C. L. WRIGHT. KEYHOLE GUARD.

(Application filed Mar. 5, 1898.)

(No Model.) Fig. 1. Fig. 2 Jig. 4. Fig. 3. Ā **(** 

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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## KEYHOLE-GUARD.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 620,397, dated February 28, 1899.

Application filed March 5, 1898. Serial No. 672,694. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES L. WRIGHT, a citizen of the United States, residing at Moline, in the county of Rock Island and State of Illinois, have invented a new and useful Keyhole-Guard, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to keyhole-guards, and has for its object to furnish a cheap, simple, to durable, and reliable device of this class which may be applied to any of the ordinary locks now in use by a carpenter without in any wise changing the construction of the lock.

With this object in view my invention consists in the improved construction, arrangement, and combination of parts hereinafter fully described, and afterward specifically pointed out in the claims.

In order to enable others skilled in the art to which my invention most nearly appertains to make and use the same, I will now proceed to describe its construction and operation, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view illustrating my invention applied to a mortise-lock, a portion of the wood of the door being cut away to show its application. Fig. 2 is an edge view, partly broken away, showing the keyhole-guard in edge elevation. Fig. 3 is a fragmentary view showing a portion of the face of the door adjacent to the lock, the keyhole-guard being shown in its operative and inoperative some of a portion of a door with a rim-lock secured thereto equipped with a keyhole-guard constructed in accordance with my invention. Fig. 5 is a detail perspective view of the stem, turn-button or lever, and escutcheon plate or washer of my keyhole-guard detached. Fig. 6 is a detail perspective view of the guard-plate and its hub detached.

Like letters of reference mark the same

Like letters of reference mark the same 45 parts wherever they occur in the different figures of the drawings.

Referring to the drawings by letters, A indicates the case of a lock, which may be a mortise-lock, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, or a

50 rim-lock, as shown in Fig. 4.

In the adaptation of my invention to a mor-

tise-lock the mortise or cavity in the door is extended a slight distance below the bottom of the casing of the lock, as at B, such extended cavity reaching from the surface of the 55 door on one side to slightly beyond the opposite side of the lock-casing. The mortise is also extended laterally, as at C, to form a side chamber, in which is inserted the guard-plate D. (Shown in detail in Fig. 6.) This guard-formed with a groove E, curved in the arc of a circle having the hub F as a center, and the plate is connected with the hub by a stem G. The bottom of the extension B of the mortise 65 is curved so that the hub F will restinit when the guard-plate D is in position in the side extension C of the mortise.

The hub F of the guard-plate is provided with an angular opening F', in which the angular end H' of the stem H is placed, the stem when engaged with the hub being in position in the lower extension B of the mortise, its reduced end H² projecting through a washer or escutcheon I, secured upon the outside of 75 the door. The outer end of the reduced stem H² is slotted, and in the slot is pivotally secured a lever or turn-button J, by means of which the stem and the guard-plate may be turned, the lever J being held in line with 80 the stem H when in use and dropped vertically, as shown in Fig. 4, when out of use.

The construction of my invention will be readily understood from the foregoing description and may be described as follows: 85 The parts being assembled as described and the guard-plate being in its inoperative position, as shown by the dotted lines K in Fig. 3, the device can be operated to exclude the possibility of the insertion of a false key or 90 the unauthorized turning of the true key in the lock by nippers by grasping the lever or turn-button J and turning the stem H, throwing the guard-plate into the position shown in dotted lines at K' in Fig. 3 and in full lines 95 in Fig. 1. In turning the guard-plate into this position, in which it covers the keyhole L, the curved groove E accommodates the projecting end of the key and permits the guard to assume its locked position, which 100 would be impossible if the guard-plate were not provided with the groove.

The escutcheon or washer I is provided with a notch M in its perimeter in a position to receive the inner side of the lever J when the guard-plate is in its unlocked or inoperative position, as indicated by the dotted lines in

Fig. 3.

To apply my invention to a rim-lock, a chamber, as at C', is formed in the face of the door behind the lock of about the dimensions and 10 shape of the side extension C of the mortise, as in Fig. 2. The guard-plate is located in this cavity or chamber C', its hub F resting below the lock, the stem H<sup>3</sup> being shorter than the stem H, while the washer or escutch-15 eon I' and lever or turn-button J' are of the same construction as those used in mortise-The practical operation is identical

in both applications of the device.

From the foregoing description of the con-20 struction and operation of my invention it will be readily apparent that I have provided an extremely simple, cheap, and durable device easily applied and operated and effective and reliable in operation. To apply it, 25 no change whatever is necessary in the lock and any person with a chisel and gimlet can readily make the necessary extensions of the mortise for the mortise-lock or in the face of the door, as required with the rim-lock, and 30 apply the device by securing the escutcheon I by means of screws I2. The whole device is hidden from view, except the washer and the lever or turn-button, and this may be made as ornamental as desired or of any 35 choice of metal.

While I have illustrated and described the best means now known to me for carrying out my invention, I do not wish to be understood as restricting myself to the exact details of 40 construction shown and described, but hold that any slight changes or variations as might suggest themselves to the ordinary mechanic would properly fall within the limit and scope

of my invention.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States, is-

1. The combination with a lock provided with the usual keyhole, and the door to which 50 the lock is secured provided with a recess adjacent to one side of the casing of the lock, of

a guard-plate mounted in said recess or chamber in position to clear or cover the keyhole as may be desired and having a hub at one end, a stem having an angular end fitting an 55 angular bore in the hub of the guard-plate, said stem being seated in the lower portion of the chamber in the wood, a washer or escutcheon mounted upon the reduced outer end of said stem and secured to the face of the 60 door, and a turning lever or button secured to the end of the reduced stem, substantially as described.

2. The combination with a lock, of the door to which it is secured provided with a side and 65 bottom recess, a guard-plate mounted in the side recess having a hub at its lower end seated in the bottom recess and provided with an angular bore, an escutcheon secured upon the face of the door and having a radial notch in 70 its periphery, a stem seated in the lower portion of the recess in the door, having an angular end to fit the bore of the hub of the guard-plate and a reduced end projecting through the escutcheon-plate, said reduced 75 end being slotted, and a lever or turn-button pivotally secured in said slot and adapted to fall by gravity into engagement with the notch of the escutcheon when the guard-plate is in its inoperative position, substantially as de-80

scribed. 3. The combination with the lock and the

door having suitable recesses at the side of and below the lock, of the sector-shaped guard-plate having a hub and a straight arm 85 connecting the hub and plate and provided with a curved groove drawn on the arc of a circle with the hub as a center, a stem engaging in the hub to turn the guard-plate and open or close the keyhole, the escutcheon se- 90 cured to the door and provided with a radial groove in its periphery located in a vertical line below the center, and a pivoted turnbutton or lever arranged to fall by gravity and engage in said slot when the guard-plate 95 is in its vertical position, substantially as de-

scribed.

CHARLES L. WRIGHT.

Witnesses:

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