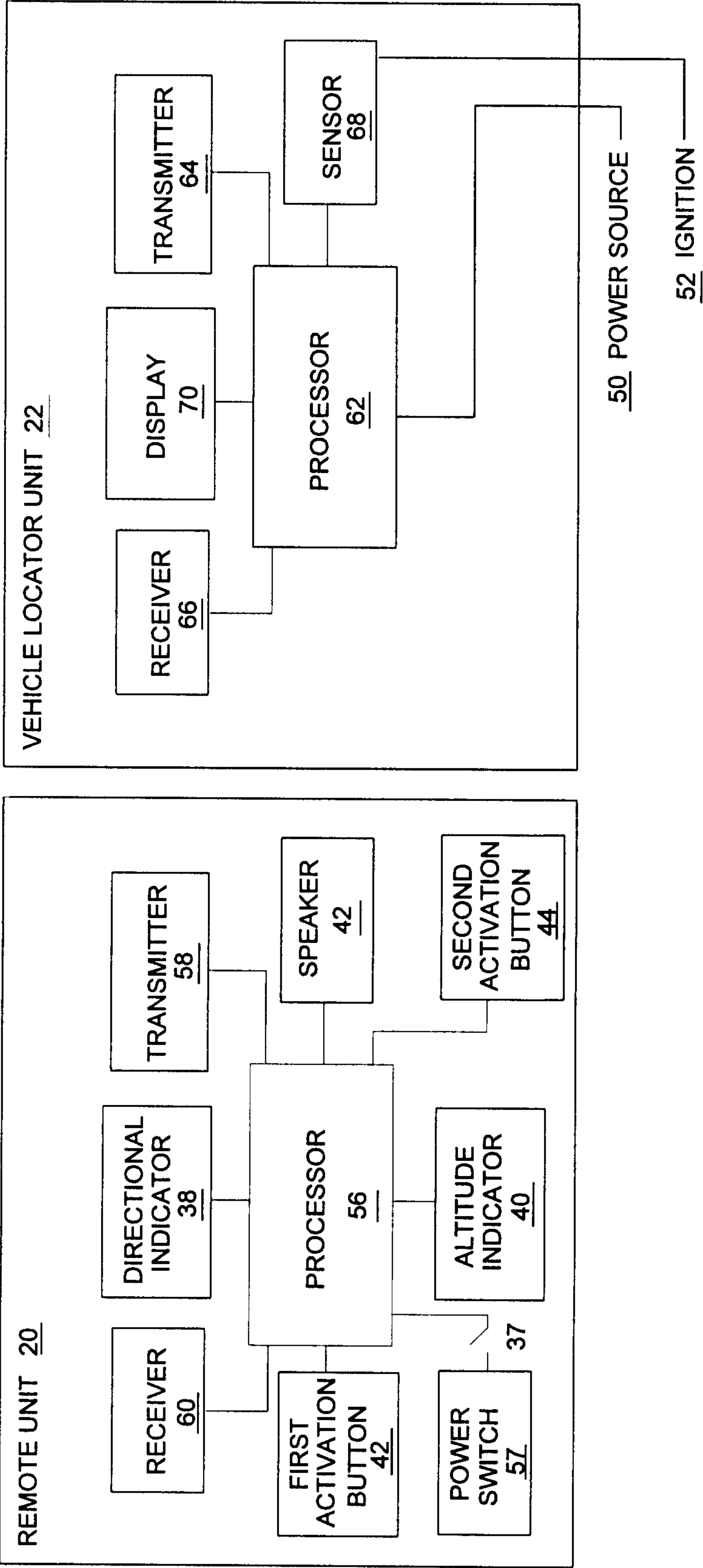


FIG 5

